

THE
STATUTES

OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM

OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

WITH NOTES, REFERENCES, AND AN INDEX,
By THOMAS EDLYNE TOMLINS, Esq.
BARRISTER AT LAW.

VOLUME THE THIRD.
FROM A. D. 1807; 47 GEORGE III.—TO A. D. 1809; 49 GEORGE III.
BOTH INCLUSIVE.
With A GENERAL INDEX from the UNION, A. D. 1801.



L O N D O N :

Printed by GEORGE EYRE and ANDREW STRAHAN, Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty; | And by ANDREW STRAHAN, Law Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

M.DCCC.IX.

STAFF

THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON

THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON

THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON

THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON

THE
S T A T U T E S
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

47 GEORGE III. 1807.

Seff. 1 & 2.

[Vol. III. PART I. Price 26s. in Boards.]

*Printed by Ho. Moxley's Statute and Law Printers,
London, 1807.*

A
T A B L E

Containing THE TITLES of all

T H E S T A T U T E S,

Passed in the FIRST (and only) Session of the THIRD Parliament

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

47 GEORGE III. Sect. 1.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act to revise and make perpetual and to amend as an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for the further Regulation of the Trials of controversial Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, and for expediting the Proceedings relating thereto. *Page 1*
2. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Salt in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. *2*
4. An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Postage, Offices, and Postpaid Letters, in England; and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Seal, in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. *Ibid.*
5. An Act to reformify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and employments; and for amending the Times limited for these Purposes respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and seven, and to prevent such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Executions of Indentures of Clerks or Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Michæmas Term One thousand eight hundred and seven. *Ibid.*
6. An Act to continue, during the present War, and until One Year after the Termination thereof by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering His Majesty to accept the Services of such Parts of His Majesty's Forces in Ireland as might voluntarily offer themselves to be employed in Great Britain. *Ibid.*
7. An Act to declare that certain Provisions of an Act of the last Session of the last Parliament, intitled, "An Act to prevent the free Intercourse of every Species of Goods between Great Britain and Ireland shall extend to Green the Produce of such Counties only. *3*
8. An Act to continue for the Term of Seven Years certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, for promoting the Improvement of Arms, Gunpowder, and Ammunition, and the making, repairing, filling, and keeping of Gunpowder, Arms, and Ammunition, without Licence. *5*
9. An Act for allowing the Exportation annually of a limited Quantity of Worsted Yarn to Canada. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million by Twelvety Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. *Ibid.*
11. An Act to authorize His Majesty, until the Twenty-sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope. *Ibid.*
12. An Act to abolish certain Offices in the Customs in Ireland; and to establish or regulate certain other Offices therein. *Ibid.*
13. An Act for involving certain Commissioners appointed for the Examination of Accounts and Expeditures relating to the Office of Barrack Master General, with certain Powers and Authorities necessary for the Examination of such Accounts and Expeditures. *7*
14. An Act to amend several Acts, for regulating the Trial of Convicted Debtors in or Out of the Kingdom to serve in Parliament, in the same Manner as before. *8*
15. An Act to continue for the Term of Seven Years, certain Acts for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to Seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience. *9*

16. An Act to amend several Acts for the Sale of His Majesty's Oats, Rye, Corn and other Grains, and of certain Leads imported and exported in Ireland. *Id.*
17. An Act to improve the Collection of the Duties on Andirons in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein. *Id.*
18. An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Inland Duties of Andirons and Tapers, to be paid, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes, and Privileges. *Id.*
19. An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Drawings on the Exportation of Sugar from Great-Britain, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight. *Id.*
20. An Act to be passed, until the Twelfth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and five, the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great-Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other *Id.*
21. An Act to provide for regulating and granting the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Tithes, Heriots, Woads, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages. *Id.*
22. An Act to allow for Two Years, from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugar to such as shall be composed, refined, or broken; and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported. *Id.*
23. An Act for granting in each of an Act, made in the Ninth Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, as well in the South Sea Company, as Corporation, by the said Act enacted, the full and exclusive Privilege of carrying on Trade and Traffic to and from any Port whatsoever of South America, or in the South Sea, which now are or may at any Time hereafter be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors. *Id.*
24. An Act for allowing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Importation of certain Fish from Newfoundland and the Coast of Labrador, and for granting a Bounty thereon. *Id.*
25. An Act to allow Turkey Tobacco to be imported into Great-Britain, in small Packages. *Id.*
26. An Act for extending to Green Yarn the Provision of an Act made in the last Session of the last Parliament for permitting *P*aper Yarn to be imported in Twenty Shillings Payment of the like Duties as is imposed on *S*ilk Shirts. *Id.*
27. An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise on *S*pirits in Great-Britain. *Id.*
28. An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty Millions Two hundred thousand Pounds by a Duty of *S*ix Pence. *Id.*
29. An Act for amending and extending, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great-Britain, and for inserting in the several Acts, Duties and Bounties on Sugars, and the Duties imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be repealed. *Id.*
30. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of *S*ilk from the City of *N*aples in the Island of *N*aples, the Port of *A*ncora, and the Port of *C*astell *G*rande in the *B*alcone Islands, in Ships belonging to the Inhabitants of the United States of *A*merica, and sailing in Ballast. *Id.*
31. An Act to repeal Part of the Duty on the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco into *I*reland. *Id.*
32. An Act for granting Money and to be lent, and for the better Payment of the same, and their Interest. *Id.*
33. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. *Id.*
34. An Act for continuing, until the Twelfth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for allowing, under certain Restrictions, the bringing in limited Quantities of *C*ocoa, *C*ocoa, or *C*hocolate, *L*ands of *S*afflower, by the said *N*avigation. *Id.*
35. An Act to secure the Payment of the Duties on *L*iquors granted to Portugal in *I*reland docking in Exchange Compositions. *Id.*
36. An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade. *Id.*
37. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, an Act made in the Thirty-sixth and Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations on the River *T*hames and its Vicinity; and to amend an Act made in the second Year of His present Majesty, to prevent the committing of *T*hefts and *T*respasses by Persons navigating *B*arr-Barrs, and other *L*anes, upon the River *T*hames. *Id.*
38. An Act to amend several Acts for regulating and granting the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in *I*reland, and to make perpetual in each of an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to Paper Hangings printed in *I*reland. *Id.*
39. An Act to amend a Provision in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to settle Commissions on certain Branches of the Royal Family. *Id.*
40. An Act to grant to His Majesty, until the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, a Duty upon *M*alt made in *I*reland, and upon *S*pirits made or distilled in *I*reland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof. *Id.*
41. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Commissions, Provisions, and Excesses received in several Publick Offices in *I*reland, to make a return of any Abuse which may exist in the same, and one the Mode of removing, reducing, altering, and accounting for Publick Money in the same. *Id.*
42. An Act to continue for Twenty-one Years, in each of certain Acts of the Parliament of *I*reland, as relate to the *S*ilk, *C*lothing, and *S*ewing *L*inen and *T*weeds for the *S*ilk, *C*lothing, and *S*ewing of which any particular Trade is made by an Act of Parliament. *Id.*
43. An Act to declare, that the Provision of an Act made in the last Parliament of *I*reland in the Twentieth Year of King *G*eorge the Third, relating to *S*erjeants *W*ages, shall extend to all Counties of *C*ork and Counties of *T*own in *I*reland. *Id.*
44. An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for regulating and providing for the Relief of the Poor and the Management of Infirmarys and Hospitals in *I*reland. *Id.*
45. An Act to continue an Act made in the Parliament of *I*reland, in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *G*eorge the Second, for the better Supplying the City of *D*ublin with *C*oal, and for the better Encouragement of the Culture of *S*ilks. *Id.*

46. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities, for the Service of Ireland. 86
47. An Act to authorize the Payment of Prize Money arising from Captures made by Ships of His Majesty in Conjunction with Swigg Ships, to the Swigg Navy, for the Use of the Officers and Men of such Ships; and also the Payment of Money arising out of Proceeds of Prizes or Captures made by any other Ships or Vessels belonging to Foreign States, in Conjunction with His Majesty's Ships. *Ibid.*
48. An Act to repeal in each of certain Acts as relates to the Regulations or Conditions under which Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Sugar, and Rice, (not being the Produce of the East Indies), are allowed to be imported in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty; and to authorize the Collectors and Comptrollers of the Customs in His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, and the West Indies, to admit or receive certain Duties. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for permitting the Exportation of Fuller Earth, Filling Clay, and Tobacco Pipe Clay, to any Place in Possession of His Majesty. 87
50. An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland. 88
51. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for shutting Ports received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service

- of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others in charge of, to the Queen's Ports; and to appropriate the Fees of Customs collected at J vacant Offices in the Customs to the Suppression of said. 109
52. An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant the Palace called The King's Bench, with the Appurtenances, situate in Greenwicke Park, in the County of Kent, to the Commissioners for the Government of The Royal Naval Ordnance, and for enabling the said Commissioners to appoint a Chaplain to officiate therein. 112
53. An Act to suspend for Twelve Months in each of an Act of the Second Year of King James the First, intitled, *An Act concerning Taxes, Customs, Monies, and other Arduous, excepting the office of Treasurer, as publick in the regarding and granting of Orders Bank.* *Ibid.*
54. An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsidies to be paid to Insurers and others as quartering Soldiers. 114
55. An Act for changing the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and Seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise, granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for reviving Provisions for the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created. 115
56. An Act for the better regulating the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy. 116

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

1. AN Act for extending the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable Robert Boyce, of Pall Mall, in the City of Westminster, Esquire, to dispose of his Office of Painter, Drawing, and Log strings, together with a full and Copie of cert. as Books therein mentioned, by way of Grace.* 117
2. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, passed in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads leading from the Town of St. Paul, in the County of Devon. *Ibid.*
3. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, made in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Ashdown, in the County of Dorset, over Bishop Bridge, to the parochial Turnpike Road from Chigwell and Chigwellfield to Dorset, and to repair a Piece called Goswold Gate, and from Bishop Bridge to Ripley, in the County of Dorset. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for extending to Sum of greater Amount than Forty Shillings, the Penalties of Three Acts, passed in the Fifth, Sixth, and Tenth Years of His present Majesty, for the Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundreds of Barchinock, Newby and Netherdown, together with the Hundreds of Little and Longley, in the County of Kent, and of Waltham, in the County of Surrey, and for amending the said Acts. *Ibid.*
5. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, passed in the

- English Tenth Year of His present Majesty, for severing the Road from Chigwell's Bridge, in the Borough of Chigwell, in the County of Suffolk, to the North East End of the Town of Newmarket, in the County of Goodrich. 118
6. An Act for opening and improving the Road from the parochial Turnpike Road, near Ford Farm, in the Parish of Oxtrey, in the County of Devon, to the parochial Turnpike Road, near the Village of Barton, in the Parish of Bingley, in the County of Somerset. *Ibid.*
7. An Act to enlarge the Powers and extend the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Walsingham, and Part of the County of Norfolk. 119
8. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and improving the Road from the Town of Clapham in Kent, to, or near to, Clapham Bridge, in the County of Dorset, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the said County, and in the County Palatine of Gloucestre. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for extending the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of the first and Twenty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Hilditch Close to Wight and Widdoway, and to Little Bred and Ouder Hill, and several other Roads in the County of Wiltshire, to be in the same manner as the Two last Definitive or Road therein comprised. *Ibid.*

- tening the Jurisdiction of the Court constituted by the said Act to the Parishes of *Surfleet* and *Goilstone*, in the Hundred of *Kiln*, in the Lord *County*. 125
- xxxvii. An Act for altering and enlarging in much of the Powers of several Acts, made in the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Eleventh, Fourteenth, and Thirteenth Years of His present Majesty, for paving, clearing, lighting, and watching the Streets and other Places within the City and Liberty of *Windsor* and *Paris* adjacent, as relate to the Parishes of *East Gate in the Fields* and *East George Street*, in the County of *Windsor*, and to certain Places called *Hollers* along the *Rare*, and *Middle Lane*, in *Hollers*, in the said County, and for the better Regulation of the Nightly Watch of the said Parishes. *Ibid.*
- xxxviii. An Act for inclosing and draining certain Lands in the Parish of *Morham*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- xl. An Act for enabling certain Freeholders named to carry into Execution a Petition lately made—viz. a Decree of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, of the *High Court of Equity*, in the County of *York*, and the County of the City of *York*, on the Part of the Reverend *Richard Goo*, *Robert Wilson Esquire*, and *Thomas Mowbray Esquire*. 125
- xli. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Croft*, in the Parishes of *Fradingham* and *Flaxborough*, in the County of *Lincoln*. 125
- xlii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Mere*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- xliii. An Act for inclosing and draining Lands within the Parishes of *Ryde* with *Spital* and *Leeds* near the Sea, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

1. AN Act for amending *Tillett's Manuscript*.
2. An Act for amending *Jane Jones's Statute*.
3. An Act to enable *Francis Lord De'Gages* to sue from certain *Dishonour* and *Penalties*, in making use of his being in the House of Peers during a Debate therein, without being duly qualified by taking the Oath and making the Declaration prescribed by Law, and forbidding the same respectively.
4. An Act for inclosing a certain Tract of *Commonable Land*, in the Parish of *Croft*, in the County of *Somerset*.
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dunhamton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]
6. An Act for amending *John Lawson's*.
7. An Act for amending *John Fowler's Statute*.
8. An Act for amending *Frederick Durr's*.
9. An Act for amending *John Lewis's Statute*.
10. An Act for amending *David Constance's Statute*.
11. An Act for amending *John Jarr's Statute*.
12. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Old*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
13. An Act for inclosing the Common and Waste Lands in the Parish of *Middle*, in the County of *Salop*.
14. An Act for amending *Andrew Amable and Francis Amable's* as Infants.
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Almery*, in the County of *Devon*.
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stallon*, in the County of *Northampton*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Halifax*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Fiscal Tythes.*]
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Rigwood*, in the County of *Southampton*.
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Quads*, and in the Hamlet of *Olden*, in the Parish of *Quads*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hopwood*, in the County of *Northampton*.
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Wig* *Barbrough*, in the County of *Somerset*.
22. An Act for inclosing *Wylmott's Common*, in the Parish of *North Wiltshire*, in the County of *Salop*.
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Hayley*, *Sturminster-Bealston*, *Tisbury*, *Abington*, and *Lymington*, in the County of *Somerset*.
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Boswell*, in the County of *Somerset*.
25. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Greys Malton*, in the County of *Devon*.
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Stifford*, in the County of *Bedford*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Fritwell*, in the County of *Oxford*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet or Chapelry of *Quemby*, in the Parish of *Ryde*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]
29. An Act for amending *Francis Wilson's Statute*.
30. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newport Figgall*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensations for Tythes.*]

T A B L E

Containing THE TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FIRST Session of the FOURTH Parliament

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

47 GEORGE III. Sess. 2.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported into and exported from Ireland 107
2. An Act to revive and continue, until the Expiration of Six Weeks since the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, Three Acts passed in the First, Fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Years of His Majesty's said Majesty, for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, between His Majesty and the United States of America; and for empowering His Majesty to suspend, before the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Provisions of the said Acts, so far as they relate to His Majesty's said Majesty 108
3. An Act to indemnify Persons who have advised or acted under an Order of Council for making Regulations with respect to the Navigation and Commerce between His Majesty's Subjects and the Subjects of the United States of America 109
4. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a certain Allowance to His Majesty's said Majesty, Knight of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, in Consideration of the eminent Services which he has rendered to His Majesty and the Publick 110
5. An Act for empowering the Commissioners of His Majesty's said Majesty to make Rules and Regulations for the Payment of Pensions to Soldiers on the Establishment of that Hospital 111
6. An Act for raising the Sum of Three millions by Loans or Exchange Bills, for the Service of forty Schemes for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven 112
7. An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Loans or Exchange Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven 113
8. An Act concerning Commissions Recoveries allowed in Copyhold or Customary Courts by Attorney 114
9. An Act for granting to His Majesty's said Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries 115
10. An Act for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland 116
11. An Act to provide for the Recovery of Penalties under certain Acts, made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for securing the Rates and Duties in Ireland in respect of Drilling Horses, Fire Armes, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages; and as Licences to Perform Drilling in Exciseable Commodities; and as Paper and Paper Hangings; and to alter the Conditions of certain Bonds to be given by Foresters in Ireland 117
12. An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland 118
13. An Act to suppress Intestations, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace in Ireland 119
14. An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise, and all certain Stamp Duties in Ireland; and to grant certain new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland 120
15. An Act to provide for the regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duty on Gold and Silver Plate, wrought or manufactured in Ireland 121
16. An Act to grant to His Majesty, until the 31st Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises into and from Ireland 122

- and for *Windsor*, in the County of *Berks*, and a Piece of Land in *Windsor*, in the County of *Berks*, for a Term of Ninety-nine Years, of His Majesty and the Princess, Her Descendants, Heirs, or any of them, shall in long-leaf, for and in Lieu of His Majesty's patent Terms and Inventions thereof; and also to make Exchanges. 294
46. An Act to repeal certain Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for inserting into the State of *Windsor Forest*, in the County of *Berks*, and for alienating the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same; and to amend the said Act. 195
47. An Act to grant certain Duties on Calicoes, Mulls, Cottons, Yarns, and Cotton Twines, of the Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, on their Exportation into either Country from the other, according to the Regulations contained in the Acts for the Unions of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act to continue until the Twenty-sixth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, several Acts for the better Collection and Security of the Revenues of Customs and Excise in *Ireland*, and for preventing Frauds therein. 197
49. An Act for allowing a Drawback on certain Licores exported from *Great Britain* to the *West Indies*. *Ibid.*
50. An Act to amend an Act, made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for erecting and establishing Public Libraries or Hospitals in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
51. An Act to revise and amend, until the Twenty-sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty for the more effectual Encouragement of the *Wool* Industry. 198
52. An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, as relates to the Payment of Duty on Coffee and Cocoa Nuts when exported from the Warehouses in which the same shall have been secured. 199
53. An Act to enable His Majesty's Postmaster General to open and return Letters directed to *Manilla* or other Places Abroad, and which have been or shall have been returned or not sent. *Ibid.*
54. An Act to prevent improper Persons from having Arms in *Ireland*. 201
55. An Act for allowing a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Ireland*, voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. 203
56. An Act for increasing the Militia of *Ireland*, under certain Limitations and Restrictions. 204
57. An Act for allowing a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Great Britain* voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. 207
58. An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Silk from *Ireland*. 208
59. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty, for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Post Office in *England*. *Ibid.*
60. An Act to give further Time for purchasing the Legal Quays and Warehouses, in the Port of *London*. 209
61. An Act to repeal certain Duties on Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandises exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
62. An Act to suspend, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and exported from either Country to the other respectively. 209
63. An Act for repealing the Duties and Drawback payable on Silks, and for granting other Duties and another Drawback in lieu thereof. *Ibid.*
64. An Act to allow the Bounties now payable on *Swiss* Calicoes and Cottons exported to *Gibraltar* to be paid on the same Articles when exported to *Malta*. 210
65. An Act to exempt Sales of *Wool* made Produce, by the *Wool* India Dock Company, for Payment of Duties and Charges, from the Antient Duty. *Ibid.*
66. An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Scragging. 211
67. An Act to permit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Impetration of *Wool* Homage into *Great Britain*. 210
68. An Act for the better Government of the Settlements of *Port Louis* *George* and *Senegal*; for the Regulation of Public Banks; and for amending so much of an Act, passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Periods at which the Civil Servants of the *East India* Company may be employed to their Service Abroad. 212
69. An Act for *discharging* from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General *De Laury*, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale. 213
70. An Act for maintaining and preserving a Military Canal and Road, made from 1760-57 in the County of *Kent*, to *Chislehurst* in the County of *Kent*, and for regulating the taking of Rates and Tolls thereon. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for the speedy completing the Militia of *Great Britain*, and securing the same, under certain Limitations and Restrictions. 215
72. An Act for making the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of *Ireland* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. 215
73. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Four millions five hundred thousand Pounds, for the Service of *Great Britain*. *Ibid.*
74. An Act for more effectually securing the Payment of the Debts of *Trenton*. *Ibid.*
75. An Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Support and Maintenance of Churches within the Church of *England*, and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned, so far as relates to the Avoidance of Benefices by the Incumbents thereof having accepted augmented Canons. 216
76. An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. 217
77. An Act for confirming Articles of Agreement for an Exchange of Lands between His Majesty and *David John Esq.*, in the Parish of *Spoken* in the County of *Worcester*. 218
78. An Act for vesting the capital Messuage, with the Appurtenances, Situate in *St. John Street*, in the City of *Dublin*, now or lately inhabited by the Right Honourable Lord *Providence*, in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and for applying the Funds of the Treasury in Manner therein mentioned. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

1. AN Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts in the Borough and Parish of *Stages*, and the Hundreds of *Widford* and *Kiveton* (except the Parishes of *Goodwin* and *Saxton*) in the County of *Lincoln*. 244
2. An Act for constructing a Pier and Harbour at or near the Town of *Fishburgh*, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for amending Two Acts, of the Twenty-eighth and Thirty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for enlarging and improving the Harbour of *Lisich*, for making certain new Streets and Roads, and widening others adjacent to and connected with the said Harbour. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for setting a County Hall, and other Offices, for the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
5. An Act to enable the London Dock Company to purchase certain Water Works in the Parishes of *Stratford*, *Widdow*, *Beau*, *Brewerly*, *Mile End*, and *Sageby*, and other Parishes adjacent; and to amend the several Acts for making Wet Docks and other Works for the Accommodation of Shipping, Commerce, and Revenue, within the Port of *London*. 245
6. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for taking down and rebuilding the Gaol of the Castle of *Glasgow*, the Prothonotary's Office, the Archbishop's Record Rooms, and other Offices and Buildings adjoining or near to the said Gaol. *Ibid.*
7. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parishes of *St. John the Baptist*, *St. Peter*, *St. Andrew*, and *St. Martin*, and the *Ward*, in the City of *London*, and County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
8. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the better paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the Streets and Lanes in the Parish and Borough of *New Windsor*, in the County of *Berk*, and for providing Necessaries thereon. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for amending former Acts, for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the Great Ouse Navigation, to the City of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*, to join the *Lichfield* Turnpike Road, in the Parish of *Stophen*, in the County of *Stafford*, and for making a Branch of Road to communicate therewith. *Ibid.*
11. An Act for repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the County of *Dumfriesshire*, and building Bridges thereon. 246
12. An Act for the more effectually repairing certain Roads in the Counties of *Salop*, *Derbyshire*, and *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
13. An Act for making and maintaining Roads from *Perry's Cross* to *Highley* Bars, and from *Worcester* to *Stophen* Bars, in the County of *Northumberland*. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Beverly* to *Kirby* Bridge, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
15. An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Beverly* to *Lagisston*, in the County of *Gloucester*, 47 Geo. III.
16. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Fishburgh* Bridge, in the Township of *Marston* near *Chichester*, to the South End of *Widford* Greenway, and from *St. Andrew's* Church, in the County of *Glasgow*, to the North End of *Green Lane*, in the City of *Glasgow*, and for making a new Road from *St. Andrew's* Church to the said Road, and for making a new Road from *St. Andrew's* Church to the same City. *Ibid.*
17. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Fishburgh* Bridge, in the Township of *Marston* near *Chichester*, to the South End of *Widford* Greenway, and from *St. Andrew's* Church to *Green Lane*, in the County of *Glasgow*, to the North End of *Green Lane*, in the City of *Glasgow*, and for making a new Road from *St. Andrew's* Church to the said Road, and for making a new Road from *St. Andrew's* Church to the same City. *Ibid.*
18. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Kingsley* Cross, in the Parish of *Brewsbury*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Wigley* Green, in the Parish of *Greenbrough*, and from a Place near *Goodley* Cross to *Widley* Bridge, and from *Widley* Cross to *Wigley's* Green, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
19. An Act for revising, continuing, and enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the South-east End of *Longborough*, in the County of *Leicester*, to *Drove* Bridge, near the *Rushes*, and from thence to the South End of *Greenhill* Bridge, in the same County. *Ibid.*
20. An Act for repairing, and keeping in Repair, several Roads in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
21. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts, passed in the Fifth, Sixth, and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Tandridge* to *Montpelier*, and from *Ward's* Cross to *Goodwin*, in the County of *Kent*, so far as they relate to the Road from *Tandridge* to *Montpelier*. *Ibid.*
22. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Widford*, in the County of *Salop*, to the Turnpike Road at *Janet's* Cross and *Palmer's Hill*, in the County of *Kent*, and from thence to *Widley* by *Stones*, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
23. An Act for holding Lands in the Parish of *St. Margaret's* *Widdow*, otherwise *Widdow*, and the Hamlet of *St. John*, within the said Parish, in the Counties of *Northampton* and *Northampton*. 247
24. An Act for holding Lands in the Parish of *Leamington*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for holding Lands in the Manors and Townships of *Barnes*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*

- lxxvii. An Act for repealing several Acts, of the Thirty-third Year of King George the Second, and the Thirtieth and Thirty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for drawing in the Fish Land in the River of the Great Ouse, and Countess of Arundel and Argyll, near Middleburgh, in so far as relates to the several Lands in the said District therein described, and for making better Provision for draining and preserving the said Lands. *Id.*
- lxxviii. An Act to regulate and improve the Cattle Market, to provide a Market for Horses, and establish a Market for the Sale of Hides and Meat, and other Articles, and to make other Improvements within the City of Edinburgh, in the County of *Midlothian*. *Id.*
- lxxviiii. An Act for making and Securing a Trust for the Relief of Widows and Children of Single and Pauperish married Persons in Scotland. *Id.*
- lxxviiii. An Act to explain an Act, of the Twenty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Albion Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretaries, and several Associates. *Id.*
- lxxxv. An Act to explain an Act, of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Globe Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Managers, and to amend Annullum. *Id.*
- lxxxv. An Act to explain an Act, of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Phoenix Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to amend Annullum. *Id.*
- lxxxvi. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing several Rents issuing from *London* to *Leicester* and other Places in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. *Id.*
- lxxxvii. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing and withdrawing the Rents from *Widley* to *Alford*, in the County of *York*. *Id.*
- lxxxviii. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing the Rents from *Beckwith* in the County of *Gloucestershire*, through *Downing* and *Geoffrey* *Street* upwards, in the County of *Leicester*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, of the Sixth and Twenty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing the Rents from *High Balle*, in *Wiltshire*, to the further End of *Deatleyes Lane*, and other Places therein named, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing the Rents from *High* to *Netherwood*, and from *Stratly Lane* to *Baldwicks*, in the County of *York*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts, for repealing the Rents from the Parish of *Grimsby* to *Appleby Heath*, and other Rents in the County of *York*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of six of these Acts, of the Fifth, Ninth, and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, in relation to the Rents of the Road from *Mar's Croft* to *Grimsby*, and the Rents from *Strensall Common* to *Grimsby Marsh Common*, and *Playburgh Trees* to *Swidburgh*, in the County of *York*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of six Acts, of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing six of the Rents from the Town of *Northallerton* to the City of *Carlisle*, as here within the County of *Westmorland*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repealing several Rents in and near *Great Torrington*, in the County of *Devon*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for selling in 1784, Trustees, the Estates here of the Right Honourable *Richard* Earl of *Rothesay*, deceased, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and *Wiltshire*, which have not been sold by virtue of certain Indentures, of *Lease* and *Release*, dated respectively the Twentieth and Thirtieth Days of *July* One thousand seven hundred and *Eighty-four*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for enabling Near Acts and Trustees, Trustees to take under the Will of his late Father *John* *Robert* *Barne* Esquire, deceased, to charge his Estates in the County of *Wiltshire* with the Same therein mentioned, for the better improving, and ascending the same Estates, by the Means therein mentioned. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for enabling the Sale of certain Real Estate, late of *Henry* *Barne* Esquire, deceased, to be sold in the Will, or purchas'd in person, or through, and for bringing out the Money arising from the Sale thereof, under the Authority of the High Court of Chancery, in the Particulars of other Estates to be lent to the same Uses as the Estates hereof. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for selling certain Estates, devised by the Will of *James* *Barne* Esquire, deceased, situate in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Gloucestershire*, as Trustees, in Trust to be sold for the Payment of Debts and Legacies due to the said said late Payment thereof, for the Satisfaction of the Debts, or of the Money to arise by such Sale in the Particulars of other Estates, to be lent to the same Uses as the Estates hereof. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for enabling *Francis* *Barne* Esquire to grant Building and Repairing Leases of certain Lands in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, otherwise *St. Mary*, in the County of *Middlesex*, devised by the Will of *Francis* *Barne* Esquire. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for selling certain Estates, in the Parishes of *St. Dunstons* and *St. James*, in *Whitechapel*, in the County of *London*, (Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *John* *Hall* deceased), as Trustees in Trust to sell the same, and for bringing out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Particulars of other Estates, to be lent to the same Uses as the Estates hereof. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for enabling an Exchange between the Trustees and Writers of *Marble College*, in the Parish of *Chancery*, in the County of *York*, and *Thomas* *Barne* Esquire, of certain Lands and Hereditaments in the same County. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for including Lands in the Township of *Widley*, in the Parish of *Draythorpe*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Widley*, in the County of *York* and *Widley*. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for including Lands in *Libbly*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*, and for leaving Part of the said Lands, and applying the Rents thereof to improving the Town and Part of *Libbly*, in the said County. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act to enable His Majesty, in relation to the Donations in Fee, in Trust of the Estates of his late Father *John* *Barne*, deceased, an Aged and Young Son of Eight hundred Pounds, given by the Will of his late Father *Thomas* *Barne*, deceased, under *Frederick* *de la Roche* *Barne* *de la Roche*, an Alien, and the Ancestors thereof. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for the more effectual Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, and the Environs thereof. *Id.*
- lxxxix. An Act for deepening, enlarging, maintaining, and improving the Harbour of *Portsmouth*, in the County of *Hampshire*. *Id.*

601. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the Town and Parish of *Weymouth*, in the County of *Dorset*, and removing and preventing Nuisances therein, for the better Relief and Enjoyment of the Poor, for providing an additional *Burial Ground*, and for regulating the Markets of the said Town and Parish. 305
602. An Act to amend an Act, of the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for building a new Canal for the County of *Gloucester*, and other Purposes relating thereto; and for providing a new *St. James's Canal* for the said County. *Ibid.*
603. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Joseph Canal* in relation to the said Canal of the said Canal, and to make *Kilburner Road*, and to amend and render more effectual Two Acts relating to the said Navigation. *Ibid.*
604. An Act for Separating the Churches and Chapels of *St. Andrew's*, *St. James*, *St. Andrew*, *St. Andrew*, *St. Andrew*, and *St. Andrew*, from the Rectory and Parish Church of *St. Andrew's* in the County of *Stafford*, and for making them Five distinct Rectories and Parish Churches, and for enabling the Rectors of two of the said Parishes to hold open-Town for the Time being to grant Building Leases of certain Glebe Lands belonging to the said Rectory. *Ibid.*
605. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for making and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the Parishes of *Le-Lock*, *Newington*, *St. George*, *St. Andrew*, *St. Andrew*, and *St. Andrew* Church, in the County of *Surrey*, and for watching and lighting the said Roads. *Ibid.*
606. An Act to continue the Terms and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Roads from *St. Andrew* to the Top of *St. Andrew*, and from *St. Andrew* to the Top of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Stafford*; and for making a Road from the said Roads in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, by *St. Andrew* to the North East Corner of the Bishop's Field, in the Parish of *St. Andrew* in the said County. *Ibid.*
607. An Act for improving the Navigation of a certain Part of the River *St. Andrew*, and for the better draining the Low Lands lying in the Levels above *St. Andrew*, and for the better Bridge, and *St. Andrew*, all in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
608. An Act for amending an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for vesting certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates devolved by the Will of the late Arthur James Esquire, deceased, in the Counties of Kent, Nottingham, Cambridgeshire, and Middlesex, as to the Copy and Lotteries of London and Westminster, in Trust, and for buying out the Remainder in fee Simple, together with the Sum of Fifty-three thousand three hundred and thirty-two Pounds Three Shillings and Four-pence, Three Pence in the Hundred, and the said Arthur James Esquire, being in the Name of the Assignees General of the High Court of Chancery, in Trust in a certain Lease on the said Court, Massachusetts versus James, being the clear Rents of the Personal Estate of the said Arthur James Esquire, with the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments to be sold in the same Manner, and for enabling the said Assignees to cause Leases of the Estates to be purchased, and also to cut Timber growing thereon, subject to Restrictions, in so far as the Trusts therein have not been performed and carried into Execution. 306*
609. An Act for vesting in the Right Honourable Robert Spencer, commonly called Lord Robert Spencer, in the County of *Stafford*, in Exchange for another Estate of the said Lord Robert Spencer, in the same County, and for settling such last-mentioned Estate to the like Use as the said Part of the said Settled Estate had settled. 306
610. An Act to enable the foregoing Trustee named in the last Will and Testament of the late Right Honourable Henry Earl of *St. Andrew*, deceased, to sell the Manors House of the said late Earl, in *St. Andrew*, in the City of *Dublin*, with the Appurtenances and the Foreclose to the said House belonging, and the Glass and Pictures therein; and to lay out the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in *London*, and to settle such Lands to be purchased to the same Uses and Subjects as the same Limitations, as are in the said Will declared and expressed with respect to the said Manors House, with the Appurtenances. *Ibid.*
611. An Act for the Partition of divers Lands in the Counties of *Monaghan*, *Fermanagh*, *Louth*, and *Down*, late the Property of the late James Hamilton Knight, deceased, and in which Charles Hamilton, Charles Hamilton otherwise Hamilton, James Hamilton otherwise Hamilton, John Hamilton, the Reverend James Hamilton, William Hamilton, Eliza Hamilton, Francis John Hamilton, Elizabeth Hamilton, Eliza Hamilton, Francis John Hamilton, and the Representatives of James Hamilton, deceased, have undivided Shares, and for the Sale of the Lands therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
612. An Act for confirming the Sale, made under the Directions of the Court of Chancery, of several Estates in the Counties of *Stafford*, *Stafford*, and *Kent*, devised by the Will of Thomas Cooper, deceased. *Ibid.*
613. An Act for the Sale of Part of the Estate of John Joseph Henry Esquire, for the Intests and Purposes therein expressed, and for settling other Estates in issue thereof to the same Uses, and to extend the leading Powers of the said John Joseph Henry in respect to Part of his Estates therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
614. An Act for selling the Tailors of certain Settled Estates of Sir Hugh Esquire, James Esquire, and James Esquire, and James Esquire, and Esquire, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trust, in Trust to carry into Execution a Contract already entered into for Sale of Part of the said Estates, and to sell the other Part thereof under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, and to apply the Money arising from the said Sales in the Manner therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
615. An Act for selling Part of the Estates, in the County of *Stafford*, devised by the Will of Rowland Esquire, deceased, in Trust, in Trust to sell the same, and for buying out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estate to be sold. *Ibid.*
616. An Act for enabling Trustees to sell the Settled Estates of John Esquire Esquire Esquire, (calling himself John Esquire), situate in the County of *Stafford*, and for buying out the Money to arise from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of Estates to be situated in or near the County of *Stafford*, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
617. An Act for selling several Free Farms Rents and annual Rents held by James Esquire, deceased, on the Manor, Warren, and Commonry of Merchants, Vicars of the City of *Dublin*, for the Maintenance of an Hospital and Alms-house in the said City, in Trust, to be sold, and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale with the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments to be settled upon the Trusts on which such Free Farms Rents and annual Rents are respectively held. 307
618. An Act for selling certain Estates belonging to the Sec of Chancery in Trust for Sale, and for applying the

- Parish-Monies, together with other Monies, is the Manor therein mentioned, and for enabling the Archbishop of Canterbury to grant Baking and Requiring Licences, and for other Purposes.** *107*
- ccxv.** An Act for enabling the Proprietors of the Navigation of the River *Stour*, in the Counties of *Suffolk* and *Gloucester*, from the City of *Bath* to, or near *Needon's Mills* to make and maintain a New Navigation-path, for the Purpose of towing and bulwag with *Muffles* or otherwise, Boats, Lighters, and other Vessels, up and down the said River. *107*
- ccxvi.** An Act for draining, reworking, and improving Lands in the Parish of *Greenhow* in *Haldersly*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. *107*

- ccxvii.** An Act for prolonging the Term of certain Letters Patent assigned to *Henry Fox* & *son* and *John Fourdrinier*, for the Invention of making Paper by means of Machinery. *107*
- ccxviii.** An Act for making better Provision for the Support and Maintenance of the Rectory for the Town being of the Parish of *St. George the Martyr, Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*. *107*
- ccxix.** An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the City of *York* to *Knoty Bridge*, and *Embsay* to the upper End of *near Dole*, in the County of *York*. *107*
- ccxx.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Brandon*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *107*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

1. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widbrook*, in the County of *Dorset*.
2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Elton* in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
3. An Act for amending *John Gery*.
4. An Act for amending *John Gery*.
5. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Upper Norton*, otherwise *Norton Lees* in the County of *Warwick*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Warble* and *Lamb Gully*, in the County of *Northampton*, and in the Parishes of *Ludgyn*, in the Counties of *Northampton* and *Huntingdon*, or one of them.
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widly* and *Cadgyn*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for changing in Part the Boundary between the said Two Parishes.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Catfield*, in the County of *Dorset*.
9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Sturdon*, in the County of *Dorset*.
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Alerton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
11. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Steele-peddley*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
12. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barsby*, in the County of *Northampton*.
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wick*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
14. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Manor of *Knares*, in the County of *York*.
15. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Abington*, in the Parish of *Buſby*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *North Wyke*, in the County of *Warwick*, and *Wilton* in *Wiltshire*, otherwise *North Wyke*, in the County of *Warwick*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Penney*, in the County of *Northampton*.
18. An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parish of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *St. Andrew* and *Leckwith*, in the County of *Northampton*.
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Barnes*, in the Parish of *Barnes*, in the County Palatine of *Gloucester*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Warrington*, in the County of *Surrey*.
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *South Kirby* and *South Elmsall*, in the Parish of *South Kirby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
An Abolition to the King in Right of his Duchy of Lancaster and as Lord of the Manor of South Elmsall — Extract of the Award to be transmitted to the Duchy Court
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Creechley*, otherwise *Creechton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Liberty of *Kilguswood*, in the Parish of *Fowl*, in the County of *Surrey*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
25. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Offley*, in the County of *Hertford*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stoughton* and *White Walken*, otherwise *Walken Allen*, in the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
Abolition to the King for the Parsonage Fee of Rights of the Crown in Cases of Warbler Feign, in the Parish of White Walken
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Haynes*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *North Rydham*, otherwise *North Rydham*, and *Hollingshope*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
29. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wrough*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes*.]
30. An Act for selling certain Estates at *Easing*, in the County of *Northampton* (divided by the Will of the Right Honourable Edward Lady *Kassard*), to Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same, and for applying Part of the Purchase-Monies in Discharge of an Indebtedness thereupon, and for laying out the Residue of the Monies in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *107*

THE
STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGE III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quadragesimo septimo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Fifteenth Day of December, Anno Domini 1806, in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, being the First Session of the Third Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

An Act to revive and make perpetual and to amend an Act, made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for the further Regulation of the Trials of controversial Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, and for expediting the Proceedings relating thereto.

[10th January 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act, made in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further Regulation of the Trials of controversial Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, and for expediting the Proceedings relating thereto*, which was to continue in force Two Years, and from thence till the End of the Session of Parliament next after the Expiration of the said Two Years and no longer, should be revived and made perpetual; be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, His most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby revived, and the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby made perpetual.

II Provided always, and to be it enacted, That whenever, on any Complaint by Petition under or by virtue of any Act or Acts for the Regulation of the Trials of controversial Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, it shall happen that the Thirteen Members returned to the House of Commons under the Direction of the said Acts, or any or either of them, shall be retied by virtue of any Regulation or Provision in any of the said recited Acts to choose Two Members or One Member (as the Case may require) to be added to the said Thirteen Members for the Completion of the Committee to try such Petition, such Thirteen Members shall not choose such Two Members or One Member to be added as aforesaid, until all the other such Committees to be ballotted for on that Day (in the proportion of which the Petition before the House shall name Two Members to be added to the Members drawn by Lot) shall have been sworn, if such Committees or any of them are to be sworn; Provided also, that if Two or more Committees shall be ballotted for on the first Day for the Completion of which it shall happen that the Thirteen Members returned to the House shall be required to choose Two Members or One Member as aforesaid, then the Thirteen Members on the Committee or Committees which shall have been first ballotted for, shall leave the Preference successively in choosing such Member or Members for or against such Committee or Committees.

C A P. II.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven.

[10th January 1807.]

Treasury empowered to raise 10,500,000*l* by Loans and Exchequer Bills, as under the said Act (26 G. 3. c. 2. of 1806) Section 5. 2.—Intend 10*l* 4*d* per Centum per Annum 4 1/2.—Exchequer Bills to stand out as receivable in Payment of any Taxes, &c. before April 5, 1808 § 2.—Charged on the first supplies to be granted in next Session. § 3.—Bank of England authorized to advance 5,000,000*l* on the Credit of the Act § 4.

40 Geo. III.

B

C A P.

C A P. III.

An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [22d January 1807.]

[*As all reports (except the Date) this Act is similar to 46 G. 3. c. 2.—As to Ireland, see Chapter 40. of this Session.*]

C A P. IV.

An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Perfumes, Oils, and Perfumed Estates, in England; and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Stuffs, in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [22d January 1807.]

Consolidation of Land Tax appointed under 45 G. 3. c. 48. & 46 G. 3. c. 107. empowered to put this Act in Execution, § 4.^o

[*As all other reports (except the Date) this Act is similar to 46 G. 3. c. 3.*]

C A P. V.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and for extending the Times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seven; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and seven. [19th February 1807.]

[*See 44 G. 3. c. 7. and References there.*]

C A P. VI.

An Act to continue, during the present War, and until One Year after the Termination thereof by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an Act made in the fourth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering His Majesty to accept the Surrender of such Parts of His Militia Forces in Ireland, as might voluntarily offer themselves to be enlisted in Great Britain. [19th February 1807.]

44 G. 3. c. 32. continued by 46 G. 3. c. 31. recited and further continued during the War, &c. § 1.—Act shall not extend the Term of voluntary Engagements. § 2.—Act may be altered this Session, § 3.^o

C A P. VII.

An Act to declare that certain Provisions of an Act of the last Session of the last Parliament, entitled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of every Species of Grain between Great Britain and Ireland*, shall extend to Grain the Produce of those Countries only. [19th February 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of every Species of Grain between Great Britain and Ireland*, it was enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, all Bounties and Duties payable on the Exportation and Importation of Corn, Grain, Malt, Meal, Flour, or Bran, respectively, from Great Britain to Ireland, and from Ireland to Great Britain, should cease and be no longer payable; and that it should be lawful for any Person to carry and export out of and from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any Port or Place in Ireland, and out of and from any Port or Place in Ireland, to any Port or Place in Great Britain, and to import into any Port or Place in Great Britain from any Port or Place in Ireland, and into any Port or Place in Ireland from any Port or Place in Great Britain without Payment of any Duty whatsoever on that Exportation or Importation; and any Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, any Sort of Cart or Coach, Mule, Flax, Bread or Bran, whenever the Average Price of Corn or Grain might be in either Country at the Time of such Exportation or Importation: For abrogating of any Duties or Difficulties in the Construction of the said Act (if so enacted) and declared by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, and the several Clauses and Provisions therein contained relating to the Exportation and Importation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, Malt, Flour, Bran or Bran, from Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to Great Britain, was intended and shall be construed to extend, and the force is hereby declared to extend only to Corn or Grain, Malt, Flour, Bran or Bran, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, and not to any Corn or Grain, Malt, Flour, Bran or Bran, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any other Country or Place; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Recited Act declared to extend only to Corn, &c. in the 5. of the 46 G. 3. Session of 1807.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue for the Term of Seven Years certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, for preventing the Importation of Arms, Gunpowder, and Ammunition, and the making, removing, selling, and keeping of Gunpowder, Arms, and Ammunition, without Licence.

[19th February 1807.]

"I^o 76 A. S. 16 G. 3. c. 45. 29 G. 1. c. 37. (continued by 40 G. 3. [c.] c. 95. 4 11, 12.) further continued for Seven Years, from 18 Aug. 1807."

C A P. IX.

An Act for allowing the Exportation annually of a limited Quantity of Worked Yarn to Canada.

[19th February 1807.]

WHEREAS Wooled or Woolen Yarn is an Article that is necessary to employ the Abatement of Goods for the Indian Trade in Canada; and it is expedient that the Exportation of the same in a certain limited Quantity should be allowed notwithstanding the Laws now in force for prohibiting such Exportation; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to permit the Exportation of any Quantity of Worked or Woolen Yarn, not exceeding Five hundred Pounds Weight in any one Year, from the Port of London, to be transported to the Province of Lower Canada, in such Proportions, at such Times, in such Manner, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions, as shall be directed and appointed by His Majesty, by and with the Advice aforesaid; any Thing in an Act passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, several Laws now in being for preventing the Exportation of Wool, Woollen, Worsted, Sherrings, Tarn, and Woads; Grease, Combs, Washings, and other Manufactures or pretended Manufactures made of Wool, and Woads; or other ways and together, so as the same may be re-rolled in and made up of in Wool again; Hosiery or Bala dyed with Combed Wool or Woad for making; Fillets, Earth, Felling Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay, from this Kingdom, and from the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, into Foreign Parts; and for rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, 'An Act for the Binding of Wool' to the contrary notwithstanding.*

His Majesty
did cause the
Exportation of
Wool, Yarn
&c. to be
continued
for seven Years
from the 1^o of
February 1807
to the 31^o of
January 1814.

40 G. 3. c. 31.

C A P. X.

An Act for raising the Sum of One Million by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven.

[19th February 1807.]

"Bills charged on Supplies of the present Session, or on 18th Consolidated Fund. § 6."

[In all other Particulars (except the Sum) this Act is similar to 40 G. 3. c. 45.]

C A P. XI.

An Act to authorize His Majesty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope.

[19th February 1807.]

[40 G. 3. c. 20 as which this Act is § 2 (6) further.]

C A P. XII.

An Act to abolish certain Offices in the Customs in Ireland, and to abolish or regulate certain other Offices therein.

[19th February 1807.]

WHEREAS certain Offices in His Majesty's Customs in Ireland, heretofore constituted, which have been already granted by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, have been found to be unnecessary, and other Offices in the said Customs, which have been also already granted by the said Letters Patent, although the Duties, or some thereof, are necessary or used, have been commonly executed by Deputies appointed by the Patentees respectively; and it is expedient that some of the said Offices should be abolished, and that others should not in future be granted by Letters Patent, and should be abolished, in so far as any of the Duties thereof shall appear not to be necessary or useful, or may more properly be discharged by other existing Officers; and that Provision should be made for the Discharge of such Duties, in such Manner as shall be found convenient to the publick Service: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Offices in the Customs and Port Duties of Ireland heretofore and here specified, that is to say, The Office of Collector in the several and respective Ports of *Baltimore, Belfast, Carr, Drogheda, Drogheda, Dundalk, Galway, Killybegs, Killybegs, Larne, Limerick, Londonderry, Newry, Rye, Tralee, Waterford, Wexford, Wicklow, and Tangier's* the Office of Searcher, Packer, and Gauger in the several and respective Ports of *Dublin, Belfast, Carr, and Drogheda*; the Office of Searcher in the several and respective Ports of *Drogheda, Dundalk, Galway, Killybegs, Larne, Limerick, Londonderry, Newry, Rye, Waterford, Waterford,*

Continued till
the 1^o of
March 1814
they are, of
course, to be
continued till
the 31^o of
January 1814.

Waterford, Wick, and Youghal, the Office of *Treasurer and Receiver of Customs*, and the Office of *Surveyor General of Ireland*, shall not, nor shall any of them, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to any Person or Persons whomsoever; and that such of the said several Offices as are vacant shall forthwith be, and the same are hereby abolished; and that such of them as are not vacant shall hereafter from Time to Time, as the same shall respectively become vacant, be in the Manner aforesaid; and the same are hereby, from and after the respective Times when the same shall respectively become vacant as aforesaid, wholly abolished.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Offices in the Customs and Port Duties of Ireland hereinafter specified, that is to wit, The Office of *Comptroller and Accountant General*, the Office of *Commissioner of Customs*, the Office of *Cruiser and Wharfeer* in the Port of *Dublin*, the Office of *Register General of Shipping for Ireland*, the Office of *Custodian of the Port of Dublin*, (which is called *Collector and Collector of the Port of Dublin*), the Office of *Clark of Ship Entries in the Port of Dublin*, the Office of *Clark of the Coast for Dublin*, the Office of *Comptroller of the several and respective Ports of Dublin, Belfast, Cork, Drogheda, Derry, Killybegs, English Lough, Lanesborough, Londonderry, Newry, Raphoe, Sligo, Swainsford, Tralee, Waterford, Wick, and Youghal*, being Offices the Duties whereof are in Part aforesaid and necessary, shall not, nor shall any of such Offices, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to any Person or Persons, by Patent or otherwise, save as hereinafter more expressly and that such of them as are vacant shall forthwith be abolished, and the same are hereby abolished, save as hereinafter provided; and that such of them as are not vacant, shall hereafter from Time to Time, as the same shall respectively become vacant, be in the Manner aforesaid; and the same are hereby accordingly, from and after the respective Times when the same shall respectively become vacant, abolished, save as hereinafter mentioned.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Officers before mentioned, nor any of them, shall not be compelled to any other Attendance on the Duty of their several Offices, during the Continuance of the existing Grants to them, than has heretofore been given.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, and of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to provide for the Execution of such of the Duties of the several Offices last mentioned as shall in their Judgment appear to be so necessary or useful, either by appointing (by Indentment under their Hands, with the Approbation aforesaid) proper Persons to execute, during their Pleasures, such secretary and aided Duties of any of the said Offices as are vacant as aforesaid, and of any of the said Offices as are not vacant, when and as the same shall respectively become vacant; or by constituting in One or more Office or Offices, or separating into distinct or different Offices, such secretary and aided duties respectively, and otherwise regulating such Offices respectively, in such Manner as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, with the Approbation of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, and the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the Time being, shall in their Judgment from Time to Time think fit and proper.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall or may, before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, have been appointed to execute any of the Duties of any of the said several Offices not wholly abolished by this Act, shall, as to all Interests and Purposes, have the same Power and Authority to execute and perform such Duties of such Offices respectively as they would have had if this Act had not been made, and such Persons respectively, or some other Person or Persons, shall be appointed to execute such Duties respectively, under the Authority of this Act; and that all Persons who shall or may be appointed to execute any of the Duties of any of such Offices, under the Authority of this Act, shall have the same Power and Authority, as all Interests and Purposes, to execute and perform such Duties respectively, as the same Persons respectively would have had if such Persons had been appointed to such Offices respectively before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, according to the Terms of the several Warrants, Grants, Brevets, or Letters, under which such Persons or any of them shall respectively receive from the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, with the Approbation aforesaid, for executing such Duties respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, and of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to appoint such Persons to be taken and had by the several Persons who shall be appointed by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties to execute any of the Duties of any of the said Offices, not wholly abolished by this Act, and the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, with such Approbation, shall think fit.

VII. And be it further enacted, That as to the absolute Abolition of any Office under the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland for the Time being, with the Approbation aforesaid, to make such full and reasonable Compensation, as they shall in their Judgment think proper, to any Clerks or Deputies, Clerks or Clerks, or to any other Person or Persons, who are or are to be employed before the passing of this Act, who are or were employed in such Office as is abolished as aforesaid.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when and as often as it shall be found necessary to make a new Appointment under the Authority of this Act, for the Execution of any of the duties of such of the said Offices as are not as aforesaid to be performed, although the Persons are appointed, the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall to all such Cases lay an Account of the same to both both Houses of Parliament within Twelve Days after the Beginning of each Session, defining the Office, and the Amount of the Salary which shall be appointed for the same.

Comptroller of
Officers who had
to do in the
Generally Patent
except under
the Provision of
the Act, and
to the said
said Office
wholly abolished.

Persons Officers
not compelled
to give more
Attendance
Commissioners
of Customs, with
Approbation of
the Treasurer,
the same provide
for the Creation
of such Offices
appear necessary.

Persons
appointed to
execute any of
the Offices to be
abolished under
this Act, may
all under such
Appointment
to such
Resolutions
be made.

Commissioners
of Customs and
Port Duties in
Ireland, with
the Approbation,
may, under
the Authority,
and
the Approbation
of the
said Commissioners.

All persons who
are or were
employed in
such Office
as is abolished
shall be
compensated.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for inserting certain Commissioners appointed for the Examination of Accounts and Expenditure relating to the Office of Barrack Master General, with certain Powers and Authorities necessary for the Examination of such Accounts and Expenditure. [15th February 1807.]

WHEREAS by a Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, dated the Eighteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, Colonel Charles Boscawen and William Bragg Esquires, were appointed Commissioners during His Majesty's Pleasure for inquiring into and ascertaining what sums of Money had at any Time, since the Twenty-fourth Day of December One thousand seven hundred and ninety two, been issued to or received by Oliver De Lacey Esquire, either as Superintendent General of Barracks or as Barrack Master General, or for the Service of the Barrack Department, or issued to or received by any other Person or Persons as his Account for such Service, and likewise for inquiring into the Expediture thereof, and further for requiring and ascertaining what Part or Parts thereof do still remain in the Hands of the said Oliver De Lacey, or of any other Person or Persons chargeable therewith, and also for inspecting, examining, and listing all Accounts of the said Oliver De Lacey, or of any other Person or Persons anywise relating to the Receipt or Expediture of such Sums of Money or any Part or Parts thereof, and likewise for a viewing and requiring into the Treasuries and Possessions of all Comptrols for Buildings, or supplying of Stores for the Service of the Barrack Department, which shall have been made or entered into by the said Oliver De Lacey, either as Superintendent General of Barracks or as Barrack Master General, or by any other Person for the Service of the Barrack Department, whether by Authority of the said Oliver De Lacey or otherwise, during the Time that the said Oliver De Lacey held either of the said Offices or acted as such Superintendent General of Barracks or as Barrack Master General, and whether all such Comptrols have been performed and fulfilled according to the Tenor and Effect thereof, and if the same or any of them have not been performed and fulfilled in what respect and to what Extent in Value and otherwise, and why and for what Reason the same have not been performed and fulfilled, and likewise for allowing and allowing the several Warrants, Orders, Authorities, and Vouchers, which should be produced to them for supporting and verifying such Accounts: And whereas the said Colonel Charles Boscawen and William Bragg were by the said Warrant required to observe such Orders and Instructions in relation to the Proceeds, as they should, now Time accrues from His Majesty or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being: And whereas it is essential to the full and proper Execution of the said Powers contained in the said Commission, and to the Execution of the said Accounts and Expenditures, and of the Matters and Things relating to the said Barrack Department, specified in the said Warrant, that full Power and Authority should be given to them the said Colonel Charles Boscawen and William Bragg Esquires, for the Purpose aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the better Execution of the Trust reposed in them the said Commissioners named in the said Warrant are hereby authorized to meet and sit from Time to Time in such Place or Places within the Cities of London and Westminster, or elsewhere within the United Kingdom as they shall and need convenient, with or without Adjournment, and to sign their Precept or Precepts under their Hands and Seals for any Person or Persons whatsoever, and for such Books, Papers, Writings, or Records relating to any Comptrol, Building, Trust-facts, or other Matters or Things referred to them, as shall be necessary for carrying into Execution the Trust reposed in them, all which Person or Persons are hereby required and desired punctually to attend the said Commissioners at such Time and Times, Place, and Places as shall be by them appointed, and such Person or Persons as shall be sent for that, if he or they require the same, have such reasonable Costs and Charges as the said Commissioners shall in their Discretion think fit to allow to each of them respectively.

Commissioners
appointed by
His Majesty
to inquire into
the said Office
and Records.

Commissioners
required to
execute the
said
Trust.

Persons relating
to support or
produce Papers,
Orders, Vouchers,
Receipts, and
other Documents
to the said
Commissioners.

II. And, for rendering more effectual all such Examinations as are intended to be had under this Act, be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required to examine upon Oath, or Affirmation of Persons being Quakers, (which Oath or Affirmation they or either of them are or is hereby authorized to administer) all Persons whom they shall see Occasion to call before them to be examined touching all Matters or Things aforesaid, for the Execution of the Trust reposed in them.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons aforesaid or to appear before the said Commissioners that willfully neglect or refuse to appear before the said Commissioners, or to bring or produce any Accounts, Books, Papers, Writings, or Records relating to any Contracts, Dealings, Trust-facts, or other Matters or Things respecting which the said Commissioners are by the said Warrant authorized and desired to inquire, that shall be liable to a Fine, or to Imprisonment, or to both, and which he, she, or they shall have been required by such Precept to produce, or that shall be to be shown, or being Quakers shall refuse to affirm, or being Quakers, or being Quakers having said oath, that shall refuse to affirm to and before such Commissioners any Question or Oath or Affirmation touching or concerning any Thing relating to any such Contracts, Dealings, Trust-facts, or Accounts, Matters or Things, every such Person or Persons who shall be so liable to the lawful Requirements of the said Commissioners, shall be liable to the Payment of such Fine to His Majesty or the Court of Exchequer, or to Imprisonment, or to both, as the Court by the said Commissioners, or by His Majesty's Attorney General, shall think fit to fix and impose, which Fine the said Court is hereby authorized and empowered to fix and impose, according to their Discretion, and to enforce in such Manner and by such Process as the said Court shall think proper.

IV. And

Printed by R. Phillips, at the Office of the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Strand.

IV. And whereas it is expedient to make Provision for bringing Persons detained in Custody under Civil or Criminal Process to be examined before the said Commissioners touching such Matters and Things as are necessary for the Execution of the Trust reposed in them; be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Judge of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas respectively, or for any Baron of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer of the Degree of Habes Corpus for bringing any Prisoner or Prisoners detained in any Gaol or Prison in that Part of the United Kingdom called England before such Commissioners, to be by them examined touching the Matters and Things aforesaid.

Of the Commissioners.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners before they exercise any of the Powers and Authorities given to them by this Act shall take an Oath before the Chancellor of the Exchequer, or before the Master of the Rolls for the Time being, (whom they and each of them are and is hereby authorized and required to administer), the Tender whereof shall be as followeth; (that is to say),

I, A. B. do swear, That according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially, and truly execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me by His Majesty's Warrant, Jured the Eighteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, and by an Act, intituled, *As it shal be in the Title of this Act* according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Warrant and the said Act.

Printed by R. Phillips, at the Office of the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Strand.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons upon Examination on Oath, or bring Quakers, upon Affirmation, before such Commissioners, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, every such Person so offending and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be guilty and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

It is Enacted by His Majesty that if any Person or Persons, not being a Member or Members of the House of Commons, and from Time to Time in like Manner to appoint any other Person or Persons in the Room of any Commissioner or Commissioners so appointed, and dying, resigning, or being removed, as His Majesty may think proper, to supply any such Vacancy or Vacancies; and that every Person so nominated and appointed, having taken the Oath of Office above mentioned, shall be held, deemed, and taken to be enrolled with all the same Powers and Authorities as are by this Act vested in the Commissioners appointed under His Majesty's said Warrant of the Eighteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, in Manner herein before mentioned.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Advers shall be brought against the said Commissioners or either of them, or any other Person or Persons who shall, for any Matter or Thing whatsoever done or committed under or by virtue or in Execution of this Act, unless such Advers shall be brought within the Calendar Month next after the doing or committing of such Matter or Thing: Provided also, that if any Advers or Advers shall be lawfully commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any Matter or Thing done under or by virtue or in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff shall become convicted or suffer Discontinuance, or if after further Prosecution, or if Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, such Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, for which he, she, or they shall have the like Remedy as where Loss by Law are given to Defendants.

This Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 5

C A P. XIV.

An Act to amend several Acts, for regulating the Trial of Controversed Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, so far as they do relate to Ireland. [19th February 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Trial of Controversed Elections or Returns of Members to serve in the United Kingdom, for Ireland*, and it is expedient that further Provisions should be made for carrying the said Act into Execution; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when any Person shall be appointed to be Clerk to any Commissioners under the said recited Act, for the Purpose of examining any Matters or Things referred to them by any Clerk or Clerks of the House of Commons, in Manner directed by the said recited Act, such Person is appointed to be Clerk, shall be sworn by the Chairman of the said Commissioners, lawfully and truly to take down in Writing the Evidence adduced before the said Commissioners, and from Day to Day, as Occasion may require, to transcribe, or cause the same to be transcribed, for the Use of the said Commissioners; and that in taking down the said Evidence in Writing, he will give the exact Words in which such Evidence shall be delivered in as accurate a Manner as the Case can possibly be done, and will in all Things conduct himself, as such Clerk, without Fear, Addiction, or Malice, according to the best of his Skill and Judgment.

It is Enacted by His Majesty that if any Person shall be chosen or appointed to be a Commissioner under the said recited Act, for the Purpose of examining any Matters or Things referred to Commissioners by any Clerk or Clerks of the House of Commons, for the Trial of any Person under the Provision of the said recited Act, or to be Clerk to such Commissioners, who shall have voted at the Election in question, or who shall have or claim any Right or Title in case for the County, City, Borough, Town or Place, adjoining where

Printed by R. Phillips, at the Office of the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Strand.

to force in Parliament, was not received by the Speaker under the Provisions of the said recited Act, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case such Recognition shall not be received by the Speaker before the Expiration of the said Twenty eight Days, he shall report the same to the House; whereupon the House shall proceed in such Manner as they would have proceeded under the said recited Act, in case such Recognition had not been received by the Speaker within the Space of Fourteen Days in the said Act intended: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter or enlarge the Time for entering into such Recognitions under the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Form of
43 G. 3 c. 16,
extended to the
A. D.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Clauses, Powers, Penalties, and Provisions in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty mentioned and contained, and not hereby altered or repealed, shall be applied to Execution of the Act as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Clauses, Powers, Penalties, and Provisions, were expressly repeated and so inserted in the Act.

C A P. XV.

An Act to continue for the Term of Seven Years, certain Acts for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience.

[10th February 1807.]

“*Enth Act 37 G. 3. c. 70. (last continued by 41 G. 3. G. 8 c. 29) 31 and 39th Act 37 G. 3. c. 40 (continued by 40 G. 3. (L.) c. 60. § 12) recited and further continued for 7 Years from 18 Augst 1807.*”

C A P. XVI.

An Act to amend several Acts for the Sale of His Majesty's Quit Rents, Crown and other Rents, and of certain Lands forfeited and undisposed of in Ireland. [17th March 1807.]

“*WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Sale of His Majesty's Quit Rents, Crown and other Rents, and of the Lands forfeited in the Town of Drogheda for hundred and fifty years, and Two thousand five hundred and eighty eight, and other Lands yet remaining undisposed of, in such Manner and under such Provisions as are therein contained: And whereas an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to amend the said recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year: And whereas an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament to amend the said recited Acts of the Thirty eighth and Thirty ninth Years: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts should be amended in Manner herein after mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of all or any of the said recited Acts as aforesaid the Sale or Disposal of any Lands, Tithes, Tenements, or Households, forfeited to the Crown under any of the Acts, in any of the said recited Acts mentioned, and also in each of the said recited Acts of the last Session as aforesaid that the Stock or Annuities to be given and paid as the Consideration for the Sale of all or any Quit Rents, Crown Rents, or Compensation Rents, payable to His Majesty, or of any Lands, Tithes, Tenements, and Households, forfeited to the Crown under any of the Acts in the said recited Act mentioned, shall be transferred to the Commissioners appointed by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign for the Reduction of the National Debt of Ireland, in Trust for the Purposes of the said Acts, and that all such Stock or Annuities respectively Said and may be let from Time to Time paid and transferred, by such Insultments, and in such Proportions, and in such Manner and Form, and under such Conditions and Regulations as the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, with the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, shall in that Behalf direct or appoint, he and the same be hereby repealed; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, all and every such Stock or Annuities as shall be given and paid for the Sale of any Quit Rents, Crown Rents, or Compensation Rents, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, shall also be transferred by the Person or Persons so pointing or giving the same to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or to the Commissioners: For executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the Time being, in which Name or Names the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland are hereby authorized and required to permit Payments to be made of the said Stock or Annuities respectively, and that such Transfer to be accepted by the said Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the Time being, or any Three of them, who are hereby required to accept the same accordingly, and that all and the said said Stock or Annuities shall remain levied in the Name of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, and shall not be transferred or otherwise made out of the Authority of Parliament, but that all the Interest or Dividends on such Stock or Annuities respectively shall be from Time to Time paid by the said Governor and Company into the Hands of the Person or Persons as shall be appointed to receive the same, by Warrant or Power of Attorney under the Hand and Seal of the said Lord High Treasurer or of the Commissioners appointed, to execute the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or any Three of them, and shall by virtue of this Act be from Time to Time paid, accounted for, applied and appropriated to such and the like Uses and Purposes as the said Quit Rents, Crown Rents, and Compensation Rents now or hereafter may be liable to be applied and appropriated in case the said recited Acts and this Act had not been made.*

11th Act:
38 G. 3 c. 70
39 G. 3 c. 12

46 G. 3 c. 113

In each of
Acts 38 & 39
G. 3. c. 70 and 12
respects the Sale of
Lands, &c.
forfeit to the
Crown, and of
46 G. 3. c. 113
§ 12. in relation to
transfer of Stock
&c. amounts now
for National
Debt, repealed.

5th Transfer
of the rents to be
paid to the Bank
applied as Quit
Rents.

of the Metropolis or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin; or if the Auction is intended to be held in any other Part of Ireland, within Two Copies of a like Notice shall be given: Three Days before the Sale to the Collector of the District in which such Auction shall be held, specifying the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to be deposited to sell; nor unless the Person so deposited shall be then licensed to sell by Auction in the District within which such Auction shall be held: And if any Person shall so vend, sell, or put up to sale by Auction, 2s. 6d. Extra, Goods, or Effects, for or on Account of any other Person without such Notice having been given, or without being himself licensed to sell by Auction, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and every such Deputy and his Surety shall be liable for the Payment of the Auction Duty accruing upon any such Sale, as well as the principal Auctioneer for whom he acts, and the Sureties of such principal Auctioneer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer who shall have delivered, or caused to have been delivered, any such Catalogue for any Sale by Auction, shall be charged and chargeable with and shall pay the Levy on each and every Article, Lot, Parcel, and Thing, enumerated, mentioned, or entered in such Catalogue: And every such Auctioneer shall, on the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or any Three of them, make Proof on Oath before the Examinateur of the Auction Duty on Duties, or before the Collector of Excise of the District wherein such Sale shall be held, or intended to be held, which Oath such Officers are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer without Fee or Reward, that the Article or Articles, Lot or Lots, Parcel or Parcels, Thing or Things, enumerated and mentioned or entered in such Catalogue, and for which any Allowance shall be claimed by such Auctioneer, was not or were not actually sold at such Auction or otherwise disposed of by such Auctioneer, by any Manner or Kind of Contract, Bargain, Sale, or Agreement whatsoever, to the Knowledge or Belief of such Auctioneer.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer selling by Auction within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, shall and he is hereby required, within Twenty-five Days after the Commencement of any Sale by way of Auction, to deliver or cause to be delivered at the Office of the Examinateur of Auction Duty in Dublin, and also at the Office of the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Sale shall be held, as each, true, and particular Account in Writing of the several Articles, Lots, or Parcels, contained in the Catalogue to be so aforesaid delivered, specifying in the said Account which of the said Articles, Lots, or Parcels, shall have been then sold, and the Price of every such Article, Lot, or Parcel, and the total Amount of the Purchase Money of such Sale, and also specifying which of the said Articles, Lots, or Parcels, shall not have been then sold; and shall, at the same Time, make Oath to the Truth of such Account before the said Examinateur of Auction Duty in Dublin, which Oath such Officer is hereby authorized, empowered, and required to administer without Fee or Reward: and if any Article, Lot, or Parcel returned in such Account as not having been sold, shall really have been sold at the Time of such Account being delivered, every such Auctioneer shall, for every such Article, Lot, or Parcel, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And every Auctioneer selling by Auction in any other Part of Ireland shall and he is hereby required, in like Manner within Twenty-five Days after the Commencement of any Sale by way of Auction by him held, to deliver to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Sale shall be held, Two Copies of an exact, true, and particular Account in Writing of the several Articles, Lots, or Parcels contained in the Catalogue to be so aforesaid delivered, specifying in the said Account which of the said Articles, Lots, or Parcels shall have been then sold, and the Price of every such Article, Lot, or Parcel, and the total Amount of the Purchase Money of such Sale, and also specifying which of the said Articles, Lots, or Parcels shall not have been then sold; and shall make Oath to the Truth of every such last mentioned Account before the said Collector of Excise, which Oath such Collector is hereby authorized, empowered, and required to administer, without Fee or Reward; and if any Article, Lot, or Parcel returned in such Account as not having been sold, shall really have been sold at the Time of such Account being delivered, every such Auctioneer shall for every such Article, Lot, or Parcel, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And any Auctioneer who shall neglect or omit to deliver such respective Accounts at the respective Times and Places and to the Persons, and verified in Manner herein before prescribed, shall, for every such Neglect or Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Goods or Effects sold by Auction shall have been sold by Sample or otherwise, so that the Auctioneer cannot ascertain the Quantity actually sold, and where such Sale shall have taken place within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, the Proprietor of such Goods or some Agent or Person authorized on his Behalf, shall, within Twenty-five Days after the Commencement of the said Sale, deliver to the Examinateur of the Auction Duty in Dublin, and also to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Sale shall have taken place, upon Oath of each of such Proprietor or Agents, which Oath may be administered by such Officers respectively, an exact Account of the Amount of such Goods, and the Sum of Money produced by the sale thereof: And where such Sale shall have taken place in any other Part of Ireland, such Proprietor or his Agent shall, within the said period of Twenty-five Days deliver Two Copies of such Account to the Collector of the District in which such Sale shall have taken place, upon Oath of such Proprietor or Agent, which Oath may be administered by such Collector, and such Proprietor or his Agent shall also in all Cases, within the said Space of Twenty-five Days after the Commencement of such Sale, furnish the Auctioneer with a true Copy of such Account; and if such Proprietor or his Agent shall neglect to deliver such Account or Copies thereof to the Officers herein before mentioned, and to the Auctioneer in Manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty-five Days, every such Proprietor or his Agent neglecting shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence.

Deputy shall be a licensed Auctioneer.

Penalty 50l.

Auctioneer shall be chargeable with the Duty on all Articles which are Catalogued which are Proof that they were not sold.

Within 25 Days after Commencement of Sale Auctioneer shall deliver an Account of the Articles sold or not sold at such Sale, with a Particular Account to the Examinateur, or, Collector of Excise. Penalty 100l.

Account of Am. sold at Public Sale Money 1 Pound in it may be paid within 25 Days after the Sale.

Authorised
Printer of
the Acts
of the
Parliament
of Great
Britain

Printed by
A. S. 1807
No. 101 No.
101 No.
101 No.
101 No.
101 No.

Printed in
the City of
London
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament
in the
City of
London

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament
in the
City of
London

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer shall be charged and chargeable with and shall pay the Auction Duty payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, on every Sale, within Five Days after the Time when every such Account of such Sale, and the Money produced thereby shall have been or ought to have been delivered; upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Default of such Payment, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty chargeable on such Sale.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall be discovered in any Charge of Duty against any Auctioneer by a greater Amount of Duty than ought to have been charged against such Auctioneer, it shall and may be lawful for him to make his Complaint within Six Calendar Months next after the Error shall have been discovered, before the said Commissioners of Excise and Taxes, who are hereby authorised and required to hear and determine such Complaint, and upon Proof thereof to relieve the Party from compliance of so much of the Duty, as shall appear to have been overcharged, and if such Duty shall have been paid it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to repay the same: And in case it shall be discovered that any Error has been committed by charging any Auctioneer with a less Amount of Duty than ought to have been charged, it shall and may be lawful for the Examiner of the Auction Duty, and he is hereby required to rectify the same as speedily as may be convenient, and to report the same to the said Commissioners of Excise and Taxes, who are hereby required to give Notice to such Auctioneer of the Amount of the Deficiency of the Duty in consequence of such Error; and if such Auctioneer shall not within one Month after such Notice show sufficient Cause to the said Commissioners of Excise and Taxes why he should not be charged with and pay such Deficiency, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to order a Return to be made by the said Examiner of the Auction Duty to the Office of the Collector of Excise in which the erroneous Charge was returned, and the Duties specified in the Return of such Examiner shall be a Surcharge on such Auctioneer; and if such Auctioneer shall not as Demanded, or within Ten Days next after, pay the full Amount of such Duties so discharged, such Auctioneer shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Duty which shall be so discharged: Provided, that no such Return shall be a Surcharge on any Auctioneer, unless it shall have been made and the Amount demanded within Six Months after the Discovery of the Error.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Sale by Auction of any Estate, Goods, or Effects shall be rendered void by reason that the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold had no Title to the same, or no Right to dispose thereof, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for the Auctioneer who paid the Duty on the Thing so sold, or for the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold, in case such Sale was held in the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, to lay a Complaint before the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes in Ireland; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, upon such Complaint to them made, by or on Behalf of such Auctioneer, or by or on Behalf of the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold, shall and they are hereby authorised and required to hear and determine upon Oath of each Complainant, and examine the Witnesses produced before them by the Parties, and thereupon or upon other due Proof to relieve the Party from compliance, and thereupon to repay the Duty paid in respect of the Estate, Goods, or Effects, the Sale of which shall be rendered void; and in case such Sale was held in any other Part of Ireland, then such Complaint shall and may be laid before the Sub-Commissioners of Excise in and for the District in which such Sale was held, who shall and may and they are hereby authorised to hear and determine the same upon Oath, and to examine Witnesses, and thereupon and upon other due Proof to report to the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes, whether such Sub-Commissioners are of Opinion that the Party complaining ought to be relieved or not; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make such Order for relieving such Party and repaying the Duty as to them shall seem fit, and such Duty shall be repaid upon the Order of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them accordingly.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Complaint shall be made within Twelve Calendar Months after such Sale, if the Sale shall be rendered void as aforesaid within that Time; or if the Bid shall not be rendered void as aforesaid within that Time, then such Complaint shall be made within Three Months after the Delivery of the Person for whose Benefit any such Estate, Goods, or Effects, was or were sold having as Title to the same or no Right to dispose thereof. And no such Complaint shall be made, or any Relief given thereupon unless such Complaint shall have been made within the Time herein-before so last Recited prescribed; nor in any Case after the Expiration of Three Years.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be exempted from the Payment of the Auction Duty on the Sale of Goods, wares or fabricated in the Linn in Ireland, or in respect of any such Goods sold by way of Auction, unless such Goods shall be covered as in some Warehouse, Room, or Place, whereof a true and particular Entry in Writing shall have been made by the Auctioneer who shall sell the same, seven Days before the Sale thereof shall be had, in the Office of the Examiner of Auction Duty and Collector of Excise, if within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin; and if in any other Part of Ireland, in the Office of the Collector of Excise of the District, within the Limits of which such Warehouse, Room, or Place, shall be situated; and unless such Goods shall be openly shown and exposed at the Time and Place of such Sale; and that every Auctioneer who shall sell or put up to Sale by Auction, any such Goods, shall be liable to all the Rules and Regulations respecting Auctioneers, except only as to the Payment of Duty; and except as such Rules and Regulations are expressly altered relating to such Sales, and that every Auctioneer shall, within Twentieth Days after the Commencement of any such Auction, in case such Auction shall be held in the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, deliver to the Examiner of the Auction Duty in Dublin, and also to the Collector of Excise in

the District in which such Auction shall be held, a true Account in Writing upon Oath, which Oath the said Examinator of Auction Duty is hereby empowered to administer, of the several Lots and Parcels of such Goods which shall have been sold, the Price of every Lot or Parcel, and the total Amount of the Money bid at such Auction; and in case such Auction shall be held in any other Part of *England* then such Auctioneer shall within such Fortnight Days deliver Two Copies of a like Account upon Oath to the Collector of the said District within which such Auction shall be held; and no such Auctioneer shall at any Time knowingly put up for Sale, or sell by Auction, any Piece Goods, or other Goods wares or fabricated in the *Loans* or out of *England*, nor any Goods wares or fabricated in the *Loans* in *England*, which shall not be offered or put up for Sale or sold, either in the Price or Quantity in which the same were taken from the *Loans*, and as Lots, each Lot thereof being of the Price of Ten Pounds and upwards, and being sold for or an Account of the Manufacturer thereof; without charging for every Twenty Shillings of the Purchaser's Money the Rate of Duty by Law payable thereon; and no such Auctioneer shall be concerned in any intrinsic or fraudulent Contrivance with Intent to sell any Piece Goods fabricated in the *Loans* contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: And if any Auctioneer shall neglect to deliver such Accounts as are hereby required relating to the Sale of such Goods, or shall sell or put up to Sale any Piece Goods, or other Goods, or shall be concerned in any Intrinsic or fraudulent Sale, contrary to the Provisions in this Act contained, such Auctioneer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Goods imported into *England* from any British Colony or Plantation in *America*, or from any Part of the United States of *America*, and sold by or for the Account of the original Importer, shall be exempted from the Payment of the Auction Duty thereon, unless on the first Sale thereof, and such first Sale shall be made within Six Calendar Months after such Goods shall be so imported; and the Proof that such Goods were so imported within the Space of Six Calendar Months previous to such Sale shall be made on the Oath of the Importer of such Goods, or in his Absence his known Clerk, before the Examinator of the Auction Duty in *London*, and before the Collector of Excise of the District in any other Part of *England* in which such Sale shall be had.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise sold by Auction are by Law exempted from the Payment of the Duty on Auctions, the Auctions of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall in all Cases be held by some Auctioneer duly licensed; and such Auctioneer shall, in respect of all and every such Auctions and Auctions, be subject and liable to all the Rules and Regulations contained in this or any other Act in force for enforcing the Duties on Auctions as *England*, except only as to the Payment of Duty on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise so exempted.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer who shall sell by Auction any Goods defined for Management of Rent Roll, Two Days previous to the Sale of such Goods, in case such Goods shall have been distrained within the District of the Metropolis of *London*, or within Six Miles of the Castle of *London*, deliver to the Examinator of Auction Duty in *London*, and also to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Goods shall have been distrained, a Notice in Writing specifying the particular Day when, and Place where, such Goods are intended to be sold; and shall also within Twenty-eight Days after the Day specified for such Sale to commence, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Office of the said Examinator, and also at the Office of the said Collector of Excise, an exact and true Account of every Article or Thing sold at such Sale, with the Amount of the whole Sum for which such Articles sold; and in case such Goods shall have been defined in any other Part of *England*, then such Auctioneer shall deliver Two Copies of such Notice and Account respectively within the respective Times specified to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Goods shall have been distrained; and the Landlord or other Person on whose Account the Debt is shall be made, Fall at the Foot of every such Account, under the exact Sum due for the Rent in respect of which such Goods shall have been distrained, and that such Goods were really and lawfully distrained for such Rent; And if any such Auctioneer shall neglect to do any such Notice or Account, in Manner and to the respective Offices herein directed, he shall be liable to forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Landlord or other Person shall give any false Certificate of any of the Particulars aforesaid, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, he shall in every such Case every such Landlord or Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer who shall sell by Auction any Effects, Goods, or Effects found for the Benefit of any Creditor by or under the Authority of any Sheriff or Steward in Execution of any Judgments, shall specify in the Accounts to be by him delivered under the Duty on this Act, the particular Effects, Goods, and Effects sold, and also the exact Sum loved under such Execution; and the Sheriff or Under Sheriff shall and are hereby required to certify at the Foot of such Account, that all the Effects, Goods, and Effects in such Account specified were really the Property of the Person against whom such Judgment was had and obtained, and that the same, and every Part thereof, were actually found in Execution of the said Judgment; and every Auctioneer who shall be employed by the Auctioneer under any Commission of Bankrupt shall likewise specify in the Account to be by him delivered in this behalf, the particular Effects, Goods, and Effects sold, and the Assignee or Assignees under such Commission shall certify at the Foot of such Account that all the Effects, Goods, and Effects specified were really the Property of the Bankrupt at the Time of being forth set for Execution; and every such Certificate respectively shall be produced by every such Auctioneer to the Person to whom such Auctioneer is by the Act directed to deliver his Accounts; and such Certificates shall be taken in Authority by such Officer to discharge the said Auctioneer from all Duty on the Sale of such Goods by Auction. And if any Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Assignee or Assignees, shall offer or suffer, or permit to be inserted in such Account to be certified, any Effects, Goods, or Effects whatsoever, other

then such as were truly the Property of the Debtor or Debtors, Bankrupt or Bankrupts as aforesaid respectively, or if any Sheriff or Under Sheriff shall omit or neglect to certify on such Account, within the Time prescribed by this Act, for the Auctioneer to deliver in his Account, the true Item levied, or shall certify therein any false Sum levied; or if any Assignee or Assignees shall omit or neglect to certify, as is herein before required within the Time prescribed for the Auctioneer to deliver in his Account, then and in every such Case the Party offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Register to be
made of the
Books of the
Auctioneer

21. Section

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer who shall be employed to sell any Goods damaged by Fire, sold by order or for the Benefit of the Insurer or Insurers of such Goods, or any Agent or Agents of such Insurers, shall specify in the Account to be by him or them delivered, the particular Goods which were sold; and the Insurer or Insurers, or the Agent or Agents of such Insurer or Insurers ordering such Sale, shall and he and they are hereby required to certify at the Foot thereof, that all the Goods, in such Account specified were really sold for the Benefit of such Insurer or Insurers, which Account so certified shall be produced by every such Auctioneer to the Person to whom such Auctioneer is by this Act directed to deliver the same; and such Certificate shall be sufficient Authority to such Officer to discharge the said Auctioneer from all Duty on the Sale of such Goods by Auction; and if any such Insurer or Insurers, Agent or Agents, shall omit or fail or permit to be inserted in any such Account as aforesaid, any Goods whatsoever, other than such as were really sold for the Benefit of him or them as aforesaid, or if any Insurer or Agent shall omit or neglect to certify in such Account the true Particulars of the Goods so sold, then and in every such Case the Party offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

22. Section

A. Officers
shall produce
to Justice the
Books

23. Section

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer shall at the Time of delivering the Accounts by this Act required to be delivered to the proper Officer or whenever such Auctioneer shall be therein required by such Officer, deliver or cause to be delivered to such Officer the original Book or Books of Sale of such Auctioneer, to the End that the Officer may compare the Account produced with the Entries in such Book or Books; and if any Auctioneer shall omit or neglect to produce to such Officer such Book or Books of Sale within Twenty-four Hours after such Demand, or shall omit or fail to produce such Book or Books, every such Auctioneer shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

24. Section and
Application
of Provisions

25. Section

26. Section

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in British Currency, and shall and may be levied and recovered, levied, and applied in such Manner and Form and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed, and appointed, in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty George the Second, intituled, *An Act for levying of the Excise or new Impost upon the Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Statute therein referred to; or as and by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage in Ireland; or as and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the said Revenue, Matters, and Things, or either of them; as fully and effectually to all Intents, Construction, and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and recited in this Act, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party and Parties who shall think him, her, or themselves aggrieved or injured, as is and by the said Acts or any of them is provided and enacted.*

" Act may be altered this Session. § 26."

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof; in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes, and Drawback.

[17th March 1807.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's publick Expenses in Ireland, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties and Taxes hereinafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enabled; and it is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Articles and Things mentioned, in, forth, and expressed in the Schedule marked A. hereunto annexed, the several Sums of Money, Duties of Inland Excise and Taxes, as they are respectively directed and set forth in the said Schedule; and the said Schedule and all the Exceptions, Exemptions, and Regulations therein contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes; and the said several Duties and Taxes shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties of Inland Excise and Taxes granted by any former Act or Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in any of the Articles and Things in the said Schedule mentioned, except such Duties as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in Ireland by any Act or Acts of Parliament and which Duties are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes by the Acts by which the said Duties are or shall be granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts.

In and Under
the Great Seal
of Great Britain
and Ireland
[1807.]

II. A. 4

Malt and Beer,
Duties payable
in British
Lawmep.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Duty shall be paid on Beer or Ale brewed in Ireland.
IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Taxes and Drawbacks on this Act and the Schedule herewith annexed, specified mentioned and contained (except the Duties on Leather and Leather Manufacture, Glass Bottles, Wines and Parchment made in Ireland, and except the Drawbacks of the last Duties respectively) shall be paid and payable and received and receivable as *Stamp Duties*; And that in all Cases where any such Duties or Taxes are imposed in respect of the Value of any Article Master or *Stamp*, such Value, as well as the Rate of Duty in respect thereof, shall be calculated and taken in *Stamp Currency*.

Taxes shall be
payable both
Consolidated
Fund, as also
from any Act or
other Act
to be made.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, the several Chapters of rating and assessing for the same being delineated, shall be credited to and be Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, and that the Sum of Sixpence per Pound and all other Fees which shall or may be payable to the Lord High Treasurer or Comptroller for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, Clerk of the Privy, or any other Officer of the Treasury of Ireland, upon issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, shall be carried to the said Consolidated Fund in Aid and Addition to the Duties hereby provided, and shall be accounted for accordingly.

To be paid on
any Money.

XI. And be it further enacted, That neither the State of Sixpence per Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to, or be deducted or received by, any Officer or Officers of the Treasury of Ireland, for or on account of the issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money in discharge of any Part of the National Debt of Ireland, or of any Interest or Arrears on the same.

Duties and
Drawbacks shall
be paid and
received as
under this and
the Act of 1794
and the Act of
1795 and the
Act of 1796
relating to Duties.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties, Taxes, and Drawbacks by this Act and the Schedule herewith annexed granted and allowed, shall be raised levied collected paid and received for and received, in the same Manner and under such Powers and Authorities and by such Ways and Methods and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Provisions and Regulations, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising collecting levying paying receiving and allowing of any Duties Taxes or Drawbacks, as and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for levying of the Excise or new Tax upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*, or as and by an Act made by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs, and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes* is inrolled: or as and by the several and respective Acts, so farce in Ireland, relating respectively to the several and respective Duties and Taxes in the Schedule to this Act mentioned and expressed; or as and by any other Act or Acts which may be in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Excise and Customs, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Rules and Directions, Provisions and Performances were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Revocability of Appeal as and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as is and by the said Acts or any of them it or shall be provided.

The Act applied
to the Collection
of Duties and
Arrears under
former Acts.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Clerks, Registrars, and Prothonotaries on this Act contained, shall and may be applied in the levying and receiving of all Duties and Taxes, and Arrears of Duties and Taxes, imposed by any former Act or Acts in force in Ireland on or before the said Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Duties and Taxes, and Arrears of Duties and Taxes, had become due and payable under this Act.

" Act may be altered this Session. § 14 "

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

A SCHEDULE of Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes, for, upon, and in respect of the Articles therein mentioned.

	Duties.	
<p>The Value of the Duty of the Duty of the Duty of</p>	<p><i>Ans.</i> For and upon every Twenty Shillings of the Purchase Money arising or payable by virtue of any Sale of any Estate in Ireland; Of any Interest in Possession or Reversion, in any Freehold or Leasehold Lands, Tenements, Houses, or Hereditaments, and of any Annuities or Sums of Money charged thereon, and of any Utensils of Husbandry, Farming Stock, Ships and Vessels, and of any Plate or Jewels; Except in Cases where the same are exempted by Law. Of Furniture, Porters, Purses, Books, Herbs and Curings, and all other Goods and Chattels whatsoever, not exempted by Law. And so in Proportion for any greater or less Sums of such Purchase Money to be paid by the Auctioneer, Agent, Factor, or Seller by Commission.</p>	<p>Duty. 4 s. 6 0 0 6 0 0 10</p>
<p><i>Exemptions</i></p>		
<p>On the Sale of the following Articles by Auction no Duty shall be payable, <i>viz.</i> Any Estates, Goods, or Effects sold by Auction, by any Order or Licence of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, in Ireland before any Master of Chancery, or the Receiver, Treasurer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy; and any Goods or Effects sold by Auction by virtue of any Judgment or Order of the Commissioners, or of any Sub-Commissioners, or of any Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or Customs and Port Duties; or by Order of the Board of Ordnance.</p>		

SCHEDULE [A.]

Duty.

Auctioneers.

Any Goods sold by Auction under Duties for the Non-payment of Rent or Tythes.

Any Gravel, Hoefes, or Materials of Hoefes, or any Reeds sold by Auction, by order or under the Direction of the Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets, Ways, and Passages in Dublin.

Any Woods or Coppices, and any Produce of any Mines or Quarries, and any Materials used in the working of such Mines or Quarries respectively, so as the Sale by Auction of such Woods, Coppices, or Produce of Mines or Quarries, be made whilst they continue in the Lands producing the same, and for the Account of the Proprietor or of an Adventurer in such Mines or Quarries.

Any Contracts relating to the raising or working of Woods, Coppices, Mines, or Quarries.

Any Goods woven or fabricated in the Lanes in Ireland, which shall be sold either in the Piece, or Quantity in which the same were taken from the Lanes, and in Lots, each Lot whereof shall be of the Piece of 10 Stripes, or upwards, and sold for, or on Account of the Manufacturer thereof, by any Person duly licensed to exercise the Trade or Business of an Auctioneer.

Any Linnen, Goods, or Effects, sold at Auction under the Authority of any Sheriff or other publick Officer, for the Benefit of any Creditor or Creditors, in Execution of any Judgement, or any Sale or Effects of any Bankrupt, sold by order of the Assignees or Assignments, under any Commission of Bankruptcy.

Any Goods which may be imported free of Duty; Or any Goods, Wares, Merchandises, or Effects, imported into Ireland, in any British or Irish Ship or Vessel from any British Colony or Settlement in America, or from any Part of the United States of America, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of such British Colony or Settlement, or of the said United States; on the first Sale of such Goods respectively, by or for the Account of the original Importer, to whom the same were assigned, and by whom they were entered at the Custom House at the Port of Importation; in as such Sale be made within Six Calendar Months after such Goods shall be so imported.

Any Ships or Vessels, and their Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, and the Cargoes thereof, which may be taken and condemned as Prizes, and any Ships or Goods that may be wrecked or stranded on the Coast of Ireland.

Any Goods damaged on board any Ship or Vessel, and sold by Auction for the Benefit of the Insurers or Proprietors thereof; or which may be sold free of Duty, to defray the Charges of Salvage; or any Goods damaged by Fire, and sold by order of and for the Benefit of the Insurers of such Goods.

Cards and Dice.

For and upon every Pack of Printed, Painted, or Playing Cards, made, manufactured, or vended in Ireland 0 7 0

For and upon every Pair of Dice made, manufactured, or vended in Ireland 0 15 0

Coaches and Carriages.

For and upon all the Carriages herein-after mentioned, which any Person shall have or keep in his or her Possession at any Time, after the Fifth Day of January, in any Year, the several Rates and Duties following:

For and upon every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Club, or Chaise, with Four Wheels, not exempt by Law;

If such Person shall not at the same Time have more than one such Carriage in his or her Possession, the yearly Sum of 6 6 0

If such Person shall have at the same Time more than one such Carriage in his or her Possession, upon every such Carriage the yearly Sum of 8 8 0

For and upon every Curicle or other Carriage with less than Four Wheels, drawn by two Horses abreast, not exempt by Law;

If such Person shall not have at the same Time more than one such Carriage in his or her Possession, the yearly Sum of 4 4 0

If such Person shall have at the same Time in his or her Possession more than one such Carriage; or shall at the same Time have in his or her Possession any Coach or other Carriage with Four Wheels, upon each and every such Curicle or other Carriage with less than Four Wheels, drawn by Two Horses abreast, the yearly Sum of 6 6 0

For and upon every Chaise with less than Four Wheels, not otherwise charged, nor exempt by Law, the yearly Sum of 2 3 0

For and upon every Car made use of, and fitted up for carrying Persons, commonly known by the name of a Jaunting Car or Pleasure Car; and for and upon every Carriage or Vehicle made use of as a Jaunting Car or Pleasure Car, by whatever Name such Carriage or Vehicle may be called, the yearly Sum of 1 1 0

SCHEDULE (A.)		Duty.
<i>Couches and Carriages continued.</i>		
And, in all Cases, for every additional Body fixedly added on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further yearly Sum of		£ 2 2 0
Couches, Chaises, and other Carriages, kept by the Makers for Sale, or chargeable by Law with any yearly Rate or Duty applicable to local Purposes only, shall in all Cases be exempted from any of the foregoing Duties		
By every Coachmaker or Maker of any Carriage or Carriages chargeable with Duty in Ireland under this Act;		
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall make, build, or contract for Sale, the Sum of		£ 1 0 0
And for every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, so chargeable with Duty under this Act, which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall make, build, or contract for Sale, the Sum of		£ 0 10 0
By every Person who shall sell any Carriage chargeable with Duty, by this Act;		
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, which such Person shall sell by Auction, or on Commission in Ireland, the Sum of		£ 1 0 0
And for every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, so chargeable with Duty under this Act, which such Person shall sell by Auction, or on Commission, the Sum of		£ 0 10 0
Dogs.		
For every Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, kept by any Person for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of		£ 0 20 0
For every Dog, of whatever Description or Denomination the same may be, where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, either for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of		£ 0 10 0
For any Dog, not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, kept by any Person subject to the Payment of Hearth Money in respect of Four or more Hearths, or subject to any Duty in respect of Windows, having one such Dog, and no more, whether the same be kept for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of		£ 0 6 0
For any Dog, not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, kept by any Person subject to the Payment of Hearth Money in respect of less than Four Hearths, or having one such Dog, and no more, whether the same be kept for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of		£ 0 3 0
The said Duties to be paid by the Persons respectively keeping such Dogs.		
Exemptions.		
Any Person who shall not be subject to any Duty on his or her Dwelling House, in respect of Windows or Fire Hearths, having one Dog, and no more, the same not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Lurcher, or Terrier		
Any Person in respect of a Dog or Whelp which shall not actually be of the Age of Six Calendar Months.		
Any Person in respect of the Number of Dogs by him or her kept, who shall, before the Twenty-fourth Day of June in any Year, pay to the Collector or Collectress of the said Duty the full Sum of 20 Irish Current, by way of Composition, and for which a Receipt shall be given within the Period before-mentioned.		
Fire Hearths.		
For and out of every Dwelling House, in the Whole of which, with every Outhouse and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be two or more Fire Hearths, or other Places used for Firing or Stoves, at any Time after the Fifth Day of January in each and every Year, the several and respective Yearly Rates following; that is to say,		
In respect of Two Fire Hearths		£ 0 4 6
Three		£ 0 7 0
Four		£ 0 10 0
Five		£ 0 17 6
Six		£ 1 4 0
Seven		£ 1 15 0
Eight		£ 2 8 0
Out of every such House, in the Whole of which, with every Outhouse and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be in the Whole,		
More than Eight, and not more than Fifteen, Fire Hearths, or other Places used for Firing or Stoves, for every Hearth, Firing Place, or Stove, the Sum of		£ 0 8 0
More than Fifteen, and not more than Twenty, such Fire Hearths or Places used for Firing or Stoves for each and every Hearth		£ 0 10 0
More than Twenty, and not more than Thirty		£ 0 15 0
More than Thirty		£ 2 0 0

SCHEDULE (A)	Duty.
(Fire Hearths) Exemptions and Abatement,	L. s. d.
His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, or any House within the Circuit thereof, or any House or Tenement provided for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governour of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governour of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office:—And the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth, near Dublin:—shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.	
Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Six Hearths or upwards, in which no Shop shall be kept for the Sale of any Goods, or in which no Spices or other Liquors shall be sold, and which shall be wholly let for Lodgings and occupied by Lodgers, each Lodging fit to be occupied by one Person or Family, and such Lodging not consisting of more than One Room, shall not be charged with any higher Rate than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Firing Place therein.	
Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Eight Hearths or upwards, the greater Part of the Rooms in which shall be let to, or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger not subject to a Rent exceeding Five Pounds Yearly for such Lodging, though the same shall be partly inhabited by the Owner, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Firing Place.	
Any Hospital, Charity School, or House provided for the Reception and Relief of Poor Persons, or any Gaol, Prison, or Soldiers House, or any Hall, Office, or other Publick Building whatsoever, in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Hearths therein, otherwise than in Manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms and Apartments in any such publick Buildings being occupied by any Officer of or belonging to, or employed in, the same, or by any Servant of such Officer, shall be deemed inhabited Hearths, and shall be liable to the Tax on Hearths accordingly, and the Persons respectively by whom, or by whose Servants, such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Tax as Occupiers of inhabited Houses see by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.	
The Fire Hearths in any Hot House, Green House, or Fruit House, shall be charged separately according to the total Number of Hearths in such Hot House, Green House, or Fruit House respectively, and shall not be reckoned in addition to the Fire Hearths in the Dwelling House to which such Hot House, Green House, or Fruit House shall be adjoining or appertaining.	
Glass Bottles.	
For and upon every Glass Bottle which shall be made or manufactured in Ireland of Common Bottle Metal (the same not being Plate), for every Quart such Bottle shall be computed to contain; and so in Proportion for any greater Quantity; and for every Pint or repeated Pint Bottle respectively, to be paid by the Makers thereof	0 0 01
Hops.	
For all Hops, Mares, Geldings, or Males, kept by any Person or Persons for the Purpose of Riding, or for the Purpose of Drawing any Carriage whatever, chargeable with Duty under this Act, the several Duties following; that is to say,	Duty for each Horse.
For One such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male	0 15 0
Two or Three, each	0 17 6
Four or Five, each	1 5 0
Six or Seven, each	1 18 0
Eight or Nine, each	2 0 0
Ten or more, each	3 1 0
For every such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, kept or used by any Male Person, never having been entered, an additional Duty in all Cases equal to One Half of the Amount of the above Duties respectively.	
The said Duties to be payable, within each and every Year, for every Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, kept at any Time after the Fifth Day of January in any Year, by the Person or Persons having or keeping the same, except as aforementioned.	
Exemptions.	
Any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male under Three Years old.	
Any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, which shall be used truly, and without Fraud, for the Purpose of Husbandry, on Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse or other Beast; or for the Purpose of drawing any Wagon, Cart, or Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to Duty under this Act), or carrying Barthen in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the	

SCHEDULE (A.)	Duty.
<p>Horses (Exemptions) as to and. Perfes or Perfous to whom such Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, shall belong; although such Horses, Mares or Geldings, or Males, shall be used for Riding on the Occasions and in Manner herein-after mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Lord or Barons shall have by such Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, been drawn or carried, or in going to any Place from whence any Lord or Barons shall be to be brought back by any such Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males; or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance; or for the Purpose of going to or from Market, or to or from any Place of Publick Worship; or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament; or to or from any Court of Justice; Provided such Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose save as aforesaid.</p>	L. s. 4.
<p>One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Males, used only for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, not chargeable with any Duty under this Act, by any Person occupying a Farm, and making a Livelihood solely thereby; or by any Person carrying on a Trade, and making a Livelihood solely thereby; or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly; or by any ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of One hundred Pounds or upwards, whether arising from any ecclesiastical Preference or otherwise.</p>	
<p>One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, used by any Non-commissioned Officer or Private of any of the Regiments of Cavalry, or in the Artillery.</p>	
<p>One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, used by any Person entitled, or to be entitled, and serving in any Troop of Yeoman Cavalry in Ireland, who shall have attended on His Majesty's Own Hall at least of the Number of Days appointed for him to attend, or be on Duty in the Year, and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or permanent Scribe of his having done so, and of Pay having been drawn for him for the said Number of Days.</p>	
Race Horses.	
<p>For every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, bred, fed kept for the Purpose of Racing or Raising for any Plate, Prize, or Sum of Money, or other Thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stables of the Proprietor or Proprietress, or of any other Person or Persons, the Sum of</p>	3 3 *
<p>The said Duty to be charged equally on the Person or Persons having the Custody, Charge, or Management of such Horses, Mares, or Geldings.</p>	
Horses.	
<p>For, upon, and out of every Treatment, or Dwelling House, not chargeable with any Duty in respect of Fire Hearths, and which shall be worth the yearly Rent of Four Pounds or upwards, or the Person occupying whereof shall pay for such Treatment, or Dwelling House, or for the same and any Outbuilds, Gardens, or Appurtenances, or for the same and any Land occupied by such Person, a yearly Rent of Four Pounds or upwards (Money paid for Corn Acres, Pasture-Land by the Crop in the Nature of Corn Acres, and for grazing, not to be deemed or considered Rent);</p>	
<p>If such yearly Rent or Value shall in the Whole amount to Four Pounds and shall be less than Seven Pounds</p>	0 1 6
<p>— Seven Pounds — — — Ten Pounds</p>	0 2 0
<p>For, upon, and out of every Treatment, or Dwelling House, not chargeable with any Duty in respect of Windows, and which shall be worth the yearly Rent of Ten Pounds or upwards, or the Person occupying whereof shall pay for such Treatment or Dwelling House, or for the same and any Outbuilds, Gardens, or Appurtenances, or for the same and any Land occupied by such Person, a yearly Rent of Ten Pounds or upwards (Money paid for Corn Acres, Pasture-Land by the Crop in the Nature of Corn Acres, and for grazing, not to be deemed or considered Rent);</p>	
<p>If such yearly Rent or Value shall, in the Whole, amount to Ten Pounds, and shall not exceed Forty Pounds, then,</p>	
<p>For every Twenty Stallings of fresh Rent or Value, the Sum of</p>	0 0 3
<p>And of such yearly Rent, or Value shall, in the Whole, amount to Forty Pounds or upwards, then,</p>	
<p>For every Twenty Stallings, of such Rent or Value, the Sum of</p>	0 0 4
Leather.	
<p>For and upon all Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins herein-after mentioned, which shall be tanned in Ireland, the respective Rates and Duties following; that is to say, For and upon every Hide and Skin, or Piece of any such Hide or Skin, of any Kind or Description whatever, other than such as are herein-after mentioned and defined, for every Pound Aweigh upon thereof, and after such Rate for any greater or less Quantity</p>	0 0 2

SCHEDULE (A.)

Duty.

	£.	s.	d.
Leathers and Skins.			
For and upon all Hides of Harts, Mares, or Calves, for every Hide	0	1	0
For and upon all Skins, called Veal Skins, and all Skins of Hogs, for every Dozen Skins, thereof, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Number	0	5	0
For and upon all Skins for Shoes, and other like Purposes, and all Seal Skins, for every Dozen thereof, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Number	0	1	6
For and upon all other Skins for Bookbinders's Use, for every Dozen thereof, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Number	0	1	0
For and upon all Goat Skins tanned with Suet, or otherwise; to resemble Spanish Leather, and all Sheep Skins tanned for Rugs, being after the Nature of Spanish Leather, for every Pound Avoirdupois thereof	0	0	1
For and upon all Sheep Skins and Lamb Skins tanned for Gloves and Buffs, for every Pound Avoirdupois thereof, and proportionably for any greater or less Quantity	0	0	0 ¹
For and upon all Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins hereafter mentioned, which shall be defiled in Oil or Indigo, the several and respective Rates and Duties hereinafter expressed, for every Pound Avoirdupois thereof; that is to say,			
On every such Hide and Skin, and Piece of such Hide and Skin, of any Nature or Description whatsoever, other than such as are hereinafter mentioned and described	0	0	-
On all Deer Skins, Goat Skins, and Beaver Skins	0	0	1
On all Calf Skins	0	0	1
On all Sheep and Lamb Skins	0	0	0 ¹
And proportionably for any greater or less Quantity of all such Hides and Skins.			
Licences.			
For and in respect of any Licence to any Person in Ireland for any of the Purposes hereinafter mentioned the several respective Sums and Duties hereinafter mentioned and set forth; together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of all such Duties, in lieu of all Fees whatsoever to the Persons authorized to grant such Licences; that is to say,			
To manufacture Tobacco in any Manner	8	0	0
And further, for and upon every Tobacco Table, exceeding one Table, which any Person manufacturing Tobacco shall be licensed to keep	4	0	0
To deal in re-manufactured Tobacco, except as a wholesale Importer only	10	0	0
To sell by Retail, or otherwise deal in Coffee, except Importers thereof or Persons licensed to sell Tea or Groceries	1	0	0
To manufacture Candles and Soap, or either of them, for Sale; viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same; and in any City or Town in Ireland having a Member or Members to serve in Parliament; or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or Market House, or Market Place, or in any other Part of Ireland	4	0	0
To sell Paper Hangings, not being the Manufacture thereof, viz.	3	0	0
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same; and in any City or Town in Ireland having a Member or Members to serve in Parliament; or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or Market House, or Market Place thereof	2	0	0
In any other Part of Ireland	1	0	0
To keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits and Strong Waters; for every Gallon which such Still or Stills in or are capable of containing	0	10	0
To keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, for each Mill	2	0	0
To brew, or make for Sale any Liquor called Sweets, or Made Wines	1	0	0
To make Malt for Sale	2	0	0
To make Vinegar for Sale	5	0	-
To sell Tea and Groceries, or either of them, including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins and Figs, by Retail, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same; and in any City or Town, and Place returning a Member or Members to serve in Parliament; or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or principal Market House, or Market Place, of any such City, Town, or Place	5	0	-
In any other Part of Ireland	3	0	-
To sell or make any Gold or Silver Plate, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same; and in any City or Town in Ireland having a Member or Members to serve in Parliament; or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or Market House, or Market Place, thereof	5	0	0
In any other Part of Ireland	5	0	0

SCHEDULE (A)		Duty
<i>Licenses renewed.</i>		
To keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or to tan Leather		1 0 0
To distil Hides and Skins in Oil		1 0 0
To make Vellum or Parchment		1 0 0
To sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, or Perry, Mead, or Honey, in the Places following, <i>viz.</i> In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey) or within the Town of Belfast		30 0 0
Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within one Mile thereof, respectively; or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom; or within one Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the public Lamps therein		15 0 0
In any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Two Miles therefrom; and within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Balinacree, Bandon, Carlow, Cahill, Callislar, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Longhena, Malton, Mallow, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Waterford, and Yeoughall, and within one Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively		20 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described		11 0 0
To sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Mead, or Honey, at any Entertainment of Twenty or more Persons for One Month		1 0 0
And for every separate Month		1 0 0
To sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities not less than Two Gallons, and not exceeding Fifty Gallons, in the several Places following, <i>viz.</i> In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City and within the District of the said Metropolis, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities, respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey), or within the Town of Belfast		25 0 0
Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within one Mile thereof, respectively; or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom; or within one Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the public Lamps therein		20 0 0
In any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom; and within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Balinacree, Bandon, Carlow, Cahill, Callislar, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Longhena, Malton, Mallow, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Waterford, and Yeoughall, and within one Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively		15 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described		10 0 0
To sell Home-made Spirits or Compound or otherwise, in any Place in Ireland, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons; the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller		20 0 0
To sell Spirits, not being Home-made Spirits, on Commission or otherwise, in any Place in Ireland, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, the Person so selling not being an Importer of such Spirits		20 0 0
To exercise the Trade or Business of a Brewer or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin, or other Metal, for making of Stills, Still Heads, and Waxes of Stills, <i>viz.</i> In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland having a Member or Members to give in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the St. James's House, or Market House or Market Place thereof		6 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland		1 0 0
To keep a Malt House and make Malt for Sale, or to be sold in any Brewery or Distillery, for each and every Cistern or Kibb, which ever shall be the greatest in Number, in each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on, in the Places following, <i>viz.</i>		

SCHEDULE (A.)

Duty.

<p><i>Linen</i> (to be sold in Mills, &c. as usual)</p> <p>In the County of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin; and in any Place beyond the said Circular Road, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom; or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places furrowed by the said Cities, respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast</p> <p>Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within one Mile thereof respectively, or in any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom; or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the publick Lamps there; or within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny; or the Towns of Athlone, Bellefleur, Bundoo, Carlow, Cahill, Callahan, Cherrill, Colmahin, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Ennistown, Galway, Kesh, Lishane, Longford, Louisa, Malton, Navvy, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tinsle, Wexford, and Youghall, and within one Mile of the Market Place or Market Place thereof respectively</p> <p>In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described</p> <p>To be made (the Party filling the Lane not being heretofore to make Milk)</p> <p>To brew Strong Beer Porter or Ale, or Small Beer, for each vat every Brewhouse in the Places following, viz</p> <p>In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the said City or within the District of the Metropolis, or beyond the said Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom; or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places furrowed by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast</p> <p>Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within one Mile thereof respectively, or within one Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the publick Lamps there; or in any Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom</p> <p>Within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Bellefleur, Bundoo, Carlow, Cahill, Callahan, Cherrill, Colmahin, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Ennistown, Galway, Kesh, Lishane, Longford, Louisa, Malton, Navvy, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tinsle, Wexford, and Youghall, and within one Mile of the Market Place or Market Place therein respectively</p> <p>In any other Place in Ireland</p> <p>To keep a Tavern, Hotel, Club-House, or Coffee-House</p> <p>To sell by Auction</p> <p>Within the District of the Metropolis, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (including all Places furrowed by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey,) and within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities and in the Town of Belfast</p> <p>In any other Part of Ireland</p> <p>To make Glass Bottles, and other Vessels, or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal</p> <p>To convey the Trade or Carriage of a Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person, going from Place to Place in Ireland, and travelling either on Foot, or with Horses or other Beasts of Burthen, or otherwise carrying to sell, or exposing to sell, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise; also Licences to travelling tinkers, and Carriers of Iron and Metal, and to Persons hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale</p> <p>And likewise for every Hurd or other Beest bearing or drawing Barthen, which such Person shall so travel with, or carts to be used for the Purpose of carrying or drawing the, or other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise</p> <p>To carry on the Trade of Coachmakers, or Makers of any Carriages chargeable with Duty</p> <p>To carry on the Trade of selling Carriages chargeable with Duty, by way of Auction or on Commissions</p> <p>To let or Hire any Horse for the Purpose of travelling Post, by the Mile or from Stage to Stage</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Methylo or Mead.</p> <p>For and upon every Gallon of Methylo or Mead made in Ireland for Sale, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker thereof</p>	<p>2 1 6</p> <p>30 0 0</p> <p>20 0 0</p> <p>15 0 0</p> <p>20 0 0</p> <p>50 0 0</p> <p>30 0 0</p> <p>15 0 0</p> <p>20 0 0</p> <p>1 0 0</p> <p>20 0 0</p> <p>5 0 0</p> <p>1 0 0</p> <p>2 0 0</p> <p>0 5 0</p> <p>0 5 0</p> <p>2 0 0</p> <p>0 0 4</p>
--	--

SCHEDULE (A.)	Duty.
Paper Manufacture.	
For and upon the several Sorts of Paper herein after mentioned, which shall be made in Ireland, the several and respective Duties following, to be paid by the Makers of such Paper respectively For every Pound Weight Assize of all Paper made in Ireland, other than House Paper made of old Ropes or Cardage only, without Ignature or extracting the Pitch or Tar, or any Part thereof, and without Mixture of other Materials therewith, and not being glazed Paper for Clothes, and Hat-rollers or Strengthening Paper, or Batton Paper, or Batton Board	2 s. 4
For every Pound Weight Assize of Brown Paper made of old Ropes or Cardage as aforesaid only, and of all Batton Paper or Batton Board	0 0 3
For every Hundred Weight of Pallé Brand, Mill Board, and Scale Board, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Sheeting or Sheathing Paper And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.	0 0 1
For every Hundred Weight of Glazed Paper for Clothes and Hat-rollers And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.	1 0 0
Paper-Hangings.	
For and upon every Square Yard of Paper Hangings, which shall be printed, painted, or stained in Ireland; over and above the Duties payable for the Paper before the printing, painting, or staining thereof, And so in Proportion for any greater Quantity, to be paid by the Printer, Painter, or Stainer thereof.	0 0
Plate Wrought.	
For and upon every Ounce Troy Weight of Gold or Silver Plate, wrought, made, or manufactured in Ireland And so in Proportion for any greater or less Weight.	0 1 0
Male Servants.	
For every Male Servant who shall be retained, or be employed by any Person in Ireland at any Time after the Fifth Day of January in each and every Year, the Sum, Dues, and Taxes following; that is to say,	Duty to each Male Servant.
For One Male Servant	4 7 0
For Two Male Servants, each	1 11 5
For Three or Four Male Servants, each	2 0 0
For Five, Six, or Seven Male Servants, each	2 12 5
For Eight Male Servants, each	3 3 0
For Nine Male Servants, each	3 13 5
For Ten Male Servants, and upwards, each	4 4 0
By any Male Person never having been married, for each Male Servant retained or employed by him, over and above the before mentioned Duties, the further Sum of	1 1 0
To be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ each Male Servant or Servants, and to be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, Master of School, Head Steward, Miller of the Mills, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chamber, Butler, Usher Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, Head Porter, Footman, Kitchens Footman, Coachman, Groom, Porter, Gardener, Park-keeper, Game-keeper, Huntsman, or Whipper-in, or by whatever Name or Name Male Servants, really acting in any of the said Capacities, shall be called or known, or whether such Male Servants shall have been or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business, jointly with One or more of the same.	
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade, or exercising any Profession whatever, as a Clerk or Book-keeper, or Office-keeper, except Apprentices, where no Freeman or a Freeman left in Value than the Sum of Twenty (which has been paid or contracted for with such Apprentice, the Duties following, &c.	
Where one such Clerk, Book-keeper, or Office-keeper, and no more shall be employed, the Sum of	1 1 0
And where more than one such Clerk, Book-keeper or Office-keeper, shall be so employed, for each the Sum of	1 2 0
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid) for the Purpose of selling any Sale, or selling Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the Sum of	1 1 0

SCHEDULE (A.)		Duty.
Male Servants continued.	Exemptions.	<i>l. s. d.</i>
Any Servant (other than such as are herein specified, and in respect of whom the Master is subject to Duty) who shall be really retained or employed for the Purpose of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling, by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who shall not at any Time be employed in any Capacity in respect of which a Tax is payable for any Servant.		
Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or any Butler, Cook, Groom, or Porter of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near K. mil-ham, or of the Blue Coat Hospital or Lying-in Hospital in Dublin, or any Hospital or Charitable Institution.		
One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons under the Rank or rate receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, provided such Officer retains no more than One Servant; and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry, or Marines, or Corps of Engineers, such Servant being usually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which such Officer shall belong; and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander, in actual Employment, such Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong.		
One Servant of any Officer on Half Pay from His Majesty's Navy, Army, or Marines, provided such Officers shall retain no more than One such Servant only.		
Sweets or Made Wines.		
For and upon every Barrel, containing Thirty-two Gallons, of all Liquor called Sweets or Made Wines for Sale, made in Ireland, by Infusion, Fermentation, or otherwise, from Fresh or Sugar, or from Fresh and Sugar mixed, with any other Ingredients or Materials, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the respective Makers thereof		5 5 0
Tobacco.		
For and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco which shall be manufactured in Ireland in any Manufactory to be charged on the Person manufacturing the same, or taking any Part thereof, out of the original Package, for the whole Quantity contained in each Package (as expressed in the Permit, by virtue of which the Package was conveyed to the Manufacturer), at the Time when the same shall be opened		0 0 12
Woolen and Parchment.		
For and upon all Woolen and Parchment which shall at any Time or Times be made in Ireland, the respective Rates and Duties hereinafter mentioned (this is to say)		
For and upon every Dozen Skins of Woolen		0 0 6
For and upon every Dozen Skins of Parchment		0 0 5
And, respectively for any greater or less Quantity of each Woolen and Parchment, to be paid by the Maker thereof respectively.		
Wine.		
For and upon every Barrel containing Thirty-two Gallons of Wine, Wine Beer, or Liquor prepared for Wine brewed or made in Ireland for Sale, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker thereof respectively		0 5 0

SCHEDULE (A.)

Windows.

For and out of every Tenement or Dwelling House having more than Six Windows or Lights the Rates following, viz.

Number of Windows above Six, according to which the Dwelling House shall be charged Yearly; and the yearly Rates on such Dwelling House.

Number of Windows.	Yearly Rate.			Number of Windows.	Yearly Rate.			Number of Windows.	Yearly Rate.		
	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
7	0	10	0	51	15	11	3	91	24	13	9
8	0	15	0	52	15	15	9	95	24	16	3
9	0	17	0	53	15	16	3	97	24	18	9
10	1	1	3	54	15	18	9	98	25	1	3
11	1	5	0	55	14	13	9	99	25	3	9
12	1	10	0	56	14	16	3	100	26	10	0
13	1	15	0	57	14	18	9	101	26	12	6
14	1	5	7	58	15	1	3	102	26	15	0
15	1	11	0	59	15	3	9	103	26	17	6
16	1	16	0	60	15	18	9	104	27	0	0
17	1	20	0	61	16	1	3	105	27	3	9
18	1	18	6	62	16	5	9	106	27	5	0
19	1	6	3	63	16	0	3	107	27	7	6
20	1	10	3	64	16	8	9	108	27	10	0
21	1	5	3	65	17	3	9	109	27	12	6
22	1	10	3	66	17	0	3	110	28	18	9
23	1	6	3	67	17	8	9	111	29	1	3
24	1	10	3	68	17	11	3	112	29	3	9
25	1	8	9	69	17	15	9	113	29	6	3
26	1	11	3	70	18	8	9	114	29	8	9
27	1	15	9	71	18	11	3	115	29	11	3
28	1	10	3	72	18	15	9	116	29	13	9
29	1	15	9	73	18	16	3	117	29	16	3
30	1	11	3	74	18	18	9	118	29	18	9
31	1	15	9	75	19	13	9	119	30	1	3
32	1	10	3	76	19	16	3	120	31	2	6
33	1	15	9	77	19	18	9	121	31	10	0
34	1	8	3	78	20	1	3	122	31	12	6
35	1	13	9	79	20	3	9	123	31	15	0
36	1	18	9	80	20	18	9	124	31	17	6
37	1	10	3	81	21	1	3	125	32	8	0
38	1	15	9	82	21	3	9	126	32	3	6
39	1	10	3	83	21	6	3	127	32	5	0
40	1	15	9	84	21	8	9	128	32	7	6
41	1	11	3	85	22	3	9	129	32	10	0
42	1	15	9	86	22	6	3	130	32	15	3
43	1	10	3	87	22	8	9	131	32	18	9
44	1	15	9	88	22	11	3	132	33	1	3
45	1	12	3	89	22	13	9	133	33	3	9
46	1	18	9	90	23	8	9	134	34	0	3
47	1	12	3	91	23	11	3	135	34	8	9
48	1	18	9	92	23	13	9	136	34	11	3
49	1	13	9	93	23	16	3	137	34	13	9
50	1	18	9	94	23	18	9				

And for every Dwelling House, having more than 180 Windows or Lights, for every Window or Light exceeding the Number of 180

0 1 6

Exemptions and Abatements.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin; shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Windows (Exemptions) *reinstated*

Any Warehouse or Workhouse, being a dilapid and separate Building, and not a Part or Parcel of the Dwelling House nor Shop, nor occupied in Part or in the Whole as a Dwelling House, but occupied solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin to, or have internal Communication with the Dwelling House, shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

If in any House containing Eight Windows or more, any Room or Rooms shall be occupied by any Ledger or Lodgers not paying, respectively, a Rent exceeding One Pound yearly for such Lodging, so much of the Tax on such House, in respect of all the Windows or Lights therein as shall in respect of the Windows or Lights in the Part of such House so occupied exceed One Shilling for each Window or Light, shall be deducted from the whole Charge of such House.

Any Hospital, Charity School or House, provided for the Reception and Relief of Poor Persons, or any Gaol, Prison, or Soldiers House, or any Hall, Office, or Public Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Windows therein, otherwise than in Measure hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms or Apartments in any such Public Building, being occupied by any Officer of, or belonging to, or employed in the same, or by any Servant of such Officer; and all such Rooms and Apartments not containing more than Six Windows or Lights, shall be charged with the Tax in respect of Windows at the Rate of One Shilling for each Window or Light therein; and if such Rooms or Apartments shall contain more than Six Windows or Lights, than they shall be charged with the full Tax as if they were an entire House; and the Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servant such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with, or liable to pay the said Taxes, as Occupiers of inhabited Houses are by Law chargeable with, and liable to pay the same.

Any Dwelling House or other Building, in respect of any Window which shall be occupied with, or used for a Loom, which shall be fastened at each Window, and really used in Weaving.

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied as a Boarding School, for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or the Justices at Sessions, shall not be charged with any higher Rate or Tax than One Shilling for each Window or Light therein.

Duty
£ s. d.

SCHEDULE (B.)

COUNTERVAILING DUTIES, payable on the Importation into Ireland from Great Britain, of certain Articles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, in lieu of all Countervailing Duties on the like Articles under former Acts.

	Countervailing Duties.
Cards and Dice.	
For and upon every Pack of Printed, Painted, or Playing Cards, made and manufactured in Great Britain	£ 0 2 0
And a further Duty, the Pound	0 0 5
For and upon every Pair of Dice made or manufactured in Great Britain	0 1 0
Paper.	
Five and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Paper made in Great Britain, other than Brown Paper made of old Ropes or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar, or any Part therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials (herewith), and not being glazed Paper for Clothings and Hat-presses, or Shathing Paper, or Button Paper, or Button Board; and also except Paper Hangings	0 0 5
For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Brown Paper made in Great Britain of Old Ropes or Cordage only as aforesaid, and of all Button Paper and Button Board	0 0 1
For and upon every Hundred Weight of Yafesboard, Millboard, and Scieboard and Paper commonly called by the Name of Shathing or Shathing Paper	1 0 0
And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.	
For and upon every Hundred Weight of Glazed Paper for Clothings and Hat-presses	0 5 0
And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.	
Stained Paper.	
For and upon every Square Yard of Printed, Painted, or Stained Paper Hangings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity	0 0 12

£ 2

SCHEDULE (B.)		Load or Tonnage Duties.
Books.		
For and upon every Tread Weight Assize of Books, bound or unbound, and of Maps or Prints Wrought Plate.		0 0 3
Sweets, or Made Wines.		
For and upon every Ounce Troy of Gold or Silver Plate, wrought, made, or manufactured in Great Britain		0 1 0
Tobacco and Seal.		
For and upon every Pound Weight Assize of,		
British manufactured Sheet-cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly known or called by the Name of Spanish		0 1 9
British manufactured Stog Tobacco, cut		0 1 8
British manufactured Roll Tobacco		0 1 7
British manufactured Conno Tobacco		0 1 5
Of every other Sort of British manufactured Tobacco not heretofore enumerated or described		0 1 5
British manufactured Rappee Seal		0 1 5
British manufactured Seal, called Scotch Seal		0 1 9
British manufactured Seal, called Brown Scotch Seal		0 1 10
British manufactured Seal Flour		0 1 8
For and upon every Pound Weight Assize of every other Sort or Kind of British manufactured Seal, or Seal Work, not heretofore enumerated or described		0 1 9

C A P. XIX.

An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be Warehoused in Ireland, and the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight. [17th March 1807.]

WHEREAS the several Acts in force in Ireland for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be Warehoused in Ireland, are almost expired; and it is expedient that the Provisions in the last Acts contained should be continued and amended; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, and during the Continuance of this Act, the several Drawbacks and Bounties in the Schedule to this Act enacted shall be paid and allowed on the Exportation from Ireland (except to Great Britain) of any Sugar of the British Plantations in the same State in which it was imported, or of any Refined Sugar called *Suiferte*, or any ground or powdered Sugar broken in Pieces, or any other refined Sugar in the Load complete and whole, or Loose duly refined, or Sugar called *Clay*, in lieu of former Drawbacks or Bounties on such Sugar when so exported.

II. And, in order to ascertain in Ireland the Average Prices of Sugar according to which the Drawbacks and Bounties payable under this Act on Sugars exported from Ireland (except to Great Britain) are to be allowed, be it enacted, That the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland shall from Time to Time send the Arrived in Duties of any London Gazette, containing Notices of the Average Prices of Brown or Malacca's Sugar in the same shall have been ascertained by Law in Great Britain in any Period whatsoever, together with such fair Average Prices to be inserted in the Duties Gazette, and all such Prices shall be referred to British Currency.

III. And be it further enacted, That if in the Publication of the Duties Gazette, containing Notice of the Average Price of Brown or Malacca's Sugar for the Quarter of a Year preceding the Fifth Day of May, or the Fifth Day of September, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, or the Fifth Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, or any or either of the said Days in any Subsequent Year during the Continuance of this Act, ascertained and taken in Manner prescribed by Law in Great Britain, and referred in the London Gazette, it shall appear that the Average Price of such Sugar so ascertained and taken for the preceding Quarter of the Year in England shall not have exceeded Seventy Sixpence Sterling British Currency, for an Hundred Weight, exclusive of the Tare paid or payable on the Importation thereof, then and in every fair Case the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule to this Act enacted, contained as aforesaid, or so much of the Price of which such Notice in the London and Duties Gazette as aforesaid shall have been given as aforesaid, shall be paid or allowed on Exportation, except to Great Britain) of the several Sorts of Sugar mentioned in the said Schedule, and Notice published in the London Gazette of the Average Price for the Quarter of a Year

proceeding

proceeding any other of such Shipping and Days, shall be imported in the *Duties Granted*; and such Drawback or Bounty shall be paid or allowed in like Manner in every respect, and subject in all things and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges, and Favourites, as any Drawbacks and Bounties are paid or allowed under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in Force or to be in Force in *Ireland* relating to Drawbacks and Bounties, except in so far as the same are altered by this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the Exportation from *Ireland* of any Sugar in the same State in which it was imported, or of any refined Sugar or Sugar called *Candy*, in any other than a *Brig* or *Irish Ship* or *Vessel*, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, there shall be paid and allowed One Shilling and Sixpence Sterling less Bounties for each and every Hundred Weight of Sugar in Load, unrefined whole, or Lumps duly refined, or sugar called *Candy*, so exported; One Shilling Sterling less Bounties for every Hundred Weight of refined Sugar called *Refined*, or refined Lump Sugar broken in Pieces, so exported; and One Shilling Sterling less Bounties for every Hundred Weight of Sugar so exported in the same State in which it was imported, or refined Sugar being pressed or powdered Sugar so exported; that if the same respectively had been exported in a *Brig* or *Irish Ship* or *Vessel* so owned, navigated, and registered; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall happen in performance of the Provisions contained or to be contained in any Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland*, that the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, shall suspend the Payment of any Part of the Duty on Brown or Malacca Sugar imported into *Ireland*, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer, or Comptroller in lieu of the said Treasurer, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, or in respect of every Shilling in the Hundred Weight of such Duty on Sugar so suspended, to decrease the several Drawbacks and Bounties set forth in the Schedule to the Act aforesaid, by a Sum equal to One Twentieth Part of such Drawbacks and Bounties respectively, and to suspend the Payment and Allowance of so much of the said Drawbacks and Bounties respectively as such Sum so calculated shall amount unto, and to continue such Suspension and to alter the Amount thereof, and to take off such Suspension and to raise the same, in like Manner and at the same Time as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury are or may be empowered to suspend the Payment of any Part of the said Duty, on Brown or Malacca Sugar; and every such Suspension, and also every Alteration and Termination of any such Suspension, shall be published in the *Duties Granted*, at such Days and Times as the Suspension of any Part of the said Duty on Brown or Malacca Sugar, or any Alteration or Termination of such Suspension is or may be by any such Act or Acts directed to be published; and such Suspension of Drawback and Bounty shall be subject and liable to such other Rules and Regulations as the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the said Treasury, shall from Time to Time direct and appoint.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* to take Care to His Majesty from the respective Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees of any Aged Plantation Sugar for the Payment of the Duties chargeable upon any such Sugar which shall be imported into *Ireland*, and all Sugar so bonded shall be kept in a bonded Warehouse at the sole Expence and Risk of the respective Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees thereof, under His Majesty's Locks, as such Warehouse or Warehouses as shall be fit for to be Purposes, and shall be approved of by the said Commissioners, and such Sugar shall not be delivered or taken from any such Warehouse before the full Duties and other legal Charges due and payable thereon shall have been paid and finished.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Bond for Payment of the Duties chargeable upon any such Sugar imported into any Port in *Ireland*, and warehoused, shall be made payable together with Interest at or after the Rate of Six Pence per Centum per Annum upon the Amount of such Duties within Six Months from the Date thereof, and if any Lutes due and payable in respect of any such Sugar warehoused under this Act or any Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, shall not be paid and satisfied within Six Months from the Issue of the Bond, which further Time shall be given by the said Commissioners pursuant to the Provisions of this Act and all Interest due thereon paid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, at the Expence of the said Six Months, to cause such Sugar to be publicly sold to the best Bidder, and out of the Proceeds of such sale to satisfy such Duties, together with the Interest due thereon, and all such legal Charges and Expences as shall hereunto or may be due relating to such Sugar, and the Goods (if any be) which shall be sold to the respective Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees thereof, or to such other Person or Persons as shall be authorized to receive the same.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized, upon Proof to their Satisfaction, that any Sugar which shall be warehoused under this Act, or which shall have been warehoused under any Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, or any Part thereof, remains unsold, to give Three Months further Time for the Payment of the Duties on such Sugar, (or upon any Part of such Sugar, in case the Person requiring such further Time shall be desirous of paying the Rates on Part of such Sugar), and in any such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to take a new Bond or Bonds, and to permit the Sugar in respect whereof any such Bond shall be given to remain in any Warehouse under the Provisions of this Act, for such further Period of Three Months, subject at the Expiration of any such further Period of Time Months the Duties on such Sugar, together with the Interest thereon at the Rate aforesaid, shall not have been paid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to sell such Sugar for the Payment of the Duties and Interest due thereon and Costs and Charges aforesaid, in like Manner as herein-before directed.

This Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 9.—Continence of Act, 25th March 1808. § 10.

§ 2. Expence of
the Commission-
ers in this Regu-
lation shall be paid
out of the public
Treasury.

When any Part
of a Duty on
Sugar shall be
suspended under
the Act, the
Drawback or
Bounty shall be
decreased in
accordance with
the rate so
per Cent.
of Duty suspended.

It shall not be
lawful for the
Commissioners of
the Customs and
Port Duties in
Ireland, to
suspend the
Payment of the
Duties on Sugar
imported into
Ireland.

Such a Bond is
payable in a
Month or less if
the Duties on
Sugar may be
paid in such
short Time and
Charge.

When Goods
of Customs, if
Sugar, are
which, in
order to be
sold, in Three
Months.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

TABLE of DRAWBACKS and BOUNTIES on certain Sugars to be allowed and paid in lieu of former Drawbacks and Bounties on the like Articles.

Price of Browns or Malcovado Sugar at which Drawbacks and Bounties are payable.	Drawback to be allowed on Sugars of the said Countries in which it was imported, and Bounties on refined Sugars being ground or powdered Sugars.	Bounty on refined Sugars called Buttons, or refined Leaf Sugars broken in Pieces.	Bounty on other refined Sugars in Lead casks and weights, or Lump duty on refined Sugars called Casts.
If the Average Price of Browns or Malcovado Sugar, published in the London Gazette, shall not exceed 40s. Sterling the Cwt.	Sterling, the Cwt.	Sterling, the Cwt.	Sterling, the Cwt.
If it shall exceed 40s. and not exceed 45s.	35s. 6d.	37s. 6d.	60s.
- " 45s. - 50s.	31 6	37 6	57
- " 50s. - 55s.	30	37 6	54
- " 55s. - 60s.	30	30	51
- " 60s. - 65s.	27	27	45s. 6d.
- " 65s. - 70s.	26	24	40s. 6d.
- " 70s. - 75s.	23	21	36
- " 75s. - 80s.	20	18	30
- " 80s. - 85s.	17	15	24s. 6d.
- " 85s. - 90s.	12	12	19s. 6d.
If it shall exceed 90s.	Nothing.	Nothing.	Nothing.

C A P. XX.

An Act to suspend, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively. [17th March 1807.]

WHEREAS by the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland it is amongst other Things provided that any Articles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country which are or may be subject to internal Duty, or to Duty on the Materials of which they are composed, may be made subject to their Importation into each Country respectively from the other, to such Countervailing Duty as shall appear to be just and reasonable in respect of such internal Duty or Duties on the Materials, and that upon the Export of the said Articles from each Country to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty payable on such Articles on the Import thereof into the same Country from the other: And whereas by the said Acts, and by other Acts of Parliament now in force, certain Countervailing Duties are chargeable on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain on the Importation thereof into Ireland, and on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland on the Importation thereof into Great Britain, and certain Drawbacks are in certain Cases payable on the Export of such Spirits from either Country to the other respectively: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether certain of the said Duties and Drawbacks are just and reasonable, and how far the same are therefore consistent with the Letter and Spirit of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland: For Remedy thereof, and to the Intent that such Countervailing Duties should be imposed, such Drawbacks allowed, and such Processes made as shall be judged proper for putting the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland, in respect of Home-made Spirits, upon a just, fair, and equitable Footing, according to the true Meaning and Spirit of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, and also that sufficient Time may be allowed for ascertaining just and reasonable Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks, and for making such necessary Provisions as aforesaid, it is enacted that the Payment of all Drawbacks upon the Export of such Spirits from each Country to the other respectively should be suspended for a limited Time: It is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Payment of all Drawbacks for or in respect of such Spirits on the Exportation thereof from any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to any Part of Great Britain respectively, shall be suspended until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven.

Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 2.

From Feb 20
1807 to the
Expire of
Drawback on
the Spirits
made in
all the
Spirits from
Great Britain to
Ireland, from
Ireland to Great
Britain, & the
to be paid on
May 1, 1807.

C A P. XVI.

An Act to provide for regulating and levying the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages. [17th March 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better regulating and levying the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages: That the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His most Excellent Majesty's said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to continue until the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, and amend several Acts for regulating the Collection of the Duties in Ireland, on Fire Hearths, on Dwelling Houses, on Carriages and other Carriages, on Male Servants, on Horses, and on Dogs, and also in respect of any other Act or Acts in respect to realties, or amend the said recited Act, shall cease and determine, and the same shall be and are hereby repealed; except so far as the said Acts repeal any former Act, and except so far as the said Acts relate to the recovering, paying, and accounting for any Taxes or Arrears of Taxes, or any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures recoverable under or by virtue of the said Acts, or any of them, and which shall or may become due or be incurred at any Time previous to or on the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers appointed by or acting under the Orders or Direction of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, to collect or superintend the Collection of the said Rates and Taxes, or any of them, at any Time in the Daytime, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Sunset, with the Assistance of a Magistrate, Constable, or other Person acting as a Peace Officer: to enter into any House, and into every Out-house and Edifice appertaining thereto, and into the several Apartments and Places therein, and to take Information from his own View and Survey of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places used for Firing and Stoves therein, and also of the Number of Windows or Lights therein, and such House or Edifice shall be charged accordingly with the Rates and Taxes in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths, and of Windows or Lights therein: Provided always, that if any House or Edifice has been newly built, such Fire Hearths therein as appear not to be capable of being used at the Time of such Survey shall not be charged, or if any such House or Edifice shall be finished only in Part, such House or Edifice shall be rated only according to the completed Part thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer shall not on Demand of Entrance by knocking or otherwise into any such House, Out-house, or Edifice obtain Admittance, or after Admittance shall not be suffered to enter into all and every the Apartments and other Places therein respectively, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, and he is required to leave a Notice in Writing at such House, with the Owner or Occupier of such House, or with his Wife, or his or her Child or Servant, above the Age of Sixteen Years, stating forth that such Officer will attend at such House, at a certain Day and Hour to be specified in such Notice, such Hour to be between the Hours of Eight of the Clock at Noon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and requiring to be admitted into such House, Out-house, or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein respectively; and if such Officer shall not at the Time mentioned in such Notice obtain Admittance into such House, Out-house, or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein into which he shall require to be admitted, the Owner or Occupier of such House shall for each Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if no Person shall appear at such House, Out-house, or Edifice from whom such Officer can make Demand of Entrance, or on whom such Notice can be served, then such Officer shall and he is hereby required to post such Notice as aforesaid on the Door of such House, Out-house, or Edifice, and if such Officer shall not at the Time mentioned in such Notice be admitted into such House, Out-house, or Edifice, and into every Apartment therein, then the Owner or Occupier thereof shall forfeit the like Sum of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that due Proof shall be made by the Affidavit of the Person who served or posted such Notice, of the serving or posting thereof, and if posted that there was not found any Person residing in such House, Out-house, or Edifice, on whom such Notice could be served.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case where any such Officer shall have been admitted, or shall have made Entry into any House or Edifice for the Purpose aforesaid, the Owner or Occupier of such House or Edifice, or other Person who shall attend such Officer upon such Survey, upon confessing that the House or Edifice shall be chargeable with the Tax in respect of One Fire Hearth and of Three Windows for any Room or Apartment therein, may refuse to admit such Officer into any such Room or Apartment, except the Gate to a Kitchen or a Room in an Out-house, and in every such Case every Officer shall accordingly charge such House with the Tax for One Fire Hearth and Three Windows for every such Room or Apartment.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Rates and Taxes on Fire Hearths, and on Windows or Lights, and on Houses in respect thereof, and on Tenements or Dwelling Houses not subject to the said Duty on Fire Hearths or Windows, but subject to certain Rates or Duties in respect of the Rent paid by the Occupier thereof, shall be charged on and be payable by the Occupier of all Houses and the Out-houses and Edifices therein to be

47 C. 2. r. 10. Printed.

Officer may enter and survey Houses and charge Tax on Windows.

Officer for House newly built or unfinished

If Officer shall not obtain Admittance, he shall leave Notice of Intent to Admittance, and if not there obtained, Owner or Occupier shall forfeit 20.

Where no Admittance given, Officer may post Notice on the Door.

Owner may refuse Admittance to any House or Apartment, except Gate to Kitchen and Room in Out-houses.

Duties on Houses, Windows, and Edifices chargeable on Occupier or Tenant for Tax Thereon.

belonging respectively, and shall and may be levied, at any Time, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier, or at any Time within Two Years after the said Rates and Taxes shall become due on the Goods and Chattels of any subsequent Occupier of such House.

VI. Provided always, and he it enacted, That where any Dwelling House or Edifice, or any Part thereof, is or shall be let in different Apartments to any Person or Persons, the immediate Landlord of such House or Edifice shall be deemed to be the Occupier of such House or Edifice, and shall be charged with and be liable to pay the Tax in respect of Windows or Lights in such Dwelling House or Edifice.

VII. And be it further enacted, That where three shall be an internal Communication between any Two Houses adjoining each other, and the same shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, the Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths and of Windows or Lights shall be rated as if such Two Houses were One House.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Kitchen, Scullery, Pantry, Pasty, Larder, Washhouse, Laundry, Bake-house, Brew-house, and Lodging House, belonging to or occupied with any Dwelling House, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House; and all Windows or Lights therein, and also all Sky Lights or Windows or Lights in Beer Cellars, Garrets, Cellars, Cellars, and in all other Areas of Dwelling Houses to what Use or Purpose forever applied, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows in respect of which such Due legal House shall be charged with said Tax under this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That when a Partition or Division in any Window or Light shall be of the Breadth or Space of Twelve Inches or more, the Windows or Lights on each Side of such Partition or Division shall be deemed as distinct Windows or Lights, and shall be rated accordingly: Provided always, that every Window in a Frame which is or shall be a window for as to give Light into more Rooms than one, shall be reckoned and charged for as many separate Windows as there are Rooms lighted thereby.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Owner or Occupier of any Dwelling House in which with the Out-looks or other Edifice appertaining thereto there shall be Two or more Hearths or Places set for Fire or Stoves or Grates or some Windows or Lights, shall, when required by any Officer empowered to collect the said Taxes upon Hearths and Windows, make due and accurate Declaration and Return of the precise Number of Hearths, Fire Places, or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights respectively which were in his or her House or Premises on the Sixth Day of January the next succeeding, and shall within Fourteen Days after any additional Hearth or Window shall be made or opened, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Officer aforesaid, or to his Assignee to the Collector of Excise of the District, a true List or Account in Writing under his or her Hand of every such additional Hearth and Window respectively, and if any such Owner or Occupier shall refuse or neglect to make or deliver such Declaration or Return, List or Account, or shall make any untrue or false Declaration or Return, List or Account, such Owner or Occupier shall for every Offence be liable the Sum of Ten Pounds to any Person who shall inform or sue for the same, and shall be chargeable with and pay double the Rate or Tax which he or she ought otherwise by Law to be charged with in respect of Hearths or Windows, in the Case any he or she, and if at any Time any greater Number of Hearths or Windows shall be discovered at any House, Out-look, or Edifice appertaining thereto, than the Number respectively expressed in such Declaration, or Return, List, or Account, it shall be taken and received as sufficient Proof of a false or untrue Return, List, or Account, unless due Proof be made by such Owner or Occupier that the Hearths or Window in exceeding had been made or opened within Fourteen Days.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Rates and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths and Windows shall be charged for the Whole Year, for each Number of Fire Hearths and Windows as shall be in any Dwelling House, or in any Out-look or Edifice appertaining thereto, on the Sixth Day of January in any Year; and that if any Person shall in order to evade the Payment of the Rate or Tax in respect of Fire Hearths, or Windows or Lights, payable within such Year, stop up, defect, cover, or conceal, any Hearth, Fire Place, or Stove, or any Window or Light chargeable with the said Tax, and the same be proved either by Constables of the Parish or upon Oath here any Justice, or by the View of such Justice, every such Person shall be charged with and pay double the Amount of the Tax for the same respectively: Provided always, that the Proof of the Time that any such Hearth, Fire Place, Window, or Light may have been stopp'd, shall be on the Owner or Occupier of the House: Provided also, that no Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window, or Light, shall be deemed to be stopp'd up unless the Whole of such Hearth, Fire Place, or Stove be both up with some or Brick and Mortar made with Lime, or such Window or Light be stopp'd up with the same Materials as the Wall or Roof adjoining therein is composed of.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Person is by this Act chargeable as Occupier of any Dwelling House for the Rates and Taxes in respect of the Fire Hearths or Windows therein or in respect of the Rent paid by such Occupier, such Person shall pay the said Rates and Taxes on Demand of the proper Officer made either at the House in respect of which or as in respect of the Rent paid by the Occupier thereof, such Rates and Taxes are chargeable, or at the Dwelling House of the Person so chargeable if the Person so chargeable shall not reside at the House in respect of which any such Rates or Taxes are chargeable, and all Goods and Chattels in either of such Houses, and all Goods and Chattels of the Party to be chargeable, wherever the same shall be found, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the said Rates and Taxes, and of all Penalties for Non-payment thereof, and in default of Payment of the said Rates and Taxes it shall be lawful for such Officer, or any Two justices of Peace and Sheriff to make Entry into any or either of such Houses and any Buildings appertaining thereto, and to levy of Sums due for such Rates and Taxes not exceeding Two Years Arrears of such Rates and Taxes; and all Sums due for any Penalties under this Act by Distress and Sale of any Goods and Chattels found in the said Houses respectively, or of any other

Goods

Carriage was delivered or sent out of the Shop or Warehouse of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission as aforesaid, and every like Book, and in like Manner come in the same, the Number and Kind of Carriage sold, and the Price, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and the Days on which such Carriages were sold, and to whom they were sold respectively; all which Books shall at all reasonable Times as the Director shall require to the Inspection of the Collector of the Tax on Fire Hearths, or any Officer appointed to inspect the Collection of the Tax on Fire Hearths, in the District where such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall reside and carry on his Business, and such Collector or other Officer shall have Power to enter into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, and other Buildings of every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages and Persons selling Carriages as aforesaid, and take an Account of all Carriages there, and to satisfy himself of the Truth of such Entries in any such Books respectively; and every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and other Person hereby required to keep such Account respectively, shall within Twenty Days after the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January, in each and every Year, after the passing of this Act, deliver a true Copy in Writing of all and every Entry made in such Book or Books respectively within the Quarter of a Year ending on each Day respectively, containing the Matters and Things before directed, to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person shall reside; and when required so to do by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or Collector of Inland Excise in such District, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, or he or her Clerk, Servant, Workman, or Manager, shall make Oath, or being a Quaker, an Affirmation of the Truth of such Account according to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief, and every such Copy of the Account to be delivered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person, shall to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief, express the Name and Names of every Person employed to be entered in such Account, and the Place or Places of his, her, or their usual Residence; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, shall neglect to keep such Account, or to deliver such Copy thereof, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to admit any such Collector or other Officer into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, or other Buildings of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, at a reasonable Hour in the Day, or to the Inspectors aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, shall for every Day in Offence herein do and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty 50*l*.

Duties on Carriages, &c. shall be paid to the Collector of the Excise.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Collector of Inland Excise of the District to which such Account as aforesaid shall be delivered by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Person selling Carriages as aforesaid, shall forthwith transmit to the several Collectors of the Duty on Fire Hearths within his District an Account of all such Duties as shall be due from any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Persons selling Carriages, within the Week of such Collection of the Duties on Fire Hearths respectively, and such Collectors of the Duties on Fire Hearths shall demand, receive, and collect the said Duties accordingly, in such Manner and with such Power and Authorities as the Duties on Fire Hearths may be collected under or by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

Lifts shall be deposited at all Carriages, &c. respectively, and kept by any Person as directed in this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall deliver any Lift or Account required by this Act as aforesaid, and who shall keep, use, or employ any Carriage, Male Servant, or other Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mule, Gelding, or Mule, in any other Place or Places, than the Place where such Lift or Account shall be delivered, shall in every such Lift or Account set forth the whole Number of Carriages, Servants, Male Persons, Dogs, Horses, Mules, Geldings, and Mules, kept and used by such Person in Ireland, and also that such Person may be charged for the same according to the Rate chargeable on the greatest Number retained or kept in the Whole; and such Person shall specify the Places with the Parish and Barony in which the same shall be retained or kept on each such Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mule, Gelding, or Mule &c. at the Time when such Person shall deliver such Lift, and shall make and file a Declaration of the Parish or Place, in which such Person intends to pay for all such Carriages, Servants, Male Persons, Dogs, Horses, Mules, Geldings, and Mules; and on Proof of Payment by any Person of the Taxes in respect of all such Carriages, Servants, Male Persons, Dogs, Horses, Mules, Geldings, and Mules, in any one Parish or Place, by Production of the Receipt signed by the Collector to whom the Payment shall have been made, or of a Certificate by such Collector, such Person shall be acquitted from the Payment of the said Taxes respectively in any other Parish or Place in Ireland; and if any Person shall neglect or refuse to file such such Particulars in any such Lift or Account, or shall omit or conceal, such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty for not paying the said Taxes in respect of Carriages, &c. shall be the same as in the Act in that behalf made.

XIX. And whereas it sometimes ariseth in discovering Lodgers or Inmates in Houses built to pay the said Taxes in respect of Carriages, Servants, Male Persons, Dogs, Horses, Mules, Geldings, and Mules; be it therefore enacted, That every Inhabitant Householder of any House, in which any Lodger or Inmate shall reside, who shall keep, retain, employ, or use any Carriage, Servant, or other Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mule, Gelding or Mule, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Tax or Duty is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall deliver to any Officer appointed to collect or superintend the Collection of any of the Taxes aforesaid, on Demand, or within Ten Days after Notice served, by such Officer, a true Lift or Account in Writing, under the Hand of such Inhabitant Householder, expressing the Name and Name of every such Lodger or Inmate, with an Account of every Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mule, Gelding, or Mule, kept, retained, employed, or used by such Lodger or Inmate, to the best of his Knowledge and Information of such Inhabitant Householder; and if any such Inhabitant Householder shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Lift or Account, or shall wilfully omit or suppress any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false Lift or Account, every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XX. And

other Packages, consisting not less than Four hundred Weight net of each Sugar; and all Candy exported, is to be packed in Barrels, or other Packages within the Hogheads or casks; each Candy is required to be stamped by the Laws in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, on and not only before the putting of this Act.

XI. And whereas it may be expedient to extend the Benefits granted by this Act to the Parts of London and Middlesex the Exportation of refined Lump or Leaf Sugar, powdered, crushed, or broken, or Sugar Candy, whether Barrels in the United Kingdom, or at any other Refiners or may be established, be it therefore enacted, That whenever it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, that Time being in Great Britain or Ireland (respectively, that proper Refiners are established and carried on at or near to any Part of the United Kingdom to which it would be safe in their Judgment to extend the Benefits granted by this Act to the Parts of London and Middlesex, it shall not be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to declare that the Regulations of this Act shall be extended to such Port, provided that no Duty shall be paid or allowed upon Refined Sugar or Candy exported from any such Port, until and until the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, shall have granted their Approbation thereof by Publication in the London and Dublin Gazette respectively, and from and after the Day announced in such Publication, all and every the Duties, Taxes, Allowances, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Acts, Matters, and Things in this Act contained or any War relating to the Allowance of the Duties on such Lump or Leaf Sugar, powdered, crushed, or broken, or on Sugar Candy in preference thereof, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Port or Ports named in such Order, in like Manner in every Respect, and as fully and amply to all intents and Purposes as if such Port or Ports had been expressly named in this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Refined Sugar, upon which the Benefits granted by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament are in force in Great Britain or Ireland, has or shall have the several Operations of refining and drying, as directed by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made in the Process thereof shall be on the Owner or Claimer of such Sugar, and not upon the Officer who shall draw or pay the same.

XIII. And whereas it is expedient to allow for a limited Time a Bounty on the Exportation of Raw Sugar, the Produce of the Sugar Plantations in the West India Islands, as in and to which it is hereinafter further enacted, That whenever it shall appear by Notices in the London and Dublin Gazette respectively, as required by Law, that the Average Price of Brown or White Raw Sugar, for the preceding Quarter of the Year, within the Mayor and City of London, shall not have amounted to Forty Shillings for so Hundred Weight exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon, on the Importation thereof, then and in every such Case there shall be paid and allowed a Bounty of Two Shillings for each and every Hundred Weight of such Sugar, the Produce of the Sugar Plantations, exported from Great Britain (except to Ireland) or exported from Ireland (except to Great Britain) over and above all Bounties and Sums of Money payable as Drawback on the Exportation of such Sugar respectively; and if by such Notice as aforesaid it shall appear that the said Average Price of Brown or White Raw Sugar shall not have been at or above the Price of Forty Shillings, and shall be under Forty-five Shillings for each and every Hundred Weight, then and in every such Case, there shall be paid and allowed a Bounty of One Shilling for each and every Hundred Weight of such Sugar so exported as aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Benefits hereby granted upon such Raw Sugar, shall be paid in like Manner as is before said, and shall be paid or tendered according to the like Rules and Regulations, Refutations, Conditions, and Terms as in this Part are applicable and can be applied as any Bounty to be now paid and allowed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties granted by this Act, shall be allowed and paid (except when any Abatement is made by Law, or by any Act) in such and the like Manner, order, and subject matter and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Refutations, Conditions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Bounties upon Refined Sugar were paid or allowed before the putting of this Act.

XVI. And whereas it is expedient to extend the Benefits granted by this Act to the Refining of Sugar in the Colonies, in allowing the Payment of the Bounty upon such Sugar, and upon Sugar Candy, being imported and taken by the Proprietors, or Warehousemen in the Colonies of the Crown and of the Proprietors or Proprietors of such Sugar, be it therefore enacted, That upon the Entry of any Refined Sugar or Candy, with the proper Officers of the Customs, according to the Regulations of this Act, the same may be lodged and deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, as shall from Time to Time be for that Purpose assigned, at the Charge of such Proprietor or Proprietors, and the same shall be there so to be stored and kept till it is Customed, Regulated, and Refracted in the Act contained.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Warehouse shall be approved of by the Commissioners of the Customs, Excise, or Revenue respectively, and shall be under the Locks of the Crown, and the Proprietors or Proprietors of such Sugar or Candy, and before any Sugar or Candy shall be received into the Warehouse or Warehouses thereof shall duly enter the same with the proper Officers of the Customs, specifying in the Bill of Entry that the same is intended to be warehoused for Exportation under the Regulations of this Act, and thereafter the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs shall give to such Proprietor or Proprietors a proper Receipt, and such Proprietor or Proprietors shall make out Two proper Bills of such Entry: the one to be presented to the proper Officers of the Customs, and the other to the proper Searcher or Searchers of the Customs, and shall deliver such Receipt and one of such Bills to the proper Searcher or Searchers of the Customs, and the other of such Bills to the Ware-

House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031
2032
2033
2034
2035
2036
2037
2038
2039
2040
2041
2042
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049
2050
2051
2052
2053
2054
2055
2056
2057
2058
2059
2060
2061
2062
2063
2064
2065
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075
2076
2077
2078
2079
2080
2081
2082
2083
2084
2085
2086
2087
2088
2089
2090
2091
2092
2093
2094
2095
2096
2097
2098
2099
2100

Printed by the
House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031
2032
2033
2034
2035
2036
2037
2038
2039
2040
2041
2042
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049
2050
2051
2052
2053
2054
2055
2056
2057
2058
2059
2060
2061
2062
2063
2064
2065
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075
2076
2077
2078
2079
2080
2081
2082
2083
2084
2085
2086
2087
2088
2089
2090
2091
2092
2093
2094
2095
2096
2097
2098
2099
2100

Printed by the
House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031
2032
2033
2034
2035
2036
2037
2038
2039
2040
2041
2042
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049
2050
2051
2052
2053
2054
2055
2056
2057
2058
2059
2060
2061
2062
2063
2064
2065
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075
2076
2077
2078
2079
2080
2081
2082
2083
2084
2085
2086
2087
2088
2089
2090
2091
2092
2093
2094
2095
2096
2097
2098
2099
2100

Printed by the
House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031
2032
2033
2034
2035
2036
2037
2038
2039
2040
2041
2042
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049
2050
2051
2052
2053
2054
2055
2056
2057
2058
2059
2060
2061
2062
2063
2064
2065
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075
2076
2077
2078
2079
2080
2081
2082
2083
2084
2085
2086
2087
2088
2089
2090
2091
2092
2093
2094
2095
2096
2097
2098
2099
2100

Printed by the
House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010
2011
2012
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031
2032
2033
2034
2035
2036
2037
2038
2039
2040
2041
2042
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
2048
2049
2050
2051
2052
2053
2054
2055
2056
2057
2058
2059
2060
2061
2062
2063
2064
2065
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075
2076
2077
2078
2079
2080
2081
2082
2083
2084
2085
2086
2087
2088
2089
2090
2091
2092
2093
2094
2095
2096
2097
2098
2099
2100

Printed by the
House of Commons
1799
1800
1801
1802
1803
1804
1805
1806
1807
1808
1809
1810
1811
1812
1813
1814
1815
1816
1817
1818
1819
1820
1821
1822
1823
1824
1825
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830
1831
1832
1833
1834
1835
1836
1837
1838
1839
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
1846
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
1852
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
1859
1860
1861
1862
1863
1864
1865
1866
1867
1868
1869
1870
1871
1872
1873
1874
1875
1876
1877
1878
1879
1880
1881
1882
1883
1884
1885
1886
1887
1888
1889
1890
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906
1907
1908
1909
1910
1911
1912
1913
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932
1933
1934
1935
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
1943
1944
1945
1946
1947
1948
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
1957
1958
1959
1960
1961
1962
1963
1964
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
1970
1971
1972
1973
1974
1975
1976
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992
1993
1994

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for repealing so much of an Act, made in the Ninth Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne as vests in The South Sea Company or Corporation, by the said Act created, the sole and exclusive Privilege of carrying on Trade and Traffick to and from any Part whatsoever of South America, or in the South Seas, which now are, or may at any Time hereafter be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

[17th March 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act, made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intitled, *An Act for making good Differences and settling the Publick Debt, and for settling a Corporation to carry on a Trade in the South Seas, and for the Encouragement of the Fishery, and for Liberty to trade in several Parts with the Subjects of Spain, and to repeal the Acts for restoring Sums, &c. as enacted, in that Corporation to be established by that Act, called The South Sea Company, and their Successors, shall be entitled unto and vested in the said Trade and Traffick now, unto, and from all the Kingdoms, Lands, Colonies, Territories, Islands, Cities, Towns, Ports, Harbours, Creeks, and Places, of America, on the East Side thereof, from the River of Orinoco to the Southernmost Part of the Terra del Fuego, and on the West Side thereof, from the said Southernmost Part of the said Terra del Fuego, through the South Sea, to the Northernmost Part of America, and also, unto, and from all Castles, Islands, and Places, within the said Limits, which were reputed to belong to the Crown of Spain, or which should thereafter be found out or discovered within the said Limits, according to the Directions and Subjects to the Exceptions and Limitations in the said Act mentioned: And whereas it is now become highly expedient, for the general Commerce of all His Majesty's Subjects, and for the Encouragement and Security thereof, that the said Company should not be deemed and taken to be entitled to the said sole Trade and Traffick, wherever any of the Places within the Limits before mentioned and described should be acquired by or come into the Possession of by or under the Dominion or Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors: So it therefore enacted and created by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in that behalf Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as vests or may be deemed or taken to have vested in the said South Sea Company or Corporation by the said Law before mentioned Act created, the sole and exclusive Privilege of Trade and Traffick unto, unto, and from all Cities, Towns, Ports, Harbours, Islands, Havens, Creeks, Lands, Territories, and Places whatsoever, which now are or shall or may at any Time hereafter be belonging to or in the Possession or under the Dominion or Possessions of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, on the said East Side of America, from the River Orinoco to the Southernmost Part of the Terra del Fuego, and on the said West Side of America, from the said Southernmost Part of the Terra del Fuego, through the South Sea, to the Northernmost Part of America: and all Powers, Rights, and Privileges to the said South Sea Company or Corporation by the said Act given and created for carrying on such Trade and Traffick, and all Privileges and Possessions by the said Act declared and granted for securing the same, and for preventing His Majesty's Subjects from carrying on Trade and Traffick contrary to the Provisions of the said Act, shall be and are hereby declared to be absolutely repealed, and shall be deemed and taken to have created and determined from and after the Seventh Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, to all Intents, Contents, and Purposes whatsoever.*

So much of the said Act as vests in the South Sea Company the exclusive Trade within certain Limits of America, repealed, from 17th Sept. 1709, as in 26th Henry 2nd. c. 13. Domestic.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for allowing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Importation of certain Fish from Newfoundland and the Coast of Labrador, and for granting a Bounty thereon.

[17th March 1807.]

[See 46 C. 3. c. 105. in which this Act is possibly similar, except in its Contents.]

C A P. XXV.

An Act to allow Turkey Tobacco to be imported into Great Britain, in small Packages.

[17th March 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties in Tea, Coffee, and other Goods*: And also by another Act passed in the Twentieth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the 1st Session of Parliament, intitled, 'An Act for regulating the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties in Tea, Coffee, &c. as Tobacco, whether or is allowed to be imported or brought into Great Britain from Foreign Parts, otherwise than in Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, or Cases, each of which is to contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight net of Tobacco, not packed in Bags, or Packages within any such Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or Case, not separated or divided within any such Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or Case, in any Manner whatsoever: And whereas Tobacco of the Growth and Production of the Territories or Dominions of the Ottoman or Turkish Empire, is, from its Nature and Quality, liable to much Detraction in the Colonies, and otherwise to receive Injury, if packed in Bulk in the Quantity directed by the said several Acts: So it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in that behalf Parliament*

29 C. 3. c. 10.
— 20 C. 3. c. 104.

47 Geo. III.

G

assembled,

C A P. XXVII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise on Brandy in Great Britain.

[17th March 1807.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray the Expenses of the just and necessary War in which Your Majesty is engaged, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates and Duties of Excise herein respectively mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, and collected and paid, as and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon the Merchandises and Commodities mentioned and described in the Schedule marked (A.) hereunto annexed, the several Sums of Money and additional Duties of Excise as they are respectively inserted, described and set forth in the said Schedule, over and above all Duties that have been paid, or that shall have been or may be granted, laid, or imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament thereto.

Additional
Duties specified
in Schedule
marked (A.) shall be
paid.

“ Duties shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland § 2.—Duties shall be levied and recovered as former Duties of Excise. § 3.—Additional Duties shall be payable on Foreign Brandy, &c. the Duties on which shall not have been paid before Feb. 29, 1807, or which shall then, or afterwards remain in Warehouse § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall impede or be construed to impede any Duty on Foreign Brandy, Spirit, Aqua Vita, or Strong Waters on the Delivery thereof out of any Warehouse, Storehouse, Vault, Cellar or other Place, in which the same shall have been lodged or deposited for Exportation to Ireland; any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Duties shall not be paid on the
export of
Brandy exported
to Ireland.

“ Duty shall not extend to Brandy, &c. imported before March 1, 1807, and exported before July 5, 1807: nor to Prize Brandy sold before 29 Feb. 1807. § 5.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the said Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and assessing for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipts of Exchequer a Book or Books in which all the Monies arising from the said respective Duties, and paid into the said Receipts as aforesaid, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said Monies to be paid into the said Receipts shall from Time to Time as the same shall be paid into the said Receipts, be placed and applied to such Services as shall then here be used by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in this present Session of Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, or shall be voted by the said Commons for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurers for the Time being, are and is hereby authorized and empowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

Duties shall be
paid into the
Exchequer, and
applied to the
Services of the
Common
Year.

“ Continuance of Act as in Title. § 8.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

	Duty.
For every Gallon of Single Brandy, Spirit, Aqua Vita, or Strong Waters imported into Great Britain, other than Rum, Spirit, or Aqua Vita, of the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and other than Irish Spirit imported directly from Ireland	6 ^d 2 6
For every Gallon of Brandy, Spirit, Aqua Vita, or Strong Waters above Proof, imported into Great Britain, other than Rum, Spirit, or Aqua Vita, of the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and other than Irish Spirit imported directly from Ireland	0 2 6
For every Gallon of Brandy, Rum, Spirit, Aqua Vita, or Strong Waters, of whatever Degree of Strength the same may be, whether regularly imported or brought in as Prize, which shall be delivered for Exportation to any Port or Place, not being in Europe, from any Warehouse, Storehouse, Vault, Cellar or other Place under the Locks of the Officers of Customs or Excise, or either of them, save and except Rum of the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America regularly imported as Neutralize	0 2 0

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Two hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities.
[17th March 1807.]

- Every Contributor of 50*l.* shall be entitled to a Principal of 50*l.* in the 3rd part Consols, from 5th January 5*th* to the 3rd part Consols Reduced from 5th April; and 10*l.* in the 5th part Consols, from 5th January 1807. § 1.—Dividends granted by 45 G. 3. c. 67. shall not be charged on the full Half Year's Dividends. § 2.—Treasury may remit to Ireland $\text{£}2,000,000$, $\frac{1}{2}$ to be provided for as before, $\frac{1}{2}$ to be
- Forging Receipts for Contributions, Felony without Clergy, § 25.—Bank of England shall continue a Corporation till the Assizes hereby granted shall cease. § 27.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be suspended.
[27th March 1807.]

- Recited of 43 G. 3. c. 11. § 45 G. 3. c. 93. § 46 G. 3. c. 10.—Drawbacks and Bounties in Schedule of Act 45 G. 3. c. 95. shall be paid, $\frac{1}{2}$ till 5th May, 3rd September 1807, and 3rd January 1808, the
- Average Prices of Brown or Mullewaide Sugar shall not here extended for the preceding Quarter 70*l.* per Cent. the Drawback or Bounty to 40 G. 3. c. 95. corresponding with the Price, shall be paid, &c. § 2.

Whereas the said Act of 43 G. 3. c. 11. § 45 G. 3. c. 93. § 46 G. 3. c. 10. and the said Act of 45 G. 3. c. 95. have been respectively repealed and the said Act of 45 G. 3. c. 95. has been amended by the said Act of 47 G. 3. c. 11. and the said Act of 47 G. 3. c. 11. has been amended by the said Act of 47 G. 3. c. 15.

- And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and for Six Months after the Expirence thereof, by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, and several new, or brought or carried English or Irish Great Brittain, the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three or more of them, are authorized to suspend the Payment of the additional Duties of Customs on Sugar, granted by the said recited Act, either on the Whole, or on Part, whenever the Average Price of Sugar ascertained as directed by Law, shall be below the Prices mentioned in the said Act: And whereas it is expedient, that during the Period of such Suspension, the Countervailing Duties on refined Sugar imported from Great Britain, and the Equivalent Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland, of refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the Exportation of refined Sugar from Great Britain, other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, should in like Manner be suspended: Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, shall exercise the Power vested in them, and shall according to the Direction of the said Act, suspend the Payment of the Whole, or Part of the Duties on Sugar thereby imposed; it shall be lawful for them, and they are hereby authorized and required in like Manner, and for the like Period to suspend either the Whole of the additional Countervailing Duties of Customs on refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain, and of the additional Drawback or Bounty, on the Exportation to Ireland, of refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation of refined Sugar from Great Britain, other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act; or such Part thereof respectively, as shall bear a just Proportion to the Amount of Duty so suspended.*
- Recited Act of 47 G. 3. c. 11. continued to 15—27 March 1808 § 4.

[See 46 G. 3. c. 20. and Revisions thereto—Act in Ireland in 47 G. 3. c. 15.]

C A P. XXX.

[1803. c. 20.]

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Natchez in the Hand of New Providence, the Port of Esopus and the Port of Grand Island in the Mohawk Shoals, in Ships belonging to the Inhabitants of the United States of America, and coming in Ballast.
[27th March 1807.]

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to repeal Part of the Duty on the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco into Ireland.
[27th March 1807.]

[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]
[1803. c. 20.]

- WHEREAS in consequence of the intended Increase of the Duty of Excise on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland, it is expedient to repeal Part of the Duty on the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco into Ireland; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Sum of Two-pence for every Pound Weight, Part of the Duty of Eight-pence for every Pound Weight of Tobacco imported into Ireland, or in His Majesty's Stores or Warehouses in Ireland, shall cease and determine and be no longer paid or payable; and that, from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March

One shilling eight pence and seven, the Sum of Two-pence for every Pound Weight. Part of the Drawback of Eight-pence for every Pound Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco exported from Ireland, shall in like Manner cease and determine; any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary is as void as notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and be enacted, That all unmanufactured Tobacco which, on the first Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, or at any Time after, shall be in the Hands of any Manufacturer of Tobacco in the original Package in which the same shall have been received by such Manufacturer, and on which the said Duty of Eight-pence for every Pound Weight on the Importation thereof shall have been duly paid and satisfied, shall be charged and chargeable only with the Excise Duty of Nine-pence for every Pound Weight thereof, according to the Duty due and payable thereon by any Act or Acts in force in substance before the said Twenty-fifth Day of March; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

received and
exported
shall
cease.

Unmanufactured
Tobacco here-
of paid the said
Duty of 8d. shall
be charged only
with the Excise
Duty of 9d.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [23d March 1807.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is True of Peace, and it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law; And whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be constituted for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of His Majesty's Crowns, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe; and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and thirtien thousand seven hundred and seventy-five effective Men; And whereas during the late War in which His Majesty has been engaged, some Part of His Majesty's Forces exceeding the Number aforesaid, has been employed in distant Parts of the Sea, which need require the Time when such Forces may return Home uncertain, some of which are intended to be broken, and others retained in force after such Arrival as conveniently may be: And whereas no Man can be forejudged of Life or Limb, or subjected in Time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within the Realm, by Martial Law, or in any other Manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet notwithstanding a being requisite, for the ensuring of the before mentioned Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall contrary to the said Statute, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow: be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, execute, cause, or give in any Mutiny or Sedition in any Regiment, Troop, or Company, either of His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall not do his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or convey to the Knowledge of any Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall withhold himself before the Enemy; or shall intentionally abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall exempt the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress, or Post, to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words, or use any other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to rebel before the Enemy, or themselves to abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall know himself or others, or shall be taxed thereof on his Part; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs, or Tokens (in any Manner or Way whatsoever); or shall treat or enter into any Treaty with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's License, or Licence of the General, or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office, or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service, all and every Person so offending is offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Officer shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land, or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death; or such other Punishment as by a Court-martial shall be awarded.

II. Provided, and be hereby declared and enacted, That any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, listed or in Pay in any Regiment, Troop, or Company, who shall, without having first obtained a Discharge therefrom, quit himself in any other Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall be deemed to have deserted His Majesty's Service, and shall in like Manner suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court-martial shall be awarded.

III. And whereas Debts have arisen between Soldiers, who of Right belong to another Corps in which they first enlisted, and from which they have not obtained a Discharge, may be proceeded against and tried for deserting any Corps in which they may afterwards have enlisted, or for any Crime committed by them while so serving therein; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Soldier, in any Regiment, Troop, or Company, in His Majesty's Service, shall desert the same, or shall, while serving therein, commit any Offence against this Act, or against the Rules or Articles of War, such Person shall be liable to be tried by a Court-martial, and punished in like Manner as if he had originally enlisted in, and of Right belonged to the same, notwithstanding it shall have been discovered or known that he had

Members of
Forces (1807).

Every Officer or
Private being
under the Com-
mission of this
Act, who shall
voluntarily or
intentionally
abandon any
Fortress, or
Garrison where he
is, or shall not
perform upon or
deliver his Post,
or surrender
with Pretence or
Excuse, or if not
so delivred, not
obey any Order,
shall suffer
Death, &c.

Soldiers enlisting
in any other
Regiment, who
deserted Discharge.

Deserters who
have enlisted in
another Regi-
ment, may be
tried as if they
had not enlisted
in such Regi-
ment, &c.

had previously belonged to some other Regiment, Troop, or Company, and had not been discharged therefrom: Provided always, that if such Person shall be claimed by such other Regiment, Troop, or Company, and be proved against as a Defector therefrom, his subsequent Desertion from any One or more Corps in which he may have successively enlisted, may (unless he shall already have been tried for the same) be given as Evidence as an Aggravation of his Crime; and previous Notice being always given to such Defector of the Facts or Facts intended to be produced in Evidence upon his Trial.

Defector may be transported.

and afterwards ordered to return to his Majesty's Service.

returning from Transportation shall suffer Death.

His Majesty, when Commissioned Captain, may confer Officerships on his Majesty's Subjects.

A Mark shall be made on the Body of Defectors for a Reward of Money.

Severance of Transportation, and the Certificate to be made in Case of Absence thereof to any of the Majesty's Ships, or Boats shall make an Order for Transportation to His Majesty's Clerk of the Crown.

Such Sentences, Acts, shall be done by the Clerk of the Crown.

IV. And be it further enacted and declared, That in the Case of any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier tried and convicted of Desertion, whatsoever the Court-martial, which shall give Sentence upon such Trial, shall not think the Offence deserving of capital Punishment, such Court-martial may, instead of awarding a corporal Punishment, adjudge the Offender, according to the Nature of the Offence, if they shall think fit, to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for a certain Term of Years; and also, if such Court shall think fit, to be, at the Expire of such Term of Years at the Disposal of His Majesty for Service as a Soldier in any of His Majesty's Forces at Home or Abroad, for Life or otherwise, as His Majesty shall think fit, and, as such Soldier, to be subject to any Law or Articles of War for the Punishment of Mutiny, or Desertion: And if such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, having been adjudged to be transported as a Felon, shall afterwards (without Leave from His Majesty, or from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported) return into or be found at large without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, before the Expire of the Term limited by such Sentence, and shall be convicted thereof in the ordinary Course of Law, every such Person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

V. Provided, and be it enacted, That in all Cases wherein a capital Punishment shall have been awarded by a Court-martial, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, instead of causing such Sentence to be carried into Execution, to order the Offender to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for a certain Term of Years, as to His Majesty shall seem meet; and if the Person be transported, in pursuance of such Order from His Majesty, shall afterwards (without Leave from His Majesty, or from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported) return into or be found at large without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of Great Britain and Ireland, before the Expire of the Term limited by such Order, and shall be duly convicted thereof, he shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Court-martial, before which any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall have been tried for Desertion, and convicted thereof, shall be upon Trial and convicted of Desertion, to direct, if it shall so think fit, in addition to any other Punishment such Court may award for any such subsequent Desertion, that such Defector be marked as the King's Mark, upon the Arms, with the Letter (D) such Letter not to be less than Half an Inch long, and to be marked upon the Back with fine Ink or Gouge-work, or other Preparation, so as to be visible and conspicuous, and not liable to be obliterated.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall intend any Sentence of a Court-martial of Transportation to be carried into Execution, or shall be presently advised to extend His Mercy, upon Conviction of Transportation, to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Statute of a Court-martial, such Sentence, together with His Majesty's Pleasure upon the same, shall be written in Writing by the Commander in Chief for the Time being of His Majesty's Forces in Great Britain, or in the Absence of the Commander in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the Time being, or some Justice of the King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Bares of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Court, and thereupon such Justice or Bares shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the Time which shall be specified in such Notice, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Justice or Bares is authorized to make or do by an Act passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the better regulation of Felons and other Offenders, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners to any one Colony, and for other Purposes therein contained*, with respect to Offenders as such Act mentioned, and such Order and Orders to be made as aforesaid, and all such Acts as he shall be bound to do as aforesaid, shall be observed and done by such Justice as which Collectively such Offender shall at that Time be, and all other Persons as herein aforesaid, and shall be observed and have all the same Consequences as any Order made under the Authority of the said Act with respect to any Offender in the said Act therein made; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor, or Superintendent whom it may concern, and all Court-ables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the said Order and Orders, be assist in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Penalties for disobedience or interrupting the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made and with Authority of the aforesaid Act; and every Person so ordered to be transported as aforesaid, shall be liable, in respectively to all and every the Provisions and Penalties made by Law, and now to have concerning Persons convicted of any Crime and sentenced to be transported, or receiving His Majesty's Pardon on Condition of Transportation.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Bares who shall make any such Order as aforesaid, under any such Notification of His Majesty's Pleasure as aforesaid, shall direct the said Notice, and by such Order made thereupon, to be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Crown of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and to be three kept of Record; and the said Clerk of the Crown shall receive a Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence, and no more, for filing the same.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the said Chief of the Court of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench shall, upon the Application of any such Offender who shall be ordered by His Majesty to be transported as aforesaid, or of any other Person applying in his behalf, or on the Application of any Person on behalf of the said Offender, deliver a Certificate in Writing under His Hand, (not taking for the same more than Two Shillings and Sixpence), containing an Account of the Christian Name and Surname of such Offender, of his Office, of the Place where the Court was held, before whom he was convicted, and of the Terms and Conditions on which His Majesty's Order for such Offender's Transportation was given; which Certificate shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Sentence of such Offender, and also of the Terms on which his Order for his Transportation was given, in any Court, and in any Proceeding wherein it may be necessary to enquire into the same.

X. And he it further enacted, That if any Offender under Sentence of Death by a Court-martial as aforesaid, shall obtain His Majesty's conditional Pardon as aforesaid, all and every the Laws now in force, touching the Escape of Felons under Sentence of Death, shall apply to such Offender, and to all Persons aiding, abetting, or assisting in any Escape, or intended Escape of any such Offender, or contriving any such Escape, from the Time when such Order shall be made by such Justice or Justice, as aforesaid, and during all the several Proceedings which shall be had for the Purposes aforesaid.

XI. And he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Majesty may, from Time to Time, grant a Commission, as in the Royal Sign Manual, for the holding of General Courts-martial within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in like Manner as has been heretofore used; and that His Majesty may likewise, from Time to Time, by His Royal Commission, empower the Chief Governor or Governors of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, the Governor of Gibraltar, and the Governor of any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas respectively, or the Person or Persons there commanding in Chief in His Majesty's Forces for the Time being, and any also from Time to Time extend His Royal Warrant to the Commander of the Forces in that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, and to any General or other Chief having the Command of a Body of His Majesty's Forces within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions or elsewhere beyond the Seas, or to the General or other Officer commanding such Body of Forces for the Time being, empowering them respectively to appoint General Courts-martial, as well as to authorize any Officer under their respective Commands, not below the Degree of a Field Officer, to convene General Courts-martial, as aforesaid, and to enquire, for the Trial of Offences committed by any of the Forces under their several Commands, whether the same shall have been in committed previous to or after such General Officer shall have taken upon himself such Command; all which Courts-martial shall be constituted, and shall regulate their Proceedings according to the several Provisions hereinafter provided.

XII. Provided always, and he it hereby declared and enacted, That no Officer or Soldier, being acquitted or convicted of any Offence, shall be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or any other Court-martial for the same Offence, unless in the Case of an Appeal from a Verdict on a General Court-martial; and that as soon as may be by any Court-martial, and signed by the President thereof, shall be liable to be tried more than Once.

XIII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to exempt any Offences or Soldiers whatsoever from being proceeded against by the ordinary Course of Law.

XIV. Provided also, That if any Officer, Non-Commission Officer, or Soldier, shall be accused of any Capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate, or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land; the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Regiment, Troop, Company, or Party, in and are hereby required to use his utmost Endeavours to deliver over such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate; and that also he is obliged and obliged to the Officers of Justice in the detaining and apprehending such Offender, as well to bring him to Trial: And if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, or to be seized or seized by the Officers of Justice apprehending such Offender; every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted upon any Indictment or Judgment in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or in any of His Majesty's Courts in Scotland or in Dublin, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of Felony, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in His Majesty's Service, and a Certificate thereof shall be transmitted to the Judge Advocate in London, if such Conviction shall be in Great Britain, or to the Judge Advocate in Dublin if such Conviction shall be in Ireland.

XV. Provided also, That no Person or Person being acquitted or convicted of any capital Crime, Violence, or Offences, by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court-martial for the same, otherwise than by forfeiture.

XVI. Provided always, and he it enacted, That no Officer or Soldier having been convicted in the ordinary Course of Law, of any criminal Offence, shall while under Confinement in consequence thereof, be entitled to any Part of his Pay from the Day on which such Conviction shall have taken place, nor until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, or Company, to which he shall belong.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That all General Courts-martial hold under the Authority of this Act, shall consist of Thirteen or Nine Commission Officers, as the Case may require; except the same shall be holden in Africa, or in New South Wales, in which Places such General Courts-martial may consist of any Number not less than Five; of whom none shall be under the Degree of a Commission Officer; nor shall the President of any General Court-martial be the Commander in Chief, nor Governor of the Garrison, where the Offender shall be tried, nor under the Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had; nor any Cafe whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain.

XVIII. Provided

Chief of the Court King's Bench, as Application, given a Certificate of the Court King's Bench.

Escape of Offenders under Sentence of Death by a Court-martial.

The King may give Commissions for holding Courts-martial, and to empower Chief Governors of Ireland and other Governours to make or extend his Royal Warrant to appoint such Courts-martial.

No Second Trial except in Cases of Appeal.

No to exempt Soldiers from Proceedings at Law.

Persons accused of Capital Crimes, Acc. shall be delivered over to the Civil Magistrate, &c.

Military Punishment of Persons convicted by the Civil Magistrate. Soldiers convicted of such to lose his Pay till his Return.

Members and Rank of Officers in General Courts-martial.

General Court-martial
to try any
officer or Soldier
in any Part of His
Majesty's Kingdoms
of Great Britain, or
Ireland, &c.

Number of
General Court-martial
to be composed of
Officers, &c.

General Court-martial
to be composed of
Officers, &c.

General Court-martial
to be composed of
Officers, &c.

General Court-martial
to be composed of
Officers, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General Court-martial to sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier convicted of Desertion by such Court, to Service for Life as a Soldier, or for any Term of Years, and in such Country, or Place or Places Abroad, or otherwise, and in such Regiment or Regiments, or Corps, as His Majesty shall please to direct, beyond the Period for which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have enlisted, and to a Forfeiture of all or any Part of the Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Pay, or as to Pardon or Discharge, which might otherwise lawfully accrue to such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier from the Length or Nature of his Service.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no General Court-martial, consisting of any less Number than Thirteen Commissioned Officers, unless holden in *Africa* or *New South Wales*, shall sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to Loss of Life or Limb, or Transportation.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such General Court-martial, by their Sentence or Judgement, to inflict Corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, as any Soldier, for Insubordination, Misbehaviour, or Neglect of Duty.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all General and other Courts-martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required to administer an Oath to every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by General Court-martial, to be held by virtue of this Act, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate, or his Deputy, (who are hereby authorized to administer the same); that is to say;

• **YOU** shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence, in the Matter now before
So help you GOD.

• **I** A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Fear, or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in the like Cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court until it shall be approved by His Majesty, or by some Person duly authorized by him; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, or a Court-martial, in a due Course of Law.

• So help you GOD.

Each of Judge-advocate

And so soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

• **I** A. B. do swear, That I will not, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court-martial, in a due Course of Law.

• So help you GOD.

In Sentence of Death, what Sentence of Officers, &c.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender in such Case by any General Court-martial, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein; (except such General Court-martial shall be holden in *Africa*, or in *New South Wales*;) and in all Cases where a Court-martial shall consist of more Officers than Thirteen, and sit in *Africa*, or in *New South Wales*, when the same shall consist of a less Number of Officers, then the Judge-marshal shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds or the best of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in Cases which require an immediate Example: Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to, and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like Manner as Witnesses attending any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged; and that if any such Witness shall be unjustly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested, or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not found, then by any Judge of the Court of King's Bench, in *London* or in *Dublin*, or Court of Sessions in *Scotland*, or Courts of Law in the *High Isles*, according as the Case shall require, upon his being made appear to such Court or Judge by Affidavit in a summary Way, that such Witness was summoned in going to or returning from, or attending upon such Court-martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Courts, shall be liable to be attached in the Court of King's Bench, in *London* or *Dublin*, or Court of Sessions in *Scotland*, or Courts of Law in the *High Isles*, respectively, upon Complaint made to the said Court of King's Bench, or Court of Sessions in *Scotland*, or Courts of Law in the *High Isles*, in like Manner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any criminal Proceeding in that Court.

Hours of Trial, Witnesses attending Court-martial privileged as in Article.

Witnesses attending Court-martial privileged as in Article.

Witnesses attending Court-martial privileged as in Article.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by any Court-martial, other than General Court-martial, which shall be held by virtue of this Act, or of any Articles of War established by His Majesty in pursuance thereof, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists (which Oaths shall and may be administered by the President of the Court to the other Members thereof, and to the President by any Member, having first taken the said Oaths); that is to say;

• **YOU**

of the Army, as well within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, and the Islands thereto belonging, as in His Majesty's Colonies of Gibraltar, and in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, as follows:—

XXXI. Provided always, That no Prisoner, by such Articles of War, be subjected to any Punishment extending to Life or Limb, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or any of the Islands thereto belonging, for any Crime which is not expressed to be so punishable by this Act: nor for such Crime, as is expressed to be so punishable, in any Manner, or under any Regulations, which shall not accord with the Provisions of this Act.

XXXII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That if any Officer or Soldier shall, in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, commit any of the Offences triable by Courts-martial by virtue of this Act, and shall cause or be brought into the Realm, or into Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or the Islands thereto belonging, before he is tried by a Court-martial for such Offence; such Officer or Soldier shall be tried and punished for the same, as if the said Offence had been committed within the Realm.

XXXIII. And Whereas it is of essential Importance, as well to the due Observance of publick Economy as to the Discipline of His Majesty's Forces, that they should be regularly mustered, and that the Muster should be taken with the greatest Accuracy and Exactness: be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Musters shall be made, had, or taken, of every Regiment, Troop, or Company, in His Majesty's Service, Twice at the least in every Year, at such Times as shall be appointed.

XXXIV. And to be further enacted, That no Comersary shall make any Regiment, Troop, or Company, within the City of Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and Liberties thereof, or in the Presence of Two or more Justices of the Peace, nor being Officers of the Army, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, and of being discharged from his Office, unless such Justices, upon Forty-eight Hours Notice being given to Six of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, residing within the City and Liberties aforesaid respectively, shall: first attend such Muster, and in case of such Neglect, such Comersary may proceed to muster such Regiment, Troop, or Company; provided that Oath be made before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, within Forty-eight Hours after such Muster taken, that such Notice was given to Six Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, which Justices in attending are hereby empowered to sign the said Muster Rolls, and to take Cognizance of such Muster and to examine the Truth thereof before they sign the same.

XXXV. And, for preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the mustering of Soldiers, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall make or give, or procure to be made or given, any false or untrue Certificate, whereby to excuse any Soldier for his Absence from any Muster or any other Service which he ought to attend or perform, upon Pretence of being employed on some other Duty of the Regiment, or of Sickness being in Prison or on Passage; that every such Person so making, giving or procuring, such Certificate, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall be forthwith called and displaced from his Office, and shall be thereby strictly obliged to have or hold any Military Office or Employment within the Realm, or in His Majesty's Service, and no Certificate shall excuse the Absence of any Soldier but for the Reasons above mentioned in One of them.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, and every Comersary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall wilfully or wilfully allow or sign the Muster-roll wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof; and also every Comersary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall directly or indirectly take, or cause to be taken, any Sum or Sum of Money, or any other Gratuity, or be for the mustering any Regiment, Troop, or Company, or on or for the signing of any Muster-roll, or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court-martial to be then and there called [which is hereby authorized and required to assemble such Oath], shall, for such Offence, be forthwith called and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby strictly obliged to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in His Majesty's Service.

XXXVII. And it is enacted, That if any Officer or Comersary shall make any Prison by a wrong Name knowingly, upon Oath sworn thereof, before a General Court-martial, the said Officer or Comersary shall forfeit five Pounds and in such Manner as is directed and subjected by this Act upon those who shall make false Musters.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall be fully mustered, or offer himself lawfully or lawfully to be mustered, upon Proof thereof made, upon Oath by Two Witnesses, before the next Justice of the Peace for the County where such Muster shall be made, and upon Certificates thereof in Writing, under the Hand of the Comersary of the Musters, or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, made to such Justice of the Peace, the said Justice is hereby authorized and required to commit such Offender to the House of Correction, there to remain for the Space of Ten Days: And if any Person shall wilfully or wilfully lend or furnish any Horse to be so mustered, which shall not truly belong to the Troop or Troop so mustered, the said Horse be lawfully mustered shall be forfeited to the Informer, if the same doth belong to the Troop lending or furnishing the said Horse; or otherwise the Prisoner lending or furnishing the said Horse shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before the next Justice of the Peace; which Twenty Pounds shall be levied, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, restoring the said Justice (if any be to the Crown): And in case such Offender shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels wherewith Defects may be made to the Value of the Penalty to be recovered against him, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after such Conviction; then, and in such Case, the said Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under His Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there

every such Offence, or for neglecting to give Notice of such Pay or Satisfaction-money as aforesaid, be decreed and taken, and are hereby declared to be void collected: And where it shall happen that the Satisfaction-money due to any Officer or Soldier shall, by Accident, not be paid to such Officer or Soldier, or such Officer or Soldier shall neglect to pay the same, so that Quarters cannot be or are not put on the said drafts; and where any Horse, Foot, or Dragoon, shall be upon their March, so that no Satisfaction can then be rendered to them, to make Payment to the said drafts, or they shall neglect to pay the same; in every such Case, it is hereby further enacted, That every such Officer shall, before his or their Departure out of his or their Quarters, where such Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall remain for any Time whatsoever, make up the Accounts of this Act directed, with every Person with whom such Regiment, Troop, or Company shall have quartered, a signed Certificate thereof, and give the said Certificate, to be signed, to the Party to whom such Money is due, with the Name of such Regiment, Troop, or Company, to which he or they shall belong; to the End the said Certificate may be forthwith transmitted to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Guards and Grenades, or to the Paymaster of the Manner, who are hereby required immediately to make Payment thereof to the Person or Persons to whom such Money shall be due, to the End the same may be applied to such Regiment, Troop, or Company, respectively, under Pain as is before in this Act directed for Non-payment of Quarters.

On Non-payment of Quarters, the Officer shall make up Accounts, &c.

LIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer, Midway or Cook, by this Act authorized to quarter Soldiers in any House lawfully appointed for that Purpose, shall at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, quarter any of the Wives, Children, Men, or Maid Servants, of any Officer or Soldier, in any such House, against the Consent of the Owners; the Party offending, if an Officer of the Army, shall upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the Commander in Chief of the Army, or Judge Advocate, be by him called; and if a Constable, Tythingman, or other Civil Officer, he shall before to the Party aggrieved Twenty Shillings, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the Justice of the Peace; to be seized by Warrant of such Justice, by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendering the Oath to the Party, after deducting reasonable Charges in taking the same.

Soldiers Wives, Men, Maid Servants, &c. shall not be quartered without Consent.

LV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place where any Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall be quartered, in that Part of Great Britain called England, in case such Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall have either Wife or Child or Children in such Part Non-commission Officer or Soldier to be summoned before them, in the Town or Place where such Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall be quartered, in order to make Oath of the Place of their last legal Settlement, (with Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer); and such Non-commission Officers and Private Soldiers as aforesaid are hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit to make before them to the Person making the same, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer, in order to be produced when required; which attested Copy shall be at any Time admitted in Evidence, as to such last legal Settlement, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace: Provided always, that in case any Non-commission Officer or Private Soldier shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then in such attested Copy of the Oath by him honestly taken being produced by him, or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his last legal Settlement, but shall have a Copy of such attested Copy of Evidence, if required.

Soldiers having Wives and Children, shall be so quartered in a quiet and easy manner as shall be the best of their last legal Settlement.

LVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes, or Accommodations, in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Boroughs, Towns, Cities, Liberties, and Villages, being duly qualified according to an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Major General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, or other Person duly authorized in that behalf, shall as often as such Order is brought and shewn unto one or more of them by the Quarter Master, Adjutant, or other Officer or Non-commission Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, in order to march, give out his or their Warrants to the Constable, or Petty Constable, at the Division, Borough, City, Liberty, Hamlet, and Precinct, town, through, near, or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, shall be ordered to march, requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages, and Hired Carts or Cows, with the Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them Liberty to draw to do the same, at the neighbouring Parts may not draw, leave the Burthen, and lying down in the said Warrants the Place or Places to which the said Carriages shall be drawn at the Order as aforesaid, be required to march, which shall not extend the 10th March of the Troop, as mentioned in the Order produced to the Magistrate, in case of pressing Emergency or Necessity, and shall be so far as they ever exceed because the Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence: And in such Order, Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Village, or Precinct, first the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the respective County, City, or Division, shall upon such Order be directed being brought to them to One or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, after he or they Warrant to the Constable or Petty Constable at such next County, Borough, Liberty, Hamlet, or Precinct, for the Purpose also laid to make up such Delivery: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers shall, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace as so directed the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned, at the Constable or Petty Constable, to whom the Warrant is directed, it and are hereby required, at the first Time, to pay down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable for the Use of the Person who shall provide the Carriages as I Now, the sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wagon, with Five Half pence shall travel; and the sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wagon with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses.

For providing Carriages, &c. the Justice of the Peace, in England, &c.

or, in case the Justice of the Peace, in such Order, shall be directed to provide Carriages, &c.

Warrant for Carriage.

received from
Payment of all
Tolls under any
Act.

which by express
Provisions.

Boats shall pay
Custom Tolls.

Treasurer of the
County shall
employ
conveyance
Charges of
Carriages.

Money for that
Purpose may be
raised by a
County Rate.

Officers, &c.
shall be quartered
in Scotland,
unless the Statute
Laws in force at
that County.

and all
Carriages
provided above.

New Troops are
to go or passing
over Ferries in
Scotland.

Officers and
Soldiers shall be
quartered in
Scotland under
the Laws in force
at that County.

Carriages in
Scotland shall be
provided accordingly.

Lord Lieutenant
may appoint a
Justice in His
Majesty's
Court.

employed in His Majesty's Service, who conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Sergeants, Women, Children, or other Persons or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, and His Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, or belonging to His Majesty's Forces on their Marches, or returning therefrom, over and over, and shall be exempted from Payment of any Duties and Tolls otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act of Parliament already made, or hereafter to be made, for Portages, Hurdles, or Carriages, passing through Roads or Bridges, unless by such Act it has been or shall be expressly provided that the said Officers, Soldiers, Sergeants, and Horses, are and shall be liable equally with others to the Duties and Tolls therein authorized to be demanded and taken: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt from the Payment of Toll any Boats, Barges, or other Vessels employed in conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Sergeants, Women, Children, or other Persons or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or any Military Stores along any Canal, but the same shall be liable to Toll in like Manner as other Boats, Barges, and Vessels are liable thereto.

LXI. And Whereas the respective States of Money, by this Act appointed to be paid to the Creditors by the Officers demanding such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels, may act, in many Cases, be sufficient to answer the Charge and Expence of providing the same, inasmuch that the said Creditors may frequently be at great Charges, over and above what is received by them of the said Officers, to the great Burthen of the Taxing of which be a Care both, or the said Persons providing such Carriages, are grievously oppressed: For Remedy whereof, and that the said Overplus Charge may be known by each County or Riding, at the general Charge of such County or Riding, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurer or Treasurers of each respective County or Riding, shall, without Fee or Reward, pay into such Countable all and every such reasonable Sums or Sums of Money, so by him paid or laid out for such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, and other Vessels, over and above what was or ought to have been paid by the Officer requiring such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, and other Vessels, out of the public Stock of such County or Riding, according to such Rates, Orders, Rules, and Directions, as the said Justices of the Peace, in their Quarter Sessions assembled, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall from Time to Time, during the Continuance of this Act, make, direct, and appoint, (which Orders shall be made without Fee or Reward,) regard being always had to the Services of the Year, and the Length and Condition of the Ways by and through which such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, and other Vessels, are to travel and pass.

LXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Treasurer and above the other Persons for which it was made] to satisfy the extraordinary Charge of Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, and other Vessels before mentioned, it is hereby further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, in the General Quarter Sessions, shall have Power from Time to Time, to raise Money upon the respective Counties or Ridings, in such Manner as they now raise Money for County Gaol and Bridges, to satisfy the said extraordinary Charge of Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, and other Vessels.

LXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in Scotland, in such and the like Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in force in Scotland at the Time of its Union with England; and that the Possessors of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union was provided; and that no Officer shall be obliged to pay for his Lodging where he shall be regularly billeted, except in the Shires of Edinburgh.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Carriages for the Service of the Forces from Time to Time quartered or marching in Scotland, shall be provided in like Manner, and at the Rates, and the Furnisher of such Carriages shall be paid, as was directed by the Law in force in Scotland at the Time of its Union with England.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That where any Troops or Parties upon Command have Occasion in their March to pass regular Ferries in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, it shall and may be lawful for the Commanding Officer either to pass over with his Party as Passengers, or to hire the Ferry-boat equally to himself and his Party, detaching others for that Time, in his Option; and in case he shall chuse to take Passage for himself and Party as Passengers, he shall only pay for himself and for each Person, Officer, or Soldier under his Command, Half of the ordinary Rate payable by single Persons at any such Ferry; and in case he shall hire the Ferry-boat for himself and Party he shall pay Half of the ordinary Rate for such Boat or Boats; and in such Places where there are no regular Ferries, but that all Passengers leave Boats at the Rate they can agree for, Officers, with or without Parties are to agree for Boats at the Rate as other Persons do in the New Castles.

LXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in Ireland, in such and the like Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in force in Ireland at the Time of its Union with Great Britain; and that the Possessors of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union was provided.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Carriages for the Service of the Forces, from Time to Time quartered or marching in Ireland, shall be provided in like Manner, and at the Rates, and the Furnisher of such Carriages shall be paid as was directed by the Law in force in Ireland, at the Time of its Union with Great Britain.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor for the Time being in Ireland, to depote by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, some proper Person to sign Routes for the marching of any of His Majesty's Forces in Ireland in the Name of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor.

Police is entered, or left, or by or their left Place of Residence before such Lifting, to file a common Apper-
 ceal, or any Action to be tried, in force upon Account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to evade such Plaintiff's
 recovery therein to Judgment and Obedience, and so have an Execution thereupon, other than against the
 Body or Estates of him or them, in which is shew'd, that Aft, or any Thing herein, or any former Law or
 Statute, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XC. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from the passing of this Act, no Soldier, being
 arrested or confined for Debt in any Prison, Goal, or other Place, shall be omitted to any Part of his Pay from
 the Day of such Arrest or Confinement, until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, or Company,
 to which he shall belong.

XCI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commission Officer, Storekeeper,
 or Commissary, that shall embezzle or misapply or cause to be embezzled or misapplied, or shall wilfully or
 through Neglect suffer any Provisions, Forage, Arms, Cloathing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores, to be
 spoiled or damaged, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before a General Court-martial,
 (which whereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) shall be forthwith diffraded His Majesty's
 Service, and forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and is hereby required to make good, at his own
 Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby inflicted, to be ascertained by such Court-martial, which shall have
 Power to seize the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said
 One hundred Pounds, and such Damage: And if sufficient Goods and Chattels cannot be found and sold,
 then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison or the Common Gaol, there to remain for Six Months
 without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Debt due; and after the said Term shall be recovered
 and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

XCII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Non-commission Officer, who shall
 be appointed, at a General or Regimental Court-martial, as having embezzled or misapplied any Money with
 which he may have been entrusted for the Payment of the Men under his Command, or for military Services
 His Majesty's Service, shall be reduced to live in the Rank, as a Private Soldier, and be put under Discipline
 until the Money be made good, and suffer such corporal Punishment (not extending to Life or Limb) as the
 Court-martial shall think fit.

XCIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty-fourth
 Day of March One thousand eight hundred and Seven, no Paymaster General or Paymaster of the Army, Pay-
 master of the Marine, Secretary at War, Commissary, Master-Master, Paymaster of a Corps or Detachment,
 or any other Officer whatsoever, as their Under Officers, shall receive any Fees, or make any Deductions whatso-
 ever out of the Pay of any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army, or from their Agents, which shall grow
 due from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and Seven, other than
 the usual Deductions allowed by His Majesty's Regulations, and such other necessary Deductions as shall, from
 Time to Time, be directed by His Majesty, under His Royal Sign Manual.

XCIV. And, for the Enlargement of the due and well clothing of the Troops, be it hereby further
 enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, may, if
 he or they see cause, at the End of every Two Months, file the Money due for the Clothing of the
 several Regiments, Troops, and Companies, notwithstanding the Muster-rolls have not been duly returned;
 and the respective Paymasters are hereby directed to make Deductions of all OE- reckonings, and to pay the
 Loss as such Person or Persons or by or in case a regular Allowance for Clothes by him or them delivered to the
 said Regiment, Troop, or Company; and the Receipt of such Person or Persons having or being lawfully
 entitled to such Allowance, to be taken Time to Time taken for the same, and when so such Allowance
 appears, the OE- reckonings to remain in the Hands of the said Paymaster respectively, for the Use of the
 Regiment, Troop, or Company, until a new Contract for Cloathing, and Allowance, is made.

XCv. And be it further enacted, That if any Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment,
 Troop, or Company, shall unlawfully detain or withhold, by the Space of One Month, the Pay of any Officer
 or Soldier (Clothes and all other just Allowances being deducted), after such Pay shall be by him or them
 received; or if any Officers, having received their Soldiers Pay, shall refuse to pay such Non-commissioned
 Officer and Soldier their respective Pay, when it shall become due, according to the several Rates established by
 His Majesty's Orders, then upon Proof thereof before a Court-martial as aforesaid, to be for that Purpose duly
 held and summoned, every such Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk, so offending, shall be discharged from
 his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Informer upon Conviction before the said Court, One hundred Pounds,
 to be levied as aforesaid; and the Informer, if he demands it) shall be, and he is hereby discharged
 from any further Service, any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XCVI. And, for the better Execution hereof, and that a true and regular Account may be kept and
 rendered by the Agents of the several Regiments and Independent Troops and Companies, the said Agents are
 hereby required and directed to observe such Orders and Directions as shall from Time to Time be given by His
 Majesty, under His Sign Manual, or by His Majesty's Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by the Lord
 Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being; and if any Agent shall refuse or neglect to
 observe and comply with such Orders and Directions, he shall be discharged from his Office, and be utterly
 disabled to have or hold any such Office in His Majesty's Service.

XCvII. * And Whereas great Inconvenience has arisen to His Majesty's Service from Persons, not authorized
 * Agents of Regiments, Troops, or Companies negotiating for the Purchase and Sale of Commissions, and much
 * larger Sums than are allowed by His Majesty's Regulations are often given and received for Commissions, and
 * great Frauds committed; be it therefore enacted, That every Person not an authorized Agent of any Regi-
 ment, Troop, or Company, who shall negotiate or act as Agent for or in relation to the Purchase or Sale of

Non-commissioned
 in Debt, to be
 put under Dis-
 cipline.

Off-
 embezzling, or
 misapplying Money
 that he
 embezzled, and
 having been
 ordered to make
 good, and
 being liable to
 be seized by
 the said
 Court-martial
 or by any
 other
 Court.

Non-commission
 Officer who
 has embezzled
 Money, or
 misapplied it,
 for which he
 is liable, and
 is not
 reduced, &c.

No Paymaster,
 Sec. shall receive
 Deductions out
 of Pay.

Exception.

Treasury may
 file Money due
 for the Clothing
 of the Troops,
 notwithstanding
 the Muster-rolls
 have not been
 duly returned.

Paymaster shall
 deduct
 OE- reckonings.

Agents, Ac.
 detaining Officers
 or Soldiers Pay
 shall be
 discharged and
 forfeit £100.

Agents
 disobeying
 Orders shall
 be discharged.

Persons not
 authorized
 Persons
 negotiating the
 Sale of
 Commissions,
 or
 Ac.

Soldiers of such Troops, in the same Manner, and under the same Regulations and Penalties, as are directed by this Act to be observed in quartering and billeting the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's other Forces; and all Persons whose the Officers and Soldiers of the said Troops shall be legally quartered, residing in towns and parishes for them, as is directed for the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's other Forces, shall be subject to the same Penalties as in the Case of His Majesty's other Forces.

CV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be so construed to extend, so far as any of the Militia Forces or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, as to *Drugs, Geweils, Armes, Sack, or Muz,* or the like's thereof belonging, excepting only in so far as shall be directed by any Act or Acts for regulating any of the Militia Forces or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, the Provisions contained in this Act, or in any Act for punishing Mutiny and Disorders, which shall be then in force, are extended and meant to take place in respect to the Officers and Soldiers of the Militia in Great Britain and Ireland; and also extend so far as relates to the mauling of the said Militia Force according to the Provisions therein after mentioned.

CVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Regiment or Company of Militia and Reserve Men, who are embodied and in actual Service, shall be regularly commanded by one or more Officers appointed for that Purpose, in the same Manner and as often as the Roll of the Army is usually published; and the Magistrates shall have the same Powers and Authorities, and both Officers and Men shall be subject to the same Regulations, Restrictions, and Penalties, as are imposed on the Officers and Men of the Rest of the Army by virtue of this Act.

CVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be construed to extend to the Islands of *Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man,* and the Islands thereto belonging, as to the Classes therein for making and paying, and to the Penalties for the Trial and Punishment of Officers and Soldiers, who shall be charged with Mutiny or Disorders, or any other of the Offences which are by this Act declared to be punishable by the Sentence of a General, or Garrison, or Detachment, or Regimental Court-martial; and also to the Classes which relate to the Punishment of Persons who shall commit Disorders, or shall knowingly buy, exchange, or otherwise receive any Arms, Cloaths, Caps, or other Furnitures, belonging to the King, or any such Articles generally denominated Regimental Accoutrements, from any Soldier or Detachment, or who shall waste the Colouring of such Cloaths to be changed.

CVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Adverser, Bill, Pleist, or Suit, shall be brought against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter, or Thing, to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons, sued as aforesaid, to plead thereto the General Issue, that he or they are not guilty, and to give such Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury who shall try the Issue; which Special Matter being pleaded shall have a good and sufficient Matter in Law to have discharged the said Defendant or Defendants of the Trespass or other Mamage laid to him or their Charge; And in the Vindict shall give with the said Defendant or Defendants in any such Actions, the Pleist or Pleastis thereto a same Necessity, or suffer any Discontinuance thereof, that in every such Case the Justice or Justices, or such other Judge, before whom the said Matter shall be tried, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, allow unto the Defendant or Defendants his or their Triple Costs, which he or they shall have fulfilled by reason of their wrongful Verdicts in Defence of the said Actions or Suits; for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like Remedy as in other Cases where Costs by the Laws of this Realm are given to Defendants.

CIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bill, Pleist, Action, or Suit against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter or Thing to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, or against any Member or Member of a Court-martial, in respect of any Sentence of such Court, or of any Thing done by virtue or in pursuance of such Sentence, shall be brought in some of the Courts of Record at *Westminster, or in Dublin, or the Court of Sessions in Scotland,* and in no other Court whatsoever.

CX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, as any Part of His Majesty's Decisions, directly or indirectly, persuade or procure any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons for offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons who shall see for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender is convicted as aforesaid, both yet any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of One hundred Pounds, to pay and satisfy the same; or if from the Circumstances and Intention of the Offender it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Offender is not a sufficient Punishment for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months, without Bail or Surety, and also to send in the Prison for the Space of One Year, in some Market Town next adjoining to the Place where the Offence was committed in open Market there, or in the Market Town itself where the said Offence was committed.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties by this Act imposed, for perceiving or procuring any Soldier to desert within that Part of Great Britain called England, may and shall be sued for, and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster;* and for such like Offences as shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be sued for and recoverable in His Majesty's Courts of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such like Offences as shall be committed in Ireland, shall be sued for and recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for any such Offences as shall be committed in any of the Dominions of His Majesty, shall and may be sued for and recoverable in any Court

And shall extend to the Militia or Volunteers except in Cases specified by any Act [Sec 106.] Militia and Reserve Men in actual Service shall be regularly commanded under this Act.

In what Cases this Act shall extend to Jersey, Guernsey, &c.

Penalty laid upon persons who give the General Issue.

Triple Costs

All Suits shall be brought in some Court of Record.

Penalty on Persons for procuring Soldiers to desert, &c. &c.

And in certain Cases may be imprisoned and punished.

Such Penalties shall be recoverable in Courts of Law.

of Record of His Majesty, in the Place where the Offence shall be committed; and for such like Offence as shall have been committed within the Island of Guernsey, the same shall be done for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such Offences as shall be committed within the Island of Jersey, the same shall be done for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Jersey; and Things contained in an Act passed in the First Year of King Charles the First to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That for any of the said Offences as shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, the Peinable Laws enacted shall be done for and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Battle*; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isles of *Wolsey* and *S. M.*, the Peinable Laws enacted shall be done for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isle of *Mou*, the Peinable Laws enacted shall be done for and be recoverable in any of the Courts of Record in the said Island; or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Wolsey*.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Act shall be brought, or Provisions made or by virtue of this Act, for the Trial of any Offense, which shall be committed within Six Months after the Offense is committed.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXIV. And in order to prevent all Divisid that may arise in relation to providing Counsel and Offences committed against former Acts of Parliament under Great Britain and Ireland respectively, for punishing *Murder and Disturbance, and for the better Payment of the Army, and the better Regulation of the Customs, and of the Trade and Manufacture* by virtue of the same; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Crimes and Offences which have been committed against any Act for providing Matters and Delinquents, and for providing Payment of the Army and their Quarter, or against any of the Acts of War made and established by virtue of the same, shall and may, during the Continuance of this Act, be done for and be recoverable in any of the Courts of Record, as aforesaid, and provided before and by the like Courts, Persons, Process, Actions of Law, Writs, Motions, and Petitions, as the like Crimes and Offences committed against this Act may be required, if heard and determined, adjudged, and provided; And the Privilege of a Counselment upon any Trial, before any of the Authority of such former Act, shall not be diminished by the Extension of the same, but it shall be held to proceed to Judgment upon such Trial, and to every such Judgment and Execution, in the Manner as the Proceedings had by a Counselment under the Authority of the said Act.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXV. Provided also, That no Person shall be tried and punished for any Offense against any of the said Acts, or Articles of War, which shall appear to have been committed more than Three Years before the Making of the Commission or Warrant for such Trial, unless it be proved, by the Oath of the Jury, or by the Oath of the Judge, or by the Oath of the Jurors, that the same shall not have been committed in the said Period; in which Case such Person shall be liable to be tried at any Time, not exceeding Three Years after the Imprecation shall have expired.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXVI. And, for the more easy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it enacted, That in any such Person shall be convicted of any Offences by which they shall become liable to any of the punitive Provisions under this Act, the following shall be the Form of Conviction:

• County of } **B**E it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ at _____ in the County aforesaid, *A. B.* came before me (or us), one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said County, and informed me (or us), upon Oath that *G. H.* of _____ on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, at _____ in the said County, did (here set forth the Fact in the Manner as specified in the Statute); whereupon the said *G. H.* after being fully summoned to answer the said Charge, appeared before me (or us) the said Justice (or Justices) on the _____ Day of _____ in the said County, and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, I declared that he was not guilty of the said Offence; but the same being fully proved upon the Oath of *J. K.* a credible Witness, it manifestly appears to me (or us) the said Justice (or Justices), that by the said *G. H.* is guilty of the said Offense charged upon him in the said Information. It is therefore considered and adjudged by me (or us), the said Justice (or Justices), that by the said *G. H.* he committed, and is (or we) do hereby commit him of the Offense aforesaid; and I (or we) do hereby declare and adjudge that the said *G. H.* hath forfeited the Sum of _____ for the Offence aforesaid, to be distributed as the Law directs, according to the Statute in that Case made and provided.

RECORD OF THE OFFENSES, AND HOW THEY SHALL BE DONE FOR AND BE RECOVERABLE IN THE ISLANDS OF GUERNSEY AND JERSEY.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and continue in force, within Great Britain, from the Twenty-fourth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seven, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight; and shall be and continue in force within Ireland, from the Thirtieth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seven, until the First Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight; and shall be and continue in force in the Isles of *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney*, *Jersey*, and *Mou*, and the Islands thereto belonging, as in such Parts thereof is more in detail Proves respectively, from the Thirtieth Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seven, until the First Day of May in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight; and shall be and continue in force within the Counties of *Gloucester* and in His Majesty's other Dominions, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, from the Twenty-fourth Day of May in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight, until the Twentieth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nine.

XXVIII. Provided

XXVIII. Provided always, and he is enacted, That the AG. in so far as relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Soldiers and providing for their Houses, or for the Provision of Carriages, Horses, Boots, Barges, or other Vessels, and Muz, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

AG. or Prov.
may be altered
this Session.
[See cap. 54.]

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM OF OATH.

I do solemnly swear, if male, or state if of your, and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [State County Parish, Town, City] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia, or to any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines, and that I will serve His Majesty for the Period of [This Oath to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person making it is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen to be added to such Seven, Ten, or Twelve Years, as the Case may be] Years, provided His Majesty should for so long require my Service; and also for such further Term, not exceeding Six Months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer at any Foreign Station, and not exceeding Three Years as shall be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty: Provided always, that in the latter Case the said additional Period shall terminate whenever Six Months of continued Peace, to be reckoned from the Ratification of any Definitive Treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the Expiration of the said [Seven, Ten, or Twelve as the Case may be] Years.

SCHEDULE (B.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

I A. B. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of _____ (or Chief Magistrate of _____) do hereby certify that C. D. appearing to be _____ Years of age, Feet _____ inches high, _____ Complexion, _____ Eyes, _____ hair, came before me at _____ on the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____ and stated himself to be of the Age of _____ Years, and that he had as Captain, and was not troubled with Fits, and was so ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness, or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice; and acknowledges that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Beauty of _____ to serve His Majesty King George the Third, in the _____ Regiment of _____ and did engage to serve for the Period of [This Oath to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person making it is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen to be added to such Seven, Ten, or Twelve Years, as the Case may be] Years, provided His Majesty should for so long require his Service; and also for such further Period as His Majesty shall please to direct, not to exceed in any Case Three Years, and to determine whenever Six Months shall have elapsed of continued Peace subsequent to the Expiration of the Term of [Seven, or Ten, or Twelve] Years. And I do hereby certify, That in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Edition, and the First Article of the Sixth Edition of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath above set forth; and that he received the Sum of _____ us being attested, and that I have given to the said C. D. a Duplicate of this Certificate, signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (C.)

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE, 39 Geo. III. c. 29.

I A. B. being called to serve, either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according to His Majesty's said Statute in that behalf made, do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George; and that I will, as in my Duty bound, defend him in His Person, Crown, and Dignity, against all His Enemies; and that so long as I shall remain in His Majesty's Service, I will duly observe and obey His Majesty's Orders and the Orders of the Generals and Officers set over me by His Majesty; and that if His Majesty shall please to appoint me to serve in the Forces of the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, then I swear that I will also be true to the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.

SCHEDULE (D.)

To wit } I That One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of certify, That
 Complexion, Eyes, aged Hair, came before me at Feet on the Inches high
 Day of
 One thousand eight hundred and and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted
 himself for the Bounty of to serve either in His Majesty's Army, or in the Service of the King
 of the Indies Company, according as His Majesty's said Statute in that behalf.
 of the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Session, and the First Article of the Sixth Session of the
 Acts of War, against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him; that he took the Oath of Allegiance
 prescribed by the Act of 39 Geo. III. c. 109. to be taken instead of the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the
 said Article of War, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he incurred the Sum of
 as being attested.

SCHEDULE (E.)

FORM OF MASTER'S OATH.

I was bound to serve as an Apprentice to me in the said Trade, by Indenture, dated the Day of
 for the Term of Years; and that the said did so or about the Day
 of above and quit my Service without my Consent, and that, to the best of my Knowledge and
 Belief, the said is aged about Years. Witness my Hand, at the
 Day of One thousand eight hundred and
 Seven before me at this
 Day of One thousand eight }
 hundred and

SCHEDULE (F.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

To wit } I of One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of certify, That
 hundred and and made Oath, that he was by Trade a and that One thousand
 to serve as an Apprentice to less in the said Trade by Indenture, dated the Day of
 of the Term of Years; and that the said Apprentice did so or about the Day of
 above and quit the Service of the said without his Consent, and that to the best of his Knowledge
 and Belief the said Apprentice is aged about Years. A. B.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[23d March 1807.]

[This Act is similar to an Act passed, (except the Date) to 46 Geo. 3. c. 8.—in the Reference there.—Continuation
 of an Act in Great Britain 25th March 1802.—In Ireland 1st April 1802.]

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act for continuing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, an
 Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, * for allowing, under certain Restrictions, the
 bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Cakes, or Cinders, to London and Wexford, by Island
 Navigation. [23d March 1807.]

[This Act is the same in all Respects, (except the Date), as 46 G. 3. c. 204. by which the Act 45 G. 3. was
 previously continued.]

C A P. XXXV.

An Act to secure the Payment of the Duties on Licences granted to Persons in Ireland dealing in
 Excisable Commodities. [23d March 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make Provision for the securing the Payment of the Duties on Licences
 to Persons in Ireland dealing in Excisable Commodities, and engaged in the several Occasions
 herein-after mentioned, and to regulate the granting of such Licences in Manner herein-after mentioned:
 Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of
 the Lords spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of

of the same. That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seven, as Aforesaid in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *AN ACT for the better Regulating of Licences in respect to Perfumes in Ireland* during the said Session, and engaged in the several Obligations therein mentioned, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, except so far as may concern or relate to the practitioners, being for, recovering, or keeping any Tax, Penalty, or Forfeiture for any Offence against the said Act committed as or before the said Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seven.

It And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or for any One of them, or for any Person or Persons to be for that Purpose appointed by the said Commissioners, or by any Three of them, to grant any Licence or Licences to any Person or Persons in *Ireland*, for any of the respective Purposes herein-after mentioned; that is to say,

- To manufacture Tobacco in any Manner;
 - To deal in unmanufactured Tobacco, except as a Wholesale Importer only;
 - To sell by retail, or otherwise deal in Coffee; except Importers thereof, or Persons licensed to sell Tea or Groceries;
 - To manufacture Candles and Soap, or either of them for Sale;
 - To manufacture Paper Hangings for Sale;
 - To sell Paper Hangings not being the Manufacture thereof;
 - To keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits and Strong Waters;
 - To keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper;
 - To brew or make for Sale any Lager called *Sweet or Made Wine*;
 - To make Mergolis or Mead for Sale;
 - To make Vinegar for Sale;
 - To sell Tea and Groceries, or either of them (including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins, and Fig) by Retail;
 - To sell or make Gold or Silver Plate;
 - To keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or to tan Leather;
 - To dress Hides and Skins in Oil;
 - To make Villan or Parchment;
 - To sell or retail any Liquors in Quantities not less than Two Gallons, and not exceeding Fifty Gallons;
 - To sell Home-made Spirits on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller;
 - To sell spirits not being Home-made Spirits, on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, the Person so selling not being an In-ventor of such Spirits;
 - To exercise the Trade or Business of a Drainer or Worker in Brass, Tin, Copper, or other Metal, for making of Bells, still Heads, and Worms of Stills;
 - To make Malt Mashes and make Malt for Sale, or to be used in any Brewery or Distillery;
 - To sell Malt, the Party selling the same not being licensed to make Malt;
 - To brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer, for Sale;
 - To keep a Tavern, Hotel, Club House, or Coffee House;
 - To sell by Auction;
 - To make Glass Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils of common Bottle Metal;
 - To exercise the Trade or Calling of a Hawker, Pedlar, Porty-Chapman, or other trading Person, going from Place to Place in *Ireland*, and travelling either on Foot or with Hacks, or other Sort of Carriages, or otherwise carrying to sell, or exposing to Sale, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, and also to travelling Fishers, and Carriers of Iron and Metal, and to Persons travelling about Tea or Coffee for Sale;
 - To carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker, or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty;
 - To carry on the Trade of selling Carriages chargeable with Duty by way of Auction or on Commission;
 - To let to Hire any Hacks for the Purpose of travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage;
- And that so such Licences shall be granted by any Person or Persons other than the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any One of them, or by some Person or Persons for that Purpose appointed by the said Commissioners or any Three of them; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all such Licences shall be contained and set forth the Purpose of such Licences, the Name and Residence of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, with the Date of giving the same, and the Date for which the same shall be in Force, in such Manner and Form, as may from Time to Time be for that Purpose directed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*; and the several Collectors of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, in their respective Districts, or any other Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or by any One of them, shall and may, upon the Payment of the Duty payable by Law on such Licences, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty, give and grant such Licences, in such Manner as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall from Time to Time direct, to the Person paying the said Duty, and the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound thereof, without any further Fee or Reward whatsoever.

41 G. 3. c. 21. repealed, except so far as Permits mentioned.

Collected Licences may be granted by the Commissioners of Excise, or Three of them appointed by Statute.

General laws Licences.

Collectors may give such Licences on Payment of Duty, and 1s. in the Pound.

Collector shall account for the same to the Treasury.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Collector and other Person authorized to grant such Licences, and to receive the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Account of the Duty payable, in respect of such Licence as aforesaid, shall keep a separate Account thereof, and shall account for, and shall remit and pay the Account of the said Sum of One Shilling to the Receiver of the said Taxes, and of the Moneys, as by Law, full Collector or other Person ought to account for, remit, and pay for the said Duty, and under such other Regulations as the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Treasurers shall from Time to Time direct; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Comptroller of Licences

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Licences aforesaid shall continue in force until the Twenty-fifth Day of March next after the Date of such Licences respectively, and so longer, except such Licence as shall be granted to Brewers, Makers of Malt, and Refiners or Compounders of Spirituous Liquors, which shall respectively continue in force until the Twenty-sixth Day of September next after the Date thereof, and so longer.

Licences to Potatoes.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Persons in Partnership, and carrying on Trade or Business in one House or Shop only, shall not be obliged to take out more than One Licence; and that no such Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act, shall authorize any Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to deal in, make, manufacture, sell, or keep for sale, any of the Articles or Things herein-before mentioned, in any other House or Place than the House or Place mentioned in such Licence as the House or Place where he, she, or they respectively did deal in, make, or manufacture, or sell, or keep the said respective Articles or Things at the Time of granting such Licence.

Provision for a new Reg. Trade, dec. without being licensed 181.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person aforesaid shall take out such respective Licence before such Person shall deal in, make, manufacture, sell, or keep for Sale as aforesaid, or engage to Sell any of the said respective Articles and Things, or carry on any Business, Profession, Trade or Calling, for which a Licence is required; and if any Person shall deal in, make, sell or keep for Sale, any of the said respective Articles or Things, or shall engage any such Business, Profession, Trade, or Calling, without having taken out such Licence respectively, and having the same in force, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Persons requiring to be licensed shall give a Note of their Names, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person requiring any such Licence, shall deliver to the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or to the Person or Persons authorized to grant such Licences, a Note in Writing, setting forth his, her, or their Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, specifying the House or other Place, and the Situation thereof, where such Person or Persons is or are desirous to be licensed.

Penalty on forging Licences, &c. 105

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge, alter, or counterfeit, or shall cause to be forged, altered, or counterfeited any Licence for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or shall produce or make use of, or cause to be produced or made use of as a true Licence any such forged, altered, or counterfeited Licence, or any Paper purporting to be a Licence in force and not being such Licence in force, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Persons licensed shall put up Boards in their Shops, &c. 101.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland who shall deal in, sell, make, or manufacture any Article, or keep any Manufactory, Place, or Thing, or exercise, or carry on any Trade, Business, or Calling, or do any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned, and for which a Licence is required by Law, shall cause to be painted on a Board, with Letters publicly visible and legible, in such One Inch long, in White upon a Black Ground, or Black upon a White Ground, his, her, or their Name or Names respectively, in full Length and after such Name, the Words "Licensed," adding thereto, "to sell," or "to manufacture," or "to deal in," or "to brew," or "to make," the Article or Thing, or "to keep," the Manufactory, Place, or Thing, or "to carry on and exercise," the Trade, Business, Profession, or Calling, as aforesaid of which the Party shall be so licensed, as the Case may require, specifying the Article, Thing, Manufactory, Place, Trade, Business, Profession, or Calling which such Person shall by such Licence be empowered to deal in, sell, manufacture, brew, make, keep, or carry on or exercise respectively, in such Form of Words as may from Time to Time be directed by the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or any Three of them; and such Person shall also cause the said Board to be affixed in some conspicuous Place on the Outside of the Front of his or her House, Shop, or Manufactory respectively, not more than Three Feet from the Top of the Shop Door, or Front or Outside Door of such House or Manufactory; and every such Person shall provide and keep up such Board as aforesaid, during the Continuance of such Licence, or in Default of affixing such Board, or keeping the same, so aforesaid, every such Person shall forfeit respectively, for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Persons authorized shall not be licensed and 100.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall brew Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, without having taken out such Licence as by this Act is directed, or without having a Licence for that Purpose of Beer, every such Person or Persons besides forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds as aforesaid, shall forfeit all Coppers, Vessels, Utensils, and Materials for brewing; and all Porter or Strong Beer, or Ale, or Small Beer brewed in the Possession of such Person, shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

And to be licensed by Brewers.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be given to any Person to brew Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale, or Small Beer, for sale, unless such Person shall have first returned into a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, to be approved of by the Purvisers of such Licence, conditioned that such Brewer shall not brew or sell any Raw or Unmalted Corn as brewing any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, and shall not let out to Hire or lend any Brewhouse, Brewing Pan, or Utensil for Brewing, for the Purpose of brewing any Porter, or Ale, or suffer any Person to use the Brewhouse of such Person, or any Brewing Pan or other Utensil for brewing thereof.

XIII. And

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale, or Small Beer, for Sale, shall be out of the County of any Brewhouse, Brewing Pass, or Utensil for brewing, for the Purpose of brewing Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, or shall suffer any Person to sell his or her Brewhouse, or any Brewing Pass, or other Utensil for brewing therein, every such Person so letting out to Hire, or lending or suffering to be used any such Brewhouse, Brewing Pass, or Utensil, and the Person to whom a House shall be let out to Hire, or let, or by whom the same shall be used, shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every Brewing Pass or other Utensil which shall be let out, loan, or used, shall be forfeited, and may be seized; and it shall not and may be lawful for the Person or Persons so letting out to Hire, or lending or suffering to be used, any Brewhouse, Brewing Pass, or Utensil, or for the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be let out to Hire or let, or who shall make use of the same, (in the Case may be) if summoned as a Witness on the Part of the Informer, (or if the Person or Persons so letting out to Hire, or lending such Brewhouse, Brewing Pass, or Utensil, or the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be let out or let, or by whom the same shall be used, shall be the Informer or Informers,) to go to Evidence upon the Trial of any Law, upon any such Bond or any Information for any such Penalty or Forfeiture, and in case of Appearance upon any such Bond, or Conviction upon such Information, the Person or Persons so giving Evidence shall be discharged of and from the Penalty by him or her incurred.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no License shall be given to any Person as a Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, or other trading Person going from Place to Place in Ireland, travelling either on Foot or with a Horse, or other Beast of Burden, or otherwise, carrying a Bill or exposing to Sale any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or to any travelling Tasker or Collee of Iron and Metal, or to any Person hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale, unless such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, shall at the Time of receiving the same, declare to the Person to whom such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, shall apply for his Name or Names, Age and Place or Places of Abode, and also have and in such Muster Book Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, initials to be struck, traced, and truly, whether on Foot or with One Horse, or on any other Horse or other Beast or Beasts of Burden; and if any such Hawker, or any Pedlar thereof, shall be false or untrue, the Party making the same shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the Person granting such License or Licenses required to make in such License, or to make therein, the Age, Places of Abode, and particular Description of such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, in whose, and the Date when such License shall be granted; and so such License shall be void, or be deemed a License with the Meaning of this Act unless such Indorsement thereon, or Entry therein shall be respectively made in the Muster Books; and if any such Indorsement or Entry shall be made in consequence of any such false or untrue Indorsement.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in respect whereof or of any of them, any Person or Persons is or are required to take out a License which shall be carrying or carried about for Sale, or sold or exposed to Sale by any Person who shall not have a License, or shall not on Demand of any Justice of the Peace, or any Officer or Officer produce a License in force, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Justice or Officer; and it may be lawful for any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other Person full out upon the same made by any Peace Officer, or Officer of Excise, produce or have immediately with him such Officer demanding the same, his or her License or Licenses for trading in force; every such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other Person, being thereof duly convicted before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place in which such Officer shall be committed, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any such Justice of the Peace; the same to be paid Informer, and for Non-payment thereof such Officer shall be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction, for any Time not exceeding Three Weeks nor less than Ten Days.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prohibit any Person or Persons (other than and except travelling Taskers, Collee of Iron and Metal) from carrying abroad, exposing to Sale, and selling any Goods or Wares made or manufactured by him or her, or his or her Husband or Wife or Child, or Apprentice or Apprentices, Journeyman or Journeywomen, Master or Mistresses, at any public Fair, Market, or elsewhere, nor to prevent any Cooper, Glazier, Plumber, Tasker, or Mosaic Maker, from going about in order to exercise their proper Trades, or from carrying with him or them proper Materials for exercising the same; nor to prohibit any Person or Persons from carrying about manufactured or unmanufactured Wares, wares or worked Goods, or from exposing the same to Sale in any Fair, Market or other Place; nor to prohibit or restrain any Person or Persons from selling or exposing to Sale, in any Place or Places whatsoever, any Flax, Taw, Hemp, Flaxen Yarn, or Thread, or any Manufacture or Article made in Ireland, of Flax or of Cotton, or of both or either mixed or unsewed, in as such Person or Persons shall not at the same Time carry or expose to Sale any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, other than such as they are hereby allowed to carry and expose to Sale respectively.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise, whether any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise as, taxed by virtue of this Act, are of the Growth or Manufacture of Ireland, the Proof that they were of such Growth or Manufacture, shall be upon the Oath or Oaths of such Goods, and not on the Oath of who shall take the same.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to give any Power for licensing any Hawker or Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, to sell or expose to Sale any Wares or Merchandise in any City, Borough, Town Corporation, or Market Town in Ireland, otherwise than such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, might have done before the passing of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And

Proviso as to trading Brewhouses, and Brewing Passes, and other Utensils for brewing, shall be construed.

Hawker and Pedlar Act, passed in the 11th year of King George III. shall be construed as to the meaning of the words "any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise" in the 15th section of the Act.

Goods carried or sold by Hawkers, or other Persons, shall be construed as to the meaning of the words "any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise" in the 15th section of the Act.

Not to prevent Pedlar (travelling Tasker) from selling or exposing to Sale any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or from carrying with him or them proper Materials for exercising the same; nor to prohibit any Person or Persons from carrying about manufactured or unmanufactured Wares, wares or worked Goods, or from exposing the same to Sale in any Fair, Market or other Place; nor to prohibit or restrain any Person or Persons from selling or exposing to Sale, in any Place or Places whatsoever, any Flax, Taw, Hemp, Flaxen Yarn, or Thread, or any Manufacture or Article made in Ireland, of Flax or of Cotton, or of both or either mixed or unsewed, in as such Person or Persons shall not at the same Time carry or expose to Sale any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, other than such as they are hereby allowed to carry and expose to Sale respectively.

Proof that Goods are of the Growth or Manufacture of Ireland, shall be upon the Oath or Oaths of such Goods, and not on the Oath of who shall take the same.

Not to extend to give any Power for licensing any Hawker or Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, to sell or expose to Sale any Wares or Merchandise in any City, Borough, Town Corporation, or Market Town in Ireland, otherwise than such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, might have done before the passing of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons selling
elsewhere than
within their own
Wards, &c.
are deemed
Hawkers.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall convey Goods, Wares, or Merchandise in respect whereof, Hawkers, Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen, would, under the Provisions of this Act, require to be licensed, and sell and expose the same in Shops, Rooms, Warehouses, or other Places, in Cities, Towns, and Places, when they are not wholly resident, and all Persons who shall carry and convey such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise to publick Streets and Places, in the Cities, Towns, Ports, and other Places in England, where they respectively reside, not adjoining to their Dwelling Houses, or other Apartments, and sell and expose the same to Sale, upon Streets, Markets, Fairs, Booths, Bells, or other Places; and all Persons under the Dispensation of Leather Sellers, or Leather Cutters, who hawk about from Town to Town, or sell or expose in Cities or Towns Corporations, and in Fairs, Markets, or other Places, any Parcel or Parcel of Leather in Booths, Stalls, Standings, or otherwise; and all Persons who shall in any Place in England, except in the City of Dublin, or within Five Miles thereof, hawk about old Clothes, or sell or expose to Sale old Cloth, as in any Strail, Shed, Booth, Stall, or other Place, shall be deemed Hawkers, Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen, and shall be liable to be seized, by the Provisions, Provisions, and Penalties by Law enacted, or to be treated, respecting Hawkers, Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen.

Separate
Licences for
every Year, to
Hawkers, Pedlars,
&c. and Strals.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman shall take out a separate and distinct Licence for each and every Person who shall be employed, whether servant or other Person in Company or otherwise with such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman to carry, sell, expose, or vend, or Parcels of Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, separate or distinct from the Parcels of selling or trading with the same; and also that every Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, before he take out a Licence for one Horse, or Bull, or Beasts of Burthen, shall take out and pay for a separate and distinct Licence for each Horse or Beast of Burthen, and every Person, whether servant or otherwise, in whose separate and distinct Licence shall not be taken out a separate Licence for each and every Horse or Beast of Burthen which he or she shall make use of or drive, shall be liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted upon Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, and others trading without Licence.

Travellers with
Hundred Weights
shall be only
to carry
more than One
Hundred.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person who shall carry about any Tons or Griddles made of Cast Iron or Cast Metal, or shall expose the same to Sale in any Fair, Market, or other Place, as in such Person shall not in the same Year carry or expose to Sale, other Goods, Wares, or Merchandise than such Tons and Griddles shall be subject for his or her Licence to a greater or higher Duty than as a Petty Chapman, although such Person or Persons shall or may travel with One or more Horse or Horses, or other Bull or Beasts of Burthen.

Each Part
Licence shall
not be only to
Carry, and
Hawk Licence
to Sell Goods.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no more Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall by virtue of this Act, be hawked about for Sale in aforesaid, than One hundred Weight for each Part Licence, or one Hundred Weight for each Horse or other Beast of Burthen Licence, including the Packings or Boxes in which such Goods may be conveyed respectively; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that if any Person shall respectively carry or expose to be carried more than the foregoing respective Weights, such Person shall forfeit for each Hundred Weight exceeding the same, the Sum of Twenty eight Shillings, and so in Proportion for any lesser Quantity.

Penalty on
trading Licences,
Forfeiture of
Licence and
Goods.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Licence to any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person, shall be lent to any Person, or be used by any Person other than the Person to whom the same shall be granted, such Licence from thenceforth shall be void and of no Effect; and all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise found in the Possession of the Person using the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Justice of the Peace or any Officer of the Law.

Sum of Persons
licensed to sell
Spirits in any
Quantity of
Two Gallons
and upwards.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be granted by any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantities whatsoever not less than Two Gallons, unless the Person applying for the same shall have entered into Security or Bond, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with Two Sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds each, in such each Person shall be licensed to sell in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, and in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds with Two Sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, in such each Person shall be licensed to sell in Quantities not more than Fifty Gallons, which security respectively shall be approved of by the Person granting such Licence, and which Bond, the Person granting such Licence is hereby empowered to take for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, conditioned that the Party to be licensed shall not sell or deliver out any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity at One Time less than Two Gallons or in any Quantity greater than that in which the said Party shall be licensed and authorized to sell, and that such Person to be licensed shall not sell any Liquors to be used or consumed in any Fire House or Privies, and that such Person to be licensed shall not knowingly receive or sell, or permit or suffer to be received or sold, for his or her Use or Benefit, Account or Profit, any Spirits, the full or other chargeable whereas have not been paid, or which shall not have been duly and legally permitted and attended with proper Duties to him or her, and that such Person to be licensed shall not nor will knowingly sell or deliver any Spirits to any Person selling Spirits by Retail, unless such Person shall be duly licensed therein: Provided always, that no Person shall be received as a Surety in any such Bond, unless he shall give upon Oath to the Satisfaction of the Party granting such Licence, that he is a Householder, and worth the Sum in which he shall be Surety, above all his just Debts.

Penalty on Per-
sons selling in
Quantities less
or greater than
such Licence
allows.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in England, except a licensed Retailer, shall sell any Spirits in any Quantity less than Two Gallons, or if any Person in Ireland except a licensed Distiller, or a Person licensed to sell Spirits in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, shall sell any Spirits in any Quantity greater than Fifty Gallons, such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXVI. And

One hundred Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain for every Slave therein sold, taken, or transferred, or conveyed or agreed for as aforesaid, the One Half to be divided to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of any Person who shall inform, see, and prosecute for the same.

With respect to His Majesty's Colonies, &c. carrying on the Slave Trade, &c. shall be inserted.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Full Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall be unlawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, or any Person or Persons resident within this United Kingdom, or any of the Islands, Colonies, Dominions, or Territories thereto belonging, or in His Majesty's Possession or Occupation, to fit out, man, or equip, or to procure to be fitted out, manned, or equipped, or to be concerned in the fitting out, manning, or equipping, or in the procuring to be fitted out, manned, or equipped, any Ship or Vessel for the Purpose of sailing to, or being employed in the carrying on of the African Slave Trade, or in any other the Docking, Trading, or Commerce hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful, and every Ship or Vessel which shall, from and after the Day aforesaid, be fitted out, manned, equipped, staid, or employed by any such Subject or Subjects, Person or Persons, or on his or their Account, or by his or their Assistance or Procurement for any of the Purposes aforesaid, and by this Act prohibited, together with all her Boats, Guns, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall become forfeited, and may and shall be seized and prosecuted as hereinafter is mentioned and provided.

With respect to His Majesty's Colonies, &c. carrying on the Slave Trade, &c. shall be inserted.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Full Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall be unlawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, or any Person or Persons resident in this United Kingdom, or in any of the Colonies, Territories, or Dominions thereto belonging, or in His Majesty's Possession or Occupation, to carry away or remove, or knowingly and wilfully to procure, sell, or sell in the carrying away or removing, as Slave, or for the Purpose of being sold, transferred, staid, or dealt with as Slave, any of the Subjects or Inhabitants of Africa, or of any Island, Country, Territory, or Place in the West Indies, or any other Part of America whatsoever, not being in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, either immediately or by Transhipment at Sea or otherwise, directly or indirectly from Africa, or from any such Island, Country, Territory, or Place as aforesaid, to any other Island, Country, Territory, or Place whatever, and that it shall also be unlawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, or any Person or Persons resident in this United Kingdom, or in any of the Colonies, Territories, or Dominions thereto belonging, or in His Majesty's Possession or Occupation, knowingly and wilfully to receive, detain, or confine on board, or to be aiding, assisting, or concerned in the receiving, detaining, or confining on board of any Ship or Vessel whatever, any such Subject or Inhabitant as aforesaid, for the Purpose of his or her being so carried away or removed as aforesaid, or of his or her being sold, transferred, staid, or dealt with as a Slave, in any Place or Country whatever; and if any Subject or Inhabitant, Subjects or Inhabitants of Africa, or of any Island, Country, Territory, or Place in the West Indies or America, not being in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, shall from and after the Day aforesaid, be so unlawfully carried away or removed, detained, confined, transhipped, or received on board of any Ship or Vessel belonging in the Whole or in Part to, or employed by any Subject of His Majesty, or Person residing in His Majesty's Dominion or Colonies, or any Territory belonging to or in the Occupation of His Majesty, for any of the unlawful Purposes aforesaid, contrary to the Force and Effect, true Intent and Meaning of the Prohibitions in this Act contained, every such Ship or Vessel in which any such Person or Person shall be so unlawfully carried away or removed, detained, confined, transhipped, or received on board for any of the said unlawful Purposes, together with all her Boats, Guns, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall be forfeited, and all Property or pretended Property in any Slave or Names of Slave to be unlawfully carried away or removed, detained, confined, transhipped or received on board, shall also be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized and prosecuted as hereinafter is mentioned and provided; and every Subject of His Majesty, or Person resident within this United Kingdom, or any of the Islands, Colonies, Dominions, or Territories thereto belonging, or in His Majesty's Possession or Occupation, who shall, as Owner, Part Owner, Freightor or Shipper, Factor or Agent, Captain, Mate, Supercargo, or Surgeon, be unlawfully carry away, or remove, detain, confine, tranship, or receive on board, or be aiding or assisting, or removing, detaining, confining, transshipping, or receiving on board, for any of the unlawful Purposes aforesaid, any such Subject or Inhabitant of Africa, or of any Island, Country, Territory, or Place, not being in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, shall forfeit and pay for each and every Slave or Person so unlawfully carried away, removed, detained, confined, transhipped, or received on board, the Sum of One hundred Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of any Person who shall inform, see, and prosecute for the same.

With respect to His Majesty's Colonies, &c. carrying on the Slave Trade, &c. shall be inserted.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Subject or Inhabitant, Subjects or Inhabitants of Africa, or of any Island, Country, Territory, or Place, not being in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, who shall, at any Time from and after the Day aforesaid, have been unlawfully carried away or removed from Africa, or from any Island, Country, Territory, or Place in the West Indies or America, not being in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, contrary to any of the Prohibitions or Provisions in this Act contained, shall be impetred or brought into any Island, Colony, Plantation, or Territory, in the Dominion, Possession, or Occupation of His Majesty, and there sold or disposed of as a Slave or Slaves, or placed, detained, or kept in a State of Slavery, such Subject or Inhabitant, Subjects or Inhabitants, so unlawfully carried away, removed or impetred, shall and may be seized and prosecuted, as directed to His Majesty, by such Person or Persons, in such Courts, and in such Manner and Form, as any Goods or Merchandise unlawfully imported into Great Britain, Colonies, Plantations, or Territory, may now be seized and prosecuted therein by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force for regulating the Navigation and Trade of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, and shall and may, after his or their Conviction, be disposed of in Manner hereinafter mentioned and provided.

Owners, &c. shall be inserted.

Subjects of Africa, &c. shall be inserted.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven, all Infrancements whatsoever to be effected upon or in respect to any of the trading, docking, carrying, transiting, transshipping, or other Trafficks by this Act prohibited, shall be also prohibited and declared to be unlawful; and if any of His Majesty's Subjects, or any Person or Persons resident within the United Kingdom, or within any of the Manx, Colonies, Dominions, or Territories, the Towns belonging, or in His Majesty's Possession or Occupation, shall knowingly and wilfully subscribe, effect, or make, or cause to be effected, or procure to be effected, or made, any such unlawful Infrancements or Infrancements, or if any Person or Persons do pay for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, for every such Infrancement, and also Twelve Pence for every such Offence to be paid as the Penalties of any such Infrancements, the One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of any Person who shall sue, sue, and prosecute for the same.

VI. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to prohibit or render unlawful the docking or trading in the Pacifick, Sth, Easte, or Westerly, or the carrying away or removing for the Purpose of being sold, transferred, used, or dealt with as Slaves, or the detaining or confining for the Purpose of being so carried away or removed, of any Slaves which shall be captured, carried, or removed from Africa, in any Ship or Vessel which, on or before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seven, shall have been lawfully carried out from Great Brittain according to the Law now in force for regulating the carrying of Slaves from Africa, or to prohibit or render unlawful the carrying or conveying any such Ship or Vessel, or to make void any Infrancements therein, in as the Slaves to be carried therein shall be finally landed in the West India or on before the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, which provision by Captaun, the Loss of the Vessel, by the Appearance of an Enemy upon the Coast, or other unavoidable Necessity, the Proof whereof shall be upon the Party charged; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And Whereas it may happen, That during the present or future Wars, Ships or Vessels may be seized or detained as Prize, or be sold whenon Slaves or Natives of Africa, carried and detained as Slaves, being the Property of His Majesty's Emperour, or otherwise liable to Condemnation as Prize of War, may be taken or found, and it is enacted, and it is declared, that whosoever such Slaves or Natives of Africa shall be hereafter treated and disposed of, And Whereas it is also necessary to direct and provide for the Treatment and Disposal of any such Slaves or Natives of Africa carried, removed, treated or dealt with as Slaves, who shall be unlawfully carried away or removed contrary to the Provisions aforesaid, or any of them, and shall be afterwards found on board any Ship or Vessel liable to Seizure under this Act, or any other Act of Parliament made for releasing or prohibiting the African Slave Trade, or shall be elsewhere lawfully seized as forfeited under this or any other Act of Parliament as aforesaid; and it is enacted to encourage the Captors, Seizers, and Prosecutors thereof: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Slaves and all Natives of Africa, treated, dealt with, carried, kept or detained as Slaves, which shall at any Time from and after the said First Day of May next be found or taken as Prize of War, or liable to Forfeiture, under this or any other Act of Parliament made for releasing or prohibiting the African Slave Trade, shall and may, for the Purpose only of Return, Redemption, and Condemnation as Prize or as Forfeited ware, be sold, sold, taken, and adjudged as Slaves and Property, in the same Manner as Negro Slaves have been heretofore considered, treated, taken, and adjudged, when found as Prize of War, or as forfeited for any Offence against the Laws of Trade and Navigation respectively; but the same shall be considered as Prize of War, or as forfeited to the sole Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Purpose only of selling and having all other Property, Rights, Title, or Interest whatsoever, which before seized, or might afterwards be set up or claimed in or to such Slaves or Natives of Africa so seized, captured, and condemned; and the same aforesaid shall in no case be liable to be sold, disposed of, treated or dealt with as Slaves, by or on the Part of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by or on the Part of any Person or Persons claiming or to claim from, by, or under His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or under or by leave of any such Sentence of Condemnation: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and their Officers, Civil or Military, as shall, by any general or special Order of the King in Council, be from Time to Time appointed and empowered to receive, provide, and provide for such Natives of Africa as shall be so condemned, either to enter and sell the same, or any of them, into His Majesty's Land or Sea Service, as Soldiers, Seamen, or Marines, or to bind the same, or any of them, whether of full Age or not, as Apprentices, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, to such Person or Persons, in such Place or Places, and upon such Terms and Conditions, and subject to such Regulations, as to His Majesty shall seem meet, and as shall by any general or special Order of His Majesty in Council be in that behalf directed and appointed; and any Indenture of Apprenticeship duly made and executed, by any Person or Persons to be in that Purpose appointed by any such Order in Council, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, shall be of the same Force and Effect as if the Party thereby bound as an Apprentice had himself or herself, when of full Age upon good Consideration, duly executed the same; and every such Native of Africa who shall be so enlisted or entered as aforesaid into any of His Majesty's Land or Sea Forces as a Soldier, Seaman, or Marine, shall be considered, treated, and dealt with in all Respects as if he had voluntarily so enlisted or entered himself.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where any Slave or Native of Africa, taken as Prize of War by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or Persons duly commissioned, shall be finally adjudged as so by His Majesty's Use as aforesaid, there shall be paid to the Captors thereof by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, in like Manner as the Bounty called Head Money is now paid by virtue of this Act of Parliament, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, according to the Act for the Encouragement thereof, and for the better and more effectually managing His Majesty's Navy during the present Wars, such Bounty as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall have directed by any Order in Council, to be in the same, shall and may extend the Sum of Forty

L 4

Pounds

Part of lawful Money of Great Britain for every Man, or Three Pounds like Money for every Woman, or Ten Pounds like Money for every Child or Person not above Fifteen Years old, that shall be so taken and condemned, and shall be delivered over in good Health to the proper Officer or Officers, Civil or Military, to be so used as aforesaid to receive, protect, and provide for the same; which Officers shall be divided amongst the Officers, Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers on board His Majesty's Ships of War, or hired armed Ships, in Masses, Fens, and Provinces, as by His Majesty's Proclamations for granting the Distribution of Prizes aforesaid stand, or to be directed for that Purpose is or shall be directed and appointed, and amongst the Officers, Officers, and Seamen of any private Ship or Vessel of War, in such Masses and Provinces as, by an Agreement in Writing that they shall have entered into for that Purpose, shall be directed.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in order to entitle the Captives to receive the said Bounty Money, the Names of Men, Women, and Children, so taken, so detained, and delivered over, shall be posted to the Commanders of His Majesty's Navy, by producing, without the Oaths and Certificates prescribed by the said Act in respect of Men, Women, and Children, duly certified of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation, whereby the Numbers of Men, Women, and Children, so taken and condemned, shall appear to have been duly provided; and also, by producing a Certificate under the Hand of the said Officer or Officers, Military or Civil, as aforesaid, and to whom the same first have been delivered, acknowledging that he or they first so named have received the same, to be disposed of according to His Majesty's Instructions and Regulations as aforesaid.

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in any Cases in which Doubts shall arise whether the Prize or Prizes claiming such Bounty Money is or are entitled thereto, the same shall be lawfully determined by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or by the Judge of any Court of Admiralty in which the Prize shall have been adjudged, subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the Lords Commissioners of Appeals in Prize Causes.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That on the Condemnation to the Life of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Marine aforesaid, of any Slaves or Natives of Africa, seized and prosecuted as aforesaid for any Offence against the Act, or any other Act of Parliament made for restraining or prohibiting the African Slave Trade (except in the Case of Slaves made at Sea by the Commanders or Officers of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War) there shall be paid to and to the Use of the Person who shall have seized, informed, and prosecuted the same to Condemnation, the Sum of Twenty Pounds lawful Money aforesaid for every Man, of Ten Pounds like Money for every Woman, and of Three Pounds like Money for every Child or Person under the Age of Fifteen Years, that shall be so condemned and delivered over in good Health to the said Civil or Military Officer to be so employed to receive, protect, and provide for the same, and also the like Sums to and to the Use of the Governor or Commander in Chief of any Colony, or Plantation wherein such Slaves shall have been made; but in Case of any such Slaves made at Sea by the Commanders or Officers of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, for Forfeiture under the Act, or any other Act of Parliament made for restraining or prohibiting the African Slave Trade, there shall be paid to the Commander or Officer who shall have seized, informed, and prosecuted, for every Man so condemned and delivered over, the Sum of Twenty Pounds like Money, for every Woman the Sum of Fifteen Pounds like Money, and for every Child or Person under the Age of Fifteen Years the Sum of Five Pounds like Money, subject nevertheless to such Distribution of the said Bounties or Rewards for the said Slaves made at Sea as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall think fit to order and direct by any Order in Council made for that Purpose; for all which Payments to be made as Bounties or Rewards upon Seizures and Prosecutions for Offences against the Act, or any other Act of Parliament made for restraining or prohibiting the African Slave Trade, the Officer or Officers, Civil or Military, to be appointed as aforesaid to receive, protect, and provide for such Slaves or Natives of Africa to be so condemned and delivered over, shall, after the Condemnation and Receipt thereof as aforesaid, grant Certificates in favour of the Governor and Party seizing, informing, and prosecuting as aforesaid respectively, or the latter alone (as the Case may be) addressed to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, who, upon the Production to them of any such Certificate, and of an authentic Copy, duly certified, of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation of the said Slaves or Persons to His Majesty's Use as aforesaid, and also of a Receipt under the Hand of such Officer or Officers if appointed as aforesaid, specifying that such Slaves or Persons have by him or them been received in good Health as aforesaid, shall direct Payment to be made from and out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain of the Amount of the Bounties specified in such Certificate, to the lawful Holders of the same, or the Persons entitled to the Benefit thereof respectively.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully and fraudulently forge or counterfeit any such Certificate, Copy of Sentence of Condemnation, or Receipt as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or shall knowingly and wilfully utter or publish the same, knowing it to be forged or counterfeited, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, the Party so offending shall, on Conviction, before Death, in Case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Penalties or Forfeitures imposed and inflicted by this Act, shall not only be used for, prosecuted, and recovered in any Court of Record in Great Britain, or in any Court of Record or Vice Admiralty in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions wherein the Offence was committed, or where the Offender may be found after the Commencement of said Offence; and that in all Cases of Seizure of any Ships, Vessels, Slaves or pretended Slaves, Goods or Effects, for any Forfeiture under the Act, the same shall and may respectively be used for, prosecuted and recovered in any Court of Record in Great Britain, or in any Court of Record or Vice Admiralty in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions or elsewhere to which such Seizures may be made, or to which such Ships or Vessels, Slaves or pretended Slaves, Goods or Effects (if seized at Sea or without the Limits of any British Possession) may most conveniently be carried for Trial; and all the

21 G. 3. c. 27.

As an Act, made in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in each Part of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey; as also in or near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prosecution of Felony, as well committed, and such committed for many Years, near the Cities and Towns, in the Parish of Saint John of Watlington, in the County of Middlesex; and for the better and more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in each Part of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey; And Whereas the Establishment of the said Office has been proved to be of the most essential Service in preventing the before mentioned Depredations; And Whereas the said Act, made in the Thirty-second and Fortieth Year aforesaid, in every Express, and it is expedient that the same should be continued and amended, and the Powers of the Justices under the said Act further extended: May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act, and so much of the said last recited Act as relates to and amends the said first recited Act, shall be continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and all Appointments of Special Justices, and of Clerks, Surveyors, Constables, and other Officers and Persons acting under them in the said Public Office, made under or in pursuance of the said last recited Act, shall be and remain as effectual as if the same had been made under the said Act.*

Revised Act,
25, 26 G. 3.
c. 27. as in G. 3.
c. 38. amended.

Thomas Polke
Surveyor
expressed in
said Statute,
in Pursuance
of Power
being
herein
expressed
to be
binding
on
the
Justices.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every such Town Police Surveyor (subject to the Orders of the said Justices, to be appointed as aforesaid) having just Cause to suspect that any Person has been or is about to be committed, to or on board of any Ship, Hoy, Barge, Lighter, Boat, or other Vessel, lying or being in the said River, and within the Limits in the said first recited Act mentioned, to enter at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, into and upon every such Ship, Hoy, Barge, Lighter, Boat, or other Vessel, and therein to take all necessary Measures for the effectual Prevention or Detection of all Felonies, which he has just Cause to suspect have been, or are about to be committed in and upon the said River, and within the Limits in the said first recited Act mentioned, and to apprehend and detain all Persons suspected to be concerned in the said Felonies; and also all Property so suspected to be feloniously stolen, and the same to produce before One or more of the said Special Justices, or some other Justice or Justices within his or their respective Jurisdictions; and every such Thomas Polke Surveyor is hereby authorized, at any Time between Sun-rising and Sun-setting, to enter any Ship or Vessel (except His Majesty's Ships) in the said River, and within the Limits in the said first recited Act mentioned, and to search the same for unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder; and also shall have the same Powers of Search, extending to proper Places, and detaining, all such unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder found on board any such Ship or Vessel, and the Barrels in which such Gunpowder shall be, as are given to Persons searching for unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder under a Warrant of a Justice of the Peace, by virtue of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to regulate the making, keeping, and Carriage of Gunpowder, within Great Britain, and to repeal the Laws heretofore made for any of those Purposes.*

Power to Search
any Boat, or
other Vessel,
or other
Place, in
the
said
River.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which it is directed in the said recited Act that any Boat, with her Tackle and Appurtenances, which shall be forfeited, shall be burnt and destroyed, it shall be lawful for the said Special Justices, or either of them, or any other Justice or Justices within their respective Jurisdictions, before whom any Person or Persons shall have been convicted of any Offence whereby any Boat is or should be adjudged to be forfeited, either to direct such Boat with her Tackle and Appurtenances, to be burnt and destroyed, or referred to the Owners thereof, or to be sold, sold; and the Produce of such Sale to be applied in like Manner as all other Cests of Forfeitures under the said Act; any Thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Masters
of
Ships,
Boats,
or
other
Vessels,
or
other
Persons
employed
in
the
said
River,
shall
be
bound
to
obey
the
Orders
of
the
said
Justices.

IV. And Whereas Disputes and Difficulties do frequently arise between Burgesses, Lightermen, Watermen, Balldiggers, Coalwhippers, Coalporters, Sailors, Lumpers, Riggers, Stevedores, Callers, and other Labourers, who work for Hire on or upon the River Thames, and the Dock, Creek, Wharf, Quay, and other Places adjacent, respecting Wages or Money due to them for Work, and the Owner or Owners, Captain or Captains, and Commanders of Vessels and their Agents, on the said River, and the Dock and Creek thereto adjoining, and also the Owner or Owners, Wharfingers or Wharfingers, or Occupiers of such Wharfs or Quays, and their Agents and other Persons employing the said Labourers: be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Differences, Complaints, and Disputes, which shall happen and arise between any Burgesses, Lightermen, Watermen, Balldiggers, (except Trinity Balldiggers), Coalwhippers, Coalporters, Sailors, Lumpers, Riggers, Stevedores, Callers, or other Labourers who work for Hire on or upon the said River, or the Dock, Creek, Quay, Wharf, or Place adjacent, and the Owner or Owners, Captain or Commander of any Vessel, or their Agents, on the said River, or the Dock or Creek thereto adjoining, or the Owner or Owners, Wharfinger or Wharfingers, or Occupiers of any Wharf or Quay, or their Agents, or other Employer or Employers, respecting Wages or Money due to any such Labourers or Labourers for Work, whether the same Person be employed for any certain Time, or in any other Manner, shall be heard and determined by the said Special Justices, or any one of them, or any of the Justices or Justices within his or their respective Jurisdictions; and every such Justice or Justices is and he is hereby empowered to summon before him or them any such Captain or Commander of any such Vessel, or any such Owner or Owners thereof, or their Agents, or the Owner or Owners, Wharfinger or Wharfingers, or Occupier of any Wharf or Quay, or their Agents, or any other Employer or Employers; and if any such Captain, Commander, or Owner of any such Vessel, or their Agents, or the Owner, Wharfinger, or Occupier of any such Wharf or Quay, or their Agents, or any such other Employer or Employers, shall refuse or neglect to attend such Summons, then every such Justice or Justices is and he is hereby empowered to issue his or their Warrant to bring such Person or Persons before him or them, to answer such Complaint; and every such Justice and Justices is and he is hereby empowered to examine upon Oath

807

any such Bargain, Licence, or otherwise, Watermen, Ballastmen, (either than any Trinity Ballastmen), Coalwhippers, Coalpoles, Bakers, Langers, Riggers, Shipwrights, Cooks, or other Labourers, or any other Workmen or Workmen, touching any such Complaint or Offence, and to make such Order for Payment of so much Wages to such Persons, Lightermen, Watermen, Ballastmen, (either than any Trinity Ballastmen), Coalwhippers, Coalpoles, Sailors, Langers, Riggers, Shipwrights, Cooks, or other Labourers, as to such Justice or Justices shall first and reasonable; provided that the Sum in Question do not exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, besides all reasonable Costs according to the Provisions of the said Complaint, which Costs the said Justice or Justices are hereby empowered to order; and in case of Refusal or Nonpayment of any Sum or Sums so ordered, by the Space of Twenty-four Hours next after such Intimation, such Justice or Justices shall and may issue forth his or their Warrant, to levy the same, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Captain or Commander of a Ship, or of any Owner or Owners of any Vessel, or their Agents, or the Owner or Owners, Wharfingers or Wharfingers, or Occupier of any Wharf or Quay, or of any other Employer or Employers, or any such Bargainers, Lightermen, Watermen, Ballastmen, (either than any Trinity Ballastmen), Coalwhippers, Coalpoles, Bakers, Langers, Riggers, Shipwrights, Cooks, or other Labourer working for Hire on the River Thames, or the Dock, Creek, Wharf, Quay, and Place adjacent, touching the Overplus, if any, to the Owner, after Payment of the Taxes so ordered for Wages or Money due to them for Work, and accessory Costs, together with all Charges of such Distress and Sale.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Orders as shall be made as aforesaid by any Justice or Justices, shall be final and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes; and from which said Orders no Appeal shall be allowed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall wilfully damage or destroy, or so wilfully obstruct in the discharging or unloading any Boat belonging to or hired by, or by the Authority of the said Justice, and that for so every such Offence the Sum of Thirty Pounds, in lieu and instead of Five Pounds in the said first-mentioned Act so amended, any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding, or suffer Imprisonment, as in the said first-mentioned Act is contained.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Forfeitures in the said first-mentioned Act directed, in relation to the opening, breaking, or anywise injuring any Cask, Box, Chest, Bag, or other Package, shall and may be ascertained and adjudged, and recovered on Conviction by and before any One or more Justice or Justices, under the said first-mentioned Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, Restraints and Provisions relating thereto, in the said first-mentioned Act contained, as to Persons having, or causing to be framed, any Bills of Parcels for any fraudulent Purposes, shall extend and be applied, and put in force, as to every Person who shall produce, as a true, and good Bill of Parcels, any such Bill of Parcels framed as in the said first-mentioned Act is provided, for any fraudulent Purposes therein mentioned, knowing the same to have been fraudulently framed, in like Manner as if the same had been made an Offence under the said first-mentioned Act, or as if such Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, Restraints and Provisions relating thereto, had been heretofore made.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One Justice to hear and determine any Offence under the said first-mentioned Act, or this Act, and to commit any Offender or Offenders, and adjudge any Penalty, Forfeiture, or Restraint, under the said first-mentioned Act, or this Act, in like Manner as the same may be done by any Two or more Justices under the said Act; and it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices, by or before whom any Two or more Offenders shall be convicted of any Offence whereas any Forfeiture of any Penalty, or any Imprisonment, may be adjudged under the said first-mentioned Act, or this Act, to commit and adjudge such Offenders, severally and separately, either as to Amount of any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, or as to any Period of Imprisonment, according to the Discretion of such Justice or Justices, or the Nature and Extent of the Offence or Crime, or the Character, Situation, or Circumstances of each of such respective Offenders; and it shall also be lawful for any Justice or Justices to adjudge a fine under that any Offender, convicted of any Offence under the said first-mentioned Act, or this Act, touching such Offence or Imprisonment, shall be kept to hard Labour during any such Imprisonment; any Thing in the said first-mentioned Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize or empower the said Special Justice, or any other Justice or Justices, except the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Clerks of the City of London for the Time being, or five or one of them, to hear and determine any such Differences, Controversies, or Disputes, as shall or may arise by or in respect of any Employment or Work done within the said City of London, or the Suburbs and Liberties thereof, or on board of any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter, Boat, or other Vessel lying or being on the North Side of the said River Thames, between the Tower of London and the Western End of the Quay adjoining Effie Street, in the County of Middlesex.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said several recited Acts or this Act contained shall extend to deprive the Lord Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London, of any Right, Privilege, or Jurisdiction heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised, or enjoyed within the Town and Borough of Westminster, or the Liberties thereof, or to prevent the said Lord Mayor for the Time being, or the Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, and the Mayor of the said City for the Time being, from acting as Justices as the Peace within the said Town and Borough of Westminster, and the Liberties thereof, in such and the like Manner as they could or might have done in case this Act had not been made, nor to deprive the Lord Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City of any Right, Privilege, Immunity, or Jurisdiction, which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised, or enjoyed upon the River Thames, or the Liberties of the said City

for

for the Time being, as Conservator of the said River, nor to prevent the said Lord Mayor for the Time being, and the Aldermen and Recorder of the said City, from acting as Justices of the Peace upon the said River, or taking Cognizance of Offences committed upon or within the Limits of the same, in such Manner as they might or would have done in case this Act had not been made.

⁴¹ Penalties incurred under 39 G. 3. c. 10. shall not be affected by this Act, § 11.—Privileges of Trinity ⁴² *House* not affected, § 13.—Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 14.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to amend several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper, made in *Ireland*; and to make perpetual so much of an Act made in the Forty-Fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to Paper Hangings printed or stained in *Ireland*. [5th April 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to continue, and the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, and amend &c. several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and on Paper printed or stained in Ireland, as to Paper for Hangings or other Uses*. And Whereas it is expedient that so much of the said Act as relates to the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland* should be repealed, and other Provisions enacted in lieu thereof, and that so much of the said Act as relates to Paper Hangings printed or stained in *Ireland* should be made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by our King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; save and except as to any Stamp of Mark, Postmark, or Mark-water which may have become due or been incurred under the said recited Act, before the said Twenty-fifth Day of March; and that so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Duty on Paper Hangings, printed, painted or stained in *Ireland*, shall be and the same is hereby made perpetual.

If And be it further enacted, That all Paper (other than Brown Paper, made of old Ropes or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar, or any Part therefrom, and without Mixture of any other Matter's Saw-dust, and not being Glazed Paper for Cloakers or Hat Presses, or Shouting Paper, or Bureau Paper or Button Board) which shall be made in *Ireland*, shall be denominated, deemed, and taken to be Paper of the First Class, within the Meaning of this Act, and of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for granting or securing the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*; and that all Brown Paper, made of old Ropes or Cordage as aforesaid only, and all Bureau Paper or Button Board, which shall be made in *Ireland*, shall be denominated, deemed, and taken to be Paper of the Second Class, within the Meaning of the Act, and the said Acts; and that all Whiteboard, Mill Board, and Scale Board, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Shouting or Shouting Paper, and all Glazed Paper for Cloakers, and Hat Presses, to be made, shall be denominated, deemed, and taken to be Paper of the Third Class, within the Meaning of this Act, and the said Acts; and that all Paper which shall be made in *Ireland* after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, shall be classed and denominated accordingly, any Thing in an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to amend the Statute of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds thereon*; or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, it be and it shall be and it shall be so in force in *Ireland*, as any Paper Maker in respect of each and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker, every Paper Maker in *Ireland* shall be charged with, and shall pay the Sums following, that is to say: for each and every Engine kept or used by any Paper Maker for the making of Paper, or of the Papers called Whiteboard, Mill Board, Scale Board, Glazed Paper, Paper for Hangings, Shouting Paper, Bureau Paper, or Button Board, or Papered any other Sort or Kind whatever, which Engine shall not be the First classed Twelve Feet in Length, Five Feet in Breadth, and Two Feet in Depth, such Paper Maker shall be charged with and pay the yearly Sum of Two hundred Pounds for the Year, beginning the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven and ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and in like Manner for every Station kept or used in like Manner; and such Paper Maker shall also for every Vat or Wet-press (whichever shall be the most in Number) kept or used by any such Paper Maker, each Vat not exceeding the Contents of a Vesel Six Feet in Length, Five Feet in Breadth, and Four Feet in Depth, be charged with and pay the yearly Sum of one hundred and fifty Pounds for every Year, beginning and ending as aforesaid, in Addition to the aforesaid yearly Sum of Two hundred Pounds: the said yearly Sum of Two hundred Pounds and One hundred and fifty Pounds to be charged and chargeable on and paid by such Paper Maker in respect of each and every such Engine, and of each and every such Vat or Wet-press, kept or used by such Paper Maker, in the exactly Proportions following, that is to say: for each and every Colour-press Month in each and every Year, commencing with the Twenty-fifth Day of March, after the Rate of Downing: but as to pay for each and every such Engine kept by such Paper Maker, the Sum of Sixteen Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Six Pence, and for each and every Vat or Wet-press (whichever shall be the greater in Number) kept or used by such Paper Maker the Sum of Twelve Pounds: Two Shillings and six pence: and the said relative Sums shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable as well for any one, as for any other Weight of such Quantity of Paper as may be produced from any such Engine, within each Month and Year respectively as aforesaid.

IV. Provided also, and he is enacted, That if any such Engine shall be employed by any such Paper Maker during the Whole of any such Year, or making such Paper only as is chargeable with a Duty, not exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight of Paper, such Paper Maker shall be charged with, and shall pay for and in respect of such and every such Engine so employed, a Yearly Sum of One hundred Pounds, for the Monthly Payments of Eight Pounds for Sixteen or of Eighteen for each and every Calendar Month, and also for each and every Vat or Wet Press (whichever shall be the most in Number) which shall be used and used by such Paper Maker, the former Yearly Sum of One hundred Pounds, by the Monthly Proportions of Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight-pence for each and every Calendar Month; all which said respective Sums shall be computed and chargeable, and paid and payable, as and for the Duty according to Weight of such Quantity of such Paper as may be produced from such such Engine within each Yearly said Month respectively aforesaid.

V. Provided also, and he is enacted, That if any Engine, or any Vat respectively, shall be of greater Dimensions than these herein before respectively specified, then and in such Case the Paper Maker, who shall use any such Engine or Vat respectively, shall be charged and be liable in respect of the same with such Sums and Names as shall be in like Proportion to the Size of such Engines or Vats of greater Dimensions, as the Sums and Names herein before mentioned respectively are or are to the Size of an Engine or Vat of the Dimensions herein before generally mentioned.

VI. Provided also, and he is enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall be defrauded of obtaining a License to keep any Paper Mill, at any Time after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, in any Year, and to commence the making of Paper in such Mill on the Twenty-fifth Day of any Month, other than the Month of March in any Year, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Tax and Tolls, at any Time within Thirty Days next after the Twenty-fifth Day of March next ensuing, the Term of granting such License, to extend the Yearly Sums payable in such Paper Makers in respect of such and every Engine, and each and every Vat or Wet Press in such Paper Mill, to the Time of the said Term, so that the total Amount of the several Monthly Charges on such Paper Makers in such such and every such Engine, Vat, or Wet Press, from the Day when such License shall be granted, to the Twenty-fifth Day of March next ensuing the Date of such License.

VII. Provided also, and he is enacted, That if any Duty chargeable by Weight on the Paper made by any Paper Maker, within any such Month or Year as aforesaid, in the Bill in which such Engine or Vat or Wet Press shall be kept or used, shall any Cafe exceed the Sum hereby directed to be charged for any such Month or Year, in respect of such and every such Engine and Vat or Wet Press, kept and used at such Mill, then and in such Cafe, such Paper Maker shall be charged with and pay such Excess of Duty on the said Paper, according to the Quality and Weight thereof, such Excess to be charged and paid in Manner hereinafter mentioned and directed.

VIII. And he is further enacted, That the Officers of Excise in charge of any Paper Mill of any Paper Maker as aforesaid, shall within Ten Days after the Twenty-fifth Day of every Month in the Year, make a Return, to the Collector of the District in which such Paper Mill shall be situate, of the several Monthly Sums hereby directed to be charged for the Month ending on such Twenty-fifth Day, in respect of all and every Engine or Engines, and Vat or Vats, or Wet Press or Wet Presses, kept or used by such Paper Maker, at any Time in such Month; and also of the Quantity, Quality, and Weight of all Sums of Paper which shall have been weighed at such Mill by such Officers, in the Course of such Month, and of the Duty chargeable thereon, by Weight; and every such Return shall be a Charge on the Paper Maker, to the Amount of the Monthly Sums payable under this Act, in respect of all and every such Paper Maker's Engines, Vats or Vats, or Wet Press or Wet Presses, and every such Paper Maker shall be bound to have made within such Month such Quantity of Paper as shall be sufficient, according to Weight, to a Duty equal to the Amount of the Sums so charged; and in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all Paper, of every Kind, Dimensions, and Kind specified in such Return, as weighed within such Month, shall exceed the Amount of the Sums payable in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, and Wet Press or Wet Presses, then the Return of the Officer shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker, to the Amount of such Excess, over and above the Amount of the Sums chargeable in respect of such Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, Wet Press or Wet Presses, as aforesaid; and every such Officer shall, and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return, in Writing, under his Hand, with every such Paper Maker, or at such Paper Mill, upon Copy of Letting Twenty Pounds, for every Neglect or Offence in so doing; and such Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appearing in such Return and Charge on him hereunto due and payable within Fourteen Days after the End of the Month in which such Return and Charge shall have been made, and every such Paper Maker shall be bound to Cause in Payment of such Duty within the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Sum so returned and charged in Manner aforesaid.

IX. And, in order to ascertain the Cause or Causes of any Paper chiefly made by any Paper Maker, in every Quarter of a Year, he is enacted, That after the Provisions of Ten Days, and within Twenty-four Days after the Twenty-fifth Day of June, the Twenty-fifth Day of September, the Twenty-fifth Day of December, and the Twenty-fifth Day of March, in each and every Year, as aforesaid, and then to be used by the Officer in Charge of the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, and of which Turned Hour Book shall be kept, or by any other His Majesty's Officers, or by any such Paper Maker, or by any other Person, to be appointed by the Officer in Charge of the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, and of which Turned Hour Book shall be kept, to take Oath to the Paper Maker, or by any other Person, to be appointed by the Officer in Charge of the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, to produce and bring to such Officer all such Paper, Print, Book, or Booklet, or any other Paper, and other Paper of every Kind, Dimensions, and Kind whatsoever respectively, which shall have been made in such Quarter of a Year, providing such Twenty-fifth Day of June, Twenty-fifth Day of September, Twenty-fifth Day of December, and Twenty-fifth Day of March respectively, and which shall not have been duly weighed by the Officer, and charged with Duty according to the Weight thereof, and inserted in the several Monthly Returns on the said during such Quarter, in order that the same may be weighed and charged with Duty according to the Weight

Charge on
Engines, Vats,
and Vats, and
on the Paper
Makers, as in
the Statute
of the 10th
Year of King
George the
Third, and the
Statute of the
1st Year of
King George
the Fourth.

Engines or Vats
to be kept
Dimensions shall
be in like Pro-
portionally.

In case of
any such return
made by Paper
Makers, as in
the Statute
of the 10th
Year of King
George the
Third, and the
Statute of the
1st Year of
King George
the Fourth.

The Duty on
Paper shall be
paid by Weight
of such Paper
as shall be
made in such
Quarter of a
Year.

Officers shall
return Monthly
Returns of
Quantity, Quality,
and Weight of
all Sums of
Paper which shall
have been weighed
at such Mill by
such Officers, in
the Course of
such Month, and
of the Duty
chargeable thereon,
by Weight.

Every such
Return shall be
made within
Ten Days after
the Twenty-fifth
Day of every
Month in the
Year, as aforesaid.

Weight thereof; and each Paper shall be accordingly weighed and charged with Duty according to the Weight thereof; and each Officer shall make a Return of all such Papers, and of the Duty payable thereon, according to the Weight thereof, to the Collector of the District in which such Mill shall be situated, and shall transmit true Copy of such Return, in Writing, under his Hand, with every such Paper Maker, or at each Paper Mill, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence in so doing; and to certify the Amount of the Duty on each Paper, according to the Weight thereof, together with the Amount of such Duty on all Paper which shall have been weighed within the Month ending on each Twenty-fifth Day of June, Twenty-fifth Day of September, Twenty-fifth Day of December, and Twenty-fifth Day of March respectively, shall certify the Amount of Duty chargeable on each Paper Maker, for each Month, in respect of each and every Engine or Engines, and Vat or Vats, or Wet Pulp or Wet Press of such Paper Maker, such Engine shall be a Surcharge of Duty on each Paper Maker, for each Month; and each Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appearing by such Surcharge to be due and payable within Six Days after such Return, and every such Paper Maker shall, for every Default in Payment of any such Surcharge of Duty, forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Duty so returned and so charged.

Five Reams and
Bundles of Paper
and Bundles of
Pulp or Vat
shall be marked
and be taken
weighed.

X. And be it further enacted, That on every Cover or Wrapper, on which any Ream or Bundle of Paper of the First Class, or of Paper of the Second Class, shall be enclosed before any such Paper shall be brought or produced to any Officer of Excise to be weighed, there shall be marked, written, or printed, by the Maker thereof, or by his or her Servant, in large and legible Characters, and in Words at Length, the Words, "First Class," or "Second Class," distinguishing the Class of Paper (included in such Cover or Wrapper, and according to which the Duty in respect of the same is chargeable); and upon every such Cover or Wrapper shall also be written the Date of the Year in Figures, together with a Number in Roman Numerals, denoting the Month in which such Paper shall have been made, the Number 1, to signify the Month commencing and to be computed from the Twenty-fifth Day of March, and ending at the Twenty-fifth Day of April, in every Year, the Number 2, to signify the succeeding Month to the Twenty-fifth Day of May, and so on until the Number XII, in each Year, which shall signify the Month beginning the Twenty-fifth Day of February and ending the Twenty-fifth Day of March; and after such Date of the Year and Roman Numerals, there shall be written in Figures the true Number of each Ream or Bundle of Paper, according to the Number of such Reams or Bundles of Paper of each Class, made by the Maker thereof, at the Mill at which the same shall be made, during each Month, commencing and to be computed in Manner aforesaid, such Number to be taken progressively, beginning Number One, Number Two, and so onwards according to the Number of Reams or Bundles of Paper of each Class made at such Mill in each Month; and that on each Parcel of Pulp Board, Mill Board, Scale Board, or Glazed Paper, there shall, in like Manner, before the same shall be produced or brought to the Officer to be weighed, be marked, written, or printed, in large and legible Characters, and in Words at Length, the Description of such Parcel, and whether such Parcel is Pulp Board, Mill Board, Scale Board, or Glazed Paper, and the Number of Sheets in such such Parcel, with the Date of the Year, and Roman Numerals signifying the Month, and the Figure or Figures signifying the true progressive Number, of such Parcel of Pulp Board, Mill Board, Scale Board, and Glazed Paper, made by such Maker at such Mill, during each Month as aforesaid; and if any Maker of Paper, Pulp Board, Mill Board, Scale Board, or Glazed Paper, shall neglect to mark the said Bundles, or Reams, or Parcels, in Manner herein directed, or to make the same to be numbered and marked as aforesaid, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

All Paper, &c.
shall be weighed
and charged with
Duty, and if the
Duty shall be so
paid, the
Wrappers, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Paper and Pulp Board, made in the Mill or Manufactory of any Paper-maker is *intended*, shall be produced and brought to the Office in Charge of such Mill or Manufactory, to be weighed and charged with Duty, and shall be weighed and charged with Duty accordingly, within Four Days after such Paper or Pulp Board shall have been enclosed in Wrappers, or tied up in Parcels as directed by Law; and that if any Paper or Pulp Board shall be found in any Mill or Manufactory of any Paper-maker, which shall have been enclosed in Wrappers, or tied up in Parcels, for any longer Space of Time than Four Days, and shall not have been weighed and charged with Duty, and ordered by the Officer accordingly, all such Paper and Pulp Board shall be forfeited, and may be seized, and the Paper Maker in whose Mill or Manufactory the same shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Paper Makers
may discontinue
working any
Engine or Vat
within Days
Notice, giving
with the Copy of
such Notice.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Engine and Vat, or Wet Press, which shall be in the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March in any Year, shall be presumed to be kept regularly at Work from that Day during the whole Year, and shall be chargeable and charged accordingly, unless the working of any such Engine shall be discontinued in Manner herein-after mentioned, that is to say: every such Paper Maker may from Time to Time discontinue the working of any Engine on giving a Notice in Writing of such Intention to discontinue such Working to the Collector of the District in which such Paper Mill is situated, and to the Officer in Charge of such Paper Mill, Six Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned therein for discontinuing the same, and specifying the Hour of the Day, at which such Working is intended to be discontinued; provided always, that on either Day (the Twenty-fifth Day of June Month (or in each the Twenty-fifth Day of any Month) shall be on a Sunday, then the Twenty-fourth Day of such Month) shall be mentioned in any such Notice of Discontinuance, and that the Hour of the Day specified in such Notice shall be some Hour before Twelve of the Clock at Noon on such Day; at the Day and Hour specified in which Notice the Officer in Charge of such Paper Mill shall attend and see that such Engine is no longer at Work; and the Officer in Charge of the Paper Mill shall not charge the Paper Maker with any Duty in respect of such Engine if discontinued (nor in respect of any Vat or Wet Press which shall have been used with such Engine in the preceding Month) during the Month in which the Working of such Engine shall be discontinued, in Manner aforesaid, any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding; And if at any Time, subsequent to the Day and Hour mentioned in any such Notice of Discontinuance, the Engine, or the Discontinuing the Working of which such Notice shall have been given, shall be found at Work or in Use in any Manner

Who, by an
working Engine
discontinued,
&c., &c.

Manure whatsoever, is the Process of Making of Paper, (unless under a Notice of Recommendation of Working in Manner hereinafter mentioned,) the Paper Maker in whose Mill the same shall be so found, at Work or at Ut, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with all such Sums of Money and Charges as he would have been liable to have been charged with under this Act, in case no such Notice of Recommendation had been given in Manner aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker who shall have discontinued the working of any Engine in Manner aforesaid, shall intend to set at work again any such Engine so discontinued, or to hire or employ the same in the making or manufacturing of Paper, such Paper Maker shall deliver a Notice in Writing of such Intention to the Collector of the District and to the Officer in charge of the Paper Mill of such Paper Maker, Six Days at least before the Day on which such Paper Maker shall intend to re-commence the working or using any such Engine, specifying the Day and Hour on which such Paper Maker intends to do so (re-commence the working or using any such Engine, which Day shall be the Twenty-sixth Day of some Month in the Year, for in case the Twenty-sixth Day of any Month shall be on a Sunday, then the Twenty-seventh Day of such Month); and such Officer shall attend on such Day and Time accordingly, and shall charge such Paper Maker in respect of each and every Engine and each and every Vat or Wet-Press used therewith from the day mentioned in such Notice, by the Recommendation of the Working of such Engine in Manner aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Paper Maker shall intend to employ any Engine for the Whole of any Month, beginning on the Twenty-sixth Day of any Month, at a ending on the Twenty-sixth Day of the Month following, in the making of Paper chargeable with a higher or lower Duty than the Paper which such Engine shall have been before that Time employed in making, such Paper Maker shall, Six Days at least before such Twenty-sixth Day of the Month, give Notice of such his Intention to the Officer in charge of the Mill or Manufactory of such Paper Maker: And if such Paper Maker shall make any Change in the Employment of any Engine without having given such Notice, or shall make any Paper with such Engine, other than the Paper of the making of which at such Engine Notice shall have been given as aforesaid; or if any Paper Maker shall in any One Month, beginning and ending as aforesaid, make with the same Engine any Paper, chargeable with a Duty exceeding One Penny for every Pound weight thereof, and also Paper chargeable with a Duty not exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight thereof, and if any Engine, of which Notice shall be given as employed in the making of Paper chargeable with a Duty not exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight thereof, any 2 aforesaid shall be at any Time found other than old Ropes or Cordage, then and in every such Case, such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Vat in any Paper Mill of any Paper Maker shall be worked or used in the manufacturing or making of Paper, at any Time between the Hours of Seven in the Evening and Five in the Morning; and if any Vat shall be found in Use or at Work at any Time between the said Hours, the Paper Maker, in whose Mill such Vat shall be so found in Use or at Work, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in the Paper Mill of every Paper Maker there shall be daily kept such Minute Books as shall be from Time to Time delivered to such Paper Maker by the Officer in charge of such Mill, in which Books such Paper Maker shall from Time to Time make or cause to be made true Entries of the Number of Engines, Vats, and Wet-Presses in such Mills, and the Time when the same shall be at Work or discontinued, as also of the Cloth, Dimensions, Kind, and Quantity, of all Paper and Paper-board from Time to Time made by such Paper Maker at such Mill, and of the Days when the same shall be made, and when the same shall be put up in Bales, or Rolls, or Parcels, to be weighed, and when the same shall be weighed, and the Weight, Cloth, Dimensions, and Kind thereof, and the Duty chargeable thereon, and of the Days and Times when any Paper shall be sent out of any Mill, and in what Parts, and to whom and for what Purpose; which Minute Books shall be kept in such Manner, and according to such Form, as shall be from Time to Time ordered and directed by the Commissioners of inland Revenue, and Taxes, and shall contain all the Matters and Things aforesaid, and also all such Matters and Things as shall from Time to Time be directed by the said Commissioners to be inserted in the same; and in case any Paper Maker to whom the said Book shall be tendered by any Officer shall refuse to receive the same, or having received the same shall refuse to make or cause to be made true Entries therein from Time to Time as are required by this Act, or shall wilfully tear, deface, obliterate, or alter such Book, or any Entry therein, or shall cause or procure or suffer the same to be torn, defaced, obliterated, or altered, or shall make or cause to be made any false or untrue Entry therein, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Paper Maker shall constantly keep or cause to be kept every such Minute Book in the Mill of such Paper Maker, for the Inspection and Examination of every Officer of Excise, until the same shall be delivered to the Collector of the District in Manner hereinafter mentioned; and if on Demand of any Officer of Excise at such Mill, such Book shall not be produced to such Officer, or if such Officer shall not be permitted to inspect and examine the same, or shall be hindered or prevented by any Person from inspecting and examining the same, such Paper Maker shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker who shall be furnished with such Book, shall on every Twenty-sixth Day of June, Twenty-fifth Day of September, Twenty-fifth Day of December, and Twenty-sixth Day of March, or within Ten Days after each of the said Days respectively, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Collector of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situated, all and every Book and Books also in the Mill of such Paper Maker, in the preceding Quarter of a Year, with every Entry therein, legible and unaltered, or in Default thereof, shall for every Neglect forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Notice of Re-
commence-
ment of any
Engine, &c.

Paper Maker
to give Notice
of re-commen-
cing the work-
ing of any
Engine, &c. and
to give the
time when
re-commen-
cing.

Notice to be
made by every
Paper Maker
of the time
when he
intends to
begin work.

Paper Maker
shall make
true Entries
in Minute Books
to be supplied
by Officers, &c.
Part 2. 26.

Penalty in
case of any
Offence.

Part 2. 26.
to be delivered
to the
Collector of the
District.

C A P. XLII.

An Act to continue for Twenty one Years, so much of certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, as relate to the lighting, cleaning, and watching of Cities and Towns for the lighting, cleaning, and watching of which no particular Provision is made by any Act of Parliament.

[25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's
Reign, intituled, An Act for continuing, extending, and amending the said temporary Statute, as if for
empowering the Grand Jury of the County of Wicklow, at the Assizes, to order the Lighting of the Town
of the said County, certain Provisions were made with respect to the lighting, and cleaning of Cities, to the
lighting and cleaning of which no particular Provision was made by any Act of Parliament, then so far as
And whereas the said Provisions were amended by an Act made in the Parliament of Great Britain, Thirtieth
and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's King, intituled, An Act for amending the Statute relating to the
lighting and cleaning of several Cities, and for establishing of Market Towns there, and for amending the Statute
whence the said Statute Act of the Fifth Year aforesaid, so far as the same relates to the Lighting, and cleaning
of the said Cities, was further amended and continued by an Act made in the Parliament of Great Britain, the
Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's King, intituled, An Act for extending the Statute, as if for
empowering the Grand Jury of the County of Wicklow, at the Assizes, to order the Lighting of the Town
Year of His present Majesty's King, intituled, An Act to explain and amend former Acts relating to the
Lighting, cleaning, and watching of Cities, Towns Corporate, and Market Towns, the Regulations and Powers
in the said heretofore recited Acts were extended to Towns Corporate and Market Towns, and to every County
And whereas the said several Acts are in force to the End of the present Session of Parliament, and it is
expedient that the same should be further continued, he it therefore enacted by the King, his most Excellent
Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said heretofore recited
Acts as relate to the lighting, cleaning, and watching of any Cities, Towns Corporate, or Market Towns in
Ireland, for the lighting, cleaning, or watching of which no particular Provision is made by any Act of Par-
liament now in force in Ireland, shall be further continued, and shall be and remain in force for the Space of
Twenty-one Years from the Time of the passing of this Act.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act to declare, that the Provisions of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-third Year of King Henry the Eighth, relating to Servants Wages, shall extend to all Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland.

[25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-third Year of the reign of his late Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act for Servants Wages*, and which Act, by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Eleventh Year of her late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, for revising certain Statutes, was made perpetual, certain Provisions were made for ascertaining the Wages of Artificers, Labourers, and Servants at Husbandry, by the Justice of the Peace in every County in Ireland, to wit, to their Estates to be holden within One Month after the Feast of Easter, to enquire any Doubts or Difficulties in the Construction of the said Act, by a Justice of the Peace, and declared by the King and his most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of his late Majesty King Henry the Eighth, and all the Provisions therein contained, relating to the Wages of Artificers, Labourers, and Servants, at Husbandry, shall extend to be construed to extend to every County of a City and County of a Town in Ireland, except only any County of a City or County of a Town where any special Provision hath been made for the ascertaining such Wages, by any particular Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the Time of the passing of this Act.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for regulating and providing for the Relief of the Poor and the Management of Infirmaries and Hospitals in Ireland.

[25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, certain Provisions were made for the Relief of the Poor, and the Management of Infirmaries and Hospitals in Ireland, and it is expedient to make further Provisions for the Management of Poor Hospitals in the several Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, he it therefore enacted by the King, his most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whereas any Poor Hospital has been or shall be established in any County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, it shall and lawfully be lawful for the Grand Jury of such County of a City or County of a Town, at any Session or Sessions, Assizes, and such Grand Jury or Juries, and such Justices of the Peace or Sessions of Magistrates, as they shall think One hundred Pounds, at each such Assize, as it appears in the said Statute in the Schedule at such Assize to be necessary for the Support of such Poor Hospital, and such Sum shall be raised in the County at large, and levied and applied accordingly.

C A P.

VI. And he is further enacted, That the several Distributors of Stamps employed in the County of the City of Dublin, from Time to Time, pay all Moneys received by them from the Hands of the Receiver General of Stamps, in such Manner as they are now by Law required; and that the several Distributors of Stamps employed in all other Parts of Ireland shall, on every *Wednesday* in every Week after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seven, unless the same shall be a Holiday, and then on the next ensuing Day which shall not be a Holiday, or as frequently after each *Wednesday* or other Day as the Distance of such Distributors respectively shall permit, pay all Sums received by them, and then in their Heads respectively, to the said Receiver General of Stamp Duties, and to no other Person or Persons whatsoever; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and he is enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland shall cause to be kept a distinct Account of the Amount of all such Money as shall come from One Half or More of the respective Dates of Twenty Pounds in the said Schedule (A.) mentioned, on the Admission of any Students into the Society of King's Inns, and on the Admission of any Barrister into the Inns of Court; and from the Sums of Seven Pounds, out of the Duty of Fifty Pounds in the said Schedule mentioned, upon each Part of Indentures binding an Apprentice to an Attorney or Solicitor; and that out of the Moneys paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland by the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall cause the Amount of all such Sums respectively to be from Time to Time paid to the Treasurer of the said Society of King's Inns, to be applied by him in such Manner as shall be directed by the said Society.

VIII. And Whereas it may happen that Statesmen and other Persons may, after the passing of this Act, have Stamps which have not been used, and which, from the Alterations herein made, may not be applicable to the Purposes for which they were originally intended; and it is expedient that such Statesmen and other Persons should be allowed to exchange the same for other Stamps, he is therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, and they are hereby authorized and required, at any Time within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act, to deliver to such Persons as shall apply for the same, in Exchange for Stamps which by the Alterations in this Act made, may have become useless or inapplicable to the Purposes for which they were originally intended, such other Stamps as the Party or Parties applying shall require, without Regard to the Value or Amount of such Stamp returned in as the Value or Amount of the whole Quantity of Stamps returned; any Thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And he is further enacted, That any Deed, Instrument, Matter or Thing, which shall be stamped or impressed with any Stamp of greater Value than the Stamp required by Law, shall be valid and effectual in all Issues and Proceedings whatsoever, although the stamp or seal so used, in Form, Matter or Thing, shall not be of the particular Description or Description required by Law; any Statute, Law, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And he is further enacted, That upon Oath (or solemn Affirmation of a known Quaker) made at the Head Office in Dublin, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, or of any Officer to be by them in that Behalf appointed (which Oath or Affirmation the said Commissioners are, or any of them is, and the said Officer also is hereby authorized to administer, in lieu of any other Oath now required by Law) that any Stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, printed, engraved, or written upon and lawfully and undesignedly obliterated, or by any other Means rendered unfit for the Purpose intended, hath not been executed or signed by any Party or Parties, or used for any of the Purposes for which the same was or was intended, and that the Person making such Affidavit hath seen, or with any other Person or his Account, received, and that such Person will not receive any Money, or other Consideration, for the Stamp thereon; and that the said Stamp or Stamps is or are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and have or hath been paid for by such Person, in the full Amount of the Duty thereon, and that such Person will be a Lender to such Account, unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in lieu thereof; and in case the Person or Persons who shall bring and deliver any Quantity of such Stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, rendered unfit for Use, shall produce at the same Time the like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, to be stamped, then and in such Case, the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked, with the several and respective Dates stamped, marked, or impressed, or the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, to be rendered unfit for Use, without demands for taking, directly or indirectly, for the Duty on the same, any Sum of Money, or other Consideration whatsoever.

XI. And he is further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seven, where any Duty is by this Act, or by the Schedule herein annexed, or any of them, directed to be paid according to the Number of Sheets, every such Sheet shall be occupied and calculated to contain Seventy-two Words, (except where express Mention is made in the said Schedules or any of them, of any other or different Quantity or Mode of Calculation); and that in all Cases where any Stamp Duty of Ten Shillings and Five Shillings is imposed, according to the Number of Sheets, the Number of Stamps to be put on the Skin or Shit, or Piece or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Sheets or Piece or Pieces of Paper, upon which any Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, shall be engraved, written, or printed, shall be regulated in Manner following; that is to say, where the Quantity of Words of which such Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing shall consist, shall not amount to Twenty completed Sheets or the Whole, calculated as aforesaid, and the same shall be engraved, written, or printed on One Sheet or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper only, One Stamp of Ten

All Distributors in Dublin and the Country, shall own a clear Margin to the Receiver General.

Accounts shall be kept by 3 and Clerk of 30 out of Duty of 10 out of Admission of 5 shillings and 7 out of 500. Duty on 100 pounds Indentures and 100 by the Treasury in the King's Inns.

Stamp duty because all this may be exchanged with 10 Pence.

I shillings with a stamp greater than original value.

Stamps may be changed to Oath or Affirmation to do as above provided, (see 41 G. 3. c. 48. s. 148.)

The Number and Value of Stamps to be put on each Sheet according to the Length, & Circumference of the Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, shall be regulated in Manner following; that is to say, where the Quantity of Words of which such Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing shall consist, shall not amount to Twenty completed Sheets or the Whole, calculated as aforesaid, and the same shall be engraved, written, or printed on One Sheet or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper only, One Stamp of Ten

declared to be liable to the Stamp Duty by this Act imposed on any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Bond, Minute, or Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article, for letting or granting Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in like Manner as such Indenture, Lease, Release, or Bond, Minute or Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article, is in the First Schedule; [and every such Deed or Instrument, whereby such Lease or Bond shall be renewed, which shall not be stamped accordingly, shall be wholly void and of no Effect.]

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seven, every Person being a Member of the Society of King's Inns in Dublin, who shall practise as a Special Pleader, or as a Draftsman in any Court of Equity, or as a Conveyancer, or who shall draw or prepare any Conveyance, or Deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity, shall annually, between the First Day of November and the Commencement of Hilary Term then next following, during such Time as he shall continue to so practise, deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties or to any Officer or Officers appointed for that Purpose by them, at the Head Office of Stamp Duties, a Paper or Note in Writing, containing the Name and usual Place of Residence of such Person, and stating whether he has so practised Three Years or not, and the reason and date of Payment of the Stamp Duty payable, according to the Time he shall have practised as stated in such Paper, Note, or Writing, every such Person shall be entitled to a Certificate duly stamped, to denote the Payment of the Duty imposed according to the Time he shall have practised as aforesaid; which Certificate the said Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by them for that Purpose, shall cause to be immediately filed under the Head and Name of the proper Officer, in such Form as the said Commissioners shall direct.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall not be lawful for any Person to draw or prepare any Conveyance or, or Deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity, for or in Execution of any Fee, Gift, Profit, or Reward, directly or indirectly, who shall not be a Solicitor at Law or Barrister, or an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, duly admitted into some Court in Ireland, or a Special Pleader, Draftsman in Equity, or Conveyancer, being a Member of the King's Inns, and being taken out a Certificate as such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, Special Pleader, Draftsman, or Conveyancer respectively, duly stamped according to Law: And every Person other than and except such Solicitor at Law, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, Special Pleader, Draftsman, or Conveyancer, who shall draw or prepare any such Conveyance, Deed, or Proceedings, for or in Execution of any Fee, Gift, Profit, or Reward, directly or indirectly, shall for every Offence forfeit and pay the sum of Fifty Pence: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to Persons fully employed to execute any Deed, Indenture, or other Proceedings not drawn or prepared by themselves, and for their own Account respectively, nor to any public Officers drawing or preparing official Instruments applicable to their respective Offices, and in the Course of their Duty; nor to present any Person or Persons from drawing or preparing any Will or other Testamentary Paper, or any Agreement not under Seal, or any Letter of Attorney.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, to sue out any Writ or Process, or to commence, prosecute, carry on, or defend, any Action or Suit, or any Proceeding, as an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, either in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person, or jointly with any other Person as his Partner, Agent, or otherwise, who shall not have obtained such yearly Certificate, as by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act in regard to the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, Parchments, and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland*, is required, for the Year in which he shall be practising as an Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator; and if any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, or Procurator, shall act contrary to the Directions of this Act or the said recited Act, he shall be liable to all such Fines, Penalties, and Disabilities as by the said recited Act are imposed on Persons acting without having obtained such Certificate as aforesaid.

* Writs shall be duly returned and filed. Penalty 50s. § 17. [Repealed 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 14. § 15].
* All Assurances shall be written on Front of Bills of Exchange. § 28. [Repealed 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 14. § 19.]

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Body Publick or Corporate, Corporation or Company, by themselves, or by some Officer or Persons employed by such Corporation or Company, and they are hereby required previously to the Admission of any such Person into any such Corporation or Company, to demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person to be admitted, the several and severall Stamp Duties which shall be then by Law payable on the Entry, Minute, or Memorandum of Admission of such Person into such Corporation or Company; and the Town Clerk, or Clerk, or other Officer of such Body Publick or Corporate, Corporation or Company, shall make an Entry, Minute, or Memorandum of such Admission, upon the proper Stamp, in some Book, Roll, or Record, of such Corporation or Company, within One Month after such Person shall be so admitted into such Corporation or Company, and if such Town Clerk, Clerk, or other Officer, shall neglect or refuse to do so, he shall for every such Offence, for want of due Care and Diligence, be liable to the same fine as he shall be liable to for every such Offence, for want of due Care and Diligence, by the Statute in that behalf made, written and covered upon the proper Stamp, pursuant to the Direction of the said Act, and not before; and if the Stamp Duty on any such Entry, Minute, or Memorandum, shall remain unpaid by the Space of One Month after the Day of Mooting of such Body Publick or Corporate, Corporation or Company, on which such Admission was desired, then such Admission of such Person into such Corporation or Company shall be entirely void, and of no Effect.

* This Part repealed 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 14. § 19.
Governor, or any other Person who shall be named in such Certificate.

No Person shall draw Conveyances, drafts, Indentures, Agreements, Government, or any other writing and being a Member of the Society.

Every Person, Clergy, Public Officers, Wills, &c.

Attorney shall not practise by himself or Partner without obtaining yearly Certificate under 47 G. 3. c. 44. § 14.

Minutes of Admissions into Corporations shall be stamped as in the 30th, 31st and 32nd of the Act and (See 47 G. 3. c. 44. § 12.)

* This Part repealed 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 14. § 19.

Officers of all
Courts shall
make Rule Books
to be stamped.
(See Act G. 3.
c. 44 § 15.)

And no one
Shall, or the
Public shall
be allowed to
use any of G. 3.
c. 44 § 15.

Rule Books of
any of the
Courts may
be stamped
at the End of
each Term.
L. 10. 10. 10.
G. 3. c. 44.
§ 15.

Officers shall
show Number of
Stamps in Copies
of Pleadings, &c.

Copies of
Depositions, &c.
shall be marked
for Payment or
Delivery, and
used by each
respectively.

Receipt may
require that
Prints with the
Stamp.

Receipts shall
be good only
for the Sum
specified, which
is stamped on
Receipts in full.

Licenses to Print
in Stamps
may be granted
(See Act G. 3.
c. 44 § 14.)
Licenses shall
not be used only in
Prints unless
otherwise
provided.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Officers or Officers of each and every Court of Law or Equity, or of any Ecclesiastical Court, or Court of Admiralty, or of any other Court in *England*, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings, or the Tilage in Demand, or Costs of Suit, is of that Value, having the legal Custody of the Rule Books belonging to each of the said Courts respectively, shall each such Rule Books to be duly stamped, in Manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or by this Act, in such Manner as all such Officers and Clerks were respectively used in the said recited Act and this Act; and all such Officers shall be subject to such Penalties as are by Neglect or Misconduct in the Execution of their Offices respectively, as are imposed on Officers for Neglect or Misconduct, in and by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, or by this Act, as fully in all Intents and Purposes as if the said Penalties were expressly repeated and re-enacted with respect to the said Officers.

XXI. And, for the more conveniently administering the Duties on Rules and Orders to be from Time to Time made and given in Chancery depending in the said Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, Chancery, or Exchequer, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers or Officers of each and every such Court respectively, having the legal Custody of the Rule Books belonging to each of the said Courts respectively, within Ten Days after the last Day of each and every Term, to produce and bring such Rule Books to the proper Officer, to be appointed by the said Commissioners of Stamps for that Purpose, at the Head Office of the said Commissioners in Chancery; and such Officer or Officers shall insert in each and every such Rule Book, immediately after the last Rule entered therein, at the Time of producing the same, a Certificate duly signed by such Officer or Officers of the said Courts respectively, stating the Number of Rules and Orders of such Courts respectively made or entered in such Rule Books in such preceding Term and Vacation; and such Officer or Officers shall thereupon pay the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties as shall be then by Law payable for or in respect of such Rules and Orders respectively; and the said Rule Books shall thereupon be stamped with such Stamp or Stamps, denoting the full Amount of the Whole of the Stamp Duties payable in respect of the several Rules so made and entered in such preceding Term or Vacation, which Stamp or Stamps shall be as few in Number as shall be requisite to show the Amount of Duty so paid in Pounds and Shillings, and shall be placed on the first Page on which the Certificate of such Officer or Officers shall be written in aforesaid; and if any Officer of any of the said Courts shall neglect or omit to bring such Rule Book or Rule Books, or to furnish such Certificate or Certificates, or pay such Duties as aforesaid, then and in every such Case, every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in *England* shall make out or deliver any aforesaid Copy of any Pleading or Proceeding of any Nature or Kind whatever in such Court, such Officer shall in the Book in which Entry shall be made of any such Pleading or Proceeding, mark in Figures the Number of Office Sheets of which such Copy shall consist, and shall in like Manner mark on the Back of every such Copy the Number of Office Sheets contained therein.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every aforesaid Copy of any Interrogatories or any Depositions in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer shall be signed by the Examiners of the said Courts respectively; and every such Examiners shall date and appoint in Writing at the Foot of every such aforesaid Copy, whether the same is to be read by or on the Part of any Complainant or Plaintiff, or by or on the Part of any Defendant as the Case is, in which such Interrogatories or Depositions shall have been taken, and it shall not be lawful for any such Complainant or Plaintiff to read or give in Evidence any Copy of any such Interrogatories or Depositions which shall be so appointed to be read on the Behalf of the Defendant in such Case, nor for any Defendant to read or give in Evidence any such Copy which shall be so appointed to be read on Behalf of the Complainant; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bankers to register the Firm of the Bank or Banks to which they do or shall respectively belong, or the Name or Names of the Partners in such Bank or Banks with the Lord High Treasurer of *England*, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *England*, and that all Persons so registering themselves as Bankers shall, in all Intents and Purposes, be considered as Bankers with the Meaning of the Laws now in force in *England*.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Receipt shall be received in Evidence as a Discharge, or as any Proof of the Payment of any Sum not actually expressed and specified therein, unless such Receipt shall have the proper Stamp for a Receipt in full of all Demands: Provided always, that where any Receipt for any Sum or Sums of Money shall purport to be in full of all Dealings or Demands, or as full of any particular Trading or Dealings, and shall not have the proper Stamp for a Receipt in full, such Receipt may nevertheless be given in Evidence to prove the Payment of the Sum or Sums so expressed therein, if it shall have the Stamp proper for such Sum or Sums, or if such Sum or Sums be so small as not to require any Stamp thereon.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in *England*, by Notice under his or their Hand or Hands, to revoke, amend, and make void any License granted by the said Commissioners, or any One of them, to any Person or Persons to deal in or retail Stamps in *England*, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any License shall at any Time be granted by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties to any Person or Persons to fill Stamps or to manufacture Hats, or to fill Hats by Retail in any particular Place, Place, or District, contained in such License, such Person or Persons shall not be thereby authorized or entitled to sell such Stamps or other Matter or Thing, or to carry as such Trade, Business, Profession, or Calling, in any other Place, Place, or District, nor shall as to every such other Trade, Place, or District, be considered as authorized and subject to all Taxes and Penalties as such, save as herein aforesaid particularly provided.

XXVIII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if any Person obtaining any such License shall be minded to remove from the Place mentioned in such License for carrying on such Business, and to carry on the same in any other Place in the same City, Town, or Township, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person to carry on said License to the said Commission, or any of them, or any Officer or Officers to be there appointed for that Purpose, who shall inforce upon the said Licensee the House or Place to which such Duty shall have removed, and the Time then to come of the Term of the said License, and from thenceforth such License shall be good, valid, and effectual, according to the Contents thereof, and of the said Act, Statute, and not otherwise; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary is hereby void and to be void.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, every Executor and Administrator, or other Person who shall apply in any Ecclesiastical Court in England, to obtain Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Goods and Chattels, Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, except Administration *prochein Amico* &c. & *de Jure* non, shall, before obtaining such Probate or Letters of Administration, make Oath of the whole Amount of the Value of the Estate and Effects, Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits of such deceased Person, to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of such Executor, Administrator, or other Person; and the Judge of the Court out of which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall be required to be made, or some Surrogate or other Person appointed by such Judge for that Purpose shall administer such Oath, and such Judge, Surrogate, or other Person, is hereby authorized and required to administer the same accordingly; and any Person who shall obtain any Probate or Letters of Administration without having made such Oath as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, every Executor, Administrator, next of Kin, Creditor, or other Person who shall administer or enter upon the Possession or Management of all or any of the Personal or moveable Estate or Effects of any deceased Person is *invealed*, that, before disposing of or distributing any Part of such Estate or Effects, or at all Events within Six Calendar Months after the Death of the Person so dying, exhibit upon Oath to the proper Ecclesiastical Court in England, a full and complete Inventory of such Estate and Effects, either recovered at the Time of exhibiting such Inventory or known to be existing, distinguishing whether found in England or elsewhere; and in case at any Period a Discovery shall be made of other Effects belonging to the Decedent, which, as Account of them not being known at the Time, were omitted in the said original Inventory, an additional Inventory or Inventories of the same shall in like Manner be exhibited on Oath by any Person or Persons administering or assisting the Management or Disposal thereof; and in case any such Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to exhibit any such original or additional Inventory, or shall knowingly omit to include any Part of any such Estate and Effects therein, every Person so neglecting, refusing, or omitting, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each such Neglect, Refusal, or Omission; to be recovered and applied at the same Manner as any Penalty may by this Act be recovered and applied.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person in England who shall administer the Whole or any Part of the Personal Estate of any Person dying after the passing of this Act, and leaving a Personal Property to the Amount of Two hundred Pounds or upwards, without proving the Will of the Decedent, or taking out Letters of Administration of such Personal Estate within Six Calendar Months after the Death of the Person so dying, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered and applied in the same Manner as any Penalty may by this Act be recovered and applied.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act and the Schedules hereto annexed, imposed on Receipts or Discharges for Legacies given by Will out of any Personal Estate, or for the Residue, or any Part of the Residue, of any Personal Estate of any Person dying testate or intestate, shall be accounted for, ascertained, and paid by the Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons who shall actually have or take the Burden of the Execution of the Will or other Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, upon the Returns by such Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons for his, her, or their own Benefit, or for the Benefit of any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons, of any Legacy, or any Part of any Legacy, or of the Residue of any Personal Estate, or any Part of such Residue, which such Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons shall be entitled to retain, either in law, her, or their own Right, or in the Right or for the Benefit of such Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons; and also, upon Delivery, Payment, or other Satisfaction or Discharge whatsoever, of any Legacy, or any Part of any Legacy, or of the Residue of any Personal Estate, or any Part of such Residue, to which any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons, may be entitled; And in case any Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons having or taking the Burden of such Execution or Administration as aforesaid, shall retain for his, her, or their own Benefit, or for the Benefit of any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons, any Legacy or any Part of any Legacy, or the Residue of any Personal Estate, or any Part of such Residue, which such Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons shall be entitled to retain, either in law, her, or their own Right, or in the Right or for the Benefit of any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons, and upon the Receipt or Discharge for which any Duty shall be chargeable by virtue of this Act, or the Schedules hereto annexed, not having fulfilled such Duty, or without taking a Receipt duly stamped with the Duty by this Act and the Schedules hereto annexed imposed in respect of such Legacy, or Residue or Part thereof, or shall deliver, pay, or otherwise howsoever satisfy or discharge any Legacy, or any Part of any Legacy, or the Residue of any Personal Estate or any Part thereof, to which any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons shall be entitled, and upon the Receipt for which any Duty shall be chargeable by virtue of this Act, having received or delivered the Duty

any Person who have the House or Place charged by Injunction.

Executors, Administrators, and other Persons, shall make the Value of the Estate.

Executors, Administrators, and other Persons, shall exhibit their Oath in the Ecclesiastical Court, or in the Court of the Probate Office in the District.

Penalty on Persons administering Personal Estate without making Probate, &c. a fine of £100.

Duties on Receipts for Legacies for Executors of the Personal Estate and for Legatees, next of Kin, or other Persons.

If Executor shall retain or pay Legacy without having fulfilled his Duty, or taken a stamped Receipt, or shall pay the Legacy without the Duty, he, or they, shall be liable to the King for the Amount.

So chargeable; *then* and in each and every such Case the Duty which shall be due and payable upon the Receipt or Discharge for any such Legacy and Part of Legacy, and Residue and Part of Residue respectively, and which shall not have been duly paid and satisfied to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Provisions of the Act, shall be a Debt to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of and from such Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons having or taking the Burden of such Execution or Administration as aforesaid: And in case any such Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons (being, or taking the Burden of such Execution or Administration as aforesaid) shall deliver, pay, or otherwise lawfully satisfy or discharge any Legacy or Residue, or any Part of such Legacy or Residue, to or for the Benefit of any Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons entitled thereto, without having received or deducted the Duty chargeable thereon, or without taking a Receipt duly stamped with the Duty by this Act and the Schedule hereto assessed and imposed in respect of such Legacy, or Residue or Part thereof, then and in every such Case such Duty shall be a Debt to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as well of the Executor, Administrator, or other Person or Persons who shall make such Delivery, Payment, Satisfaction, or Discharge, as of the Legatee, next of Kin, or other Person or Persons to whom the same shall be made.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act, and the Schedule hereto assessed, imposed on Receipts or Discharges for Legacies charged upon or given out of any Real Estate, or Moneys arising from the Sale of Real Estate, or upon Residues, or Parts or Shares of Residues of any such Moneys arising from the Sale of any Real Estate, shall be accounted for, assessed, and paid, by the Trustee or Trustees to whom the Real Estate shall be devised out of which the Legacy or Legacies, or Share or Shares of any Money arising out of the Sale or other Disposition of such Real Estate shall be to be paid or satisfied; or if there shall be no Trustee or Trustees, then by the Person or Persons entitled to such Real Estate (subject to any Legacy, or by the Person or Persons empowered or required to pay or satisfy any such Legacy) And the said Duties shall be paid, satisfied, discharged, or retained by the Person paying or satisfying any such Legacy or Share of Money, in each Matter, and under such Penalties and Regulations, so far as the same can be made applicable, as in heretofore directed, mentioned, and contained with respect to Legacies given out of any Personal Estate, or with respect to the Residue, or any Part of the Residue of any Personal Estate.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Executor or Administrator or other Person or Persons taking the Burden of the Execution of the Will or other Testamentary Intestament, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, or any Trustee or other Person to whom any Real Estate shall be devised, or who shall be entitled to any Real Estate (subject to any Legacy, shall not have paid any Duties by this Act imposed on Receipts or Discharges for any Legacy or for any Residue or Part of any Residue pursuant to the Directions of this Act within a proper and reasonable Time; it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, upon Application to be made for that Purpose on behalf of the said Commissioners for managing the said Duties on Stamps, upon such Affidavit or Affidavits as to the said Court may appear to be sufficient, to grant a Rule requiring such Executor, Administrator, Trustee, or other Person or Persons, to show Cause why he or they should not deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamps an Account upon Oath of all the Legacies and of all the Property respectively paid or to be paid or administered by such Executor or Administrator, or other Person or Persons, or given or bequeathed to such Trustee or other Person entitled to any Real Estate (subject to any such Legacy as the Case may be, and why the Duties on any such Legacies or any Shares or Residue of any such Estate Real or Personal here not been paid, or should not be lawfully paid according to Law, and to make any such Rule of Court absolute in every Case in which the same may appear to the said Court to be proper and necessary for the enforcing the Payment of any of the said Duties.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for managing the said Duties of Stamps, or any One or more of them, to require of every Registrar or other Officer of any Ecclesiastical Court in *Ireland* having the Custody or Care of any Wills proved in any such Court, or having the Custody of any Entry or Register of any Investitures granted in any such Court, an Account of all such Wills and Letters of Administration, together with the Particulars relating thereto, and Extracts from any such Wills as may from time to time be required by the said Commissioners, or Payment of such Fees as shall be agreed upon for the same, as in and in relation to any such Account it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for that Purpose; and every such Officer as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required within One Month after any such Request so made by the said Commissioners or any One or more of them, or by any Person authorized by them for that Purpose, to write out and deliver such Account as aforesaid; and if any such Registrar or other Officer as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to make out and deliver any such Account as aforesaid within One Month after any Demand made as aforesaid, it shall knowingly or wilfully make out and deliver any such Account, every such Registrar or other Officer shall suffer for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Intromission in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General for *Ireland*, to the Use of His Majesty His Heirs and Successors.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Legacy given for the Education or Maintenance of Poor Children in *Ireland*, or to be applied in the Support of any public Charitable Institution in *Ireland*, shall be held to any Duty on it imposed under this or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*; and that no Legacy consisting of Books, Prints, Pictures, Drawings, Gems, Coins, Medals, Specimens of Natural History, or other specific Articles which shall be given or bequeathed to or in Trust for any Body Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, or any Society, or any endowed School, is or to be kept and preferred by such Body Corporate, Society, or School, and not for the Purposes of Sale, shall be liable to any Duty imposed on Legacies under this or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

XXXVII. And

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace in Ireland shall within One Month after any Conviction for any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Stamp Duties, shall have been returned to his Office, forthwith to the nearest Distributor of Stamps, or to some Distributor of Stamps in and for the County in which such Conviction shall have been made, a Copy of such Conviction signed by himself, for which he shall receive from such Distributor, the Sum of One Shilling and no more, and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit such Copy so signed, to the said Comptroller at his Head Office in Dublin, and if any such Clerk of the Peace or Distributor shall neglect or omit so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Conviction made by any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, for any Offence against this Act, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall be afterwards Appended to any Quarter Sessions, the Warrant or Warrants or Warrants or Commitments for carrying the same into Execution, shall be granted by the Justice so affixing the same, or any Two of them, or if such Affixature shall have been made by or before a single Person competent to hold such Court of Quarter Sessions alone, then such Warrant or Warrants, Commitment or Commitments shall be granted by such single Person, and shall be in the Form here following respectively, or in some other Form of Words of the same Import respectively;

Copy of Conviction, shall be transmitted by Clerk of Peace to Comptroller.

Form of Warrants or Commitments or Appals.

Copy of Conviction, shall be transmitted by Clerk of Peace to Comptroller.

To M. and N. and each of them, their and each of their Heirs.

WHEREAS, on the Day of in the Year E. F. of the said County, that he (or she) on the Day of then last past, at in the said County did, [lay fit out the Goods] and thereupon the said E. F. became liable to a Fine or Penalty of And whereas, the said E. F. appealed from the said Conviction to the Quarter Sessions, which hath affirmed the same with Cuda, making together with the said Fine or Penalty the Sum of There are therefore to authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said E. F. or a Sufficiency thereof for levying the said last-mentioned Sum thereon, wherever you shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid, and if the said Goods shall not be released by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by publick Sale thereof to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said E. F. the Overplus if any, and the said Sum to be levied you shall bring to us, or One of us, or to us, (as the Case may be) without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under our Hands and Seals (or my Hand and Seal) this Day of

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found, to answer such Penalty, and a Warrant shall thereupon be issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, the same shall be in the same Form as the Warrant last aforesaid to these Words " that he (or she) do therefore hereby authorize and command you," which Words, and all from thence to the Words " disposed of according to Law" inclusive, shall be inserted; and this Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in these Places, to wit,

And whereas we (or I) did on the Day of the said our (or my) Warrant to take the said Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum, we (or I) do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you, to take the Body of the said E. F. wherever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before us (or us).

And the Form of Commitment for committing the said Offender to Prison, shall be in the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler, and, that from and after the Words we (or I) do therefore hereby authorize and command you," there shall follow these Words,

To take into your Custody the Body of the said E. F. and him (or her) safely to keep for the said Sum, unless the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under our Hands and Seals (or my Hand and Seal) this Day of

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words to the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done under the Authority of or in pursuance of the Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Duties under the Care and Management of the said Commissioners of Stamps, every such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants; such Action or Suit to be brought only upon the General Issue, and upon the Act and the special Matter in Controversy at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the issue was done in pursuance of by the Authority of such Act, and if it shall appear to be in law, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought since the Time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County, City, or Place, than as aforesaid, then and in every such Case the Pleas if in every such Action shall be pleaded, and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be in or otherwise assisted, or shall defend one or more, or their Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon the verdict Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, as if he were the Poor Remedy for the issue as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other Cases by Law.

Distribution of Actions by Months, &c.

to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamp and Vellum, Parchment, and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, shall be of Force and Effect, and shall be applied and put in Execution for the raising, levying, paying, collecting, and securing the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, and all Provisions and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and Purposes, as if the same had been heretofore enacted with relation to the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable: except only in so far as any of such Powers, Provisions, Rules, Methods, and Directions, Articles, Exceptions, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, in the said Acts, or any or either of them, contained, are expressly altered or repealed, or otherwise provided for by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts of the last Session of Parliament for granting Stamp Duties in Ireland, as much as in any Ejectment the original Declaration shall be filed in the Court wherein such Ejectment shall be brought before Service of such Ejectment, or any Notice thereof, or of any such Declaration, or any Copy thereof, on the Defendant or Tenant in Possession, and that a Copy of such Declaration being first made out by the Attorney who shall bring the same to be filed, shall be signed and attested by the proper Officer of the Court wherein the same shall be filed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

46 G. 3 c. 46.
 47 G. 3 c. 46.
 48 G. 3 c. 46.
 49 G. 3 c. 46.
 50 G. 3 c. 46.
 51 G. 3 c. 46.
 52 G. 3 c. 46.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

For and upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, as which shall be engrossed, written, or printed, any of the following Articles (or any Part thereof, except as otherwise particularly provided) the respective Duties following; that is to say,	Duty.
I.—Patents, Grants, and Admissions, of or to Dignities, Offices, Benefits, or Decrees, and Exemplifications and Certificates thereof.	£. s. d.
Any Grant or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchise, Liberty, or Privilege, to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or any Exemplification of the same, not hereby charged with a specific Duty (Consent of the Heir in Process always excepted)	50 0 0
Any Patent for an Archbishoprick	100 0 0
Any Patent for a Bishoprick	200 0 0
Any Patent for a Marquisate	200 0 0
Any Patent for an Earldom	200 0 0
Any Patent for a Viscount	150 0 0
Any Patent for a Bishoprick	50 0 0
Any Patent for a Barony	100 0 0
Any Patent for a Baronetage	50 0 0
Any Presentation or Donation which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, or any Collection by any Archbishop or Bishop, or any Presentation or Donation to be made by any Patron whatsoever, of or to any Benefice, Dignity, or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion whatsoever, of the yearly Value of One hundred Pounds	5 0 0
And for every One hundred Pounds of the yearly Value thereof, exceeding the first £100 a Year, a further Duty of	5 0 0
The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop, Bishop, or Vicar General of the Diocese: Provided always, That Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be deemed One Benefice only.	
Any Institution that shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor, or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court (provided that no Institution to Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be considered as an Institution to a single Benefice)	2 0 0
Any Dispensation to hold Two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or both a Dignity and a Benefice, or any other Dispensation or Faculty from the Lord Archbishop of Armagh, or Master of the Faculties for the Time being	15 0 0
Any Grant from His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, of any Ban of Money.	
Exceeding £500 and not exceeding £1000	4 0 0
£1000 and not exceeding £2000	10 0 0
And for every £2000 exceeding £2000, a further Duty of	5 0 0
[Any such Grant of any Annuity, Pension, Office, or Employment, which shall be of the Value of £2000 per Annum.	50 0 0
And for every £1000 per Annum exceeding £2000 per Annum, a further Duty of	5 0 0
Provided that no Duty shall be charged upon or in respect of more than One Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, as which such last-mentioned Grant may be engrossed, printed, or written.*]	

* See Stat.
 47 G. 3 c. 46.
 48 G. 3 c. 46.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Duty.

Presents, Grants, and Admissions continued.

Any Grant of an Escheatible

20 0 0

Any Grant of any Land in Fee, Lease for Years, or other Grant or Profit, not heretofore particularly charged, that shall pass the Great Seal of the Exchequer (Catholican Leases excepted)

3 0 0

Any Pardon or Respite (except the Pardon granted in forma Pauperis) of or for any Crime or Offence, or of any Money or Forfeiture whatsoever, according to the Statute in this behalf made for Reprieve or Release from any Fine, Corporal Punishment, or any other Torture

4 0 0

Any Admission of any Fellow of the College of Physicians or Surgeons

10 0 0

Any Admission of any Student into the Society of King's Inns

20 0 0

Any Admission of any Barrister into the Inn of Court

20 0 0

(A Fee of the said respective Inns of 20s shall be received for and paid to the Society of King's Inns)

Any Admission of any Advocate, Practitioner, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk, or other Officer or Officers, in any Court whatsoever, except such Officer in any Inferior Court, whose Office is under the Value of 200 l. in Salary, Fees, and other Perquisites, and except any several Officer whatsoever in any Corporation

20 0 0

Any Certificate to be taken out by any Attorney or Solicitor, Practitioner, Agent, or Procurator (previous to his commencing or defending any Suit or Prosecution) of his Admission, Qualification, or Register in any of His Majesty's Courts in Dublin, or in any Ecclesiastical or in any Court of Admiralty or Irish J. or in any other Court in Ireland holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to 200 l. or more, or the Thing in Dispute is of that Value:

If such Attorney or Solicitor, Practitioner, Agent, or Procurator, has not been admitted for Three Years, yearly

1 0 0

If such Attorney or Solicitor, Practitioner, Agent, or Procurator, has been admitted for Three Years or more, yearly

3 0 0

Any Certificate to be taken out by any Special Pleader, Draftsman in any Court of Equity, Conveyancer, Scrivener, or any other Person who, for or in Expectation of a Fee, Gain, or Reward, shall draw or prepare any Conveyance or, or Deed relating to, any Matter Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity:

If such Special Pleader, Draftsman, Conveyancer, Scrivener, or other Person, shall not have practised for Three Years, yearly

1 0 0

If such Special Pleader, Draftsman, Conveyancer, Scrivener, or other Person, shall have practised for Three Years or more, yearly

3 0 0

Except Draftsman; and except Solicitors, Attorneys, Notaries, Practitioners, Agents, or Procurators, having obtained regular Certificates, Persons employed only in copying Deeds; Public Officers drawing official Instruments, and Persons drawing Agreements under Hand only, or Wills.

[Any Appointment of any Person to be Sub Sheriff for any of the following Counties or Cities of this Kingdom, (that is to say) for the Counties of Antrim, Armagh, Cavan, Carrick, Cork, Donegal, Down, Dublin, Galway, Kerry, Limerick, Londonderry, Mayo, Meath, Monaghan, Queen's County, Wick, Wexford, or Tyrone; or for the County of the City of Dublin; or the County of the City of Cork &c.]

10 0 0

[Any Appointment of any Person to be Sub Sheriff for any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, other than those respectively before mentioned &c.]

2 0 0

Any Appointment or Deputation of any Person to be a Steward of a Minor Court

2 0 0

Any Entry, Minute, or Memorandum of the Admission of any Person into any Corporation or Company (except a Corporation or Company for the Direction of any Charitable Institution only) (who shall be so admitted in respect of his Birth, Apprenticeship, or Marriage, entered or made in the Court Book, Roll or Record, of any such Corporation or Company)

0 10 0

Any Entry, Minute, or Memorandum of the Admission of any other Person into any Corporation or Company (except a Corporation or Company for the Direction of any Charitable Institution only)

1 0 0

II.—Indentures, Bonds, and other Deeds and Instruments, and Executions, Endowments, Mortgages, or Regrants thereof

Any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Deed, not otherwise charged (except Indentures of Apprenticeship where no Apprentive Fee shall be given, or if any be given, when such Apprentice Fee shall not exceed the Sum of 20s, and also except Indentures for binding Apprentices poor Parish Children, or other poor Children; and any Deed or Instrument charged with a Duty of 2s. or 3s. according to the Number of occupied Sheets of which the same shall consist)

SCHEDULE (A.)				Duty.	
Indentures, Bonds, and other Deeds, &c. <i>See</i> <i>captioned</i> .				℥. s. d.	
If each Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, shall contain less than 50 computed Sheets, and shall be engrossed, written, or printed on only One Skin or Sheet, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper				0 10 0	
And if any such Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, containing less than 50 computed Sheets, shall be written on more than One Skin or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper:					
There on the first Skin or Sheet or Piece thereof				0 10 0	
And on every other Skin or Sheet or Piece thereof				0 5 0	
If each Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, shall contain Thirty computed Sheets or more,					
There on the first Fifteen computed Sheets thereof, or any less Quantity expressed, written, or printed on the first Skin or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper				0 10 0	
And for every entire Quantity of Fifteen computed Sheets over and above the first Fifteen computed Sheets				0 5 0	
And for any less Quantity than Fifteen computed Sheets, engrossed, written, or printed on any separate Skin or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, other than the first such Sheet, Skin, or Piece				0 5 0	
N. B. Every computed Sheet is calculated at Seventy-two Words.					
Any Indenture or other Deed, and every Article or Contract whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as an Apprentice or Clerk to an Attorney or Solicitor, in Order to the Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Courts in England, on each Part of such Indentures, Deeds, Articles, or Contracts				50 0 0	
(Some Pounds of the said Duty of Fifty Pounds is imposed on each Part of such Indentures shall be accounted for and paid to the Society of King's Inns.)					
Any Indenture or other Deed for binding an Apprentice to a Notary Publick, on each Part of such Indentures				5 0 0	
Any other Indenture of Apprenticeship, where the Sum or Value given, paid, contracted, or agreed for, with or in relation to such Apprentices, shall exceed Ten Pounds, and shall not exceed Twenty Pounds				0 5 0	
℥50 and shall not exceed ℥50				0 10 0	
50				1 0 0	
100				2 0 0	
200				3 0 0	
300				4 0 0	
400				5 0 0	
500				6 0 0	
600				7 0 0	
700				8 0 0	
800				9 0 0	
900				10 0 0	
And where both Sum or Value shall exceed the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, for every One hundred Pounds of such Excess, a Duty of				3 0 0	
Any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Deed, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article, for letting or dividing Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives, or Thirty-one Years, whether with or without a Clause or Condition for the Renewal thereof*, (except Leases made by any Justice or Chancellor, or Officer of the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, under the Orders of the said Courts respectively, and except Leases by Electors, or of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, granted for Non-payment of Rent for Six or Nine Months:)					
Where the Annual Amount of the Rent referred any penal Rent, or any Increase of referred Rent to the Nature of a Penal Rent, not being included in such Amount: shall not exceed Five Pounds, or the Fine or Consideration for the lease shall not exceed Twenty Pounds					
[0 2 0] * s. 5 s. 47 G. 3 R. 1. C. 46. Ireland.					
Where the Amount	Of such Rent.		Of such Fine or Consideration.		
	By the said Act.	and shall not exceed	By the said Act.	and shall not exceed	
	℥. s. d.	℥. s. d.	℥. s. d.	℥. s. d.	
	5 0 0	10 0 0	20 0 0	100 0 0	0 5 0
	10 0 0	20 0 0	100 0 0	150 0 0	0 10 0
	20 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0	800 0 0	0 15 0
	50 0 0	100 0 0	500 0 0	500 0 0	1 0 0
	100 0 0	250 0 0	1000 0 0	750 0 0	1 0 0
	250 0 0	500 0 0	2500 0 0	1800 0 0	1 0 0
	500 0 0	1250 0 0	5000 0 0	2200 0 0	2 10 0
	1250 0 0	3000 0 0	12500 0 0	2500 0 0	3 0 0
	3000 0 0	7500 0 0	30000 0 0	2750 0 0	3 10 0
7500 0 0	18000 0 0	75000 0 0	3000 0 0	4 0 0	
0 3		And			

SCHEDULE A.)		Duty.
Indentures, Bonds, and other Deeds, (Leases, &c. <i>omitted</i> .)		2 ^o 6 ^d
And where the Annual Amount of such Rest referred shall exceed the Sum of Four hundred Pounds, or such Five or Consideration shall exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, then for every One hundred Pounds of the whole Amount of such Rest, or for every Five hundred Pounds of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of - - -		1 0 0
Any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Leas, Minors, Mirrovements, or legal or equitable Article, for leasing or demising Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term exceeding Three Lives or Thirty-two Years, shall be subject to a Duty equal to the Whole to double the Amount of the foregoing Duties on any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Deed respectively.		
And in case such Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, shall be executed by virtue of any Letter of Attorney for that Purpose, then for every Five Pounds of the Annual Amount of such referred Rest, or for every Twenty-five Pounds of Fine or Consideration, a further Duty in all Cases, of - - -		0 1 6
Any Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, for demising Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in Ireland, executed by any Mofler in Chancery, or Officer of the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, or executed by any Eligible Creditor, or for Six or Nine Months, where such Lands, Tenement, or Hereditaments, shall be under Execution for Non-payment of Rent,		
Where the yearly Rent shall not exceed Two hundred Pounds		0 10 0
Where such Rest shall exceed Two hundred Pounds, and shall not exceed Four hundred Pounds		1 0 0
Where such Rest shall exceed Four hundred Pounds, then for every One hundred Pounds of the whole Amount of such Rest		0 10 0
And if any such Indenture, Lease, Release, Deed, or Instrument, for demising or letting Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in Ireland, shall contain Thirty computed Sheets or more, then for every extra Quantity of Fifteen computed Sheets over and above the first Fifteen computed Sheets, a Duty in all Cases of - - -		0 5 0
Any Letter of Attorney, empowering any Person to receive Rents in Ireland		5 0 0
Any Letter of Attorney empowering any Person to execute any Lease or Leases of Lands in Ireland,		
When the Annual Amount of the Rest referred in such Lease or Leases (say Peol Rest, or any Income of referred Rest in the Nature of a Peol Rest, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed Five Pounds, or the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed Twenty Pounds		0 0 0
And where the Amount of such Rest referred shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, or such Fine or Consideration shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds		10 0 0
Any Letter of Attorney empowering any Person to execute any Lease or Leases of Lands in Ireland, not specifying the Amount of the Rest or Fine to be referred or received thereon respectively		10 0 6
Any Recognizance conditioned for the Payment of Money or Performance of Covenants or Agreements, and any Statute Simple or Statute Merchant, or Entry of Record in any Court or Office, not herein otherwise charged, except Recognizances taken before any Justice or Justice of the Peace and Recognizances on an Appeal from any Decree or <i>verdict</i> made or pronounced by any Affidavit Bailiff in their respective Counties, or by the Recorder of the City of Dublin		0 5 0
Any Contract, Bond, or other obligatory Instrument conditioned for the Payment of any principal Sum:		
Not exceeding 200		0 5 0
Exceeding 100 and not exceeding 200		0 10 0
300		1 0 0
500		1 10 0
1,000		2 0 0
2,000		3 0 0
3,000		4 0 0
5,000		5 0 0
Where such principal Sum shall exceed 5,000		
Any Bond, commonly called a Mortgage Bond, or Bond given as a collateral Security for or in respect of any Mortgage		0 5 0
Any other Bond not otherwise charged		0 5 0
Any Deed or other Instrument for the Security, by way of Mortgage of any Sum of Money lent on any Estate or Property whatsoever in Ireland, and any Deed or Instrument for the Sale, Settlement, or Conveyance of any Estate or Property whatsoever in Ireland, whether Real or Personal, and of whatever Tenure or Description (except Assignments of Judgments, which are to pay Duty only as Deeds not particularly charged)		

SCHEDULE (A.)		Duty.	
Indentures, Bonds, and other Deeds, [Mortgages, &c. excluded.]		£. s. d.	
Where the Amount of the Money lent and secured on such Estate or Property, or of the Consideration bona fide paid, for such Sale, Settlement, or Conveyance, shall not exceed One hundred Pounds		0 15 0	
Where the Amount of such Money shall exceed	and shall not exceed	100 - - - - -	1 0 0
		300 - - - - -	1 30 0
		500 - - - - -	2 0 0
		1,000 - - - - -	2 10 0
		2,000 - - - - -	4 0 0
		3,000 - - - - -	6 0 0
		4,000 - - - - -	8 0 0
		5,000 - - - - -	10 0 0
		10,000 - - - - -	12 0 0
		15,000 - - - - -	15 0 0
Where the Amount of such Money shall exceed Twenty thousand Pounds		20 0 0	
And if such Deed or Instrument shall contain Thirty computed Sheets, or more, than for every entire Quantity of Fifteen computed Sheets over and above the first Fifteen computed Sheets		0 5 0	
Any Award under Hand and Seal, or under Hand only, made in Ireland, and whether the same shall or shall not be enrolled of Record as, or made a Rule of any Court, for the first Fifteen computed Sheets, or any less Quantity thereof		0 10 0	
And for every entire Quantity of Fifteen computed Sheets, over and above the first Fifteen computed Sheets		0 5 0	
Any Instrument made in Ireland, under Hand only, whether the same shall contain an entire Contract, or shall be the Evidence only of a Contract, where the Matter thereof shall be of the Value of £20. or upwards, for the first Fifteen computed Sheets, or any less Quantity thereof		0 10 0	
And for every entire Quantity of Fifteen computed Sheets, over and above the first Fifteen computed Sheets		0 5 0	
Any Exemplification, of what Nature soever, that shall pass the Seal of any Court, not hereby otherwise charged		0 25 0	
Any Conveyance, Surrender of Grants or Offices, Releases, or other Deed whatsoever, [Indentures of Attorney's Appointments excepted] which shall be enrolled of Record in any of the Courts of the City of Dublin, or in any Court of Record whatsoever [except Assignments of Judgments] over and above all other Duties		1 0 0	
Any Memorial of any Deed, Conveyance, Will or Devise, which shall be registered in the Publick Office for registering such Memorials, or shall be entered in any of the Courts of Record in Ireland [except Memorials of Devises, and except Memorials of Assignments of Judgments]		0 30 0	
Any Memorial of any Devise, or of any Agreement to devise		0 3 6	
Any Memorial of the Assignments of any Judgments:			
Where the Penalty of each Judgment is alleged shall not exceed £100.		0 5 0	
And where the Penalty of each Judgment is alleged shall exceed £100.		0 10 0	
Any Extract or Copy of any Deed or Memorial from the Office for Registry of Deeds, for every computed Sheet such Copy shall contain		0 0 4	
III.—Writs, Processes, or other Proceedings, Commissions, Pleadings, Judgments, Appeals, and Executions, in Suits or Actions at Law, or in Equity.			
Any Writ of Covenant for recovering a Fine		3 0 0*	
Any Writ of Entry for recovering a common Recovery		3 0 0	
Any Petition in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in the Prerogative Court, or Confidant Court of Dublin		0 2 6	
Any Dishes or Fees for Order made on any such Petition		0 1 0	
[Any Commission under the Great Seal of Ireland, directed to Commissioners of Bankrupts*]		0 0 0	
Any Letter of Guardianship under the Great Seal of Ireland		2 0 0	
Any Commission or Writ of ex officio Process to take Answers or to examine Witnesses, or for any other Purpose, which shall issue from the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, or any Ecclesiastical Court, or the Court of Admiralty, or any other Court in Ireland		0 20 0	
Any original Writ, Subpoena, Writ of Habeas Corpus, Writ of Cognovit Quod Miras, Writ of Habeas Prætorianum to examine Witnesses, or appeal Guardians, or any other Writ, Process, or Mandate whatsoever, not herein otherwise charged, that shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts in Dublin (whether the same be the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts) or any other Court whatsoever before holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage is 40 shillings or above, or the Thing is Demanded or Cause of Suit is of that Value		0 1 6	

SCHEDULE (A.)	Duty.
Writs, Process, &c. as usual	s. 1 d.
Any Copy of any such Writ which shall be served on any Defendant or Defendants therein served	0 0 0
Any Entry of any Process of Contempt for any Contempt, or for not answering shall be so void in the Court of Chancery or Exchequer, or in the Ecclesiastical Courts, whether such Process shall be or not	0 1 0
[Any Return which shall be made by any Sheriff, Coroner, Constable, Mayor, Steward, or other Officer, or to any Writ or other Process to be taken or shown in such Court, which shall either issue or be in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any Court or one of the Admiralty Courts, or from any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or any other Court in Ireland, in any Suit at Law or in Equity]	0 2 0
Any Writout under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Sheriff or Sheriff, or from their Under Sheriff respectively	0 2 0
Any Writout to any Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, or other Agent, to appear for any Plaintiff or Defendant in any Action or Suit, in any Court in Great Britain, where the Debt or Damage amounts to 40s. or above, or where the Thing Demanded or Cause of Suit is of that Value, or to prosecute or defend such Action or Suit, in the Court of Chancery	0 3 6
Any Appearance to be entered in any such Court or Courts is Inland, by any Bail Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, or other Agent, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry	0 1 0
Any Special Bail to be taken in any of the Courts in Dublin, or before any of the Judges of the said Courts, or in any Court whatsoever	0 2 0
Any Appearance that shall be made on such Bail	0 2 0
Any Common Bail, to be filed in any Court whatsoever, and any Appearance that shall be made on such Bail	0 1 0
Any Bail Bond taken by any Sheriff or Under Sheriff, or by any Town Clerk, or any Steward of any Manor	0 4 0
Any Affidavit of such Bail Bond	0 1 0
Any Declaration (except Declaration in Exchequer's Bill, Answer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, or Demurrer, and any Interrogatory, or Depositions, taken by Commissioners or Masters Clerks, and any Libel, Allegation, or Deposition, or other Plea or Pleading, of what Nature or Kind soever, not herein otherwise charged, that shall be filed by or on Behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendants by any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, or other Agent, in any Court of Law or Equity, or in the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts, or in any other Court in Ireland (and except the Paper Drafts of Depositions before they are ingrossed)	0 4 0
For the first Fifteen compared Sheets, or any less Quantity thereof And for every entire Quantity of Fifteen compared Sheets over and above the First Fifteen compared Sheets	0 4 0
Any Declaration, Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Plea, or Pleading, at Law or in Equity, filed by or on Behalf of any Attorney or Solicitor, who shall sue or be sued as an Attorney or Solicitor in his own proper Person, on the first Sheet thereof, over and above all other Stamp Duties	0 3 6
Any Copy of any Declaration in Exchequer, or other Declaration, Bill, Answer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, Interrogatory, Deposition, Allegation, or Libel, or of any other Plea or Pleading in any Court whatsoever, or any Copy of any Record to be furnished to the Twelve Judges for the hearing of Causes in Error in the Court of Exchequer Chamber, or in the Court of Delegates	0 0 4
Any Exception to any Answer or Plea filed in any Court of Equity, or in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, to be charged upon each Exception, a further pence with any other or others on the same Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, or not	0 3 6
And for every Ninety Words which each and every Exception shall contain, over and above the first Ninety Words, a further Duty of	0 1 6
And upon each and every Exception, over and above the First Ten Exceptions, a further Duty of	0 4 0
And for every Ninety Words which each and every such Exception, above the First Ten Exceptions, shall contain, over and above the First Ninety Words, a further Duty of	0 3 6
Any Certificate of the Length of Pleadings in the Court of Chancery or Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer	0 1 0
Any Charge or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity	0 1 0
Any attested Copy of any such Charge or Discharge	0 1 0
Any attested Copy of any Account or Report filed in any Cause, in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Reverse Side of the Court of Exchequer	0 3 0

SCHEDULE (A.)

Duty.

Writs, Pro vices, &c. [Judgments resumed.]

s. l. d.

Officer belonging to any of the Courts in the City of Dublin, who have Power, or actually do or shall sign Judgments, whether the said Judgment be signed *in* or *in* an Office of Debt, or as the Case, or by Custodes,

For any Sum under £100

0 5 0

For £100, and not exceeding £200

0 10 0

And for every £100 exceeding the Sum of £200, a further Duty of

0 0 6

Any Writ of Habeas corpus, or Writ of Reliance or Possession

0 10 0

Any Warrant to any Attorney to signify a Judgment entered of Record in the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, in Dublin

0 2 0

Any Warrant of Attorney to vacate any Recognizance entered into in the Court of Chancery, or Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, and any Order obtained to vacate the same

0 5 0

Any Decree or Dismissal made by or in the Court of Chancery

0 4 6

Any Decree or Dismissal made by or in the Court of Exchequer

0 5 0

Any Execution of a Decree of the Court of Chancery under the Great Seal

0 15 0

Any Writ of Error or Certiorari, and any Appeal, except from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Diocesan or Archbishopial Court

1 0 0

Except always in all Cases all Proceedings in any Court Marital, or in any Suit in any of the Courts aforesaid, which shall be sued, prosecuted, or laid, by any Parties admitted to sue or defend therein, in Forma Pauperis.

Any Entry of any Action in the Mayor's or Sheriff's Court in the City of Dublin, and in Courts of all Corporations, and in all other Courts whatsoever, out of which no Writ, Process, or Mandate issues, holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings, or above, or where the Thing in Demand or Cause of Suit is of that Value

0 1 0

Any Appearance to be entered to any such Action

0 1 0

Any Summons issued out of any such Court not holding Plea, above Forty Shillings

0 0 2

Any Warrant issued by any such Court, and any Order made by any such Court, on any Summons issued as aforesaid

0 0 2

Any Summons or Process whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Assistant Recorder, Serjeant, or Steward of a Manor Court, or other Judge, or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary Way by Civil Bill

0 0 2

Any Copy of any such Summons

0 1 2

Any Decree which shall be made or pronounced by, or any Warrant which shall issue under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Assistant Barrister, Recorder, Town Clerk, or Serjeant, or by any Judge of Assize, in Cases heard by Civil Bill;

Where the Sum decreed shall be under £5

0 2 0

Shall amount to £5, and shall not amount to £10

0 4 0

Shall amount to £10 or upwards

0 7 0

Any Dismissal made or pronounced by any Assistant Barrister, Recorder, or Judge of Assize

0 4 0

Any Dismissal made or pronounced by any Serjeant or Steward of any Manor, in any Proceeding by Civil Bill

0 1 0

Any Renewal of a Decree or Dismissal on any Proceeding by Civil Bill, whether such Decree or Dismissal shall have been made or pronounced by any Judge of Assize, Recorder, Assistant Barrister, Serjeant, or Steward of a Manor

0 1 0

Any Recognizance on an Appeal from any Decree or Dismissal made or pronounced by an Assistant Barrister, Recorder, Serjeant, or Judge of Assize

0 2 0

Any Citation or Monition, Mandate, Prohibition, Summons, Requisition, or other Process, of what Nature or Kind soever, that shall issue out of any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, and not herein otherwise charged, and any Copies of them respectively

0 3 0

Any Incommodities lodged or exhibited in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland, and any Copy thereof

0 5 0

Any Warrant (except Warrants to Provisions to appear) Monition, or Personal Decree in the Court of Admiralty (except in Suits for Recovery of Seamen's Wages)

0 7 0

Any Personal Decree in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland

0 7 0

Any Sentence that shall be given in the Court of Admiralty, or any Attachment (except in Suits for the Recovery of Seamen's Wages) that shall be made out of the said Court of Admiralty, or any Reliance of any such Attachment

1 0 0

Any Interlocutory Decree in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland

0 10 0

Any Decree or Dismissal in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland

0 4 0

Any Execution of any Decree in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland

0 12 0

Any Citation issued out of any Ecclesiastical Court, not herein before particularly charged

0 7 0

Any Appeal from any Diocesan Court

5 0 0

Any Appeal from the Court of Admiralty, or Prerogative Court, or any Archbishopial Court

10 0 0

Any Custodian under the Seal of the Exchequer, grounded on an Outlawry in any Civil Action

10 10 0

* The Duty on
Copies of G. 3.
s. 1, 2, 10
shall be

* By Act 11
Provisions for
G. 3. s. 10
shall be

1 0 0
1 0 0
1 14 0

SCHEDULE (A.)			Duty.	
IV.—Probate and Administrations, and Receipts for Legacies.				
Any Probate of a Will, and any Letters of Administration whatever, for any Estate:				
	£	s	£	s
	200		0	10 0
	300		1	10 0
	400		2	0 0
	500		3	0 0
	600		4	0 0
	700		5	0 0
	800		6	0 0
	900		7	0 0
	1,000		8	0 0
	1,000	1,000	9	0 0
	1,500	1,500	15	0 0
	2,000	2,000	20	0 0
	2,500	2,500	25	0 0
	3,000	3,000	30	0 0
	3,500	3,500	35	0 0
	4,000	4,000	40	0 0
	4,500	4,500	45	0 0
	5,000	5,000	50	0 0
	5,500	5,500	55	0 0
	6,000	6,000	60	0 0
	6,500	6,500	65	0 0
	7,000	7,000	70	0 0
	7,500	7,500	75	0 0
	8,000	8,000	80	0 0
	8,500	8,500	85	0 0
	9,000	9,000	90	0 0
	9,500	9,500	95	0 0
	10,000	10,000	100	0 0
	10,500	10,500	105	0 0
	11,000	11,000	110	0 0
	11,500	11,500	115	0 0
	12,000	12,000	120	0 0
	12,500	12,500	125	0 0
	13,000	13,000	130	0 0
	13,500	13,500	135	0 0
	14,000	14,000	140	0 0
	14,500	14,500	145	0 0
	15,000	15,000	150	0 0
	15,500	15,500	155	0 0
	16,000	16,000	160	0 0
	16,500	16,500	165	0 0
	17,000	17,000	170	0 0
	17,500	17,500	175	0 0
	18,000	18,000	180	0 0
	18,500	18,500	185	0 0
	19,000	19,000	190	0 0
	19,500	19,500	195	0 0
	20,000	20,000	200	0 0
	20,500	20,500	205	0 0
	21,000	21,000	210	0 0
	21,500	21,500	215	0 0
	22,000	22,000	220	0 0
	22,500	22,500	225	0 0
	23,000	23,000	230	0 0
	23,500	23,500	235	0 0
	24,000	24,000	240	0 0
	24,500	24,500	245	0 0
	25,000	25,000	250	0 0
	25,500	25,500	255	0 0
	26,000	26,000	260	0 0
	26,500	26,500	265	0 0
	27,000	27,000	270	0 0
	27,500	27,500	275	0 0
	28,000	28,000	280	0 0
	28,500	28,500	285	0 0
	29,000	29,000	290	0 0
	29,500	29,500	295	0 0
	30,000	30,000	300	0 0
	30,500	30,500	305	0 0
	31,000	31,000	310	0 0
	31,500	31,500	315	0 0
	32,000	32,000	320	0 0
	32,500	32,500	325	0 0
	33,000	33,000	330	0 0
	33,500	33,500	335	0 0
	34,000	34,000	340	0 0
	34,500	34,500	345	0 0
	35,000	35,000	350	0 0
	35,500	35,500	355	0 0
	36,000	36,000	360	0 0
	36,500	36,500	365	0 0
	37,000	37,000	370	0 0
	37,500	37,500	375	0 0
	38,000	38,000	380	0 0
	38,500	38,500	385	0 0
	39,000	39,000	390	0 0
	39,500	39,500	395	0 0
	40,000	40,000	400	0 0
	40,500	40,500	405	0 0
	41,000	41,000	410	0 0
	41,500	41,500	415	0 0
	42,000	42,000	420	0 0
	42,500	42,500	425	0 0
	43,000	43,000	430	0 0
	43,500	43,500	435	0 0
	44,000	44,000	440	0 0
	44,500	44,500	445	0 0
	45,000	45,000	450	0 0
	45,500	45,500	455	0 0
	46,000	46,000	460	0 0
	46,500	46,500	465	0 0
	47,000	47,000	470	0 0
	47,500	47,500	475	0 0
	48,000	48,000	480	0 0
	48,500	48,500	485	0 0
	49,000	49,000	490	0 0
	49,500	49,500	495	0 0
	50,000 and upwards	50,000	500	0 0
			1,000	0 0
			1,400	0 0
			1,800	0 0
			2,200	0 0
			2,600	0 0
			3,000	0 0
			3,400	0 0
			3,800	0 0
			4,200	0 0
			4,600	0 0
			5,000	0 0
			5,400	0 0
			5,800	0 0
			6,200	0 0
			6,600	0 0
			7,000	0 0
			7,400	0 0
			7,800	0 0
			8,200	0 0
			8,600	0 0
			9,000	0 0
			9,400	0 0
			9,800	0 0
			10,200	0 0
			10,600	0 0
			11,000	0 0
			11,400	0 0
			11,800	0 0
			12,200	0 0
			12,600	0 0
			13,000	0 0
			13,400	0 0
			13,800	0 0
			14,200	0 0
			14,600	0 0
			15,000	0 0
			15,400	0 0
			15,800	0 0
			16,200	0 0
			16,600	0 0
			17,000	0 0
			17,400	0 0
			17,800	0 0
			18,200	0 0
			18,600	0 0
			19,000	0 0
			19,400	0 0
			19,800	0 0
			20,200	0 0
			20,600	0 0
			21,000	0 0
			21,400	0 0
			21,800	0 0
			22,200	0 0
			22,600	0 0
			23,000	0 0
			23,400	0 0
			23,800	0 0
			24,200	0 0
			24,600	0 0
			25,000	0 0
			25,400	0 0
			25,800	0 0
			26,200	0 0
			26,600	0 0
			27,000	0 0
			27,400	0 0
			27,800	0 0
			28,200	0 0
			28,600	0 0
			29,000	0 0
			29,400	0 0
			29,800	0 0
			30,200	0 0
			30,600	0 0
			31,000	0 0
			31,400	0 0
			31,800	0 0
			32,200	0 0
			32,600	0 0
			33,000	0 0
			33,400	0 0
			33,800	0 0
			34,200	0 0
			34,600	0 0
			35,000	0 0
			35,400	0 0
			35,800	0 0
			36,200	0 0
			36,600	0 0
			37,000	0 0
			37,400	0 0
			37,800	0 0
			38,200	0 0
			38,600	0 0
			39,000	0 0
			39,400	0 0
			39,800	0 0
			40,200	0 0
			40,600	0 0
			41,000	0 0
			41,400	0 0
			41,800	0 0
			42,200	0 0
			42,600	0 0
			43,000	0 0
			43,400	0 0
			43,800	0 0
			44,200	0 0
			44,600	0 0
			45,000	0 0
			45,400	0 0
			45,800	0 0
			46,200	0 0
			46,600	0 0
			47,000	0 0
			47,400	0 0
			47,800	0 0
			48,200	0 0
			48,600	0 0
			49,000	0 0
			49,400	0 0
			49,800	0 0
			50,200	0 0
			50,600	0 0
			51,000	0 0
			51,400	0 0
			51,800	0 0
			52,200	0 0
			52,600	0 0
			53,000	0 0
			53,400	0 0
			53,800	0 0
			54,200	0 0
			54,600	0 0
			55,000	0 0
			55,400	0 0
			55,800	0 0
			56,200	0 0
			56,600	0 0
			57,000	0 0
			57,400	0 0
			57,800	0 0
			58,200	0 0
			58,600	0 0
			59,000	0 0
			59,400	0 0
			59,800	0 0
			60,200	0 0
			60	

SCHEDULE (A.)		Duty.
<i>Mercantile and Commercial Instruments retained.</i>		£ s d
Any Receipt or other Discharge, not otherwise charged, given on the Payment of any Sum of Money, or on the Delivery of any Cheque, Draft, Bill, or other Order for any Sum of Money,		
Amounting to £1 and not amounting to £100		0 0 2
£100 and not exceeding £100		0 0 4
Exceeding £100		0 0 6
Any Receipt or Bill of all Debts		0 0 6
Except Receipts for Money paid into the Bank of Ireland, or into any House of any registered Banker or Banks, or for the Purchase of Stock, or on the Back of any Bill, Note, or Draft, or by any Army or Navy Agent, Officer, Soldier or Sailor, for any Money received on account of Pay, Allowances, or other Military or Naval Perquisites or Emoluments, or by any Officer of the Exchequer, for Money received for His Majesty.		
Any Receipt or other Discharge, given by any Officer of the Revenue on Payment of Money, for or on Account of any Duty on Dwelling Houses in respect of Hearths or Windows, or Cooches and other Carriages, or Houses, and on Male Servants;		
If the Sum paid shall amount to the Whole to £1, and shall not amount to £100		0 0 6
If it shall amount to £10, and shall not exceed £100		0 1 0
And if the Sum shall exceed £100		0 2 6
The said Duties on such last-mentioned Receipts to be paid by the Parties to whom such Receipts shall be given by the Officers of the Revenue.		
VI.—Licences, Grants Certificates, and Deputations.		
Any Licence to any Person to act as a Notary Public		2 0 0
Any Marriage Licence to be issued from the Court of Prerogative		0 10 0
Any Licence to keep One or more Printing Presses or Pricks		0 1 0
Any Licence to any Person to deal or retail Stamps in Ireland		0 10 0
Except Persons being Distributors of Stamps lawfully appointed by the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland.		
Any Licence to any Person to manufacture Hats,		
In the Cities of Dublin, Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, and Towns of Belfast		1 10 0
In any other City, Town, or Borough, returning a Member to serve in Parliament		1 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland		0 10 0
Any Licence to any Person (not being a Manufacturer of Hats) to utter or vend any Hats in any City or Town Corporate in Ireland		1 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland		0 5 0
Any Certificate to be granted by any Distributor of Stamps under the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Certificates with respect to the killing of Game in Ireland.		1 2 0
Any Deputation or Appointment of a Gamekeeper granted to any Person by a Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person in Ireland		1 2 0
VII.—Newspapers, Almanachs, and Publications.		
Any Paper containing publick News, Intelligence, or Observances, whether such Paper shall be published once or every Week or oftner		0 0 2
Any Almanack or Calendar for any One particular Year, or for any Time less than a Year		0 0 2
Any Almanack or Calendar made to serve for any longer Time than a Year, or for several Years		0 7 6
Any Dublin Directory		0 0 6
Any Army List, or any List of Attornies, Solicitors, or Conveyancers, duly admitted, so long as such Lists are their Certificates (except such Lists respectively as shall be published with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the Time being)		0 0 6
Any Daily Account or Daily Bill of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, or Abstract thereof, included in or with any other Publication; (except such Daily Accounts, or Bills of Imports or Exports, as shall be printed or published by any Person or Persons authorized to print the same by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the Time being, and pursuant to the said Authority)		0 0 2
Any Account or Bill of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, printed or published Daily, Weekly, Monthly, or at any other Time or Times, as Accounts, or Abstracts of Accounts of such Goods, for each Day's Account contained therein (except such Accounts or Bills of Imports or Exports, as shall be printed or published by such Person or Persons as aforesaid)		0 0 2

SCHEDULE (B.)

Articles not stamped on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper.

* See Act 3.
A. L. 1. 102

	Duty.
	s. d.
[*For and upon every Japanese or Varnished Hat, and every Hat made of Silk, Wool, Felt, Stuffs, Beavers, or Leather, or any Mixture of these, or with any other Substance or Substances, by whatever Name such Hat shall be called or distinguished, which shall be entered, used, or sold by any Person taking out a License for entering or vending Hats by Retail; if the Price or Value of such Hat, including all the Mounting or other Ornaments (except Gold or Silver Lace) shall not exceed the Sum of 5s. Irish Currency -	0 0 3
If such Price or Value shall exceed 5s. and shall not exceed 7s. Irish Currency -	0 0 6
shall exceed 7s. and shall not exceed 12s. Irish Currency -	0 1 0
12s. and shall not amount to 18s. -	0 2 0
shall amount to 18s. or upwards -	0 2 6]
For every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal, or Daily Accounts, to be published Weekly or oftener, or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet dispersed or made publick Yearly, Monthly, or at any other Interval of Time, or in any Hand Bill containing more than One Advertisement; and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council, or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or the Privy Council of Ireland, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal, or Daily Accounts, other than the Dublin Gazette -	0 1 0
And for every Ten Lines which every such Advertisement, Proclamation, Order, or Act of State shall contain over and above the first Ten Lines (so such Lines to exceed 20 m's of the Letter called Long-primer, or Two Lines and Three Quarters of an Inch), a further Duty of -	0 1 0
And if such Advertisement shall be printed in Lines exceeding such Length as aforesaid, then a Duty in all Cases equal to Triple the Amount of the foregoing Rates.	
For every Pamphlet or Paper not exceeding Six Sheets in Octavo, or in a lesser Page, and not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper contained in One printed Copy or Impression thereof, a Duty of -	0 0 0
The foregoing Duty on Advertisements and Pamphlets does not extend to Advertisements respecting Hospitals, Forms of Prayer and Thanksgiving, printed Votes and Proceedings in Parliament, School Books, or Books of Devotion or Piety.	
For any Assurance or Insurance, viz.	
For any Assurance or Insurance of any Ship or Ships, Goods, or Merchandise, or any other Property or Interest, whenever Insurance may be lawfully made against Loss in any Voyage or Voyages, or from the Danger of or other Perils at Sea, where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, actually and bona fide paid or contracted for shall not exceed the Rate of 20s. per Cent.;	
For any Voyage to or from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from or to any other Place in the said Kingdom or Islands;	
Where the Sum insured shall amount to One hundred Pounds, or any less Sum -	0 1 3
And so progressively for every One hundred Pounds to be insured -	0 1 3
And where the Sum insured shall exceed One hundred Pounds, or any progressive Sums of One hundred Pounds each by any fractional Part of One hundred Pounds, for each fractional Part -	0 1 3
For any other Voyage,	
Where the Sum insured shall amount to One hundred Pounds, or any less Sum -	0 2 6
And so progressively for every One hundred Pounds to be insured -	0 2 6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed One hundred Pounds, or any progressive Sums of One hundred Pounds each by any fractional Part of One hundred Pounds, for each fractional Part -	0 2 6
And where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium for such Insurance, actually and bona fide paid or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Cent. for any Voyage, then a Duty, in all Cases, equal to double the Amount of the foregoing Rates.	
Any Assurance or Insurance upon every Sum of One hundred Pounds, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Sum, that is or shall be insured by any Person or Persons, in or by any Policy of Insurance for insuring Houses, Goods, Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandize, or other Property, from Loss by Fire, partly	0 3 6

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (C.)

ALLOWANCES.

To any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment, or Paper to the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamps in Dublin, to be stamped, or who shall buy any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, at the said Head Office, the Duties whereof respectively shall amount to Twenty Pounds or upwards (five and except Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, to be stamped with any Duty of Fifty Pounds or upwards, in the foregoing Schedule mentioned), after the Rate of Three Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon such Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, to be by them brought.

To any Shopkeeper or Shopkeepers, Dealer or Dealers, or other Person or Persons, who shall produce at the Head Office of the Commissioners of Stamps in the City of Dublin, to be stamped with any Receipt Stamps any Quantity of Paper, whereon shall be written or printed these Words: "I, [or, We, here inserting the Name or Name, or Firm of the Person or Persons so producing the same, and signing for the said Stamp], do hereby acknowledge that I, [or, We, as the Case may be], have received the Sum of _____ an Allowance thereon after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds per Centum, if the Quantity be paid for at one Time shall amount to the Value of Five Pounds, and not exceed Fifteen Pounds, and after the Rate of Twenty Pounds per Centum if the Quantity be paid for at one Time shall amount to Fifteen Pounds or upwards.

C A P. L.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, as the Out-Ports; and to appropriate the Fees of certain abolished and vacant Offices in the Customs to The Superannuation Fund. [25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, certain Offices and other Persons enumerated and described in the Table annexed to the said Act, employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, are abolished, as Parts of Dismissions for the said Offices, to require, take, or receive any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing, done or performed, or to be done or performed, on account of their respective Offices or Employments, except as in the said Act is provided: And Whereas it would tend greatly to the Benefit of the said Trade, and the Security of the Revenue, if the Powers and Provisions of the said Act were extended to the other Ports in Great Britain: he it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, whenever it shall appear or profess, to extend the Provisions of the said recited Act to any of the Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks, and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs at any such Ports; and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are hereby authorized and required, whenever and as often as they shall think fit to execute the Power hereby vested in them, by extending the Provisions of the said recited Act to any Port or Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks, and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs thereat, to give Notice thereof in the London Gazette Three several Times.*

II And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Fourteen Days at least from the Publication of any such Notice, or any such longer Period from such Publication as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall direct to be therein inserted, no Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, whether pecuniary or of any other Sort or Description whatsoever, shall be required, taken, or received by any Officer, Clerk, or other Person executing, or performing, or assisting in the Execution or Performance of any of the Duties, or acting in any of the Offices or Employments in or belonging to His Majesty's Customs, enumerated or described in the Table annexed to this Act, in any Port or Ports in Great Britain, respecting which such Notice as aforesaid shall have been given, for any Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed, by any or either of such Officer or Officers, Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons, on account of or relating to any such Office or Employment, except as herein after provided; and all such Officers, Clerks, and other Persons respectively, shall, from and after the Expiration of the Period fixed in the Notice by this Act directed to be given, receive such annual Salaries, or other Allowances, as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall deem to be reasonable, for the Labour and Trouble of executing the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and if any such Officer, Clerk, or other Person shall, at any Time after the Expiration of the Period mentioned in the said Notice, require, take, or receive any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, whether pecuniary or of any other Sort or Description whatsoever, except as herein after is provided, either directly or indirectly, on account of or relating to any such Office or Employment, or for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed therein, although the same shall be freely offered or given, every such Officer, Clerk, or other Person so offending, shall, on Proof thereof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Two or more of them, or of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them respectively, be for the said Offence summarily dismissed from his Office or Employment, and be rendered incapable of ever again holding or executing or doing in any Office or Employment in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Revenues.

* Exception as to Share of Seizures, &c. or Allowance or Reward to Officers. § 2. [See 46 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.]

IV. And

45 Geo. 3. c. 7.

Treasury may extend the Provisions of the recited Act to such of the Out-Ports of Great Britain as they shall think fit.

No Fee or Gratuity shall be taken by any such Officers or Persons employed in the Service of the Customs at any Port in Great Britain.

Officers shall receive yearly Salaries.

Penalty on Officers taking Fees, &c. &c.

* of July One thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, were directed to be appropriated and applied in Aug-
 * mentation of the Superannuation Fund, established under the Management of the Comptrollers of His Majesty's
 * Customs, for the Benefit of aged and infirm or disabled Officers: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision
 * for the Appropriation of such of the said Fees and Emoluments as have been or may be received since the said
 * * 1^o Day of July One thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight: Be it therefore enacted, That the several Sums
 of Money which have been received since the said Fifth Day of July One thousand seven hundred and sixty-
 eight, or which may at any Time hereafter be received for Fees or Emoluments of Office, in the Customs in
 established and vacant, shall be appropriated and applied in Augmentation of the said Fund, called the Super-
 annuation Fund, in such Manner as the said Comptrollers of His Majesty's Customs in England for the Time
 being, or any Four or more of them, shall in their Judgment and Discretion deem proper, and shall by Writing
 under their Hands direct.

* Act may be shewn this Session, § 20.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

TABLE (A.)

A LIST of Offices and Employments in His Majesty's Customs, in the several Parts in Great Britain (except
 the Part of London):—The Officers, Clerks, and other Persons appointed to execute and discharge any of
 the Duties thereof respectively, or acting therein, are, by the Act to which this Table is annexed, prohibited,
 after the Expiration of the Time mentioned in the Notice directed to be given with respect to any such Part,
 from receiving, taking, or receiving any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, on any Account whatever, on
 pain of Deprivation: *vide* sub-
 ject.

Surveyors of Warehouses.

Landing Surveyors.

Controlling Surveys.

Surveyors of any other Description.

Dopany King's Wazers.

Ading King's Wazers.

Landing Wazers of every Description, and Persons acting as Landing Wazers.

Guagers.

Measures of Tanker.

Juppers.

Warehouse Keepers of every Description.

Controllers or Warehouse Keepers of every Description.

Clerks of the Cheque on the Weighing Porters or Weighers.

Superintendent of the Weighing Porters or Weighers.

Apprentices of the Weighing Porters or Weighers.

Lockers of every Description, and Persons acting as Lockers.

Weighing Porters and Weighers of every Description, and Persons acting as Weighing Porters or Weighers.

Watchmen of every Description, and Persons acting as Watchmen.

Coopers.

Yard Keepers.

Measures of Kech.

Parent Searchers.

Surveyors of the Searchers.

Searchers of every Description, and Persons acting as Searchers.

Surveyors of the Coal Wazers.

Coal Wazers of every Description, and Persons acting as Coal Wazers.

Inspectors of Coal Mines.

Inspectors of the Water Guard of every Description, and Persons acting as Inspectors of the Water Guard.

Tide Surveyors of every Description, and Persons acting as Tide Surveyors.

Registers of the Tide Wazers.

Tide Wazers of every Description, and Persons acting as Tide Wazers.

Registers of the Watermen.

Editors of Boats.

Watermen and Boatmen of every Description, and Persons acting as Watermen or Boatmen.

Superintendents of Riding Officers.

Riding Officers.

Provisional Officers.

Lead Carriage Men.

Music Teachers.

Registers of Wool.

Officers and Persons employed in the Quarter-Serice.

One Keeper and Mellinger employed in any of the Offices or Employments enumerated in this Table.

All Clerks, and Persons of every Description, employed either constantly or occasionally in or about any of the

Offices or Employments enumerated or described in this Table, or in any Way acting or assisting in the Execu-
 tion or Discharge of any of the Duties or Business thereof.

[See the Act to which this Table is annexed.]

CAP.

C A P. LV.

An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise, granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created.

[25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Part of the Loan or Loans raised for the Service of Great Britain, for the present Year, should be charged upon the several Duties of Customs and Excise, granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for making an effectual Fund for defraying the Charge occasioned by such Part or Parts of the said Loan or Loans, as it or one or shall be charged thereon, it is expedient that certain of the said Duties should be further granted and continued for such a further limited Term, and in such Proportions and Manner, as in this Act is directed; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Duties of Excise granted to His Majesty by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty and Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*; and by another Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty and Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Soap*; shall be, and the same are hereby further granted and continued, and shall be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for such further Term, or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Period, and in such Manner, as hereinafter is directed concerning the same.

II. And be it further enacted, That in order to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds contracted to be raised for the Service of Great Britain for the present Year, there shall, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, be set apart at the Receipt of the Exchequer in England, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, quarterly or otherwise, as the said Charge may from Time to Time be incurred or become due, out of the Produce of any of the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty, during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, which may from Time to Time be remaining in the Exchequer, notwithstanding any other Appropriation of the said Duties by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, the clear annual Sum of One Million two hundred thousand Pounds (being equal to Ten Pounds per Centum upon the said Sum of Twelve Millions) which annual Sum shall be deemed an Addition made to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the said Loan of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds, and by the several Periods to be created in respect thereof, by any Act or Acts of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, That if so other Provision shall have been made by Parliament, for defraying the Annual Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Twelve Millions, soon after the Expiration of the said Period of Six Months from and after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Duties of Excise, granted to His Majesty by the above recited Acts, or in such and such Part or Parts or Proportions thereof as he or she shall not previously have been repealed or discontinued by any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall nevertheless be further continued and be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and so much thereof as shall amount to the Sum of One Million two hundred thousand Pounds, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the said Loan, until some other Provision shall be made by Parliament for defraying the said Charge; and in case there shall be any Remainder of the Money arising by the said Duties, after defraying the said Charge, such Remainder or Surplus shall, and the same shall be discontinued or specially appropriated by Parliament, be applicable and may be applied to such Uses and Purposes as the Monies respectively the Consolidated Fund may by Law be applied.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in the said recited Acts, or either of them, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained in relation to the said several Duties of Excise thereby respectively granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties of Excise allowed thereon respectively, shall remain and continue in force, and be respectively applied, provided, and put in Execution, in respect of the said several Duties, Drawbacks, and Bounties respectively, or such Part or Proportion thereof respectively as shall from Time to Time be continued by virtue of this Act, or as so full and ample a Manner, as all Incomes and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, were expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the Sum which shall from Time to Time be set apart and paid at the Receipt of the Exchequer in England, out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Overseer and Company of the Bank of England, in order to furnish and pay the respective Annuities, Interest, and Dividends, which shall become payable on account of the several Funds to be created by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament, in respect of

The Duties of Excise granted by Act 47 Geo. 3. c. 55. and Act 48 Geo. 3. c. 39. hereby continued.

1,100,000 to be set apart during the War, in the Exchequer out of the War Term, and to be appropriated to the said Consolidated Fund, to defray the Charge of Twelve millions Part of the Loan. (See a. 2. of this Act.)

If any other Provision shall have been made by Parliament, the Duties shall be further continued, &c.

Profits of the several recited Acts shall apply to the said Consolidated Fund. 1100 A.D.

1,100,000 A.D. shall be paid out of the said Fund, in a consolidated manner.

Reduction of the
National Debt.

the said Sum of Twelve Millions, together with the Charges attending the same, such a further annual Sum as, together with the same, shall be equal to the clear annual Sum of One Million two hundred thousand Pounds, shall also from Time to Time be set apart and paid at the said Receipt of the Exchequer, out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, by equal Quarterly Payments to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be by them placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; who shall from Time to Time apply the same, and also the Dividends payable on any Stock redeemed or purchased therewith, in such Manner as is directed by any Act or Acts now in Force with respect to any other Sums issued to the said Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt: and all and every the Powers and Authorities, Regulations and Provisions, contained in any such Act or Acts, respecting the Application of Monies issued or placed to the Account of the said Commissioners, by virtue of this Act, in so far as the same are applicable, and except where the same are herein expressly varied, as fully as if the same were particularly re-enacted therein: Provided always, that the first of the said Quarterly Payments shall commence and be payable on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seven.

As also the Sums
issued for the
Charges of
Management on
Stock redeemed.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That whenever any Part of the Principal or Capital Stock of any Publick Annuities shall have been redeemed or purchased by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, with any Monies by this Act made applicable to that Purpose, all Sums or Sums of Money which would have been payable to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England or paid for or on Account of the Charges of Management of such Stock in case the same had not been redeemed, shall nevertheless be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners, and be by them applied in like Manner as any other Sums placed to their Account by virtue of this Act, are directed to be applied.

When the
said Stock
shall be
redeemed by
the Operation
of the Annual
Application of
1,000,000
that Sum shall
apply to the
said

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so long as an Amount of Capital Stock of the Publick Annuities of Great Britain, producing an Amount of Dividends equal to the Amount of the Dividends payable in respect of the Capital Stock or Funds originally created by the said Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan made for the Service of Great Britain for the present Year, shall have been purchased or redeemed by the Operation of such Part of the clear Annual Sum of One Million two hundred thousand Pounds by this Act directed to be set apart and appropriated out of the Produce of the said Duties, as shall from Time to Time have been applied by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in the Purchase or Redemption of such Publick Annuities of Great Britain, then the said Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds shall no longer be paid at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, but shall be considered as redeemed by Parliament, and shall remain to be disposed of as Parliament shall think fit.

Persons
converting
Certificates, &c.
into Cash,
without Clergy.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully aid or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any Certificate or Certificate, Order or Orders, made lawful by virtue of this Act, or draw any Note, Paper, or Word, or other Instrument, or print for Payment, store, send, bring, or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited, or altered Certificate or Certificate, Order or Orders (knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered,) then and in every such Case, all and every such Person and Persons, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

C A P. LVI.

An Act for the further regulating the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy.

[25th April 1807.]

Treasurer of the
Navy shall not
draw on the
Bank for the
Money to be
immediately
applied for Navy
Services, &c.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide a further Security to the Publick against the Possibility of Abuse, in drawing for Money issued for the Service of the Navy; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Treasurer of the Navy for the Time being, or any other Person or Persons authorized by him, shall draw upon the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for any Sum or Sums of Money, which the same shall be intended for immediate Application to Navy Services; and if any such Money to be drawn shall not be immediately applied, it shall not be lawful for the Treasurer of the Navy, or any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, to place or deposit the same, or any Part thereof, in the Hands of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, except such Person or Persons as shall be actually, and according to the Course of the Navy Pay Office, actually employed in the Payment of such Money to the Persons legally entitled to demand and receive the same.

Persons for
drawing against
this Act,
Employment in
the Office of
Glas.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Treasurer of the Navy, or other Person or Persons offending against this Act, and being thereof convicted in due Course of Law, shall be for ever thereafter rendered incapable of holding or executing the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, or any Office under the Treasurer of the Navy, or any Place or Employment in the Office of the Treasurer of the Navy, or any other Civil Office whatever, under His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the existing Acts as an temporary will be known by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letters in the Title of each Act.

- (a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the end of the then next Session] from a Day named in the Act.
 (b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.
 (c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.
All Acts in this List, are distinguished by the Letters (a. F.) are Private Acts; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following.
 " And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded."
 (q. F.) Quasi Publick Acts, i. e. Acts to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following.
 " And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof so printed shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others."

Cap. i.

An Act for extending the Term, and altering the Powers of an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *in All to w^{ch} Robert Bowyer, of Pall Mall, in the City of Westminster, Esquire, is Assignee of his Collection of Postings, Drawings, and Engravings, together with several Copies of certain Books therein contained, by way of Clause* [17th February 1807.] 45 G. 3. c. 102.

[Time for the disposing of the Collection extended to the Drawing of the First State Lottery after the passing of the Act, or the end of July following.]

Cap. ii.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, passed in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening several Roads leading from the Town of *Bevington*, in the County of *Derby*. (c.) [17th March 1807.] 46 G. 3. c. 74.

Cap. iii.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, made in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Althorne*, in the County of *Derby*, over *Bejpar Bridge*, to the parishes *Turpinke Road* from *Skylfield* and *Clykefield* to *Dorby*, at or near a Place called *Openswood Gate*, and from *Bejpar Bridge* to *Ripley*, in the County of *Derby*. (c.) [17th March 1807.] 46 G. 3. c. 84.

Cap. iv.

An Act for extending to Sums of greater Amount than Forty Shillings, the Provisions of Three Acts, passed in the Fifth, Sixth, and Tenth Years of His present Majesty, for the Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundreds of *Blackhead*, *Breadly* and *Beckingham*, *Rakeby* otherwise *Ravby*, and *Lidwold* and *Langthorpe*, in the County of *Not*, and of *Wallington*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for amending the said Acts. [17th March 1807.] 5 G. 3. c. 12.

" Justice extended to *gl*. [17th March 1807.] 5 G. 3. c. 13.

Cap. v.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, passed in the Eighth and Tenth Years of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Chrystler's Bridge*, in the Borough of *Thetford*, in the County of *Stafford*, to the North East End of the Town of *Newmarket*, in the County of *Gloucester*. (d.) [17th March 1807.] 50 G. 3. c. 75.

Cap. vi.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the *Hevion Turpinke Road*, near *Ford Farm*, in the Parish of *Uffertrey*, in the County of *Leves*, to the *Bevington Turpinke Road*, near the Village of *Harro*, in the Parish of *Bevington*, in the County of *Stafford*. (e.) [17th March 1807.] 50 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. vii.

AN ACT to *enlarge the Powers and extend the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Walsingham, and Part of the County of Middlesex.* [21th March 1807.]

¹ Racial of Stat. 1 Jac. 1. c. 14. and 2 W. & M. c. 8. § 14.—Jurisdiction of the Commissioners extended to all Sewers West of London, as far as the various Watercourses which divide *Chichester Fields*, and to the Parishes of *St Giles in the Fields*, *St George Wainsbury*, *St Pancras*, *St Mary-le-Strand*, *St John Baptist*, *St Egidio*, *Paddington*, *Kingsgrove*, and *Chelsea*. § 1.—Commissioners empowered to widen, deepen, and alter the present Sewers, and to make new ones, &c. § 2.

No Sewer shall be hereafter made or constructed in the said Liberties, without first or being first in the Commission of Sewers.

III. And Whereas great Evils have arisen, and considerable Expence hath been and is still likely to be occasioned to the said Commission, by the improper Construction of new Sewers, to carry off the Water and Soil from Lands and Buildings into the Sewers under the Management of the said Commissioners, and from bad and improper Materials being used therein, previously to the same new Sewers being taken under the Management of the said Commissioners, whereby the same are liable soon to fall into Decay, and become a Nuisance to the Inhabitants and other His Majesty's Subjects; he is therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, previous to the making of any new Sewer in any Street, Lane, or publick Way, or in any Part intended to be or become a Street, Lane, or publick Way within the Limits of the said Commission, or which shall be intended to carry or drain off Water from any House, Building, Yard, or Ground, into any Sewer under the Management or within the Jurisdiction of the said Commission of Sewers, Notice in Writing shall be given to the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits aforesaid for the Time being, or to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, at their Office; and that such new Sewer or Sewers shall be constructed and made in such Manner and Form, and with such Materials and Workmanship, under the Survey and Control and according to the Direction of the said Commissioners of Sewers, their Surveyor or other Person by them duly authorized, and not otherwise; and in Default thereof the said Commissioners, or any Six of them, may cause such Sewer to be prostrated, demolished, put down, corrected, amended, reformed, or rebuilt, as the Case may require, after their Will and Discretion, and shall and may cause the Expence thereof to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so making or causing to be made such Sewer contrary to this Statute, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, or any Six of them, or may otherwise punish such Offender or Offenders by Fines, Amercements, Penes, or other Like Means as are provided by any of the Statutes of Sewers in case of Nonpayment of Taxes or Assessments, taxed or assessed under and by virtue of such Statutes, or any of them.

4th Publick Act. § 4.

Cap. viii.

32 G. 3. c. 121. AN ACT for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and improving the Road from the Town of *Chelmsford* to *Frankton*, or near to, *Essex*; and for repairing and improving the County of *Derby*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the said County, and in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (B.) [23rd March 1807.]

Cap. ix.

2 G. 3. c. 10.
21 G. 3. c. 25. AN ACT for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts, of the Sixth and Twenty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Neckly Corner* to *Walsall* and *Whitby*, and to *Lough Nival* and *Oaker Hill*, and several other Roads in the County of *Stafford*, in so far as the same relate to the Two said Districts of Road therein compriz'd. (C.) [23rd March 1807.]

Cap. x.

46 G. 3. c. 12. AN ACT for enabling the Trustees for executing an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intended, *An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Body of the Parish Church of Chertsey, in the County of Surrey, and for repairing the Tower thereof, and building a Pigeon House near or adjoining to the said Church, to raise further Sum of Money for completing the Purposes of the said Act.* [23rd March 1807.]

Cap. xi.

18 G. 3. c. 13.
17 G. 3. c. 126. AN ACT for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Thirtieth and Thirty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for making and repairing certain Roads in the County of *Fife*, and for making and keeping in Repair several other Roads in the said County. [26th April 1807.]

Cap. xii.

2nd Session A. D.
21 G. 3. c. 26. AN ACT for further regulating and converting the Statute Labour in the County of *Fife*, and for more effectually making and repairing the Highways, Bridges, and Ferries, within the said County. [26th April 1807.]

Cap. xiii.

AN ACT for regulating and converting the Statute Labour, in the Counties of *Essex* and *Gloucester*, and that Part of the County of *Worcester* which is locally situated in the County of *Essex*, and for more effectually making and repairing the Roads and Bridges within the same; and for making and maintaining the great Post Road from the Customs of *Amersfotherby* to the Customs of the Shire of *Yorkshire*. (F.) [26th April 1807.]

Cap.

Cap. xiii.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His late Majesty, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town of Birmingham and Health of Divided Jurisdiction adjoining, in the County of Warwick. [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 26-

* Jurisdiction extended to 31.

Cap. xv.

An Act for enlarging the Church-yard belonging to the Parish of *Saler Martin*, in the Town of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, and for providing an additional Cemetery or Burial Ground for the Use of the said Parish. [25th April 1807.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Eleventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road leading from *Fortbauway Ferry* to *Hayland*, in the County of *Stafford*. (B.) [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 24.
25 G. 3. c. 25

Cap. xvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Elvies*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (Q. P.) [25th April 1807.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Carsydale*, within the Manor of *Ridgham*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (Q. P.) [25th April 1807.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Igham*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (Q. P.) [25th April 1807.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Liberty or Township of *Bayford*, in the Parish of *Chiddisham*, in the County of *Stafford*. (Q. P.) [25th March 1807.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for selling in new Trusses certain Truss Estates comprised in the Settlement made on the Marriage of the Right Honourable George Fowke Lord Fowke, with Louisa Barbara Lady Fowke his late Wife. (Q. P.) [25th March 1807.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for amending, altering, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road from the Town and Port of *Southwick* in the County of *Kent*, to the respective Towns of *Margate* and *Rainham*, in the Isle of *Thanet*, in the said County, and for substituting, from limited Time, the Tolls and Duties now payable at *Southwick Bridge*, by virtue of an Act, passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of His late Majesty. (A.) [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 25-

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for repairing Two Acts, made in the Eighth and Eleventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading through the County of *Suffolk*, and for the better making and repairing the said Roads, and other Roads in the said County. (B.) [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 26-
27 G. 3. c. 27-
Repealed

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for repairing Two Acts, made in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Swy Dyke*, in the County of *Downshire*, by or through the Villages of *Loughalea* and *Harroagh*, in the County of *Downshire*, and for the better making, repairing, and keeping in Repair the said Road. (A.) [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 28-
27 G. 3. c. 28-
Repealed

Cap. xxv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Fooly Heath*, in the Parish of *Creydshe*, into the Town of *Salgate*, in the County of *Surrey*. (B.) [25th April 1807.]

* Compensation made to Trustees of *Junco Roads* under 25 G. 3. c. 28. 26 G. 3. c. 24. and 39 G. 3. c. 22. & 66.

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the Little Bridge over the End of the *Dun* near *Wotton River*, lying between *Ager's Fields* and the *Mill* in 10 *Wotton*, and the Isle of *Elv*, to the Sign of the *Bear* in *Wotton*, in the County of *Norfolk*, and several other Roads in the said Acts mentioned. (C.) [25th April 1807.] 25 G. 3. c. 22-
26 G. 3. c. 22-2

Cap.

Cap. xxvii.

28 Q. 3. 43.
28 Q. 3. 43-4.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Stratford*, and from *Dunghill* and *Waters*, in the County of *Stow*, and for improving certain other Roads therein described, in the said County. [17th April 1807.]

Cap. xxviii.

Grant of
King Edward 4,
24th June 1336.

An Act for granting to the Chapel lately rebuilt in the Royal Hospital of *Stratford*, all the Rights and Privileges belonging to the former Chapel of the said Hospital, lately taken down. [17th April 1807.]

Agreement
101 Nov. 1782,
between the
City and the
Hospital.

28 Q. 3. 4-77.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent bearing Date in *Windsor*, the Twenty-sixth Day of *June*, in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King *Edward the Sixth*, and in the Year of our Lord One thousand five hundred and fifty-two, the said King did give and grant unto the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, and their Successors, among other Things all that in Matter, City of *Mellings*, Towns, and Manors *Horsell*, called *Stratford* otherwise *Stratford Place*, with all singular its Rights, Members, and Appurtenances, Sites, lying, and being in the Parish of *Saint Bride*, *West* in the County of *Middlesex*, upon the special charitable Trusts in the said Letters Patent mentioned and set forth: And Whereas by virtue of the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations, made and now in Force, concerning the said Hospital of *Stratford*, and of certain Articles of Agreement bearing Date the Fifteenth Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and made or expressed to be made between the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, Governors of the Post-Office, Receiver and Goods of (with other Hospitals therein mentioned) the said Hospital called *Stratford*, and the President, Treasurer, and other Governors of the same Hospital: and of an Act made in the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to render valid and effectual certain Articles of Agreement between the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, Governors of the Post-Office, Receiver, and Goods of the Hospital of Edward King of England the Sixth, of Christ, *Stratford*, and Saint Thomas the Apostle, and of the Hospital of Henry the Eighth, King of England, called The House of the Poor, in West *Stratford*, near London, and of the House and Hospital of Saint *Beckles*, and the Priests, *Trincomeri*, and other Governors of the said several Hospitals, the said Governor, Ordinance, Regulation, and Disposition of the said Hospital of *Stratford*, and of the Estates, Possessions, Revenues, Benefits, and Concerns thereof, were committed and continued to, and are now valid in and executed by certain Persons styled "The President, Treasurer, and Governors of the United Hospitals of *Stratford* and *Beckles*," consisting of the Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, and of Twelve of the Common Council of the said City for the Time being, appointed such Governor by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners of the City of *London* in Common Council assembled, and of several other Persons styled such Governors or General Courts or Committees holden for the said Hospitals of *Stratford* and *Beckles*, according to the Rules and Orders in that Behalf: And Whereas these both have within the said Hospital of *Stratford*, from Time immemorial, a Chapel for the Spiritual Use and Edification of the several Persons inhabiting within the said Hospital, and the Priests thereof, called *Stratford* Church, in which Chapel the Service of the Church of *England*, as by Law established, hath been regularly performed, the Sacraments of such Church duly administered, and Marriages solemnized by a Minister of the said Church: And Whereas the said Chapel, as a house of religious Use, hath been lately taken down, and another Chapel built within the Distance of a few Yards from the Site of the former Chapel: And Whereas as a consequence of the former Chapel having been so erected upon a Site of Ground in fewer Pages different from that occupied by the former Chapel, Doubts have arisen whether Marriages solemnized therein, would be valid and legal: for the Removal of which Doubts, he therefore desired by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so soon as the said Chapel, in which hath in the said Hospital of *Stratford*, shall be duly consecrated, according to the Usage of the United Church of *England* and *Ireland*, it shall and may be lawful, to and for the officiating Minister for the Time being in the said Chapel, to publish Banns of Matrimony therein, and to solemnize Marriages there as, according to the Form of Solemnization of Matrimony contained in the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of *England* and *Ireland*, and not otherwise, and in pursuance of the Provisions and Directions of an Act, made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the Second*, intituled, *An Act for the better governing of clandestine Marriages*: and all Marriages so solemnized in the said Chapel, shall be as good, valid, and effectual in the Law, as if such Marriages had been solemnized in the ancient Chapel, so taken down as aforesaid, and a Register of such Marriages, in such and the like Manner, as the Register of any Marriage, solemnized in any Parish Church is required in Evidence.*

Chapel
from Time
immemorial.

Former Chapel
taken down,
and another
built on a Site
a few Yards
distant from
the former.

Doubts as to
Validity of
Marriages.

Act to regulate
Chapel that
consecrated.

Chapel shall be
consecrated in
the same
Manner,
and the
Priests, &c.
28 Q. 3. 4-77.

Chapel shall be
consecrated in
the same
Manner,
&c.
28 Q. 3. 4-77.

II. And he it further enacted, That the said Chapel so lately rebuilt, shall have and be entitled to all and singular the Rights, Privileges, and Immunities, possessed by the ancient Chapel, so taken down of the said Hospital of *Stratford*, and the Priests thereof, in as full, ample, and beneficial a Manner, to all Intended and Purposed, and such new Chapel shall be maintained, repaired, and supported in such and the like Manner as the said ancient Chapel, lately taken down, was maintained, repaired, and supported.

III. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the President, Treasurer, and Governors for the Time being of the United Hospitals of *Stratford* and *Beckles*, assent thereto in officiating Chaplains for the said Chapel, and to provide for the Support of such Chaplains in their own Discretion out of the

Funds

Funds and Revenue, of the said Hospital of *St. Andrew's*; in such and the like Manner as the said President, Treasurer, and Governors were enabled to elect an officiating Chaplain of the said ancient Chapel to be taken down, and to provide for the Support of such Chaplain: And the said President, Treasurer, and Governors for the Time being, shall have, hold, exercise, and enjoy such and the like Rights, Powers, Privileges, and Immunities, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions with respect to such Chapel as lately hath, at the said President, Treasurer, and Governors had hold, exercised, and enjoyed, and were subject and liable to, with respect to such ancient Chapel as taken down.

Governors shall
be like the same
Rights with
only in the
year 1807, as in the
ancient Chapel.

Cap. xxix.

An Act to amend and render more effectual Three Acts, made in the Eleventh, Fifteenth, and Thirty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the Regulation and Improvement of the Fisheries of the River Tweed.

[15th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for regulating and improving the Fisheries in the River Tweed, and the Rivers and Streams running into the same, and also within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River, certain Provisions and Regulations were established for the Preservation and Improvement of the said Fisheries: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act made in the Eleventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, 'An Act for regulating and improving the Fisheries in the River Tweed, and the Rivers and Streams running into the same, and also within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River: And Whereas another Act was made in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for a better, amending, and rendering more effectual Two Acts made in the Eleventh and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Regulation and Improvement of the Fisheries in the River Tweed, and the Rivers and Streams running into the same, and also within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River: And Whereas it has been found by Experience that the Provisions for taking Fish within the Periods prohibited by the said Acts of the Eleventh and Fifteenth Years of His present Majesty, have, from the increased Price of Fish, become totally inadequate to the Purpose intended; and it is therefore expedient that the Amount of the Penalties should be increased: And Whereas it is expedient more effectually to detect and prevent all unlawful Modes of fishing and taking Fish in the said Rivers and Streams, to appoint Water Bailiffs, and to grant a Rate or Allowance upon the Rent of the said Fisheries for their Payment, and to make further Regulations for the Protection and Improvement of the said Fisheries: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to fish for any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, or any Fish denominated Red Fish in any extent Grants of Fishing, in the said River Tweed, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, or within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Tweed, at any Time or Times between the Tenth Day of October, in any Year, and the Tenth Day of January, in the Year following, or between Ten of the Clock on Saturday Night and Two of the Clock on Monday Morning, nor shall it be lawful, at any Time or Times after the passing of this Act, for any Person or Persons, excepting as hereafter excepted, to fish for any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, Whiting, or Red Fish, within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Tweed; and in case any Person or Persons shall act contrary to the Provisions aforesaid, every such Person or Persons offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Sheriff Deputy, before whom such Offence or Offences shall be committed, and the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, Whiting, or Red Fish taken, together with the Fish if taken, and the Bait, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices made use of in fishing for any such Fish; and the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Deputy, shall order and direct such Bait, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices to be cut in Pieces, burnt, or otherwise destroyed.*

11 G. 3. c. 27

15 G. 3. c. 46

37 G. 3. c. 48

No Person shall fish between the 10th October and the 10th January, nor between Ten on Saturday Night and Two on Monday, nor in the Mouth or Entrance of the River Tweed, nor in any Mill Pool, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, at any Time or Times between the 10th Day of October, in any Year, and the 10th Day of January, in the Year following, or between Ten of the Clock on Saturday Night and Two of the Clock on Monday Morning, nor shall it be lawful, at any Time or Times after the passing of this Act, for any Person or Persons, excepting as hereafter excepted, to fish for any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, Whiting, or Red Fish, within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Tweed; and in case any Person or Persons shall act contrary to the Provisions aforesaid, every such Person or Persons offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Sheriff Deputy, before whom such Offence or Offences shall be committed, and the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, Whiting, or Red Fish taken, together with the Fish if taken, and the Bait, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices made use of in fishing for any such Fish; and the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Deputy, shall order and direct such Bait, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices to be cut in Pieces, burnt, or otherwise destroyed.

II. And be it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall buy or sell, or have in his or their Custody or Possession any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, knowing the same to have been killed or taken in the said River Tweed, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, within the Periods of the Annual or Weekly Close Times here mentioned, or within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River; and every Person offending in any of the said Offences, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, for every such Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting as aforesaid.

No Person shall buy or have in his or their Custody or Possession any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, knowing the same to have been killed or taken in the said River Tweed, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, within the Periods of the Annual or Weekly Close Times, nor shall it be lawful, at any Time or Times after the passing of this Act, for any Person or Persons, excepting as hereafter excepted, to fish for any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, Whiting, or Red Fish, within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River; and every Person offending in any of the said Offences, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, for every such Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting as aforesaid.

III. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons shall spear, lay, set, cast, or draw, any Net, Creel, Harrow, Engine, or other Device whatsoever, in the said River Tweed, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, or within the Mouth or Entrance thereof, in order to kill or take any Spaw, Fry, or young Brood, of any such Fish as aforesaid, nor purchase or have in his, her, or their Possession, any such Spaw, Fry, or young Brood, between the First Day of April, and the First Day of June in any Year; and in case any Person or Persons shall act contrary thereto, every such Person or Persons shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, and not less than Ten Pounds, for every Parcel of Spaw, Fry, or young Brood of Fish, caught by him, her, or them, or which, though not caught by him, her, or them, shall be found in his, her, or their Possession, between the said First Day of April, and the said First Day of June.

No Person shall spear, lay, set, cast, or draw, any Net, Creel, Harrow, Engine, or other Device whatsoever, in the said River Tweed, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the said River Tweed, or within the Mouth or Entrance thereof, in order to kill or take any Spaw, Fry, or young Brood, of any such Fish as aforesaid, nor purchase or have in his, her, or their Possession, any such Spaw, Fry, or young Brood, between the 1st Day of April, and the 1st Day of June in any Year; and in case any Person or Persons shall act contrary thereto, every such Person or Persons shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, and not less than Ten Pounds, for every Parcel of Spaw, Fry, or young Brood of Fish, caught by him, her, or them, or which, though not caught by him, her, or them, shall be found in his, her, or their Possession, between the 1st Day of April, and the 1st Day of June.

IV. And

To prevent
harbouring the
Waters, and
making illegal
Obstructions to
the Run of Fish,
Fishing
is to be
prohibited.

Persons having
Fishes in their
Care to be
Punished, if
they are
found to
be in the
Fish.

Warrants to be
granted, to
search the
Coast, &c.

For the
Prevention of
Illegal Fisheries,
&c.

That, Notwithstanding
the
Provisions
of this Act,
the
Fishes
shall be
taken
in the
usual
Manner
by the
Occupiers
of Fisheries.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons shall hunt the Water, or place or set any white Oystch, or any other Thing whatsoever, in, over, or across the said River Trout, or in, over, or across any River, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the said River Trout, or in the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Trout, so as to prevent the said Fish from entering the said River Trout, or from going up and down the said River, or any River, Rivulet, Brook, Stream, Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut aforesaid, nor shall by any other Ways, or in any other Manner, prevent the said Fish from entering the said River, and going up and down the said River and Waters before defined; and every Person offending contrary thereto, shall, for every Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds.

V. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons within Five Miles of the said River Trout, or of any River, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, communicating with the said River Trout, shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, at any Time or Times, between the said Tenth Day of October, and Tenth Day of January, the Proof that such Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, was not taken or killed in the said River Trout, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the said River Trout, between the said Tenth Day of October, and Tenth Day of January, shall be upon the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found.

VI. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Depu'te as aforesaid, at any Time or Times after the passing of this Act, upon Information in Writing upon Oath to him or them made, and by or for them and not hereby required to authorize and direct, by Warrant under his and their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, in England, or his or their Hand or Hands in Ireland, any High or Petty Coroner, or other Peace Officer, or Water Bailiff or Water Bailiffs, to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, and any Number of Persons, not exceeding Five, to be severally named and described in such Warrant, to search the Carrs, or other Vehicles of Carries and Horses, for all Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, and Whiting, or Spawns, Fry, or young Brood of Fish, caught contrary to the Provisions of this or any of the above recited Acts, and the same, on Discovery, to seize and carry away.

VII. And for the further Prevention of illegal Fisheries intended by sale and differently Persons, and to give effect to the several Fisheries, and of the Sale of the Fish taken and caught by Means thereof, be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, upon Complaint, and Information in Writing, upon Oath, made to any One or more Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Depu'te as aforesaid, that the Informant hath probable Cause to suspect and believe, and doth suspect and believe, that any Person or Persons within the Jurisdiction of the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff, before whom the Information is laid, not being Owners or Occupiers of any Fishery or Fisheries, or otherwise entitled to fish in the said River Trout, or within the Mouth or Entrance aforesaid, or on the Shore beyond the Mouth or Entrance of the same, or in the Rivers or Streams running into the same, shall or have in his or their Possession or Custody any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, which have been illegally taken or caught contrary to the Provisions of this or any former Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices, and Sheriff Depu'te as aforesaid, and he and they is and are hereby required to authorize and direct, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, in England, or his or their Hand or Hands in Ireland, any High or Petty Coroner, or other Peace Officer, or Water Bailiff or Water Bailiffs, to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, to examine and search the Packages, Baskets, or Hangers of any such Person or Persons, at any Place or Places where they may be found, or at the Market where the same are exposed or offered for Sale; and if upon such Search any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, shall be found, it shall and may be lawful to and for such High or Petty Coroner, or Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, to seize the same, and the Packages, Baskets, or Hangers in which they shall be found, and to put and place the same in some secure Place or Places for the safe Custody thereof; and to bring the Body or Bodies of the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found before the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Depu'te respectively, to answer and account for the same; and the Proof that the Fish (so found upon Search as aforesaid) were taken by any Person or Persons legally entitled to fish for the same shall be upon the said Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found, and if he, she, or they shall fail or make good the same, to the Satisfaction of the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Depu'te, before whom he, she, or they shall be brought, such Person or Persons shall, on Conviction, severally forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Depu'te, before whom the Conviction shall be had, and also the Fish so taken, and the Packages, Baskets or Hangers, that contain the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That all and every Occupier and Occupiers of any Fishery or Fisheries in the said River Trout, or in the Rivers and Streams running into the same, and of Fisheries being Property, in the Mouth or Entrance of the said River, shall, and they and each and every of them is and are hereby required to remove and carry away from their several Fisheries, Fishing Shields, Best Stands, Net Greys, Landing Piers, and the Lines and Grounds adjoining thereto, all Boats, Oars, Nets, Engines, and other Tackle, used and employed by them in the taking and killing of Fish as aforesaid, so or before the Thirtieth Day of October in every Year, to be saved by the Commissioners or Overseers hereby appointed, to some Place or Places where the same are beforeforesaid lodged and kept so as to prevent their being used in fishing, and there to remain until the Seventh Day of January, in the following Year; and in case any such Occupier or Occupiers shall refuse or neglect to remove all and every such Boats, Oars, Nets, Engines, and other Tackle as aforesaid, and the same, so removed, to keep secured from the said Fisheries and Fisheries at the Time aforesaid, every

With Justice or Persons by writing or speaking, or being convicted thereof before any one or more such Justice or Justice or Sheriff, or Justice or Justice, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, or the Third Part thereof.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy as aforesaid, upon Application to him or three or more in Writing, under the Hands of any Two or more of the Proprietors or Occupiers of Fisheries in the said River Trent, and he and they so and are lawfully directed and required to authorize and direct, by Warrant under his and their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals in England, and under his and their Hand or Hands in Scotland, any High or Petty Constable, or any Peace Officer, or Water Bailiff or Water Bailiffs, to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, and any Number of Persons not exceeding Five to be severally named and described in the Warrant, to search between the Thirtieth Day of October, and the Seventh Day of June next, in every Year all and every the Fishery and Fisheries, Fishing Sholes, Boat Stands, Net Gears, Landing Places, and the Lands and Grounds adjoining thereto, and all such Boats, Oars, Nets, Engines, and other Tackle, as they shall find upon such Search, so season and carry away to some Place or Places, where the same may be securely lodged and kept, till the Seventh Day of January, in the following Year, at the Expence of the said Owner or Owners; and if the Owner or Owners thereof shall be known or found, to bring him, her, or them, or the Person or Persons in whose Custody the same shall be found, before the said Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy respectively, to answer and account for the same; and every such Owner or Owners, Person or Persons, respectively, upon due Proof thereof, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, over and above the Expences of such Proceedings; and if the Owner or Owners thereof, or Person or Persons who placed, occupied, or used the same, cannot be found, then the said Constable, Peace Officer, Water Bailiff or Water Bailiffs, and Persons authorized as aforesaid, shall cause public Notice to be given on the Church or Chapel Door of the Parish, Township, or Place where the same shall be found, and if the same shall not be removed within Sixty Days thereafter, the same shall be carried before the said Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy, who directed the Search for the same; and the said Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy, respectively, shall proceed to condemn the same, on Proof that an Owner or Person had had Charge thereof, and may and shall order all such Boats, Oars, Engines, and other Tackle to be burnt, cut to Pieces, or otherwise destroyed; and if in performance of such Search, such High or Petty Constable, or other Peace Officer, and such Persons as aforesaid, shall find the Door of any Fishery, Shole or Boat-house locked up, and upon Request the Occupier shall refuse to open the same, it shall be lawful for the said Peace Officer, and other Persons aforesaid, to break open the said Door and search for all such Boats, Oars, Nets, Engines, and other Tackle as aforesaid, and if found; to dispose of the same in Manner herein-before directed.

X. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to, nor in the Power of the said Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy, before whom any Cause shall, with regard to the Weekly Close Time, shall be made, to mitigate the penalties herein contained, in relation thereto, to a less Sum than the highest Rate, unless the Offence shall have been committed within Half an Hour after Two of the Clock on Saturday Night, or after One of the Clock on Sunday Morning, in which Case the Penalty may be mitigated as herein-before directed.

XI. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Mill Dams, Dikes, Weirs, and other permanent Obstructions to the Run of the Fish in the said River Trent, or any Run or Rivulet, Brook or Stream, running into the same, shall be so altered and constructed as to permit and allow of the free Run of the Fish over the same in the ordinary and usual State of such Rivers or Rivulets, Brooks or Streams, and in case the Proprietors or Occupiers of such Mill Dams, Dikes, Weirs, and Obstructions, shall neglect to do alter and conform all the same, it shall and may be lawful to the Commissioners or Overseers, hereinafter mentioned, or any Three or more of them, to send a Requisition in Writing to the Proprietors and Occupiers of the same, to do alter them within fourteen Days after such Requisition shall be made, and in Default thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners and Overseers, or any Three or more of them, to order and direct such Alteration to be made at the Expence of the Proprietors of the same, such Expence to be levied and recovered in the same Manner as is herein-after directed, with respect to the levying and recovering of Penalties and Forfeitures.

XII. And be it enacted, That if in the Use of Trest Nets used for the taking of Trout, the Person or Persons using the same shall take any Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting, he, she, or they shall forfeit the same to the Proprietor or Occupier of the Fishery, upon Pain of forfeiting a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, for every Salmon, Gilt, Salmon Trout, Bull Trout, or Whiting; and may or may be seized by him, her, or them.

XIII. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons not authorized by License or License Writing, under the Hand of any Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers, of any Fishery in the said River Trent, or in any Run, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, running into the same, to fish with, or use any Net or any Leader, Salmon Spear, or trawler Engine, and the Person or Persons convicted of offending herein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, and the Justice or Justice, or Sheriff or Deputy, before whom such Person or Persons shall be convicted, shall order and direct such Nets, Leaders, or Salmon Spears, to be burnt, cut to Pieces, or otherwise destroyed.

XIV. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons within Two Miles of the said River Trent, or of any Run, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Stake, or Cot, communicating with the said River Trent, not duly authorized by License or License Writing, under the Hand of any Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, of any Fishery in the said River Trent, or in any Run, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, running into the same, to have in him, her, or their Possession, except for the Purpose of manufacturing or filling the same, or repairing the same, for Lease Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, of a

If any Person be convicted by the Justice, or Sheriff, &c.

Whichever of Justice or Sheriff.

For Regulation of Mill Dams, &c.

Persons to be appointed by the Justice, or Sheriff, &c. to be used, as well as Licensees.

No Person to be within Two Miles of the said River Trent, not duly authorized by License, &c.

Fisheries in the said River Tawd, or some River, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, running into the same, any of the Nets or Engines herein-before mentioned; and the Perch or Perches considered as offending heretofore, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay every Gum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, or less than Ten Pounds: And the said Nets or Engines, or Sheriff's Depute, before whom such Perch or Perches shall be convicted, shall order and direct such Nets or Engines to be burnt, sent to Pieces, or otherwise destroyed.

XV. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such Justice, or Sheriff's Depute as aforesaid, upon Information in Writing, upon Oath taken or those taken, and he and they as and so kindly required to subscribe and swear, by Warrant, under his and their Hand and Seal, or Hand and Seal in England, or his or their Hand or Hand in Scotland, any Higher Petty Comissaire or other Peace Officer, or Water Bailiff or Water Bailiffs, to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, or other Person or Persons not exceeding Five, to be specially named and directed in the Warrant, to search in the Day Time the Houses or Buildings duly authorized to sit or live in their Possession of the Nets or Engines herein-before mentioned, and the same on Discovery to seize and carry away.

The Names of
Persons to be
appointed as Justices

XVI. And be it enacted, That all and every Boat or Boats hereafter to be used in the Fisheries aforesaid, shall have, upon some conspicuous Place thereof the Name of the Proprietor or Proprietors painted thereon, in Letters of Two Inches in Length, upon Failure whereon the Proprietor of every such Boat shall forfeit and pay every Gum not exceeding Ten Pounds, or less than Five Pounds.

Being of Right
to Minors,
Sole Owners, and
Proprietors, or
the Heirs or
Estate of the
River Tawd.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no thing herein contained shall in anywise prejudice or affect the Right of the Owners or Proprietors, Tenants or Occupiers of Fisheries, or the Right or any other Person or Persons who now are, or at any Time as Time hereafter shall or may be first, possessed of, or entitled to, any Mines, Seigniories, or Royalties, within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Tawd, or upon the Shores beyond the Limits of the Mouth or Entrance of the same, but that all and every such Owners and Proprietors, Tenants or Occupiers, and other Person or Persons shall nevertheless have and enjoy, all such Right of Fishing, within the said Mouth or Entrance of the said River Tawd, or upon the Shores beyond the Limits of the same, as they have hitherto lawfully exercised and enjoyed, or could or might lawfully enjoy, in case the Act had not been made, so as such Right be aided and executed at such Times and Seasons only, under such Regulations, and subject to such Provisions and Provisions as are herein-before directed concerning the Fisheries in the said River Tawd, and within the Mouth or Entrance thereof, and the Shores beyond the same; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Consenters and Overseers of the Fisheries appointed and empowered to levy Rates to pay Expenses of the Execution of the Act. § 5-11.

Former Acts
continued,
and re-enacted

XXXI. And be it enacted, That all the Clauses, Provisions, and Articles, Exceptions, Limitations, Forms of Conviction and Certificates thereof (in Latin and French) Matters and Things in the said Three next Acts, or in any of them contained, and not altered by this Act, shall be deemed and taken to extend, and shall accord to this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were here again repeated and re-enacted.

Appeal to
be made by the
Justices, or
any of the
Justices,
Quarter Sessions.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall think himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Judgment of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, given in virtue of any of the Powers granted by this Act, or by any of the said recited Acts, may appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, whose such Judgment shall be given, at three Months at General Quarter Sessions next to such Appeal shall be received, heard, or determined, unless the Appellant or Appellants shall first give, or make to be given, Fourteen Days Notice in Writing, to the Justice or Justices from whose Judgment, Sentence, or Determination, he, she, or they shall appeal, of his, her, or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and shall also enter into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order of such Justice or Justices; and the said Justices at their said Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given, and of such Recognizance having been entered into as aforesaid, shall hear and determine every such Appeal in a summary Way, and shall award and order to the Party, for whom and in whose Behalf such Appeal shall be determined, such Costs and Charges as they in their Discretion shall think reasonable and just, to be paid by the Party or Parties against whom such Appeal shall be determined, and in case such Costs and Charges shall not be paid within the Space of Six Days, the same shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons ordered to pay the same; and if the Person or Persons ordered to pay such Costs shall happen to remove, or go into any County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, out of the Jurisdiction of the said Court where such Appeal shall be brought or heard, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of or for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, wherein such Person shall inhabit or be found, and every such Justice of the Peace is hereby required, upon Request to him for that Purpose to be made, and a true Copy of the Order for the Payment of such Costs and Charges produced, and proved by some credible Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer, by Warrant in the Form of Law, to each the Oath mentioned in such Order to be taken by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons in such Order to be taken, to pay the same; and the Detention of the said Justices at such Quarter Sessions shall be binding and conclusive in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and no Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, or any Order made, or other Matter or Thing, to be done or transacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, shall be vacated or quashed for want of Form, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever; And that all and every Person and Persons who shall think himself, herself, or themselves, aggrieved by any Judgment of any Sheriff's Depute, given in virtue of any of the Powers granted by this Act, or by any of the said recited Acts, may appeal to the Lords of Justices in the most Circuit Court of the Circuit wherein such County or Shire shall be, in the Way, Manner, and Form, and under and upon the Limitations and Conditions prescribed

All Appeals
to be made
by the
Justices, or
any of the
Justices,
Quarter
Sessions.

presented by and contained in an Act of Parliament passed in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for taking away, and abating the Heinous Injustices in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That the Penalties or Forfeitures for Offences against this Act, the Mode of Recovery whereof is not by this Act otherwise particularly provided, may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the Boroughs and Liberties thereof, or before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Sheriff Deputy, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, where the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, either by the Confession of the Party or Parties, or upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more Watch or Watchmen, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal or Seals of such Justice or Justices in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the Boroughs and Liberties thereof, or by Warrant or Warrants in the Form of Law of such Justice or Justices, and Sheriff Deputy, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, (all which Warrants shall Justice, Justices, and Sheriff Deputy, be lawfully authorized and required to grant, and to administer such Oath or Oaths,) and the Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be so levied and paid from Time to Time be applied, One Month to the Informers or Informers, and the other Month to the Owners of the Poor of the Parish, Township, or Place, where the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, for the Use of the Poor of the said Parish, Township, or Place; and in case the Proportion of the Penalties directed to be paid or applied to such Owners shall not be cleared in Six Months from the Date of the Conviction or Convictions, the Whole shall be applied to the Informer or Informers; and the Justice or Justices, or Sheriff Deputy, by or before whom any Conviction shall be made, shall direct his or their Clerk or Clerks within Twenty-one Days after the Date of the Conviction, to intimate the same to the Owners of the Poor of such Parish, Township, or Place, as may be entitled to a Proportion of the Penalties as aforesaid, and the Overplus remaining (if any) after such Penalties and Forfeitures, and the Costs and Charges attending the levying and recovering thereof are defrayed shall, on Demand, be returned to the Owner or Owners of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, or such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be paid in Fourteen Days after such Distress, that then it shall be lawful for such Justice, Justices, and Sheriff Deputy, and he and they as and he are lawfully authorized and empowered to commit every such Offender or Offenders to the common Gaol or House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months or less than Three Calendar Months, as the said Justice or Justices and Sheriff Deputy upon Consideration of the Circumstances shall think fit.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Action at Law shall be brought or commenced against any Person as Perjuror for any Thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the Boroughs and Liberties thereof, until after Fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing shall be given to the Person or Persons against whom such Action shall be intended to be brought, or left at his or their last or usual Places of Abode, setting forth the Cause of such Action; and that every Action brought for any Thing done or to be done as aforesaid shall be brought within the Space of Six Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall arise, and be had and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants therein may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Issue may be given by virtue hereof; and if on the Trial of such Action it shall appear that the Issue may be brought before the Expiration of Fourteen Days next after such Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, or after the End of Six Calendar Months next after the Cause thereof shall have arisen, or if such Action shall be brought or had in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, or after sufficient Tender of Amends shall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, that then and in any of the Cases aforesaid the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and in all Cases where a Verdict shall be found for the Defendant or Defendants in such Action, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue the Issue after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or shall be satisfied, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action shall have Three Culls, and have the like Remedies for recovering the same as Defendants have for recovering their Culls in other Cases by Law.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Action or Prosecution for any Offence or Offences against this Act in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be, by Way of Summary Process or Complaint, to one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or to the Sheriff Deputy for the County where such Offence or Offences shall be committed, who are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action shall be brought against any Person or Persons for any Thing done, or to be done, by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of the said former Acts, made in the Eleventh, Eleventh, and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, within that Part of Great Britain called England, within Six Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen; and in all such Actions the Defendant or Defendants, if abridged or abridged from the Action, shall have and be entitled to full Cull of Suit.

* Public Act. § 37.

January, 1810.
First Circuit Court.

Revenue and
Appellate and
Pr. Criminal
Circuit -

If the Proportion
of Penalties,
directed to be
paid to the Poor,
is not cleared in
Six Months,
the Whole is to
be to the Informer.

Limitation of
Action against
Perjuror
requiring this
Act in England.

Three Culls to
Defendants.

Mode of
Prosecuting an
Offence brought
in Scotland.

Limitation of
Action, except
that in
Scotland.

Cap. xxx.

An Act to enable *The Globe Insurance Company* to sue in the Name of their Treasurers, and to avoid Annuities. [25th April 1807.]

WHEREAS several Persons have formed themselves into a Society or Partnership under the Name of *The Globe Insurance Company*, and have therewith joined very considerable Sums, in order to carry on the Business of insuring Houses, and other Property, as in Law, or otherwise by Fire; to effect Insurances on Lives, and to grant and purchase Annuities; And Whereas the Public have been greatly benefited by the Formation of such Society or Partnership, with a competent Capital to carry on the same, and a considerable Revenue is derived to His Majesty the King; And Whereas Difficulties have arisen, and may from Time to Time arise, as well in recovering Debts, which may grow due to the said Society or Partnership, called *The Globe Insurance Company*, as in proceeding by Process upon any real or personal Property, or in any way to recover, or to satisfy any other Obligations, or with Intent to injure or defraud the said Society or Partnership; as by Law all the several Subscribers or Proprietors to and in such Society or Partnership must, as such Cases, sue and prosecute by their several and distinct Names and Designs; and And whereas an Act was passed in the Sixteenth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, entitled, *An Act for regulating the Grants of Life Annuities, and for the better Protection of Subjects against such Grants*; whereby it was enacted, that a Memorial of every Intention granting any such Annuity or Rent Charge as is therein mentioned, should, within the Time therein mentioned, be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery; and that such Memorial should, among other Particulars, contain the Names of all the Parties, and for whom any of them were Treasurers; And Whereas the said Society or Partnership, by reason of the Number of Persons who are or may be enrolled therein, is unable to comply with the Requirements of the said Act in the last-mentioned Respect, and is prevented thereby from rendering the Contents of the said Society or Partnership for the Particulars or Sides of Annuities official and valid; Wherefore for the more safely carrying into Execution the several Undertakings herein-before mentioned, and for removing the Difficulties aforesaid, may it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Actions and Suits to be commenced or instituted by or on Behalf of the said Society or Partnership against any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall or lawfully may be commenced or instituted and prosecuted in the Name or Names of the Treasurers or Treasurers for the Time being of the said Society or Partnership, as the several Plaintiff or Plaintiffs for and on Behalf of the said Society or Partnership; and that all Proceedings to be brought or instituted by or on Behalf of the said Society or Partnership for Fraud upon or against, or for Embarrassment, Railway of, or for taking the Property of the said Society or Partnership, or for any other Offence committed against, or with Intent to injure or defraud the said Society or Partnership, shall or lawfully may be so brought or instituted, and carried on, in the Name or Names of the Treasurer or Treasurers for the Time being of the said Society or Partnership; and in all Judgments and Informations it shall be lawful to state the Property of the said Society or Partnership to be the Property of the Treasurer or Treasurers for the Time being of the said Society or Partnership; and any Offence committed with Intent to injure or defraud the said Society or Partnership shall and lawfully may in such Proceedings be laid to have been committed with Intent to injure or defraud the said Treasurer or Treasurers for the Time being of the said Society or Partnership; and any Offender or Offenders may be lawfully punished as in and by the Statute in that behalf made, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the said Society or Partnership*, and the Death, Resignation or Removal, or other Act touching Treasurer or Treasurers, shall not vitiate any such Action, Suit, or Proceedings.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed, construed, or taken to extend, to incorporate the said Society or Partnership; or to alter or discharge the said Society or Partnership, or any of the Members thereof, or Subscribers thereto (except from any Regulations, Contracts, Duties, or Obligations whatsoever, which by Law they may owe, or at any Time hereafter, be bound by) or to alter, or to change the Name of the said Society or Partnership, or any of them, or any of their several Members of the said Society or Partnership and others, or among themselves, or in any other Manner whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Society or Partnership to sue, in the High Court of Chancery, a Memorial of every Debt, Rent, Charge, or other Obligation, whereby any Annuity or Rent Charge shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to or by the said Society or Partnership, for One or more Life or Lives, or for any Term of Years, or greater Term or Terms determinable on One or more Life or Lives, in the Name of such Treasurers, Executors, Administrators, or other Assignees; and such Instrument shall (in all other Respects of the said recited Act) being duly executed, shall be as good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the Name of all the Treasurers for whom such Parties respectively, or any or either of them, shall be Treasurers or Treasurers, were or was used therein; any Law, Statute, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Publ. Act. 54.

Cap. xxxi.

An Act to enable *The Alliance Fire and Life Insurance Company* to sue in the Name of their Secretaries, and to avoid Annuities. [25th April 1807.]

[See Chap. xxx. of this Session.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Croft*, in the Parishes of *Frodingham* and *Fildersburgh* in the County of *Lincoln*. (9 P.) [25th April 1807.]

Allotments of Land to be made in Compensation for all Tythes in the Township of *Croft* (except such ancient Inclosures therein as may be in the Parish of *Wylf Haven*, § 2—5.)

Cap. xlii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Mere*, in the County of *Wilt.* (9 P.) [25th April 1807.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act for inclosing and draining Lands within the Parishes of *Rogge* with *Bogwood* and *Beck* near the Sea, in the County of *Notfolk*. [25th April 1807.]

Penalties for
disrepair
Walls, Dikes
walls &c.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously cut, damage, break down, demolish, or destroy any Bank, Mill, Engine, Dam, Floodgate, Bridge, Sluice, or Tunnel already made, or which shall at any Time hereafter be made or erected, supported, maintained, or used for answering any of the Purposes of this Act, every Person so offending, and being convicted, shall be guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, or in Mitigation of such Punishment may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

THE
STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGIÏ III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quadragesimo septimo:

SECT. 2.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Whitehall*, the Twenty-second Day of *June*, *Ann Domini* 1807, in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith: Being the First Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

C A P. I.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported into and exported from *Ireland*. [7th July 1807.]

Recital of 45 G. 3. c. 18. imposing Duties of Customs; and 46 G. 3. c. 69. imposing Duties of Customs on Iron, Sugar, and Tea, and of the continuing Acts 46 G. 3. c. 13. and c. 182: Duties and Drawbacks under recited Acts further continued to 5th July 1808. (Except Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar, provided for by 47 G. 3. 2d s. c. 19.) Recitations in said recited Acts continued to 5th July 1808.—Provided that Articles entitled to Bounty shall not be liable to Duty: § 1.—Duties shall be carried to the Acts Consolidated Part, § 2.—Acts may be altered or repealed this Session. § 3. [See Clap. 15. of this Session.]

C A P. II.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Expiration of Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, Three Acts, passed in the Thirty-seventh, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Years of His Majesty's Reign, for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, between His Majesty and the United States of America; and for empowering His Majesty to suspend, before the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Provisions of the said Acts, for each Period as His Majesty may deem expedient. [17th July 1807.]

The Act 37 G. 3. c. 97 (as continued by 47 G. 3. c. 39. & 46 G. 3. c. 16.) revived and continued. § 1.—His Majesty empowered to suspend the Provisions of the recited Acts by Order in Council, § 2.

C A P. III.

An Act to authorize Persons who have advised or acted under an Order of Council for making Regulations with respect to the Navigation and Commerce between His Majesty's Subjects and the Subjects of the United States of America. [17th July 1807.]

WHIEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America; which Act was revived and continued by Two Acts passed in the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign; which last mentioned Act expired on the First Day of *June* 17 G. 3. c. 97
45 G. 3. c. 39.
46 G. 3. c. 16.

200
 201
 202
 203
 204
 205
 206
 207
 208
 209
 210
 211
 212
 213
 214
 215
 216
 217
 218
 219
 220
 221
 222
 223
 224
 225
 226
 227
 228
 229
 230
 231
 232
 233
 234
 235
 236
 237
 238
 239
 240
 241
 242
 243
 244
 245
 246
 247
 248
 249
 250
 251
 252
 253
 254
 255
 256
 257
 258
 259
 260
 261
 262
 263
 264
 265
 266
 267
 268
 269
 270
 271
 272
 273
 274
 275
 276
 277
 278
 279
 280
 281
 282
 283
 284
 285
 286
 287
 288
 289
 290
 291
 292
 293
 294
 295
 296
 297
 298
 299
 300
 301
 302
 303
 304
 305
 306
 307
 308
 309
 310
 311
 312
 313
 314
 315
 316
 317
 318
 319
 320
 321
 322
 323
 324
 325
 326
 327
 328
 329
 330
 331
 332
 333
 334
 335
 336
 337
 338
 339
 340
 341
 342
 343
 344
 345
 346
 347
 348
 349
 350
 351
 352
 353
 354
 355
 356
 357
 358
 359
 360
 361
 362
 363
 364
 365
 366
 367
 368
 369
 370
 371
 372
 373
 374
 375
 376
 377
 378
 379
 380
 381
 382
 383
 384
 385
 386
 387
 388
 389
 390
 391
 392
 393
 394
 395
 396
 397
 398
 399
 400
 401
 402
 403
 404
 405
 406
 407
 408
 409
 410
 411
 412
 413
 414
 415
 416
 417
 418
 419
 420
 421
 422
 423
 424
 425
 426
 427
 428
 429
 430
 431
 432
 433
 434
 435
 436
 437
 438
 439
 440
 441
 442
 443
 444
 445
 446
 447
 448
 449
 450
 451
 452
 453
 454
 455
 456
 457
 458
 459
 460
 461
 462
 463
 464
 465
 466
 467
 468
 469
 470
 471
 472
 473
 474
 475
 476
 477
 478
 479
 480
 481
 482
 483
 484
 485
 486
 487
 488
 489
 490
 491
 492
 493
 494
 495
 496
 497
 498
 499
 500

One thousand eight hundred and seven: And Whereas an Order in Council was made on the Twenty-fourth Day of July, One thousand eight hundred and seven, directing that all the Regulations contained in the said Acts should be duly observed until other Provisions should be made respecting the Matters aforesaid: he it is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Entries of Ships and Payments of Duties, and every Matter and Thing which has been done under the Authority of the said Order, and conformable with the Regulations contained in the said Acts, shall be deemed and taken to be good as Law, in the same Manner as if the said Acts had continued to be in full Force and Effect; and all Persons who advised His Majesty to make such Order, or who have acted in carrying the same into Execution, are hereby fully indemnified for the same.

C A P. IV.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a certain Annuity to Major General Sir John Stewart Knight of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, in Consideration of the eminent Services which he has rendered to His Majesty and the Publick. [17th July 1807.]

WHEREAS Your Majesty, by Your Most Gracious Message to Your faithful Commons, hath been pleased to signify Your Desire of conferring a special Mark of Your Favour and Approbation on Major General Sir John Stewart Knight of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, in consequence of the eminent Services rendered by him in the brilliant and decisive Victory obtained by the Troops under his Command against a superior French Force upon the Plains of Afeld in the Month of July One thousand eight hundred and six, and the Valour and Skill displayed by him on that Occasion, and that, for that Purpose, an Annuity of One thousand Pounds should be granted to the said Sir John Stewart during the Term of his natural Life: Now, &c.

His Majesty empowered to grant to Sir John Stewart for Life an Annuity of 1000*l.* to commence from July 4, 1806, out of the King's Consolidated Fund. § 1. — Annuity shall be paid at the Exchequer's usual Form. § 2. — said shall not be subject to any Tax. § 3.

C A P. V.

An Act for empowering the Commissioners of Kilmacshew Hospital to make Rules and Regulations for the Payment of Pensions to Soldiers on the Establishment of that Hospital. [17th July 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making better Provisions for Soldiers, whereby all Pensions, Allowances, and Relief, granted or to be granted to disabled, invalid, or discharged Soldiers, were placed under the Management of the Commissioners, for the Time being, of Clifden Hospital, and Power was given to the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, to make such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time, to alter the same, in relation to the Payment of any Pensions, Allowances, or Relief to any Soldiers entitled thereto, and also as to any Certificate, Voucher, Receipts, or Orders, for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments, and to receive such Pensions and Affidavits relating thereto as might or may be requisite for the ordering and securing the Payment of such Pensions, Allowances, and Relief, either at Clifden or Kilmacshew Hospitals, or in any other Place where the same shall be payable to the Persons entitled thereto, as the Case may be, with Provision that every such Order or Regulation might from Time to Time be revoked or altered by any Warrant, Order, or Instruction, under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual; and it is expedient that in pursuance of the said Act as places the Pensions payable to Persons entitled to or receiving any Pensions or Allowances from Kilmacshew Hospital, under the Control of the Commissioners of Clifden Hospital, and also in pursuance of the said Act as empowers the said Commissioners of Clifden Hospital to make any Rules and Regulations as to such Pensions, should be repealed: And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of Kilmacshew Hospital should have the same Power of making Rules, Orders, and Regulations with respect to the Payment of all such Pensions as shall be payable to Persons entitled to and receiving Pensions from Kilmacshew Hospital, as it by the said recited Act given to the Commissioners of Clifden Hospital: he it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in pursuance of the said recited Act as gives any Power, Authority, or Control whatever to the Commissioners of Clifden Hospital, over or in relation to any Pension or Allowance payable to any Person entitled to or receiving Pension or Allowance from Kilmacshew Hospital, or as to any Matter or Thing relating thereto, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Commissioners of Kilmacshew Hospital or any Three or more of them, shall have the like Powers, Management, Control, and Direction, and all such Powers and Authorities to make Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time to alter the same, in relation to any Person entitled to or receiving any Pension or Allowance, or Relief, from Kilmacshew Hospital, and as to the Payment of any Pensions, Allowances, or Relief granted or to be granted to disabled, invalid,

as discharged Salders as the Establishers of *Kilmasnoo Hospital*, and to do all other Acts for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments, and to require Poools and Allowance relating thereto, and subject to the like Provisions as by the said recited Act are vested in the said Commissioners of *Clonilla Hospital*, with respect to the Poools, Allowances, and Relief therein specified; and all such Rules, Regulations, and Acts, Matters, and Things, made or done by them in respect to any such Payment, or to any such Poools, Allowances, or Relief, before the passing of this Act, shall be as good, valid, and effectual as all such Powers and Authorities had belonging to the Commissioners of *Kilmasnoo Hospital* by the said recited Act.

Commissioners of Clonilla Hospital, with respect to Poools, &c.

C A P. VI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Three Millions by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [17th July 1807.]

“ Treasury empowered to raise 3,000,000 l. by Loans and Exchequer Bills, as under Mch. Act, 47 G. 3. s. 1.
 “ c. 5. § 1. s.—Interest 3 l. per Cent. per Annum, from 5th April 1807. § 2.—Exchequer Bills to be issued
 “ shall not be received again in Payment of any Taxes; nor exchanged before the Expiration of Six Months
 “ from the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. § 4.—The said Bills shall be repaid out of the Supplies
 “ in the next Session, § 5.—The said Bills, if not duly paid off, shall bear an Interest of 5 per Cent. § 6.—
 “ When the 5 per Cent. Confds. shall be 30 l. per Cent. or more, the said Bills shall become payable, &c. § 7.
 “ Bank of England authorized to advance 3,000,000 l. on the Credit of this Act, § 8.

[See 46 G. 3. c. 1. for a similar Act.]

C A P. VII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [17th July 1807.]

“ Treasury empowered to raise 1,500,000 l. by Loans and Exchequer Bills, as under Mch. Act, [47 G. 3. s. 1.
 “ c. 3.] § 1. s.—Interest 3 l. per Cent. per Annum. § 2.—Said Bills not to be received again in Payment of any
 “ Taxes; nor exchanged before April 5, 1808, § 4.—Said Bills to be repaid out of the First Supplies in next
 “ Session, § 5.—Bank of England authorized to advance 1,500,000 l. on the Credit of this Act, § 6.

C A P. VIII.

An Act concerning Common Recoveries suffered in Copyhold or Customary Courts by Attorney. [17th July 1807.]

• **WHEREAS** it is expedient that Persons who can now suffer Common Recoveries of Copyhold or Customary Tenements in Person but not by Attorney, should be enabled to suffer the same by Attorney as well as in Person: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for every Person not being under Coverture, and for every Female Covert, (such Female Covert being lately and lawfully examined by the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manor or Manors whereof the Copyhold or Customary Tenements, a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries of which is or are proposed to be suffered, shall be holders, or by his, her, or their Steward or Stewards, or by the Deputy or Deputies of such Steward or Stewards,) to appoint any Person or Persons to be his, her, or their Attorney or Attorneys for the Purpose of prosecuting the Copyhold or Customary Tenements a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries of which shall be proposed to be suffered, to the Use of any Person or Persons, to make him or them Tenant or Tenants to the Plaintiff, and also to appoint any other Person or Persons to appear for the Person or Persons by appointing as Vouches or Vouchers, and to enter into the usual Warranty, and to do all other lawful and necessary Acts for the suffering and prosecuting of such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries respectively, and to discontinue the Demandant or Demandants in such Common Recoveries respectively to surrender the Tenements so recovered, when or after such Recovery or Recoveries shall be suffered and perfected, to such Uses as shall be declared in the Instrument by which such Attorney or Attorneys shall be respectively appointed; and that the Surrender and Surrenders, and Common Recovery and Common Recoveries which shall be had, acknowledged, and suffered as aforesaid, shall have the like Effect but no other, as such Surrender and Surrenders and Common Recovery and Common Recoveries would have had if the Party or Parties who shall acknowledge such Surrender or Surrenders, and suffer such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries by Attorney, and give such Discharge as aforesaid, had appeared in Court as his, her, or their Person or respective Persons, and acknowledged the said Surrender or Surrenders, and suffered the said Recovery or Recoveries, and had joined in the Surrender or Surrenders to be made by such Demandant or Demandants.

Persons may appoint Attorneys, &c. for prosecuting Copyhold, &c. of such Common Recoveries. Recovery may not be suffered by the Attorney, &c.

C A P. IX.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [15th July 1807.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland as Parliament assembled, ever ready to supply the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's public Expences, have freely intended to give and grant unto Your Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries, in the Manner hereinafter directed: Your faithful Commons do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized to draw forth, or to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, any Number of Tickets, not exceeding in the Whole One hundred thousand, in One or more Lotteries or Letters, as and for each Part or Sum of Money for each Ticket, as the said Lords Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall think fit; and to give and to send to such Stipendiaries and Regulators, as to the Payment of the same constituted to be given for the Tickets in such Lotteries or Letters, and as to Installments, and Time of Payment thereof, and any Advances thereon, and any Allowance or Discharge for present Payment, and as to any Forfeitures or Losses in respect of any such Tickets, as the said Lords Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall think fit; and the Number and Value of the Forfeiture Tickets in each Lottery or Lotteries respectively, and also as to the better Sum of Money to be allowed to the Owner of any Full or Lost drawn Ticket on any or either of the Days of Drawing of any or either of such Lotteries, or any other beneficial Clauses therein, and as to the Days, and Times, and Place for the Drawing of such Lottery or Lotteries respectively, as the said Lords Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall think proper and expedient; and all such Regulations, Stipendiaries, Forfeitures, and Payments, shall be valid and effectual, and be obeyed, observed, and enforced, in like Manner, in every respect as if they had been enacted and existed in the Body of this Act: And that all the Moneys to arise by the Sale of such Lottery Tickets shall be paid unto the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, who shall, if required, give Security to the Satisfaction of any Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners, for duly making and paying into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, all the Moneys which he or they shall receive from Time to Time, in respect of any or either of such Lotteries, or of any Tickets thereon, and for accounting daily for the same, and for the faithful Performance of the Trust in him or them reposed; and shall, from Time to Time pay all such Moneys within Five Days after the Receipt thereof, unto the Exchequer, and account for the same there in due Course, discharging fully and honestly such Sums or Sums, as shall be otherwise paid by him or them, in performance of this Act, or of any such Regulations as aforesaid, and which shall be allowed in his or their Account.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in and for and apply from Time to Time all such Sums of Money as shall be so paid into the said Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, by the said Cashier or Cashiers as aforesaid, to such Services for Great Britain as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in this present Session of Parliament.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, out of the Money that shall arise by the Sale of the said Lottery Tickets, to retain such Proportion thereof as may be necessary to be paid to the Holders of the said Lottery Tickets in the said Lotteries, and to pay into the Bank of England, to the Account of Ireland, from Time to Time, any Sums of Money not exceeding One-third Part of the Surplus of the Money that shall arise from such Lotteries, to be applied under the Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, or any Three or more of them, to such Services for Ireland as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the present Session of Parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole Ten thousand for every Ticket to be entered in the said Lottery or Lotteries, as shall be fixed upon for the Purpose, by the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in Great Britain, or any Three or more of them, shall be distributed in Gifts or Benefits, to be drawn in the said Lottery or Lotteries, or allotted to the Owner or Owners of any Full or Lost drawn Ticket or Tickets, on any particular Day or Days, in such Proportions and in such Manner, as the said Lords Commissioners, or any Three or more of them shall direct; and the same shall be charged upon and be paid and payable out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this present Session of Parliament for Great Britain; and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three or more of them, are hereby empowered and authorized, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands, to cause such Sums or Sums of Money to be issued and paid out of the said Aids or Supplies, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be by them distributed and paid to and amongst the respective Proprietors of the several Fortunes or Benefit Tickets within Two Months after the Conclusion of the Drawing of such Lottery or Lotteries respectively, or as soon as Certificates can be made out for the Sums due in respect of the same, in the Manner hereinafter directed.

V. And, for establishing a proper Method for drawing the said Lottery or Lotteries, be it further enacted, That such Persons as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain, or any Three or more of them, shall recommend and appoint, shall be Managers and Directors for such purposes and advantages as shall be directed, and to oversee the Drawing of Lots, and to order, do, and perform, for such Matter, and Things relating to such Lottery or Lotteries as may be necessary in that behalf; and that such Managers and

Directors

Tickets may
be drawn by
the said
Lords Commissioners
of His Majesty's
Treasury, or
any Three or
more of them,
as they shall
think fit.

Costs to be
paid by the
said Lords
Commissioners
of His Majesty's
Treasury, or
any Three or
more of them,
in respect of
this Act.

Treasury
empowered
to apply the
Money paid into
the Exchequer
for the Culture.

Treasury to
retain the Money
necessary for the
Payment of the
Forfeiture
Tickets, and
Out of the said
Money may be
applied to the
Services of
Ireland.

A Sum not
exceeding ten
thousand Pounds
shall be fixed
upon for every
Ticket, and
paid out of the
Supplies granted
for Great Britain.

Managers and
Directors of the
said Lottery to
be appointed by
the Treasury.

Directors shall meet together, from Time to Time, at some publick Office or Place, for the Execution of the Power and Trusts in them imposed; and that the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at any such Meeting, or the major Part of them, shall, for the said Lottery or Lotteries respectively by such Books to be prepared, in which every Leaf shall be divided or distinguished into Three Columns; and upon the Incomers of the said Three Columns, there shall be printed, for each of the said Lots or Prizes, the Number of Tickets as shall have been fixed upon for the same, to be numbered One, Two, Three, and so onwards, in alphabetical Progression, where the course is Enacted to be One, until they rise to the Number first specified, and upon the middle Column in every of the said Books shall be printed the like Number of Tickets, of the same Rank and Force, and numbered as like Manner; and in the extreme Columns of the said Books there shall be printed a Third Rank or Series of Tickets of the same Number with that of the other Two Columns; which Tickets shall be only to be of an oblong Figure, and in the said Books shall be joined with oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, in such Manner as the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, shall think most fit and convenient; and that every Ticket in the Third or extreme Column of the said Books shall have written or printed thereupon, (besides the Number of such Ticket), Words or Figures to the following Effect:

FIRST, (SECOND, THIRD, or FOURTH) LOTTERY, [or the first, second, &c.] N^o _____
 For the Year 1807.

THE BEARER of this Ticket will be entitled to such Rewards as shall belong therein in the said Lottery, to be drawn in pursuance of the Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at any such Meeting, or the major Part of them in person, shall carefully examine all the said Books, with the Tickets therein, and take Care that they be correctly numbered, and ranked, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and shall either, or cause to be delivered, the same Books, and every or any of them, as they shall be examined, to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, taking from each Cashier or Cashiers an Acknowledgment in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, importing his or their Receipt of such Book or Books, and so many Tickets therein as shall be delivered to him or them respectively; in that the said Cashiers or Cashiers may be charged to answer for each Sum of Money for every One of the Tickets in the extreme Columns, which shall be delivered to him or them, as the same shall have been sold for, or for so many of them as he or they shall not deliver back to the said Managers and Directors; and each Cashier or Cashiers as and he or they directed and required, upon his or their Receipts of every or any entire Sum of Money, is full Payment for any Ticket or Tickets, from any Person or Persons contributing or advertising in any such Lottery, from Time to Time to come out of the said Book or Books, in so he put into his or their Custody, through the said oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, or Devices, indifferently, in the said extreme Columns, such Ticket or Tickets as shall be necessary to be delivered to the several Persons entitled thereto; which Tickets the said Cashier or Cashiers shall sign with his or their own Name or Names; and he or they shall permit the respective Person or Persons in so directed, if it is desired, to write his or her Name or Mark on the corresponding Tickets in the same Book or Books; and at the same Time the said Cashier or Cashiers shall deliver to such Person or Persons the Ticket or Tickets set out off, which he, she, or they, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, shall or may have in the Drawing of the said Lottery.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Cashier or Cashiers shall fourteen Days before the Commencement of each of the said Lotteries, redeliver to the said Managers and Directors, at their said Office or Place of Meeting, all the said Books, and therein all the Tickets which the said Cashier or Cashiers shall not have set out of the same, and delivered to the Persons entitled thereto, and shall then and there also deliver to the Managers and Directors a true and just Account in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, of all Sums of Money received or come to the Hands of such Cashier or Cashiers by or for the Tickets delivered, or to be delivered out, and how the same, and how much thereof, shall have been actually paid by each Cashier or Cashiers, into the said Receipt of Exchequer, for the Purposes herein-mentioned; and that the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, who shall be present as aforesaid, shall forthwith cause all the Tickets of the said Lotteries to be returned to the said Cashier or Cashiers, (some to be returned and kept in Cash, to be issued, sold, and disposed of, for raising Money for the Purposes in this Act mentioned, in such Manner as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall order and direct.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them which shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, shall cause all the Tickets in the Middle Column, in the said Books made out with Three Columns as aforesaid, which shall be delivered back as there by or from the said Cashier or Cashiers as aforesaid, to be carefully rolled up, and marked with Thread or Silk; and the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them as aforesaid, shall, in their Presence, and in the Presence of any four Commissioners or Acknowledgers as may be there, seal all the said Tickets which are to be sold up, and made fast, as aforesaid, to be cut off indifferently, through the said oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, into a Box to be prepared for that Purpose, and to be marked with the Letter *A*, which is presently to be put up into another Box; and to be locked with so many of the said Locks and Keys, to be kept by so many of the said Managers and Directors, and sealed with their hands, or the Seal of some of them, until the said Tickets are to be drawn as herein after mentioned; and that the Tickets in the first or innermost Columns of the said Books shall remain still in the Books, so directed, as any Mixture or Fraud, if any should happen to be committed, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act.

The use of the
 Lottery Books

Managers to
 examine the
 Books with the
 Tickets, and
 deliver them to
 the Cashiers of
 the Bank, taking
 a Receipt for
 the same.

Cashiers to
 receive the Books
 with the
 numbered
 Tickets and
 Accounts of
 Money received
 and paid.

Enrolled
 Tickets to be
 delivered into
 the Bank.

Tickets of the
 Middle Column
 to be rolled
 up, and made
 fast, and to be
 put into a Box
 to be marked
 with the Letter
 A, and to be
 locked up
 and sealed.

XI. And be it enacted, That the said Managers and Directors shall on each Day of Drawing, as soon as conveniently may be after the said Drawing is over, cause to be printed and published complete accurate Lists of all the Tickets, as well Fortunes as Blank, which shall be drawn on each Day; and if any Contention or Dispute shall arise in the settling the Property of the said Fortunes Tickets, it shall be wholly in the Judgment of the major Part of the said Managers and Directors to determine to whom it doth or ought to belong; And if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully add or affix to the forging or counterfeiting, any Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this present Act, or alter any Number, Figure, or Word therein, or knowingly utter, vend, barter, or dispose of, any such false, altered, forged, or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, or shall bring any such forged or counterfeited Ticket, Certificate or Order, or any such Ticket, Certificate, or Order, to the Knowledge thereof, or any Figure or Word therein, And have been allowed (knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered), to the said Managers and Directors, or any of them, or to the Cashier or Cashiers, or Accountant General of the Bank of England for the Time being, or to any other Person or Persons who's Power, with a fraudulent Intention; or shall wilfully aid, abet, still, lend, or command, any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, all and every such Person or Persons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; And the said Managers and Directors, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized, required, and empowered, to cause any Person or Persons bringing or offering such forged or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, as aforesaid, or aiding, abetting, assisting, hiring, or commanding, any Person or Persons therein, to be apprehended, and to commit him, her, or them, to His Majesty's Goal of Newgate, or to the Common Goal of the County or Place where such Person or Persons shall be so apprehended, to be proceeded against for the said Felony according to Law.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall commit any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, or be aiding, abetting, assisting, hiring, or commanding, any Person or Persons therein, shall at any time (being out of Prison) discover any One or more Person or Persons who already have or hereafter shall commit, or be aiding, abetting, or commanding in, any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, in or in such Person or Persons to be lawfully convicted of the same, such Discoverer shall have, and is hereby entitled to, His Majesty's most gracious Pardon for such his or her Offences; and moreover shall be entitled to a Reward of Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, for every such Offender so convicted, to be paid out of the Money standing by virtue of this Act, or any other the Aids or Supplies granted in the Session of Parliament for Great Britain or Ireland respectively, or the Cash may be, immediately upon such Conviction, as aforesaid.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Attender for any of the Offences aforesaid shall make or work any Corruption of Blood, Loss of Dower, or Disinheritance of Heirs.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person that shall be appointed as aforesaid to be a Manager and Director for putting this Act in Execution, before his sitting in such Commission (except the administering the Oath immediately hereafter mentioned), shall take the Oath following; (That is to say,)

I, A. B. as a Manager and Director of the Lotteries to be drawn under the Authority of an Act of Parliament made in the Tenth-Seventh Year of His Majesty's Kings, do swear, That I will faithfully execute the Trust reposed in me; and that I will not use any indirect Art or Means, or permit or direct any Person to use any indirect Art or Means, to obtain a Prize or Fortune Lot in any of the said Lotteries, for myself, or any other Person whatsoever; and that I will do the utmost of my Endeavours to prevent any such or similar Practices to be done by any Person whatsoever; and that I will, to the best of my Judgment, declare to whom any Prize, Lot, or Ticket of Right does belong, according to the true Intenz and Meaning of the said Act.

Which said Oath shall and may be administered by any Two or more of the other Managers and Directors.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to receive from the Adventurers, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, the Moneys to be by them respectively paid on Account of the said Lotteries or any Tickets therein, either at One entire Payment, or in such Proportions, and by such Installments, as shall have been fixed and directed, by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them as aforesaid; and upon the Receipt of Part only of such Moneys, the said Cashier or Cashiers shall give a Note or Receipt under his or their Hand or Hands, for the Sum or Sums received; and shall be obliged thereby, and by this Act, to give the Receipt of every such Note or Receipt a Ticket or Tickets, of the entire Contents of the Three Columns Book or Books aforesaid, as soon as such Person or Persons, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, shall have paid and referred to the said Cashier or Cashiers the Whole of his, her, or their Consideration Money, to be paid in full for such Ticket or Tickets.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Adventurer, who shall have advanced and paid down to such Cashier or Cashiers a Proportion of his, her, or their Consideration Money, towards the said Lotteries, or his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, do not advance and pay unto such Cashier or Cashiers the remaining Part of his, her, or their Consideration Money, to be paid in full for such Ticket or Tickets, on or before the Times appointed for paying thereof; then, and in every such Case, every such Adventurer shall forfeit and lose to His Majesty, for the Use of the Publick, the Proportion of his, her, or their Purchase Money, which he, she, or they shall have so paid down as aforesaid towards the said Lotteries; and in such Case the Ticket and Tickets, which should have been delivered to the Person or Persons making

the said
Drawing, shall
be returned
to the Managers,
&c.

And in case
of any such
Offence, the
said Person
shall be
liable to
be punished.

And in case
of any such
Offence, the
said Person
shall be
liable to
be punished.

Offences (see
in Part)
Advancing
for being guilty
of any such
Offence, shall
forfeit
Reward.

Penalty.

Managers to be
sworn.

The Oath.

Cashiers may
receive for such
Installments,
giving a Note
for the same,
which shall
enable the
Drawers to
take
Tickets.

Cashiers may
not receive
and their
Payments
will be the
Time, and
order
Deductions;
and the Tickets
to be returned
to the Managers,
&c.

Tech Defeat, and they paid the full Money for the same, shall be returned or delivered to the said Managers and Directors, by the said Cashier or Cashiers, together with the other Tickets (if any), in the external Columns of the Book or Books first herein mentioned and directed to be prepared, which shall not have been disposed of as aforesaid; and such Ticket and Tickets, upon and for which such Defeat of Payment shall have been made as aforesaid, shall be delivered into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, with other such said undeposited Tickets (if any), there to be retained and kept as Copy, and to be filed, kept, and copied of, for the Purpose and in the Manner herein before directed and appointed with respect to the said undeposited Tickets; and the Advertisers and Advertisers, making such Defeat, shall not have or receive, or be entitled to have or receive, any Benefit or Advantage for or in respect of the Money which he, she, or they shall have paid for or towards the Purchase of such Ticket or Tickets.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That out of the Moneys to arise by the Contributions to the said Lotteries, or out of any other Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament for Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall be lawful for any Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to reward the said Managers and Directors, and the Clerks and Officers to be employed by and under them, and any other Clerks and Persons that shall and may be any Ways employed in this Affair, for their Labour and Pains, and to discharge such several Expenses as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as any Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners shall, from Time to Time, think fit and reasonable in their Discretion.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Forfeiture or Benefit Tickets, in the said Lottery or Lotteries respectively, shall be exchanged for Certificates, expressing and certifying the Sum of Money, in which the Proprietors thereof shall be entitled, within Two Months after the Conclusion of the Drawing of such Lottery or Lotteries respectively, or as soon afterwards as such Certificates can be prepared; and that such of the said Managers and Directors, as any Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury shall appoint to take in the Forfeiture or Benefit Tickets, and deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof, shall, as soon as may be, give Notice by Advertisement, to be printed and published in such Manner as they shall think fit, of the Days and Times appointed for taking in the said Forfeiture or Benefit Tickets, and delivering out the said Certificates for and in lieu of the same; and every Certificate shall be numbered as Copy, according to the Time of bringing the Tickets to the Managers and Directors to be appointed for exchanging the same; so which Person or Persons such Managers and Directors shall enter, or cause to be entered, in a Book or Books to be by them kept, for that Purpose, the Name of the Person who shall bring any such Ticket or Tickets, so be exchanged for such Certificate or Certificates, and the Number or Numbers of the Ticket or Tickets which shall be so brought, the Sum or Sums of Money payable thereon, and the Day of the Month, and the Year of our Lord, when brought; which Book or Books shall be open in the Office to be appointed for taking in the said Tickets to be exchanged for such Certificates, for all Purposes necessary to be done; and all such Certificates shall be signed by the Managers and Directors to be appointed, or the major Part of them, and be directed to the Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, and shall entitle the Holders thereof to receive the Sums therein expressed, on Demand, and without any Deduction whatsoever.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That out of the Moneys arising from the said Lotteries, or out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament for Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, or out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, any Three or more of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury shall have Power to discharge all such several Charges, not hereby otherwise provided for, as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as in them shall seem just and reasonable; and also to settle and appoint such Allowances as shall be thought proper for the Service, Pains and Labour, of the said Cashier or Cashiers, and any other Person or Persons, for so doing, paying, and accounting for, the said Contributions, and for performing the Task hereby imposed by law on them; and all such Allowances to be made as aforesaid, in respect of the Service, Pains, and Labour, of any Officer or Officers of the said Governor and Company, shall be for the Use and Benefit of the said Governor and Company, and in their full and sole Power.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatsoever, shall be demanded as taken of any of His Majesty's Subjects for receiving or paying any Contribution Money, or any of them, or for any Receipts or notes or the like, or for filing any Money payable in respect of any Forfeiture or Benefit Ticket, upon any other Office or Person's Accounting, by taking or demanding any such Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, shall, for every such Office, for the Sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party aggrieved, with full Costs of Suit to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, where no Election, Privilege, Pleading, or Wage of Law, Injunction, or Order of Retraint, or any other such Use Impediment, shall be granted or allowed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person to attend at the Place of drawing the Tickets in any of the Lotteries to be drawn by virtue of this Act, for the Purpose of taking down the Numbers of the Tickets as the same shall be drawn, or the Number to belong to the same, unless such Person shall be employed as a Clerk for that Purpose by the said Managers and Directors, or unless such Person shall be licensed to do so by One or more of the Commissioners for the Time being for managing the Duties on Stamped Wines, P. Tobacco, and Paper, by Writing under their Hands.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be licensed by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties to attend for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive from the said Commissioners, or their Officers, on paying a reasonable Price for the same, proper Numerical Books containing the Numbers of the Tickets in the said several Lotteries, as Antithetical Progressions as aforesaid; every of which Books shall exceed in Length Twenty-one Inches, and in Breadth Seventeen Inches, and shall be bound in half red-dye'd

The Treasury may
appoint the
Managers &c. as
they think fit.

Managers
Tickets to be
taken up for
Cash, and
Managers to
give Notice of
the Time for
exchanging
the same

Certificates to
be numbered,
&c.

The Treasury to
draw the
Interest of
the
said
Fund
&c.

No Fee to be
taken for
receiving or
paying
Contributions
&c.

No Person to
attend at the
Place of drawing
the Tickets in
any of the
Lotteries
&c.

Persons to
be licensed to
attend at the
Place of drawing
the Tickets

Penalty may be imposed.

Commissions not to be received.

Persons before whom Letters Tickets shall take out a License as hereinafter directed.

Commissioners for Stamps in England and Scotland may appoint in Great Britain or Ireland any Person or Persons to be a Letter Office or Payment of Stamp.

Licence to be taken in case of the Expulsion of the Printing of the Letters.

No Licence to be granted for any Letter Office within the United Kingdom and Great Britain.

Licence of Persons in Great Britain or Ireland shall be granted in Great Britain or Ireland only in such of the Letters or Licences that be void, &c.

Where Stamp Tickets are necessary no Licence shall be given.

Persons who Licences are to be given to.

Printers, &c. may be licensed to copy on Receipts.

Provided nevertheless, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Magistrate, where he shall be called, to mitigate and lessen any such Penalty as he shall think fit (reasonable Cause and Complaint of the Officers and Informers as well in making the Delivery as in profaneing the same, being always allowed over and above such mitigated Penalty), and in or such Mitigation do not reduce the Penalty to less than a Moiety of the Penalty imposed over and above the said Costs and Charges, say Things herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Commissions shall be receivable by Letters as is set out under what is.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall draw Tickets in the said Letters into Shares, or into such Chances as are by this Act permitted, or register the Numbers of any Tickets in the Letters as authorized by this Act, or either of them, without first taking out a Licence for that Purpose from the Commissioners managing the Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, for the Time being in England, for Persons residing in Great Britain; or from the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon the Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, for the Time being in Ireland, for Persons residing in Ireland; and the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in England and such Commissioners as aforesaid in Ireland respectively, or any Two of them respectively, are hereby empowered and required by Writing under their Hands and Seals to grant such Licence, to all and every Person or Persons who shall apply for the same, and be approved of by the said Commissioners respectively; but previously to the Delivery of any such Licence, and before it shall here any effect, there shall be paid, over and above all other Payments to which the Person or Persons taking out such Licence may be respectively liable, by any other Act of Parliament, whether as Books or otherwise, a Stamp Duty of Fifty Pounds; and the Duties payable in respect of such Licence shall be paid at the respective Stamp Offices in London and Dublin respectively, where such Licence shall be granted, and shall be applied towards defraying the Expenses of the Stamp Office, where the same shall have been received, in executing this Act, and otherwise in Manner hereinafter prescribed.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Licence shall be upon Paper or Parchment, stamped with a Stamp denoting the Payment of the Duty of Fifty Pounds hereby imposed, and shall set forth the true Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons taking out the same; and also the particular Heads or Place where such Business shall be carried on; and such Licence shall continue in force until after the Expiration of the Drawing of the said of the Licences to be drawn under the Authority of this Act, and no longer; and every Person acting or dealing in any of the Matters therein contained after the Expiration of such Licence shall be considered in every respect as an unlicensed Person.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be granted to any Person within the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, or either of them; and if any Licence shall be granted to any Person, unless either of the said Universities, it shall be void and of no Effect; and the Person or Persons acting under such Licence shall be liable to the same Penalty as an unlicensed Person.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons to whom such last-mentioned Licence or Licences shall be granted in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, pursuant to this Act, shall deposit at the Office or Place to be appointed in Manner hereinafter mentioned by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in England and Ireland respectively, and divide into Shares, Things whose addresses Tickets in such of the Letters established as aforesaid, for every such Licence granted to him, her, or them according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and every such Licence, for which no such Deposit shall be made, shall be void and of no Effect; and every Person acting under any such Licence, in any of the Matters therein contained, after such Default made, shall be adjudged and considered to be an unlicensed Person; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners in England and Ireland respectively, upon every such Default, to cause to be published the Names and Places of Abode, and the Delinquency of the Offices of such Persons or Persons making such Default as aforesaid, in the London or Dublin Gazette, respectively, and declare thereon the Time when such Default was made, and such Publication shall take place from the Time of such Publication.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall divide Tickets into Shares, or into Chances, or register the Numbers of such Tickets, without the Authority of such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other Manner or Place besides that named in the Licence, or in any other Manner contrary to such Licence, or to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Person, to whom any such Licence shall be granted, shall personally appear before the said Commissioners of Stamps, in England or Ireland respectively, or such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint, and shall then and there, at the Time of granting such Licence or Licences, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds, and that the Condition of every such Bond shall be, that if the Person or Persons to be licensed shall, during the Term of such Licence, well and truly conform to and observe all the Regulations and Provisions of the Act, and shall not offend against the same, then such Bond shall be void, or otherwise to be and remain in full Force and Effect; and the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to take such Bond; and if at the End of Twelve Calendar Months after the Expiration of the Time for which such Licence shall be granted, it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said respective Commissioners of Stamps, that such Person or Persons is licensed here or hath, during the Term of such Licence, well and truly kept, fulfilled, and performed the Condition of such Bond, such Commissioners may deliver up such Bond to be cancelled, or otherwise, at their Discretion, cause every such Bond to be put in Suit.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That, upon the Death of any Person to be licensed as aforesaid, during the Term of such Licence or Licences, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties, in their Discretion to authorize and empower the Executors or Administrators, or the Wife, Child, or

the Heir at Law of such deceased Person, being entitled unto the Possession of the Premises, is which the Statute respecting such Licences was to be carried on under such Licence or Licences, or any of them, to carry on such Trade &c. the Refusal of the Terms for which such Licence or Licences was or were granted in the same Premises, without taking out a new Licence or Licences during the Residue of the said Term, but subject to and under the same Terms, Conditions, Rules, and Regulations, as such Licence or Licences as were originally granted, and also subject to a Renewal of the Bond for the securing the due Performance thereof, by such Re-licensing respectively, during the Residue of such Term.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, to whom any such Licence or Licences as aforesaid shall be granted, shall be prosecuted and convicted of any Offence against this Act, whether on reference of the Bond to be given in pursuance of the Act, or for any Penalty under this Act, or as a Rogue and Vagabond, such Conviction shall operate as a Forfeiture of such Licence or Licences, and from thereafter the same shall be void; and the said Commissioners of Stamps where the same shall have been granted, may, if they shall think fit, refuse to grant to the Person or Persons so convicted any Licence in future.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall forge or counterfeit, or cause to be forged or counterfeited, or sell in forging or counterfeiting any Licence, authorized to be made by this Act for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall fraudulently alien or cause to be aliened, or sell in aliening any such Licence, as shall be really granted under this Act, or shall knowingly make use of any such forged, counterfeited, or aliened Licence, such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, One Moiety thereof to His Majesty, His Heiress Successive, and the other Moiety to him that shall prosecute or sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in relation to Licences granted in Great Britain, and at Dublin as to Licences granted in Ireland, in which no Efflags, Processions, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed; and shall also be subject to Imprisonment for such Term not exceeding Six Months as the Court in which the Party offending shall be convicted, shall appoint.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to sell the Chance of the Benefit which may belong to any Ticket, in any Lottery to be drawn in pursuance of this Act, for any less Time than the whole Time of drawing them to come, or to sell any other Chance whatsoever of any Benefit, which may belong to any such Ticket, other than and except such as is hereinafter expressly permitted; or to enter for or against the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, or to receive any Money or Goods, in Consideration of any Agreement to enjoy any Sum or Sums, or to deliver the same or other Goods, if any such Ticket or Tickets shall prove fortunate or unfortunate, or on any Chance or Event relative to the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, whether as to their being drawn fortunate or unfortunate, or the Time of their being drawn, or otherwise herebefore; or order any Pretence, Deceit, Force, or Intimidation whatsoever, to procure or agree to pay any Sum or Sums, or to deliver any Goods, or to do or forbear doing any Thing for the Benefit of any Person or Persons, whether with or without Consideration, on any Event or Contingency relative or applicable to the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, or to pay any Proposal for any of the Purposes aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons shall offend against this Act in any of the Matters aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Contract in every such Case shall be void; and every Person so offending, if not bound to divide Tickets into Shares in the Manner aforesaid, shall also be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond, and shall be punished as such, in the Manner herein-after directed.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall sell any Share or Shares of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery to be drawn in pursuance of this Act, in any other Proportion or Proportions than One Half, Quarter, Eighth, or Sixteenth Part or Share only; or shall publish any Proposal or Scheme for selling any Share or Shares, or enter into any Agreement or Agreements for one Share or Shares of any Ticket or Tickets, in the said respective Lotteries in any other Proportion than One Half, Quarter, Eighth, or Sixteenth Part or Share, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall also be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond, or Rogue and Vagabonds, and shall be punished as such in the Manner herein-after directed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Share or Agreement for a Share of every Ticket to be divided shall have written or printed thereon, Words or Figures to this Effect; that is to (viz.)

FIRST [SECOND, THIRD, or FOURTH] LOTTERY for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven.



Ticket. N

(as in the Statute in.)

The Name of this Share will be written to One Part of such Benefit as shall belong to the Ticket numbered as above, in the First, Second, Third, or Fourth Lottery, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

4) Geo. III.

T

XXXVII. And

For the Execution of the Terms of Licences.

Persons entitled of Office that had in their Licence.

Persons entitled of Office that had in their Licence.

The Chance of any Ticket for any less Time than the whole Term of drawing them to come, or to sell any other Chance whatsoever of any Benefit, which may belong to any such Ticket, other than and except such as is hereinafter expressly permitted; or to enter for or against the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, or to receive any Money or Goods, in Consideration of any Agreement to enjoy any Sum or Sums, or to deliver the same or other Goods, if any such Ticket or Tickets shall prove fortunate or unfortunate, or on any Chance or Event relative to the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, whether as to their being drawn fortunate or unfortunate, or the Time of their being drawn, or otherwise herebefore; or order any Pretence, Deceit, Force, or Intimidation whatsoever, to procure or agree to pay any Sum or Sums, or to deliver any Goods, or to do or forbear doing any Thing for the Benefit of any Person or Persons, whether with or without Consideration, on any Event or Contingency relative or applicable to the drawing of any such Ticket or Tickets, or to pay any Proposal for any of the Purposes aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons shall offend against this Act in any of the Matters aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Contract in every such Case shall be void; and every Person so offending, if not bound to divide Tickets into Shares in the Manner aforesaid, shall also be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond, and shall be punished as such, in the Manner herein-after directed.

No Ticket to be sold for any other Proportion than One Half, Quarter, Eighth, or Sixteenth Part or Share only; or shall publish any Proposal or Scheme for selling any Share or Shares, or enter into any Agreement or Agreements for one Share or Shares of any Ticket or Tickets, in the said respective Lotteries in any other Proportion than One Half, Quarter, Eighth, or Sixteenth Part or Share, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall also be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond, or Rogue and Vagabonds, and shall be punished as such in the Manner herein-after directed.

For the Execution of the Terms of Licences.

Chances to be of
the following

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, so intended as aforesaid, to hire and sell the Chance of any particular Benefit or Benefits, that may belong to any Ticket, in any of the said Lotteries, or the Chance of all the Benefits that may belong to any such Ticket except any particular Benefit or Benefits which shall be specified, and that every such Chance or Agreement for such Chance, shall be made out, written, or printed in Words or Figures to this Effect; that is to say,

Form.

“FIRST, [SECOND, THIRD, or FOURTH], LOTTERY, for 1807. N^o _____

“The Bearer of this Chance will receive the Ticket numbered as above, now deposited at the Stamp Office in London (or Dublin, or the City may be), if entitled to any Benefit above or under _____ Pounds,
“[or to any Benefit whatsoever, five and sixpence, specifying the Sum, as the City may be], / s. / d.
“Lionsed as the Act directs.”

Shares and
Chances shall
be stamped.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Share or Agreement for a Share, and every such Chance or Agreement for a Chance, of any Ticket as aforesaid, shall be written or printed on a Piece of Paper or Parchment, which shall be impregnated with some Mark, Device, or Stamp, to be for that Purpose prescribed by the Commissioners of Stamps in England or Ireland respectively.

Persons
concerned in
Shares, or
Chance of any
Lottery

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully sell or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or any Agreement or Agreements for any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances respectively, of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery to be drawn in pursuance of this Act; or alter any Number, Figure, Word, or Stamp, theme or device; or shall knowingly utter, vend, borrow or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited, or altered Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or Agreement or Agreements for any Share or Shares, Chance or Shares, Chance or Chances, with intent to defraud any Person or Persons, then, and in every such Case, all and every such Person and Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and suffer as a Felon.

Commissioners
of Stamps shall
advise in
Order to London
or Dublin for the
Deposit of
Tickets intended
to be sold in
Shares.

XI. And, the more effectually to prevent Abuse in the selling of Shares or Chances of Lottery Tickets, be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, for managing the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, or any Three or more of them, shall immediately after the passing of this Act, appoint or establish one or more Offices or Places, at or in the Head Office of the said Commissioners in London or Dublin respectively, for the Deposit of Tickets intended to be sold in Shares or Chances; and every Ticket in any such Lottery, as aforesaid, before it shall be divided into Shares, or before any such Chance thereof as aforesaid shall be sold, shall be brought to the said Office, and be there deposited, and left with the Receiver General of His Majesty's Stamp Duties in England or Ireland respectively, or some Person so appointed by him to receive the same, and who is and so lawfully authorized and required to receive the same respectively.

Receiver General
to give a Receipt
for the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Receiver General of His Majesty's Stamp Duties in England or Ireland respectively, or such Person or Persons so to be appointed by him to receive Tickets, to be divided in Shares or sold in Chances, shall, upon the Receipt of any such Ticket or any Number of Tickets, give a Receipt in Writing for the same; which Receipt shall express the Day of receiving the Ticket or Tickets, the Lottery to which the Ticket or Tickets shall belong, the Number or Numbers of the Ticket or Tickets so received, and the Name or Names of the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, and also that such Ticket or Tickets is or are received in pursuance of the Act, and that he do accordingly return in the Hands of the said Receiver General, or such Person or Persons to be appointed by him to receive the same, to be disposed of as is hereby directed.

which Receipt
shall not be
lost or be
destroyed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no such Receipt for any Ticket as aforesaid, shall be transferable or transferrable, or assignable or assignable, either in Law or Equity, in any Manner or on any Intestate whatsoever, or shall any Interest or Property in any such Receipt pass by any Transfer, Assignment, or Devise thereof, in any Manner or for any other Purpose whatever.

Books shall be
kept by the
Receiver for
registering such
Tickets which
may be sold
or paying off.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That a Book or Books shall be kept by the said Receiver General in England or Ireland respectively, or the Person or Persons so to be appointed by him as aforesaid, who shall truly and fully enter and register in such Book or Books the Number of every Lottery Ticket which shall be deposited in the said Office in pursuance of this Act, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who shall deposit such Ticket, and also the Number of Shares into which any such Ticket shall be divided, and the Chance which shall be sold of any such Ticket as aforesaid; and any Person shall and may, from Time to Time, and at all reasonable Times, refer to and inspect such Book or Books on Payment of the Sum of Two-pence for every Number searched for, to the Person or Persons so to be appointed by the said Receiver General as aforesaid; and the Money arising from such Payment shall be paid and applied in defraying the Expenses of the Stamp Office in executing the Act and otherwise in Manner hereinafter specially provided.

Receiver General
shall keep a
Account of the
Chances
which the Person
deposited shall
be sold.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, upon the leaving and depositing of any Lottery Ticket, at or in the said Office, with the said Receiver General in England or Ireland respectively, or such Person or Persons to be so appointed as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, the Person or Persons who shall so leave and deposit the same shall pay to the said Receiver General, or the Person or Persons so to be appointed by him as aforesaid, the Sum of Two-pence for every Share into which such Ticket shall be divided, or for the Chance which shall be sold thereupon, as aforesaid.

Persons selling
or buying
Chances shall
write there on

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times sell or agree to sell any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, of any Ticket or Tickets, in any such Lottery, as aforesaid, other than by a written or printed Agreement on a Piece of Paper, Vellum, or Parchment, stamped or marked

by such Officer or Officers, and in such Manner as by this Act is before directed, he, she, or they, in offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond, or Rascal, and Vagabonds, and shall be punished as such in the Manner herein-after directed.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That every Ticket so deposited as aforesaid in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, for the Purpose of being sold in Shires, shall be detained, and remain in the Custody of the Receiver General, or of the Persee or Persons with whom the same shall have been deposited as aforesaid, in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, until the Expiration of Three Days after the Day on which the same shall be drawn, if not entitled to a greater Benefit than Fifty Pounds, or until the Expiration of Fourteen Days after the Day on which the same shall be drawn, if entitled to a greater Benefit than Fifty Pounds; at the Expiration of which Time, the same shall be delivered back to the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, or returning the Receipts which shall have been given for the same as aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Person holding any Share or Shares in any such Ticket, to give Notice to the said Receiver General, or Persee or Persons (whose Custody the same shall be, not to deliver or return the same, until such Share or Shares, or the Value thereof, shall have been paid and satisfied, or Security given for the Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain or Ireland respectively; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Receiver General, or the Persee or Persons having the Custody of the Ticket, in respect whereof such Notice shall be given, and he and they are hereby respectively required upon such Notice, and upon such Share or Shares being deposited with the Receiver General, or with other Persons as aforesaid, to draw such Ticket accordingly, and the Share or Shares so deposited shall be paid or satisfied, or such Security given as aforesaid; and in Default thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Receiver General, or other Persons having the Custody of such Ticket, to receive the Prize Money or Benefits which may belong thereto, when the same shall become payable under this Act, and to pay a due Proportion thereof to the Persee or Persons who shall have deposited such Share or Shares, and the Balance to the original Proprietor or Proprietors of such Ticket; and in case any Ticket so deposited as aforesaid, shall remain unsold at the End of Two Years from the Day of the Drawing thereof, the Prize Money or Benefits belonging thereto shall be received by the said Receiver General for the Time being, and be applied in defraying the Expenses of the Stamp Office in executing this Act; and otherwise in such Manner as he or she shall see proper.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Receiver General, or other Persons, with whom any Ticket shall have been deposited by or for aforesaid Purposes for the Purpose of issuing a Chance thereupon as aforesaid, to deliver back such Ticket, at any Time before the same shall be drawn, to the Persee who shall have deposited the same, upon his producing the stamped Chance of any such Ticket, and also the Stamp Office Receipt for the same, to be cancelled.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Receiver General or other Persee in England or Ireland respectively, with whom any Ticket shall have been deposited for the Purpose of issuing a Chance thereupon as aforesaid, to deliver back such Ticket at the End of Fourteen Days after the same shall be drawn, either to the Holder of the Chance, if entitled thereto by virtue of such Chance, on delivering up the Chance to be cancelled, or to the original Proprietor of such Ticket, if the Holder of the Chance shall not be entitled thereto, as delivering up the Receipt, which shall have been given for the same as aforesaid, to be cancelled.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That all Duties, Fees, and Sums of Money which shall, under this Act, be received at the Stamp Office in Great Britain, or by any Officer or Officers thereof, in the Execution of the Trust reposed in such Officer or Officers, and of which the Application is not herein-before directed, shall be received by or paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the said Office for the Time being, and he shall keep a separate and distinct Account thereof, and thereout shall pay the Expence which the said Office shall be put to in executing this Act, and also the Expenses attending the Commission made forth for managing, settling, and drawing the Lotteries established by this Act, in such Manner as by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Three or more of them, shall from Time to Time be agreed upon, but subject nevertheless to such Rules and Orders in respect to the same, as shall be given to the said Commissioners from Time to Time by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them; and as to the Refund of such Sums of Money, the said Receiver General shall pay such Refund into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as soon as the Account thereof can be made up for each Lottery; and in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, there shall be provided and kept a Book or Books, in which all the Moneys paid into the said Receipt under this Act shall be entered separately and apart from all other Moneys paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, upon any other Account; and such Moneys so paid into the said Receipt of the Exchequer under this Act shall, from Time to Time be referred for the Disposition of Parliament, and shall not be issued but by Authority of Parliament.

L. And be it further enacted, That separate and distinct Account of all Duties, Fees, and Sums of Money, which shall be received in Ireland under this Act, shall be kept by the several proper Officers; and that all such Moneys shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and that the Charges and Expenses relating to the printing of Licenses under this Act, or writing in Ireland, on account of the said Lotteries, or in the Execution of this Act, shall be paid and defrayed out of the said Consolidated Fund, in such Manner as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being shall order and direct.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to stipulate and direct that a certain Number of the Prizes or Benefits, in any or either of the Lotteries, in which the Tickets to be sold in pursuance of this Act shall be drawn, shall consist, either of One or more Ticket or Tickets (to be appropriated and set apart for that Purpose) in any or either of the same Lotteries, together with all Benefits which shall belong thereto; or of

Stamped Paper, &c. shall have got.

Tickets to be sold in Great Britain or Ireland, for the Purpose of being sold in Shires, shall remain in the Custody of the Receiver General for the Periods herein mentioned.

Tickets deposited may be delivered back to the Persee being produced.

Regulations for drawing up Tickets deposited, which have been sold in Chances.

Application of the Fees raised at the Stamp Office in Great Britain.

Account shall be kept in the Auditor's Office of the Moneys paid into the said Office.

Application of Money received on account of Lotteries in King's Lottery Office in Ireland.

The Tickets selected to draw from any of the Prizes in the said Lotteries shall consist of Tickets in any

C A P. XI.

An Act to provide for the Recovery of Penalties under certain Acts, made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for securing the Rates and Duties in Ireland in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages; and on Licences to Persons dealing in excisable Commodities; and on Paper and Paper Hangings: and to alter the Condition of certain Bonds to be given by Brewers in Ireland. [25th July 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the more easy and effectual Recovery of Penalties under the several Acts herein after mentioned and set forth; his Majesty doth hereby enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, whenever any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture, not exceeding Twenty Pounds British Currency, shall or may be incurred under the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Duties in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages; or of an Act passed in the said Year, intitled, An Act to secure the Payment of the Duties on Licences granted to Persons in Ireland dealing in Excisable Commodities; or of an Act passed in the said Year, intitled, An Act to amend several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and in case general in each of an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, or relative to Paper Hangings granted or joined in Ireland; it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace residing, within his Jurisdiction, to hear and determine any Information or Complaint for the Recovery of such Penalty, and to convict the Party offending, as he or her own Confession, or on the Oath of any One credible Witness; and in all such Cases the Mooty of the Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid to the Person giving such Information, and the other Mooty to the Poor of the Parish in which the Offence shall have been committed, or the Condition made, at the Discretion of the Justice; and such Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and required, upon Informations made on Oath in that behalf, within Three Months after the Offence committed, to summon the Party accused, and also the Witnesses or Witnesses on either Side; and if upon the Conviction of the Party accused, or Examination of any Witnesses or Witnesses on Oath, which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer, such Party shall be convicted of the Offence alleged, then it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required, to award and issue out a Warrant under his Hand and Seal to any Constable of the County, for levying the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, on the Goods of the Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any) after Payment of the Penalty, and after deducting the Expence of such Sale; and for want of sufficient Distress it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required, to commit such Offender to Goal for any Time not exceeding Three Months, or until such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid; and if any Person shall find himself aggrieved by the Judgment of the said Justice, then such Person shall and may complain or appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County; and such Justices are hereby empowered to examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the Complaint or Appeal; and in case the Conviction of the Party shall be affirmed, such Justices shall issue Warrants for levying the Penalty or Forfeiture as aforesaid, and also for levying on the Goods of the Appellant such Sum, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as the said Justices shall approve, for the Costs of such Appeal, to be paid to the Informer; And where any such pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, the same may be heard and recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, or by Civil Bill in any of the Courts of Record in Dublin, or at the Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace, or at the Assizes in any County, or County of a Town, or City, or Village, or Hamlet; and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom any such Penalty shall be recovered, to order the Offender to be committed to Goal in case of Non-payment thereof, there to remain for any Time in the Discretion of such Court, or until such Fine or Forfeiture be fully paid and satisfied.*

It. And be it further enacted, That no Condition made or alleged to be made by any Justice of the Peace, nor any Proceeding before such Justice, or before any Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions, nor any Sentence or Order given or made, or alleged to be given or made, by any such Justice or Justices, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Writ of Certiorari out of the County, City, Town, or Place wherein such Condition or Proceeding shall have been had or made, into any Court whatsoever; and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supersede Executions or other Proceedings upon any Conviction, Order, or Sentence made or given in pursuance of this Act, but that Executions and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon, as if such Writ of Certiorari or Allowance thereof were not made.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in Ireland, who shall neglect or refuse, in any Instance, to carry the said Acts, or any of them, or this Act, into Execution, upon a proper Application made to him, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds British Currency, for every such Neglect or Refusal, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any Court of Record in Ireland; by the Person who shall have made such Application, in which no Efflags, Proceedings, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparance, shall be allowed; and the Money recovered by such Action shall be applied, a-to One Half thereof, to the Use of the Person suing for the same, and the other Half shall be paid to the Minister, Rector, or Churchwarden of the Parish wherein such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate shall reside, for the Use of the Poor therein.

IV. Provided

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

Printed by
W. B. Mason
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
St. Martin's
Lane.

IV. Provided always, and it is enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to repeal, alter, or take away any of the Ways or Methods, Powers or Authorities, appointed, directed, or regulated in the said recited Acts, or any of them, for the raising, levying, collecting, paying, issuing for, remitting, and applying all and every the Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures inflicted by the said Acts, or any of them; and that all such Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures shall and may be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, received, and applied, either in such Manner as by the said Acts directed, or in such Manner, and by and under such Ways and Means, and under such Powers and Authorities as are appointed and enacted in the said recited Acts, or any of them.

V. And it is further enacted, That in and under each Part of the last recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, intitled, *An Act to secure the Payment of the Duties on Licences granted in Wales in Ireland during the Exercise of Commissions*, as require Part of the Contents of the Bond, to be returned into any Office licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale, or Small Beer, for Sale, to be, that such Brewer shall set his own raw or unmaltd Corn in brewing any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Penalties may be levied under the said Act in Ireland.

Contents of Bonds &c. shall be the same in Great Britain, as in Ireland, (1747 c. 2 & 24 c. 21)

C A P. XII.

An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland. [25th July 1807.]

WHEREAS it is a just and necessary Regulation with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland, to be therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expire of Two Days after the passing of this Act, an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder by Retail, in Ireland*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

25 G. 3. c. 22. repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder by Retail, and for discouraging the excessive Use of spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, and all Clauses, Provisions, and Regulations therein contained, (except so far as the same are altered by this Act) shall extend, and be construed to extend to all Licences for the Sale by Retail of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, or Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methergin or Mead, which shall be granted at any Time after the passing of this Act, and to all Persons who shall at any Time after the passing of this Act sell by Retail any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methergin or Mead, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Contents, and Purposes, as if Porter, Perry, Methergin, and Mead, had been mentioned and included in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid.

45 G. 3. c. 14. & 46 G. 3. c. 10. & 47 G. 3. c. 2. & 48 G. 3. c. 2. & 49 G. 3. c. 2. & 50 G. 3. c. 2. & 51 G. 3. c. 2. & 52 G. 3. c. 2. & 53 G. 3. c. 2. & 54 G. 3. c. 2. & 55 G. 3. c. 2. & 56 G. 3. c. 2. & 57 G. 3. c. 2. & 58 G. 3. c. 2. & 59 G. 3. c. 2. & 60 G. 3. c. 2. & 61 G. 3. c. 2. & 62 G. 3. c. 2. & 63 G. 3. c. 2. & 64 G. 3. c. 2. & 65 G. 3. c. 2. & 66 G. 3. c. 2. & 67 G. 3. c. 2. & 68 G. 3. c. 2. & 69 G. 3. c. 2. & 70 G. 3. c. 2. & 71 G. 3. c. 2. & 72 G. 3. c. 2. & 73 G. 3. c. 2. & 74 G. 3. c. 2. & 75 G. 3. c. 2. & 76 G. 3. c. 2. & 77 G. 3. c. 2. & 78 G. 3. c. 2. & 79 G. 3. c. 2. & 80 G. 3. c. 2. & 81 G. 3. c. 2. & 82 G. 3. c. 2. & 83 G. 3. c. 2. & 84 G. 3. c. 2. & 85 G. 3. c. 2. & 86 G. 3. c. 2. & 87 G. 3. c. 2. & 88 G. 3. c. 2. & 89 G. 3. c. 2. & 90 G. 3. c. 2. & 91 G. 3. c. 2. & 92 G. 3. c. 2. & 93 G. 3. c. 2. & 94 G. 3. c. 2. & 95 G. 3. c. 2. & 96 G. 3. c. 2. & 97 G. 3. c. 2. & 98 G. 3. c. 2. & 99 G. 3. c. 2. & 100 G. 3. c. 2.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Persons who shall sell by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any Person employed by him, her, or them, or acting for his, her, or their Benefit, either within his, her, or their House, or otherwise, or within any Hat, Tavern, or other Place whatever, or to be consumed elsewhere, Spirituous Liquors in less Quantity at one Time than Two Gallons mixed or unmixed with Water, Sugar, or other Ingredients, or Beer, Ale, or Porter, or Cyder or Perry, or Methergin or Mead, in less Quantity than a Quarter of a Barrel, or Wine in less Quantity than One Gallon, (Sellers of Bottled Beer, Ale, or Porter, or of Bottled Cyder, Perry, Methergin, or Mead excepted, who shall send the same abroad and not sell any to be consumed in their own House,) shall be deemed to be Retailers and to sell the same by Retail within the Meaning of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and of this present Act, and shall be subject and liable to all the Regulations in the said Acts contained; and if not duly licensed shall be subject to all and singular the Penalties and Disabilities enacted against Persons selling Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Cyder by Retail, without License, by the said recited Act; any Thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Who shall be deemed Retailers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties to which any Person shall be subject by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year for buying or obtaining Spirituous Liquors in any less Quantity than Four Gallons, shall extend only to, or be enforced against any Person or Persons buying or obtaining Spirituous Liquors, in Manner in the said Act mentioned, in any less Quantity than Two Gallons.

Penalties under 45 G. 3. c. 14. & 46 G. 3. c. 10. & 47 G. 3. c. 2. & 48 G. 3. c. 2. & 49 G. 3. c. 2. & 50 G. 3. c. 2. & 51 G. 3. c. 2. & 52 G. 3. c. 2. & 53 G. 3. c. 2. & 54 G. 3. c. 2. & 55 G. 3. c. 2. & 56 G. 3. c. 2. & 57 G. 3. c. 2. & 58 G. 3. c. 2. & 59 G. 3. c. 2. & 60 G. 3. c. 2. & 61 G. 3. c. 2. & 62 G. 3. c. 2. & 63 G. 3. c. 2. & 64 G. 3. c. 2. & 65 G. 3. c. 2. & 66 G. 3. c. 2. & 67 G. 3. c. 2. & 68 G. 3. c. 2. & 69 G. 3. c. 2. & 70 G. 3. c. 2. & 71 G. 3. c. 2. & 72 G. 3. c. 2. & 73 G. 3. c. 2. & 74 G. 3. c. 2. & 75 G. 3. c. 2. & 76 G. 3. c. 2. & 77 G. 3. c. 2. & 78 G. 3. c. 2. & 79 G. 3. c. 2. & 80 G. 3. c. 2. & 81 G. 3. c. 2. & 82 G. 3. c. 2. & 83 G. 3. c. 2. & 84 G. 3. c. 2. & 85 G. 3. c. 2. & 86 G. 3. c. 2. & 87 G. 3. c. 2. & 88 G. 3. c. 2. & 89 G. 3. c. 2. & 90 G. 3. c. 2. & 91 G. 3. c. 2. & 92 G. 3. c. 2. & 93 G. 3. c. 2. & 94 G. 3. c. 2. & 95 G. 3. c. 2. & 96 G. 3. c. 2. & 97 G. 3. c. 2. & 98 G. 3. c. 2. & 99 G. 3. c. 2. & 100 G. 3. c. 2.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expire of Two Days after the passing of this Act, all Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methergin or Mead, by Retail, in any Part of Great Britain, shall be granted and granted by Distributors of Stamps or other Persons appointed by the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Great Britain only, and by no other Person or Persons whatsoever, any Thing in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year to the contrary notwithstanding; and that every Clerk of the Peace shall and he is hereby required to give in like of any Licence as required by the said Act a Certificate in the Form following, to every Person entitled under the Provisions of the said Act to receive a Licence, immediately upon Demand made by such Person or Persons

All Licences for retailing Spirituous Liquors, &c. shall be issued by Stamp Distributors.

I, A. B. Clerk of the Peace of the County of _____ do hereby certify that I have had the Security entered into by C. D. (or by C. D. and E. F.) according to Law; and that he (or she) is (or are) duly entitled to receive a Licence for selling Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methergin or Mead, by Retail in the Parish of _____ (or, if none Parochial, in the Townland of _____ in this County, [County of a Town or City, or District of the Metropolis, or the City of London] until the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and _____

Certificates shall be given by the Clerk of the Peace to the Person entitled to be licensed.

Day of _____ One thousand eight

And

Tacit and Stamp Offices in Dublin respectively, a true and accurate List of all Persons licensed by them respectively under and by virtue of this Act, in the Month preceding, or during each Period as shall be required of them, with the Date of each Licence, the Names of the Persons licensed, and their Securities, and the Places where they shall be licensed to sell, and the Assent of the Stamp Duty paid on each Licence respectively; and every such Distributor or other Person to be appointed as aforesaid shall in like Manner transmit to the said Excise and Stamp Offices an Assent of all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall have been received by such Distributor, or other Person to be appointed as aforesaid, in respect of Licences by Magistrates for selling at Fairs or Encampments; and every such Distributor or other Person to be appointed as aforesaid who shall refuse or neglect to transmit such List within Three Days after the Full Day, or every Month or within Ten Days after such Notice as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds English Currency.

XII. And be it further enacted, That so much and such Part of the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, as obligeth the Attendants of a Distributor of Stamps, or other Person, at any Special or General Sessions or other Places as aforesaid, for the Supply of stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper for such Licences, and as obligeth any Sum of Money to such Distributor or other Person for his Trouble in such Attendance, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that every Distributor of Stamps, or Person appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of the said Customs, shall, for every Licence which he shall give pursuant to this Act, be obliged to receive, and shall receive the Sums following over and above the several Stamp Duties on such Licences; that is to say, the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence English Currency, if the Stamp on such Licence does not exceed Eleven Pounds like Currency; and the Sum of Five Shillings like Currency, if such Stamp Duty shall exceed Eleven Pounds like Currency; which said Sums of Two Shillings and Sixpence and Five Shillings respectively, shall be in lieu of all Per Centages and of any Allowance whatsoever which such Distributor or other Person might otherwise demand or receive from the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or otherwise for the Sale of the Stamps on such Licences.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distributor of Stamps or Person appointed by the said Commissioners of Stamps for the Purpose of this Act, shall demand, take, or receive, directly or indirectly, by himself or any other Person employed by him or acting on his Behalf, any Fee or Price for doing his Duty under this Act, or under the said recited Acts, other than is allowed to him by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, or this Act, or shall refuse to fill up or give any Licence or Certificate required to be given by him for the Purpose of carrying this Act or the said recited Act into Execution, upon being paid the Assent of Stamp Duty chargeable thereon respectively, together with the Sum of Money which he is by this Act entitled to demand and receive for his own Use, such Distributor or other Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds English Currency, to any Person who shall sue for the same, and shall be and he is hereby declared incapable of ever after acting as a Distributor of Stamps or Officer under the Commissioners of Stamps.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That any Grocer or Person exercising by himself or herself, or by any one for his or her own Use or Benefit, the Trade or Business of a Grocer, or who shall be licensed as a Grocer, or in whole House, or in any Building occupied by one or less, or any House or Building adjoining thereto, and which shall communicate with such House or Building, the Trade or Business of a Grocer shall be carried on, in any Place where the Stamp Duty to be paid for a Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail shall not be less than Twenty-two Pounds, shall be capable of being licensed in such Place to retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead; and shall not be liable to any Penalty or Disability under the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, or account of such Person not being a Victualler, Innskeeper, or Tavern keeper, any Thing in the said recited Act, or any Thing required to be inserted in any Bond to be given by Persons so licensed under the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Ward requiring that the Person so licensed shall keep a Victualling House, Inn, or Tavern, during the Time such Licence shall be in Force, and shall be constantly provided with Strong Beer, Ale or Porter, and Victuals, of good and sound Quality for Sale by Retail, and shall supply all Transients who shall require it, with such Victuals and Beer, Ale and Porter, at reasonable Rates, shall be omitted or struck out from the Bond to be given by such Grocer, being so licensed to retail Spirituous or other Liquors under this Act: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any such Grocer or Person exercising the Trade or Business of a Grocer as aforesaid, and having a Licence for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors, to sell any Spirituous Liquors, in any Quantity less than Two repeated Quarts, nor to sell any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, to be consumed in the House, Out-house, Building, Hat, Tent, or Place whatever occupied by such Grocer or Person exercising the said Trade or Business; and any such Grocer or other Person as aforesaid, who shall sell any such Spirituous Liquors in Quantities less than Two Quarts, or shall sell any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, to be consumed in any House, Out-house or Building, Hat, Tent, or Place whatever, occupied by such Grocer contrary to this Act, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, and shall be considered a Person selling such Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Porter, Cyder, Perry, Metheglin or Mead, without Licence, and shall be subject and liable to all and every the Penalties by the said recited Act and this Act imposed on Persons selling the same without Licence.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person licensed to sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, under the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid or this Act, shall happen to be during the Continuance of the Licence granted to such Person, and the Licence mentioned in such Licence for such selling by Retail, shall be desired to or otherwise be in the Possession of the Herd of such Person so dying, it shall and may be lawful for the Herd of such Person who shall become possessor of the House or Place in which such Person shall have been licensed to sell the same, or for the Assignee of such

bottom, to
be
Sole and
Stamp Office.

47 G 3 c 12 s 1.
repealing Attendants
of Stamp
Duty, and
Licences, see
repealed.

Allowance
Distributors
Stamp
Licenses.

Penalty
Distributors, Ac.
doing under
Licence or
otherwise Law,
and

Grocers may be
licensed to
retail Beer,
and need not
be Victuallers.

47 G 3.
c. 12 s. 1.

not shall not
and less than
Two Quarts of
Spirit, nor any
Liquor to be
consumed in
such House.

There may here
be the Breach of
Licence, or will
be deemed, under
47 G 3
c. 12 s. 17.

C A P. XIII.

An Act to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace in Ireland.

[18 Aug 1807.]

WHEREAS tumultuous Infurrections have from Time to Time existed in various Parts of Ireland, principally promoted and supported by Persons affecting under the pretended Obligations of Oaths unlawfully administered: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act more effectually to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace*; and of an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act more effectually to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace'*; and of an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act more effectually to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace'*; and also of an Act, passed in the thirty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act more effectually to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace'*; and also of an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled, 'An Act more effectually to suppress Infurrections, and prevent the Disturbance of the Public Peace'*; should be amended and consolidated: It is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, shall from and after the first of the Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, have full Force and Effect.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That any Prosecution or Enforcement, Proceeding or Proceedings, which has or have been, or may be before, on, or after, the said Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, commenced or carried on, or for the account of any Crime, Offence, Misdemeanor or Transgression committed or committed or any Time near before the said Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, against the Provisions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, may be prosecuted and carried on, and Judgement and Execution may be given and done thereon, according to the Direction and under the Authority of the said recited Acts; and that the said recited Acts shall, in any such Proceedings, Prosecutions, Judgements, and Executions, respectively, but not further or otherwise, be and remain, and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect.

III. And it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person or Persons who shall administer or cause to be administered, tender or cause to be tendered, or be present aiding and assisting at the administering or tendering, or who shall by Threats, Promises, Persuasions, or other undue Means, craft, guile, or undue means, be taken, by any Person or Persons in Ireland, upon a Book or otherwise, any Oath or Engagement importing to bind the Person or Persons so taking the same to be of any Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Society, or Confraternity whatsoever, or to be formed for or to be formed for infamous Purposes, or to disturb the Public Peace, or to injure the Persons or Property of any Person or Persons whatsoever, or to compel any Person or Persons whatsoever to do or omit or refuse to do any Act or Acts whatsoever, under whatever Name, Designation, or Pretence such Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Society, or Confraternity shall assume, or pretend to be formed or constituted; or any Oath or Engagement importing to bind the Person so taking the same to obey the Orders, or Rules or Commands of any Committee or other Body of Men, not lawfully constituted, or of any Captain, Leader, or Commander (not appointed by or under the Authority of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors), or to assist at the Doing or Commission of any such Crime, Misdemeanor, or Offence, or of any Person or Persons not having lawful Authority, or not to inform or give Evidence against any Brother, Associate, Confraternity, or other Person, or not to reveal or discover his or her name, unless any illegal Oath, or not to reveal or discover any illegal Act done or to be done, or not to discover any illegal Oath or Engagement which may be administered or tendered to him or her, or the Import thereof, whether such Oath shall be administered or tendered or not, or whether he or she shall take such Oath, or enter into such Engagement or not, being by due Course of Law convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be transported for Life; and every Person who shall take, or be taken, any such Oath or Engagement, importing to be bound by or for as aforesaid, and being by due Course of Law thereof convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be transported for Seven Years.

IV. Provided always, That any Person or Persons who may have been compelled by inevitable Necessity to commit any of the Offences aforesaid, upon Proof of such inevitable Necessity shall be excused and justified, Provided that no such inevitable Necessity shall justify or excuse any such Person or Persons, unless he, she, or they shall, within Ten Days, if not prevented in actual Force or Subjection, and then within seven Days after total actual Force or Subjection shall, or be obliged to do so, or there to give Information of the same, in writing to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County in which he, she, or they shall then be, by Information on Oath, the Whole of what he, she, or they know touching the committing her, her, or them, to commit any such Offence, or of the Person or Persons or by whom he, she, or they were compelled to commit such Offence, and who were present at the Time such Offence was committed, and of the Place where the same was committed: Provided, however, that no Person shall be so excused from the Defiance of inevitable Necessity, who shall be tried for the said Offence within the said Period of Ten Days from the Commission of such Offence, or of Seven Days from the Time when such Force or Subjection shall cease as aforesaid.

V. And

in Ireland, if he and they first respectively think proper so to do, by Proclamation to declare such County, or any Part of such County, to be in a State of Rebellion, or in immediate Danger of becoming so; as also such Part as he and they shall think proper of any adjoining County; a Copy of which Proclamations shall be forthwith transmitted by the Clerk of the Peace to the Clerk of the Peace of every such County so mentioned therein, who shall thereupon, and he is hereby required forthwith to give Notice thereof to the several Justices, and to the Assistant Barriers of every such County, or to the Person daily qualified and empowered to act as Assistant Barrier therein, requiring their Attendance at the Special Sessions to be held as hereinafter mentioned, which some Part of such County shall have been previously proclaimed under or by a Proclamation then in force, by virtue whereof the Special Sessions shall be then sitting from Day to Day, as hereinafter mentioned, in which Case he shall forthwith give such Notice to the Justices presiding at such Special Sessions, who shall thereupon, or as soon after as the said Court shall sit, cause such further Proclamation to be publicly read in open Court.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such Proclamation shall warn the Inhabitants of every such proclaimed County, or Part thereof, to be and remain within their Houses at all Hours between Sun-set and Sun-rise, from and after such Day as shall be named therein for that Purpose, under the Penalties by Law established; and such Proclamations shall further order and direct that a Special Session of the Peace for every such County, whereof the Whole or any Part shall be so therein proclaimed, shall be held in such County, at such Time and Place as shall be therein named, not exceeding Seven Days from the Date of such Proclamation, and such Special Session of the Peace shall be so held accordingly, and shall from thenceforth continue to sit so long as such County, or any Part thereof, shall be proclaimed, and shall have Power to adjourn from Time to Time, and from Place to Place within such County, as shall be found convenient; and the Clerk of the Peace in every such County is hereby required forthwith to cause such Proclamations to be published in all the public Newspapers printed within such County, and to cause One or more printed Copies thereof to be posted up in large legible Characters in all Market Towns within the said County, or such Part thereof as shall be so proclaimed; provided, however, that if any Part of such County shall have been previously proclaimed by or under any Proclamation then aforesaid in force, in the Whole or any Part, by reason whereof there shall be then a Court of Special Sessions of the Peace sitting under this Act from Day to Day in such County, then such Proclamations shall not make any Mention of such Special Sessions of the Peace in such County, but the said Special Sessions of the Peace to then sitting shall continue to sit, and shall take Cognizance of all Offences committed within such District or Part so newly proclaimed, in the best Manner in all respects as if such Sessions of the Peace were continued and sitting by and under such latter Proclamation.

XII. And be it enacted, That every County, or Part of a County, so proclaimed, shall be considered, to all Intents and Purposes, as a proclaimed District, from the Day as which the Inhabitants thereof shall be required by the Proclamation to remain within their Houses between Sun-set and Sun-rise as aforesaid, and not before.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Proclamations which shall be issued under this Act by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council as aforesaid, or have been heretofore issued, and shall hereafter be issued under the said recited Act, or any of them, or the Statute therein, importing to contain a Copy of such Proclamations respectively, shall be deemed and taken to be, and shall be conclusive Evidence in all Courts of Civil or Criminal Jurisdiction in Ireland, of all such Facts as were or shall be ancillary to authorize the issuing of such Proclamations so aforesaid; and every such Proclamation shall be deemed and taken in all such Courts respectively, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, to have been issued in Conformity to the several Provisions of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That after the issuing of such Proclamations, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, and he or they is and are hereby empowered and required, to direct any one of His Majesty's Sergeants at Law, or of His Majesty's Council learned in the Law, in Ireland, if any such Sergeant or Counsel man be proceeded, to repair to any such County which, or any Part of which, shall be so proclaimed, and there to continue and to reside at the said Sessions from Day to Day, or Minor Term or Terms, as long as such County shall continue to be so proclaimed, unless sooner recalled or prevented to leave the same by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being; and that the Assistant Barriers of every such County, or such other Person as shall be duly qualified and empowered to do the Duty of an Assistant Barrier therein, shall, as touching such Notice as aforesaid, forthwith repair to such County, and shall continue in the said County, and be present at the said Sessions, in Manner hereinafter mentioned, so long as the said County, or any Part thereof, shall continue to be so proclaimed, so as that so long as any such County or any Part thereof shall be proclaimed, there shall always be three or more Assistant Barriers, or Persons duly empowered to discharge the Duties of the said Office.

XV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Sergeant at Law, or Counsel learned in the Law, to preside in the said Court of Sessions of the Peace as the Chief Judge thereof, and that such Court of Sessions of the Peace shall, for the Purposes of this Act, and in all Proceedings under the same, have and possess all and every the Jurisdictions, Powers, and Authorities belonging and incident to a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, and shall proceed without any Grand Jury, and without any Bail found, to try any Person or Persons who shall, by Information on Oath, taken before any Justice of the Peace of the County wherein such Court shall sit, and returned to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, or his Deputy, be accused of any of the Matters and Things in respect whereof any Person is by this Act declared to be an idle and disorderly Person, and shall try such Person or Persons on Evidence on Oath, to be administered by such Court, in Support of such Accusations; and an Endeavour upon Oath, to be in like Manner as aforesaid, in Support

any Person
such County
due to be in a
State of
Rebellion.

Proclamation
shall warn
Inhabitants
to be and remain
within their
Houses during
Night
Time, &c. and
shall give a Special
Session to sit
accordingly for
proceeding
Offences.

Form, which
shall be
deemed as
proclamation.

Proclamations
shall be
conclusive
Evidence in
Civil and
Criminal Courts.

Lord Lieutenant
may appoint a
King's Sergeant
or Counsel to
reside in Special
Sessions.

Such Sergeant
or Counsel shall
preside as Chief
Judge, and
shall have all
the Powers and
Authorities of
Oyer and Terminer,
&c. and proceed
without Grand
Jury, or without
a Jury.

of the Defence of such Person or Persons, if any such Evidence shall be offered, and shall convict and shall convict and shall be found upon, or acquit the Person to be tried, according as the Verdict of the Jury shall appear to the Court before whom the same shall be tried; and that such Conviction, and Judgment or Acquittal, may be had and pronounced without the Verdict of any Petit Jury, and shall be equally good and valid in Law as if such Verdict had been had on a Bill found by a lawful Grand Jury, and the Verdict of a lawful Petty Jury, given thereon: Provided always, that if such Court shall think fit and proper, having due Regard to the Circumstances of the Case, and the then existing State and Condition of the County, to try any Person or any Party, alidged on any such Trial, by a Jury, it shall and may be lawful for such Court, to cause a Petty Jury to be returned, sworn, and impanelled inordinally, or at any Time they may appoint, for the Trial of such Person or Persons, Faith or Faith, in that they give a Charge to such Jury, and to take and consider such Verdict as of the same Force and Effect as in the Matter given them is charge, as the Verdict of a Petty Jury in a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and shall give their Judgment on such Case accordingly: Provided also, that the Execution of any Judgment or Conviction shall be suspended until the Sergeant at Law, or Counsel learned in the Law, in presence at such Court of Sessions of the Peace, shall agree with the Majority of the Justices of the Peace present at such Court, and in case such Sergeant at Law, or Counsel learned in the Law, should differ in Opinion from the Majority of the Justices present at such Court of Sessions of the Peace, by their forthwith report the Case, and the Whole of the Evidence taken upon the same, together with his Opinion, to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the Time being, who is hereby empowered to give such Directions thereupon as to any such papers, and that with the Directions of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the Time being, shall have been received, the Prisoner shall remain in Custody: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the holding the General Sessions of the Peace in such County, in the usual Manner, for discharging the ordinary Duties thereof, at such Time as the said Special Sessions shall not be sitting.

General Sessions may be held.

Persons found guilty at Night shall be brought before Magistrates, and tried as usual and ordinarily.

Magistrates may 6 o'clock in Night unless Persons charged with a Felony.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That any Magistrate or Peace Officer may cause to be apprehended and committed any Person who shall, within any such County or District as aforesaid, be found in the Fields, Streets, Highways, or elsewhere, out of his or her Dwelling or Place of Abode, at any Time, from One Hour after Sunset until Sunrise; and such Person being duly charged therewith on Oath as aforesaid, shall and may be brought before the said Special Sessions of the Peace, which shall enquire into the fact charged; and unless the Person accused can prove to the Satisfaction of such Court, taking the Assistance of a Jury, when and so far only as such Court shall require the same, that he or she was out of his or her House upon his or her lawful Business, such Person shall be deemed as a felon and a felonious Person.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, or any Peace Officer authorized by the Warrant of any Justice of the Peace, at any Time from One Hour after Sunset until Sunrise, to demand Admission, and to take Admission shall be refused, or not obtained within a reasonable Time after it shall have been so demanded, or to enter by force into any House in any County or District as aforesaid as aforesaid, to enquire into the Habitation, or any of them, to be then absent, and search therein, to see to discover whether the Habitation, or Houses, or any of them, be absent, and if the Habitation, or Houses, or any of them, be absent between the said Hours, any Magistrate or Peace Officer may cause to be apprehended and committed the Person or Persons who shall be brought before the said Court of Special Sessions as aforesaid, and shall be do so, with or without the Aid of a Jury as aforesaid, that he, she, or they can prove to the Satisfaction of the said Court, with or without the Aid of a Jury as aforesaid, that he, she, or they were absent on his, her, or their lawful and proper Business: Provided always, that such Justice of the Peace authorizing and directing any Person or Persons to make such Search, shall make a true and lawful Report of the Names of all Persons so deputed to make such Search, and their Quality and Descriptions, to the Special Sessions within the Space of Seven Days after such a Day.

Persons taking Oaths in solemn Oath and solemnly.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall take or enter into any of the unlawful Oaths or Engagements herein-before mentioned, not being compelled thereto by lawful Necessity, shall be deemed to be and shall be Persons: Provided always, that if any Person accused of taking or entering into any such unlawful Oath or Engagement shall have been tried for such Felony before such Court of Special Sessions of the Peace, in the Manner prescribed by this Act, he, she or they shall not be liable to be witness or questioned for the same Fact or Offence before any other Justices or Magistrate.

An all Persons in possession of Firearms having Arms concealed.

XIX. And be it enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace or other Peace Officer authorized by the Warrant of such Justice, shall in any such proclaimed District find any Arms or Ammunition, or any Pistol, Pike-head, Spear, Dirk, or any other offensive Weapon of any Kind whatsoever, in the House or Chamber or Possession of any Person whatsoever, concealed or otherwise, after the Person or Persons inhabiting the said House, or the Person or Persons who shall have the same in his or her Possession shall have been called upon to deliver up the same, any such Person shall be deemed as a felon and a felonious Person, unless such Person shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Court of Special Sessions that such Arms, Ammunition, or offensive Weapon, as aforesaid, were in his, her, or their House, Chamber, or Possession, without his, her, or their Knowledge, Power, or Consent.

All Persons found in Public Houses at Night.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons found aforesaid in any proclaimed District in any House licensed or unlicensed, in which Male Liquors or Spirituous Liquors are sold, not being licensed thereto, or Transferees, after the Hours of Nine at Night, and before Six in the Morning, shall be deemed to be and shall be Persons.

All Persons found in any public House.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if in any District as aforesaid proclaimed, any Person shall unlawfully or voluntarily assemble in the Day-time, such Persons, and every of them, shall be deemed to be and shall be Persons.

XXII. And

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXIII. And Whereas Debts may arise whether any such Action, Suit, Plea, or Information, was in
* Commencement or prosecuted against the Defendant or Defendants therein, for what he or they did or performed or
* Execution of this Act " be it enacted, That in all Cases where there shall be a Verdict for the Defendant, if it
shall appear to the Judge or Court before whom the said Cause shall have been tried, that the same was
prosecuted by any Act done in performance or Execution of this Act, such Judge or Court shall certify the same on the Record, and thereupon such Triple Costs shall be adjudged as aforesaid; and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor
shall become insolvent, or forbear Prosecution, or suffer a Discontinuance, or if Judgment shall pass against him
as Defendant, it shall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them, to file, if on the
Record that such Action, Suit, Plea, or Information was brought against such Defendant or Defendants for
what he or they did in performance or Execution of this Act, which suggestion may be traversed by the Plaintiff
if he shall think proper he to do, and Issue being joined thereupon, the same shall be tried at Nisi Prius,
according to the usual Course of such Court or (if not joined there) and if such Suggestion shall not be traversed,
or being traversed the Issue thereon shall be found for such Defendant or Defendants, he or they shall thereupon
be entitled to his or their Triple Costs as aforesaid, together with the Triple Costs of the said Suggestion, and
if the Proceedings thereon (if any); and if such Issue shall be found for the said Plaintiff, he shall be entitled to
the Costs of the said Suggestion, and the Proceedings thereon, and the same shall be set off against the Costs to
be adjudged to the Defendant or Defendants making such Suggestion on the said Action; such Plea or
Information, and the Judgment, shall be for the Balance of the said Costs, if any.

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when a Verdict shall be given for the Plaintiff
in any Action to be brought against any Justice of the Peace, Peace Officer, or other Justice, for taking or
imprisoning, or detaining any Person, or for leaving Arms, or entering Houses under colour of any Authority
given by this Act, and it shall appear to the Judge or Judges before whom the same shall be tried, that there
was a probable Cause for doing the Act complained of in the said Action, and the Judge or Court shall certify the
same on Record, and it shall in that Case the Plaintiff shall not be entitled to more than Reasonable Damages,
nor to any Costs of Suit; Provided also, that where a Verdict shall be given for the Plaintiff in any such Action
as aforesaid, and the Judge or Court before whom the Cause shall be tried, shall certify on the Record that the
Injury for which such Action was brought was wilfully and maliciously committed, the Plaintiff shall be entitled to
Triple Costs of Suit.

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other
Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by a new Proclamation, to be made by and with
the Advice of the Privy Council for Ireland, to revoke any Proclamation issued in pursuance of this Act, as to the
Whole or any Part of the District thereby proclaimed; which new Proclamation shall be forthwith read aloud
by the Clerk of the Privy Council, to the Clerk of the Peace of such County, who shall notify the same to
the Justices of the Peace for the County, and the said Court shall be adjourned sitting when he shall receive the
same, and if not, then at the next Sitting of such Court, and such Court shall thereupon cause the same
to be read in open Court; and as such new Proclamation being so read, the original Proclamation notified
therein shall forthwith stand and be revoked, in so far as the said new Proclamation shall purport to revoke the same;
and Two Parts of such County shall then remain proclaimed, each Special Sessions of the Peace shall forthwith cause
and determine.

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief
Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the Time being, to order that such Sum or Sums of Money as he or they
shall think proper, to be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund, to every such Sergeant at Law, Counsel
learned in the Law, or Assistant Barrister, or Person doing the Duty of such Assistant Barrister, who shall
reside or be present at such Court of Special Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid, as a Compensation for such
his Time and Trouble.

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of every such County in
which such Special Sittings shall be held, at the next ensuing Assizes, and for the Grand Jurors at the next
ensuing Terms for the County and County of the City of Dublin, to cause such Special Sessions of the Peace
shall be held therein respectively, and they are respectively hereby required to prefer a Sum to be raised off the
County, if the Whole thereof shall be so proclaimed, and if not, then off such Part thereof as shall be so
proclaimed, for the Purposes following; that is to say, to the said Place to repay to the said Consolidated Fund
the said Sum or Sums (so advanced to any such Sergeant at Law, Counsel learned in the Law, or Assistant
Barrister, or Person doing by Duty as aforesaid; and in the next Place, to pay to the said Clerk of the
Peace of such County, after the Rate of One Guinea for each Day he shall be employed in attending any such
Special Sessions of the Peace which he shall personally attend; and in the next Place, such Sums as may be
necessary to pay the Expenses of sending Prisoners to Goal under the Provisions of this Act, not exceeding
the Sum of Three-pence per Mile for each Cause and Arrest, which the Proctor or Proctors who shall
sign the Warrant of Commitment shall certify to have been ordered by law or other to go with such Prisoner,
and lastly, all such Sums as may be requisite to defray the Expenses necessarily incurred in the Execution of
this Act; and the said Sums shall be so raised and paid accordingly; and the Amount of the said Sums to
be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund shall, when so to be paid by the Treasurer of such County to the
Collector of Excise for the District; and as other Proclamations shall be made by the Judge or Court at such
Assizes or preceding Terms respectively, and such Proclamations shall have been made by the said Grand Jury
thereon.

When to begin
under the Statute
of the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.
in the 17th Geo. III.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall take Effect and be in force from and after
the Thirty first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen next ensuing; and shall continue in force for Two
Years, and from thenceward the End of the third next Session of Parliament.

CAP.

C A P. XIV.

An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise, and also certain Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and to grant certain new Stamp Duties in *Ireland* therein; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*. [18th Augst 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal certain Excise Duties, and also several of the Stamp Duties heretofore granted to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to be paid and payable in *Ireland*; and Whereas in lieu of the said Duties, and to-wit^{ing} raising the Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and necessary for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, the Commons of Great Britain and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, have referred to grant to Your Majesty certain new and other Duties on Stamped Vellum and Parchment, and Paper, and on other Articles and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in *Ireland*; and do wish that Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid in *Ireland*, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Inheritances, Articles, Matters, and Things mentioned, enumerated, and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, which said Schedule, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, shall be deemed and taken as Part of this Act in all Intent and Purposes whatsoever, the several Sums of Money and Duties of Stamps as they are respectively intoned, described, and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedule, in lieu of the Duties on and in respect of the said Articles, Matters, and Things, under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*; and that all and every Act and Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* importing to change the said Inheritances, Articles, Matters, and Things, or any of them, with any other Stamp Duties or Dues, than as in the said Schedule set forth as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said Day, stand and be repealed, in far as such Act or Acts do import to change such other Stamp Duty or Stamp Dues as the said Articles, Matters, and Things respectively.

New Duties of Stamps granted, according to Schedule annexed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, the Duties heretofore mentioned and repealed shall be and the same are hereby repealed; that it is to say, the Duties of Excise made payable in *Ireland*, under and by virtue of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty, certain Inland Duties of Excise on Tanned Skins in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Tans, and Drawbacks*; for and in respect of any License to any Person in *Ireland* to sell by Retail, Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, or Perry, Mithingum or Mead, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the said Duties; and also, the Duties of Stamps, granted by an Act, made in the said Forty-seventh Year, intitled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland*, upon and in respect of the several Articles, Matters, and Things following; that is to say, upon any Commission under the Great Seal of *Ireland*, directed to any Commissioners of Bankrupts; or upon any Return which shall be made by any Sheriff, Concessor, Commissioner, Mayor, Sea-fishal, or other Officer, on or to any Writ or other Process to him or them directed, which shall issue from or out of any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or from or out of the Admiralty Court, or from a *ny* of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or any other Court in *Ireland*, in any Suit at Law or in Equity; or upon any Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Sheriff or Sheriff, or his or their Under Sheriff respectively; or upon the Appointment of any Person to be Sub-Sheriff for any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in *Ireland*; and all the said Duties shall accordingly cease and determine; any Thing in any Act or Acts of force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties on Licenses to Spirit Retailers under 47 G. 3. c. 14. and certain Duties of Stamps under 48 G. 3. c. 1. &c. &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act granted shall be paid and payable in *British* Currency, and that all Moneys arising by the said Duties shall be paid from Time to Time into the Hands of the Receiver General for the Time being of the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper in *Ireland*, who shall pay the same (the necessary Charges of raising, paying, and accounting for the same, being deducted) into the Receipts of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, at such Year and in such Manner as the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, are by Law directed to be paid; and all Moneys so paid into the said Receipts, as aforesaid shall be carried by, and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Duties shall be paid in British Currency, and carried in G. Ireland Fund.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties hereby granted shall be under the Government, Care, and Management of the Commissioners for the Time being appointed to manage the Duties charged upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, in *Ireland*; and the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to sit each Stamp, in order to denote the Duties payable by this Act, as have been heretofore provided to denote former Duties of the like Nature, and to cause new Stamps to be provided for the Purpose; and to alter the face, or any of them, from Time to Time, and to do all other Things necessary to be done for putting this Act into Execution, with relation to the several Duties hereby granted in the like and as full and ample a Manner as they are authorized to put in Execution any former Law concerning any Duties under their Management.

Duties shall be under Management of Commissioners of Stamps.

V. And Whereas by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to Stamp Duties in Ireland*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in

Stamp Commissioners, empowered to give Licenses to Retail Vendors.

the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, if in *Dolls*, or the Distributor of Stamps of the District, if in any other Part of *England*, a true Statement in Writing, subscribed with his, her, or their proper Name or Names, and Handwriting or Handwritings, of the Number and Quality of such Hats; and until he, she, or they shall have previously taken out from some one of the said Commissioners if in *Dolls*, or from some Person appointed by the said Commissioners or any one of them, or if in any other Part of *England*, then from the Distributor of Stamps of the District, a Permit under the Hand of such Commissioners or Distributors respectively, with sealing the Removal and taking away of such Hats, and listing the Number and Quality of such Hats according to the said written Statement thereof, which Permit the said Commissioners and Distributors respectively are hereby authorized to grant; and if such Person or Persons shall furnish a false Statement to the said Commissioners or Distributors respectively, of the Number or Quality of the Hats to be removed, or shall suffer *his*, *her*, or *they* to be removed from his, her, or their Possession, without having previously obtained such Permit, he, she, or they shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it shall not be necessary for the Person purchasing such Hats to furnish any Statement thereof to the said Commissioners, or to obtain any Permit for the Removal thereof, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force as *England* to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, for repealing the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in *England*, and granting new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and for amending the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in *England*, as much, that every Deed or Instrument whereby any Lease or Demise of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in *England*, should be renewed, which should not be stamped in Manner by the said Act directed, shall be wholly void and of no Effect, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said last recited Act as much, that from and after the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seven, every Writ which shall be issued in *England* for any Purpose whatsoever, shall be returned by the Sheriff or other Person to whom the same shall be directed on the Day and Time mentioned in such Writ for the Return thereof, and according to the Edictness of such Return; and that if any Writ shall not be returned and filed in the proper Office of the Court out of which such Writ shall issue, within the Space of Four Days after the Day or Time required by Law for the Return thereof, the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or other Officer whose Duty it shall be to have returned the same, should forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said recited Act as much, and directs, that the Acceptances of every Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or other Bill, made by any Merchant, Banker, or Trader in *England*, shall be written on the Front of such Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or other Bill, between the Address of the Acceptor and the Name of the Drawer, and even with the face, and that such Acceptance shall also be written on some Part of the Writing of such Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or other Bill, so that the same cannot be detached from such Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or other Bill, without also destroying some Part of the Body of the Writing of such Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or other Bill respectively, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said recited Act as much, and directs, that every Minute or Memorandum of Admission into any Body Politick or Corporate, Corporation or Company in *England*, shall bear Date and take Effect from the Day when the same shall be made, written, and entered upon the proper Stamp, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act, and not before; and that if the Stamp Duty on any such Entry, Minute, or Memorandum, shall remain unpaid by the Space of One Month after the Day of Mooting of such Body Politick or Corporate, Corporation or Company, on which such Admission was directed, then such Admission of such Person into such Corporation or Company shall be entirely void and of no Effect, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said before recited Act as directs, that every Admittance of any Person into any Body Politick or Corporate, Corporation or Company in *England*, the Entry, Minute, or Memorandum thereof should not have been stamped before the passing of the said Act, or should not be stamped pursuant to the said Act, within Six Months after the passing of the said recited Act, shall be absolutely null and void, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Admittance made before the passing of this Act into any Body Politick or Corporate, Corporation or Company, in *England*, shall be and be deemed, taken, and construed to be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as good, valid, and effectual in Law, as if the said recited Act had not been made; any Thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so much and each Part of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, for repealing Stamp Duties, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, as much, and directs, that all civil Bills Provisions, and all Copies thereof, shall be signed, dated, and attested for each particular Cause and Suits, by the respective Attestat Barons in every County in *England*, and that every such Attestat Barons shall in signing, dating, and attesting every such original Process and all the Copies thereof, receive from the Plaintiff or Person suing or requiring such Process, the Sum of Sixpence Sixd. Currency in the Whole, and so more; and that every Plaintiff, obtaining a Decree shall be entitled to recover against the Defendant such Fee of Sixpence, in Addition to the other legal Costs thereunto reasonable by Law; and that every Person using any such Process, or Copy or Copies thereof, for any other Purpose than that for which such Copy or Process was so signed, dated, and attested, should be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and punishable as for a Misdemeanor at Common Law, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Stamp Office.
Permit
Sec. 21 C. 14.
p. 11. 1. 14.

Particulars
not taken out
Permit.
Sec. 21 C. 14.
p. 11. 1. 14.

So much of
47 G. 3. c. 14
§ 17. as relates
to the Renewals
of Leases and
Leases,
repealed.

47 G. 3. c. 10.
§ 17. as to
Return of Writs,
repealed.

47 G. 3. c. 18.
§ 18. as to
Acceptances of
Bills, repealed.

47 G. 3. c. 14.
§ 17. as to
Admittances
Corporations,
repealed in Part.

So much of
47 G. 3. c. 14.
§ 17. as relates
to the Renewals
of Leases into
Corporations,
repealed.

All Admittances
before the Act
in 1746 as of
47 G. 3. c. 14.
had not passed.

47 G. 3. c. 14.
§ 17. as to
Bill Provisions
repealed.

For bringing
such Books of
British Courts.

XXI. And, for the more conveniently ascertaining the Dates and Rules and Orders to be from Time to Time made and given in any Court of Law or Equity, in any Ecclesiastical Court, or Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings, or the Thing in Demand or Cause of Suit is of that Value [other than and except the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, Chancery, or Exchequer, in Dublin]; be it enacted, That the Officers and Clerks of each and every such Court, having the legal Custody of the Rule Books belonging to each of the said Courts respectively, shall from Time to Time, once in every Three Months, or within Ten Days after the last Day of each and every Term, or of each and every Session of each Court respectively, produce and bring such Rule Books to the current Distributor of Stamps; and such Officer or Officers shall insert in every such Rule Book, immediately after the last Rule entered therein, at the Time of producing the same, a Certificate, duly signed by such Officer or Officers respectively, stating the Number of Rules and Orders of each Court respectively made or entered in such Rule Books within each preceding Three Months, or each Term or Session respectively; and such Officer or Officers shall thereupon pay to the said Distributor the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties as shall be then by Law payable for or in respect of such Rules or Orders respectively; and the said Distributor shall immediately, underneath the said Certificate, sign a Receipt (without Stamp) for the full Amount of the Stamp Duties; and every such Rule Book shall by such Officer or Officers be left with such Distributor, and such Distributor shall sign and give an Acknowledgement, that such Rule Book has been left with him for the Purpose of the Act, and shall, within Three Days after the Payment of such Duty, transmit every such Rule Book to the Head Office to be stamped, and the same shall be stamped accordingly, in such Manner as by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year is directed with respect to the Rule Books of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, Chancery, or Exchequer, and shall be returned to such Distributor as soon as conveniently may be after the stamping thereof; and such Distributor shall deliver back the said Rule Book to the Person entitled therein, upon Re-delivery, to the said Distributor, of the Acknowledgement which he shall have given for the same.

Penalties
payable in
British Currency.

Power of
Act G. 3 c. 11,
21, and 25, and
Act G. 4 c. 44,
enacted in this
Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted and made payable, shall be paid and payable in Great Britain; and that all Powers, Provisions, Rules, Methods, Directions, Articles, Clauses, Exceptions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters, and Things, contained in an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's King, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Duties therein mentioned, to be levied by the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland*; and in another Act, made in the said Forty-third Year, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties in Duties on Licences to Prepress Selling Hats, and on Hats sold by Retail in Ireland*; and in another Act made in the said Forty-third Year, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Certificates, with respect to the Killing of Game in Ireland*; and in the said recited Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's King, intituled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Velvets, Parchments, and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland*, shall be of force and effect, and shall be applied and put in Execution for the raising, levying, paying, collecting, and enforcing the Duties by this Act granted and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, so fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been thereby re-enacted, with relation to the Duties by this Act granted and made payable, except only in so far as any of such Powers, Provisions, Rules, Methods, and Directions, Articles, Exceptions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, in the said Acts, or any or either of them contained, are expressly altered or repealed, or otherwise provided for by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

All such to
be construed like
Statute.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended, or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULE (A.)

	Duty.
For and upon every Japanned or Varnished Hat, and every Hat made of Silk Wool, Felt, Staff, Beaver, or Leather, or any Mixture of them, or with any other Substance or Substances, by whatever Name such Hat shall be called or distinguished, which shall be altered, vended, or sold by any Retailer or Person (a Jew and except any Hats sold by any Manufacturer or Manufacturers, or Importer or Importers of Hats, which shall be sold without any Mixture or Ornament, and of which not less than 12 shall be sold at one Time)	2 ^d s. d.
If the Price or Value of such Hat, including all the Mixture and other Ornaments (except Gold or Silver Lace) shall not exceed the Sum of 5s. Irish Currency	0 0 1
If such Price or Value shall exceed 5s. and shall not exceed 7s. Irish Currency	0 0 6
----- Shall exceed 7s. and not exceed 12s. Irish Currency	0 1 0
----- Shall exceed 12s. and shall not amount to 18s.	0 2 0
----- Shall amount to 18s. or upwards	0 3 6
For every Skin or Piece of Velvet or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which shall be engraved, written, or printed, any of the following Articles, or any Part thereof, the respective Duties following:	
Any Citation, Mention, Proceeding, Sentence, or Decree, made in the Prerogative Court, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, in any Book for Tythes, or any Copies of them respectively	0 1 0

SCHEDULE (A.)	Duty.
Any Person granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or any Commissioner or Deputee of Stamps, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any Excisable or other Goods, and also any Certificate of any such Person required by Law;	2 ^d s. d.
If the Duties on the Goods, permitted thereby do not amount to the Sum of 2 ^d 1 ^s .	0 0 6
If such Duties amount to 2 ^d 1 ^s , or more	0 1 0
Any Indenture, Lease, Release, or Deed, Mosaic, Memorandum, or Legal or Equitable Article for letting or conveying Land, Tenure one or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives or Thirty-one Years, whether with or without a Covenant or Clause for the Renewal thereof (except Leases made by any Master in Chancery, or Officer of the Registry or Revenue Sale of the Court of Exchequer, under the Order of the said Courts respectively, and except Leases by Eminent Feudatories, or of Towns or Hereditaments, rented for Redemption of Rents, for six or Nine Months);	
Where the Annual Amount of the Rent reserved (any penal Rent, or any Increase of reserved Rent as the Nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed 2 ^d s. or the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 2 ^d 1 ^s .	0 5 0
Any Callidice under the Seal of the Exchequer, grounded on an Oath sworn in any Civil Action	0 5 0
Any License to any Person to sell by Retail, Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, or Perry, Methelgin or Mead, in the Places following, viz:	
In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey) or within the Town of Belfast	40 0 0
Within the walls of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the publick Leaps therein	33 0 0
In any other Place within the District of the Exchequer Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom; and within the Cities of Arragh, Londonderry and Killybegs, and the Towns of Ardara, Ballyshannon, Bandon, Carlow, Cahill, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dromahaire, Kesh, Keshelagh, Galway, Keshole, Lesham, Longford, Longshes, Mullone, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Waterford, and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively	28 0 0
In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described	11 0 0
Any License to any Person to sell by Retail, Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Methelgin or Mead, in any Encampment of Troops in Ireland, for One Month	1 0 0
And for every successive Month	1 0 0
For each and every Day during any Fair in Ireland, for which any Person is licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methelgin or Mead, by retail, shall be duly authorized by a Magistrate to sell such Spirituous or other Liquors in any Hut, Tent, or Booth, or in any Street, Road, or open Place, at such Fair	3 0 0
Any Grant from His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of any Annuity, Pension, Office or Endowment, which shall be of the Value of 200 ^l . per Annum	20 0 0
And for every 100 ^l . per Annum, exceeding 200 ^l . per Annum, a further Duty of	5 0 0
Provided that no Duty shall be charged upon or in respect of more than One Shilling or Piece of Value or Payment on which such Grant may be assigned, written, or printed.	
Any attested Copy of any Decree or Dismissal, made by or in the Court of Chancery, for every actual Sheet thereof	0 4 6
Any attested Copy of any Decree or Dismissal made by or in the Court of Exchequer, for every actual Sheet thereof	0 5 4

C A P. XV.

An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Gold and Silver Plate wrought or manufactured in Ireland. [18 Aug^o 1807.]

WHEREAS the Laws now in force for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty payable to His Majesty on Gold and Silver Plate, wrought, made, or manufactured in Ireland, have been found to be defective, and it is expedient to repeal the same, and to provide for the better collecting and securing the said Duty; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Two Days after the passing of this Act, so much and such Parts of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the

With Act
1807, c. 15
to be read
as amended.

Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer respectively, and the said Fraternity or Company of Goldsmiths in the City of Dublin, shall be accountable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the said Duty, as if the same had been actually received under the Direction of this Act.

VII. And whereas Gold and Silver Ware, when sent to be marked and assayed, are frequently sent to be made up and so weigh a Stone that the same is the following are greatly beloved in Wales, he is therefore enacted, That the said Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer to be appointed as aforesaid, whenever such Plate shall be sent to be marked and assayed to any aforesaid State, in that a Dissolution in the Weight thereof shall accordingly remain to be made by the Worker or Manufacturer thereof, before the same shall be assayed, shall, in respect of such Dissolution as aforesaid, make to the Purser or Purser bearing such Plate, a Declaration of One-sixth Part from the Weight, and an Allowance of One-sixth Part of the Duty payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and shall, at the Bottom of the Note or Memorandum by this Act directed to be kept and filed, except the Declaration from the Weight, and the Allowance of the Duty accordingly: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize any such Allowance to be made as any Quantity of Silver Plate or Manufacture less in Weight than One Ounce Troy, nor on any fractional Part of an Ounce.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer, who shall from Time to Time take and receive the said Moneys and Duties with the said Notes or Memorandums, shall upon Receipt of the said Notes or Memorandums, and of the said Moneys and Duties, file the said Notes or Memorandums, and enter the Particulars thereof, and of the Dissolutions aforesaid, and keep a true and faithful Account in Writing, in Books to be kept for that especial Purpose, of the Duties received by him under and by virtue of this Act, and such Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer, shall give an indented Receipt (without Stamp) numbered, under his Hand, for the Amount of the said Duty, to the Purser or Purser who shall pay the same, a Duplicate of which said indented Receipt shall be kept by such Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or Officer, in a Book bound for that Purpose.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Assay Master shall, within One Month after the Twenty-ninth Day of September, the Twenty-fifth Day of December, the Twenty-fifth Day of March, and the Twenty-fourth Day of June, in each and every Year, send and return to the said Company of Goldsmiths in Dublin, and lodge with them all the said Books kept by him, containing the Accounts of all the Particulars aforesaid, and of the Duties received, and the Duplicates of Receipts given under this Act as aforesaid, and the said Book shall at all Times be open for the Inspection of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or of any Purser or Purser authorized in Writing by the said Commissioners, or any One of them; and the said Commissioners, or the Purser or Purser so authorized by them, shall be at Liberty to take Copies and Extracts of the said Books, or any Part of them.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Assay Master shall Once in every Week, or oftener, if required by the said Company of Goldsmiths in Dublin, pay to the said Company all and every Sum and Sums of Money so received by him, for and on Account of the Duties payable to His Majesty as aforesaid, which Moneys the said Company shall, within Two Days after the Receipt thereof, from Time to Time pay or cause to be paid to the Collector of Excise in the District of Dublin; and that the said Company of Goldsmiths shall, within Two Months after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or to some Purser or Purser authorized by them to receive the same, true Copies of the Accounts heretofore directed to be kept, and transmitted to the said Company, for the Quarter which shall be completed on the said Twenty-ninth Day of September, and at the same Time shall pay to the said Collector of Excise all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be the Balance of the same which shall have been received on Account of the said Duties, or on before the said Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, if any such Balance shall appear to be due; and from thenceforth shall from Time to Time, within Two Months after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, the Twenty-fifth Day of March, the Twenty-fourth Day of June, and the Twenty-ninth Day of September in every Year, or at such other Times after the Expiration of the said Two Months as may be appointed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners, or to any Purser or Purser appointed by them for the Purpose of receiving the same, true Copies of the Accounts heretofore directed to be kept by such Assay Master, and transmitted or returned to the said Company, for the Quarter ending on such Twenty-fifth Day of December, Twenty-fifth Day of March, Twenty-fourth Day of June, and Twenty-ninth Day of September; and shall, at the same Time, pay to the Collector of Excise for the District of Dublin, all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be the Balance of the same which shall have been received by the said Assay Master, or other Officer, in the Quarter ending as aforesaid, on Account of the said Duties, if any such Balance shall appear to be due.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer to be appointed under this Act, in any Part of Ireland, or every Dublin, shall once in every Week pay to the Collector of Excise, for the District in which such Deputy Assay Master or other Officer shall reside, all and every Sum and Sums of Money so received by such Deputy Assay Master or other Officer, for or on Account of the Duties payable to His Majesty as aforesaid; and that every such Deputy Assay Master or other Officer shall, within One Month after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, deliver or lodge with the Collector of the District in which such Deputy Assay Master or other Officer shall reside, all Books containing the Accounts and Duplicates in copies heretofore directed to be kept by such Deputy Assay Master or other Officer respectively, up to the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven; and from thenceforth shall, from Time to Time, within One Month after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, Twenty-fifth Day of March, Twenty-fourth Day of June, and Twenty-ninth Day of September in every Year, or at such

Company
of Goldsmiths
in the City of
Dublin
All moneys of
the said
Duty to be
paid
on a Friday
next

Assay Master
shall file the
Notes, and keep
Accounts of
Duty received.

Books shall be
sent by Assay
Master Dublin
Quarterly with
all Accounts
Company.

Assay Master
shall deliver
true Copies of
the Accounts to
the Commissioners
of Excise, and the
Collector of Excise
in the District
of Dublin, and
pay to the
Collector of Excise
all the Balance
due.

Deputy Assay
Masters in
County shall
pay Duty weekly
and to be
quarterly
to the
Collector.

each other Times after the Expiration of the said Month, as may be appointed in Writing by the said Collector before or within six Months after the Expiration of the said Month, all such Books of Account and Duplicate Receipts for the Quarter ending on each Twenty-fifth Day of December, Twenty-fifth Day of March, Twenty-fourth Day of June, and Twenty-sixth Day of September respectively.

Any Person who
is
responsible
for
the
Accounts
of
the
Company.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall make an Allowance or Payment out of the Duties received under this Act, to the said Company or Fraternity of Goldsmiths in Dublin, for their Expenses, Fees, and Trouble, in the Execution of this Act, after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound, for all Moneys received by any Collector of Excise as aforesaid, and duly accounted for, according to the Direction of this Act.

Any Person who
is
responsible
for
the
Accounts
of
the
Company.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Books and Accounts, or to give such Receipts as by this Act he is required to do, or to return and lodge the said Books or Accounts in Manner by this Act directed, or to receive the said Duties and Sums of Money, or to pay over the same in Manner by this Act directed; or if the said Company of Goldsmiths in Dublin shall neglect or refuse to deliver or send to be delivered the Copies of the said Accounts, or to pay over the said Duties and Sums of Money in Manner aforesaid every such Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer, and the Clerk or Accountant of the said Company respectively, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with double the Amount of the Sum of Money as Duty is received by such Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, or other Officer, under the Direction or by Authority or Presence of this Act, or which such Assay Master, Deputy Assay Master, Officer, Clerk, Accountant, or other Person, ought to have received according to the Direction of this Act.

Any Person who
is
responsible
for
the
Accounts
of
the
Company.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Goldsmith, Silversmith, or other Person working or trading in Ireland as wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver Plate, shall sell or expose to sale, buy, or exchange, any Gold or Silver Plate, or Manufacture of Gold or Silver, which is the Silver Ware, or such Things not exceeding Four Penny Weights, which, in respect of their Smallness, are not capable of receiving a Mark, until such Time as such Plate or Manufacture of Gold or Silver shall be assayed, touched, and marked, in Manner herein prescribed in that behalf, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence; and all such Plate or Manufacture of Gold or Silver which shall be found in the House, Shop, Room, or other Place of any such Goldsmith, Silversmith, or other Person, for the Purpose of sale, and which shall not be assayed, touched, or marked in Manner herein directed, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Inland Excise and Taxes, or by any Officers of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

Any Person who
is
responsible
for
the
Accounts
of
the
Company.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall buy, take, or receive, in the Way of Purchase, Barter, or Exchange, any wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver Plate, or Manufacture of Gold or Silver, from any Goldsmith, Silversmith, or other Person whatsoever, working or trading in wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver in Ireland (which is the Silver Ware, or such Things not exceeding Four Penny Weights which, in respect of their Smallness, are not capable of receiving a Mark) not being assayed, touched, and marked by the Assay Master in Manner herein prescribed, at the Time such Gold or Silver Plate shall be delivered to the Buyer or Receiver thereof, upon Pain of forfeiting a Sum equal to the Value thereof, to be paid for and recovered by any Person who shall discover the same, for the sole Benefit of the Person so discovering and suing; which Sum, where the said Value shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, shall be by Civil Bill, before the Assistant Bailiff, or in the Sessions of the Peace for the several and respective Counties in Ireland, or before the Clerks of the Sessions of the County of Dublin, or before the Recorder of the City of Dublin respectively; and where the Value of such Plate shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, then such Penalty shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin.

Any Person who
is
responsible
for
the
Accounts
of
the
Company.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall cut, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be cut, forged, or counterfeited, any Mark or Stamp used or directed to be used in pursuance of this Act, for the marking or stamping of Gold or Silver Plate, or shall cut, forge, or counterfeit, or shall cause or procure to be cut, forged, or counterfeited any Mark, Stamp, or Impression, in Imitation of, or to resemble any Mark, Stamp, or Impression made or to be made, with any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid, or shall sell, exchange, or expose to sale, or cause or procure to be marked or stamped, any wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Ware of Silver, Brass, Copper, or other Metal, gilt over or plated, and resembling Plate of Gold or Silver, with any Mark or Stamp which hath been or shall be cut, forged, or counterfeited in any Year, in Imitation of, or to resemble any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid, or shall transport or remove, or cause or procure to be transported or removed, from one Piece of wrought Plate to another Piece of wrought Plate, or from any Piece of wrought Plate to any Vessel of Silver, Brass, or other Metal as aforesaid, any Mark, Stamp, or Impression made or to be made by or with any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid, or shall sell, exchange, or expose to sale, or cause or procure to be marked or stamped, any wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Vessel of Silver, Brass, or other Metal as aforesaid, with any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp, or Impression thereon, or with any Mark, Stamp, or Impression which hath been or shall be transported or removed, or cut out from any Piece of wrought Plate, knowing such Mark, Stamp, or Impression to be forged, counterfeited, or transported, cut out, or removed as aforesaid, or shall wilfully or knowingly have or be possessed of any Mark or Stamp which hath been or shall be forged or counterfeited, in Imitation of, or to resemble any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid, every such Person offending in any or either of such Cases aforesaid, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony and shall be forever to be transported for the Term of Seven Years in such Manner as other Felons may be transported under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland: And if any Person or Persons shall cut out of any Piece of wrought Plate, any Stamp, Mark, or Impression, made or to be made, by or with any Mark or Stamp to be used as aforesaid,

provided, with Letters-licences for carrying Fish, Sturgeon, Mackerel, or Imposition, or with Bounties that the same shall and may be granted, and with any Power of granting Bounties to any other thing of whatsoever kind, with any Power of issuing, that the said Letters-licences, Bounties, or other Licences, shall or should, and the said Letters-licences, Bounties, or other Licences, shall or should be issued, shall be void, and the same shall be null and void.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That all and every the Taxes, Duties, and Passes now collected by this Act, shall be paid and received in the same Manner, and that all such Taxes, Duties, and Passes, shall be received, levied, and applied, in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are provided, directed, and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Twentieth and Thirtieth Years of the said late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the settling of the Duties and Passes upon the said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Duties and Passes formerly levied and paid by an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs, and Things, and to the Management of the Customhouse of Dublin and Port Dublin, and of the Commissioners of the said Excise and Taxes in Ireland; and in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to any of the said Revenue, Customs, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of the said Excise and Taxes as fully and as effectually, to all intents, Construction, and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the King and Parties who shall think due, but, not, or otherwise approved or intended, as in and by the said Acts or any of them is provided and made.*

Revenue of
Ireland.

24th & 30th Geo. 2.

26 Geo. 3. c. 106.

C A P. XVI.

An Act to grant to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, into and from Ireland. [18th August 1807.]

* Duties and Drawbacks in Schedules A. and B. granted and allowed, § 1.—Duties payable on all Goods not * being good former Duties, § 2.—Duties may be forced by Bond, § 3.

IV. And he is further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise (except as hereinafter mentioned) shall be entered for Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain, which shall not be entitled to any Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation thereof, and concerning which no Order or Prohibition shall be made in Manner hereinafter mentioned, the Exporter of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise shall not be required to enter into any Bond or Obligation respecting the due Exportation thereof or the losing thereof in Great Britain, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of Ireland, to order and declare by Proclamation, that the Exporter and Exporters to Great Britain of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise to be mentioned in such Order and Proclamation, shall enter into and give Bond for the due Exportation thereof to and Landing thereof in Great Britain, with such Provisions and Conditions, and in such Manner as such Exporter or Exporters are required to do by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the Time of the passing of this Act, and such Exporter or Exporters shall, as to such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, enter into and give such Bond accordingly; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that the Exporter of any Tallow, Utensils, Machines, Engines, Presses, Paper Utensils, or Instruments mentioned in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Practice of selling Articles and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and of exporting the several Acts and Utensils made use of in preparing and working up the Manufactures thereof, into Ports beyond the Seas; or to an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the said recited Act of the Twentieth Year, shall give such Bond, and enter into such Securities as are required by the said recited Acts, or either of them; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Exportation of
Goods to Great
Britain shall be
required to
give Bond,
except in certain
Cases.

24th c. (1)

25th

35th c. (1)

6th

V. And to obviate any Doubts which may arise or happen respecting the Importation of Meat, Tallow, Bread, and Flour into Ireland, be it declared and enacted, That inasmuch as an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Grain Trade, promoting Agriculture, and providing a regular and steady Supply of Corn in this Kingdom, and for granting to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, the Duties therein mentioned, so much as the Corn or Grain grown into Meal or Flour, or made into Bread or Biscuit, shall at any Time, be imported into Ireland, except from Great Britain, and of British Growth or Manufacture, under Proviso of the Payment of all such Malt, Flour, Bread, or Biscuit, and the Sum of Five Pence for every Hundred Weight thereof, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be in full Force and Effect; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Shall be British
Meal or Flour
shall be imported
shall be subject
to the said Act
(1790-1791)

VI. And he is further enacted, That every Importer of Tobaccos into Ireland, may have the Duty payable on the Import of such Tobacco, which at any Time before the passing of this Act shall have been imported and be warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses, or which shall be imported at any Time after the passing of this Act, and he is authorised in Manner following, that is to say, that every such Importer shall give Bond for the Amount of the Import Duty by Law payable thereon, such Bond to be made payable at the End of Three Years from the Time of the Importation of all such Tobacco as shall have been so imported and warehoused before the passing of this Act, and at the End of Three Years from the Time of giving such Bond, as to all such Tobacco so shall be imported after the passing of this Act.

Tobacco may be
imported by
Three Years

Drawbacks of
Kiln shall be
paid by Com-
missioners of
Excise on
Certificate of
Collector
[See Act G. 3.
c. 37. § 1.]

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Drawback or any Bounty or Allowance in the Nature of a Drawback, shall be payable on the Exportation from Ireland, of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, in respect of any internal Duty of Excise which shall have been paid as before said in respect of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize to be exported, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs for the Ports from whence such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall be exported, and such Collector, Comptroller, or other Officer is hereby required to grant to the Exporter of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize a Certificate, in Writing, stating the Quantity, Quality, and Nature thereof, the Time when and the Name of the Vessel in which the same shall be shipped, the Amount of the Drawback, Bounty, or Allowance payable thereon, and the Time when such Drawback, Bounty, or Allowance is by Law due and payable, and that the said Exporter has complied with all the Conditions and Regulations required by Law for the sending such Exporter to receive such Drawback, Bounty, or Allowance, and upon the Production of the said Certificate to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required to order such Drawback, Bounty, or Allowance to be paid out of the Revenue of Excise to the Exporter of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize; and every such Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs, shall give such Certificate without any Fee or Reward whatsoever, on Demand thereof made by such Exporter; and such Certificate, together with such Order of the said Commissioners shall be a sufficient Acquittance to any Collector of Excise or Taxes for the Sum of Money paid by him on Account thereof, pursuant to such Order of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Tobacco, or any Brandy, Rum, Geneva, or other Foreign Spirit shall be seized as having been illegally imported into Ireland, or attempted or intended to be, or for any other Cause of Seizure or Forfeiture, and shall be condemned accordingly, the whole Produce of the Sale thereof, after Payment of the Duty of Customs chargeable thereon, shall go to and be to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall seize and discover, or give Information of, or prove the said Offence, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that any Tobacco so sold shall be liable to all Duties of Excise.

17 Duties shall be paid in British Currency and carried to Consolidated Fund, &c.—Duties and Drawbacks shall be paid under Regulations of 14 Reg. 2 c. 2. s. 8 &c. § 10.—Continuance of Act, 5th July 1808, § 10.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the Net Duties payable on Importations into Ireland, of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described (not being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain); and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the due Exportation thereof from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles.

Paper, viz.	Duties.		Drawbacks.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of				
— Brown Paper, made of old Ropes or Cordage only, without retarding or separating the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, and of all Button Paper and Button Board	0	0	4	0
— White Paper, and Paper of any other Sort or Kind whatsoever, not particularly enumerated or defined, for every lb.	0	1	0	0
— Printed, painted, stained, or dyed Paper, or Paper Hangings, the square Yard	0	0	9	0
— Partridge, Malthouse, and Scotch-head, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Sweeting or Shooting Paper, the cut.	2	0	0	0
— Glazed Paper, for Caskets and Hat-presses, the cut.	1	0	0	0
— Gold Paper, the small Grief	0	5	6	0
Ropes, viz.				
— Belvedere, Driv, Faro, Lesia, and Lipool Ropes, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0	12	8	0
— — — — — imported in foreign Shipping	0	19	0	0
— Smyrna, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	4	1	0
— — — — — imported in foreign Shipping	1	8	0	0
— of the Sea, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	4	0	0
— — — — — imported in foreign Shipping	1	10	0	0
— not particularly enumerated or defined, imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1	6	6	0
— — — — — imported in foreign Shipping	1	12	0	0
Tobacco, viz.				
— unmanufactured, of the Growth, or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories in America, or of the United States of America, the lb.	0	0	6	0
— if imported by Strangers, or if by any Law now in force subject to Alien Duty, then a further Duty for every lb.	0	0	1	0
Vinago, or Venise, the Ton, of 212 Gallons	25	4	0	0

Schedule (A) continued.

Wood, viz.	The Growth or Production of any Piece (except the United States of America and the British Colonies).				The Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations.			
	Imported in Shippings of the United Kingdom.		Imported in Foreign Shippings.		Duties.		Duties.	
	Duties.	Duties.	Duties.	Duties.	Duties.	Duties.	Duties.	
For the Duties on Wood imported from the United States of America, see Schedule (B.)								
Anchor Stocks, each	0 1 7	0 0 11	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 0 7	—		
Bulls, the 120, viz.								
— being 5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in length, or upwards	5 5 10	3 12 10	5 5 6	3 17 6	0 11 0	—		
— under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in length	1 18 0	1 9 3	2 0 4	1 11 7				
— being 8 Inches square, and upwards, are to be considered as Timber, and pay Duty as such.								
Barril Boards. See Boards.								
— Straps. See Straps.								
Barnes, and Buttes Ends of all Sorts	See TABLE No. I. at the End of this Schedule.				0 5 6	0 0 6		
— exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, to be deemed Deals and Deal Ends, and to pay Duty as such, according to their respective Descriptions.								
Beech Boards. See Boards								
— Plank, being 2 Inches in Thickness or upwards, the Load of 60 Cubic Feet	0 15 4	0 9 0	0 16 8	0 10 0				
— of the Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the 120	—	—	—	—	0 3 4	0 0 4		
— Quarter, the 120, being 5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square	2 14 8	2 6 0	3 2 6	2 10 11				
— being under 5 Inches square	1 10 6	1 5 2	1 12 10	1 7 6	0 11 0	0 1 0		
Boards, Barril, the 120	0 15 5	0 14 7	0 16 5	0 15 0				
— Beech, under 2 Inches in Thickness, the 120								
— being under 15 Feet in Length	1 17 4	1 15 0	2 1 10	1 18 0				
— being 15 Feet in Length or upwards	3 0 0	2 14 0	3 3 0	2 15 6				
— Clap Boards or Clap Stalk, not exceeding 5 Feet 5 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square, the 120	1 5 8	0 17 11	1 6 5	0 18 7	0 8 3	0 0 9		
— Lin Boards, or White Boards for Shoopakers, 4 Feet in Length, the 120, viz.								
— under 2 Inches in Thickness	3 4 0	2 10 0	3 10 0	2 12 0				
— being 2 Inches in Thickness, or upwards	6 11 0	5 0 0	7 2 0	6 12 0				
— Oak, under 2 Inches in Thickness, the 120, viz.								
— under 15 Feet in Length	2 10 0	2 2 8	2 15 0	2 7 8				
— 15 Feet in Length or upwards	3 13 7	2 3 0	3 19 6	3 9 0				
— Paling, hewed on the one Side, the 120, viz.								
— not exceeding 7 Feet in Length	0 6 0	0 4 6	0 6 5	0 4 10				
— exceeding 7 Feet in Length	0 11 9	0 8 1	0 12 4	0 8 8				
— Pipe, under 8 Inches square, the 120, viz.								
— above 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 8 Feet in Length	1 15 3	1 5 0	1 16 1	1 8 10				
— exceeding 8 Feet in Length	2 7 5	1 10 11	2 8 4	1 12 0	0 8 7	0 0 7		

Schedule (A.)—continued.

Wood—continued	The Weight or Proportion of any Piece or Quantity of such Sorts of America and the West Indies								The Growth or Production Of the Sorts Given to or from Plantations.					
	Imported in Shippings from the East of England				Imported in Foreign Shippings				Dates.		Disburths.			
	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.	Doz.		
Boards.														
White oak, containing 12 Feet in Length and One Inch in Thickness and 10 in Proportion for any greater Length or Thickness, the Foot	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	1	2	0	0	9		
— of all Sorts, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, being the Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the 120	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	3	4		
White. See Last Board.														
Bees Spars. See Spars.														
Bee Sprits. See Masts.														
Basswood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1	8	8	1	9	2	1	11	1	1	2	0		
Bread or Pernambuco Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Brassileto or Jamaica Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	5	0	0	2	6	0	5	0	0	3	6		
Care Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	10	0	0	2	0		
Cant Spars. See Spars.														
Clap Masts. See Boards.														
Doels and Deal Ends of all Sorts, the 120	See Table No. II. at the End of this Schedule.								0	5	6	0	0	6
Ebony, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	8	16	0	8	3	9	5	16	0	8	3	9		
Farrwood the Fatness, being 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high	0	5	3	0	1	8	0	3	9	0	2	2		
Fire Quarters, under 8 Inches square, the 120, viz.														
— under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length	1	10	0	1	7	6	1	13	4	1	10	0		
— 5 Inches square and under 9 Inches square, if 24 Feet or upwards in Length	2	19	8	2	13	10	3	6	6	3	0	0		
Fire Timber. See Timbers.														
Fustick, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	15	0	0	1	6	0	15	0	0	1	6		
Gamboge Wood. See Red Wood.														
Handspikes, the 120, viz.														
— under 7 Feet in Length	0	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	6		
— being 7 Feet in Length or upwards	0	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	0		
Knees of Oak, under 8 Inches square, the 120, viz.														
— under 5 Inches square	0	7	6	0	5	1	0	8	8	0	6	3		
— being 5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square	1	14	0	1	1	5	1	15	2	1	3	9		
— being 8 Inches square and upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0	11	0	0	3	4	0	12	1	0	9	1		
Lathwood, the Fatness, being 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high, viz.														
— in Pieces under 5 Feet in Length	0	17	9	0	14	0	1	4	9	1	1	0		
— in Pieces being 5 Feet in Length or upwards	1	6	5	1	1	0	1	8	1	1	2	7		
Lignum Vite, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	7	4	0	0	8	0	7	4	0	0	8		
Low Boards. See Boards.														
Logwood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	5	6	0	0	7	0	5	6	0	0	7		
Logs, Westcott. See Westcott.														
Mahogany, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	4	0	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0		
Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, being 6 Inches and under 12 Inches in Diameter, the Piece, viz.														
— being 6 Inches and under 8 Inches in Diameter	0	2	7	0	1	11	0	2	8	0	2	0		
— being 8 Inches and under 12 Inches in Diameter	0	5	4	0	3	6	0	5	0	4	5	0		

Scholz, A. J.

Wood—continued.	Duties on the Importation of the said Goods.				Duties on the Exportation of the said Goods.	
	Duties on the Importation of the said Goods.		Duties on the Exportation of the said Goods.		Duties on the Exportation of the said Goods.	
	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.
Mah, Yule, and Rosegates, being 12 Inches square in Diameter, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 27 3	0 9 8	0 13 4	0 10 9	0 15 5	0 7 10
N B. Mah, Yule, and Rosegates, under 6 Inches in Diameter, to pay Duty as Spars of the like Description.						
Newspaper Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 10 0		
Oak Boards. See Boards.						
— Knees. See Knees of Oak.						
— Plank, being 2 Inches and upwards in Thickness, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 18 9	0 12 1	1 0 4	0 13 8		
— of all Sorts, of the Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the 120	—	—	—	—	0 5 6	0 0 6
— Timber. See Timber.						
Oats, the 120	2 3 1	1 9 4	2 10 1	1 16 4	0 15 2	0 1 2
Ole Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1 0 0	0 2 8	1 0 0	0 2 8	0 8 3	0 0 9
Pine Boards. } See Boards.						
Pine Boards. } See Boards.						
Plank Boards. See Board Plank.						
— Oak. See Oak Plank.						
Red or Orange Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 10 0		
Rosed Wood, 20 Pieces under 8 Inches square, the 120, viz.						
— under 6 Feet in Length	0 11 0	0 5 6	0 22 1	0 6 7		
— being 6 Feet in Length and upwards	1 3 0	0 11 0	1 4 0	0 13 2	0 2 2	0 0 2
Sassa Wood, for every 2 1/2 of the Value	20 5 4	16 13 4	20 5 4	16 13 4	3 29 0	—
Shades Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	2 0 0	—	2 0 0	—		
Spars, the 120, viz.						
— under 20 Feet in Length, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark	0 12 0	0 7 10	0 13 0	0 8 8	0 8 6	0 5 6
— being 20 Feet in Length and upwards, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark	1 4 6	0 16 0	1 5 6	0 17 0		
— 4 Inches and under 6 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark	2 11 0	1 13 0	2 13 6	1 15 6	0 8 6	0 2 6
N B. All Spars, 6 Inches and upwards in Diameter, are to pay Duty as Mah, according to their respective Dimensions.						
Speckled Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	3 8 0	0 16 0	3 8 0	2 16 0	0 11 0	0 1 0
Spikes for Wheels, the 120, viz.						
— not exceeding 2 Feet in Length	1 7 10	0 19 10	1 20 1	1 11 12		
— exceeding 2 Feet in Length	2 15 8	1 3 8	3 2 0	2 6 0	0 4 2	0 0 5
Staves of all Sorts, the 120, viz.						
— not exceeding 20 Inches in Length	0 0 7	0 0 1	0 0 7	0 0 1	0 0 7	0 0 1
— exceeding 20 Inches in Length	0 1 1	0 0 1	0 1 1	0 0 1	0 1 1	0 0 1
Sweet Wood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	3 6 0	2 10 0	3 6 0	2 16 0	0 11 0	0 4 9
Timber, viz.; Fir Timber, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet, viz.						
— being 6 Inches square and not exceeding 10 Inches square	0 8 10	0 7 3	0 9 0	0 8 0		
— exceeding 10 Inches square	0 14 9	0 19 4	0 15 6	0 13 6	0 1 6	0 0 2

Schedule (A.)—continued.

Wood—various.	The Growth or Production of any Place except the United States of America and the British Colonies					
	Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom.			Imported in Foreign Shipping.		
	Duns.	Dowberks.	Duns.	Dowberks.	Duns.	Dowberks.
Timber, viz. Oak Timber, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	£ 15 0	0 10 6	0 15 10	0 11 4	0 3 8	0 0 4
— of all Sorts, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 9 0	0 5 6	0 20 0	0 7 0	0 1 6	0 0 2
Tressels, or Yewalls, the 1000	0 3 10	0 1 10	0 4 5	0 2 5		
— under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length	1 23 0	1 10 0	1 24 1	1 12 1	} 0 8 10	0 0 10
— being 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards	3 10 4	3 4 4	3 11 6	3 5 6		
Walrus Boards See Boards.						
— Logs, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 27 8	0 9 11	0 18 9	0 11 0	0 3 8	0 0 4
Yards. See Masts.						
Wood unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every £100 of the Value	20 5 4	16 13 4	20 5 4	16 13 4	3 19 2	0 7 2

TABLE No. I.

BATTENS and Batens Ends (the Growth or Production of any Place other than of the United States of America, or the British Colonies or Plantations), not exceeding Seven Inches in Breadth, the 120, viz.

Being in Length.	Being in Thickness not exceeding					
	Two Inches and a Half		Three Inches and a Half		Four Inches and a Half	
	Duns.	Dowberks.	Duns.	Dowberks.	Duns.	Dowberks.
BATTENS.						
Eight Feet and under Twelve Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 26 3	0 14 1	1 0 3	0 27 11	1 3 3	1 0 10
— in Foreign Shipping	0 28 7	0 16 4	1 2 7	1 0 1	1 5 8	1 3 2
Twelve Feet and under Fourteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 29 0	0 16 3	1 3 3	1 0 4	1 6 5	1 3 6
— in Foreign Shipping	1 0 9	0 18 1	1 5 3	1 2 11	1 8 0	1 6 2
Fourteen Feet and under Sixteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 1 0	0 18 1	1 5 6	1 3 3	1 8 11	1 5 8
— in Foreign Shipping	1 3 11	1 0 20	1 8 9	1 5 7	2 22 9	1 9 1
Sixteen Feet and under Eighteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 2 2	0 19 8	1 6 11	1 4 3	1 20 2	1 7 5
— in Foreign Shipping	1 5 3	1 2 9	1 11 1	1 7 10	2 24 3	1 11 3
Eighteen Feet and not exceeding Twenty Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 4 6	1 1 7	1 9 3	1 6 20	1 23 0	1 9 11
— in Foreign Shipping	1 7 1	1 4 11	1 12 5	1 10 3	1 26 1	1 14 4

Table No. 1—continued.

Being in Length.	Being in Thickness not exceeding.					
	Two Inches and a Half.		Three Inches and a Half.		Four Inches and a Half.	
	Dates.	Drawbacks.	Dates.	Drawbacks.	Dates.	Drawbacks.
BATTENS—continued.						
Exceeding Twenty Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 9 5	1 6 3	1 16 3	1 12 10	1 19 3	1 15 9
— in Foreign Shipping	1 12 11	1 10 7	1 0 7	1 17 1	1 5 1	1 1 3
BATTEN ENDS.						
Under Five Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 5 0	0 4 10	0 7 5	0 7 5	0 9 11	0 9 7
— in Foreign Shipping	0 5 7	0 5 5	0 8 8	0 7 10	0 10 5	0 10 3
Five Feet and under Eight Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 6 3	0 5 10	0 9 3	0 8 7	0 11 6	0 10 10
— in Foreign Shipping	0 6 10	0 6 6	0 9 9	0 9 3	0 12 3	0 11 10

TABLE No. II.

DEALS and DEAL ENDS, the Growth or Production of any Place other than of the United States of America, or the South Colonies or Plantations, the 200, viz.

Being in Length.	Being in Thickness not exceeding.					
	Two Inches and a Half.		Three Inches and a Half.		Four Inches and a Half.	
	Dates.	Drawbacks.	Dates.	Drawbacks.	Dates.	Drawbacks.
DEALS.						
Eight Feet and under Twelve Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 8 8	1 7 3	1 15 0	1 13 4	1 19 5	1 17 6
— in Foreign Shipping	1 13 5	1 8 9	1 19 11	1 17 10	1 5 6	1 3 6
Twelve Feet and under Fourteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 12 0	1 10 11	1 18 2	1 17 0	1 2 6	1 1 6
— in Foreign Shipping	1 17 0	1 14 7	2 4 0	2 3 6	2 8 11	2 4 7
Fourteen Feet and under Sixteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 06 8	2 14 8	2 4 8	2 1 11	2 9 8	1 6 9
— in Foreign Shipping	1 9 11	2 0 3	2 10 4	2 6 8	2 05 5	2 13 7
Sixteen Feet and under Eighteen Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 3 9	1 19 8	2 11 11	1 7 8	2 18 8	2 12 10
— in Foreign Shipping	1 8 9	2 5 8	2 19 0	2 14 9	2 5 4	2 0 6
Eighteen Feet and not exceeding Twenty Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	2 5 5	2 2 5	2 14 6	2 11 9	3 0 5	2 16 5
— in Foreign Shipping	2 10 5	2 9 0	3 0 0	2 18 4	3 0 1	3 5 3
Exceeding Twenty Feet and not exceeding Twenty-five Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	1 13 11	2 10 9	3 2 0	3 0 2	3 7 9	3 6 0
— in Foreign Shipping	3 1 8	2 19 3	2 16 9	3 9 8	5 18 2	3 17 1
Exceeding Twenty-five Feet and under Thirty Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	3 3 8	3 0 5	3 14 5	3 18 5	4 1 9	3 18 3
— in Foreign Shipping	3 14 8	3 10 8	4 7 0	4 2 11	4 13 6	4 11 8
Thirty Feet and upwards.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	3 14 3	3 9 11	4 7 6	4 4 5	4 15 0	4 10 4
— in Foreign Shipping	4 8 7	4 2 0	5 3 6	4 16 6	5 15 7	5 6 4
DEAL ENDS.						
Under Five Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 12 0	0 10 7	0 24 11	0 24 2	0 18 3	0 17 5
— in Foreign Shipping	0 12 4	0 11 8	0 16 5	0 15 6	0 19 11	0 18 11
Five Feet and under Eight Feet.						
Imported in Shipping of the United Kingdom	0 13 0	0 12 6	1 16 11	0 16 3	1 0 3	0 19 4
— in Foreign Shipping	0 14 5	0 13 10	0 18 4	0 17 9	1 2 5	1 1 2

SCHEDULE (B.)

A SCHEDULE of the Net Duties to be charged on the Importation into Ireland of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein therein used or described, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the United States of America; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Ireland.

	Duty	Drawback
Tobacco, the lb. viz.	20 s. 6 d.	0 s. 6 d.
— manufactured	0 0 0	0 0 0
— if imposed by Statute, or if by any Law now in force it be subject to Alien Duty, then a further Duty of	0 0 1	0 0 1
Wood, viz.		
— Anchor Stakes, the Piece	0 0 7	0 0 0
— Bales of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 11 0	0 0 0
— Boxes and Butter Ends, of all Sorts, the 120	0 5 0	0 0 0
— Birch Planks of all Sorts, the 120	0 5 4	0 0 4
— Birch Quarters of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 11 0	0 1 0
— Boards, the 120, viz.		
— Clap Boards, not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square	0 8 3	0 0 9
— 1 1/2 Boards, exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square	0 8 7	0 2 7
— Bowstays. See Masts.		
— Burwood, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	1 2 3	0 2 0
— Deals and Lead Ends, of all Sorts, the 120	0 5 0	0 0 0
— Ebony, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0 14 0	0 0 0
— Fir Wood, the Fattons, 6 Feet wide, and 6 Feet high	0 0 7	0 0 1
— Fir Quarters, of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 11 0	0 1 0
— Handspikes, the 120, viz.		
— under 7 Feet in Length	0 1 0	0 0 0
— 7 Feet in Length, or upwards,	0 2 0	0 0 0
— Knees of Oak, of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 5 0	0 0 0
— 8 Inches square, or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 3 8	0 0 4
— Larch-wood, in Pieces, of all Sorts, the Fattons, 6 Feet wide, and 6 Feet high	0 3 10	0 0 4
— Lignum Vite, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0 7 4	0 0 3
— Mahogany, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	1 15 10	1 0 0
— Masts, Yards, or Bowstays, 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 8 Inches, the Piece	0 2 5	0 1 0
— 8 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches, the Piece	0 4 5	0 5 1
— 12 Inches in Diameter, and upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 15 5	0 7 10
— Oak Plank, of all Sorts, the 120	0 5 0	0 0 0
— Oars, the 120	0 11 3	0 1 2
— Olive Wood, the Ton of 20 cwt.	0 8 1	0 0 9
— Round Wood, in Pieces of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 2 2	0 0 2
— Spars of all Sorts, under 8 Inches in Diameter (exclusive of the Bark), the 120	0 8 0	0 0 0
— Spinkled Wood, the Ton of 20 cwt.	0 11 0	0 2 0
— Spokes for Wheels of all Sorts, the 1200	0 4 8	0 0 5
— Staves of all Sorts, the 120, viz.		
— not exceeding 50 Inches in Length	0 0 7	0 0 1
— exceeding 50 Inches in Length	0 1 1	0 0 1
— Sweet Wood, the Ton of 20 cwt.	0 11 0	0 4 9
— Timber of Oak, being 8 Inches square, or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 5 8	0 0 4
— Timber of all Sorts, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty being 8 Inches square, or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 1 0	0 0 3
— Ulm of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120	0 8 10	0 0 10
— Waulst Log, being 8 Inches square, or upwards, the Load of 50 Cubic Feet	0 3 8	0 0 4
— Yards See Masts.		
— Wood unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, not being exempt from Duty, for every 100 of the Value	3 19 2	0 1 3

shall be made;
viz. For Stills
under 300
Gallons,
two Charges
apiece;—
from 300—
700—do,
three—do,
1000—do,
four—do.

Duty for such Quantities of Spirits as might be produced, [according to the above proviso in the said several Acts] from the several Number of Charges of Stillings or Low Wines herein-after severally set forth, for and in respect of each and every Still being of the several Contents following; that is to say, From One hundred and twenty Charge of Low Wines or Stillings, for every Still under Three hundred Gallons Content and not less than Two hundred Gallons Content; from One hundred and eight such Charges, for every Still under Two hundred Gallons Content and not less than Three hundred Gallons Content; from Ninety-six such Charges, for every Still under Five hundred Gallons Content and not less than Four hundred Gallons Content; from Eighty-four such Charges, for every Still under Seven hundred and fifty Gallons Content and not less than Two hundred Gallons Content; from Seventy-two such Charges, for every Still under One thousand Gallons Content and not less than Seven hundred and fifty Gallons Content; from Sixty-two such Charges, for every Still under One thousand two hundred and fifty Gallons Content and not less than One thousand Gallons Content; and from every Still under One thousand four hundred and fifty Gallons Content and not above the said several Contents, one and above the respective Quantities aforesaid, be it wood or not, and pay Duty in and out of such and every Still or Still under One thousand two hundred and fifty Gallons Content, be it wood or not, of Spirits as might be produced according to the Rate in the said Act mentioned, from all PM. Ak, Wash, Low Wines, or Stillings, which said Still or Still shall actually distil within every Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, once and above the respective Quantities aforesaid.

of C. 1. & II.
§ 47. as to
Proviso of
Double Duty on
Distill'd
Duty in of
any such
spiritous.

VII. And Whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted, That if any Decrease should at any Time appear or be found by any Officer of Excise, in any Wines, Wash, or Stillings, or Distill'd in the Distillery of any Distiller, more than or beyond the Proportion of Decrease justified by the Charges of the Still or Stills in such Distillery, according to the Directions of the said Act, such Distiller should be charged with double Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rate in the said Act mentioned from so much Wark, Wash, Put Ale, Low Wines, or Stillings, as should exceed such Proportion of Decrease respectively; and the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of such Distillery was by the said Act required in such Case to make such Charge, and return the same to the Collector of the District accordingly; he is enjoin'd, That the said recited Clause shall, from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, be and the same is accordingly hereby repealed.

of C. 1. & II.
§ 47. as to
Charge
on Stills.
The Distill'd
of the Still shall be
allowed for
working in
making the
Charge under
of C. 1. & II.
§ 49. as to
the
Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year as aforesaid That when and as often as any Still in any Distillery shall be charged with Wash, Put Ale, Low Wines, or Stillings, such Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits which the several Rates in the said Act mentioned, according to the Content of such Still, estimated as in the said Act mentioned, shall, from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seven, in calculating and charging the Quantity of Spirits in respect of each and every Still belonging to any Distiller, according to the Content of such and every such Still, and according to the Number of Charges of Stillings or Low Wines for such and every such Still, in Manner in the said Act and the said recited Act mentioned, there shall be deducted from the Content of each and every such Still One-eighth Part thereof, for Liberty to work such Still or Stills respectively.

Distill'd may
be taken for
a Year or the
End of the 30th
Tax Months, or
any subsequent
Month.
[See of C. 3.
& II. § 12.]

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall be desirous to discontinue working for the Remainder of any Year, at the End of the 30th Period of Eight Weeks in the Year after he shall have commenced working, or at the End of any Period of Four Weeks after such Distiller shall have recommenced working in Manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller so discontinuing working accordingly: Provided always, That such Distiller shall give five Weeks Notice, and at such Time and in such Manner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year, with respect to Distillers discontinuing working for the Remainder of any Year, under the Provisions of the said recited Act; and that every such Distiller so discontinuing to work for the Remainder of any Year, shall be subject and liable to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures in the said recited Act contained, with respect to Distillers discontinuing working for the Remainder of any Year under the said recited Act.

Two Year
Distill'd under
of C. 1. & II.
§ 49. as to
the
Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person is seized shall have warranted any Spirits for Expatriation, under the Regulations of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year, the Payment after the Rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Loads by the Year, on the Amount of the Duties payable thereon, required by the said recited Act, whether such Spirits shall be taken out for Home Consumption or be publicly sold, shall commence from the Expatriation of Four Calendar Months after the Day of issuing such Spirits; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

of C. 1. & II.
§ 49. as to
the
Act.

XI. And Whereas the Provisions herebefore enacted, for imposing and recovering Penalties on Parishes, Townships or Places, where any unlicensed Still or other Unlawful for distilling was found or sold, have not proved sufficient, and it is expedient to repeal the same, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof; be it therefore enacted, That in each and every Part of the said recited Act, of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, as relates to the imposing, recovering, levying or applying any such Tax or Penalty, and so much of the said Act as relates to the reimbursement the Inhabitants of any Place for any Fine collected under the Provisions of the said Act, or as relates to any Penalty on any Person or Persons collectively levying or bringing any unlicensed Still or Unlawful for distilling, is or to any Place, shall, from and after the Expatriation of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, cease and determine, and shall be and the same is and is hereby repealed; five and except as to the imposing, levying, recovering, applying, and reimbursing any Fine or Penalty, for the Prosecution or Recovery of which, any Information shall be laid on or before the Expatriation of Ten Days after the passing of this Act.

Except as to
Penalties
provided for
Stills.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby required, upon Information upon Oath to him given, that any unlawful Still, or any Part of a Still, or any Appurtenance to a Still, or any Worn or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, has been found or used in any Place within the Jurisdiction of such Justice, or that such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, has or have been found in any Place within the Jurisdiction of such Justice (such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, not being in the Possession of any licensed Distillery or Stems thereto belonging, or such Wash or Pot Ale not being in the Possession of any licensed Brewer or his licensed Brewery or Stems thereto belonging, or not being mixed with Hops in Quantity sufficient to make the same into Beer, Ale, or Porter, or not having Hops mixed therein in like Quantity for the Purpose of the same being made into Beer, Ale, or Porter) to examine into the Truth of such Information; and if he shall find reason to believe that such Still or Part of a Still or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil, has been found or used, as the Case may be, or that such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, has or have been found, he shall send over the Person or Persons giving such Information to appear at the Assize (or Prefecting Term, if in the County or County of the City of Dublin) which shall be next ensuing after such Information shall be laid (provided that there shall be Ten clear Days between the Time when such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or Utensil for distilling, shall have been found or used, or such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, shall have been found respectively, and the First Day of such Assize or Prefecting Term, and in case there shall not be Ten full clear Days then at the Assize or Prefecting Term next but one after the laying of such Information as aforesaid) to give Evidence, if necessary, in support of such Information; and such Justice shall give Notice of such Information, directed to, and the said Notice shall be served upon, any Two Inhabitants, being Householders of the Parish (or of such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil, shall be found or used, as the Case may be, or of such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings shall be found, in any extra-parochial Place, then such Notice shall be directed to and served on Two such Inhabitants of the Township, Manor, or Lordship), in which it shall appear by such Information that the Place is situate, where any such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil shall have been found or used, or any such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, shall have been found, Seven Days at the least previous to the Commencement Day of such Assize, or First Day of such Prefecting Term; and such Justice shall, at or before such Assize or Prefecting Term, deliver to the Clerk of the Crown all such Informations to make before him, and such Clerk of the Crown shall lay the same before the Court at the said respective Assize or Prefecting Term; and it shall and may be lawful for any Person liable to pay any Grand Jury Case in such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship respectively, to appear at such Assize or Prefecting Term, and to offer to controvert the Fact of finding such Still, Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil, or such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, or a case where the Charge is the Information is for using a Still or Worn, or other Utensil for distilling Spirits, to controvert the Fact that such Still or Worn, or other Utensil, had been used for any of the Purposes of Distillation in such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, or the Fact that any such Still or other Utensil was used, or that the Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, mentioned in any such Information, is the Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, or L. which when the Place is situate, where such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or Utensil was found or used, or wherein any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, was or were found, or to offer to prove that any such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, found within such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, was or were collusively left or brought there for the Purpose of charging such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, with the Penalty by this Act imposed; or that such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings were found in the Possession of a licensed Distiller or his licensed Distillery or Stems thereto belonging, or that the same was or were mixed with Hops in Quantity sufficient to make the same into Beer, Ale, or Porter, or that Hops were used in the same in like Quantity, for the Purpose of the same being brewed into Beer, Ale, or Porter; and whenever any such Person shall so appear, and offer to controvert or to prove the Facts aforesaid, or any of them, it shall be lawful for the Court at the said Assize or Prefecting Term, except as hereinafter provided, and such Court is hereby required to try the Fact or Facts so offered to be controverted or proved, in the same Manner as the Verdict in any Plea of a Grand Jury in or might be tried; and upon the said Trial, and upon all Proceedings, and upon any Enquiry touching the Matter in such Information contained, the Person having given such Information as aforesaid, and any Collector or Person employed by or under him in the laying or collecting of any G and Jury Cases in the Parish or County of a Town or City within which the Place shall be situate, where any Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or any Worn or other Utensil for distilling, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings may have been found; and any Churchwardens of any Parish in which such Place shall be situate, or of any Parish contiguous thereto, shall be a competent Witness and Witnesses; and upon such Trial the Jurisdiction of such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, as the Case may be, shall be capable to give in a Jury; and if no such Person shall appear at such Assize or Prefecting Term to controvert or prove the Facts as aforesaid, or if a Verdict shall be given agreeable to the Information as made to such Justice of the Peace, such Court shall fine such Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship, in the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall direct the Treasurer of the County, County of a Town, or City, to file his Warrant for levying the said Sum of Fifty Pounds off the Parish, Township, Manor, or Lordship respectively, in which it shall appear by such Information that the Place is situate where such Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or such Worn or other Utensil, or such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, was or were found, or was or

On Information
to a Justice of
Peace of any
unlawful Still,
or any Wash,
Pot Ale, or
Low Wines, or
Singlings, or
the Possession of a
licensed Distiller
or Brewer, or
not making use
Hops, a Justice
shall give
Notice, &c.
and upon the
Information to
the Assize,
where the Still
shall be found,
a Jury of just
men shall be
sworn, &c.
to try the Fact,
&c. or Wash,
&c. or Singlings,
&c. or found or
used.

Witness, &c.
Witness.

C. 17. 1807.
 C. 17. 1807.
 C. 17. 1807.
 C. 17. 1807.
 C. 17. 1807.

XXIV. And it is further enacted, That within Forty Days from the Day wherein any such Fine shall have been imposed, such Appointments shall be delivered to the Collector or other Officer appointed to collect the Public Cuts, signed by Five or more of the Justices appointing the same, signed or sealed with their hands before a Magistrate, which Affidavit any Magistrate is hereby empowered to administer, and which shall be to the Effect following (that is to say) that such Appointments are hereinafter to be made, hold under the Provisions of this Act, and that every Person who has failed to take, or to the best of their Belief and Judgment liable to the Payment of Great Jury Cuts in such Parishes, Towns, or Manors, and that such Appointments to levy and respectively made to the best of their Skill and Judgment upon the Whole or such Part of the said Parishes, Towns, or Manors, or Lordships, as are comprised within such Appointments; and thereupon every such Collector or other Person shall levy the Amount of such Cuts, agreeably to such Appointments, upon the Persons, and in the Amount upon each Person respectively named therein, by Distress and Sale of the Goods of every such Person refusing or neglecting to pay; and in case any such Appointments shall be so made and delivered within Forty Days as aforesaid, such Collector or other Person shall not be liable to be removed to levy the Penalty or Fines aforesaid as aforesaid, off the Whole of such Parishes, Towns, or Manors, or of such Part of the said Parishes, Towns, or Manors, or Lordships, as is therein within the County, the Treasurer whereof shall have the Warrant, in like Manner and with like Powers, Authorities, and Remedies, in case of Non-payment thereof, or of any Part thereof, as are provided by Law, in respect to any Money to be levied under any Provisions of a Great Jury.

These Appointments
 of Cuts, the
 Time to be
 made, &c.
 in the
 several Parishes.

Where Parishes,
 Towns or more
 Counties, the
 Part included in
 the Appointments
 to be made, shall be
 the whole of the
 same.

It is enacted
 that the
 Collector
 of the Cuts,
 or other
 Officer,
 shall be
 liable to
 be removed
 by the
 Justices.

XXV. And in order to avoid all Doubts and Inconveniences in Cases where a Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships shall be inclosed in Two or more Counties; it is further enacted, That such Part of any Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, as is inclosed within the County, County of a Town or City, whosoever any Fine shall be imposed, shall be deemed and considered as the Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, made liable to Fines in respect of any unlawful Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or Warm or other Utensil for distilling, or for used therein, or in respect of any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singings found therein, and proceeded against under the Provisions of this Act.

XXVI. And in order to reimburse the several Inhabitants or Landholders in any Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, upon or by whom any Penalty shall have been levied or paid, by virtue of any Warrant issued by any Treasurer as aforesaid, in respect of any unlawful Still, or Part of a Still or Appendage to a Still, or any Warm or other Utensil, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singings, so found as aforesaid; it is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any one Inhabitant or Landholder in any Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, who shall have paid any such Penalty or any Part thereof, to proceed by Civil Bill on Behalf of the whole Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, at any Time within Three Years from the Time when any such Penalty was paid, against the Person or Persons who was or were the Owner or Owners of the unlawful Still or Part of a Still or Appendage to a Still, or Warm or other Utensil, or Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singings, on Account of which any such Penalty was levied or paid, or against the Person or Persons who made use of the same, or against the Person or Persons in whose Tenement the same was situated for the Recovery of the whole of the Money so paid by the Inhabitants or Landholders of such Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, or against the Person or Persons, who shall first proceed in Manner aforesaid for the Recovery of such Money, shall recover the Amount of the Penalty or Money so paid by such Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, in the same Manner as any Debt or Demand in ordinary Cases recoverable by Civil Bill may be recovered and levied, together with full Costs; and the Money so recovered shall be paid to the Person suing for the same, and shall be by him applied in Reparation and among himself and the other Landholders and Inhabitants of such Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, in the same and Proportions paid by them respectively on account of such Penalty, in such Manner as the Judge of Assize, Recorder, Chairman, or Assistant Barister before whom such Recovery shall be had, shall order and direct: Provided always, that no Sum of Money shall be recovered in Manner aforesaid on behalf of any Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, by more than one Petition, on account of one and the same Penalty, to be levied on any such Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, and that if more Petitions than one shall proceed by Civil Bill, on account of one and the same Penalty, the Recorder, Chairman, or Assistant Barister, or Judge of Assize, shall divide the Bill of every Petition so proceeding, except that of the Person who shall have first proceeded in Manner aforesaid, on account of such Penalty.

Penalty on
 Still or other
 Utensil for
 distilling
 or for used
 therein, or
 in respect of
 any Wash,
 Pot Ale,
 Low Wines,
 or Singings.

XXVII. And it is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Offences, in brewing or bringing in or into any Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, any unlawful Still or Part of a Still or Appendage to a Still, or any Warm or other Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singings, whereby such Parish, Town, or Manors, or Lordships, shall be or become liable to the Payment of any such Penalties, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Two Pounds; and if such Person shall be an Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Inland Customs and Taxes, such Person shall, upon Conviction for such Offence, be, and is hereby declared and rendered incapable of holding any Office or Employment whatsoever, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or under any Authority derived from His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

It is enacted
 that the
 Collector
 of the Cuts,
 or other
 Officer,
 shall be
 liable to
 be removed
 by the
 Justices.

XXVIII. And it is further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Subsidies, Provisions, Provisions, Penalties, and Modes of Recovery thereof, provided, enacted, and contained in the Statute in the first Year of the said King's Majesty, and therein, with respect to any Still or Still allowed to be licensed under the Statute in the first Year of the said King's Majesty, and with respect to the Wash, Pot Ale, Singings, Low Wines, or Spirits found as aforesaid, and by any such Distiller or other Person, and with respect to any Charges of Duty imposed by the said Statute on any Still or Still, and with respect to the Distiller or Person keeping or using any such Still,

Sells, and with respect to said Manufacture Taxes whatsoever relating to such Still or Stills, or to such Still or Stills, or to such Furnaces or any of the same, shall be applied and put, in Practice with respect to any Still or Stills or Furnaces used under this Act, and with respect to any Still or other Furnace, licensed to keep or use any Still or Still under this Act, and to such Charges and Expenses as any such Still or other Furnace, as fully as if such Still or Stills or other Furnace were subject to the said Excise, Rates, Regulations, Returns, Penalties, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as if all the said Excise, Rates, Regulations, Returns, Penalties, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act; and that every Still or other Furnace shall be licensed to keep or use any Still or Stills made in this Act, shall be obliged and chargeable and liable in all Respects to the Payment of all Taxes, and the Observation of all Regulations, and shall be subject to all such Returns, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as in the first recited Act and this Act, are expressed, mentioned, and contained; and that the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as One Act in all Intentions and Purposes whatsoever, in so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said recited Act is amended and altered by this Act.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended, or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament,

Act may be amended.

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to provide for the Decrease and Suspension, in certain Cases, of Part of the Countervailing Duties on *British* Refined Sugar imported into *Ireland*. [18 August 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's [His Majesty's] Reign, for granting certain Duties and Drawbacks on Tea, Sugar, and the Lead High Treasurers, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, or any Two or more of them, in certain Cases, the Payment of Part of the Duty on Raw Sugar imported into *Ireland*; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the said Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, and they are hereby required from Time to Time to make Order, that from the Commencement of any such Suspension of Duty, and during the Continuance thereof, the several Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of *Great Britain* imported into *Ireland*, for forth in the Schedule to the said recited Act enacted, shall be decreased, and also that the Equivalent Drawback on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, exported from thence to *Great Britain*, shall be decreased in the following Proportions; (that is to say.) For every Shilling is the Hundred Weight of such Duty as any Raw Sugar, so imported, the Countervailing Duty and the Equivalent Drawback on every Hundred Weight of Sugar called Barbadoes, whole or ground, shall be decreased by the Sum of One Shilling; and the Countervailing Duty and Equivalent Drawback on every Hundred Weight of Refined Sugar called Lump or Sugar Candy Brown, shall be decreased by the Sum of One Shilling and Ten Pence Halfpenny; and the Countervailing Duty and Equivalent Drawback on every Hundred Weight of Refined Sugar called Single Leaf, shall be decreased by the Sum of Two Shillings; and the Countervailing Duty and Equivalent Drawback on every Hundred Weight of Refined Sugar, called Powder Leaf, or Double Leaf, or Sugar Candy White, and of any Refined Sugar, of any other Sort not herein before specified, shall be decreased by the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Three Farthings.

In case of Suspension of Part of Duty on Raw Sugar imported into *Ireland*, the Countervailing Duties on *British* Refined Sugars imported into *Ireland*, and also the Equivalent Drawback on *British* Refined Sugar exported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, shall be decreased in the Proportions herein mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, in like Manner, from Time to Time to make Order for the Suspension of the Payment of so much of the said Countervailing Duties and Equivalent Drawbacks respectively, as shall be so decreased in Manner aforesaid, and for continuing such Suspension, and for altering the Amount of such Decrease, and for taking off such Suspension, and for renewing the same, in like Manner, and at the same Time and Times as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury are, by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year, empowered to suspend the Payment of any Part of the Duty on any Raw Sugar; and every Order for such Suspension, and also for every Alteration or Termination of any such Suspension, shall be published in the Public Gazette, at such Days and Times as the Suspension of any Part of the said Duty on any Raw Sugar, or any Alteration or Termination of such Suspension, is by the said last recited Act directed to be published, and at such other Days and Times as the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, shall think fit; and such Suspension of Countervailing Duty and Equivalent Drawback shall be subject and liable to such other Rules and Regulations as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall from Time to Time direct and appoint.

Payment of so much of the said Countervailing Duties as are so decreased shall be suspended accordingly.

• Commissioners of Customs empowered to repay to Importers of Refined Sugar since 24th July 1806, certain Proportions of the Countervailing Duties paid by such Importers, viz. 2s. per Cwt. on Barbadoes; 2s. 7d. on Lump; 6s. on Single Leaf; and 6s. 3d. on Double Leaf, &c. in Consideration of the Suspension of 2s. per Cwt. on Raw Sugar during that Time. 4 p.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, and to amend, Two Acts made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, to regulate the Trade of Rectifying Spirits. [18 August 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's [His Majesty's] Reign, entitled, *An Act to regulate the Trade of Rectifying Spirits, and to prevent the Sale of the same by Retailers of Spirits*: And Whereas an Act was made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty's [His Majesty's] Reign, entitled, *An Act to amend the Trade of Rectifying Spirits*: And Whereas the said Acts are now in full Force, and it is expedient that the same should be continued, until the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, and that the said Acts should be amended, in so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

18 G. 3. (1)
18 G. 3. (2)
18 G. 3. (3)
18 G. 3.

Perkins or Persons in Ireland, who shall be licensed under the Provisions of this Act to keep a Still or Stills for compounding Spirits, shall use any Still or Stills in the making or distilling of any Spirit, wine or Brandy, or of other Foreign Spirits, or in the distilling of any Beer Spirits, for the Purpose of rectifying the same for Sale, within a certain Compass, every such Person so licensed shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and any License so granted, or any such Person so licensed, shall be void by force, and a benefit shall not be received, sold or sold, as all Licenses and Permits whatsoever; and all Compo- and Spirits whatever, either distilled or excepted Spirits in process of manufacturing, or manufactured in Factories of Foreign Distilleries or of other Foreign Spirits, which shall be found in the Stock of any Person licensed under the Provisions of this Act to keep or use any Still or Stills to rectify any Spirits, and all Rectified Spirits, and all such Spirits made or extracted of Brandy, or of other Foreign Spirits, which shall be found in the Stock of any Person so licensed to keep or use any Still or Stills for compounding of Spirits, and other like such Spirits, shall have been retained by such Compounder of Spirits for the Purpose of being compounded by him, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise or Customs in Ireland.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of the Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Year, for regulating the Trade of Rectifying Spirits, and all Clauses, Provisions, Rules, and Regulations, Conditions, and Performances, therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to all and every Person and Persons who shall be licensed under the Provisions of this Act to keep or use any Still or Stills for the rectifying of Spirituous Strong Waters, and to all and every Person and Persons who shall be licensed to keep or use any Still or Stills for the compounding of Spirits and Strong Waters respectively, in each Member and such Licenses had been separate and distinct, in Matters directed by this Act, at the Time of the passing of the said recited Acts of the Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Years aforesaid, and all the Clauses, Provisions, Rules, and Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, in the said recited Acts or this Act contained, shall be applied and put in Execution as to such Persons so licensed respectively in Manner directed by this Act; and the said recited Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, in far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said recited Acts are construed by this Act.

C A P. XX.

An Act to enable His Majesty to appoint the Chancellor of the Exchequer, for the Time being in Ireland, One of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer in England, without Salary.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled, *An Act for the better regulating the Trade of Rectifying Spirits and Brandy, and of the Rectification of the Crown of Great Britain in the Principal Lines*; And Whereas it is therein enacted, that, in order to prevent for the future the great Number of Commissioners to be appointed or constituted for the executing of any Office, that no greater Number of Commissioners shall be made or constituted for the Execution of any Office than had been employed in the Execution of such respective Office at some Time, before the first Day of the said then Parliament; And Whereas the Union of Great Britain and Ireland has rendered necessary a constant intercourse and Communication between the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in England and Ireland respectively, and great Advantage would be derived in the public Service if the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, for the Time being, were allowed to sit and act as a Lord Commissioner of His Majesty's Treasury in England; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, for the Time being, to be One of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in England, and to sit and act as such, with and in Addition to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, in England, without Salary, receiving, or being entitled to any Salary or Profit for the Execution of the said Office of One of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in England; any Thing in the said recited Act of Parliament of her Majesty Queen Anne contained, to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, when so nominated and appointed a Lord Commissioner of the Treasury in England, shall be, and he is hereby received with all such and the like Powers, Authorities, and Privileges, as now are or may hereafter be possessed, used, or exercised by any other Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, under any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws.

III. And be it enacted and declared, That the said Appointment of the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, to be a Lord Commissioner of the Treasury in England, shall not be deemed or taken to be an Appointment to a new Office or Place of Profit under the Crown; and that the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland for the Time being, in being One of the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, shall not thereby be obliged from sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons, nor shall he thereby be rendered incapable of being elected a Member of the House of Commons, nor shall the Appointment of such Chancellor of the Exchequer to be such Lord Commissioner, make void his Election, nor shall any new Writ issue for a new Election in consequence of the Acceptance of such Appointment, any Thing in the said recited Act, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

to the said Commissioners and Trustees, the Whole or any Part of the Same or Same to repair, as the Certificate and Copy of the Security, and in like Manner as a heretofore aforesaid; and in and from Time to Time as often as any Sum or Sums shall be so repaid, so long as any Part of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or of any Repayment made on account thereof, shall remain not to be supplied by the said Commissioners and Trustees to the Purposes of the said recited Act, and the several Acts.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also of the Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, an Act of the Queen Consort for the Time being. [All dated 1803.]

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also of the Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, and of the Queen Consort for the Time being*, it was among other Things enacted, that divers Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and likewise a Right of the Crown, which, in the Hands of any of His Majesty's Subjects, would be chargeable with certain Trusts, or applicable to certain Purposes, and His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, might be distressed that the same should be applied accordingly, notwithstanding any Right which He or they might have to hold the same discharged from such Trusts, or without applying the same to such Purposes; but that, by reason of the Provisions contained in the Act of the Fifth Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, and the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, Doubts might be raised whether His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, could direct such Applications thereof; and that divers Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as well Freehold as Copyhold, had likewise and might likewise to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for Want of Heirs of the Persons last aforesaid be vested therein, or by reason of force of Forfeiture or otherwise, although not intended for Trusts or Purposes; and that it was expedient to enable His Majesty to direct the Execution of any such Trusts or Purposes as aforesaid, and to make any Grants of any such Mansors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as aforesaid, notwithstanding the Provisions contained in the said recited Acts; and it was therefore, in and by the said last recited Act, enacted, That it should be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under his or their Sign Manual, to direct the Execution of any Trusts or Purposes to which any Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, which had either been or should either be to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, should have been liable at the Time the same so either directed respectively, or would have been liable in the Hands of any of His Majesty's Subjects; and to make any Grants of such Mansors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments respectively, to any Trustee or Trustees or otherwise, for the Execution of such Trusts, and to make any Grants of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments which had either been or should either be aforesaid to any Person or Persons, either for the Purpose of restoring the same to any of the Family of the Person or Persons whose Estates the same had been, or of rewarding any Person or Persons making Discovery of any such Estate, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, should seem fit; And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Powers given by the said last recited Act extended to Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, which have or may come to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Right of His Duchy of Lancaster, or by reason that the same had been purchased by or for the Use of, or in trust for any Abbot or Abbess, and whether the same extend to enable His Majesty to grant any Rents or Arrents of Rent accrued or to become due in respect of any Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, before any Grant thereof under the said Act: And it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases in which His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, both or shall, in Right of His Crown or of His Duchy of Lancaster, become entitled to any Freehold or Copyhold Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, either by Estate for want of Heirs, or by reason of any Forfeiture, or by reason that the same had been purchased by or for the Use of or in trust for any Abbot or Abbess, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His or their Sign Manual, or under the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of Lancaster, according to the Nature of the Title to such Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments respectively, to direct the Execution of any Trusts or Purposes to which the same may have been directed to be applied, and to make Grants of such Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any Rents or Arrents then due and in Arrear to His Majesty in respect thereof respectively, to any Trustee or Trustees, or otherwise, for the Execution of any such Trusts or Purposes, or to any Person or Persons for the Purpose of restoring the same to any of the Family of the Person or Persons whose Estates the same had been, or of carrying into Effect any intended Grant, Conveyance, or Devise of any such Person or Persons in relation thereto, or of rewarding any Person or Persons making Discovery of any such Estate, or of His Majesty's Right and Title therein, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, shall seem fit; any Thing in the said recited Acts, or any other Act heretofore made, to the contrary notwithstanding.

26, 26 G 3
C. 11

His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors may direct the Execution of any Trusts to which Lands which in trust by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or by reason of the Duchy of Lancaster, or by reason that the same had been purchased by or for the Use of or in trust for any Abbot or Abbess, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His or their Sign Manual, or under the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of Lancaster, according to the Nature of the Title to such Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments respectively, to direct the Execution of any Trusts or Purposes to which the same may have been directed to be applied, and to make Grants of such Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any Rents or Arrents then due and in Arrear to His Majesty in respect thereof respectively, to any Trustee or Trustees, or otherwise, for the Execution of any such Trusts or Purposes, or to any Person or Persons for the Purpose of restoring the same to any of the Family of the Person or Persons whose Estates the same had been, or of carrying into Effect any intended Grant, Conveyance, or Devise of any such Person or Persons in relation thereto, or of rewarding any Person or Persons making Discovery of any such Estate, or of His Majesty's Right and Title therein, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, shall seem fit; any Thing in the said recited Acts, or any other Act heretofore made, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXV.

AN Act for the more convenient Payment of Half Pay and Pensions, and other Allowances to Officers and Widows of Officers, and to Persons upon the Compassionate List. [11 August 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the reign of His Majesty, entitled, *An Act for making better Provisions for Widows: And Whereas it would greatly tend to the Comfort and Amusement of Officers who have served in any of His Majesty's Troops, and Widows of Officers of the Army, entitled to Pensions; and also to Persons receiving any Share of Money on the Compassionate List, and also of other Persons receiving any Pension Allowance, or under the Control, Direction, or Management of the Secretary at War, by reason of having served in His Majesty's Army, or in any of His Forces, or in any of His Majesty's Ships, or in any of His Majesty's Services, if all such Payments were made to such Persons in the Places or Places of their Residence, or in any other Place as may be, in like Manner as Pensions and Allowances are paid to Persons who have served in His Majesty's Navy; and that for this Purpose the Powers of the said recited Act should be extended to all such Persons as far as the same are applicable; and that the Secretary at War, and Paymasters General of His Majesty's Forces for the Time being should be authorized and empowered from Time to Time to make Rules and Regulations for that Purpose: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and seven, it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War and Paymasters General of His Majesty's Forces for the Time being, to order and direct that all such Pay, Pensions, and Allowances, to w^{ch} any Officers or Persons who have served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or in any Forces which have been or may hereafter be engaged in His Majesty's Service, or any Widows of any such Officers, or any Persons receiving any Allowance or Pension on the Compassionate List, or any Pension, Allowance, or Relief, in respect of any Military Service, shall be paid such Pay, Pension, Allowance, or Relief, at or near to the Places or Places of their Residence in any Part of His Majesty's Kingdoms, or in foreign Parts, by any Person appointed by the Secretary at War or Paymasters General of His Majesty's Forces to pay the same, under such Rules and Regulations, and upon such Certificates, Vouchers, or Receipts as may from Time to Time be established by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or Receipts as may from Time to Time be established by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or Receipts as may from Time to Time be established by the Secretary at War and Paymasters General of His Majesty's Forces for the Time being from Time to Time for that Purpose.*

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be lawful for the Secretary at War and Paymasters General for the Time being to make such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time to alter the same in relation to the Payment of any such Pay, Pension, Allowance, or Relief to any such Persons as is entitled thereto as aforesaid, and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts, or Orders for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments, and to require such Proofs and Affidavits relating thereto as may be requisite for the ordering and issuing the Payment of such Pay, Pension, Allowance, and Relief: Provided always, that every such Order, or Regulation may, from Time to Time be revoked or altered by any Warrant, Order, or Instruction under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, or any Three or more of them, to order and direct that any such Pay, Pension, Allowance, and Relief, so due as aforesaid, for the Payment whereof Money shall have been voted by Parliament, shall be paid by any Receiver General of the Land Tax, or Collector of the Customs in Scotland, or any Collector of Duties of Customs or Excise, or any Collector of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, out of any Public Money in their Hands respectively; and that the Vouchers and Receipts for the Payments of such Money shall be taken as Cash in all Accounts and in Part of the Duties collected by such Receivers General or Collectors respectively; and all such Sums of Money so advanced under any such Rule or Regulation for any such Payment, shall be repaid to the Account of the Exchequer out of which the same shall have been paid, in such Manner as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, or any Three or more of them shall think fit.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Affidavits, Vouchers, Orders, Certificates, Receipts, or Returns whatsoever, which shall be given or made by any Person entitled to any such Pay, Pension, Allowance, or Relief, aforesaid, for, upon, or in respect of any such Pay, Pension, Allowance or Relief, shall be absolutely null and void to all Intents and Purposes.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Sum or Sums of Money to be paid under the Provisions of this Act shall be fully and completely paid to the Person to whom the same shall be respectively due or made payable, without any Deduction or Allowance, or any Fee or Reward whatever, either by any Person whatsoever, although Part thereof may be in Possession of the said Person (whosoever), and every Person detaining or withholding any Part thereof under Pretence of former Process or Usage of Office, or upon or under any Process whatsoever, or taking any Fee or Reward for any Payment, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit, by or in Behalf of the said Person, or his Executors or Administrators, at His Majesty's Command, to be recovered as in and by the Statute in that behalf made, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulating the Wager of Law, or more the Use of Oaths, shall be observed; One Half of which said Sums shall go to the Person injured, and the other Half to the Person who shall sue for the same.*

VI And

5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100

219 547 of Mals, Timber or Boards, Plank, Ties, Rafts, Hemp, or Flax, as shall be specified in any such Order or Comod, to be imported from any Country or Place whatever, in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State's Army with His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, on any Bearer whatever: That the said Acts, made and passed in the Tenth and the Thirtieth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, or either of them, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to bring Evergreen Bills, on the Credit of such Ash, or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [18 Aug 1807]

" Treasury may offer Evergreen Bills, agreeably to the provisions under said Act, &c. [U. K. 1807] —
" Int. not recouring. 4d per Cwt. per Dow. Bills may be received for Loans after Four Months from the Date, &c. — Bank authorized to advance Money in L. under the Act 40.
[In the same Form as 47 G. 3. (U. K. 1807)]

C A P. XXIX.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [18 Aug 1807]

[In all respects the same as 46 G. 3. 19; contain mutanda]

C A P. XXX.

An Act to amend several Laws of Great Britain, relating to the Duties on Salt, Soap, Paper, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Spirits, and Glass; and for restoring Securities in certain Cases. [18 Aug 1807]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act to amend the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to amend the Duties in this Act," a Duty of Two Shillings is imposed for every Bushel of Salt & 4 Ribs Salt made in any Salt Work, or mined or taken out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit in that Part of Great Britain called England; and a Duty of Four Shillings is by the said Act also imposed for every Bushel of brine or Rock Salt that shall be used in any Salt Work, or mined or taken out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit in Scotland; and by the said Act an Allowance is directed to be made of Two Shillings for every Bushel of Salt of English Manufacture, used, employed, spent, and consumed by any Bleacher of Linen or Cotton in that Part of Great Britain called England, in the making of Oxgalled or Oxgalled Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, deducting at the Rate of Seven and a Half per Centum in consequence of the Increase in the Weight of the Salt by the Measure of the Air; and an Allowance of Two Shillings is by the said Act also directed to be made for every Bushel of Salt used, employed, spent, and consumed by any Bleacher of Linen or Cotton in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in the making of Oxgalled or Oxgalled Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, deducting at the Rate of Seven and a Half per Centum in consequence of the Increase in the Weight of the Salt by the Measure of the Air; And Whereas by another Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled, "An Act for granting additional Duties on Salt in Great Britain, an additional Duty of Five Shillings is imposed for and upon every Bushel of Salt or Rock Salt, made in any Salt Work, or mined or taken out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit in England, and weighed, taken, or delivered for Home Consumption; and a Duty of Two Shillings is also by the said Act imposed for and upon every Bushel of Salt or Rock Salt, mined or taken out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit in Scotland, and weighed, taken, or delivered for Home Consumption; And Whereas it is expedient to make such further Allowances as are hereinafter mentioned, for and in respect of such Salt as shall be used, employed, spent, and consumed in Manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, there shall be made and allowed out of the Duties imposed by the said last mentioned Act, a further Allowance of Five Shillings for every Bushel of Salt of English Manufacture, which shall, on or after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, be used, employed, spent, and consumed by any Bleacher of Linen or Cotton in that Part of Great Britain called England, in the making of Oxgalled Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, deducting at the Rate of Seven and a Half per Centum in consequence of the Increase in the Weight of the Salt by the Measure of the Air; and a further Allowance of Two Shillings for every Bushel of Salt which shall, on or after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, be used, employed, spent, and consumed by any Bleacher of Linen or Cotton in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in the making of Oxgalled Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, deducting at the Rate of Seven and a Half per Centum, in consequence of the Increase in the Weight of the Salt by the Measure of the Air; such several further Allowances of Five Shillings and Two Shillings per Bushel respectively, to be made and allowed in like Manner, and under

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

From a Bill intituled, "An Act made in the Tenth Year of the said Majesty King George the Third, for the better Regulation of the Trade of English Sops in Great Britain, and for the better Regulation of the Duties on such Sops."

V. And it is enacted by this Act made in the Tenth Year of the said Majesty King George the Third, that if any Person, or Persons, shall, for the better Regulation of the Trade of English Sops in Great Britain, or for the better Regulation of the Duties on such Sops, make use of any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place for the making or keeping of Sops, or for the washing or cleansing any Old Tallow, Fat Ash, Lard, or other Materials proper to be made into Sops, or shall use any Copper, Kettle, Furnace, Pot, Chimney, Trough, or other Vessel, for the boiling or melting of Sops, without first giving Notice thereof, as in the said Act is mentioned, contrary to the true Meaning of the said Act, and also if any such Person, or Persons, shall, for every such Offence, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds; And if he or she or they shall, by Experience, less found sufficient, or shall be so to prevent or obstruct the private making of Sops, and it is therefore enacted, that he or she or they shall be so to prevent or obstruct the private making of Sops, and it is therefore enacted, that if any Maker or Makers of Sops shall, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, set up, alter, enlarge, or make use of any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place, for the making or keeping of Sops, or for the boiling or keeping any Old Tallow, Fat Ash, Lard, or other Materials proper to be made into Sops, or shall use any Copper, Kettle, Furnace, Pot, Chimney, Trough, or other Vessel, for the boiling or melting of Sops, without giving Notice thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such Case, the Offender therein, for every such Offence, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; Provided always, that no Person or Persons shall be prosecuted for the said Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, but he or she or they shall be prosecuted for the same Offence for the first received Penalty of Fifty Pounds; any Thing herein-before or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained in this Enactment is anywise notwithstanding.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

Printed by W. B. G. & Co. at the Office of the Printer, in Pall Mall, London.

VII. And it is further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, when any Officer or Officers of Excise shall discover that the making of Sops is carried on in any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place, or that no Notice as Writing shall have been given in the Office for the Duties on Sops sent in the Place where such Sops shall be made, and shall at the same Time discover to the Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Storehouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place whereof any such Notice as aforesaid shall have been given, and where the making of Sops shall be so discovered to be carried on, any Person or Persons knowingly aiding or any way concerned in carrying on the making of Sops in any such Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place whereof no such Notice as aforesaid shall have been given, every such Person or Persons so discovered shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above all Penalties and Forfeitures that the Proprietor or Maker of such Sops, or the Owner, Renter, Occupier or Possessor of such Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place, shall be liable to; and it shall be lawful for the Officer and Officers of Excise, and all other Persons acting in his or their Aid, to stop, arrest, and detain all and every the Person and Persons so discovered in such Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place whereof no such Notice as aforesaid shall have been given, and to convey the said Person or Persons before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, or Liberty respectively, whereof such Person or Persons shall be so discovered as aforesaid, and it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively on Complain of the Party, or on Proof, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to commit the Person or Persons so discovered as aforesaid, and the Person or Persons so committed shall immediately on such Complain pay the full Sum of Twenty Pounds into the Hands of the Officer who shall have conveyed such Offender before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, to be applied in Manner hereinafter directed; and on such Offender or Offenders refusing or neglecting to pay the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, the Justice or Justices so committing as aforesaid, shall by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seal, commit the Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction for the said County, Riding, Division, City, or Liberty respectively, there to sit or to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of Two Months, to be reckoned from the Day of such Complain; and the Person or Persons so committed shall not be discharged and he, she, or they shall not pay the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, or satisfy the Expressions of the said Two Months; and in case the Person or Persons so committed shall be so discovered in any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place whereof no such Notice as aforesaid shall have been given, and where the making of Sops shall be so carried on, aiding or otherwise concerned in carrying on the making of Sops, he, she, or they, for every such Offence, shall upon the like Complain forfeit and pay for each several Offence the Sum of Forty Pounds, and in default thereof shall be committed to the House of Correction in Manner aforesaid, there to remain for and during the Term of four Months, or until the full Sum of Twenty Pounds shall be paid.

VIII. And it is further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, all and every Oven or Renter or Owners or Renters of any House, Lathouse, or other Place, or any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Shop, Room, or other Place, for the making or keeping of Sops, or for the boiling or keeping any Old Tallow, Fat Ash, Lard, or other Materials proper to be made into Sops, or any Copper, Kettle, Furnace, Pot, Chimney, Trough, or other Vessel for the boiling or melting of Sops, shall, with the Permission, Allowance, Privity, or Knowledge of such Owner or Renter, Owners or Renters, be arrested, set up, or made use of, without first giving Notice thereof as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; And this Act and every other Provision therein contained shall extend unto the House, Out-house, or other Place to which any Bolting-hulk, Workhouse, Warehouse,

Standards, Sleep, Reem, or other Place for the making or keeping of Sops, within the boiling or Leaping any Oil, Tallow, Fat, Ash, Linn, or other Matter, proper to be made into Sops, in any Cuppes, Kettle, Frypan, Pot, Churn, Trough, or other Vessel for the boiling or making of Sops, and hereunto, let us, or made use of, without first giving such Notice thereof as aforesaid, as or shall be hereunto directed, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

X. And Whereas the Provisions made by the Laws now in force relating to the Form and Construction of Sops, are not sufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it is therefore expedient to make such further Provisions in respect thereof as are hereafter mentioned; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, no Miler or Makers of Hand Sops shall, for the cleaning or putting his, her, or their Sops (whether perfect or not perfect) into, when taken out of the Copper or other Utensil where the same was boiled, make use of any Trasse, the Sides and End of each and every of the Lifts whereof shall not be permanently fastened and nailed, or permanently dove-tailed and nailed together, nor make use of any Frame of a less Depth or Height than that of Forty-five Inches, nor shall cleaned or put his, her, or their Sops, when taken out of the Copper or other Utensil where the same shall have been boiled, into any Trasse in any less Quantity than to the Depth in each Frame of Forty-five Inches at the least; and if any Maker or Makers of Hand Sops shall for the Purpose aforesaid make use of any Frame the Sides and Ends of each and every of the Lifts whereof shall not be permanently fastened and nailed, or permanently dove-tailed and nailed together, or make use of any Frame of a less Depth or Height than that of Forty-five Inches, or shall cleanse or put his, her, or their Sops when taken out of the Copper or other Utensil where the same shall have been boiled into any Frame in any less Quantity than to the Depth in each Frame of Forty-five Inches at the least, all and every Maker and Makers of Hand Sops so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always, that every such Maker and Makers of Hand Sops shall be at Liberty to cleanse and put into One such Sops Trasse as aforesaid before aforesaid to be used, the Holder of any making of Sops which shall exceed after filing his, her, or their other Sops Frame or Frames to the Depth of Forty-five Inches at the least, though such Holder of Sops should be of any less Quantity than sufficient to fill such One Sops Frame to the Depth of Forty-five Inches.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Sops shall, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, cleanse or take, or begin to cleanse or take, his, her, or their Sops, from or out of any Copper, Pan, or other Utensil, by him, her, or them, used for the boiling or making of Sops, at any other Time than between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon; and every Maker or Makers of Sops, having begun to cleanse, or take his, her, or their Sops from or out of any Copper, Pan, or other Utensil, by him, her, or them used, for the boiling or making of Sops, shall, within the Space of Four Hours, from the Time of his, her, or their having begun, cleanse and take the Whole of his, her, or their Sops, from or out of such Copper, Pan, or other Utensil, by him, her, or them used, for the boiling or making of Sops, at any other Time than between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon, or having begun to cleanse, or take his, her, or their Sops, from or out of any Copper, Pan, or other Utensil, by him, her, or them used, for the boiling or making of Sops, shall not within the Space of Four Hours from the Time of his, her, or their having begun, cleanse and take the Whole of his, her, or their Sops, from or out of such Copper, Pan, or other Utensil; each Maker or Makers of Sops, so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, when and so often as any Maker or Makers of Hand Sops, shall have cleaned his, her, or their Sops, into any Frame or Frames, whereas respectively such Sops shall be of the Depth of Fifty Inches or under, all and every such Maker and Makers of Sops shall, within One hundred and twenty Hours after such Sops shall have been so cleaned into such Frame or Frames, cut or divide such Sops into Cakes or Bars, and remove the same and every Part thereof, from and out of such Frame or Frames; and if any Maker or Makers of Hand Sops shall have cleaned his, her, or their Sops into any Frame or Frames wherein respectively such Sops shall be of the Depth of Fifty Inches, all and every Maker and Makers of Sops shall, within One hundred and sixty-eight Hours after such Sops shall have been so cleaned into such Frame or Frames, cut or divide such Sops into Cakes or Bars, and remove the same and every Part thereof, from and out of such Frame or Frames; and if any Maker or Makers of Hand Sops shall have cleaned his, her, or their Sops into any Frame or Frames wherein respectively such Sops shall be of the Depth of Fifty Inches or under, and shall not, within One hundred and twenty Hours after such Sops shall have been so cleaned into such Frame or Frames, cut or divide such Sops into Cakes or Bars, and remove the same and every Part thereof, from and out of such Frame or Frames; or if any Maker or Makers of Hand Sops shall have cleaned his, her, or their Sops into any Frame or Frames wherein respectively such Sops shall be of the Depth of Fifty Inches, and shall not, within One hundred and sixty-eight Hours after such Sops shall have been so cleaned into such Frame or Frames, cut or divide such Sops into Cakes or Bars, and remove the same, and every Part thereof, from and out of such Frame or Frames, every such Maker or Makers of Sops shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIII. And Whereas it is expedient that so much of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend the Laws of England, in force in relation to Provisions for Provisions,* as is contained in the Statute in the Wrappers of Papers, and in the printing *Enforceability of Provisions,* as was made for repeating so much of another Act therein mentioned to have been passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as is recited in the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His said Majesty's

Hand Sops
of less than
sixteen Sops
Frames where
Sides and Ends
shall not be
permanently
fastened together
and which shall
be less than 45
Inches in Depth
Penalty 25^s.

Makers of Sops
shall cleanse
Copper only
between 7 and 6
Clock
Penalty 50^s.

Penalty on Sops
Makers
cutting up their
Sops into Cakes
or Bars within a
certain Time,
20^s.

45 G. 3. c. 31
54

Table by the said Duties on Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Foreign Colony or Plantation, shall not be liable to be taken by Law: And Whereas, by another Act made in the Tenth and third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, a Statute, *an Act for the better securing the Growth of Coffee and Cocoa Nut in His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, against other Colonies and Certificates* are acquired to be made and produced (with some) Colonies are allowed to be put on board any Ship or Vessel in any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, and before the Closing of such Ship or Vessel, and upon the Importation into Great Britain of such Cocoa Nuts from any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America: And Whereas it is expressed that the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively shall be authorized and empowered to permit, in Matters herein-after mentioned, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, and Rum or Spirits, imported into Great Britain from any British Colony or Plantation in America, to be entered, on Payment of such Duty or Duties of Excise, as are imposed by Law, for or in respect of Coffee, Cocoa Nut, and Rum or Spirits respectively, of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, though such Affidavits or Certificates are produced as if by warrant: But it is therein enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, if any Bill or Cocoa Nuts, Rum or Spirits, shall be imported into Great Britain from any British Colony or Plantation in America, without such Affidavit or Certificate, or Affidavits or Certificates, as is by Law in that behalf required, being made or produced, and it shall be made to appear, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or the major Part of them respectively, that such Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Rum or Spirits, were or were not and truly the Growth and Produce of a British Colony or Plantation in America, and was or was not imported as aforesaid, without such Affidavit or Certificate, or Affidavits or Certificates, *also* allowed without any Invention of Fraud; then and as every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said respective Commissioners, or the major Part of them respectively, to permit the said Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Rum or Spirits respectively to be entered, upon Payment of such Duty or Duties of Excise as the Law would have been liable to if such Affidavit or Certificate, or Affidavits or Certificates, respectively had been regularly made and produced, any Thing in the said recited Acts or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, among other Things, *for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Glass*, it is enacted among other Things enacted, that all and every the Officers of the said Duties shall at all Times, by Day or by Night, be permitted, upon his or their Request, to enter in the Workshops, Warehouses, or other Places or Places, for making or preparing of Glass, belonging to or used by any Person who shall be a Maker or Makers of any Glass whatsoever, and to weigh or otherwise take an Account of the just Quantity of the Metal and Materials mixed and prepared for the making of Glass before the same be put into such Pot or Pots, or the said Act is that the said Officers, or such as they shall respectively appoint to receive the same, leaving a true Copy (if demanded) in Writing under his or their Hand, with or for such Maker or Makers of Glass respectively, and such Return or Report of the said Officer or Officers, whether made from the Weight of the Metal and Materials so mixed and prepared before the same shall be put into the Pot or Pots, or from the Account so taken in the Pots, shall be a Charge upon such Maker or Makers of Glass respectively: And Whereas, it has ever since the passing of the said Act been the usual Practice of the Officers of Excise to take such Account of the Quantity of such Metal and Materials after the same has been put into such Pot or Pots according to the following Method, that is to say, to gauge and ascertain the Dimensions of every such Pot, before the same has been fit in the Furnace, and therefrom to calculate the Quantity of Metal or Materials which every such Pot is capable of containing, at every Inch, Half Inch, Quarter of an Inch, and other Fractions of an Inch, and to ascertain the Weight or Quantity of the Metal and Materials at any Time contained in such Pot, for the making of Crown or any other Species of Glass, by gauging or measuring the dry Inches, or weight of said unoccupied Space or Distance between the Top, Rim, Edge, or Lip of such Pot in the Furnace, and the Surface of the Fluid, Metal, or Materials in such Pot, and deducting the Quantity of Metal or Materials which this Space denoted by such dry Inches, or the said and unoccupied Part of such Pot appears, in such regular Gauging or Calculation capable of containing, from the Quantity of Metal or Materials which is according to such regular Gauge and Calculation, the whole Pot is denoted to be capable of containing: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Method is warranted by Law: Now, to obviate and remove all such Doubts, be it enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Quantity of the Metal and Materials mixed and prepared for the making of Glass, at any Time before the same has been put into any such Pot or Pots, shall be ascertained and taken to be, such as the force of the said Method be denoted to be, and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return or Report in Writing, to the respective Commissioners of Excise in Great Britain, or such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint to receive the same; and such Return or Report of the said Officer or Officers of Excise shall be a Charge upon such Maker or Makers of Glass, any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, *entitled, An Act for regulating the Duties of Excise on Stalks of Malting or Malting, and on Spirits* is enacted, that the said Act shall be void, in so far as it relates to Malting or Malting, in so far as it relates to Spirits, and for granting and allowing other Duties in lieu thereof, and for better joining the Duties on Spirits

Commissioners of Excise may in certain Cases admit Coffees, Cocoa Nuts, Rum, or Spirits to every a Pot or Plantation in America, though no Affidavits or Certificates, &c.

§ 2. c. 11. § 4.

The Quantity of Glass Materials in the Pots in the Furnace shall be ascertained by the dry Inch as herein stated.

§ 2. c. 11. § 4.

4 *Spits and on Mail*; it is amongst other Things provided and enacted, that all Licences to make, distil, rectify, or compound Spits in the Lowlands of Scotland, and also all Licences to make or distil Spits in the Highlands of Scotland, shall commence and take effect from the Fifth Day of October in each Year; And Whereas it is expedient after the Time at which such Licences shall respectively commence as aforesaid, that it be so thereafter, that all and every Licence or Licences which shall be granted from and after the passing of this Act, to make, distil, rectify, or compound Spits in the Lowlands of Scotland for the Consumption of Scotland, or to make or distil Spits in the Highlands of Scotland for the Consumption of the said Highlands, shall commence and take effect from the Fifth Day of November in each Year; and that each and every such Licence shall be and remain in force and effect for One Year, from such Fifth Day of November and no longer; any Thing to the contrary in any Act or Acts in that behalf made notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That each and every such Licence shall in all other Respects be and remain in all Manner and Form limited by the said recited Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Goods or Commodities whatsoever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horfes, Cattle, or Carriages, shall be seized as aforesaid, by virtue or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Revenue of Excise, it shall and may be lawful for and for the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or the major Part of them respectively, as Evidence given to their Satisfaction that the Forfeiture shall without any Delay or Interruption of Fraud in the Proprietor or Proprietors, Claimant or Claimants, and Persons or Persons having the Custody, Care, or Management, for the Time being, of such Goods, Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horfes, Cattle, or Carriages, to order the same to be returned to such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, or such Movers and or such Terms and Conditions as, under the Circumstances of the Case, shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; and if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, shall comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by such Commissioners respectively, it shall not be lawful for such Goods, Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horfes, Cattle, or Carriages, to be proceeded against in any Manner for the Contempts thereof; but if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, shall not comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners respectively, such Goods, Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horfes, Cattle, or Carriages, may and shall be proceeded against for the Contempts thereof as if this Law had not been made; Provided always, that if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, respectively, shall not, nor shall any of them here or hereafter be entitled to any Remission or Damage on Account of the Seizure or Detention of such Goods, Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horfes, Cattle, or Carriages.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, lawfully imposed and not otherwise directed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, leased, or mitigated by such Ways, Means, or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, may be lawfully recovered, leased, or mitigated by any Law or Laws of England, or by Act(s) of Parliament, or otherwise, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in England respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover, or sue for the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, which, is or are by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for taking away the Grant of Wards and Liveries, and Treasures in Capite, and by King(s) Service, and Parityance, and for taking a Revenue upon His Majesty's late Majesty, or by any other Law now in force, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided and established for managing, raising, levying, collecting, mitigating or recovering, adjusting or allowing the Duties thereby granted, or any of them, other than such Cases for which other Penalties or Provisions are made and provided by this Act, shall be repealed, void, and put in Execution, in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repealed and re-enacted in this present Act.*

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant-Majors of the Militia of England, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [18. May 1807.]

[See 48 G. 3. c. 64. in which this Act is further amended &c.]

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while disembodied. [18. May 1807.]

[See 48 G. 3. c. 65. in which this Act is further amended &c.]

C A P.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to continue until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of the Public Officers in the Military Departments therein mentioned. [18 Aug^o 1807.] 45 G. 3. c. 40.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to make the Port of *Mytilene*, in the Island of *Caragea*, a Free Port. [18 Aug^o 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandises into and from certain Parts in the West Indies*; And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of *Mytilene* in the Island of *Caragea* in the *West Indies*; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, such Goods and Commodities as by the said Act may be imported into, and exported from the Port of *Mytilene* in the Island of *Caragea* in the *West Indies*, in the like Ships and Vessels, under such Duties, Regulations, Refrains, and Conditions, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures for Breach thereof, as are contained, defined, and provided in the said Act. [18 Aug^o 1807.] 45 G. 3. c. 39.

Like Goods may be imported into and exported from *Mytilene* in *Caragea* in all Ships &c. in Tonnage.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and for extending the Times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eight; and to permit such Persons in *Great Britain* as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indemnities of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the Fifth Day of *July* Term One thousand eight hundred and eight. [18 Aug^o 1807.]

[See 44 G. 3. c. 7. and References there.]

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to enable the Trustees of the *British Museum* to exchange, sell, or dispose of such Parts of the Collections, and under such Restrictions as are therein specified. [18 Aug^o 1807.]

WHEREAS amongst the several Collections and Additions thereto, which from Time to Time have been and may be placed in the *British Museum*, there are and hereafter may happen to be some Articles which are unfit to be preserved therein; and it would be beneficial for the said Institution that the Trustees thereof should have Power to select and dispose of such Articles either by way of Exchange or Sale, so that such Articles or the Produce thereof be applied in obtaining other Things which may be wanting in or proper for the said Museum; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Trustees and their Successors, or any Seven or more of them (the Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Lord Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or Lord Keeper, and the Speaker of the House of Commons for the Time being respectively, or any Two of them, being of the Number), present at any Meeting specially assembled for that Purpose, in order that any Articles in the said Museum which they then judge to be unfit to be preserved therein, shall be exchanged for Manuscripts, Books, Medals, Coins, Statues, or other Things now kept in the said Institution, and the Nature of the Institution, or to send the same to be sold or disposed of, and the Money so arising by such Sale to be laid out in the Purchase of Manuscripts, Books, Medals, Coins, Statues, or other Things which may be wanting in or proper for the said Museum; any former Act of Parliament, or any other Matter to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. [18 Aug^o 1807.]

Trustees, in a special Meeting, may order any Articles in the British Museum to be exchanged, or sold for the Purposes of the Museum.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for altering and amending several Laws relating to the Duties of Excise upon Malt. [18 Aug^o 1807.] 45 G. 3. c. 41.

C A P.

C A P. XXXVIII.

AN Act for permitting, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and from thence, to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Importation of certain enumerated Articles into the *West-India Colonies*, to the Continent of *North America*, into the United States of *America*, and the Exportation of other enumerated Articles from the said Colonies, to the said States. [8th April 1807.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force, no Goods or Commodities may be imported into or exported from any of the Territories of His Majesty in North America, but in *British-built Ships*; and whereas and enjoin'd in, according to Law, no any Goods or Commodities be imported from any of the Territories belonging to the United States of America into the Provinces of *New South Wales* or *Van Diemen's Land*; and whereas the Importation of certain Articles, the Produce of those Two Provinces might be permitted in *American-built Ships*, at a Port to be appointed for that Purpose, and under certain Limitations and Restrictions to be thereunto enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, as in the said Act is more fully expressed; That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any *British-built Ship* or Vessel bound and engaged according to Law, to any Port or Vessel belonging to any of the Colonies of the United States of America, to report from the said United States of America, into such Port, to be lawfully appointed for that Purpose by His Majesty, within the Province of *New South Wales* or *Van Diemen's Land*, the following Articles, to-wit, *Sailing Vessels, Stores, Heading Boards, Shingles, Hoops, or squared Timber of any Sort, Hides, New Castles, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, or Live Stock of any Sort, Bread, Biscuits, Flour, Peas, Beans, Potatoes, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Barley, or Grain of any Sort, all Fish, Tallow, and Turpentine*, being the Produce or Manufacture of the said United States, and no other Articles whatsoever, and it shall and may be lawful in any such Ship or Vessel to export from the said Port, to be appointed for that Purpose, in the said United States, any *Cyffers, Good Staves, or other Produce (except Ship Timber)* or Manufacture of the said Province, and also any Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the *West-India*, any Thing in the said Act, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

It Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Ship or Vessel shall be admitted in an Entry, nor shall any such *Sailing Vessels, Stores, Heading Boards, Shingles, Hoops, or squared Timber of any Sort, Hides, New Castles, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, or Live Stock of any Sort, Bread, Biscuits, Flour, Peas, Beans, Potatoes, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Barley, or Grain of any Sort, Pitch, Tar, or Turpentine*, be permitted to be landed, and no such Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to be admitted in an Entry at the said Port, nor shall any other Articles than *Cyffers or Good Staves, or other Produce (except Ship Timber)* or Manufacture of the said Province, or any Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the *West-India*.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to make such Rules and Regulations for the Importation and Exportation of Goods and Commodities as aforesaid at the said Port, with such Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, as shall seem fit and necessary to His Majesty, by and with the Advice aforesaid.

“Continuance of Act [in Title] § 4.”

C A P. XXXIX.

AN Act for more effectually charging Public Accountants with Interest upon Balances; and for other Purposes relating to the paying of Public Accounts. [8th April 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was made and passed in the Thirty-sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for more effectually charging Public Accountants with the Payment of Interest*; and for allowing Interest in some certain Cases, and for compelling the Payment of Balances due from them; by which Act certain Provisions were made for charging Public Accountants, who have been concerned in the Receipt of the Revenue, with Interest upon Balances appearing to have remained in their Hands at the Discretion of their Service, and also for charging other Public Accountants with Interest upon Balances remaining in their Hands at the Time of the making of their Accounts; And whereas it is just and equitable that Persons who have innocently and successfully remained in their Hands large Balances of Public Money should in certain Cases be charged with Interest upon such Balances; but no Power is given by the said Act to charge such Persons with Interest, except in the Cases which are particularly specified in the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases in which it shall appear, upon the Examination or Audit of Public Accounts, that Balances of Public Money have innocently and successfully remained in the Hands of the Accountant, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and all other Officers who shall be charged with the Duty of examining and finally paying such Accounts, and they are hereby authorized, in all Cases in which it shall appear to them to be just and equitable, to charge such Accountants with Interest upon the Whole or any Part of the said Balances, for such Period of Time just, and not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, as they shall deem reasonable, although it shall appear that such Accountants were not indebted at the Time or in the Manner mentioned and specified in the said Act: And that the said Officers and Persons named in the Title or in the Matter mentioned and specified in the said Act shall be liable to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are therein contained in the said Act: And that the said Act shall extend to the contrary aforesaid Provisions.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, upon the 1st of January next, shall take place after the passing of this Act, that the Accountant General, and the Comptroller of the Household, together with the Clerk of the Treasury, and the Comptroller of the Exchequer, shall be sworn before the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, at their Office, to make annual Returns in the Account of such Accounts, in the Manner as shall be directed by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, upon such Returns, for each Period, as shall be directed by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, not exceeding Six Months, as they shall direct, and as follows.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, who are or may be charged with the Duty of examining and finally settling any of the Accounts, shall and they are lawfully required, in all Cases in which they shall charge Public Officers, or any other Person, with a Deficiency or Waste in the Account of such Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, to give, or to cause to be given, by the said Officers, or any other Person, a Notice in Writing to be delivered forthwith to the account of the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, in the Office of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the accounting Party or his Representative or Representative, shall be convicted of any Charge for Interest made by the said Commissioners or other Public Officers, being the Examination of his Account, he shall be liable for his or their within Six Months from the Date of such Conviction, to the Notice in Writing to be given, to apply for Relief against the Whole or any Part of such Charge, for Interest, by Motion in a Summary way to the Baron of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster; who shall upon such Application call before them as well the said Commissioners or other Public Officers, or some Person on their Behalf, as the accounting Party, and shall cause Notice thereof to be sent to His Majesty's Attorney General, who shall be sworn what shall be alleged by the different Parties, shall send such Orders thereto as the Justice of the Case shall require; and the several Officers and Persons whose Duty it shall be to make up the said Accounts, shall govern themselves accordingly.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Charges of Interest, which shall be made by virtue of the present Act, shall have the same force and effect as if the same had been made under the Authority of the several Acts of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and shall be subject to the same Appointments and Control of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and all other proper Officers, shall observe the same Course of Proceeding, with respect to all Charges of Interest to be made under the Authority of the present Act, as if such Charge had been made under the Authority of the said Acts of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, except so far as such Course of Proceeding is in any Manner affected or varied by the present Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Account which shall be directed to be delivered into the Office for auditing the Public Accounts, may be settled before any One of the Commissioners for auditing the said Accounts.

VII. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether Parts of the Returns, having been returned with the required Part of Public Money, are bound to settle their Accounts upon such Part, before they deliver the same into the Office of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts; be it therefore enacted, That in all such Cases, they shall be bound to settle their Accounts upon the whole of the same, and that they shall not be required to settle their Accounts upon any Part, until they have settled the whole of their Accounts upon the Office of the said Commissioners.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Officer of Public Expence may be lawfully convicted by a Jury, it shall be competent for the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts to return a Certificate of such Offence, and to certify the same to the Court of Sessions, provided such Deputy shall in respect of the said Offence have been proved to be innocent.

IX. And whereas great Delay and Inconvenience have arisen and may arise, from regarding Public Accounts in all Cases to be they settled prior to the return of a Bill, be it therefore enacted, That the said Officers for auditing the Public Accounts, may be lawfully empowered, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, in all Cases in which they shall be empowered to be lawfully convicted for the said Offence, to return a Certificate of such Offence, and to certify the same to the Court of Sessions, provided such Deputy shall in respect of the said Offence have been proved to be innocent.

X. And whereas it is enacted, That the said Officers for auditing the Public Accounts, shall be sworn before the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, to make annual Returns in the Account of such Accounts, in the Manner as shall be directed by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, upon such Returns, for each Period, as shall be directed by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, not exceeding Six Months, as they shall direct, and as follows.

C. 39. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, who are or may be charged with the Duty of examining and finally settling any of the Accounts, shall and they are lawfully required, in all Cases in which they shall charge Public Officers, or any other Person, with a Deficiency or Waste in the Account of such Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, to give, or to cause to be given, by the said Officers, or any other Person, a Notice in Writing to be delivered forthwith to the account of the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, in the Office of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid, together with a Copy of the same, to be delivered to the said Officers, or any other Person, as aforesaid.

* L. 1797

* with the Vouchers, in the said Time [to be] within Three Calendar Months after the said Time; but it is expressly
 * provided by the said Act, that the Delivery of such Accounts and Vouchers is not to be made to the Accountant
 * General before such other Accounts applicable to the Service of each Year as may be required by the Comptrol-
 * ler and Officer of Office, which last mentioned Account is directed by the said Act to be delivered within Three
 * Calendar Months after the Date of the last Receipt or Payment to be included therein; And Whereas it may
 * be convenient and useful in certain Cases that the Commissioners, Constituting the Public Accounts should be
 * enabled to extend the Period fixed for the Delivery of the aforesaid Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements
 * or Cash Accounts, or to dispense altogether with those Accounts in Cases where the complete Service Account
 * may be rendered within a reasonable Time; be it therefore enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the
 * Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts, that any Account or Accounts shall be owing, from the Nature of the
 * Service, or from Circumstances, not within his Control, and not in consequence of any Neglect on his Part,
 * to deliver his Account of Receipts and Disbursements, together with the Vouchers for such Receipts or Pay-
 * ments, within Three Calendar Months after the Thirty-first Day of December in any Year, or within Three
 * Calendar Months after any other Period of the Year to which such Account has been usually made up, it shall
 * and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon due Consideration of the Case, to grant the Accountant
 * General further Time as they may deem reasonable for the Delivery or Transmission of the said Account of
 * Receipts and Disbursements.

When the
 * Accountant
 * General is
 * empowered to
 * extend the Time
 * for delivering
 * his Accounts.

Commissioners
 * on any such Cases
 * may dispense
 * with the Deliv-
 * ery of Cash
 * Accounts.
 * [See Act of 3.
 * c. 144. § 2.]

XI. And be it also enacted, That in all Cases in which it shall appear to the said Commissioners that the
 * said Accounts above defined cannot be delivered into or transmitted to their Office within the Time prescribed
 * by the said Act, together with such Vouchers and Authorities as support thereof as will enable them to proceed
 * to the Examination and Audit of the said Account, and that the Service Account will be ready for Delivery or
 * Transmission within a reasonable Time to be by them fixed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners
 * in every such Case, to dispense with the Delivery or Transmission of the Cash Account required by the before-
 * mentioned Act.

C A P. XL.

An Act to alter the Practice of Courts of Equity, in Suits in which Members of Parliament are
 * Defendants. [8th August 1807.]

THAT Justice may be administered more equally in point of Expense, amongst His Majesty's Subjects,
 * be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 * Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 * same, That from and after the passing of this Act, when any Bill of Complaint or Information shall be exhibited
 * in any Court of Equity, against any Knight, Citizen, or Burgess, of the House of Commons, it shall not be
 * necessary to leave a Copy of the Bill or Informations with the Defendant, or at his House or Lodging, or left
 * Place of Abode, as it now stand practised; but it shall be lawful for the Petitioner or Petitioners exhibiting such
 * Bill or Informations to proceed, for want of Appearance or Answer, so frequently the Real and Personal Estate
 * of such Knight, Citizen, or Burgess of the House of Commons, although no Copy of the Bill or Informations
 * shall have been left with him, or at his House or Lodging, or left Place of Abode, in the same Manner as he
 * might before the passing of this Act have proceeded, after such Defendant had had a Copy of the Bill or
 * Informations delivered to him, or left at his House or Lodging, or left Place of Abode.

When any Bill
 * of Complaint or
 * Information is
 * exhibited in any
 * Court of Equity,
 * against any Knight,
 * Citizen, or Bur-
 * gess, of the House
 * of Commons, it
 * shall not be
 * necessary to leave
 * a Copy of the
 * Bill or Informa-
 * tions with the
 * Defendant, or at
 * his House or
 * Lodging, or left
 * Place of Abode,
 * as it now stand
 * practised; but it
 * shall be lawful
 * for the Petitioner
 * or Petitioners
 * exhibiting such
 * Bill or Informa-
 * tions to proceed,
 * for want of Ap-
 * pearance or An-
 * swer, so frequ-
 * ently the Real
 * and Personal Es-
 * tate of such
 * Knight, Citizen,
 * or Burgess of the
 * House of Com-
 * mons, although
 * no Copy of the
 * Bill or Informa-
 * tions shall have
 * been left with
 * him, or at his
 * House or Lodg-
 * ing, or left Place
 * of Abode, in the
 * same Manner as
 * he might before
 * the passing of
 * this Act have
 * proceeded, after
 * such Defendant
 * had had a Copy
 * of the Bill or
 * Informations
 * delivered to him,
 * or left at his
 * House or Lodg-
 * ing, or left Place
 * of Abode.

C A P. XLII.

An Act to enable the East India Company to raise Money upon Bond instead of increasing their
 * Capital Stock. [8th August 1807.]

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act, made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reiga,
 * intituled, *An Act for placing the Stock, called East India Annuities, under the Management of the
 * Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and increasing the same in Three Pounds per Centum
 * Reduced Annuities, in Redemption of a Debt of Four Millions Two hundred thousand Pounds, owing by the Public
 * to the East India Company; and for enabling the said Company to raise a Sum of Money by a further Increase of
 * their Capital Stock, to be applied in Discharge of certain Debt of the said Company; and by virtue of another
 * Act, made in the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reiga, intituled, *An Act to empower the East India
 * Company to continue a Bond Debt of Two Millions, and to increase the same by a further Sum as Circumstances may
 * require, the said Company are authorized and empowered to raise Money upon Bonds under their Common
 * Seal, and to continue a Bond Debt to the Amount of Three Millions of Pounds Sterling, and no more: And
 * Whereas by an Act, made in the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reiga, intituled, *An Act to enable
 * the East India Company to raise Money by further increasing their Capital Stock, and to extend the Privileges now
 * existing respecting the present Stock of the Company to the said increased Stock; the said United Company were
 * authorized and empowered to raise Money by enlarging their then present Capital Stock or Fund of Six
 * Millions of Pounds, to any Sum or Sums not exceeding the further Sum of Two Millions Capital Stock, so
 * that their whole Capital Stock should not exceed the Capital Sum of Eight Millions; but the said United
 * Company have not yet enlarged their Capital Stock under and by virtue of the Powers contained in the said
 * last mentioned Act; And Whereas it is expedient that the said Company should be permitted to increase their
 * Bond Debt by a further Sum, not exceeding Two Millions Sterling, so as that such sum may require, instead of
 * increasing their Capital Stock; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it
 * enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
 * Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it
 * shall***

§ 10. 2. c. 45.

§ 10. 2. c. 44.

§ 10. 2. c. 38.

under the Great Seal of Great Britain, of so much and such Part of all that Tract or District of Land, situate and being at Sierra Leone on the Coast of Africa, and commonly called or known by the Name or Designation of *The Peninsula of Sierra Leone*, as then already might have, or should thereafter, by any Grant, Purchase, or Concession from any of the Kings, Princes, or Chiefs, having Right, become vested in His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, with Power and Liberty to and for the said Company to purchase of and from all Kings, Princes, and Chiefs, or other Persons having Right to make Sale thereof, so much Land as should include the whole Tract or District so commonly called or known by the Name of *The Peninsula of Sierra Leone* as aforesaid, to hold the same to the said Company and their Assigns, upon such Terms, Conditions, and Restrictions, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, should judge expedient; and it was thereby further enacted, That the said Act should take place and have continuance from the First Day of July One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, for the Term of Thirty-one Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament. And Whereas by Letters Patent, bearing Date the Fifth Day of July in the Twenty-first Year of His Majesty's Reign, His Majesty, by virtue and in pursuance of the said Act, did give and grant unto the said Company, their Successors and Assigns, the aforesaid Tract and District of Land, with Liberty and Privilege to purchase Lands in addition thereto as aforesaid, all which Lands His Majesty, by the said Letters Patent did make, create, and constitute one independent and separate Colony, by the Name of *The Colony of Sierra Leone*, and did ordain, will, and establish, that the Court of Directors of the said Company should be for that Purpose enabled and might make, create, and declare Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances in and for the Government of the said Colony; and His Majesty did give and grant that there should be within the Term of Five Years one Body Politic and Corporate by the Name and Title of *The Mayor and Aldermen of Free Town*, with Power to hold a Court of Record, by the Name of *The Mayor's Court of Free Town*, and direct other Officers to and in the Administration of Justice, and in the Government of the said Colony, under the Superintendance and Control of the Court of Directors of the said Company. And Whereas the said Company, concerned of the Expediency of relinquishing the Government and Management of the said Colony, have expressed a Desire to make, and have humbly intreated His Majesty to accept a Surrender to His Majesty of all the Tract or District of Land granted to them by the said Letters Patent, or of so much of the said Colony as they should see cause to give up by Purchase or otherwise, in Addition to the said Lands so granted to the said Company; and they are further desirous that their Surrender as a Body Politic and Corporate should cease and determine within such Period of Time, as they think that His Majesty declared to and by the said Statute, as is directed by the said Company following for them to settle their Affairs; and His Majesty, in giving Effect to such intended Surrender, and in vesting the Dominion of the said Colony in His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Letters Patent and Grant, and every Matter, Clause and Thing therein contained, shall, and the same are hereby declared to be inoperative null and void; and the said Company shall be, and they are hereby directed to deal from all that Tract or District of Land commonly called and known by the Name or Designation of *The Peninsula of Sierra Leone*, and all Forts, Castles, Buildings, or Estates, which have been heretofore purchased or otherwise acquired by the said Company in addition thereto, or which now are purchased or claimed by the said Company in or about the said Peninsula and the said Tract or District of Land, and all Forts, Castles, Buildings, or Estates so purchased or otherwise acquired, possessed, enjoyed, or claimed by the said Company, shall hereafter be, and the same and every of them are and are hereby declared and enacted to be fully and absolutely vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for ever.

The Letters Patent granted by His Majesty, and the laws made with in His Majesty.

Since the Company shall determine as Seven Years.

Governors of the Colony shall be appointed and settled in His Majesty.

Nothing shall be done in the Colony of Sierra Leone prohibited.

II. And be it further enacted, That, at the Expiration of Seven Years from and after the passing of this Act, the said *Sierra Leone Company* shall cease to be a Body Politic and Corporate, to all Intents, Constitutions, and Purposes whatsoever; any Thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Difference shall arise respecting any Building or Buildings as aforesaid, whether the same is or are such as within the Meaning of this Act are to be surrendered by the said Company, and vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor that shall be appointed by His Majesty for the Government of the said Colony, or in his Absence for the Lieutenant Governor, and he is hereby authorized and required, after due Examination of the Matter, to determine whether any such Building or Buildings is or are to be surrendered and vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or to remain in the Possession of the said Company; and such Determination shall be final.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, inhabiting, or being, or who shall at any Time hereafter inhabit or be within the said Peninsula or Colony of *Sierra Leone*, either directly or indirectly to deal or traffick in, buy or sell, or to be aiding or assisting in the dealing or trafficking in the buying or selling of Slaves, either within the said Peninsula or elsewhere.

C A P. XLV.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant to Her Majesty the Queen a Capital Messuage called *Foggers*, and *Sierra* Lands and Hereditaments in the Parishes of *New Windsor* and *Old Windsor*, in the County of *Berk*, and a Piece of Land in *Wynshbery*, in the County of *Bucks*, for a Term of

Ninety-nine Years, if Her Majesty and the Princesses, Her Five younger Daughters, or any of them, shall be long live, for and in lieu of Her Majesty's present Terms and Interest therein; and also to make Exchanges.

[8th Aug. 1807.]

- * Recital of Letters Patent, dated December 14, 1786, granting *Frederic Douglass to R. Nevill Nevill Esq.*—
- * Letters Patent, dated February 5, 1791, granted to *S. Walker Esq. Great Freymare*.—Letters Patent, dated
- * Aug. 14, 1786, granting to *Ann Roberts Great Freymare*.—Letters Patent, dated December 15, 1786, granting
- * to *R. Nevill Nevill, Esq. Great Freymare*.—The Privileges contained in the recited Letters Patent have been
- * assigned in Trust for Her Majesty.—His Majesty assented, by Letters Patent, to Grant in Trust for Her
- * Majesty the Privileges contained in the recited Letters Patent, for 99 Years, viz. at a Rent of 20*l*. 1*2s*. 6*d*.
- * § 1.—All Estates and Interests of Her Majesty under the former Letters Patent shall come, &c. § 2.—His Majesty
- * was, by Letters Patent, given in Trust for Her Majesty, No. any Lands belonging to His Majesty in Right
- * of His Crown, convenient to be enjoyed with the Privileges above mentioned, in Exchange for any Part
- * of Prussia, granted under this Act, § 3, 4, 5.—In Payment of Exchange shall be enrolled in the Auditor's
- * Office for *Berlin*, § 6.—Money arising by such Exchange shall be paid into the Exchequer, and applied as
- * Issues of the Land Revenue of the Crown, § 7.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to repeal certain Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for insuring into the State of *Wendfor Forest*, in the County of *Berks*, and for determining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same; and to amend the said Act.

[8th Aug. 1807.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for insuring into the State of Wendfor Forest, and for determining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same: And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, That every Person having any Claims, Rights, or Privileges, in, through, or over the said Forest, or any Part thereof, who shall not deliver to the Commissioners under the said Act, within such Period as shall be prescribed by them, an Account in Writing of all such Claims, Rights, and Privileges, shall be barred and excluded therefrom; and that every Person who shall refuse to appear, or to produce any Records, Court Rolls, or Documents, called for or required by the Commissioners under the said Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings; and it is enacted, that the said Provision should be repealed; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said several Provisions in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, shall be and be the same are hereby repealed.*

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to call before them any Person or Persons to give Evidence, for the Purpose of the Enquiry directed by the said Act; and any Person being duly summoned, and refusing to appear or to be examined, without reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, to be recovered and applied as in the said Act directed: Provided always, that no Person so to be examined shall be compelled or compellable to answer to any Matter or Thing by which any Loss, Right, or Privilege, claimed by such Person so to be examined may be liable to be suspended: Provided also, that all Persons so summoned as Witnesses aforesaid, shall have such reasonable Allowance for their Expenses and Loss of Time (if of the Situation and Circumstances of the Person make such Allowance proper) as the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall in their Discretion think fit.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any One or more of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of the said Act shall depart this Life, or shall declare to act as a Commissioner, it shall be lawful for His Majesty from Time to Time to supply the Place of any Commissioner so dying or declaring to act, and for that Purpose to issue or cause to be issued, One or more new Commissions or Commissions under the Great Seal of the said United Kingdom, and thereby to appoint some other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for putting the said Act into Execution, in the Place of the Commissioner or Commissioners so dying or declaring to act as aforesaid, and the Person or Persons named in such new Commission or Commissions shall from thenceforth be Commissioner or Commissioners for that Purpose, and have the like Powers and Authorities as if he had been named as a Commissioner in the said Act.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act to grant certain Duties on Calicoes, Mullins, Cotton Yarn, and Cotton Twist, of the Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on their Importation into either Country from the other, according to the Regulations contained in the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

[8th Aug. 1807.]

WHEREAS by the Acts made in the Parliaments of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it is amongst other Things enacted, that Calicoes and Mullins of Manufacture of either Country, shall on their Importation into either Country from the other, be subject and liable to the Duties payable on the same at the Time of the passing of the said Acts, on the Importation thereof

Cc 2

from

20 G 3 c. 121,
§ 2, 3, repealed
in the Act
making Claims,
and finally an
entirely new
Duties.

Commissioners,
as yet not called
upon to issue
any Warrants
for calling on
relating to the
execution of
§ 1 to 100.

High-poly may
appear to be
called in 1807
on 10th Oct.

If said or more
be used by
publick Sub-
scriptions for an
Infirmary, Lev
Law must not
with Treasury
to add thereto as
expence, but,
not exceeding
1,000*l.* &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That if it shall happen within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act that in any County of a City or County of a Town in England any Sum of Money amounting to Five hundred Pounds at the least shall be raised and advanced by a Publick Subscription, or otherwise, for the Purpose of erecting, establishing, and maintaining a Publick Infirmary or Hospital in such County of a City or County of a Town; and such Sum of Money shall be deposited in the Hands of the Treasurer of the said County of a City or County of a Town, or in the Bank of England, in the Name of such Treasurers; it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of England for the Time being to order and direct the Lord High Treasurer or other Chief Governor or Governors of England for the Time being to order and direct the Lord High Treasurer of the said County of a City or Town, or into the said Bank in the Name of the said Treasurer, a Sum of Money equal in Amount to such Subscription be deposited, but not exceeding any Certain Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, to be paid and applied for the Purpose of erecting and establishing such Infirmary or Hospital, in such Sum and at such Times, and in such Manner and Proportions, and under such Rules, Regulations, Terms, and Conditions, and to make any such Provisions for Breach of such Rules, Regulations, Terms, and Conditions, as in such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of England for the Time being, shall from time to time be presenting the beneficial Purposes of this Act; and after any such Infirmary or Hospital shall be set for the Reception of Patients, the Grand Jury of the County of a City or County of a Town in which the same shall be erected and established, shall and may yearly present such Sum and Sum of Money as the Grand Jurors of Counties are by the said recited Act empowered and directed to present, to be applied in such Manner as in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts in force in England, is mentioned and directed with respect to the County Infirmary or Hospital in the said recited Act mentioned.

Deputy of
County Council
shall be Govern-
ors for Life,
and of Three
Years for Our
Year.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Donor of any Sum, not less than Twenty Guineas, to any Infirmary or Hospital to be erected and established under this Act in any County of a City or County of a Town in England, shall, from the Time of such Donation be one of the Governors or Governesses, and a Member of the Body Corporate or Corporation for such respective Infirmary or Hospital during Life; and every Person who shall subscribe and pay any Sum not less than Three Guineas, for the Use of such Infirmary or Hospital, shall be a Governor or Governess, and shall be a Member of the Body Corporate or Corporation for such respective Infirmary or Hospital, for One Year from the Day of the Payment of such Subscription.

Governors shall
be chosen at
General
Meetings.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such Donors and Subscribers be being Governors and Governesses of any such Infirmary or Hospital in any County of a City or County of a Town under this Act as aforesaid, shall, from Time to Time annually at such Time of the Year as shall be appointed for that Purpose, at a General Meeting of such Governors and Governesses, choose and elect from among themselves Twelve Persons, who, in Conjunction with the Archbishop of London for the Time being, the Lord High Chancellor of England for the Time being, and the Bishop of the Diocese and Refector and Vicar of each Parish within such County of a City or Town for the Time being, in which such Infirmary or Hospital shall be erected, shall be Directors of the Corporation for such respective Infirmary or Hospital for the Year next ensuing such Election; and such Directors shall for each Year have all such Powers and Authorities as and for the Management, Government, and Discipline of such Infirmary or Hospital in such City or Town respectively, as are given or refer'd in the Grant and Governesses of any Corporation for any Infirmary or Hospital under the said recited Act.

Professors
shall be chosen
and a Year.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Sum or Sums shall be professed by any Grand Jury under the Authority of this Act and the said recited Act, for the Support of any such Infirmary or Hospital, in any County of a City or County of a Town in England, exceeding the Amount of One hundred Pounds in any One Year; and that all Sums so professed shall be raised on such County of a City or County of a Town, by an Assessment or Rates according to the Valuation of the same, for the Payment of Moneyed Money, in such Manner as such Grand Jury shall from Time to Time order and direct.

All shall not
apply Infirmary
already
established, &c.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to, or alter the Mode of Assessment likewise in use for the Purposes of any Hospital or Infirmary established previous to the passing of this Act; nor to authenticate the establishing of any Hospital or Infirmary in any County of a City or Town wherein an Hospital or Infirmary shall have been established, previous to the passing of this Act.

Grand Jury may
proceed Amount
of Treasures, &c.
in Treasures
Bonds, to be
expended, as
Institutions.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any Sum of Money heretofore professed or hereafter to be professed to be raised in any County of a City or County of a Town in England for any Purpose whatsoever, shall not be expended agreeable to such Professions and accented for within the Time prescribed by Law, or within a reasonable Time after such Part or next shall have been made, or whenever any Sum may be made on any Professions, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of such County of a City or County of a Town, in respect of such Sum of Money then in the Treasurer's Hands, or the Amount of any such Sum, to be expended in the establishing and maintaining of any Infirmary or Hospital within the said County of a City or County of a Town respectively, over and above all such Sum or Sums as the said Grand Jury are by this Act or the said recited Act empowered and directed to present for such Infirmary or Hospital as aforesaid, and such Sum of Money so expended shall be expended in the establishing and maintaining such Infirmary or Hospital accordingly.

C A P. II.

31 G. 3. c. 107.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the British Fisheries. [Edw. 4th 1807.]

C A P.

- * I, A. B. do *swear* (or, *being one of the People called Quakers*, I, A. B. do solemnly affirm), that I am duly authorized by (C. D. or the *Capt may be*) to receive the Letter (or Letters) now shewed to be received to me or Behalf of the said (C. D. or the *Capt may be*); and that the said (C. D. or the *Capt may be*) did, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, write or sign, or send the same to the Post Office, and that the Name (or Names) falsified in Writing, printed, set, or affixed to such Letter (or Letters) was (or were), according to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, falsified, printed, set, or affixed by, or by the Authority of the said (C. D. or the *Capt may be*).
- * I, A. B. do *swear*, (or, *being one of the People called Quakers*, I, A. B. do solemnly affirm), that I did receive the Letter (or Letters) now applied for by me to be returned, and now produced and shewed unto me, from my Correspondent (or Correspondents), who resides (or reside) in Parts beyond the Sea, for the Purpose of being forwarded by me by the Post from London, according to the Direction of such Letter (or Letters); and that I did write or signify, or cause to be written or signified, upon such Letter (or Letters) the Words and Figures which now appear to be written or signified thereon, and that I did sign, or cause to be put, such Letter (or Letters) into the General Post Office in London, in order to be forwarded by the Post, according to the Direction of such Letter (or Letters).

V. And inasmuch as in the Execution of this *proviso* A. B. it may happen that some of the Persons who may apply for the Return of Letters may not be enabled to comply with the said Proviso hereby directed, and probably cannot take the Oath or Oaths in the said Form or Forms of Words hereby required to be taken, so which account the Post Master General cannot, under the Restrictions herein-before contained, return all the Letters which shall be applied for to be returned, notwithstanding that the Persons so applying may be well qualified to receive back such Letters, and that the true Intent and Meaning of the Act in that they should be enabled to recover them; for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That in any Case where such Difficulty shall occur, it shall and may be lawful to and for any One of His Majesty's Privy Councillors or Secretaries of State, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to direct, order, require, and authorize the Post Master General to open and return any such Letter or Letters for which Application shall be made to be returned, and which cannot be returned under the Form and Restrictions herein-before contained, upon such Petition or Petitions identifying the Letter or Letters, and making Oath as such Minister and Treasurers in such respective Warrant or Warrants shall be required and expressed; and the Post Master General is hereby empowered and required to execute, or cause to be executed, all such Orders and Directions, and to signified, or cause to be signified, such Oath and Oaths as shall in such respective Warrant or Warrants be expressed or contained; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And it is further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the Cases in which Oaths are required to be taken by virtue of this Act, or in any Case wherein an Oath or Oaths shall, by virtue of a Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal of such Principal Secretary of State be, authorized and required to be taken, every such Person so taking a false Oath shall be liable to the same Penalties to which he does are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

VII. And be it further enacted, any Law, Statute, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding, That neither the said Post Master General, nor any such Officer or Servant as aforesaid, shall be liable to any Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, or other Proceedings, or be liable to or incur any Penalty, Forfeiture, or Disqualification, for or by reason of any Act, Matter, or Thing done or forbore to be done by virtue and in the Authority of and according to this *proviso* A. B. or in the Execution of the same, or of the Authority hereby contained, or any of them, or in pursuance of the Direction and Authority of such Principal Secretary of State, to be given in manner herein-before expressed; but that all such Actions, Suits, Indictments, Informations, Proceedings, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disqualifications, shall be and are hereby absolutely discharged.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any Time or Times, be seized, convicted, or prosecuted for any Thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Credit, Matter, or Thing herein contained, such Person or Persons shall not may plead the General Issue, or any the Special Matter in Evidence for or to the Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Tittle Coils awarded to him or them against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall so fully or fraudulently obtain any Letters or Letters hereby authorized to be returned as aforesaid, or that shall or may be authorized to be returned under the Authority of a Warrant or Warrants of such Principal Secretary of State, by virtue of the Powers herein-before contained for that Purpose, containing any Bank Note, Bank Post Bill, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Letter of Credit, or any other Security or Instrument whatsoever, for the Payment of Money, every such Person so offending and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

X. And be it further enacted, That a Oath and may be lawful to and for any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to direct, order, require, and authorize the said Post Master General to open and return any Letter or Letters, for or without which, Application shall be made by or on Behalf of any Foreign Minister or Ambassador upon such Proof being made, with or without Oath, through Foreign Minister or Ambassadors do write, sign, or send to the Post, or cause to be written, signed, or sent to the Post, such Letters or Letters respectively; and upon such other Directions respecting the said Letter or Letters as shall be expressed in such Orders as I Direct, or as shall in such respective Warrant or Warrants be expressed or contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And

XI. * And Whereas it may happen that Letters directed to Places beyond the Seas, and which have been sent to the Foreign Posts from the said General Post Office, may be returned back for want of forwarding them with Safety to the Parties to whom they are directed; he it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Post Master General to open and return such last-mentioned Letters as shall have been returned, or to such Office may be returned to the said General Post Office, in such Manner and under the like Authorities, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Provisions, as the Letters herein-before described are directed to be returned; any Law, Statute, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Letters directed to Places beyond, and which have been returned, may be opened by the Postmaster General, and delivered up.

C A P. LIV.

An Act to prevent improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland. [13th August 1807.]

WHEREAS it has been found necessary to prevent improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland, and Provisions have been made for that Purpose by different Acts of Parliament: And Whereas the said Provisions enacted and determined from the Thirty-first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven; but it is expedient that the said Provisions should be amended and embodied into one Act of Parliament; he it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person in Ireland, who hath or shall have Arms in his or her Possession at the Time of the passing this Act, or at any Time before the Session of the Peace for their respective Counties, which shall be held next after the passing of this Act, and who shall not have registered the same according to the Provisions of an Act, made in Ireland in the Thirty-eighth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending an Act, passed in the Thirty-first Year of the said Majesty, intituled, 'An Act more effectually to suppress the Insurrections, and prevent the Disobedience of the Public Peace,'* shall, at the said Session of the Peace which shall be held next after the passing of this Act, for the County, Town, or City wherein they shall reside, respectively deliver, or cause to be delivered, in open Court, to the Justices then present, a written Notification, signed by him or her, specifying shewn the Place, Parish, Barony, or Township, in which he or she shall be then resident, or if in a County of a Town or City, the Parish, Township, or Street in which he or she keeps Arms, and the Place or Places where the same are usually kept, and the Number and Description of such Arms, accompanied by an Affidavit, sworn before some Justice of the Peace for such County, Town, or City, by the Person signing such Notification, that such Notification is true, and that he or she believes that he or she is by Law entitled to keep Arms, which Notification and Affidavit shall be read aloud in open Court; and the Justices then present, or the Majority of them, shall consider the Person delivering such Notification to be by Law entitled to keep Arms, and to be a fit and proper Person to keep Arms, they shall thereupon sign and deliver to such Person a License, authorizing such Person to keep Arms, and specifying therein, if they shall think fit, the Number and Description of Arms which such License is to authorize him or her to keep, and shall deliver such Notification, specifying as the Feet or Back thereof the Number and Description of Arms, if the same shall be specified in the License, to the sitting Clerk of the Peace, who shall register the same in Books (or in a Book, if in a County of a Town or City) One whereof to be kept for every Barony or Half Barony in the County, in Alphabetical Order, with the Names and Places of Abode of every Person making such Notification, according to their respective Baronies, or Half Baronies, where the Place of Abode shall be specified to be in a Barony, or Half Barony, for which no Fee or Reward whatsoever shall be received by such Clerk of the Peace; which Book shall be kept by such Clerk of the Peace at his Office, in the County, Town, or City, and shall at all convenient Times be open to the Inspection of any Justice of the Peace of such County, Town, or City, and from which every such Justice shall be at Liberty from Time to Time to make such Extracts as he shall deem fit: Provided always, that if the Majority of the Justices so assembled at the Session of the Peace, shall refuse to grant such License to any Person who is by Law entitled to keep Arms, the Person to whom such License is refused may appeal from the Decision of such Justices, if in the County of any City or Town, to the next Quarter Session of any County at large, adjoining to the County of such City or Town, and if in a County at large, then to the following Session of the same County.

II. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, upon an Application in Writing, signed by any Person for a License to keep Arms, specifying in like Manner his or her Residence, accompanied by an Affidavit, sworn by the Person signing the Application that he or she believes he or she is by Law entitled to keep Arms, to sign and deliver at any Session of the Peace to be held for the County, Town, or City, in which such Person resides, a License, authorizing such Person to keep Arms, specifying therein, if they shall think fit, the Number and Description of Arms which such License is to authorize him or her to keep; which Application, with the Number and Description of Arms required therein, if the same shall be specified in the License, shall be delivered by them to the sitting Clerk of the Peace, who is required to register the same in like Manner as a Notification, for which no Fee or Reward whatsoever shall be received by the Clerk of the Peace.

III. And he it further enacted, That whenever any Person who shall have obtained any License to keep Arms under this Act, shall during the Continuance of such License change his or her Place of Abode, such Person shall deliver a Certificate of such Change, specifying the Place to which such Person shall have removed, to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Town, or City, to which such Person was resident at the Time of granting such License; and such Certificate shall be registered in like Manner as the Notifications and Applications required by this Act.

Persons having Arms may send Applications under this Act to the Clerk of the Peace in any County, Town, or City, who shall be the Clerk of the Peace at the Session in March next ensuing, accompanied by an Affidavit.

Justices of the Peace are to send the License to the Clerk of the Peace.

Letters sent to the Clerk of the Peace.

Appeal by Person not licensed.

Persons may send Applications to the Clerk of the Peace for keeping Arms in Person making Application and Affidavit.

Persons licensed to keep Arms to send the Clerk of the Peace their Change of Residence.

be adjudged a Felony, and be transported for Seven Years: Provided always, that nothing therein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Person having or making such Weapons as aforesaid, in the Service or for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of any County, City, or Town in Ireland, within his Jurisdiction, where he shall have reasonable Ground of Suspicion, or for any Person duly authorized by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of Two Justices, (whom Warrant shall not be granted, except upon the Information upon Oath of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Weapons, to the best of his or their Knowledge or Belief, are in any House or Place,) to search for Pistols, Fire-Brands, Daggers, or Dicks, in any such House or Place; and if any such fact be proved, it shall and may be lawful for such Magistrate, or the Person so authorized, to seize, and carry away the same, to the Use of His Majesty; and the Person or Persons so whose Possession, Custody, or Keeping, such Weapons shall be found, being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall for the first Offence be imprisoned for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months, and for the Second and every other Offence shall be adjudged a Felony, and be transported for Seven Years; unless such Person or Persons that prove to the Satisfaction of the Court before which he, she, or they shall be tried for the said Offence, that such Weapon as aforesaid was in his, her, or their Custody or Keeping without his, her, or their Knowledge, Wilful, or Consent.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Magistrate or other Person shall seize or carry away any Arms or Weapons as aforesaid, such Magistrate or other Person shall with all convenient Dispatch transmit the same to One of His Majesty's Storekeepers, or to the Officer commanding the nearest Detachment of His Majesty's Troops, by him to be transmitted as aforesaid; and that in every Case such Magistrate or other Person as aforesaid shall, immediately after he or they shall have seized or carried away any Arms or Weapons as aforesaid, transmit to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or to his or their Chief Secretary, a written Account of the Number and Nature of such Arms or Weapons so, and of the Place where, and the Person from whom such Arms or Weapons were respectively seized.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all the Proceedings in this Act specified shall be null and void by Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace in and for the County in which such Offence shall be committed; and the Proceedings so to be void shall be in such Justices or Justice bound over to the Treasurer of the County in which such Arms are seized, to be applied to such Purposes as the Grand Jury at any ensuing Assizes shall think proper to prefer.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Search shall be made under this Act, by any Person authorized by any Warrant of any Justice of Peace under the Authority of this Act, the Justices of Peace authorizing and directing any Person or Persons to make such Search, shall make a true and faithful Return of the Name and Names of all and every Person or Persons so authorized to make such Search and their Quality and Demeanors, to the General Session of the Peace which shall be held next after such Search.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in Ireland, at each Assizes, and for the Grand Jury at each Prefecting Term for the County and County of the City of Dublin, and they are hereby respectively required, to prefer such Bills as be and shall be laid off the County as may be requisite or toward the Clerks of the Peace respectively for their Twelve in the Execution of this Act, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds at any one such Assizes or Prefecting Term.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Force from the passing thereof for Two Years, and from thence until the End of the third next Session of Parliament.

C A P. I V.

An Act for allowing a certain Proportion of the Militia in Ireland, voluntarily to enroll into His Majesty's Regular Forces.

(13th 1807)

His Majesty may appoint Regiments of the Regular Forces into which Militia Men may enlist § 1.—The Number of Men to be enlisted shall not exceed such Number of the Men then serving as will reduce the Regiment below Three-sixths of the respective Establishments: Where more than One Battalion the Chief Secretary shall signify to the Commanding Officers the Number to be enlisted out of each. § 2.—Commanding Officer shall ascertain the Number willing to enlist, and if it be Five-sixths of the Number allowed, no more shall be enlisted without Consent of Commanding Officer. § 3.—His Majesty may appoint Officers to approve or reject the Men, but none shall be rejected who are Five Feet Four Inches, and under Thirty-five Years of Age, unless disabled. § 4.—Men enlisting into the Regulars may transfer themselves to the Militia. § 5.—Commanding Officer of every Regiment, out of which the Proportion of Five-sixths shall not exist within Thirty Days, shall send His Majesty's Ord. r and shall explain the Terms of Enlistment, &c. § 6.—If the Number who shall then enlist shall not be the due Proportion, a Book shall be opened, and Men may within Ten Days enlist, &c. § 7.—After the Expiration of such Ten Days, &c. none shall be allowed to enlist without Special Leave of Commanding Officer for Three Months, &c. and then Three Days Voluntary; shall be allowed, and so at the End of the next Three Months: But none shall be allowed to volunteer after the End of Twelve Months after passing this Act. § 8.—As soon as the Number to be enlisted from any Regiment is ascertained, they shall be discharged. &c. § 9.—No Person in Commission shall be entitled to enlist until he shall have suffered the Sentence of a Court Martial &c. § 10.—Regimental Clerks, Drummers, and Musicians, shall not enlist without the Consent of the Commanding Officer. § 11.—Commanding Officer may order to discharge upon Certificate signed to the Officer of the District. § 12.—Men may enlist for a limited period of Service, or without any such Limitation. § 13.—Persons discharged or refusing to enlist, or not approved, shall continue to belong to their Regiments. § 14.—Act shall not authorize the enlisting or pro-

viding Letters Sent to or from any Prison

Justices may give Orders with the Lord Justice

Persons may be taken into Custody in the County of Dublin, &c.

Arms seized may be sold to the King's Use

Persons shall be liable by Statute and paid in County to assist

Justices shall receive without Fee, &c. of Persons employed on benches

Grand Jury may present Bills for Clerks of the Peace executing this Act

Continuance of Act

V. And he it further enacted, That whereas any such Orders shall be received for the enrolling and returning of any Volunteers under the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign or this Act, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to issue his or their Order or Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, requiring them to advance any such further Sum or Sums of Money as the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors may by such Order or Orders direct, and to pay to the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of the different Regiments or Detachments of Militia in Ireland, (to be applied in defraying the necessary Expence of procuring and enrolling such Volunteers) any further Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling, for every Private Man who may be from Time to Time so enrolled, over and above the Sum of Four Pounds and Four Shillings by the said recited Act and this Act authorized to be advanced on account of every such Man.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Volunteer under the said recited Act or this Act shall be entitled to or receive any Part of such further Sum, nor shall be entitled to or receive any greater or higher Bounty than is authorized by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

VII. And he it further enacted, That the several Colonels and Commanding Officers shall keep, or cause to be kept, true and regular Entries of the Names, Additions, Places of Residences, Arms, and other Descriptions of the Men whom they shall send under the Provisions of this Act, and the several Banns which they shall advance and pay to such Persons respectively, and shall transmit regular Copies of such Entries, certified by them respectively, as well as by the Adjutant and Paymaster or Clerk of the Regiment or Battalion respectively, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That the said Chief Secretary shall cause Copies of the said Returns of the Men so enrolled, and of all the Sums advanced to or for the procuring and enrolling of such Men respectively, to be transmitted to the several and respective Treasurers of the several Counties, Cities, and Counties of Towns in Ireland, Ten Days at least previous to the next ensuing General Assizes after such Expirations, or if the Treasury of the County and City of Dublin, within Fourteen Days previous to each Preferring Term, and the said several Treasurers shall, and they are hereby respectively required to lay the said Returns before the Judges of Assize on the Commencement Day of the Assizes, or, in the County and City of Dublin, before the Court of King's Bench, on the First Day of such Term, and before the respective Grand Juries for such Counties, or Counties of Cities, shall be sworn; and the said Judges, or the said Court [as the Case may be] shall and they are hereby required to give the same in Charge to the said Grand Juries, in order that the same be expounded may be presented and read of the said Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns respectively, and it shall be lawful for the said Grand Juries to raise the same either by Preceptment on the County, County of a City, or County of a Town at large, or by Preceptment on several Barons or Parishes, as may appear to them in such particular Case to be just and equitable; and the said respective Grand Juries are hereby authorized and required to make the said Preceptments accordingly, unless the Amount of the Sum, to be raised, shall appear to the said respective Grand Juries too large to be raised at one Assize within the respective Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns, in which Case it shall and may be lawful for the said several Grand Juries, by and with the Concurrence of the Judges at the said Assizes, or the said Court, to precept any Part of such Sum, not less than One Moiety thereof, at such Assizes or Term; and the Residue shall in like Manner be given in Charge, and professed by the Grand Jury of such County, or County of a City or Town, or Grand Jury of such respective Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns [as the Case may be] at the then next ensuing Assizes or Term; and it shall not be lawful to transfer any such Preceptment; and in case the Grand Jury of any County, or County of a City or Town, shall, after the Judges of the Court shall have given the same in Charge to them, omit, neglect, or refuse to perform the same, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Judges of Assize, or the Court, to order and direct the Treasurer of such County, or County of a City or Town, to add the whole Amount of such Sum to the Preceptments on the County at large, and to issue his Warrants for collecting the same, as if it had been professed to be raised on the County at large; and every Treasurer shall obey such Directions, and every Collector by him the said Sum conformable to the Warrant he shall so receive, and pay the same to the Treasurer of such County.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the several Treasurers of the respective Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns, as aforesaid, shall receive the said Sums, and pay the same to the Collector of His Majesty's Excise in such County, or County of a City or Town; or in case any County shall be divided into Two or more Districts, with Two or more Collectors, then to the Collector of that Part of such County in which the County Town is situate; and every such Collector or Collectors shall, and he is hereby required, to give a Receipt for all such Sums of Money which shall be so paid to him as aforesaid; and such Receipt shall be lodged among the Records of such County, and shall be a Discharge and Acquittance to such County for all such Sums as shall be so raised and enrolled as aforesaid.

X. And he it further enacted, That whenever Directions shall be given by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by any Order or Proclamation in Manner directed by this Act, that the Men required to be raised for the Purposes of this Act in any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, shall be procured by Ballot, the Numbers so directed to be raised shall be deemed and considered as Vacancies in the Militia of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, and shall be ballotted for, raised, and procured in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, as are directed with respect to the balloting or procuring Men to supply Vacancies in the Militia, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force relating to the Militia of Ireland; and that all Powers, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, contained in any Act or Acts in force relative to the Militia of Ireland, shall, as far as the

A further Sum of One Guinea per Man may be advanced under C. 56. s. 7. Expresses in following Manner

Volunteers shall be entitled to receive Part of such Grants.

Colonels and Commanding Officers shall be required to send a Copy of their Entries of the Names, Additions, Places of Residences, Arms, and other Descriptions of the Men whom they shall send under the Provisions of this Act, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being.

Chief Secretary shall cause Copies of the said Returns of the Men so enrolled, and of all the Sums advanced to or for the procuring and enrolling of such Men respectively, to be transmitted to the several and respective Treasurers of the several Counties, Cities, and Counties of Towns in Ireland, Ten Days at least previous to the next ensuing General Assizes after such Expirations, or if the Treasury of the County and City of Dublin, within Fourteen Days previous to each Preferring Term, and the said several Treasurers shall, and they are hereby respectively required to lay the said Returns before the Judges of Assize on the Commencement Day of the Assizes, or, in the County and City of Dublin, before the Court of King's Bench, on the First Day of such Term, and before the respective Grand Juries for such Counties, or Counties of Cities, shall be sworn; and the said Judges, or the said Court [as the Case may be] shall and they are hereby required to give the same in Charge to the said Grand Juries, in order that the same be expounded may be presented and read of the said Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns respectively, and it shall be lawful for the said Grand Juries to raise the same either by Preceptment on the County, County of a City, or County of a Town at large, or by Preceptment on several Barons or Parishes, as may appear to them in such particular Case to be just and equitable; and the said respective Grand Juries are hereby authorized and required to make the said Preceptments accordingly, unless the Amount of the Sum, to be raised, shall appear to the said respective Grand Juries too large to be raised at one Assize within the respective Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns, in which Case it shall and may be lawful for the said several Grand Juries, by and with the Concurrence of the Judges at the said Assizes, or the said Court, to precept any Part of such Sum, not less than One Moiety thereof, at such Assizes or Term; and the Residue shall in like Manner be given in Charge, and professed by the Grand Jury of such County, or County of a City or Town, or Grand Jury of such respective Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns [as the Case may be] at the then next ensuing Assizes or Term; and it shall not be lawful to transfer any such Preceptment; and in case the Grand Jury of any County, or County of a City or Town, shall, after the Judges of the Court shall have given the same in Charge to them, omit, neglect, or refuse to perform the same, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Judges of Assize, or the Court, to order and direct the Treasurer of such County, or County of a City or Town, to add the whole Amount of such Sum to the Preceptments on the County at large, and to issue his Warrants for collecting the same, as if it had been professed to be raised on the County at large; and every Treasurer shall obey such Directions, and every Collector by him the said Sum conformable to the Warrant he shall so receive, and pay the same to the Treasurer of such County.

Treasurers shall receive the said Sums, and pay the same to the Collector of His Majesty's Excise in such County, or County of a City or Town; or in case any County shall be divided into Two or more Districts, with Two or more Collectors, then to the Collector of that Part of such County in which the County Town is situate; and every such Collector or Collectors shall, and he is hereby required, to give a Receipt for all such Sums of Money which shall be so paid to him as aforesaid; and such Receipt shall be lodged among the Records of such County, and shall be a Discharge and Acquittance to such County for all such Sums as shall be so raised and enrolled as aforesaid.

If Men are required to be raised by Ballot, they shall be deemed and considered as Vacancies in the Militia of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, and shall be ballotted for, raised, and procured in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, as are directed with respect to the balloting or procuring Men to supply Vacancies in the Militia, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force relating to the Militia of Ireland; and that all Powers, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, contained in any Act or Acts in force relative to the Militia of Ireland, shall, as far as the

same are applicable, and can be applied for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, and so far as the same are not hereby altered, varied, or repealed, be applied for the Purpose of this Act, and in the Execution of the same, in as full and ample a Manner as if the said Powers, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were repeated and so enrolled as this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That a General Meeting of the Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors, or of Three Deputy Governors at the least, shall be held in each County in *England*, within Thirty Days after the passing of this Act, or as soon after as may be; and at each General Meeting the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, or each of them as shall be present at such Meeting, shall respectively appoint and divide every such County into such Subdivisions as they shall think most expedient for the Purpose of this Act; and shall appoint the Number of Men to be raised for and by every Parish or other Place within any such Subdivision, which Number so appointed shall be the Quota or Proportion that each of such Subdivisions, and each Parish or Place therein, shall respectively furnish towards the Number of Men required to be furnished by the County at large, under the Provisions of this Act; and each Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, shall from Time to Time appoint such other Days and Times for the carrying this Act into Execution as shall appear necessary and expedient to them, for the Purpose of applying the Powers of the several Acts relating to the Militia in *England* to the Execution of this Act, and all such Powers shall be applied and carried into Execution accordingly.

XII. And, in order to facilitate the raising the necessary Number of Men with all convenient Speed, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *England*, in such Cases as he may think fit, to direct that the Inhabitants of any Parish in *England*, at a Vestry Meeting held for that Purpose, of which Three Days publick Notice shall be given, specifying the Cause of calling such Meeting, and such Meeting every Churchwarden is hereby severally required to convene, shall order to be levied by Afferment upon the Parish such Sums as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Amount of the average Price of a Substituted (such average Price to be fixed as a Matter before-mentioned), for every Man destined to be raised as the Quota of such Parish, and to apply the same; as they shall think fit, for appointing a sufficient Number of Persons to serve as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parish, according to the Quota to be raised in such Parish as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Inhabitants at the said Vestry Meeting, to appoint One or more Persons or Persons to direct and superintend the Application of such Sums for such Purpose, pursuant to the Order of such Vestry; and all such Sums shall be forthwith raised and levied in like Manner, and by all such Means, Powers, Authorities, and Process, and with all such Remedies, in case of any Refusal or Omission to pay the same, as any Parish Civil may by Law be raised and levied in *England*, the Overseas (if any), to be applied to any such parochial Purposes to which a Parish Civil may by Law be applied, as the said Vestry shall, at any future Meeting to be called for that Purpose, direct.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Governors or Deputy Governors of each County, at any General Meeting to be holden as herein-before directed, for the Purpose of this Act, shall fix and declare what in their Judgement shall appear to them to be a fair and reasonable Sum to be paid at the average Price of a Substituted or Volunteer in the said Militia.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens of such Parishes shall and may produce such Substitutes or Volunteers as provided as aforesaid, before any Deputy Governor of the Subdivision, at any Time previous to the Day appointed for calling the Men by Ballot in such Subdivision in pursuance of this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to provide Volunteers to serve for any Subdivision, and to produce such Volunteers, or for any Person willing to serve to offer themselves to serve for such Division, and to appear before any such Deputy Governor, within such Time and at such Place as aforesaid; and every Person so produced or appearing, who shall be approved of by the said Deputy Governor as aforesaid, shall and may be compelled to serve under this Act; and each Deputy Governor, before whom any such Volunteer shall be produced, shall cause the Clerks of the Meetings for the respective Subdivisions to enrol the Names of all such Volunteers, in such Manner as they are required to enrol the Names of Persons chosen by Ballot; and the Names of all such Volunteers shall be entered within the respective Subdivisions before the Time appointed for balloting the Men within the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if within the Period of Six Months after the passing of this Act, and within which Period all the Men required to be raised under this Act ought to have been enrolled, the Number of Men required to be raised under the Provisions of this Act, in any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, shall not be duly raised and enrolled; then and in every such Case, the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Number of Militia Men shall not be raised, shall be charged with the Payment of the Sum of Thirty Pounds for every Man required to be enrolled under this Act, in such County, County of a City or Town, remaining deficient; and the respective Colonels or Commanding Officers of the several Regiments of Militia in *England*, shall, after the Expiration of such Six Months, transmit to the several and respective Treasurers for the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns in *England*, Two Days at least previous to the next General Assizes, or if to the Treasurer of the County and City of *Dublin*, Two Days at least previous to the next Protesting Term, after the Expiration of such Six Months, Certificates of such Deficiencies and Vacancies as remains to be filled up in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns, which said Certificates the said Treasurers are hereby respectively required to lay before the Judges of Assize, or in the County or City of *Dublin* before the Court of King's Bench, as soon as may be, and upon such Certificate of the respective Colonels or Commanding Officers being laid before the Judges of Assize, or in the County or City of *Dublin*, before the Court of King's Bench, it shall be lawful for such Judges of Assize, and such Court, and they are hereby respectively required, to fine the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, (or such Districts, Parishes, or Barons thereof in which it shall appear, upon Proof on Oath by any one or more Governors or

Deputy Governors, that such Neglect shall have happened, is the Sum of Thirty Pounds for every Militia deficient; and the said Judge of Assize or Court shall direct the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or Town, or the like Warrant, to levy the said Sum of Thirty Pounds of the County, County of a Town or City, or all the Districts, Parishes, or Barony, in which such Deficiency shall remain to be supplied, which said Sum of Thirty Pounds shall be levied by the Collector of the Grand Jury Cists in like Manner, and with the like Powers, Authorities, and Remedies for Non-payment thereof, as of any Part thereof, as are provided by Law in respect to any Money to be levied under the Prefecturement of a Grand Jury.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Treasurers of the respective Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns aforesaid, shall collect and receive the Sums so ordered to be levied, and pay the same to the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for such County or County of a City or Town, or to such any County shall be directed into Two or more Districts, with Two or more Collectors, then to the Collector of that Part of such County in which the County Town is situate; and every such Collector shall, and he is hereby required to give a Receipt for all Sums of Money that shall be so paid to him as aforesaid, and such Receipt shall be lodged by the said Treasurer among the Records of the County.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if within One Month after the said Period of Six Months after the passing of this Act, any such Deficiency shall be supplied, then and in such Case the County, County of a City or Town, District, Parish, or Barony, in which such Deficiency shall be so supplied, shall be certified to a Discreet and Remissive of Three Fourth Parts of such Fine of Thirty Pounds to be payable in respect of such Deficiency; and if any such Deficiency shall be supplied within Two Months after such Period, then of One Half Part of such Fine of Thirty Pounds; and if within Three Months, then of One Third Part of such Fine of Thirty Pounds; and the Amount of such Deduction or Remission shall, under the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, be applied towards the Payment and Discharge of any Fine or Fines due from any such County, County of a City or Town, District, Parish, or Barony respectively; and if no such Fine shall be due, the Amount of such Deduction or Remission shall, under such Order, be paid to the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or Town, to be by him placed to the Credit of such County, County of a City or Town, District, Parish, or Barony, as the Case may be, as an Advance on account of any future public Cists to be thereafter levied on such County, County of a City or Town, District, Parish, or Barony respectively.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vacancies shall occur by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge, in any Regiment of Militia which shall have been augmented under the Provisions of the said second Act of the Fourth Year, entitled, *An Act for empowering His Majesty to direct the Augmentation of His Militia Force in Ireland, to an Extraordinary Extent*, it shall and may be lawful for the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of such Regiments to procure and enroll Volunteers to fill up such Vacancies, in such Manner as is directed by the said last recited Act; and the several Grand Jurors of the Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns, at the respective ensuing Assizes or returning Terms, shall, on the Certificate of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, stating the Death, Desertion, or Discharge of such Man or Men, present such Sum of Money as shall be sufficient to purchase and repay Seven Tenths Parts of the Money advanced under the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, for the procuring and enrolling such Volunteers to supply such Vacancies; or in Default of such Prefecturement, the Judge of Assize or the Court, shall order and direct the Treasurer of the County, or County of a City or Town, to include such Sum, and return the same among the Prefecturements thereof, so that the Sum shall be raised and levied therewith; and every such Sum shall be levied, collected, and received by the Treasurers of the Counties or Counties of Cities and Towns, and paid by them to the Collectors of Assize, in like Manner as a heretofore directed with respect to the other Sums directed to be printed, levied, collected, and paid, under the Authority of this Act.

C A P. LVII.

An Act for allowing a certain Proportion of the Militia in Great Britain voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. [13th August 1807.]

- His Majesty may appoint Regiments of the Regular Forces into which Militia Men may enlist. § 1.—The Number of Men to be enlisted shall not exceed such Number as will leave serving Three Fifths of the Number of the Establishment of such Regiment. Where more than One Battalion, Secretary of State shall signify to the Commanding Officers the Number to be enlisted out of each. § 2.—Commanding Officers shall ascertain the Number willing to enlist, and if it be Five Sixths of the Number allowed, no more shall be enlisted without Consent of Commanding Officer. § 3.—His Majesty may appoint Officers to approve or reject the Men, but none shall be rejected who are Five Feet Four Inches, and under 35 Years of Age, unless infirm. § 4.—Men enlisting into the Regulars, may transfer themselves to the Marines. § 5.—Commanding Officers of every Regiment, out of which the Proportion of Five Sixths shall not enlist, within six Thirty Days, shall send His Majesty's Order, and explain the Terms of Enrolment, &c. § 6.—If the Number who shall then enlist shall not be the due Proportion, a further Enlistment may take place for Ten Days. § 7.—After said Ten Days no further enlisting (unless with Consent of Commanding Officer) for Three Months, then Three Days more enlisting; and so on successively, until the full Proportion shall have enlisted; but none shall be allowed to volunteer after the End of Twelve Months, after passing the Act. § 8.—As soon as the Number to be enlisted from any Regiment is ascertained, they shall be discharged, and shall, if approved, be attested for regular Service in the Regiments they have declared their Intention to enlist. § 9.—Lieutenants of Companies on receiving Orders from His Majesty, shall transmit to the Privy Council an Account of the

Number

His Hair and Scaffolds, the several Duties of Excise here-after respectively mentioned; that is to say, For every Yard Square of all Sails, of whatever Kind, or by whatever Dimension, the same are or may be called or known, which shall be granted, framed, passed, or dyed in Great Britain, over and above the Duties payable upon the Importation of them, or any of them, except such Sails not being Handmade, as shall be dyed throughout the whole Colony only, the Sum of Sixpence, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Yard Square of such Sails; and for every Yard Square of all *Yard* printed, Barchin, put red, or dyed Sails of whatever Kind, or by whatever Dimension, the same are or may be called or known, which shall be imported from *Abroad* into Great Britain, over and above the Duty of Customs payable upon the Importation of such, except such Sails as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour only, the Sum of Sixpence, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Yard Square of such Sails; and the same and after the passing of this Act, in like and instead of the Drawback hereby repealed, there shall be made, allowed, and paid, the Drawback here-after mentioned; that is to say, for all Sails of whatever Kind, or by whatever Dimension the same are or may be called or known, granted, framed, passed, or dyed, in Great Britain, for which the Duties payable in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts a Drawback of all the Duties which shall have been paid thereon; and that all and singular the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things which are contained, provided, settled, or established, in or by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise on printed, framed, passed, or dyed Sails, for managing, altering, raising, keeping, collecting, removing, assewing and paying, adjusting, weighing, and allowing the Duties and Drawbacks thereby granted, shall be repealed and put in Execution in and for the managing, storing, raising, levying, collecting, removing, assewing and paying, adjusting, weighing, and allowing the said Duties on printed, framed, passed, or dyed Sails, and the said Drawback respectively granted by this Act, and in and for the preventing, deterring, and punishing Frauds relating thereto, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly repealed or re-called in this present Act.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to allow the Bounty now payable on *British* Callicoes and Cottons exported to *Gibraltar* to be paid on the same Articles when exported to *India*. [13th August 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for granting Bounties, on *British* Callicoes and Cottons, as *British* and *Irish* Linens, Brown and White, and on printed Linens and Red Cloth reported to the Island of *Madaga*; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the same Bounties shall be given and paid on all Cottons, printed, framed, passed, or dyed in Great Britain, on *British* and *Irish* Linens, Brown and White, and on printed Linens and Red Cloth, which, here and after the Twelfth day of February One thousand eight hundred and seven, shall have been or shall be exported out of Great Britain or *Abroad* to the Island of *Madaga*, as are now due and payable on Articles of the like Kind exported to *Gibraltar*, and under the like Provisions, Conditions, Limitations, Powers, and Forfeitures, as are provided by Law with respect to the Exportation of those Articles to the last-mentioned Place.

C A P. LXV.

An Act to exempt Sales of *West India* Produce by the *West India* Dock Company, for Payment of Duties and Charges, from the Auction Duty. [13th August 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, amongst other Things for exempting from the Auction Duty, Goods imported in any *British* Ship from any *British* Colony in America or from the United States, it was enacted, that all Goods imported in any *British* Ship or Vessel from any *British* Colony in America; or from the United States, might be sold by Auction free of the Auction Duty, under certain Provisions and Regulations limiting such Exemption to the Sale of such Goods, for the Account of the original Importer thereof, by whom the same should be entered at the Custom House, within Twelve Months after the Importation; And Whereas by another Act passed in the same Year, relating to the Commerce of the *West India* Dock Company to the Port of London, it was provided that in the Event of Estates not being made at the Custom House, of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the Produce of the *West India*, within Seven Days after the Arrival of the Ship importing the same in any of the Dock, Wharfs, or Quays, as that Act mentioned, it should be lawful for any Officer of the said *West India* Dock Company, who should be appointed for that Purpose by the Directors within a limited Time to cause such Goods to be entered, in order to pay or to secure the Duties due thereupon, and to receive the same in Security for the Re-payment of the Duties, and in case of Failure of Re-payment, to the Directors within a limited Term, then to enable them to sell such Goods or any Part thereof as shall be sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Duties, together with all Expenses as well involving the landing and warehousing as the Sale, together with legal Interest for any Money which should and might be advanced or disbursed for the same; And Whereas it is expedient to exempt the Sales to be made by the Directors of the said *West India* Dock Company from the Duty on Auctions on Goods to be sold as aforesaid; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,

in this perfect Possession asforesaid, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, the Produce of the *West India*, brought from any of the said Colonies, Islands, or Parts of the said *West India* to Great Britain, or to any of the Colonies, Islands, or Parts of the said Kingdom, shall be sold by the Directors of the said Company, or under their Authority, conformably to the said Statute in that behalf made: And that the said Directors do hereby declare, that they will not be liable to answer for any other Purposes respecting the same, such Sales shall be free of the Duty imposed by Law on Goods and Effects sold by Auction.

C A P. LXVI.

[17th August 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations for the more effectual Execution of the Statute in that behalf made, touching the Importation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Vessel belonging to the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whose One Half of the Tonnage on board shall be Subject to His Majesty, exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons by Measurement, which shall be rigged or used as a Luggers, Sloop, together with her Guns, Furnaces, Ammunition, Sails, and Apparel, shall and may be seized by any Officer of His Majesty's Army or Navy or Marines, or of Customs or Excise.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Owner or Owners of every Vessel or Boat, rigged and fitted at the Time of the passing of this Act, not exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons by Measurement, who shall be desirous of employing such Ship or Vessel, for the Purpose of Fishing or carrying on lawful Trade, or as a Packet, or for any other lawful Purpose, shall take out a License from the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland, or Ireland, or any Three or more of them, within Two Months after the passing of this Act; and during such Period of Two Months from the passing of this Act, no such Vessel or Boat shall be liable to Seizure or Forfeiture, under the Provisions of this Act, for want of such License.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Boat, belonging to the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whose One Half of the Tonnage on board shall be Subject to His Majesty, being rowed with or confined to row with more than Six Oars, shall be fitted within the Limits of any Port in the United Kingdom, or in any Part of the *British or Irish Channel*, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, every such Boat, with all her Furnaces, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, as to the Number of Oars of any Boat, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Boat employed in the Whale Fishery, nor to any Boat belonging to any Merchant Ship or Vessel, exceeding the Burthen of Two hundred and fifty Tons, nor to any Life Boat, nor to any Boat employed solely in River or Inland Navigation.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Ship, Vessel, or Boat, belonging to the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whose One Half of the Tonnage on board shall be Subject to His Majesty, and not being a Luggers, and at the Time fitted and rigged as a such, shall have on board or be equipped by a greater Number of Men (Officers and Boats included) than in the following Proportions to the Number of Tons of her Measurement, (that is to say), if of Thirty Tons or under and above Twenty Tons, Four Men; if of Sixty Tons or under and above Thirty Tons, Five Men; if of Eighty Tons or under and above Sixty Tons, Six Men; if of One hundred Tons or under and above Eighty Tons, Seven Men; and above that Tonnage One Man for every Fifty Tons of such additional Tonnage; or if a Luggers, the following Proportions, (that is to say), if of Thirty Tons or under, Eight Men; if of Fifty Tons or under and above Thirty Tons, Nine Men; and in case any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall be found or discovered to have been within the Limits or Distance aforesaid, having on board any greater Number of Men than in the Proportions before limited and set forth, every such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, and all her Guns, Furnaces, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to forbid any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, by reason of any Man or Men exceeding any such Proportions as aforesaid, being on board of any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, whether such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall be a regular and established Packet or Passage Vessel or not, who shall and shall be a Passenger or Passengers only on board of such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, or who shall have been taken on board at Sea under any Circumstances of Distress, or unavoidable Necessity, Proof of such Persons being Passengers only, or of such Circumstances being given, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland, or Ireland, or otherwise made by the Officers of Excise, or brought to any Warehouse belonging to the Crown.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein-before contained, in relation to the Number of Oars with which any Boat may be rowed, or confined to row, or to the Proportions of Men to be allowed to any such Ships, Vessels, or Boats, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, belonging to His Majesty, or to the Service of Government, or to the Employment of the Customs or Excise, nor to any Ship or Vessel having a Letter or License from the Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the Time being, or to any Person any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, *loaden* employed in Net Fishing, by reason of any Excess of Number of Men above such Proportions, on board of any such Fishing Ship, Vessel, or Boat, when

hid necked Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, continued, as to detaching any Man entering into His Majesty's Service under the said Act, that extend to Men in imposed under this Act; and no Person so transferred shall forfeit any such Penalty of Triple Value, or One hundred Pounds, as in the said Act mentioned, unless he shall desert His Majesty's Service, or quit the same without being duly discharged, any Thing in the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland, and Ireland respectively, and they are hereby required, upon Proof made to their Satisfaction, that any such Men have been so transferred and detained in or delivered over to His Majesty's Naval Service, and also of the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in which they shall be found, being liable to Seizure, or of such Person being liable to be detained as aforesaid, to award to the Person so detaching and detaching over any such Man or Men, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds for each Man so detained or delivered over.

XVI. And be it further enacted and enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, and Authorities in this Act or in any other Act or Acts contained, in relation to the making of any Detachment by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army; or to the arresting or detaining any Man liable to be arrested or detained under any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Officers of the Militia while embodied, or of the Volunteers, or any other of His Majesty's Military Forces while on Service, and subject to the Privileges of any Act in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Ship, Vessel, or Boat, belonging to the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Tonnage on board shall be Subjects of His Majesty, and being or falling within the Provisions of or Deception contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force as and immediately before the passing of this Act, and which would, under and by virtue of those Provisions, or any or either of them, or any such Act, be liable to Forfeiture for hovering, or being found and delivered to have been within Four or Eight Leagues of such Part of the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, as are in any such Act or Acts of Parliament described, and specified as to such vessels or Barges of Four and Eight Leagues, &c. &c. together with all the Goods laden on board, and the Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, be subject and liable to Forfeiture, if found in any Part of the British or Irish Channels, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, under any of the Circumstances specified, described, or mentioned in any such Act or Acts as aforesaid; and all the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Penalties, Restraints, Executions, Matters, and Things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat having or found or delivered to have been within such Four or Eight Leagues respectively of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, and also relating to any Goods laden on board any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, and the Guns, Ammunition, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel thereof, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared severally and respectively to extend to, and shall apply and be in full force, and be applied and put in Execution as to every such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, which shall be found as aforesaid in any Part of the British or Irish Channels, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland; and also to all Goods laden on board any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, and the Guns, Ammunition, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel thereof, as so full and ample a Measure, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said several Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Forfeitures, Penalties, Restraints, Executions, Matters, and Things relating thereto, were particularly and expressly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That soon and after the passing of this Act, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise in England and Ireland respectively for the Time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered respectively, out of any Moneys in their Hands arising from Duties or Duties under their Managing respectively, to reward any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, or of the Army, Navy, or Marines, who shall seize any Vessel or Boat, which by Law shall be liable to be broken up after Conviction, and which shall not be used in His Majesty's Service, or sold to be employed or used as a mackerel, in the manner hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) to such Officer or Officers, for all such Vessels or Boats so shall exceed Five Tons by Admeasurement, which shall be seized and caught near an Allowance of Twenty Shillings per Ton, according to the legal Admeasurement thereof; and for all such Boats which shall not exceed Four Tons by Admeasurement, and which shall be seized and caught, as Allowance of Twenty Shillings per Ton; and for all Ships, Vessels, and Boats, which, on Account of their Built, Construction, Disposition, or Defectiveness, are liable to be broken up by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, or hereafter to be made, and which shall be liable to be broken up, and which said Ships, Vessels, and Boats, at the Time of the Seizure thereof, shall be found in Ballast or light, as Allowance of Twenty Shillings per Ton, to be paid upon the Conviction of such Ships, Vessels, and Boats, according to the legal Admeasurement thereof; and all such Allowances shall be in Addition to all other Allowances, Bounties of Money, or Rewards, to which any such Officers or Persons may be entitled in respect of any such Vessel or Boat.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That whereas it is expedient to increase certain Rewards now allowed by Law to the Officers by whom Profiteers, although legally convicted to the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General, may be carried on; be it therefore enacted, That instead of the Rewards in their Respects now allowed by Law, in all such Profiteers, when the first shall be carried on wholly at the Charge of the Crown, the Officer or Officers concerned therein shall be allowed One-fourth Part of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be recovered and paid, either by way of Penalty or Compensation, from the Defendant or Defendants; and in all such Profiteers, when the same shall be carried on wholly at the Charge of the Crown, except the Charge of arresting or taking the Defendant or Defendants into Custody upon the Sheriff's Warrant, the Officer or Officers concerned therein shall be allowed a Majority of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be recovered and paid as aforesaid;

and

and in all such Profection when the same shall be carried on wholly at the Charge of the Officer or Officers concerned therein, such Officer or Officers shall be allowed Twenty-fourths of the Fees or Sums of Money which shall be received and paid in due faith; see Law, Customs, or Writ; to the contrary in express or implied Profection: Provided always, that neither herein or hereafter shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to allow, carry, or receive any other Fee or Part of a Fee in fact, by which any greater Rewards are allowed to the Officers of His Majesty's Customs in any Penal Profection, than shall be allowed by the Act: Provided also, that no such Officer or Officer shall be at Liberty to receive or carry on any Profection, Seal, Informations, or Actions, for the Recovery of any Penalty, or any Share thereof as aforesaid, in any Case, without the Permission and Direction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four of them, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland or any Three of them respectively.

XX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the more effectual Prosecution of Smuggling, certain Rewards are granted to Officers of the Revenue and others making Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff; And Whereas it is expressed in the said Statute, and in making thereof the same in some Degree to the Admiralty and Seal of the Officers, and in the Danger and Risque incurred in making such Seizures; It is therefore enacted, That in and in respect of the Rewards by the said Act granted, the Rewards herein mentioned shall be paid and allowed for and in respect of a Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco, and Snuff, which shall be made from and after the passing of this Act; that is to say, in the Case of Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, made at Sea, or in any Port or Harbour, or by the Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Persons making such Seizures, shall also consist, first, and therein the Person or Persons or One of them who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or in unloading, removing, or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, and shall take or convey or carry away, Penalty be arrested, seised, or detained, to be taken or carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, then and in such Case such Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One-Money of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been respectively charged or taxed, by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, in pursuance of the Powers vested in them by the said Act; and in the Case of such Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, made on Shore, of the Officer of the Customs or Excise or other Person making the same shall also stop, arrest, and detain the Person or Persons or One of them from whom the same shall be seized, and shall take or carry or convey away Penalty as aforesaid, seised, or detained, to be taken or carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, then and in such Case such Officer of the Customs or Excise or other Person making Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One-Money of the full Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, shall be or shall have been so charged or taxed as aforesaid; and in the Case of Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, whether on Sea or on Shore, of the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making the same, shall also seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, on board of which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or the Cattle or Carriages used or employed in moving or conveying the same, but shall not also stop, arrest, and detain the Person or Persons or One of them who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or in unloading, removing, or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, or the Person, or Persons, or One of them from whom the same shall be seized and taken, or carry or convey all and every such Person as aforesaid, seised, or detained, to be taken or carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, then and in such Case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One-third Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco, and Snuff shall be so charged or taxed as aforesaid; and in case any Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Person, shall make Seizure of any Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, and shall neither seize and prosecute or cause to be prosecuted the Ship, Vessel, Boat, Cattle, or Carriage, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, and Snuff shall be, or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or which shall be used or employed in moving or conveying the same, nor shall stop, arrest, and detain the Person, or Persons, or One of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or in unloading, removing, or carrying such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, or from whence the same shall be seized or taken, or shall not carry and convey, or cause and every such Person as aforesaid, seised, or detained before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, then and in such Case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One-fourth Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be so charged or taxed as aforesaid.*

XXI. And it is further enacted, That in all Cases where any such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall, upon the Seizure of any Goods whatsoever to be forfeited by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, also from the Cattle, Horses, Cattle, or Carriages, made use of in the removing, moving, or conveying of any such Goods, and the same shall be condemned, such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons, in every such Case, shall be entitled to Three-fourths of the Net Proceeds of such Cattle, Horses, Cattle, and Carriages respectively, after all Charges attending the Prosecution and to be thereof shall be deducted.

XXII. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That if in any or either of the aforesaid Cases it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England or Scotland, or any Officer shall have been present at and concerned in the making of any Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco, and Snuff, or to

Forfeiture of
Goods, or
Officers making
Seizures of
Spirits, Tobacco,
or Snuff,
1797-1807
p. 115

Officers making
Seizures of
Goods, or
Officers making
Seizures of
Spirits, Tobacco,
or Snuff,
1797-1807
p. 115

Commissioners
of Customs or
Excise in
England or
Scotland

whole Whereof the same shall have been brought, that the Officers or other Persons, who shall be appointed by the said Commission, or removed or discharged, or from any such Office, or detained as aforesaid, by Force or Violence, or that such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall be taken, or detained as aforesaid, by Force or Violence, and so in such Case or Cases, as shall be hereinafter mentioned, the said Officers or other Persons, shall be liable to be punished, as in and by the said Act is fully expressed, and the said Commissioners of Customs and Excise, shall be authorized and empowered to direct, that such Officers or other Persons shall not receive any Salary, or Money of the full Value of such such Spices, Tobacco, or Saffron, but be so situated, as shall be directed, any Thing to that or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Commission or Warrant made by any Officers or Warrant or Non-commissioned Officers or Privates of His Majesty's Army, and also in all Cases of any Officers or Warrant or Non-commissioned Officers or Privates, who shall be or shall be any Officer of Customs or Excise in the making or taking or guarding of any Seizures, if it shall be proved for His Majesty is Content to direct as it should be in what Matters and in what Proportions the said Rules shall be given by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or either for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall be doubted or disobeyed amongst the Commissioned and Warrant and Non-commissioned Officers and Privates actually making, or aiding or assisting in making of the Seizures, and the Commissioned Officers, and Warrant and Non-commissioned Officers and Privates of the Regiment, Battalion, or Company to which the Persons so seized, or aiding or assisting in the making the Seizures, shall belong, any Thing to this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and by several other Acts, certain Ships, Vessels, and Boats, therein particularly mentioned and described, are in certain Cases, subject to Forfeiture, which the Owners thereof shall have a Licence for navigating the same, from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being, or some Person authorized by them to grant the same; and it is expedient that such Licences should in future be granted only by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland and Ireland and not of respectively, be it therefore enacted, That as Licences for the Navigation of any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted by the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being, or any Person authorized by them to grant the same; but that in every Case where by the Law in force, on and immediately before the passing of this Act, or by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, the Owner or Owners of any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, are required to have a Licence for the Navigation thereof, the same, which was granted before the passing of this Act, or by order the Authority of the Commissioners of the Admiralty, shall be granted by the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland, and Ireland respectively, or any Three of them; and the Ships, Vessels, and Boats so licensed by the said Commissioners respectively by virtue of this Act, shall be subject and liable to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, to which Ships, Vessels, and Boats licensed by the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty, or by Persons authorized by them, were respectively subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act; and the Owner or Owners of every Ship, Vessel, or Boat licensed in pursuance of this Act, shall also be subject and liable to the Licences, Penalties, and Forfeitures, to which the Owner or Owners of any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, is heretofore required to be licensed by the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Commissioners of the Admiralty, or by Persons authorized by them, were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, and especially, to all Licences and Penalties, as if the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of the Act.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Licences required under any of the Provisions of this Act, shall be granted without any Stamp, or Fee or Reward, or any Payment whatever, by the Person requiring the same.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit, make, alter, or falsify, or cause to be counterfeited, made, altered, or falsified, any Licence which has been granted by the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or by the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being, or by any Person authorized by them to grant such Licence, or shall falsify, or in pursuance of this Act, be granted by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland, or Ireland, respectively, or any Three of them for the Time being, or shall knowingly or wilfully violate any of the Licences so counterfeited, made, altered, or falsified, such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any licensed Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall be lost, broken up, captured, burnt, seized, or condemned, and whether with or without the Licence which shall have been granted for the same, shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship, Vessel, or Boat shall belong, within Twelve Calendar Months from the Time such Ship, Vessel, or Boat shall be so lost, broken up, captured, burnt, seized, or condemned, and otherwise disposed of, or in case of the said Licence being lost or taken by the Loss, or forfeiture, or any other Cause, the Collector shall be and he is authorized and required to administer, and in case such Licence shall not be produced and is delivered up, and no such Proof shall be made within such Term as aforesaid, the Owner or Owners, and also the Master of such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, if such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, is under the Burthen of Twelve Tons, and Fifty Pounds if of the Burthen of Fifteen Tons and under One hundred and fifty Tons, and One hundred Pounds if of the Burthen of One hundred and fifty Tons or upwards.

XXVIII. And

and deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses in Great Britain as shall from Time to Time be forthwith Purports provided, at the Charge of the Importer, Proprietor, or Consignor of such Honeys, and approved of by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in London, or by the Collector and Comptroller, or Principal Officers of the Customs at any Out Port of Great Britain, and shall remain in such Warehouses under the Locks of the Owner, and such Importer, Proprietor, or Consignor, for the Purposes of being re-exported, on due Entry being first made, to any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies, and for no other Purposes whatever; and the said Duty shall be paid in such and the like Manner, and under such and the like Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as any Duty on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, is by the Laws in force in and about the said India, Madras, and Fortresses applicable thereto by any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall be extended to the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were repeated and inserted in the Body of this present Act, and made Part thereof.

Such Honeys
shall be ware-
housed in such
Warehouses as
the said India,

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act for the better Government of the Settlements of Fort Saint George and Bombay; for the Regulation of Public Banks; and for amending so much of an Act, passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Periods at which the Civil Servants of the East India Company may be employed in their Service Abroad. [13th August 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, and the Governor in Council of Bombay, respectively in the East Indies, shall have the same Powers for the Government of the Towns of Madras and Bombay respectively, and the Countries within the Order and Management of the said Governors in Council respectively, as are now vested in the Governor General in Council of Fort William in Bengal, for the Government of the Settlements of Fort William, and the Countries immediately adjacent thereto; the said Presidency of Fort William; and that such Powers from an hereafter mentioned, should be made in respect of Students educated at the College established in England, by the East India Company, for the Education of Persons intended for their Civil Service abroad; and also, that Provision should be made to prevent any Debts arising as to the legal Establishment of Banks, with Corporate Rights, in the East Indies; and that all the Servants of the said East India Company should be empowered to subscribe to, and become Members of such Banks; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, and the said Governor in Council of Bombay, from Time to Time, respecting Ordinances, to make, issue, and alter, such Rules and Regulations, for the good Order and Civil Government of the Towns of Madras and Bombay respectively, and of the said Company's Settlements at Fort Saint George and Bombay, and other Factories and Places subordinate or to be subordinate thereto respectively, and to fix, impose, toll, and levy such reasonable Fines and Forfeitures, and to make and appoint such moderate and reasonable Corporal Punishment for the Breach or Non-observance of any such Rules, Ordinances, or Regulations, as the Governor General in Council of Fort William in Bengal may now lawfully make, issue, and alter, for the good Order and Civil Government of the said Company's Settlements at Fort William adjacent, and other Districts and Places subordinate or to be subordinate thereto; but, notwithstanding, such Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations to be made by the said Governor in Council of Fort Saint George shall not be valid, or of any Force or Effect, and the same shall be duly registered and published in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort Saint George aforesaid, in like Manner, and within such Time as the Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations to be made by the said Governor General in Council of Fort William aforesaid, are, by any Act or Acts now in force, required to be registered in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William aforesaid; nor shall the Rules, Ordinances, or Regulations, to be made by the Governor in Council of Bombay, be valid, or of any Force or Effect, until the same shall be duly registered and published in the Court of the Records of Bombay, in like Manner, and within such Time as aforesaid.

Governors in
Council at
Madras and
Bombay, may
make Provisions
for the good
Order of these
Towns and
Dependencies;

which shall be
registered in the
supreme Court.

II. And be it further enacted, That all such Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations to be made, as aforesaid, shall be subject, in all respects, to the like Power of Appeal, and to all the like Regulations and Provisions, as are mentioned and contained in an Act, made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for establishing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the East India Company, as well in India as in Europe*; and in an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India, and the better Administration of Justice within the same*, as to the Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations therein respectively authorized to be made by the said Governor General in Council, as aforesaid.

Subject to
Appeal as aforesaid
in the Tenth
Year of His
present Majesty
&c.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor in Council at Bombay aforesaid, to frame Regulations, from Time to Time, for the Provisional Courts and Councils within the Territories and Provinces which now are, or shall at any Time hereafter be (and while the same shall so be) annexed to or made subject to the said Presidency, in the Madras, and adjacent to all the Regulations, Provisions, and Confirmations, touching the same, as the Governor General in Council at Fort William aforesaid are, by any Act now in force, authorized and empowered to do for the better Administration of Justice among the native Inhabitants, and others, being within the Provinces of Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa.

Governors in
Council at
Bombay, may
make or alter, as
they shall see
proper, such
Regulations,
Provisions,
and Confirmations.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Members of the Council for the Towns of Fort Saint George, and the Governor and Members of the Council for the Towns of Bombay, respectively, shall

Governors and
Members of the
Council at
Bombay

in the said Company's Service for the Space of Nine Years at the least in the Whole, and if the Salary, Penfions, and Emoluments of any Office, Place, or Employment, shall exceed Four thousand Pounds per Annum the same shall not be granted to, or conferred upon, any of the said Servants who shall not have been actually resident in India in the Company's Service for the Space of Twelve Years at the least in the Whole, and consent to such Voyage; and that all Appointments, Advancements, and Promotions, which shall be made for supplying any such Vacancies other than as aforesaid, shall be null and void: And Whereas the said Company have lately established a College in England for the appropriate Education of young Men designed for their Civil Service in India, and it will therefore be expedient that, under certain Circumstances, the Time spent by such young Men in the said College, after they shall have attained the Age of Seventeen Years, should accrue them to the same Privileges as they would have been entitled to if they had been resident during such Time in India: It is therefore enacted, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act all such Time not exceeding Two Years, as shall be found spent in the said College in the regular Course of such Education as aforesaid, by any Person after they shall respectively have attained the Age of Seventeen Years, provided they shall have performed, either before or after Seventeen Years of Age, Two Years at the least in the said College, in the regular Course of such Education, and shall afterwards go to India in the Civil Service of the said Company, shall be accounted, as to the Office, Place, and Employments, which such Person are entitled to be appointed to and to hold, as so much Time actually spent in India; the said Act, or any other Law or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Time, that accruing Two Years, less by Five and six Months, shall be deemed Time spent in India.

VIII. And Whereas it may be expedient that Public Banks for the Deposit and Loan of Money, and the Negotiation of Securities, and other Papers, should be established in the East Indies, and that the Individuals who may become Members thereof, should be incorporated under and by the Authority of the respective Governments in the East Indies; but Doubts have been entertained, whether the Powers of such Governments are competent to the Establishment of such Banks within the local Limits of the Jurisdictions of the several Courts of Justice in India, which have been established by His Majesty's Charters; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; it is therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the several Governments in the East Indies to establish such Public Banks, with perpetual Succession, and such Rights, Privileges, Franchises, and Immunities, as are incident or are usually granted to Corporations legally constituted in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, and under and subject to such Terms and Conditions as they shall see fit; and that the several Persons who shall be so incorporated, and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall have, hold, enjoy, and be entitled to all such Rights, Privileges, Franchises, and Immunities, as well within as beyond the local Limits of the Jurisdiction of the several Courts of Justice so established as aforesaid, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the several Orders or Acts, by virtue of which any such Banks or Corporations shall be so established: Provided always, that the Establishment of any such Banks or Corporations shall not be void or effectual, until they shall have received the Approbation of the Court of Directors of the said Company, subject to the Control of the Board of Councilors for the Affairs of India for the Time being.

The several Governments in India, as to the said Banks, shall have the same Powers as in the Public Banks there.

IX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Persons whatsoever, in the Service of the said Company, and for all the Judges of the several Courts of Justice in India, to subscribe to and become Members of any such Bank or Corporation as aforesaid, and that it shall be lawful to and for any Person or Persons in the Service of the said Company, to be elected or appointed, or to become Directors or Managers thereof; any Thing contained in the said Act of the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act of Parliament, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

All Persons in the Service of the Company may subscribe to such Banks.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Judge of any of the said Courts of Justice in India, established by His Majesty's Charters, shall be capable of being appointed to, or holding the Office of the Director or Manager of any such Bank or Corporation.

No Judge shall be a Director of such Banks.

Public Act, &c.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General De Campy, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale. [13th August 1807.]

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for maintaining and profiting a Military Canal and Road, made from Slough in the County of Kent to Chiffend in the County of Essex; and for regulating the taking of Rates and Tolls thereon. [13th August 1807.]

WHEREAS a Canal called The Royal Military Canal, and also a Military Road and Towing Path, and other Works, have been lately made, from Slough in the County of Kent, to Chiffend in the County of Essex: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the maintenance and profiting of the said Canal, and the Ramps and other Works belonging thereto: And Whereas great Advantages will accrue to the Part of the Country through which the said Canal and Road pass, if the same is opened, under a good Regulation, for publick Use: It is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice of the Council of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Statute of the House of Commons, for Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, the First Lord Chancellor of the Treasury, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, His Majesty's Privy Council, Ministers of State, the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, the Lord Warden of the

Canal Works.

the *Cinque Ports*, the *Secretary at War*, the *Master General of the Ordnance*, and the *Quarter Master General of His Majesty's Forces*, for the Time being respectively, shall be Commissioners for the carrying on, completing, maintaining, regulating, and managing the said Military Canal and R. d., and Cuts, and other Works thereof or belonging thereto, and now made, or which may hereafter be made.

" Commissioners empowered to make Rules and Regulations; § 2.—and to take Rates and Tolls, § 7.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Toll Gate shall be erected or any Tolls taken upon that Part of the Military Road lying between the Two Bridges at *H. de la Croix* or otherwise call'd *Affiliated Road*, or upon that Part of the said Military Road app'ly call'd *Affiliated*, on the Towing Path Side lying between the River Wall and *Affiliated Bridge*, now between the Road from *Romey* to *Yesterham*.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Parts of the Military Road or Towing Path belonging to the said Canal, shall be allowed by the said Commissioners to be used by the Owners or Occupiers of any Lands, for the Occupation of such Lands, then and in such Case no Tolls shall be payable by any such Owner or Occupier for or in respect of the Use of such Road or Towing Path for the Cultivation or carrying away the Produce or the Occupation of such Lands.

" Commissioners empowered to farm the Tolls, § 6.—And to appoint Officers, § 7.—Officers to account, § 8.—Eviction of Trenches, § 9.—Penalty for fraudulently claiming a Right to carry Articles at a lower Rate, § 10.—Rates and Tolls shall be paid under Hop Duties to be cut by Commissioners, § 11.—Owners of Boats shall give account of Lading, § 12.—In case of Difference concerning the Tonnage, Vessels shall be measured, § 13.—Tonnage on Permits liable or not liable for Tonnage or Duties than those directed, § 14.—Licences shall be granted on behalf of Commissioners for using Boats on the Canal, § 15.—Penalty on Carr and Tonnage of Boat shall be fixed on the Head and Stern, Penalty not exceeding 40s. § 16.—Penalty upon Vessels obstructing the Canal, &c; see § 17.—Penalty for stopping off Water, &c. to 400. § 18.—Corporations or other Bodies may require the Sluice to be opened or shut, and no Relief may seek the same to be done, without doing Damage to the Works, § 19.—Penalty for throwing Dirt into the Canal or Works, not exceeding 20s. § 20.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall wilfully and maliciously let on for any of the Works belonging to the said Canal or Road, or Cuts, or any of the Materials intended for any of the said Works, every such Person or Persons so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Felon shall be subject to the like Pains and Penalties as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and if any Person or Persons do all knowingly, wilfully, or maliciously demolish, break down, cut, or destroy any Part of the said Canal or Road, or other Works or Things belonging thereto, or shall wilfully remove and take away or destroy any of the Materials of the said Canal or Locks, or other Works, then every such Offender or Offenders, being convicted thereof, shall suffer Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment, or Transportation, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

" Makers of Vessels answerable for Damages, § 22.—Bottoms shall indemnify Masters, § 23.—Noise shall draw off Water or sink Nets without Licence from Commissioners, Penalty not exceeding 20s. § 24.—Penalty on Boatmen Traders without Licence, not exceeding 40s. § 25.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Carriage or Horses, or Best Cattle, shall be allowed to pass or be on the Towing Path, except in such Places as shall be first agreed for that Purpose; nor shall any Cattle, Sheep, or other Live Stock, be driven on the Towing Path, further than from any Field where the same shall be in the second Canal Road, and then only in Cuts where there shall be no other Communications between such Field and Canal Road; and any Carriage, Horses, or Best Cattle, Sheep or other Live Stock, which shall be found on the said Towing Path, or on any other Part of the Works belonging to the said Canal or Road, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, may be impounded and detained until the Owner of such Carriage, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, or other Live Stock be detained, or some other Person, shall pay for the Retain and Redemption thereof, a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings for any Carriage so detained, and One Shilling a Head for every Horse or Best Cattle, and Sixpence each for every Sheep, Hog, or other Animal so detained as aforesaid: Provided always, That no such Cattle or Live Stock shall be impounded or detained, or any Money taken for the Release or Redemption of any such Cattle or Live Stock, in any Case in which any such Trespas of such Cattle or Live Stock shall have arisen from any Defect of any Works to be erected, maintained, or repaired by the Commissioners under this Act.

" Culverts may be made under the Canal, &c. § 27.—Fences shall be made to separate the Canal from private Grounds, § 28.—None shall make Bridges over any Cuts or Drains without Leave of Commissioners; Penalty not exceeding 20s. § 29.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Look takes, or which may hereafter be taken for the said Canal or Road, or Cuts, or any Dairies or Works belonging thereto, shall remain subject, liable to, and chargeable with such and the like Rates and Charges for any Well and Water Sights or other Charges, for supporting Ditch and Wall, or other Sea Walls in *Romey Marsh*, as such Lands were subject and liable to and chargeable with before the taking thereof; and all such Rates, when made upon any such Lands, shall be payable and paid out of the Rates and Tolls levied upon the said Canal or Road before any other Payment or Charge whatever which may hereafter be made or become payable out of such Rates or Tolls; or if no such Rates or Tolls shall be raised, or the same shall not be sufficient, the same shall be had before the Common Pleas of Parliament, as in and as the Direction may be made for the Payment thereof.

" Road Tax shall be appointed, § 31.

XXXII. And

Penalties for leaving Fens to Works, Felony without Clergy.

Penalty on Works, Fine Imprisonment, &c.

Works, Carriage, or Cattle not to be allowed on the Towing Path.

Lands shall remain liable to Licence, Fences or the same may be provided for by Parliament if necessary.

And to
order a Bill
to amend the
said Act.

General Act
of the 10th
of January
1794, for
amending
the said Act
in relation
to the
said Act.

In making Ap-
pointments,
Regard shall be
had to the Pro-
perties of the
Persons to be
appointed in
the said
Corps.

Clerks of Peace
and Subdivi-
sion Meetings,
shall transmit
Appointments.

Deputy Lieut-
enants appointed
within the said
Act, shall send
new Lists.

Meetings shall
be held for
making Appeals
and correcting
Lists.

When new Lists
are required two
Months may be
allowed, and
when corrected
Lists are required
Four Months
may be allowed,
for appointing
the Number of
Men required.

A Number of private Militia Men, equal to Three-fourths of the original Quotas of private Men, specified in Two Acts of Parliament passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of England and Scotland respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Lieutenants, or Vice Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants in the several Counties in England first, as soon after the passing of this Act as the time can be done, may do exceeding Fourteen Days, hold General Meetings for appointing the Men to be called, under this Act, among the Hundreds; and the Deputy Lieutenants shall also, within Seven Days thereafter, hold Subdivision Meetings for appointing the Men among the Parishes in the respective Subdivisions of their Counties; and in the like Manner the Lord Lieutenants, Vice Lieutenants, and Deputy Lieutenants in the Counties in Scotland, first, as soon after the passing of this Act as the time can be done, take the necessary Measures for the appointing the Men to be called under this Act among the several Parishes or their Counties, and shall hold General Meetings for their Purpose: the Time of which General Meetings in each County shall be within Three Weeks after the passing of this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in making all such Appointments, in relation either to Hundreds or Parishes, regard shall be had to the Number of Persons serving in Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, and exempt by reason thereof from serving in the Militia; and to all other Exemptions from serving in the Militia; in so that all such Appointments shall be made on the Numbers of Persons in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, actually liable to be balloted, and to be served in the Militia.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks to General Meetings in England, shall within Three Days after making such Appointments among the Hundreds of their respective Counties, transmit the same duly certified by the said General Meetings respectively, to the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings within their Counties, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect to transmit such Appointments the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and on pain of forfeiting for continuing to transmit the same as to any Hundred or Hundreds the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each Hundred so omitted; and the Clerks to Subdivision Meetings shall also, within Three Days after the Appointment of the Numbers among the Parishes of the Subdivisions, transmit the same to the High Constables, who shall issue their Precepts accordingly, to the several Constables of such respective Parishes, on pain of forfeiting, by the said Clerks of Subdivision Meetings, for continuing to transmit the same, One hundred Pounds; and for continuing any Parish or Parishes the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Parish omitted; and in like Manner the Clerks in the General Meetings in Scotland shall, within Seven Days after making such Appointments among the Parishes of their respective Counties, transmit the same duly certified by the General Meetings respectively to the Clerks of the Subdivision or District Meetings within their Counties, on pain of forfeiting for every Neglect to transmit such Appointments the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Clerks to Subdivision or District Meetings shall upon the Receipt of such Appointments transmit Meetings of the Deputy Lieutenants, which shall be held within Seven Days thereafter, for the Purpose of proceeding to Ballot pursuant to such Appointment, or for the Purpose of making out new or amended Lists, if the same shall be necessary.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where it shall appear to any Lord Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or the Deputy Lieutenants, assembled at any such General Meeting as aforesaid, that any Lists now made or returned are defective, or have not been properly made out or returned, or require Amendment, it shall be lawful for such Deputy Lieutenants to make such Lists to be amended; and it shall also be lawful for any Lord Lieutenant, or Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant sitting for any Lord Lieutenant, with the Approbation of His Majesty, signified by one of His Principal Secretaries of State, to order and direct in any County, Subdivision, or Place, in which the same may appear to them to be absolutely necessary, that new and correct Lists shall be made out of Persons liable to serve in the Militia, according to the Provisions in the Acts relating to the Militia.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any such amended Lists or new Lists shall be required under this Act, the Lord Lieutenants, Vice or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid, shall order and direct that Subdivision Meetings shall be appointed to be held at such Times and Places as they shall direct, not exceeding Ten Days after such Lists shall have been made out or amended and published, for the Purpose of hearing Appeals thereon, and for correcting such Lists; and such Subdivision Meetings shall thereupon assemble and hear such Appeals and correct such Lists.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it shall appear to any Lord Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or the Deputy Lieutenants sitting for any Lord Lieutenant in any County, that it will be necessary to make out new Lists of the Persons liable to serve in such County, or that it will be necessary to amend and correct any Lists already or now making out of the Persons liable to serve in such County, before any Appointment can be made among the Subdivisions and Parishes of such County, or if such Appointments can be made before any Ballot can take place in such County, and in which the Necessity of making new Lists, or amending and correcting Lists, and the Grounds of such Necessity, shall be represented to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signified by one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to extend the Period within which the Men required to be balloted and called under this Act, in any County in which it shall be necessary to make out new Lists, to Five Months instead of Three Months, and also to extend the Period, as to any County in which it may be necessary to amend and correct Lists, to Four Months instead of Three; and no County, in relation to which any such extended Period shall be allowed for the balloting and correcting of the Men under this Act, shall be subject to any Vice for not completing the Number of Men required by this Act, until the Expiration of such extended Period; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And

Secretary of State a Return in the Form of the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E) and shall also transmit to each Secretary of State One of the Duplicates of each of the Returns made by the Clerks of Subdivision Meetings within the several Counties.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants at their Subdivision Meetings shall in all Cases in which the Lists shall be sufficiently covered for the Purpose of balloting thereon, as soon after each Appointment as aforesaid as the time can be, and if any Lists require Amendment, or any new Lists are to be again made out and returned, as soon after each Amendment or Return shall have been made respectively, as the time can be done, proceed to ballot for the raising the Numbers of Militia required to be raised under this Act; and thereupon Notice shall be given by the Deputy Lieutenants or Clerk of Subdivision Meetings, by affixing the same on the Doors of the Churches or Chapels, or on other conspicuous Places in the several Parishes within their respective Subdivisions; and the Names of the Persons liable to be balloted shall publicly and in the Presence of any such Magistrates, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the Poor as shall be called over from the Lists, and put into the Boxes or Clashes for balloting, and shall in like Manner be publicly drawn out; and the Names of the Persons so drawn shall be publicly called over and be entered in a Book by the Clerks of the Subdivision or Persons appointed by them or the Deputy Lieutenants for that Purpose; and such calling over of the Names and balloting for Persons to be enrolled under this Act shall take place at the Days, Times, and Places appointed, and shall not commence before Ten of the Clock, nor continue longer than Six in the Evening; and if such balloting shall not be completed on any Meeting, the Boxes shall be sealed with the Seals of any two of the Deputy Lieutenants and the Clerks of the Meeting; and such Seals be broken, and the balloting be finished in the public Manner on the succeeding Day or Days, or on any other Day to which such Ballot shall be adjourned.

XV. And he is further enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants in all Cases in which the same shall be necessary, shall appoint Days and Places for holding Meetings for hearing Appeals; and the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at which such Ballots shall have taken place, shall within Three Days transmit to the Constables, Schoolmasters, or other Officers of the Parishes within their Subdivisions, the Names of the Persons ballotted therein respectively; and such Constable or Schoolmaster shall thereupon give Notice to every such Person by delivering the same to him or his Wife, or some Servant or Member of his Family, or leaving the same at his usual or last Place of Abode; and it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants, and they are hereby required to call Cases in which Persons be ballotted & he make Default, or not find Substitutes, or shall default, or shall pay the Fine under this Act, to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and adjourn such Meeting, and do such like Notice to be given to the Persons ballotted, and appoint other Meetings in case the same shall be necessary for making fresh Ballots, and the full Number of Men required under this Act shall be enrolled as soon as the Militia.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That every Person charged by Ballot under this Act to do so, in the Militia, (not being one of the People called Quakers) who shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the Oath and serve in the Militia, or to provide a Substitute in Manner directed by the said Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, in and out of the Sum of Fifty Pounds, in the Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain mentioned to be levied and recovered in Manner in this Act so directed; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That in every Case in which any such Fine of Twenty Pounds shall have been paid by any Person who shall have been balloted, and shall not have appeared or found a substitute to do so, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Overseer of the Poor of the Parish for which such Fine shall have been balloted in England, or the Person who shall have returned such Fine, either in England or out of it, with the Constable in Writing of such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, to pay such Fine of Twenty Pounds, or such Part thereof, not being less than Half the Average Price of a Substitute, as any Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace shall think fit, to any succeeding Man who shall have been balloted, and who shall be adjudged to serve in lieu of the Person who shall have paid such Fine as aforesaid.

XVIII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That no Person be balloted and receiving such Sum of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall be entitled to or have or receive the Allowance of One Half of the current Price of a Volunteer, or any other Allowance under any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia, by reason of his not being possessed of any Estate in Lands, Goods, or Money of the clear Value of Five hundred Pounds; any Thing in any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That where in England no Part of any such Fine of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid shall have been paid to any Incurring Man who shall have been balloted and entitled to serve in lieu of the Person who shall have paid such Fine as aforesaid, then the Half of such Fine of Twenty Pounds shall be paid to the Constable of the Parish in which such Man paying such Fine shall have been balloted, for the Purpose of making good, or to provide a Volunteer to supply the Place of the Man paying such Fine, or to pay any Allowance of Half of the current Price of a Volunteer, and if there shall be any surplus of such Half of such Fine remaining after providing the Volunteer, or paying any such Allowance as aforesaid, the same shall go to the Use of the Relief of the Poor of such Parish, and the other Half of such Fine of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, shall with the Ten Days after the Payment of the Fine be paid to the Secretary General of the County, and be here into the Receipt of the Exchequer; and where the Whole of such Fine of Twenty Pounds shall not be paid to any such Incurring balloted Man as aforesaid, then such Part thereof as shall not have been paid, and also all Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Person balloted under this Act for whom Volunteers shall not have been found by the Overseer of the Poor as aforesaid, and also all Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Person balloted, and making Default, shall be paid

wishes

and shall not be taken more than Ten Days after the Term of such Defeat, Delinquency, or Absence, to declare a Vacancy, and to proceed to fill up the Term according to the Provisions of the said Act, and this Act, and the said Ten Days, shall be so construed.

XXV. And it is further enacted, That the Clerks of Satisfaction Meetings shall within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the Periods allowed under any of the Provisions of this Act, for the balloting and enrolling of any Men in their respective Counties, make out and return Two Schedules in the Form to their Act annexed marked (F.) Duplicates of each other of the Number and Names of the Men balloted in their Satisfaction and of the Number and Names of Substitutes and Volunteers provided, and also of the Fines paid by Persons balloted in force, and of the Application of such Fines, and shall transmit such Schedules to the Clerk of General Meetings, who shall forthwith transmit One of such Schedules to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

of the Men balloted under this Act, the Fines paid, and the Application thereof.

XXVI. And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing an Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act for raising a Body of Minors in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon for the Defence of the Kingdom during the present War," and for the more effectually raising and regulating a Body of Minors for the Defence of Great Britain:* And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether any Vacancies which have arisen or may arise by

Death or otherwise, in the said Body of Devon or Cornwall Minors, can be applied under the Provisions of the said recited Act for Remedy thereof by it declared and enacted, That all Vacancies in the said Body of Devon or Cornwall Minors which have arisen since the passing of the said Act, or which may hereafter arise, may and shall be filled up by Ballot in like Manner as in the said recited Act provided for filling of Men under the said Act; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Warden of the Shires, and such Deputy Warden as are in the said Act mentioned, to cause the Lists and Returns of Men liable to be balloted and enrolled in force under the said Act, to be corrected and amended, or new Lists to be made as shall appear to them to be necessary, in order to the filling up such Vacancies.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to the City of London.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every County, Hundred, and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required by this Act shall not have been balloted and enrolled within such Period as shall be allowed under any of the Provisions of this Act, shall be subject to a Fine of Sixty Pounds for every Man required to be balloted and enrolled, in such County, Hundred, or Parish remaining deficient.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if within One Month after the Period within which all the Men required to be raised under this Act ought to have been enrolled in any County, any Deficiency shall be supplied either by any balloted Men or Substitutes, then and in such Case the Parish or Parishes on which such Fine may be assessed, and in which such Deficiency shall be supplied, shall be entitled to deduct or have a Return of Three-fourth Parts of such Fine of Sixty Pounds, to payable in respect of such Deficiency; and if any such Deficiency shall be supplied within Two Months after such Period, then One-half Part of such Fine of Sixty Pounds; and if within Three Months, then One-fourth Part of such Fine of Sixty Pounds as aforesaid; and from and after the Period of Three Months after the Expiration of the Period allowed in any County for balloting and enrolling Men under this Act, no further Ballot shall take place.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the respective Colonels or other Commandants of the Regiments of Militia in England, shall, at the Expiration of the Period within which the Men required to be raised under this Act ought to have been enrolled within their respective Counties, transmit to the Justices of the Peace or Magistrates assembled at the several General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held for the respective Counties, at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace next after such Period, Certificates of the Number of Men remaining deficient in their respective Regiments under the Provisions of this Act; and the Justices of the Peace, or the Magistrates assembled at such Sessions, shall at such Sessions advise the Penalty of Sixty Pounds, for each Private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, and such Assessment shall be forthwith assessed by the Clerk of the Peace to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Colonels, or other Commanding Officers of Militia in Scotland, shall, immediately after the Expiration of the respective Periods within which the Numbers of Men to be balloted and enrolled under this Act in their respective Counties are required to be completed under the Provisions of this Act, transmit to the Clerk of Supply of the respective Counties to the Militia of which they are Lord, Certificates of the Deficiencies and Vacancies that remain to be filled up in their respective Regiments under this Act; and such Clerk of Supply shall forthwith convene a Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, and the Commissioners of Supply assembled at such Meeting shall advise the Sum of Sixty Pounds for each private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid in the Manner directed by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for providing Relief for the Militia and Families of Officers' Men in Scotland;* and such Assessment shall forthwith be transmitted by the Clerk of Supply to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Rules, and Directions, Parts, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating to the making and levying of the Assessments directed by the said last recited Act, and the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of England, shall be and are hereby declared to be in full Force for the making and levying of such Assessment for not completing the Number of Men required to be balloted and enrolled under this Act, as fully as if the same were heretofore so enacted.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be balloted and enrolled for any County, Hundred, or Parish, in England, shall not have been so balloted and enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer, in England, on Application of His Majesty's Attorney General (if a shall

Concurrence in the Devon or Cornwall Minors shall be filled up by Ballot as under the said Act.

This Act shall not extend to London.

Penalty of 60 lbs. for every Man deficient.

If after Three Months, Men are not enrolled in such County, a Penalty of 60 lbs. for every Man deficient; and if within Two Months, 50 lbs. for every Man deficient; and if within Three Months, 40 lbs. for every Man deficient.

Commandants shall transmit to the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and the Justices of the Peace, or the Magistrates assembled at such Sessions, Certificates of the Number of Men remaining deficient in their respective Regiments under the Provisions of this Act.

Commandants in Scotland shall transmit to the Clerk of Supply, and the

Commissioners of Supply, and the Commissioners of Supply assembled at such Meeting shall advise the Sum of Sixty Pounds for each private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid.

In 43 G. 3. c. 42. s. 10. 44 G. 3. c. 42. s. 10.

Places which have not provided in

for fe) to grant a Rife ending upon the Treasurer of the County, the Chief Constable of the Hundred, or Constable or Overseer of the Poor of any Parish, in respect of which such Application shall be made, to have Cash or why such County, Hundred, or Parish respectively should not pay such Sum of Sixty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if no sufficient Cause be shewn to the Court, within such Time as shall be specified in such Writ upon such Treasurer, Chief Constable, or Constables or Overseer of the Poor respectively, then to see such County, Hundred, or Parish, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Sixty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and to make such Fine to be levied by Distresses or other Process applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court, upon the Chief Constable or Clerk of Subdivision Meetings as to Hundreds, or upon the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish as to the Parishes; and it shall also be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer chamber to remit any such Proportion of any such Fine or Fines as in or by this Act allowed to be returned, so Proof to the Satisfaction of the Court that the proper Ballot and Enrolment have been executed under this Act within the Time specified as aforesaid.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be enlisted and enrolled for any County or Hundred shall not have been so enlisted and enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer in England, or the Application of His Majesty's Advocates, to make an Order, calling upon the Clerk of Supply of the County, in respect of which such Application shall be made, to have Cash or why such County, or the Parish or Place therein in respect of which such Application shall have been made, shall not pay such Sum of Sixty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if no sufficient Cause can be shewn to the Court within such Time as shall be specified in such Order, then to see such County, Parish or Place, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Sixty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and to make such Fine to be levied by such Process as may be applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court; and it shall also be lawful for the said Court thereupon to remit any such Proportion of any such Fine or Fines as in or by this Act allowed to be returned, so Proof to the Satisfaction of the Court that the proper Ballot and Enrolment have been executed under this Act within the Time specified as aforesaid.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That when and in so far as all the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County under this Act shall have been raised and enrolled, and the Periods allowed for raising Men under this Act shall have expired, all further Ballots in such County shall be suspended, and shall remain in suspense until the first Day of January in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, at any Time within such Period as aforesaid, if He shall think fit, to order and direct, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, that such Ballot shall take place for the Purpose of supplying any Vacancies, or any Proportion of any Vacancies, which may here arise in the Militia of any County, Riding, or Place, after the Militia thereof shall have been ordered to the Queen's service in the said Acts of the Forty-second Year aforesaid; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That where Deputy Lieutenants by this Act directed or empowered to do any Act, Matter, or Thing, in or concerning the Execution thereof, the same shall be good and valid, if it be done by any one Deputy Lieutenant, or in the Absence of any Deputy Lieutenant by one Justice of the Peace, except as to all such Matters as are directed to be done by Deputy Lieutenants acting in the Absence of a Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or at any General Meeting, or at any Subdivision Meeting: Provided always, that where Two Deputy Lieutenants only shall be able to attend any Subdivision Meeting for hearing Appeals or making Appointments, for superannuating any Ballots or Enrolments under this Act, it shall be lawful for any one Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, or where one Deputy Lieutenant only shall be able to attend any such Meeting, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace or Magistrates of the Division or District, to attend all such Deputy Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants, with all such Powers and Authorities relating thereto as are in this Act, or any Act relating to the Militia, given to Deputy Lieutenants.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Promises, Directions, Causes, Matters, and Things whatsoever in this Act contained relating to Counties, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Ridings, Sherwards, Shires, Hundreds, Cotes, and Places; and all Provisions, Directions, Causes, Matters, and Things in this Act contained relating to Hundreds, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Rapes, Laths, Wapentakes, and other Divisions of any such County, Riding, Division, Shire, Sherward, City, or Place; and all Provisions, Directions, Causes, Matters, and Things in this Act contained relating to Parishes, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Parishes, Tythings, and Places, and to all Extra Parochial Places noted therein for the Purpose of the said Act relating to the Militia; and all Powers by this Act given to any Constable shall extend to all Tything Constables, Peace Officers, and other Persons acting as Constables in any Counties, Hundreds, Divisions, and Places, in which there shall be no Constable, as fully and amply as if they were severally and respectively appointed to every such Parishes, Division, and Chase, and with relation to every such Matter or Thing.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Practices, Proceedings, Causes, Matters, and Things contained in the said Acts of the Forty-second Year of His Majesty's Kings, or in any other Acts relative to the Militia of England and Ireland respectively, shall, as far as the same are applicable and can be applied for the Purpose of carrying the Act into Execution, and are not hereby altered, varied, or repealed, be applied for the Purpose of this Act, as well and amply as Matters as in the said Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Practices, Proceedings, Causes, Matters, and Things were or are contained and re-enacted in this Act.

Enrolled by the Clerk of the Court of Exchequer in England on the Application of the Advocates

Place in the Court of Exchequer in England on the Application of the Advocates

Why Mrs. Deane's petition is not to be taken up on the 10th of Jan. 1808.

His Majesty's order is to be taken up on the 10th of Jan. 1808.

Deputy Lieutenants or Justice of the Peace do any Act in respect of Deputy Lieutenants under this Act, except at General Meetings.

Provisions of the Act relating to Counties, extended to Ridings, Sherwards, Hundreds, etc. and all Provisions of Constables to Tything Constables, etc.

Powers of Acts of the 42nd Geo. III. are to be applied to this Act.

Parties on High
Commissions, An-
nouncing for
proceeding
Substitutes or
Volunteers, &c.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any High Constable, or Chief or other Constable, or Schoolmaster, or any Commissioned Officer, Adjutant, Quarter Master, or Sergeant in the Militia, shall seize or take any Money for the Infamery of, or be in any Way concerned in any Company, Society, Party, Club, or Office for the Infamery of any Person or Persons for the providing any Substitutes or Volunteers, or Substitutes or Volunteers, or for the paying or returning any Money for the providing any Substitutes or Volunteers, or Substitutes or Volunteers in the Militia, or any Person or Persons who may be liable, or to serve in the Militia, every such High Constable, or Chief or other Constable, or Schoolmaster, or Commissioned Officer, Adjutant, Quarter Master, or Sergeant as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence one hundred Pounds.

Revenue of
the Incumbent
to be
employed as
before General
Orders.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, which shall exceed Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Debt, Pleas, or Informations, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General for England, or Advocate for Scotland, or at the Suit of any Person appointed to sue for the same by any Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenant, or Vice Lieutenant, sitting for any Lieutenant, or any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Courts of Great Sessions in the Principality of Wales, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham (so the Acts shall require); in England, and in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, whereas an Escheat, Privilege, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Instance shall be allowed.

Justice of Peace
or Deputy Justice
shall may
demand
Penalties under
this Act not
exceeding 20*l*.
which shall be
Quarter Sessions

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, or Deputy Lieutenant, sitting near the Place where any Offence shall be committed against this Act, which imports the Offender to any pecuniary Penalty, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to hear and determine such Offence, at any Time within Six Months after the Offence committed; and such Justice of the Peace or Deputy Lieutenant shall, upon any Information, Exhibit, or Complaint, made in that Behalf, summons the Party accused, and all the Witnesses on either Side, and shall examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment for the Penalty or Forfeiture, as by this Act is directed, and to issue his Warrant, as in his Oath and Seal, for the laying any pecuniary Penalties or Forfeitures to be adjudged to the Goods of the Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case they shall not be redeemed within Four Days, reckoning to the Party the Overplus, if any; and where the Goods of the Offender cannot be found sufficient to satisfy the Penalty, to commit such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Three Months, unless such pecuniary Penalty shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and if any Person or Persons shall benefit or themselves as aforesaid by the Judgment of such Justice or Deputy Lieutenant, then he or they shall and may upon giving Security to the Amount or Value of such Penalty and Forfeiture, together with such Costs as shall be awarded in case such Judgment shall be affirmed, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County, Riding, or Place, who are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses and Jury, and finally to hear and determine the same; and in case the Judgment shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for such Justices to award the Person or Persons to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal as to these shall seem good.

Justice of
the Peace
shall be to
Writs &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses, to give Evidence before such Justice or Deputy Lieutenant, touching any of the Matters relative to this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecution or Parties accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place so be that Person appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such Neglect, or such Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by such Justice or Deputy Lieutenant before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, that then every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and paid in such Manner and by such Means as is directed as to the other Penalties.

Form of
Commissions.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Deputy Lieutenant before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, *namely* *intanto*, (that is to say),

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ is the Year of Our Lord
_____ in County of _____ A. D. of _____ was certified before
me, C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace (or, One of the Deputy Lieutenants, or the Clerk say &c.)
for the said County, residing near the Place where the Offender was convicted, for that the said A. B. on the
_____ Day of _____ now last past, did, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that Case
made and provided (here set the Office against the Act) do and declare and adjudge that the said A. B. hath
forfeited the Sum of _____

Before and
Commissions shall
not be removed
by Clerks.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Order or Conviction, made in England in pursuance of this Act, by any Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenant, or Justice of the Peace, shall be removed by Contract into any Court whatever, and that no Writ or Certiorari shall supercede Executions or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Conviction, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had thereupon, any such Writ or Writs notwithstanding; and in like Manner no Sentence, Warrant, or Order of any Deputy Lieutenant or Justice or Justices of the Peace in Scotland, shall be removed into any Court whatsoever by Bill of Advocation or Suspension, or Process of Rescission, or in any other Manner whatsoever; and that no such Bill, Process, or other Application shall be Laid or Proceeded upon any such Sentence, Warrant, or Order, but that the same shall be carried into Execution notwithstanding thereof.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

RETURN to be made by Clerk of Subdivision Meeting to Clerk of General Meeting.

Parish.	Delivery of Petition Books to Clerks or the Minors.				Total value to Clerks or the Minors.	Petition Books to be treated.		Petition Exempt.						Total exempt from Minors.
	Herring Children.		Hawing Children.			Exempt from Minors, but liable to be treated.	Total value to be treated.	Fronsonry and Voluntary.	Clergy, Licensed Teachers, Medical Men, Constables.	Army, Navy, Marines, Sea-Families.	In fine A & C, &c.	Total exempt from Treason.	Apprentices, Clerks, Persons serving by Indenture, &c. except from Minors, but liable to be treated.	
	Under 20.	Above 20.	Male under 14.	Age Child under 14.										
A.	130	130	112	112	312	004	639	112	7	94	44	150	53	312
B.	210	200	114	112	520	216	1002	242	11	109	37	400	70	471
C.														
Grand Totals.														

SCHEDULE (B.)

RETURN to be made by Clerk of General Meeting.

Subdivision.	Delivery of Petition Books to Clerks or the Minors.				Total value to Clerks or the Minors.	Petition Books to be treated.		Petition Exempt.						Total exempt from Minors.
	Herring Children.		Hawing Children.			Exempt from Minors, but liable to be treated.	Total value to be treated.	Fronsonry and Voluntary.	Clergy, Licensed Teachers, Medical Men, Constables.	Army, Navy, Marines, Sea-Families.	In fine A & C, &c.	Total exempt from Treason.	Apprentices, Clerks, Persons serving by Indenture, &c. except from Minors, but liable to be treated.	
	Under 20.	Above 20.	Male under 14.	Age Child under 14.										
A.	110	130	122	122	312	110	1445	142	10	107	94	286	135	391
B.	410	390	204	202	1,210	476	1,712	407	18	98	115	974	114	1,120
Grand Totals.														

SCHEDULE (C.)

LIST of Persons between the Ages of Eighteen and Forty-five, dwelling within the Parish of A. in the County of B.

Names and Dwellings.	Age.		Living as Catholics.	Living Children.		Yeomanry and Volunteers.	Clergy, Licensed Teachers, Medical Men, Curates, Schoolmasters.	Army, Navy, Militia, Sea-Fencibles.	Indians.	Apprentices, Persons living by Soldiers.
	Under 20.	Above 20.		Boys Under 14.	Girls Under 14.					
A. B.	Under		None							
C. D.										
E. F.		None			2					
G. H.						Present in Camp.				
I. K.										

SCHEDULE (D.)

RETURN to be made by Clerk of Subdivision Meeting in England to Clerk of General Meeting.

Parish.	Description of Persons liable to serve in the Militia.				Total liable to serve in the Militia.	Persons exempt from the Militia.					Total exempt from Militia.	Total Number of Persons between the Ages of 18 and 45.
	Living as Catholics.		Living Children.			Yeomanry and Volunteers.	Clergy, Licensed Teachers, Medical Men, Curates, Schoolmasters.	Army, Navy, Militia, Sea-Fencibles.	Indians.	Apprentices, Persons living by Soldiers, &c.		
	Under 20.	Above 20.	Boys Under 14.	Girls Under 14.								
A.	25	30	10	20	115	25	2	18	5	10	70	195
B.	40	40	42	45	168	30	2	42	7	45	126	294
C.												

SCHEDULE (E.)

RETURN to be made by Clerk of General Meeting in England.

County of	Description of Persons liable to serve in the Militia.				Total liable to serve in the Militia.	Persons exempt from the Militia.					Total exempt from Militia.	Total Number of Persons between the Ages of 18 and 45.
	Living as Catholics.		Living Children.			Yeomanry and Volunteers.	Clergy, Licensed Teachers, Medical Men, Curates, Schoolmasters.	Army, Navy, Militia, Sea-Fencibles.	Indians.	Apprentices, Persons living by Soldiers, &c.		
	Under 20.	Above 20.	Boys Under 14.	Girls Under 14.								
Parish of A.	25	30	10	20	115	25	2	18	5	10	70	195
— of B.	40	40	42	45	168	30	2	42	7	45	126	294
— of C.												
General Totals												

SCHEDULE (F.)

SUBDIVISION of

County of

Number of Mts. required to be balloted.

22.

Parish, &c.	Number of Mts. required	Particulars	Subscribers	Value	Date of Receipt	Sum paid by Ballot Mts.	Sum paid by Order, or Collection of Mts.	How applied.	Sum paid in Ballot or Collection of Mts.
St. Mary's	7	William Wilkes James Jones C. G. William Smith James Davis	William Jones Thomas Jones	— — — — —	20. 2 23. 4 — — —	— £10 20 40	£10	Trusting to receive of Edward Mts.	— £10 20 —
St. Thomas	10					40		£10 paid to re Ballot Mts.	5
St. James	4								
Total	21								

(Signed) J. B. Clerk of Subdivision Meeting.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven. [14th August 1807.]

[A. 47 G. 3. S. 1. c. 20.]

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Four millions five hundred thousand Pounds for the Service of Great Britain. [14th August 1807.]

¹ Treasury may raise 2,500,000 l. by Loans or by Exchequer Bills, as under Mts. A. 47 G. 3. S. 1. c. 20.

² § 1, 2.—Such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding 3½d. per Centum per Annum, § 3.—Such Bills shall not

³ be taken in Payment at the Exchequer before April 5, 1808, &c. § 4.—Such Bills charged on the First Supplies

⁴ of the next Session, § 5.—Bank may advance 2,500,000 l. on the Credit of this Act, § 6.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for more effectually securing the Payment of the Debts of Traders. [14th August 1807.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Payment of the Debts of Persons in Trade should be secured more effectually than is done by the Laws now in force; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when any Person, being at the Time of his Death a Trader within the true Intent and Meaning of the Laws relating to Bankrupts shall die (being or entitled to any Estate or Interest in Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or other Real Estate, which he shall not by his last Will have charged with or devised subject to or for the Payment of his Debts, and which before the passing of this Act would have been Assets for the Payment of his Debts due on any Specialty) whose Heirs were bound, the same shall be Assets to be administered in Courts of Equity for the Payment of all the said Debts of such Person, as well as all Debts due on Simple Contract as on Specialty; and that the Heirs or Heirs at Law, Devisees or Devisees of such Debtor, shall be liable to all the same Sums in Equity, at the Suit of any of the Creditors of such Debtor, whether Creditors by Simple Contract or by Specialty, as they were before the passing of this Act.

When a Trader shall die entitled to any Real Estate in Lands, Tenements, or other Real Estate, the same shall be Assets to be administered in Equity for the Payment of all his Debts, &c.

H. H. 2

Ordered by
the House of
Commons
that the
said Act
do pass.

And that
the said Act
do pass
with
the said
Act.

Table to be set out by the Secretary, in which the Heirs were bound: Provided always, that in the Administration of Affairs by Courts of Equity, and by writs of this Act, all Creditors by Specialty, in which the Heirs are bound, shall be paid the full Amount of the Debts due to them, before any of the Creditors by Simple Contract or by Specialty in which the Heirs are not bound, shall be paid any Part of their Demands.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to repeal, or alter, any Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Kingdom in the Eighth Year of the Reign of King George the First, intituled, 'In Aid for the better securing the Payment of Bankers Notes, and for providing a more effectual Remedy for the Security and Payment of Debts due by Bankers.'*

C A P. LXXV.

An Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Support and Maintenance of Curacies within the Circuit of England, and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned, so far as relates to the Avoidance of Benefices by the Incumbents thereof having accepted augmented Curacies. [14th August 1807.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further Support and Maintenance of Curacies within the Circuit of England, and for making certain Regulations respecting the Appointment of such Curacies, and the Dissolution of Parishes in Curacies augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty, with respect to the Avoidance of other Benefices; after reciting that, by an Act passed in the First Year of His late most gracious Majesty King George the First, it was enacted that all Churches, Churches, and Chapels which should be augmented by the Giftors of the late Queen Anne's Bounty, should be from thenceforth Perpetual Curacies and Benefices; and that it was enacted that such augmented Churches, Churches, and Chapels, should be subjected to the same Rules as Benefices with respect to the Avoidance of other Benefices; it was enacted that such augmented Churches, Churches, and Chapels, should be considered in Law as Benefices; and that the Letters Testate should operate in the same Manner as Testations to such Benefices, and should render voidable other Letters in like Manner in Indultion to the said Benefices; and also after reciting that Dissolves had been entertained whether the Acceptance of such augmented Churches, Churches, and Chapels had rendered voidable in Law such other Benefices as the Incumbents possessed before their Acceptance of the same, and that it was fit that every Incumbent who had accepted such Churches, Churches, and Chapels, should be quieted in the Possession of the Benefices they enjoyed before the Acceptance of the same, it was further enacted and declared, that all such Benefices as were held in Conjunction with augmented Curacies before the passing of the said Act, should continue to be held by the then Incumbents thereof, with, and that it should not be lawful to prefer to the said Benefices until they should become void or voidable by Death or Cessure, or by other lawful Cause of Avoidance arising after the passing of the said Act: And Whereas many Clergymen have innocently and unwarily done the said Act, and after they were Incumbents of other Benefices, accepted Churches, Churches, and Chapels, which were augmented as aforesaid, without any Knowledge that they would by Reason thereof cease in Avoidance or Right of Indultion to their former Benefices: And Whereas it may be expedient that some Regulation should hereafter be made respecting the Acceptance of such augmented Churches, Churches, and Chapels, and that for a Time to be limited in that Behalf, no Right of Deprecation or of Indultion shall be exercised in respect of the Acceptance of any such augmented Church, Curacy, or Chapel: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons who, upon or at any Time after the First Day of the present Session of Parliament, were or have been the lawful Incumbents of any Benefices, shall notwithstanding they have or had accepted any such augmented Curacy, but without Prejudice to the Avoidance or Right of Indultion, arise from any other Cause, remain and be the Incumbents of such Benefices until the Fourth Day of the next Session of Parliament, or until the Death or Cessure of such Incumbent respectively, or other lawful Cause of Avoidance of such Benefices respectively, other than the Acceptance of such augmented Curacies which have been made or taken place, or shall be made or take place in the intermediate Time, to be computed from the said First Day of the present Session of Parliament: provided that the Time during which any Suspension shall take place of the Effect of any Deprecation or Indultion made, or to be made as aforesaid, shall not be reckoned as Part of the Time during which there hath been a Vacancy, in any Question of Law.*

And that
the said Act
do pass
with
the said
Act.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. [14th Augst 1807.]

		<i>℥</i>		<i>s.</i>		<i>d.</i>			
§ I.	3,750,000	0	0	Out of the Surplus of 1806	Consolidated Fund	-	-	-	-
II.	15,800,000	0	0	From the following Duties, viz.					
				Additional Customs under	43 G. 3. c. 70.				
				Additional Excise	-----	4. 31.			
				Duties on Property	-----	4. 122.			
				Additional Customs	44 G. 3. c. 53				
				Additional Duties on Property	45 G. 3. c. 15				
				Additional Excise on Tobacco, &c.	46 G. 3. c. 39.				
				Additional Customs	-----	4. 43.			
				Additional Duties on Property	-----	4. 67.			
III.	4,500,000	0	0	Part of the Sum of 12,000,000					
IV.	171,185	5	34	Surplus of Grants for 1806	46 G. 3. c. 140. § 2.				
V.	91,666	11	4	being the Profits of the 4th Lottery					
	46,333	6	8	Profits of said Lottery for Service of	46 G. 3. c. 148.				
				Island					
VI.	The following Sums, viz.								
	Produce of said Act				47 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 3.				
	2,000,000	0	0	Pensions	-----	4. 1.			
	20,500,000	3	0	Exchequer Bills	-----	4. 2.			
	12,200,000	0	0	Annuities (after deducting 1,000,000					
				remitted to Island)	-----	4. 28			
	3,000,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills	-----	Sess. 2. c. 6.			
	3,500,000	0	0	Do.	-----	c. 7.			
	4,500,000	0	0	Do.	-----	c. 71.			
	Lotteries (including One-third for Island)				-----	4. 9			
	19,800,000	0	0	Out of War Taxes	granted above, for § 2.				
	4,300,000	0	0	Granted above (§ 3)					
	171,185	5	34	Surplus of Grants	granted above § 4.				
	91,666	11	4	Profits of Lottery	granted above § 5.				
	3,750,000	0	0	Out of Consolidated Fund	granted above § 1.				
VII.	The following Sums, viz.								
	1,000,000	0	0	(Tresury Bills)	47 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 10.				
	2,000,000	0	0	(Part of 1806 Loan)	-----	c. 38.			
	1,500,000	0	0	(Loans)	-----	c. 46.			
				Share of Lotteries	-----	Sess. 2. c. 9.			
	500,000	0	0	Temporary Bills	-----	c. 73.			
	46,333	6	8	Share of 4th Lottery	46 G. 3. c. 148.				
VIII.	Appropriates, viz.								
	17,400,317	9	3	For the Navy Services following, viz.					
	3,128,500	0	0	Wages for 150,000 Men, including					
				3,1400 Marines	At per	1	17	0	
					Man	1	18	0	
					per	3	0	0	
					Month.	0	5	0	
									For 12 Months.
	3,011,000	0	0	Their Victualling					
	5,070,000	0	0	Wear and Tear of Ships					
	4,211,000	0	0	For Ordnance for Sea Service					
	1,115,434	9	3	Ordinary of the Navy (including Half Pay)					
	2,134,000	0	0	Building, rebuilding and repairing Ships, extra					
	1,500,000	0	0	Pay of Transports					
	300,000	0	0	Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad					
	300,000	0	0	Professors of War at Home and Abroad					
IX.	4,500,000	0	0	For the Service of Great Britain					
X.	To enable His Majesty to make			such Misfires as the Emergencies of Affairs may require.					Out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid.
	500,000	0	0	For the Service of Ireland for like Purpose.					
XI.	150,000	0	0	Assigned to King of Prussia.					
XII.	19,775,046	12	6	For the Land Service following, viz.					
	4,751,000	0	6	For 112,700 effective Men in Great Britain and Ireland					
	2,000,143	13	9	For the Forces in the Plantations, &c. including Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, New South Wales, and on Special Service					
					From	25th December 1805			
						to 24th December 1807.			

Granted to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1807.

Appropriated to the Use after expedit See § 8, &c.

Appropriated to the Use after expedit. See § 11, &c.

For the Year 1807.

	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>		
XII.	85,124	10	0	For Five Troops of Dragoons and Thirteen Companies of Foot for recruiting the Regiments serving in India	From 25th December 1806 to 24th December 1807.
	275,240	0	10	On Account, for the Passage and Conveyance for the Forces in Great Britain and Ireland, &c.	
	190,529	17	6	For General and Staff Officers and Hospital Officers in Great Britain and Ireland, &c.	For the Year 1807.
	8,131,644	7	5	For the enhanced Militia and Feasible Industry in Great Britain and Ireland	
	61,155	12	0	For Contingencies in Great Britain	From 25th December 1806 to 24th December 1807.
	157,277	86	4	For discharging the Militia of Great Britain	
	34,118	11	0	Supernumerary Officers of the Peace	From 25th December 1806 to 24th December 1807.
	221,700	18	5	Principal Officers of Public Departments in Great Britain and Ireland, and Eschequer Fees	
	477,373	3	11	Increased Rates to Inspectors on quartering Soldiers and Allowances, &c.	For the Year 1807.
	186,981	1	9	On Account of Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces	
	5,531	1	1	For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces	For the Year 1807.
	44,000	0	0	For Half Pay and Allowances to reduced Officers of British American Forces	
	750	0	0	On Account of Officers late in the Service of the States General	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
	406,885	7	5	Chiefs and Assistants In and Out Professors and Expenses of the Hospitals	
	44,157	7	6	Widows Professors in Great Britain and Ireland	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
	7,494,104	4	8	Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland	
	812,540	19	9	Young Corps in His Majesty's Service	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
	15,105	11	11	Allowances to Chaplains of the Forces	
	18,461	10	10	General Hospital Expenses, &c. for Ireland, Military Infirmary at Dublin	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
	469,450	11	6	Barrack Expenses in Ireland	
	12,000	0	0	On Account of Land Officers' Children and Widows not entitled to Pensions	For the Year 1807.
	844,526	6	5	Extraordinary Expensiture of Cavalry General Department of Great Britain	
	506,817	0	0	Barrack Department in Great Britain	For the Year 1807.
	51,044	7	3	For relieving the Charge ofundry Additions to the Establishment of the Army	
	15,000	0	0	For Charge for attaching Inspecting Field Officers to Volunteer Corps of Great Britain	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
	791,210	0	8	Army Extraordinaries not provided for	
	1,100,000	0	0	Army Extraordinaries in Great Britain	For the Year 1807.
	1,000,000	0	0	Do do in Ireland	
XIII.	2,000,000	0	10	For Ordnance Office for Land Service in Great Britain	For the Year 1807.
	3,144,600	9	8	Do do not provided for	
	861,561	11	1	Do do Do do	
	479,225	19	7	For Ordnance Service in Ireland	For the Year 1807.
XIV.	10,000,000	0	0	To discharge outstanding Eschequer Bills under 45 G. 3. c. 25.	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
XV.	4,500,000	0	0	Do do used for the Service of 1805.	
XVI.	500,000	0	0	Do do 45 G. 3. c. 41.	From 25th Dec. 1806 to 24th Dec. 1807.
XVII.	1,500,000	0	0	Do do c. 26.	
XVIII.	500,000	17	8	To make good Money issued by Act of the House of Commons.	
XIX.	Civil Establishments, viz.				From 1 ^o Jan. 1807 to 31 ^o Dec. 1807.
	8,100	0	0	Upper Canada.	
	7,100	0	0	New Britain.	
	4,000	0	0	New Brunswick.	
	3,100	0	0	Prince Edward Island.	
	2,400	0	0	Cape-Verde.	
1,800	0	0	Newfoundland.		
XX.	22,075	5	10	Royal Military College	For the Year 1807.
	81,227	8	4	Royal Military Asylum Chéifs	
	6,853	0	0	Superintendance of Affairs	
	10,600	0	0	Public Office New Brunswick	

£	s.	d.	
4 XX.	51,550	0	Coverids at Home
renewed.	15,000	0	Extra Contingencies of the Three Secretaries of State
	12,000	0	Extra Messengers to Ditto
	175,000	0	Youngs and other Servants Service Money
	20,000	0	Law Charges
	5,000	0	Professions relating to the Coin
	11,500	0	Construction of Papers
	146,192	17	Free & Clergy, Fishery, Dutch, and Confess Emigrants, and American Loyalties
	1,433	13	Ditto Deficiency of Grant
	9,051	4	Protestant & Dissenting Ministers in England and Ireland, and French Refugees
	1,203	5	The Ministers of the Dissent Churches, &c.
	1,918	4	Stationery to the Court and Offices of Eschequer
	5,110	0	Salaries, &c. to Officers of both Houses of Parliament
	32,750	0	Work done at the Two Houses of Parliament, and at the Speaker's House from the 1 st April 1806, &c.
	11,800	0	Ditto for Deficiency in 1805.
	1,200,000	0	Interest on Eschequer Bills paid off in 1807.
	196,049	10	Discharging 5 per Cent. Annuities
	159,158	10	Ditto
	11,750	14	Purchase of Penalties in 1807, in and near Palace Yard (see 45 G. 3 p. 10.)
	29,100	0	Printing and Stationery for both Houses of Parliament, in the Year 1807.
	20,000	0	Printing Votes, Bills, Reports, &c. during the Two Sessions 1807.
	10,000	0	Reprinting Journals of the House of Commons in 80.
	4,000	0	Printing the 10th Volume of the Journals of the City in 1807.
	30,750	11	Deficiency of Grant for Printing, &c. for both Houses
	14,801	16	Ditto for Printing Votes, Bills, &c. House of Commons in 1806.
	459	2	Ditto for Printing Journals
	70,077	17	Building a New Mast on Tower Hill for the Year 1807.
	3,000	0	Printing Articles of Impeachment, Evidence, Trial, &c. of Lord Viscount Melville
	10,120	14	Rounded Bridges in Scotland
	51,750	14	Inland Navigation from the Eastern to the Western Sea
	5,000	0	Ferry pulling Publick Accounts
	87,000	0	Discharging Bills drawn from New South Wales
	61,735	14	For the Loss of the <i>Daedalus</i> on the Coast of Denmark.
	5,077	2	Salaries to additional Commissioners, for Auditing Publick Accounts
	5,000	0	To James Johnston Auditor of New Mint.
	4,458	1	Additional Allowances to Clerks in Auditors Office in 1806.
	73	11	To Dr. Clarke for his Travels relating to an Act for the Relief of the Clergy.
	1,216	17	To Deputy Great Chamberlain for Expenses of Trial of Lt. J. W. Es.
	7,040	0	To Solicitors for carrying on the Impeachment against Lord Melville.
	118	0	Attendance on Connected House of Commons for the Year 1806
	761	10	Concise to the Clerks of the House of Lords for the Session 1805.
	869	10	To the Police Office for Plans for Security of Shipping.
	224	10	Clerk Assistant to House of Lords for additional Travels during the Trial of Lord Melville.
	924	3	To various Persons attending the Trial of Lord Melville.
	722	5	Hours in Drawing Street for an Office of the India House of Control.
	5,728	10	North Embankment round the Metropolis.
	337	0	Boatmen Fish
	1,600	19	Expenses of the Office of Military Expenditure in the <i>High India</i> under 41 G. 3. c. 40.
	1	4	For <i>the Board</i> for extra Expenses of the Funeral of Lord Nelson.
	116	11	Books of Science, &c. for <i>New South Wales</i> .
	1,737	15	Expenses of Office of Commissioners of Military Inquiry under 41 G. 3. c. 47.
	209	14	Deputy Sergeant at Arms to House of Commons for House to <i>Melville</i> 1806.
	271	11	Salaries on Bills presented in 1806.
	434	17	Publishing Average Price of <i>Barren Hops</i> .
	1,200	19	Expenses of Commission of Inquiry into Naval Affairs (see 45 G. 3. c. 46.)
	1,652	0	Sergeant at Arms to the House of Lords for Service during 1806.
	2,658	13	Chambers of the Commission of House of Lords for both 1806.
	4,356	9	Expenses of the Lord Chamberlain on the Trial of Lord Melville.

To make good the Money paid out of the Civil List, &c.

	£	s.	d.		
I XX. <i>continued.</i>	377	8	6	For Deficiency of Grant in 1806 for Protestants Dissenting Ministers, &c.	
	5,000	0	0	Balances, &c. to Officers of both Houses of Parliament for Session 1807.	
	20,105	13	5	Captains of the Second Swedish Company	
	4,075	0	0	2000 <i>Myfons</i> , to purchase the <i>Lampoon</i> Manuscripts.	
	9,000	0	0	Repair of <i>St. Mary the Queen's</i> Chapel.	
	29,000	0	0	To <i>Dobson & Jones</i> as a further Reward for disseminating the Vaccine Inoculation.	
	5,125	5	0	2000 <i>Myfons</i> for general Purposes.	
	2,000	0	0	Board of Agriculture	
	1,200	0	0	Veterinary College	
	294,331	18	3	To complete 25,000,000 out of Surplus of Consolidated Fund, [See 46 G. 3. c. 74. § 1.]	} For 1806.
	29,000	0	0	Purchase of Buildings in <i>Palace Yard</i> [See 46 G. 3. c. 89.]	} For the Year 1807.
	50,000	0	0	Naval <i>Myfons</i> .	
	4,073	5	0	The Military Roads in <i>North Britain</i>	} For the Year 1807.
XXI.	all	a.	d.	<i>Engl Currency</i>	
	240	0	0	Accountant General for preparing Public Accounts for Sessions 1806 and 1807.	
	2,000	0	0	His Deputy	
	200	0	0	Examiner of Corn Bounties	
	250	0	0	Inspector General of Imports and Exports, preparing Accounts	
	800	0	0	His First Clerk for extra Trouble	} in <i>Ireland</i> . { For One Year ending 31st January 1807.
	800	0	0	Estimator of Exchequer, preparing Accounts	
	150	0	0	His Assistant	
	200	0	0	Clerk in Auditors of Exchequer Office, preparing Accounts	
	200	0	0	Clerk in Auditors of Exchequer Office, preparing Accounts	
XXII.	25,000	0	0	Civil Buildings in <i>Ireland</i>	} From 31st January 1807 to 31st January 1808.
	1,200	0	0	Printing, &c. 150 Copies of Acts 47 G. 3.	
	10,500	0	0	Publications and Advertisements in the <i>Dublin Gazette</i>	
	21,808	0	0	Printing and Disbursements for Secretaries Office, and other Public Offices in <i>Dublin Castle</i>	
	25,000	0	0	Criminal Prosecutions	
	2,500	0	0	Apprehending Public Offenders	
	9,420	10	0	Not conforming Ministers	
	1,207	10	2	Expense of Prisoners in <i>Dublin Port</i>	
	400	0	0	The Gold Mine of <i>Wicklow</i>	
	6,000	0	0	Incidents of the Treasury	
	2,000	0	0	Clothing the Herald, &c. For Three Years	
	340	0	0	Clothing <i>Battle Axe Guards</i> For 8 Months	
	92,500	0	0	Commissions to enquire into Fees, &c. in Public Offices in <i>Ireland</i> [See 47 G. 3. c. 65.]	
2,408	0	0	Engl. Commissioners for taking Evidence on Petitions against Returns to Parliament		
6,310	0	0	Commissioners, &c. for granting Lottery Licences		
6,110	0	0	Commissioners for enquiring outstanding Prices		
7,721	10	0	Erecting a Quay at <i>Dunrobin Bay</i> in the County of <i>Down</i> .		
XXIII.	21,000	0	0	Trades of the Lace Manufacturers for One Year	
	5,202	0	0	Board of Fish Prizes for building and rebuilding Churches, &c.	
	12,000	0	0	<i>Dublin Society</i> for promoting Husbandry, &c. (2000 <i>l.</i> in Aid of the Institution at <i>Cork</i>)	
	5,000	0	0	Farming Society of <i>Leitrim</i>	
	20,000	0	0	Parish, &c. the Streets of <i>Dublin</i>	
4,500	0	0	Commissions for making wide and convenient Streets in <i>Dublin</i>		
XXIV.	23,250	0	0	Incorporated Society for promoting <i>Anglican</i> Protestant Schools	
	22,200	0	0	Founding Hospital in <i>Dublin</i>	
	2,800	0	0	<i>Albion</i> Marine Society	
	21,205	0	0	<i>Albion</i> School for Soldiers Children	
	1,105	0	0	Female Orphan House, near <i>Dublin</i>	
	1,050	0	0	Association for disseminating Vice, &c.	
	7,657	0	0	<i>Wylmerston</i> Lunatic Hospital	
	21,000	0	0	House of Industry and Penitentiary	
	2,000	0	0	So Patients in Fever Hospital in <i>Griffiths</i>	
	2,513	0	0	Lying-in Hospital	

	<i>£</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>1806.</i>	
§ XXIV.	000	0	0	Commissioners for Charitable Donations	} From 5th Jan. 1807. to 5th Jan. 1808.
continued.	113,000	0	0	quarry Road Roman Catholic Seminary	
	500	0	0	Strom's Hospital	
	9,517	0	0	Sargeant's Hall	
	1,004	0	0	Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital	} [<i>vide former Acts</i>]
XXV.—	Supplies Ball I—applied only to the Parishes authorized, &c.				
XXVI.—	Rules for recovery Half Pay				
XXVII.—	Apprehension of Overplus of Sum (under 46 G. 3. c. 145.) to Redated Officers				

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act for confirming Articles of Agreement for an Exchange of Lands between His Majesty and David John Edgite, in the Parish of Kylesa, in the County of Down. [14th August 1807.]

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for vesting the Capital Messuage, with the Appurtenances, Situate in William Street, in the City of Dublin, now or lately inhabited by the Right Honourable Lord Peawfawer, in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and for applying the Purchase Money in Manner therein mentioned. [14th August 1807.]

* Prerogative belonging to Lord Peawfawer vested (as Payee of £15,000 by the Commissioners of the * Stamp Duties in Ireland) in His Majesty.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Contents of each of the following Acts are not inserted verbatim, but where it is extensively quoted by referring to the Statute, &c. according to the following Letter in the Title.

(a) For 21 Years, &c. [10. to be out of the then next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of 5th Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (a, b, c) see PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is inserted a Clause in the Form following.

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded."

(g. P.) QUOD PUBLICI ACTI, &c. Acts in each of which is inserted a Clause in the Form following.

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof so printed shall be situated in Ludlowe thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others."

Cap. 1

AN Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts in the Borough and Parish of Rydes, and the Hundreds of Marston and Keston (except the Parishes of Galloway and Luffenham) in the County of Lincoln. [25th July 1807.]

" Former Act 16 G. 2. c. 7. repealed, and also in each of former Act 19 G. 3. c. 43. as relates to the Parishes of Wrough, Louth, Levenston, Cosingrove, Battersick, and Escroth."

Cap. 2.

AN Act for confining a Pier and Harbour at or near the Town of Fellington, in the County of Kent.

[25th July 1807.]

" The Fellington Hoar Campney incorporated, § 2, 8a.—Duties on Coals under 5 G. 3. c. 6. applied to the Parishes of this Act, § 25. and new Duties imposed, § 26.—Tonnage and Harbour Duties allowed to be imposed, § 3, 28.—Duties on Herrings and Mackerel, § 29.—Duties on Exports and Imports, § 40, 41.—and Schedule.—Wharfage Duties, &c. 42.—"

Persons
deceiving the
Works
deemed guilty
of Felony.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or designly demolish, break down, damage, or sit on Fire the said Pier, Quay, Wharf, or any of the Works which shall be constructed in or which shall belong to the said Harbour, or who shall wilfully do any Damage to any of the Shipping or Goods within the same, or who shall wilfully or designly extinguish or put out any of the Lights and be or belonging to the said Harbour, for the Safety and Protection of the Ships or other Vessels resorting to the same, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court, by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be imprisoned for the Term of Seven Years, or in Discretion of such Parliament may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. 3.

18 G. 3. c. 21.
25 G. 3. c. 19.
25 G. 3. c. 44.

AN Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Acts of the Twenty-eighth and Thirty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for enlarging and improving the Harbour of Louth, for making certain new Streets and Roads, and widening other adjacent to and connected with the said Harbour. [25th July 1807.]

" Tonnage Duties allowed to be imposed, § 25.—Dock Duties, § 29. and Schedule.

Cap. 4.

AN Act for erecting a County Hall, and other Offices, for the County of North.

[25th July 1807.]

Cap.

Cap. xi.

An Act for repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the County of *Dorchester*, and building Bridges thereon. (4) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xii.

An Act for the more effectually repairing certain Roads in the Counties of *Salop*, *Dorset*, and *Morwick* (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xiii.

An Act for making and maintaining Roads from *Ferry Cray* to *Middle Bars*, and from *Wick* to *Beulah Bars*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (4) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xiv.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Beverly* to *Keady Bridge*, in the County of *York*. (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Bowston* to *Langton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for erecting a Bridge over the *River Lee* upon the said Road. (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Fladbury* Bridge to the South End of *Widdowes Green*, and from the Tower of *Frogham* to *Offen Lane* End, in the County of *Gloucester*, so far as respects the *Gloucester* District of the said Roads, and for extending the same from the present Termination thereof at *Fladbury* Bridge aforesaid, to the North End of *Over Lane Bridge*, in the City of *Gloucester*, and for making a new Road from such proposed Extension of the said Road to the North End of *Queen's Cross*, in the same City. (4) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xvii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Fladbury* Bridge, in the Township of *Monnow* near *Gloucester*, to the South End of *Widdowes Green*, and from *Frogham* to *Offen Lane* End, in the County of *Gloucester*, so far as relates to the *Frogham* District of the same Road. (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Kipping's Cray*, in the Parish of *Bromley*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Willy Green*, in the Parish of *Crookham*, and from a Place near *Gas East Gate* to *Stalbridge*, and from *Underden Grove* to *Norham's Green*, in the County of *Kent*. (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for revising, continuing, and enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the South-east End of *Leighborough*, in the County of *Leicester*, to *Dorby Bridge*, near the *Rathen*, and from thence to the South End of *Greenish Bridge*, in the same County. (4) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for repairing, and keeping in Repair, several Roads in the County of *York*. (4) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts, passed in the Fifth, Sixth, and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Thelwell* to *Walsby*, and from *W's Cray* to *London*, in the County of *Kent*, so far as they relate to the Road from *Thelwell* to *Walsby*. (1) [25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Woolpack*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to the Turnpike Road at *Lamb-hall Pond* and *Puller's Hill*, in the County of *Kent*, and from thence to *Wyl Farley Street*, in the County of *Kent*. (1) [25th July 1807.]

C. p. 1211.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Willington-um-Woodford*, otherwise *Woodford*, and the Hamlet of *Silfia*, within the said Parish, in the Counties of *Hertfordshire* and *Northampton*. [4 P.] [25th July 1807.]
[And for making Compensation for Taxes.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Langston*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [4 P.]
[25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for including Lands in the Manors and Township of *Hutton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. [4 P.]
[25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for including *Clew Moor*, in the Township of *Loftholm*, in the Parish of *Babes in the Woods*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [4 P.]
[25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Wardworth* and *Lybury*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [4 P.]
[25th July 1807.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Great Snaydon* and *Graythorn*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. [4 P.]
[And for making Compensation for Taxes.] [25th July 1807.]

* An Allowance made to His Majesty; and so much of the Award of the Commissioners as relates thereto
* Shall be transferred to the Office of Land Revenue, § 36.

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for amending, rendering more effectual, and continuing Parts of an Act, of the Thirty-sixth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for extending the Royalty of the City of *Glasgow* over certain adjacent Lands, for paving, lighting, and cleansing the Streets, and other Purposes in the said Act mentioned.
[18 August 1807.]

* The Rates to continue for 14 Years, &c. after passing the Act.

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of the Parish of *Chelchewald*, in the County of *Staffordshire*. [18 August 1807.]

See former Act,
27 G. 3. c. 76.

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act to authorize the Advancement of further Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund to be applied in completing the Canal across the *Isle of Dogs*, and erecting other Works there, and for effecting other Improvements of the Port of *London*, in Execution of certain Acts already passed for those Purposes.
[18 August 1807.]

* Recital of former Acts, 30 G. 3. c. 113. ; 42 G. 3. c. 212. ; 43 G. 3. c. 221. ; 45 G. 3. c. 160. ; 47, 000 l. more may be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund for the Purpose of the said Acts, § 2. 3. — Former Acts
* 30 G. 3. c. 113. ; 42 G. 3. c. 212. ; and 44 G. 3. c. 10. recited.—For the Purpose of building a Wall on the South Side, and at each End of the *Mill Lane* Export Dock, and also Offices for the Revenue, and
* Barracks for Soldiers on Duty at the Docks, 25,000 l. more may be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund, § 4.
* —All the said Sums shall be paid out of the Rates and Duties payable under former Acts, § 5. 6. &c.

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Citadel and Walls of the City of *Cardiff*, and certain Grounds adjoining thereto, to the Subjects of the Peace for the County of *Caermarthen*, for building Courts of Justice for the said County, and for other Purposes relating thereto.
[18 August 1807.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for ascertaining and establishing the Rates of Wharfeage, Cunnage, Pinnage, Anchorage, and Moorage to be received at the Royal Quays in the Port of *Bristol*; for the Regulation of the Cruisers in the said Port; and for the better Regulation of Pilots and Pilotage of Vessels navigating the *Bristol Channel*.
[18 August 1807.]

* Former Acts 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 35. ; 43 G. 3. c. 101. recited.—Tonnage-Rates, and Rates for Anchorage,
* Wharfeage, Cunnage, &c. granted, § 1. and Scholake.—Vessels navigating the *Bristol Channel* shall be piloted
* by Persons licensed by the Corporation, § 4. &c.

neglecting to pay the same as aforesaid, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, residing the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Money offered and the Charges of the Debitors and Sale, to the Owner or Owners thereof; and if such Owner or Owners inhabitant or inhabitants, or Occupier or Occupiers, shall pay such Sum before the same shall be so by him rated and levied as aforesaid, he, she, or they may afterwards sue and levy the same, or shall and may be allowed and reimbursed the full Sum of Money, by a Rate made or to be made upon all and every the Inhabitant or Inhabitants, or Occupier or Occupiers of Lands within such Parish, Township, Liberty, Precinct, Hamlet, estate parcelled Place or other Place, which say Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County shall order and direct, and shall be subject and liable to the same Powers and Remedies for the Recovery thereof, by Debitors and only, in Cases of Non-payment, as are herein before given to the Chief Constable.

Appeal as
Appel for
overrating

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place in the said County, shall at any Time or Times have reason to believe that such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place, is overrated by any Rate to be made in pursuance of this Act, then and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor to appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the said County at their next General or General Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof, against such Part of the Rate as may affect the Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place, in which such Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers shall first Officers respectively, and the said Justices are hereby empowered to hear and fully & to increase the same, and to give such Appellants or Appellants such Relief as so then the said Justices in their Discretion shall appear fair, just, and reasonable: Provided nevertheless, that upon such Appeal on such Rate shall be quashed or destroyed in regard to any other Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place, or Person or Persons affected thereby; any Thing in this Act, or any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary thereof, in anywise notwithstanding.

Appeal in
other Cases.

VIII. Provided also, That if any other Person or Persons shall think himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Act, Matter, or Thing done in pursuance of this Act or the Powers hereby given, then and in every such Case, he, she, or they shall and may appeal to the said Justices of the Peace of the said County, at their next General or General Quarter Sessions to be holden next after any such Case of Appeal shall have arisen; and the said Justices at such General or Quarter Sessions assembled, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, are hereby empowered to hear and fully discharge the same, and to give to all such Appellants such Relief as in their Discretion shall appear fair and just.

Expenses of
Appel in the
County of
Kent

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Appeals, Admissions, Rates, or Proceedings at Law, as between Parish and Parish, or between any Person or Persons and any Parish or Parishes, or any Person or Persons respecting any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or any other Act or Acts relating to the County Rates, the Expenses of all such Appeals, Admissions, Suits, or Proceedings at Law, shall be borne and paid by such respective Parishes and Persons, or such of them, and in such Proportions as the said Justices upon any Appeal in their General or Quarter Sessions shall award and order the same, or as such Courts wherein such Admissions, Rates, or Proceedings shall be instituted, shall adjudge and order, and shall not be charged to or be paid out of the County Rate.

* Powers of 25 G. 2. c. 29; 43 G. 3. c. 102; 23 G. 2. c. 18.; as far as relates to County Rates, extended
* to this Act, § 10

Expenses of the
Act, as to the
County of Kent

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of obtaining this Act, and of carrying the several Powers and Provisions thereof into Execution, shall be borne and paid by the said County, in such Proportions as the Charges, Barlarks, and Expenses arising within the County, in which a County Rate is or may be applicable, or by the said recited Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, doth to be paid, that is to say, One-fourth Part thereof shall be borne and paid by the Eastern Division of the said County, and the other Three-fourth Parts thereof shall be borne and paid by the Western Division of the said County.

Expenses of
the Act, as to the
County of Kent

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, at their General or Quarter Sessions assembled, to order such Allowance and Compensation to be made to the Constables and other Persons within such Districts and Divisions in the said County, where no Rate is or shall be made for the Relief of the Poor for their Expenses and Trouble in collecting and levying the said County Rate, within such Districts and Divisions as to the said Justices shall appear reasonable and proper, and to charge such Allowance and Compensation upon such Districts and Divisions, in addition to their Proportions of the said County Rate and all such Allowances, Compensation, and Expenses, shall and may be raised, levied, and collected by such and the same Ways and Means as the said County Rate can and may be raised, levied, and collected, and shall be paid therewith.

* Justices may order one or more Court Houses to be erected; and purchase Land, &c. for that Purpose, § 13.

** See and see the Court House, § 12, 25.

Penalty
for
obscuring
any
Part
of
the
Act

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, pull down, or in any Manner damage or destroy any of the said Court Houses or Buildings to be erected, repaired, maintained, supported, provided, erected, or purchased as aforesaid, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of the Appointments or things belonging, such Person or Persons being lawfully concerned therein shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried, shall have full Power and Authority either to order such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years to such Place, and in such Manner, as other Felons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes

Books of the Justices, or to suffer such Corporal Punishment, or to be punished by Fine, Imprisonment, or otherwise as the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried shall seem proper to order in this behalf; and the Justices of the Peace for the said County or Quarter Sessions assembled, or to be so authorized from Time to Time to either such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, to be prosecuted by Indictment or Judgment of the Justices for the County of Kent, and to direct the Expenses of such Prosecutions to be paid by the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County for the Time being, out of the publick Stock and County Rates of and belonging to the said County, and in every such Indictment or Indictments, such Court House or Court House, or other Building or Buildings shall be alleged and defined, and deemed and taken to be the Court House or Court Houses, or Building or Buildings (as the Case may happen) of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent, without particularly naming or specifying the Name or Names of any of the said Justices.

XXV. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices assembled in such General Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, to make any Order or Order for the granting and contributing by and out of the publick Stock or County Rates of the said County, of such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall think fit, or such other Part of these to be assembled as aforesaid from Time to Time down as aforesaid, and to employ the same in the way of rebuilding, repairing, altering, or enlarging a Court House or Court Houses, or any Building or Buildings used for that Purpose, now the Property of any Corporation or Corporations, Bodies Politick or Companies, or of any Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of any Manor or Manors in any of the said Counties or Places at which the said General Quarter Sessions of the Peace have been usually held; provided that the said rebuilding or repairing, or enlarging, or any such Court House or Court Houses, or Building or Buildings, and for that purpose, towards the rebuilding, repairing, altering, or enlarging, whereof any Sum or Sums of Money shall be so granted or contributed as aforesaid, shall be for ever the whole effectually conveyed to the Use of the Justices of the Peace for the said County for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; any Thing in this behalf to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Justices may make Money to be paid for repairing other Court Houses.

XXVI. And to be further enacted, That all and every the said Court House and Buildings to be provided or erected as aforesaid, and the Buildings, Lands, or Hereditaments to be purchased as aforesaid, and every Matter and Thing appertaining, or in anywise relating thereto, or to any of them, shall at all Times from and after the purchasing thereof, be vested in, and the same are hereby declared to be vested in the Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent for the Time being, in and to the Trust, and to the End, Intent, and Purpose that the said Justices shall and do from Time to Time, and at all Times for ever hereafter, peaceably and quietly allow, permit, and suffer the Aldermen, the Clerks of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and all other Clerks and Messengers to be taken for the Publick Administration of Justice, or for transacting the Publick Affairs and Business of the said County, to be taken and kept in the said General Court House or Buildings, and the Appointments thereto belonging, and also allow, permit, and do for the same to be laid, sold, and enjoyed for all such other Publick Uses and Purposes as the Justices of the Peace for the said County or the major Part of them, at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall from Time to Time direct, order, or appoint, with free Liberty for all Persons whom it shall or may concern to sit and officiate in, and to resort to, and attend upon the said Courts and Meetings as they shall have occasion or think proper.

Verbs in Court House is the Justices.

Justice may sue in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace, § 27.—Twenty-one Days Notice of Action; Plaintiff shall not recover if defendant Account be rendered, § 28.—Limitation of Actions Six Months; Verge is Jury; General Issue; Treble Costs, § 29.—Public Act, § 30.

Cap. XXXV.

An Act to enable the Reverend *Allen Thomas Jones* Curzon, his Heirs and Assigns, to repair and enlarge, or rebuild the Quay or Pier within the Harbour or Port of *Aberystwyth*, in the County of *Cardigan*, and to improve the said Harbour, and to regulate the Moorings of Ships and Vessels therein. [18 Aug. 1807.]

Old Quay Duties abolished and New Duties granted. § 6, and Schedule.

XVIII. And to be further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously demolish, break down, or do in any Part, Quay, Wharf, Stevedock, or any other Building or Work to be constructed, erected, or made under the Authority of this Act, every Person or Persons so offending shall be liable and liable to the fine, Penalties and Forfeitures in the Cases of Felony, and the Court by or before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall and may and they have hereby Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Penalties at such Court may, if they think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Felony.

Fines in Felony Offences by Statute.

Cap. XXXVI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to sell the Sands of *Frank Newn*, dividing the Counties of *Comerwall* and *Merioneth*, in *Wiltshire* *Almondey* *Malshus* *Elgates*. [18 Aug. 1807.]

WHEREAS there is a certain Tract of Sands situate on the Effray called *Frank-Newn*, dividing the Counties of *Comerwall* and *Merioneth*, and extending from *Four Margilys* to the Point of *GGG*, which, in its present State, is unproductive and incapable of being cultivated, and the Passage over the same is frequently attended with great Inconvenience, Delay, Difficulty, Expense, and Danger; And Whereas, if the said Sands were provided from the *Stony Embankments* and other necessary Works, the same might be cultivated and rendered productive, and the Communication between the said Two Counties would be thereby greatly facilitated and improved, and such Embankments and Works would also be of publick Utility, but the making and

47 Geo. III.

K k

maintaining

- * maintaining of the same, will be attended with considerable Difficulty and Expence: And Whereas William Alexander Macleod, late of Tower Hill, in the County of Gloucester, Esquire, is desirous of erecting and making such Improvements, viz. Walls, Ramparts, Towers, Bastions, Bridges, and other Works, as may be necessary for protecting the said Sands from the Influx of the Sea, at his own Expence, on having the same settled in him by the Judges and Assizes in Fee Simple: And Whereas His Majesty, on 14th of His Majesty's Letters is entituled in the said 5. c. 11. and being desirous of encouraging Undertakings of publick Utility, His Majesty has been much graciously pleased to signify his Royal Pleasure, that, so much of the said 5. c. 11. as respects the Influx of the Sea, in Fee Simple should, as well be protected from the Influx of the Sea, by the said William Alexander Macleod, his Heirs or Assigns, in Fee Simple, as far as the said 5. c. 11. is contained in, and confirmed to, and called in the said *Willow Alexander Macleod, his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple*.
- ¶ His Majesty enabled by 1. the said Statute in *William Alexander Macleod, his Heirs, &c.*—If the Embankment is not completed within Ten Years, and completed within Twenty Years, the said Sands shall revert to His Majesty, § 37.

Cap. xxxvii.

See former Acts
21 G. 3. c. 19
22 G. 3. c. 11.
23 G. 3. c. 10.

An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, several Acts, for improving the Navigation of the River *Leyn*, otherwise *Lene*, and for building a Quay or Wharf near *Lougher*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [18 *Sept* 1807.]

- ¶ New Tonnage Duties granted in lieu of Tonnage Duties under former Acts, but not to affect Light House Duties under 29 G. 3. c. 39.—Consolidation under the Act empowered to locate Ports.

Cap. xxxviii.

Former Acts
7 G. 3. c. 39.
10 G. 3. c. 24.
repealed.

An Act for more effectually paving the Streets, and other Places, within that Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Aldgate*, which lies in the County of *Middlesex*, and Part of a Street called *Fish Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Catherine*, and for cleaning, lighting, and watching the same, and for preventing Annoyances thereon. [14 *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. xxxix.

20 G. 3. c. 19.

An Act to amend an Act, of the Third Year of His present Majesty, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts, in the Hundreds of *Bradford*, *Malden*, and *Mortlake*, in the County of *Windsor*, and for extending the Powers of the said Act to other Places in the said County. [18 *Sept* 1807.]

- ¶ Jurisdiction extended to all.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit for any Debt recoverable by virtue of this Act in the said County of *Windsor*, shall be commenced in any other Court whatsoever, or elsewhere than in the said Court of Requests, then, and in every such Case, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Suit shall sue, by reason of a Verdict for him, her, or them, or otherwise, have or be entitled to any Costs whatsoever; and if the Verdict shall be given for such Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit, and the Judge or Judges hold so when the same shall be tried or heard, shall think fit to certify that such Debt ought to have been recovered in the said Court of Requests, then, and in every such Case, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, and such Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants may have for his, her, or their Costs in any Case by Law.

Cap. xl.

21 G. 3. c. 19.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the Town of *Greenwich*, and the Hundreds of *Tillingham*, *Dorland*, *Wilmington*, and *Stane*, in the County of *Kent*. [18 *Sept* 1807.]

- ¶ Satisfaction extends to all. § 13.—Record of Judgments may be removed into Superior Courts, and Execution levied accordingly with two extra Cods, § 17.—[See chap. vi. of this Style.]

Cap. xli.

20 G. 3. c. 15.
21 G. 3. c. 15.
22 G. 3. c. 20.

An Act for continuing Three Acts, of the Sixth Year of King George the Third, in the Twentieth Year of King George the Second, and in the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Duty of Two Pence 2. 6. on One-third Penny Sterling, upon every Ale, Part of Beer or Ale vended or sold within the Town of *Swinsford*, and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Essex*, and for enacting the said Acts to extend the said Town.

- ¶ Former Duties continued for Thirty-one Years, &c. after passing of this Act.

Cap. xlii.

21 G. 3. c. 15.
22 G. 3. c. 20.

An Act to revive and continue the Terms, and enlarge the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Twenty Second Year of His late Majesty, and the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Duty of Two Pence Sixd. on One-sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Ale or Beer brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped, or sold in the Borough of *Alghave*, in the County of *Essex*. [14 *Sept* 1807.]

- ¶ Former Duties continued for Twenty-five Years, &c. after passing of this Act.

Cap. xlii.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River Thame, from the Parish of *Saundrey*, in the County of *Bucks.*, to the Parish of *Chilton*, in the County of *Oxford.* [18. Aug. 1807.]

“ The Company of Proprietors of *Saundrey Bridge* interposed; represented that it would be a Burden to the said Act, to have it repealed; to make the Law propose Tolls: Whereas the said Company is a Free Corporation.”

“ I. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall willfully or maliciously pull down, or damage the said Bridge, or any Part thereof, or any Toll thereon, or any Part thereof, by Force of this Act, or any Part thereof, and being thereto lawfully created, shall be deemed guilty of Felony.”

“ II. And be it further enacted, That the said Bridge shall not be adjudged, or taken to be a County Bridge, or subject the Counties of *Oxford* and *Bucks.*, or either of them, to the repairing, mending, or supporting of the same; any Law or Statute in the contrary herein notwithstanding.”

Cap. xliii.

An Act to enable His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant Letters Patent for establishing a Theatre or Play-house, under certain Restrictions, in the Town of *Stratford*, in the County of *Warwick.*

[18. Aug. 1807.]

“ Stat. 10 G. 3. c. 28. repealed; in far as relates to *Stratford.*”

Cap. xliv.

An Act for amending an Act of the Twelfth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening certain Roads through the County of *Leicestershire*, and for building a Bridge over the River *Upp*, at or near a Place called *The Swale*, in the said County; and for amending more effectual, and converting, the Statute Law with the said County; and for repairing and regulating the Roads within the same. [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. xlv.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Neys*, in the County of *Derby*, through *Affton* to *Tidley*; and a Branch from the same Road, at or near *Abelton Lodge*, to *Higden*, in the same County. (c.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. xlvi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Tenth and Thirty-first Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Beighelington* to *Leard Heath*, in the County of *Essex*, and for amending a certain Part of Road to communicate therewith. (d.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. xlvii.

An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Gods Green* to *Hares*, at or near *Upper Sand End*, in *Walden* Church, and from *Nor's Farm* to the Mill Field, in the Parish of *Sty*, in the County of *Lincoln*. (f.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. xlviii.

An Act to revive and continue the Term and Powers of an Act of the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Dyke* to *Stret* Town, and from the said Road at *Burb Lane*, in the Parish of *Dryden*, to *Swagey*, in the County of *Essex*. (g.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. l.

An Act to amend, and render more effectual, in such of an Act, of the Thirty-third Year of His late Majesty, for draining certain *Fen Lands* in the Isle of *Ely*, and Counties of *Essex* and *Northampton*, near *Mildred* River, and amending the Commissioners of *Bedford Leas* to fill certain *Fen Lands*, as relates to the Lands in the Second District described in the said Act. [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. li.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Keddale* through *Sturford* and *Bark* to *Swy*, and for making Three Branches of Road therefrom, in the County of *Leicestershire*. (h.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to continue and amend Three Acts, passed in the Fifth, Seventh, and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads therein mentioned, leading from *Chatteris Ferry* to the Town of *Widford* near *Feter's*, in the Isle of *Ely*; and other Places in the said Acts mentioned. (i.) [18. Aug. 1807.]

Cap. III.

An Act for continuing and enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts, of the Third and Twenty-fifth Years of His Majesty's said Majesty, for amending the Roads from *Perwy*, to the County of *Gloucester*, to *Redbush*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. IV.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-third Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Cambridge* to a Place called *Long Lope*, and from *Cambridge* to *Regis*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. (a.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. V.

An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts, of the Sixth and Twenty-fourth Years of His Majesty's said Majesty, for repairing and amending the Road from the parishes of *Thorppe Road*, in the Parish of *Sheffry*, in the County of *Northampton*, through the Borough of *Abeney* to the Town of *Newbury*, in the County of *Berk*, and from *Newbury* to *Glebas Ford* and *Newnham River*. (c.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. VI.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His Majesty's said Majesty, in so far as the same relate to the Road leading from the River at *Southwell*, through *Staly*, to the *Thorppe Road* at *Harold Road*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. (c.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. VII.

An Act for selling several Messuages and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Leicester*, *Essex*, and *Essex*, Parts of the Several Estates of the Right Honourable *Frederick William Earl of Arundel* in Trust, upon Trust to sell, and for laying out the Moneys arising from such Sales in the Purchase of more convenient Estates, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. VIII.

An Act for selling Part of the Several Estates of the Right Honourable *Philip Earl of Chesham* in Trust, in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the Moneys arising from such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Use. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. IX.

An Act to enable *Benjamin Wyl Spindler*, and *Jacob Wyl Esquire*, and their Lessor for the Time being, to grant Building Leases of certain Lands (devised by the Will of *Jacob Wyl* deceased) in the Parish of *John Mary Augustine Bermondsey*, in the County of *Surrey*. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. X.

An Act for selling certain Estates of *Mary Fyler* and *George Edward Graham Esquire*, and *Mary his Wife*, in *King's Lynn* and *Stark Lynn*, in the County of *Norfolk*, in Trust, upon Trust to sell the same, and to fund part of the Moneys arising from the Sale thereof, upon the Trusts therein mentioned. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. XI.

An Act for settling the Right of Passage or Dedication of or to a Chapel, to be called *St. Oswald's Chapel*, in the Parish of *Worship*, in the County of *Northampton*. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]
 * Certificate of Grants shall be sent to the Visor, and registered in the public Register of the Parish Church of *Worship*, § 5.

Cap. XII.

An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Riddles*, *Saint Andrew*, *Djorick*, and *Cross* in the County of *Fife*. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

* Abatement to His Majesty as Lord of the Manor of *FKet*, and of the Convents of *Colchester*, *Redbush*, and *Procton*, within the same, § 18.—Extract of Award shall be sent to Land Revenue Office, § 19.—bearing
 * of His Majesty's Right to Mines, Ore, Minerals, and Coal, § 20.

Cap. XIII.

An Act for including the Lands of *Therby* in the County of *Surrey*. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]
 * Compensation for Tithes, § 18, 19, 20.—Abatement to His Majesty and his Lessor.—Extract of Award shall be sent to Land Revenue Office, § 19, 24.

Cap. XIV.

An Act for including Lands in the Townships of *Wigton* and *Tidjwell*, and in the Manor of *Tidjwell*, in the County of *Derby*. (q. P.) [18. *Sept* 1807.]

* Abatement to His Majesty in lieu of certain Chief Rents, &c. in Right of the Duchy of *Langford*, § 12.

Cap. lxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Swanton*, in the Wild. Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [18 Aug. 1807.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Skidgate*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (q. P.) [18 Aug. 1807.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act to amend Three Acts, of the Eighteenth, Twenty-ninth, and Forty-fourth Years of His Majesty's Majesty for creating a Court House, for the holding of Sessions of the Peace in the City of *Windsor*.

[18 Aug. 1807.]

Commissioners under written Acts empowered to sell certain Houses to Commissioners under *Windsor* Improvement Act, 40 G. 3. c. 53.—4,000 l. additional allowed to be expended in erecting the Court House.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when the said Sum of Four thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be raised; and as soon as the said Court House shall be built, fitted up, and properly accommodated, pursuant to the Direction of the said Acts of the Eighteenth and Twenty-ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the site of the said Market shall have been conveyed to the Dean and Chapter of *Windsor*; as directed by the said Act made in the Eighth Year of His said Majesty, all and every the Fees and Auctions given and created by the said several Acts touching the Direction, Control, and Management of the said Court-house shall cease and determine; and the said Court-house, and the Apartments and Offices thereto belonging, and the Manse of which the same shall consist, and the same, be under the full Direction and Management of the Justices of the Peace for the Time being of the City and Liberty of *Windsor*.

Justice of the Peace empowered to hire a Housekeeper, and other Servants, to reside in Apartments belonging to the Court-house, § 5.—Justices may let Cellars under Court-house, § 6.—Court-house shall be repaired under Order of Justices, § 7, Sec.—Public Act, § 10.

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for regulating the Import and Delivery of Coals within the Cities of *London* and *Windsor* and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the Counties of *Middlesex*, *Essex*, *Kent*, and *Stafford*; and for making better Provisions for the same. [18 Aug. 1807.]

WHEREAS the several Acts now in force and effect for regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals brought by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty King George the Third, and the Liberties thereof, and within each one of the Counties of *Middlesex*, *Essex*, *Kent*, and *Stafford*, and also within the Districts of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchequer, in the City of *London*, have been found insufficient to prevent the Comers of Private and Impostuous in the Vend and Delivery of such Coals; and Whereas it would tend greatly to increase the Excitation of the Purposes intended by the said Acts, if the same were repealed, and further and better Provisions made for such Purposes; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act, made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Edward the Sixth, intitled, *An Act for the Better of Fuel*, as therein is contained, that all Coals to be made and put to Sale in the Cities of *London*, *Windsor*, or in the Liberties of the same, after the last Day of *September* next coming, shall keep the Aflize hereafter expressed, that is to wit, That every Sack of Coals shall consist Four Bushels of good and clean Coals upon Pain that every Marker and every Seller that shall make any such Coals not put into the same to Sale, to forfeit for every sack of Coals thus hereof sold not so like being of the Aflize aforesaid Three Shillings and Four-pence, and that this present Statute, and so every Statute of Aflize of Coals, shall from henceforth stand in force and take place; and it is much thereof as therein is contained, that from and after the first Day of *May* next coming, no Person or Persons shall buy any such Coals, but only such as will burn or consume the same, or such Persons as shall sell the same again, by Retail, to such as shall burn or consume the same for their own necessary, without *Fired* or *Coves*, or *Wharftages*, or *Buggages*, and upon Pain to forfeit the Treble Value of all such Coals, so shall be otherwise bought for any Lease or Grant, and that no Person or Persons shall utter any Mark or Aflize of any of the said Coals, marked or affixed according to the Statute, in Pain of like Forfeiture as aforesaid; shall be, and the same is and are hereby repealed, and declared to be null and void to all Letters and Purposes whatsoever: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or give any Force or Effect to an Act, made in the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled, or directed, *Of the Manner, Aflize, and Sealing, Coals, Tallows, Toppes, and Billets, of all Sorts, and the Fire stoves and Chimneys of them that shall not perform the same*; every of the Provisions therein contained; but that the said Act shall continue repealed, in such and the like Manner as if this present Act had not been made, any Thing therein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

7 G. 3. c. 25. § 2. [making perpetual 16 G. 3. c. 2. which was revived by 3 H. & M. c. 7.]

repealed, § 2.—The following Acts repealed, viz. 26 G. 3. c. 108. 35 G. 3. c. 265. 1 G. 4. c. 10. 17 G. 4. c. 1.

38 G. 3. c. 21. 46 G. 3. c. 108.—1 G. 4. c. 108.—1 G. 4. c. 108.—1 G. 4. c. 108.—1 G. 4. c. 108.

and 41 G. 3. c. 108. repealed, § 3.

VI. Printed

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Fees or Pains of Court, and the Buildings thereunto belonging, and all the Duties with all and several the Hereditaments and Appurtenances, which the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners of the City of London, in pursuance of the said recited Acts, made in the Twenty-third and Forty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, have paid or are to be paid to the Parliament, and have caused to be taken thereof in the Name of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be sold in the Market and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, for the Purpose of selling a fine, open, and public Market for the Sale of Cords brought into the Port of London, and for other the Purposes of this Act, and all and every other and several Statutes, Orders or Orders, Councils or Councils, and all and every Act or Acts, Statute or Statute, or any of them, shall or may here lawfully made, executed, or done, or caused to be made, executed, or done, under or by virtue or in pursuance of the said recited Acts, or either of them, passed in the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, say Things herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXI. Bonds and Conveyances under recited Acts 43 & 44 G. 3. shall remain void, if by Assent granted by the City of London shall continue clear, or as the Dates to be collected by virtue of that Act, &c.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners shall give or cause to be given, six Calendar Months Notice of their Intention to pay off any such Assent which shall here lawfully be granted under and by virtue of the said recited Acts, made in the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them, to the Parties or Persons to whom the same may respectively belong, at the End of which six Calendar Months, upon Payment or Tenders of the respective Rents for which any such Assent or Assents may have been granted, so as for the Parties or Persons thereunto certified thereto, at the Office of the Chamberlain of the said City for the Time being, in the Guildhall of the said City, the Assent or Assents payable to such Parties or Persons respectively shall and lawfully may nevertheless the Money so tendered shall be paid to such Parties or Persons upon his or their Demand, and giving a Discharge for the same.

XXIII. Applications of Money for Purchases by Bodies Corporate, Trustees, Incorporated Parties, &c. &c. &c.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Book or Books, in which any Entry or Entries of any Proceedings or Proceedings shall have been made by any Parties or Persons acting by and under the Authority of the said recited Acts, made in the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them (such Entry or Entries being made in such Book or Books, according to the Direction of, and made Evidence by, such Two last-recited Acts, or One of them) shall be and be deemed to be good and sufficient Evidence of such Proceedings in any Court whatsoever, any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be and continue to be at all Times hereafter, at or upon the said Good Exchange and Hereditaments, a free, open, and public Market, for the Sale of Cords brought into the Port of London.

XXVI. And be it further declared and enacted, That such Market shall be and continue to be holden on every Wednesday, Friday, and Friday in the Week, in each and every Year, (Said Friday, Wednesday, and Wednesday Days by Proclamation, only excepted) from Twelve of the Clock at Noon until Two of the Clock in the Afternoon in each and every Day; and that it shall be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, to continue and retain the proper Clerk or Clerks, and other Officers or Officers, to such Market, with such Salary or Salaries for his or their Trouble and Attendance there, as to the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners shall seem just and reasonable, and from Time to Time to remove or displace him or them, and to appoint and appoint other Clerk or Clerks, Officer or Officers, in his or their stead.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of defraying the several Charges and Expenses for establishing and holding such Market, and of the Purchase of the said Lands, Buildings, and Hereditaments, and of the said Acts, and such other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, purchased in pursuance of the said recited Acts, made in the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and for defraying, maintaining, and repairing convenient Buildings thereunto, and for defraying the Salaries and Allowances of the several Clerks and other Persons employed in the Execution of this Act, and for defraying the other Charges and Expenses of executing the same into Execution, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, to demand and take, or cause to be demanded and taken, and from each and every Master of a Ship or Vessel laden with Coals, Cinders, or Coals, or other Goods having the Care or Command thereof, arriving at his Warehouse within any Port of the Port of London, at or to the Westward of Greenwich, the Sum of One Penny per Chaldron, or Ton, in each the same shall be sold by Weight, and no more, for every Chaldron or Ton of such Coals, Cinders, or Coals, or other Goods, or other Vessels; and such Sum of One Penny per Chaldron or Ton of such Coals, Cinders, and Coals, shall and may be collected, levied, received, and paid to such and the like Mayor, and his or her, with, and under such Powers, Authorities, and Permissions, as for other Duty or Duties, or Imposts or Imposts, or Coals, now payable to the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners of the City of London, or to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City of London, is or are, or may be collected, levied, received, and paid respectively, and such Sum of One Penny per Chaldron or Ton, when so paid for any such Coals, shall be charged to the Purchaser of the Coals, besides and in Addition to the Charge and Expense of the Mowage of such Coals.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Coals, Charges and Expenses incident to and incurred in levying and paying this Act, shall be paid and discharged by and out of the Money to be received by virtue of

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

Printed by
R. B. Smith
at the
Printers Office
in Pall Mall

this Act, and who is to be sworn as such Clerk, Clerks, and Exporters, and the Clerk, Clerks, and Exporters of purchasing the same, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, and Possessions for the said Market, and of making any Buildings, Enclosures, and other Conveniences thereon, and the Money hereof to be paid by virtue of the said Statute Acts, made in the Tenth Thirtieth Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, and the Interest thereof, shall have been paid off and discharged, so that the said Duty of One Penny per Chaldron or Ton of Coals, Customs, and other Taxes, shall be more than sufficient for the necessary repairs, and for paying the said several Avarages granted by virtue of such Acts, and for any other Duties and Charges, and for allowing to the said several Officers, and other Officers as hereinafter mentioned in the Execution of this Act, and for defraying the several other Charges and Expenses attending the same, and to be paid out of every such Cafe the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners shall and they are hereby required to receive such Duty, to be taken from the Money as shall be collected for such said Purpose, and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, upon the said Act to any other Statute in that behalf made, to and for the said Duty, when and so often as it shall be necessary for the Purpose aforesaid, and such Duty, when and so often as it shall be collected, shall be received in such and the same Manner as the Duty granted or reserved by this Act can or may be received, levied, and recovered.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty or Duties on Coals, Cinders, and Colliers, granted or reserved by the said Statute Acts, shall be and the same is hereby charged and made chargeable with the Associates which shall be established in respect of such Bars or Stacks of Messes as have been hitherto and shall under or in virtue of the said Statute Acts made in the Thirty-third and Forty-fourth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, for the Purpose of those said Acts respectively.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That for any Coals coming from Stafford and other Places here and elsewhere sold by Weight, to be thenceforward, that for the Purpose of ascertaining the Weight of such Coals exactly sold by Weight, One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupois Weight shall be deemed and taken to be One Hundred Weight, and Twenty Hundred shall be deemed and taken to be One Ton.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Master of a Ship or Vessel laden with Coals, or other Goods having the Care and Command thereof, shall and he is hereby required, within Twenty-four Hours after his Ship or other Vessel shall have arrived at or to the Wharfe of Blackwall, or at her Moorings for Delivery, within any Part of the said Port of London, or to the Wharfe of Greenwich, and not before, to deliver, or cause to be delivered to the Clerk of the said Market, or other Officer appointed to receive the same, at his Office in the Place appointed for holding such Market, a true and perfect Copy of the Certificate or Certificates directed to be given by every Factor or other Person sending or delivering Coals to each and every Master of a Ship or Vessel on board of which such Fire or other Goods sending or delivering Coals shall have loaded any Coals, in pursuance of any Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intituled, *An Act to settle the profits, and prevent the several Combinations of Coal Owners, Lighters, or other, of Ships, and others in advance the Power of Lads in prejudice of the Navigation, Trade, and Beneficiality of the Kingdom, and for the further Improvement of the Coal Trade*; and if such Ship or Vessel shall not come from any Port or Place, where, by the said Act such Certificate or Certificates is or are required to be given, then it and in such Cafe each and every Master of such Ship or Vessel, having the Care or Command thereof, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered as Account of the Quantity, and Name or Names, or Description or Descriptions of the Coals on board of such his Ship or Vessel to the Clerk or other Officer of the said Market; and in case it shall happen that such latter Certificate or Certificates shall at any Time be accidentally lost, or in case any such Ship or Vessel first have been originally loaded or extend outwards for Exportation, and shall afterwards change her Destination, and arrive or come to her Moorings as aforesaid, without any such Factor's Certificate or Certificates having been obtained or provided, then and in either of such last mentioned Cases, each and every such Master of such Ship or Vessel shall deliver or cause to be delivered a true Account of the Quantity, and Name or Names, or Description or Descriptions of the Coals as board of such his Ship or Vessel, to such Clerk, or other Officer of the said Market, together with an Affidavit to accompany such Account, and to be sworn by such Master before any of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, or Place, where the same shall be sworn (and which Justice or Justices are hereby authorized to administer) in which Affidavit such Master shall state and verify such Certificates either of the accidental Loss of any such Certificate, or of any such Ship having been originally extend outwards, and having afterwards changed her Destination, and arrived as aforesaid, without any such Certificate having been obtained or provided (as the Case may be) and such Clerk or other Officer is hereby required to receive and register such Certificate or Certificates, Account or Accounts, together with the Affidavit or Affidavits, accompanying any such Account or Accounts as aforesaid, upon Payment or Tender of a reasonable Sum directed to be demanded and taken by the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, for every Chaldron or Ton of Coals, in case the same shall be sold by Weight contained in such Ship or other Vessel, in proportion to the Tonnage to be taken for that Purpose; and if any such Master of any such Ship or other Vessel, or other Person having the Care or Command thereof as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to deliver, or cause to be delivered, or Manner aforesaid, within Twenty-four Hours after such Ship or other Vessel shall have arrived or come to her Moorings as aforesaid, a true and perfect Copy of such Certificate or Certificates, or such true Account as aforesaid, where any such Ship or other Vessel shall not come from any Port or Place where by the said Act such Certificate or Certificates are required to be given, or a like true Account, together with such Affidavit or Affidavits as aforesaid, in case either of any such accidental Loss of any such Certificate or Certificates, or of any such Change in the Destination of any such Ship or Vessel originally loaded or extend for Exportation, and in any such Case, having been obtained or provided as aforesaid, or if any such Master of any such Ship or Vessel, or other Person having

Printed by the
Printer of the
A.D.

Printed by the
Printer of the
A.D.

Printed by the
Printer of the
A.D.

Printed by the
Printer of the
A.D.

Printed by the
Printer of the
A.D.

" § 6, 7, and 8 of G. 3. c. 36 recited verbatim, and repealed.—§ 6 and § 7 of 21 G. 3. c. 17, also recited
* verbatim, and repealed, § 18.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Bargains or Contracts for Coals between Buyer or Buyer and Seller or Sellers shall by the Crump, Factor, or other Person having the Disposal of such Coals (in case any such Crump, Factor, or other Person, shall be employed for the Disposal of such Coals) be fairly entered, with the Conditions thereof, and Price of such Coals, in a Book to be kept by such Crump, or Factor, or other Person as aforesaid, subscribed by such Buyer or Buyers, and by the said Crump or Factor, or other Person as aforesaid, not merely with the initials of their Names, but with their Names written at full Length, of which Bargain or Contract such Crump or Factor, or other Person as aforesaid, shall at the first Time delivery grants a Copy by him attended to the Seller or Sellers and Buyer or Buyers respectively (in case, but not otherwise, of such Buyer or Buyers or Seller or Sellers respectively demanding such Copy) and a true and perfect Copy of such Bargain or Contract, and the Price of such Coals, shall be delivered by such Crump or Factor to the Clerk of the said Market, within One Hour after the Close of the Market on that Day; and every such Copy shall be by such Clerk entered in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose; and every such Book shall be open for the Perusal or Inspection of any Person or Persons whatsoever, on Demand, at any Time or Times during the Hours such Market shall be open; and if any such Buyer or Seller shall subscribe his or their Name or Names to any such Bargain or Contract in such Factor's Book, otherwise than in Manner aforesaid, or if any Crump or Factor or other Person, having the Disposal of such Coals as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to enter such Bargain or Contract, or the Price of such Coals, fairly, accurately, and honestly, without Fraud or Cozen, or to subscribe the same, or shall neglect or refuse to give Copies thereof in Manuscript or within the Time aforesaid, or if any such Clerk shall refuse or neglect to enter such Contract or Bargain, or the Price of such Coals as aforesaid, in such Book or Books in Manner aforesaid, or shall not permit the Perusal or Inspection thereof to any Person or Persons whatsoever, during such Hours as aforesaid, then and in such Case, every such Person or Persons offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and in case any Person or Persons shall sell his, or her, or their Coals, which it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons to do, without the Intercourse of such Crump, Factor, or other Person as aforesaid, then and in such Case every such Sale, Bargain, or Contract for the Purchase of Coals, with the Conditions thereof and the Price of such Coals, shall be fairly written on Paper, and shall be signed by the Seller or Sellers, and Buyer or Buyers, with their respective Names written at full Length, and such Paper, when so signed, or a true and perfect Copy thereof, shall be delivered by such Seller or Sellers to the Clerk of such Market within One Hour after the Close of the Market on that Day, and such Clerk shall, and he is hereby required to enter such Paper, or such Copy thereof, in a Book or Books to be kept for such Purpose, which Book or Books shall be open for the Inspection and Perusal of any Person or Persons whatsoever, on Demand, at any Time or Times during such Hours as such Market shall be open; and if any such Buyer or Seller shall sign or subscribe his or their Name or Names to any such Bargain or Contract otherwise than in Manner aforesaid, or if any such Seller or Sellers shall refuse or neglect to enter such Bargain or Contract with such Clerk, in Manner or within the Time aforesaid, or if any such Clerk shall refuse or neglect to enter any such Bargain or Contract in such Book or Books in Manner aforesaid, or shall not permit the Inspection and Perusal thereof to any Person or Persons whatsoever on Demand, during such Hours as aforesaid, every such Person offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds; and if any Buyer or Buyers, or other Person on his, her, or their Behalf, shall demand, take, or receive any Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance (by whatever Name or by whatever Means such Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance shall be called or made) from the Price he delivered to or entered with the Clerk of such Market, or shall practise or make use of any Art, Cozen, or Deceit, so as to obtain any such Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance from the Price he delivered to and entered with the Clerk of such Market, or if any Ship Owner, Crump, Factor, Vendor or Seller of Coals, or any Person on his, her, or their Behalf, shall give, grant, or allow any Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance from the Price he delivered to and entered with the Clerk of such Market (by whatever Name or by whatever Means such Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance shall be called or made), in that the full Price he delivered to and entered with the Clerk of such Market shall not be received for such Coals by such Vendor or Seller, then and in every such Case, every such Buyer, Ship Owner, Crump, Factor, Vendor, Seller, and other Person offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that the Commission to any Crump, or Factor, or other Person having the Disposal of Coals, and the usual Discount and Scavage allowed to Buyers, shall not be or be deemed to be any such Abatement, Deduction, or Allowance from such Price as aforesaid.

XXX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That when any Person shall on his own Account, or on the Account of himself and any Copartner or Copartners, buy, or enter into any Bargain or Contract for the Purchase of Coals to the said Market, or shall enter into any Agreement respecting the Terms in which any Cargo of Coals sold in Stores in the said Market is to be delivered, then if such Person so buying, contracting, or agreeing so, shall, at some Time previous to such buying, contracting, or agreeing, have delivered to the Clerk of the said Market's Paper, attesting (in case of such Buyer being a Copartner with any other Person or Persons) as well the usual First or Signature of such Buyer and his Copartner or Copartners, as also the true Testimonies and Signatures, and Place of Abode, at full Length, of himself and of such his Copartner or Copartners, or containing (in case of such Buyer not being a Copartner with any other Person or Persons) the usual Signature of such Buyer, and also his true Christian Name or Names, and Surname, and Place of Abode, at full Length, then and in any such Case, any such Person so buying, contracting, or agreeing, and having previously delivered such Paper, shall be at liberty, if he thinks fit, to sign and subscribe, with his own usual Signature, or in such

Sales of Coals
Shall be rec-
ord with the Clerk
of the Market.

Persons may sell
their own Coals
without the
Intercourse
of a Factor.

The use and
full Price of such
Sales shall be
entered with the
Clerk.

Persons may
sign their usual
Signature or
First, but shall
delivering his
Name to the
Clerk of the
Market.

or within the respective Cities of London or Westminster, or the respective Liberties therein, or within each Port or Parts of the respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, as to the measurement: the Duty of Twenty Five Marks from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, every such Vendor or Vendor's Agent, or Dealer or Dealers in any such Coal, shall fulfil and pay, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for Children, for every London or Essex, and for every Vendor or Vendor's Agent, or Dealer or Dealers in any such Coal, not less than Fifty Marks for every Vendor, as to the Penalty required by the said recited Act, made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her Majesty Queen Anne, inasmuch as the Act to define the profits, and for the better Regulation of Coal Dealers, Lightermen, Maltsters, &c. and others, in advance the Price of Coals, in regularity of the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the better Regulation of the Coal Trade, as by the said recited Act, made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Coal Trade*, as every Person who shall knowingly sell one Sort of Coals for and as a Sort which shall really be another: Provided always, that no Vendor or Vendor's Agent, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall be liable to such Penalty for or in respect of any Number of Chaldrons exceeding Twenty-five Chaldrons, for the said Offence.

XXXIV. And whereas great Inconvenience has arisen from the Appointment of a Meter to a Ship or other Vessel for the Delivery of her Cargo of Coals before the same was ready for Delivery, he it therefore further enacted, That no Meter shall be appointed to any Ship or other Vessel for the Delivery of her Cargo of Coals, until after the Account of the Sale of such Cargo of Coals shall have been entered with the Clerk of the Market, or until the Conclusion of the Market, in which it is. Account of the Sale of Three Score Chaldrons at the Sale of the Coals contained in such Ship or other Vessel shall have been so entered with the Clerk of the said Market, in Manner herein directed.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when any Ship or Vessel laden with Coals shall have arrived within any Part of the said Port of London, at or to the Wharves of Greenwich, and such Ship or Vessel shall, after the said Coals have arrived as aforesaid, happen to be or become so damaged or injured as to render it prudent or necessary in reason, without Delay, the Coals contained in such Ship or Vessel out of such Ship or Vessel, then and in such Cases nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so far as to hinder or prevent the merchants relating and removing the Coals with which any such Ship or Vessel shall be laden, from out of such Ship or Vessel to any Lighters or Barges, or other Craft, without waiting for the Appointment or Arrival of any Ship Meter, and without any Person or Persons being subject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties whatsoever for or in respect of such Removal of any such Coals.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Meter employed to measure or deliver, or to superintend the Admeasurement or Delivery of any Coals from any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, to appoint from Time to Time, One of the following Persons to be such Meter's Man, or to assign such Meter to the Admeasurement or Delivery of such Coals, as if from Time to Time to divide such Person so appointed as his Partner, and to appoint any other Fellowship Partner to be such Meter's Man in the Room of the Partner so dissolved, and so Person so appointed by any Meter to be such Meter's Man, or to assign such Meter to the Delivery of the Coals from any such Ship or Vessel, shall be entitled to any Pay or Wages or Allowance for any Detention, as to any other Benefit under this Act, except such Person shall be one of the Partners called Fellowship Partners: and that every such Person to be appointed Meter's Man, or Assistant to any such Meter, shall (provided he be a Fellowship Partner, but not otherwise) have and be entitled to receive and be paid by the Undertaker of any such Ship or Vessel, or by the Master or Owner (where no Undertaker shall be employed) the four Shillings for every Twenty Chaldrons of Coals admeasured and delivered, and shall have and be entitled to receive and be paid by the Master or Owner of any such Ship or Vessel, the same Sum or Allowance per Day for Detention Money, and shall also have and be entitled to receive and be paid all such other Emoluments as shall or ought to be paid, awarded, or allowed to any Coal-heaver or Whipper employed together with such Meter's Man in the Delivery of any such Ship or Vessel; and that such Undertaker shall have and be entitled to charge and receive, and be paid as if allowed the same from or Allowance and Emolument upon and in respect of such Meter's Man, as shall or ought to be paid or allowed to such Undertaker upon or for any Coal-heaver or Whipper: paid and employed by such Undertaker together with such Meter's Man.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-heaver, or Whipper, shall, by reason of the Delivery of a less Quantity of Coals than at the Rate of Forty-two Chaldrons a Day, from the Appointment of such Meter to deliver such Ship or Vessel, be detained on board any Ship or Vessel by reason of the Whole of the Coals not being delivered thereunto, over or beyond such Number of Coals as the Wharf of the Cargo thereof would have been delivered in, supposing such Coals had been delivered at the Rate of Forty-two Chaldrons a Day, then and in such Case the Master or Owner of every such Ship or other Vessel shall pay to every such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-heaver, or Whipper, such Sum or Sum of Money, not exceeding Seven Shillings per Day, as or by Way of Detention Money for every Day that such Ship or Vessel shall have been detained beyond such Number of Days as aforesaid: as if any Coals or more of His Majesty's Justice of the Peace for the City of London, or Liberties of Whitechapel, Essex, Kent, or Surrey, according to the Jurisdiction, shall award, on the Application of such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-heaver, or Whipper, over and above all Coals and Damages of such Appraisers, provided that it shall appear to such Justice or Justices that such Detention did not arise from the Length of the Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-heaver, or Whipper, or with over-weighing; and every such Application to any such Justice or Justices shall be made by such Meter's Man, Meter's Man, Coal-heaver, or Whipper, within Three Days next after the Day on which the Delivery of the Whole of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel shall have been completed; and if the Sum or Sums

of Money which shall, upon any such Application, be awarded by such Justice or Justices to be paid as Detention Money, for or on account of any such Detention and Costs by any such Ship Master or Owner, to any such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer, or Whipper, shall not be immediately paid accordingly, such Sums or Sums shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Shipmaster or Owner, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices; and the Overplus of the Money, if any, raised by such Distress and Sale, (deducting the Money so awarded and ordered to be paid, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale), shall be restored to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for Want of Distress, and in case the Money is awarded and ordered to be paid shall not be immediately paid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to commit such Master or Owner to the Common Goal or House of Correction for the City or Place for which such Justice shall sit, there to remain without Bail or Surety for any Term not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Sum or Sums, and all reasonable Costs attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and every such Award, Order, and Proceeding of any such Justice or Justices shall be final, binding, and conclusive; and no such Proceedings shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, save any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere.

Money paid by
the Master or
Owner for any
Detention
awarded by
the District of
the Coal Borer
shall be repaid
by such Borer.

XXXVIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That when any Sum or Sums of Money shall be directed by any such Justice or Justices of the Peace to be paid by any Shipmaster or Owner to any such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer, or Whipper, as and by way of Detention Money for any Detention which shall have been occasioned by, or have arisen from the Conduct of any Coal Borer or Borers, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, or for any Costs attending the Application for any such Detention Money; and such Sum or Sums of Money shall have been paid accordingly, then and in every such Case, such Coal Borer or Borers shall repay, or cause to be repaid to such Shipmaster or Owner, such Sum or Sums as such Shipmaster or Owner shall, in consequence of any such Direction, have paid unto any such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer, or Whipper, for any Detention so occasioned by such Coal Borer or Borers, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, and for any Costs; and in case of any Neglect or Refusal in such Coal Borer or Borers, he, she, or their Agent or Agents, to make such Repayment, it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City of London, or Counties of *W. Mids.*, *Essex*, *Kent*, or *Surrey*, according to the Jurisdiction, on the Application of such Shipmaster or Owner, to order such Coal Borer to repay to such Shipmaster or Owner, any such Sum or Sums, or any Part or Parts thereof, which shall have been paid by such Shipmaster or Owner, to such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer, or Whipper, in pursuance of the Direction of such Justice or Justices, for any such Detention and Costs, provided such Detention shall appear to such Justice or Justices to have been occasioned by, or to have arisen from the Default of such Coal Borer or Borers, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents; and every such Application to any such Justice or Justice shall be made by such Shipmaster or Owner within Ten Days next after any such Detention Money and Costs shall have been awarded and paid by such Shipmaster or Owner; and if the Sum or Sums of Money which shall, upon any such Application, be ordered by such Justice or Justices to be repaid to such Shipmaster or Owner by such Coal Borer or Coal Borers, shall not be immediately repaid accordingly, such Sum or Sums shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Coal Borer or Borers, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices, and the Overplus of the Money (if any) raised by such Distress and Sale, (deducting the Money so ordered to be repaid, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale), shall be restored to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for want of Distress, and in case the Money to be repaid shall not be accordingly immediately repaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, to commit such Coal Borer or Borers to the common Goal or House of Correction for the City or Place for which such Justice or Justices shall sit, there to remain, without Bail or Surety, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Sum or Sums, and all reasonable Costs attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid.

Coal Borer shall
not be liable to
Detention Money
except in consequence
of his
own do.

XXXIX. Provided nevertheless, and he it further enacted, That no Coal Borer or Borers shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever as Detention Money, for or in respect of the Detention of any such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer, or Coal-bearers, as his, Day, on which a Meter shall be appraised to any such Ship or Vessel, with such Meter, Meter's Man, Coal-bearer or Coal-bearers respectively, shall be regarded by such Coal Borer or Borers, or his or their Agents, as stated, and shall stand in consequence of such Request on board such Ship or Vessel during that Day; any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Coal Borer or
Master or Owner
respectively may
appeal to Justice
within the
District of the
Justice.

XI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any such Coal Borer or Borers, who shall be distrained with or feel himself or themselves aggrieved by any such last mentioned Order of any such Justice or Justices for the Repayment of any such Sum or Sums to such Shipmaster or Master, or if any such Shipmaster or Master shall be distrained with or feel himself aggrieved by the Detention of any such Justice or Justices, who shall, on any such last-mentioned Application that pauper to decline making any Order for any such Repayment, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Coal Borer or Borers, or Master or Owner respectively, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County, City, or Place, where such Order for Repayment shall be made, or refused to be made, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices (making or declaring to make such Order) for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and for abating the Detention of the Court thereon; and such Justice or Justices in such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or annul the said Order or Determination or may make such other Order or Determination in the Matter of such Appeal, and award such Costs to either Party as to them the said Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and the Decision of the said

Justices therein shall be foul, trading, and unchristian; and on such Proceedings shall be quashed or reversed for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Auction, Sale, or other Proceeding whatsoever, shall be commenced or prosecuted by any such Ship-owner or Master against any such Coal Buyer or Buyer, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in any other Court or Courts of Law or Equity, for the Recovery of, or otherwise respecting any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by any such Ship-owner or Master respectively, for any such Detention or Costs as aforesaid.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That no Person whatsoever shall carry on, or exercise or follow the Trade, Business or Employ of a Coal Undertaker, or of providing Coal-burners or Whippers for unloading Coals from any Ship or Vessel within the said Port of London, unless he or she shall have previously obtained a License to carry on such Business from the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, which Court is hereby authorized to grant such License to such Person or Persons as shall at the Time of granting the same, produce before such Court a Recommendation, signed by Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, sitting as such, for the City, County, Town, or Place, in which such Person or Persons reside; and every Person so licensed, shall pay for his or her License the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and no more; and every such License shall be granted for, and remain in force for the Term of One Year, to be computed from the Day of the Date thereof, and no longer; and the Chief Justice and Justices, and the Place of Abode of every Person so licensed, shall within Twenty-four Hours after the granting such respective Licenses, be correctly entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose at the Mace's House of the City of London; and such Book shall at all suitable Times be open for Inspection, review, or any Person or Persons whatsoever applying to inspect the same; and all and every Person or Persons, who shall carry on, exercise, or follow the said Trade of a Coal Undertaker, without having obtained such License, and proceeded the same to be entered as aforesaid, or who shall carry on, exercise, or follow such Trade for any longer or other Term than shall be expressed in any such License so obtained, and proceed to be entered as aforesaid, shall for every Coal-bearer or Whipper so provided by him or her, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; and the Whole of such Penalty shall go to the Informer.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Complaint shall be made to the said Lord Mayor, or to the Sitting Aldermen or Aldermen for the Time being of the said City of London, or of referring to the Custody of any such licensed Coal Undertaker in his or her said Trade or Business, the said Mayor or Sitting Aldermen or Aldermen shall and may cause him or her to be brought before him or them, and if upon hearing the said Complaint, it shall appear to the said Mayor or Sitting Aldermen or Aldermen, that the said Coal Undertaker shall have acted corruptly or improperly, or have offered in any Manner against the Privileges or true Interest and Meaning of this Act, then and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor or Sitting Aldermen or Aldermen to suspend such Coal Undertaker from carrying on his or her Trade or Business of Undertaker, until the holding or sitting of the then next Court of the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen; and if upon such Complaint being brought and heard before the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, at such their then next Sitting, it shall appear to the said Court that such Coal Undertaker shall have acted corruptly or improperly, or have offered in any Manner against the same, in such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen to cause the Name of such Coal Undertaker to be erased from the said Book of licensed Coal Undertakers; and if any such Undertaker shall, either during such Time for which he or she shall be so suspended, or after the Time of such Erasure of his or her Name being so made from such Book, carry on, exercise, or follow the said Trade of a Coal Undertaker, every such Person so offending shall, for every Coal-bearer provided by him or her either during the Interval of such Suspension, or subsequently to such Erasure, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and the Whole of such Penalty shall go to the Informer.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Coal Undertaker, or other Person providing any Coal-bearer or Coal-burners for the Purpose of unloading Coals from any Ship or other Vessel within the said Port of London, shall provide any such Coal-bearer or Coal-burners, without having first taken before the Lord Mayor, or One of the Aldermen of the City of London, the Oath following (which they are hereby empowered to administer); that is to say,

I, *A. B.* do swear, That I will well and truly execute the Business or Employ of a Coal Undertaker or Employer of Coal-burners, and so long as I shall continue to execute that Business, I will in all Things conform myself to the Direction of an Act of Parliament, made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled, *As Act for regulating the Fuel and Delivery of Coals within the City of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof; and in certain Parts of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same.*

Every such Coal Undertaker, or other Person as aforesaid, shall, for every such Coal-bearer so provided by him, her, or them, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, and the Whole of such Penalty shall go to the Informer.

XLV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any licensed Victualler, Alehousekeeper, or Innkeeper, licensed or intimated, directly or indirectly, either in his or her own Name, or in the Name or Name of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, or by way of Partnership or Agreement, to receive any Part of the Profits of such Trade or Trades, shall, directly or indirectly, exercise the Business or Employ of a Coal Undertaker, or of providing any Coal-bearer or Coal-burners, or any Shorch, Bricks, or other Inconveniences for unloading any Coals from any Ship or other Vessel within the said Port of London, every such Victualler, Alehousekeeper,

Ship Master
shall not bring
Action against
Coal Buyer, to
recover Detention
Money.
No Person shall
follow the Trade
of a Coal Under-
taker without
a License from
the Court of
Aldermen.

Lord Mayor or
Sitting Aldermen
may suspend
and Cause of
Aldermen may
erase the Name
of any Coal
Undertaker
from the Book.

Oath of Coal
Undertaker.

Penalty on
Victuallers
acting as Coal
Undertakers.

Alldredgekeeper, or Inskeeper shall, for every such Coal-burner, Shovel, Basket, or other Implement provided by him or her, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, and the Whole of such Penalty shall go to the Inskeeper.

Shalls and
etc. Inskeeper
shall for the
use of
Coal Ships shall
be used by
the Ship-owners.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Master, or Owner or Owners of every Ship or Vessel from which any Coals shall be unloaded or delivered within the said Port of London shall, and he and they, and are hereby required to provide and find, at his and their own Expence, all such Shovels, Baskets, and other Implements, as shall be requisite and proper for the Unloading or Delivery of the Coals from any such Ship or Vessel; and so such Shovel, Basket, or other Implement, shall be let out for hire by or to any Person or Persons whatsoever, save and except by a licensed Coal Undertaker or Undertakers, to any such Shipmaster or Owner, Masters or Owners, his or their Agent or Agents, who shall employ such Coal Undertaker or Undertakers; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever, not being a Coal Undertaker or Undertakers, shall be so employed, shall be liable to answer, shall let out to hire any Shovel or Shovels, Basket or Baskets, or other Implement or Implements, for the unloading of any such Ship or Vessel, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, or if any licensed Coal Undertaker shall let out to hire any Shovel or Shovels, Basket or Baskets, or other Implement or Implements for the Unloading or Delivery of any such Ship or Vessel to any Person or Persons whatsoever, save and except to the Master or Owner of any such Ship, or to his Agent or Agents, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Shovel, Basket, or other Implement so let out, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Pay of Wages of
Under-takers,
Coal-burners,
and Meters
Men.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every Coal Undertaker shall receive and have from the Master, or Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in the Port of London, for every Chaldron of Coals delivered by the Coal-burner by him, or her provided for that Purpose, the Sum of One Penny, in full Compensation for his or her Trouble; and that the several Coal-burners and Meters Men shall be entitled to and receive from the Undertaker, or from the Master when no Undertaker is employed, for every Twenty Chaldrons of Coals by them delivered, the Sum of Three Shillings each, in full for their respective Wages or Pay.

Cost of
Attendance may
be made the
Legal Cost
of Undertakers,
&c.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London from Time to Time to increase the several Sums payable to the Coal Undertakers, and also the Wages or Hire payable for Labour to the Ship Coal Masters, Meters Men, and Coal-burner respectively, and from Time to Time to reduce the same, when it shall appear reasonable and expedient to them to do so; and if any such Shipmaster or Owner, or his Agent or Agents, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall pay or cause to be paid to any such Coal Undertaker, or any such Ship Master, Owner, Undertaker, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall pay or cause to be paid to any such Coal-burner, Ship Coal Master, or Meters Men, any greater or less Sum, or as or after any greater or less Rate than is hereby or may be hereafter be entitled or approved by the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, to be paid or payable to such Undertakers, Meters Men, or Coal-burners respectively, every such Master, Undertaker, or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

How the Wages
of Coal-burners
shall be paid.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Hire and Wages of Coal-burners or Whippers, and Meters Men, shall be ready and paid for by the Master or Owners of Ships, or their Agents, or the Undertaker, when any Coal Ship shall be employed; and such Undertaker shall pay and divide, or cause to be paid and divided, such Hire and Wages to be received by him for that Purpose, among the said Meters Men and Coal-burners or Whippers; and when an Undertaker shall be employed, then such Master or Owner respectively shall pay or divide such Hire or Wages, ready and paid for, unto or among such Meters Men and Coal-burners respectively; and if any such Master or Owner shall pay, or if any such Undertaker shall pay or cause to be paid to any such Coal-burner or Meters Men, such Wages or Pay, or any Part thereof, by way of Boster or Endowage, or in any Cash, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Meat, Drink, Lodging, or Mistake for Working Apparel, or with any other Matter or Thing whatsoever, other than Current Money, or shall make any Deduction or Abatement from or out of such Wages or Pay, under Pretence of furnishing Baskets, Shovels, or other Implements used in the unloading of Coals; or for or under any other Pretence whatsoever, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, and the Whole of such Penalty shall go to the Inskeeper.

Coal-burners
to be paid
the Wages of
any Shipmaster,
&c.

I. And be it further enacted, That the Undertaker shall pay, or cause to be paid the Hire and Wages of the Coal-burner or Coal-burners employed by him, unto and amongst all such Coal-burners, at his Assigning Place, or other convenient Place for that Purpose; and where an Undertaker is employed, the Shipmaster or Owner shall be liable to pay and divide the same equally amongst the Coal-burners, on board the Ship or Vessel in which they shall be employed; and if any such Master or Owner where an Undertaker is employed shall pay or cause to be paid to any such Coal-burner shall pay or cause to be paid to any such Coal-burner or Meters Men, such Wages or Pay, or any Part thereof, at any Ale House, Victualling House, or Inn, or at any other Detraction of Place then aforesaid, or at such Place so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Sh. Masters
to be allowed
the Hire of
the Ship or Vessel
for the Delivery
of the Coals,
&c.

LI. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons who shall be employed as the Undertaker or Undertakers for the Unloading or Unloading of Coals from any Ship or Vessel within the said Port of London, shall, and such Coal Undertaker or Undertakers is and are hereby directed and required from Time to Time, during the Term of the Delivery of such Ship or Vessel, to advance to all orders of the respective Coal-burners or Whippers employed by such Undertaker or Undertakers in the Delivery of such Ship or Vessel, who shall receive of the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen the Hire of the Wages already named in, and then due to any of such respective Coal-burners or Whippers for Work done in or towards the Unloading of such Ship or Vessel previous to the unloading of any Part of the same. Provided such Coal-burners or Whippers respectively shall assent to receive the same before the Hours of Twelve and Seven of the Clock in the Evening.

er with a wrong or false Name of the Ship or other Vessel, or of the Master, or of the Port where the Coals were put on board such Ship or other Vessel, or of the Name or Names, Sort or Sorts of the Coals, or with a wrong or false Account of the Quantity of Coals stowed or delivered into any Room of such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, intended therein, or with a wrong or false Name or Names of the Lighterman, or of the Buyer or other Person for whose Use such Coals are delivered, or with a wrong or false Measure Date thereof, or of the Year, or without the Signature of such Master or Mate therein, or make use of any Fraud, Covin, or Deceit, by which the same shall be wrong or false; or if any such Master or Mate shall refuse or neglect to sign any such Certificate when true and accurate, or shall sign any such Certificate, knowing the Whole or any Part or Parts thereof to be wrong or false, or if any such Lighterman, or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, shall not wait a reasonable Time after the Coals shall have been so stowed or delivered for the Purpose of receiving such Certificate or Certificates, or shall refuse or neglect to receive the same, or shall, on the Delivery of every such Certificate, refuse or neglect to pay the Meter or other Person superintending the Admeasurement or Delivery of such Coals the aforesaid Sum of Three pence for each and every such Certificate, then and in every such Case, every such Meter or other Person superintending the Admeasurement or Delivery of such Coals is offending, and every such Master or Mate is offending, and each and every such Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Lighterman shall deliver such Certificate to the Warehouse.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That each and every Lighterman, or other Person having the Care or Management of any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft laden with Coals, in the full Port of London, shall, and he is hereby required to deliver prior, before any Part of the said Coals shall be taken out of any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, to the Holder or Holders of the Wharf or other Landing Place where such Coals are intended to be landed, or to his, her, or their Servant, the Certificate of the Quantity of Coals measured or weighed into such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, and herein directed to be given to such Lighterman or other Person by the Meter superintending or weighing the Coals from any Ship or other Vessel in the full Port of London, into such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, to the Satisfaction of all those Persons who may be interested in the Purchase or Delivery of such Coals; and if any such Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, so whom any such Certificate shall have been delivered by such Ship, Meter, shall refuse or neglect to deliver the same in Manner aforesaid to such Wharfinger or Holder of such Wharf or other Landing Place, such Lighterman or other Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; or if any Holder or Holders of a Wharf or other Landing Place, Wharfinger or Wharfingers, to whom such Certificate shall have been delivered, shall refuse or neglect to permit any Person concerned in the Purchase or Delivery of such Coals in all reasonable Times to inspect such Certificate, every such Holder or Holders of a Wharf or other Landing Place, Wharfinger or Wharfingers, so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; or if any such Lighterman, Holder of the Wharf, or other Person, shall wilfully create, dilute, alter, or destroy such Certificate, or be aiding or assisting therein, or permit or suffer the same to be done, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Ship Meters shall keep Accounts of the Coals delivered by them.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That each and every such Meter superintending or weighing, or attending the Admeasurement or Weighing of any Coals from any Ship or other Vessel within the full Port of London, into any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or into any Quay or Landing Place, shall keep a Book or Books, and shall enter therein the Name of the Ship or other Vessel, and the several Quantities of Coals delivered by her or them from such Ship or other Vessel, together with the Day of the Month and Year, on which such several Quantities shall have been delivered, and the Name and Number or Numbers marked or described on the Lighter or Lighters, Barge or Barges, or other Craft, and the several Quantities of Coals delivered into each Room or Division of such respective Lighter, Barge, or Craft, or the Name of the Quay or Landing Place into or upon which such Coals have been delivered; and such Entry or Entries shall, when all the Coals contained in such Ship or other Vessel shall have been delivered, be signed by such Meter or Meters, and witnessed by the Master or other Person having the Care or Charge of such Ship or other Vessel; and such Meter or Meters shall, and he and she is and she and he is hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, gratis, a Copy of the respective Entries from such Book or Books to the Clerk of the said Market, with the Name or Names and Name or Names aforesaid therein, within Twenty-four Hours after the ceasing thereof of Coals; and every such Clerk is hereby required to receive and preserve all such Copies of the Entries contained in such Book or Books, and if any such Meter shall make a false Entry or Entries in such Book or Books of the Name of such Ship or other Vessel, or of the Quantity of Coals delivered thereon, or of the Day, or Month, or Year, or of the Name or Names, or Number or Numbers, of the Lighter or Lighters, Barge or Barges, or other Craft, or of the several Quantities of Coals delivered into each Room or Division of such respective Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or of the Name of any Quay or Landing Place into or upon which the Coals from such Ship or other Vessel shall have been delivered, or shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Copies of the Entries contained in such Book or Books to such Clerk within the Time aforesaid, or if the Master or other Person having the Care or Charge of such Ship or other Vessel shall refuse or neglect to witness such Entry or Entries, when true and correct, or shall knowingly witness any such false Entry or Entries, or if any such Clerk shall refuse or neglect to receive and preserve such Entry or Entries, Book or Books, or shall refuse or not permit the Inspectors or Persons allowed to any Person or Persons whatsoever as Directed, at any Time or Times during such Days and Hours as such Market shall be kept open, every such Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

and deliver them to Clerk of the Market.

Penalty for violating the foregoing Provisions being

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship Owner or Owners, Master or Masters, Mate or Mates, Coal Undertaker or Undertakers, Buyer or Buyers of Coals, or his or their Agents, or any Coal-weigher

of any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, full, without the Consent and Permission of the Owner or Buyers, or his or their Agent who have taken it to load according to the aforesaid Agreement, load, or discharge or deliver to be loaded, any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, with any Quantity whatsoever of Coals from any such Ship or Vessel, out of or in Violation of the Terms or Order of Warehousing or Delivery which shall have been agreed upon by and amongst the different Buyers of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel, or their respective Agents as aforesaid, every such Lighterman or other Person so loading or unloading the Management of such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LXI. Provided always, and he is hereby further enacted, That it shall and lawe be lawful to and for any Lighterman or Lighterman, to enter into Copartnership with any Warehouse or Warehousemen, or other Person or Persons whatsoever in the Trade or Business of buying or selling or Coal Dealers, and to carry on as Copartner or Copartners with such Person or Persons in the buying or selling of Coals of a Coal Dealer or Dealers, and to keep, use, and employ, as such Copartner, their own Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, in and for the carrying of Coals to and from any such Ship or other Vessel, into any Room, and to and from any Wharf, Dock, Quay, or other Place whatsoever, as or on the said River Thames, without being obliged to any Person or Persons for any such thing touching to either, any Act, Statute, Custom, or Ordinance whatsoever to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend so as to authorize or empower any Lighterman or Lighterman to be or become jointly interested with any Warehouse or Warehousemen, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, (not being a Lighterman or Lighterman), in the Trade or Business of buying or selling Lighters for Hire any Sort or Description of Goods whatsoever, other than and except only such Coals as may be bargained by them in their said Trade of Coal Dealers.

LXII. And Whereas it would tend greatly to the Prevention of Fraud, if certain particular Quantities of Coals only were permitted to be loaded into Barges, Lighters, or other Craft, from Ships and other Vessels, and if shipping their Cargoes of Coals in the said River Thames, so that they should further proceed, That if any Barge delivering Coals shall load, or permit or suffer to be loaded, from any such Ship or other Vessel in the River Thames, into any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, a less Quantity than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or any Quantity between Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, and Two Chaldrons and Two Vats, or Forty-two Vats or any Quantity between Two Chaldrons and Two Vats or Forty-two Vats, and Fifteen Chaldrons and Three Vats or Sixty-three Vats, or any Quantity between Fifteen Chaldrons and Three Vats or Sixty-three Vats, and between Twenty-one Chaldrons or Eighty-four Vats, or others in so that there shall be a less Quantity than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or than five Multiple of Five Chaldrons, and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, in any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or in any Room or Rooms, Division or Divisions thereof, save and except for the Clearance of such Ship or other Vessel when the Cargo is reduced to a less Quantity than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or if any Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, shall, without the Permission or Consent of such Master, take away his vessel's Lighter, Barge, or other Craft from any such Ship or other Vessel, so as to prevent the same from being loaded with the Quantity herein directed, then and in every such Case every such Master offending, and every such Lighterman or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

LXIII. Provided always, and he is hereby further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the Shipping or Delivery of Coals in Bulk from any such Ship or Vessel into any partitioned or divided Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, in case the Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge, or Craft, shall desire to have his Coals so loaded in Bulk: Provided nevertheless, that the Quantity of Coals so to be loaded or delivered in Bulk, shall consist, consist of Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or some Multiple of Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, so that three full not be any Quantity less than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or than some Multiple of Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, in any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft if loaded in Bulk, save and except for the Clearance of such Ship or Vessel when the Cargo is reduced to a less Quantity than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats.

LXIV. And he is further enacted, That any Master or other Person shall force or drive, or shall permit, suffer, or cause to be forced or delivered from any Ship or other Vessel in the Port of London, any Coals into any open or divided Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or into any Room or Division, Quay, divided Lighter, Barge or other Craft, containing any Coals obtained or received from any other Ship or Vessel, or from any other Lighter, Barge, or Craft, or from any other Place whatsoever, save and except from the Ship or other Vessel from which such Master or other Person shall be loading or delivering Coals or shall be so actually ordering or affording thereof, then and in every such Case every such Master, and every such other Person, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

LXV. Provided always, and he is hereby further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to prevent or hinder the Shipping and Delivery of Coals into any empty Room or Rooms of any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or into the vacant or unloaded End or Part of any open or unloaded Lighter, Barge, or other Craft.

LXVI. Provided also, and he is hereby further enacted, That if it shall so happen that any Lighter, Barge, or Craft, or any Room of a divided Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, which have thence been loaded by the Room, shall, by reason of its having been loaded with the Clearance of any such Ship or Vessel contain a less Quantity less than Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, or any Quantity which shall not be some Multiple of Five Chaldrons and One Vat or Twenty-one Vats, then and in such Case nothing herein before contained shall

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Lighterman
may carry on
his business with
Coal Dealers

Limits in the said County of Surrey, in the Rooms or Stead of any such other Principal Meter, shall be elected, assessed, and appointed by each Parishes, and in Manner and Form following, that is to say, the Churches, without of the said several and respective Parishes lying between the Parishes of *Epston* and *Saint Mary Richborough*, both inclusive in the said County of Surrey, shall, by Notice in Writing, specifying the Occasion, and signed by One of the Deacons in the Lead Coal Meter's Office for such several Parishes within the said County of Surrey, and left at the Dwelling House or usual Place of Abode of each such Churches, as soon as the same can be done after any such Vestry shall happen, be summoned to meet and assemble, at the said Lead Coal Meter's Office, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, on a Day to be mentioned in the said Notice, not exceeding Seven Days from the Date thereof, at which Meeting some Parishes shall be chosen and appointed to succeed to the Office of Principal Lead Coal Meter for the Limits aforesaid, and such Parishes so shall in the Hour of Two of the Clock of that Day be elected by the Majority of Parishes, being Churchwardens of the said Parishes, as shall be there and there assembled, shall be and is hereby declared to be Principal Lead Coal Meter for putting this Act in Execution within such several Parishes in the said County of Surrey; and every such Parishes so to be elected, assessed, or appointed as aforesaid, shall be, remain, and continue Principal Meter for the said several Parishes, within the said County of Surrey, for and during the Term of Twenty-two Years next ensuing from and after the Time of such Election, Assessment, and Appointment, while he shall be deemed qualified or sufficed, or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office.

LXXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever the Term or Time for which any Principal Lead Coal Meter for any of such several and respective Parishes shall have been appointed shall expire, then and in such Case nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Principal Lead Coal Meter, whose Term or Time limited for the Execution of his Office shall be expired, from being re-appointed, re-elected, or re-declared to his Office of Principal Meter.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That any Principal Lead Coal Meter, or Principal Lead Coal Meter, shall remain or remain open, and keep open, or cease to be opened and kept open, by his or their respective Office or Offices every Day, (Sundays, Good-Fridays, Christmas Day, and Fast Days) by Proclamation only excepted) in every Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of March to the Twenty-sixth Day of September, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening, or from the Twenty-sixth Day of September to the Twenty-fifth Day of March in every Year, from the Hour of Six in the Morning to the Hour of Six in the Evening, every such Principal Lead Coal Meter shall, for every such Office, collect and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pence.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Principal Lead Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed before Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, or City and Liberty of Westminster, or for the City of London, or for the said County of Surrey (as the Case may be) within their respective Jurisdictions, an Oath (which Oath such respective Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the following Words:

I, A. B. do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully, and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of Principal Lead Coal Meter, for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and for that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles* in the Fields, *Saint Mary Abchurch*, and for such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of Middlesex, or for the City of London, and for all the Wharfs situate between the Tower of London and *London Dock*, in the County of Middlesex, or for the several Wharfs situate within the several Parishes lying between the Parishes of *Epston* and *Saint Mary Richborough*, both inclusive, in the County of Surrey, (as the Case may be.)

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal Lead Coal Meter for the Term being, for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and for that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles* in the Fields, and *Saint Mary Abchurch*, and for such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of Middlesex, and the said Principal Lead Coal Meter for the Term being for the said several Parishes lying between the Parishes of *Epston* and *Saint Mary Richborough*, both inclusive, in the County of Surrey, shall, and the said several and respective Principal Lead Meters are hereby respectively directed and required, from Time to Time and at all Times, as aforesaid, respectively, and jointly with their said respective Deputies, a sufficient Number of Labouring Lead Coal Meters for the Purpose of administration, to do, or for one or more such other Duties within their said respective Districts as are by this Act required to be done by the said Lead Coal Meter.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Labouring Lead Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act until he shall have taken and subscribed before Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, or for the City and Liberty of Westminster, or for the City of London, or for the said County of Surrey, as the Case may be, within their respective Jurisdictions, an Oath (which Oath such respective Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the following Words:

I, A. B. do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully, and impartially, to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of One of the Labouring Lead Coal Meter, for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and for that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles* in the Fields, *Saint Mary Abchurch*, and for such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of Middlesex, or for the City of London, and for all the Wharfs situate between the Tower of London and *London Dock*, in the County of Middlesex, or for the several Wharfs situate between

Principal Meter may be chosen when their Term expires

Principal Meter's Office to remain open always

Oath of Principal Lead Coal Meter

Principal Meter for Westminster and several Parishes in the County of Middlesex shall collect and pay the Rates

Labouring Lead Coal Meter

between the Parishes of *Egton* and *Saint Mary Redcliffe*, both inclusive, in the County of *Surrey* (as in Cap. 1. 2. &c.); and that it will truly and impartially adjust and settle, as far as may be, all such Controversies between Buyer and Seller, and execute such Duties as may by Law require to be done by a Laboring Land Coal Meter, without Fear or Hasten. So help me GOD.

And the said Buyer or Sellers respectively, who shall subscribe such Oaths, as are and are hereby required to certify the same to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said City of London, or for the County of *Middlesex*, or for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, or for the said City of *London*, or for the said County of *Surrey* (as the Case may be) after the taking of such Oaths or Affirmations respectively, there to come as Heretofore.

Labouring Coal
Meters, to be
used in
the County
of Surrey.

LXXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That in order to prevent Confusion, the Stations for the several and respective Labouring Land Coal Meters shall, once at least in every Month, be changed by such several and respective Principal Land Coal Meters, and the said several Labouring Land Coal Meters shall, and they are hereby required to attend at the several Wharfs, Warehouses, and other Places, within their respective Districts, at which he or they shall be Stationed by the said respective Principal Land Coal Meters, each and every Day (unless Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Fall Days by Proclamation only excepted) in each and every Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March to the Twenty-sixth Day of September in the Year of Five in the Morning until Nine in the Evening, and from the Twenty-sixth Day of September to the Twenty-fifth Day of March from the Hour of Six in the Morning until Six in the Evening; and if upon Notice being given to any such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters to be Stationed, or Notice being left in Writing at his or their Office or Offices, or Place or Places of Abode to attend at any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, to be named in such Notice, within the Limits of his or their Station or Stations in order to receive or to be measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required by this Act to be done by a Land Coal Meter, as any such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place; or if Notice requiring the Attendance of a Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters at a Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, to be named in such Notice, for the Purpose of measuring or to be measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required of Labouring Meters by this Act, shall be given at the Office of one of the said respective Principal Land Coal Meters named in such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, and such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall not attend pursuant to such Notice within the Space of Two Hours from giving or being so done, and do his Duty according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such Case in which a Labouring Land Coal Meter and the Principal Land Coal Meter at whose Office such Notice was given as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Principals for
Labouring Coals.

Principal Land Coal
Meters, to be
used in the
County of
Middlesex.
Wages for such
Meters.
To be paid
to the
Principal
Land Coal
Meter.

LXXXIX. And he it further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters for the Time being for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and that Part of the Duchy of *Windsor* adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of *Stoke Newington*, *Stoke Newington*, and such Part of the Parish of *Stoke Newington* situate within the County of *Middlesex*, shall and each Principal Land Coal Meter or Meter for the Time being for such District are and is hereby directed and required to pay or cause to be paid not less than Twenty Shillings per Week to each and every of the Labouring Land Coal Meters who shall, at any Time hereafter, serve in the Employ and within the District of such Principal Land Coal Meters or Meters; and for the Weekly Wages of each and every of such Labouring Land Meters, six and sixing the Tenth Part of each and every of such Labouring Meters shall hereafter be served in the Employ, and within the District of the said Principal Land Meters; and if any such Principal Meter or Meters shall refuse to pay or cause to be paid to any such Labouring Meter, demanding the same, the Sum of Twenty Shillings at least, at the End of each and every Week of the Time during which such Labouring Meter shall serve, within their Employ within such District, as and for the Weekly Wages of such Labouring Meter, then and in every such Case every such Principal Land Coal Meter for aforesaid shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Principal Meters
to be used in
the County of
Middlesex.
Wages for such
Meters.
To be paid
to the
Principal
Land Coal
Meter.

XC. And he it further enacted, That the Principal Land Meters or Meters for the Time being for the said several Parishes lying between the Parishes of *Egton* and *Redcliffe*, both inclusive, in the County of *Surrey* shall, and each Principal Meter or Meter for the Time being for such District are and is hereby directed and required to pay or cause to be paid not less than Twenty Shillings per Week to each and every of the Labouring Land Meters, who shall at any Time hereafter serve under such Principal Meter or Meter at any Station, or Place or Places, within any of such Part of the Limits or District of such Principal Meters or Meters as he or she is a New Line and Dock Staff, both inclusive, as and for the Weekly Wages of each and every of such respective Labouring Land Meters, six and sixing the Tenth Part of each and every of such Labouring Land Meters; and if any such Principal Meter or Meters, or any Station, or Place or Places, within any of such Part of the Limits or District of such Principal Meter or Meters, as he or she is a New Line and Dock Staff, both inclusive, and if any such Principal Meter or Meter for such District shall refuse to pay or cause to be paid to any such Labouring Meter, demanding the same, the Sum of Twenty Shillings at least, at the End of each and every Week of the Time during which such Labouring Meter shall serve, within their Employ within such District, as and for the Weekly Wages of such Labouring Meter, then and in every such Case every such Principal Land Coal Meter for aforesaid shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds. Provided that the said Labouring Meter, demanding the same, shall not be bound to receive more than the Weekly Wages to be paid by such Principal Meter or Meters, or any Station, or Place or Places, within any of such Part of the Limits or District of such Principal Meter or Meters, as he or she is a New Line and Dock Staff, both inclusive, in the said County of *Surrey*.

Principal Meters
to be used in
the County of
Middlesex.
Wages for such
Meters.
To be paid
to the
Principal
Land Coal
Meter.

XCI. Provided always, that if he it further enacted, That if the said Principal Land Coal Meters, or any of them, or any of the Persons to be employed under them respectively, shall at any Time or Times hereafter, during

during his or their respective Continuance in their Office or Employment aforesaid, he directly or indirectly involved or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatsoever, otherwise than in the Discharge of their said respective Offices, such Principal Lead Coal Meters in offering shall for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and each Deputy Coal Meter and Labouring Lead Meter respectively shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and being thereof respectively convicted before the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, or before either of the said Courts of Quarter Sessions for the said County of Middlesex or Jersey (according to the Jurisdiction as aforesaid) shall be detained from leaving their said respective Office or Employment, and be for ever disabled from holding or exercising the same, or any other under this Act.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent in any Cart, Wagon, or other Land Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place or Places within the Limits or Districts of any of the said respective Lead Coal Meters, and also all Coals whatsoever sold, and to be sent by Gang Labour from any or any one Wharf or other Place where any Lead Meter shall be stationed, situate within any of such respective Limits or Districts, shall, previously to such Coals being so sent away, be carefully inspected and examined by One of the Principal or Labouring Lead Coal Meters or their respective Clerks or Deputies, in order that such Principal or Labouring Lead Coal Meter may first be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being sent away in any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage) are of the Sort or Description mentioned in the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the Behalf of all and every Vendor and Vendors of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being to be delivered by Gang Labour) are of the Sort or Description as and for which the same shall be sold, and such Meter or Meters, as well as and required to demand of the Wharfinger or other Person, with whom the said Coals are respectively stored and required to demand of the Wharfinger or other Person, with whom the said Coals are respectively stored, a Certificate of every such Coals shall be left, at any Wharf or Place for the Sale of any such Coals, such Ship Certificate, for the Purpose of proving and settling the same; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to certify on every such Ticket or Tickets, if such Meter shall be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort they are directed to be in such Ticket or Tickets, but shall not certify on the same when being so loaded, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby also authorized and required where the whole Quantity of Coals contained in any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereon, to write, or indorse in the Back of the Certificate of such Coals the Word, "Delivered," and if any such Wharfinger or other Person shall refuse or neglect to produce and deliver in any such Meter such Ship Certificate as Demanded, then and in every such Case every such Wharfinger or other Person is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any such Meter shall certify on any such Ticket or Tickets, without having first inspected such Coals, and also first Ship Certificate, and without leaving reasonable Ground to be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort described in such Vendor's Ticket, or if any such Meter shall not, immediately after the Whole of the Coals contained in any such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft shall have been delivered thereon, demand or call for such Certificate of such Coals, or shall not immediately on such Certificate being produced, indorse the same in Manner aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Meter is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold as and for Peal Measure, and to be sent in any Cart, Wagon, or Carriage, from any Wharf or Place within any of the respective Limits of any of the said respective Offices, shall be loaded in Sacks, in the Presence of one of the Labouring Lead Coal Meters of the District, which Labouring Meter is hereby authorized and required to watch and inspect the Filling or loading of the Sacks wherein such Coals shall be loaded, and it shall and may be lawful and for such Meter to measure the Dimensions of all or any of such Sacks, and in any such loading, before such Sacks shall be filled or loaded, and such Meter shall and he is hereby authorized and required, when any Room or Rooms of Coals, in any Lighter, Barge, or Craft, are or is to be sold and sent from any such Wharf or other Place, as and for Peal Measure by any Land Carriage, to see that the Coals so loaded and sent are in fact taken out of the particular Room or Rooms to sold, and likewise that the Whole of the Coals contained in any such particular Room or Rooms is sold, are in fact entirely emptied out of such Room or Rooms, and loaded and sent away to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the Coals contained in such Room or Rooms; and in case such Meter shall find any Sack or Sacks used for the loading of any such Coals in or any of less Dimensions than required by this Act, or in case it shall appear to such Meter, according to the belief of such Meter's Judgment, that any Sack or Sacks used in loading any such Coals do or do not contain, when loaded, each the Quantity of Three Bushels of Coals, or in case such Meter shall observe that any such Coals sold as the Coals of any particular Room or Rooms shall not in fact be taken out of such particular Room or Rooms to sold or to be sold, or that the Whole of the Coals contained in such particular Room or Rooms shall not be entirely emptied out of the same, then and in every such Case, shall and may be lawful and for such Meter to refuse to certify on the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the Behalf of all and every Vendor and Vendors of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; and if any Wharfinger, Coal Porter, or other Person or Persons shall in any Manner aforesaid, load, or prevent such Seller to or from the Performance of any such Duty or Duties so required of such Meter by this Act, then and in every such Case every such Person is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold and sent as and for Peal Measure from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the respective Limits or Districts of the said Principal Lead Coal Meters respectively, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, in any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, shall, and he, she, and they, is and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered a Ticket to the

Lead Coal
Meters
shall observe
that the
Sacks, in case of
Carriage

Regulation for
Sale and
Removal of Coals
sold by Peal
Measure.

Peal Measure
Coals when sent
by a Wagon.

Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coal's contained in such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, shall be first or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following; (that is to say),

Mr. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Purchaser.]

TAKE Notice that you are to receive hereof [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Name of the] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Name of the] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals. For inspecting the Loading and Quality of which Coals you are, on the Receipt of this Ticket, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, to pay the underwritten *L. F.* [Here insert the Name of the Vendor] the Sum of [Here insert the Amount of the Compensation directed by this Act to be given to each Person who is a Meter for the Inspection of such Coal, calculating the same as by this Act directed] being at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat sold to and to be received by you hereunto; and by the same Act the Ticket is directed to be delivered to you before any of the Coals are first out of the Cart or Wagon; and that a Ballot Measure (such such Cart or Wagon, by which the Coals are first out of the Cart or Wagon, under the Penalty, that the Coals contained in any One such Ticket which the Purchaser or his Servant or Servants may require, which Ticket is to contain Three Ballots humped up in the Form of a Cone, the Height of such Cone to be at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Measure to be the Extremity of the Side of such Cone; and that in case of your being dissatisfied with the Coals now sent, you are entitled by the same Act to have the same re-confirmed by the Ballot Measure, provided you immediately and before any more of the Coals than One Sack shall be first or delivered from the Cart, Wagon, or Carriage, in which the same are brought, send Notice in Writing of your Desire to have the same re-confirmed, to any of the Land Coal Meter Officers, and also to the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals. *L. F.* [Here insert the Name of the Vendor] C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Meter, and the Office and Place where the Office is situated.]

Dated [Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed.]

And in case any such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall not deliver or make to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, and be constrained by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be first or delivered from such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Vendor or Vendors shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carrier, Driver of, or other Person attending such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Direction of the Vendor, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vendor, or any Person by the Order of the Vendor) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be first or delivered from such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, every such Carrier, Driver, or other Person aforesaid is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XCY. And be it further enacted, That the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold to and for Road Measure, and first in any Cart, Wagon, or other Land Carriage from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the respective Limits or Districts of the said respective Land Coal Meters, or any Coals sold to and for Road Measure, and delivered by Gang Labour from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Meter shall be stationed, shall within any of such respective Limits or Districts, or the Occupier or Occupiers of any such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, from or over which any such Coals shall be so first, sold, and such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealer, or Occupier or Occupiers, is and is hereby required and directed in and to the said Meter or Meters for the Time being of the Land Coal Meter's Office, within the Limits of which any such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place shall be situated, and also after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat be brought and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, as and for a Compensation for the Trouble of inspecting or superintending the loading and sending away such Coals; and such Meter shall be expaid by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals to the Vendor or Vendors thereof.

XCVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or hinder or prevent any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Coals sold as and for Road Measure, from sending such Coals to the premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, or to any Landing Place which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall appoint (provided such Landing Place or Premises be not a Coal Wharf or Place where any Meter shall be situated by this Act be situated) or from bringing such Coals on board and delivered at such Premises or Landing Place, either by Gang Labour, or in any other Manner, except as or by Means of any Cart, Wagon, or other Land Carriage, without the Presence, Intervention, or Inspection of any Land Meter; and without being obliged or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sum of Money whatsoever to any Land Meter, for or in respect of such Coals; but so that such Purchaser or Purchasers shall require the Care or Attendance of a Land Meter, there be, he, or they shall have and be contented to such Attendance, upon sending Notice of such his, her, or their Drive to the Land Meter's Office, within the Limits of which such Premises or Landing Place, where such Coals may be so received, shall be situated, and in such Case such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay and be charged for the Attendance of such Meter, at and after the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat of such Coals.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Purchaser of any Coals sold and sent to such Purchaser by any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, from any Place within the Limits of any of the Offices of the said respective Land Meters, shall think or suspect that the full and lawful Measure of any such Coal has not been first, and shall before the Lightermen or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge,

Printed by
W. Clowes
Printed by
W. Clowes

Printed by
W. Clowes
Printed by
W. Clowes

Printed by
W. Clowes
Printed by
W. Clowes

Printed by
W. Clowes
Printed by
W. Clowes

or other Craft, shall have delivered up to the Purchaser, or to his, her, or their Servant, such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, and cleared the Charge thereof, and left no Bulk shall be broken of such Coals, &c. And in her Letter to give such Coals re-measured, they shall in every such Case the Lighterman or other Person first with the Lighter, Barge, or Craft, in which the said Coals shall be brought, shall deliver to him at the Landing Place or Wharf of the Purchaser of the said Coals, with the said Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, and such Coals so re-measured, or shall issue such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or any by lettered and sealed from a such Landing Place or Wharf, or any other Place as can be, and pay on the same to be received by such Coals so re-measured, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds on the Owner and Proprietor, and Forty Shillings on the Lighterman or other Person first with such Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, and the said Purchaser shall give directly or cause to be given to the Vendor of the said Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing about the said Coals going to be re-measured, and also send Notice in Writing thereof to any one of the Officers of the said respective Land Coal Meters standing, and thereupon a Principal Meter, or one of the Labouring Meters (and being the Meter under whose Inspection any such Coals may have been originally sold); shall within Two Hours or at after such Notice in Writing left at the Office of any such Land Coal Meter, attend from his Office where such Notice shall be so left, to re-measure the said Coals, and shall accordingly re-measure the same with the Buftel Measure, in Presence of a Vendor and Purchaser of the said Coals, or their Agents, or Servants, if any of them shall attend for the Purpose of having such Coals so re-measured; and in case it shall appear upon the Re-measurement of such Coals by such Principal or Labouring Coal Meter as shall attend for the Purpose of re-measuring such Coals, that such Coals do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then and in such Case if such Coals shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure, the Vendor of such Coals shall in case such Deficiency shall exceed Five Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat of Coals to be re-measured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every Five Chaldrons and One Vat, the Sum of Forty Shillings, and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat to be re-measured, then and in such Case such Vendor of such Coals shall forfeit and pay, for every such Bushel so found deficient, the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; but in Case any such Coals so re-measured and found deficient shall have been sold or delivered as and for Wharf Measure, then and in such Case the Vendor of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel so found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the said Purchaser or Purchasers thereof.

XCVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Labouring Coal Meter re-measuring shall be paid the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so re-measured by him, and in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron; and if upon any such Re-measurement, the Whole of the Coals so re-measured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the Whole of such Coals shall be sold, then and in such Case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, pay the Expenses of such Re-measurement, but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then and in such Case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XCIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure to be re-measured by the Buftel Measure previous to such Coals being loaded and sent away in any Cart, Wagon, or other Land Carriage, from the Vendor's Wharf or other Place of Sale, save and except by the Desire of the Purchaser of any such Coals.

C. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, in Quantities exceeding Eight Bushels at or from any Place or Places within the Limits of any of the said respective Offices, shall be re-measured in the Presence of one of the said Labouring Coal Meters, (belonging to the Office within the Limits or District of which the Place of Sale of such Coals shall be situate) by the Buftel Measure heaped up as by this Act is directed; and the said Labouring Coal Meter shall and may, and he and they in and are hereby authorized and required to fill up any Bushel or Bushels of any such Coals as shall appear to him or them deficient or wanting in Measure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Person or Persons so vending or contracting for the Sale of the said Coals, or to loading any such Coals for Sale.

CI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Labouring Coal Meter shall wilfully or willingly suffer any Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, which shall be sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, to be sent from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the Limits or District of his Office without such Coals being re-measured in the Manner herein directed, and that not give Information thereof to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meter under whose such Labouring Coal Meter shall serve, within Two Days next after such Coals shall have been measured, then and in every such Case such Labouring Coal Meter shall for every thereof be rendered incapable of sitting as a Labouring Coal Meter, and forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals which shall be sold and delivered as and for Wharf Measure, at any Wharf, Warehouse or Place within the Limits or District of any of the Offices of the said respective Land Coal Meters, and in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse, or Place from which such Coals are taken, or by the Seller or Vendor of such Coals, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meter for the Time being, at the Office within the Limits or District of which the Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale of such Coals shall be situate, and thereupon such Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meter shall, and they and he or she in and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered to every Seller of such Coals, or the Carrier who shall cart, load, deliver, or carry away the same, a Paper Writing, or Ticket, signed by one of the Principal Land Coal Meters, and countersigned by the Labouring Coal Meter attending and delivering

shall be paid
2 s. 6 d.
10 s. 4 d.

Expenses of
Re-measurement

Coals sold by
Pool Measure
and not to be
re-measured by
the Buftel
Measure shall
be re-measured
in the Presence
of a Labouring
Coal Meter

Penalty on
the Labouring
Coal Meter
for not
being duly
re-measured

Coal Meter
Payment for
Pool Measure
Coals

Carrier of
Coals shall
be furnished
with such
Ticket

the same, in which shall be contained the Chitties and Strains, or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, or Vendor or Vendors, and of either or of the said Seller or Sellers, or Vendor or Vendors, or the Names of the Purchaser or Purchasers, Count or per Centages of the said Coal, and the Quantity of such Coal, and the Day of the Week, Month, and Year of the Delivery and Assize, and Amount of the Mintage Charge, and the Names of the Carman or Persons employed to cart, load, drive or carry the said Coal, and also shall contain a Notice to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coal, that if he, she, or they is or are dissatisfied with the Measure thereof, and shall desire to have all such Coals reweighed, such Notice shall not be given till the Carman before mentioned has One Sack of such Coals in that or unless from the Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage conveying the same; and that if such Purchaser or Purchasers shall be so dissatisfied, and shall desire to have all or any of the particular Sacks remaining in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage reweighed, he or she in addition to the Contents of each or any of such particular Sacks, then that such Driver must be expeditious to take the Carman before any of the Sacks of Coals, or such Sack Purchaser or Purchasers shall desire to have reweighed, shall be that or unless from the Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage in which the same shall be sent, which said Ticket being thus made complete and Mintage paid, shall be delivered unaltered by the Labouring Coal Meter answering the same, without Fee, to the Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, drive, or lead the Coals defined in such Ticket, to the Purchaser or Person therein named, which said Ticket unaltered, the Carman or Person therein named to be employed to cart, carry, lead, or drive the Coals in such Ticket defined, shall, and he or she is hereby required to deliver to the respective Carman or Person therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals defined in such Ticket for the Use of such Purchaser or Person, and thereupon he, she, or they is or are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in such Ticket, the Mintage therein specified, and if the Labouring Coal Meter answering such Ticket shall, after Payment or Tender of the Mintage Charge in pursuance of this Act, refuse to deliver such Ticket as herein-before directed, to the Carman or Person employed to cart, lead, drive, or carry the Coals therein defined, such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if such Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, lead, or drive the Coals defined in such Ticket, shall, after the said Ticket shall have been so delivered to him by the Labouring Coal Meter answering the same, either aliter, or neglect or refuse to deliver the same Ticket to the Purchaser or Person therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals defined in such Ticket, such Carman or Person employed to cart, lead, or drive the Coals defined in such Ticket, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Penalty on
Vendor or
Seller of
Mintage
Money.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Wharfinger or Dealer in Coals shall, directly or indirectly, give or offer or cause to be given or offered, to any Principal or Labouring Lead Coal Meter or Meter, any Item or Items of Money, or other Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatsoever, or any valuable Expence per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Charges of the Mintage of Coal, measured by the Ballot, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vet of Coal, sold by Foot Measure, for the Impartial thereof, or over and above the Expence for every Ton of Coal, sold by Weight, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty on
Meter answering
Mintage
Money, or
other such
Ticket.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Principal or Labouring Lead Coal Meter to be appointed and qualified pursuant to this Act, shall deliver or cause to be delivered a false or counterfeit Ticket to any Dealer, Vendor, Customer, Carman, or other Person, with intent to purchase or deliver any Pelfin or Pelfin whatsoever, or shall take or receive from any Dealer in or Vendor of Coal, any Sum or Item of Money, Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Expence per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Mintage Charge for Coals measured by the Ballot, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vet of Coal, sold by the Foot Measure for the Impartial thereof, or over and above the Expence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, or if any such Principal or Labouring Coal Meter shall wilfully permit or suffer to be sold any Measure of any Coals, or shall take a Merchant's Ticket for any Coals, without having received such Coals, or without being and taking care that the Whole of the Coals contained, filled in, and stowed in and out of any particular Room or Rooms of any Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, shall have been completely expunged out of, and loaded from such any particular Room or Rooms to be sold, then and in every such Case, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever serving thereafter in the Office of a Coal Meter.

Penalty on
Vendor or
Seller of
Mintage
Money, or
other such
Ticket.

CV. And be it further enacted, That if any Quantity whatsoever of Coals, exceeding Eight Bushels, shall be sold or sent for any Particularity, shall be sent or driven in any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse, or Place, Situate within the Limits or District of any of the said respective Offices, without having been measured by such Ballot Measure as is herein-after directed, or without such Meter's Ticket as aforesaid, to be signed and countersigned as aforesaid, having been fully obtained, or if such Ticket as aforesaid shall not be delivered to the Purchaser or Person in or of any such Coals, before any Part of such Coals are sent or delivered upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Person, then and in every such Case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall for every Offence herein and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

“ § 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, of Stat. 3 Geo. 3. c. 26. revised verbatim, and repeated, § 106.

Penalty on
Seller of
Mintage
Money.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That no Sack shall be made use of in the Delivery of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Port or Parts of the said respective Cities or of St. Dunstons, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, as in or are Statute within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange, except such Sack shall be made of
Linen,

Lines, and shall have been full galld and worked with White Paint in Oil at Goldsmiths Lanes, or at the Fire-brake Office, *Wapping*, by the proper Officers there, and shall at the Time of making use of such Cook Measures be the Inside thereof at least Four Feet and Two Inches in Length by Two Feet and One Inch in Breadth; and no such shall be galld or worked which shall not, at the Time of the making or gallding thereof, measure in the Inside thereof Four Feet and Four Inches in Length, and Two Feet and Two Inches in Breadth; and if any Vendor or Vendress, or Dealer or Dealers, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals, shall use or cause to be used any such Cook or Scales for delivering or carrying Coals within the several and respective Cities, Liberties, and Parishes thereof, not galld or marked as aforesaid, or of less Length at the Time of using the same than Four Feet and Two Inches in the length in the Inside thereof, or of less Breadth than Two Feet and One Inch at the back in the Inside thereof, then and in every such Case every such Vendor or Dealer or Carrier of Coals, shall, for every such Cook in so much or so far as it exceeds the Length or Breadth, forfeit as if he were a common Petty Offender, not less than Twenty Shillings; and the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place, shall cause every such Cook found so marked, or if not in either the Length or Breadth, to be destroyed: Provided always, that the Cooks to be destroyed by Gauging Liberty, may be conveyed without the Uke of such Scales; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal-Meter shall use, or knowingly permit or suffer any Cook or Scales to be made use of for the delivering or carrying of Coals, at less Dimensions than the Dimensions directed by this Act, at any Place or Places within the Limits of the Office to which such Meter shall belong, then and in every such Case every such Labouring Coal-Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That no Bafed shall be kept or made use of, for or in the Admeasurement of any Coals held within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and *Wapping*, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of *Middlesex*, *Surrey*, *Kent*, and *Essex*, as or are therein within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, which shall not be such Bafed as is provided and set out by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled, *An Act for the better and most just measuring of the Measure of the River Thames, by having the Bafes in the Levels of Hammersmith, Kensington, or the County of Essex, and for allowing the said Measure, and which shall not be such as shall be kept or used by the proper Officer at *Wapping*, or at the Goldsmiths Lanes, or any other such Bafed, previously to being fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper Hoops, and that be so stamped or marked with a hand or Monogram on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop; and that every such Bafed shall be kept without any Alteration or Diminution; and that in making use of such Bafed, all Coals shall be delivered up in such Bafed in the Form of a Conical Cone, the Top to be of the Height of at least Six Inches, and the Diameter of the Bafed to be in the Extremities of the Bafed of such Cone; and that each and every Chalken of Coals shall consist of Thirty-six of such Bafes as is aforesaid, and for as much portion for any less or more; and if any Dealer or Dealers, or Vendor or Vendors of Coals within such Limits as aforesaid, shall use or cause to be used, or shall be made use of, any Bafed in the Admeasurement of any Coals other than such Bafes as are so marked, and stamped as aforesaid, or shall in anywise diminish any such Bafed thereof as aforesaid, or shall purchase, buy, or use or serve, or any Person or Persons whatsoever so do, then and in every such Part such Dealer or Dealers, or Vendor or Vendors of Coals, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any such Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons shall, by or under the Authority of any Dealer or Dealers, or Vendor or Vendors, shall make use of, or adulterate any such Bafed, any Bafed other than such Bafes as aforesaid, except as aforesaid, or if any such Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall in any Manner diminish or decrease any such Bafed except as aforesaid, then and in every such Case such Servant or Servants, or such other Person or Persons respectively, for every such Offence, shall be committed to the House of Correction by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County, Town, or Place where such Offence shall be committed, there to be kept to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.*

CX. And be it further enacted, That all Measures less than such Bafed Measure as aforesaid, which shall be used by any Person or Persons dwelling in Coals, within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and *Wapping*, or within the said respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of *Middlesex*, *Surrey*, *Kent*, and *Essex*, as or are therein within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall be fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper, and shall, previously to being used in the Admeasurement of Coals, be galld or stamped at the Eschequer Office at *Wapping*, or at the Goldsmiths Lanes, by the proper Officer, with a steel Instrument, on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop; and that all such Measures so galld or stamped shall be kept without any Alteration, and be used by such Dealers in or Vendors of Coals, or shall sell any less Quantity or Quantity of Coals than a Bafed of Coals; and if such Person or Persons shall diminish or make less any such less Measure than the Bafed, or shall make use of any Means or Device, in or to prevent any such Measure from being used, or continuing as much as it would otherwise hold or continue in such such Measure or Device had not been provided, or shall use or cause to be used any such Measure when any such Means or Device have been provided, or shall use or cause to be used any such Measure in the Admeasurement of Coals, not so galld or stamped as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Person so offending shall forfeit every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CXI. Provided always, that if any Vendor or Vendress, or Dealer or Dealers in, any Coals sold to and for Wharf Measure shall be distressed with the Measurement which shall have been made of any such Coals at any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale, by or under the Inspection of the Labouring

Exception for
C. lxxviii. s. 1.
In which the
Gauging Liberty

Penalty on
Meters permitting
to be used in the
said Act.

Where Bafed
Measures are to
be made use of

17 Ann. s. 8.
c. 13. s. 10.

Regulations of
Meters in the
said Act.

Distress in Coals
sold in Wharf
Measure &c.
which if they
have them
may have.

Land Coal Meter destined or standing at such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to sell for such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, Coals, the said such Coals or any part away from such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale, to land or cause to be sent to the Office of the Principal Land Meter, within the Liberties or District of which such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale may be Situate, Notice in Writing, signifying the District of such Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in, Coals, to have such Coals re-measured, and to be sold in such Case, for such Weighted Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters, or of such Office where such Notice shall be put (not being the Meter and Warehouse) signifying the said Coals were originally re-measured, and to be sold in such Case, for such Weighted Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters, or of such Office, attend to re-measure the said Coals, and it shall accordingly re-measure the same, Back by Back, by the said Weigher, in the Presence of such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, or his, her, or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, and for such Re-measurement such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall pay or cause to be paid to such Principal Land Meter, who shall for each other Labouring Meter, the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so re-measured; and in case it shall appear upon such Re-measurement, that the Coals so re-measured shall exceed the Quantity for which the same were sold, thereupon it shall, if such Excess shall be equal or amount to, or exceed Two Bushels in any Chaldron so re-measured, the Meter who sold re-measured Coals shall, for every Bushel exceeding such Quantity as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Six Pence, together with all the Expenses of such Re-measurement.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Cartman, or Driver of any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, by any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals from any Ship, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the respective Counties of Middlesex, Kent, Surrey, and Essex, as is or are Situate within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange as aforesaid, shall not have placed on some conspicuous Part of his Cart, Wagon, or Carriage a perfect Bushel Measure, of the Fines, Size, or Dimension, and to be stamped or marked as hereinafter directed (which Measure shall be provided by the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals), then and in every such Case every such Cartman or Driver of such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, not having such Bushel Measure so placed thereon as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carrier of such Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided always, That Coals which shall be carried or conveyed in Bulk, or in any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage belonging to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, may be so carried or conveyed without the Cartman being obliged to carry a Bushel Measure therewith, or any Person or Persons being subject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties in respect thereof, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, sold and sent as and for Wharf Measures, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Kent, Surrey, and Essex, as is or are Situate within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange, shall, and he and they it and are required to deliver or cause to be delivered a printed Ticket or Paper, and such Cartman, Driver, or other Person shall and is required to deliver or cause to be delivered the same Ticket so received from such Vendor to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, shall be sent or delivered thereunto; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

* VENDOR'S TICKET

* *Mr. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Buyer]*

* **T**AKE Notice, That you are to receive hereunto [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Name of the] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals; and that by an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, the Cartman is directed to deliver this Ticket before he is to carry of the Coals out of his Cart or Wagon; and that a Bushel Measure is in such Cart or Wagon, by which the Cartman is directed to measure, gratis (under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds) the Coals contained in any one Sack which the Purchaser or his Servant may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Outside of the Measure being the Extremity of the Sack thereof. C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Vendor]. E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Labouring Meter or one of the Coals being sent from within either of the Districts of the said respective Cities]. Dated [Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed]

And in case any such Vendor or Vendors shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be sent or delivered from such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, every such Vendor or Vendors shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Cartman, Driver, or other Person attending such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, bring with any such Coals aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given by, or by the Direction of the Vendor, is order to be delivered

Vendor shall deliver Ticket of Coals sold by Wharf Measures.

Vendor shall deliver Ticket of Coals sold by Wharf Measures.

Printed by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vendor, or any Person by the Vendor's Order) refuse or neglect to deliver such Tonnage as aforesaid to the Buyer or Buyers of such Coals, or to his, her, their Servant or Servants, below any Part of such Coals shall be Brought or delivered from such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, every such Carrier, Driver, or other Person aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXIV Provided always, and he it is further enacted, That the Carrier or Driver of any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by the Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the said Part of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, as in or are therein within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall and he is hereby directed to measure, gratis, if he shall be required to so to do, the Coals contained in any one of the Sacks contained in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, which may be chosen by the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants or other Person or Persons sitting on the Behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers, with such Dubful Measure as aforesaid, in order that such Purchaser or Purchasers may be better enabled to judge of the Necessity of having the Whole of such Coals measured in Manner directed by this Act.

XXV And he it is further enacted, That if any Carrier or Driver of any Cart or Waggon, or other Carriage, laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers by the Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the said Part of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, as in or are therein within the Distance of Twenty-five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to measure by the said Dubful Measure such Sacks of Coals as Manner herein directed, who in the same required by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or by his, her, or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons sitting by or under the Authority of such Purchaser or Purchasers, to be measured, or if any such Carrier or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer the said Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage to be driven away without measuring, in Manner herein directed, the said Sack of Coals, or shall hinder, obstruct, or otherwise prevent the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, from measuring the said Dubful Measure, or all or any such Sack or Sacks in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, then and in every such Case every such Carrier or Driver so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds; and the Vendor or Vendors, or the Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds.

XXVI Provided always, and he it is enacted, That if any Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, shall be dissatisfied with the Measure of any such Coals sold or to be delivered within the Limits or District of any of the said respective Offices of the said respective Lead Coal Mines, and for to his, her, or them, or to any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, and shall apply to the Carrier, or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, his, her, or their Desire to have the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, or any Part of such Coals re-measured, then and in every such Case the Carrier or Driver of such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, in which such Coals shall be brought, shall and he is hereby required to continue and remain at the House, Lodging, or other Premises of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, with such Coals, and the Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, until such Coals are re-measured; and if any such Carrier or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer to be driven away such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, before the Coals contained therein shall be re-measured, without the Consent of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, then and in every such Case such Carrier or Driver shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXVII And he it is further enacted, That such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants in taking such Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, to be re-measured, shall, and he, she, or they it is and he is hereby required to send or cause to be sent to the Vendor or Vendors of the said Coals, or to his, her, or their Wharf, Warehouse, or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be re-measured, and such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, shall, and he, she, or they it is and he is hereby required to send Notice in Writing to any one of the Officers of the said respective Lead Coal Mines of his, her, or their Desire to have such Coals re-measured, and thereupon a Principal Miner, or One of the Labouring Men (not being the Miner under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured) shall within the Space of Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at the Office of any such Principal Coal Miner aforesaid, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be left; at the House, Lodging, or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, as shall be expressed in such Notice, for the Purpose of re-measuring the said Coals, and shall accordingly re-measure the same in the Presence of the Vendor or Vendors and Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or of his, her, or their Agent or Servant, Agent or Servants, if they or any of them shall stand in for the same aforesaid; and in case such Vendor or Vendors, or Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her, or their Agent or Servant, Agent or Servants, shall not attend for the Purpose of having such Coals re-measured, then such Miner shall proceed in the re-measuring of such Coals in his, her, or their Absence; and such Miner shall and he is hereby required, at the Option of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, to re-measure such Coals either by the said Sack, or to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack of such Coals which shall remain in such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, or else to re-measure such Coals, in such Manner, and so as to ascertain the

Carrier required to measure the Coals in any Cart or Wagon.

Purchaser may apply to the Vendor or Vendors of the Coals to be measured, or to the Officer of the Office of the said Coal Mine.

Coals that be sold by Cart or Wagon shall be re-measured, or divided by the Purchaser.

Purchaser shall send Notice in Writing to the Vendor or Vendors of the said Coals, or to his, her, or their Wharf, Warehouse, or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be re-measured.

Purchaser may at his Option either have the Contents of each separate Sack re-measured, or the Coals in all the Sacks in the said Cart or Wagon, taken together.

whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Stacks taken together; and in case the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall not, within three or immediately upon the Arrival of such Meter, signify or cause to be signified, as such Meter, his or their Option or Desire as to which of the said Two Ways he or they would wish such Remorsement to be taken or made in, then and in every such Case such Meter shall proceed to remove such Coals in such Manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Stacks taken together; and for such Remorsement such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the Principal Coal Meter, or Coal Meters of or from the Office to which Notice shall have been first as aforesaid, Sixpence for every Childers of Coals so removed; and in case upon the Remorsement of any such Coals which shall be so removed as to ascertain the Contents of such particular Stack thereof, it shall appear to the Meter, in measuring the same, that any such or suchs of such Coals shall not contain Three Bushels, then and in every such Case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, for every such Coals that shall be so found deficient on such Remorsement, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, and in case upon the Remorsement of any such Coals aforesaid, which shall be removed in such Manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Stacks whereas the same shall have been first taken together, it shall appear to such Meter as aforesaid that the Coals thus removed do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then if such last mentioned Coals shall have been sold as and for Wharf Measure, the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall first and pay, for every Bushel of Coals found deficient, the Sum of Five Pence, and also forfeit every Childers of Coals so found deficient, or waiving in Measure as and for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Coals shall be so removed, and the Labouring Meter, and where Inhabited the Coals were first measured, shall, for every Bushel so deficient, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and the Coal Porters who shall have sold or measured such Coals for the Vendor or Vendors thereof, shall, for every Bushel of Coals so wanting, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence, but if any such Coals so removed in the Manner last mentioned, and so found to amount to less than the Quantity for which the same were sold, shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure, then the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels or any Five Childers and One Vat, so removed, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient, in every such Five Childers and One Vat, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels or any Five Childers and One Vat so removed, then and in such Case such Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so deficient in every such Five Childers and One Vat the Sum of Five Pence: Provided nevertheless, that no such Coals so sold and first so removed, be so to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals taken together, after more than One Sack of such Coals shall have been first or delivered from such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, and upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, any Thing herein-before contained in the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Remorsement of any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, by any Wagon, Cart, or other Land Carriage, and which Remorsement shall have been made in such Manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals, contained in all the Stacks taken together, the Coals so removed shall be found to be less or more than at the Rate of Three Bushels for each Sack, according to the Number of Sacks specified at the Vendor's Ticket of such Coals, then the Meter who counterpoised such Vendor's Ticket of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency or Excess shall exceed Four Bushels or any Five Childers and One Vat of such Coals so removed, forfeit and pay, for every such Bushel so exceeding or so deficient in every such Five Childers and One Vat, the Sum of Twenty Shillings.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon any such Remorsement which shall be made as to ascertain the whole Quantity contained in all the Stacks first taken together, of any such Coals sold and first as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, the whole of such Coals so removed shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of such Remorsement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals; and if upon any such Remorsement which shall be made, so as to ascertain the Quantity contained in each and every of the particular Sacks first of any Coals sold as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, it shall be found that One Fourth Part or more of the Number of the Sacks of such Coals, sold and first to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, do not contain the Quantity of Three Bushels each respectively, then the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of the Remorsement thereof; but if the Number of such Particular Sacks so found deficient shall not amount to One Fourth Part of the whole Number of the Sacks of such Coals so sold and first, then and in such Case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That after any such Notice as by this Act directed shall have been given by or on the Behalf of any Purchaser or Purchasers at any of the said respective Listed Meters' Offices, requiring the Attendance of any Meter from any of such Offices, for the Purpose of measuring any Coals sold either for Wharf or Pool Measure, then and in every such Case the Principal Meter or Meter for the Time being, at any of such respective Offices or Offices where such Notice shall have been given or first, is and are hereby authorized and required to send a Labouring Meter or Meters from their respective Offices or Office, for the Purpose of making the Remorsement, and such respective Labouring Meter or Labouring Meters shall and are hereby authorized and required to remove any such Coals which they shall be so first to remove, whether the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall or not be desirous of having such Remorsement proceeded in, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal Meter or Meter, after having received any such Notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse within the Space of Two Hours

after the Receipt of such Notice to send a Labouring Man or Men, or other Persons, to be employed in the said Office of the said Parishes or Parishes accordingly, or if any Labourer, Man or Men, or other Persons, shall be negligent to remove such Coals, to send such every such Cart every such Week, or other Time, as shall be appointed, to the said Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters for weighing said, for every such Week, or other Time, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and if any such Parishes or Parishes, or any other Person or Persons, shall neglect, offend, or otherwise, to present any such Remonstrance being presented in and read in the said Office of the said Labouring Land Coal Meters Notice to be sent by any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters, or any other Person or Persons, then and in every such Case every such Parishes or Parishes, or any other Person or Persons is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

CCXI Provided always, and he it further enacted, That when as in any such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage shall be shipped or detained for the Purpose, or under Pretence, after unweighing the Coals or any Part thereof, the Owner of any such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage shall be liable to the Sum of Ten Shillings per Horse per Cart, when the Cart shall be so detained, and be in Prosecution for every Fraction of an Hour, over and above the usual Carriage of such Coals; which Three Shillings per Horse shall be paid by the Vendor of the said Coals, in case the Cart, or any part thereof, shall, upon the Remonstrance thereof, be found deficient in Measure, or by the Parishes of such Coals, in case the Cart shall not be removed, or shall upon such Remonstrance be found to exceed to the Quantity for which such Coals were sold.

CCXII And he it further enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight in any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place, within any of the respective Limits or Districts of any of the said respective Offices of the said respective Land Coal Meters, and to be sent in any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage to the Parishes or Parishes thereof, shall be sold or weighed by the Handed Weights, each Handed Weight consisting of One hundred and twelve French Avoirdupois Weight, and Twenty four hand-weight shall be sold or weighed and taken to be One Ton; and all such Coals to be sold shall be weighed and loaded at such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale, in the Presence of any of the Labouring Land Coal Meters from the Office, within the Limits or District of which such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place of Sale shall be situate, and such Labouring Meters hereby authorized and required to inspect and inspect the weighing and loading of all such Coals to be sold by Weight, in order that such Meter may see and be satisfied that in every such Loading the full Weight of Coals is actually given, which shall be expressed in the Vendor's Ticket; and such Meter may refuse to count upon the Vendor's Ticket of any such Coals, in case such Meter shall not see that the full and proper Weight shall be given according to the Quantity which shall be expressed in such Vendor's Ticket, but such Meter shall be he is hereby required to counterpoise the same, in case the proper Weight shall be given according to such Quantity of Coals expressed in such Vendor's Ticket; and for such Insufficiency of such Coals to be sold by Weight, then shall be paid by the Vendor or Vendors thereof, or by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place from whence such Coals shall be sent, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters for the Time being, within the Limits or District of whose Office such Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place from which such Coals shall be sold by Weight shall be first met, Sixpence for every Ton of Coals is weighed upon the Meter's Insufficiency, and is in Prosecution for any greater or less Quantity than a Ton, and such Sum of Money shall be repaid to such Vendor or Vendors by the Parishes or Parishes of such Coals.

CCXIII And he it further enacted, That the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals to be sold by Weight, within the Limits or District of any of the Offices of the said respective Land Meters, shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Parishes or Parishes thereof, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, immediately on the Arrival of the Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage in which such Coals shall be sent, and before any of such Coals shall be unloaded, a Paper or Ticket in the Form following; that is to say,

Mr. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Buyer]
 TAKE Notice that you are to receive herewith [Here insert the Number] Tons [Here insert the Name of the Coals] for unweighing which Coals you are, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Forty-seventh Year of the King George the Third, to wight me, the undersigned, [Here insert the Name of the Seller] the Sum of [Here insert the Amount of the Insufficient Charge] being at and after the Rate of sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold to, and to be received by you herewith.

[Signed] C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Seller].
 [Counter-signed] E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Meter].

And in case any such Vendor or Vendors do not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, and be contented by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Parishes or Parishes of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals are unloaded, every such Vendor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Carrier, Driver of, or other Person attending any such Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage laden with any such Coals, to whom any such Ticket shall have been given, or by the Order of the Vendor, in order to be delivered to the Parishes, shall, (having first received the same from the Vendor, or any Person by the Direction of the Vendor) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Parishes or Parishes of such Coals, or to his, her, or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be unloaded, such Carrier, Driver, or other Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

CCXIV Provided always, and he it enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight in any of the said several and respective Limits of this Act, and except only such Coals as shall be sold by Weight in Messuage aforesaid, shall be sold either by the Chaldons, such Chaldons to consist of Thirty-six of such Bushels is heaped up as aforesaid, or by the Sack, each Sack containing Three such Bushels is heaped up

Vendor's Ticket
 with Coals sold
 by Weight.

Vendor's Ticket
 with Coals sold
 by Weight.

Vendor's Ticket
 with Coals sold
 by Weight.

All Coals shall
 be sold either
 by Weight or by
 the Chaldons
 or Sack.

re stored in any such Dock as aforesaid, or by the Half Dock, Peck, or Half Peck: Provided such Invoice shall be taken: Aliquot Part of such Barrel Measure; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CCXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Principal Meter and Meters for the Time being for the said City of London, and the Liberties thereof, and between Tower Dock and Ludlow's Hall, in the County of Middlesex, shall, as each and every of such Principal Meter or Meters for such District is, and are respectively hereby directed and required to produce and deliver in, once or oftener in every Month, before the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners of the said City of London, in Common Council assembled, or before such Persons as the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners shall for that Purpose appoint, a full, true, and accurate Account or Accounts, in Writing, verified by Affidavit, of all and every the Sum and Sums of Money which shall from Time to Time, by virtue of this Act, be received by such Principal Meter or Meters for such District, for any Metrage, Inspection or Re-estimation of any Coals which shall be measured, re-estimated, or inspected by any such Principal Meter or Meter, or by any Laboursing Meter or Meters within such District; and every such Account so directed to be produced as aforesaid shall, precisely to the Productions thereof, be verified upon Oath by such Principal Meter or Meters for such District, before the said Lord Mayor, or any of the Aldermen of the said City of London, and which Oath any such Magistrate is hereby authorized to administer; and every such Principal Meter or Meters for such District shall, and he and they is and are hereby also directed and required, Once or oftener every Month, to pay into the Chamber of the said City of London all and every such Sum and Sums of Money which shall be so from Time to Time by virtue of this Act, received by such Principal Meter or Meters for any such Metrage, Inspection, or Re-estimation of any Coals within such District, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal Meter for such District shall not, Once or oftener in every Month, produce and deliver in before such Persons as aforesaid, such Account so verified as aforesaid, or shall not, Once or oftener in every Month, pay into the Chamber of the said City of London all and every such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be so from Time to Time, by virtue of this Act, received by such Principal Meter for any such Metrage, Inspection, or Re-estimation of any such Coals as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Principal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

CCXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That out of the Monies which shall be so from Time to Time paid into the said Chamber of the said City of London, by such respective Principal Meters for the said City of London and Liberties thereof, and between Tower Dock and Ludlow's Hall, in the County of Middlesex, it shall and may be lawful so to do for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners of the said City of London in Common Council assembled, and the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, so hereby directed and required, from Time to Time, to pay or cause to be paid such yearly or other Salary, or respective Salaries, to each and every of such Principal Land Coal Meter or Principal Land Coal Meters, for the Time being, for the said City of London and the Liberties thereof, and between Tower Dock and Ludlow's Hall, in the said County of Middlesex, as they the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall from Time to Time think reasonable; and it shall and may also be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, and the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, are hereby also directed and required, out of such Monies which shall be so from Time to Time paid into the Chamber of the said City, to pay or cause to be paid such weekly Wages to each and every of the Laboursing Land Coal Meters for the said City of London and the Liberties thereof, and between Tower Dock and Ludlow's Hall, in the said County of Middlesex, as the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall from Time to Time think proper to appoint: Provided nevertheless, that such weekly Wages so to be appointed for such Laboursing Land Coal Meters, shall not at any Time be less than Twenty Shillings per Week for each and every of such Laboursing Meters: And in full and may also be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby also directed and required to pay, or cause to be paid out of such Monies which shall be so from Time to Time paid into the Chamber of the said City by such respective Principal Meters for such District, the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of maintaining, supporting, and repairing the said Land Coal Meter's Office for the City of London, and between the Tower of London and Ludlow's Hall, in the County of Middlesex; and such yearly or other Salary, or respective Salaries, as the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think reasonable to be paid to each and every of such Clerk and Clerks, as the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper or necessary to employ in such Office, and the Costs, Charges, and Expenses of Coals, Candles, and Furniture for such Land Coal Meter's Office, and all such other House Expenses, relating to such Office, as to the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall from reasonable and proper: And as and when and as the aforesaid Monies, which shall be so from Time to Time paid into the Chamber of the said City of London by such respective Principal Meters for such District, shall be more than sufficient for maintaining, repairing, and supporting the said Land Coal Meter's Office for the said City of London and the Liberties thereof, and between the Tower of London and Ludlow's Hall, in the County of Middlesex, and for defraying the said Expenses of Coals, Candles, Furnitures, and other House Expenses relating to such Office; and also for the paying the Salaries which shall be appointed to be paid as aforesaid to the respective Principal Meters for the Time being for such District, and to the Clerk or Clerks who may be employed in such Office as aforesaid; and the weekly Wages of each and every of the Laboursing Land Coal Meters for such District; then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Commoners, are hereby also directed and required to reduce the Sum or Sums of Money which are by this Act directed to be

Application of
Monies arising
from Metrage in
the London
District.
S. 1. c. 10.
Money, &c.

Two or more different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions, unless such Coals of such Two or more different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions, shall consist wholly of Wall's End, Temple's Walk's End, Hebburn Main, Heaton Main, Biggs Main, South Hebburn, Willington, Killingworth, and Percy Main Coals, or wholly of some Two or more of such Nine Sorts of Coals, or wholly of Blythe, Hartley, and Craggs Main Coals, or wholly of any Two of such Three Sorts of Coals, or otherwise wholly of Coals which shall have been cleared out of any such Lighters, Barges, or other Craft, whose respective Loadings shall have been examined, before the mixing thereof, to a Quantity not exceeding Five Chaldrons, Wharf Measure; and if any such Vendor or Dealer shall mix or make to be mixed for sale, or shall knowingly sell or cause to be sold when mixed, any Coals whatsoever of Two or more different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions, which Coals, when so mixed, shall not consist either entirely of Wall's End, Temple's Walk's End, Hebburn Main, Heaton Main, Biggs Main, South Hebburn, Willington, Killingworth, and Percy Main Coals, or entirely of some Two or more of such Nine Sorts of Coals, or entirely of Blythe, Hartley, and Craggs Main Coals, or entirely of some Two of such Three Sorts of Coals, or entirely of Coals that shall have been cleared out of any such Lighters, Barges, or other Craft, whose respective Loadings shall have been rash reduced, before the mixing thereof, to a Quantity not exceeding Five Chaldrons, Wharf Measure, then and in every such Case such Vendor or Dealer is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

CCXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be taken or construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Vendor or Vendor of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, within any of the several and respective Limits of this Act, from laying or boring up for Sale in any Warehouse or Repository, or other convenient Place, any Quantities whatsoever of Coals, of as many different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions, as he, she, or they shall respectively think fit, provided such different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions of Coals, be respectively had and kept in such Warehouse or other Repository in separate and distinct Piles, and wholly separated, and provided no such Coals be sold by any other than the Vendor's Name, or without the true Name or Names of every or any of such Sorts of such Coals as shall be sold and first shown any such Warehouse or other Repository being expressed in the Vendor's Ticket to be first shown to any Purchaser or Purchasers; and if any such Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall so cause to be sold, by any other than by the Vendor's Name, any Coals out of any such Warehouse or other Repository, in which Two or more different Sorts of Coals may be so stored or deposited, or shall not first, or cause to be first, in the Vendor's Ticket to be first with such Coals, the true Name or Names of each and every Sort of such Coals as shall be first from or out of any such Warehouse, Repository, or other Place, to any Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such Case, every such Vendor or Dealer is offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

CCXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, within the several and respective Limits of this Act, who shall keep any Coal Shed, Shop, or Warehouse, where Coals shall be sold in Quantities not greater than Half a Chaldron, and where as Coals shall ever be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, from mixing or heaping up together, or causing to be mixed or heaped together, in such Shed, Shop, or Warehouse, any Quantity or Quantities whatsoever, of any and as many different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions of Coals, as he, she, or they shall respectively think fit, or from selling or causing to be sold such Coals when so mixed: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals when so mixed shall be sold as and for by the Name of "Mixed Coals," and shall not be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, nor shall be sold at any other Place than at the Shop, Shed, or Warehouse, where the same shall have been so mixed.

* This Act not to prevent the Sale of Coals mixed at any Time before the 1st September 1807, § 133.

CCXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, from Time to Time, to make, ordain, and establish such Orders, Rules, and Bye Laws, and from Time to Time to amend, alter, or repeal the same, or any of them, for the regulating, governing, and managing the said Market, as in and to the Exchange, Buildings, Works, Markets, and Things thereto belonging, and also for the regulating of all Offences to be employed in such Market, and all other Persons coming therein, or transacting any Business therein, as to the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen shall from Time to Time be just and reasonable; and also from Time to Time, as Occasion shall require, to amend, alter, and alter such Rules, Orders, and Bye Laws, and also to fix and appoint certain reasonable Penalties or Forfeitures for the Non-observance or Non-performance, or other breach of any such Rule, Order, or Bye Law, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds for any one Offence; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures shall and may be recovered by such Ways and Means as any other Penalties or Forfeitures may be recovered by virtue of the Acts: Provided always, that no such Rule, Order, or Bye Law, be repugnant to or inconsistent with the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or contrary to the Duties and Provisions in this Act contained.

CCXXXV. And be it further enacted, That no such Order, Rule, or Bye Law, shall be good, valid, or effectual, nor shall any such Order, Rule, or Bye Law, be amended, altered, or repealed, save and except such Order, Rule, or Bye Law, or any Amendment, Alteration, or Repeal of any such Order, Rule, or Bye Law, shall have been debated 40, and allowed and approved of, from Time to Time, by the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, the Lord Chief Justice and the Lord of the Justices of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice and the Lord of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Lord Chief Baron and the Lord of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer for the Time being, or any two or more of them, who are and to be hereafter appointed and required, or Request from Time to Time to this or to him made by or on Behalf of the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, to persevere and continue all such Orders, Rules, or Bye Laws, as shall from Time to Time be made, amended, altered, or repealed,

All Coals sold
from a certain
day to be
of certain
Sorts of Coals
in a certain
Place.

No Coals shall
be sold except
by Word
Mouth, or
with the true
Indication by
the Vendor's
Ticket.

Penalty on
mixing Coals
of
different
Sorts in
Warehouses
where Coals
are sold
not exceeding
Half a
Chaldron.

Court of
Aldermen may
make Bye Laws
to regulate the
Market.

Such Bye Laws
not to be
made and altered
without the
Consent of
the Judges.

repealed, by the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, in pursuance of this Act; and laid before them or him the said Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, the Lord Chief Justice and the Rest of the Justices of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice and the Rest of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Lord Chief Baron and the Rest of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer for the Time being, or any One or more of them, and to alter and amend all such Orders, Rules, and Bye Laws, or any of them, and to alter and amend, or to disallow and disapprove of the same, or any Part thereof, or to allow and approve of, or to confirm or disapprove of the Revival of the Whole or any Part thereof, as to them or him shall from Time to Time seem proper and expedient, and for doing thereof as Far or Reword shall be good or taken.

CXXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Rules, Orders, and Bye Laws, as to be from Time to Time made, altered, amended, or repealed, by the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, shall be printed, and such Rules, Orders, and Bye Laws, and the several Alterations and Amendments made therein, and the R. part thereof respectively, shall also be made public in such other Manner as the said Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen shall think proper, and shall from Time to Time order and direct.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Common, in Common Council assembled, from Time to Time to appoint One or more Committee or Committees to manage and transact all or any of the Matters or Purposes, which by the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Common, in Common Council assembled, are hereby authorized and required to do, execute, or perform, which Committee or Committees so to be appointed shall have such or so much of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit or proper to delegate to such Committee or Committees.

CXXXVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That if any Person, being a Member of any such Committee, shall be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in any Contract which shall be made or entered into by or on Behalf of such Committee, for or in carrying any of the Works to be performed or done in pursuance of this Act, or for or concerning any Materials to be used or employed therein, every such Contract shall be void, and the Person who, being a Member of such Committee, shall be so interested or concerned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Committee or Committees so to be appointed shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from Time to Time, to employ any fit Person or Persons, whether free of the City or not, or in about any of the Works, Matters, or Things, which they shall think to be performed or done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, and to contract for the doing and Performance of such Works, Matters, and Things, or any of them, with any Person or Persons, in such Manner as the said Committee or Committees shall think fit; and that no Person or Persons shall be so employed or contracted with, or about, or for any of the Purposes of this Act, nor any Person or Persons to be so employed or contracted with, or about, or for any of them, shall, for any Act done or to be done by or about the Premises, be seized or liable to any Arrest, Imprisonment, or Satisfaction, upon the Statute made in the Fifth Year of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, entitled *An Act touching certain Orders for Angles, Lads, Apprentices, Servants of Industry, and Apprentices*, or be liable to be bound for any Breach of the Statute of London, or for any Penalty incurred by any Bye Law of the said City.

* All Records shall be entered in a Book by the Chamberlains, to which all Persons entitled to Accusations, &c.

* Shall have access without Fee, § 140.—The Chamberlains shall have the Books provided under the recited

* Acts of the 13 and 24 G. 2. § 14.—Chamberlains shall keep Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements, of the

* Duty on Coals, Orders, and Coln, § 142.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Common shall, Once in each and every Year, or as often if required, by before both Houses of Parliament an Account of the Produce of the said Duty of One Penny per Chaldron or Ton, hereby granted and made payable upon Coal Chaldrons, and Coln, and also of all Receipts and Disbursements received or paid for or on account of the said Market, and also an Account of the Quantity of Coals sold in each and every Year, Market, and of the Piers thereof.

* Chamberlains shall keep Account of Receipts and Disbursements on Account of the Metage Money, § 144.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Common, shall, Once in each and every Year, or as often if required, by before both Houses of Parliament an Account of Monies to be raised by virtue of this Act in respect of the Metage, Lads, or Redemption of any Coals within such last mentioned District, and also of all Disbursements paid for or on account of the said Land Coal Meter's Office for such District.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures by this Act, or by virtue of the Powers and Authorities thereof granted (the Manner of levying and receiving whereof is not hereby otherwise directed), not exceeding Twenty Pounds, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month after the Offence or Offences committed; and all such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be levied and recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City, or Place, where the Offence shall be committed; and such Justice or Justices, as and are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders, at the time and Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, or if they be his, her, or their co-defendants, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witness's upon Oath, which Oath such Justice or Justices may and are hereby empowered to administer, such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the

Bye Laws that be printed and published.

More, as employed in 1797 & 1800.

Persons interested and liable to such Commissions.

Persons not free of the City may be employed.

§ 140. & 4

The City that by Accounts of Produce of Duty, &c. before Parliament.

Accounted for & to be laid before Parliament.

Forced to pay and receiving the said Penalties or Forfeitures within a Justice of the Peace.

Goods

Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Justice or Justices, and the Sheriff, or of the Magistrate, (if any) made by such Justices and Justices, after deliberating the Peace, Penalty, Forfeiture and the Costs and Charges of making such Warrants and Sale, shall be applied to the Use of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for want of Distress, or in case the Peace, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful to send for such Justice or Justices to remove such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the County, City, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding for Children 2 Months, unless such Peace, Penalty, or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and One Month of all such Peace, Penalties, and Forfeitures, when paid, shall go to the Informer, and the other Month shall go to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or shall be applied to such Matters, for carrying this Act into Execution, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place shall direct.

CXLVII And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to be convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace as before mentioned, or any Offence or Offences against this Act, or against any Rule, Order, or Bye Law made in pursuance thereof, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County, City, or Place where such Conviction shall be made, or giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security, or the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and stating the Determination of the Court therein; and such Justices, in such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and annul the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as to them the said Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and the Doctees of the said Justice or Justices therein shall be final, binding, and conclusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act, shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CXLVIII And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any such Peace, Penalties, or Forfeitures shall be paid for, to summon before him or them any Person or Persons who shall, in or by the Complaint or Information made to him or them, appear to be a necessary Witness as to the Matters thereby charged, to appear before him or them at a Time and Place to be specified in the Summons; and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear according to such Summons, then, upon due Proof of the Service of such Summons in Manner aforesaid, such Person so summoned, and not appearing in Compliance therewith, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pence, to be levied and recovered in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, as is herein-before directed as to other Penalties; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, to cause such Person to be apprehended by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices, and to be brought before him or them, and thereupon, whether such Person shall appear upon Summons as aforesaid, or shall be apprehended as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices shall and may proceed to examine him or her upon Oath as to the Matters of such Complaint or Information; and in case such Person shall refuse to be sworn, or to answer or to give Evidence therein, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person to custody to be kept, or to answer, or to give Evidence as aforesaid, in the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, City, or Place, in or for which such Justice or Justices shall then sit, there to remain for any Space of Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

CXLIX And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon his, her, or their Examination upon Oath before any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting in Execution of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence touching any Matter or Thing relating to this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall take or give any false Oath or Affidavit with respect to any Matter or Thing relating to this Act, every such Person so offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such fine and Penalties, as by any Law in force and effect, Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

CL And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pence, by this Act imposed, for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas no Effray, Protection, Wage of Law, or any other that Our Emptourment shall be allowed, by the Person or Persons who shall induce and sue for the same, within Three Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences shall be committed; and one Month of all such Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, shall be to and for the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Month thereof (together with Double Costs of Suit) shall be to and for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

CLI And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Detract or Want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or the Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespassee or Trespassers on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties aforesaid; but the Person or Persons approved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage sustained in an Action on the Case.

CLII. And

CLII. And, for the more easy and speedy Commission of Offences against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace, before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *wit*h

• D E it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. as recorded before me _____ One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ [Here specify the Office and the Time and Place when and where committed, as the Case may be] contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled, [Here insert the Title of the Act]. Given under my Hand and Seal the Day and Year first above written. C. D.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, Twenty-one Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action, nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action if Tender of sufficient Amends hath been made to him, her, or them, or to his, her, or their Attorney, by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants: before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, at any Time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she, or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceeding, Order, and Judgement shall be made and given in and by each Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

CLIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty-one Days Notice shall have been given, or shall be a full and sufficient Satisfaction made or performed as aforesaid, or after this Time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon his or her Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinues his, her, or their Action or Suit, for the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Double Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other Cases by Law.

CLV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take place, from and after the Fourth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seven.

CLVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

PAYMENTS payable to the Deputy Sea Coal or Ship Meters, by Ship Owners, Coal Buyers, or Dealers,

By the Ship Owner or Owners.

The Sum of Three Shillings per Twenty Chaldrons for rooking at the Vat, and so on in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

The Sum of Three Shillings per Day for every Day that the Meters shall be on board of any Ship or Vessel for the Purpose of measuring Coals thereon, in less of Provision and Drink.

The Sum of Ten Shillings and Expence for travelling Expenses, when employed in the Advertisement of Coals in any Ship or Vessel below Greenwich, in the County of Kent.

The Sum of One Guinea, upon the Delivery, for each and every Ship or other Vessel, in the Room of all Allowances in Coals, and all other Gratuity, by or on the Behalf of the Ship Owners.

By the Buyer or Buyers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, Coals.

For making out and delivering to him, her, or them, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, Agent or Agents, a general Bill or Account of the Coals advertised or delivered out of any Ship or other Vessel, on the Account of any Buyer or Buyers, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, for each and every such Bill or Account, the several Sums following; that is to say: The Sum of Three-pence for any Quantity of Coals less than Fifty Chaldrons, specified therein; the Sum of Expence for any Quantity of Coals specified therein equal to Fifty and less than One hundred Chaldrons; and the Sum of Nine-pence for any Quantity of Coals specified therein, equal to One hundred Chaldrons and less than Two hundred Chaldrons; and for Two hundred Chaldrons and any greater Quantity, the Sum of One Shilling.

Cap. lxxix.

As Act for enlarging the Term and altering the Powers of several Acts for the Maintenance and Repaire of the Harbour of Dover, in the County of Kent. [This oblige the Act.]

• Former Acts, 11 and 12 M. 3. c. 2. 5.—3 and 4 Ann. c. 7.—4 G. 1. c. 13.—5 G. 1. c. 10.—11 G. 2. c. 8.—16 G. 3. c. 11. continued for the Term by this Act granted, § 1. (See § 98.)—Certain Tonnage Rates granted to be taken by the Warden, &c. of the Harbour of Dover, § 2, 3.—Rates payable only once in a Year, § 4.—Act not to extend to King's Ships, § 5.—The Rates shall be paid by Foreign Ships, § 6.—Rules for enforcing and collecting the Rates, § 7, 12.

XIII. And

Articles of
Agreement
between
the said
Merchant
and
the
Pilotage

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Warden or his Lieutenant, and the other Officers of the said Harbour, and their Successors, shall yearly by before each House of Parliament, a true Account of the Receipt and Application of all Moneys which shall be received by the said Warden or his Lieutenant, and the Officers of the said Harbour, and their Successors, by virtue of this Act.

Power to borrow Money, on Security of the Rates, &c. — Recovery and Application of Penalties, &c. — Public Act, § 17. — Continuance of Aid Twenty one Years, &c. from the End of the present Session of Parliament, § 18.

Cap. lxx.

An Act to revive and continue for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, so much of several Acts passed as aforesaid in the better regulating of Pilots for conducting Steam and Vessels from Dover, Deal, and the Isle of Thanet, up the Rivers of Thames and Medway. [Ed. 1807.]

Recital of 1 G. 1. c. 12. amended by 7 G. 1. c. 21. 2 (continued by 10 G. 1. c. 17 ; 8 G. 2. c. 22. 2 ; 23 G. 2. c. 26 ; 4 G. 3. c. 88. 1 ; 5 G. 3. c. 45. 1 ; 18 G. 3. c. 25. 1) and amended by 23 G. 3. c. 179. 1 further continued for Seven Years, and until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, § 1.

II. And Whereas great Delays and Losses and great Prejudice to Trade will arise, if Pilots belonging to Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet, taking Charge of Ships or Vessels into the River Thames or Medway, are allowed to quit any Ship or Vessel before the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at the Place of her Destination, or in the Thames or Medway; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Enactment of Twelve Months after the passing of this Act, if any Pilot belonging to Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet, taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel into the Thames or Medway, shall quit such Ship or Vessel at Greenwich, or at any other Part of the Thames, or at any Part of the Medway, before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Place to which such Ship or Vessel is bound in the said River Thames or Medway respectively, without the Consent of the Captain, or agents or before any other Pilot shall come on board to take the Charge and Conduct of such Ship or Vessel, every such Pilot shall forfeit for every such Offence all Pay or Reward to which he might be entitled for having conducted or piloted such Ship or Vessel into the River Thames or Medway.

During the said Twelve Months Pilots may take the Rates in this Act contained, § 2.

IV. And Whereas it is expedient to grant higher and greater Rates and Fees for Pilots, and at the same Time to prevent any exorbitant Demands for Pilots; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Twentieth Day of August next ensuing eight hundred and seven, the following Rates or Fees, and so greater or other Rates or Fees, shall be demanded and taken by Pilots of or belonging to Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet, for the piloting or conducting of Ships and Vessels from Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet, to any Place or Places in or upon the said River of Thames or Medway; (that it is to be).

For the piloting or conducting any Ship or Vessel from Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet, to Greenwich on the River Thames, to the Nore or to Sheerness and Swinport Creek, or other Parts of the River Thames, the Rates and Fees following, and so greater or other Rates or Fees; (that it is to be).

For all Vessels drawing less than Seven Feet Water, Five Pounds:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Seven Feet Water, Five Pounds and Five Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Seven Feet and a Half Water, Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eight Feet Water, Six Pounds:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eight Feet and a Half Water, Six Pounds Seven Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Nine Feet Water, Six Pounds and Fifteen Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Nine Feet and a Half Water, Seven Pounds Two Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Ten Feet and a Half Water, Seven Pounds and Two Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Ten Feet and a Half Water, Seven Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eleven Feet Water, Eight Pounds and Five Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eleven Feet and a Half Water, Eight Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Twelve Feet Water, Nine Pounds:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Twelve Feet and a Half Water, Nine Pounds Seven Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Thirteen Feet Water, Nine Pounds and Fifteen Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Thirteen Feet and a Half Water, Ten Pounds Two Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Fourteen Feet Water, Ten Pounds and Ten Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Fourteen Feet and a Half Water, Ten Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Fifteen Feet of Water, Eleven Pounds and Five Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Fifteen Feet and a Half Water, Eleven Pounds and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Sixteen Feet Water, Twelve Pounds:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Sixteen Feet and a Half Water, Twelve Pounds Seven Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Seventeen Feet Water, Ten Pounds and Fifteen Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Seventeen Feet and a Half Water, Fourteen Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eighteen Feet Water, Fifteen Pounds and Six Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Eighteen Feet and a Half Water, Fifteen Pounds and Fifteen Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Nineteen Feet Water, Sixteen Pounds and Thirteen Shillings:

For every Ship or Vessel drawing Nineteen Feet and a Half Water, Twenty Pounds Nine Shillings and Sixpence:

And for every Ship or Vessel drawing Twenty Feet Water, Twenty-one Pounds.

For

For the piloting or conducting any Ship or Vessel up the River Thames beyond *Greenland* so far as *Long Reach* on the River Thames, the Rates and Prices following, and no greater or other Rates or Prices; (that is to say),

Rate of
Piloting from
Greenwich to
Long Reach.

For every Ship or Vessel drawing not more than Ten Feet Water, Ten Shillings and Sixpence;
For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Ten and a Half to Twelve Feet Water, Fifteen Shillings;
For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Twelve and a Half to Fourteen Feet Water, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence;

For every Ship or V. E. drawing from Fourteen and a Half to Sixteen Feet Water, One Pound and One Shilling;
For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Sixteen and a Half to Eighteen Feet Water, One Pound Eleven Shillings and Sixpence;

And for every Ship or Vessel drawing from Eighteen and a Half to Twenty Feet Water, Two Pounds and Two Shillings.

The above Rates or Prices to be in Addition to the Rates or Prices allowed by this Act for the Piloting of any such Ship or Vessel from *Dover*, *Dial*, or the *Isle of Thanet* to *Greenland*.

For the piloting or conducting any Ship or Vessel up the River Thames beyond *Greenland*, and also beyond *Long Reach* upon the River Thames, to *Blackwell* and *London*, the Rates and Prices following, and no greater or other Rates or Prices:

Rate of
Piloting from
Greenwich to
Blackwell and
London.

For every Ship or V. E. drawing not more than Ten Feet Water, One Pound and One Shilling;

For every Ship or V. E. drawing from Ten and a Half to Twelve Feet Water, One Pound and Two Shillings;
For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Twelve and a Half to Fourteen Feet Water, One Pound and Fifteen Shillings;

For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Fourteen and a Half to Sixteen Feet Water, Two Pounds and Two Shillings;

For every Ship or Vessel drawing from Sixteen and a Half Feet Water, to Eighteen Feet Water, Three Pounds and Three Shillings;

And for every Ship or Vessel drawing from Eighteen and a Half to Twenty Feet Water, Four Pounds and Four Shillings.

The above Rates and Prices to be in Addition to the Rates and Prices allowed by this Act for the Piloting of any such Ship from *Dover*, *Dial*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, to *Greenland*.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Pilot of or belonging to *Dover*, *Dial*, or the *Isle of Thanet*, who shall take Charge of and conduct any Ship or Vessel into *Ramsgate Harbour*, shall be entitled and shall receive for each Piloting at and after the Rate of Five Shillings for every Foot of the Draught of Water of the Ship or Vessel to be piloted and conducted by him into *Ramsgate Harbour*, if such Ship or Vessel shall have been so piloted and conducted into *Ramsgate Harbour* in moderate Weather; and if such Ship or Vessel shall have been so piloted or conducted into *Ramsgate Harbour* under any Circumstances of Distress, then each Pilot shall be entitled to such Sum of Money, to be calculated according to the Exact and Circumstances of such Distress, as the Commissioners of Salvages established under the Great Warden of the Cinque Ports shall upon Application either of the Pilot or Owner or Master of any such Ship or Vessel, upon appearing into all such Circumstances, certify; and such Commissioners shall and they are hereby required upon any such Application made to enquire into all such Circumstances, and to determine the Amount of the Sum to be paid for the Piloting of any such Ship or Vessel into *Ramsgate Harbour*, without any Fee or Reward for so doing.

Rate of
Piloting for
every Ship
into
*Ramsgate
Harbour*.

VI. And Whereas *Ramsgate Harbour* hath become much frequented as a Port of Safety, and Ships and Vessels lying in or sailing through the Downs, being near to *Ramsgate Harbour*, are sometimes compelled to run for *Ramsgate Harbour*; and it is therefore necessary that all Pilots of or belonging to *Dover*, *Dial*, or the *Isle of Thanet* should be able and should be compellable to pilot and conduct Ships and Vessels into *Ramsgate Harbour* in case of Necessity or Distress, and that all such Pilots should therefore be examined as to their

Pilots shall be
examined as to
conducting
Ships into
*Ramsgate
Harbour*.

Abilities to conduct Ships or Vessels into *Ramsgate Harbour*; be it therefore enacted, That all Pilots of or belonging to *Dover*, *Dial*, or the *Isle of Thanet*, shall qualify themselves, and shall be examined as to their Qualifications and Ability to conduct any Ship or Vessel into *Ramsgate Harbour*; and that all Pilots of or belonging to *Dover*, *Dial*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, shall be obliged to pilot any Ships or Vessels under their Care or Conduct into *Ramsgate Harbour* in all Cases when it may be expedient for any such Ships or Vessels to take Shelter or go into the said Harbour; and if any Pilot of or belonging to *Dover*, *Dial*, or the *Isle of Thanet*, shall refuse to take Charge of or conduct any Ship or Vessel under his Care, or of which he shall have the Charge as a Pilot, into *Ramsgate Harbour*, in any such Case as aforesaid, such Pilot shall forfeit all Pay and Reward to which he might otherwise be entitled, and be subject to such Fine or other Punishment for his Refusal to take Charge of or conduct such Ship or Vessel into *Ramsgate Harbour* as the Court of Lord Mayor shall think or adjudge.

Penalty for
Disobed.

Not to extend to King's Ships, &c. § 7.—Publick Act, § 8.

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Yarmouth*, situated at the Mouth of *Yford*, in the County of *Down*.

[17th April 1807.]

William Alexander Macdonald Esquire, and his Heirs and Assigns empowered to make the Harbour, and to levy certain Tonnage Duties and Duties on Goods imported and exported.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall at any Time or Times hereafter, wilfully or negligently demolish, break down, damage, or set on fire the said Pier, Quay, Wharf, or any of the Works which shall be constructed in, or which shall belong to the said Harbour, or

Persons delinquent by the Works
guilty of felony.

who shall wilfully do any Damage to any of the Shipping or Goods within the limits, or who shall wilfully or designly extinguish or put out any of the Lights within or belonging to the said Harbour, for the Safety and Protection of the Ships or other Vessels relating to the same, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or, in Mitigation of Punishment, may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. lxxii.

AN ACT for better supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parishes of *Stratford Bow*, otherwise *Swatford le Bow*, *Saint Julia*, *Hatfield*, *Saint Mary*, *Upton*, *Saint Matthew*, *Britton*, *Upton*, and several other Parishes, *Hendon*, *Towings*, and Places adjacent or near thereto, in the County of *Middlesex* and *Essex*.
[5th Aug. 1807.]

"The Company of Proprietors of the *Essex Leaden Waterworks*, incorporated.—Empowered to make Water-works, at *Stratford*, *Hatfield*, *Upton*, *Newington*, *Yerobden*, *Spinfilds*, *Ravish*, &c. &c.—To supply the same with the Water from the River *Lee*.

Provision
made for
Water,
Said Felony.

I. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully, or recklessly break, throw down, damage, or destroy any Banks or other Works erected, made, or maintained by virtue of this Act, then and in every such Case every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or, in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

"Sinking of the Rights of the City of *London*, § 51.—Act of the *New River Company*, § 53.

Cap. lxxiii.

17 G. 3. c. 30.

AN ACT to alter, amend, and render more effectual, an Act, passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the several Parishes with the Island of *Guernsey*, except the Parish of *Headigh*, and also the Parish of *Payton*, within the Hundred of *Beleigh*, in the County of *England*.
[5th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. lxxiv.

AN ACT for improving, and rendering more commodious, such Part of the County and County of the City of *Dublin*, as is situate on the South Side of the River *Liffey* and Wall of His Majesty's Castle of *Dublin*; and for the Appointment of an Inspector of the Professions and other Accounts of the County of the City aforesaid.
[5th Aug. 1807.]

"*Yomer* Act, s. 16. § 2. c. 19.—13 G. 2. c. 25.—7 G. 3. c. 7.—21 and 22 G. 3. c. 27. 21 and 22 G. 3. c. 32.—26 G. 3. c. 32.—27 G. 3. c. 43.—30 G. 3. c. 1.—31 G. 3. c. 74.—32 G. 3. c. 55.—40 G. 3. c. 61. confirmed and applied to the Execution of this Act. § 2, 2.—Commissioners empowered to purchase Lands and take down Buildings, &c. § 3—9.

Dublin Grand
Jury required
to make
Provision and
Assessment of
the whole
Amount of the
Value of the Land
and Buildings
within the
whole Parish, or
within such Part
of the Parish,
as shall be
directed.

X. And whereas the said Commissioners shall have caused any Ground, or any House or Houses, or any Premises to be valued by a Jury as Master by the said entitled Acts, or One of them, directed, an authentic Copy of the Inquisition and Finding, signed by Three or more of the said Commissioners, shall on the First Sitting-day of any *Exchequer* Term, be laid before the Court of King's Bench by the said Commissioners; and the said Court of King's Bench shall, in each and every such Case, charge the Grand Jury of the County of the City of *Dublin*, and the Grand Jury of the County of *Dublin*, to meet in One Room, at a certain Time to be named by the Court; and it shall be then lawful for the said Grand Jury so assembled, or any Twenty-four or more of them, and they so lawfully required, to present the whole Amount of such Finding or Findings, in and by or among them; and the Fees and Sums of Money so presented by such Grand Jury, shall be valid, lawful, and enforced by Two equal Indentures, One Indenture in every *Exchequer* Term, and the other Indentures in every *All-Andrew* Term, on all and every the Houses and other Buildings erected or to be erected, within the Parish of *St. Matthias*, and all such Indentures shall be paid by all and every the Owners or Occupiers of such Houses and Buildings respectively; and for the better raising of the said Indentures, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Grand Jury so assembled, or any Twenty-four or more of them, or of them so lawfully empowered to present, raise, and affix on all such Houses and Buildings any Sums or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Shilling in the Pound in any One Year, on the Value of all such Houses or other Buildings, according to the Valuation by which such Houses and Buildings respectively are rated, or hereby may be, valued or rated, for or towards the Discharge of the said Indentures of the said District; and every such Presentment, Rate, or Assessment, when so made, shall be signed by Twenty-four of such Jurors, and when signed, shall be allowed by the Court.

Twelve or Sixteen
of the said
said Jurors.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after any and every such Presentment, the Treasurers of the Grand Jurors of the County of the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin* respectively, shall, after every *Exchequer* and *All-Andrew* Term, advise without any further Presentment or Direction of any subsequent Grand Jury, the said half-yearly Rate or Rate so presented as aforesaid, as the respective Owners and Occupiers aforesaid, and after the same is returned as the Collectors herein-after mentioned, and in so far as to True and the whole Amount of the General Presentment shall have been raised, from which Time the same respective Rates shall cease and be no longer payable.

XII. And,

XII. And, to the End that the said Half-yearly Rates may be the more effectually applied upon the said Houses and Buildings, and their respective Owners and Occupiers, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Grand Juries of the County of the City of Dublin, and County of Dublin respectively, of the Term wherein any such Half-yearly Rate or Rates shall have been perfected, by Requisition in Writing, to be signed by their respective Treasurers, to require the proper Officer to furnish to the said respective Treasurers of the Grand Juries, within Twenty Days next after the End of each Term, true and correct Lists of all Houses or other Buildings within the District of the Metropolis, which are or hereafter shall be liable to be taxed, towards the Maintenance of the Watch Establishment of the said City; and also true and correct Returns of the respective Valuations, according to which such Houses or other Buildings owe or hereafter shall be rated, towards the Maintenance of the said Establishment, and also yearly and every Year afterwards during the Continuance of any such Half-yearly Rate, by like Requisition, to be made Two Calendar Months before the Sitting Day of each Term, to require the said Officer to furnish to the said respective Treasurers, within Twenty-one Days before the Sitting Day of the said each Term, true and correct Lists of all such Houses and other Buildings, within the respective Counties, as may have been valued under the Authority of any Act of Parliament for regulating the Peace Establishment of the said Dublin, or of any other Law whatsoever in that behalf made pursuant to this Act, together with a true and correct Return of all and every such Valuation; and the said proper Officer is hereby required to transmit to the said respective Treasurers, at the respective Times aforesaid, such Lists and Returns as aforesaid, certified by Affidavits. And if any such Officer or Officers shall refuse or neglect to transmit any such List or Returns at any of the respective Times aforesaid, or to certify the same as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, he and they shall, for each and every such Default, forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, to be brought in the Name of the Treasurer of the County of the City of Dublin, or of the County of Dublin, as the Case may be, and applied as Part of the Publick Money of the said County of the City, or County respectively.

† Treasurers shall make the Rates by such Lists, and deliver the same to Collectors, who shall collect and account for the same, § 23—24.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Juries of the County of the City of Dublin, from Time to Time to prefer such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One hundred Pounds at each Eglar and Michaelmas Term, and to and for the Grand Juries of the County of Dublin, from Time to Time to prefer such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Fifty Pounds at each Eglar and Michaelmas Term for their respective Treasurers and Secretaries, and in such Sums and Proportions, as the said Grand Juries shall think proper, in Consideration of the additional Labour, Trouble, and Expence of their said respective Treasurers and Secretaries, in making out the Lists and Returns aforesaid, and also in drawing and entering the said Proclamations, and making out Books for Collection.

† Inquisitions of Jurors shall be executed in Chancery, § 14 — Commissioners empowered to apply the Moneys raised under the Act, and to borrow Money on Security of the Rates, § 25—26.

XXIII. And, to the End and Intent that the Interest of the said Sums may be duly and regularly paid Half-yearly, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Secretary of the said Commissions shall, on the Fifth Sitting Day of every Eglar and Michaelmas Term, lay before the Court of King's Bench the Amount of the Interest due on said Securities, and the said Court of King's Bench shall, in each and every such Case, charge the Grand Jury of the County of the City of Dublin, and the Grand Jury of the County of Dublin, to meet in One Room at a certain Time to be named by the Court, and it shall be their lawful for the said Grand Jury is convened, or any Twenty-five Members thereof, and they are hereby required to prefer the whole Amount of such Interest to said before them, and such Interest Moneys when so preferred, shall be raised and levied on and out of all and every the Houses and other Buildings valued or to be valued within the District of the Metropolis, and shall be paid by all and every the Owners or Occupiers thereof respectively in such and the like Manner, and according to the same Mode of Assessment, and by such and the like Ways and Means as is herein-before directed, with respect to the Proclamations found in the Inquisitions herein-before mentioned.

† Treasurers shall settle such Rates accordingly; and the same shall be collected and applied to Payment of the said Interest, § 34—36 — Commissioners empowered to dispose of Surplus Money, Ground, Materials, &c. § 37—40.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Juries of the County of the City of Dublin, from Time to Time, to prefer such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Twenty-five Pounds at each Eglar and Michaelmas Term, and to and for the Grand Juries of the County of Dublin from Time to Time to prefer such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Fifteen Pounds at each Eglar and Michaelmas Term for the Clerk of the said Commissions, in Consideration of the additional Labour, Trouble, and Expence, he may be put to by the Provision of this Act.

XLI. And for the better and more regular settling, not only the Accounts of the Treasurers of the County of the City of Dublin, and the Assessors of the several Collectors who may be employed to collect the aforesaid Rates and Duties directed to be raised in pursuance of this Act, but also the Accounts of all Collectors of Grand Jury Cots for the County of the City of Dublin, by Proclamations to be enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within Thirty-one Days after the passing of this Act, the Treasurer of the

Grand Juries
of the City
of Dublin
shall
send
a
true
and
correct
List
of
all
the
Houses
and
other
Buildings
within
the
District
of
the
Metropolis,
which
are
or
hereafter
shall
be
liable
to
be
valued,
&c.

Allowance to
Treasurers and
Secretaries, by
Proclamations of
Grand Jurors.

For paying
Interest of
Money by
Proclamations of
the Grand
Jurors.

Allowance to
Clerk of
the said Commissions
by Proclamations
of Grand Jurors.

Appointments of
Collectors to
collect the
Accounts of the
Collectors of
Grand Jury
Cots for the
County of the
City of Dublin.

County of the City of Dublin, shall cause an Advertisement to be published in the Dublin Gazette, signifying that *(See Stat. the Ninth of the Forenoon,)* who was the Forenoon, and the several Persons who were sworn Grand Jurors for the County of the City of Dublin, at *Eight Terms last, (See Stat. the Year,)* shall assemble in the Grand Jury Room at the Court of King's Bench on the Day therein to be appointed, which Day shall be within Ten Days after the Date and publishing of the Advertisement, at the Hour of One of the Clock, to elect a fit and proper Person to be Inspector of the public Accounts of the said County of the City of Dublin; and the said Grand Jurors, or any Twelve or more of them, being so assembled, shall accordingly proceed to elect, by a Majority of Voices, a fit and proper Person to be such Inspector; and the Forenoon, or, in his Absence, the Person who shall be highest in the List, according, shall preside; and if the Grand Jurors so attending shall happen to make an even Number, and are equally divided in their Votes, the Person presiding shall have a double or casting Voice, and immediately after the Election the Forenoon or Person presiding, shall sign a Certificate that, pursuant to this Act, *A. N. of* was duly elected Inspector of the public Accounts of the City of Dublin, which Certificate shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Crown, to be kept amongst the Records of his Office; and the Person so elected, before he shall take upon him the Execution of the Office, shall make, before One of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, the following Affidavit, which shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Crown, and shall be filed with the Certificate of his Election;

“ I, *A. N.* being elected to the Office of Inspector of the Public Accounts of the County of the City of Dublin, do swear, that as long as I shall continue to be such Inspector, I will execute the Duties of that Office as by Law directed, impartially, and to the best of my Abilities, without Fear, Partiality, Hatred, or Malice;

“ XLIII. And he enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Duty of the said Inspector shall be to receive from the Cashier, or other Officer of the Bank of Ireland, an Account signed by the said Cashier, or proper Officer, which he is hereby required to give on Demand, stating the Balance in the Bank to the Credit of the County of the City of Dublin, on the *ESSEIGN* Day of the preceding Term, and the Amounts of all Receipts and Payments made subsequent to it; and which Account the Inspector shall compare with the Treasurer's Books and Vouchers, and having ascertained what Part of the said Balance belongs to the respective Parishes, such Inspector shall lay such Account before the Grand Jury, on the First Sitting Day of each Term, and shall perfectly attend at the Court of King's Bench, on the First Sitting Day of each and every Term, if not prevented by sickness or unavoidable Accident; and if so prevented, shall depose and send as his Place a Person, for whose faith the Inspector shall be answerable, to receive all Affidavits to ground Prefishments, which he shall examine, and report say Things therein; and such Inspector, or other Person as aforesaid, shall examine all Affidavits, accounting for the Expensures of Money, that shall have been delivered to the Grand Jury; and after having received from the Clerk of the Crown the Affidavits on which the Prefishments accounted for were grounded, which the Clerk of the Crown is hereby directed to deliver each Term, on Demand, to such Inspector; and the said Inspector, or other Person as aforesaid, shall come then together, with and compare them, and shall lay them, with all necessary Speed, before the Grand Jury, together with any Remarks that may occur to him, to be examined by the Jury, and to be allowed or disallowed by them; and all such Affidavits, together with the Prefishments that the Grand Jury shall make, shall be laid before the Court of King's Bench, on the Sitting Day next but Two before the last Day of Term; and all such Accounts and Prefishments shall be returned by the Clerk of the Crown to the Inspector, who shall, on or before the last Day of Term, produce to the Grand Jury signed Drafts in the Form following, payable to the person whose name is the Expensurer of the Money, and whose Accounts were allowed, or to whose Money was presented to be paid, and which was allowed by the Court;

“ To the Governors and Company of the Bank of Ireland,
 or Bearer, the Sum of _____ which place to the
 “ Account of the County of the City of Dublin. _____
 “ and _____ “ C. D. Inspector of City Accounts.”

All which Drafts shall be signed by the Forenoon of the said Grand Jury, and the Inspector shall deliver such Drafts to the Treasurer of the County of the City of Dublin, to be by him given to the Person or Persons in whose Name such Drafts respectively were drawn, or the proper Receipt of such Person or Persons in the City Book; and upon Delivery of the Drafts to such Person or Persons, the Treasurer shall counter-sign them with his Name, and shall also specify therein the Day of the Month and Year; and every such Draft, so drawn and counter-signed, shall be to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or their Cashier, full and lawful Authority to pay the Contents thereof to the Drawer, or his or her Order, out of the Monies to be as aforesaid to be paid into the said Bank, by the said Treasurer, on account and to the Credit of the said County of the City of Dublin.

“ XLIV. And he is further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That in each Term, when the Treasurer of the said City shall lay his Accounts upon Oath before the Grand Jury, he shall produce to the said Grand Jury the Receipts of the Overlooker whose Accounts were allowed, and also the Receipts of the several Persons to whose any Money was preferred to be paid, and which were allowed by the Court, or the Drafts of the Inspector, if the Monies for which Drafts respectively were drawn, have not been demanded; and at every *ESSEIGN* and *Midwinter* Terms, when the accounting Affidavits, and the Prefishments empowering any Person to expend any Money respecting any public Work, shall have been filed by the Court, the Inspector shall make out an Account for the said City at large, in which the said Inspector shall make the said City the Debtor for the Amount of all such Sums as have been at former Terms accounted for, and that have not been demanded; and for the Amount of all Sums standing on the Queen Book the First Day of that Term, for the said City at large;

Made at sitting
Treasurer's
Accounts before
the Grand Jury.

and that may be accounted for, and for the Amount of all Sums that were preferred and found that Term, and shall give the said City Credit for each Part of the Cash in the Book as shall belong to the said City at large; and also having struck the Balance, shall prepare it as near as may be upon the several Parishes, and shall in like Manner make out a separate Account for each Parish, adding to the Debit Side the Properties of the Sums that the Parish is to pay, which was preferred on the said City at large in that Term; and having struck the Balance at the Bottom of the Account of each Parish, the Grand Jury, on the last Day of Term, shall present those Balances to be paid to the several Parishes, and shall at the same Time lay before the Court the several Accounts Spent by the said City: Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Court to set over and show these two last Sums, if Reasons that the Court shall return, and which the Grand Jury shall present to be heard on the Demand or Parish where such Arrears become due, in addition to the Parties such Demand or Parish is to pay, of the Sums preferred at that Term to be applied; and the said City shall, on the last Day of each Term, deliver to the Clerk of the Crown all such Affidavits and Accounts as he shall have received from the Grand Jury or the Clerk of the Crown, together with the City Accounts, that they may be preferred amongst the Records of the Office.

XLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the Death, Resignation, or Removal of any Inspector of the publick Accounts of the County of the City of Dublin, the Election of an Inspector to fill the said Office, to vacate, shall be made by the Foreman and Grand Jurors of the next preceding *Eggle* or *Michaelmas* Term, writ shall happen to be, after such Vacancy shall take place, and shall be made and certified in the usual Manner, and in the like Number of Days as is heretofore directed for the Election of an Inspector of the publick Accounts; and it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury at each *Eggle* and *Michaelmas* Term, to present a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, to be paid upon the County of the City of Dublin at large, to be paid as a Salary to the Inspector of Accounts, to be appointed, in Consideration of his Labour and Trouble in the Discharge of the Duties of the said Office: Provided always, that no Person whatsoever as Inspector or Collector, under this Act, shall be capable of serving on such Grand Jury, during such Time as he shall be acting as such Inspector or Collector.

XLVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of the County of the City of Dublin, to present and offer, in the usual Manner, on the said County of the City of Dublin, from Time to Time, any Sums or Sums of Money, which they shall think reasonable and proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, at each *Eggle* and *Michaelmas* Term, for Printing-Works, Books, and Stationery, for the Use of the said County of the City of Dublin, and of the business done in the said City, and every such Preference or Performances shall be allowed by the Court.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall lessen or alter in any respect the Rights, Powers, Privileges, and Jurisdictions of the Chief Archbishop of the County of Record in all Places within the Liberties, Manors, Hereditaments, Lands, Tithes, and Liberties of the Parishes of the Cathedral Church of the *Blessed* *Virgin*, or of the Archbishopric of Dublin, or of the Cathedral Church of *Saint* *Peter*, or of any Obedience to the said Courts respectively, but that the Rights, Powers, Privileges, and Jurisdictions of such Archbishopric respectively shall remain and be preserved and secured by them, and each of them respectively, and their Successors in like Manner as if this Act had not been made.

Publick Act, § 48.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the Parish of *Saint* *Martin* in the Liberties of the City of *Lisnock*, and adjoining the said City, and for preventing and removing the Nuisances therein.

[17th Augy 1707.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for taking down the present Church, and providing a new Church and Church-yard, in the Parish of *Walton*, in the County of *Meath*, and for rendering void certain Marriages solemnized in the said Parish while the present Church has been in a State of Decay.

[17th Augy 1707.]

Dem and Chapter of *Durham* empowered to grant to Trustees appointed under the Act, the Site of a New Church, to be called *Wall's* *End* Church; after the Consecration of the New Church as Basis of Marriage shall be published, Marriage solemnized, or publick Baptism performed in the Old Church, § 23.

XLIII. And Whereas an Account of the various State of the said parish Parish Church of *Walton*, Division Service could not be performed there in, but hath for some Time past been performed in a certain Room at *Walton* aforesaid, commonly called *The* *Parish* *Room*, and some Marriages have been solemnized, and Banns of Marriage published therein by the officiating Minister of the said Parish Church for the Time being, under an erroneous Conception and Belief that such Marriages and Banns might lawfully be so solemnized and published respectively, in consequence of the various State of the said parish Church; be it further enacted, That the said Marriages be solemnized, and Banns published, shall be a good and valid in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the same had been solemnized and published respectively in the said Parish Church.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Minister or Ministers who solemnized the said Marriages, and published the said Banns of Marriage respectively, shall be and he and they be and be hereby indemnified against the Penalties inflicted by a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, entitled, *An* *Act* *for* *the* *better* *regulating* *of* *Marriages* *upon* *Parishes* *who* *shall* *solemnize* *Marriages* *in* *any* *other* *Place* *than* *a* *Church* *or* *publick* *Chapel* *in* *which* *Banns* *had* *been* *officially* *published* *before* *or* *at* *the* *Time* *of* *publishing* *the* *same*.

XLV. And

The Grand Jury do not seem to be in a better Case than Vacante

Allowance to be by Prefecture.

Providing Services for the said Use by the statement of Grand Jury.

Saving the Jurisdiction of the Archbishop.

Circle incorporated in the Parish while the Church was in a State of Decay dissolved void.

Minister who solemnized shall be indemnified.

Registers of such
Marriages shall
be received in
London.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the Registers of the Marriages so Licensed as aforesaid, or Copies thereof, shall be received in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence of such Marriages, in the same Manner as Registers of Marriages solemnized in the said Parish Church of *St Pauls*, or Copies thereof, are received as Evidence: Provided nevertheless, that in all such Courts the same Objections shall be available to the receiving such Registers or Copies as would have been available to the receiving the same as Evidence, if such Registers or Copies had related to Marriages solemnized in Parish Churches or Chapels in which Banns were usually published, before or at the Time of passing the said Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second.

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for erecting a Chapel on certain extra parochial Land called *Standard Hill*, near the Town of *Weston*. [31th Augst 1807.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts in the *Counties of Bedfordshire and Buckingham*, and other Places, in the County of *London*. [31th Augst 1807.]

¹ Acts 28 G. 3. c. 54 & 19 G. 3. c. 43. in Part repealed.—Jurisdiction of Commissions under the present Act ² *et* 25.—Record of Judgment may be removed into Superior Courts, and Execution taken thereon with 20s.

³ Extra Costs—[See ch. vi. of this Session.] Privilege not allowed to Attorneys.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts in the Town and Borough of *Hywack*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [31th Augst 1807.]

¹ Jurisdiction *et* 25.—Extra Costs on Execution from Superior Courts 20s.—No Privilege to Attorneys.

Cap. lxxx.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Great *Sarvey Canal* to complete the same. [31th Augst 1807.]

¹ Company empowered to raise 200,000*l.* in Addition to their Capital under former Act, 31 G. 3. ² (*U. K.*) c. 2222.

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act to alter, amend, explain, and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts passed for making and enlarging the *Roads* of the Canal Navigation. [31th Augst 1807.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act to authorize the Trustees of the *Royal Bazaar Navigation* to open a more convenient Communication between the said Bazaar near *Frogmore Bridge* and the River *Windsor*, near *Windsor Point*, in the Township of *Windsor*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and to amend Two Acts relative to the said River. [31th Augst 1807.]

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, wilfully, unlawfully, and to the Prejudice of the said Cut or Canal, break, throw down, damage, or destroy, any Banks or other Works, to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief, to obstruct, hinder, or prevent, the carrying on, completing, supporting and maintaining, the said intended Cut or Canal, such Person or Persons shall be judged guilty of Felony, and every such Person shall be subject and liable to the like Fines and Penalties as in Cases of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall, and hereby have Power and Authority to transport such Person for the Space of Seven Years, in like Manner as other Persons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for repealing several Acts, of the Thirtieth Year of King George the Second, and the Thirteenth and Twenty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for draining certain Fee Lands in the *City of London*, and Counties of *Suffolk* and *Windsor*, near *Additional River*, in far as relates to the several Lands in the First Schedule therein defined, and for making better Provisions for draining and preserving the said Lands. [31th Augst 1807.]

¹ Former Acts 35 G. 2. c. 32. & 23 G. 3. c. 20. & 37 G. 3. c. 29. in Part repealed.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully and maliciously cut, burn, throw down, lay, damage, or destroy any Bank, Engine, Bridge, Floodgate, Tunnel, or Sluice, or any of the Works belonging therein, made and erected, or which shall be making and erecting for the draining and improving the said Fee Lands and Low Grounds, or any of them under the Authority of the said recited Acts, or any of those, in far as the same relate to the said First Schedule therein mentioned, or of this Act, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, then and in every such Case such Person or Persons shall be adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and be transported for Seven Years, or in mitigation thereof may be punished to the Law as in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act to regulate and improve the Cattle Market, to provide a Market House, and establish a Market for the Sale of Butcher's Meat and other Articles, and to make other Improvements, within the City of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [31th Augst 1807.]

Cap.

31 G. 3. c. 28.
40 G. 3. c. 2222.
46 G. 3. c. 10.
47 G. 3. c. 22.

See former Acts,
3 G. 2. c. 14.
35 G. 2. c. 29.

Defraying the
Works made
Fishes.

To improve
Wells, Fishery.

confirmed in as to affect the Interest of the Widow or Children of any Contributor to the Fund, who shall have become disabled through old Age, Infirmary, or Disease, to exercise the Duties or retain the Office of one of the Schoolmasters aforesaid.

Provision for
ordering the
Receipts
Payment of the
Annual Rates.

VI. And be it enacted, That if any Contributor shall fail or neglect to make Payment of his annual Rate, or other Contribution, for which he may be liable as aforesaid, within the Space of Six Months after the same becomes due, there, and in that Case, the Collector of the Prebendary, within which he resides, is hereby ordered and required to issue a Writ, under his Hand, addressed to the Sheriffs of the Parish, the Magistrates of the Borough, or other Persons liable in Payment of the permanent Salary due to such Defaulter, as Schoolmaster, certifying the Amount of the Arrears due, and requiring them to make Payment thereof to the said Collector, and the said Magistrates, Sheriffs, or others shall, upon such Receipt, make Payment of the said Arrears to the Collector, or of as much thereof as can be collected and paid out of the Salary then owing by them to the said Schoolmaster; and the Receipt or Discharge, to be granted by the said Collector for all such Payments, shall be a sufficient Acquittance to the Sheriffs, Magistrates, or others, paying the same; and it is hereby declared that the said Writ or Requisition shall be equivalent to an Arrestment of the same Date.

Writing and
ordering the
Funds.

VII. And be it enacted, That the aforesaid annual and other Sums payable for the Benefit of the Fund as aforesaid, shall be writen, in Trust, in the Name of the General Cashier of the Society for the Time, to be appointed as herein-after directed, and his Successors in Office; and the Society to be taken for the Funds of the Society, or any Part thereof, shall be taken in the Name of the said general Cashier and his Successors in Office; but no Money shall be lent, except upon heretable Security, and with the Advice and Consent of a Majority of a Meeting of the Trustees appointed as herein-after mentioned; and upon the Approval of any such borrowing to the Fund, the said general Cashier, with Advice and Consent aforesaid, shall have Power to discharge, receive, or convey the Securities for the same, and to lend the same out upon or on any heretable Securities; but declaring nevertheless, that the said general Cashier, with Consent aforesaid, shall always have Power to invest the said Funds, or any Part thereof, in the Purchase of the Stock of the Bank of England, or of the Bank of Scotland, or of the Royal Bank of Ireland, or to lodge the same occasionally on a Deposit-account at either of the two last aforesaid Banks; as also, to buy, sell, or transfer the same from Time to Time, as the aforesaid Trustees shall think proper, and to invest the same in Stock, or upon heretable Security as aforesaid; and the said general Cashier shall be obliged to lodge in the Bank of Scotland or Royal Bank of Ireland, at Interest, all the Money collected or received by virtue of this Act, declaring that he shall never hold in his Hands above Twenty Pounds of the Money belonging to the said Fund.

Application of
the Funds.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the aforesaid annual and other Sums, payable for the Benefit of the Fund as aforesaid, shall be applied by the said general Cashier, under the Authority and Direction of the Trustees herein-after appointed, and their Successors in Office, to the Uses and Purposes after mentioned, viz. in the first Place, for Payment of the Annuities to Widows and Provisions to Children, as after mentioned, and in defraying the Expenses to be incurred in the Execution of this Act; and in the second Place, for raising a Capital for the Purposes herein specified, to the Extent herein-after declared and limited.

Rates of
Annuities to
Widows.

IX. And be it enacted, That there shall be paid to the Widow of every Contributor to the first or highest Class, an Annuity of Twenty five Pounds per Annum; to the Widow of every Contributor to the second Class, an Annuity of Twenty Pounds; to the Widow of every Contributor to the third Class, an Annuity of Fifteen Pounds; to the Widow of every Contributor to the fourth Class, an Annuity of Ten Pounds; and to the Widow of every Contributor to the fifth or lowest Class, an Annuity of Five Pounds; which respective Annuities shall commence and be paid without Deduction on the first Day of September, which shall first happen after the Half Year after the Death of such Contributor for the Year preceding the said Period, and the same shall continue to be paid on the said first Day of September yearly, during the Annuity's Life. Provided always, that the deceased Contributor, in consequence of whose Contributions the Annuity is due, shall have actually paid Ten Years Contributions complete, and the full Amount of his Contributions for all the Years above Ten he may have been a Contributor to the Fund, and in case the said deceased Contributor shall not have paid Ten Years Contributions, and the full Amount of his Contribution for all the Years beyond that Period he may have been a Contributor, his Widow shall only have right to and be paid annually, One Half of the full Annuity due to her, until such Time as the Amount of the Contributions actually paid by her Husband, and the Deductions from her Annuity, when taken together, shall be equal to the said Ten Years Contributions, and the full Amount of his Contributions, for all the Years beyond that Period he may have been a Contributor; but the Widow shall not, in any Case be liable to make up more than the said Ten Years Contributions, and the Amount of her Husband's Contributions for the Years he may have been a Contributor beyond that Period, neither shall there be more deducted from her in any One Year than Half of her Annuity; and it is also provided, that the Widow may if she thinks proper, pay up at any Time such Balance of Ten Years Contributions, or Amount of her Husband's after annual Rates, as may be then due, in order that she may be entitled to draw immediately thereafter Payment of her full Annuity; and as long as the Amount of the said Ten Years Contributions, and other after annual Rates has been in any of these Ways made good to the Fund, the Widow shall be entitled to and be paid the full Annuity due to her.

Widow
entitled to life
the Benefit of
the F. &
Provided as in
Articles

X. And be it enacted, That if the Widow of any Contributor shall ever enter into a Second or any succeeding Marriage, she shall in consequence of such Marriage forfeit and lose all Right and Title she might have previously had to an Annuity from the Fund, and none shall be paid to her.

XI. And be it enacted, That if any Contributor, having a Child, or Children, shall die without leaving a Widow or if his Widow shall either die or enter into another Marriage, before the youngest of his Children, or any Child, shall have attained the Age of Fourteen Years, then and in that Case, such Children who shall be under the Age of Seventeen Years, shall be entitled to receive annually the full Annuity due to the Widow of a Contributor

Contributor

Contributor of his Class (without any Deduction in respect of the Father having been for a full Period this Ten Years a Contributor to the Fund) and such Time as the youngest Child shall have attained the Age of Fourteen Years complete, declaring that as soon as the youngest Child shall have attained the said Age, the said Children, or Child, who shall be under the Age of Seventeen Years shall be entitled to One Half only of the said Annuity, until the youngest Child shall have attained the Age of Seventeen Years, and after that Period the said Annuity shall be *per capita* and determine: and in like Manner, in the Event of any Contributor leaving Children, or dying without leaving a Widow, or of his Widow either dying or entering into another Marriage, after his youngest Child shall have attained the Age of Fourteen Years but before attaining the Age of Seventeen Years, then and in that Case, the said Child or Child above Fourteen, but under Seventeen Years of Age, shall be entitled to receive annually the One Half of the Annuity due to the Widow of a Contributor of his Class, (without any Deduction in respect of the Father having been for a full Period this Ten Years a Contributor to the Fund) and such Time as the youngest Child shall have attained the Age of Seventeen Years, when the said Annuity shall be *per capita* and determine: Provided that in both of these Cases, the Father shall have paid up his full Contributions during his LIFE; and declaring that in the Event of any Annuity being due by the Father, the same shall be made good in the Fund by Retention, in Manner already provided for in case of Annuities payable to Widows themselves; and which respective Annuities or Provisions shall be accordingly paid to the said Child or Children, as the said Day of September, which shall first happen on one full Year after their Father's Death; and the same shall continue to be paid to them as the first Day of January yearly thereafter, until the youngest Child shall have attained the Ages respectively before specified; and in all Cases where there are no Tutors and Curators, or Trustees legally appointed to manage the Affairs of the said Children or Child, the Contributors in the Fund, who reside within the Presbytery wherein the said Children have their Abode, shall appoint Two or more of their Number to lay out and apply the said Annuity in such equitable Manner, and according to such Proportions as may to them appear most for the Benefit and Advantage of such Child or Children.

XII. And be it enacted, That every Receipt from an Annuist shall have annexed to it an Attestation, dated on or after the Day on which the Annuity becomes due, signed by the Minister and Two Elders of the Parish in which such Annuist shall reside, bearing that at the same Date, such Annuist appeared personally before the said Elders, and declared that the contents contained, of the Truth of which Declaration the said Elders have no Reason to doubt; and that every Receipt from Tutors, or Curators, for the Child or Children of a Contributor, shall specify the Name of every such Child for whom they act, and contain a Declaration, for which they shall be responsible, that such Child or Children is or are then to their certain personal Knowledge alive, and that such Child, or the youngest of them if more than One, has not attained the Age of Fourteen Years, or Seventeen Years, as the Case may be.

XIII. And be it enacted, That if any Member of this Society, who shall have partially paid his Contributions for the Space of Twenty-five Years, shall be rendered incapable to the Discharge of the Duties of his Trade, by the Infirmitie of Age, or other accidental Disability, it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the Collector of the Presbytery aforesaid, with the Concurrence of a Majority of the Contributors within the said Presbytery, to grant Warrant and Authority to such Contributor to claim for his own Use out of his annual Rate any sum not exceeding Half thereof Yearly; but declaring that no Member shall in any Case receive any Exemption beyond Half of the Yearly Rate payable by him; and declaring also, that any Member whatever, although unable to perform the Duties of his Office, if in the Receipt of an Income arising from any Source whatever, equal to Thirty Pounds *per Annum*, shall be entitled to any such Exemption.

XIV. And be it enacted, That in case at any Time, owing to any unforeseen Detraction of the Funds, or to the increasing Number of Widows and Children, or to any other Cause, it shall be found that the Sum arising from annual Contributions, Interest of Stock, and other Sources, are inadequate to the full Demands upon the Fund, then it shall be lawful for the Trustees present at any annual general Meeting, held upon the Third Friday of September, to apply the individual Contributors in such a proportionate additional Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds *per Cent* upon their respective annual Contributions, as may be thought necessary for the several Purposes herein-before specified; provided that such Intimation of such Intention shall have been made at least Two Weeks in the Edinburgh Newspapers, called the *Calender Mercury* and *Evening Courant*, Three Months previous to the Meeting; and provided also that such Assessment shall meet with the Concurrence of not less than Three-fourths of the Trustees present at the said Meeting.

XV. And be it enacted, That the Fund to be so raised and established in virtue hereof, shall be allowed, after Payment of the Annuities and others herein-before specified, to accumulate, till the sum shall amount to the Sum of Seven thousand five hundred Pounds Sterling, for and in proportion to each Sum of Three hundred Pounds Sterling of certain annual Contributions, and which said Capital shall be the total Amount of Stock; and whenever the said Capital shall amount to the said Sum of Seven thousand five hundred Pounds Sterling for each Sum of Three hundred Pounds of certain annual Contributions, and be in proportion for any larger or less Sum, the Surplus above the said Capital shall be divided equally among the Widows of Contributors, according to the Proportion of their respective Annuities.

XVI. And be it enacted, That every Person who shall be at the Time of passing this Act, or who at any Time hereafter may become a Burgh or Parochial Schoolmaster, and a Contributor to the Fund within the Bounds of the Presbytery of Edinburgh, and also every Person being at the Time aforesaid, and who may hereafter become a Burgh or Parochial Schoolmaster of any Presbytery Seat within Scotland, and a Contributor to the Fund, together with the Delegates to be chosen in Manner herein-after directed, shall be, and they are hereby constituted and appointed Trustees for carrying into Execution all the Powers in and by this Act given; but declaring that the Schoolmasters within the Bounds of the Presbytery of Edinburgh, or those enjoying the Office of a Burgh or Parochial Schoolmaster in any Presbytery Seat, shall only continue Trustees during their remaining legal Possession of such Offices respectively.

Contributors to be entitled to the Annuity from Widows.

Entitlement to all and whole Annuities.

Provision for Deficiency of Funds.

Limitation of Capital.

Trustees.

Delegates
to be made.

XVII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Contributors within every Prebystery in Scotland (Excluded excepted) to meet in their respective Prebys-teries, twice in the Year, the first Sunday of August, which shall first happen after the passing of this Act, and on the third Sunday of July annually thereafter, between the Hours of Twelve at Noon and Four, the Assenting and consenting to, and to be a Liberty of Vote, Examining and voting on, and on such other Matters as shall be presented to, and then as Trustees in the general Meeting of Trustees to be held at Edinburgh, the Third Friday of September annually, or in any other general Meeting; they may think proper, and send to the Space of One Year, commencing from the said Third Friday of September, annually, declaring that if the Number of Contributors of his said Prebystery do not amount to Twelve then they shall elect only One Delegate; but if they exceed Twelve in Number they may elect Two Delegates; and if they are within Twelve they may elect Three Delegates; and for every Six Contributors above that Number, of which the Prebystery may consist, they may elect One Delegate more; but declaring also that no Candidate shall be elected unless the whole Number of the Electors shall be in favor of the Assent and Re-ference of the Trust, in whatever they shall be lawfully presented.

* Quorum and Manner of Trustees, § 18.—Election of Collector and Clerk by Trustees, § 19.

Delegates
to be made.

XX. And be it enacted, That, in order the more effectually to promote the Object of this Institution, the Contributors of every Prebystery in Scotland shall, within due Time, elect and elect, by a Majority of Vote, a Collector for the said Prebystery, and which Collector shall be bound to collect and receive the whole annual Contributions, or other Sums payable to the said, by each and all of the Contributors within the Prebystery for which he is appointed; and he shall be bound to give sufficient Security for his Introversions with the Funds on the Satisfaction of the Contributors within the Prebystery; and which Contributions, or other Sums to be levied and collected, shall be returned by him, from Time to Time, to the general Collector at Edinburgh, as far as he has Ten Pounds in his Hands belonging to the said Trust; declaring always, that in case any One of the said Collectors shall fail in the said Return of the Sums to be collected by him, then and in that Case all the Contributors resident within the Prebystery of that Collector shall be jointly responsible for the same; so far as they shall be able to pay thereof as the said Collector may not have received as aforesaid, together with the legal Interest thereof, and the Expenses which may be incurred in making the same effectual; and the said Prebystery Collector shall be bound to keep regular Books in such Form, and for such Purpose, as the Trustees may from Time to Time direct; and he shall also annually between the First Day of August and the First Day of September next to the general Collector, give of Expense a List of all the Contributors resident within the Prebystery for which he acts, as also of all the Widows and Children in the Prebystery having Claims upon the Trust, and which List shall be attested by himself and Two other Contributors belonging to the said Prebystery.

* Collector shall keep regular Books, § 21.

Members
marrying shall
swear the same.

XXII. And be it enacted, That every Person who may hereafter become a Member of this Society while unmarried, shall give Intimation of his Marriage to the Collector of the Prebystery within which he resides, stating the Name and Age of his Wife, and whether she is or is not a Widow of a former Contributor, and that within One Month after such Marriage shall have taken place.

* Trustees empowered to make By-laws and Regulations, § 23.—Expenses of the Act, § 24.—Public Act, § 25.

Cap. lxxxv.

47 G. 3. 2d S. 1.
c. 202.

An Act to explain an Act, of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Albion Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Assurances. [8th August 1807.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

47 G. 3. 2d S. 2.
c. 203.

An Act to explain an Act, of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Globe Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Treasurer, and to enrol Assurances. [8th August 1807.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

47 G. 3. 2d S. 3.
c. 204.

An Act to explain an Act, of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Pelican Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Assurances. [8th August 1807.]

[C] By the Three foregoing Acts, such of the Acts 47 G. 3. Sc. 1. c. 202, 203, and 204, as respectively extended to the Society or Partnership in each respective Act mentioned; * whether such Society or Partnership be composed of all or some of the Persons who at the Time of passing the said Acts were Members of the said Society or Partnership, or be composed of all, or of some of those Persons, together with some other Person, or be composed of Persons all of whom shall have become Members of the said Society or Partnership since the passing of the said Acts. *]

Cap. lxxxviii.

48 G. 3. c. 14.
48 G. 3. c. 15.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for opening several Roads leading from Leith to Lempster, and other Places in the County of Cornwall. (F) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xc.

48 G. 3. c. 16.
49 G. 3. c. 101.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fourth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Whithy to Aldcliffe, in the County of York. (S) [8th August 1807.]

Cap.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Asbury*, in the County of *Gloucester*, through *Llanvay* and *Coedlan*, to *Zastrowick*, in the County of *Lancaster*. (c.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Ripley* to *Widobury*, and the further End of *Darlington Lane*, and other Powers therein stated, in the County of *Stafford*. (c.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Styfal* to *Nantwich*, and from *Styfal Lane* to *Huddersfield*, in the County of *York*. (c.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads from the Parish of *Cruckwick* to *Appleton Heath*, and other Roads in the County of *Kent*. (d.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of so much of Three Acts, of the Fifth, Ninth, and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, as relate to the Repair of the Road from *Wor's Cray* to *Combe*, and the Roads from *Zeamans Common* to *Cruckling Heath Corner*, and *Pygham Lane* to *South-Strongy*, in the County of *Kent*. (d.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act, of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing so much of the Road from the Town of *Newington* to the City of *London*, as lies within the County of *Northampton*. (c.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of Two Acts, of the Fifth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in and near *Great Torrington*, in the County of *Devon*. (c.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for vesting in new Trustees the Estates late of the Right Honourable *William Pitt* Earl of *Chatham*, deceased, in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Somerset*, which have not been sold by virtue of certain Indentures of Lease and Release, dated respectively the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Days of *July* One thousand seven hundred and Twenty-six. (q. P.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for enabling *Rear Admiral Boscawen*, Tenant for Life under the Will of his late Father *Jacob Astor* Boscawen Esquire, deceased, to charge his Estates in the County of *Worcester* with the same therein mentioned, for the rebuilding, improving, and inclosing the same Estates by the Means therein mentioned. (q. P.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. c.

An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Real Estates, late of *Henry Chappin* Esquire, deceased, devised by his Will, or purchased in pursuance thereof, and for laying out the Money arising from the Sale thereof, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. (q. P.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. ci.

An Act for vesting certain Estates, devised by the Will of *James Hurrell* Esquire, deceased, situate in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Cheshire*, in Trust to be sold for the Payment of Debts and Legacies affecting the same; and also Payment thereof, for the Satisfaction of the Residue of the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. (q. P.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. cii.

An Act for enabling *Francis Rivers* Esquire to grant Building and Repairing Licences of certain Lands in the Parish of *Stowmarket*, otherwise *Stogey*, in the County of *Middlesex*, devised by the Will of *Francis Povey* Esquire. (q. P.) [8th August 1807.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act for selling certain Estates in the Parishes of *Dryden* and *Setton*, in *Holden*, in the County of *York* (Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *John Hall*, deceased), in Trust to sell the said, and for laying out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. (q. P.) [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cv.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Trustees and Vintners of *Merchants Alley*, in the Parish of *Cherwell*, in the County of *Kent*, and *Thomas Baw*, Esquire, of certain Lands and Hereditaments in the same County. (q. P.) [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Gfior*, in the Parish of *Droghda*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Harby*, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Wilt*. (q. P.) [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Llanelli*, in the County of *Cardiganshire*, and for leasing Part of the said Lands, and applying the Rents thereof in improving the Town and Port of *Llanelli*, in the said County. (q. P.) [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cxvii.

An Act to enable His Majesty to relate to the Demise in *Yes*, in Trust of the Estates of *Sir Charles Dumas Bouverie*, deceased, an Annuity or Yearly Sum of Eight hundred Pounds, given by the Will of *Mary Dumas* Spinster, to *Francis Alexander Frolsch de la Rochefoucauld de Lamoignon*, an Alien, and the Ancestors thereof. [15th August 1807.]

Cap. cix.

An Act for the more effectual Improvement of the City of *Dorchester*, and the Environs thereof. [15th August 1807.]

- " Rental of *High Ways*, 26 G. 3. c. 64.—30 G. 3. c. 64.—37 G. 3. c. 22.—40 G. 3. c. 62. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851. 852. 853. 854. 855. 856. 857. 858. 859. 860. 861. 862. 863. 864. 865. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875. 876. 877. 878. 879. 880. 881. 882. 883. 884. 885. 886. 887. 888. 889. 890. 891. 892. 893. 894. 895. 896. 897. 898. 899. 900. 901. 902. 903. 904. 905. 906. 907. 908. 909. 910. 911. 912. 913. 914. 915. 916. 917. 918. 919. 920. 921. 922. 923. 924. 925. 926. 927. 928. 929. 930. 931. 932. 933. 934. 935. 936. 937. 938. 939. 940. 941. 942. 943. 944. 945. 946. 947. 948. 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. 957. 958. 959. 960. 961. 962. 963. 964. 965. 966. 967. 968. 969. 970. 971. 972. 973. 974. 975. 976. 977. 978. 979. 980. 981. 982. 983. 984. 985. 986. 987. 988. 989. 990. 991. 992. 993. 994. 995. 996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

VI. And Whereas the properly paving, cleansing, and lighting the several Streets and other Passages within the Circuit or Environs Road surrounding the City of *Dorchester*, and the widening of *Fore-street* and *Corinth* for the Use of the Pews and the Publick, most tend greatly to the better Improvement, Health, Accommodation and Safety of the Inhabitants of the said District, and of all Persons resorting thither, and it will also be of great Advantage if Common Sewers or Drains be made as here-after is mentioned; and there is reason to expect that it will conduce to the Purposes aforesaid if the widening of *Fore-street* and *Corinth*, and the ordering, sweeping, and mending the paving, cleansing, and lighting of all the Streets and other Passages within the said District, and also the ordering, designing, and making of Common Sewers and Drains, and of Cellars in *Stable Lanes* or elsewhere, as here-after is mentioned, shall be put under the Care of One Board of Commissioners to be constituted in the Manner and needed with the Powers here-after mentioned; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *England* for the Time being, by Writing under Hand and Seal, to nominate and appoint such Persons or Persons, not more than Three in Number, and not being Members of the House of Commons, as he or they shall think fit, to be Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act; and that the Persons so to be constituted and appointed, and their Successors to be appointed in Manner here-after mentioned, shall have full Power and Authority to order, direct, and manage the paving, cleansing, and lighting of the several Streets and other publick Passages, and to order, design, and make new Sewers, Drains, and Cellars in all Places within the said Circuit Road surrounding the City of *Dorchester*, and to execute and carry into effect the several Orders and Regulations here-after more particularly set forth.

VII. And Whereas Doubts may arise as to the Limits of the said Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, by reason that the Continuation of the said Circuit Road is interrupted by His Majesty's Park called *St. Philips*, on the West Side of the said City, and by the River and Ground adjacent thereto, on the East Side of the said City; be it therefore enacted, That the Limit of the said Jurisdiction on the West, where the said Circuit

Road

Power to Lord Lieutenant to appoint new Commissioners to be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant.

Limits of the Jurisdiction.

Road is so interrupted, shall be the Wall bounding His Majesty's said Park, *de Plaisir*, on the East Side of the said Park, and extending from the said Circular Road, where the same meets the said Wall, on the South Side of the said Park, to the said Circular Road where the same meets the said Wall on the North Side of the said Park; and that the Limit of the said Jurisdiction on the East Side, where the said Road is so interrupted, shall be a Line drawn three acres off the said River from the west Part of the said Circular Road from Time to Time on the North to the said Part of the said Circular Road, and from Time to Time on the South; and that in all other Places the said Circular Road shall, as herein-before provided, be the Limit of the said Jurisdiction.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Places within the said Limits shall be deemed and taken to be within the said Circular Road, in the Construction of this Act.

XIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to remove all or any of the said Commissioners, and by Writing under Hand and Seal to appoint as aforesaid One or more Person or Persons, not being a Member or Members of the House of Commons, in the Place of any Commissioner or Commissioners so removed, or whose Place shall be vacant by Death, Resignation, or otherwise; and that if any of the said Commissioners shall at any Time become a Member of the House of Commons, his said Office shall thereupon cease and determine.

^a Oath of Commissioners, § 10.—*Solatus* of Commissioners as Lord Lieutenant shall direct, not exceeding £1000

^b to the said Commissioners, £200, to each of the other Two, § 11.—*Commissioners* declared a Corporation,

^c by the Name of "The Commissioners for paving, cleansing, and lighting the Streets of Dublin," § 12.—

^d Two a Quarter, § 13.

XV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by Writing under Hand and Seal, from Time to Time to appoint or remove as he and their Will and Pleasure the following Officers of the said Corporation, to-wit, Two Supervisors of Works, One for the North Side, and the other for the South of the River Liffey, One Secretary, and One Treasurer, which Treasurer shall also be Accountant and Comptroller of the Collectors of the Taxes hereto-after mentioned, and of the Accounts of the same; and that the said Officers to be appointed shall in their respective Departments obey in all Things the lawful Orders of the said Commissioners, and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners from Time to Time, as they shall see Occasion, to remove or suspend the said Officers, or any of them, and doing such Suspension to appoint such other Person or Persons as they shall think proper to the said Office or Offices respectively, and to the Salary and Emoluments thereof respectively; and that there shall be paid to the said several Officers out of the Funds lawfully granted, each yearly, Save as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being shall by Warrant under Hand and Seal direct, not exceeding the Sums following, that is to say; not exceeding Four hundred Pounds by the Year to each of the said Supervisors of Works; not exceeding Two hundred Pounds by the Year to the said Secretary; and not exceeding Five hundred Pounds by the Year to the said Treasurer.

^e Commissioners shall appoint and remove all inferior Officers with their Salaries, in the Whole not exceeding

^f £15,000 per Annum, § 14.—*Commissioners* shall take Security from all Officers for Discharge of their

^g Duty, § 15.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Court, either of Law or Equity, or any Justice, Bailiff, Justice, Informant, or Proceeding whatsoever, and whosoever shall or may be the Parties therein, any Question shall arise concerning the Right of the said Commissioners or inferior Officers, or any of them, to hold, exercise, or enjoy their said Office or Offices respectively, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful to prove that such Commissioner or Commissioners, or inferior Officers or Officer, were or was at the Time in Question lawfully appointed to be such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Officers or Officer respectively, without producing their or his Patent, Appointment, or Commission, and without giving any Evidence that they have performed respectively any of the Requisites which are or may be prescribed by Law to entitle them to exercise the said Office or Offices respectively.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Commissioner shall take, accept,

^h or receive any Fee or Reward whatsoever, or shall or may, by any Devise, Contrivance, or Means whatsoever, derive any Benefit from his Office of Commissioner, except such Salary as is herein-before appointed for him

ⁱ or them, or shall enter into any Contract or Agreement, directly or indirectly, for accepting or receiving,

^j or shall directly or indirectly accept or receive, or shall procure or wilfully permit to be taken, accepted or

^k exacted by any other Person, any Share, Part, or Proportion of any Salary, Allowance, Fee, or Reward,

^l belonging to or which ought to be paid to or received by any Officer, Servant, or other Person employed, or to be

^m employed by or under him, them, or any of them for the Purposes of this Act, or any Office or Offices,

ⁿ Secret or Services, who shall be in any Way employed by or under the said Commissioners in putting this Act

^o or any of the Powers thereof into Execution, shall exact, take, or accept any Fee or Reward whatsoever,

^p except such Salaries and Gratuities as shall be previously approved of by the said Commissioners, or on an

^q account of any Thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, or if any Commissioner, or any Officer or

^r Servant as aforesaid, shall in anywise be concerned in drawing in any Contract or Agreement made or to be made,

^s or be security for any Person holding any Office, or entering into any Contract or Agreement by or in

^t virtue of this Act, every such Person so offending shall be incapable of serving or being employed under this Act, and

^u shall also forfeit a Sum equal to Twelfth the Amount of any Fee, Reward, or Benefit so taken, accepted,

^v received, or exacted, or the Fine of One hundred Pounds, whichever shall be sued for by any Person or Persons,

^w or shall be liable to be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of the Court

^x so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to be

^y imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of the Court so sitting, and shall

^z also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to be imprisoned for the

^{aa} Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of the Court so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay

^{ab} the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months,

^{ac} or both, at the Discretion of the Court so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the

^{ad} Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the

^{ae} Discretion of the Court so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in

^{af} that behalf taken, and to be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of

^{ag} the Court so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf

^{ah} taken, and to be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of the Court

^{ai} so sitting, and shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to

^{aj} be imprisoned for the Space of Six Months, or both, at the Discretion of the Court so sitting, and

^{ak} shall also be liable to pay the Costs of the Proceedings in that behalf taken, and to be imprisoned

Power to Lord
Lieutenant to
remove and
appoint the
Commissioners.

Lord Lieutenant
to appoint or
remove the
said Officers,
Treasurer, and
Secretary.

Commissioners
may remove
said Officers.

Salary of
Officers.

Enforcement of
this Act, by
the Officers of
the said
Commissioners
and inferior
Officers.

Commissioners
not to take
any Fee or
Reward, or
Benefit, or
to be
concerned

" new Commissioners, § 45, 47, 48.—Corporation of Delfs shall pay the Commissioners *de Jure*. Yearly for certain Lamps, § 50.—And *de Facto*. Yearly for cleaning Streets, § 51.

General grant of
out of the
West-India
Fund 10
to new Pro-
cesses and
Sewers, &c.

LIII. And Whereas the present imperfect State of the Pavement within the Circular Road, and the Want of Sewers, makes it necessary that a Sum of Money shall be immediately applied for Remedy of the said Defects, & independent of the annual Income hereby granted to the said Commissioners: be it therefore enacted, That a Sum of Forty thousand Pounds shall be paid into the Bank of England, to the Credit of the said Commissioners, out of the Consolidated Fund, which Sum shall be applied by and under the Orders of the said Commissioners as specifically as may be, in Manner following: that is to say, One Moiety thereof in paving each of the principal Streets, Quays, and Pallises, within the said Circular Road, as they shall think proper, with that Kind of Pavement called Granite Pavement, and the other Moiety thereof in making Sewers with Ledges thereof for Supporting Mass Pipes, in Manner hereinafter particularly mentioned, or in any other Manner that they shall deem expedient to make such Sewers.

" Commissioners to pave, raise, lower, &c. Streets, Squares, &c. within the Circular Road, and to regulate Arches, Projections, &c. § 51, 52.—Commissioners empowered to pave and make Sewers in all new Streets, and to recover the Expence from Inhabitants, § 53.—Property of perfect Pavements, Lamps, &c. vested in said Commissioners, § 55.—Commissioners empowered to purchase and take down Buildings for enlarging Pallises, by Contract or under Valuation of a Jury; but not to interfere with Commissioners of Wide Streets, § 57—62.—Power to take Ground, &c. for paving, paying the Value, with Power to Owner to appeal to Sessions, § 65.—Regulation as to laying Pipes for Water, by the Pipe Water Committee of the City, § 69—71.—Power to Commissioners to contract for paving or lighting, § 72.—Commissioners shall inspect all Works, § 73.—Commissioners may alter, Line, Breadth, &c. of Circular Road, § 76, 78.

General Road
Provisions made
to be as to
a general
Highway
Billings within
Circular Road.

LXXXIX. And Whereas Part of several Parishes, Liberties, Manors, and Districts of the County of Delfs are within the Circular Road, and by this Act the Occupiers and Owners of the several Houses and Buildings within the same are liable to be rated and assessed for the Purpose of this Act: in order that such Persons may see also be rated for the Repairs of the Road in the Parts of the said Burrows that are without the said Circular Road, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall from Time to Time be appointed Appraisers in any Parish, Manor, or District: if it should be that the Whole or any Part thereof may be within the said Circular Road, to apply any Part of the Sums granted by the Grand Jury of the County for the making or repairing Roads in the Burrow, upon any House or Building rated and assessed under this Act by the said Commissioners, notwithstanding any Provision or Thing in any other Act of Parliament directing such Provisions to be appointed, fully and justly according to the best of the Skill of the Appraisers, upon such Parish, Manor, Liberty, or District; and every Assessor which such Appraisers are required to make, shall certify that they had made the Apportionment according to the best of their Skill, without Favour, Affection, or Malice, excepting thereout such Houses and Buildings rated and assessed by the said Commissioners within the said Circular Road; but it shall be lawful for such Appraisers, and they shall, according to their said oaths or oaths apply all such Sums as may be granted by the Grand Jury of the County for Bridges, Cools, or other Works, to be made of the County at large.

" Regulations as to putting up and lighting Lamps, &c. § 80—85.—Power for fixing Names on Street and Numbers on Houses, &c. § 86.—Inhabitants to sweep Footways, &c. § 87.—Water from the Roads to be conveyed to the Ground in Pipes, § 88.—Commissioners to make any Number of public Footways out of their Funds, § 89.—Commissioners to pay the Crystal Water to enable them to create their Works for the Supply of their Fountains, § 90.—Penalty for stealing the Water in the Fountains, § 91.—Penalty on injuring Fountains, &c. § 92.—Power to repair Fountains injured by Night unless they apprehend and commit Offenders, § 93.—Power to Commissioners to water the Streets, &c. § 94.—To make Sewers and Drains, § 95.—Rate for making and cleaning Sewers and Drains, and Watering Streets, § 96.—Sewers, or Streets inhabited by poor Persons may be made out of the Fund of the Commissioners without a Rate, § 97.—A certain Number of Sewers to be made with Ledges for Supporting Mass Pipes, § 98.—Inhabitants to cleanse private Sewers and Drains, § 99.—Regulations as to Dull Cuts, Dull Holes, § 100—103.—Hollows for Foundations, &c. shall not be left uncovered or unassailed, § 104.—Boundaries of Streets shall not be altered without Notice to Commissioners, § 107.—Act as to repairing Houses and Projections in Streets, § 108, 109.—Power to remove Obstructions and Nuisances in Streets, § 110—113.—Regulating the driving of Carriages, § 114, 115.—Travelling or exercising Horses in Street prohibited, § 115.—Hogs, &c. not to be in Streets, § 116.—Whelps of Carnages to be of a certain Weight, or not to be hunted, § 117—120.—Carnages to have the Names of Owners and Places of Abode, § 122.

Provisions for
the better Property
of Cattle in
Sewers, &c.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall steal and carry away any of the Flags, Stones, Timber, or other Materials, or any Thing whatsoever belonging to the said Corporation, or any of the said Lamps, Barrens, Poles, Iron, or Furniture thereof, such Person or Persons, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for Seven Years.

Provisions of
Penalty for
false Testimony.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or Affirmation by virtue of this Act shall therein wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, and shall be convicted thereof by due course of Law, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall stand and suffer the Pain and Penalty which by Law are enacted against Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

" Recovery and Application of Penalties, Fines, &c. § 123, &c.

Cap. cx.

An Act for deepening, enlarging, maintaining, and improving the Harbour of *Powlish*, in the County of *Devon*. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

* Tonnage Duties granted.—Tonnage imposed on *Sicco* Flota.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any *Perion* or *Perion* whatsoever shall, after the passing of this Act, maliciously, wilfully, or wantonly demolish, break down, destroy, or let on Fire any of the Docks, Arms, Piers, Quays, Basins, or other Works, constructed or to be constructed, or is or belonging to the said Harbour of *Powlish*, every such *Perion* or *Perion* so offending shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court or Courts by and before whom such *Perion* or *Perion* shall be indicted and tried, shall and have lawful Power and Authority to transport such *Felon* or *Felons*, for the Space of Seven Years, in like Manner as other *Felons* are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

Part 2
C. 1
No. 10. 2

Cap. cxl.

An Act for paving, cleaning, lighting, and watering the Town and Parishes of *Bradish*, in the County of *York*, and removing and preserving Nuisances therein, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, for providing an additional *Public* Ground, and for regulating the Market of the said Town and Parishes. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

Cap. cxli.

An Act to amend an Act, of the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for building a new Gaol for the County of *Galway*, and other Purposes relating thereto; and for providing a new *Session* House for the said County. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

Part 2
C. 1
No. 10. 2

* Commissioners empowered to build a *Session* House.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Lough* Canal Navigation, to vary the Course of the said Canal, and to make Railways or Roads, and to amend and render more effectual Two Acts relating to the said Navigation. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

See Genes. A. 1.
22 C. 1
21 G. 3. c. 1.

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for incorporating the Chapelry and Chapel of *Newcastle-under-Lyme*, *Burton*, *Whitmore*, *Bucknall* and *Bagnall*, and *Norton-in-the-Moors*, from the Rectory and Parish Church of *Stoke-upon-Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*, and for making three Free *Parish* Rectories and *Parish* Churches; and for enabling the Rector of the said *Parish* Church of *Stoke-upon-Trent* for the Time being to grant Building Leases of certain *Globe* Lands belonging to the said Rectory. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Marriages to be duly solemnized in the said *Parish* Churches of *Newcastle-under-Lyme*, *Burton*, *Whitmore*, *Bucknall* and *Bagnall*, and *Norton-in-the-Moors* respectively, according to and in pursuance of the Provisions and Directions of an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty *King* George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better preventing of clandestine Marriages*, shall be good, valid, and effectual in the Law; and a Register of every such Marriage, as a Copy thereof, shall be received in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence of Marriage, in such and the like Manner as the Register of any Marriage solemnized in any other *Parish* Church is received as Evidence.

Marriage
22 C. 1
18 G. 2. c. 21.
28 G. 2. c. 21.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all the public and general Laws and Statutes of this Realm now in being, concerning Rectories, *Parish* Churches, Rectors, and the *Parished* Clergy, shall be in full force and have Effect and Operation in all respects as regard to the said several Rectories, *Parishes*, and *Parish* Churches of *Newcastle-under-Lyme*, *Burton*, *Whitmore*, *Bucknall* and *Bagnall*, and of *Norton-in-the-Moors*, and every of them, in like Manner as if the same had been originally Rectories, *Parishes*, and *Parish* Churches, except as otherwise directed by this Act.

Law
22 C. 1
18 G. 2. c. 21.
28 G. 2. c. 21.

Cap. cxlv.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act, of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the Parishes of *Lundak*, *Newington*, *Saint George* *Southward*, *Stoughton*, and *Uxby* Church, in the County of *Leicestershire*, and for widening and lighting the said Roads. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

21 G. 2. c. 11.

Cap. cxlvi.

An Act to continue the Terms and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Roads from *North* to the Top of *Beeding* Hill, and from *Donkey* to the Top of *Wapping* Hill in the County of *York*; and for making a Road from the said Roads in the Parishes of *Beeding*, by *Beeding* Church Hill, to the North East Corner of the *Stary* Field, in the Parish of *Kilgobbin* by Sea in the said County. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

7. 2. c. 10.

Cap. cxlvii.

An Act for improving the Navigation of a certain Part of the River *Aber*; and for the better draining the Low Lands lying in the Levels above *Beeding* Bridge, and below *North* Bridge and *St. Andrew* in the County of *York*. [13th Aug^o 1807.]

21 G. 2. c. 11.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for annulling an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for selling the certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates, devised by the Will of the late Arthur James Elphinstone, deceased, in the Counties of Kent, Nottingham, Cambridgeshire, Cambridge, and Middlesex, and in the Cities and Liberties of London and Westminster, in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the Money to arise by such Sale, together with the Sum of Fifty-three thousand three hundred and fifty-three Pounds Three Shillings and Fourpence, Three Pence per Centum Compounded Bank Annuitie, standing in the Name of the said ancient Council of the High Court of Chancery, in Trust in a certain Case in the said Court, Maximam usque Sumam, being the clear Profit of the Personal Estate of the said Testator Arthur James, in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments to be sold in the same Uts, and for making the said Trust to grant Leases of the Estates so to be purchased, and also to use Trusts growing thereupon, subject to Restrictions, in far as the Trusts therein have not been performed and carried into Execution. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]*

Cap. cxix.

An Act for selling in the Right Honourable Robert Spencer, commonly called Lord Robert Spencer, in Fee Simple, Part of his Settled Estates in the County of Suffolk, in Exchange for another Estate of the said Lord Robert Spencer, in the same County, and for settling such said-mentioned Estate to the like Uses as the said Part of his Settled Estates had been. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxx.

An Act to enable the surviving Trustee named in the last Will and Testament of the late Right Honourable Henry Earl of Ely, deceased, to sell the Manors House of the said late Earl, in Ely Place, in the City of London, with the Appurtenances and the Furniture to the said House belonging, and the Glasses and Pictures therein; and to lay out the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in Ireland, and to settle such Lands so to be purchased to the same Uses, and subject to the same Limitations, as are in the said Will declared and expressed with respect to the said Manors House, with the Appurtenances. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for the Partition of seven Lands in the Counties of Monmouth, Fermanagh, Lenth, and Armagh late the Property of Sir James Hamilton Knight, deceased, and in which Catherine Hamilton, Daughter Elizabetha Elizabetha Hamilton, Maria Williams otherwise Hamilton, Dorothea Hamilton, Oliver Lucas otherwise Hamilton, Elizabeth Hamilton, the Reverend John Hamilton, Margaret Hamilton, Eliza Hamilton, Francis Lee otherwise Hamilton, and the Representatives of James Hamilton, deceased, have undivided Shares, and for the Sale of the Lands therein mentioned. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for conferring the Sales, made under the Directions of the Court of Chancery, of several Estates in the Counties of Surrey, Suffolk, and Kent, devised by the Will of Thomas Cooper deceased. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for the Sale of Part of the Estates of John Joseph Henry Esquire, for the Interest and Purposes therein mentioned, and for settling other Estates in his behalf to the like Uses, and to extend the said Powers of the said John Joseph Henry in respect to Part of his Estates therein mentioned. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for selling the Entirety of certain Settled Estates of Sir High John Barronet, John Watson Parker Esquire, and Thomas Lloyd Esquire, and Eliza Rolle his Wife, Reside in the City of London and County of Middlesex, in Trust, in Trust to carry into Execution a Contract already entered into for Sale of Part of the same Estates, and to sell the other Part thereof under the Directions of the Court of Chancery, and to apply the Money arising from the said Sales in the Manner therein mentioned. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for selling Part of the Estates, in the County of Bucks, devised by the Will of Bartholomew Tipping Esquire, deceased, in Trust, in Trust to sell the same, and for laying out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for enabling Trusts to sell the Settled Estates of John Bradford Fisher Esquire (calling himself John Bradford) Reside in the County of Essex, and for laying out the Money to arise from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of Estates to be situated in or near the County of Leinster, to be settled to the same Uses. [9 P.] [13th Aug. 1807.]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for selling several Free Farm Rents and several Sums settled by *Edward Coffin*, deceased, on the said Coffin, Wardens, and Community of Merchant Venturers of the City of *Bristol*, for the Maintenance of his Hospital and Almshouse in the said City, so Trustees to be 500, and for applying the Money so unto by such Sale to the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments to be settled upon the Trustees on which such Free Farm Rents and several Sums are respectively hold. [17th *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for selling certain Estates belonging to the See of *Conterbury* in Trusts for Sale, and for applying the Proceeds Money, together with other Moneys, in the Manner therein mentioned, and for enabling the Archbishop of *Conterbury* to grant Building and Repaving Leases, and for other Purposes. [9 P.] [17th *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for enabling the Proprietors of the Navigation of the River *Swan*, in the County of *Denbigh* and See Act to *Glasgow*, from the City of *Leeds* to or near *Hedden's Mill*, to make and maintain a Hoyle Towing-path, for the Purpose of towing and hauling with Horses or otherwise, Boats, Lighters, and other Vessels, up and down the said River. [14th *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for draining, unbanking, and improving Lands in the Parish of *Striggleton* in *Westmoreland*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [14th *Sept* 1807.]

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for prolonging the Term of certain Letters Patent assigned to *Henry Fawcett* and *Staly Fawcett*, for the Invention of making Paper by means of Machinery. [14th *Sept* 1807.]

Recital of Letters Patent, 20th *April*, 41 G. 3. to Mr. *Caselli*, for his Machine for making Paper; for *England* and *Ireland*, 21 *July*, 41 G. 3. Patent for *Ireland*, 20th *January* 1802. Specifications enrolled as required by the said Letters Patent. Letters Patent to Mr. *Caselli*, 7 *June*, 43 G. 3. for Improvements; *England*. Patent for *Ireland*, for the said Improvements, 17th *February*, 44 G. 3. His Patent for *Ireland*, 18th *October* 1803, for the Improvements. Specifications of the Improvements enrolled. Assignments of the several Patents from *John Caselli* to *Henry Fawcett* and *Staly Fawcett*. The said Reg. 1 to the improved Machines vested in Messrs *Fawcett* and Mr. *Caselli*, for 17 Years after the passing the Act, being an addition of about 7 Years to the Terms in the Patents, § 1.—The said Parties empowered to take certain Rates for Licences to be granted by them for using the Machines, § 2, 3.—Not to hinder the using any Invention different from those described in Mr. *Caselli's* Specifications, § 4.—Specifications of Machines in as great improved State to be enrolled, § 5.—Objections to the Validity of the Patents not to be affected by this Act, § 6.—The Invention shall not become the Property of more than Five Parties at once, contrary to 6 G. 2. c. 18.—§ 7.—Public Act, § 2.

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for making better Provision for the Support and Maintenance of the Rectory for the Time being of the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr*, *Southward*, in the County of *Surrey*. [14th *Sept* 1807.]

23 G. 2. c. 16. repealed.—of 400 a-Year to be paid to the Rectory, to be raised by a Poor Rate—and a House to be built for his Residence.

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the City of *York* to *Keady Bridge*, and from *Gringston* to the upper End of *New Dale*, in the County of *York*. [17] [14th *Sept* 1807.]

Former Acts, 5 G. 3. c. 99. and 16 G. 3. c. 142. repealed.

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Brantham*, in the County of *Stafford*. [9 P.] [14th *Sept* 1807.]

INDEX TO PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS, 48 GEO. III.

* Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.

Act	Cap.	Act	Cap.	Act	Cap.
A ccounts (Public)		Corks	37	Fisheries (Dykes)	144
Admiralty, Fracking		*Corns (Importation and	27	Flax (Boats)	37
Advanced Fees of Justice	151	Exportation)	27	Forfeitures (renting)	33
America (Tax on)	6, 21	See also Spirits, Importation.		Fracking Letters	90
{ London do	85	Cotton Manufacture	23	Game, See Hares.	
{ Sicily do		Cotton Wool (Exportation	25, 34	{ Cervicatus)	55
{ See Importation.		{ prohibited)	25, 34	Gamekeepers	98
Assurances, See Leases, Life Assurances.		{ Duty on Exportation	25	*Grain	113
Apprentices, Bill of Heralds Lords	151	Consol. Orders on	25, 28, 35, 71	*Globe and Globe Hoops	65
Apprentices, Bill of Statutes	148	Coast Customs, See	112	Good Hops, Caps of	105
Armour Bearing (Tax on)	55	Coast of Suffolk (Stock)	146	*Good Horses	118
Artificial Hatch, See Taxes.		{ (Regulating)	151	Grants to Revenue	50
A. S. Oms	63	Corbiers	34	Grants and St. Vincent Merchants	135
Articles, See Accounts Public—		Cowry, See King, Clergy.		Hackney Coaches	87
{ Fracking.		Crown Lands	73	Hair Powder (Tax on)	55
Bad Debt Offsetting	30	Curios	60	Hairs (Hacking)	93, 94
Bank of England (Three Millions		Customs Duties on Exportation)	26, 28, 35, 71	Herring (Boats)	23
{ Advance)	3	{ Bonds)	24	Herring Fishery, See Fisheries.	
{ Balances, &c.)	4	{ Duties, Continuance)	80	*Holidays (Customs and Excise)	36
*Bank of Ireland (continuing Charter—)	103	{ Fees and Holidays)	16	Hops (Bags and Packets marking)	134
{ Tokens)	31	{ and Licenses, Regulation)	69	Horses (Tax on)	42, 55
Bank (Exportation prohibiting) * 2	33	{ See also Officers.		House of Lords (Appeals to)	131
Barrel Office, See Officers, Fracking.		Danzig Prize Ship	147	House (Subsidies, Tax on)	55
Bills of Exchange, See Passes by Notes.		Dead Stock (wrecked, interest)	75	Jacobs' Bark, See Bark.	
Boats (Fits from Newfoundland, &c.)	68	Deas Forth	53	Importation	
{ (Plymouth)	68	Debts	123	{ from Portuguese Territories—} 11, 109.	
{ (Flax, Hemp, and Linen)	23	Defence of the Roads (Fees, &c.)	107	{ (Natal Timber)	49
{ See also Taxes.		Defence of the Roads (Fees, &c.)	107	{ (Oil and Blubber and Salt	
Brands, See Importation, Postage.		See also Mills.		{ Fish)	80
Brands Slips	70	Derby Bishop)	77	{ (Silks and Velvets)	23
Breakfast, Duties	59	Dill (ery (Regulating)	10, 81	{ Salt into Quebec)	13
Break of Porters wrecked	75	Dissolution from Coes prohibited	108	{ (Flax, Hemp, and Linen)	23
Cage of Good Hope	105	Days (Tax on)	47, 55	{ (Hides, &c.)	24
Caps of Good Hope	105	Drawbacks, See Spirits.		{ Goods from Hostile	
Carpenter (Tax on)	42, 55	Dublin Police	140	{ Parts)	37
Carrivages, See Permits.		*East India Trade	30	*Importation and Exportation (Corns	
Catharine Lane	101	Edinburgh (College of Justice, &c.)	146	{ and Provisions)	27
Chancery, See Clergy.		*Elector (Consentance to	108	{ Colonial	
Chancery	18	{ Officers)	108	{ (Coffee, Sugar, and Corn)	69
Charge Ports, (Business, &c. in)	12	Exchequer Bills (Issuing, &c.)	21	{ (Wool	
Clergy, Benefit of	129	{ (American Commissioners)	21	{ India Parts)	125
Clergy (Singular and Curates)	5	{ See also Loans.		See also Exportation, Warehousing.	
* (Antiquity of Crown Seats)	47	*Excise (Licenses, regulating)	49	Incessantes, See Clergy.	
* (Building, &c. Churches and		{ and Customs (Regulation)	63	Indemnity (Orders in Council)	37
{ (Globe Hoops)	64	Exporting Laws	1, 6	{ Officers, &c.)	40
{ (Holidays)	65	Exportation (Duties on) 25, 28, 35, 71		{ (Mills)	136
{ (working Stipends)	136	{ (Tobacco pipe Clay)	22	Indiscretions and Informations	
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Wool to Ireland)	44	{ (Proceed on)	58
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (small Vessels)	125	*Innocent	113
{ (Clergy)	18	See also Importation.		Jacobites (Soldiers)	59
{ (Clergy)	18	*Fees (Customs, holding)	56	Jacobs (Assurances to)	145
{ (Clergy)	18	Febury without Clergy	129	{ (in Courts of Session)	151
{ (Clergy)	18	*For Heralds (Tax on)	48	Jacobs, (Administration of)	151
{ (Clergy)	18	Fisheries	48	*King (Quoting Possibilities spirit)	47
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Greenland and Newfoundland)	20	{ Grant of Revenue Offices	
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Plymouth, Hants)	68	{ by)	50
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Rutland)	86	{ (Land Revenue Impressing)	73
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (South White Fleeting)	110	{ (Licenses from)	120
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Southern Whale)	114	Lake, Lord (Assault)	45
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Southern Whale)	114	Lancaster (Duchy Lands)	73
{ (Clergy)	18	{ (Southern Whale)	114		

INDEX TO PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS, 48 GEO. III.

	Cap.		Cap.		Cap.
Land Revenue, <i>See King</i>		Officers (<i>not Trades or Vendors</i>)	Cap	Spices	18
Landre (from the Post)	139	Produce in	55	Spices (Distribution of, from Com- pounds)	118
Landre (from the Post)	60	Officers (Annual Duties)	2	— (Drawbacks, Salford)	45
Landre (from the King)	126	— (Gu to of in Revenue)	30	— (Prize, <i>see</i> <i>see</i>)	57
— (to sell Ale, &c.)	143	<i>See also</i> <i>Industries</i>		— (repeated Duties)	280, 312
— (to sell Ale, &c.)	143	Officers (Wages of Navy)	8	— (from Sugar, Duties)	154
Life Annuities	144	— (Wages of Soldiers, &c.)	100	— (Duties)	158
*Licence of Affairs (as to Crimi- nals, &c.)	47	— (Wages of Officers)	45, 186	— (Regulations)	161
Lies (Bounty)	21	— (Wages of Army)	61	— (Bounty Payments, — (Wages)	17
<i>See also</i> <i>Yates</i>		— (Wages) <i>See</i> 122		— (Guaranteeing Duties)	165
Lions, Armes, Exchange Bils, &c. (<i>releg</i>)		— (Wages) <i>See</i> 122		— (Lions)	10
£ 3,000,000 (Bank of England)	3	Ordered Council, <i>See</i> Council, Customs		Stamp Duties	41, 149
£ 5,000,000 (Do. Bank)	4	Oyster Fisheries	144	— on Licences to sell	
£ 6,000,000 (Exchange Bils)	7	Parliament, Members of, <i>See</i> Westons, &c.		Ale (repeated)	145
£ 4,000,000 (Assessments to pay Exchange Bils)	38	Paymaster-General	49, 128	Sugar (Annual Duties)	2
£ 3,000,000 (Exchange Bils)	53	Peasants, &c. (Annual Duties)	2	— (Kiss, Bounty)	12
£ 1,500,000 (Exchange Bils)	54	Peasants	82	— (Drawbacks, Bounties, and Guaranteeing Duties)	16
£ 10,000,000 (Assessments)	76	Peasants (Surveyors of)	5	— (Drawbacks, Bounties, and Washing)	17
£ 2,000,000 (Part thereof)	12, 20	Pelicans, <i>See</i> Fishes		— (East India) Duties)	102
£ 750,000 (Assessments)	81	Portuguese Territories (Trade with)	109	— (Duties on Wash and Spits Sugar)	152
£ 6,000,000 (Exchange Bils)	97	<i>See also</i> <i>Importation, Postage</i>		Surveyors of Customs (London)	9
£ 1,500,000 (Bank of England)	105	Postage (Mails and Bonds)	116	Taxes	60
£ 500,000 (Treasury Bills)	113	Post Office Duties, (Shipping)	98	Taxes (New Duties on Carriages, &c.)	42
£ 6,000,000 (Exchange Bils)	114	*Post Office (Shipping)	40	— (Alcohol, New Duties)	55
<i>See also</i> <i>Exchange Bils</i>		<i>See also</i> <i>Shipping</i>		— (Salt and Collection of)	11
Local Militia, <i>See</i> Militia		Private Stealing	12	Taxes (Consolidation)	158
*London Free School	77	Price Money (to Seamen)	15	Temporary Acts	166
Lords of Session	151	— (Foreign Forces)	100	Taxes, <i>See</i> Importation	
Lettices	139	Price Guards (Washing)	99	Taxes, <i>See</i> Feeds	74
Livestock, &c.	90	Prize, <i>See</i> South Sea, Dutch Ship, Spits		Taxes definitive (conferring against the Crown)	47
*McClatch J. M. and W. F.	108	Produce (as Indulgences and Licences)	57	Taxes (as to Annual Duties)	2
Mace	18	Passports	88	Taxes (as to Clay)	50
Mile Service, <i>See</i> Service		Provisions (Importation and Exportation)	25	Taxes (Bank of India)	32
Mile, &c. (Annual Duties)	2	Public Accounts, <i>See</i> Officers		Taxes of the Navy	8
— (Regulations)	56, 74	*Quelling Post Office	47	Vendors, <i>See</i> Importation	
— (Salt and Spits (Duties)	78	*Redder of the Clergy	60	Undertaken Bond rds, &c.	4
Mines, <i>See</i> Mining Act		Revenue, <i>See</i> Loans, Customs, Taxes, &c.		Vendors, <i>See</i> Militia	
Mirages	127, &c.	Revolutions Grants of Officers	50	*Washing Goods	32
Misc. Pay, Clothing, and Allowances)	45	Road (conveying Rights of)	111	<i>See also</i> <i>Clay, Price Goods, Kiss, Gun, Sugar</i>	
— (Pay and Clothing)	45	Road (washing)	17	Washed Goods (washing)	126
— (Allowances, Subsidies)	51	Salt (into Quiber)	22	Warrant of F. P. Act (washing)	54
— (Allowances, Adjuncts)	52	Salt (into Quiber)	22	Washed, <i>See</i> Importation	15
— (adding into Regulations)	54	Salvage	100	Washed (Taxes)	3, 15
— (Local (releg))	114, 150	Scotland (Courts and Appeals)	121	Wash, Licences from G. B. to I.	44
— (Tax and Militia)	136	Seamen (Price Money)	124	<i>See also</i> <i>Customs Wash</i>	
Mining Act (Mines)	14	Secretary at War	107	Washed (New Duties)	131
— (Mines)	15	Secretary of State (Licences by)	125	Wash or Wash from Sugar (Duties)	652
Names of Commissioners of Land Tax, &c.	162	Secretary (Taxes on)	42, 55	Washed, <i>See</i> Wash	
Naval Debt (Allowance for Management)	4, 92, 103	Shorelands	60	Wash or Wash from Sugar (Duties)	652
<i>See also</i> <i>Life Annuities</i>		Silks (imported)	117	Wash, <i>See</i> Wash, Salvage	
Naval Vessels, <i>See</i> Importation		Silks and Velvets, <i>See</i> Importation		Wash (Foreign)	13
Navy Vessels, <i>See</i> Officers		Small Notes, <i>See</i> Promissory Notes, Shipping			
New Fund	73	Small (Annual Duties)	8		
Nobility	18	Soldiers, <i>See</i> Importation; Mining Act			

A
T A B L E

Containing THE TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the SECOND Session of the FOURTH Parliament

OF THE

United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* ;

48 GEORGE III.

PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. AN Act for regulating the <i>issuing</i> and <i>paying off</i> of Exchequer Bills. Page 309</p> <p>2. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Seal, in <i>Great Britain</i>; and on Post-roads and Offices in <i>England</i>; and for repealing in each of certain Acts in relation to certain Duties of Stamps, and one relating respectively to Offices and Post-roads; and for re-granting the said Duties of Stamps and one relating respectively, and the said other Duties, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 312</p> <p>3. An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of <i>England</i> to advance the Sum of Three Millions, towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 324</p> <p>4. An Act to authorize the advancing, for the publick Service, upon certain Conditions, a Proportion of the Balance remaining in the Bank of <i>England</i> for Payment of Unclaimed Dividends, Annuities, and Lottery Prizes; and for regulating the Allowances to be paid for the Management of the National Debt. 325</p> <p>5. An Act for repealing an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled, <i>An Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Support and Maintenance of Churches within the Church of England, and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned, in far as relates to the Attendance of Benefices by the Incumbents thereof having accepted augmented Curacies</i>. 327</p> <p>6. An Act to continue, until the End of this Session of Parliament, several Acts for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, between His Majesty and the United States of <i>America</i>. Ibid.</p> <p>7. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of</p> | <p><i>Great Britain</i> for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. Page 327</p> <p>8. An Act to amend an Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Office of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy. 328</p> <p>9. An Act for abolishing the Office of Surveyor of Subsidies and Petty Customs in the Port of <i>London</i>. Ibid.</p> <p>10. An Act to amend so much of an Act, made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting certain Duties on Spirits made in <i>Scotland</i>, as relates to delivering up the Licences granted for distilling Spirits in the Lowlands of <i>Scotland</i>, and for better preventing private Distillations. 329</p> <p>11. An Act for permitting the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories on the Continent of <i>South America</i>, in Portuguese Ships. 330</p> <p>12. An Act to amend and continue, until the Twenty-sixth Day of <i>March</i> One thousand eight hundred and nine, in each of an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty as relates certain Bounties on <i>Brass</i> Plantation Raw Sugar exported. Ibid.</p> <p>13. An Act for killing and fencoring a certain Ancestry on <i>Vilvoort Lake</i>, and the two next Persons to whom the Title of <i>Vilvoort Lake</i> shall descend, in consideration of the eminent Services of the late General <i>Vilvoort Lake</i>. 331</p> <p>14. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. Ibid.</p> <p>15. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarter. Ibid.</p> <p>16. An Act for further amending, until the Twenty-sixth Day of <i>March</i> One thousand eight hundred and nine, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from <i>Great Britain</i>; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties</p> |
|--|--|

- passed by an Act of the full Session of Parliament shall be suspended. Page 354
17. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, certain Acts for regulating the Duties and Burdens on the Exportation of Sugar from *St. Louis*, and allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in *Ireland*; and for warehousing in *Ireland* Rum or Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations. 354
18. An Act for amending and further continuing, as Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Payment of the Duties on Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, and Mace. *Ibid.*
19. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Malt, Yarn, Soapstuffs, and Tallow, for Naval Purposes, from the *British* Colonies in *North America*, Duty free. *Ibid.*
20. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the *Canadian* Whal-fishery; to the Admission to Entry in *Great Britain* of Oil and Blubber of *Newfoundland* taken by His Majesty's Subjects cruising on the Fishery from and residing in the said Island; and to the allowing the Importation of Fish from *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*. *Ibid.*
21. An Act to empower the Commissioners appointed for distributing the Money paid by the United States of *America*, to withdraw the same from the Bank, and invest it in Exchange Bills. *Ibid.*
22. An Act for making several Laws relating to permitting the Exportation of Tobacco Pipe Clay from *Great Britain* to the *British* Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*; the Importation of Salt from *Europe* into *Quebec* in *America*; and the prohibiting of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets. 355
23. An Act to continue several Laws relating to the granting a Bounty on the Importation into *Great Britain* of Hemp, and rough and undressed Flax, from His Majesty's Colonies in *America*; and to the more effectually encouraging the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in *Great Britain* until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and for granting a Bounty upon certain Species of *St. John* and *Irish* Linnen exported from *Great Britain*, and taking off the Duties on Importation into *Great Britain*, of Foreign Raw Linn Yarn made of Flax, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for further continuing, until Three Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation into *Great Britain*, of Hides and other Articles in Foreign Ships. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Credits more equal and expeditious in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated, in furtherance of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council. *Ibid.*
27. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from *Ireland*, and for permitting the Importation into *Ireland*, Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions. Page 356
28. An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, certain Duties on the Exportation from *Ireland* of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated. *Ibid.*
29. An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Jellets Bark and Cortex Wood from *Ireland*. 357
30. An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade of *Ireland* to and from the *East Indies*. 358
31. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for preventing the counterfeiting of certain Silver Tokens to certain other Tokens which may be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and to prevent the Counterfeiting of the said last-mentioned Tokens. *Ibid.*
32. An Act to permit certain Goods imported into *Ireland* to be warehoused or stored, without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid. 359
33. An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Jellets Bark from *Great Britain*. 360
34. An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Cotton Wool from *Great Britain*. 361
35. An Act for imposing, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, a Duty on Cotton Wool, the Growth of the *British* Colonies, exported from *Great Britain*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for striking and amending several Laws relating to the Duties of Excise upon Malt. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for making valid certain Orders in Council, and Warrants of the Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Entry and Warehousing of certain Goods imported in Neutral Vessels, and for indemnifying all Persons concerned therein; for the restraining of Particulars in certain Cases; and for enabling His Majesty to allow, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation of Goods from Countries from which the *British* Flag is excluded, in any Vessels whatever. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for granting Assurances to indemnify certain Exchange Bills. 364
39. An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsidies to be paid to Inn-keepers and others on quarterly Subdies. *Ibid.*
40. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have consented to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and for extending the Times limited for their Personal-returns, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and to exempt such Persons in *Great Britain* as have consented to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indemnities of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and nine. 365
41. An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise in *Ireland*, and to grant certain Stamp Duties to be levied thereon; and also certain other Stamp Duties; and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in *Ireland*, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Heards, Hoops, Male Servants, and Windows, in lieu of

former Duties and Taxes, is respect of the like Articles.

Page 459

43. An Act to suspend, until the Eleventh Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and exported from either Country to the other respectively. 375
44. An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Wood to *Ireland* before Good given for the due loading thereof. 381
45. An Act for defraying, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; for holding Courts Martial on Sergeants Major, Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, for Officers committed during the Two last Militia Bills not yet embodied; and for making Allowances on certain Cases to 5-Ration Officers of the said Militia during Peace. 377
46. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 382
47. An Act for extending Parliament-wages concerning defective Titles in *Ireland*, and limiting the Right of the Crown to sue in Manner therein mentioned, and for the Relief of Incumbents in respect of *Annua* due to the Crown during the Incumbency of their Predecessors. 383
48. An Act to enable His Majesty's Post-Master-General of *Ireland* to purchase Premises for the Enlargement of the General Post Office in the City of *Dublin*. 378
49. An Act for accelerating the making up, Examination, and Audit of the Accounts of the Paymaster-General of His Majesty's Forces. 379
50. An Act to suspend the granting of Offices in Revenue, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, for One Year after the passing of this Act, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament. 380
51. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to 5-Ration Officers of the Militia in *Great Britain*, while dis-embodied. 385
52. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Twelfth Years of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Captains and Sergeants-Majors of the Militia of *England*, embodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. 381
53. An Act for saving the Sum of Three Millions by Exchange Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 382
54. An Act for saving the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds by Exchange Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 382
55. An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith; and also for repealing the Survey Duties on Game Concocties, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes. 383
56. An Act for abolishing Fees received by Officers in the Service of the Customs in the several Parts of *Ireland*, and for enlarging the House of Attendance and the Number of Holiday to be observed by the said Officers and certain Officers of Excise. 402
57. An Act for increasing the Duty on Casks ready-made, imported into *Great Britain*. 407
58. An Act for amending the Law with regard to the Course of Proceeding on Indictments and Informations in the Court of King's Bench in certain Cases; for authorizing the Execution in *Ireland* of certain Warrants issued for Officers committed in *England*; and for requiring Officers taking Bail in the King's Bench to assign the Bail Bonds to the King. 409
59. An Act for enabling His Majesty to create an Annuity on Her Royal Highness the Duchess of *Stratford* in *Wales*. 409
60. An Act for repealing an Act passed in the First Year of King *James* the First, intitled, *An Act concerning Tonnage, Carriage, Balmage, and also Duties respecting the carrying of Lumber*; and also for repealing and amending certain Parts of several other Acts of Parliament relating thereto. 412
61. An Act to continue, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the publick Expediture and the Conduct of the publick Business in the Military Department therein mentioned. 412
62. An Act for the making perpetual several Acts for the better Collection and Security of the Revenues of Customs and Excise in *Ireland*, and for preventing Frauds therein; and to make further Provision for the Security of the said Revenues, and for the Execution of the several Acts relating thereto. 412
63. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reiga for securing the Collection of the Duties on *Animals* in *Ireland*. 413
64. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of *Ireland*. 413
65. An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Building and Rebuilding of Churches, Chapels, and Glabe Houses, and for the Purchase of Glabe Lands, Glabe Houses, and Improvements, in *Ireland*. 413
66. An Act for enlarging the Privilege of Spiritual Persons on their Business in *Ireland*. 417
67. An Act for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into *Great Britain*, until the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. 420
68. An Act for extending the Bounty now payable on *Indians* reported to the *High Seas* or *Northward* to *Philippine* exported to any Parts beyond the *Sea*. 420
69. An Act to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, Sugar or Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Part in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Finislerre*, and Cera to be imported from such Part, and from the Coast of *Africa* into the said Colonies and Plantations. 421
70. An Act to provide that *British* Ships which shall be captured by the Enemy, and shall afterwards become the Property of *French Subjects*, shall not be subject to the Privilege of *British Ships*. 423
71. An Act to amend so much of Two Acts of this Session of Parliament, for carrying into Execution certain Orders in Council, as relate to the Duties on Goods exported from the Warehouses in which they have been secured on Importation, and on certain *Price Goods* imported into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*. 424
72. An Act for the Inclosure and Preservation of Timber in *Deer* and *New Forests*. 424
73. An Act to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown in *England*, and also of His Majesty's Duchy of *Lancaster*. 425
74. An Act for the better Collection of the Duties on Malt made in *Great Britain*. 425

75. An Act for providing feble Interment in Churchyards or Parochial Burying Grounds in England, for such dead Houses Houses as may be call on Short Term the Sea, & Call's of Work or otherwise. Page 438
76. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions Five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuity. 440
77. An Act to enable His Majesty to vest the Right of Appointment of Master of the Free School of *Londonbury* in the City and County of *Londonbury*, in the Bishop of *Dorset* for the Time being. *Ibid.*
78. An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Malt made in *Ireland*, and upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*; and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof. 442
79. An Act to amend the Two Acts for the collecting of the Malt Duties in *Ireland*, and regulating the Trade of a Malster. 444
80. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Manufactures imported into and exported from *Ireland*; and to grant new Duties on the Importation of *Soft India Sugar* and Foreign Spirits; and to reduce the Duty on *Straw* Plantation Coffee imported. 445
81. An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
82. An Act to make perpetual and to amend several Acts for the better regulating the Licensing and granting of Permits and Certificates, for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods in *Ireland*. 450
83. An Act for raising the Sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds by way of Annuity for the Service of *Ireland*. 451
84. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and for regulating the Periods for cancelling and delivering up certain Books relating to the Revenue of Customs. 452
85. An Act to regulate the Trade between *Great Britain* and the United States of *America* and the East of the next Session of Parliament. 454
86. An Act to revive and continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the *Wool* Fisheries. *Ibid.*
87. An Act for repealing the Rates and Taxes taken by licensed Hackney Coachmen, and for establishing others in lieu thereof; and for amending several Laws relating to Hackney Coachmen. 455
88. An Act to restrain the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Issued Bills of Exchange, under a limited Sum in *England*. 458
89. An Act for enabling the Commissioners appointed to examine Accounts of Publick Expenditure in the *Barwick* Office, more speedily and effectually to investigate the said Accounts. 460
90. An Act to enable the Commissioners for auditing Publick Accounts, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of *Barwick* respectively, to find and receive Letters and Packets on the Balance of their Office free of Postage. 462
91. An Act for enabling the Commissioners appointed to examine Accounts of Publick Expenditure in the *Woff* Office, more speedily and effectually to investigate the said Accounts. *Ibid.*
92. An Act to repeal in much of an Act, made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty, during the Continuance of the present War, in relation to Money raised for Charges of Management of Stock reduced. Page 463
93. An Act to repeal in much of an Act of the Fifth Year of King *James* the First, as relates to the Privileges on Streeting at *Harrow*; and also to repeal an Act of the Third Year of King *George* the First, relating to Gamekeepers. *Ibid.*
94. An Act for repealing in much of an Act made in the Parliament of *Scotland*, in the Fourth Session of the First Parliament of *Queen Anne*, intitled, *Act for preserving the Game*, as relates to the Shearing of *Hares*. 463
95. An Act for continuing, until the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for allowing, under certain Restrictions, the bringing a limited Quantity of *Coke*, *Culm*, or *Cinders*, to *London* and *Windsor*, by *Island* Navigation. *Ibid.*
96. An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of *Leaswicke*, being Papers or *Crosses* in *England*. *Ibid.*
97. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 470
98. An Act for letting to Farm the Duties on *Horned* bred by the Male or Stage, to be sold as travelling, and on *Horned* bred for a less Period of Time than Twenty-eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling *Full*, or otherwise, in *Great Britain*, and for better securing the said Duties. *Ibid.*
99. An Act for depositing *Prize* Goods liable to Duty in *Warehouses* under the Care of the Officers of the Customs and Excise, and for reducing Spirits condemned as *Prize* to a proper Strength, for *Home* Consumption. 473
100. An Act for extending the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, in so far as respects the Payment of *Prize Money* arising from Captures made by *Private* in Conjunction with *Foreign* Ships, to Captures made by the Land Forces of *Foreign* States in Conjunction with the *Army*. 475
101. An Act for establishing the Right of Way over a Lane or Road leading across the harrowing Ground in front of *Christen* *Leis*, and for vesting the said thereof in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. *Ibid.*
102. An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Professors and Officers in *England*; and an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight. *Ibid.*
103. An Act for further extending the Provisions of several Acts, for establishing the Bank of *Ireland*; and for empowering the Governour and Company of the said Bank, to advance the Sum of One Million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, 5-58 Currency, towards the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 476
104. An Act for the better Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels navigating the *British* Seas. 479
105. An Act to authorize His Majesty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Cape* of *Good Hope*. 485
106. An Act to remedy the Inconvenience which has arisen, and

- and may arise, from the Expiration of Acts, before the
passing of *Acts* to amend the same. Page 433
107. An Act to enable the Secretary at War to enforce the
making of Returns from Clerks of Subdivisions, and others,
in relation to Taxes, Half Bounties, and Refriders of Some
due value events Affecting the Defence of the Realm,
for the Purpose of directing the Distribution thereof to
the Persons entitled thereto. *Ibid.*
108. An Act for carrying into complete Execution and Effect
certain Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Forty-
third Year of His present Majesty, for making Compensa-
tion to the Patentee Offices of the Plant Side of the Court
of Exchequer in Ireland, as far as respects the Compensa-
tion to John McCreich, and William Fisher Merchants,
Esquires, Patentee Offices of the Office of Surveyor at Arms
of the said Court of Exchequer. 456
109. An Act to regulate the Trade between Great Britain
and the Portuguese Territories, on the Continent of South
America. 457
110. An Act for the further Encouragement and better Re-
gulation of the British Whale Fishing, and the
First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteenth,
and from thence to the End of the then next Session
of Parliament. 458
111. An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent
Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for
the Defence of the Realm. 471
112. An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand
Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the
Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. 524
113. An Act to empower Grand Jurors in Ireland, for Persons
appointed by them, to fill or exchange Grand Jurors that
has been occupied by old Court Houses, Gaols, or County
Infirmaries, and the Materials thereof. *Ibid.*
114. An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer
Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year
One thousand eight hundred and eight. *Ibid.*
115. An Act to grant to His Majesty Customing Duties on
Spirits imported into Ireland from Scotland, and to allow
Equivalent Drawbacks on Spirits re-exported from Ireland to
Scotland. 534
116. An Act for granting to His Majesty Rates of Passage
on the Conveyance of Letters and Packages to and from the
Island of Madaga, and to and from the Portuguese Terri-
tories on the Continent of South America. *Ibid.*
117. An Act for repealing the Duties upon Silks painted and
dained, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. 526
118. An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn
or Grain, for a limited Time. *Ibid.*
119. An Act for regulating the charging of the Duty on
Spirits imported into Great Britain, according to the
Strength thereof. 537
120. An Act for reducing the Excise Duties on Coffee im-
ported into Great Britain, and for directing that Coffee and
Cocoa which should be subject to the Regulations of an
Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for
permitting certain Goods imported to be secured in Ware-
houses. *Ibid.*
121. An Act for reducing the Duty of Customs on Coffee
imported into Great Britain when taken out of Warehouses
for Home Consumption. 528
122. An Act for vesting all Estates and Property occupied for
the Barrack Service in the Commissioners for the Affairs of
Barracks; and for granting certain Powers to the said Com-
missioners. 539
123. An Act for the Discharge of Debtors in Execution for
Small Debts, from Imprisonment in certain Cases. 530
124. An Act for continuing the Privileges allowed to Ships
employed in the Southern Whale Fishery. Page 531
125. An Act to permit the Importation of Rice, Grain, and
Flour, into certain Parts in the *West Indies*, and to allow certain
Articles to be imported from the United States of
America into the British Possessions in North America, for the
Purpose of Exportation to the British Islands in the *West
Indies*. *Ibid.*
126. An Act to permit Goods secured in Warehouses in the
Port of London to be removed to the Outports for Exporta-
tion to any Part of Great Britain, by authorizing His Majesty
to direct that Licenses which His Majesty is now entitled to
grant under His Great Seal may be granted by One of the
Principal Secretaries of State in His Majesty's Name, to
permit the Exportation of Goods to the said Parts of Great
Britain that are now allowed by Law, during the present Par-
liament, and until One Month after the Signature of the Pre-
sented Articles of Peace. 534
127. An Act to order and direct certain Murriages solemnized
in certain Churches and Publick Chapels in which Banns
had not usually been published before or at the Time of pub-
lishing an Act made in the Twenty-first Year of the Reign
of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled
An Act for the better preserving of Goods, the Marriage.
Ibid.
128. An Act to repeal in whole an Act, passed in the
Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the
Office of Paymaster-General, as regards certain Accounts
to be examined and settled within certain Periods, by the
Secretary at War, and enabling His Majesty to make Orders
for examining and settling such Accounts. 535
129. An Act to repeal in whole an Act passed in the
Eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled
*An Act to take away the Benefit of Clergy from certain
Offenders for Felony*, as taken away the Benefit of Clergy
from Persons charged jointly with the Person of another;
and for more effectually preventing the Crime of Larceny
from the Priests. *Ibid.*
130. An Act for preventing the various Frowns and Depres-
sions committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Under-
writers, by Barrons and others, within the Jurisdiction of
the Courts of Admiralty, and also for remedying certain Defects
relative to the Adjustment of Salvage, under a Statute
made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty
Queen Anne. 538
131. An Act for further continuing until the Full Day of
May One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the
Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for suspending
Proceedings in Adversarial and other Proceedings relating to
the Woolen Manufacture. 540
132. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, passed in
the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement
of Seamen and better running the Majesty's
Navy, to Cases arising in consequence of Hostilities con-
tinued since the passing of the said Act. *Ibid.*
133. An Act for continuing the Tax appointed for the first
Meeting of Commissioners and of a *Peace*, for putting
in Execution certain Acts of this Session of Parliament.
Ibid.
134. An Act to amend the Laws relating to the marking of
Bags and Packages of Hops. *Ibid.*
135. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year
of His present Majesty but now effectually carrying into
Execution the Purposes of an Act made in the Thirty-
ninth and Fortieth Year of His Majesty, to give further Time
for the Payment, as the Conditions therein contained, of In-
debtedness certain Loans advanced to the House of Commons
England. *Ibid.*

- Anders and Company to Charles Alfred Elgison, and to William Jackson Elgison, being Persons connected with and trading to the Islands of Grenada and Saint Vincent, &c. &c. in relation to the Royal and Personal Estates of William Mar Darnley, James Mar Darnley, and Robert Hugh a King, in the West Indies and elsewhere, except in Scotland.* Page 541
136. An Act to indemnify all Officers and Professions who have carried into Execution any of the Provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for completing and increasing the Militia of Great Britain, in relation to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets. *Ibid.*
137. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and rendering more effectual the several Acts for the Purloin of Buildings and further Improvement of the Streets and Places near to *Whitehall Hall* and the Two Houses of Parliament. *Ibid.*
138. An Act for defining and regulating the Powers of the Commissioners of Trade, in appointing and modifying the Stipends of the Clergy of *Scotland*. 542
139. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. 544
140. An Act for the more effectual Administration of the Offices of a Justice of the Peace, and for the more effectual Prosecution of Felonies within the District of *Dublin* Metropolis. 545
141. An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Duties of Ale-House Tiers, and of the Tax upon the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to regulate the Assessment and Collection of the same. 548
142. An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to grant Life Annuities. 556
143. An Act to repeal the Stamp Duties on Licences granted by Justices of the Peace for selling Ale, Beer, and other Fermentable Liquors by Retail; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. 578
144. An Act for the more effectual Protection of Oyster Fisheries and the Breed of Oysters in *England*. Page 580
145. An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to the Judges of the Court of Session, Justiciary, and Exchequer in *Scotland*, upon the Resignation of their Offices. 584
146. An Act for settling the Stock of the Court of Session in *Scotland* in Trustees, for the erecting Buildings for the better Accommodation of the College of Justice, and a publick Garden, in the City of *Glasgow*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. 582
147. An Act to prevent the Sale of the Danish Prize Ship *Griffonia Maria*, and her Cargo, in the Port of *Ferney*, in the County of *Geneva*. 593
148. An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Moneys therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
149. An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other Writings or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestates, now payable in Great Britain; and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof. 587
150. An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in *Scotland*, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. 606
151. An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in *Scotland*, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords. 638
152. An Act for granting certain Duties on Worts or Woad made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain. 642

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED,

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

1. An Act to continue and amend an Act of the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Middleton* in *Yorkshire*, to the Gate to the new Inclosure, called *The Edge*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew's* *Woolfardisley*, and a Branch therefrom to *Essexford Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. Page 643
2. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleaning, lighting, and watching the Streets and Publick Passages in the City of *Manchester*, and several Parishes in the Boroughs thereof, and for removing and preventing Nuisances therein. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Oxford Canal* Navigation. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of the Fifth and Twenty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Hayes-Grove* to the Luton of the Parish of *Barroghly*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
5. An Act for enlarging the Terms, and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stret* Bridge to *Bury Saint Edwards*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
6. An Act for enclosing Lands in *Claydon* *Manor*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. Page 648
7. An Act for continuing the Terms, and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from *Northillborough*, through *Thryff* and *Esborough*, to *Burton Street*, near the City of *York*, and also the Road from *Thryff* to *Thryff*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
8. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the East London Water Works to purchase certain other Water Works and to amend an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty relating to the said East London Water Works. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *St. Paul's* *Worship*, in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof. 649
10. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty for repairing the Roads from *Highley* to *Stollower Common*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Derby*. *Ibid.*

21. An Act for completing the Improvement of the Port of *Bristol*. *Page 50*
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Engleton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
23. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the *Searby* Canal Navigation, and certain Railways and other Roads to communicate therewith; and for amending the Rates, Tolls, and Duties thereby granted. *Ibid.*
24. An Act to continue several Acts for granting a Duty of Two Pennes *Seco* upon Ale and Beer brewed in the Town of *Althorpe*, in the County of *Noting.* *Ibid.*
25. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Leeds* to *Rossett* in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Almon*, in the Parish of *Wharfedale*, in the County of *Leeds*. *Ibid.*
27. An Act for regulating the Statute Labour, and repairing the Highways and Bridges, in the County of *Dumfriesshire*. *Ibid.*
28. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Crookle* Canal to complete the same. *Ibid.*
29. An Act for continuing the Term of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the Town of *Subbutein*, to join the Turnpike Road which leads from *Alford* to *Swanfleet*, in the County of *Not.* *Ibid.*
30. An Act for showing and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act, of the Twenty-second Year of His Majesty's Reign, as relates to building and maintaining a House of Correction in and for the City and County of *Abertin*. *Ibid.*
31. An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates, in the Parish of *East Mary Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof. *Ibid.*
32. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of King *William the Third*, for settling Hospitals and Work-houses, in the Borough of *King's Lynn*, in the County of *Northfolk*, and for the better employing and maintaining the Poor there. *Ibid.*
33. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, for draining and preferring certain Lands and Grounds in the Parishes of *Tid Sear* *Mary's* and *Neptune* in the Parish of *St. Mary's*, in the County of *London*, and for adding thereto certain other Lands in *Tid Sear* *Mary's* aforesaid, lying contiguous to the Lands described in the said Act. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Norton* *Motelay* *Heath* to *Rydam* *Holy* *Cross*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *London*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making and repairing a Road from the West End of *Goodenough* *Bridge* to *East* *Rayford* and to *Grangby* *apostle* *Hill*, in the County of *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Tadcaster* *Bridge*, within the County of the City of *York*, to a Place called *Belmore* *Lane* *End*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Beverly* by *Malyng*, to *Kendal* *Hoof*, and from *Malyng* to *Salween* *Beck*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for continuing the Term and altering the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from *Cowcliffe* to *Ponson*, and from *Ponson* to *Ermine* *Bridge*, in the County of *Westmorland*. *Page 550*
39. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *New* *Chappel*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Driffield* *Big* *Hill*, in the County of *Suffol.*; and for amending the Road from *Driffield* *Big* *Hill* to *North* *Walton*, in the County of *Suffol.* *Ibid.*
40. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Seventh and Eleventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Spwell* *Ash*, in the County of *Warwick*, through *Stretley*, to the Town of *Stratford*. *Ibid.*
41. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *West* *End* of *Turpyn* *Road*, in the Hamlet of *Walden*, in the Town of *Walden*, in the County of *Herts.* *Ibid.*
42. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Cranford* *Bridge* to *Langley* *Mill*, in the County of *Bucks.* *Ibid.*
43. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Market *Cross*, in the Township of *Chibson*, to *Safford* *Bridge*, in the Town of *Beaconsfield*, for diverting a Part of the said Road, and for making a Branch of Road to communicate with the *Marlow* and *Princes* *Road*, all in the County Palatine of *LANCASHIRE*. *Ibid.*
44. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as to the same relate to the Two Divisions of Roads therein defined, leading from *Hill* *End* to *Utterston*, and from *Spaul* to the Highway from thence to *Hanging* *Bridge*, in the County of *Suffol.* *Ibid.*
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gaywood* and *Muslow*, in the County of *Northfolk*. *Ibid.*
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thakeham*, *Salfleeton*, and *Wolby*, in the County of *Noting.* *Ibid.*
47. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing the Road from the Turnpike Road at *Wharfedale* *Wash* in the County of *West*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Crookle* to *Geoffrey*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of Two Acts, for repairing the Road from the *Manfield* and *Chilchfield* Turnpike Road, to *Bevingfield* *Wash*, in the County of *Herts.*; and for making a new Road from *Tipton* *Nether* *Cross* to *Stinking* *Edge* *Lane* and *Kent* *Cross*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great* *Waltham*, *Little* *Waltham*, and *Heathen* *and* *Waltham*, in the County of *Northfolk*. *Ibid.*
50. An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for draining, preferring, and improving certain Low Grounds and Caves, in the several Parishes of *East* *John* of *Beverly* and of *St. Mary*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
51. An Act for building a Bridge over the river *Nyfe* at *Levenham*, widening certain Streets, improving the perfect Harbour, extending the Quay, supplying the Inhabitants with Water, regulating the Police, and lighting the Streets of the said Borough. *Ibid.*
52. An Act for regulating the Police of the Borough of *Girdle*, in the County of *Leicestershire*; paving, cleaning, and lighting the Streets and Passages thereof, erecting a Bridge

- well or Workhouse therein, and for other Purposes relating thereto. Page 651
69. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *Almshurst*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
70. An Act for the further Supply of the Copyhold Suburbs of *Gloucester* and Places adjacent with Water. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for paving, cleaning, watering, lighting, and regulating the Streets, and other publick Places, within the Town of *Alton*, in the County of *Cork*, and for removing and erecting Nuisances and Obstructions therein, and for establishing a proper Police in the said Town. *Ibid.*
72. An Act for making a Railway from or near to the Town of *Kilnwarden*, in the County of *Hereford*, to a Place called *The Iron*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
73. An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Truro*, situate on the West Coast of the County of *Hereford*. Page 652
74. An Act for making a navigable Cut from the East Side of the River *Lee* near *Boreham*, into the said River near *Parson's*, in the County of *Essex*, and making various other Improvements in the Navigation of the said River between the Towns of *Boreham* and *Parson's*. *Ibid.*
75. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Wentworth and Embsay* in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
1. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Diocese of *Exeter*, and other Places therein situate, in the County of *Devon*. Page 653
2. An Act for enlarging the Powers of the Acts of His present Majesty, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the City of *Reading*, the Parish of *St. Andrew*, and several other Parishes and Places in the County of *Berk*. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Hereford*. Page 654
- An Act for continuing the Terms, and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Northampton* to and through the Town of *St. Andrew*, and from thence to the Town of *Key Stone*, in the County of the said Town of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
4. An Act to amend the Terms, and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road from *Aspley*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*. *Ibid.*
5. An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Alby*, in the County of *Essex*, to the Town of *Chelmsford*, in the County of *Essex*, and to the Town of *Fogels*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*, and from the Town of *Carlow* to the said Town of *Chelmsford*. *Ibid.*
6. An Act to amend the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Chelmsford*, in the County of *Essex*, to *Wardley*, in the County of *Northampton*, and other Roads; the said Acts respectively to be so far as relate to the Road from *Chelmsford* to *Wardley*. *Ibid.*
7. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the *Wentworth and Embsay* Turnpike, in the County of *Northampton*, to the Colliery near *Peasen Grove*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
8. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Widmore*, in the County of *Hereford*, to *Key Stone*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for continuing and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Northampton* to the Town of *Widmore*. Page 655
10. An Act for amending an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for making and mending Roads from *Wardley*, in the County of *Northampton*, and from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
11. An Act to continue and enlarge the Terms and Powers of Two Acts, for repairing the Road from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Hereford*, near *Widmore*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
12. An Act for taking down and rebuilding the New Bridge across the river *Alton*, in the Borough of *Alton*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*, and for making and forming convenient Roads thereto. Page 656
13. An Act for repairing the Road from *Fishes Road* through the Town of *Gloucester*, to the *Wentworth* Street on *Widmore Common*, in the County of *Leicestershire*, and for repairing several Roads adjoining thereto. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for making a new Road from *Widmore* to *Northampton* above-mentioned. Page 657
15. An Act for the more effectually repairing a certain Road called *The Woad*, *St. Andrew*, and *Key Stone* Roads mentioned in the Counters of *Salop* and *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
16. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Hereford*, and from *Widmore* to *Gloucester*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in so far as respects the County District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
17. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Widmore* to *Key Stone*, in the County of *Hereford*, and from *Widmore* to *Gloucester*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in so far as respects the County District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
18. An Act for removing Doubts as to the Appointees of certain Surplus Mares and for mending, watering, and setting Cows, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, under Two Acts of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
19. An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His late Majesty, for the due making of Bread, to regulate the Price of said Bread, and to punish Persons who sell adulterous Meal, Flour, or Bread, so far as the laws relate to the Weighing of Bread to be baked and sold under the Words: *Edict of Mortality*, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Towns. *Ibid.*
20. An Act for mending an Act, made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for extending the Provisions of Two former Acts relating to the Use of Black Hides in making Boots and shoes, and preventing the damaging of Raw Hides and Skins in the Flaying thereof, and for making other Provisions in that behalf. Page 658
21. An Act for vesting detached Parts of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable Thomas, Lord *Er Deslowers*, in the County of *Hereford*, in him and his Heirs, and for subdividing and selling other Estates of greater Value, and more convenient to be held with the Bulk of the

- had settled Estates, and in Exchange for the same. *Page 656*
1222. An Act for making the several Estates, devised by the Will of the late King George the First, in Trustees, upon Trust to be the same, and to lay out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates. *Ibid.*
1223. An Act for enabling John Wilson Esquire, Esquire, to grant Building Leases of Lands in the Parish of *St. Mary Newington* in the County of *Surry*, for Terms of Years not exceeding Twenty-one Years. *Ibid.*
1224. An Act for effectuating an Exchange between Thomas Wilson Esquire, Esquire, and the Trustees of the said Estates. *Ibid.*
1225. An Act for selling certain Messes, Rents, and Tythes in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Comberland*, Part of the Estates settled by the Will of the *Loyal People* *Charles*, Baronet, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold, and to enable the Devises under the same Will to enfranchise several customary Estates holden of several Manors in the said Counties, settled by the same Will, and for applying Part of the Money arising from such Sales and Enfranchisements in paying off certain Legacies given by the said Will, and selling the Remainder in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
1226. An Act for enabling the Governor and Directors of the Hospital for Poor French Protestants and their Descendants residing in *Great Street*, to grant such Part of the Site of the Building and the Lands belonging to the said Hospital, or such Part thereof as they shall think proper, upon Building Leases. *Ibid.*
1227. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *St. Mary Lambeth*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
1228. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Clipping Motes* and *Abchurch*, in the County Palatine of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
1229. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Beauchamp and Long*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
1230. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Leeds*. *Ibid.*
1231. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Rastbury*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
1232. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Marple*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
1233. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bolton*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
1234. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wickwood*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
1235. An Act for improving, paving, and otherwise improving certain Streets and other publick Passages and Places, in the Parish of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
1236. An Act for lighting, watching, and regulating the Streets and Lanes, and other publick Passages and Places, in the Town of *Beverly*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
1237. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundreds of *Wiltshire*, *Worcestershire*, *Hertfordshire*, and *Devonshire* in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
1238. An Act for the better and more easy settling of the Town of *Widdow*, in the County of *Devon*; for determining Differences touching Houses demolished by the late Fire there; and for preventing future Danger by Fire. *Ibid.*
1239. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers, of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bottom of *Char's Lane*, in the Town of *Newburgh* in the County of *Stafford*, to the Road from *New* to *Chilley*, near *Newburgh*, in the County of *Stafford*, and other Roads therein mentioned. *Page 657*
1240. An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Newburgh* to *the Four Lane Ends*, near *Newburgh*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
1241. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Rings* and *Wid* to *the Road*, to or near to *Widley* in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
1242. An Act for making or mending Trustees certain Estates and Property in *England*, in the Right Honourable William Earl of *Brockdale* and *St. John*, and Baron *Stowe* in *England*, which has not been sold or disposed of under and by virtue of Two Acts of Parliament, made in the Thirtieth and Forty-fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
1243. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
1244. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Mardon*, *James Saint Andrew*, *James Saint Nicholas*, and *Wilmington*, and certain Chappels, Townships, and Parishes adjacent thereto, in the County of *Hertford*. *Ibid.*
1245. An Act to enable the Commercial Insurance Company of *Dublin* to sue, and be sued, in the Name of their Secretary. *Ibid.*
1246. An Act for making more effectual Provisions for maintaining, regulating, and employing the Force of the Parish of *St. John*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
1247. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County Palatine of *Leicester*, and within the Townships of *Stapley*, and other Places therein mentioned, in the County Palatine of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
1248. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Grand *Stony* Canal to supply with Water the several Towns, Villages, and Places therein mentioned, and to amend the several Acts relating to the said Canal. *Ibid.*
1249. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from *St. John's* Pond to *Kilmore* *Bridge*, and for making a new Road from the great Northern Road at *Stogrove* to the *Edgeware* Road near *Paddington*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
1250. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Highchapel* Road at *Pyrcote* to the *Carlisle* Road at *Highfield* Common, and from *Pyrcote* to the *Highfield* Road at *Peppers* Common, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
1251. An Act for empowering Trustees to fill and carry the Freetield and Copyhold Estates devised by the Will of John *Grey*, Esquire, deceased, and to lay out the Money arising by the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be held in trust thereof, and to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
1252. An Act for regulating the Proceedings in the Courts Banne at the Mannors of *Highland* and *Earlfield*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
1253. An Act for rebuilding the Pier, and for improving the Harbour of *Burghage* in *London*. *Ibid.*
1254. An Act for erecting, altering, and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His present Majesty, as relates to making (within the Statute Liberties in the River of *Jewell*), and keeping a Collection of Money in the same, and otherwise regulating, mending, and repairing Highways and Bridges in the said River. *Ibid.*
1255. An Act to continue Two Acts of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Drogheda*. *Ibid.*
1256. An Act for enabling the Justices of the Peace for the Eastern Division of the County of *Stafford*, to take down the *pudder*.

1801. An Act for making more effectual an Act of His Majesty, for drawing certain Lead-mines lying on both sides the River of Exmouth, in the County of Devon, and for raising the Navigation of the said River from the High Bridge in the City of Exeter, to the Sea. *Stat. 42.*
1802. An Act to amend and extend the Powers of an Act, passed in the Seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Recovery of Small Debts in the Town and County of the Borough of Kingston-upon-Avon. *Stat. 43.*
1803. An Act for the better and more effectual Recovery of Small Debts within the Territory of White Chappin, and in several Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of Stafford. *Stat. 44.*
1804. An Act for extending and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames at Newington-Parish, in the County of Oxford. *Stat. 45.*
1805. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts for improving the River, from London, to the Stone of Barking, and through Killy, in the Shire of Buckingham, to the Mouth. *Stat. 46.*
1806. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road leading from the Town of Northall, in the Division known by the Name of Northall, in the County of Lincoln. *Stat. 47.*
1807. An Act for carrying into Execution an Act for repairing the Road from Northall's Bridge to Penderle Ferry, in the County of Northampton. *Stat. 48.*
1808. An Act for settling the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of the Right Honourable Edward late Lord Thurlow, and for laying out the Money to arise by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the Uses of his Lordship's Will. *Stat. 49.*
1809. An Act for enabling the Master, Wardens, Fellows, Brothers, Sisters, and Scholars of the College of God's Gift in Dulwich, in the County of Surrey, to grant a Lease or Leases of certain Estates belonging to the said College, in the said County, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose, and also to grant Building Leases of other Parts of the said Estates, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Stat. 50.*
1810. An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of Warwick, Middlesex, and Montgomery, late of the Right Honourable Robert Earl of Gainsborough, deceased, in Trust to be sold, and for applying the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the subsisting Uses of the Will of the said Robert Earl of Gainsborough, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Stat. 51.*
1811. An Act for enabling the Trustees under the Will of William Baskin, Esquire, deceased, to change the Order of Sale of the Real Estate, late of the said William Baskin, and for enabling the Devisee under the Will of the said William Baskin, to grant Leases of such Part of his Estates as shall remain unsold. *Stat. 52.*
1812. An Act for selling Part of the settled and devised Estates of Sir John Willoughby de Par, Baronet, deceased, in Trust, for Sale, and for settling the remaining Part of the said settled and devised Estates in the Manner therein mentioned. *Stat. 53.*
1813. An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of Thomas Pittes Leigh, Esquire, deceased, to grant building and repairing Leases of certain Estates in the Parish of Warrington, and in the Township of Blundell near Manchester, in the County of Lancashire, and to accept Surrenders, and for appointing new Trustees, and for other Purposes. *Stat. 54.*
1814. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act to prepare an Ordinance regular de Charitable Foundations of Doctor Richard Fox, 1st Lord Bishop of Waterford and Lismore, in the City of Waterford, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.* *Stat. 55.*
1815. An Act for appointing new Trustees for carrying into Execution the Trusts and Powers contained in the Settlement executed on the Marriage of John Staphord Esquire, with Eliza Anne his Wife. *Stat. 56.*
1816. An Act to enable Nathaniel Le Aston Esquire, and others, to grant Building Leases of Lands situate near Barking, in the County of Middlesex, devised by the Will of the late George Le Aston. *Stat. 57.*
1817. An Act for selling the Share of Thomas Knight God as Infant, or and in the Estates late of the deceased Thomas Knight Clerk, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust, to carry the Contents entered into for the Sale thereof into Execution, or otherwise to sell and dispose of the same, and for vesting the Money to arise thereon under the Direction of the Court of Chancery in the Purchase of other Lands to be conveyed to the Use of him the said Thomas Knight God, and his Heirs. *Stat. 58.*
1818. An Act for confirming and rendering valid and effectual an Exchange made in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty two, between William Mordaunt Esquire, deceased, and Charles Mordaunt Esquire, his eldest Son, also deceased, and the Year of 1818, in the County of Northampton, of Lands and Hereditaments of the said William Mordaunt and Charles Mordaunt, in the Parish of Ryly, for a full Part of the Globe belonging to the said Exchange. *Stat. 59.*
1819. An Act to enable John Briggs Foxe, Devisee for his own Use in Partion of certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates situate at or near Kilburn in the Parish of Hoxton, in the County of Middlesex, under and by virtue of the Will and Codicil of Robert Foxe late of Saint Martin's Lane, in the said County of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased, to grant Building Leases of the lease Estates for any Term not exceeding the Term of Ninety-nine Years. *Stat. 60.*
1820. An Act for building the Oxford High Barrow, to grant certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Parish of Moulton, in the County Palatine of Lancaster, for the Purpose of the Manchester public Infirmary, Dispensary, Lunatick Hospital, and Asylum, and for vesting the Property and Effects belonging to the said Charity in Trustees for the Benefit thereof. *Stat. 61.*
1821. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of Worthington, in the County of Oxford. *Stat. 62.*
1822. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of Buntingford, in the County of Devon. *Stat. 63.*
1823. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of Chelvey and Manor of Chelvey Downland, in the County of Surrey. *Stat. 64.*
1824. An Act for including Lands in that Part of the Parish of East Herts in the Counties of Hertford and Devon, which is not within the Franchise of Kildisford, in the said County of Hertford. *Stat. 65.*
1825. An Act for including Lands in the Manor of Heron, in the County of Bedford. *Stat. 66.*
1826. An Act for allotting and including the Town or Chale of Chawwood, otherwise Chelvey Forest or Chale and Baskley Place, in the County of Lincoln. *Stat. 67.*
1827. An Act for including Lands in the several Manors of Kington-upon-Thames and Incewood, otherwise Incewood, in

- to the County of *Devon*, and for selling Part of such Lands for the Purpose of granting a Court House and Market Place for the said Town. *Page 654*
- ccvii.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chiddingfold*, in the County of *Hampshire*. *Ibid.*
- ccviii.** An Act to amend Two Acts, to be and to be supplying the City of *London* with Water, respecting the Harbour of the said City, and the Regulation of Pilots and Vessels along the Coast, and for extending the Jurisdiction of the Court held in the said City for the Recovery of Small Debts. *Ibid.*
- ccix.** An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Borough of *Salisbury*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- ccx.** An Act to revise the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers, of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Highgate*, through *Highgate*, to the Parliament Road between *Islington* and *Roha*, in the Counties of *Surry*, *Essex*, and *London*. *Ibid.*
- ccxi.** An Act for repairing the Roads from *Yew-croft* to the Town of *Princesburg*, and *Truly*, and to *Northampton*, and from *Lawton* *Alton* to *Gaslowe* *St. Ives*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
- ccxii.** An Act for surveying into Escheat as an Agreement entered into between the Honourable and Right Reverend *James* Lord Bishop of *Ely* and *John* Thurg, the Elder, of *Gloucester* *Parish*, in the County of *Cambridge*, *Essex*, for the Exchange of the Advowson of the Rectory of *Swanwick*, in the County of *Cambridge*, Part of the Possessions of the See of *Ely*, for the Rectory of *Swanwick*, in the County of *Essex*, vested in the said *John* Thurg. *Ibid.*
- ccxiii.** An Act for settling the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Philip* Earl of *Northampton*, Situate in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trusts, upon Trust, as to certain Parts which have been contracted to be sold, to convey the same to the respective Purchasers, and as to the Residue, in Trust to sell the same, and for settling the Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in other Estates to be settled in like Trust, and to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
- ccxiv.** An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts, passed in the Thirtieth, Forty-fourth, and Forty-fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling the Lord Bishop of *London* to grant a Lease, with Powers of Renewal, of Lands in the Parish of *Parish*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Purpose of building upon. *Ibid.*
- ccxv.** An Act for settling in Trusts, the Personal Estates of the Reverend *Richard* *Daniel*, Master of Arts in the University of *Durham*, and making them a Corporation for the Purpose of carrying into Effect the charitable Design and Intentions of the Will of the said *Richard* *Daniel*. *Ibid.*
- ccxvi.** An Act for settling the Fee Simple of the Estates devised by the Will of *Edmond* *Garwick*, Gentleman, deceased, in Trusts for the charitable Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- ccxvii.** An Act to amend Two Acts passed in *Richard*, for the better Education of Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion, and for the better Management of the Money allotted by the Government for the Education of the said Persons. *Page 612*
- ccxviii.** An Act for supplying the Town and Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *Kent*, with Water, by conveying of so much of an Act of the last Session as respects the Location of a Market House in the said Town. *Ibid.*
- ccxix.** An Act for repairing the Road from *St. Andrew* *Shannon* and *St. Andrew* *Shannon*, and to the Top of *Northampton* *St. Andrew* *Shannon*. *Ibid.*
- ccxx.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Borough of *London*, in the County of *Northampton*, and to the Trustees of *London*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the said County, and for paving, and otherwise improving the Streets and other publick Places within the Town of *London*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- ccxxi.** An Act for effecting an Exchange between the President and Scholars of *St. John* *Baptist* *College*, in the University of *Oxford*, and *Christopher* *Hill* of *Parish*, in the County of *Kent*, *Essex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxii.** An Act to confirm and make void and effectual a Partition of divers Lands and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Devon* and *Wiltshire*, in *Richard*, formerly the Estates of *Jeffrey* *Paul* *Esquire*, deceased. *Ibid.*
- ccxxiii.** An Act for selling Part of the Estates of *Paul* *Hagget*, an Infant, in Trusts, to be sold, and for applying the Money arising therefrom in Part Discharge of certain Incumbrances charged thereon. *Ibid.*
- ccxxiv.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Andrew* *Shannon*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxv.** An Act for inclosing Lands in the Borough and Parish of *Tranbyrigg*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for vesting the Advowson of the Rectory of *St. Andrew* *Shannon*, within the said Borough and Parish, in Trusts for certain Purposes. *Ibid.*
- ccxxvi.** An Act for exchanging Part of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Francis* Earl of *Alford*, Situate in *England*, for Part of the Estates of the Right Honourable *John* *Alford*, Countess of *Alford*, her Wife, Situate in *Scotland*, including the Castle of *Alford*. *Ibid.*
- ccxxvii.** An Act for selling an Estate called *Kilgerran* *Forest*, in the County of *Northampton*, being an Estate devised by the Will of *Thomas* *Esquire*, deceased, in Trusts, to be sold, for the Payment of Legacies, and for laying out the Residue of the Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
- ccxxviii.** An Act for settling in *James* *Robert* *Gaston*, of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*, *Essex*, a Messuage and Term, with the Appurtenances, in *Northampton* *Alford*, and for applying the Money to arise thereby in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estate sold. *Ibid.*
- ccxxix.** An Act to prevent the Right of Presentation to the Rectory and Parish Church of *Swanwick*, in the County of *Northampton*, from lapsing for a limited Time. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

5. AN Act concerning Lands in the Parish of *Stapley*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
6. An Act concerning Lands in the Township of *All-leigh*, in the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Eslington*, and Parish of *Eslington*, in the County of *Stafford*.
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Heaton*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wig-Terrug*, and the Parishes thereof, in the County of *Suffex*.
10. An Act for selling certain Lands belonging to the Right Honourable *William Wyndham Lord Greyndell*, and *Ann Borewell Greyndell*, his Wife, and a Perpetual House to be built on the said Lands, in the Rector for the Time being of the united Parishes of *Bassano* and *Brookfield*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in Exchange for the Pastureage House of *Bassano*, and certain other Lands belonging to that Part of the said united Parishes called *Bassano*.
11. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell such Parts and Portions of the estate of *Eliza*, of *Callis*, and other Hereditaments, situate in the County of *Ayr*, which belonged to, and were vested by *David*, late Earl of *Cathers*, deceased, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts contracted by her and her Predecessors, and owing and affecting, or which may be made to affect the said estate of *Eliza*; and for creating a Fund for the Purchase of other Lands and Messuages to be sold in lieu of the Parts and Portions so sold.
12. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Clypham*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Felbyshire*, in the Parishes of *Halwicksle* and *Lowby*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Llan-gwyny* and *Llanfyllon*, in the County of *Cardiganshire*.
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Llith*, in the County of *Cardiganshire*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thwythall* and *Margaret*, and *Troughall* and *Salcey*, in the County of *Northampton*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Orsington*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Brinklingborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Quare*, otherwise *Quarrel*, in the County of *Derby*.
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Brims*, *Oldby*, *Thorncliffe*, *Yewby*, and *Eve*, in the County of *Suffex*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Priestley* and *Calmer*, otherwise *Colmery*, in the County of *Sussex*.
22. An Act to enable the Reverend *George J. Eborac*, and his Heirs Male, to take the Navy, and from the Arms of *Yarborough*, pursuant to the Will of *Maria Thores*, Widow, deceased.
23. An Act for amending *Charles Frederick Pughell*.
24. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell such Parts of the estate of *Eliza*, of *Cathers* and *Plains*, in the Counties of *Ayr* and *Fife*, in Scotland, belonging to *James Cathers*, Esquire, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the same.
25. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty for inclosing and draining Lands within the Manor, Mewse, and Parish of *Warrington*, in the County of *Stafford*.
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Lamm*, in the County of *Stafford*.
27. An Act for inclosing *North Heath Common*, in the Parish of *Polkington*, in the County of *Suffex*.
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Archie*, in the County of *Warrington*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
29. An Act to amend an Act, made in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Garsall*, in the County Palatine of *Lincoln*.
30. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Eslington*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
31. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Cowbois*, in the Parish of *Goodwin*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Townships or Liberties of *Washers*, *Orms*, and *Swindon*, in the Parish of *Washdon*, in the County of *Stafford*.
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Eslington*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
34. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Swinghead*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Waterbeare* and *Wigh*, otherwise *Wincles*, in the County of *Derby*.
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wincles* and *Wigh*, in the County of *Derby*.
37. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Embserton*, in the County of *Stafford*.
38. An Act for inclosing, and accounting from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of *Swiby* and *Stiborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Byfield*, in the County of *Stafford*.
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Salter*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Clay west* and *Clay east*, in the County of *Northampton*.
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Harborough*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Tithes.*]

36. An Act to alter, amend, and explain an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Littlebury, in the County of Gloucester.
37. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Clon, in the County of Wick.
38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Alme-Langdon*, in the County of *Hereford*.
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newby-land*, in the County of *Hereford*.
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newby-land* and *Leighston*, in the County of *Hereford*.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Lythgoose*, in the County of *York*; and also a Common Pasture, called *Plowd*, in the said Parish, and the Parishes of *Warrington*, *Norwich*, *Barnes*, and *Justice Veng*, in the said County.
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Upton-cum-Wharfedale*, in the County of *Westminster*.
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Aston* (*Chelmsley*), and in the Parish of *Aston* (*Worlaby*), in the County of *Leicestershire*.
44. An Act for inclosing Land in *Great Crayke*, in the County of *Lincolnshire*.
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Clowes* and *Woolley*, in the County of *Hereford*.
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Godford* (*Star Par*), in the County of *Wiltshire*.
47. An Act for establishing *John Henry* Heir.
48. An Act for establishing *John Frederick* Heir.
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Seighen*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Derby* and *Leip*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Lampford*, in the Counties of *Leicestershire* and *Nottinghamshire*; or one of them.
52. An Act for embanking the Salt Marshes in the Parishes of *Frisling* and *Sturton*, in the County of *Lincolnshire*, and for making the same, and other Lands within the said Parishes.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
53. An Act for settling the lasted Estates of *John Sept* and *Margaret* his Wife, in Trustees to be sold, and for laying out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates sold.
54. An Act for settling the Heirs of *Estard* in Possession for the Term being of the Lands and Estate of *Robt. Curzon*, in the County of *Derbyshire*, *New Britain*, under the Authority of the Court of Session, in contrast to the Sale of the Fir Woods growing thereon, and for the better Enclosure and Possession of the Powers and Conditions contained in the Deed of *Estard* affecting the said Lands and Estate.
55. An Act for altering and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Waltham*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Worsley*, in the County of *Westminster*, and for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Worsley*, in the County of *Westminster*.
57. An Act for allotting and dividing Lands in the Parish of *Grave*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Hythcliffe*, in the County of *York*.
59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wyl Marston*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Perthlyer*, in the County of *Westminster*.
61. An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Alton*, in the Parish of *Alton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
62. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Parish of *Slaply*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[*Alton in the King as Compensation of his Title in right of the Crown, in Marriage, Covert and Leys for his Deed and Right in his Parish of Slaply, over the Manor or Parish of Slaply.*]
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Treyrag*, in the County of *Westminster*.
64. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parishes of *Falconsley* and *Grave*, *Stifford*, *Little Ryburgh*, and *Great Ryburgh*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
65. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing a certain Warren called *Sheffield Warren*, in the Parish of *Sheffield* (*English*), in the County of *Westminster*.
66. An Act for establishing *Alberich Haug* and *Sophia Haug*.
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gangton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Umbrosey*, *Linsburgh*, *Bachelsh*, *Linsgou*, and *Linsgou*, in the County of *Westminster*.
69. An Act for vesting the Rent, Freehold, and Chattel Estates and Lands, which heretofore belonged to *William Brothelton*, late of *Wylshill*, in the County of *Westminster*, *Edmund*, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold for the Payment of his Debts and Legacies, and for laying out the Surplus of the Monies arising from such Sale or Sales, after Payment of such Debts and Legacies, in the Purchase of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in Fee-simple to be granted and settled to the several Uses and upon the Trusts therein mentioned.
70. An Act to enable the Executrix and Executor in Trust of the Will of *Alexander Duce* to grant Leases of Lands and Commons in the City of *Cardiff*, and in the Liberties of the said City, and to apply the Rents and Profits thereof to the Uses of the said Will.
71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ardeleyton*, in the County of *Berks*, and in the several Parishes, *Tytton*, or *Harleton* of *East Woodend*, *West Woodend*, *East Luchington*, *West Luchington*, and *St. Andrew*, in the same County.
72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Leah* (*Janney*), in the County of *Wiltshire*.
73. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Reverend *Charles Haug* with *Mary Anne* his Wife by now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Swad* (*Grange*), in the County of *Gloucester*.

THE

STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quadragesimo octavo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty-fourth Day of June, Anno Domini 1767, in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued, by several Proclamations, to the Twenty-fourth Day of January 1768; being the Second Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills. [17th February 1768.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain Regulations should be established in relation to the making out, issuing, and paying off all Exchequer Bills which may hereafter be issued for the raising of any Money under the Authority of Parliament; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the Commissioners of the Treasury may be used, exercised, and executed by the High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being; and all Orders and Directions given by any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, in relation to any Matter or Thing mentioned in this Act, upon which the Commissioners of the Treasury are empowered to give any Order or Direction, shall be as valid and effectual as if given by the Whole of such Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Exchequer Bills which shall hereafter be made forth, under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, shall be prepared and made out at the Receipt of the Exchequer, in such Manner and Form as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think most safe and convenient, and may contain one common Sum or different Sums in the principal Monies: Provided always, that every such Exchequer Bill shall and may be signed by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, or in his Name by any Person duly authorized by the said Auditor to sign the same, with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in Writing under their Hands; and that every such Authority shall be duly registered in the proper Office for the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and Notice thereof published in the London Gazette, before any Exchequer Bill, signed by virtue of such Authority, shall be put into Circulation.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the said Exchequer Bills so to be prepared and made out, either of one common Sum or different Sums in the principal Monies therein contained, shall be respectively numbered arithmetically, beginning with the Number One, and so proceeding in an arithmetical Progression ascending, whereas the common Excheq or Difference shall always be one.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and as often as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall deem any Exchequer Bill to be made out, it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, at any Time or Times thereafter, to give Directions for paying off and discharging the Principal of such Exchequer Bills, or any Part thereof, with the Interest thereon, out of the Monies applicable by Law to that Purpose, at such Time and in such Manner as to them shall seem most convenient and beneficial to the Publick Service.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Interest which shall from Time to Time be due upon any Exchequer Bill or Bills which may be hereafter issued and which shall be made payable in Part of any Revenue, Supply,

Power hereby given to Commissioners of Treasury may be exercised by a Quorum.

Exchequer Bills shall be made out as Treasurers shall direct.

and signed by the Auditor, &c.

Bills shall be numbered arithmetically.

Power of Payment.

Save as shall be directed by the Act, 1763 in the 24th Year of the said King's Majesty.

Revenue but not
to Heads of Col-
lectors, &c.

Aid, or Tax, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, giving the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors, or any of His Majesty's Revenue, Supplies, Aids, or Taxes, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be so paid: Provided always, that no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills during the Time any such Bill or Bills to be paid shall remain in the Hands of any of the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Teller of the Receipt of the Exchequer, but for each Time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

Where such Bills
are paid by, Part-
ies shall write
down Names and
the Distinctions

VI. And to the End it may be known for what Time such Bill-bearing Interest shall from Time to Time remain in the Hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid; be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons who shall pay any such Bill or Bills in bearing Interest to any Receiver or Collector of any of His Majesty's Revenue, Supplies, Aids, or Taxes, shall, at the Time of making such Payment on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon as Words at Length the Day of the Month and Year in which he, she, or they so paid such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall take care to do and perform accordingly; in which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed upon their paying the same into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid.

Treasury shall be
able to charge, In-
debtors, and Con-
tribute.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all the said Exchequer Bills shall be prepared and made out with such Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, as shall be directed by the Commissioners of the Treasury; and that the Person or Persons appointed, or who shall be appointed to pay off the said Bills, shall from Time to Time have the Use and Custody of the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, from which the said Bills shall have been cut, to prevent his or their being imposed upon by counterfeit or forged Bills; and that all the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, shall be delivered back into the Receipt of the Exchequer, when the said Bills shall have been paid off, cancelled, and discharged, and the Accrual thereof shall have been audited and allowed.

Bills defaced shall
be exchanged.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills shall by any Accident be defaced, a Bill be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury from Time to Time to cause a new Bill or new Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of the Bill or Bills which shall be so defaced, which Bill or Bills so defaced shall be cancelled at the Receipt of the Exchequer, and kept there as a File or Files for that Purpose; and such Bill or Bills so to be made forth is less thereof, shall have a like Course, and shall in all Respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance as the Bill or Bills so defaced, and shall bear the same Number, Date, and principal Sum, and carry the like Interest as was borne and carried by the Bill or Bills so cancelled respectively.

Penalty on
forging, or
Exchanging Bills;
Penalty without
Change.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bill, or any Indentment or Writing thereupon or thereon, or tender in Payment any such forged or counterfeited Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such counterfeit Indentment or Writing thereon, or shall demand to have such counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such counterfeit Indentment or Writing thereupon or thereon, exchanged for ready Money or for another Exchequer Bill, by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, knowing the Bill so tendered as Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Indentment or Writing thereupon or thereon to be forged or counterfeited, and with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the Person to be appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or to pay any Interest thereupon, or the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall contract or contract or exchange the same, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate; then every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Treasury may ap-
point Paymaster or
Comptroller, &c.
for paying off Ex-
chequer Bills.

X. And whereas, by reason of the Multiplicity of Payments which may be made in paying off Exchequer Bills, it may be difficult, if not impossible, that every Payment should be made by the several Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer; therefore, and to the End the Exchequer may regularly be discharged of all the Moneys required by any Act to be applied for paying off any Exchequer Bills, and other Charges attending the same; be it enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury shall and may from Time to Time, by Writing under their Hands, constitute and appoint such Person and Persons, as they shall think fit to be the Paymaster or Paymasters, and shall and may appoint a Comptroller and such other Officers and Clerks as they shall deem necessary, to pay off and discharge the principal Sums which shall from Time to Time be in course of Payment upon any Exchequer Bills; and to pay the Interest due thereupon, and the Premium or Premiums, Rate or Rates, which, according to any Contract or Contracts made or to be made for exchanging and cancelling the said Bills, or any of them, shall be due or payable to such Comptrollers; and to take in and put upon a File or Files, from Time to Time all such Bills as shall be paid off, to be cancelled, as the Commissioners of the Treasury shall direct; and to do and perform, or cause and procure to be done and performed, such other Matters and Things as relative as the said Bills, or the Principal and Interest thereon to be contained, as to the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall seem meet, and shall be by them directed as to be done and performed by such Paymaster or Paymasters, Comptroller or other Officers and Clerks for the Time being; all which Payments shall be made at an Office to be kept in or near the Receipt of the Exchequer at His Majesty's for that Purpose; and that the Commissioners of the Treasury shall take or cause to be taken Security from every Person so constituted or appointed, for his due paying, answering, and accounting for all the Moneys which he shall receive, and for his true and faithful Performance of his Office or Trust.

Paymaster shall be
in Command of
Treasury.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Paymaster or Paymasters shall be subject and liable to such Inspections, Examination, Oversight, and Audit, and to such Rules in Respect to paying, answering, and other Matters relating to the Execution of the said Office or Trust of Paymaster, as the Commissioners of the Treas-

Treasury to authorize and direct the Auditor of the Receipt of Exchequer to burn or otherwise destroy the said Cheques, Indents, and Counterfoils, as being of no farther Use whatsoever to the Publick Service.

* *Act may be altered, &c. this Session. § 20.*

C A P. II.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in Great Britain, and on Penions and Officers in England, and for repealing in so much of certain Acts as relate to certain Duties of Sixpence and One Shilling respectively on Officers and Penions, and for regranting the said Duties of Sixpence and One Shilling respectively, and the said other Duties, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [17th February 1803.]

* *Most Gracious Sovereign,*

W E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's *paid & Expenses, have freely and voluntarily refused to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the Rates, Duties, and Impositions, heretofore mentioned: And do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that a *may be collected* * and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the Towns of Brewhouse-Town, the Duty for and upon all Malt which, is and by any Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Ale, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and forty-one, was granted or continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and forty-two, and which, by several subsequent Acts, has from Time to Time been granted and continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be further continued, in like Manner, and shall be and is by this Act changed for or upon all Malt which shall be made within that Part of Great Britain, called England, Wales, and the Towns of Brewhouse-Town, from and after the Twenty-third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine.*

Il. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and finished, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, the Duty hereinafter mentioned, (that is to say) For and upon every Bushel of Malt, which at any Time or Times, from and after the Twenty-third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be made of Berley or any other Cere or Grain in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be Sold) the Sum of Three-pence, and in proportionally to a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively. Which said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, until the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, during the Time and Term aforesaid; by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rates and Deductions, and with such and the like Allowances and Repayments proportionably, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers in all respects, not otherwise directed by this Act, as are preferred, mentioned, or expressed in the said former Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the Duties by them or any of them granted or continued; and that the same Act formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as far as concerning the said Duties upon Malt, and every Article, Rate, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them or any of them contained, or therein referred unto, and now being in force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in force and effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the Rates, Duties, and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things being the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act; save and except as to so much of the said Acts, or any of them, herein mentioned or referred unto, as give Power to the Commissioners of Excise, or to any other Person or Persons therein named, in England and Scotland respectively, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons for the Duties of such Malt which should grow due or payable from him, him, or them, by the said Acts or either of them; any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. * And whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, due of all Charges and Expenses of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of then Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, by a Malt Tax, to be raised and levied in or upon England, by a Duty of Three-pence per Bushel on all Malt made and consumed in Scotland; and in case the said Duty of Three-pence per Bushel upon Malt, to be charged in Scotland by virtue of this Act, being duly provided and collected, shall not be sufficient effectually to raise and recover the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds in nett Money, after all Charges and Deductions whatsoever, that then such Deficiency shall be made good by a Surcharge to be made upon all Makers of Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in Proportion

Malt Duty in England under 2 G. 3. c. 3. Malt & continued by 57 G. 3. c. 1. & 2. & continued by 58 G. 3. c. 1.

Duty on Malt under 2 G. 3. c. 3. & continued by 57 G. 3. c. 1. & 2. & continued by 58 G. 3. c. 1.

Duties shall be paid in under several Acts.

Except as is expressed in the Enact.

An Act, shall be made in Scotland by the 20th Day of 2d per Bushel.

* to the Malt they shall respectively make between the Twenty-third Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and eight* and the Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and nine*: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and nine*, no *Cask* shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, or that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, that the Duty upon Malt made in *Scotland* by this Act, granted as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds as aforesaid, then and in such *Cask* it shall and may be lawful for the said last-mentioned Commissioners of Excise, and the Officers under them, to make a proportional Surcharge upon all and every *Perish* and *Partish* who shall have made any Malt in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, within the Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and nine*, or in such *Month*, by way of additional Duty, upon all the Malt made by such *Perish* or *Partish* respectively, or shall make good such *Perish* or *Partish* proportional Part of such Deficiency: which said Surcharge shall be paid to the respective Collectors of the said Duties on Malt by the respective *Perish* or *Partish* on whom the same shall be made, within One Month after the same shall be so charged, or in Default thereof, the respective *Perish* or *Partish* who shall neglect or refuse to make such Payment, shall forfeit Triple the Sum upon him, her, or them respectively charged as aforesaid, to be recovered in such Manner as the Duty of Three-pence *per Bushel* may be recovered by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament here-before made or to be made, which said Surcharge by way of additional Duty for making good the Deficiency of the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds (if any such Deficiency there shall be) shall be computed and settled as follows, to wit, (that is to say), as the particular Quantity of Malt made by each such *Maltster* or *Maker* of Malt in *Scotland*, within the said Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and nine* shall bear Proportion to the whole Quantity of Malt made in *Scotland* within the same Year, so the particular Surcharge to be made upon such particular *Maltster* or *Maker* of Malt, for or towards making good the said Deficiency, shall bear Proportion to the whole Sum which shall be found to be deficient as aforesaid.

IV. Provided nevertheless, and be it declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rate of Three-pence *per Bushel* shall produce a greater Sum than the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds clear of all Charges of Management, the said Surcharge is to be paid over and above the said clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds shall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting of the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in *Scotland*, as may most conduce to the general Good of the United Kingdom, and to no other Use, Interest, or Purpose whatsoever, as such Matter is directed by an Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, entitled, *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*.

V. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all *Cases* where the basis before recited Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign did relate to any Day or Time within the Year which commenced from the Twenty-third Day of *June One thousand seven hundred and forty-one*, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year commenced from the said Twenty-third Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and eight*.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in *Scotland* not to be consumed there, which at any Time or Times between the Twenty-third Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and eight* and the Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and nine*, shall be brought into *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, shall in case the same shall be brought by Sea, be entered with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed* aforesaid, and the Sum of Sixpence *per Bushel* for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced that it hath paid the said Duty of Three-pence *per Bushel* in *Scotland*; and if such Certificate be produced, then there shall be paid no more than Three-pence *per Bushel*, by virtue of this Act, for such Malt so brought into *England*; and in case the same be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of *Berwick* or *Cowfey*, and there entered with the Officer for the said Duties, in such of the said Towns by or through which such Malt shall be so carried, and the like Duty of Sixpence *per Bushel* for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then there shall be paid no more than Three-pence *per Bushel* by virtue of this Act; on pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or be brought into *England* without such Entry or Payment of Duties as aforesaid; and in case any Malt made in *Scotland* shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of *Scotland*, or be brought from thence by Land or by Road to the Towns before mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, for His Majesty's Use, One Month of the aforesaid Provisions to be and go to the King's Majesty, and the other Month thereof to such *Perish* or *Partish* as shall inform, lose, or be for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such Wages, Mares, and Methews as may Penalties and Forfeitures are by this or any the former Acts relating to the Malt Duties to be recovered and levied, or by Advers of Debt, or upon the Cafe, Bill, Pleas, or Informations, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, Pleas, Wages of Law, or more than one Jurisdiction, shall be allowed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June One thousand eight hundred and eight*, there shall be allowed to *Maltsters* and *Makers* of Malt, for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of *Barley* or other Cereals or Grain which shall be made into Malt for Exportation, in *Cain* where by Law any Bounty is allowed as the Expectation of Malt, an Allowance of Thirty Quarters after the same shall be dried and made into Malt, and so more, upon the Expectation thereof, through by their Swearing,

no Malt to be
exported
shall be
made on
Malt-

any Malt to be
exported
shall be
made on
Malt-

This Act shall
relate to the
Days of the
Year 1741
c. 26.

Malt brought
from Scotland
by Sea, shall be
entered in the
Book of landing,
and pay the
said duty
beforeland.

Malt brought by
Land shall be
entered in a
Book at
Cowfey.

Malt not to be
exported, but
to be consumed

Maltster, for
every Quarter
of Cereals made
into Malt for
Exportation, shall
be allowed
Twenty Quarters
of Malt-

writing, or wording the same, the said Twenty Quarter shall be no way so any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarter.

Malt shipped for
Exportation shall
not be liable to
Seizure.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if after the shipping of any Malt pursuant to the report of the Malt to be shipped to be exported, any Part thereof, shall be landed in any Part of Great Britain, or in any Part of any Foreign Port, or in any Part of any Foreign Coast, or in any Part of any Foreign Harbour, (that is to say) One Month thereof to the King, and the other Month thereof to the Particular Persons who shall import, reimport, or sell for the same; and such Malt, so landed, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

Every Shipment
of Malt for Ex-
portation shall
be liable to Seizure
at any time.

IX. And whereas Malsters and Makers of Malt for Exportation do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Stacks of Corn or Grass that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, or as less as it comes off from the Kils, by Reason whereof the Officers for the Duties upon Malt, cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof, by which Means great Quantities of such Shipping of such Malt are or may be presently conveyed away, and made use of for Home Consumption, through the same has not been charged with the Duty as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and every Malster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and entire Quantity of his, her, or their Corn or Grass making into Malt for Exportation, of One Stack or Wating, when the same shall be on the Kils, or after the same shall be taken off the Kils, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Shipment or Wating of Corn or Grass, until the same shall have been measured by such Malsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Malt to be Off-
ered for Shipment
shall be liable to
Seizure.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, all such Malsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept, of the Hour when he, she, or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kils or Kilns, that such Officer or Officers may attend the measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately covered or Railed up, if intended to be then exported, or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse or other Place belonging to such Malsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Malt shall be imme-
diately covered or
railed up, if intended
for Exportation.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, if any such Malster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by his Order, Power, or Direction, shall any Shipment or Making of Malt that have been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places, whether as aforesaid, shall open any of the Locks or Doors, or shall make any Way or kind of Entrance into such Storehouse or other Place or Places, or shall remove any Part whatsoever of the Particular between any such Storehouse or Place and any other Place or Places whatsoever next thereto, or shall, or shall remove out of the said Storehouse or other Place, any Quantity whatsoever of the Malt that has been locked up and insured, without the Knowledge and Consent of, or without first having given Notice to some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, he, she, or they shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Proviso as above
in the foregoing
Act, for
the Purpose
of Forfeiture
thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and every such Malster or Malsters, Maker or Makers of Malt, that on the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall have any Quantity of Malt locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or any other Place or Places as is before said, to be exported, shall, within Fifteen Months next after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, remove and clear out of the Storehouse, or other Place or Places, all and every Part and Parcel thereof that at any Time after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight shall be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or other Place in order to be exported, and shall always from Time to Time, in every Fifteen Months, remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place or Places in order to be exported, all and every Part or Parcel of Malt that at any Time within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall be locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Malsters having
Malt stored in
any Storehouse,
shall clear out
thereof within
Fifteen Months
after the said
Twenty-fourth
Day of June.

Malsters having
Malt stored in
any Storehouse,
shall clear out
thereof within
Fifteen Months
after the said
Twenty-fourth
Day of June.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever that shall become Malsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, or shall make use of any Storehouse or Storehouses, Place or Places, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, shall, within Fifteen Months after the Beginning to make use of any such Storehouse or Storehouses, or such other Place or Places, remove and clear out of such Place, to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of such Malt that at any Time or Times shall have been put into such Place or Places, within Fifteen Months after he, she, or they shall have begun to make use of such Place or Places, and shall always from Time to Time remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place, to be exported, all and every Quantity of Malt whatsoever that within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or Storehouses, or any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Proviso touching
Malsters who
shall have begun
to make use of
any Storehouse
within
Fifteen Months
after the said
Twenty-fourth
Day of June.

At Assize, &c. 1.
6. 2. 1808.

XIV. And whereas, by a Clause in an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled, *An Act for granting to her Majesty Duties upon Malt, Ale, Cyder, and Perry, for the*

* *Service of the Year One Shilling from hundred and thirteen, and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets* by, bond, or otherwise, and for enlarging the Time for adjusting Claims in several Lottery Acts, and in pursuance thereof for making of any Office Order; and for enlarging a late Act in relation to Stamp Duties on real estate; *It is enacted* that if any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, during the Continuance of the Duties on Malt by the said Act granted, should tread, run, or otherwise force together in the Cilers, Using Fat, or Couch, any Corn Steeping or Steeped, in order to the making into Malt, every Tish Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale should for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every Bushel of Corn Steeping or Steeped, that should be found to be trodden, runned, or forced; And whereas by one other Clause in an Act, made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *All that for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the publick Breweries of Ale, Beer, and Wine, and of Spirits, and of the Sale thereof*, it was enacted and declared, that if, from and after the Fourth and Twentieth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty, any Corn or any Maltster or Using Fat, Steeping or Steeped in order to the making thereof into Malt by any Maltster or Maker of Malt (other than Compositors for the Duty on Malt) was or should be found, in hand, clove, and compass, as it could not be used the same had by some Means or other been forced together to prevent the Rising and swelling thereof, in or out of the Cilers, using Fat, or Couch, every Maltster or Maker of Malt (other than Compositors for the Duty on Malt) who the same shall be found, shall in every such Case forfeit and lose the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every Bushel of such Corn Steeping or Steeped, which should be found so trodden, clove, and compass as aforesaid; and every such Clause have been daily construed to, and are still in force: And whereas by the last recited Clause no Penalty is provided where Corn Steeped in order to the making thereof into Malt, should be found as in the Couch to be hand, clove, and compass, as it could not be used the same had by some means or other been forced together to prevent the Rising and swelling thereof; and the Penalties provided by the said recited Clause have, by Experience, been found insufficient to prevent the fraudulent Practice of passing, trodding, running, or otherwise forcing together in the Cilers, Using Fat, or Couch, the Corn or Grain to be steeped or trodden, in order to the making thereof into Malt, to the Prejudice of His Majesty's Revenue and Discommodities of most of the fair Traders: Be it therefore enacted, and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall tread, run, or otherwise force together in the Cilers, Using Fat, or Couch, any Corn or Grain, Steeping or Steeped, in order to the making thereof into Malt, every Tish Maltster or Maker of Malt shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings for every Bushel of Corn or Grain, Steeping or Steeped, that shall be so trodden, runned, or forced together; or if any Corn or Grain in any Cilers, Using Fat, or Couch, Steeping or Steeped, in order to the making thereof into Malt, by any Maltster or Maker of Malt, it shall be found to be hand, clove, and compass, as it could not be used the same had by some Means or other been forced together, to prevent the Rising or Swelling thereof, every Maltster or Maker of Malt, whose the same shall be so found, shall in every such Case forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings for every Bushel of such Corn or Grain, Steeping or Steeped, which shall be found so hand, clove, and compass; and Proof being made to the proof, the same shall be deemed conclusive Evidence of the Fact, and shall subject the Maltster or maker of Malt to the aforesaid Penalty of Five Shillings per Bushel.

XV. * *And whereas many Maltsters or Makers of Malt do fraudulently convey away from the Cilers, Using Fat, or other wetting Place or Utensil, Steepings or Part of Steepings of Corn or Grain making into Malt, and mix such Corn or Grain so conveyed away with and amongst Coarser or Finer of other Corn or Grain making into Malt, which are then depending and then in Operation, that have been gauged or charged with the Duty in the Couch, and so sell the Offence; his Majesty's Revenue is thereby diminished; and whereas by one other Clause in an Act, made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *All that for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the publick Breweries of Ale, Beer, and Wine, and of Spirits, and of the Sale thereof*, it was enacted and declared, that if, from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall fraudulently convey away, or cause or procure, or permit or suffer to be conveyed away from the Cilers, Using Fat, or other wetting Place or Utensil, any Steeping or Part of any Steeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, and shall mix such Corn or Grain so conveyed away with and amongst any such Coarser or Finer, Floor or Flour, of other Corn or Grain making into Malt, which are then depending and then in Operation, and which have been gauged or charged with the Duty in the Couch; or if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall fraudulently convey away, or cause or procure, or permit or suffer to be conveyed away from the Cilers, Using Fat, or other wetting Place or Utensil, any Steeping or Part of any Steeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, so that so Gauge of such Corn or Grain so conveyed away can be taken in the Couch by the Officer; then and in each of the said Cases every such Maltster or Maker of Malt is offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.*

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Offences against this Act, so far as the same relates to the said Duty on Malt, shall be paid for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Great Britain for Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, can or may be paid for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, or by any Law or Laws of Great Britain, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleas, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and that one Moiety of such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

Act 1808.
18

Prohibitory
Act against
the use of
Ball
1808.
18

Duty for Beer
Act only conveyed
from the Cilers,
for Corn
steeping and
trodden it with
the same
with other
fraudulently
conveyed, 1808.
1808. 1808.
1808. 1808.

History of
Fines.

1801. B. 2.

1802. G. 1. 1.

1803. G. 1. 2.

1804. G. 1. 14.

1805. G. 1. 25.

Each Part of the
said Acts as
in the several
and in the
said Acts, Sec-
to Officers, &c.
is printed.

Printed of and
in the several
in the several
and in the
said Acts, &c.
is printed.

XVII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, by charging Duties on the Rates of Five Pence per Centum per Annum upon the Great Salt Revenue, till redeemed by the Crown; and for enabling His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, (by causing such a Deduction to be made as therein is mentioned), to make good in the Great Salt the Payments which shall have been made upon the said Duties; and for borrowing Money upon certain Lottery Tickets; and for discharging the Corporation for Appearance of Part of the Money which they were obliged to pay to His Majesty; and for making good a Deficiency in the East India Company; it was amongst other Things enacted, that it might be lawful for His Majesty to cause a Deduction to be made, not exceeding the sum of the said Five hundred and one thousand Pounds, out of all Moneys which, after the First Day of August, should be paid for or upon all Postages and Annuities charged upon any of the said Hereditary, or Temporary Duties, and for and upon all Salaries, Fees, and Wages payable for or in respect of Officers of Profit granted by or derived from the Crown, with certain Exceptions therein particularly specified: And whereas by one other Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of One Million, to be raised by way of a Lottery, the said Deductions were further continued for the Purpose as in that Act mentioned: And whereas by one other Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Professions, and upon Windows or Lights, and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties; so far as the same relate to the Rates and Duties on Offices and Professions, certain Provisions were made for collecting and paying the said last-mentioned Duty of One Shilling in the Pound: And whereas by an Act, passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for applying the said Duties, together with the other Duties comprising the Publick Revenue, for providing the Impartiality of various Goods, Wares, and Manufactures, the Product or Manufacture of the European Dominions of the British King into the Kingdom; and for applying certain unclaimed Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Lives to the Reduction of the National Debt, the said respective Duties of Suspense and One Shilling were taken to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund: And whereas such Dissimilarity, and many Omissions, Inconveniences, and Irregularities arise in charging, deducting, collecting, and accounting for the said Duties of Suspense and One Shilling in the Pound respectively; and it is therefore expedient that further and more convenient and effectual Provisions should be made for the deducting, assising, levying, collecting, and managing the same, and that the same should be consolidated; and for that Purpose, that the said several Acts of Parliament, passed in the Seventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, and in the Thirtieth and Thirty-second Years of the Reign of King George the Second, and in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same relate to the said Duties of Suspense and One Shilling, respectively, should be repealed: Be it therefore further enacted, That the said several Acts of Parliament, passed in the Seventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, and the Thirtieth and Thirty-second Years of the Reign of King George the Second, and in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, respectively, so far as the same relate to the said Duties of Suspense and One Shilling, respectively, shall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, be, and the same are hereby repealed: here and except as to the levying, collecting, recovering, and accounting for any Annuities of such Duties, or the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures which may have arisen, or been incurred, or which may be incurred in respect thereof.****

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for and upon all Postages and Annuities charged upon any of His Majesty's Revenues, or any Rates or Duties granted to His Majesty, or upon the Customers Fund, Fees, or Incidents of any Office, or upon any Publick Monies, and also upon all Salaries, Fees, and Wages payable for or in respect of Officers of Profit granted by or derived from the Crown, upon, for, or in respect of which, before the passing of this Act, the said Deduction of Suspense in the Pound was charged or chargeable, there shall be imposed a Duty of Suspense in the Pound; and for and upon every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount of all Salaries, Fees, and Perquisites incident to, or received for or in respect of all Offices and Employments of Profit, and for every Twenty Shillings of all Postages and other Gratuals payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain or out of the Customers Fund, Fees, or Incidents of any Office, or out of any Publick Monies exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, and in respect of which Postages and other Gratuals before the passing of this Act the said Deduction of One Shilling in the Pound was charged or chargeable or made or liable to be made, there shall be charged a Duty of One Shilling; and the Payment of One of such Duties of Suspense or One Shilling respectively, shall not exempt

or discharge any Person from paying the duties of such Duties, if such Person shall have been chargeable with or liable to pay more than One of such Duties, by any such former Acts of Parliament.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties of Stamp and One Shilling respectively, herein before by this Act granted, shall be chargeable and payable for One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said land-ward and water-ward Duties before granted by this Act, of Stamp and One Shilling respectively, shall be collected, assessed, levied, paid, and collected, and assessed for, during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the said Water, Land, and Merchant, and by the said Rates, Regulations, and Directions, and under such Provisions, Powers, and Authorities, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, as far as the same are applicable to the Purposes of this Act, in relation to the said Duties of Stamp and One Shilling, as now provided and expressed in an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for altering in His Majesty's during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next, the Duties on an of a Different Treaty of Peace, for the additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties*, with respect to the said Duties imposed by that Act on Salaries, Fees, Wages, or other Perquisites or Profits accruing by reason of Offices or Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Pensions, and Stipends; and every Article, Rate, Clause, Matter, and Thing in the said last-mentioned Act contained, and now in Force with relation to the Duties granted by that Act, shall be in force and effect (as far as the same are applicable) to all Incomes and Profits, for deducting, adding, raising, levying, collecting, issuing, and accounting for the said Duties of Stamp and One Shilling to be by this Act granted as aforesaid, and for levying and recovering all Penalties and Forfeitures which may be incurred in respect thereof, as fully and effectually as if the same were particularly specified in this Act, and made Part thereof.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners authorized to all in the Execution of the said recited Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in relation to the Duties imposed by that Act on Offices or Employments of Profit, and on Pensions or Stipends, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution this Act, and shall have the like Powers and Authorities for deducting, adding, raising, and collecting the said Duties by this Act granted, of Stamp and One Shilling respectively, and shall be entitled to the same Provisions, Privileges, and Immunities, as are given them by the said recited Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with relation to the Duties granted by the said recited Act upon Salaries, Fees, Wages, and other Perquisites and Profits accruing by reason of Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Pensions, and Stipends.

XXII. And whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein provided, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, the several and respective Sums of Money granted by your Majesty, by aforesaid Tax, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, which were or should be charged on any Messors, Messuages, Leases, Tenements, or Hereditaments in Great Britain, and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, continued and made perpetual, with a Provision that the several Sums of Money charged upon Estates or ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, or Personal Estates, or upon any Person or Persons in respect of any Publick Office or Employment of Profit in the said Act mentioned, should, after the Twentieth day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, be ascertained, levied, collected, and paid according to the Direction of any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose; be it therefore enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged upon Estates, or ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Chattels, or other Personal Estates, by virtue of an Act, passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Act in His Majesty by a Land Tax to be levied in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and which were not authorized to be sold in or by another Act made and passed in the year Thirtieth Year aforesaid, intituled An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein provided, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and also the several Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, in respect of any Publick Office or Employment, or any Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other Annual Payments, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty within the Space of One Year from the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall be ascertained, assessed, and taxed in such Manner and Form as are hereunto expressed.**

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money, which shall have been or shall be charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign on Personal Estates as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby set and imposed on the several and respective Persons, or Individuals, Debtors, Annuity-men, and Payers, whose names have been or shall be so charged by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act; and that towards each of the said several and respective Sums of Money hereby charged on the respective Persons, Creditors, Debtors, Annuity-men, and Payers in England, Wales, and Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, in respect of such Personal Estates as aforesaid, and all every Person and Person, Debtor, Creditor, and Corporation, Goods and Chattels, within the same Parishes, Creditors, and

Contents of
said Duties, one
Year from this
Month next,
shall be assessed
under Provisions
of Act in C. 2.
p. 300.

Commissioners
under an Act, in
C. 20. shall be
Commissioners
for putting this
Duties on Par-
sons, &c.

in C. 2. p. 300.

Repealed
intituled
in C. 2. p. 300.
and the same
charged to be
paid by the
said Act and
Office Act, shall
be levied within
one Year from
the Twentieth
Day next.

Persons charged on
Personal Estates
under an Act, in
C. 2. p. 300.
shall be and are
hereby set and
imposed on the
said Persons, or
Individuals, Debtors,
Annuity-men, and
Payers, whose
names have been
or shall be so
charged by virtue
of the said last-
mentioned Act.

Debtors, Assignments, and Estates respectively, having any Estate or realty Mortgaged, or in any Debtors whatsoever owing to them, and all other Estates or realty, or having any Estate or realty, or any Personal Estate, or any other Personal Estate whatsoever, within Great Britain or elsewhere, belonging to or in trust for the use of (except and out of the said several dedicated Sums as he, she, or they do here first owe, and such Debts owing to them as shall hereafter be chargeable by the respective Commissioners appointed by this Act; and the except the Stock upon Bonds, and such Goods as are alien for the said Debts first, and also except such Loans and Debts as are or shall be owing from His Majesty to any Person or Persons) shall be charged, with so much Equality and Indifference as is possible, by a Paid Rate of so much as is to be paid, by an equal Proport Rate for every One hundred Pounds of such ready Money and Debts, and for every One hundred Pounds worth of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and for for so much or greater Sum or Value, as is towards the said several and respective Sums by this Act set or appointed, or intended to be set or imposed, for and upon all and every such Persons, Counties, Cities, Burghs, Villages, and Places hereby charged therewith as aforesaid; in that by the said Rates to be levied or collected as aforesaid for or upon the said ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act, the full and entire Sum or Sums to be so levied, or intended to be set and imposed, or levied, collected, and paid, as is aforesaid, upon the said Personal Estates, shall be completely and effectually raised, collected, levied, and paid, and shall be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer by Four quarterly Payments, the first Payment thereof to be made on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of Year which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eight.

Office and the
provision made
by this Act
for the raising
of the said
sums of Money
shall be
observed
within the
Year
1763.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That for and towards raising the several Sums of Money charged as is aforesaid on Persons in respect of Publick Offices or Employments of Profit, and all every Person and Persons, and all and every Commissioner and Commissioners having, using, or exercising any Publick Office or Employment of Profit in England, Wales, or Berwick as aforesaid, which is or shall be made or shall be done by virtue of an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and all and every their Clerks, Agents, Secretaries, Substitutes, and other inferior Ministers whatsoever (such Military Officers who are or shall be in the Field by the Major Major General of His Majesty's Army, or in Pay to His Majesty's Army or Navy in respect of such Offices, only excepted) shall and pay unto His Majesty or His Majesty's Treasury not exceeding the Sum at which such Office or Employment was added in the Year commencing from the Twenty-fifth Day of Month One thousand four hundred and ninety-eight, by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*; and that all and every Person and Persons, Clerks, Secretaries, Substitutes, and other inferior Ministers, having an Assize, Pension, Stipend, or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer in England, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain, or payable, or to be paid by any Person or Persons whatsoever in Great Britain (not being or issuing out of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or charged upon the Issue, or included in any Assessment made upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, mentioned in the said Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and not being Assizes or yearly Payments which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made, are or shall be especially exempted from the Payment of Taxes or Aids) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings by every Twenty Shillings by the Year for every such Assize, Pension, Stipend, or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for One whole Year; the said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted to be levied, imposed, levied, and collected, or to be taken as hereafter is mentioned.

Commissioners
of Land Tax
Appropriately
48 G. 3. c. 2. s.
1. 10. 11. 12.
13. 14. 15. 16.
17. 18. 19. 20.
21. 22. 23.

XV. And be it further enacted, That for the better raising, ordering, levying, and collecting of the several Sums of Money as is aforesaid levied and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting the said Act in Execution, it is referred to the same, and all every Person and Persons who is or shall be by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for putting into Execution an Aid of the Sines of Parliament, for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Professions, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, and certain Duties on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco, and Soap, in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and five*; and an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight; or in and by any other Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for putting into Execution an Aid of the Sines of Parliament, for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Professions, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, and certain Duties on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco, and Soap, in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and five*; and an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight; and for appointing other Commissioners, together with such as is named in the first-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Aid of the Sines of Parliament, for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty

July on Profits, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, and certain Duties on Sugar, Spirits, Tobacco, and Salt in Great Britain, for all Sums of the Year One thousand eight hundred and six, also the said Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty; and for authorising such Profits as were allotted to Commissioners for executing the said Acts, were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Villages, and Places of England, Wales, and Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intimated, As Act for granting an Act in His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, in that Behalf, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and abroad and every the Parishes, Castles, Towns, Villages, Altonages, and Places, situate within the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Villages, and Places respectively: Unless, before the Day hereafter appointed for the said Meeting of the Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, some Act or Acts of Parliament shall be made and passed, for naming and appointing Special Commissioners for putting into Execution the said Act; in which case no Person or Persons shall be empowered, by virtue of any Nominations or Appointments by any former Act, or by this Act of Parliament, to act as a Commissioner for putting this present Act into Execution.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners here aforesaid shall meet together at the next usual and common Place of Meeting within their respective Handbills, Lathes, Rapes, Water-towns, Wards, and other Divisions respectively, within England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, within which they are appointed Commissioners, on or before the Twentieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall meet afterwards in like Manner as often as it shall be necessary, for putting in force of this Act in Execution as it is hereby contained in their Case and Charge; and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting or Meetings, or the Major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to inspect and examine the Affidavits made by virtue of the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, for the Year ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and also within the several and respective Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said Act in every Parish, Castle, Town, Village, Altonage, and Place, for and in respect of any Estate in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estates, and also for and in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, by any Affidavit made for the said Year ending on the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and separate, divide, and set down in Writing, the Amount of the several and respective Sums charged upon Estates, in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and also the several and respective Sums charged in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, from the Moneys charged in such Parishes, Castles, Towns, Villages, Altonages, or Places, by virtue of the said Act mentioned Act, upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment under their Hands and Seals, truly written, containing the whole Sum allotted on each Parish, Castle, Town, Village, Altonage, or Place, above any Affidavit shall have been made upon Personal Estates, or in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, and also the Christian Names and Surnames of the respective Assignees and Collectors under the Receiver General of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town, and Place respectively, where such Affidavits shall have been made, or his Deputy, and shall transmit or cause to be transmitted a like Schedule or Duplicate into the King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, and this the Commissioners shall cause to be done on or before the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight; for which Duplicates the Receiver and Remembrancer, or their respective Deputies, shall give to the Person who brings the same, a Receipt in Writing, gratis, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered to the King's Use, or other Penalty as by this Act reasonable.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which any Affidavit shall have been, or shall be made, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, or any Person or Persons in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, by any Affidavit for the Year ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, from and after that Time, be wholly discharged from so much of the Sums to be levied upon such Parish or Place, according to the Proportions established under the said recited Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which, as and by the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intimated, As Act for granting an Act in His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, are provided and established for all accounts, ratings, levying, outgating, adjudging, paying, and managing the Rates and Assessments granted by the said last mentioned Act; and which by the said other Act, passed in the same Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, intimated, As Act for raising charges, subject to Redemption and Forfeiture in the Manner therein first, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for one Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, are continued and made perpetual, in relation to the Rates and Assessments charged on Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, until the Redemption and Purchase thereof, shall be prohibited, void, and put in Execution in and for the abatement, raising, levying, outgating, adjudging, paying, and managing the said last-mentioned Rates, Assessments, and Sums of Money to be charged, allotted, and levied by virtue of this Act, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, and other yearly Payments, as fully and absolutely, to

Table No. 3
Commissioners
shall be named
and appointed
by the said Act.

Commissioners,
shall meet before
10 Apr. 1808, to
inspect Affidavits,
on or before
25 March
Previous Orders
in relation to
Land and shall
before 10 May
inspect Schedules
of Affidavits to
be made under
the said Act.

Receipts the
Schedule.

Persons whose Af-
fidavits have
been made for
the Year ending
on March 25, 1808,
shall have from
the same levied
Pensions and
Forfeitures under
24 G. 3. c. 2.
s. 74 G. 3. c. 2.
as provided in this
Act.

all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Provisions, and Prohibitions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were peculiarly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XXIX. Whereas an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting a Debt to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne to warden, and the Town of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings Four-pence, and Part whereof has been collected and paid on the Duty herein-after mentioned. And whereas by said Act, one thereof passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable the Lord Commissioners of His Treasury in contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others interested, in a certain Duty of Twenty-pence per Chaldron of Coal shipped in the River Tyne, to be collected in England, and to grant a Compensation for the same by way of Assesment, payable out of the Consolidated Fund*; and the other thereof passed in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to cause an Agreement entered into between the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others interested, in a certain Duty of Twenty-pence per Chaldron of Coal shipped in the River Tyne, to be collected in England, and to grant a Compensation for the same by way of Assesment, payable out of the Consolidated Fund"*; and by virtue of the Agreement therein made, the said Duty, from and after the Twentieth Day of August One thousand seven hundred and thirty-one, was collected, and made payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the same hath ever since been collected with and paid as the other Duties of Customs have been collected, and paid; and it is therefore just that the said Town and County of the said Town, Borough, from the above Period, be released and discharged from the Amount so usually charged on the said Duty as aforesaid; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Town, and County to certify to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, what Sums and Sums of Money have been charged on the Duty in the said Two last-recited Acts mentioned since the Day of the Surrender of the same, by virtue of the said Two last-recited Acts, and the Agreement therein mentioned; and the said Barons, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power, by their Discretions, at any Time before the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, to discharge or make to be discharged in cash of the said Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Four-pence, as shall appear to them to have been charged on the said Duty, since the said Twentieth Day of August One thousand seven hundred and thirty-one; and the said Sums shall or may be discharged upon the Deputies returned or to be returned for the said Town and County, and shall be allowed upon the Accounts of the Receivers General, and the Inhabitants of the said Town and County shall be acquitted against His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Payment of such Sums so discharged, or allowed to be discharged, by the Barons of the said Exchequer, as well for the Assessment heretofore made as for all Assessments hereafter to be made; any Thing in the said last-recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Properties set by this Act upon all and every the respective Parishes, Workhouses, Dwellings, Advowsons, and Places in England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, in respect of any such Personal Estate aforesaid, shall not be fully assessed, levied, and paid, according to the true Meaning thereof, or of any of the said Assessments, in respect of such Personal Estate, shall be used or employed upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or that through any Willfulness, Negligence, Mistake, or Accident, the said Assessment charged in such Parish or Place as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, happen not to be paid to the Receiver General, his Deputy, or Agent, as in this Act is directed; that then and in all and every such Case or Cases the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors, and Collectors, acting in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Duties on Personal Estates, and the said last-mentioned Duties in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, and other yearly Payments, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to assess and re-assess, or cause to be assessed and re-assessed, Levied, and paid, all and every such Sums and Sums of Money upon the respective Parishes or Places whereon such Defaulters shall happen, as in such Commissions, or such Number of them as by this Act are so directed to make the said said Assessment hereby required to be made, shall from most agreeable to Equity and Justice; in the said new Assessment to be made, collected, and paid in such Manner, and by such Means as in this Act or any Act hereby referred to, is declared and directed for other Assessments.

XXXI. And in order to effect an more particularly the Ends of this Act and entry of the several Persons who shall be charged with any Rate or Assessment in respect of any Estates or ready Money, Debts, or Personal Estates, in England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, be it further enacted, That every Person who is or shall be rated for or in respect of any Personal Estate to him or her successively belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Householders, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be taxed at the Place where they shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person who ought to be taxed in England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, by virtue of this Act, be or be subject of his or her Personal Estate, shall, at the Time of his or her Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such Parish, Workhouse, Dwellings, Advowson, or Office, where he is or shall abide within this Realm.

XXXII. Provided always, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Chattels, or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Workhouse or Workhouses, Dwellings or Dwellings, Advowson or Advowsons, or Place or Places, other than the Parish, Workhouse, Dwellings, Advowson, or

Then

Under the Act of 1797, a new assessment was made, and a new rate was levied on the said Town and County, which was not in the said Act, and which was not in the said Act.

On Certificates of Assessment of Land Tax in Newcastle, under the Statute of the 30th Geo. 3. c. 14. the same may be done.

Where the Assessments shall be made.

Persons shall be rated where they are.

as if out of the Kingdom, shall be rated where they are.

Personal Estate shall be assessed where it shall be.

Office of the
Treasurer
of the
Exchequer
in the
City of
London.

Office of the Treasurer and Receivers: Provided always, that the High Chancellor the Master of the Rolls, the High Steward, the Clerk, Clerk of the Petty Bag, the High Bailiffs, Clerks of the Exchequer, the Clerk of the Admiralty, the Secretary of the Admiralty, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery that execute their Offices within the Liberties of the Rolls, shall be there directed to the said last-mentioned Duties by their respective Offices, Salaries, and other Profits, and not otherwise; and the said Masters as Chancery, the said Time being, and the said Six Clerks and Register for the Time being, shall be the Commissioners for putting in Execution this Act, with relation to the last-mentioned Duties, and the said Duties, and cause the Powers therein contained; and that all Assesses, Stipends, and Pensions, payable to any Officers in respect of their Offices, shall be taxed and withheld to the said last-mentioned Duties, when such Offices are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not otherwise; and that all other Pensions, Stipends, and Assesses or Expence, Wages, and Stipends-upon-Trust not charged upon Lands, shall be charged and withheld in the Places and Places where they are payable.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

Where
any
Office
is
vacant
by
Death,
or
Resignation,
the
Successor
shall
be
bound
to
pay
the
same.

XXXIX. And whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit, chargeable by this Act, are executed by Deputy, and the principal Officers being in Places remote from the Counties, Parishes, or Places, where such Offices or Employments are taxable, the Rates and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty; be it therefore enacted, That where any Office or Employment of Profit chargeable by this Act, is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessments as shall be charged thereon, and deduct the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Distress as by this Act is preferred against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other Remedies and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be like Remedies and Penalties for the recovering the Moneys assessed upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and Six, and for any subsequent Year not yet satisfied, in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise closed in the Exchequer.

The
Treasurer
of the
Exchequer
shall
be
bound
to
pay
the
same.

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not charge or be construed to charge Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, for or in respect of any Assesses or yearly Payments granted to Her said Majesty and to their said Royal Highnesses, but that such Sums of Money, Assesses, or yearly Payments, and her said Majesty and their said Royal Highnesses, and their Treasurers, Receivers General, and Servants for the Time being, excepted of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impostments, and other Charges whatsoever: Provided also, that this Act, or any of the several Clauses herein contained, shall not extend to charge the Possessor of any superannuated Commission or Warrant Sea or Land Officer, or the Possessor of Writings of Sea or Land Officers slain in the Service of the Crown; or the Receiver of the most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Possessor of the Peer Knights of Windsor, payable out of the Exchequer only; or to charge a certain Pension of One hundred Pounds, granted by the late King George the Second, to the Peer Clergy of the *See of Meaux*; or to charge the Possessor or Salaries of His Majesty's Pages of Honour; or of the Officers and Persons employed or to be employed in collecting the Tolls and Duties payable by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament for making, repairing, or maintaining any publick Roads, by reason of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

XLI. And whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Rectories of the Cathedral Churches in *Exeter* and *Wales*, are chargeable to the Land Tax granted and made perpetual as aforesaid, and in some Cases the Overplus of the said Rectories Revenue above such Tax, Repairs, and other Charges, is to go to the Share for the Maintenance of the said Rectories, which Shares are diminished by the said Land Tax; it is hereby provided and enacted, That in such Cases the said Rectories shall not by this Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained be further chargeable in enjoying Offices of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to charge or to authorize the deducting or withholding the said Duties of Succession or One Shilling respectively or either of them, or the said last-mentioned Duty or Sum of Money granted by this Act, upon any Person in respect of any Office or Employment of Profit, or upon any Assess, Pension, Stipend, or other yearly Payment, in any Case in which the Pension, Assess, Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites, Gratuities, Stipend, or other Payment yearly or otherwise shall have been specially excepted from any or either of such Duties, or from the Payment of any Aids or Taxes by any Act of Parliament, or in any Case in which any Salary, Wages, or Stipend of any Office or Employment shall by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been devised or shall be directed to be paid Net or without Deduction: Provided always, That the Authority for the Payment, Net or without Deduction, of the Salary, Wages, or Stipend of any such Office or Employment, shall be certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Office or Employment is directed to be paid Net or without Deduction before.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

XLIII. And whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption, and Perpetuity in the Manner therein said, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by three Acts of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-fourth, and Thirty-fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Salt, by an Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in Force until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven

Printed
at the
Printers
of the
Parliament.

Printed and published by the University of Southampton Library Distribution Unit

hundred and upwards, and as long, but shall from thenceforth cease, and therefore shall be done
 shall be specially contained by Parliament, which had by and Done whereby an Act, intituled, *An Act for*
thirty-sixth Year of His Majesty, entitled, An Act for the better regulating, and amending, the
of His Majesty's Officers, and Personal Estates in England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tyde, His
and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Soap, for the Term of Years, in the thirtieth Year of His
Majesty's said Majesty, further contained that the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred,
and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One
thousand eight hundred and seven: And whereas by an Act passed in the First third Year of His Majesty's
His Majesty, intituled, An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant
order Duties in lieu thereof, the said several Duties on Sugar were repealed, and other Taxes imposed on Sugar
on his Majesty: And whereas by another Act, passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to
repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, certain of the said
Duties on Licences to be taken out by Duties in Tobacco and Soap, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were
repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof, And whereas the said Duties granted in the said several
Acts, were continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, And
whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Malt, Tobacco, and Soap, together with the said
Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were by an Act passed in the thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of
His Majesty, further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred
and eight: be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Soap, and the
said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be as if the same were hereby
repealed and respectively further continued from and after the Expire of the Term limited as aforesaid,
until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, and all Matters arising thereby,
which shall be paid into the said Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other
Movables paid and payable to His Majesty.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the
 Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, One Book or Register, in which all the Money that shall be paid into the
 Exchequer for the said Rates and Duties of Stape, and One Shilling, and the Rates and Duties
 hereby granted on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Soap, and also the Rates and Allowances hereby granted on Per-
 sonal Estates, and on Officers and Employments of Profit, Profusion, Annuities, and Stipends, herebefore men-
 tioned, shall be entered and registered apart and distinct from all other Money and paid payable to His Majesty.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,
 as any Time or Times, to make or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at the Receipt of
 the Exchequer for any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Millions, in the
 Name or like Names, Fers, and Orders, and according to the form or like Rules and Directions, as are or shall be
 prescribed or ordered by an Act passed, or which may be passed in this Session of Parliament, for regulating the
 issuing and paying off Exchequer Bills.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advan-
 tages, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, contained in an Act passed, or which may be passed in this
 Session of Parliament, for regulating the issuing and paying off Exchequer Bills, shall be applied and extended
 to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Pur-
 poses, as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of
 this Act.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act,
 shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum upon or in respect
 of the whole of the Money respectively contained therein.

XLVIII. And be it declared, and further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company
 of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the
 Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole
 the Sum of Three Millions, any Thing is in an Act, made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King
 William and Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act for granting to their Majesty's several Rates and Duties upon*
Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, and for securing certain Remissions and
Advantages in the said Acts mentioned, in full Proportion to such voluntary advances the Tax of One Million five
hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, as in any subsequent Act, to the contrary
thereof, is anywise notwithstanding.

XLIX. And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall, and they are hereby
 respectively authorized and empowered, to make such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be
 placed as in such Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and
 every of which Tellers shall be severally charged with a Proportion of the said Bills which shall be so placed
 as his Office respectively: any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

L. And it is hereby also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said
 Tellers shall be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken
 and cleared as so much in part of the Revenues and Money, wherewith each of the said Tellers shall from
 Time to Time stand charged, in manner with other the Money in the said Exchequer, any Law or Usage to
 the contrary notwithstanding.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this
 Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and calculating
 the same, shall be, and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the Rates, Duties, and Allow-
 ances, granted by this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, and they are hereby

in the Year of
 A. D. 1808
 the 25th of
 March 1808
 the 25th of
 March 1808

Money paid into
 the Exchequer
 shall be paid
 into the
 Receipt of the
 Exchequer

Exchequer may
 be made out
 at the Receipt
 of the Exchequer
 Bills [Act 48
 G. 3. c. 2.]

Clauses, Provisions,
 Powers, Privileges,
 Advantages, Penalties,
 Forfeitures, and
 Disabilities, contained
 in the Act

Interest not
 exceeding the
 Rate of Four
 Pounds per
 Centum

Bank of England
 authorized to
 advance or
 lend to His
 Majesty's
 Treasury
 any Sum or
 Sums of Money
 not exceeding
 in the Whole
 the Sum of
 Three Millions

Exchequer
 Bills shall be
 placed as in
 such Cash in
 the respective
 Offices of the
 Tellers

shall be taken
 and cleared as
 so much in part
 of the Revenues
 and Money

Exchequer
 Bills to be
 made forth
 by virtue of
 this Act, together
 with the Interest
 that may become
 due thereon, and
 the Charges of
 exchanging and
 calculating the
 same, shall be,
 and the same
 are hereby made
 chargeable and
 charged upon
 the Rates, Duties,
 and Allowances,
 granted by this
 Act

Money of pre-
sent of said Act.

Accounts of said
Exchequer Bills
shall be rendered
to the said House
of Commons
1808.

Money remain-
ing due, charged
on the said Act.

Surplus shall be
applied to reduce
the said Debt.

Treasury bills shall
be issued in
accordance with
the said Act.

Still longer shall
be rendered
of the said Bill
1808.

authorized, from Time to Time, to direct to be issued as the said Paymasters by any of the said Act, and upon Account, such Sums of Money, as in and by the said Act, and the said Commissioners shall think it necessary, for or towards paying off and discharging the said Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, and for and towards paying the Interest to become due on the said Bills, and for and towards the Charge of exchanging and cancelling the same Bills, or any of them.

LII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty-fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account, in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of the Amount of all Exchequer Bills that shall have been issued by virtue of this Act, and how much thereof shall before that Time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged.

LIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Moneys so remaining undischarged or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due thereon, and the Charge of exchanging and cancelling the same, shall be paid and inclosed out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty-fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus of the Moneys arising from the Rates, Duties, and Assessments, granted and imposed by this Act, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills issued by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charge of exchanging and cancelling the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Moneys respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, be added to and made part of, the Consolidated Fund.

LV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled so to pay and allow or cause to be paid and allowed out of the Moneys to arise or for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, or of or for the Consolidated Fund, from Time to Time, the necessary Charges of making forth the new Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be so lawfully incident, in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof in relation to the said Bills, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LVI. Provided always, and it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Moneys shall be issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall from Time to Time be repaid by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

“*All may be altered or repealed this Session.*” § 57.”

C A P. III.

An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions, towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [17th Feb. 1808.]

“*Most Gracious Sovereign,*

“**W**HEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are willing and have agreed to advance towards the Supply granted to Your Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Sum of Three Millions, on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, as the Security of Exchequer Bills, to bear Date on the Day or Days of the Advance thereof, to be made payable without Interest, and to be charged and chargeable upon and repaid out of the said Aids or Supplies which, after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the then current Year; and in case sufficient Aids and Supplies shall not be granted by Parliament for that Purpose before the Expiration of Six Months next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the same to be charged and chargeable upon and repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain: Now, inasmuch as Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, being desirous to raise, with as much Ease and Advantage as possible to Your Majesty's Subjects, the necessary Supplies for the Service of the present Year, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized to be issued under this Act, the Sum of Three Millions, any Thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: And it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, to emit or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out for any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the said Sum of Three Millions, in the same or like Manner, Form, and Order, and according to the same or like Rates and Directions as to and by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, or to be made or passed, concerning Exchequer Bills, and the making pertinent Regulations for making and issuing thereof.

“**I**I. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That during the Period the said Sum of Three Millions shall continue to be advanced by the said Governor and Company, no Alteration shall be made in the Ulage established

Bank authorized
to issue Three
Millions.

Treasury shall
emit the Ex-
chequer Bills.

48 G. 3. c. 3.

No Alteration
shall be made
in the Ulage of

Sum by which the said Balances, exclusive of the said Sum of Three hundred and seventy-six thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine Pounds, and Five hundred thousand Pounds, shall be less than the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company; and if before Year Majesty's next annual and legal Meeting, the Comptroller of the Great Bounties and Duties in Parliament established, do not sensibly defect Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and to be enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commoners, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Governor and Company shall on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, pay or cause to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, out of the Balances, or their Heads of Accounts for the Payment of Dividends due and not demanded, and of such unclaimed Lottery Prizes or Benefits as aforesaid, the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds; which said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds shall be applicable to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, and to be in the Disposition of Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time hereafter the Moneys remaining in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Cashier or Cashiers, which have been advanced to or for them for the Payment of all or any Annuities or Dividends to the Creditors of the Publick, in pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament in that Behalf, due and not demanded, and for the Payment of such Unclaimed Lottery Prizes or Benefits as aforesaid, shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, exclusive of such Sums of Three hundred and seventy-six thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine Pounds, and Five hundred thousand Pounds as aforesaid, the said Governor and Company or their Cashier or Cashiers shall forthwith causing a Certificate of the same to the Commissioners of the Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, and also to the Auditor of the Exchequer for the Time being, containing a true Statement of the Amount to which the said Moneys shall thus be reduced, and that forthwith on the first Day on which any such Certificate containing such Statement as aforesaid shall be presented to the said Auditor at the Receipt of the Exchequer, the said Auditor shall make out a proper Declaration, directing the Payment of such Sum of Money as it shall appear by such Certificate the said Balances shall be reduced under One hundred thousand Pounds, which said Sum of Money shall be forthwith on the same Day advanced and paid out of any Money in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty for the Service of the current Year or of any preceding Year, or out of any Money arising from the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund, which may remain at the End of any Quarter for the Disposition of Parliament; and every such Declaration being carried into the Clerk of the Peers shall be forthwith recorded in the usual Manner in which Declarations are by Law recorded; and thereupon the Yeoman of the Treasury whom any such Declaration shall be directed, shall, upon the same being presented to him or them, immediately pay or cause to be paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers the Sum contained in such Declaration accordingly; and to take after the Repayment of any Part of the Moneys which shall have been advanced under the said recited Act and the Act, the said Balances shall on any Time be again further reduced, in such Case, as often as the same shall happen, such a further Sum shall by the Master be repaid to the said Governor and Company as shall here by Balances in the Hands of the said Cashier for the Payment of any Annuities or Dividends due and not demanded as aforesaid, and of such Unclaimed Lottery Prizes or Benefits as aforesaid, of One hundred thousand Pounds.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case after the Repayment of any Part of the said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, under the Provisions of this Act, there shall be any Excess of the Balances as aforesaid in the Hands of the Cashier of the said Governor and Company, above the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, and such Excess shall have continued for the Space of Six Months, then and in every such Case a Sum, equal to such Excess, shall from Time to Time be again advanced by the said Governor and Company, under the like Conditions as are herein-before prescribed for the Original Payment of the said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds into His Majesty's Exchequer, until the whole Sum due on Account of Advances made by the said Governor and Company under the Provision of this Act, shall have again amounted to the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, exclusive of the said Sum of Three hundred and seventy-six thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall, within Thirty Days after the Meeting of Parliament in every Year, make an Account to be laid before Parliament, of the Amount of the Balances of Sums issued for the Payment of Dividends due and not demanded, and for the Payment of Lottery Prizes or Benefits which shall not have been claimed, and which shall be and remain in their Hands on the Days respectively, next before this Act: His Majesty's Exchequer of Money for the Payment of Dividends upon Accounts of the National Debt for each of the Four preceding Quarters respectively.

V. And whereas by the said recited Act it was enacted, That there should continue to be issued and paid to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, a Sum for Charge of Management of the Publick Debt to be at the Rate of Four hundred and fifty Pounds per Annum for each Million of the Capital, and at the same Rate for all the Annuities for Terms of Years, and for the Annuities at Twenty-five Years Purchase, as aforesaid, to make a usual Capital: And whereas the Amount of the Publick Debt hath, since the passing of the said Act, been very much increased; and it is therefore reasonable that new Provisions should be made for fixing the Rate of the Allowance for the Management of the same, according to the Amount thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That the said before-mentioned Provision shall, from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, be repealed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, there shall be issued and paid to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Charge of Management of the said Unredeemed Publick Debt, the Sums of Money following; that is to

Year; when the *Arrears* due upon *Unredeemed Debt* shall exceed *Three hundred Millions*, and shall not amount to *Four hundred Millions*, a sum as the *Rate* of *Four hundred and fifty Pounds per Annum* for each *Million* of the *Capital*; and *above* that *Unredeemed Debt* shall not exceed *Five hundred Millions*, and shall not exceed *two hundred Millions*, a sum as the *Rate* of *Three hundred and forty Pounds per Annum* for each *Million* of the *Capital*; and *above* that *Debt* shall exceed *Six hundred Millions*, a sum as the *Rate* of *Three hundred Pounds per Annum* for each *Million* of such *Excess* of the *Capital*, the remaining *Six hundred Millions* continuing in each last-mentioned *Case* to be managed at the *above* said *Rate* of *Three hundred and forty Pounds per Annum* for each *Million*: Provided always, that in estimating as well the *Whole Amount* of such *Unredeemed Debt* as the *Sum* respectively to be paid for the *Redemption* thereof, *Arrears* for *Years* of *Years* shall be taken into the *Account*, and shall be valued at *Twenty-five Years Purchase*, as aforesaid, to make a *netted Capital*.

* *Charges due* shall be paid up to *April 1801*, § 7.th

VIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon after the *Fifth Day of April* One thousand eight hundred and eight; in conveniently may be, there shall be made out at the *Exchequer*, an *Account* of the *Total Capital* of *Unredeemed Debt*, as it shall stand on the *first Fifth Day of April* One thousand eight hundred and eight; and the *Allowance* for the *Management* of the *Unredeemed Publick Debt* for the *Year* ending on the *Fifth Day of April* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be computed on the *said Capital*, and shall on the *first Fifth Day of April* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall be paid to the *said Exchequer* and *Company* on one Day before the *Fifth Day of July* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and the *Allowance* for *Management* shall be computed and paid in like manner in every *ucceeding Year*.

Five Millions
plus
Book 11
Change of
Value of
Publick Debt,
untill 1801

All-ways
Book 11
Change of
Value of
Publick Debt,
1799

C A P. V.

An Act for repealing an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for facilitating the Operation of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Support and Maintenance of Curates within the Church of England, and for other Purposes in the said Act contained, &c. for as relates to the Avoidance of Benefices by the Incumbents thereof having accepted suggested Cures.* [17th February 1801.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for facilitating the Operation of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the further Support and Maintenance of Curates within the Church of England, and for other Purposes in the said Act contained, &c. for as relates to the Avoidance of Benefices by the Incumbents thereof having accepted suggested Cures*; it was enacted, that all Persons who signs or in any Time after the *first Day* of the three next Sessions of Parliament, were or had been the lawful Incumbents of any Benefices, *Books*, notwithstanding they had accepted such suggested Cures, but without Prejudice to the Avoidance or Right of Presentation *intra* *Sexennium* as any other *Case*, might be the Incumbents of such Benefices until the *Fortieth Day* of the then next Session of Parliament, or until the *Death* or *College* of such Incumbent respectively, or other lawful *Cause* of Avoidance of such Benefices respectively, other than the Acceptance of such suggested Cures respectively: And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby wholly repealed; and that all Provisions, Instructions, and Indultions to Benefices that were made or had taken place at any Time during the last Session of Parliament, under the said Act of the Thirty-sixth of His present Majesty, shall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes, in the same Manner as if the said Act of the Forty-seventh of His present Majesty had never been passed, any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Time during which any Suspension shall be venter of the said last mentioned Act has taken place of any Presentation or Indultion, or of the Effect of any Presentation or Indultion, shall not be reckoned as Part of the Time during which there hath been a Vacancy in any *Quoniam* of *Legis*.

47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 72.

Repeal Act
repealed.

C A P. VI.

An Act to continue until the End of this Session of Parliament, several Acts* for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, between His Majesty and the United States of America. [17th February 1801.]

* 47 G. 3. c. 20,
8th.

[See 48 Geo. 3. c. 85.]

C A P. VII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [11th March 1801.]

* Treasury empowered to raise 10,500,000. by Exchequer Bills, as postulated by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1, 2.
* The Principal of said Bills charged on the said Supplies for the next Session, § 3. Interest thence 3/4.
* *per Cent. per Annum*, § 4. Said Bills shall be current at the Exchequer, &c. after April 15 1801, § 5. Bank of
* *To be* loaned empowered to advance 6,500,000. on Credit of this Act, § 6. Act may be altered or repealed this Session, § 7.th

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.
Printed by
W. B. Nichols, at
the Crown and
Star in Pall-mall.
1808.

Sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Third's Reign, that as Part of the said Duties which shall have been actually paid to and received by such Person or Persons shall be, under any Circumstances or any Account whatsoever, returned or repaid to such Person or Persons.

111. And whereas, private as well as public Distillation is in many Parts of Great-Britain carried on to a great Extent to the manifest Injury of the said Trade and the very great Diminution of the Publick Revenue: And whereas, Wash and other Materials fit and proper for Distillation are often found in the Custody and Possession of Persons notoriously concerned in such illicit Practices, and such Offences frequently escape from the Penalties of the Law by the Removal and Concealment of these Stills or Stuffs; for remedy whereof be it enacted, that all and every Person and Persons in Great-Britain, not being an entered Distiller, Brewer, or Vinegar-maker, in whose Possession any Quantity of Wash, fermenting, or fermenting, exceeding the Quantity of Twenty Gallons, or any Quantity whatsoever of Low Wares shall be found, shall be fully and lawfully liable to the Seizure of One hundred Pounds, and all such Wash and Low Wares shall and may be seized or detained by any Officer or Officers of Excise; which said Penalty of One hundred Pounds shall and may, in fact (in, seized, misapplied, and applied, by such Wares, Mises, and Methods, as may First, Proved, or Established, may be used for, levied, assigned, and applied, by any Law or Laws of Great-Britain, or by Fleet or Inferior Courts of Law or Equity, or by Court of Chancery or in Bankrupt Law, or by any Justice of the Peace, in Great-Britain, or by Justice where such Person or Persons shall be committed under any Process whatsoever to any Jail or House of Correction, or the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds to be taken Twenty Pounds; and if the Penalty assigned against such Person or Persons be not forthwith paid down to the Prothonotary, or to the Clerk authorized by him to receive the same, such Justice of the Peace by a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or the Clerk authorized by him to receive the same, shall and may, in fact, in and out of the County for any Term not exceeding Six Months one Month then Twelve Months, which said Penalty shall be taken paid.

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.

C A P. XI.

An Act for permitting the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories on the Continent of South America, in Portuguese Ships. [11th March 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to permit the Produce of Brazil, or any other Territory of the Crown of Portugal, or of South America, to be imported into Great Britain, and Ireland, in Ships of those Countries; and whereas, the said Majesty: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to import into the United Kingdom, directly from Brazil, or any of the Territories and Possessions of the Crown of Portugal on the Continent of South America, or Ships or Vessels built in the Kingdom of Portugal, before the first Day of January, One thousand eight hundred and eight, or in Ships or Vessels built in any of the aforesaid Territories or Possessions on the Continent of South America, or in Ships or Vessels taken by the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or belonging to any Subjects of the said Government, having Certificates or Letters of Marque and Request from the Portuguese Government, and confirmed as lawful Trade in any Court of Admiralty of the Portuguese Government, or any Consular or Consular Proof shall be given to the Satisfaction of their respective Honors of His Majesty's Customs, or any Tribunal or Courts of Law, in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Three or more of them, in Great-Britain, and owned by Subjects of the Portuguese Government resident in the said Territories and Possessions on the Continent of South America, and whereof the Master and three fourths of the Masts or Mast-Boards shall be of the Portuguese Government, and Building in the said Territories and Possessions, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the said Territories and Possessions (which are not prohibited by Law to be exported from Foreign Countries); and to enter and land such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, upon Payment of the same Duties as are now payable on such or similar Articles which are imported from the Kingdom of Portugal, subject to the said Customs and Regulations in the Case of such Goods as are imported in a British built Ship; any Thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled, *An Act for the encouraging and improving of Shipping and Navigation*, or any other Act, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.
Printed by
W. B. Nichols, at
the Crown and
Star in Pall-mall.
1808.

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.

C A P. XII.

An Act to amend and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, to such of an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported. [11th March 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to allow for Two Years from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar, and refined former Duties on other refined Sugar, as such as shall be granulated, crushed, or broken; and to continue for One Year in any Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported*; certain Bounties, under certain Conditions, are allowed on the Exportation of Raw Sugar the Produce of the British Plantations in the West-India Islands in which it was ascertained. And whereas it is expedient that the said Bounties should be further extended, and that the said Act may be further amended, be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Par-

1808 printed by
C. Dilly, Printer,
in Strand, London.
Printed by
W. B. Nichols, at
the Crown and
Star in Pall-mall.
1808.

most afforded, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said *Revenue Act* of the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the granting a Bounty on the Exports of *Raw Sugar*, the Produce of the *British Plantations* in the West India in which it was inserted, shall be further continued for the Term hereinafter mentioned, (except where any Alteration is made by this Act).

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Bounty shall not be paid or allowed on any *Raw Sugar*, unless the same shall be exported directly from the Warehouse in which the same shall have been landed at the Time of its entrance thereof, and on which the Duties of Customs *due and payable* thereon shall not have been paid; *any Thing* in the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Act shall be and is hereby continued, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine.

C A P. XIII.

An Act for settling and securing a certain Annuity on Viscount Lake, and the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Lake shall descend, in Consideration of the sum of 5000 *l.* or of the late General Viscount Lake. [21st March 1808.]

Mad. Gracious Sovereign,

WHENAS Your Majesty, by Your most Gracious Majesty to Your most faithful Commons, has been pleas'd to declare, That Your Majesty having taken into Your Royal Consideration the splendid Achievements and eminent Services performed by the late General Viscount Lake on the Continent of Europe, and as the *Earl Duke*; Your Majesty was desirous to confer some Great Mark of Your Royal Favour upon his Family, in order to enable them to support the Dignity of the Title conferred upon him; and for this purpose to give and grant to his eldest Son the present Viscount Lake, and to the Two next Heirs Male of the Body of the Deceased, to whom the Title of Viscount Lake, and *Baron Lake of Dole*; and *Lafayette*, and of *Other Counts* in the County of *Bedfordshire*, shall descend, for and during their Lives, a sum of Annuity of Two thousand Pounds *per Annum*; but Your Majesty, not having it in Your Power to grant an Annuity to that Ancestor, or to extend the Effect of the said Grant beyond the Term of your Majesty's own Life, recommended it to Your faithful Commons, to consider of a proper Method of enabling Your Majesty to grant the same, and of extending, securing, and settling, such Annuity to the said Viscount Lake, and to the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Lake, shall descend, in such Manner as should be thought most effectual for the Benefit of the said Viscount Lake, and his Family: We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, duly considering Your Majesty's most Gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, &c.

As an Annuity of 2000 *l.* *per Annum* settled on Viscount Lake, and the Two next succeeding Heirs to his Title, to commence from 25th 3rd 1803, and to be paid quarterly."

C A P. XIV.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [21st March 1808.]

This Act is fuller in all Respects (except the Date) to 47 *Geo. 3. c. 35.* See the *References* there.—Continuance of Act in Great Britain 25th March 1809; in Ireland 18 April 1809.

C A P. XV.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertions; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [21st March 1808.]

Number of Forces 124061. § 1.—§ 2 to 17, are the same as the late Statutes of 47 *Geo. 3. c. 35.*

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no General Court-martial for the Trial of any Officer (except in *Moravia* or *New South Wales*) shall consist of less than Thirteen Members.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General Court-martial to sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, convicted of Desertions by such Court, to Service in such Country or Place or Places abroad, or otherwise, and in such Regiment or Regiments, or Corps, as his Majesty shall please to direct, or for Life as Soldier, or for any Term of Years beyond the Period for which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have enlisted, and as a Forfeiture of all or any Part of the Benefit or Advantages as to Increase of Pay, or as to Pension or Discharge, which might otherwise have accrued to such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier from the length or Nature of his Service.

§ 20 to 71, are the same as 175 to 70, of 47 *G. 3. c. 35.*

LXXIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Forces, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not longer than Twenty-four Hours, after each enlisting respectively, be carried before some Justice of the Peace, of any County, Riding, City, or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, sitting or being next to, or in the Vicinity of the Place where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army; and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Intent as to each enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and

Money shall be paid quarterly, except in the West Indies.

Continuance of Act in Great Britain.

General Court-martial for the Trial of any Officer (except in Moravia or New South Wales) shall consist of less than Thirteen Members.

Charter of Bill of Rights 1689.

LXXXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, on application in Writing, to be made to him or her, before whom such Person is committed, to examine into the Cause, and to acquit such Person upon Oath, and which Oath the said Magistrate may be empowered to administer, and also to keep as his Custody the Indemnity of Appearance, to be provided as formerly, and to bind over the Matter claiming such Person, and any other Person who may think proper, to appear at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, at which the said Person is referred to be had against such Person in offence.

LXXX. And be it enacted, That every such Offender, except in Scotland, as hereinafter mentioned, may and lawfully may be committed to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, for the County, City, Burgh, or Place, wherein the Offence charged shall have been committed, and may be brought before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, within the County or Burgh in which the Fact on which he is charged is committed.

LXXXI. And be it enacted, That every such Offender is lawfully and may be tried by the Judge or Judges, or the Court of Sessions, in such and the like Manner as any Person may be tried or lawfully be tried in any other Capital Offence.

" § 24 to 312 of the Statute, 75 of 1795, of 47 G. 3. c. 32."

CXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, except in Scotland, as hereinafter provided, That if any Person, being a Soldier or Sailor, shall be brought against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter, or Thing, to be tried or done in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons, to be so charged, to plead the same as the general Issue, that he or they are not Guilty, and to give such Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury which shall try the Issue, which Special Matter being pleaded had been a good and sufficient Matter in Law to have discharged the said Defendant or Defendants or the Trustees or other Matter lawfully to be so charged, and if the Verdict shall pass with the said Defendant or Defendants on any such Issue, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein become Nullus, or suffer any Discontinuance thereof, that nevertheless such Case the Justice or Justices, or such other Judge, before whom the said Matter shall be tried, shall be force and virtue of this Act, allow unto the Defendant or Defendants his or their Treble Costs, which he or they shall have followed by reason of their wrongful Vexation in Defence of the said Act or Suit; for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like Recovery as in other Cases where Costs by the Laws of this Realm are given to Defendants.

CXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bail, Pleint, Action, or Suit against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter, or Thing, to be tried or done in pursuance of this Act, or against any Member or Member of a Court-martial, in respect of any Sentence of such Court, or of any Thing done by virtue or in pursuance of such Sentence, shall be brought in force of the Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or the Court of Session in Scotland, and in no other Court, whatsoever.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be sued or Complaint shall be preferred against any Person or Persons in Scotland, for any Act, Matter, or Thing, to be tried or done in pursuance of this Act, such Action shall be tried and Complaint preferred in the Court of Session, and if such Court shall be so to reside in the Defendant, or to finish the Complaint, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, awarded to him or them by the said Court.

" § 114, 115, 116, 117, are the same as § 110, 111, 112, 113, of 47 G. 3. c. 32."

CXVIII. And in order to prevent all Doubts that may arise in relation to any Crimes and Offences committed against former Acts of Parliament made in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army in their Quarters, as usual any of the Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Crimes and Offences which have been committed against any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, or against any of the Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same, shall and may, during the Continuance of this Act, be a general Act, heard, tried, and determined, adjudged, and punished, before and by the like Courts, Persons, Jurors, Authorities, Ways, Means, and Methods, as the like Crimes and Offences committed against any Act may be cognized, heard, tried, or determined, adjudged, and punished: And every Warrant for holding any Court-martial under any such Act shall remain in full Force, notwithstanding the Expire of this Act, and all Proceedings of any Court-martial upon any Trial, begun under the Authority of such former Act, shall not be discontinued by the Expire of the same, but it shall be lawful to proceed to Judgment upon any such Trial, and to carry such Judgment into Execution, in like Manner as if the Proceedings had been commenced under the Authority of this Act.

" § 119, 120, are the same as § 115, 116, of 47 G. 3. c. 32."

" Continuance of Act in Great Britain, from 25th March 1807 to 25th March 1808, in Ireland 25th March 1807 to 25th April 1808, Jersey, Guernsey, and other Isles, with Act, 25th April 1807 to 25th March 1808; Gibraltar, 25th March 1808 to 25th March 1809, § 121."

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM OF OATH.

"The form of Schedule (A.) of 47 G. 3. c. 32."

SCHEDULE (B.)

FORM OF OATH.

I *I state if of age* do make Oath, that I am, or have been, (as the Case may be) [*state Occupation if any, or* *of*] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia or any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve His Majesty until I shall be legally discharged.

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

"The form as Schedule (B.) of 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 31."

SCHEDULE (D.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

I *A. B., one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of* _____ (or Chief Magistrate of _____) do hereby certify, That *C. D.* appeared to be _____ Years old, _____ Feet _____ Inches high, _____ Complexion, _____ Eyes, _____ Hair, once before me at _____ on the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____, and stated himself to be of the Age of _____ Years, and that he had no Rapture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was no ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness, or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice, and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for to serve His Majesty King George the Third, in the _____ Regiment of _____ commanded by _____ until he should be legally discharged; And I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section, of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the last Article of War, and sate the Oath to the Effect above set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ on being attested, and that I have given to the said *C. D.* a Duplicate of this Certificate signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (E.)

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE, 39 G. 3. c. 109.

"The form as Schedule (C.) of 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 31."

SCHEDULE (F.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

"The form as Schedule (D.) of 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 31."

SCHEDULE (G.)

FORM OF MASTER'S OATH.

"The form as Schedule (E.) of 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 31."

SCHEDULE (H.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

"The form as Schedule (F.) of 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 31."

C A P. XVI.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be suspended. [21st March 1808.]

"Recall of Acts, 43 G. 3. c. 11. 45 G. 3. c. 92. 46 G. 3. c. 10. 47 G. 3. c. 29. Drawbacks
" and Bounties in Schedule as recited Act, 45 G. 3. c. 92. shall be paid, § 1. 11. on 5 May, 5 September
" 1808, or 4 January 1809, the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar shall not have exceeded for
" the preceding Quarter 50s. per Cwt. the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule in 45 G. 3. c. 92. correspond-
" ing with the Price, shall be paid, &c. § 2. Whenever under 45 G. 3. c. 92, § 10. the Treasury shall suspend
" any Part of the Duty on Raw Sugar imposed by that Act, they shall also suspend a like Proportion
" of the Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported, and of the Drawbacks and Bounties on Refined
" Refined Sugar exported, § 3. Recited Act, 43 G. 3. c. 11. continued to 13—15 March 1809, &c. [See 47 G. 3.
" A. 1. c. 29, and References there.]"

C A P.

C A P. XVII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, certain Acts for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and allowing *Brandy* Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland: and for warehousing in Ireland Rum or Spirits of the *Brandy* Sugar Plantations. [21st March 1808.]

" 47 G. 3. c. 19. continued till March 25 1809, § 1. 47 G. 3. c. 94. continued till March 25 1809, § 2. " Acts may be altered or repealed this Session, § 5."

C A P. XVIII.

An Act for amending and further continuing an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Payment of the Duties on Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, and Mace. [21st March 1808.]

" 38 G. 3. c. 68. (continued by 42 G. 3. c. 20, § 4.) further continued till March 25 1814, § 1."

It. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, as charges a Duty of Two Shillings for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of all Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, and Mace exported from Great Britain, shall from and after the passing of this Act cease and determine.

The Duty of 2 l. 10s. under Sect. 4. c. 68, § 4. no Cinnamon, or Nutmeg, exported.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty*, for permitting the Importation of Malt, Yards, Sawpines, and Timber, for Naval Purposes, from the West Colonies in North America, Duty-free. [21st March 1808.]

* 46 G. 3. c. 117.

C A P. XX.

An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fisheries; to the Admission to Entry in Great Britain of Oil and Blubber of *Newfoundland* taken by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the Fishery from and residing in the said Island; and to the allowing the Importation of Fish from *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*. [21st March 1808.]

" 26 G. 3. c. 41. for the Encouragement of the Greenland Fisheries; and so much of 29 G. 3. c. 55. as relates to the Greenland Seas and *Dove's* Straights, (both continued by 46 G. 3. c. 29, § 5.) further continued till March 25 1810, § 1.—45 G. 3. c. 68, § 59. as relates to the Admission to Entry of Oil or Blubber, &c. (both continued by 46 G. 3. c. 29, § 7.) further continued till March 25 1810, § 2.—47 G. 3. c. 24. for allowing the Importation of and granting Bounties on pickled Salmon and salt Cod, continued till March 25 1810, § 3."

C A P. XXI.

An Act to empower the Commissioners appointed for distributing the Money paid by the United States of America, to withdraw the same from the Bank, and invest it in Exchequer Bills. [21st March 1808.]

[21st March 1808.]

* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act for applying Commissions for distributing the Money stipulated to be paid by the United States of America, under the Convention made between His Majesty and the said United States, among the Poor, &c. for having Claims in Compensation set off such Money, certain Commissioners were appointed for appointing, choosing, and distributing the Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds, which the United States of America engaged to pay by Installments for the Use of the Poor as described in the Sixth Article of the Treaty of Commerce, Amity, and Navigation, concluded at London on the Fourth Day of November One thousand seven hundred and twenty-four, between His Majesty and the said United States, in Satisfaction of the Money which the United States might have been liable to pay, in pursuance of the Provision of the said Sixth Article; which said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds has since been paid; and it was by the said recited Act directed, that the several Installments of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds should be paid into the hands of the Collector of the Customs and Company of the Bank of England, to the Account of the said Commissioners, and should be and remain in the Names of the said Commissioners, to be paid to the several and respective Poor as therein directed, under the Order of the said Commissioners or any two of them, pursuant to the Provision of the said recited Act; And whereas Part of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds hath already been distributed by the said Commissioners in pursuance of the said recited Act; but a considerable Time may elapse before all the Claims of Poor as entitled to receive any Commissions out of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds are admitted, and it may be expedient, that such Part of the Balance of the said Sum of Money remaining in the Hands of the Collector of the said Customs and Company undistributed, as to the said Commissioners shall from time to time be the more Time be settled in Exchequer Bills; be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, His Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed by the said recited Act to withdraw such Part of the Balance of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand

40 G. 3. c. 20.

The Commission
to order several
Acts to continue
the Balance in
the Bank, and
to send the Money
in Exchange
Bills, to be
applied to the
Bank for the
purpose of
aiding.

Pounds, remaining in the Hands of the said Cashier of the said Governor and Company, as to the said Commissions shall from 6s. from the Hands of the Cashier of the said Governor and Company, and to meet the Issue in Exchange Bills, which Exchange Bills shall be deposited in the Hands of the said Governor and Company, and shall be and remain in the safe Custody on the same Account and to and for the same Intents and Purposes, and subject to the like Claims of Compensation, in Proportion to the Amount thereof, as well as of the Interest accruing on the said Exchange Bills, and to the like Orders of Payment, and other Regulations, as the said part of such Balance of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds was pursuant to the said recited act, before the same shall have been so issued in Exchange Bills as aforesaid.

C A P. XXII.

An Act for making perpetual several Laws relating to the Exportation of Tobacco-Pipe-Clay from *Great Britain* to the *West-India* Colonies in the *West-India* Islands; the Importation of Salt from *Europe* into *Spain* in *America*; and the prohibiting of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets.

[21st March 1808.]

- " 27 G. 3. c. 43 § 3.—permitting Exportation of Tobacco-Pipe-Clay to the *West-India* Islands [1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 20 § 2.] made perpetual, § 1.—4 G. 3. c. 20, for importing Salt into *Spain*, from *Europe*—[1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 20, § 3.] made perpetual, § 2.—6 G. 3. c. 28, so far as prohibits the Importation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets. [1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 22, § 2.] made perpetual, except so far as it corresponds to 41 G. 3. c. 68. [1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 22, § 3.]

C A P. XXIII.

An Act to continue several Laws relating to the granting a Bounty on the Importation into *Great-Britain* of Hemp, and rough and unshredded Flax, from His Majesty's Colonies in *America*; and to the more effectually encouraging the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in *Great-Britain* until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten; and for granting a Bounty upon certain Species of *Wool* and *Wool* Lintens exported from *Great-Britain*, and taking off the Duties on Importations into *Great-Britain*, of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

[21st March 1808.]

- " 4 G. 3. c. 26, for granting Bounties on Hemp and Flax [1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 20, § 4.] further continued till *March* 25 1810. [1.—25 G. 3. c. 77, for encouraging Manufacture of Flax and Cotton [1st continued by 26 G. 3. c. 20, § 8. 2nd continued till *March* 25 1811, § 2.—29 G. 3. c. 19, for granting Bounties on *Linen*, &c. [1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 20, § 5.] further continued till *March* 25 1811, § 5.]

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for further continuing, until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for providing for the Importation into *Great-Britain*, of Hides and other Articles in Foreign Ships.

[21st March 1808.]

- " 44 G. 3. c. 27, (as amended by 45 G. 3. c. 80, § 3. 4. and continued by 45 G. 3. c. 29, § 9.) further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace."

C A P. XXV.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in *Scotland*.

[21st March 1808.]

- " 33 G. 3. c. 74. (1st continued by 45 G. 3. c. 24.) further continued till *July* 25 1809."

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated, in furtherance of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council.

[18th March 1808.]

" His Majesty's Privileges.

- " WHEREAS Measures which have been taken by Passes at War with Your Majesty, prohibiting in Violation of the Law of Nations all Commerce with the Kingdom, and all Trade in any Articles of its Growth or Manufacture, have rendered it necessary for Your Majesty to issue Orders in Council to counteract the Disadvantages which were thereby imposed upon the Trade of Your Majesty's Subjects, and so with an equal view to the Evil which he would do to itself upon the Kingdom: And whereas it is expedient and necessary to make effectually to accomplish the Object of such Orders, that Duties of Customs should be granted upon certain Goods imported from *Great-Britain*, *West-India*, *West-India* Colonies and Foreign Subjects, the Customs of the United Kingdom, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority

Indulgences
Res. upon, table
in the Act
Duties.

in charging the
Duties on Free
Goods. [See
Act G. 3. c. 21.
§ 4.]

Duties shall be
paid in London
Duties of
Customs.

Assessing
Value of
Goods, paying
Duties
of Customs.

§ 4. G. 3. c. 21.

Goods imported
as merchandise
may be sold and
with the Entry
being made.

have been or shall be imported into Great Britain under any License bearing Date subsequently to the said Fifth Day of February, shall, upon the Exportation thereof from Great Britain, be chargeable with and subject and liable to One-half Part only of the Duties of Customs granted by this Act upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandises of the like Descriptions, upon their Exportation from Great Britain.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which have been or may be condemned as Prize, shall, on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain, be charged with and subject and liable to the Duties by this Act imposed on the Exportation of the like Goods, Wares, or Merchandises respectively, any Law, Customs, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to charge with any of the Duties granted by this Act, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises (except Cotton, Wool or Yarn, or Jelute Bark) which shall have been or shall be brought into any Part in Great Britain for Advantages before the passing of this Act, whether the same shall have been or shall be feloniously reduced or condemned as Prize.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs defined and set forth in Figures in the said Tables hereto annexed, marked (A.) (B.) and (C.) on the several Goods, Wares, and Merchandises specified therein, shall be paid to the proper Officer authorized to receive the Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises imported into Great Britain, and may and shall respectively be managed, accounted, collected, levied, collected, assessed, paid, and recovered, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, in such and the like Manner, and by the same Means, Ways, or Methods, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandises in general, and also by any such special Means, Ways, or Methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandises of the same Sorts or Kinds were or might be managed, accounted, collected, levied, collected, assessed, paid, and recovered; and the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises whereof Duties of Customs are by this Act charged, as the same are respectively selected, described, and set forth in the said Tables, upon Exportation thereof from Great Britain, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Statutes, Rules, Restrictions, Licenses, and Provisions, as well in such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises in general, and also in and every the several Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Statutes, Licenses, and Provisions respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, or Merchandises were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, or and immediately before the passing of this Act relating to the Revenue of Customs, except where any Alteration is expressly made by the Act; and all Ports, Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures, of whatever Nature or Kind the same may be, as well Penalties of Death as others, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Privileges, and Directions contained in any such Act or Acts, shall (unless where expressly altered by this Act) extend to and be respectively applied, granted, and put in Execution, in respect of the several Duties of Customs hereby charged, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Inhabitants and Purports in general, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Powers, Privileges, Directions, Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where, by the said Tables, the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises from Great Britain, are charged not according to the Weight, Tare, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be ascertained as the same shall be at the Port of Exportation, without any Deduction or Abatement whatever; and such Value shall be ascertained by the Declaration of the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or his known Agent, in the Manner and Form, and under all the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the same Provisions and Penalties as are prescribed and directed for assessing and collecting the Duties to be paid upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, according to the Value thereof, by an Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and for giving other Duties in lieu thereof, and for applying the said Duties together with the said Duties remaining, to several Rivers, for promoting the Improvement of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, the Producers or Manufacturers of the European Dominions of the British King into this Kingdom, and for applying certain undivided Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Letters to the Resolution of the National Debt; and a sale any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, chargeable with any such Duty by this Act, according to Value, shall not be valued according to the true Price or Value thereof, and according to the true Likeness and Use of this Act, when it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, to cause the same to be detained; and the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, shall be dealt with, and the proper Officer of the Customs shall proceed, with relation to the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandises in detained, in every respect in the Manner prescribed in such Case by the said recited Act.*

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, upon which Duties of Customs are hereby imposed, shall be detained by any Officer of the Customs on account of the same not being valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively, for the Time being, or any Three or more of them respectively, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that so Proof was made, to direct the Entry to be assessed, upon such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the Case shall appear to be most beneficial to the Customs in England and Scotland respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct: Provided always, that if the Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall accept the Terms or Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor, shall not have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damage on account of the Detention of such Goods, Wares,

Wares, or Merchandize, or Iron or Metals any Office whatever for the same; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed, as well as in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the Time being; and each thereof as well as in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the Time being.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Whole or any Part of the Cargo of any Vessel, which shall arrive in any Part of Great Britain shall consist of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize whatsoever, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, such Vessel shall forthwith proceed to the Port of London, where all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall be landed, lodged, and received under His Majesty's Lock, in some of the Warehouses belonging to the said United Company, at the Expense of the Proprietors of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, and be there examined, and an Account taken thereof by the proper Officers of the Customs, and of the Excise in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, and such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall remain so secured until the Expatriation thereof; and before any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall be taken out of such Warehouses for the Purpose of Expatriation, the several Duties of Customs, as the same are described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed, marked (C.) shall be first paid to the proper Officers of the Customs; and in such Cases in the said Table marked (C.) where the Duties to be paid on the Expatriation of any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall not be charged according to the Weight, Tare, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be ascertained by the Declaration of the Proprietor or his known Agent, or the Master and Tonnage, and under the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the same Provisions and Penalties as are preferred and imposed for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by the last recited Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of His present Majesty; and in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall not be valued according to the true and real Value thereof, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to cause the same to be detained, and the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in the Manner preferred in such Case by the said recited Act: Provided always, that such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, in Detention, (Cotton Wool excepted) shall be sold only for the Purpose of being exported from Great Britain, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that in case any Part of the Cargo of any such Ship or Vessel is consisting in Part of East Indian Gun, or Wares, or Merchandize, as aforesaid, shall consist of Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, not being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, such last mentioned Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, shall be duly entered, either to be landed or lodged in Warehouses, according to the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, of an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*; and of a certain other Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act in consequence the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Parts in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned*; and of a certain other Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of the present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, in other Articles not therein mentioned, and in other the Conditions of the Bond directed to be given by an Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, by the Masters and Owners of Vessels and Boats licensed by the Lords of the Admiralty, provided such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize by Law may be so lodged or stored, otherwise the full Duties of Customs and of Excise (in Cases where any such Duties are payable on such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize) due thereon, shall be paid to the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise; and all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, so brought into the Port of London, shall, on the Expatriation thereof, be charged with the Duties due and payable by this Act on any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize respectively, as the same are described and set forth in the Tables hereunto annexed, marked (A.) and (B.) as the said Act may be.*

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs of any Port in Great Britain, by the Report of any Vessel which shall arrive at such Port with any Cargo, Part whereof shall consist of Goods, Wares, or Merchandize of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, that such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize as are entered in Value One Fourth Part of the whole Value of the Cargo of such Vessel, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Owner, Consignor, or Captain of such Vessel, after giving such Security as shall be directed by the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three of them, for the due Conveyance of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize as aforesaid, to the Port of London, there to be warehoused as aforesaid, and so before, to land the Cargo of such Vessel at the Port of her Arrival, except such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize as aforesaid, and either to cause such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize to be conveyed in the free Ship to the Port of London, or to cause the same to be transhipped in order to be conveyed to the said Port, upon the said Security, and under such Regulations and Restrictions for securing the conveying the same to the said Port, as shall be directed by the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Proprietors or Proprietors of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, brought into Great Britain, may, if he or they shall be so disposed, instead of paying the full Duties of Customs and Excise due and payable thereon, leave or lodge in Warehouses approved by the Commissioners

Duties shall be
payable by
Part of
Customs

No payment
will be made
for the
Part of the
Cargo shall
be paid as
before, and be
warehoused.

47 G. 2. c. 11

41 G. 3. c. 102.

45 G. 4. c. 31.

48 G. 2. c. 102.

Vessel arriving
in One Port
with gun
India Goods and
merchandise
the
Duties in Value
of the Cargo,
any vessel
Remittance of
the Cargo and
conveyed to
India Goods in
London on
Security.

Imprietors may
warehous-
without Payment
of Import Duty,

Commissioners of the Customs of England or Scotland respectively, without Consent in Writing to the said Officers, any Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, which, by virtue of any Law in that behalf made, or of putting this Act, are allowed to be so stored and warehoused, as in the Conditions and Expressions of the said united Acts aforesaid in the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth Years of His Majesty's said Majesty's Statutes respectively; and all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, so warehoused, as in the said Conditions and Expressions and Statutes aforesaid have been used, shall, on the Expiration thereof, be forfeit and void, and shall not be charged with the Duties of Customs imposed by this Act, as in and for both in the Table hereunto annexed, as the Case may be.

XVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs, in any Time or more of them, upon the Request of the Owner, Proprietor, or Consignee of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises warehoused, to deliver the same in such Manner as they shall respectively direct, without Payment of Duty, and upon Payment only of any Charges or Expenses due thereon.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Importer, Proprietor, or Consignee of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which shall have been lodged in Warehouse, or otherwise stored according to the Directions of the last aforesaid Act passed in the forty-third Year of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, by vote and order of the Authority of either His Majesty's House of Commons or House of Lords, or of both, within Twelve Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or Consignees or such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall have made their first Entry thereof, clear and taken out of such Warehouse or Place respectively by all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, either for the Purpose of being exported according to the Directions of the said Act, or Payment of the Duties hereby imposed, or to be sold or consumed in Great Britain: Provided always, that such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, may legally be taken out for that Purpose, on Payment of the full Duties of Customs and Excise that are or may be due or payable thereon at the Time the same are so taken out; and in case any such Importer, Proprietor, or Consignee, shall fail or neglect to do so, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs of England or Scotland respectively, to cause all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, to be publicly sold or exposed to Sale; and after such Sale, the Produce thereof shall be applied to or towards the Payment of the Freight, Primage, and Charges of Warehousing, and other Charges that shall accrue thereon, next to the Duties of Customs and Excise, and the Overplus (if any) shall be paid to the Proprietor or other Person authorized to receive the same: Provided always, that in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, so warehoused and directed to be sold, either of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or any Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, which shall be prohibited to be sold or consumed in Great Britain, then and in such Case all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be sold only for the Purpose of being exported, and not on any Pretence whatever to be sold or consumed in Great Britain: provided that on such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be so sold, under a Price not be obtained for the same equal or next to the full Amount of all Duties of Customs and Excise, charged and chargeable thereon, together with the Expenses; but if such Price cannot be obtained, then and in such Case all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be chiefly destroyed by and in the Presence of the proper Officers of the Customs, and all the Officers of the Excise in case any Duties of Excise are payable thereon, who are hereby respectively authorized and required to do every the same accordingly; and the Proprietor or Owner of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, shall have no Claim, either in Law or Equity, to the Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or any Part thereof, in defence whatsoever, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, may be re-exported to the Country from which they were brought, or to the Country from which the Vessel in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises were imported shall belong, or to have been lodged, without Payment of the Duties imposed by this Act, and upon Payment only of such Warehouse or Port Duties as shall have been due thereon, provided that the British Flag shall not, at the Time of such Re-exportation, be excluded from such Country respectively.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge the Duties imposed by this Act on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which shall be exported from Great Britain to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; or on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Ireland, having been imported from thence directly to Great Britain, or the Exports thereof to any Country whatever.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge the Duties by this Act imposed on the Exports of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or any thing either in the Whole or in Part manufactured, being of the Growth or Produce of any State or Colony or elsewhere in America with His Majesty, and imported to any Ship belonging to such State or Colony or elsewhere in America, or any British Ship, imported according to Law directly from any such Ship, except Colons, Sugar, Tobacco, Cotton Wares, Hides, Tallow, Oil, and Currier Wood or Yarn, or Salt or Brine.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with the Duties imposed by this Act on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America or elsewhere, which shall have been imported directly from such Colony, Plantation, or Settlement respectively to the same as the Port or Place whence.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with the Duties imposed by this Act, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, that shall have been imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or by any Subject of His Majesty trading within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company with

this Licence, upon the Exportation of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises from Great Britain to any Part or Place whatsoever.

XXII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge the Duty by this Act imposed on any Wine, Spirits, or Tobacco, which shall be shipped for the Use of His Majesty's Army or Navy; but such Wine, Spirits, or Tobacco, shall be subject and liable to all and every the Rules, Regulations, and Customhouse, Landing duties, Accruents, Penalties, and Forfeitures, to which such Articles so shipped would have been subject and liable, if this Act had not been made.

XXIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with the Duties by this Act imposed any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, imported from Great Britain to the *Isle of Man*, by vessel and under the Authority of any License which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland, or any Three or more of them respectively, may or may be by Law authorized and empowered to grant.

XXIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act imposed on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises exported from Great Britain, shall not be charged or payable on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, not manufactured either in the Whole or in Part, nor upon any Wine or any Article of Provision (Spirits excepted) exported to any West India Colony, Plantation, or Settlement, in Africa or America, or to any British Settlement within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And he it further enacted, That on Ship or Vessel of the United States of America which shall carry any Part in Great Britain or Ireland in consequence of her having been allowed not to proceed to a blacked Port under His Majesty's Order in Council of the Eleventh of November One thousand eight hundred and seven, shall be liable to be charged with the Duty of Two Shillings a Tonn of the Burthen of any Ship or Vessel belonging to the Inhabitants of the said United States, imposed by an Act of the Twenty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Kings, which has been amended and revived by several subsequent Acts.

XXVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained, shall extend in effect to take away any of the Rights or Privileges of the *Woolwich Dock Company*, of the *London Dock Company*, or of the *East India Dock Company*.

XXVII. And he it further enacted, That the Duties granted and imposed by this Act shall continue in force until the End of the next Session of Parliament, unless His Majesty, by His Order in Council, shall think fit to suspend or reduce the same, or any Part thereof.

XXVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, at any Time, by Order in Council, to suspend the Operation of this Act as to any Duties, or any Provisions or Part of any Duties granted by this Act, in respect of any Country for the Time being in Amity with His Majesty, and to allow the Exportation to any such Country to be Amity with His Majesty as aforesaid, of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, and subject by this Act to any Duties as Exportation, without the Payment of such Duties, upon such Terms and Conditions, and subject to such Restrictions, as to His Majesty may seem fit.

XXIX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent His Majesty from prohibiting the Exportation of any Articles, Minerals, or Things, to any Country or Place from which the British Flag is excluded, in any Case in which it would have been lawful for His Majesty to prohibit such Exportation, if this Act had not been passed.

XXX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by an Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, and on the Transport of Wine and Liqueur in Great Britain, on certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated and described, and which by another Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled, *An Act for providing, among other things, that certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises (Sugar excepted) which should be exported from the Warehouses or Places in which such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises had been lodged or located, under the Direction of the said last recited Act, shall not be due or payable on any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises so exported, on which other Duties are charged, according to the Table marked A.) herein contained; but that the Duties on any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, as he forth in the said Table, shall, during the Continuance of such Duties, be instead and in lieu of the Duties charged and imposed thereon by the said Two last recited Acts passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Kings.**

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising from the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed (the necessary Charge of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, directly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books, in which all the Moneys arising from the said Duties, and paid out in the said Receipt as aforesaid, shall be entered separately and apart from all other Moneys paid and payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said Moneys so paid as aforesaid, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, shall from Time to Time, as the same shall be paid into the said Receipt, be stored and applied to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament, for the Service of any subsequent Year.

Continuation of
Act.

General Misc.

Table Colls.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or of any Order or Council referred to in this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced & within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted, or otherwise has, has, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Table Colls. and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Colls by Law.

"Act may be amended, &c. § 33. [See 48 Geo. 3. c. 71.]"

TABLES to which this Act refers.

TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of Duties of Customs, payable on the Exportation of certain Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, therein enumerated or described, not being imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies (which, or Importations, are allowed to be secured under the Regulations of the 43 Geo. III. cap. 131. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. and 46 Geo. III. cap. 137. without Payment of the Duties due thereon); and which shall be exported from Great Britain, except as is provided in the Act to which this Table is annexed.

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Arabic Gum. See Gum.			
Bark, the cwt.	—	—	—
Bark, viz. <i>Jafara's</i> Bark, or Cortex Peruviana, the lb.	—	—	—
Beeswax. See Wax, in Wood.			
Brandy. See Spirit.			
Buffalo Hides. See Hides.			
Bull Hides. See Hides.			
Cachinow, the lb.	—	—	—
Cocoa Nuts, the cwt.	—	—	—
Coffee, the cwt.	—	—	—
Cortex Peruviana. See Bark.			
Cotton Wool. See Wool.			
Cotton Yarn. See Yarn.			
Cow Hides. See Hides.			
Carrots, the cwt.	—	—	—
Deers Raisins. See Raisins.			
Fern Raisins. See Raisins.			
Figs, the cwt.	—	—	—
Fur Timber. See Timber, in Wood.			
Gamboge. See Spices.			
Ginger, the cwt.	—	—	—
Gum, viz.			
— Arabic, the cwt.	—	—	—
— Senegal, the cwt.	—	—	—
Hemp, rough or dressed, the cwt.	—	—	—
Hides, viz. Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the hide	0	3	0
Malg, the lb.	—	—	—
<i>Jafara's</i> Bark. See Bark.			
Indigo, the lb.	—	—	—
Iron, in Bars, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—
Kelp, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—
			Less

TABLE (A.)— <i>Continued.</i>		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Lex's Raisins. See Raisins.				
Ligon Raisins. See Raisins.				
Mahogany. See Wood.				
Manna, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0	6
Mafia. See Wood.				
Melalls, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	5	0
Oak Timber. See Timber, & Wood.				
Oars. See Wood.				
Oil, viz.				
— ordinary Oil of Olives, the TUN containing 252 Gallons	— — — — —	10	10	0
— Safford Oil, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	1	0
Ox Hides. See Hides.				
Peasants, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0	2
Peas, the bush, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 114 Gallons	— — — — —	0	4	4
Pizza Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, taken and vendred as Pirie, and being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and not being particularly enumerated or charged with Duty in this Table, for every £100 of the Value thereof	— — — — —	30	0	0
Prohibited Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, not being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every £100 of the Value thereof	— — — — —	30	0	0
Quicksilver, the lb.	— — — — —	0	1	0
Raisins, viz.				
— Belvidere Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	6
— Denis Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	0
— Faro Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	6
— Lexas Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	6
— Ligon Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	6
— Smyrna Raisins, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	3	0
— of the Sea, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	5	4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	4	0
Raw Silk. See Silk.				
Rhubarb, the lb.	— — — — —	0	2	0
Rice, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	2	0
Rofa, the cwt.	— — — — —	0	0	9
Rum. See Spirits.				
Saffron, the lb.	— — — — —	0	3	0
Safford Oil. See Oil.				
Sera, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0	6
Silk, viz.				
— Raw Silk, the lb.	— — — — —	0	2	6
— Thrown Silk, the lb.	— — — — —	0	4	0
— Waste Silk, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0	0
Smalts, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0	6
Smyrna Raisins. See Raisins.				
Spirits, viz.				
— Brandy, single, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	0	0
— — — — — above Proof, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	1	4
— Geneva single, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	0	0
— — — — — above Proof, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	1	4
— Rum single, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	0	0
— — — — — above Proof, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	1	4
— of any other Kind, single, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	0	0
— — — — — above Proof, the Gallon	— — — — —	0	1	4

Y 4 .

Sugar,

TABLE (A.)—*Continued.*

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
<i>Sugar, viz.</i>			
— Brown, or Muscovado, the cwt.	—	—	8 10 0
— White, or Clayed, the cwt.	—	—	0 14 0
Tallow, the cwt.	—	—	0 7 0
Tin, the Lb., containing 12 Barrels; each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons	—	—	0 4 4
Timber. See Wood.			
Tobacco, the lb.	—	—	0 0 ½
Turpentine, common, the cwt.	—	—	0 3 6
Woolen Silk. See Silk.			
Wine of all Sorts, the Tun, containing 552 Gallons	—	—	6 0 0
Wood, viz.			
— Mahogany, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	1 0 0
— Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, viz.			
— Six Inches in Diameter, and under Eight Inches, the Piece	—	—	0 7 0
— Eight Inches in Diameter, and under Twelve Inches, the Piece	—	—	0 10 0
— Twelve Inches in Diameter, or upwards, the Lead, containing 50 cubic Feet	—	—	1 7 0
— Oars, the 120	—	—	2 0 0
— Timber of all Sorts, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	—	—	1 7 0
Wool, viz. Cotton Wool, of all Sorts, the lb.	—	—	0 0 9
Yarn. See Masts, in Wood.			
Yarn, viz. Cotton Yarn, the lb.	—	—	0 1 ½
All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, having been, or which are allowed to be taxed under the Regulations of the 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. for every £100 of the Produce and Amount of the Duties of Customs, chargeable on the Importation thereof, by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 68.	—	—	40 0 0

For the several Exemptions from the Duties charged in this Table, whether relating to Goods exported, or to Coasters or Places to which Goods shall be exported, for the Act to which this Table is annexed.

TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of Duties of Customs payable on the Exportation of certain Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated or described (not being allowed to be taxed under the Regulations of the 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. without Payment of the Duties due thereon) not having been imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and which shall be exported from Great Britain except as is provided in the Act to which this Table is annexed.

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Anchor, for every £100 of the Value	—	—	40 0 0
Anonno, the cwt.	—	—	1 8 4
Aspid, the cwt.	—	—	0 5 0
Adzes, viz. Pot and Pearl Adzes, the cwt.	—	—	0 10 0
Bark, viz. Oak Bark, the cwt.	—	—	0 2 6
Barley. See Corn.			
Beans. See Corn.			
Beef, salted, the cwt.	—	—	0 15 0
Beer or Bitter. See Corn.			
Bread or Biscuit, the cwt.	—	—	0 4 0
Butter, the cwt.	—	—	1 0 0
Cables, the cwt.	—	—	0 18 0
Calls Lignum, the lb.	—	—	0 6 0
Cheese, the cwt.	—	—	0 15 0
Colonial Duff, the lb.	—	—	0 5 6

Copper,

TABLE (B).—Continued.

	Duty.		
	s.	d.	d.
Copper, viz. Copper in Bricks, Rafe Copper, Cast Copper, and Copper in Plates, the cwt.	—	0	0
Cordage, the cwt.	—	0	18
Corn, viz.			
— Wheat, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Rye, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Peas, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Beans, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Barley, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Beer or Digg, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Oats, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Wheat-meal and Flour, the cwt.	—	—	—
— Indian Corn or Maize, the Quarter	—	—	—
— Oatmeal, the Boll, containing 14lbs. Avoirdupois, or 12lbs. Scotch Troy	—	—	—
Fish, viz.			
— Stock Fish, the 120	—	—	—
— not otherwise enumerated or detailed, the cwt.	—	—	—
Flax, rough or undressed, the cwt.	—	—	—
Flax Seed, or Laided. See Seed.	—	—	—
Galls, the cwt.	—	—	—
Grains, the lb.	—	—	—
Indian Corn or Maize. See Corn.			
Iron, viz. Pig Iron, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—
Maglin, the cwt.	—	—	—
Lenses, the 1000	—	—	—
Lined. See Seed.	—	—	—
Madder, viz.			
— Mail, the cwt.	—	—	—
— Root, the cwt.	—	—	—
— of any other Sort, the cwt.	—	—	—
Oak Bark. See Bark.			
Oaken, the cwt.	—	—	—
Oatmeal. See Corn.			
Oats. See Corn.			
Oil, viz. Seed Oil of all Sorts, the Ton, containing 275 Gallons	—	—	—
Oranges, the 1000	—	—	—
Pease. See Corn.			
Pig Iron. See Iron.			
Pork, the cwt.	—	—	—
Prize Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, taken and condemned as Prize, not being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and not being particularly enumerated or charged with Duty in this Table, for every £1000 of the Value thereof	—	—	—
Rye. See Corn.			
Safflower, the cwt.	—	—	—
Salt, the Bushel, containing 56 lb.	—	—	—
Saltpetre, the cwt.	—	—	—
Seed, viz. Laided, or Flax Seed, the Bushel	—	—	—
Seed Oil. See Oil.			
Spanish Wool. See Wool.			
Taw, the cwt.	—	—	—
Valonia, the cwt.	—	—	—
			Vendigo,

	TABLE (B.)—Continued.			Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Verdigris, viz.						
— common, the lb.	—	—	—	0	0	6
— crystallized, the lb.	—	—	—	0	1	0
Wheat. See Corn.						
Wheat-meal and Flour. See Corn.						
Wool, viz. Spanish Wool, the cwt.	—	—	—	5	0	0
Yarn, viz. Raw Linen Yarn made of Flax, the cwt.	—	—	—	0	10	0

For the several Exemptions from the Duties charged in this Table, whether relating to Goods exported, or to Countries or Places to which Goods shall be exported, see the Act to which this Table is annexed.

TABLE (C.)

A TABLE of Duties of Customs payable on the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, not having been imported by the said Company, and which shall be exported from Great Britain, except as is provided in the Act to which this Table is annexed.

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Annatto, the cwt.	—	—	—
Arabic Gum. See Gum.	—	—	—
Asiack. See Spices.			
Bastones Handkerchiefs. See Handkerchiefs.			
Bark, the cwt.	—	—	—
Bark, viz. Jelsute' Bark, or Cortex Peruviana, the lb.	—	—	—
Brandy. See Spices.			
Buffalo Hides. See Hides.			
Bull Hides. See Hides.			
Calicoes, viz.			
— White, whether plain, flowered, or striped, for every £100 of the Value	—	25	0
— Printed, painted, stained, or dyed, for every £100 of the Value	—	25	0
Caffia Lignum, the lb.	—	—	—
China Ware, or Earthen Ware, for every £100 of the Value	—	25	0
Cinnamon, the lb.	—	—	—
Cloves, the lb.	—	—	—
Cochineal, the lb.	—	—	—
— Dutch, the lb.	—	—	—
Corn Mats, the cwt.	—	—	—
Coffee, the cwt.	—	—	—
Copper, viz. Copper in Bricks, Red Copper, Cast Copper, and Copper in Plates, the cwt.	—	—	—
Cortex Peruviana. See Jelsute' Bark or Bark.			
Cotton Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every £100 of the Value	—	25	0
Cotton Wool. See Wool.			
Cotton Yarn. See Yarn.			
Cow Hides. See Hides.			
Dimity, viz. Plain White Dimity, for every £100 of the Value	—	25	0
Earthen Ware. See China Ware.			
Flax, rough or undressed, the cwt.	—	—	—
Galls, the cwt.	—	—	—
Ginger, the cwt.	—	—	—

Gravels.

TABLE (C.)—Continued

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Gunflint, the lb.	—	—	—
Gun, viz.	0	5	0
— Archa, the cent.	—	—	—
Gun Stange, the cent.	0	10	0
Handkerchiefs of Silk, printed, painted, stained, or dyed, each	—	—	—
—	0	1	6
Hemp, rough or unrefined, or any other vegetable substance of the Nature and Quality of unrefined Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	15	0
Hides, viz. Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Hide	—	—	—
—	0	3	0
Jefote's Bark. See Bark.	—	—	—
Judges, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	2	0
Maize, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	8	0
Madder Root, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	15	0
Maize, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	0	6
Melissa, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	5	0
Mullin, plain, for every £100 of the Value	—	—	—
—	15	0	0
Norwich Cloths, for every £100 of the Value	—	—	—
—	25	0	0
Norweg, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	5	0
Oil, viz.	—	—	—
— of Cannon, the oz.	—	—	—
— of Clove, the oz.	—	—	—
— of Maize, the oz.	—	—	—
— of Nutmeg, the oz.	—	—	—
—	0	4	0
Ox Hides. See Hides.	—	—	—
Pepper, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	0	3
Price Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, taken and condemned as Prize, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and not particularly enumerated or charged with Duty in this Table, for every £100 of the Value thereof	—	—	—
—	10	0	0
Quicksilver, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	1	0
Raw Silk. See Silk.	—	—	—
Rhubarb, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	2	0
Rice, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	2	0
Rum. See Spirits.	—	—	—
Safflower, the cent.	—	—	—
—	1	7	0
Saffron, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	1	0
Sageites, the cent.	—	—	—
—	1	8	0
Sassa, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	0	6
Seeger Gun. See Gun.	—	—	—
Silk, viz.	—	—	—
— Flandershiefs. See Handkerchiefs.	—	—	—
— Raw Silk, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	3	6
— Waste Silk, the lb.	—	—	—
—	0	0	6
Spirits, viz.	—	—	—
— Aneck, single, the Gallon	—	—	—
— double, the Gallon	—	—	—
— Brandy, single, the Gallon	—	—	—
— double, the Gallon	—	—	—
— Rum, single, the Gallon	—	—	—
— double, the Gallon	—	—	—
— of any other kind, single, the Gallon	—	—	—
— double, the Gallon	—	—	—
—	0	1	4
—	0	0	8
—	0	1	4
—	0	0	8
—	0	1	4
Sugar, viz.	—	—	—
— Brown or Malcorade, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	10	0
— White or Clayed, the cent.	—	—	—
—	0	14	0

Tee,

TABLE (C.)—Continued		Duty.	
		£.	s. d.
Yen, viz.			
— Black, the lb.	— — — — —	0	3 0
— Green, the lb.	— — — — —	0	3 0
Tobacco, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0 1½
Wool Silk. See 5th.			
W.o., viz. Cotton Wool, the lb.	— — — — —	0	0 9
Yarn, viz. Cotton Yarn, the lb.	— — — — —	0	3 0
Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, not particularly enumerated or defined in this Table, being prohibited to be worn, used, or consumed in Great Britain, for every £100 of the Value.		25	0 0
All Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, not particularly enumerated or defined in this Table, and not having been imported by the said Company, for every £100 of the Produce and Amount of such Duties of Customs imposed by the 43d Geo. 3, cap. 68, on such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise respectively, when imported by the said Company, which are due and payable when the same are taken out of the Warehouse, for the Purpose of being sold or consumed in Great Britain.		40	0 0
For the several Exemptions from the Duties charged in this Table, whether relating to Goods exported, or to Countries or Places to which Goods shall be exported, for the Act to which this Table is annexed.			

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from *Ireland*, and for permitting the Importation into *Ireland*, Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions.

[28th March 1808.]

- * So much of 41 G. 3, c. 36, as enables the Lord Lieutenant to prohibit the Exportation of *Provisions*, &c. (41 G. 3, c. 36, s. 1.) further continued till March 25, 1808, except so far as relates to the Exportation of Corn, Grass, or Flour to *Great Britain*. § 1. An Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 2.*

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, certain Duties on the Exportation from *Ireland* of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated.

[14th April 1808.]

* Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS certain Duties have been imposed in *Great Britain*, by an Act of this Session of Parliament, *intituled*, *An Act for granting to His Majesty until the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated, in furtherance of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council*, and it is therefore expedient that corresponding Duties should be granted upon certain Goods exported from *Ireland*; We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise enumerated or defined in the Tables (A.) and (B.) annexed to this Act, exported from *Ireland*, the several Duties of Customs, in the same are respectively defined and set forth in Figures in the said Tables.

- ** Goods warehoused and taken out for Home Consumption, shall be liable to Duties on Exportation under this Act. § 2. [41 G. 3 of 48 G. 3, c. 26.] Vessels having sailed from certain Ports, before Times limited by Orders in Council in *Great Britain*, may proceed from *Ireland* with their Cargo without payment of said Export Duties. § 3. [See 48 G. 3, c. 16, § 4.] Exemption for Goods (except Cotton Wool or Yarn, or Jute's Bark) imported under Licence dated before Nov. 11, 1807, and cleared out before said Period, and warehoused for Exportation. § 4. Like Exemption for Goods imported from Free Ports in the *West Indies* under Licence before 1 Jan. 1808. § 5. Exemption for Goods imported from St. Domingo under Licence dated prior to 1 Feb. 1808. Goods imported under subsequent Licences liable to half Duties. § 6. Duties on *Pine Goods*. § 7. [See § 5, 6, 7, 8 of 48 G. 3, c. 26.] Value of Goods paying Duty ad valorem, shall be ascertained, &c. as under 48 G. 3, c. 87, § 8. Goods deposited as under valued, may be valued as the Entry being intended. § 9. [See § 11 of 48 G. 3, c. 26.] Importers may warehouse without Payment of Import Duty, any Goods which by Law might be so warehoused, in cases of regular Importation. § 10.

** Goods

" Goods may be delivered at Request of Own *ib.* § 11. [*Act* § 16 of 48 G. 3. c. 26.] Warehouse Goods
 " Shall be closed within the Time required by Law or shall be sold or re-exported, *ib.* § 12. Exemption from Duty
 " For Goods exported to Great Britain, and British Goods exported through Ireland, § 15. [*See* § 18 of 48 G. 3.
 " c. 26.] Exemption for Goods, the Produce of Countries in Amity, § 24. Exemption for Goods of British
 " Colonies, § 15. [*Act* § 19, 20 of 48 G. 3. c. 26.] Exemption for Wine, Spirits, and Tobacco for
 " Army and Navy, § 16. [*Act* § 22 of 48 G. 3. c. 26.] Exemption for Goods exported to British Colonies
 " [except Spirits], § 17. [*Act* § 24 of 48 G. 3. c. 26.]"

XVIII. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty at any Time by
 Order in Council, or for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council
 of Ireland, to suspend the Operation of this Act as to any District, or any Part thereof, or Part of any
 District granted by this Act, in respect of any Country for the Time being in Amity with His Majesty,
 and to allow the Exportation to any such Country so in Amity with His Majesty as aforesaid, of any
 Goods, Wares, and Merchandise made subject by this Act to any Duties on Exportation, without the
 Payment of such Duties, upon such Terms and Conditions, and subject to such Restrictions as to His Majesty
 may seem fit.

" This Act shall prevent the King from prohibiting Exportations, § 19. [*Act* § 20 of 48 G. 3. c. 26.]
 " Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and carried to Cashlanded
 " Fund of Ireland, § 20. Duties shall be levied as other Duties of Customs, § 21. Levitation of Advances
 " Three Marks—Gross of Hides—Twelve Cents, § 22. Act may be altered or repealed, § 23. Continuance of
 " Duties till the End of the next Session of Parliament, § 24."

His Majesty or
 the Lord Lieut.
 or Govr. may
 suspend this Act.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

DUTIES OF CUSTOMS to be charged upon the Exportation from Ireland of the Foreign Goods,
 Wares, and Merchandise herein-after enumerated and described, and which on Importation are or
 may by Law be allowed to be warehoused or licensed without Payment of Duties; (whenever)

	Duty.
	l. s. d.
Arabic Gum. See Gum.	
Bark, the cwt. — — — — —	0 10 0
Bark, viz. Jussia's Bark, or Cortex Peruviana, the lb. — — — — —	0 6 0
Benzoin. See Malt, or Wood.	
Beady. See Spices.	
Buffle Hides. See Hides.	
Bull Hides. See Hides.	
Cachibul, the lb. — — — — —	0 7 0
Cacao Nuts, the cwt. — — — — —	1 0 0
Coffee, the quart. — — — — —	1 8 0
Cortex Peruviana. See Bark.	
Cotton Wool. See Wool.	
Cotton Yarn. See Yarn.	
Cow Hides. See Hides.	
Cornuts, the cwt. — — — — —	0 9 0
Down Radies. See Radies.	
Fern Radies. See Radies.	
Figs, the cwt. — — — — —	0 7 0
Fir Timber. See Timber, or Wood.	
Geniva. See Spices.	
Ginger, the cwt. — — — — —	0 7 0
Gum, viz.	
— Arabic, the cwt. — — — — —	0 10 0
— Senegal, the cwt. — — — — —	0 10 0
Hemp, rough or undressed, the cwt. — — — — —	0 15 0
Hides, viz. Bulls', Bolls', Cow, or Ox Hides, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Hides — — — — —	0 3 0

SCHEDULE (A.)—Continued.		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Jalap, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Juifs's Bark. See Bark.		0	0	6
Judges, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Iron, in Bars, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—
Kelp, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—
Levis Raisins. See Raisins.				
Lopar Raisins. See Raisins.				
Mahogany. See Wood.				
Mares, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Malts. See Wood.				
Melades, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
Oak Timber. See Timber, in Wood.				
Oars. See Wood.				
Oil, viz.				
—Ordinary Oil of Olives, the Ton, containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	—
—Saffred Oil, the Gallon	—	—	—	—
Ox Hides. See Hides.				
Pearls, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Peas, the Lad, containing 21 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 515 Gallons	—	—	—	—
Prime Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise taken and condemned as Prize, not being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and not being particularly enumerated or charged with Duty in this Table, for every £100 of the Value thereof	—	—	—	—
Prohibited Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every £100 of the Value thereof	—	—	—	—
Quickfilts, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Raisins, viz.				
—Belvidere Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—Drom Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—Faro Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—Levis Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—Lopar Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—Seyra Raisins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—of the Sun, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
—not otherwise enumerated or defined, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
Raw Silk. See Silk.				
Rhubarb, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Rice, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
Rins, the cwt.	—	—	—	—
Rum. See Spirits.				
Salt, the Bushel of 56 lbs.	—	—	—	—
Saffron, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Saffred Oil. See Oil.				
Sera, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Silk, viz.				
—Raw Silk, the lb.	—	—	—	—
—Thross Silk, the lb.	—	—	—	—
—Waho Silk, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Smalts, the lb.	—	—	—	—
Seyra Raisins. See Raisins.				
Spirits, viz.				
—Brandy, single, the Gallon	—	—	—	—

Spirits,

SCHEDULE (A.)—Continued.

Duty.

	£	s	d.
Spirits, continued.			
—Bundy, above Proof, the Gallon	—	—	3
—Geneva, &c., the Gallon	—	—	10
—above Proof, the Gallon	—	—	3
—Rum, &c., the Gallon	—	—	10
—above Proof, the Gallon	—	—	3
—of any other Kind, &c., the Gallon	—	—	10
—above Proof, the Gallon	—	—	3
Wine, viz.			
—Rhenish or Moscovado, the cwt.	—	—	10 0
—White or Claret, the cwt.	—	—	11 0
—Red, the cwt.	—	—	7 0
—in the Last, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 3½ Gallons	—	—	6 4
—See Wood.			
—Silk, the lb.	—	—	11
—Tweed, &c., the cwt.	—	—	10
—Silk, See Silk.			
—Wool, of all Sorts, the Tun, containing 224 Gallons	—	—	5 12 0
Wood, viz.			
—Mahogany, the Tun, containing 20 cwt.	—	—	0 0 0
—Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, viz.			
—Six Inches in Diameter, and under Eight Inches, the Piece	—	—	0 5 0
—Eight Inches in Diameter, and under Twelve Inches, the Piece	—	—	0 10 0
—Twelve Inches in Diameter or upwards, the Load of 50 cubic Feet	—	—	1 7 0
—Oars, the 120	—	—	2 0 8
—Tweezer of all Sorts, the Load of 30 Cubic Feet	—	—	1 7 0
Wool, viz. Cotton Wool of all Sorts, the lb.	—	—	0 0 9
Yards. See Masts, in Wood.			
Yarn, viz. Cotton Yarn, the lb.	—	—	0 3 0
All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, which are or may by Law be allowed to be warehoused or secured without Payment of the Duty on the 1 st Entry thereof, for every 2000 of the Produce and Amount of the Duties chargeable by Law on the Importation thereof into Ireland	—	—	40 0 0

For the several Exemptions from the Duties charged in this Table, whether relating to Goods exported, or to Countries or Places to which Goods shall be exported, see the Act to which this Table is annexed.

SCHEDULE (B.)

DUTIES of CUSTOMS to be charged on the Exportation from *Ireland* of the Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandize hereinafter enumerated or described, which on Importation are not allowed to be warehoused or secured, without Payment of Duty; (viz.)

	Duty.		
	£	s	d.
—Anchors, for every 2000 of the value	—	—	58 10 10
—Anatto, the cwt.	—	—	4 1 8
—Argol, the cwt.	—	—	0 6 7
—Alicia, viz. Pot and Pearl Ashes, the cwt.	—	—	0 14 9
Bark, viz. the cwt.			
—Oak Bark, having been imported from America,	—	—	0 7 11
—from any other Place	—	—	0 6 11
—Barley. See Corn.			
—Beans. See Corn.			
—Beef, salted, the cwt.	—	—	0 14 6
—Beer or Bagg. See Corn.			
—Bread or Biscuit, the cwt.	—	—	0 5 0

Z 2 2

Duties.

SCHEDULE (B).—Continued		Duty.
		£. s. d.
Batten, the cwt.	— — — —	1 0 0
Cables, the cwt.	— — — —	1 13 3
Café Negro, the lb.	— — — —	0 7 0
Chiefs, the cwt.	— — — —	0 17 7
Cochinal Duff, the lb.	— — — —	0 5 0
Copper, the cwt. viz.		
— Copper Rocks, Rofs Copper, and Cast Copper	— — — —	1 1 5
— — — — in Plates	— — — —	1 8 5
Cardage, the cwt.	— — — —	1 14 3
Corn, viz.		
— Wheat, the Barrel	— — — —	0 6 0
— Rye, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Peas, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Beans, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Barley, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Bar or Bagg, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Oats, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Indian Corn or Maize, the Barrel	— — — —	0 3 0
— Wheat-meal and Flour, the cwt.	— — — —	0 5 0
— Oatmeal, the cwt.	— — — —	0 4 0
Fish, viz.		
— Stock Fish, the 120	— — — —	0 5 7
— not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.	— — — —	0 4 0
Flax, viz.		
— rough or undressed, the cwt.	— — — —	0 15 4
— Sred, or Lined. See Seed.		
Galls, the cwt.	— — — —	1 3 4
Grains, the lb.	— — — —	0 2 0
— Indian Corn or Maize. See Corn.		
Iron, viz.		
— Pig Iron, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	— — — —	1 10 6
— Ingots, the cwt.	— — — —	5 10 10
Lemons, the 1000	— — — —	1 6 1
Lined. See Seed.		
Madder, viz.		
— Mall, the cwt.	— — — —	0 2 5
— Root, the cwt.	— — — —	0 18 5
— of any other Sort, the cwt.	— — — —	0 12 0
Oak Park. See Bark.		
Oaken, the cwt.	— — — —	0 5 6
Oatmeal. See Corn.		
Oats. See Corn.		
Oil, viz. Seed Oil of all Sorts, the Tun, containing 272 Gallons	— — — —	17 5 3
Oranges, the 1000	— — — —	1 9 11
Peas. See Corn.		
Pig Iron. See Iron.		
Perk, the cwt.	— — — —	0 17 0
Price Goods, viz. Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, taken and condemned as Prizes, not being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and not being particularly enumerated or charged with Duty in this Table, for every £100 of the Value	— — — —	10 0 0
Saffron, the lb.	— — — —	1 7 11

Salt-petre,

SCHEDULE (B.)—Continued.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Sulphur, the cwt.	—	—	—
Sard, viz. Linfold, or Flax Seed, the Bushel	—	—	—
Spanish Wool. See Wool.	0	1	10
Tow, the cwt.	—	—	—
Tow, the cwt.	0	7	7
Valais, the cwt.	—	—	—
Verdigne, viz.	0	10	6
common, the lb.	—	—	—
crystallized, the lb.	0	0	11
Wheat. See Corn.	—	—	—
Wheat-meal and Flour. See Corn.	—	—	—
Wool, viz. Spanish Wool, the cwt.	—	—	—
Yarn, viz. Raw Lown Yarn made of Flax, the cwt.	5	6	4
Yarn, viz. Raw Lown Yarn made of Flax, the cwt.	1	7	5

For the several Exemptions from the Duties charged in this Table; whether relating to Goods exported, or to Coasting or Places to which Goods shall be exported, for the Act to which this Table is annexed.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Jelais Bark and Cotton Wool from Ireland. [14th April 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit for a limited Time the Exportation of Jelais Bark and Cotton Wool from Ireland except in the Manner herein-after mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons whatever shall, directly or indirectly, export, carry, or convey, or cause or procure to be exported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any Port or Place in Ireland, or full tide or low water on board, or onto or across to be laden or laded on board in any Ship or other Vessel or Boat, any Jelais Bark or Cotton Wool in order to be carried, exported, or conveyed out of any such Port or Place, except to Great Britain, and also except as hereinafter is provided.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, with the Advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, by any License under his Hand, to authorize any Person to export from Ireland for his or their own Account, or for Account of any Subject or Subjects of any State in Amity with His Majesty, any Jelais Bark or Cotton Wool, under such Regulations, Restrictions, and Securities, as may be specified in the said License.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prohibit the Exportation in any Ship or Vessel of War, belonging to His Majesty, or in any Transport Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, of any Jelais Bark for the Use of His Majesty's Army or Navy, under such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or any Four or more of them, may direct.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Four or more of them, by License under their Hands, to permit the Exportation of Jelais Bark for the use of the Crew or other Persons on board of any Ship or Vessel on which the same shall be laden, in such Quantities (not exceeding One Pound Weight for every Five Men of the Crew or other Persons on board any such Ship or Vessel), and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners of Customs shall prescribe, any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Jelais Bark and Cotton Wool which shall be exported, carried, or conveyed in or laded on board any Ship or other Vessel or Boat, in order to be exported, carried, or conveyed out of Ireland, contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited, and that every Offender therein shall forfeit also the sum of Forty Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Jelais Bark or Cotton Wool which shall be so exported, carried, or conveyed, or so laden in or laded on board any Ship or other Vessel or Boat, in order to be exported, carried, or conveyed out of Ireland; and also the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, wherein the same shall be exported, or in or upon which the same shall be laden or laded in order to be exported, together with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

Penalties shall be assessed and applied as other Penalties against Customs Laws in Ireland. § 6. Offences

against Persons relating to shore or Vessels, with Bark intended to be exported before passing this Act,

declared void, &c. § 7. Act may be altered this Session. § 8. Continuance of Act till end of next Session. § 9.

C A P.

[See Act
48 G. 3 c. 29,
28, for Great
Britain.]

Jelais Bark and
Cotton Wool
shall not be
exported from
Ireland, except
to Great Britain,
&c.

Lord Lieutenant
may authorize
the Exportation
to His Majesty's
Army.

Exportation of
Jelais Bark
allowed for the
Supply of the
Army and Navy,
and for the Use
of the
Ships.

Jelais Bark and
Cotton Wool
exported
contrary to this
Act shall be
forfeited,
together with
the Ship, &c.

C A P. XXX.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, for the better regulating the Trade of Ireland to and from the East Indies. [14th April 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better regulating the Trade of Ireland to and from the East Indies, under certain Conditions and Provisions*, it is amongst other things enacted, that no Goods, Wares, or Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the Countree or Ports within the Limits of the exclusive Trade of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, shall be permitted or allowed to be exported to or transported into or landed in Ireland, but that only as shall be hereinafter provided in the Part or Place of Ireland, or in any Ship or Vessel, or in any Port or Place thereof, any Goods, Wares, or Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the Countree and Ports aforesaid, may arrive at any Port or Place in Ireland, in pursuance of an Order in Council relative to the said Trade and Navigation, and it is amongst other things enacted, that the said Order shall be made respecting the said Part or Place in Ireland, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, lawfully assembled in that behalf to the full Power of the same, That to wit the Wholes or any Part of the Cargo of any Vessel which shall arrive in any Port of Ireland, in pursuance or in consequence of any Order in Council, or of any Order by the Lord Lieutenant or other Lord Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of Ireland, shall consist of any Goods, Wares, or Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Countree or Place other than the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, such Vessel shall nevertheless be permitted to proceed and shall proceed to the Port of London, and the said Ship or Vessel, and the said Goods, Wares, and Manufactures shall be there dealt with according to Law; and such Ship, or Vessel, or the Goods, Tackle or Furniture of the same, or any Goods, Wares, or Manufactures laden therein, shall not be subject or liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture under the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, on account of having come into such Part or Port contrary to any of the Provisions in the said recited Act contained, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Collector, Comptroller, or other proper Officers of any Part in Ireland, by the Report of any Vessel which shall arrive at such Part with any Cargo, Part whereof shall consist of Goods, Wares, or Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Countree or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the said United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, that such Goods, Wares, and Manufactures do not exceed in Value, One-fourth Part of the whole Value of the Cargo of such Vessel, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Owner, Captain, or Pilot of such Vessel, after giving such Security as shall be directed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland at any Year of them, for the due Carriage of such Goods, Wares, and Manufactures as aforesaid to the Port of London, to land the Cargo of such Vessel at the Port of her Arrival, except such Goods, Wares, and Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture aforesaid, and either to land such Goods, Wares, and Manufactures to be conveyed in the said Ship to the Port of London, or to cause the same to be transported in order to be conveyed to the said Port, upon the said Security and under such Regulations and Restrictions for securing the conveying the same to the said Port as shall be directed by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, any Thing in the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That Goods, Wares, and Manufactures of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the Countree or Ports within the Limits of the exclusive Trade of the said Company, which shall have been imported into Ireland from Great Britain according to Law, shall and may be exported from Ireland to any Part or Place whatsoever, without the Payment of any Duty on the Exportation thereof; any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the Time of such Exportation to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, for preventing the counterfeiting of certain Silver Tokens, to certain other Tokens, which may be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and to promote the Circulation of the said last mentioned Tokens. [14th April 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend the Provisions of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for preventing the counterfeiting of certain Silver Coins issued by the Bank of England and Ireland respectively, or Silver Pieces which may be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland called Tokens, and to promote the Circulation of the said Tokens*, certain pains of Felony, and other Pains and Penalties, were imposed on any Person or Persons who should make, coin, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, coined, or counterfeited, or sell or assist in the making, coining, or counterfeiting the Tokens in the said Act mentioned, or who should bring into Ireland or into any Part of the United Kingdom, or should pass, or utter, or tender in Payment, or give in Exchange, or pay or put off any such counterfeit Tokens or Tokens, or should have in his

• here, or their Callody, without lawful Excise, any greater Number than Five of each full or counterfeit
 • Tokens: And whereas the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland are preparing and intend to Issue
 • in Ireland, for the Convenience of the Publick, a Quantity of Silver Pieces decorated Tokens, of the
 • common Standard of Spanish Pillar Dollars, containing on the obverse Side thereof an Impression of His
 • Majesty's Head, and the following words and Figures, "George III. Dei Gratia Rex 1808," and on
 • the reverse Side thereof an Impression representing His Majesty, with the Words or Figures "Bank Token,
 • XXX Pence only," each such Token on issuing at Weight Sixteenth Parts of the Common Weight
 • of a Spanish Pillar Dollar: And whereas Tokens for Ten-pence and Five-pence have been issued by the
 • Governor and Company of the said Bank of Ireland conformably to the Dispositions in the said recited
 • Act: And the Varieties only of the Figures 1805 instead of 18 31: Be it enacted by the King's most
 • Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 • in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of
 • the said Act if any Person or Persons shall make, coin, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, coined, or
 • counterfeited, or melted, or sold or offered in the making, coining, or counterfeiting, any Piece or Pieces, resembling,
 • or made with Intention to resemble or look like the said Tokens for Thirty-pence only, or so altered
 • intended to be used by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or the said Tokens for Ten-pence
 • and Five-pence with the Figures 1805, or to pass as such, or to resemble or look like any of the said
 • Tokens, or to pass as such, or if any Person or Persons shall bring into Ireland, or send any part of the
 • United Kingdom, any such full or counterfeit Tokens, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, or
 • the Intention either the same, within the said United Kingdom, or within any Dominion of the same, or if
 • any Person or Persons shall enter or tender in payment, or give in Exchange, or pay or put off to any Person
 • or Persons any such full or counterfeited Tokens or Tokens knowing the same to be false or counterfeited; or
 • if any Person or Persons shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Excise, (the
 • Proof whereof shall lie on the Party accused,) any greater Number than Five of any such full or counterfeited
 • Tokens; then and in any or either of the said Cases respectively, every such Person shall be liable and
 • liable to such and the like Fines of Felony, and other Fines and Penalties respectively, and to such and
 • the like Penalties and Forfeitures respectively, and shall be punished, proceeded against, and dealt with as such
 • and the like manner respectively, as is mentioned and directed in and by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth
 • Year of His Majesty's Reign, as to Persons mentioned in the said Offence respectively under the said recited
 • Act in regard to the Tokens in the said recited Act mentioned, and as if the said Tokens for Thirty-pence in
 • the said Act mentioned, and the said Tokens for Ten-pence and Five-pence with the Figures 1805 therein respectively,
 • had been mentioned and particularized in the said recited Act.

Printed at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.
 Printed by
 G. G. & J. S.
 at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.
 Printed by
 G. G. & J. S.
 at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.

Printed at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.
 Printed by
 G. G. & J. S.
 at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.

Printed at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.
 Printed by
 G. G. & J. S.
 at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.

Printed at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.
 Printed by
 G. G. & J. S.
 at the
 Office of the
 Stationer, in
 Strand, London.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Regulations, and Directions, Clauses,
 Matters, and Things in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign mentioned
 and contained, or referred to with respect to the making, coining, counterfeiting, bringing in, carrying,
 trading, giving in Exchange, selling, putting off, or putting any counterfeited Token as in the said Act
 is mentioned, shall and may be applied in the apprehending, securing, proceeding against, and punishing
 Offenders under the said Act, and the Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures for Offences against the said Act,
 and in carrying the said Act into Execution, and in relation to the said Tokens for Thirty-pence and the said
 Tokens for Ten-pence and Five-pence with the Figures 1805 therein, in all respects whatsoever, as fully and
 effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers, Privileges, Regulations, and Directions,
 Clauses, Matters, and Things, were repeated and recited in the said Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money which now are or shall become payable in Ireland
 for any Part of the Publick Revenue there, shall be accepted by the Collectors, Receivers, and other Officers
 of the Revenue authorized to receive the same, in the said Silver Tokens for Thirty-pence only, which shall
 be issued during the Continuance of the Refraction on Payments in Cash by the Governor and Company of
 the Bank of Ireland, if offered to be paid; and that the said Governor and Company may, whenever they
 think fit, withdraw the said Tokens, and in relation to the said Tokens for Thirty-pence and the said
 Tokens for Ten-pence and Five-pence only, issued during the Continuance of the said Refraction, as may be received by the
 said Governor and Company in Payment or otherwise before or after such Refraction.

• And may be altered or repealed this Session. 14."

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to permit certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or secured, without the
 Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid. [14th April 1808.]

• WHEREAS it would greatly tend to the Encouragement of the Trade and Commerce of Ireland, and
 • to the Accommodation of Merchants and others, if certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandises were
 • permitted to be warehoused and properly secured in the Port of Dublin, and in certain other Ports in
 • Ireland, without Payment, at the Time of the First Entry of such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, of the
 • Duties due on the Importation thereof, under such Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions as are hereinafter
 • after provided: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the
 • King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
 • and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after
 • the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee
 • or Consignees of any of the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises enumerated and described in the Schedule hereunto
 • annexed, to stock (as) and which shall be legally imported and brought to the Port of Dublin, or any other
 • Port in Ireland, or any Warehouse or Warehouses situated in the said Port of Dublin, or in any such Port as
 • aforesaid,

showed, under the joint Seals of the Crown and the Merchants, without Payment, at the Time of the Full Entry of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof; Subject nevertheless to the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions directed by this Act: Provided always, that the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Four or more of them, shall first certify under their Hand to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, for the Time being, the Number and Situation of such Warehouses, and that in their Judgment they are in every respect fit and proper for the Receipt of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, wherein the same may be fully and fully specified.

11. And whereas from the Bulk of certain Articles, or from other Circumstances, such Articles cannot be conveniently lodged and secured in Warehouses: be it therefore enacted, That no Bull or may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises enumerated or described in the Table hereunto annexed, marked (B.) which shall be legally imported or brought into the said Port of *Dublin*, or into any Port or *Ireland* into which Tobacco may by Law be imported, to land any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, without Payment, at the Time of the Full Entry thereof, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof; and such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises may be lodged or secured at or in such Places, and under such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Four or more of them, shall from Time to Time order, appoint, and direct.

12. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or the Commissioners of the Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland* for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, shall deem it expedient that the Provisions of this Act shall be extended to any Goods, Wares, and Merchandises not enumerated or described in either of the Tables in this Act annexed, and shall cause a List of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises to be published in The Dublin Gazette, then and from thenceforth all and every the Provisions, Regulations, and Restrictions of this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises in every respect, as if and as though the same were so enumerated and annexed in the said Tables respectively at the Time of the passing of this Act.

13. Provided always, and be it enacted, that every Importer, Proprietor, or Consignee of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandises which may be landed under this Act at the Port of *Dublin*, or any other Port in *Ireland*, without Payment of Duty at the Time of the Full Entry thereof, shall send into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Executors, the double Amount of the said Duties due and payable on the Importation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, with Conditions that such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises shall be either duly exported within the Time or Times prescribed by Law, or that the said Duties due and payable on such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises shall be duly paid within the Space of Twelve Months from the Date of the Full Entry of such Goods, or within the Time now required by Law as to such Goods as may be warehoused in *Ireland* by any Act or Acts in force at the Time of passing of this Act: and the said Bond shall be so entered into within Forty-eight Hours after the Port Surveyor and Lead Water or other proper Officer shall have ascertained the Quantity and Quality of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises to be bonded.

14. Provided also, and be it further enacted, that nothing in this Act contained full entered or be construed to extend to permit or allow any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises whatever to be imported into or exported from *Ireland*, or to be received or landed in any Way or Manner contrary to any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

15. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That before any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall be lodged in Warehouses, or otherwise secured according to the Directions of this Act, the same shall be entered with the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, either by a bonded Entry or by a Bill of Vues, and landed according to Law; and the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs shall on such Landing, or as soon after as conveniently may be, raise a Invoice, and take a particular and correct Account of the Quantity, Quality, Species, Number, and Contents thereof, which Account shall be regularly set out in a Book or Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose, and the Contents shall also be worked up under the Direction and Inspection of the said Officer or Officers of the Customs and legible Characters on each and every Package, in all Cases where the same may be practicable, in such Manner as the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* shall from Time to Time think proper to direct; and no Allowance either for Damage or on any other Account whatsoever shall be made on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, unless the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees, at the Time such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises are first examined as aforesaid, shall claim or demand the Allowance to which they may be entitled.

16. And be it further enacted, That no Goods, Wares, or Merchandises which shall have been lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured according to the Directions of this Act, shall be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place, but upon the following Conditions: (That is to say) if any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall be intended to be delivered or taken from thence respectively for Exportation, either to Great Britain or to Foreign Parts, the Proprietor or Proprietors, or Exporter or Exporters, of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises may so take the same for Exportation, without Payment of the Duties due on the Importation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises respectively; Provided such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Exporter or Exporters, shall, before any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises are so delivered or taken for Exportation, make a due Entry thereof with the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, and shall also give and satisfy all Export Duties which may be payable on such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises as aforesaid to be exported to Foreign Parts; and shall, together with the Master or other Person having the taking Charge of the Ship or Vessel in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises are intended to be imported, and One or two sufficient Security to be appointed of by the Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of Exportation, enter into Bond for the due Exportation thereof, in like Manner as is

imported by Law with respect to Goods, Wares, and Merchandises exported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, or to Foreign Ports respectively, or which any Drawback due and payable, and which Bond shall be delivered and cancelled in the first Instance and under the same Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions respectively as Bonds given on the Exportation to *Great Britain* or to Foreign Ports respectively of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises on which any such Drawback is payable, may by Law be defrauded and carried off: And if any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, so warehoused or otherwise secured as aforesaid, shall be removed or be taken from the Warehouse or Place where the same may have been lodged or stored, to be, or if it shall be proved in *Ireland*, the Perish or Perishers in standing to take out the same shall first pay the Duties and Moneys, to the Collector or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, the full Duties due and payable upon the Importation of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises respectively into *Ireland* at the Time the same shall be taken out or taken away for the Purpose of being sold or consumed, according to Law: And such Duties thereof at the first Examination of the Officer or Officers of the Customs, without any Deductions or Abatement whatever on Account of any Diligence arising from Warrants or from any other Cause of what Nature: forever the same may be, except as is by this or any other Act specially provided: Provided always, that when by reason of any Effect produced by Weather or in consequence of the Time during which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises may have been so warehoused or stored, the same shall not be computed as Weight or Quantity with the first Account taken as aforesaid, but shall have a Credit in Weight or Quantity, such Increase shall not subject the same to any Forfeiture, but the full Duties or Customs payable on such Excess of Weight beyond such first Account shall be charged and paid, together with the other Duties according to such first Account as taken as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time the Quantity of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises warehoused or secured under this Act, which shall have been duly delivered for Home Consumption, added to the Quantity of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises respectively which shall have been duly exported, and also to the Quantity remaining so warehoused or secured (if any in excess) shall fall short or be deficient of the actual Quantity ascertained and taken account of at the Time of the Importation or first Entry or Landing thereof, then and in such Case the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises respectively shall be subject and liable to the Whole of the Duties for or in respect of the Quantity so deficient as aforesaid, and shall pay and satisfy the same before the Bond given or entered into on the warehousing or securing of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises shall be delivered up or cancelled, and before any of the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises so warehoused or secured then remaining shall be permitted to be taken out either for Exportation or for Home Consumption; and all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises so remaining shall be subject to the Duties so deficient, and shall and may be held for Payment of the same and of Warehouse Rent and other Charges upon the Expiration of the Time continued for exporting the same or paying the Duties thereon.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of this Act, shall be embezzled or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed, or fraudulently or clandestinely removed from or out of any Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or stored, all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises so embezzled or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise; and the Perish or Perishers in embezzling, hiding, concealing, or removing the same, or aiding or assisting therein, or to whose Hands or Possession the same shall come, knowing the same to have been so embezzled or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed or removed, shall be subject and liable to the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Payments, as if such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises had been fraudulently unshipped or landed without Payment of Duty, and also to forfeit a Sum equal in Amount to twice the Duty payable on such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises secured in Warehouses and Places under the Authority of this Act, shall be bonded, covered, placed, and deposited in the said Warehouses and Places in such Manner as that safe and convenient Access may be had to every Cask, Case, Bag, Box, or other Package, for the Purpose of examining and taking a true Account of the Contents thereof; and if the Owner or Proprietor or Perishor who shall have caused any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or who shall have the Care of the Merchant's Lock, being one of the joint Locks under which the same are warehoused, or any Warehouse-keeper or Agent of such Owner, Proprietor, or other Person, shall omit, neglect, or refuse to do away, place, and deposit the same, or cause the same to be so removed, placed, or deposited, as aforesaid, at his or their own Charge and Expence, he or they shall for every such Omission, Neglect, or Refusal as aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in Case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, warehoused or otherwise secured in pursuance of this Act, shall be destroyed or damaged by Fire, it shall not be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Custodian or Custodians of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever, to claim or demand, or to maintain any Action or Suit, on any Account whatsoever, against His Majesty or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person employed by the said Commissioners respectively, for any Compensation for or on account of or by reason of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises having been destroyed by Fire as aforesaid; and the Duty of Customs or Excise whatever shall be demanded or paid for any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises so destroyed as aforesaid. Provided always, that no such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises so destroyed by Fire in any Store or Warehouse not provided or erected at the Charge of the Crown, nor the Proprietor or Custodian thereof, shall be exempt from the Payment of the Duties thereon, unless every Fireplace or Store in the Warehouse or Buildings in which the same shall be deposited shall be bricked up or destroyed, and such Warehouses and Buildings shall in all other respects be rendered secure from Fire to the Satisfaction of the Collector and Comptroller of the

That the
provisions
of this Act
shall not
extend to
any Goods,
Wares, or
Merchandises,
which shall
be imported
into
Ireland, or
be
exported
from
Ireland.

That the
provisions
of this Act
shall not
extend to
any Goods,
Wares, or
Merchandises,
which shall
be imported
into
Ireland, or
be
exported
from
Ireland.

That the
provisions
of this Act
shall not
extend to
any Goods,
Wares, or
Merchandises,
which shall
be imported
into
Ireland, or
be
exported
from
Ireland.

That the
provisions
of this Act
shall not
extend to
any Goods,
Wares, or
Merchandises,
which shall
be imported
into
Ireland, or
be
exported
from
Ireland.

That the
provisions
of this Act
shall not
extend to
any Goods,
Wares, or
Merchandises,
which shall
be imported
into
Ireland, or
be
exported
from
Ireland.

Customs or Port Duties, or the Storekeeper or his Deputy at the Port where such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise shall be warehoused or stored, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that in Case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise be warehoused by virtue of this Act shall be damaged by Fire, or be spoiled in any Manner provided at the Charge of the Owners, shall be damaged by Wet or any Cause, or be lost and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Four of them, with the Approbation of the said High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer to make Abatement in the Duties chargeable thereon, proportioned to the Diminution of the Value of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise arising from such Damage: Provided always, that in all Cases aforesaid any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise are by this Act permitted to be lodged in Warehouses, or otherwise from any of the Expense of Warehouse Rent, and all other Charges, shall be paid by the Importer, Proprietor, or Owner of any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise; and in case it shall be deemed expedient that any Warehouse or Warehouses should be provided or erected at the Charge of the Crown for the Purpose of receiving thereon any of the Goods, Wares, or Merchandise aforesaid or defined in the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (A.), the Importer, Proprietor, or Consignor of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall pay, to the Person who may be appointed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to see to the same, Warehouse Rent for such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, to be effected according to the usual Rate of such Rent for the like Articles paid at the Port of Importation, and such Duties shall be made, and the Rate of Payment fixed accordingly by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland* for the Time being, or any Three or more of them.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall be delivered out of or taken from any Warehouse or Place in which the same shall have been lodged or stored by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, either that it is the Package in which the same shall have been originally or respectively imported, or in any other Quantity equal thereto and contained in a single Package, nor shall any Wine, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirit, or Aqua Vitæ be taken out for Exportation in any less Quantity than One cask, Cork, or in such fixed Casks as each such Wine or Spirit may be legally imported or exported: Provided always, that on Allowance of six Vells or Packages shall take place in any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise warehoused or stored aforesaid this Act without the Approbation of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Four of them: Provided always, that it shall be lawful under the Inspection of the proper Officer of Customs to re-pack for Exportation any Coffee or Cocoa Nuts in any other sort of Package than that in which the same was originally imported, provided the Quantity contained in such Re-package be not less than Four hundred Weight.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the Duties on which shall have been secured by Bond, and which shall have been imported in Bulk, shall be delivered, except in the whole Quantity for which such Bond shall have been given, or a Quantity not less than One Ton Weight, unless by special Leave of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or any Four or more of them, which Leave to be had and obtained previous to such Delivery.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That as to the Appraising for Exportation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise which shall have been warehoused or otherwise lodged or stored according to the Direction of this Act, the Officer of Customs who shall have attended the Shipments thereof shall after due Examination thereof give without Fee or Reward to the Exporter of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or his Agent, a full and correct Certificate, which shall be well examined and countersigned by the Port Surveyor, specifying the Quantity, Quality, and Species of the Goods, Wares, or Merchandise so shipped; which Certificate shall afterwards be delivered to such Officer or other Person as the said Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland shall think proper to direct, in order that the same may be entered in a Book or Books to be provided for the Purpose of Appraising such Accrues, as the said Commissioners may think necessary and proper, with the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignor or Consignees of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise warehoused or otherwise lodged according to the Direction of this Act, which Certificate, in far as the same will apply, shall go in discharge of the Bond given by any such Importer, Proprietor, or Consignor respectively, and the Payment of the Duties on such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignor or Consignees of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise which shall have been lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses to be provided according to the Direction of this Act, or which shall have been otherwise stored in Manner directed by this Act, shall within fifteen Calendar Months to be computed from the Day on which such Importer, Proprietor, or Consignees of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall have made such Full Entry thereof, or in respect to any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise which may be warehoused or imported, without Payment of Duty by any Law or Laws now in force, within such Time as is now required by Law, for the same respectively, clear and take out of such Warehouses or Places respectively, either for Exportation according to the Direction of this Act, or to be consumed in *Ireland*, all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise; and in case such Importer, Proprietor, or Consignees shall fail or neglect to do so, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties to cause all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise to be publicly sold or exposed to sale, and after such Sale the Produce thereof shall in the first Place be applied to or towards the Payment of the Freight, if any such shall be due, and Notice thereof shall have been given at the Time of Importation to the Collector of the Port, and Affixed under the Seal of Sale, that such Freight then remained due; or the next Place in Payment of Freight and Charges of Warehouse Rent and other Charges that shall exist thereon; in the next Place in Payment of the Duties due thereon; and the Overplus (if any) shall be paid to the Proprietor or other Person authorized to receive the same, provided that no such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall be sold, unless a Price can be obtained for the same, equal at least to the full Amount of all Duties charged and chargeable thereon, together with the Amount of Warehouse

Warehouses Rent
shall be paid by
Importers, &c.

Goods shall be
delivered in
three distinct
Packages
Wine, &c.

Exporting
Coffee and
Cocoa Nuts for
Exportation.

Delivery of
Goods required
in Bulk.

On Appraising
warehoused
Goods for
Exportation, a
Certificate shall
be given
in discharge of
Importers
Accounts.

Warehoused
Goods, if not
exported out
within 12
Months, shall
be taken out
of such
Warehouses
and exposed
to sale by
Auction.

Rest and other the Expenses thereon; but if such Price cannot be obtained, they shall be sold off for Cash; and all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall be effectually destroyed by and in the Presence of the said Chief or Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port, who is and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to do the same accordingly; and the Proprietor or Owner of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall have no Claim either in Law or Equity in the Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or any Part thereof as delivered or stored; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Orders, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the instant of the passing of this Act, whether relating to the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or to the Duties payable on the Importation thereof, or to the collecting or levying of such Duties, or to the permitting any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise to be warehoused without Payment of Duty, or to which are not expressly repealed, revoked, altered or controlled by this present Act, shall be and may be continued in as full Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Goods as may be warehoused by virtue of any Act in force in *Ireland* even directly before the passing of this Act with respect to such Goods, may continue to be warehoused under the Provisions of such Acts; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, that no Holidays whatsoever shall be permitted or allowed to be kept by any Officer of His Majesty's Customs in *Ireland*, (as in respect of any Act, Matter, or Thing to be done by any such Officer in performance of this Act, and for the carrying the same into Execution, except *Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday*, and any Days which shall be appointed by Parliament on for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Reformation of King *Charles* the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and the Birthdays of Their Majesties and of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; but that all Business relating to His Majesty's Revenue shall be carried on under this Act upon all Holidays, except as before excepted, in the same Manner as upon other Days in the Year; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Proprietor of any such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise at any Time in the Presence of the proper Officer to take a Sample thereof: Provided always, that out of each Cask of any Kind of Spirits or Wine not more than Half a Pint, and out of every Cask or other Package of Coffee or Cocoa Nuts not more than Two Ounces shall be taken: Provided also, that no more than Two Samples shall be taken out of the same Cask or Package, save and except where the former Sample shall have been returned.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Importer or Proprietor who may have Occasion or be desirous to inspect or examine any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise to him belonging, which shall have been warehoused under this Act, shall, upon giving Four Hours Notice in Writing to the proper Officer of Customs, be permitted by such Officer with the Consent and in the Presence of such Officer, to enter into and remain in such Warehouse or Warehouses in long as shall be necessary, during the legal Hours of Business, for the Purpose of inspecting or examining such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or for making such lawful Alterations therein or Arrangements thereof as may be necessary either for the Preservation and Security thereof, or in order to the Sale or legal Disposal of the same respectively: Provided always, that no such Alterations or Arrangements shall be made which may in any respect tend to lessen His Majesty's Duties or to invade or abridge or otherwise embarrass the Officers in taking and keeping a true Account thereof; and that the Entry and Custodian of every such Warehouse and Proprietor into such Warehouses, and the Inspection and Examination of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, shall be subject to and governed by such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions in all Respects as the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall from Time to Time make, order, and direct, with respect to such Entry, Custodian, Examination, and Inspection, or any of them.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act shall be paid and recovered in British Currency, and shall and may be paid for and recovered, levied and applied in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed, and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, entitled, *An Act for fixing of the Stamp or new Stamp upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors*, according to the Book of Rates therein referred to, as in and by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things within the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland*, as in or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to the said Revenue, Matters, and Things, or either of them; as fully and effectually to all Intents, Contents, and Purposes as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party and Parties, who shall think here, her, or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any of them is provided and enacted.

* Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 21."

Provision of
Customs
regarding
Imports
shall not be
affected by
this
Act.

No Holiday
to be permitted
Christmas Day,
&c.

Importers or
Proprietors may
take Samples.

Goods may be
examined by
Importers, &c.
in their
Warehouses.

Fines and
penalties of
this Act.

§ 11, 12 & 13.

§ 11, 12 & 13.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

ARTICLES allowed to be warehoused: without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

Almonds of all Sorts.	Jessier Berries.
Anchovies.	Limes, plain, of all Sorts, (except Seal Cloth.)
Asafœda.	Mares.
Balfam Capiva.	Molasses.
Balls.	Molur Yarn.
Bees Wax.	Oil, viz.
I resin and other Spices.	— Whisk Oil and other Fish Oil, and Whale Fin.
B-Hills undressed.	— of Olives.
Castorides.	— Palm.
Cappas, Turkey.	— Sallad.
Chy Hata.	— of Turpentine.
Chover S. od.	Opona.
Cochard.	Pancots.
Coc a Net.	Peases.
Coffee.	Quicksilver.
Comes Yarn.	Rashes of all Sorts.
Comes Wood.	Rubarb.
Carrots.	Rice.
Elephants Teeth.	Ruen.
Feathers for Beds.	Saffron.
Figs.	Sassa.
Ginger.	Silk, Raw.
Goldeng.	— Thread.
Gum Arabic.	— Walle.
— Scragg.	Spalts.
Hides and Skins.	Strow Hata.
Indigo.	Sugars.
Jalap.	Tobacco.
Japan ^o Bark.	Wine.

SCHEDULE (B.)

ARTICLES which may be secured in Pices to be approved of: without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

Brindlose.	Staves.
Cork.	Tallow.
Hemp undressed.	Tar.
Iron in Bars.	Timber.
Kelp.	Tax.
Magnesy.	Tarpetone.
Pitch.	Wood.
Ruin.	

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Jesuits' Bark from Great Britain. [14th April 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit for a limited Time the Exportation of Jesuits' Bark from Great Britain, except in the Manner hereinafter mentioned: be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons whatever shall, directly or indirectly export, carry, or convey, or cause or procure to be exported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any Port or Place in Great Britain, or shall load or lay on board, or cause or procure to be laden or laid on board in any Ship or other Vessel or Boat, any Jesuits' Bark, in order to be carried, exported, or conveyed out of any such Port or Place, except to Ireland, and also except as hereinafter is provided.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Licence under his Royal Sign Manual, to authorize any Person to export from Great Britain for his or their own Account, or for Account of any Subject or Subjects of any State in Amity with His Majesty, any Jesuits' Bark, under such Regulations, Restrictions, and Securities as may be prescribed in the said Licence.

^a Exportation

[S. 487. 1.
C. 32, 33.
Ireland.]

Jesuits' Bark shall not be exported from Great Britain, &c.

His Majesty may authorize the Exportation of Jesuits' Bark in Amity.

- Exportation may be allowed for the Supply of the Army and Navy, § 2; and for the Use of Crews of Ships, § 4. Bark exported contrary to this Act forfeited: with 40s. per lb. weight and the Vell. &c. § 5. Provisions shall be removed and applied as other penalties against Custom Laws, § 6. Actions against Persons having refused to clear Vessels laden with Bark, intended to be exported before passing this Act declared void. § 7. Act may be altered this Session, § 8. Continuance of this Act till End of next Session, § 7.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to prohibit, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Exportation of Cotton Wool from Great Britain. [14th April 1808.]

- Cotton Wool shall not be exported, except as *before*, or under the provision of this Act, § 1. His Majesty may allow Exportation to States in Amity, § 2. Cotton Wool exported contrary to this Act shall be forfeited: with a Penalty of 40s. per lb. weight, and the Vell. &c. § 3. [See § 1, 2, 3 of 48 G. 3. c. 29. & c. 35.]

IV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent any Cotton Wool being carried Coastwise, upon any Certificate which shall be directed to be given by the Commissioners of the Customs in that Behalf.

- Penalties shall be removed and applied, as other penalties against Custom Laws, § 5. Actions against Persons refusing to clear Vessels laden with Cotton Wool intended to be exported before the passing of this Act declared void, § 6. Act may be altered this Session, § 7. Continuance of this Act until End of next Session, § 8.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for imposing, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, a Duty on Cotton Wool, the Growth of the British Colonies, exported from Great Britain. [14th April 1808.]

- Most Gracious Sovereigns,
WH E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Publick Expenses, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, a Duty upon Cotton Wool of the Growth or Produce of any of His Majesty's Colonies, Settlements, or Plantations, exported from Great Britain; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Cotton Wool, the Growth or Produce of any British Colony, Settlement, or Plantation, exported from Great Britain to any Port or Place except to Ireland, a Duty of Nine-pence for every Pound Weight of such Cotton Wool, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity. And that Duty shall be managed another Duty of Customs, § 2. Said Duty shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs, § 3. And shall be paid into the Exchequer, § 4. Extension of Actness Three Months—General Issue—Treble Costs, § 5. Act may be altered this Session, § 6. Continuance of Act till End of next Session, § 7.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for altering and amending several Laws relating to the Duties of Excise upon Salt. [14th April 1808.]

- 46 G. 3. c. 129. (continued by 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 13.) further continued to 24th June 1809. [See 48 G. 3. c. 74. a permanent Act.]

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act for making valid certain Orders in Council, and Warrants of the Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Entry and Warehousing of certain Goods imported in Neutral Vessels, and for indemnifying all Persons concerned therein; for the remission of Penalties in certain Cases; and for enabling His Majesty to allow, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation of Goods from Countries from which the British Flag is excluded, in any Vessels whatever. [14th April 1808.]

- W**H EREAS several Neutral Vessels, bound to Ports or the Coast of Europe from which the British Flag has been excluded, have arrived in the Ports of the United Kingdom, having been warned or brought into such Ports in consequence of His Majesty's Orders in Council for that Purpose, and Diversified Carbons of such Vessels have been admitted to Entry for Home Consumption, or warehouse for Exportation; and other Parts of such Carbons, consisting of Goods the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Countries within the Limits of the Charter granted in the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, not imported by the said Company, have been warehoused for Exportation; and as it was enacted in consequence of the late Laws in Force, Wine and other Commodities which have been imported into the Kingdom of Portugal in Vessels not owned and navigated according to Law, and have been admitted

admitted to Entry or warehoused in the same Manner, and subject to the same Duties only, as if the same had been imported in British-built Vessels, owned and navigated according to Law: And whereas such Goods have been entered and warehoused, in obedience to Orders of Council and Warrants of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, which it has been deemed expedient under the Circumstances aforesaid for such Purposes; such Orders and Warrants, and the Proceedings thereupon, were not authorized by Law; but it is expedient, under the Circumstances, that the same should be authorized by Act of Parliament; and it is also expedient that the Importation of Goods from Countries from which the British Flag is excluded, should be allowed for a limited Time in any Vessels to be so therefore entitled, &c.

All Importations, Admittances to Entry, and warehousing, &c. of Goods made previous to this Act, shall be deemed to be made in conformity with the said Acts, and the Persons concerned therein identified. § 5.
Goods which have been or shall be brought into Port in consequence of such Orders in Council may be landed, and the Ships shall not be liable to Forfeiture, &c. § 2.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council or Letters, and in respect for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council of Ireland, by Order in Council or Letters, when and as often as the same shall be judged expedient, to permit during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise as shall be specified in such Order or Council or Letters, to be imported into any Part of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, from any Port or Place from which the British Flag is excluded, in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Country, whether in Amity with His Majesty or not; any Law in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

IV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to exempt from Search any Goods or Commodities which shall be wharfed, or attempted to be wharfed for the Purpose of being illegally conveyed on Shore, or before such Entry shall have been made thereof.

Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 5.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act for granting Annuities to satisfy certain Exchequer Bills. [14th April 1808.]

The Interest on Exchequer Bills under 47 G. 3. c. 2. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 28. and c. 79. which shall be carried to Exchequer Office before 1st March 1808, shall be paid; and the Holders shall receive Certificates in the Bank outlying cheques at their Option for every such sum either to 1000. in the Five per Cent. Annuities from 1st January 1808; or to 500. 50. in the said Five per Cent. together with 1000. in the 4 per Cent. from 1st April 1808; provided the Amount of Exchequer Bills exchanged shall not exceed Two Millions. § 1.
Exchequer Office shall receive and cancel such Exchequer Bills, or granting such Certificates. § 2.
Certificates shall entitle Parties to the Annuities accordingly. § 3. Payable out of the Consolidated Fund. § 4.
Certificates may be assigned before 1st May 1808. § 5. Bank, on receiving Certificates, shall give Credit in their Books for the Capital Stock thereof mentioned; which Stock may be transferred, &c. § 6.
Exchequer shall from Time to Time draw Money to the Bank for Payment of the Annuities. § 7.
Accountant General shall examine certain Accounts. § 8. Money converted into Five per Cent. Annuities shall be added to the Joint Stock of Five per Cent. already established. § 9. And Money converted into Four per Cent. Annuities shall be added to the Joint Stock of Four per Cent. Mode of transferring Stock. § 10.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall willingly sell or assist in the forging, or counterfeiting any Certificate or Certificates intended to be made out by this Act, or any Assignment thereof, or Indorsement thereon, or sell after any Number, Figure, or Word, as any such Certificate, or any Assignment thereof, or Indorsement thereon, or utter or publish as true any such false, forged, counterfeit, or altered Certificate or Certificates, or any Assignment or Assignments thereof, or Indorsement or Indorsements thereon, with Intention to defraud His Majesty or the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Body Politick or Corporate, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, or willingly selling or assisting in the forging or counterfeiting, or altering, uttering, or publishing as aforesaid, being thereof convicted in due form of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Bank shall continue a Corporation for the purposes of this Act, until Redemption of said Annuities. § 11.
No Fee for Transfers, Penalties &c. § 14. Bank, &c. shall receive a Compensation from Treasury for their Services. § 15. General Issue.—Tidde Coffs. § 16.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Substantive to be paid to Inkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. [14th April 1808.]

The Rates are the same as in 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 25.—Continuance of Act from 14th March 1808 and 25th March 1809.

C A P.

is and are hereby repealed and made void; and that from and after the Expiration of each Calendar Month an Act or Bill shall be corrected or brought for any Penalty incurred under the said recited Acts, or either of them, for any Offence against such Parts of the said Acts or either of them, as relate to the Sealing of any Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, according to the Quantity of Words, or according to the Number of composed Sheets, or Skins, of which the same shall consist; any Thing in the said recited Acts or either of them to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Two Shillings and Five Shillings, in the Schedule to this Act inserted, imposed in respect of any Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, not otherwise charged, shall be in lieu of a Stamp of Six Pence payable under the said recited Acts of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Years of His Majesty's Regency upon any Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, according to the Quantity of Words, or the Number of composed Sheets, of which such Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing shall consist: Provided always, that where by the said recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts in force in England, a Stamp Duty is imposed on any Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing, in Proportion to the Amount of Rent referred to, or Fee or Consideration paid, or of Money lent or paid, such Stamp Duty shall be paid and payable in lieu of the Stamp Duty of Ten Shillings aforesaid; and that in respect of such Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing shall be registered, written, or printed, the Stamp Duty of Five Shillings shall be paid as in case of an Indenture, Lease, Bond, or other Deed, Instrument, or Writing not chargeable according to the Amount of Rent referred to or Fee or Consideration paid, or Money lent or paid.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to any Exception to any Affidavit or Report filed in any Court of Equity or any Ecclesiastical Court in *locus in locis*, nor to any Declaration, Bill, Answer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, Interrogatory, Deposition, or other Plea or Proceeding, filed in any Court in *locus in locis*, but that every such Exception, Declaration, Bill, Answer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, Interrogatory, Deposition, and other Plea or Proceeding, shall be and remain chargeable with the Duties of Stamps imposed in respect of the same, by the said recited Acts of the Forty-fourth Year, and the Schedule thereto annexed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, and the said Schedule thereto annexed, as imposes a Duty of Five Shillings for every entire Quantity of Fifteen composed Sheets contained in any Petition of any Will, or any Letters of Administration, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that no Probate of a Will nor Letters of Administration, except Administrations *Provisionales*, shall be subject and liable to any Stamp Duties other than the Duties in the Schedule to the said Act specified in respect of the Value of the Estate to which such Probate or Administration shall relate; and that no Letters of Administration *De Jure suo* shall be liable to any Duty under the said recited Act or the said Act; and that any Administration *Provisionalis* shall be liable only to the Duty of Ten Pence in the Schedule to the said Act specified, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after passing this Act, so much of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year and the Schedule thereto annexed, as imposes any Duty in respect to any Certificate to be taken out by any Special Pleader, Driveline in any Court of Equity, Conveyancer, Solicitor, or any other Person who for or in Execution of any Fee, Gain, or Reward, shall draw or prepare any Conveyance of, or Deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity; and also in respect of the said Act as directs that any Person who shall practise as such Special Pleader, Driveline, or Conveyancer, or shall draw or prepare any such Conveyance or Deed, shall necessarily take out a Certificate thereof in Manner and under the Regulations in the said Act contained; and also in respect of the said recited Act as imposes any Penalty on any Person in *locus in locis*, not being qualified as in the said Act is contained, or not being within the Exception in the said Act specified, who shall draw or prepare any Conveyance of, or Deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceeding in Law or Equity for or in Execution of any Fee, Gain, Profit, or Reward, shall be and the same is and so hereby repealed.

X. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said Act, passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Regency, and the Schedule thereto annexed, as imposes a Duty of Two-pence on every Sommons issued out of any Inferior Court, not holding Plea above Forty Shillings, and the New Duty on any Warrant Hired or Order made by such Court, and as imposes a Duty of Sixpence on every List of Attorneys, Solicitors, or Conveyancers, shall, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where, in any Cause, Suit, or Proceeding by Civil Bill, any Plaintiff or Defendant shall appear in his own proper Person, and not by Attorney, it shall be lawful for the said Plaintiff or Defendant before such Cause, Suit, or Proceeding shall be had, to file out or omit from the Force of any Decree, Dismissal, or other Proceeding, the Words 'Attor. pro' for the Plaintiff, or 'Attorney for the Defendant,' and to refer instead thereof 'The Plaintiff,' (or 'Defendant,' as the Case may be) 'appears in Person' and every Decree, Dismissal, and other Proceeding in such Cause or Suit by Civil Bill shall, if duly stamped according to Law, be as good, valid, and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Name of the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Defendant respectively had appeared therein, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Month after the passing of this Act, so much of the said Act, passed in the said Forty-fourth Year, as directs, that whenever any Deed, Conveyance, or Will shall be brought to be registered under certain Acts in force in *locus in locis*, it shall and may be lawful for the Registrar to keep and detain in his Custody all such Deeds, Conveyances, and Wills

Statute of 1804.

Section 1.

Section 2.

Section 3.

Section 4.

Section 5.

Section 6.

Section 7.

Section 8.

Section 9.

Section 10.

Section 11.

Section 12.

Section 13.

Section 14.

Section 15.

Section 16.

Section 17.

Section 18.

Section 19.

Section 20.

Section 21.

Section 22.

Section 23.

Section 24.

Section 25.

Section 26.

Section 27.

Section 28.

Section 29.

Section 30.

Section 31.

Section 32.

Section 33.

Section 34.

Section 35.

Section 36.

Section 37.

Section 38.

Section 39.

Section 40.

Section 41.

Section 42.

Section 43.

Section 44.

Section 45.

Section 46.

Section 47.

Section 48.

Section 49.

Section 50.

Section 51.

Section 52.

Section 53.

Section 54.

Section 55.

Section 56.

Section 57.

Section 58.

Section 59.

Section 60.

as well be brought to him, and all Memorials thereof, for the Space of Time in the said Act mentioned, and as requires the said Registrar to produce such Deeds, Conveyances, and Wills and Memorials thereof, to any Officer appointed for the Inspection of Stamps, and as imposes any Penalty on any such Registrar in case of his Refusal or Neglect to comply with the Directions of the said Act, shall be and be the same is hereby repealed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person is *seised*, shall have made any Deposition or Appointment of a Game-keeper, whom a Certificate duly stamped shall have been granted according to Law, and such Deposition or Appointment shall have ended by the Death, Resignation, or Removal of such Game-keeper, before the Twenty-fifth Day of Month next after the Date of such Certificate, it shall and may be lawful for such Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person, to make a new Deposition or Appointment of any Person to be a Game-keeper in the Room of such former Game-keeper, and so from Time to Time as often as any Vacancy shall happen by the Death, Resignation, or Removal of any such Game-keeper, during the Period in which such Certificate shall continue in force, by indorsing upon the back of the Certificate granted to such former Game-keeper, the Name of the Person to be deputed or appointed; and such Lord or Lady of a Manor or other Person shall indorse every such Indorsement with his or her Name, and the Date of signing the same; and every such Deposition or Appointment so made by Indorsement and subscribed as aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual until the said Twenty-fifth Day of *May*, and so longer, without any further or other Stamp thereon, and without any further or other Certificate thereof: any Thing in any Act in force is *inrolled* to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person is *seised*, who from and after the passing of this Act shall have in his or her Possession any Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or other Dog, or any Gun, Net, or other Engine usually employed in the taking or Detention of Game, shall be deemed and taken as a Person keeping and using such Dog, Gun, Net, or Engine for the taking or detention of Game within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act imposing Duties upon Certificate with respect to the Killing of Game is *inrolled*.

XV. And be it further enacted, That where any Profession or Proceeding shall be had or commenced against any Person for carrying on any Trade, Business, Profession, or Calling, without having a License for so doing duly stamped, or for keeping or using any Dog, Gun, Net, or Engine for the taking or Detention of Game, without having obtained a Certificate duly stamped in Manuscript required by Law, the Proof that such Person has obtained such License or Certificate duly stamped shall lie on the Party against whom such Profession or Proceeding shall be had or commenced, and not on the Party complaining; any Thing in any Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is among other Things enacted, that any Deed, Instrument, Matter, or Thing, which shall be stamped with any Stamp of greater Value than the Stamp required by Law, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, although the Stamp on such Deed, Instrument, Matter, or Thing, shall not be of the particular Denomination or Description required by Law: be it enacted, That nothing in the said recited Enactment contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to any Deed, Instrument, Matter, or Thing which shall be of a Kind for which separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall have been provided according to Law, unless the Stamp imposed thereon shall be One of the Stamps or Marks particularly appropriated to such kind of Deed, Instrument, or Writing.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, the Payment of the Stamp Duty on all Judgments shall be deemed in Manuscript following respectively, that is to say: the Payment of the Duty which shall from Time to Time be payable on Judgments, upon *Common Pleas*, shall be deemed by the proper Stamp for every such Judgment respectively, being stamped on such Cognovit, and the Payment of the Duty which shall from Time to Time be payable on all other Judgments whatsoever is *inrolled*, shall be deemed in Manuscript following, that is to say, a small Piece or Bit of Parchment whereon shall be written the Title of the Cause, and the Day of making Judgment therein, shall be stamped with the proper Stamp for every Judgment respectively, and such Piece of Parchment so stamped, shall be filed in the proper Court, on the File of the Pleading thereof; and thereupon every such Judgment shall be deemed and taken to be duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and any Officer or Officers who shall neglect or omit to obtain such Piece of Parchment payable hereupon for any such Judgment, and to file the same as aforesaid, shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all and every such Cognovit shall and may be stamped with the proper Stamp, within One Calendar Month next after the same shall have been filed, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum, save only the Duty payable thereon, but no Indorsement shall be allowed thereon; and every Person concerned in the signing, signing, or filing the same, shall be exempt from all Provisions on Account thereof: Provided nevertheless, that no Officer or Officers who shall neglect or omit to bring or find such Cognovit to the proper Officer or Officers, within One Calendar Month after the same shall have been filed, shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That after the Expiration of One Month from the passing of this Act, a Book shall be kept in every Court is *inrolled*, by the proper Officers, containing the Names of all such Court after that Time, a Minute or Memorandum of the Entry of such Judgments, with the Name of the Parties in the Cause, and the Day of the making of such Judgments, and also the Date of making such Entry, and whether the same was duly stamped as aforesaid or not; and such Entry shall continue to be taken as Evidence that such Judgment was duly stamped, or the contrary, at the Time of making such Entry; and if any such Officer shall omit to keep such Book, or to make such Entry therein after

New Testament
in a Glass
Lenses in a
Frame on the
inside of the
Glass
The
Lenses are
the same
The
Lenses are
the same
The
Lenses are
the same
The
Lenses are
the same

Printed by
D. G. G.
in the
City of
London
Printed by
D. G. G.
in the
City of
London

42
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the
of the

How Stamps
on Judgments
shall be deemed
in Manuscript
by the proper
Stamp, on other
Judgments by a
small Piece of
Parchment with
the Title of the
Cause, and the
Day of making
the Judgment
therein

Cognovit may
be stamped
within a Month
after it is signed
without
Payment on
Account thereof

In Every Court
a Book shall be
kept containing
the Names of all
such Courts after
that Time, a
Minute or
Memorandum
of the Entry of
such Judgments,
with the Name
of the Parties
in the Cause,
and the Day of
the making of
such Judgments,
and also the
Date of making
such Entry,
and whether the
same was duly
stamped as
aforesaid or
not

to any such Judgment within the said Period of Seven Days after making the same respectively, or shall make any such Entry falsely, every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XX. And whereas it has heretofore been enacted, that all Judgments should within One Calendar Month after the signing thereof respectively, be carried to the Head Office in Dublin to be stamped, and the same hath not been carried into Execution, but it has been usual to stamp the same on *several* respectively: be it therefore enacted, That every Judgment signed before the passing of this Act, and which hath been stamped respectively, shall be deemed and taken to have been duly stamped, and all Parties concerned in signing or making up the same shall be and they are respectively hereby solemnly sworn of full Power and Privileges for not causing the same to be stamped.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no attested Copy of any final Judgment, which after One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act, shall be moved as *before*, shall be given or received in Evidence, unless the Officer attesting the same shall certify not only that the same is a true Copy of such Judgment, but that such Judgment has been duly stamped as aforesaid respectively; and if any Officer shall certify the same falsely, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Hunter or other Person licensed to kill Hares, shall refuse to permit and suffer any Person duly authorized and empowered, under the Provision of the said last recited Act, to enter into the House, Shop, Workhouse, or Warehouse of any such Hunter or Person licensed to kill Hares, and to search for, view, seize, and examine all and every Hat and Hats which shall be in such House, Shop, Workhouse, or Warehouse, or shall withhold, obstruct, or hinder any Person so authorized in the Execution of his Duty under the said recited Act, every such Hunter or Person licensed to kill Hares, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties hereby granted, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof as *before* Custom, and shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund of *before*, and shall be under the Management, Government, and Care of the Commissioners for the Time being appointed to manage the Duties charged upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper in *before*, and the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to sell such Stamps, in order to discharge the Duties payable by this Act, as have been heretofore provided to discharge former Duties of the like Nature, or to make new Stamps to be provided for that Purpose, and to alter the same or any of them from Time to Time; and to do all other Things necessary to be done for putting the Act into Execution with relation to the several Duties hereby granted, in the like and as far as shall appear a *Measure* as they are authorized to put in Execution any former Law concerning any Duties under their Management.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in levying, collecting, and receiving any Stamp Duty or Duties payable as *before*, shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof; and that the several Distributors of Stamps in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, shall pay all Moneys received by them, or any Deputy or other Person employed by them, for or by reason or as Account of any of such Stamp Duty or Duties, or of any Penalties imposed by this Act, or by any other Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, and then to the Heads of such Distributors respectively to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties on every Day in each Week except Sundays: and the Distributors of Stamps employed at other Parts of *before* shall on every *Wednesday* in every Week, unless the same shall be on *Holiday*, and then on the next following Day which shall not be on *Holiday*, or as speedily after such *Wednesday* or other Day as the Distance of such Distributors respectively shall permit, and as each officer as the said Distributors shall be required by the said Commissioners, or any of them, pay or cause to be paid all Sums received by them in like Manner, and therein their Heads respectively, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, and the said Receiver General shall on each and every Day, or on each Day or Days in every Week or shall be directed for the Purpose by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, pay all Moneys so received by him, and then as his Heads, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *before*; and the said Receiver General shall on each Day after his making any such Payment into His Majesty's Exchequer, and every Distributor of Stamps each Day after his or her making any such Payment to the said Receiver General, or on the first Opportunity after the said Times respectively, give Notice of such Payment and of the Amount thereof to the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties; and if such Receiver General shall at any Time neglect or omit to pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer the Sums so by him payable, as aforesaid, at the Time and in Manner aforesaid, or shall detain any Part of the Moneys so by him payable, without full and true Notice to be approved of by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any Three of them, then and for each Offence he shall be defamed from his said Employment, and shall be incapable to have His Majesty's His Heirs or Successors, in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall be deemed with Intention for the Moneys so detained as his Heads, after the Rate of Twelve Pence by the Hundred for the Year, the same to be recovered, with Costs of Suit, by Action, Suit, or Information, or by any other of the Ways or Means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall be charged with Interest for the Moneys so detained as his Heads, after the Rate of Twelve Pence by the Year for each One hundred Pence, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by Action, Suit, or Information, or by any other of the Ways or Means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, from *before* Accounts.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Duty or Penalty under this Act, or under any Act empowering, or in anywise relating to the Levying, Collecting, or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties whether in any Court to be instituted in any of the Superior Courts in Ireland, or by Civil Bill, or before a Justice or Justices, or at Sessions, any Informer or other Person who in the Event of a Conviction would be entitled to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share, or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward, or Emolument whatsoever, shall be received and admitted as a competent Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding, and the Testimony of such Informer or other Person shall, if believed, be sufficient to all Intents and Purposes, as far as the same Testimony could be if given by any other Person whatsoever.

Informer a
following
Witness.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Penalty against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Stamp Duties shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleas, or Informacion, in any of the Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, or by Civil Bill, in any Part of Ireland, the Parties suing for the same shall also be entitled to and shall recover his full Costs of Suit, and shall have like Remedy for such Costs as in other Cases where Costs are given by Law.

Plaintiff in all
Actions for
Penalty shall
recover Costs.

* Powers of 43 G. 3. c. 21. & 46 G. 3. c. 64. extended to this Act. § 27. Act may be altered this Session. § 29.

SCHEDULE.

Duty.

	d.	s.	d.
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which shall be engraved, written, or printed any of the following Articles, or any Part thereof, the respective Duties following	4.	2.	6.
And Licenses to any Person in Ireland for any of the Purposes herein-after mentioned, that is to say			
To manufacture Tobacco in any Manner	8	8	0
And further, for and upon every Tobacco Table exceeding One Table, which any Person manufacturing Tobacco shall be licensed to keep	4	4	0
To deal in unmanufactured Tobacco, except as a Wholesale Importer only	10	10	0
To sell by Retail or otherwise and in Coffin, except Importers thereof, or Persons licensed to sell Tea or Groceries	1	1	0
To manufacture Candles and Soap, or either of them, for Sale, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same; and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Sessions House or Market House or Market Place thereof	4	4	0
In any other Part of Ireland	2	2	0
To manufacture Paper Hangings for Sale	5	5	0
To sell Paper Hangings, not being the Manufacturer thereof, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or Market House or Market Place thereof	2	2	0
In any other Part of Ireland	1	1	0
To keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits and Strong Waters, for every Gallon which such Still or Stills is or are capable of containing	0	10	6
To keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, for each Mill	2	2	0
To brew or make for Sale any Liquor called Sweets or made Wines	5	5	0
To make Methyl or Mead for Sale	2	2	0
To make Vangar for Sale	5	5	0
To sell Tea and Groceries, or either of them, including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins and Figs by Retail, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in every City, Town, and Place sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Sessions House, or principal Market House or Market Place of any such City, Town, or Place	5	5	0
In any other Part of Ireland	3	3	0
To sell or make any Gold or Silver Plate, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Sessions House or Market Place thereof	5	5	0
In any other Part of Ireland	2	2	0
To keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or so too Leather	1	1	0
To distil Hydroal and Salts in Oil	1	1	0
To make Vellum or Parchment	1	1	0
To sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities not less than Two Gallons, and not exceeding Fifty Gallons in the several Places following, viz.			
In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Old Metropolis, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called St. Francis's Abbey) or within the Town of Belfast.	16	5	0

SCHEDULE.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
Licenses (to retail Spirituous Liquors)—continued.			
Within the Realm of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Five is, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Bell f, or of the publick Lamps therein	25	0	0
In any other Place within the District of the Exche Office of Dublin beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, and within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, and of Towns of Athlone, Balinasloe, Drogheda, Carrick, Carrig, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Loughrea, Mullow, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Westford, and Younghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place thereof respectively	15	15	0
In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described	10	00	0
To sell Home-made Spirits on Commissions or otherwise in any Place in Ireland in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, the Profits in selling not being a licensed Distiller	25	0	0
To sell Spirits, not being Home-made Spirits, on Commissions or otherwise in any Place in Ireland in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, the Profits in selling not being an Importer of such Spirits	25	0	0
To exercise the Trade or Business of a Brewer or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin, or other Metal for making of Stills, Still Heads, and Wornes of Stills; viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland having a Mayor or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the bestes House, or Market House or Market Place thereof	5	6	0
In any other part of Ireland	3	3	0
To keep a Malt House and make Malt for Sale, to be used in any Brewery or Distillery; for each and every Cistern or Kist, which ever shall be the greatest in Number in each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on in the Places following; viz.			
In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, and within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, and in any Place beyond the said Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast	25	10	0
Within the said of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any other Place within the District of the Exche Office of Dublin beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the publick Lamps therein, or within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, or the Towns of Athlone, Balinasloe, Drogheda, Carrick, Carrig, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Loughrea, Mullow, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Westford, and Younghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place thereof respectively	25	0	0
In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described	15	15	0
To sell Malt, (the Duty in selling the same not being lessened to make Malt)	25	0	0
To brew Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale; for each and every Brewhouse in the Places following; viz.			
In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, or within the District of the Metropolis, or beyond the said Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, (including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey,) or within the Town of Belfast	25	10	0
Within the Realm of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford, and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the publick Lamps therein, or in any Place within the District of the Exche Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom	15	20	0
Within the Cities of Armagh, Londonderry, and Kilkenny, and the Towns of Athlone, Balinasloe, Drogheda, Carrick, Carrig, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Loughrea, Mullow, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Trillick, Westford, and Younghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place thereof respectively	05	5	0
In any other Place in Ireland	05	0	0

To

SCHEDULE.		Duty.
<i>Licences - continued.</i>		
To keep Tavern, Hotel, Club-house, or Coffee House To sell by Auction, &c.		2 2 0
Within the District of the Metropolis or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford or the City of Limerick, (including all Places frequented by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of the City of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey,) and within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities, and in the Town of Belfast		10 10 0
In any other Part of Ireland		5 5 0
To make Glass Bottles, and other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal		1 2 0
To exercise the Trade or Calling of a Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other Trading Person going from Place to Place in Ireland, and travelling either on Foot or with Horses or other Beak of Burthen, or otherwise carrying to sell or exposing to Sale any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise; also Licences to travelling Traders and Carriers of Iron and Metal, and to Persons hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale		2 2 0
And further, for every Horse or other Beak bearing or drawing Burthen, which such Person shall be used with, or made to be used for the Purpose of carrying or drawing his, her, or their Goods, Wares, or Merchandise		2 2 0
To carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty		0 5 5
To carry on the Trade of selling Carriages chargeable with Duty by way of Auction or as Commission		0 5 5
To let to Hire any Horse for the Purpose of travelling Post by the Mile or from Stage to Stage		2 2 0

Any Request Note or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or any Commissioner or Distributor of Stamps, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any Excisable or other Goods, and any Request Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law		0 1 0
Any Instrument, Leaf, Book, or other Dred, Instrument, or Writing, not charged with any other Stamp Duty; (except Instruments of Apprenticeship where no Apprentice Fee shall be given, or if any be given, such Apprentice Fee shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds)		0 10 0
If the same shall be engraved, written, or printed on any one Skin, or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper		0 10 0
And if the same shall be engraved, written, or printed on more than One Skin or Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper: That		
On the First Skin or Sheet or Piece thereof		0 10 0
On every other Skin or Sheet or Piece thereof		0 5 0

C A P. XLII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Horses, Horses, Male Servants, and Windows, in Dea of former Duties and Taxes, in respect of the like Articles. [27th May 1808.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's publick Expenses in Ireland, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties and Taxes hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eight, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Carriages, Dogs, Fire Horses, Horses, Male Servants, and Windows aforesaid, specified, and expressed in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Sums of Money, Duties, and Taxes as they are respectively described and therein specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the AID to all Inhabitants and Peoples whatsoever; and the said Duties and Taxes shall be levied and collected; and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Taxes granted upon or in respect of the like Articles and Things is and by an Act made in the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty's Royal Majesty, entitled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Indirect Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to alter certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in Dea of former Duties of Excise, and Taxes, and Drawbacks, or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the Time of the passing of this Act, except only such Duties as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in Ireland, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Duties are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes by the Acts by which the said Duties are or shall be granted or imposed respectively, or by any other Act or Acts.*

Duties granted on Carriages, Dogs, Horses, Windows, Servants, and Windows according to Schedule annexed.

In Dea of Duties under 47 G. 3. Sect. 1. & 11.

"Duties on Dogs, Carriages, Fire Hearths, Horfes, Male Servants, and Windows under sealed Afts, shall be cratic from the January 1808. § 3."

Duties payable on Dogs, Carriages, and Windows under sealed Afts.

Item.

Exemptions as to Overseas Houses, Churches, Groves, &c.

Officers, &c. that shall General Notices on Church Dues, &c. for Revenue under Act 18. GEORGE III. See Parton before the Statute.

Houses which are not more than Five Acres, or less than 10 Acres, exempted from Horfes and Windows Duty for Taxes.

Particular Notices shall

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Taxes by this Act and the Schedule hereunto annexed, granted, and made payable, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable, according to the Assent thereof in British Currency; and that all and every the said Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great-Britain; and that the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, and all other Fees which shall or may be payable to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Great-Britain, Clerk of the Rolls, or any other Officer of the Treasury of Great-Britain, upon the issue or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great-Britain, shall be carried to the said Consolidated Fund, in Aid and Addition to the Duties hereby granted, and shall be accounted for accordingly.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That any Oven, or any fixed Stove in any Dwelling House, Out-house, or Edifice appearing therein, shall not be deemed a Fire Hearth or Stove, or Place used for Firing, within the Meaning of this Act, or of the Schedule thereto annexed, or within the Meaning of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid; and that no Out-house, Office, Building, or Edifice shall be deemed a Part of any Dwelling House, or to be appertaining thereto, so as to authorize the charging the Fire Hearths, Stoves, or Places for Firing, or the Windows in such Out-house, Office, Building, or Edifice, (1) the Number of Fire Hearths or Windows, in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be chargeable with Duty, unless such Out-house, Office, Building, or Edifice shall be uninterruptedly connected with such Dwelling House, or shall be situated in some Court, Yard, or Place, immediately adjoining to such Dwelling House, or shall be uninterruptedly connected with such Dwelling House, by Buildings, Yards, or Courts; and that every Fire Hearth, Stove, or Place for Firing in any Greenhouse, Conservatory, Gardener's House, or other Office or Building, which is or is immediately contiguous to any Garden or Gardens, and occupied together with such Garden or Gardens, shall be charged together, according to the total Number of such Fire Hearths, Stoves, or Places for Firing in such Greenhouse, Conservatory, Gardener's House, or other Office or Building, as one distinct and entire Part, and not as appertaining to any Dwelling House; any Thing in this Act or the said recited Act, or any other Act or Acts, to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Collectors of the Taxes on Fire Hearths in their respective Walks or Divisions, or in case there shall be no such Collector, then some Officer appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, shall within Sixty-one Days after the passing of this Act, and yearly within Sixty-one Days after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, and in each and every following Year, cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market House or public School House, if any such there shall be, of every Parish or Place within the respective Walks or Divisions of such Collector or Officer, (and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market House or public School, then on the Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market House of the nearest or adjoining Parish,) a general Notice to all Persons residing in the said Parish or Place who, by an Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, are required to make out and deliver Lists or Accents of Carriages, Servants, Horfes, and Dogs, that such Persons shall make out the said Lists and Accents, and deliver the same directed to or for the said Collector of the Taxes on Fire Hearths, or to or for the said Officer appointed as aforesaid, at some House or Place within the said Parish or Place to be specified in such Notice, within Twenty Days after the Date of such Notice; and such general Notice shall from Time to Time, when the same shall be affixed, be deemed a Requirement or Demand upon every Person within such Parish or Place to deliver in such List or Account within the said Space of Twenty Days accordingly; and if any Person in such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such List or Account at the House or Place mentioned in such Notice directed in Manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty Days, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence be liable and liable to the like Penalties, and Forfeitures, and Payments, as Persons neglecting to deliver Lists or Accents, or delivering any untrue or false List or Account or Accents, and Officers shall cause the said general Notice to be from Time to Time replaced (if necessary) during the said Space of Twenty Days; and any Person who shall wilfully omit, delay, or abbreviate any such Notice to be affixed, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Dwelling House which at any Time after the passing of this Act shall be built on, and shall be held together with, any Farm in Ireland containing not less than Two Acres, and in the Whole of which Dwelling House, with every Out-house and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be not more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves or Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty under this Act in respect of the several Fire Hearths, Stoves, or Places for Firing in such Dwelling House, with the Out-houses and Edifices thereto appertaining, and also with respect to the several Windows in the same, from the Time when such Dwelling House shall be first occupied, until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the Time of such first Occupation; and that during the said Term such Dwelling House, and the Occupier thereof, shall not be charged with any rate or tax, nor shall pay any Duty for any such Fire Hearth, Stove, or Place for Firing, nor for any such Window, any Thing in this Act or the Schedule hereto annexed, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; Provided always, that such Dwelling House shall be occupied together with such Farm during the Whole of the said Period; and in Case such Farm shall not be so occupied throughout, the said Dwelling House and the Occupier thereof shall be charged and chargeable with the said Duties in respect of the Fire Hearths, Stoves, or Places for Firing, and Windows therein respectively as any other Dwelling House and Occupier is chargeable under this Act or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be posted or not as aforesaid, the Collector of the Taxes on Fire Hearths, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners

of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* to sell or to superintend the Collection of all or any of the Duties and Taxes by this Act granted, shall within Sixty-one Days after the passing of this Act, and yearly within Sixty-one Days after the Fifth Day of January in every Year and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, the several yearly Rates, Duties, and Sums following: And at each other Days and Times as any such Collector or Officer shall be directed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, give and leave particular Notices with every Person in their respective Wards, Divisions, or Districts liable or supposed to be liable to the Duties on Carriages, Dogs, Horses, and Male Servants, requiring all such Persons respectively to prepare and produce and to deliver to such Collector or Officer within Ten Days next after such Notice the several Lists and Accounts required to be delivered by any Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, in Manner required by any such Act.

* Duties shall be under Management of Excise Office, and levied as under the Acts 47 G. 3. c. 2. s. 25. & 23 s. 24 & 17 Geo. 2. c. 8. s. 45 G. 3. c. 106. s. 18."

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE of DUTIES payable in *Ireland* on the several Articles, Matters, and Things therein mentioned.

COACHES and CARRIAGES.

	Duty.
	s. s. d.
For and upon all the Carriages herein-after mentioned which are Perms shall keep or have in his or her Possession at any Time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, the several yearly Rates, Duties, and Sums following:	
For and upon any Coach, Chaise, Berlin, Calash, or Coach, with Four Wheels, not exempt by Law, and for and upon any Carriage, or other Carriage with Two Wheels, drawn by Two Horses abreast, the yearly Sum of	5 8 0
For Two such Carriages, the yearly Sum of	14 14 0
For Three such Carriages, the yearly Sum of	16 18 0
For Four such Carriages, the yearly Sum of	21 0 0
And for each and every Carriage above the Number of Four, the further yearly Sum of	4 4 0
And in all Cases for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage, or Number of Wheels, the further yearly Sum of	2 2 0
For and upon every Chaise with less than Four Wheels, not otherwise charged, not exempt by Law, the yearly Sum of	4 4 0
For and upon every Car made use of and fitted up for carrying Persons, commonly known by the name of a Jaunting Car or Pleasure Car, and for and upon every Carriage or Vehicle made use of as a Jaunting Car or Pleasure Car, by whatever Name such Carriage or Vehicle may be called, the yearly Sum of	1 1 0

EXEMPTIONS.

Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, Hackney Chaises, and Coaches and Chaises, and other Carriages kept for Hire: except such as shall be kept for Hire by any Person letting out Horses to travel Post, or by the Mile, who shall charge, demand, or receive a higher Rate of Payment for drawing any Carriage subject to Duty by this Act travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage, than such Person charges for his or her own Carriage of the same Description travelling Post in like Manner.

All Carriages kept by any Person (not letting out Carriages for Hire) who shall, in respect of the several Carriages kept by such Person at each Year, pay the full Sum of Twenty-two Pence Four Shillings by way of Compensation for all such Carriages, before the 25th Day of March in every Year.

Carriages kept for Hire, for which a Duty of One Pound or Ten Shillings shall have been paid by the Maker thereof, as herein-after mentioned:

For every Carriage chargeable with Duty under this Act, which any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall make, build, or construct for Sale, the several and respective Sums following: that is to say,

For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, the Sum of	0 10 0
To be paid by the Coachmaker or Maker thereof.	

For every Carriage chargeable with Duty under this Act, which shall be sold by any Person in *Ireland*, by Auction or on Commission, the several and respective Sums following: that is to say,

For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, the Sum of	0 10 0
To be paid by the Auctioneer, or Person selling the same, over and above all other Duties on such Sale.	

DOGS.

SCHEDULE.		Duty.					
		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
DOGS.							
For every Dog of the several Descriptions and Demeansions following, which any Person shall have or keep either for his or her own Use, or for the Use of any other Person or Persons, the several yearly Sums following; that is to say,							
For every Greyhound					1	0	0
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier					0	10	0
For every other Dog of whatever Description or Demeansion the first may be;					0	10	0
Where any Person shall have or keep Two or more Dogs							
And where any Person shall have or keep only one such Dog and no more;							
If such Person shall be subject to the Payment of Hearth Money, in respect of Four or more Hearths, or shall be subject to any Duty in respect of Windows					0	6	0
And if such Person shall be subject to the Payment of Hearth Money in respect of less than Four Hearths					0	4	0
The said Duties to be paid by the Persons respectively having or keeping such Dogs respectively.							
EXEMPTIONS.							
Any Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, which any Person shall keep, who shall not be subject to any Duty in respect of Windows or Fire Hearths, and who shall have or keep only One Dog and no more.							
Any Dog or Whelp which shall not be actually of the Age of Six Calendar Months.							
All Dogs kept by any Person who shall in respect of the several Dogs kept by such Person in each Year pay the full Sum of Thirty Pounds by way of Composition for all such Dogs, before the Twenty-fourth Day of June in each Year.							
FIRE HEARTHES.		Duty.					
For and out of every Dwelling House, in the Whole of which, with every Out-house and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be Two and not more than Twenty-eight Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places used for Firing, at any Time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January following, the several and respective yearly Rates following; that is to say,		Yearly Rate on the House, for the whole Number of Hearths	Rate for each Hearth.				
In respect of 1 Fire Hearths		0	4	6	0	3	8
2		0	7	0	0	3	5
3		0	11	0	0	3	0
4		0	17	0	0	3	5
5		1	4	0	0	4	0
6		1	11	0	0	4	6
7		2	0	0	0	5	0
8		2	9	0	0	5	6
9		3	0	0	0	6	0
10		3	11	0	0	6	6
11		4	4	0	0	7	0
12		4	17	0	0	7	6
13		5	0	0	0	8	0
14		5	11	0	0	8	6
15		6	4	0	0	9	0
16		6	17	0	0	9	6
17		7	0	0	0	10	0
18		7	11	0	0	10	6
19		8	0	0	0	11	0
20		8	11	0	0	11	6
21		9	4	0	0	12	0
22		9	17	0	0	12	6
23		10	0	0	0	13	0
24		10	11	0	0	13	6
25		11	4	0	0	14	0
26		11	17	0	0	14	6
27		12	0	0	0	15	0
28		12	11	0	0	15	6
And for and out of every Dwelling House, in the Whole of which, with every Out-house and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be more than Twenty-eight Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places used for Firing, in respect of each and every Fire Hearth or Stove, or other Place used for Firing in such Dwelling House, Out-house, or Edifice, appertaining thereto, there shall be paid the yearly Sum of							
0 15 0							

SCHEDULE.		Duty.
FIRE-HEARTH—Continued.		
EXEMPTIONS AND ABATEMENTS.		
His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, or any House within the Circuit thereof, or any House or Tenement provided for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queens Elizabeth near Dublin; shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.		
Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Six Hearths or upwards, in which no Shop shall be kept for the Sale of any Goods, or in which no Spentons or other Liquors shall be sold, and which shall be wholly let for Lodgings, and occupied by Lodgers, each Lodging let to or occupied by one Person or Family, and each Lodging not consisting of more than One Room, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fireing Place therein.		
Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Eight Hearths or upwards, the greater Part of the Rooms in which shall be let to or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger not subject to a Rent exceeding Five Pounds yearly for each Lodging, though the same shall be partly inhabited by the Owner, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fireing Place.		
Any Hospital, Charity School, or House provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, or any Guild, Prefect, or Fellows House, or any Hall, Office, or other publick Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Hearths therein, otherwise than in Matters hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms and Apartments in any such publick Buildings being occupied by any Officer of or belonging to, or employed in the same, or by any Servant of such Officers, shall be deemed inhabited Houses, and shall be liable to the Tax on Hearths accordingly; and the Persons respectively by whom, or by whose Servants, such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with, and liable to pay the said Tax, as Occupiers of inhabited Houses by Law chargeable with, and liable to pay the same.		
HORSES.		
For all Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, which any Person or Persons shall have or keep at any Time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, for the Purpose of riding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage whatsoever chargeable with Duty (except Carriages kept for Hire in cases where such Carriages shall be chargeable) in the several yearly Sums following; that is to say,		
For One such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male		0 15 0
Two, each		0 17 6
Three, each		1 0 0
Four, each		1 5 0
Five, each		1 10 0
Six, each		1 15 0
Seven, each		2 0 0
Eight, each		2 5 0
Nine, each		2 10 0
Ten or more, each		3 0 0
And for every such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, kept and used by any Male Person never having been married, as additional Duty in all Cases equal to One Half of the Amount of the above Duties respectively.		
EXEMPTIONS.		
Any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, under Three Years old.		
Any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, which shall be used truly and without Fraud for the Purpose of Husbandry only, on Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse, or other Beasts, or for the Purpose of drawing any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to Duty); or carrying Burdens in the course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male shall belong, although such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, shall be used for riding on the Occasions and in Manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Lord or Barren shall have by such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, been drawn or carried, or is going to any Place from whence any Lord or Barren shall be to be brought back by any such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male; or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance; or for the Purpose of going to or from Market, or to or from any Place of publick Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament; or to or from any Court of Justice; provided such Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, shall not, on any Occasion, be used for any other Purpose, save as aforesaid.		
One Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Male, used only for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, not chargeable with any Duty under this Act, by any Person occupying		

SCHEDULE.		Duty.	
HORSES.—(Exemptness).—Continued.		s.	d.
<p>a Farm, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or by any Person carrying on a Trade and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly; or by any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of £100 or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Preferment or otherwise.</p>			
One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, used by any Non-commissioned Officer or Private in any of the Regiments of Cavalry, or in the Artillery.			
One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, used by any Person enrolled or to be enrolled, and serving in any Troop of Yeoman Cavalry in Ireland, who shall have attended on his/their Own Hiss at the least of the Number of Days appointed for him to exercise or be on Duty in the Year, and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or permanent Sergeant of his having done so, and of Pay having been drawn for him for the said Number of Days.			
RACE HORSES.			
<p>For every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, which any Person shall keep for or keep at any Time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, for the Purpose of racing or running for any Plate, Prize, or Sum of Money, or other Thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stables of the Proprietor or Proprietors, or of any other Person or Persons; or which between the Times aforesaid shall have been entered, or shall have run for any Plate, Prize, or Sum of Money, there shall be paid annually by the Person or Persons having the Custody, Charge, or Management of any such Horses, Mares, or Geldings, over and above all other Duties, the yearly Sum of</p>			
		3	3 0
MALE SERVANTS.			
<p>For every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed by any Person in Ireland, at any Time between the 5th Day of January in any Year, and the 5th Day of January in the Year following, there shall be paid the yearly Sum, Dates, and Times following; that is to say,</p>			
For 1 Male Servant		1	1 0
2 Male Servants, each		1	11 6
3 Male Servants, each		2	3 0
4 Male Servants, each		2	7 0
5 Male Servants, each		2	12 0
6 Male Servants, each		3	17 0
7 Male Servants, each		3	3 0
8 Male Servants, each		3	7 0
9 Male Servants, each		3	13 6
10 Male Servants, and upwards, each		4	0 0
<p>And for each Male Servant retained or employed by any Male Person never having been married, an additional Duty in all Cases equal to One Half of the Amount of the above Duties respectively.</p>			
<p>To be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ such Male Servant or Servants, and to be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed in any of the following Capacities, that is to say; Maître d'Hotel, Hostle Steward, Maffer of the Halls, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chamber, Butler, Under Butler, Cook of the Kitchen, Cookfisher, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Rearing Footman, Coachman, Green, Polisher, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Huntsman, or Whapper on, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants really acting in any of the said Capacities shall be called or known, or whether such Male Servants shall have been, or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Manner jointly with one or more of the same.</p>			
<p>For every Male Person employed by any Person in trade, or exercising any Profession whatsoever, as a Clerk or Book Keeper, or Office Keeper (except Apprentices for or with whom no higher Sum than Twenty Pounds Sterling has been paid or certified for as a Fee or Reward,) the yearly Sum of</p>			
		1	1 0
<p>For every Male Person employed by any Person in trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid,) for the Purpose of expending to sell or selling Goods, Wares, or Merchandise in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the yearly Sum of</p>			
		2	1 0
EXEMPTIONS.			
<p>Any Servant (other than such as are herein specified, and in respect of whom the Master is subject to Duty), who shall be really retained or employed for the Purpose of Husbandry, or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling, by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who shall not at any Time be employed in any Capacity in respect of which a Tax is payable for any Servant.</p>			

SCHEDULE.

MALE SERVANTS—(EXEMPTIONS)—Continued.

Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Town, or any Butler, Cook, Gardener, or Porter of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin; or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near Kinsaleam, or of the Blue Coat Hospital, or Lying-in Hospital in Dublin, or of any Hospital or Charitable Institution.

One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons, under the Rank or not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, provided each Officer retains no more than one Servant; and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry, or Marines, or Corps of Engineers, each Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which each Officer shall belong; and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commodore, in actual Employment, each Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which each Officer shall belong.

One Servant of any Officer on Half Pay from His Majesty's Navy, Army, or Marines, provided each Officer shall retain no more than one such Servant, &c.

WINDOWS.

For and out of every Tenement or Dwelling House having more than Six Windows or Lights there shall be paid the several and respective Yearly Rates following; that is to say,

In respect of 7 Windows or Lights	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
0 10 0	0 14 0	0 18 0	1 2 0	1 7 0	1 13 0	1 19 0	2 5 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	3 16 0	4 5 0	4 15 0	5 5 0	5 15 0	6 0 0	6 18 0	7 10 0

And in respect of every Window or Light more than 25 in Number, there shall be paid for each such Window or Light the further yearly Rate or Sum of

Duties.	
Yearly Rate on the House for the whole Number of Windows	Rate for each Window.
0 10 0	0 1 0
0 14 0	0 1 9
0 18 0	0 2 0
1 2 0	0 2 3
1 7 0	0 2 6
1 13 0	0 2 9
1 19 0	0 3 0
2 5 0	0 3 3
2 12 0	0 3 6
3 0 0	0 3 9
3 8 0	0 4 0
3 16 0	0 4 3
4 5 0	0 4 6
4 15 0	0 4 9
5 5 0	0 5 0
5 15 0	0 5 3
6 0 0	0 5 6
6 18 0	0 5 9
7 10 0	0 6 0
—	0 6 0

EXEMPTIONS AND ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under-Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin; shall be wholly exempt from the said Duties.

Any Workshop or Workhouse, being a distinct and separate Building, and not a part or Part of the Dwelling-House, nor Shop, nor occupied in Part, nor in the Whole as a Dwelling-House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin, or have lateral Communications with, the Dwelling-house, shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

If in any House containing Eight Windows or more, any Room or Rooms shall be occupied by any Lodger or Lodgers not paying respectively a Rent exceeding Five Pounds yearly for each Lodging, in respect of the Tax on such House, in respect of all the Windows or Lights thereof, as shall in respect of the Windows or Lights in the Part of such House so occupied, exceed One Shilling for each Window or Light, shall be deducted from the whole Charge of such House.

Any Hospital, Charity School, or House provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, or any Cook, Prebend, or Fellows House, or any Hall, Office, or publick Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Windows or Lights, otherwise than in respect hereof as is mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling-rooms or Apartments in any such publick Building, &c.

SCHEDULE.

Windows.—(Exemptions).—Continued.

any Servant of such Officer; and all such Rooms or Apartments not containing more than Six Windows or Lights, shall be charged with the Tax in respect of Windows at the Rate of One Shilling for each Window or Light thereof; and if such Rooms or Apartments shall contain more than Six Windows or Lights, than they shall be charged with the said Tax, as if they were an entire House, and the Parties respectively by whom, or by whose Servant, such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with, or liable to pay the said Taxes, as Occupiers of inhabited Houses are by Law chargeable with, and liable to pay the same.

Any Dwelling House or other Building, in respect of any Window which shall be occupied with, or used for a Loom, which shall be standing at such Window, and really used in weaving.

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied as a Boarding School, for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Governor of the Diocese, or the Justices at Sessions, shall not be charged with any higher Rate of Tax than One Shilling for each Window or Light therein.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act to supersede until the Eleventh Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or fulfilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively. [27th May 1808.]

[See 47 Geo. 3. s. 1. c. 20. and s. c. 69.]

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool to Ireland, before Bond given for the due landing thereof. [27th May 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient upon the Exportation of Wool to Ireland to require the Exporters to take out a Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, and give Security for the due landing thereof; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on Wool, Woolfils, Mottings, Shortings, Combed Wool, Woolflocks, or Woollen Bay Yarn, Worsted Yarn, Croch, or Wool slightly manufachured, which are prohibited from being exported by an Act passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, several Laws now in being for preventing the Exportation of Lew Sheep, Rams, and Lambs, Wool, Woolfils, Mottings, Shortings, Yarn, and Worsted Croch, Greenhills, Washings, and other Manufachures, or pretended Manufachures, made of Wool slightly wrought up, or otherwise put together, so as the same may be rebarbed in and made Up of as Wool again, Manufachs, or Beds stuffs with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, Fellers Earth, Felling Clay, and Tobacco-stem Clay, from this Kingdom, and from the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, into Foreign Parts; and for rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intitled, 'An Act for the winding of Wool,' shall be put on board any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, to be exported to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, until Notice be first given to the Commissioners of the Customs at the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, or to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port from which the same is intended to be sent, of the Quantity, Quality, and Package, together with the Mark, Number, and Weight thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Master on board which the said Goods are to be laden, together with the Name or Name of the Exporter or Exporters thereof, and the Place of his or their Abode, and the Names of the Parties to whom the same are consigned; and also to take a Bond to be first entered into, to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by each Exporter or Exporters with Two good and sufficient Persons, whose the Master of the Vessel on board which the same shall be exported shall be, or be approved of by the said Commissioners respectively, or by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, to the Use of the Value of the said Goods so intended to be exported, that the same shall (the Duties of the Sea and Embosses excepted) be landed according; nor unless a Licence be first taken out under the Hand of the Commissioners or Chief Managers of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, for the Time being, or any Three of them, or from the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs where any such Bond is given for the lading, carrying, and landing thereof as aforesaid, which Licence they are hereby required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Parties demanding the same, any Law, Statute, or Usage, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; And if any Wool or other of the said last mentioned Goods shall be carried or laden on board any Ship, Vessel, Boat, or Boat, in order to be exported to Ireland before such Bond shall be entered into, and such Licence taken out as aforesaid, then all such Wool and other such last mentioned Articles, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, together with the Ship, Vessel, Boat, or Boat in which such Goods shall be laden or put on board, and all the Crew, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture of such Ship, Vessel, Boat, or Boat, to the Benefit of the Profits or Profits first informing thereof.*

II. And be it further enacted, That the Bonds herein-before directed to be entered into on the Shipping of the said Wool, and other of the said Articles, shall not be discharged until a Certificate and the Hand and Seal of the proper Officer of the Customs, at the Port or Place in Ireland where the same shall have been landed, certifying the Quantity, Quality, and Package, Marks, Numbers, Name of the Ship and Master, out of

Before Wool, &c. prohibited from being exported by 28 G. 3. c. 21. shall be exported from England or Scotland to Ireland, Bond shall be given for the due Exportation, and a Licence granted by the Board of Customs, &c.

Woolly Part of the Wool, Vests, &c.

Bonds shall be delivered by Certificate of Officer at the Port of Loading in Ireland.

which such Wool and other the said Articles were landed, shall be produced to and left with the proper Officers or Officers of the Customs of the Port from whence the said Goods were shipped, and which Certificate the proper Officers of the Port or Place to which the said Goods were shipped, and other the said Articles shall be landed, are hereby required to give the Master or Commander of the Ship or Vessel from which the same shall be landed without Fee or Reward, when the same shall be required; and that all such Bonds as shall remain undischarged by such Certificate for the Space of Six Calendar Months, shall be transferred to the Commissioners of the Customs at London and Edinburgh respectively, who are hereby required to put them in Suit immediately, unless Proof shall be made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners respectively for the Time being, that such Wool and other the said Articles were taken by Enemies or pirated in the Sea.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland, for holding Courts Martial on Serjeant Majors, Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, for Offences committed during the Time such Militia shall not be embodied; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [27th May 1808.]

[See 43 Geo. 3. c. 88. in which this Act is similar, mutatis mutandis.]

C A P. XLVI.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [27th May 1808.]

[This is in all Respects similar to 43 Geo. 3. c. 20. mutatis mutandis.—See 45 Geo. 3. c. 60. and References there.]

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for quieting Possessions and confirming defective Titles in Ireland, and limiting the Right of the Crown to sue in Manner therein mentioned; and for the Relief of Incumbents in respect of Arrears due to the Crown, during the Incumbency of their Predecessors. [27th May 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *As to the several and several more specified in All made in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King James the First, intituled, "An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects against all Processes of Condemnation whatsoever;"* it was enacted, that the King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, should not employ for any Manors, Lands, or Hereditaments whereas the Right to such Lands, Manors or Hereditaments did not or should not have accrued within Sixty Years next before the Commencement of any Suit instituted in respect of the same; And whereas it is expedient to limit in like Manner the Right and Title of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in and to all Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes and Hereditaments (except Liberties and Franchises) in Ireland to Sixty Years next before the Commencement of any Suit or Proceeding for the same, and to license to all His Majesty's Subjects the free and quiet Enjoyment of all Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, and Hereditaments which they or their heirs when they claim respectively have held or enjoyed, or whereof they have taken the Rents, Revenues, Issues or Profits for the Space of Sixty Years next before the Commencement of any Suit or Proceeding for the same; therefore be enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall not at any Time hereafter sue, prosecute, question or impend any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate in Ireland, for or in respect of concerning any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments whatsoever (other than Liberties or Franchises) or for or in respect of any issue concerning the Rents, Issues, or Profits thereof, or make any Title, Claim, Challenge or Demand of, in, or to the same or any of them, by reason of any Right or Title which hath not first accrued or grown, or which shall not hereafter first accrue or grow within the Space of Sixty Years next before the filing, filing, or commencing of every such Action, Bill, Plea, Information, Complaint or other Suit or Proceeding, as shall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, moved, or commenced for recovering the same or in respect thereof, unless his Majesty, or some of his Progenitors, Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, or some other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, under whom his Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, say they hath or lawfully claimed, or shall have or lawfully claim, have or shall have been in the actual Possession thereof, or have or shall have been seised by force and virtue of any Right or Title to the same, the Rents, Revenues, Issues, or Profits thereof, or the Rents, Issues, or Profits of any Manors, Lands, or other Hereditaments, whereof the Premises in question shall be Part or Parcel, within the last Space of Sixty Years, or that the same have or shall have been duly in charge to his Majesty, or some of his Progenitors, Predecessors or Ancestors, Heirs or Successors, within the last Space of Sixty Years; And that all and every Person or Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Assigns, and all clerks by, from, or under them or any of them, for and according to their and theirs of their several Lands and Tenements which they have or claim to have, or shall or may here or shall to have in the same respectively, shall at all Times hereafter quietly and truly have, hold, and enjoy, as if his Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, claiming by any Title which hath not first accrued or grown, or which shall not hereafter first accrue or grow within the last Space of Sixty Years, at and singular Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes and Hereditaments whatsoever except Liberties and Franchises which in or to the same or any of them of any of their Ancestors or Predecessors, or their heirs by or under whom they do or shall claim, or shall have or may or shall or may have or claim the Rents, Revenues, Issues or Profits thereof, within the last Space of Sixty Years, as if

See Act.
43 G. 3. c. 16.
intituled
21 Geo. 1. c. 10.

His Majesty
shall at any
Time hereafter
sue, prosecute
C. Right not
accrued, nor
shall first accrue,
within Sixty
Years, next
before the
Commencement
of such Suit.

The Statute
intituled
"An Act for
the better
regulating
the
Manner of
the
Trial of
the
Issue of
the
Writ of
Habeas
Corpus."

before the flag, using or commencing of every such Act, Bill, Plein, Informacion, Commission or other Stat or Proceeding, as shall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, offered or commenced for recovering the same, or in respect thereof, or for any His Progression, Production or Assession, Heirs or Successors, or any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, by, from, or under whose His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, any Thing hath or heretofore claimed, or shall here or lawfully claim in the said Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, by force of any Right or Title here or shall have been in the said Title thereof, or have been or shall have been asserted by virtue of any such Right or Title, the Rents, Revenues, Issues, or other Profits thereof, within the full Space of Sixty Years, or that the same here or shall have been duly in charge as aforesaid within the said Space of Sixty Years.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where the Rents, Revenues, Issues, or Profits of any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes or Hereditaments are or shall be in charge, by, to, or with any Auditor or Assessors, or proper Officer or Officers of the Revenue, such Rents, Revenues, Issues and Profits shall be held, demanded and taken to be duly in charge within the Limit and Mowing of the Act; any Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, That this Act or any Thing herein contained shall not extend to bar, impeach, or hinder by Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of, for, or from any Manors, Tenements, Rents, Tythes or Hereditaments, whereof any Reversion or Remainder now is in His Majesty, for or concerning the said Reversion or Remainder, now or, for, or from any Reversion or Remainder or Possibility of Reversion or Remainder in any of His Majesty's Progressions, Productions or Assessions, which by the Expiration, End, or other Determination of any limited Lease of Fee Simple, or of any Fee Tail or other particular Estate, hath or ought to have first fallen or become in Possession, or which shall or may or ought hereafter first to fall into some in Possession within the Space of Sixty Years next before the flag, using or commencing of any such Act, Bill, Plein, Informacion, Commission, or other Stat or Proceeding, or shall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, offered, or commenced for recovering the same or in respect thereof, or for any Right or Title first accrued or given to His Majesty, or any of His Progressions, Production or Assessions, or which shall first accrue or grow to His Majesty, or any of His Heirs or Successors, of, to, or to any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes or Hereditaments, at any Time or Times within the Space of Sixty Years next before the flag, using or commencing of any such Act, Bill, Plein, Informacion, Commission, or other Stat or Proceeding, as shall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, offered or commenced for recovering the same or in respect thereof, and not before.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all and singular the said Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes and Hereditaments, shall at any Time hereafter be holden of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Successors respectively, by the same Tenures, Services, and Fees, Chat Rents, Quit Rents, Heriots, and other Duties, as to Interests and Profits as by the Laws then or ought to have been holden of the Estates, Rights and Interests established and made law by the present Act had been before the making of this Act: and so effectual in Law: Saving to every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Successors (other than His most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors) all such Rights, Title, Interests, Estates, Rents, Revenues, Customs, Duties, Profits, and other Claims and Demands whatsoever, use or out of the said Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes or Hereditaments, as they or any of them had or ought to have had before the passing of this Act; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That where any Fee Farm Rent, or other Rent or Rents have been or shall be advanced and actually paid to the King's Majesty, or to any of His Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, within the Space of Sixty Years next before any Act, Bill, Plein, Informacion, Commission, or other Stat or Proceeding shall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, offered or commenced for recovering the same, or in respect thereof, out of any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes, or Hereditaments, of which Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes, or Hereditaments, the Estates, Rights or Interests being defective, are or shall be made free by the present Act, that His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall from henceforth be ever here, hold, and enjoy the said Rents and Arrears thereof in such Manors and Farms and fully and as usually as the same her or were enjoyed at any Time within the full Space of Sixty Years.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Rents or other Dues in the Nature or Loss of Reversion or in or shall hereafter become due and payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, out of or chargeable upon any Rectories, Vicarages, Curacies or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, or payable by the Rector, Vicar, Curate, or other Ecclesiastical Person, the Incumbents thereof respectively during the next Year of their Cure of such Rectories, Vicars, Curates, or other Ecclesiastical Persons, or any of them, shall not be obliged or liable to, or responsible to pay or tender to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, any Arrears or Arrears of such Rents or Rents, or other Dues which shall have accrued or shall hereafter be or shall be due and payable before the accruing of the Title of such Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Ecclesiastical Person to such Rectories, Vicarages, Curacies or other Ecclesiastical Benefices aforesaid, and the said Deficient Arrears, but or other Proceeding whatsoever shall be made, brought, commenced or prosecuted against or against such Rector, Vicar, Curate, or other Ecclesiastical Person during his Life, or against his Heirs, Executors, Goods or Chattels after his Death, for any such Arrears or any Part thereof.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act for the better Management of the Postoffice General of Ireland to purchase Possibilities for the Enlargement of the same in the City of Dublin. [17th May 1808.]

* In the Act of the 25th of G. 3. c. 17. and Statute Act, 25 G. 3. c. 6. recited. Postoffice General of Ireland
* enjoineth that the Postoffice of Dublin, be for making Additions to the General Post Office. &c.
Printed and digested by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

" In case the Parties cannot agree, Value of Premiums shall be ascertained by a Jury. § 2. On Payment of
 " Periodic Money, Conveyances of Premiums shall be made to the Postmaster General. § 3. Guardians and
 " Persons leased of Premiums for Life, empowered to convey the Same. § 4. Such Conveyances shall be
 " valid. § 5. In case Parties refuse to execute Conveyances, Court of Chancery empowered to convey. § 6.
 " Premiums shall be recovered by Civil Bill. § 7."

C A P. XLIX.

An Act for accelerating the making up, Examination, and Audit, of the Accounts of the Paymaster
 General of His Majesty's Forces. [31th May 1808.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *As to* 45 G. 3 c. 56.
As to repeat an Act made in the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of (repealed)
 the Office of Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, and the more regular Payment of His Army, and for 20 G. 3 c. 103
 the more effectually regulating the said Office: And whereas it is expedient that some of the Provisions of the
 said Act should be repealed, and that further and more effectual Provisions should be made for making up,
 examining, and auditing the Accounts of the said Office: And whereas it is expedient that an Act, passed
 in the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *As to* for the better Regulation
 of the Office of Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, should be repealed: be it therefore enacted by the
 King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
 and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after
 the passing of this Act the said recited Act, passed in the Twenty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign,
 shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

It. And be it further enacted, That in and after the passing of this Act the Paymaster General for the Reign of
 His present Majesty as regulates the Mode of making up the Accounts of the Paymaster General for the Time
 being, and of transmitting the same to the Comptrollers for auditing the publick Accounts for Examination,
 and of delivering the same, and of settling the said Paymaster thereupon; and also the entering out and
 keeping the Accounts for Army Services in Places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, or Cape Horn, and
 transmitting the same to the said Comptrollers for auditing the publick Accounts for Examination, and
 delivering the same, and making out Certificates for the same, shall be and the same is hereby repealed as to
 all Accounts to be made up and transmitted for Periods subsequent to the Twenty-fourth Day of December
 One thousand eight hundred and seven.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the Paymaster General shall
 make up as Annual Account, ending on the Twenty-fourth Day of December in each Year, of all Moneys
 received and Payments made by him within the Period of the said Account, to be intitled, "The General
 Annual Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces;" in which Account the Paymaster
 General shall charge himself with the Balance actually transferred to his Account at the Bank of England from
 the Account of the preceding Paymaster General, or with the Balance brought forward from his Account for
 the Year preceding (as the Case may be) and also with all Sums carried to his Account at the Bank within
 the Period of the Account; and all such Balances and Sums of Money shall be stated in the Account so
 to be made up, in the Order in which they were actually, in point of Time, placed to the Account of each
 Paymaster General with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England; and the said Paymaster General
 shall state, on the Credit Side of such Account, all Sums paid by him within the Period of the said Account,
 under or in pursuance of any Act of Parliament, or by virtue or in pursuance of any Warrant under His Majesty's
 Royal Sign Manual, or of any Warrant granted by the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the
 Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Secretary at War, and shall also, in such General Annual
 Account, place on the Credit Side thereof all Sums of Money paid to or transferred to the Account of any
 Person or Persons for the Payment of Half-pay, or of Persons on the Compulsions List, or the Establishment of
 Clinick Hospitals; and also all Sums of Money paid by him on account of any Bills drawn by any of his Deputies
 on Foreign Stations under the Warrant of any Officer commanding in Chief on such Foreign Station respectively; and
 all Moneys paid or remitted to any such Deputy or Deputies; and all such Sums shall be stated in the Accounts
 in the Order in which such Bills were paid, or such Moneys paid, issued, transferred, or remitted as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That at the Time of making up such General Annual
 Account as aforesaid, the said Paymaster General shall make up also separate Accounts (Moneys received
 and paid within the Period comprised in the said General Account, on account of Half-pay, and of Clinick
 Hospitals, and of Persons on the Compulsions List respectively; and in every such separate Account the
 Balance remaining from the Account of the preceding Year, applicable to the Payment of Half-pay, or of the
 Establishment of Clinick Hospitals, or of Persons on the Compulsions List respectively, and all Moneys placed
 from Time to Time to the Account of such Services respectively, within the Period of the General Account,
 and which shall have been entered in the General Account as before directed on the Credit Side thereof, shall
 be placed on the Debit Side of such separate Accounts respectively; and all particular Payments made out of
 any Sums of Money so placed on the Debit Side of such separate Accounts respectively, for which proper
 Vouchers shall be produced, on account of Half-pay, Clinick Hospitals, or Persons on the Compulsions
 List, shall be placed on the Credit Side thereof; and all such Receipts and Payments shall be stated in such
 separate Accounts under each respective Head, in the Order, in point of Time, in which the same respectively
 took place.

V. And be it further enacted, That the General Annual Account of the Paymaster General for the Time
 being, is made up as aforesaid, together with such separate Annual Accounts of Half-pay, Establishment of
 Clinick Hospitals, and Persons on the Compulsions List, for each Year ending on the Twenty-fourth Day of
 December,

45 G. 3 c. 56.
 (repealed)
 20 G. 3 c. 103

20 G. 3 c. 82.
 repealed.

45 G. 3 c. 56.
 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29
 Provisions relating
 to the making up
 of the
 Paymaster's
 Accounts,
 repealed.

Paymaster shall
 make up
 An account of
 Moneys
 received, or the
 said, hereby
 repealed.

Separate Accounts
 shall be made up
 for Half-pay, Clinick
 Hospitals, and
 Persons on
 Compulsions
 List.

Mode of mak-
 ing up the said
 Accounts, and
 the Time of
 making up.

and of their
writing and
great Claims
upon such
Accounts, with
out making the
Vouchers from
Deputy Pay-
master's Ac-
counts.

Accounts of
Deputy Pay-
master's Ac-
counts on
Foreign Stations
shall be made up
within six
Months, trans-
mitted to
Auditor-Gener-
al, and declared, and
a Quittance
given.

Further In-
crease in the
Salary of the
Treasurer.

Made up, ac-
counting with-
in the Account
1st of June in
1791, 40 G. L.
s. 40

Making up
Accounts, and
transmitting
Returns on the
Death or Re-
moval of a Pay-
master, within
the Year.

Paymaster to be
paid Monthly
Memorials
to the Pay-
master, and to be
sent to the
Deputy Pay-
master, only.
1791, 40 G. L.
s. 40.

Drawn, with proper Vouchers, shall, within Three Months after the Twenty-fourth Day of December in each Year, be transmitted to the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts, who shall and they are hereby directed and required, with the least possible Delay after the Receipt thereof, to examine or cause to be examined the same; and shall discharge the said Paymaster General of all Sums paid in pursuance of any Act of Parliament or Warrant as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners shall, after such Examination, and without writing for Vouchers of Payments made by the Paymaster General through their Deputies on Foreign Stations, protest or cause to be protested to the proper Officer for Declaration, the said General and separate Annual Accounts as aforesaid, specifying the Amount discharged by proper Vouchers, and the Amount with which the Paymaster General still remains charged for the Year, or amount of Payments made by their Deputies on Foreign Stations as aforesaid, and also specifying the Sums of Money with which the Paymaster General is to remain charged for the succeeding Year on account of Balances (if any) remaining on such General and separate Annual Accounts as aforesaid; and when such Account is discharged by proper Vouchers as aforesaid shall be declared, a Quittance or Acquittance in the usual Form shall be made out to the Paymaster General, by His, Executors, and Administrators for each Account so declared as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That soon and after the passing of this Act, the Paymaster General shall make up, within three Months, another Annual Account, ending the Twenty-fourth Day of December in each Year, to be intitled, "The Annual Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, for Money paid" "within the Period of the said Account by his Deputies on Foreign Stations;" which Account shall be transmitted to the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts as far as the same can be made up, within Eighteen Months after the Period of the said Account; and the said Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts shall and they are hereby directed and required, with the least possible Delay, to examine or cause to be examined the same, and shall discharge the said Paymaster General of all Sums of Money paid by any Deputy on any Foreign Station under the Warrant of the Officer commanding in Chief on such Foreign Station, and as far as the same shall have been examined, the said Commissioners shall in like Manner present such Account for Declaration, specifying the Sums of Money with which the Paymaster General is to remain charged for the succeeding Year, or amount of Balances, if any remaining on such Account; and when such Account, discharged by proper Vouchers as aforesaid, shall be declared, a Quittance or Acquittance in the usual Form shall be made out to the Paymaster General, by His, Executors, and Administrators, for such Account so declared as aforesaid; and the Paymaster General shall remain charged in his Account of the following Year, with such Balances, if any, on such Annual Accounts respectively, as shall here be so specified as aforesaid: Provided always that the Paymaster General shall at the next Time that he transmits to the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts such Annual Accounts as made up as aforesaid, transmit to them any Accounts for the last Year made up in such other Manner as the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury shall direct, for the greater Convenience of Examination and Audit.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to vary or alter the Mode of examining the Account of any Deputy Paymaster in the West Indies, or as the Continent of South America, as directed by an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act to provide for the more effectual Examination of Accounts of the Expensures of the publick Money in the West Indies, and for the better Discovery of Frauds and Abuses therein."

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in the Event of the Death, Resignation or Removal of the Paymaster General, on the course of the Year, the Account shall be made up as to include and discharge the annual Payments of each Paymaster General within the Year, and to specify and discharge the respective Balances, if any remaining, on the Death or Removal of any Paymaster General on his several Accounts aforesaid, and transferred over to the succeeding Paymaster General, in as ample the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts to discharge such Account, and examine and declare the Accounts of any Paymaster General, so dying or going out of Office, as a separate and distinct Account, and the Transfer of such Balances to any succeeding Paymaster General shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Heirs, Executors, or Administrators of any Paymaster General so dying, or to any Paymaster General going out of Office, for the Account of such Balances; and a Quittance and full Acquittance shall be given to the Heirs, Executors, or Administrators of any Paymaster General so dying, or to the Paymaster General, or His Heirs, Executors, or Administrators going out of Office, for his General Account and several and distinct Accounts as aforesaid, when and as far as the same shall have been examined and declared; and the succeeding Paymaster General shall become charged with the Balances so transferred as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That soon and after the passing of this Act the Paymaster General, in the first Memorial in every Month presented by him to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for Supplies of Money, shall insert in such Memorials the Balance of publick Money on his Account in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, together with an Account of all Exchequer Bills delivered to the Paymaster General which shall not have been disposed of, and the Produce thereof turned to his Account at the Bank, together with an Account of all outstanding Drafts with which such Balance is chargeable, without listing any Claims or other Demands upon the said Balance: any Thing in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.

* An Act may be altered this Session. § 10.

C A P L

An Act to suspend the granting of Offices in Reversion, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, for One Year after the passing of this Act, and from thence word Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

[17th May 1808.]

* WHEREAS

• **WHEREAS** it is expedient for the Public Service, with a view to *Inquiries now depending in the House of Commons, that the granting of Offices in Revenue, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, should be suspended for a limited Time; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and best enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for one Year after the passing of this Act, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, no Office, Place, Employment or Salary, within His Majesty's Dominions, nor any Emoluments arising therefrom, shall be granted in Fee, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship, or for any Two or more Lives in Succession, by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or by any Board or Department of Government, or by any Chief Judge or Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court; except as is herein-after excepted.*

II. And be it further enacted, That every Grant or Appointment which may hereafter be made contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be to all Intents and Purposes void.

III. And be it further enacted, that all Salary and Emolument received under any such Grant or Appointment shall be forfeited, and may be recovered by Information in the Court of Exchequer, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General, in the Life of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

IV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit or make void any Grant or Appointment made or to be made by any Chief Judge or Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court, or by any Archbishop or Bishop of any See, holding such Appointment or Office on the Day of the passing of this Act, or by any Officer or Officers appointed or to be appointed by any such Chief Judge, or by any Parson or Person having Power to appoint to Offices in the said Courts, in relation to any Office or Appointment in any of the said Courts which, before the passing of this Act might by Law be granted in Revenue, or for joint Lives with Benefit of Survivorship; nor to prohibit the Appointment of Assistants and Successors to the Parochial Clergy of Scotland.

C A P. LI.

An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while distributed. [27th May 1808.]

[In all Respects the same as 47 Geo. 3. c. 3. c. 32. *mutatis mutandis.*]

C A P. LII.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of the Militia of England, distributed under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [27th May 1808.]

[See 42 G. 3. c. 64. in which this Act is *in full*, *mutatis mutandis.*]

C A P. LIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Three Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [27th May 1808.]

* Treasury may raise 3,000,000*l.* by Loans and Exchequer Bills in like Manner as is preferred by 48 G. 3. c. 1. s. 1. Interest 3*l.* per Centum per Annum, from 1 April, 1808 payable yearly until 6 Months after * Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. § 2. Said Bills if not July paid off, shall bear Interest of 5 per Cent. § 4. When the 5 per Cent. Certificate shall be 8*l.* per Cent. or more, the said Bills shall become payable, * Ac. § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance the said Sum on the Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [27th May 1808.]

* Treasury may raise 1,500,000*l.* by Loans and Exchequer Bills in like Manner as is preferred by 48 G. 3. c. 1. s. 1. Said Bills shall be paid out of the Fund Begotten in next Session. § 3. Interest 3*l.* per Cent. per Annum. § 4. Said Bills may be taken in Payment of the Revenue, &c. after April 5, 1809. § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance the said Sum on the Credit of this Act. § 6. Act may be altered this Session. § 7.th

C A P. LV.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith, and also for repealing the Stamp Duties on Game Certificates, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes. [1st June 1808.]

* Most Gracious Sovereigns,

• **WE**, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, thinking it expedient that the Duties granted by Two Acts of the Forty-third and Forty-fifth Years of the Reign of Your Majesty, should be consolidated with 48 Geo. III. § D

His Office, Power, or Employment shall be granted in Succession or for joint Lives.

Grants made contrary to this Act void.

Salaries, &c. reserved under such Grants forfeited.

Exception as to Clergy by visiting Judges, &c.

Parochial Clergy.

48 G. 3. c. 104.
49 G. 3. c. 30.

Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the said Acts, so far as the same relate to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; One other Act, passed in the same Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for repealing the several Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof; for giving new Duties in certain Cases therein mentioned; for repealing the Duties of Excise on Licences, and on Carriages, as conferred by Court-makers, and granting new Duties therein, under the Management of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and also new Duties on Perfumes selling Carriages by Auction or as Commission; Three other Acts, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, One thereof intitled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating various of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the same, so far as relates to the Power of sitting as Commissioners in certain Districts; One other thereof intitled, An Act to amend the several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and the other thereof intitled, An Act to amend so much of an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating various of the Provisions of the Acts relating to the Duties in Scotland, under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, as relates to the Appointment of Officers and Sub-Collectors, and the Notices required to be delivered in Pursue thereof to the said Duties; and One other Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act to grant certain Allowances out of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, in Pursue in respect of the Number of their Children: And this Act shall be construed in such Manner and to the like Effect, in all Respects, as if the Duties hereby granted, and mentioned in the respective Schedules hereto annexed, were expressly granted, under and subject to the several Provisions, Allowances, and Penalties in the said several Acts contained, and as if the several Provisions, Allowances, and Penalties were expressly enacted in this Act; and that from the respective Periods herein-before prescribed for the Commencement of the said Duties, the Schedules to this Act annexed shall be used and construed in ascertaining and charging the several Rates of Duty in lieu of the several Schedules for the like Purposes contained in any of the said Acts before-mentioned, which shall be construed Schedules, and the Rules and Exceptions therein contained, shall from thenceforth respectively cease and determine; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in such Acts respectively, so far as the same are respectively applicable to the Duties granted by this Act, except where other Provisions are made in this Act, shall severally and respectively, in the Execution of this Act, be duly observed, performed, and put in Execution throughout the respective Parts of Great Britain aforesaid, as fully and effectually, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, (except as aforesaid) were particularly and respectively repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and shall severally be applied, construed, deemed, and taken to belong to this Act, in like Manner as if the same had been inserted therein, and especially applied to the Duties hereby granted, (except as aforesaid.)

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who now are or for the Time being shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Acts respectively, and who shall be respectively qualified and authorized to do, and shall have taken the Oaths as directed by the several Acts before-mentioned, or any of them respectively, as aforesaid, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution this Act, and the Powers herein referred to or contained, in all and every the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Burghs, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, and Places privileged or not privileged, within England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, and in all and every the Shires, Hundreds, Cities, and Burghs in Scotland, and the several Officers, Collectors, Surveyors, and Inspectors respectively, appointed or to be appointed to put in Execution the said several Acts, shall respectively be Assessors, Collectors, Surveyors, and Inspectors, to put in Execution this Act within the Limit of their respective Districts or Divisions to which they are or shall be respectively appointed; and they respectively are hereby empowered and required to do all Things necessary for putting this Act in Execution with relation to the Duties hereby imposed, in the like and in as full and single a Manner as they or any of them are or shall be authorized to put in Execution the said several Acts, and the Duties hereby granted, when said, shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the Time being, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Receiver General shall have an Allowance of Three Halfpence in the Pound for all Moneys which shall be by him received and paid into the Receipt of Exchanges, or duly accounted for according to the Count of His Majesty's Exchequer; and that every Collector shall have Three-pence in the Pound for what Money he shall pay to the Receiver General or his Deputy or Deputies, within the Time limited by the several Acts herein mentioned, for all the Duties granted by this Act, here and except the Duties granted and mentioned in Schedule (L.) annexed to this Act, for which other Compensation is hereby directed to be made to such Collector, and also for what Money said Collector shall pay out of such Duties, except as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons in pursuance of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, and shall duly account to such Receiver General or his Deputy for such Payment; and that for the said several writing and travelling all and every the Assessors, Deputies, Wardens, and Licenses, in due Law, and for the due, issue, and effectually executing all Matters and Things directed to be done or put in Execution by or under the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Duties contained in this Act, then in force, the Clerk of the said respective Commissioners who shall perform the same, or the said respective Treasurers bound by the said Acts, shall, by Warrant under the Hands of Two or more of the Commissioners of each District respectively, have and receive from the respective Receivers General, their Deputy or Deputies, the respective Sums hereinafter-mentioned by way of all such Moneys of the said Duties as by or they shall have received by virtue of the Acts relating to the said Commissioners respectively, who are or shall be appointed and allowed to pay the same accordingly; provided the said several Acts be carried into Execution.

48 G. 3 c 111.

43 G. 3 c 2.

41 G. 3 c 71.

41 G. 3 c 33.

46 G. 3 c 34.

Commissioners and other Officers appointed by this Act, shall put in Execution the same, and the Money and the Officers of the several Acts of Taxes.

Allowance to the several Collectors, &c. and the several Assessors.

in due Time, and in an official Manner, for the Division in which he shall be appointed the Clerk, and all Warrants, Affidavits, Edicts, and Certificates, be made out and delivered according to the Directions of the said Acts, and the Duplicates be delivered to the said Receiver General, and into the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, unless the Taxes licensed by the said Acts, be not otherwise; that it is to say, if the total Amount of such Allowance for One Year, calculated at the Rate of One Penny Farthing in the Pound, as the Mosaic affixed in that Year, and paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy as aforesaid, shall amount to One hundred Pounds or upwards, then such Clerk shall not be entitled to receive any further or greater Allowance than at the Rate of One Penny Farthing in the Pound, of the said Mosaic to pass: Provided also, that if the total Amount of the Mosaic of the said Duties received by such Receiver General or his Deputy for One Year, in any District of Commissioners, shall exceed Ninety-six thousand Pounds, then the Clerk of such District shall have an Allowance at the Rate of One Penny Farthing in sixpence of every Pound of the said Ninety-six thousand Pounds, Part thereof, and a further Allowance at the Rate of One Half of One Penny Farthing for every Pound of the said Mosaic exceeding Ninety-six thousand Pounds; and if the total Amount of such Allowance, calculated at the Rate of One Penny Farthing in the Pound on the said Mosaic, shall not amount to One hundred Pounds, then such Clerk shall be entitled to receive an Allowance, at the Rate of Three Halfpence in the Pound, of the Mosaic so paid; so that the Allowance, calculated as last aforesaid, shall in no case be granted to any greater Amount than One hundred Pounds *per Annum*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Mosaic arising by the Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in One Sum, to the Account of Assessed Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury answer for the Taxes being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of this Act, make separate and distinct Accounts of the Produce of the Duties payable by virtue of this Act, to be prepared at the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for settling certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for ascertaining certain other Parts of Account now in use*; and the Mosaic arising from the said additional Duties shall be deemed a permanent Increase to the Publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made, or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

* Act may be altered this Session. § 10.

The SCHEDULES referred to by the Act of the 48th Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

SCHEDULE (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties made payable for every DWELLING HOUSE within and throughout Great Britain, according to the Number of Windows or Lights in each Dwelling House and the Offices to be charged therewith.

NUMBER of WINDOWS According to which the Dwelling House and Offices aforementioned shall be charged.	Duties to be charged for Windows in every Dwelling House and Offices in England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed.			Duties to be charged for Windows in every Dwelling House and Offices in Ireland.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Not more than 6 Windows or Lights (except in such Houses which shall be worth the Rent of 40; by the Year, and shall be charged to the Duty mentioned in Schedule (B.), according to the Rent thereof)	0	6	6	0	4	6
Not more than 6 Windows or Lights, if of the Value before mentioned, and charged to the said Duty accordingly	0	8	0	0	6	0
7 Windows or Lights	1	0	0	0	18	0
8 — Do.	1	12	0	1	11	0
9 — Do.	2	2	0	2	0	0
10 — Do.	2	10	0	2	14	0
11 — Do.	3	12	0	3	10	6
12 — Do.	4	0	0	4	7	6
13 — Do.	5	0	0	5	4	6
14 — Do.	6	3	0	6	18	0
15 — Do.	7	0	0	7	18	0
16 — Do.	7	17	0	7	15	0
17 — Do.	8	14	0	8	12	0
18 — Do.	9	10	0	9	8	6
19 — Do.	10	7	6	10	5	6

SCHEDULE, A.—Windows—continued.

NUMBER of WINDOWS		Duties to be charged for Windows in every Dwelling House and Office in England, Wales, and Towns in Great-Britain.				Duties to be charged for Windows in every Dwelling House and Office in Scotland.					
		d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.		
Not more than											
20	Windows or Lights	—	—	—	—	12	4	6	11	2	6
21	Do.	—	—	—	—	12	1	0	11	10	0
22	Do.	—	—	—	—	12	18	0	12	16	0
23	Do.	—	—	—	—	13	15	0	13	13	0
24	Do.	—	—	—	—	14	11	6	14	0	6
25	Do.	—	—	—	—	15	8	6	15	6	6
26	Do.	—	—	—	—	16	5	6	16	3	6
27	Do.	—	—	—	—	17	2	0	17	0	0
28	Do.	—	—	—	—	17	10	0	17	10	0
29	Do.	—	—	—	—	18	16	0	18	14	0
30	Do.	—	—	—	—	19	12	6	19	10	6
31	Do.	—	—	—	—	20	9	6	20	7	6
32	Do.	—	—	—	—	21	6	6	21	4	6
33	Do.	—	—	—	—	22	3	0	22	1	0
34	Do.	—	—	—	—	23	0	0	22	10	0
35	Do.	—	—	—	—	23	16	6	23	14	6
36	Do.	—	—	—	—	24	13	6	24	11	6
37	Do.	—	—	—	—	25	10	6	25	8	6
38	Do.	—	—	—	—	26	7	0	26	5	0
39	Do.	—	—	—	—	27	4	0	27	2	0
40	39 44	Do.	—	—	—	28	17	6	28	15	6
41	— 40	Do.	—	—	—	31	13	6	31	11	6
50	— 54	Do.	—	—	—	34	10	0	34	8	0
55	— 59	Do.	—	—	—	37	6	0	37	4	0
60	— 64	Do.	—	—	—	39	15	6	39	13	6
65	— 69	Do.	—	—	—	42	0	0	41	18	6
70	— 74	Do.	—	—	—	44	5	0	44	3	0
75	— 79	Do.	—	—	—	46	10	0	46	8	0
80	— 84	Do.	—	—	—	48	15	0	48	13	0
85	— 89	Do.	—	—	—	51	0	0	50	18	6
90	— 94	Do.	—	—	—	53	4	6	53	3	6
95	— 99	Do.	—	—	—	55	9	6	55	7	6
100	— 109	Do.	—	—	—	58	17	0	58	15	0
110	— 119	Do.	—	—	—	63	6	6	63	4	6
120	— 129	Do.	—	—	—	67	16	6	67	14	6
130	— 139	Do.	—	—	—	72	6	0	72	4	0
140	— 149	Do.	—	—	—	76	16	0	76	14	0
150	— 159	Do.	—	—	—	81	5	6	81	3	6
160	— 169	Do.	—	—	—	85	15	6	85	13	6
170	— 179	Do.	—	—	—	90	5	0	90	3	0
180 and upwards	Do.	—	—	—	—	93	3	6	93	0	6
And for every such Dwelling House which shall contain more than 180 Windows or Lights, for every Window or Light exceeding the Number of 180		—	—	—	—	0	3	0	0	3	0

RULES for charging Windows or Lights.

I.—The said several Duties to be charged severally in respect of the Windows or Lights in every Dwelling House, with the Headfield and other Offices herein enumerated.

New chargeable.

II.—All Skylights, and all Windows or Lights however constructed, in Staircases, Galleries, Closets, Passages, and all other Parts of Dwelling Houses, to what Use or Purpose soever applied, and whether such Windows or Lights shall be in the exterior or interior Parts of such Dwelling Houses, to be charged to the said Duties.

Skylights, &c.

III.—Every Window or Light in any Kitchen, Cellar, Scullery, Battery, Pantry, Larder, Walk-hoose, Laundry, Balcony, Brewhouse and Lodging House, belonging to or occupied with any Dwelling House, whether the same shall be within or contiguous to or detached from the Body of such Dwelling House, shall be charged to the said Duties.

Light in Office.

IV.—The said Duties to be charged yearly upon the Occupier or Occupiers of the Houses, Cottages, or Tenements, in respect whereof the said Duties shall be charged, and to be in force for One whole Year from

Chargeable severally from 1st April.

SCHEDULE (A.)—Windows—continued.

- from the 5th Day of April in the Year in which the same shall be charged, to be levied on such Occupier or Occupiers, or on his, her, or their respective Executors or Administrators, except as hereinafter provided.
- Change of Occupancy.** V.—Where any Change in the Occupation of any House, Cottage, or Tenement, shall take place after the Assizes shall be made, then and in such Case the Duties hereby directed to be charged on the Occupier or Occupiers of Houses, Cottages, or Tenements, for One Year, shall be levied upon and paid by the Occupier or Occupiers, Landlord or Landlords, Owner or Owners for the Term being, or on both or all of them, according to their Terms of Possession thereof, without any new Assizes, notwithstanding such Change in the Occupation of such House, Cottage, or Tenement, for the Year that such House shall have been assized: Provided, that where Tenants of any House, Cottage, or Tenement, shall upon the same, or the Determination of the Lease or Determination, give an Assizes shall be made, and shall have given Notice thereof in the Assize for the Place, the Duty thereon shall be discharged by the Commissioners for executing the Assize for the Remainder of that Year, in so far as it shall appear in the said Compositions at the End of each Year, that such House, Cottage, or Tenement, shall have not been wholly encumbered for each during the Remainder of such Year.
- Houses, in or Apartments, Lodgings, (See VIII.)** VI.—Where any Dwelling House or shall be let in different Apartments, Tenements, Lodgings, or Landings, and shall be inhabited by Two or more Persons or Families, the same shall nevertheless be charged as if such House was inhabited by one Person or Family only; and the Landlord or Owner, Landlords or Owners of such House, Apartments, or Tenements, are or shall be deemed and taken to be the Occupier or Occupiers of such House, and shall be charged with the said Duties: Provided, that where the Landlord shall not reside within the Limits of the Collection, or the same shall remain unpaid by such Landlord for the Space of Twenty Days after the same is due, the Duties to be charged may be levied on the Occupier or Occupiers respectively, and such Payment shall be deducted and allowed out of the next Payment on account of Rent.
- Houses let in charge of Servants.** VII.—Every House, whosoever the keeping is or shall be committed or left to the Care or Charge of any Person or Servant, shall be subject to the like Duties as if it were inhabited by the Owner or by a Tenant; and, if such Person or Servant shall not pay Rates to the Church and Poor, the said Duties shall be paid by the respective Owners or Tenants of the said House.
- Chambers, Inns of Court, &c.** VIII.—Every distinct Chamber or Apartment in any of the Inns of Court, or of Chancery, or in any College or Hall, in either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or any public Hospital, being severally in the Tenure or Occupation of any Person or Persons, shall be subject to the same Duties as if the same was an entire House, which Duties shall be paid by the Occupier thereof respectively; provided, that every such Chamber or Apartment, which shall not contain more than Seven Windows or Lights, shall be charged at the Rate of Three Shillings and Sixpence for every such Window or Light.
- Rooms in public Buildings.** IX.—All Dwelling Rooms in any Hall or Office whatsoever, belonging to any Person or Persons, or to any Body Politick or Corporate, or to any Company, that are or may be lawfully charged with the Payment of any other Taxes or Parish Rates, shall be subject to the Duties hereby made payable, and shall be respectively charged as Dwelling Houses; and the Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, or Company, to whom the same shall belong, shall be charged as the Occupier or Occupiers thereof.
- Partitions between Windows.** X.—When a Partition or Division between Two or more Windows or Lights, fixed in one Frame, is or shall be of the Breadth or Space of Twelve Inches, the Window or Light on each Side of such Partition or Division shall be charged as a distinct Window or Light.
- Windows lighting Tea Tables.** XI.—Every Window extending so far as to give Light into more Rooms, Landings, or Stoves than One, shall be reckoned and charged as if many separate Windows as there are Rooms, Landings, or Stoves so lighted thereby.
- Windows of or Windows.** XII.—Every Window or Light, including the Transoms, Partitions, and Divisions thereof, which by the Advertisement of the whole Space on the Aperture of the Wall of the House or Building, or on the Outside of such Window or Light, shall exceed in Height Twelve Feet, or in Breadth Four Feet Nine Inches, not being less than Three Feet Six Inches in Height, shall be reckoned and charged as Two Windows or Lights, except such Windows or Lights as shall have been made of greater Dimensions at any Time prior to the Fifth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and eighty-five; except also the Windows or Lights in such Parts of Dwelling Houses as are used for Shops, Workhouses, and Warehouses, and except the Windows or Lights in the publick Rooms of any House licensed to sell Wine, Ale, or other Liquors by Retail, which shall be used for the Entertainment of Guests; and the Windows or Lights in Farm Houses specified, excepted from the Enumeration of the foregoing Schedule, marked (B.) or in any Dwelling House not chargeable to the Duties mentioned in the said Schedule.
- Windows.** XIII.—Where any Dwelling House shall be divided into different Tenements, being distinct Properties, every such Tenement shall be subject to the same Duties as if the same were an entire House, which Duties shall be paid by the Occupier thereof respectively; provided, that every such Tenement in England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, which shall not contain more than Seven Windows or Lights, shall be charged at the Rate of Three Shillings and Sixpence for every such Window or Light; and every such Tenement or Residence which shall not contain more than Seven Windows or Lights, shall be charged at the rate of Three Shillings for every such Window or Light.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Duties.

Royal Family, Public Offices. Case I.—Any House belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family; and every Publick Office for which the Duties heretofore payable have been paid by His Majesty, or out of the Publick Revenue.

Case II.

SCHEDULE (A.)—WINDOWS—continued

Cafe II.—Any Hospital, Charity School, or House provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, except such Apartments thereof as are or may be occupied by the Officers or Servants thereof which shall lawfully be let, and be subject to the said Duties as other Dwelling Houses. Hospitals, &c.

Cafe III.—The Windows in any Room of a Dwelling House, situated according to Law as a Chapel for the Purposes of Divine Worship, and used for no other Purpose whatsoever. Chapels.

Provided that every such Hospital, Charity School, House for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, or Room licensed as a Chapel as aforesaid, shall be brought into charge by the Alder or Aldermen, or by their Deputies, by the Surveyor or Inspector, and shall be rated on the Certificate of Assessors as such; and on due Proof of the Fact before the Commissioners by the Alder, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the said Act to discharge such Hospital, Charity School, House for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, and Room licensed as a Chapel, from the said Duties, or such Part thereof as is hereby enacted to be exempted, in like Manner as they are authorized to discharge the Alder from poor Rates by this Act, but not otherwise. Houses for charging Hospitals, Chapels, &c.

Cafe IV.—The Windows or Lights, in any Dairy or Clove Room belonging to and occupied with any Dwelling House, chargeable with the said Duties, although the same shall be Part thereof, which shall be used by such Occupier or Occupiers for the Purpose of Raising Butter or Cheese, being these uses Prohibited, for six or seven Days; provided that the Windows or Lights in such Dairy or Clove Rooms, shall be made with Splines or wooden Laths, or iron Bars, or Wires, and shall without Glass, and that the Occupiers of the Dwelling Houses to which such Dairy and Clove Rooms belong shall print or cause to be printed on the outer Side thereof, or on the Outside of the Windows thereof, or one of them, in large Roman Letters, the Words, "Dairy" or "Clove Room," as the Cafe may require, and shall keep, and from Time to Time renew such Words to be printed distinctly legible, during all such Time as such Exemption shall be allowed; and provided, that such Dairy or Clove Rooms shall not be at any Time or Times used to dwell or to sleep in by any Person or Persons, but shall be usually kept and used for the several Purposes aforesaid mentioned. And provided also, that an Assessor of all such Windows or Lights shall be duly made, and the Fact be truly returned in the Manner directed by this Act, in other Cases of Exemption from the said Duties, in that the Number of Windows to be exempted may be ascertained, and the Exemption be allowed by the Commissioners for executing this Act. Dairies.

SCHEDULE (B)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties made payable on all Inhabited DWELLING HOUSES throughout Great Britain, according to the Value thereof, and of the Offices and Lands to be charged therewith.

For every such Inhabited House which, with the Household and other Offices, Yards, and Gardens, therewith occupied and charged, are or shall be worth the Rent herein after mentioned by the Year, there shall be charged the yearly Sums following; <i>videlicet</i> ,	Value in the Pound.		
	£.	s.	d.
£5 and under £10 Rent, by the Year	-	-	0 1 6
£10 and under £20 Rent, by the Year	-	-	0 2 3
£20 Rent by the Year, and upwards	-	-	0 2 10

RULES for charging the said last-mentioned Duties.

I.—The said last-mentioned Duties to be charged annually on the Occupier or Occupiers for the Time being of every such Dwelling House, being of the Annual Rent of Five Pounds or upwards, at the respective Rates before-mentioned, and to be levied on him, her, or them, or on his, her, or their respective Executors or Administrators, and in like Manner in case of a Change in the Occupation thereof as is before directed in respect of the Duties on Windows or Lights, and in Addition to the Duties contained in Schedule (A.) Houses chargeable.

II.—Every Coachhouse, Stable, Brewhouse, Washhouse, Laundry, Woodhouse, Ribhouse, Dairy, and all other Offices, and all Yards, Cores, and Cottages, and Gardens, and Pleasure Grounds, belonging to and occupied with any Dwelling House, shall, in charging the said Duties, be valued together with such Dwelling House; provided no more than One Acre of such Gardens and Pleasure Grounds shall in any case be so valued. Outbuildings.

III.—All Shops and Washhouses which are attached to the Dwelling House, or have any Communication therewith, shall in charging the said Duties be valued together with the Dwelling House and the Household and other Offices aforesaid thence belonging; (except such Washhouses and Buildings upon or near adjoining to Washings which are occupied by Persons who carry on the Business of Wharfting, and who have Dwelling Houses upon the said Wharfs for the Residence of themselves or Servants employed upon the said Wharfs.) Shops and Washhouses attached.

And also except such Washhouses as are defined and separate Buildings and not Parts or Parcels of such Dwelling Houses, or the Shops attached thereto, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture; (notwithstanding the same may adjoin to or have Communication with the Dwelling House or Shop.) Washhouses detached.

SCHEDULE (B.)—INHABITED HOUSES—continued.

Chambers in less of Court, &c.	IV.—Every Chamber or Apartment in any of the Inns of Court, or of Chancery, or in any College or Hall in any of the Universities of Great Britain, being lawfully in the Tenure or Occupation of any Person or Persons, shall be charged thereto as an entire House, and on the respective Occupiers thereof.
Publick Halls, &c.	V.—Every Hall or Office whatsoever belonging to any Person or Persons, or to any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or to any Company, that are or may be lawfully charged with the Payment of any other Taxes or Parish Rates, shall be subject to the Duties hereby made payable as Inhabited Houses; and the Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Company, to whom the same shall belong, shall be charged as the Occupier or Occupiers thereof.
Houses let in Agriculture, (See XIV.)	VI.—Where any House shall be let in different Stories, Tenements, Lodgings, or Landings, and shall be inhabited by Two or more Persons or Families, the same shall nevertheless be subject to and charged in like Manner, be charged to the said Duties as if such House or Tenement was inhabited by One Person or Family only, and the Landlord or Owner shall be deemed the Occupier of such Dwelling House, and shall be charged to the said Duties: Provided, that where the Landlord shall not reside within the Limits of the Collection, or the same shall remain unpaid by each Lessee for the Space of Twenty Days after the same is due, the Duties so charged may be levied on the Occupier or Occupiers respectively; and such Payments shall be deducted and allowed out of the next Payment on Account of Rent.
Value, according to Poor Rate.	VII.—No Dwelling House, or other such Premises as aforesaid, shall be estimated or rated at any less Annual Value than the Rent or Value at which the same Premises shall be charged in the last Rate made so or before the Time of making the Assessment for the Relief of the Poor in the same Parish or Place.
If Poor Rate on full Value.	VIII.—In case the said Poor Rate shall have been made throughout by a Pound Rate on the full Annual Value of all the Dwelling Houses in the same Parish or Place, then such Assessments shall be made according to the said Rate; and the Assessors appointed or to be appointed for the said Districts shall in making their Assessments on different Dwelling Houses in the same Parish or Place in all such Cases as aforesaid, observe the same Rule of Proportion between the Assessment of the Duties granted by this Act thereto, as shall have been observed in making such Poor Rate as to all the Premises aforesaid rated in such Poor Rate.
If on proportion- ate Value.	IX.—In case the said Poor Rate shall have been made on any proportionate Part of such Value, then such Assessors shall assess the same at the same Sum respectively as they would have been assessed at by virtue of this Act, if the same had been respectively assessed in such Poor Rate at the full Value thereof respectively.
If aforesaid.	X.—In case the Poor Rate in any Parish or Place shall not be made on the full Annual Value of the different Dwelling Houses charged, or according to any proportionate Part of such Annual Value, but nevertheless the said Dwelling Houses shall be rated in due Proportion to each other, it shall be lawful for the Assessors, by all lawful Ways and Means authorized by this Act, to inquire into, and to the best of their Information and Judgment to ascertain the actual Rent of the several Houses and other the Premises aforesaid, in different Occupations within these Limits, which shall have been let within the Period of Three Years preceding the Time for making the Assessment, or in many of them as they shall be able to ascertain the Rent of, and shall make an Assessment on the actual Rent so far as the said Houses and Premises therewith occupied which shall appear to them to have been so let at the full and full Value thereof, and shall afterwards proceed to assess the several other Houses with the Premises aforesaid occupied therewith in Sum respectively bearing the same Proportion, as far as the same can be computed, to the Assessment of such full Assessment as the same charged on the said Poor Rate on each other premises respectively bear to the Sum charged in the said Poor Rate on the said House and Premises so far aforesaid: Provided always, that the aforesaid Rule shall extend only to such Houses and Premises chargeable under this Act as shall be rated in such Poor Rate distinctly and separated with other Property not chargeable to the Duties hereby granted.
If one House.	XI.—In case any House with the Premises aforesaid therewith occupied, shall not be rated in such Poor Rate, or shall be rated therein together with other Property not chargeable to the Duties hereby granted, or there shall be no Poor Rate in the Parish or Place where such House is situate, and in every Case where the Rules before-mentioned are not applicable, the said Assessors shall make their Assessment from the best Information they can obtain of the annual Value thereof, which in all Cases shall be the actual Amount of the Rent at which the said Houses and Premises aforesaid respectively are let, or if not let, the Rent which they respectively are worth to be let by the Year.
Assessment of Rates.	XII.—In case any House, with the Premises aforesaid, shall, on occasion of the Assessor or Assessors having perused the Proportions observed in the Poor Rate on which such Assessment was made, have been assessed at a Sum exceeding the full Rate on the annual Value thereof, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to abate and deduct from such Assessment in such as in their Judgment will reduce the same to a full Rate on such annual Value, but in no case to a less annual Value than the same Rate rated at in the Poor Rate.
Excess of Rates.	XIII.—In case any House, with the Premises aforesaid, shall, on occasion of the Assessor or Assessors having perused the Proportions observed in such Poor Rate, have been assessed at a Sum less than the actual Rent at which the same shall be let, or if not let, at less than the Rent at which the same might be let, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to enlarge and increase such Assessment to such Sum as a like Rent would amount unto.
Distict Tenements, (See VI.)	XIV.—Where any Dwelling House shall be divided into different Tenements being distinct Properties, every such Tenement shall be subject to the same Duties as if the same was an entire House, which Duty shall be paid by the Occupiers thereof respectively.

EXEMP-

SCHEDULE (B.)—UNASSIGNED HOUSES—continued.

EXEMPTIONS.

Cafe I.—Any House belonging to His Majesty, or one of the Royal Family, and every Public Office for which the Duties hereof payable have been paid by His Majesty, or one of the Public Revenue.

Cafe II.—Every Dwelling House, being a Farm House, occupied by a Tenant, and used for the Purpose of Husbandry only.

Cafe III.—Every Dwelling House, being a Farm House, occupied by the Owner thereof, and used for the Purpose of Husbandry only, which, together with the Household and other Offices thereof, shall be valued under this Act at Ten Pounds per Annum, or any less Sum.

Cafe IV.—Any Hospital, Charity School, or House provided for the Reception or Relief of Poor Persons.

Cafe V.—Every House whereof the keeping is or shall be committed or left to the Care or Charge of any Person or Persons, who doth not pay Rates to the Church and Poor, and who resides therein for the Purpose only of taking care thereof: Provided, that an Affidavit shall be duly made in every such Cafe, and the said be true returned in the Manner directed by this Act in other Cafes of Exemption from the said Duties, and the Exemption be allowed by the Commissioners for assessing this Act.

Real Family,
Public Offices,
Farm Houses.

Farm House of
Owner.

Hospitals, &c.

Houses in
Charge of
Gentlemen.

SCHEDULE (C.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE SERVANT retained or employed by any Person or Persons in the several Capacities mentioned herein.

NUMBER of SERVANTS.		Amount of Duty for each Servant.	
		£.	s. d.
For 1 each Servant	.	2	4 0
2 - Do.	.	3	16 0
3 - Do.	.	3	7 0
4 - Do.	.	3	18 0
5 - Do.	.	4	9 0
6 - Do.	.	4	14 0
7 - Do.	.	4	16 0
8 - Do.	.	5	3 0
9 - Do.	.	5	19 0
10 - Do.	.	6	5 0
11 - Do. and upwards	.	7	1 0
For every each Servant retained or employed by any Male Person, never having been married, over and above the before-mentioned Duties, the further Sum of	.	1	14 0

RULES for charging the said last-mentioned Duties.

I.—The said last mentioned Duties to be paid by the Master or Mistress of such Servants respectively, and to extend to and be payable for every Male Servant retained or employed in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, Maître d'Hôtel, House Steward, Master of the Horse, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chamber, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Kissing Footman, Coachman, Groom, Footman, Saddle Boy or Helper in the Stables of the Master or Mistress, Groomer, Park-keeper, Game-keeper, Huntsman, Whipper-in, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants really acting in any of the said Capacities shall be called, or whether such Male Servants shall have been retained or employed in One or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business jointly with One or more of the said Capacities, and to every such Servant let to hire with any Carriage or Horses for One Year, or any longer Period.

To which Servants
attached.

II.—The said Duties shall extend to all Servants of the Capacities before mentioned employed in Taverns, Coffee-houses, Inns, Ale-houses, or any other Houses licensed to sell Wine, Ale, or other Liquors by Retail, and in Eating or Victualling Houses, and in Hotels or Lodging Houses, being Eating and Victualling Houses, of whatever Description, although not licensed, except Writers and Helpers in Stables, and Drivers employed to draw Carriages let out to hire, in such Manner that the Stamp Office Duty payable by Law on Horses let to hire shall have been duly paid and satisfied, and except Waiters.

Services in
Taverns.

III.—The said last mentioned Duties on Gardeners shall extend to every Gardener who shall have contracted for the keeping of any Garden or Gardens, and to every Person who shall have been hired to work in any Garden wherein the constant Labour of One Person shall be necessary, or where One Person shall have been constantly employed, to be paid by the Person or Persons for whose Use, and in whose Garden such Gardener or Persons shall have been employed, except as herein-after mentioned.

Gardeners.

SCHEDULE (C.)—MALE SERVANTS—continued.

- Apprentices.** IV.—The said last-mentioned Duties shall extend to all Apprentices retained or employed in any of the Capacities aforesaid, but and except such Apprentices as shall have been imposed upon any Master or Mistress under and by virtue of the Powers given to Magistrates and Parish Officers by any Act or Acts of Parliament, in as the Number of such Apprentices for whom this Exemption shall be claimed by the said Parties shall not exceed Two, such Apprentices not wearing Livery, nor being employed as Livery Servants.
- Gardeners.** V.—The said last-mentioned Duties in Gardeners shall extend to every Person retained or employed to kill or poison Game for the Use of any other Person or Persons, whether lawfully appointed to kill or preserve Game or not, to be paid by the Person or Persons retaining, employing, or appointing such Person respectively; except Gardeners, being the Servants of other qualified Persons duly reserved by and charged to the said Duties as Servants of such other Persons.
- Coachmen, &c.** VI.—The said last-mentioned Duties shall extend to every Person who shall be employed in the Capacity of a Coachman, Postilion, Groom, or Helper in the Stables, although such Person shall have been retained for the Purpose of Husbandry, or any Manufacture or Trade, where the Master or Mistress of such Person shall be chargeable with Duty for any Carriage, (other than a Taxed Cart,) or for Two or more Horses chargeable with the Duty on Horses kept for the Purpose of riding or drawing Carriages, as herein mentioned.
- Grooms.** VII.—The said last-mentioned Duties shall extend to every Person who shall be employed as a Groom, Stable Boy, or Helper in the Stables of the Master or Mistress, to take care of any Horses, Mares, or Geldings, the Property of such Master or Mistress, kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Race, Prize, Sum of Money, or other Thing, or in training for any of the said Purposes.

Schedule (C.) No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for MALE SERVANTS retained or employed in the several Capacities herein mentioned.

For every Gardener or Person employed to work in any Garden, under any Person chargeable to the Duties mentioned in Schedule (C.) No. 1, and for every Gardener employed in any Garden wherein the usual Labour of one Person shall not be necessary, the Sum of	£.	s.	d.
To be paid by each Person in whose Garden such Person shall be employed.	0	5	0

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties as set forth in Schedule (C.) No. 1. and 2.

- Day-Labourers.** Any person employed by the Day or Week to work as a Day Labourer, at the usual Rate of Wages for Day Labourers in Agriculture, in any Garden belonging to a Dwelling House, being a Parsonage, and exempted as such from the Duties mentioned in Schedule (C.) No. 1, or in any Garden belonging to a Dwelling House not chargeable to the Duties mentioned in the said Schedule, such Garden not requiring the usual Labour of One such Labourer.

Schedule (C.) No. 3.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE PERSON or SERVANT retained or employed in the several Capacities herein mentioned.

Travellers.	For every Male Person employed by any Merchant or Trader as a Traveller or Rider, the Duties following; to-wit, That Where One such Traveller or Rider and no more shall be so employed, the Sum of	£.	s.	d.
	And where more than One such Traveller or Rider shall be so employed, for each the Sum of	1	8	0
Clerks.	For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade, or exercising any Profession whatsoever, as a Clerk or Book-keeper, or Office-keeper, except Apprentices, where no Premium, or a Provision left in Value (more than the Sum of £20 has been paid or contracted for with such Apprentices, the Duties following; to-wit, That Where One such Clerk, Book-keeper, or Office-keeper, and no more, shall be so employed, the Sum of	1	4	0
	And where more than One such Clerk, Book-keeper, or Office-keeper shall be so employed, for each the Sum of	2	5	0
Shopmen.	For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman, for the Purpose of expending to Sell or selling Goods, Wares, or Merchandise in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail; and every Male Person employed as a Warehouseman, Porter, or Cellarman in such Shop or Warehouse, except Apprentices as aforesaid, the Sum of	1	4	0

The

SCHEDULE (C).—MALE SERVANTS—continued.

The said Duties to be paid by the Employer or Employers of such Persons, and to extend to every Body Public or Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, and to every Society, Fraternity, or Partnership, although Corporate; and to every Manufacturer or Coopers (except Husbandry) whereby the Employer shall gain a Profit.	2	4	0	By whom to be paid.
For every Male Servant employed as a Walker (except occasional Walkers, over and above the ordinary Number usually kept, as in any Taverns, Coffee Houses, less, Alchemists, or other Specified Houses, or in Stating or Victualling Houses, or in Hotels or Lodging Houses, being Eating or Victualling Houses, the Sons of				Wages.
For every Male Servant retained by any Stable-keeper to take care of any Horses, Mares, or Geldings, of any other Person or Persons kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Plate, Prize, Sum of Money, or other Thing, or any Horses, Mares, or Geldings, in training for any of the said Purposes, whereby such Stable-keeper shall gain a Livelihood or Profit, the Sum of	2	5	0	Stable-keepers' Wages.
For every Male Servant bound into service for the Purposes of Husbandry, Manufacture, or Trade, by which the Master or Mistress shall gain a Livelihood or Profit, and at any Time employed in any Domestic Employment in any of the Capacities in Schedule (C.), No. 1. and not chargeable to the Duties in the said Schedule, the Sum of	1	4	0	Summ'd in last entry.
For every Male Servant bound into service for the Purposes of Husbandry, or any Manufacture or Trade, by which the Master or Mistress shall gain a Livelihood or Profit, and at any Time employed as the Captain of a Green, Stable Boy, or Helper in the Stables, where the Master or Mistress shall be chargeable for One Horse, and no more, to the Duty on Horses kept for the Purposes of riding, or drawing a Travelling Cart, or to the Duty on such Travelling Carts, and not on any other Carriage chargeable with Duty by this Act, the Sum of	0	6	0	
The said last-mentioned Duties to be paid by the Employer, or Master or Mistress of such Persons or Servants.	0	6	0	By whom to be paid.

Schedule (C.) No. 4.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on SERVANTS let to Hire.

For every Coachman, Green, Pollman, or Helper, kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire for any Period of Time less than One Year, and in such Manner that the Stamp Office Duty payable by Law on Horses let to Hire shall not be payable on every such Letting by any Pollman, Innkeeper, or other Person, duly licensed to let Post Horses by the Commissioners for managing the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, or by any Coachmaker or Maker of such Carriages, or other Person, the annual Sum of	2	4	0
--	---	---	---

The said Duty to be paid by the Person or Persons letting the same to hire; provided, that if the Person or Persons letting the same shall not make a Return thereof according to the Direction of this Act, then and in every such Case the progressive Duty made payable by Schedule (C.) No. 1. shall be chargeable in respect of every such Servant on the Person or Persons keeping such Servant, and making such Return as aforesaid, according to the Number of Servants retained by him, her, or them, in the Manner directed by the Act.

* See § 1. of this Act, and § 45 of 47 G. 3. c. 121.

EXEMPTIONS from the last-mentioned Duties, as set forth in Schedules (C.) No. 1, 2, 3, and 4^o.

- I.—The said Duties not to be payable by any Person who shall have retained or employed *and let* his Male Servant solely for the Purposes of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who hath not at any Time or Occasion, or in any Manner, or for any Purpose, been employed in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedule (C.), No. 1 and 2, nor in any of the Capacities enumerated in Schedules (C.), No. 3 and 4, whereas any Duty is specially made payable.
- II.—The said Duties not to be payable by any College or Hall within either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or the several Colleges of Westminster, Eton, or Winchester, for any Butler, Messer, Cook, Gardener, or Porter; nor by any of the Royal Family, for any Servant sitting in any of the Capacities aforesaid.
- III.—The said Duties not to be payable by any of the Royal Hospitals of Christ, Saint Bartholomew, St. Andrew, Bethlem, Saint Thomas, in the City of London and Borough of Southwark, or Guy's, or the Fleet and Bridewell.
- IV.—The said Duties not to be payable by any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoon under the Rank, or not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer.

* See the Schedule (B) of this Act.

College Servants.

Royal Family's Servants.

Helpful Servants.

Officers' Servants.

SCHEDULE (C.) MALE SERVANTS—continued.

Not by any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commodore, or actual Employ for any Service borne upon the Books of the Ship in which such Officer shall belong.

Not by any Officer on Half Pay from His Majesty's Navy, Army, or Marine, who shall have been disabled by Loss of a Limb or Wound received in His Majesty's Service.

Every such Officer retaining or employing One Male Servant only.

V.—The said Duties not to be payable for any Persons retained or employed in the above Capacities, in the Rooms of others who may be called out under any Act which has been passed or which shall be passed for raising and exercising a Military Force within their Kingdoms, during the Time of such raising and exercising.

Subject to
Supply with
military
Training

SCHEDULE (D.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the DUTIES payable on all CARRIAGES
of any of the Descriptions mentioned herein.

NUMBER of CARRIAGES.		Amount of Duty for each Carriage.		
For Carriages with Four Wheels:		<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For 1 such Carriage, the annual Sum of		11	5	0
2 Do.		12	7	0
3 Do.		13	10	0
4 Do.		14	0	0
5 Do.		14	12	0
6 Do.		15	3	0
7 Do.		15	10	0
8 Do.		16	3	0
9 Do. and upwards		16	10	0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Sum of		5	12	0

Schedule (D.) No. 2.

For Carriages with less than Four Wheels:		<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For every such Carriage (except Taxed Cabs, constructed, kept, and used under the Regulations of this Act) drawn by One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, and no more		2	18	0
And for every such Carriage, drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, or Geldings		8	5	0
And for every additional Body, of the Descriptions herein-after mentioned, successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Sum of		2	16	0

RULES for charging the said Duties in the Two foregoing Schedules.

I.—The said Duties to be respectively charged for every Coach, Bells, Landau, Chariot, Calash, Chaise-Maison, Chaise, Secouré, or Convoi, with Four Wheels; and for every Calash, Chaise-Maison, Chaise, Carriole, Chaise, or Car, with less than Four Wheels, or any Number thereof respectively; and for every other Carriage with Four Wheels, or with less than Four Wheels, respectively used or to be used for the like Purpose, by whatever Name or Names the same shall be called or known, kept by any Person or Persons for Hire, or for their own Use, or hired by the Year, or any longer Period; and upon all such Carriages kept to be let out to Hire, or to carry Passengers for Hire (except such Carriages for which other Duties are herein-after made payable) and which Duties shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons keeping such Carriages, and shall be chargeable upon the Body, or, if more than One, upon the Endless of such Carriages respectively, according to the Number thereof successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels in the Manner herein-before directed, and not in respect of the Wheels thereof, or any other Parts of such Carriages to which the Wheels shall be attached.

Schedule

SCHEDULE (D.)—CARRIAGES—continued.

Schedule (D.) No. 3.

For Carriages hired for any Period of Time less than One Year, or kept to be let to hire, or to carry Passengers:

For every such Carriage kept for the Purpose of being let to hire, with Horses to be used therewith, for any Period of Time not exceeding Twenty-eight Days, so that the Stamp Office Duty, payable by Law on Horses let to hire, shall be duly paid and levied on every such letting by any Postmaster, Innkeeper, or other Person duly licensed to let Post Horses, by the Commissioners for managing the Duties on Stamped Velours, Parchment, and Paper, and wherein the Name or Names, and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons so licensed shall be marked or painted, according to the Directions of the Act in that Cafe made and provided; if such Carriage shall have Four Wheels, the Sum of

9 9 0

And if such Carriage shall have less than Four Wheels, the respective Sums mentioned in Schedule (D.) No. 2. according to the Number of Horses used therewith, as therein mentioned.

And for every Coach, Diligence, Chaise, or Chaise with Four Wheels or more, or other Carriage with Four Wheels or more, by whatever Name the same shall be called or known, which shall be kept and employed as a publick Stage-Coach or Carriage for the Purpose of carrying Passengers for Hire to and from different Places, and which shall be duly entered as such with the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, the like Sum of

9 9 0

All which last-mentioned Duties shall respectively be paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same, for the Purposes aforesaid.

For every Carriage kept for the Purpose of being let to hire for any Period of Time less than One Year, and in such Manner that the said Stamp Office Duty shall not be payable on such letting by any Person so licensed as aforesaid, or by any Coachmaker or Maker of such Carriages, or other Person, if such Carriage shall have Four Wheels, the usual Sum of

12 5 0

The said last-mentioned Duty to be paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same for the Purposes aforesaid.

Provided, if a due Return thereof shall not be made by the Hiree or Hirees according to the Directions of the Acts herein mentioned, the progressive Duty as set forth in Schedule (D.) No. 1. shall be chargeable in respect of every such Carriage on the Person or Persons hiring the same, and so shall such Default as aforesaid, subject to the Provisions contained in the said Acts concerning the same.

And if such Carriage shall have less than Four Wheels, the respective Sums mentioned in Schedule (D.) No. 2. according to the Number of Horses to be used therewith, to be paid by the Person or Persons keeping the same for the Purpose aforesaid, subject to the Provisions herein-after contained concerning the same.

Carrages hired out for a Time not exceeding 28 Days.

Stages.

Carrages hired out for less than a Year.

* See § 1. of the Act, and § 11. of Act c. 6. 1801.

Schedule (D.) No. 4.

For TAxED CARTS.

For every Carriage with less than Four Wheels, to be drawn by One Horse, Mare, or Gridding, and no more, which shall be built and constructed wholly of Wood and Iron, without any Covering other than a blind Covering, and without any Lining or Springs, whether the same be made of Iron, Wood, Leather, or other Materials, and with a fixed Seat, without bludge or Boxes, and without any Ornament whatever, other than Paint of a dark Colour for the Protection of the Wood or Iron only, and which shall have the Words "A TAxED CART," and the Owner's Christian and Surname, and Place of Abode, more or less painted on a black Ground in white Letters, or on a white Ground in black Letters, on the Outside of the back Panel or on the Sides of such Carriage, in Words at full Length, such of the Letters thereof being at least One Inch in Length, and if a Breach in Respect of, and the Price of which (Repairs excepted) shall not have exceeded, or the Value thereof shall not at any Time exceed, the Sum of Six Sterling, which shall be kept by any Person or Persons for hire, let, or otherwise Used, and set for Hire, the usual Sum of

1 6 6

Save and except always all Carriages built and constructed as aforesaid, belonging to any Person or Persons who are or shall be liable to be affected in the before-mentioned Duties in respect of a Four-wheeled Carriage, or who are or shall be liable to be affected in the before-mentioned Duties on Male Servants in respect of Two such Male Servants, which Persons respectively shall be charged for such Carriages, although built and constructed as aforesaid, at the Rate prescribed in Schedule (D.) No. 2. for Carriages with less than Four Wheels.

Every where Payable for the same, as per Two Statutes.

EXEMPTIONS

SCHEDULE (D.)—CARRIAGES—continued.

EXEMPTIONS from the several DUTIES in Schedules (D.) No. 1, 2, 3, and 4*.

*And see
Schedule (M.)Royal Family.
Hackney
Coaches.

Case I.—Any Carriage belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.
 Case II.—Any Coach or Coaches, licensed by the Commissioners for Hackney Coaches within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, to be used as Hackney Coaches there, and ordered according to Law.

Coachmakers'
Carriages for
Sale.

Case III.—Any Carriage kept by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, at any Time after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, being sold for the Purpose of Sale, or of being lent to any Person whose Carriage being of the same Description or Description shall be then making, mending, or repairing by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and during the Time the same shall be actually under Repair; provided such Carriage shall not at any Time, while in the Possession of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, be employed for his or her own Use, or let to Hire, or otherwise lent than as aforesaid.

Guns.

Case IV.—Any Cart which shall be kept truly and without Fraud to be used wholly in the Affairs of Husbandry, or in the Carriage of Goods in the Course of Trade, and whereas the Name and Place of Residence of the Owner, and the Words "Common Stage Cart" shall be legibly painted, although the Owner, or his or her Servant or Servants, shall or may occasionally ride therein or thereon when laden, or sit or return from any Place to which, or when going to any Place from which any Load shall have been or shall be to be carried in such Carriage in the Course of Husbandry or Trade; or for conveying the Owners thereof or their Families to or from any Place of Divine Worship on Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday, or on any Day appointed for a Publick Fast or Thanksgiving, or for carrying Persons going to or returning from the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, in case such Carriage shall not have been or be used for any other Purpose of riding therein or thereon, save as aforesaid, or shall not have been or be let to Hire for any of such Purposes of riding therein or thereon.

Schedule (D.) No. 5.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Coachmakers, and Makers of other Carriages chargeable with Duty by this Act, and on Carriages made or sold as herein mentioned.

	£.	s.	d.
By every Person who shall carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of any Carriages chargeable with Duty by this Act in Great Britain, the usual Duty of	0	6	0
By every such Coachmaker or Maker of such Carriages as aforesaid, for every such Carriage with Four Wheels which he or she shall make, build, or construct for Sale, the Sum of	1	2	6
And for every such Carriage with Two Wheels, which he or she shall make, build, or construct for Sale, the Sum of	0	11	3

Schedule (D.) No. 6.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Persons selling any CARRIAGES, chargeable with Duty by this Act, by Auction or on Commission.

	£.	s.	d.
By every Person who shall sell any Carriage chargeable with Duty by this Act, by way of Auction or on Commission, for or in Expectation of Profit or Reward, in Great Britain, the usual Duty of	0	6	0
By every such Person for every such Carriage with Four Wheels which he or she shall sell by Auction or on Commission, for or in Expectation of Profit or Reward as aforesaid, the Sum of	1	2	6
And for every such Carriage with Two Wheels, which he or she shall sell by Auction or on Commission, for or in Expectation of Profit or Reward as aforesaid, the Sum of	0	11	3

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (E.)—HORSES, &c.

SCHEDULE (E.)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable for all HORSES, MARES, and GELDINGS, kept and used by any Person or Persons for the Purpose of riding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty by Schedule (D.)

NUMBER thereof.	Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare, or Gelding.	
	£.	s. d.
For 1 such Horse, Mare, or Gelding	3	12 6
2 such Horses, Mares, or Geldings	4	0 6
3 - Ditto	4	18 6
4 - Ditto	5	2 0
5 - Ditto	5	3 0
6 - Ditto	5	7 6
7 - Ditto	5	10 0
8 - Ditto	5	20 0
9 - Ditto	5	12 0
10 - Ditto	5	17 6
11 - Ditto	5	17 6
12 - Ditto	5	17 6
13 - Ditto	5	18 0
14 - Ditto	5	18 0
15 - Ditto	5	18 0
16 - Ditto	5	18 0
17 - Ditto	5	18 6
18 - Ditto	5	19 6
19 - Ditto	6	0 0
20 and upwards	6	1 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties to be payable annually for every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, used on any Occasion for the Purpose of riding, or of drawing any Carriage for which any Duty is payable by this Act, or taxed by the Year, or any longer Period, and to be paid by the Person or Persons using the same, except as after mentioned.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Duties in Schedule (E.) No. 1*.

I.—Any Person or Persons who shall keep any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, which shall be used truly and without Fraud for the Purpose of Husbandry, or of drawing any Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable as any Duty by this Act, or carrying Barthen in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare, or Gelding shall belong,) although such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, shall be used for riding on the Occasion and in Manner herein-after mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Load or Burthen shall have by such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, been drawn or carried, or on going to any Place from whence any Load or Burthen shall be to be brought back by any such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, or on account of such Horse, Mare, or Gelding having been used for the Purpose of riding to procure Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of riding to or from Market, or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Courts of Justice, or to or from any Meeting of the Councilors of Towns; provided such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose save as aforesaid.

II.—Any Person occupying a Farm as Tenant at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than 20s a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby; or any Person occupying any Estate on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent, fee-farm, or such Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the Whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of 20s a Year; (reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent); and making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such Estate and Farm jointly, and using occasionally for the Purpose of riding any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, which shall be bred, kept and usually employed for the Purpose of Husbandry.

III.—Any Person occupying a Farm, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or any Person carrying on a Trade, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly; or any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an Annual Income of £.100 or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Prebend or otherwise; for One Horse, Mare, or Gelding used only for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, liable to the Duty hereby made payable on Taxed Carriage.

*Add for Schedule (B.)
Husbandry
Horses, &c.

Farmers under
20s. at Rack
Rent.

Horse for
Taxes &c.

SCHEDULE (E).—HORSES, &c.—continued.

Schedule (E.) No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on HORSES let to Hire.

For every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, let to Hire for the Purpose of riding, or of drawing any such Carriage as aforesaid, for any Period of Time less than One Year, in any Manner in that the Stamp Office Duty, payable by Law on Horses let to Hire, shall not be payable, the Sum of

	s.	d.	c.
	2	13	6

To be charged annually on the Person or Persons letting the same; provided, if a due Return thereof shall not be made by the Hire or Hires, according to this Act, the pro-rata Duty, as &c. both as Schedule (E.) No. 1. shall be chargeable in respect of every such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, as the Person or Persons letting the same, and making such Default as aforesaid, &c. &c. to the Provisions contained in this Act concerning the same.

Schedule (E.) No. 3.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on HORSES kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Plate, Prize, or Sum of Money, or other Thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes.

For every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, both side kept for the Purpose of racing or running for any Plate, Prize, or Sum of Money, or other Thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stables of the Proprietor or Proprietors, or of any other Person or Persons, the Sum of

	s.	d.	c.
	2	13	6

The said Duty to be charged annually on the Person or Persons having the Custody, Charge, or Management of such Horses, Mares, or Geldings.

SCHEDULE (F)

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable for all HORSES, MARES, and GELDINGS, not charged with any Duty according to the Schedule (E.) No. 1, 2, and 3, and also on Mares.

For every Horse, Mare, or Gelding, not chargeable with any Duty according to the Schedule (E.) No. 1, 2, and 3, as aforesaid, and for every Mare, except in the Cases herein-after mentioned wherein other Duties are made payable, the Sum of

	s.	d.	c.
	0	14	0

Schedule (F.) No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable on HUSBANDRY HORSES, in the Cases herein-after mentioned.

Any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than £200 a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or occupying any Estate on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent solely, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of £200 a Year, (reckoning the value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent,) and making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such Estate and Farm, jointly, or principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment, and keeping not more than Two Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, both side for the Purpose of such Occupation, shall be charged for each of such Two Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, the Sum of

	s.	d.	c.
	0	2	10

Any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent in Wales or Scotland, the Rent of which shall be less than £200 Sterling a Year, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, or occupying any Estate on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the Whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of £200 Sterling a Year, (reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent,) and making a Livelihood principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment, and keeping not more than Two Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, both side for the Purpose of such Occupation, and of such Trade or Employment jointly, or either of them separately, shall be charged for each of such Two Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Males, the Sum of

	s.	d.	c.
	0	2	10

RULES

SCHEDULE (L.)—HORSES, &c.—(Contd.)

RULES for charging the Duties, as far forth in Schedule (F.) No. 1, and 2.

The said Duties to be charged annually, and paid by the Owner or Persons keeping or using such Horses, Mares, G Gelds, or Mules, and to be payable for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, and Mule, which shall be, or is chargeable now to be charged with any Duty payable in this Year, according to the preceding Schedule marked (L.) by virtue of the Rules or Exemptions therein contained, except as hereinafter is expressed.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties in Schedule (F.) No. 1, and 2.

Let the following be, for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, set on by the Admiralty or the High Court of Admiralty, or any Officer or Board, or which shall not at any Time whatever have been used in any Purpose of Labour or otherwise.

EXEMPTIONS to the several Duties, as far forth in the several Schedules marked (E-*) and (F.)

* Not to
be charged (E.)
Royal Family
Exemption.

Case I.—Any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.

Case II.—Any Postillion, Coachman, or other Person, licensed for that Purpose by the Commissioners appointed to manage the Duties charged on Stamped Villains, Parchment, and Paper, in respect of any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, let to Hire by him or her, in any Manner where the Stamp Office Duty payable on Horses let to Hire shall be duly deducted and paid on each letting, and which shall not, on any Occasion, be used for any other Purpose.

Stage Coach
Holders.

Case III.—Any Person duly licensed to keep a Carriage whatever, to be employed as a publick Stage Coach or Carriage for the Purpose of conveying Passengers for Hire from different Places in Great Britain, in respect of any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, which is or shall be actually and lawfully used and employed by such Person drawing such Stage Coach or Carriage from Place to Place for Hire.

Hackney
Carriages.

Case IV.—Any Person licensed by the Commissioners for Hackney Coaches within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, to keep any Hackney Coach or Coaches, for any Horses, Mares, or Geldings, kept for the Purpose of drawing such Coach, in respect of the Duties in Schedule (E.) No. 1 and for Two Horses, Mares, or Geldings, and no more, kept for the Purpose of drawing such Coach is exempted in respect to the Duties in Schedule (L.) No. 1.

Case V.—Any Dealer in Horses, applied to the Duties made payable by this Act on such Dealers, for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, belonging to such Dealer, and kept back for Sale, and not kept or used for any other Purpose or in any other Manner.

Horse-Dealers.

Case VI.—Any Person who, on account of Poverty, shall be discharged from the Assessment made in respect of his or her Dwelling House, in pursuance of the Regulations of any of the Acts herein mentioned, for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, provided such Person shall not keep more than One such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, and the same shall not be let to Hire.

Poor Persons.

Case VII.—Any Rector, Vicar, or Curate, actually doing Duty in the Church or Chapel of which he is Rector, Vicar, or Curate, who shall not be possessed of an Income of Sixty Pounds per Annum or upwards, whether arising from Ecclesiastical Patronage or otherwise; and who shall not keep more than one Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for the Purpose of riding, which otherwise would be chargeable with Duty according to the Provisions of this Act, except such Person who shall occasionally perform the Duty appertaining to any Rector, Vicar, or Curate, without being the regular officiating Minister of the Parish or Place in which such Duty shall be performed.

Cures.

Case VIII.—Any Justice of Peace commanding a Volunteer Corps obtaining and retaining the Exemption for such Number of Horses, Mares, or Geldings as he shall have been required to keep for His Majesty's Service in such Corps and no more, as the Manner required by the said last-mentioned Act.

Commanding
Officers of
Volunteers.

Case IX.—Any Field Officer not being Commandant, and any Adjutant of any Volunteer Corps, and any Person serving in any Corps of Yeomanry Volunteer Cavalry, or providing a Horse, Mare, or Gelding for any other Person serving in any such Corps who shall be returned in the Manner required by Law as effective, and as having used any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, for such Service on the several Days of Muster and Exercise of such Corps, provided in every such last-mentioned Act the Exemption shall be claimed and returned in the Manner required by the said last-mentioned Act, and a Certificate shall be delivered of such effective Service in the Manner required by the several Statutes of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to establish and amend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to Corps of Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, and to make further Regulations relating thereto."

Officers and
Troopers of
Yeomanry
Cavalry.

Act of 10th Geo. 3^d.
§ 11.

Case X.—Any Non-commissioned Officer or Private of any of the Regiments of Cavalry, or in the Artillery, for any Horse used in His Majesty's Service.

Private.

SCHEDULE (G.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties made payable on DOGS.

	℥.	s.	d.
For every Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, the annual Sum of	0	11	6
For every Dog of whatever Description or Designation the Sum may be, where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, unless for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0	11	6
For every Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier, kept by any Person having One such Dog, and no more, whether the same be kept for his or her own Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0	7	0

The said Duties to be paid by the Persons respectively keeping such Dogs.

EXEMPTIONS from the Duties in Schedule (G.) *

- Case I.—Any Dog belonging to His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family.
 Case II.—Any Person who, on account of Poverty, shall be discharged from the Assessment made in respect of his or her Dwelling House in pursuance of the Regulations of any of the Acts herein mentioned, and having One Dog, and no more, the same not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher, or Terrier.
 Case III.—Any Person in respect of a Dog or Whelp, which at the Time of returning the List of Dogs as by this Act is required, shall not actually be of the Age of Six Calendar Months.
 Case IV.—Any Person in respect of the whole Number of Hounds by him or her kept as Great Britons, who shall compound for the same, in any Year within Thirty Days after the Fifth Day of April in each Year, as purchaser of Notice given to the Collector or Collectors of the said Duty for any Parish or Place, where such Person shall be liable to be affixed, of his or her Intention so to do, and so Pay one of the full Sum of Thirty-four Pounds Sterling to such Collector or Collectors, for which a Receipt shall be given within the Period before-mentioned.

SCHEDULE (H.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by HORSE DEALERS.

	℥.	s.	d.
Every Person who shall sell or exercise the Trade and Business of a Horse Dealer within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties of the same respectively, the Parishes of Saint Mary-le-bone and Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesex, the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or the Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surrey, the annual Duty of	25	10	0
Every Person who shall sell or exercise the Trade and Business of a Horse Dealer in any other Part of Great Britain, the annual Duty of	15	5	0

SCHEDULE (I.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable by Persons in respect of HAIR POWDER used or worn by them.

	℥.	s.	d.
By every Person who shall use or wear any Hair Powder within the Period limited by any of the Acts herein mentioned, the annual Sum of	1	3	6

RULES for charging the said Duties.

- I.—The said Rate or Duty to extend to every Sort or Composition of Powder used or worn by any Person as in Article 4, 1711, or above, in or on her Dress, by whatever Name the same shall be distinguished, and to be affixed season and paid by the Person having used or worn the same within the Year preceding the Term for which the Assessment is to be made, except as herein-after mentioned.
 II.—The same and Daughters of any Person shall not be chargeable with the said last-mentioned Duties by this Act made payable, or with the Duties payable at the Time of making this Act, or be required to make any Return under this Act, or the Act now in force, of the whole Number of such Daughters, and shall have required to be affixed and charged for the said Number by One Assessment, so which Case every such Person shall be affixed and charged in respect of the whole Number of such Daughters in Three the Sum is payable on any single Person for his or her having worn Hair Powder, which shall except the whole Number of Daughters from the said Duties, and each of them; and that neither the Person giving such Account, or any

SCHEDULE (K.)—continued.

other Article, on which Carriage, Seal, Plate, or other Article, any Armesd Bearing or Ensign is or shall have been, during the said Period, painted, engraved, marked, or affixed, and whether such Armesd Bearing or Ensign shall be registered in the College of Arms or not.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Duties as set forth in Schedule (K.)

Real Family.
Public Officers.

Any of the Royal Family; or any Person who shall, by Right of Office or by Appointment, have worn or used any of the Arms or Insignia worn or used by the Royal Family, or used in any City, Borough, or Town Corporation, in that Part of Great Britain before described.

SCHEDULE (L.)

A SCHEDULE of the Duties made payable in respect of killing GAME.

	£.	s.	d.
Upon every Person who shall use any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine, for the Purpose of taking or killing any Game whatever, or any Woodcock, Snipe, Quail, or Landrail, or any Coon, in any Part of Great Britain:			
If such Person shall be a Servant to any Person duly charged in respect of such Servant to the Duties granted on Servants by this Act, and shall use any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine, for any of the Purposes before mentioned, upon any Manor or Regality in England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, or upon any Lands in Scotland, by virtue of any Depuration or Appointment, duly registered or entered as Game-keeper thereon, there shall be charged the Annual Sum of	1	0	0
And if such Person as last aforesaid shall not be a Servant for whom the said Duties on Servants shall be charged, there shall be charged the Annual Sum of	3	3	0
Upon every other Person who shall use any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine, for any of the Purposes before-mentioned, there shall be charged the Annual Sum of	3	3	0

EXCEPTIONS to the above Duties.

- The taking of Woodcocks and Snipes with Nets or Springs.
- The taking or destroying of Coon in Warren, or on any enclosed Ground whatever, or by any Person in Lands in his other Occupation, either by himself or her/his, or by his or her Direction or Consent.

RULES for charging the said last-mentioned Duties.

I.—Every Person who intends to use or shall use in any Town after the Thirtieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine for any of the Purposes mentioned in the Schedule to this Act aforesaid, marked (L.) shall, before he shall use of the same in any Year, pay or cause to be paid in each Year to the Collector of the Duties mentioned or referred to in the other Schedules of this Act, for the Parish, Ward, or Place, where he shall reside, if in England, or to the Collector of the Cise, or his Deputy, for the Shire, County, Borough, or Place where he shall reside, if in Scotland, or where he shall so use the same, the Duty hereby made payable, and full witness Certificate, directed in the manner herein directed; which Certificate shall continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of April next after the Time of issuing the same, and so to begin.

II.—Every Collector on Application to him made by any Person residing within the Limits of his Collection, and on Payment to such Collector of the Duty hereby made payable, shall give a Receipt for the same, which Receipt shall be signed by such Collector, and made out conformable to such of the Forms for Certificates in the Schedule to this Act aforesaid, as the Case may require; and every such Receipt shall be a Charge on the Parish or Place for which such Collector shall be appointed for the same therein expressed, in like Manner and to the like Effect as if the said Sum had been previously assessed and levied by such Collector under the Warrant of the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act; for which Receipt the said Collector shall be entitled to demand and receive from such Person, the Sum of One Shilling over and above the said Duty, and no more, which Sum shall be deemed the Compensation to such Collector for his Pains and Care in executing this Act; and the Duty so received shall be paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy, or to his or their next Receipt of Duties, in full and without Deduction; provided that the Receipts given for the Duties contained in this Schedule shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever.

III.—Every such Receipt being delivered to the Clerk of the Commissioners sitting for the District where the Person aforesaid shall reside, shall be exchanged for a Certificate made out in one of the Forms in the Schedule to this Act aforesaid, marked (N.) corresponding with such Receipt, which Certificate the said Clerk is hereby required, on Demand, to make out and deliver gratis to such Person in Exchange for the said Receipt.

IV.—The

Duty herein
payable by
such Person
to the Collector
of the Duties
aforesaid.

Collector shall
give Receipts.

See Schedule
(N.) II.—V.

See Title 13.

Receipts shall
be exchanged
for Certificates
by Clerk of
Commissioners.

SCHEDULE (L.)—continued.

IV.—The said Receipts, so exchanged, shall severally be entered by the said Clerks respectively in Books to be kept for that Purpose, in the Manner to be directed by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and the said Books, together with the said Receipts, being exhibited to the Commissioners aforesaid in the Execution of this Act for the District, and examined by them, shall be a sufficient Authority to them from Time to Time to make an Affidavit to be made on the several Perches mentioned in such Receipts the respective Sums paid by them, which Affidavits shall be of the like Force and Effect, in all respects, and shall be as binding as the several Collectors and others acting in the Execution of this Act, and on the several Perches and Places for which such Collectors shall have been respectively appointed, as any Affidavit to be made by the said Commissioners respectively under the Regulations of the said Acts under which they act as Commissioners; and the said Commissioners shall retain Duplicate Copies of the said Receipts to the Receiver General, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, in the Manner directed by the said Acts.

V.—The Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall cause a sufficient Number of Receipts to be distributed among the several Clerks, and by them to the several Collectors in the respective Districts, and all said Clerks respectively shall be accountable to the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the same; and the said Collectors shall be accountable to the respective Clerks for the same; and the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall also cause a sufficient Number of Forms to be used for Certificates, according to the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, quoted (N.) to be distributed to the respective Clerks in like Manner.

VI.—In any District wherein a Clerk shall be appointed to act in the Execution of the said Acts, the Surveyor of the same District shall execute the Duty of such Clerk in all Matters and Things herein required to be done by such Clerk, and in every such Case the Certificate herein required shall and may be signed by such Surveyor, according to the Directions of this Act; and in every Place for which One Collector only shall be appointed, who shall be chargeable to the Duty contained in this Schedule, an Acknowledgment in Writing under the Hand of such Collector, that as chargeable with the said Duty, and delivered to such Clerk or Surveyor respectively as aforesaid, shall be a sufficient Authority for such Clerk or Surveyor to offer a Certificate to such Collector, and to make an Affidavit of the said Duty upon such Collector as in other Cases under this Act.

VII.—Every Master or Mistress charged or liable to be charged to the Duties on Servants mentioned in the said Schedule marked (C.) No. 1. according to this Act, in respect of any Gentleman, whether such Person shall have been deputed or appointed by such Master or Mistress, or by any other Person or Persons, and every Person granting a Deputation or Appointment to the Servant of any other Person, who shall be duly charged to the said Duty on Servants, in respect of such Servant, whether as Game-keeper, or in any other Capacity, with Power and Authority to use any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine, for any of the Purposes mentioned in this Schedule, shall be at Liberty to obtain Receipts and Certificates on behalf of such Servant, on Payment of the Duty for the same, in the Manner before directed; and such Receipts and Certificates shall be a sufficient Authority to deliver the Master or Mistress or Person granting such Deputation or Appointment, a sufficient Number of such Receipts and Certificates as aforesaid; and the Certificate to be used thereupon, shall be deemed and construed to exempt the Servant or Servants named therein, during His or their Continuance in the said Capacity and Service; and also to exempt any Servant or Servants of the same Master or Mistress who shall succeed to the Deputation or Appointment of the same Master or Mistress, or Lands, tenements, or hereditaments, for which the Duty shall be directed for and during the Remainder of each Year; and no such Servant in whose Receipt a Receipt and Certificate hath been duly obtained as aforesaid, shall be required to obtain a Certificate in His or her Name, or for performing the said Duty: Provided always, that every Certificate granted under this Act to any Person acting under any Deputation or Appointment, shall upon the Revocation of such Deputation or Appointment, be from the forth void and of no further Effect, as to the Performance of the Duty or Appointment provided, that if any Lord or Lady of any Manor or Feoffee, Estate, or Lands, or any other Person, or Proprietor of Lands in Scotland, shall, on the Revocation of any Deputation or Appointment as aforesaid, of which a Certificate hath been granted for any Year, make a new Deputation or Appointment under which the said Year, in any Part or Parts, or in the Service of the same Manor or Feoffee, Estate, or Lands, shall have been charged, as well to the Duties on Servants as to the Game Duties granted by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Clerk to the Commissioners of the District, and every such Clerk as hereby required, to use the Certificate for the Remainder of that Year, in behalf of the Person lawfully appointed, within any Date of Time, by endorsing on such Certificate the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whose said last-mentioned Deputation or Appointment had been granted, and declaring the same to be a renewed Certificate, free of Duty or Tax.

VIII.—Neither the Affidavits of the Duty hereby imposed, nor the Permits directed, nor the Certificates delivered, nor any Thing herein contained or done in pursuance of this Act, shall authorize or enable any Person to use any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine, for any of the Purposes mentioned in this Schedule, in any Town or Village, or in any Manner prohibited by any Law in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, nor unless such Person shall be duly qualified to do so, under and by virtue of the Laws in being; and all Penalties and Forfeitures, Actions and Suits, shall and may be prosecuted and maintained for such Offences as if this Act had not been made.

IX.—No Affidavit or Certificate under this Act, or Payment of the Duty hereby imposed, by or for any Person acting under a Deputation or Appointment, shall be received as Evidence, or be available in Law or Equity, in any Suit or Prosecution under this Act, where Penal shall be given of using any Dog, Gun, Net, or other Engine for any of the Purposes mentioned in this Schedule, out of the Precincts or Limits of the Manor, Rectory, or Lands for which such Deputation or Appointment was made or granted.

Game-keeper's Receipts accordingly.

Certificates to be used for the said purposes.

Where a Clerk is appointed, the Clerk shall act.

How Certificates shall be charged with Duty, &c. &c.

Game-keeper's Certificate.

Copied for the use of the Clerk, &c.

Game-keeper's Certificate to be used for the said purposes.

SCHEDULE (M).—*continued.*

Inland for the Time being, or of his or their Chief Secretary for the Time being, and which shall be certified under the Hand of the Lord Lieutenant, Chief Governor or Chief Governors, or his or their Chief Secretary, to be shown in Obedience to the Purposes aforesaid to the Exchequer of Publick Revenues, shall be wholly discharged and exempted from the Duties for both in the Schedules to this Act annexed, marked (C.), (D.), (E.), and (G.), provided that this Exemption shall not extend to any Person voluntarily resident or Inland as aforesaid, being a Member of either House of Parliament of the United Kingdom, who hath resided or shall reside in Great Britain longer than during the Sittings of Parliament, and Fifty Days before and Forty Days after each Session, nor to any Army or in which a Duty is by this Act so expressly, which shall be granted, kept, employed, or used by such Person or Great Britain, during the Residence of such Person or Inland: Provided also, that this Exemption shall not extend to any Person voluntarily resident in Ireland as aforesaid, holding an Office or Publick Employment in Ireland, unless the Approbation in Writing, or such Order or Direction of the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or of his or their Chief Secretary for the Time being, and a Description of the Place of Abode in Great Britain of the Person respectively holding such Office or Employment shall have been before the passing of this Act delivered into the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in Somerset Place: or shall be so delivered within Twenty Days after the passing of this Act, with respect to Persons who are Great Britain, or within Thirty Days after the Arrival in Great Britain of such Person respectively, who shall themselves agree: Provided also, that no Person shall, for the Purposes of claiming this Exemption, be deemed to be ordinarily resident or Inland, unless he shall reside therein during each Portion of the Year as is not covered by the Privilege herein provided: And, for the better effecting the Full of such Residence, every Person claiming the Benefit of this Exemption, shall send the same upon Oath (if required) before the Commissioners aforesaid in the Execution of this Act, to the District where such Person shall reside.

Schedule (M.) No. 2.

Further EXEMPTIONS from the several Duties in the several Schedules, marked (C.) (D.) and (E.)

Any Sheriff of any County, or any Mayor or other Officer in any Corporation or Royal Burgh, serving an annual Office therein, who during each Year of Service shall have kept or shall keep any Number of Servants, Carriages, or Horses, greater than the Number such Person was obliged to prior to the Year of such Service, and who shall have been skilled for such greater Number for One Year, shall be exempt from further Assessment for such greater Number for any other Year, although such Year of Service may have run into a second Year of Assessment.

SCHEDULE (N.)

I.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be delivered by Members of Volunteer Corps.

See Schedule (I)
Regimental R.

I, _____ Commanding Officer of the _____ do hereby certify, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act (here insert the Title of the Act) that the several Persons hereinafter named and described are lawfully enrolled and serving in the said Corps, and have duly attended at the Muster and Exercise of the said Corps for _____ Days, in the Course of the Year next preceding the Date hereof, which Muster Rolls have been duly returned, attesting the same pursuant to the said Act.

Dated the _____ Day of _____ 18____
Signed _____
Commanding Officer.

II.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Gamekeeper, being a Servant for whom the Master or Mistress, or the Lord or Lady, or other Proprietor of the Manor or Ropalty (if in England) [or, Lands, if in Scotland] shall be duly skilled in the Duty on Servants.

See Schedule (L)
Act II.

N^o Game Duty Certificate (A.)

(To be submitted when the Tenant pays the Duty)

BY A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners aforesaid in the Execution of the Acts for Assessed Taxes, for the Division of A., in the County of L.

Received from C. D. residing in the Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] in the said County, an Assessed Tenant of E. F. [here name the Manor or Ropalty] of [here name the Ropalty or the Manor or Ropalty] (in Exchange for this Certificate) a Receipt under the Hand of G. H., one of the Collectors of Assessed Taxes for the said Parish [or, Township] of [here name the Parish or Township], for the Sum of _____ One

SCHEDULE (N.)—continued.

One Guinea, as the Game Duty chargeable upon the said C. D., in respect of his Deputation as Gamekeeper of the Manor or Rectory of K., in the said County, (if the Certificate be granted in England,) [or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Gamekeeper of the Lands of A., in the said County.] Given in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

(Signed)

Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the _____ Day of _____

III.

N° Game Duty Certificate (B.)

(To be filled when the Statute
says the Duty.)

BY A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Affixed Taxes for the Division of L., in the County of L.

RECEIVED from E. F. [here name the Magistrate or Magistrates] residing in the Parish [or Place] of [here name the Parish or Place] in the said County, on behalf of C. D., an affixed Servant of the said E. F. (in exchange for this Certificate, a Receipt under the Hand of G. H., one of the Collectors of Affixed Taxes for the said Parish [or Township] of [here name the Parish or Township], for the Sum of One Guinea, as the Game Duty chargeable upon the said Servant in respect of his Deputation as Gamekeeper of the Manor or Rectory of K., in the said County, (if the Certificate be granted in England,) [or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Gamekeeper of the Lands of K., in the said County.] Given in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

(Signed)

Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the _____ Day of _____

IV.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Gamekeeper not being an affixed Servant to any Person or Persons.

N° Game Duty Certificate (C.)

BY A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Affixed Taxes for the Division of L., in the County of L.

RECEIVED from C. D., residing in the Parish [or Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] in the said County (in Exchange for this Certificate, a Receipt under the Hand of G. H., one of the Collectors of Affixed Taxes for the said Parish [or Township] of [here name the Parish or Township], for the Sum of Three Guineas, for the Game Duty chargeable upon the said C. D., in respect of his Deputation as Gamekeeper of the Manor or Rectory of K., in the said County, (if the Certificate be granted in England,) [or if in Scotland, in respect of his Appointment as Gamekeeper of the Lands of K., in the said County,] the said C. D. not being an affixed Servant to any Person or Persons. Given in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

(Signed)

Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the _____ Day of _____

V.—Form of CERTIFICATE to be issued to every Person not being a Gamekeeper.

N° Game Duty Certificate (D.)

BY A. B. Clerk to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts for Affixed Taxes for the Division of L., in the County of L.

RECEIVED from C. D. residing in the Parish [or Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] in the said County (in Exchange for this Certificate) a Receipt under the Hand of G. H. one of the Collectors of Affixed Taxes for the said Parish [or Township] of [here name the Parish or Township] for the Sum of Three Guineas for the Game Duty, chargeable upon the said C. D. in his own Right, throughout Great Britain, Given in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of George the Third, and certified the Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

(Signed)

Clerk.

This Certificate will expire on the _____ Day of _____

C A P. LVI.

AN ACT for abolishing Fees received by Officers in the Service of the Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, and for regulating the Officers of Attendance and the Number of Attendants in the said Office by the said Officers, and a more convenient Excise. [1799, 20th 1808.]

WHEREAS various Complaints have been made to the Service of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* by the several Parts of the said Kingdom, that the Officers, near the said Customs and Port Duties, have long and needlessly imposed, exacted, or received Fees, or made the said Officers, by the said Fees, have long been in the Possession of unnecessary Grants for the Exercise of the said Customs and Port Duties, and great Inconvenience arises therefrom, and also that the Number of Attendants kept at the said Ports, and by various Officers of His Majesty's Revenue, and that the said Officers, and the said Attendants, of the said Ports and the Officers of the Revenue, in the said Kingdom, have long and unnecessarily received, and sold Offices were properly regulated, be it therefore enacted, That the Fees, Grants, and Rewards, which are now or shall hereafter be received, and by the Advice and Consent of the Lords High Treasurers and Comptrollers of the said Kingdom, be abolished, and by the Authority of the said Lords High Treasurers and Comptrollers, the amount thereof hundred and one, as Fee, Proquisite, Gratuity or Reward, whether presently received, or to be received hereafter, shall be required, taken, or received from any Person or Persons, whether by any Officer, Clerk, Deputy, or other Person appointed by or acting under the Commission of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, or by any Officer, Clerk, Deputy, or other Person executing, performing, or acting in the Execution or Performance of any of the Duties, or acting by themselves or others in any of the Offices or Employments in or belonging to His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed by any such Officer, Clerk, Deputy, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, or relating to or under the Purview of any such Office or Employment, every, it is herein provided, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that if any such Officer, Clerk, Deputy, or other Person shall, at any Time after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, require, take, or receive any Fee, Proquisite, Gratuity, or Reward whether necessary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, except as is herein excepted, either directly or indirectly, as a Reward or relating to or under the Purview of any such Office or Employment, or for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed or to be done or performed therein, although the same shall be lawfully offered or given, every such Officer, Clerk, Deputy, or other Person shall, on Proof thereof to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, or any Four or more of them, be for each Offence summarily dismissed from his Office or Employment, and be rendered incapable, and shall be ever after incapable of holding or executing or acting in any Office or Employment in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or in any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in *Ireland*.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Officer or other Person holding or executing or acting in or performing the Duties of any of the said Offices or Employments, from receiving such Reward or Satisfaction for an account of any Detention, Seizure, or Forfeiture of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or any Penalty, or Value of Penalty or Composition, which under any Law now in force, or hereafter to be passed in relation to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, he is or may be legally entitled to, or to prevent any such Officer, Clerk, or Person from receiving any Allowance, Gratuity, or Reward which the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, with the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Time being, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, or any Four or more of them, with the like Consent respectively, may think fit to give.

III. And, in order that proper Compensation may be made to any Officers, Clerk, or other Person employed in or holding any Office in the Service of the Customs at any Port in *Ireland*, who may fall in Loss by the Abolition of Fees directed by this Act, be it enacted, That the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall, immediately after the passing of this Act, prepare Tables, containing the several Amounts of the Fees, Proquisites, Gratuities, and Rewards established by Law or sanctioned by unrevoked Usage for Ten Years last past, which such Officers, Clerk, or other Person who may fall in a Loss by the Abolition of Fees directed by this Act received, or which his Predecessor or Predecessors and he did receive for any Service, Act, Matter, or Thing done or executed by him or them in the Performance of the Duties of his or their Office, or Employment held by him or them, during the Three Years ending on the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and five, together with the yearly Average thereof, calculated on the Amount of the said Three Years, exclusive of all Gratuities, Allowances, or Monies received by him or them out of His Majesty's Revenue, or out of any Sectors, Fines, or Forfeitures, and shall lay the same, certified under their Hands, before the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, and before the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, shall respectively pay or cause to be paid to every such Officer, Clerk, or other Person, such Sum annually by Way of Compensation for his Loss of Fees, Proquisites, and Gratuities under this Act, not exceeding in any Year the yearly Amount aforesaid, as the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Time being, shall direct, under his or their Sign manual, counter-signed by Three or more of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer; and every such Payment by Way of Compensation shall commence from the Day wherein the Person for whom the same shall be directed shall have ceased to take or receive any Fee, Proquisite,

Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, under the Directions of this Act, and shall continue during the Time any such Person shall continue to hold such Office or Employment.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be entitled to receive any such Payment by Way of Compensation, or any Part thereof, until he shall have taken the following Oath; that is to say:

‘ I, A. B., do swear, That I will not receive, take, or receive any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, whether necessary or of any other kind or Description whatsoever, directly or indirectly, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed in the Execution or Discharge of any of the Duties of my Office or Employment on any Account whatsoever, other than my Salary, and what is or shall be allowed me by Law.
So help me God!’

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall after the passing of this Act be appointed to any Office or Employment relating to the Customs or Port Duties in *Ireland*, shall at his Admission thereto take the following Oath; that is to say:

‘ I, A. B., do swear to be true and faithful in the Execution, to the best of my Knowledge and Powers, of the Trust committed to my Charge and Inspection in the Service of His Majesty’s Customs; and that I will not receive, take, or receive, a Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward, whether necessary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, directly or indirectly, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter, or Thing done or performed, or to be done or performed in the Execution or Discharge of any of the Duties of my Office or Employment on any Account whatsoever, other than my Salary, and what is or shall be allowed me by Law.
So help me God!’

VII. And whereas it is expedient for the Accommodation of Trade, and the better Management of the Revenue of Customs, that the Hours of Attendance of the Officers, Clerks, and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs should be altered and regulated; be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, all and every the Officers, Clerks, and Persons executing or performing or assisting in the Execution or Performance of any of the Duties, or acting in any Office or Employment belonging to His Majesty’s Customs or Port Duties in *Ireland*, whether appointed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by His Majesty’s Power, or by Deputation or other Instrument or Authority of any Patentee or other Office or Person whatsoever, shall and they are hereby required, unless prevented by Sickness or other unavoidable Cause, which shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of His Majesty’s Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, duly and regularly to attend at the respective Offices or Places where their Duty is or shall be directed to be executed and performed at the Hours and Times following, on every Day of the Year except Sundays, and the other Days hereinafter excepted; that is to say, The Officers employed on the Quays, and all Gate-door Officers, from the Ninth Day of November until the Tenth Day of May in every Year, from the Hour of Nine in every Morning to the Hour of Four in every Afternoon; and from the Ninth Day of May until the Tenth Day of November, in every Year, from the Hour of Eight in every Morning to the Hour of One in every Afternoon; and the Clerks and In-door Officers, and all other employed in the Service of the said Customs and Port Duties, from the Hour of Nine in every Morning until the Hour of Four in every Afternoon, during the whole Year; and during the said Hours and Times there shall not be any Cessation or Interruption of Business on any Pretence or Account whatsoever, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties from directing and enforcing the Attendance of any Officer, Clerk, or other Person employed in the Service of His Majesty’s Customs at any Time or at any Place whatsoever, on any particular Emergency, the publick Service shall be required, or from directing or enforcing the Attendance of any Officer, Clerk, or other Person employed in the said Service, at such Hours, Times, and Places as the said Commissioners shall think fit and requisite for the proper Discharge of the Official Duties of any such Officer, Clerk, or other Person.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the personal Attendance of any Person or Persons who are now authorised to execute the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments in the Service of the Customs by sufficient Deputy or Deputies.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Holidays or Days of Non-attendance whatsoever, shall be permitted or allowed to be observed and kept in the Customs-house in any of the Ports in *Ireland*, in by any Officer, Clerk, or other Person belonging to or employed in the Service of His Majesty’s Customs and Port Duties, or by any Officer, Clerk, or other Person employed in the Service of His Majesty’s Exchequer in *Ireland*, any day accustomed to or relating to the granting, issuing, executing, or registering of Permits or Certificates of Permits, except *Good Friday* and *Easter Monday* in every Year, and any Days which shall be appointed by His Majesty’s Proclamation for the Purpose of a General Fast or Thanksgiving; and also the Anniversaries of the Birthdays of His Majesty King Charles the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and the Birth Days of their Majesties, and of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; but that all Birthdays in the Customs house, and relating to the Service of Customs and to the Service of the Exchequer in the respect aforesaid, shall be carried on and performed on every Day throughout the Year except on Sundays, and the Days before excepted; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, to amend the Laws for the better Regulation of the Linnen Manufacture in *Ireland*, the Collector of the Port rate which Flax Seed or Hemp Seed shall be imported, is empowered and required to demand and receive the Sum of

‘ Sixpence

•• Suppose for each Hogshead, Cask, or Package containing This Seed or Hemp Seed, imported and examined •• to the said Act is essential, and to retain the Sum of Three-pence therein to his own Use, and to pay over the Remainder thereof to the Officer appointed by the Trustees of the Linn and Hemp Manufacture, to examine This Seed and Hemp Seed imported; by which means, and otherwise the said Duty of Twenty-one thousand eight hundred and seven, six Colles per cent. Port in Ireland shall be retained, or shall become so derived from any Imporier or Owner of any Flax Seed or Hemp Seed, each Sum of Sixpence for every Hogshead, Cask, or Package containing Flax Seed, either or by Protest of the said revised Act; but that the Officer appointed by the Trustees of the Linn and Hemp Manufacture to examine Flax Seed and Hemp Seed imported, shall and may demand and receive to his own Use the Sum of Three-pence for each and every such Hogshead, Cask, or Package which he shall examine, being the Amount which he is now entitled to by Law for such Examinations; and it shall be lawful for every Collector to detain, and he is hereby required to detain every such Hogshead, Cask, or other Package, until he shall receive a Certificate under the Hand of such Officer that the same has been examined according to Law, which Certificate such Officer shall not be responsible to give until he shall have received each Sum of Three-pence for each such Hogshead, Cask, or other Package as aforesaid.

•• Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 12.^o

C A P. LVII.

An Act for increasing the Duty on Corks ready-made, imported into Great Britain. [18th June 1808.]

•• WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *As Act to regulate the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and in great order Duties in the said Act*, and by other Acts passed subsequent thereto, certain Duties of Customs were imposed on Corks ready-made: And whereas it is expedient for the Benefit of the British Manufactures, that the said Duties should be increased; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the several Duties of Customs now payable upon Corks ready-made imported into Great Britain shall cease and determine, save and except as to any Taxes, Penalties, or Forfeitures relating thereto, which may have been or shall be incurred at any Time before the said passing of this Act; and instead and in lieu thereof there shall be levied, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Corks ready-made imported into Great Britain, the several Duties of Customs following; that is to say, For every Pound Weight of Corks ready-made, the Sum of Two Shillings and Three-pence.

•• Additional for Gauge on former Customs, viz. 12l. 10s. under 45 G. 3. c. 70.—12l. 10s. under 44 G. 3. c. 23.—2l. 10s. under 45 G. 3. c. 20.—and 8l. 6s. 8d. under 45 G. 3. c. 42. shall be charged as said Duty •• under this Act. § 2. Duties shall be levied as former Duties. § 3.^o

C A P. LVIII.

An Act for amending the Law with regard to the Course of Proceeding on Indictments and Informations in the Court of King's Bench in certain Cases; for authorizing the Execution in Scotland of certain Warrants issued for Offences committed in England; and for requiring Officers taking Bail in the King's Suit to assign the Bail Bonds to the King. [18th June 1808.]

•• WHEREAS the Provisions contained in Two Acts of the Twenty-sixth and Thirty-fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the Law with regard to the Course of proceeding on Indictments and Informations in the Court of King's Bench, in certain Cases relating to the publick Revenue, have been found beneficial, and it is expedient to extend the same to other Cases; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Person shall be charged with any Offence for which he or she may be prosecuted by Indictment or Information in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, not being Treason or Felony, and the same shall be made appear to any Judge of the same Court by Affidavit, or by Certificate of an Indictment or Information being filed against such Person in the said Court for such Offence, it shall and may be lawful for such Judge so filing his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, and thereby to cause such Person to be apprehended and brought before him or some other Judge of the same Court, or before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in order to his or her being bound on the King's Majesty with Two sufficient Sureties, in such Sum as in the said Warrant shall be expressed, with Conditions to appear at the said Court at the Time mentioned in such Warrant, and to answer to all and singular Indictments or Informations for any such Offence; and in case any such Person shall neglect or refuse to become bound as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Judge or Justice respectively to commit such Person to the Common Goal of the County, City, or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, or where he or she shall have been apprehended, there to remain until he or she shall become bound as aforesaid, or shall be discharged by Order of the said Court in Term-Time, or of one of the Judges of the said Court in Vacation; and the Recognizance to be therewith taken shall be returned and filed in the said Court, and shall continue in Force until such Person shall have acquitted of such Offence, or in case of Conviction, shall have received Judgment for the same, in which case ordered by the said Court to be discharged; and that where any Person, either by virtue of such Warrant of Commitment as aforesaid, or by virtue of any Writ of Capture ad Respondendum issued out of the said Court, is now detained or shall hereafter be committed to and detained in

For of 41 in
Collected re-
pealed

For of 10
Enlargement of the
Book.

48 G. 3. c. 46.

By 10 of Customs
no 100 bonds
Corks imported
2s. 10d. per lb. in
lieu of former
Duties.

28 G. 3. c. 26.
5 c. 23.
35 G. 3. c. 20.

When any Person
is charged with
any Offence not
being Treason or
Felony for which
he may be
prosecuted by
Indictment or
Information in
N. B. Upon
Affidavit, or
on Certificate
of Indictment,
for being bound,
any Judge of the
Court may issue
his Warrant to
apprehend the
Party, who shall
be committed
to the Common
Goal to remain
until he shall
be discharged
by the Court.

" 47 G. 3. c. 19. for regulating Retailers of Spirits;—40 G. 3. (1.) c. 5. for the Collection of the Duties
 " on Hides and Skins, &c. as amended by 45 G. 3. c. 57. § 24.—40 G. 3. (1.) c. 20. for regulating the Per-
 " mit of Boatsmen;—and 40 G. 3. (1.) c. 63. in so far as relates to the Duties on Playing Cards, &c. § 1."

46 G. 3. c. 47.

II. ' And Whereas Two Acts were made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the one
 " intituled, *An Act more effectually to regulate the Collection of the Duties on Goods, Wines, and Mineral Waters*
 " *imported or exported into or from Ireland, and the Payment of Revenue, Drawbacks, and Allowances thereon;*

46 G. 3. c. 104

" and the other intituled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue,*
 " *in Great Britain, and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Com-*
 " *missioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland: And whereas it is expedient that further Provisions should*

Proceedings on
 Trials by Com-
 missioners and
 Sub-Commission-
 ers may be
 without Delay.

" be made for the better Purposes in the said Acts mentioned it is therefore enacted, That every Court of
 " Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners who shall sit to hear, try, or determine any Complaint or Information for
 " any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things under
 " the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of the Commissioners of Inland Excise
 " and Taxes, shall begin the Trial thereof on the Day of which Notice shall be first given for proceeding thereon,
 " which Day shall be within Thirty Days after the Complaint or Information shall have been made, and said Court
 " shall forthwith proceed upon such Trial, and shall not adjourn until a Witness shall have been examined,
 " without the Consent of both Parties, or upon good and sufficient Cause, to be assigned upon Oath by One of
 " the Parties, or his or their Agent or Solicitor, or until upon some good and sufficient Cause to be assigned
 " upon Oath by One or more of the Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners sitting upon such Trial, if any Ad-
 " journment shall be desired and applied for by him or them; and every such Adjournment and Consent and
 " Cause upon Oath shall be entered in the Proceedings of the Court, and be made Part of the Records.

No Adjournment
 except from Day
 to Day, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners to
 " adjourn any Trial as aforesaid, except from Day to Day, Sundays, Good Fridays, Christmas Day, and the
 " King's Birth Day only excepted, unless by such Consent, or such Cause upon Oath as aforesaid, any Law,
 " Custom, or Usage in the contrary notwithstanding.

If Trial not duly
 proceeded in
 Complaint shall
 be discharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Trial of any Complaint or Information shall not be pro-
 " ceeded upon within the Time herein-before provided, or be adjourned without such Consent or good and
 " sufficient Cause upon Oath, the Complaint or Information shall be discharged, and no new Complaint or
 " Information shall be received or entertained for the same Offence.

Persons being
 concerned
 Witnesses before
 Commissioners of
 Customs and
 Excise shall be
 sworn before
 Magistrates.

V. And be it further enacted, That every and any Person who by Law is, or by any Act or Acts in force
 " in Ireland is declared or established to be, a competent Witness before the Commissioners of Customs and Port
 " Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland respectively, or before their Sub-Com-
 " missioners respectively, or before any Court or Judge of Assize, or other Person or Persons, upon any Enquiry,
 " Proceeding, or Trial touching or concerning any Matters or Things relating to the Revenue under the
 " Management of the said Commissioners respectively, or touching or concerning any Offence committed under
 " any Act or Acts for collecting or levying the said Revenues or any of them, or touching or concerning the
 " Matters contained in any Informations for any such Offences, shall be, and any and every such Person is hereby
 " declared to be a competent Witness before any Justice of Peace or Magistrate in Ireland, upon any Informa-
 " tion, Inquiry, Proceeding, or Trial touching and concerning all or any such Matters and Things respectively
 " within the Jurisdiction of such Justice of Peace or Magistrate; and the Evidence of such Person shall be received
 " severally by such Justice of Peace or Magistrate, on such Information, Inquiry, Proceeding, and Trial
 " respectively.

46 G. 3. c. 47

VI. ' And whereas it is by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year, for regulating the Collection of
 " the Duties on Goods, Wines, and Merchandise imported into, or exported from Ireland, enacted, that it
 " shall not be lawful to import any Tobacco at any Port or Place in Ireland, save and except the Ports in the
 " said recited Act mentioned; be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be
 " lawful to import Tobacco into Ireland at the Port of Sligo; and that the Importer thereof at the said Port
 " shall be obliged to have the same lodged in a Warehouse, and to take any Benefit in respect of warehousing and
 " bonding the same, under and by Virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, in like Manner as may be done
 " with respect to Tobacco imported at any of the Ports mentioned in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year,
 " and as if the said Port of Sligo had been mentioned and specified in the said recited Act.

Tobacco may be
 imported and
 warehoused in the
 Port of Sligo.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for
 " the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by and with the
 " Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Privy Council of Ireland, to permit the Importation into Ireland of
 " Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines, or Coffee, at such Ports or Places as the said Lord Lieutenant, or other
 " Chief Governor or Governors, and Privy Council of Ireland, shall think fit, under and subject to such Regula-
 " tions and Restrictions in other Respects as Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines, or Coffee may by Law be imported
 " into Ireland; provided it shall be made to appear, that such Port is, with respect to the Trade and Commerce
 " carried on thereon, and from the Nature of its Situation, a Port at which it would be just and reasonable to
 " permit such Importation.

Lord Lieutenant,
 may, &c. by
 warrant, as he
 is directed in
 additional Parts.

VIII. ' And, for the more effectually carrying into Execution the several Acts for regulating Licences for
 " the Sale of Spirituous Liquors by Retail, and for discouraging the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in
 " Ireland; be it enacted, That in case any Person who, under and by Virtue of an Act made in the Forty-
 " seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to make further Regulations with respect to*
 " *Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland,* shall have been or shall be appointed
 " an Overseer of Persons licensed for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors, within any Parish in Ireland, shall
 " certify under His Hand and Seal, to any Justice of the Peace for the County, County of a Town, or City, in
 " which

If Overseer of
 Parish be
 appointed under
 47 G. 3. c. 5.
 s. 14. § 10.
 every Justice
 of Peace that
 Person was
 appointed as

any Justice of the Peace for the County, County of a Town, or City, in which

which such Partis shall be made, that Persons were entertained in the House of any Person so licensed between the Hours of Twelve at Night and Seven in the Morning, on any Day of the Week except Sunday, or on any Time whatever on a Sunday, such Justice shall thereupon summon the Party accused, and unless the Party summoned shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of such Justice of the Peace, that the Persons found in such House were Innates of the House where they were so found, such Justice shall be conclusive Evidence to Subject the Persons licensed for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors to a Penalty of Forty Shillings, Eight Pence, for the First Offence, and for the Second Offence to the Sum of Five Pounds, Eight Pence; and in Default of Payment of such Penalty, such Justice of the Peace may issue his Warrant for the Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person so whom such Penalty shall be imposed.

Repealed Acts may be altered or repealed this Session. § 9.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign for lessening the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in Ireland. [18th Nov 1808.]

47 G. 3. c. 17. § 20. as to Sale of Goods exempt from Duty (by the said Auctioneers only) repealed. § 1.

47 G. 3. c. 17. § 21. as to Sale of Distress for Rent repealed. 1804 G. 3. c. 1. § 17. § 20.

(2d Reg. 18. Schedule A. title Auctions) containing Exemptions to Sale of Colonial Goods imported within

Six Months, repealed. § 3.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Duty shall be charged on the Sale by Auction of any Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or Effects whatever imported into Ireland by Way of Merchandise, and so sold at the Port of Importation by or for the Account of the original Importer or Consignor thereof, to whom the same were consigned, and by whom they were entered at the Custom House, in any such Sale the first Sale thereof after the Importation of the same; nor upon the Sale by Auction of any Cattle, Live Stock or Dead Stock, or unmanufactured Produce of Land, in any such Sale made for the Account of the Owner of such Land, or for the Account of the Person occupying such Land, and which such Cattle, Live or Dead Stock, or unmanufactured Produce continues on the Land producing the same; nor upon the Sale by Auction of any Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or Effects sold by Order of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by Order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or by Order of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or by Order of the Board of Ordnance in Ireland respectively; any Thing in the said recited Acts of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, or either of them, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Estate, Goods, or Effects, put up to Sale by way of Auction in Ireland, shall become the Purchase by Means of his own Bidding or the Bidding of any Person on his Behalf or for his Use at such Sale without Fraud or Collusion, then and in such Case he shall and may be held for the Extinction of Auction Duty in Dublin, or the Collector of Excise, in the District in which such Sale shall be held, and they are respectively authorized and empowered to make an Allowance to the Owner of such Estate, Goods, or Effects, of the Duties arising under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, upon such Bidding or Sale; provided that Notice in Writing signed by the Owner and the Person licensed to be the Bidder, that such Bidder is appointed by or on the Behalf of such Owner, to bid at the Sale for the Use and Behalf of such Owner, shall have been given to the Auctioneer before such Bidding, and that the Delivery of such Notice shall be verified by the Oath of such Auctioneer, as also the Truth and Reality of the Truthfulness to the best of his Knowledge and Belief.

VI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said Act contained shall extend to prevent any Sheriff or Sheriff's from employing such Person or Persons as he or they shall think proper, to sell by Auction any Estate, Goods, or Effects in aid for the Benefit of any Creditor in Execution of any Judgment, although such Person shall not be a licensed Auctioneer; and that upon any Sale made by such Sheriff or Sheriffs, or the Person employed by him or them, it shall not be necessary to give any previous Notice of such Sale at the Office of the Auctioneer of Auction Duty in Dublin, or at the Office of the Collector of Excise: Provided always, that the Sheriff or Sheriffs under whose Authority such Sale shall be made shall be liable to and charged and chargeable with the full Auction Duty on all Goods and Effects sold at such Sale; and a Return or Account of such Sale, and Payment of the Duty thereon, shall be made by or on the Part of the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, or by the Person employed by him or them, in like Manner as is directed by the said recited Act for lessening the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in Ireland, with respect to Sales by Auctioneers under that Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act for lessening the Collection of the Duty on Auctions in Ireland shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person whatever from acting as an Auctioneer in the Sale of any Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or Effects in respect of the Sale thereof, or of the Purchase Money arising thereon, on Auction Duty in Ireland, unless such Person shall be licensed by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, or which by this Act or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland are exempted from the Payment of the Duty on Auctions; and that no Person so acting as an Auctioneer in such Sale, nor any Person or Persons employed by any Sheriff or Sheriffs acting as any Sale by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, shall be required to take out any License for so doing, nor shall any such Person be subject or liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture under the said recited Act for lessening the Collection of the Duty on Auctions in respect of such Sale, of any such Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or Effects, nor on Account of such Person not having taken out a License pursuant to the Direction of the said Act; any Thing in the said recited Act or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

which House Act, shall bring a Penalty of 1000.

Exemptions from Auction Duties; Goods imported on full Sale

Cattle and Stock in Land.

Goods sold by Order of Board of Customs, Excise, or Ordnance.

Allowance of Duty on Property bought by the Owner.

Notice to Auctioneer may be made by Sheriff, or a person appointed by him, or the Sheriff or Sheriffs, or the Collector of Excise. See 11 G. 3. c. 1. s. 17. 178.

No Person being liable to pay the Auction Duty on any Purchase for any living Merchant, &c.

or expiring
Church and
Chapels.

proceeded upon, and an Application in Writing shall be made to the said Trustees and Commissioners of the said Funds in Ireland, by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or by the Minister and Churchwardens of the Parish or Place in which it shall be proposed and intended that any such Church or Chapel shall be erected or rebuilt, or by any Two Proprietors Inhabitants of such Parish or Place, accompanied by a Plan and Estimate of the Expense of such proposed Erection or Rebuilding approved by the Ordinary of the Diocese: it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners on Tues to Tues, and by such Inhabitants and Proprietors as the said Trustees and Commissioners shall think proper, to advance to the Parties applying, out of the Moneys and Funds allotted to the Care of the said Trustees and Commissioners, the Whole or any Part of such Sum or Sums of Money as according to such Plan and Estimate the said Trustees and Commissioners shall think fit and proper to be applied to the Erection or Rebuilding of any such Church or Chapel respectively, in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

The Trustees
may also have the
Benefit of the
Application of
Money advanced,
and expended
by the Trustees
&c. in Repairing
the same, or any
Part thereof,
Inasmuch as
Inhabitants, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners (if they shall think fit) to require from the Party or Parties for applying good and sufficient Security by the Bond of the said Parties, or by the Bond or Bonds of One or more Surety or Sureties, or other Persons or Persons, as sufficient Pledge or for the due Application of the Money to be advanced, as for advancing to the said Trustees and Commissioners inasmuch thereof as shall not be actually expended in such Erection or Rebuilding within Two Years after such Money shall have been advanced; or if the said Trustees and Commissioners shall not think it fit or necessary to require such Security, it shall be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners to advance such Sum or Sums of Money without such Security; and if the said Trustees and Commissioners shall be of Opinion that it is fitting and expedient that any Sum or Sums of Money to be advanced, or any Part thereof, should be advanced by way of Loan, and should be repaid by the Parish or Place in which such Church or Chapel is erected or rebuilt, shall be erected or rebuilt, then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners to require and take such Security by Bond for the repaying of such Sum or Sums of Money as advanced, or such Part or Proportion thereof as shall be expended in such Bond or Security, in Manner and at the Times following: (that is to say) Six Pence per Cowan of the Sum so advanced for each Part thereof as shall be to be repaid as aforesaid) on the First Day of July next after the Expiration of One Year from the Day on which such Sum or Sums shall be so advanced, or within Twenty-one Days next after; Six Pence per Cowan more of such Sum on the First Day of July in every succeeding Year (or within Twenty-one Days after), and Six Pence per Cowan of the Sum so advanced (or such Part thereof as shall be to be repaid as aforesaid) shall be repaid; and the remaining Four Pence per Cowan of such Sum on the First Day of July (or within Twenty-one Days after) in the Year following that in which the last Instalment of Six Pence per Cowan shall have been paid as before-mentioned: Provided always, that no Instalment shall be paid for or upon any Part advanced by the said Trustees and Commissioners under this Act, or for or upon any Part thereof, unless the Payment of the said Instalments shall be delivered beyond the Days and Times on which they shall have lawfully become due: Provided also, that no Sum of Money shall be advanced otherwise than by way of Loan according to the Provisions of this Act, towards the building or rebuilding of a Church or any Parish whom Divine Service shall have been performed within Twenty Years then last past; nor and except towards building Chapels of Ease in such Parishes where they may be built under an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Ninth Year of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act for the better Maintenance of Churches within the Church of Ireland*; and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the First Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, for explaining and amending the Statute for the Erection of such Chapels the said Trustees are hereby empowered to advance Money as they see fit according to any other Clauses by this Act.

No Interest
except on
Failure to
Instalments.
No Advance
except by
Loan in certain
Cases.

1 Geo. 3. c. 14.

When Security
is to be given for
Repayment
of Money ad-
vanced by the Law
shall be valid by
Bonds or other
Security given.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever Security shall be taken by the said Trustees and Commissioners for the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money so advanced, or any Part thereof, by such Instalments of Six Pence per Cowan and Four Pence per Cowan as aforesaid, the Parish or Place in which the Church or Chapel is erected or rebuilt shall be liable, and which shall by Law be bound to the Repair of such Church or Chapel, shall be required and bound to repay the said several Sums of Money, for the Repayment of which such Security shall have been given as aforesaid by the said several annual Instalments of Six Pence and Four Pence per Cowan in Manner aforesaid; and that the Assessor of the said several Instalments or Sum or Sums of Money shall be from Time to Time appointed, appointed, levied and raised in such Parish or Place in such Manner, and with all such Powers and Remedies for the assessing, apportioning, raising and levying of the same in all respects as in or as provided for the assessing, apportioning, raising and levying of any Sum or Sums of Money, Rates, Parish Cels or Tax, for repairing, building, or rebuilding of any Church or Chapel, or other necessary Churches belonging to such Church or Chapel, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at any Time of the being of this Act; and that all Clergymen, Rectors and Vicars shall have the like Power to effect all Parties and Parts, and to apply and lay such Instalments and to be accountable for the same, and to do all Matters and Things for the assessing, apportioning, raising and levying of such annual Instalments as in and as provided for in this Act, in all respects whatsoever, in they now have respectively, levying or raising any Rate or Rates, Sum or Sums of Money, Parish Cels or Tax, for the repairing, building, or rebuilding of any Church or Chapel, or any other necessary Church belonging to such Church or Chapel, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts as aforesaid.

1 Geo. 3. c. 14.
No Advance
shall be made
for the Repair
of any Church
or Chapel.

VI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting His Majesty's Licence for building Fifty Chapels in Ireland*, it was enacted, that by or out of such Sum or Sums of Money or any Part or Parts thereof in the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland of the Consolidated Fund, there shall and may be issued by the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Government or Government of Ireland; or they shall think fit, from Time to Time, free of Interest, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Fifty thousand Pounds Irish Currency, to the said Trustees and Commissioners

advanced, and whether the Buildings and Improvements be completed agreeably to the Memorial and to the Plan and Estimate approved by the Archbishop or Bishop of the Diocese previously to the said Money being advanced; and if on such Inquiry it shall appear that the said Money, or any Part thereof, hath not been to any Use expended, or that the said Buildings and Improvements are not completed agreeably to the said Memorial, Plan, and Estimate, it shall and may be lawful for such Archbishop or Bishop to issue an Order, in Writing under his Hand and Seal, requiring the Incumbent of such Benefice to complete such Erection, Building, or Purchase, within Six Months after the Date of such Order, which Order shall be delivered to such Incumbent, or left at his usual or last Place of Abode, and in case of Non-compliance with such Order, it shall be lawful for such Archbishop or Bishop to require the Profits of the Benefice of such Incumbent until such Order shall be complied with, or sufficient Reason for such Non-compliance shall be given to the Satisfaction of the said Archbishop or Bishop, and to direct by any Order to be made for that Purpose under his Hand the Application of such Profits, after deducting the necessary Expenses of having the same either in the Whole or in such Proportions as he shall think fit towards the Completion of such Erection, Building, or Purchase respectively, an account of which such Money shall have been disbursed; and such Incumbent and all other Persons shall also be liable to the Repayment of the Money so advanced, and to the Payment of Interest, and to all the other Rules, Regulations, and Directions, with respect to the Money so advanced, as in the said recited Act of the Forty-third Year, or this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, are mentioned, expressed and contained.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices in Ireland.

[18th June 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that more effectual Provisions should be made for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices in Ireland; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of Our Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every Case in which it shall appear to any Bishop or Archbishop of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, that any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapelry within the Diocese of such Bishop or Archbishop respectively, having no lawful Cause of Absence from the same, does not in the whole reside for the Space of Nine Calendar Months within the Year so the same respectively, it shall be lawful for such Bishop or Archbishop to issue or cause to be issued a Monition to such Spiritual Person forthwith to proceed to and reside therein, and perform the Duties thereof, and to make a Return to such Monition within a certain Number of Days after the issuing thereof, so that in every such Case there shall be Thirty Days between the Time of delivering such Monition to such Spiritual Person, or leaving the same at his usual or last Place of Abode, or if not there to be found, or if he shall be absent from the Diocese, with the officiating Minister or One of the Clergy-witnesses, and also at the House of Residence (if any such there be) sleeping in such Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapelry to which any such Spiritual Person shall be required by such Monition to proceed and reside therein, and on the Proctor, Manager or Collector of the Tythes of such Spiritual Person (if any such there be), and the Time specified in such Monition for the Return thereof; And every such Monition shall immediately on the issuing thereof be filed in the Registry of such Diocese, and upon Issuance on the Payment of One Shilling and no more; and the Spiritual Person to whom any such Monition shall be first under the Act, shall within the Time specified for that Purpose make a Return thereon, and it shall be lawful for the Bishop or Archbishop to whom any such Return shall be made, to require such Return or any Parts contained therein to be sworn by the Oath of such Spiritual Person or others, to be taken before some Barrister at Law Extraordinary or Cicerone, which Oath any such Barrister or Master Extraordinary or Cicerone is hereby authorized and required to administer on Application being made for that Purpose; And in every Case where an such Return shall be made, or where such Return shall not state such Residence as shall be demanded lawfully by such Bishop or Archbishop for the Non-residence of the Spiritual Person to whom such Monition shall have been first so awarded, or where the issue or any of the Facts contained therein shall not be so verified on Oath as aforesaid, when the same shall have been required, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for such Bishop or Archbishop to issue an Order in Writing under his Hand and Seal, to require such Person to proceed to and reside as aforesaid, within Thirty Days after such Order in Writing or a Copy thereof shall have been delivered or left in his Majesty as it here-before required as to Monitions; and in case of Non-compliance it shall be lawful for such Bishop or Archbishop to require the Profits of such Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy and parochial Chapelry of such Spiritual Person as aforesaid, until such Order shall be complied with, or such sufficient Reason for Non-residence stated and proved as aforesaid; and to direct by any Order to be made for that Purpose under his Hand, the Application of such Profits after deducting the necessary Expenses of having the same either in the Whole or in such Proportions as he shall think fit, to the Payment of such reasonable Expenses as shall have been incurred in relation to such Monition and Sequelation; and in the next Place towards the Augmentation or Improvement of any such Parsonage, Vicarage, Donative or perpetual Curacy, or the House of Residence thereof, or any of the Buildings or Appurtenances thereof, or towards the Improvement of any of the Glebe or Dues for Lands thereof, or may order or direct the same or any Partian thereof to be paid to the Treasurers and Commissioners of the Irish Exchequer out of Ecclesiastical Benefices in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, to be applied for the Purpose of the Augmentation of the Tythes vested in the said Treasurers and Commissioners; and it shall also be lawful for such Bishop or Arch-

Whereas
the said
Monition
shall be
delivered
to such
Incumbent
or left at
his usual
or last
Place of
Abode,

And every
such
Monition
shall be
filed in
the Registry
of such
Diocese,

And in every
Case where
an such
Return shall
be made,
or where
such Return
shall not
state such
Residence
as shall be
demanded
lawfully
by such
Bishop or
Archbishop
for the
Non-residence
of the
Spiritual
Person to
whom such
Monition
shall have
been first
so awarded,
or where
the issue
or any of
the Facts
contained
therein
shall not
be so
verified
on Oath
as aforesaid,

Bishop, within Six Months after such Order for Sequestration, or within Six Months after any Money shall have been actually raised by such Sequestration, to remit to any such Spiritual Person any Part or Proportions of such Sequestered Profits, or cause the same or any Part thereof that shall have been paid or directed to be paid to such Trustees and Commissioners of the said Courts, to be repaid to such Spiritual Person, which Repayment the said Trustees and Commissioners are hereby authorized and required, upon an Order under the Hand of any such Bishop or Archbishop, to make, out of any Money then in their Hands, or if no Money shall then be in their Hands, out of the next Money that shall come to their Hands, in any Case in which by reason of the subsequent Obsolescence of any such Spiritual Person to any such Mansion or Order, or the fitting and growing high Interest Residue as aforesaid, such Bishop or Archbishop shall think the same proper. Provided always, that when any such Spiritual Person shall think himself aggrieved by reason of any such Sequestration issued by any Bishop it shall be lawful for any such Spiritual Person, within Thirty Days after the making any Order for any such Sequestration, as aforesaid, and upon such Notice thereof to be filed in His Majesty's said Majesty's Court before aforesaid, to appeal to the Archbishop of the Province to which such Bishop shall belong, who shall forthwith, either by himself or some Commissioner or Commissioners appointed from among the Bishops of his Province by this Process, under his Hand, of Seal, and in such to be made due Inquiry into the facts, and make such Order therein or relating thereto, as to the Parties that shall be adjudged as aforesaid, for the Return to such Spiritual Person of the same or any Part thereof, or all or any, as shall, under the said Consideration of the Clerk, appear to such Archbishop (after such Inquiry made by himself or by his Commissioner or Commissioners, and in the latter Case after the satisfaction of such Inquiry shall have been returned in Writing to the said Archbishop) to be just and proper. Provided always, that the Party so appealing shall give Security to the Bishop for the Payment of such costs and Charges as shall be incurred by the Appeal, to the Archbishop in His Majesty's said Majesty's Court before aforesaid, if the said Party so appealing shall be ordered to pay the same, and that the said Order for any Sequestration shall be put in force during such Appeal as aforesaid, and until the same shall be determined.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Spiritual Person to whom any such Money or Order in Writing shall be first as aforesaid under this Act, who shall at the time of being thereof, be entitled from His Majesty's said Majesty's Court, his Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, a Curacy to be held in Free Parsonage of the Act, but who shall be obnoxious to such Mansion or Order by reason of the said Act, or of His Majesty's said Majesty's Court, or the Profits of whole Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, shall by reason of such Return not be sequestrated, shall nevertheless pay all Costs, Charges, and Expences incurred in respect of such suing and having such Mansion or Order, and if such Costs, Charges, and Expences shall remain unpaid at the Period of Twenty Days after Demanded thereof from the Person last aforesaid, Payment thereof, in His Majesty's said Majesty's Court or in His Majesty's said Majesty's Court, shall be lawful for the Clerk, or any other Bishop or Archbishop, to cause the same to be recovered by Sequestration of the Profits of the Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel of such Spiritual Person as aforesaid, which Sequestration the said Bishop and Archbishop may respectively lawfully execute as aforesaid.

III. And, to the better effectually to enforce the said Acts, Resolves and Orders according to the Intent and Meaning of such Mansions and Orders as aforesaid; be it further enacted, That any Spiritual Person who shall be entitled to any Curacy of Abbeys from any Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, who shall from His Majesty's said Majesty's Court or Order as aforesaid require his Residence, and before or after any such Sequestration as aforesaid, shall, as obnoxious to such Mansion or Order, have begun to reside upon his Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, shall afterwards and in case the Expiration of Six Months next after the said Curacy or Abbeys of such Residence, in the Judgment of such Bishop or Archbishop, and without his License, willfully abscond himself for One Week from such Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, it shall be lawful for such Bishop or Archbishop, without issuing any other Mandate, or making any other Order there, to sequester and apply the Profits of such Benefice, Donative, or parochial Chapel as aforesaid, directed by this Act, for the Purpose of enforcing the Residence of such Spiritual Person according to the true Intent of the several Mandates issued by such Bishop or Archbishop as aforesaid, and it shall be lawful for the Archbishop or Bishop so to proceed in like Cases from Time to Time as often as such Objection may require. Provided that in such and every of such Cases such Spiritual Person shall be entitled to appeal against such Sequestration, in His Majesty's said Majesty's Court before aforesaid, and that such Appeal shall be heard and determined by His Majesty's said Majesty's Court, and that in such Cases the same shall be in force as if such Appeal were not made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Spiritual Person shall continue to be in Non-Residence made under the Provisions of this Act, for Non-Residence for the Space of Three Years or shall under the Provisions of this Act incur Three Sequestrations in the said Space of three Years, not being relieved with respect to any of such Sequestrations upon Appeal, the Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel, as aforesaid in Non-Residence upon which such Sequestrations shall have been made, shall become void, and the Patron entitled to prefer a new Curate thereon, shall present or appoint some Curate thereto other than the Clerk who shall have continued under such Sequestration or Sequestrations, as if the same had been avoided by the natural Death or Resignation of the Party.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Contracts and Agreements made after the passing of this Act for the letting of Houses of Residence, or the Buildings, Gardens, Orchards and Appurtenances necessary for the convenient Occupation of the same, belonging to any Benefice, Donative, perpetual Curacy or parochial Chapel (to which Houses of Residence any Spiritual Person shall be required by Order of the Archbishop or Bishop as aforesaid to present and to reside therein, a Copy of which Order shall immediately on the filing thereof be transmitted to One of the Clerks of the said Courts, and be by him forthwith served on the Occupier of such House of Residence or left at the same, and which such Clerks when so lawfully required to serve accordingly) shall be null and void; and any Person continuing to hold any such House of Residence, or

Appeal against
Sequestration
may be made
to the Archbishop.

Appeal shall
not be made
to the Archbishop.

Provision relating
to Residence in
Abbeys in
England
or in Wales
or Towns
incorporated
as Cities or
Boroughs.

That if a
Spiritual Person
shall be
obnoxious to
such Mansion
or Order by
reason of the
said Act, or
of His Majesty's
said Majesty's
Court, or the
Profits of whole
Benefice,
Donative,
perpetual Curacy
or parochial
Chapel, he shall
not be
sequestrated,
but nevertheless
pay all Costs,
Charges, and
Expences
incurred in
respect of such
suing and
having such
Mansion or
Order.

[Sect.]

That if any
Spiritual Person
shall continue
to be in
Non-Residence
made under
the Provisions
of this Act,
for Non-Residence
for the Space
of Three Years,
or shall under
the Provisions
of this Act incur
Three
Sequestrations
in the said
Space of three
Years, not
being relieved
with respect
to any of such
Sequestrations
upon Appeal,
the Benefice,
Donative,
perpetual Curacy
or parochial
Chapel, as
aforesaid in
Non-Residence
upon which
such
Sequestrations
shall have
been made,
shall become
void, and the
Patron entitled
to prefer a
new Curate
thereon, shall
present or
appoint some
Curate
thereto other
than the Clerk
who shall
have continued
under such
Sequestration
or Sequestrations,
as if the
same had
been avoided
by the natural
Death or
Resignation
of the Party.

That all
Contracts
and Agreements
made after
the passing
of this Act
for the letting
of Houses
of Residence,
or the
Buildings,
Gardens,
Orchards
and
Appurtenances
necessary
for the
convenient
Occupation
of the same,
belonging
to any
Benefice,
Donative,
perpetual
Curacy
or parochial
Chapel
(to which
Houses
of Residence
any
Spiritual
Person
shall be
required
by Order
of the
Archbishop
or Bishop
as aforesaid
to present
and to
reside
therein,
a Copy
of which
Order
shall
immediately
on the
filing
thereof
be
transmitted
to One
of the
Clerks
of the
said
Courts,
and be
by him
forthwith
served
on the
Occupier
of such
House
of Residence
or left
at the
same,
and which
such
Clerks
when
so
lawfully
required
to serve
accordingly)

any such Building, Garden, Orchard or Premises, after the Day as which the said Statute Proviso shall be specified by the said Order to reside in such House of Residence, and after Service of such Copy as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Day he shall, without the Permission of the Archbishop or Bishop in Writing for that Purpose obtained, wilfully continue to hold any such House, Building, Garden, Orchard or Premises, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, whereas as to Fees, Privilege, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imprehence shall be allowed; and the Whole of every such Penalty or Forfeiture shall go and be paid to the Bishop or Person who shall advise and live for the same, together with such Costs of Suit as shall be allowed according to the Practice of the Court in which such Action shall be brought: But in cases of such Compositions or Agreements made before the passing of this Act the Proviso binding and occupying under any such Control or Agreement, shall not be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for those Calendar Months, to be computed from the Notice of the Copy of such Order of the Archbishop or Bishop as aforesaid upon such Occupier, or at such Interval if he do live as aforesaid; and no person shall not offer for Disobedience to the Order of the Archbishop or Bishop for those Calendar Months, to be computed from the Service of the Copy of the said Order, at the Expiration of which Time it shall be lawful for the Archbishop or Bishop to offer Separation, and from and after the Expiration of which Time the Party continuing to hold any such House, Building, Garden, Orchard, Premises or Appurtenances, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty shillings for every Day he shall wilfully continue without such Permission as in Writing as aforesaid to hold the same or any of them, to be recovered and applied in the like Manner as of relief.

VI. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That no Synical Proviso shall be liable to any Penalty under this or any former Act, for not residing in such House of Residence, during such Time as such Tenant shall continue to occupy such House of Residence and other buildings necessary to the Occupation of the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act all and every the Clergy, Priests, Ministers, Pastors and Parishes in this Act contained in relation to Residence, or to any other Matters or Things relating thereto, shall extend and be deemed and construed to extend to all Dioceses, Prefects, Bishops, Deans, parsonal Curacies, and all parsonal Churches, except as well as not except, and all Persons, as fully and amply to all Intent and Purposes as if the same had here and were in this Act particularly mentioned and specified; any Thing in any Act or Acts, Law or Laws to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

And whereas, Bishops, and Archdeacons, within whose respective Provinces, Dioceses, or Jurisdiction any Benefice, or any other Office, shall be locally situate, shall have the same Powers as if such Benefice were not exempt; and where any such Benefice, &c. shall be situate in more than One Province, &c., or between the Limits of Two, the Archbishop or Bishop, to whose Cathedral the Parish Church shall be annexed, shall have the like Powers, &c. All Parishes shall be subject to the Archbishop or Bishop to whom they belong. § 8. [Forfeiture as if § 29 of 43 Geo. 3. c. 84. respecting the Statute of the Clergy in England.]

IX. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or affect His Majesty's Royal Privilege or granting of Dispositions for Non-residence upon Benefices, in the same manner as of Law.

X. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That no Parsonage that hath a Vicar endowed or perpetual Curate, and being in Care of such Vicar shall be taken to be or be considered under the name of Benefice, within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to exempt any Person or Persons from any Canonical or Ecclesiastical Canons, or other any Proceedings that shall hereafter be instituted under Ecclesiastical Court, in order to cause the same to be applied in relation to the Non-residence of any spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice, Decanate, parsonal Curate or parsonal Chapel, nor having any lawful Cause of Absence therefrom: Provided always, that from and after the passing of this Act no such Person by notice of any Non-residence, not extending Three Months in any One Year, shall be put in force; nor shall any Proceedings be admitted in any Ecclesiastical Court against any such spiritual Person in such Non-residence as not exceeding Three Months in any One Year, at the Suit or Instance of any Person or Persons who shall advise the Archbishop, Bishop, or Archdeacon of any of the Diocese and Archdeaconry within which such Benefice, Decanate, parsonal Curate or parsonal Chapel, in respect whereof such Non-residence shall have taken place, shall be finally intended; any Thing in any Law or Laws, or Ecclesiastical Canon or Canons to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XII. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or to in any Manner to affect any Masters, Priests or Incorporated Charitable Foundations, during the Period for which he may be required to reside by any Charter or Statute of any such Hospital or Incorporated Charitable Foundation, or by any other lawful Authority, in the same, and shall naturally extend and possess the same duties; or the Chancellor or Vicar General, or Scribe or Official in any Ecclesiastical Court of any Diocese, when they are sitting in the Place where they sit or situate: Office are ascertained; or any Chaplain or Chaplains of the Lord Lieutenant or any other Chief Governor of that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, &c. that every such Chaplain shall have a Certificate from the Lord Lieutenant or his Chief Secretary that he is resident in Dublin, or near the Person of the Lord Lieutenant, and so as required by the Duty of his Office as such Chaplain; or the Provost or Fellow of any College, Dublin, or any Professor or public Officer in the University of Dublin, during the Period for which he may be required by reason thereof to perform the Duty and any such Office, and annually shall perform the Duties of the same; or to any Schoolmaster of any School founded and endowed by His Majesty or any of His Royal Prede-

Persons holding Benefices after the Day appointed shall be subject to the Penalty of this Act per Day.

Compositions made before passing this Act.

Benefices not liable to Penalties for Non-residence during Disobedience to Orders by Tenants. All Acts to extend to all Dioceses, Prefects, Bishops, &c.

Nothing for the King's Dispositions. Successors exempt from this Act.

All that not exempt from the Act of Ecclesiastical Courts for Non-residence but in such Courts shall be subject to the Act in Three Months. Non-residence not except at the Suit of the Ordinary.

Exemption for Masters of Hospitals, and various orders of Ecclesiastical Persons.

collate, or to any Dissuade &c. &c. after, during such Time as such Schoolmaster shall actually reside at such School and perform the Duties of such Schoolmaster thereas.

XIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act or in any former Act shall extend or be construed or extend to or not from Reference any Person on account of any Office or Employment whatever except as herein-before excepted.

XIV. And for the Purpose of removing all Doubts, be it further enacted, That no Archbishop or Bishop having or who shall have any Dignity, Prebend, Benefice, Decanate or perpetual Cure, shall, by reason of Non-residence upon the same, be subject or liable to any Penalties or Forfeitures.

XV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect any Privileges of the Peers of Ireland respecting Chapeles.

XVI. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect any Privileges of the Archbishops or Bishops of Ireland respecting Chapeles.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and at the like Period in every succeeding Year, a Return or Returns shall be made to His Majesty in Council, by every Archbishop and Bishop of the Name of every Dignity, Prebend, Benefice, Decanate, perpetual Cure, and parochial Chapele, in their respective Dioceses, or to any of their respective Jurisdiccions, by virtue of this Act, and the Name of the several Persons possessing the same, who shall not have yielded thereon by reason of any Exemption under or by virtue of this Act, or any other Act, or by reason of any Pardon or License granted by the Lord Primate of all Ireland, or by any Archbishop or Bishop respectively, for any and what Cause, and also of all the Persons possessing the same, who shall have any such Exemption, Pardon, or License, who shall not have yielded on such Dignity, Prebend, Benefice, Decanate, perpetual Cure, or parochial Chapele, so far as such Archbishop or Bishop is concerned therein.

XVIII. Provided also, That no Forfeiture or Penalty shall be incurred under or by virtue of this Act, for any Act of Non-residence committed prior to the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. [18th June 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duty on certain Sorts of Copper imported into Great Britain should be increased for a limited Time; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in addition to the Duty of Customs of Twenty-five Shillings for every Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, of Copper of the following Descriptions imported into Great Britain, to wit: Copper in Blocks or Pigs, Soft Copper, Cast Copper, Copper in Plates, Copper Coins, and Copper in Bars, Reils or Ingots as aforesaid or ready, and that on the due Expectation of any such Copper as which the Duty by this Act provided shall have been paid, there shall be paid and allowed a Drawback of the Whole of the said Duty; which additional Duty and Drawback shall be managed, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, allowed, appropriated, and applied in such and the like Manner, and by the like Ways, Means, or Methods as aforesaid, subject to the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs imposed and allowed by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled, *An Act to regulate the Duties of Customs payable on Goods Brought, and to grant other Duties in Lieu thereof, and to amend, rectify, vary, &c. &c. &c.* collected, paid, recovered, allowed, appropriated, and applied.

^a Duty not payable for Copper imported into Great Britain, in Ships berthed before the 2nd April, or exported into Four Parts in the *Wight Indies* before the 25th August 1808. 2. Continuance of Act, 5th April 1811, Sec. 13.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for extending the Bounty now payable on Pickleds exported to the *Wight Indies* or Mediterranean to Pickleds exported to any Parts beyond the Seas. [18th June 1808.]

WHEREAS a Bounty is now allowed by Law for every Cask of Pickleds containing Fifty Gallons duly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts: And whereas the same Proprietors of Bounty is now payable on Pickleds exported directly to any of the British *Wight Indies*, or to any Part or Place in the *West Indies*, in Casks of Thirty-two Gallons and upwards: And whereas it is expedient to extend such Bounty to Pickleds which shall have been, since the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, or shall in future be exported in Casks of Thirty-two Gallons in any Foreign Parts; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for every Cask of Pickleds or Scotch Whisky, containing Thirty-two Gallons or upwards, which shall have been exported from Great Britain since the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, or which shall be duly exported from any Part or Place in Great Britain, to any Foreign Parts, there shall be allowed the same Bounty or Bounties as now is or are, or at the Time of the Exportation of such Pickleds or Scotch Whisky be payable on Pickleds or Scotch Whisky shipped and exported to any of the British *Wight Indies*, or to any

Part

Port or Place in the *Moluccennes*, in Casks of Thirty-two Gallons or upwards; and the said Twenty or Twenty-five Tons of Rice to be divided as like Measure and for the same Period, and under and fully to the true Rights, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions, as are prescribed in any Acts or Acts of Parliament now in Force with respect to the *East India Company* on the Exportation of Pickled or Stewed, to any of the *British West India Islands*, or to any other of the said *Moluccennes*, in Casks of Thirty-two Gallons or upwards; and the said Act or Acts shall be as soon as may be altered the Enactment granted by this Act—fully and effectually as the same are in Force with respect to the *East India Company* on the Exportation of Pickled or Stewed to any of the *British West India Islands*, or to any Port or Place in the *Moluccennes* nearest aforesaid.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, Sugar and Coffee to be exported from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations to any Port in *Europe*, or the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*; and Corn to be imported from such Port and from the South of *Africa* into the said Colonies and Plantations. [18th Jan. 1803.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Sugar and Coffee of the Growth and Produce of any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* should be allowed, for a limited Time, to be exported to Great Britain or Plantations direct to any Port in *Europe*, to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, and that Corn and Grain should be allowed to be imported into the said Colonies and Plantations from any such Port in *Europe*, or to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope* and from certain Ports on the Coast of *Africa* into the said Colonies and Plantations; and that it may be enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects to ship as any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America* any Sugar or Coffee, being of the Growth and Produce of any such Colony or Plantation respectively, to be exported to any Port in *Europe*, or to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, and to import into the said Colonies or Plantations any Sort of Corn or Grain direct from any such Port in *Europe* or from any Port or Place on the Coast of *Africa* to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, in such Ships or Vessels, and under such Licences, Exports, Securities, Restrictions, Regulations, Limitations, Penalties, and Provisions as in and under particularly described, appointed, constituted, and enacted for that Purpose.

And be it further enacted, That no Sugar or Coffee shall be shipped or laden in any of the said Colonies or Plantations for the Purpose of being carried to a Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope* or except to *Antigua*, *St. Vincent*, *St. Lucia*, and *St. Kitts*, and no such License shall have been taken out or such Passports issued under the Hand of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Ireland, or Jersey, or any Three or more of them respectively, subject to the Regulations and on the Conditions hereafter mentioned (that is to say); that Notice be first given in Writing by the Master, or by One or more Owners or Owners of such Ship or Vessel to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, of the Intention of such Master or Owner or Owners, that such Ship or Vessel shall proceed to the said Sugar Colonies or Plantations, in any of them, in order to lade Sugar or Coffee to be carried to some Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, and to export from thence, or from any Port or Place on the Coast of *Africa* to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, any Sort of Corn or Grain, and to carry the same direct to any of the said Colonies or Plantations from which such Ship or Vessel shall have sailed; and that such Master or Owner or Owners shall thereupon enter into Bond to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with One or more sufficient Sureties, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds if the Ship be of the Burthen then prescribed by Law, and in the Sum of Two thousand Pounds if she shall be of that or greater Burthen, with Conditions, that in case a License shall be granted giving Liberty to such Ship or Vessel to lade and carry any Sort of Coffee from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations to any Port in *Europe* to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, and to export from thence, or from any Port or Place on the Coast of *Africa* to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, any Sort of Corn or Grain direct to the Colonies or Plantations it is intended, that such Ship or Vessel shall proceed from Great Britain or Ireland respectively to the said Colonies or Plantations, and shall deliver the said License to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, before she shall depart to the said Colonies or Plantations, except Sugar and Coffee, shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel, unless it be for the Supplies of such Ship and Vessel during her Voyage.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel licensed by virtue of this Act shall take on board any of the said Sugar Colonies or Plantations, or on her Voyage from thence, any Sugar or Coffee, or any other Property of any other Person than those of His Majesty's Subjects, and such as shall be shipped and carried to any Port in *Europe*, or to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, or to any Port or Place on the Coast of *Africa* to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, in any such Ship or Vessel, shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel, unless it be for the Supplies of such Ship and Vessel during her Voyage.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Sugar or Coffee shall be taken on board any Ship or Vessel licensed by virtue of this Act, or any of those, by virtue of a License to be granted under the Authority of this Act, to be carried to any Port in *Europe*, or to the Southward of *Cape Good Hope*, or to any Port or Place on the Coast of *Africa* to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, in any such Ship or Vessel, shall deliver the said License and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, before she shall depart to the said Colonies or Plantations, except Sugar and Coffee, shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel, unless it be for the Supplies of such Ship and Vessel during her Voyage.

received to any
of the said
Ports, or to any
other of the said
Moluccennes, or to any
Port or Place in the
Moluccennes nearest aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That no Sugar or Coffee shall be shipped or laden in any of the said Colonies or Plantations for the Purpose of being carried to a Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Good Hope or except to Antigua, St. Vincent, St. Lucia, and St. Kitts, and no such License shall have been taken out or such Passports issued under the Hand of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Ireland, or Jersey, or any Three or more of them respectively, subject to the Regulations and on the Conditions hereafter mentioned (that is to say); that Notice be first given in Writing by the Master, or by One or more Owners or Owners of such Ship or Vessel to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, of the Intention of such Master or Owner or Owners, that such Ship or Vessel shall proceed to the said Sugar Colonies or Plantations, in any of them, in order to lade Sugar or Coffee to be carried to some Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Good Hope, and to export from thence, or from any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, any Sort of Corn or Grain, and to carry the same direct to any of the said Colonies or Plantations from which such Ship or Vessel shall have sailed; and that such Master or Owner or Owners shall thereupon enter into Bond to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with One or more sufficient Sureties, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds if the Ship be of the Burthen then prescribed by Law, and in the Sum of Two thousand Pounds if she shall be of that or greater Burthen, with Conditions, that in case a License shall be granted giving Liberty to such Ship or Vessel to lade and carry any Sort of Coffee from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations to any Port in Europe to the Southward of Cape Good Hope, and to export from thence, or from any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, any Sort of Corn or Grain direct to the Colonies or Plantations it is intended, that such Ship or Vessel shall proceed from Great Britain or Ireland respectively to the said Colonies or Plantations, and shall deliver the said License to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, before she shall depart to the said Colonies or Plantations, except Sugar and Coffee, shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel, unless it be for the Supplies of such Ship and Vessel during her Voyage.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Sugar or Coffee shall be taken on board any Ship or Vessel licensed by virtue of this Act, or any of those, by virtue of a License to be granted under the Authority of this Act, to be carried to any Port in Europe, or to the Southward of Cape Good Hope, or to any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northward of the Thirtieth Degree of North Latitude, in any such Ship or Vessel, shall deliver the said License and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall happen to be, before she shall depart to the said Colonies or Plantations, except Sugar and Coffee, shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel, unless it be for the Supplies of such Ship and Vessel during her Voyage.

Comptroller whether he intends to load any Sugar or Coffee pursuant to such Licence, which shall be done before any Goods are laden on board such Ship or Vessel, otherwise such Licence shall be void and of no Force or Effect; but if it shall be declared as aforesaid, that Sugar or Coffee are intended to be laden and carried to foreign Parts, pursuant to such Licence, then in order to ascertain the Quantity, Quality, Sort, or True measure of the Sugar or Coffee to be exported on every such Ship from the said Colonies or any of them, pursuant to such Licence, and the Liberty granted by this Act, and to prevent the Exportation from the said Colonies or Plantations of any Goods before enumerated, the Merchant or other Person intending to export any Sugar or Coffee in such Ship or Vessel, shall, before the same or any Part thereof are shipped or put on board, make an Entry or Entries of such Sugar or Coffee in Writing with the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, expressing the Name of the Ship and the Master or which such Sugar or Coffee are to be laden, and where the box, and also the Place, Quay, or Wharf where they are to be laden or first Water to be in order to be laden, which shall be within such Parts only where Custom Officers are appointed, and where no Officers or Officers are or shall be appointed to attend the lading and shipping thereof, or at such Ports as shall be appointed as a Sufficiency or Warrant to be taken out from the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, and shall thereupon take out from the said Collector and Comptroller a Copy or Warrant accordingly, whereas shall be indorsed by the Exporter the Marks, Numbers and Contents, Sorts, or proper Designation of such Sugar or Coffee, and shall deliver such Copy or Warrant in order to the Shipper or other Officer appointed for the receiving and shipping thereof, and shall keep on board such Sugar or Coffee in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, or at such Place as shall be mentioned in the said Sufficiency or Warrant, until the proper Officer or Officers may attend the Shipping thereof, and such Officer or Officers are hereby empowered to examine the same before they are put on board, and if upon examining the said Sugar or Coffee which shall be shipped or brought to be shipped by virtue of such Copy or Warrant, either before or after the shipping thereof, the Number of Casks or Packages shall be greater than is indorsed therein, or if there shall be found any other Sugar or Coffee on such as shall be so indorsed on such Copy or Warrant taken out and delivered as aforesaid, or any other Goods than Sugar and Coffee, shall be discovered to have been laden or put on board any Ship or Vessel having Liberty to trade to Parts to the Southward of Cape Fagfare by virtue of this Act, or shall be brought to be shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, or shall be put into any Bay, Lighten, Boat, or other Vessel, in order to be put on board such Ship or Vessel before such Entry or taking out such Copy or Warrant, indorsing and delivering of the same, and not being shipped in the Manner aforesaid, but shall be put on board, or attempted to be put on board contrary to the Directions of this Act, all such Sugar, Coffee, and other Goods so shipped or brought to be shipped in any of the Cases aforesaid shall be seized and kept, as also the Hoy, Lighter, Boat, or other Vessel or Carriage whatsoever, employed in Shipping or attempting to Ship any Goods other than Sugar or Coffee, together with the Ship or Vessel as which such other Goods shall be laden, and the Owner of such Sugar or Coffee, or other Goods, shall also forfeit double the Value thereof, to be recovered in the Court of Vice-Admiralty held in any of His Majesty's Plantations in America, or in any other Court of Record in any of His Majesty's Plantations in America, at the Election of the Informer or Prosecutor, One-third Part to be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, One-third Part to the Governor of the said Colony, and the other One-third Part to the Informer or Prosecutor; and before such Ship or Vessel shall depart from the said Colonies with the Sugar or Coffee laden as aforesaid, the Master or other Person having or taking Charge thereof shall receive the said Licence from the Collector and Comptroller with a Certificate indorsed thereon or affixed thereto under their Seals or Office, who are to make Two Copies of such Licence, Indorsements, or Certificates, for all which Entries, Copyings, Indorsements, and Certificates, as Copies, no more shall be taken by the said Officers than the legal and accustomed Fees, and the Master or other Person having or taking Charge of such Ship shall, before he receives the said Licence, attend the said Copies under his Hand, which are to be left with the Collector and Comptroller, who are hereby required, as soon as conveniently they can, to transmit One of the said Copies of the Indorsements or Certificates to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland, or Ireland respectively by whom the Licence was granted; but in case any Goods besides Sugar or Coffee shall be found on board or carried by any such Ship or Vessel to any foreign Parts other than those as are limited by this Act, then the Liberty granted by such Licence shall cease and become void and of none Effect, and such Ship or Vessel, and also the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and all others concerned, shall be subject and liable to all and every the same Penalties and Forfeitures as they would have been subject and liable to in case this Act had not been made.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon the Return to the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland of any Ship or Vessel which shall, pursuant to the Liberty given by this Act, carry Sugar or Coffee from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations to any Part in Europe to the Southward of Cape Fagfare, the Master or other Person taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel shall bring back and deliver to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland, or Ireland respectively, or to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port in the United Kingdom where such Ship or Vessel shall first arrive, the said Licence, together with a Certificate signed and sealed by the Consul, or Two known Sufficient Merchants of good Credit at the Port or Place where such Sugar or Coffee was landed, certifying the lading thereof, with the Number of Casks or other Packages of Sugar or Coffee so landed, and the Mark, Number, and Contents of each Cask or Package, with the Name of the Ship and Master, and that he or they verily believe that no other Goods than Sugar or Coffee have been there landed out of such Ship or Vessel, and upon such Licence being returned with the Oath or Affirmation of the Master and as Assent of the Lading indorsed thereon or annexed thereto as aforesaid, and also upon such Certificate of the Consul or Two known Sufficient Merchants of good Credit being produced, and Oath or Affirmation made as aforesaid, and the several other Matters and Things required by this Act every day supplied with, the Bond given before granting such Licence shall be discharged and delivered up, any Thing

No such entry
Sugar and Coffee
shall be taken on
board.

Board shall be
whenever, as
Enacted by this
Act, in order to
the Licence and
Certificate of the
Master, the
Signature of the
Consul and
Merchants.

in the said Bond or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof, in any wife notwithstanding, otherwise such Bond shall be forfeited, and shall and may be prosecuted in the Manner directed by this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Malt or Ovens or Owners of such Ship or Vessel conforming in every Respect to the Terms and Conditions, of this said License and Bond, and obtaining a Certificate from the Consul or Two Licensed English Merchants, as aforesaid, at the Port where the Sugar or Coffee may have been loaded, it shall and may be lawful for such Ship or Vessel to ship or land at the Port of her Delivery, or at any Port or Place on the Coast of Africa to the Northernmost of the Latitude of Thirty Degrees North, any sort of Corn or Grain, the Produce of Europe or Africa, for Exportation to the said Colonies or Plantations, and there to land the same, any Thing contained in any Act made in the first Year of the Reign of his Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *As to the Management of Trade*, or any other Act or Acts in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland, respectively, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by this Act (except where it is hereby otherwise provided) shall and may be prosecuted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at W. B. Magistrate or Justice or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, One Month, whereas in any Act made in the first Year of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Month to him or them who shall first sue, in Writ, and recover the same, whereas an Edict, Prohibition, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparison.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be found or prosecuted for any Thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors shall become convict or forfeit the Prosecution or forfeitures his, her, or their Action, or if a Verdict shall pass against him, her, or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have the like Remedy for the same as in Cases where Costs may by Law given to Defendants.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall give any false Certificate, or counterfeits, or alter any License, Oath, or Certificate which shall be made or given pursuant to this Act, or shall knowingly or wilfully publish or make use thereof, such Person or Persons shall forfeit Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and deposited in the Manner directed by this Act, and such License, Oath, or Certificate so falsified, counterfeited, altered, or altered, shall be void and of no Effect.

“ Continuance of Act, 27th March 1810. § 10.”

C A P. LXX.

An Act to provide that British Ships which shall be captured by the Enemy, and shall afterwards become the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of British Ships.

[18th June 1808.]

“ WHEREAS the allowing British-built Ships or Vessels which have been made Prize by the Enemy, and afterwards by Purchase become the Property of British Subjects, to be registered again as British Ships, renders such Captures more advantageous to the Enemy; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, no British-built Ship or Vessel which has been captured by the Enemy, and which shall not have been registered or sold before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, nor any British-built Ship or Vessel which shall hereafter be captured by the Enemy, shall be registered as a British-built Ship, or shall enjoy any of the Privileges and Advantages belonging to a British-built Ship, but every such Ship or Vessel, although owned by a British Subject or Subjects, shall be deemed and taken, to all Intents and Purposes, to be a Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

From Oct. 1, 1808, no British built vessel captured in the Enemy shall be registered as a British Vessel.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act to amend so much of Two Acts of Parliament, for carrying into Execution certain Orders in Council, as relates to the Duties on Goods exported from the Warehouses in which they have been licensed on Importation, and on certain Prize Goods imported into Great Britain or Ireland.

[18th June 1808.]

“ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated, as forthwith of the Privileges of certain Orders in Council*; and by another Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and the End of the next Session of Parliament, certain Duties on the Exports from Great Britain, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated*, it was enacted and provided, that nothing therein contained should extend to charge, with any of the Duties granted by these Acts respectively, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises (except Cotton Wool or Yarn and Jelena Bark) imported into Great Britain or Ireland, under certain Circumstances and in certain Cases therein specified, provided the same should, upon their Importation, have been or should be warehoused for Exportation only: And whereas under certain Acts now in force, relating to the warehousing of Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, no Provision is made, authorizing the Importer of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises to declare, upon the Importation of the same, whether they are intended

1808, c. 100.
§ 4.
1808, c. 101.
§ 4, 5.

For Home Consumption or Exportation; by which whereas many Goods, Wares, and Merchandises may and will be liable to the Payment of the Duties by the said recited Acts imposed, whereas by the two last Acts and Statutes of the same Year therein enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, he and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises (except Cotton Wool or Yarn or Jute's Bark) which shall here before or shall be imported under the Circumstances in the said Acts or the said recited Acts specified as aforesaid, into Great Britain or Ireland, and from thence in Vessels by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament to be or to be made, and immediately before the passing of this Act, shall and may be exported from Great Britain or Ireland without Payment of the Duties upon the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, by the said recited Acts passed in the present Session of Parliament, and notwithstanding they may not have been declared in the Treaty of the Admission of such Goods into the West Indies in which they were lodged and landed, that they should be re-exported for the Purpose of Exportation only; Provided always, that any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be exempt and discharged from any of the Duties by the said recited Acts imposed, unless the Importer, Consignor, or Owner of the same, shall on or before the Full Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, or on or before the Month June and after the Importation of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, under the Circumstances aforesaid in the Cases aforesaid, and after the passing of this Act, either have cleared or shall clear the same for Exportation, or have declared or shall declare the same for Exportation only; which Declaration the proper Officer of the Customs is hereby authorized and directed to receive and take to be returned in the Repository in his Majesty's Treasury, Consignor, or Owner.

II. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to charge with any of the Duties granted by the said Acts, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises (except Cotton Wool or Yarn or Jute's Bark) which shall here before have been considered as being in any Vice-Admiralty Court in His Majesty's Dominions, and which have been or shall be imported into Great Britain or Ireland, accompanied with the regular Certificate of Coast Customs; which Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall have been captured in any Vessel which shall have cleared out from the Port or Place from which such Vessel sailed upon her Voyage, whereas the same were captured previous to the Year specified in the above recited Acts, at the Period at which Notice shall be presented to have been received at such Ports or Places respectively of certain Orders in Council issued in the said recited Acts.

III. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with any of the Duties granted by the said Acts any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which could previous to the passing of the said Act have been legally exported to the *Isle of Man*.

“Where Duties have been paid or secured in Cases exempted by this Act, the Duty shall be returned and the Securities cancelled by Commissioners of Customs, &c. The period for Importation of Goods from the *Isle of Man*, under 48 G. 3. c. 25. s. 6. extended to 31 August 1808. s. 5.”

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for the Increase and Preservation of Timber in *Dumfries and New Fongh*. [18th June 1808.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the Increase and Preservation of Timber within the Forest of Dumfries*; And whereas a certain other Act was passed in the Parliament holden in the Ninth and Tenth Years of King William the Third, entitled *An Act for the Increase and Preservation of Timber in the New Forest, in the County of Southampton*; By which said Acts Part of the Waste Land in the said Forests of *Dumfries and New Fongh* respectively were directed to be inclosed and kept in Severalty for the Growth and Preservation of Timber, and a certain said Acts have not been duly put in Execution: And whereas from the great and increasing Difficulty of procuring a Supply of Timber from Foreign Countries, and from the Estates of private Individuals in the United Kingdom, for the Use of the Navy, it has become necessary to adopt Measures for affording a more adequate Supply of Timber in this Kingdom, and for this Purpose to make more effectual Provision for carrying the said recited Acts into full and complete Execution: And whereas certain Inclosures have been made under the said recited Acts in the said Forests aforesaid; but Doubts may arise whether in making use of the said Inclosures all the Forms and Procedures required by the said recited Acts have been strictly complied with: Be it therefore enacted, &c.

That the 66 Acres in *Dumfries Forest* declared legal § 1. Certain Inclosures in *New Fongh* declared legal. s. 2.”

III. That it shall be better to complete the Quantity of Eleven thousand Acres in *Dumfries Forest*, and Six thousand Acres in *New Fongh*, to be inclosed and kept in Severalty for the Growth and Preservation of Timber, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Acts; be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, hereinafter mentioned, from Time to Time to make, survey, and improve within and out of the Waste Land within the said Forests of *Dumfries* and *New Fongh* respectively, as Whole or in Part, such Quantity of Land in the Waste as shall, together with the Quantity already in Inclosures, or which shall be inclosed as aforesaid, be sufficient for the respectively making up the Quantity of Eleven thousand Acres in the Forest of *Dumfries*, and of Six thousand Acres in the Forest of *New Fongh*; and to that Effect shall not be more than Eleven thousand Acres in the Forest of *Dumfries*, and six thousand Acres in the Forest of *New Fongh*, inclosed and held in Severalty as aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners shall and lawfully may, and are hereby authorized, to cause the Commissioners to be appointed under the said Acts, to be and to act as such Commissioners: And that the said Commissioners shall be Justices of the Peace

former Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; excepting only such Leasfs or Leases for Life, or for Years, and by a certain Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Royal Majesty, intitled, *An Act for renewing Leasfs in the Parish of Great St. Martin in the City of Westminster*, and any other Act so far as therein contained.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to renew any Leasfs of such Land or Ground demised or granted under the Authority of this Act, for Gardens, Yards, Carriages, and other Appurtenances to be used and enjoyed with any Houses or Buildings, at such Times and upon such Terms, and under and subject to the same Rules, Restrictions, and Provisions, as are prescribed by the said recited Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty or by this Act, for the Renewal of Leasfs of such Tenure: to and Hereditaments authorized thereby respectively, to be granted for a Term not exceeding Ninety-nine Years: Provided always, that where any such Land shall be held and used under this Act as a Garden, Yard, Carriage, or other Appurtenance to any House or Buildings, holden under any Lease from the Crown, it shall be lawful to renew the Lease of such Land at the same Time as the Lease of such House and Buildings are renewed, and for the same Term and under the like Conditions.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That whenever Lands or Grounds, or Part of any Lands or Grounds holden under any Lease or Grant from His Majesty or His Royal Predecessors, shall have been or hereafter proper and fit to be offered for Gardens, Yards, Carriages, or other Appurtenances as aforesaid, it shall be lawful at any Time during the Continuance of the Demise of any such Lands or Grounds, to renew the Lease or Grant thereof, or of such Part thereof as aforesaid, under such Provisions and Conditions as are herebefore preferred, for the Demise of any Land or Ground to be used as a Garden, Yard, Carriage, or other Appurtenance.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Surveyor General, with the Approbation of and by the Direction of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, or any Three of them, to contract and agree with any Body or Bodies Publick or Corporate, or Person or Persons holding any Messuages, Lands, Premises, Tenements, or Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, for the Surrender of any Lease thereof, or to purchase and buy up any Lease, or the Remainder of any Term of any Lease of any Messuages, Lands, Premises, Tenements, or Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, which may be convenient for the publick Service, and may, by any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, be deemed eligible to be purchased or bought up, and to pay the Consideration agreed to be paid for such Surrender or Purchase to the Body or Bodies, or Person or Persons entitled thereto, out of any Money arising from any Sales heretofore made, and which may be added to the Bank of England or the Three Pence per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, or which may hereafter arise from any Sale of any Property belonging to the Crown, under this Act, or the said recited Acts as aforesaid.

* VII. And whereas by the said recited Act, new Leases to be granted upon the Surrender of any subsisting Lease are limited to the full Term of Years as was granted by such surrendered Lease; and it may be doubtful in Cases where a Power is given by the said recited Act, to renew any Lease or Grant, whether if the subsisting Lease be surrendered the same can be renewed for a longer Term than was granted by such surrendered Lease; or be otherwise limited and declared, That in all Cases in which any Lease or Grant of any Lands, Houses, Tenements, or Hereditaments may be renewed under the said recited Act or this Act, it shall be lawful to make any new Lease or Grant of such Premises upon the Surrender thereof, for such Term and upon the same Conditions as if the same had been renewed under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, and had not been so surrendered.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Charges and Expenses of any new Lease or Grant made upon the Surrender of any subsisting Lease or Grant under the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, shall be borne and defrayed by the Lessee or Grantee thereof respectively.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Surrender of any Lease or Assignment, or Mortgage or Duckets thereof before the Auditor of the Land Revenue, or the Auditor of the Duchy of Lancaster, or the Entry of any Lease or Assignment, or Mortgage or Duckets of any Lease or Assignment, in the Office of the said Surveyor General, or Auditor of the said Duchy, has been or shall be omitted or delayed beyond the Period limited in any such Lease, it shall be lawful for the Chancellor of the said Duchy of Lancaster, or the said Surveyor General, for any reasonable Cause to them or either of them shown for the Omission or Delay, and they and each of them are and is lawfully empowered to authorize and permit the making of any such Surrender or Entry *ex parte*; and the same respectively when made under such Authority shall be as valid and effectual as if made within the Period limited for that Purpose.

X. And whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making a provision, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manors therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Brittain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight; and by another Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for consolidating the Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale thereof, and for removing Doubts respecting the Right of Persons claiming to use as Evidence for Knights of the Shire and other Members to serve in Parliament, in respect of Messuages, Lands, or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall have been redeemed or purchased*; the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster for the Time being is empowered to sell and dispose of, and thereupon to grant and assign in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, under the Seal of the said Duchy of Lancaster, such and so much of the Manors, Messuages, Livings, Tenements, Tythes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, or Waste Lands belonging to the Crown, as are within the Survey and Receipt of the said Duchy, as would make a Sum sufficient for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Revenues belonging to the Crown,*

Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Publick or Corporate, for the Enforcement of any such Tenements or other Hereditaments, or Sale of the Mineral Rights therein, the said Surveyor General shall grant to the respective Purchaser or Purchasers a Certificate under his Hand, specifying the Penalties to which he is enfranchised or sold, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same, and which is hereby required to be paid, within Three Days from the Date of such Certificate, and the Cashiers of the Bank, or One of them, shall, upon the Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Money thereon specified, and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the same, without Fee or Reward; which Certificates and Receipts shall be in the Form of Words following, or as near therein as may be, (that is to say)

Certificate shall be given by Surveyor General as Purchaser, or as Person who accepts, and Payment of the Money, Cash shall give Receipts.

By the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue:
 I BEG to certify, That the said Surveyor General hath extracted and agreed on Behalf of the King's most Excellent Majesty, with of for the [Enfranchisement of] or [Sale of the Mineral Rights belonging to the Crown, is and upon] the Copyhold or Customary Tenements hereto-after mentioned, taken by the said by Copy of Court Roll of His Majesty's Manor of County of (that is to say) All that [here insert the Description of the Premises] sit or for the Price or Sum of to be paid by the said into the Bank of England, and entered to the Account of the Lord High Treasurer of England for Enforcement of Copyholds of Crown Manors [where there is a Selling Lease of the Manors is insert] [insert] newsholds [receiving the Lease] and fees and issue due after Payment of the said Sum to Manor after said, and the Amount of this Certificate, and the Receipt for the said Sum as the Oblige of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and in the Court Rolls of the said Manors, and thereunto for ever the said and his Heirs and Assigns, shall hold and enjoy the said [Premises as Freehold in Fee and Common Socage, freed and discharged of and from all Fees, Heriots, Rents, Quit-Rents, and other Customary Dues and Payments, Services, Services whatsoever, or [Mineral Rights, as in full and ample a Manner to all Tenants and Possessors as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as in and as might have held and enjoyed the same] by virtue of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Tenth-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *an Act [here insert the Title of the Act]*.

Form of Certificate.

Given under the Hand of the said Surveyor General, this Day of of and from the above-named of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in the above written Certificate. Witness my Hand
 For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England. Cashier.*

Which Certificates and Receipts shall not be charged or chargeable with any other Stamp Duty than such as is by Law required for the Receipts for the respective Sums therein expressed to be paid in the Consideration for such Enfranchisements, or for such Mineral Rights; and such Certificates and Receipts shall be good, sufficient, valid and effectual in the Law for conveying and affording the several Messuages, Tenements, and Hereditaments therein respectively as be comprised, enfranchised, and discharged, and the said Mineral Rights therein specified, unto and to the Use of the several and respective Persons therein to be named, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever.

Such Certificates and Receipts shall be given by the Surveyor General as Purchaser, or as Person who accepts, and Payment of the Money, Cash shall give Receipts.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, and in force before the passing of this Act, with respect to the Sales of Free Farm Rents, and the Certificates and Receipts relating thereto, authorized by that Act, shall be in force and be applied as far as the same are applicable, and are not altered by this Act with relation to the Enfranchisement of Copyholds, and Sales of Mineral Rights, and to the Certificates and Receipts concerning the same, authorized by this Act.

Penalties of 21 G. 2. c. 11. mentioned in this Act.

XVIII. And whereas great Uncertainty prevails as to what Stamp Duties ought by Law to be imposed upon Contracts for the Sale of Free Farm Rents under an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the State and Condition of the Woods, Forests, and Land Revenue belonging to the Crown, and to sell or alienate Free Farms and other unalienable Rents; and under another Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the State and Condition of the Woods, Forests, and Land Revenue belonging to the Crown, and to sell or alienate Free Farms and other unalienable Rents; and under the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, and also upon Licenses granted by the Crown as well as the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, so the great Generals and High Sheriffs of Purchasers of such Free Farm Rents and Licenses of the Crown respectively; Be it enacted, That no Contracts made under any of the said recited Acts of the Twenty-sixth, Thirtieth, or Thirty-fourth Years of His present Majesty, for the Sale of Free Farm Rents, nor any Licenses made under the Great Seal or Seal of the Exchequer, of any Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey of the Exchequer, since the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, shall be sold and void on account of the same*

21 G. 2. c. 47.

30 G. 2. c. 20.

21 G. 2. c. 11.

No Stamp Duties and Licenses under said Acts shall be void for Want of proper Stamp, respectively.

From Grants and Leases shall be exempt from Stamp Duties.

11 G. 3. c. 43. s. 1.

When Her Majesty's Letters Patent are granted to be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, or in any Town, or in any Place, or in any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland.

Where new Buildings are agreed to be erected on any Part of the Crown Land for the Enclosure of any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland, or on any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland.

Towels may be granted to any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland, or on any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland.

Power of Her Majesty to grant Letters Patent in any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland, or on any Part of the Kingdom of Ireland.

11 G. 3. c. 43. s. 1.

respectively not being duly stamped, or the Stamp Duty not having been duly paid thereon respectively, and that no Contract which shall be hereafter made for the Encroachment of any Copyhold, or for the Sale of any Manorial Rights under this Act, or the Sale of any Fox Farm, Raven or other Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey of the Exchequer aforesaid, nor any Lease or Grant which shall be made pursuant to the Regulation of this Act or of the said Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, which shall be hereafter made of any Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey last aforesaid, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XIX. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty, it is enacted, except other Things enacted, That it shall not be lawful to renew any Grant or Lease of any Tenements or Hereditaments authorized by the said Act to be granted for any Term not exceeding Ninety-nine Years, and within Twenty Years of the Period of the Expiration of the same, except in certain Cases therein specified: And whereas it is expedient that a Power of Renewal should be allowed in other Cases not specified in the said Exception: be it therefore enacted, That where any House or other Building shall require or shall be intended and agreed to be rebuilt, or any new House or other Building to be erected upon any Land or Ground belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey aforesaid, held under a Lease from the Crown, upon which other Houses or Buildings included in the same Lease are standing, if the Lessee or Grantee shall consent and agree to build a new House or Building, or to rebuild a House or Building of such Value as to increase the Value of the whole Property included in such Lease, it shall be lawful at any Time or Times hereafter to grant any further or other Lease of such Land or Ground, with the Houses and Buildings thereupon, as were included in the former Lease, for any Term or Terms (except for Life or Lives) not exceeding the Terms and Estates authorized by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, to be granted: provided that in every such Lease there be reserved and made payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, such Rent as is by the said last mentioned Act or this Act required to be reserved, and that Covenants or Conditions be inserted therein on the Part of the respective Grantees or Lessees for erecting such new Houses or Buildings, or rebuilding such Houses or Buildings, within a reasonable Time, to be in such Case licensed and approved for that Purpose, and that such respective Improvements shall be of the requisite Value.

XX. And be it further enacted, That where any new Edifice or Building shall be erected or agreed to be erected on Ground belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey of the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster, or of the said Surveyor General aforesaid, or held under any Lease from the Crown, for the Enlargement, or to be erected to and occupied with any House or other Building held under any other Lease from the Crown, it shall be lawful to grant a new Lease or Leases for any Term not exceeding Ninety-nine Years, as well of the Ground on which such new Edifice or Building shall be erected or agreed to be erected, as of all or any Part of any other Tenements or Hereditaments contained in such Lease; provided, that the greater Part of the yearly Value of the Tenements and Hereditaments to be granted shall consist of the Buildings thereon, or of Ground fit and appropriated for building, or for necessary Gardens, Yards, Courtyards, or other Appurtenances as aforesaid.

XXI. And whereas the Restrictions contained in the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty, as to new Grants, may be found inconvenient in respect to the granting of Leases of some Parts of Property now held under Lease from the Crown, and which are of a profitable and uncertain Value: be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to grant and renew Leases of the Profits of Agreements of Tolls disafforded, the Profits of Piers and Toll Piers arising within the Principality of Wales and County Palatine of Chester, the Profits of Light-houses on Boscawen, and of Clifton for mooring Ships, Tolls, Markets and Fairs, Tithes, Fishweirs, Ferries, and other Articles of uncertain Profits, for such Term of Years not exceeding Thirty-nine Years, and for such Fine or Fines, and under such Rent or other Reservations and Conditions as they shall from Time to Time think reasonable and expedient.

XXII. And whereas in the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty it was enacted and declared, That where any Waste, Commons, or other uninclosed Lands or Grounds within the ordering and Survey aforesaid, in which His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, have or shall have any Interest, shall be deemed fit and proper to be divided, inclosed, drained, or otherwise improved, and shall be by the Authority of Parliament or otherwise authorized and directed to be divided and inclosed, and where the Term or Estate in Possession of and in the same respectively shall be deemed by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury to be indifferent to derive the Costs and Charges of such Works and Improvements, with reasonable Profit and Advantage to the Parties making or causing the same to be made, so in their Representations or Affidavits, in all and every such Case and Cases it shall be lawful to renew any such Lease, or to grant any further or other Lease of any such Lands or Grounds, or any Part thereof, for any Term or Estate not exceeding the Terms or Estates authorized to be granted of Leases, Tenements, or Hereditaments of such or the like Descriptions, by the Act of the First Year of Queen Anne therein mentioned, or by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty aforesaid: And whereas it is expedient that such Power of Renewal should be extended to any other Leases comprised in the same Lease with such Wastes or other uninclosed Lands: be it therefore further enacted, That whenever any Lease shall be renewed under the said recited Provision, with respect to any such Waste, Commons, or other uninclosed Lands or Grounds, it shall be lawful to renew the same in like Manner and upon the same Terms with respect to any other Leases or Grounds comprised in the same Lease, with such Wastes, Commons, or uninclosed Lands or Grounds.

XXIII. And whereas by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, certain Rules are laid down for the Reservation of Rent, in Cases where there are substantial Buildings upon Ground to be demised,

no the Buildings thereon shall not require or be intended or agreed to be rebuilt, and also in Cases where
 * those are on substantial Buildings upon the Grounds to be demised, or the Buildings thereupon require, or
 * shall be intended and agreed to be rebuilt, or other new Buildings erected upon such Land or Ground; but
 * no Rule is laid down for Cases where upon the Ground to be demised there is some substantial Building, not
 * required or intended or agreed to be rebuilt, and either some other Building required or intended or agreed to
 * be rebuilt, or some new Building is proposed to be erected thereon; but it is therein enacted, That in all
 * Cases where upon the Ground to be demised there is some substantial Building, not required or intended or
 * agreed to be rebuilt, and either some other Building thereon requiring or intended or agreed to be rebuilt, or
 * some new Building is intended or agreed to be erected thereon, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer
 * or Commissioners of the Treasury to do what Rent shall be advised and paid annually, and whether any
 * and what Fine shall be taken upon such Demise, regard being had to the Value of the Buildings on the Ground
 * to be demised not intended to be rebuilt, and the Proportion it bears to the Value of the whole Property
 * intended to be demised.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or
 Commissioners of the Treasury, when they shall be of Opinion that the Solidity and Value of any old House or
 * House to be demised not required or intended to be rebuilt, is such as to be insufficient security for the due
 * Payment of the whole Annual Rent demanded by them to be a reasonable Consideration for such Building or
 * Buildings and Ground held therewith respectively, for the Term and Limits to be granted by and as in the Cases
 * to droff that the Whole of such Consideration shall be received and taken in Rent only, without taking any
 * Fine for the same.

XXV. And whereas it is necessary to vest a discretionary Power in the Lord High Treasurer or
 * Commissioners of the Treasury, to determine the Rent upon Leases of Lands, Townships, and Town-wards
 * belonging to the Crown, within the ordering and Survey aforesaid, in certain Cases, not provided for by Law,
 * be it therefore enacted, That for and in respect of any Lease or Grant under the Great Seal, or the Seal of the
 * Exchequer, of any House or other Buildings which shall be certified by Surveyors not to require rebuilding,
 * and which shall be of greater yearly Value than the Ground as they are leas, but which a Lessor may
 * desire to pull down in order to erect other Houses or Buildings of greater Value for his own Accommodation
 * or Advantage, or Houses or other Buildings which may have been damaged or destroyed by Fire, or Ground
 * on which such Buildings have been erected, and also of Houses or other Buildings which shall be only in part
 * rebuilt, or to which new Buildings shall be added, and also of Ground to be granted as Gardens, Yards, or
 * Outings to Houses already erected or to be erected, whether on Ground belonging to His Majesty, or to
 * any other Proprietor, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His
 * Majesty's Treasury at their Discretion, to admit of the Consideration being paid, either in Rent only or in
 * Rent and Fine; provided always, that where a Fine shall be taken it shall not exceed the Proportion of One
 * Third Part of the net annual Value of the Premises, in respect of which the same shall be paid, nor be computed
 * at a higher Rate than the highest legal interest.

XXVI. And whereas the most usual Mode of Reservation in Leases of Mines, Collieries, Quarries, and
 * other Mineral and Fossil Substances, and that which is best adapted to this Kind of Property, is a certain
 * * Share of the Ore or other Produce in Kind, or a Rent or Duty in Money payable on the Quantity yielded;
 * be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful in Leases under the Great Seal, or the Seal of the Exchequer,
 * of Mines, Collieries, Quarries, and other Mineral and Fossil Substances belonging to His Majesty, within the
 * ordering and Survey aforesaid, instead of any other annual Rent, to reserve such Share of the Produce in Kind,
 * or such Rent or Duty upon the Quantity or Value of such Produce, as the Lords Commissioners of the
 * Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall think proper.

XXVII. And whereas His Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is Owner of the Soil of the Great Ferry of
 * Broadland in the County of Bedford, and of the Mines, Minerals, and other Substances within and under
 * * the same, and is also entitled to the Heritage thereof, subject to the Discharge of Cattle of Occupiers of
 * certain Lands within and adjacent to the said Ferry, at annual, fixed, and customary Payments: And
 * whereas by reason of such Discharge of Cattle, and the Nature and Extent of the said Ferry, and of the
 * * Soil, the Rights and Interests of His Majesty therein cannot be made productive in their present State, and it
 * * is therefore expedient that Power should be given to dispose of the same; be it therefore enacted, That it
 * shall be lawful for the said Surveyor General for the Time being, to contract and Agree with any Person or
 * Persons, or any Bodies Politick or Corporate, for the Sale of the Soil, Mines, or other Minerals, or other
 * Substances or Herbage, or any other Rights or Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the
 * said Ferry or any Part thereof, or in any Manner appertaining thereto or relating thereto the same, within the
 * ordering and Survey aforesaid, at or for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Surveyor
 * General shall be able to procure for the same, and which shall be approved of by the Lord High Treasurer or
 * Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being; and the Purchase Money to be paid for the same shall from
 * Time to Time be paid into the Bank of England in the true Account, and shall be included in the Purchase
 * of Stock of the same Denominations, and the Stock so purchased, and the Issue it and yearly Dividend arising
 * therefrom, shall be applied in the same Manner, and subject to the same Regulations as are herein-before
 * * prescribed with respect to the Purchase Money arising from the Sale of Crown Lands herein-before authorized;
 * and such Sales of any such Rights and Interests in the said Ferry shall be made in the same Manner and under
 * the same Regulations, and the Conditions and Exceptions to be given shall be in the same Form as aforesaid, as
 * are herein-before directed with respect to the Sale of Crown Lands; and from and immediately after the
 * * Execution of the said Certificate and Receipt in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue; and there-
 * * forth for ever the respective Purchasers, their Heirs, Successors, and Assigns, shall be adjudged, deemed, and
 * taken to be in the actual Possession and Possession of the Premises so by them respectively purchased, and shall hold

They shall
 * observe that
 * the same
 * is to be
 * as to the
 * of the
 * of the
 * of the
 * of the

Where may
 * be taken
 * in the
 * of the
 * of the
 * of the

Discretionary
 * Power in
 * the Lord
 * High Treasurer
 * or
 * Commissioners
 * of the Treasury
 * to determine
 * the Rent upon
 * Leases of Lands,
 * Townships,
 * and Town-wards
 * belonging to the
 * Crown, within
 * the ordering and
 * Survey aforesaid,
 * in certain Cases,
 * not provided for
 * by Law.

In Leases of
 * Mines, &c.
 * the
 * Treasury may
 * reserve as Rent
 * a Part of the
 * Produce, or a
 * Duty upon the
 * Quantity or
 * Value thereof.

Rights and
 * Interests of the
 * Crown in the
 * Soil of the
 * Great Ferry
 * may be sold by
 * the Surveyor
 * General with
 * the Approbation
 * of the Treasury,
 * and the
 * Regulation of
 * the same shall
 * be in the same
 * Form as aforesaid.

the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands which can or may be made by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any Person or Persons lawfully claiming by Him or under Him or them, and of and from all Manner of Incumbrances whatsoever, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same.

XXVIII. And he is further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the said Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, or to the said Surveyor General, that it would be for the Advantage of the Land Revenue of the Crown to exchange any Parcel or Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for any other Parcel or Parcels of Land of equal or nearly equal Value, belonging to any other Person or Persons, whether Publick or Corporate, and such other Person or Persons or Bodies shall consent to such Exchange, it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General of the said Duchy and the said Surveyor General to make the Value as well of the said Parcel or Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, as of the said Parcel or Parcels of Land proposed to be exchanged for such Land of His Majesty, to be ascertained by some able and practical Surveyor of Land, who shall answer to his Survey, Estimate, or Valuation thereof, when completed, an Oath (as being of the People called Quakers, an Affirmation) taken and subscribed by him before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the United Kingdom, who is respectively hereby authorized to administer as Oath or Affirmation in that Behalf, the Tenth whereof shall be as follows; that it is to say,

“ I, of. B. do swear [or, being a Quaker, do solemnly affirm] That the Survey or Account hereto annexed, and which was faithfully and impartially made by me; that the Value of the Property of the Crown, and of C. D. is therein contained, is justly estimated therein, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment; and that all the Particulars Rated as the said Survey or Account are true to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.”

Which Oath and Affirmation is taken and subscribed, shall be filed with the Survey and Estimate in the Office of the said Surveyor General, or of the Clerk of the Council of the said Duchy, and the said Surveyor General shall report in the Land High Treasury or the Comptrolloers of the Treasury, or the said Surveyor General of the said Duchy shall report to the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy the Grounds of his Recommendation of the proposed Exchange, together with the said Valuation of the respective Parcels of Land; and if the Lord High Treasurer or the Comptrolloers of the Treasury, or the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, shall, upon due Consideration had, approve of such Exchange taking place, they shall authorize the said Surveyor General, or the proper Officers of the said Duchy, to carry the same into effect, upon such Terms and Conditions as they shall think fit, provided the same shall be consented to by the Person or Persons, or Body with whom such Exchange is proposed to be made; and the said Chancellor and Council, and the said Surveyor General shall thereupon cause the said Parcel or Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty, to be conveyed to the said Person or Persons, or Body respectively with whom the said Exchange is proposed to be made, and such Person or Persons, or Body, shall at the same Time convey to the said Chancellor or Council, or to the said Surveyor General, as Trust for and on the Behalf of His said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Right of His Crown, or in Right of His Duchy, the said Parcel or Parcels of Land so agreed to be given in Exchange for such Parcel or Parcels of Crown Land as aforesaid; and from and immediately after the Completion of such Exchange, the said Parcels of Land so belonging to His Majesty, and given in Exchange as aforesaid, shall vest in the Person or Person, or Body, to whom the same is conveyed, for the same Estate or Interest, and as fully and effectually as the said Parcels of Land so given in Exchange did before such Exchange; and the said Parcels of Land so conveyed in Exchange to His Majesty, shall vest in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as Right of His Crown, or in Right of His Duchy, as fully and effectually, and be subject to the same Application as the said Parcels of Land so conveyed in Exchange to such Person or Person, or Body, was or was to be before such Exchange.

XXIX. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Chancellor of the said Duchy, if they shall think fit, to direct the Payment or Acceptance on Behalf of His Majesty of such Sum of Money, for equalizing any such Exchange, as shall be agreed upon between the said Chancellor and Council, or the said Surveyor General and the said Person or Persons or Bodies with whom such Exchange is proposed to be made, and when any such Money is to be paid to any such Person or Person or Body for such Purpose, such Money shall be paid out of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or out of the Revenues of the said Duchy; and where any Money shall be paid to His Majesty for equalizing such Exchange, the same, if it shall amount to the Sum of Fifty Pounds, shall be voted in the Three Passes per Crown Consolidated Bank Annuities in the Name of the Lord High Treasurer, and the Dividends thereof shall be applicable as Land Revenue; and if it shall not amount to the Sum of Fifty Pounds, the same shall be appropriated as Land Revenue under the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury; or in case of the Money being paid to His Majesty in Right of His said Duchy, the same shall be placed in Three per Crown Consolidated Bank Annuities in the Name of the Duchy of Lancaster, according to the Direction of the said Lord High Treasurer.

XXX. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Chancellor and Council of the said Duchy, or to the said Surveyor General for the Time being, to sell for and on Behalf of His Majesty, as well in making as accepting the Conveyances of Parcels of Land to be exchanged as aforesaid; and the Conveyance of the Land within the ordering and Survey of the Exchange aforesaid, is proposed to be given in Exchange by His said Majesty, may be in the following Form, or as near thereto as may be; (that is to say),

“ THESE are to witness, That in Consideration of the Conveyance of certain Lands [describing same] to His said Majesty, in Right of His Crown, from C. D. [and also in consideration of the Sum of £ paid by the said C. D. for Equality of Exchange to the Surveyor General of the Land Revenue of the Crown] the said Surveyor General for and on Behalf of His Majesty, doth by

Deputy, &c.
My Seal
of the
High Treasury
in witness
thereof.

Application of
Money received.

18 C. 3. 80.
42 C. 3. 113.

Form of
Conveyance of
Land exchanged.

Form of the
Crown.

• shall Proferts great, bargains, and sell unto the said C. D. his Heirs and Assigns, All [*of the said Parcel*]
 • of Land, &c. [*to have and to hold the said [Parcel, &c.] lawfully bargained and sold, and all Benefits*]
 • and Advantage thereon belonging, unto and to the Use of the said C. D. his Heirs and Assigns, for ever.
 • In Witness whereof the same Surveyor General hath hereunto set his Hand and Seal, the
 • Day of _____
 • as the Year of our Lord _____
 • Witness to the Execution by the said Surveyor General.

And the Conveyance to His Majesty of such Lands as are proposed to be taken in Exchange for such Crown Lands, may be in the following Form, or as near thereto as may be; (that is to say);

• Conveyance by the Person with whose the Exchange is proposed to be made:
 • THESE are to witech, That C. D. of _____ in the County of _____
 • in consideration of the Conveyance to him the said C. D. from the Surveyor General of the Land
 • Revenue of the Crown, for and on behalf of His Majesty, of a certain Parcel of Land [*describing it*] and
 • also of the Sum of _____ paid to him by the said Surveyor General on Behalf of His said
 • Majesty, for Equality of Exchange [*of the said Land &c.*] Death by these Proferts great, bargains, and sell unto
 • His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, all that Parcel of Land [*describing it*] To have and to hold the same to
 • His said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Right of His Crown, In Witness whereof the said C. D. hath
 • hereunto set his Hand and Seal, the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our
 • Lord _____
 • Witness to the Execution of the said C. D.

Form of
 Conveyance
 from the Party.

And such instruments respectively shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty.

• All may be altered or amended this Section. § 31.

C A F. LXXIV.

An Act for the better Collection of the Duties on Malt made in Great Britain. [18th June 1808.]

• WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established for securing the Duties payable on Malt made in Great
 • Britain have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it is therefore
 • become necessary to make further Regulations for the better Collection of the said Duties; be it therefore
 • enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
 • and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and
 • every Maltster and Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt in Great Britain, shall within Ten Days after
 • the Fifth of Day of July in each Year, give or deliver to the proper Officer of Excise under whose Survey each
 • Maltster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt shall then be, a true and particular Account in Writing of
 • all Barley put at the Time of such Deliveries unto such Malt, or in usual Operation for being made into Malt,
 • which any such Maltster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt shall have in his, her, or their Custody or
 • Possession, or which shall then be in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons in trust for such Maltster
 • or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, or for his, her, or their Use; and all and every such Maltster and
 • Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, shall in every such Account set forth and describe every particular
 • Warehouse, Storehouse, Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place in which any such Barley shall be lodged,
 • stored, or deposited, and the Number of Bushels of such Barley contained in each such Warehouse, Storehouse,
 • Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place; and shall, if required by such Officer so to do, shew to such Officer
 • every such Warehouse, Storehouse, Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place, and all such Barley as aforesaid
 • therein; and if any Maltster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, shall neglect or refuse to give or deliver
 • such Account as aforesaid, or shall give or deliver to any such Officer a false or untrue Account as to the
 • true and particular Account as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse so to shew to any such Officer as aforesaid
 • any such Warehouse, Storehouse, Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place, or any such Barley as aforesaid therein,
 • the Maltster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, is offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit
 • and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Maltster shall
 annually shew
 and deliver unto
 the proper
 Officer as to
 Account of his
 Stock of Barley.

Penalty null.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall have fulfilled or died off
 • all the Malt which shall be or shall have been in Operation in any particular Warehouse of such Maltster or Maker
 • of Malt, such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall by the Space of Twenty-four Hours at the least before he, she,
 • or they shall begin to set on Fire any Coals or Grass for the Purpose of making the same into Malt, give or
 • deliver to the proper Officer of Excise, under whose Survey such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall then be, a true
 • and particular Account in Writing of all the Barley which such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall at that Time
 • of such Delivery have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or which shall then be in the Custody or
 • Possession of any Person or Persons whatsoever, in trust for such Maltster or Maker of Malt, or for his, her, or their
 • Use; and every such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall in every such Account set forth and describe every
 • particular Warehouse, Storehouse, Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place in which any such Barley shall be
 • lodged, stored, or deposited, and the Number of Bushels of such Barley contained in each such Warehouse,
 • Storehouse, Loft, Room, Granary, or other Place; and every Maltster or Maker of Malt shall neglect or refuse
 • to give or deliver such Account, or shall give or deliver to such Officer as to the true and particular
 • Account as aforesaid a false or untrue Account, every Maltster or Maker of Malt is offending that for each
 • and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing
 • in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Barley while the same shall remain in the Straw
 • withered, provided that the Maltster or Maker of Malt, who shall be possessed thereof, shall enter in such Book as

Maltster shall
 shew to the
 proper Officer
 before he
 shall begin to
 set on fire the
 coals &c.
 Penalty null.

Except Barley
 not withered,
 see § 4.

is here-after mentioned the Grain arising from the threshing, and which shall be carried or removed from any part of the Barn or Place in which the same shall be threshed or garnered from the Straw (except to the House, Place, or Premises of force Perfor to whom the same shall be sold or disposed of) as Barley brought in or received by such Maltster or Maker of Malt.

Barley delivered to a Book shall be returned to a Book to be kept by Maltsters. Penalty 10s.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maltster or Maker of Malt shall keep a Book, to be delivered to him, her, or them, by the proper Officers of Excise, which Book shall be prepared with proper and distinct Columns for entering Accents of all the Barley taken or received by or into the Casketry or Puffelions of such Maltster or Maker of Malt; and all and every such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall enter or cause to be entered in such Book the total or aggregate Quantity of Barley contained in the particular Accents described or required by that Act to be given or delivered to the proper Officers of Excise, on the Day on which any such Account shall be respectively to given or delivered to such Officers, on pain of forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal to enter any such Account of any such Barley as aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Books shall be made by Maltsters in such Book of all Barley entered.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maltster or Maker of Malt shall on the same Day on which he, she, or they shall take or receive any Barley into his, her, or their Casketry or Puffelions, write and enter, or cause to be written and entered, in such Book as aforesaid, and in the proper Columns prepared for such Purposes respectively, a true and particular Account of the Number of Bushels of Barley which he, she, or they shall take or receive into his, her, or their Casketry or Puffelions, or which shall be taken or received into the Casketry or Puffelions of any other Person or Persons in trust or for the Use of such Maltster or Maker of Malt, and shall also write and enter, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, the Churnage and Narvages, and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons of whom such Barley was purchased, or from whom such Barley was received; and shall also write and enter, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, an Account of the Quantity of Barley in Bushels which shall at any Time be settled or put into Steep for the Purpose of making the same into Malt, and shall also write and enter, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, against and opposite to every such Barley so settled or put into Steep, the particular Day and Hour of the Day on and at which such Barley was so settled or put into Steep; and all and every Maltster or Maker of Malt who may have Occasion or be desirous to sell, remove, or otherwise dispose of any Barley, or Shewings of Barley, not to be by himself, herself, or themselves made into Malt, shall, and he, she, or they, or each of them, be and are hereby directed and required to write, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, a true and particular Account of the Number of Bushels of all Barley, or Shewings of Barley, sold, consumed, lost, or otherwise disposed of by him, her, or them, in any Quantity exceeding One Bushel, and the Name and Place of Residence of the Person or Persons to whom any such Barley, or Shewings of Barley, was sold, sent, or delivered; and shall every Day write and enter, or cause to be written and entered, as aforesaid, an Account of the gross Quantity of Barley which shall be so sold, sent, delivered, or disposed of in the preceding Day, in Quantities not exceeding One Bushel, not for the Purpose of being by himself, herself, or themselves, made into Malt; and if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, any such Entry or Entries as aforesaid, and all and every such Maltster and Maker of Malt offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no Maltster or Maker of Malt shall be liable to or liable to the said last-mentioned Penalty for or by reason of his, her, or their not writing or entering the Churnage or Narvages, or Place of Abode of the Person or Persons from whom any Barley was purchased in the Straw mentioned, or from whom any such Barley in the Straw mentioned was received.

and of all Barley Steeped.

and of all Barley sold as aforesaid.

Penalty for neglect 100s.

Excise to be written in Barley

Officers may inspect Books.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Book or Books shall at all Times be produced to and left open to the free Inspection of the proper Officers or Officers of Excise, who shall be permitted to examine and call up, and make Copies or Extracts from the entries contained therein, and to select the Time of such Inspection or Examination, and sign his or their Name or Names thereon.

Barley or Malt stored in different Premises may be kept by Officers in different Stocks.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall lodge, store, or deposit any Barley or Malt in different Warehouses, Storehouses, Lods, Rooms, Granaries, or other Places, and which shall not be under the same Roof, or shall be separated from each other by the Interventions of any Land, Premises, Buildings, or otherwise howsoever, the Stocks of such Barley or Malt shall, and may, if the Supervisor under whose Survey such Book or Books shall be, shall there in express, be deemed and taken to be separated and distinct Stocks; and the same shall and may be forever well kept Accents of by the Officer or Officers of Excise accordingly, in the same Manner as if the same belonged to distinct Persons.

Barley shall be kept open, or made Office to gauge the same.

Books to be kept in such Book as aforesaid, and the Entries therein, and to have written or entered in such Book as aforesaid, the Churnage and Narvages, and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons from whom any Barley was purchased in the Straw mentioned, or from whom any such Barley in the Straw mentioned was received.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maltster or Maker of Malt shall, when and so often as he, she, or they shall be thereto required by any Officer or Officers of Excise, call or place, or cause to be called or placed, all the Books which he, she, or they shall have, or their Casketry or Puffelions, not in use or off a State of Operation for being made into Malt, or into such regular Forms as may enable the Officer or Officers of Excise conveniently to gauge and ascertain the true Quantity thereof; and if the Quantity of Barley not so called or placed for being made into Malt shall be found to exceed the Quantity which any such Maltster or Maker of Malt ought to have in his, her, or their Casketry or Puffelions, according to the true Balance or Weigh down then called up and adjusted in such Book as aforesaid, and the Entries therein, and the Balance of One Bushel in every Tenthry Bushels of Barley, then and in every such Case every such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall be deemed and adjudged to have received Barley into his, her, or their Casketry or Puffelions, and to have neglected or refused to make, or cause to be made, such Entry in the said Book, as by the Act in that behalf directed and required: And if any Maltster or Maker of Malt, having him thereto required as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to call or place, or cause to be called or placed, all or any such Barley as aforesaid in his, her, or their Casketry or Puffelions, or into such regular Forms as aforesaid, the Maltster or Maker of Malt so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty for neglecting Barley when called.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excise, upon gauging and taking such Account as aforesaid of the Quantity of Barley not in a stated Operation for making into Malt, in the Cellary or Cellars of any Malster or Maker of Malt, shall find the Quantity less or less than the Quantity which any such Malster or Maker of Malt ought to have in his, her, or their Cellary or Cellars, according to the true Balance or Balances drawn from cutting up and adjusting such Book as aforesaid, and the Entries therein, as proprietors of O or O Balances every Treasury Book of Barley of the Quantity of Barley received, then and in every such Case the Malster or Maker of Malt shall be deemed and adjudged to have received and Stiped Barley for the Purpose of making the same into Malt, and neglected or refused to make, or to cause to be made, such Entry in such Books, as is by this Act in that Part required; and every such Malster or Maker of Malt shall in every such Case, over and above the Penalty by this Act imposed for the Neglect or Refusal so to make, or cause to be made, such Entry as aforesaid, be charged with and be liable to pay the Duty chargeable for every Bushel of Barley so found deficient as aforesaid; and such Duty shall and may be paid for, levied, and recovered by such and the like Ways, Means, and Methods, and under such and the like Penalties as the Duty on Malt is or may be levied for, levied, and recovered by any Law or Laws in force relating to the Duties of Excise.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Malster or Maker of Malt shall, before the Officer taking any such Account of Barley as aforesaid, be required by the proper Officer of Excise, and be permitted to make the Entries in such Book as aforesaid, of all Barley, or Straggles of Barley, which he, she, or they may have received into his, her, or their Cellary or Cellars, or have vented or put into Store, or have otherwise disposed of in the Course of the Day to which such Account is proposed or intended to be taken, or of the Day preceding; and if any Dispute shall arise between any such Malster or Maker of Malt and the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, respecting the true Quantity of Barley so taken Account of as aforesaid, such Malster or Maker of Malt shall have the Option of and be allowed immediately and with all due Diligence and Dispatch, to manifest the same in the Presence of such Officer or Officers of Excise by a just and correct *Woolley's Bushel Measure* of the Dimensions prescribed by Law, to be provided by such Malster or Maker of Malt; and the Quantity ascertained by such Assessment shall be taken to be the true Quantity of Barley in the Cellary or Cellars of such Malster or Maker of Malt, any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Malster or Maker of Malt shall purchase or receive, or shall send out Barley by any Measure other than the *Woolley's Bushel*, every such Malster or Maker of Malt shall in every such Case enter, or cause to be entered, the Quantity in such Book as aforesaid, either according to the just and true Number of *Woolley's Bushels* which such Barley will fairly measure, or shall specify in such Book against each Quantity of Barley entered therein, the exact Measure in which he, she, or they had such, or cause the same to be entered; that is to say, whether the Quantity is in Bushels of Eight Gallons, Eight Gallons and a Quarter, Eight Gallons and a Half, Eight Gallons and Three-quarters, or Nine Gallons, or any and what other Measure; and in every such Case the proper Officer of Excise, on calling up, adjusting, and weighing the Stock, shall reduce the whole Quantity to *Woolley's Bushels*, any Thing in this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any Information shall be exhibited or laid against any Malster or Maker of Malt, for any Offence against the Laws of Excise relating to the Duties on Malt, to summon any Farmer, Malster, or Dealer in or Seller of Barley or Malt, or other Person, and to examine such Person as summoned as aforesaid, upon oath, touching the Sale or Delivery, or the Purchase or Receipt of any Barley sold, sent out, delivered, or received by any such Farmer, Malster, Dealer, or other Person as aforesaid, first and except in to the Price or Value of any such Barley or Malt; and if any Farmer, Malster, or Dealer in or Seller of Barley or Malt, or other Person, shall neglect or refuse to obey such Summons, or shall neglect or refuse to give Evidence when thereunto required, every such Malster or Dealer in or Seller of Barley or Malt, or other Person, in offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of Prosecutions or Informations under this Act for the Recovery of any Duty, Fine, or Penalty, for or on Account of any Deficiency or Excess in the Quantity or Stock of Barley in the Cellary or Cellars of any Malster or Malsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants to produce any Witness or Witnesses competent to prove that the Deficiency was actually and lawfully caused or occasioned by Barley having been false or grossly corrupted away without the Knowledge, Privy, or Consent of such Defendant or Defendants, or that such Deficiency or Excess respectively was caused or occasioned by accidental or unintentional Error or Mistake in entering and keeping the Account of Barley by this Act required, without any Design, Intention, or View of Fraud or Evading whatsoever; and in case the Justice of the Peace, or the Court and Jury before whom any such Information shall be heard and tried, shall be satisfied by the Evidence of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, that such Deficiency or Excess respectively was actually and lawfully caused or occasioned by any or either of the Causes or Circumstances before mentioned, without any Design or Intention of Fraud or Evading on the Part of the Defendant or Defendants, it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or the Court and Jury before whom any such Information shall be heard and tried, to acquit the Defendant or Defendants, any Thing in this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Malster or Maker of Malt shall wet, water, or sprinkle, or cause or suffer to be watered, wetted, or sprinkled, any Corn or Grain making into Malt, in any State or Stage of Operation after the time that he has been exposed, shown, or taken from or out of the Cellar, Utting Pit, or other Vessel or Utensil used for Steeping such Corn or Grain, for and used the full End and Expiration of Twelve Days or Two hundred and eighty-eight Hours, on Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Deficiency of Barley upon weighing, &c., shall be charged with Duty, in Malt.

Book shall be first up before Officer or Assessor in a white.

Malster may require Books of Barley to be assessed to be assessed in the Account of Officer's Gauge.

All Barley shall be entered and entered according to *Woolley's Bushel*, any other Measure what shall be adjusted.

Justice may summon Malster for, or give Evidence.

Penalty on Wretch on offending, &c.

Witnesses of Deficiency or Excess, Evidence may be given thereon as on occasioned by Fraud.

Penalty for wetting Corn when Tawdry, &c. after being shown from the Cellar, &c.

Death on
Workmen
making, &c.
Malt, &c.
Malt, &c.
Malt, &c.
Malt, &c.
Malt, &c.
Malt, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person, employed by or in the Service of any Maltster or Maker of Malt, shall wet, water, or sprinkle any Corn or Grass making into Malt in any State or Stage of Operation whatsoever, after the time shall have been sown, sown, or taken from or out of the Culture, Uring Pan, or other Vessel or Utensil used for steeping such Corn or Grass, until the full End and Expiration of Twelve Days or Two hundred and eighty-eight Hours after the same full have been sown, sown, or taken from or out of any such Culture, Uring Pan, or other Vessel or Utensil used for steeping such Corn or Grass as aforesaid, every such Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person so offending, shall and may be apprehended by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and taken before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, or Liberty respectively, wherein such Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person shall be found; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, on the Party's Confession of any such Offence, or on Proof thereof by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, to commit to the Punishment of Fifty Pounds every such Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person so offending, so proved to have been guilty of any such Offence; and every such Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person convicted as aforesaid, do so immediately on such Conviction, pay down into the Hands of such Officer the said Penalty in which he or she shall be so convicted, to be applied in Manner herein after directed; and if any such Workman, Servant, Labourer, or other Person so convicted, shall not so forth pay down the said Penalty, the said Justice or Justices shall and he or they do and lawfully authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, in witness whereof the Party is committed as aforesaid in the House of Correction for the said County, Riding, Division, City or Liberty respectively, there to remain to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months, to be reckoned from the Day of such Conviction; and the Person so convicted shall not be discharged until he or she shall have paid the said Penalty, or until the Expiration of the Time for which such Conviction was made.

Appeal shall
be made to
Justices of
the Peace
wherein
Malt, &c.

XV. And whereas Docters have often whether any Appeal lies, in certain Cases, relating to or concerning
the making of Malt, or the Duties on Malt, or any Penalty or Forfeiture relating to the same, *Sec. 282. Stat. 1802.*
meet, Order, or Determination, or any Condition of Justices of the Peace, to the Justices aforesaid as if a
Quarter Sessions of the Peace; for obtaining which Docters, by a declared and further statute, That it shall
be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall find himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Judgment,
Order, Determination, or Condition of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in any Case relating to or concerning
the making of Malt, or any of the Duties on Malt, or any Penalty or Forfeiture relating to the same, to
appeal from such Judgment, Order, Determination, or Condition, to the Justices assembled at the next General
Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Division, City, or Place in which
such Judgment, Order, Determination, or Condition made; and in such Judgment, Order, Determination,
or Condition, or the major Part of those so aforesaid, are hereby empowered to hear and finally determine of and
concerning the Truth of the Facts and Merits of the Case in question between the Parties, to such Judgment,
Order, Determination, or Condition respectively; and if at such Quarter Sessions any Defect or Defects of
Form shall be found in such Proceedings before the Justice or Justices who gave such original Judgment, Order,
Determination, or Condition, then and in every such Case such Defect or Defects of Form shall and may be
rectified and amended by the Order or Orders of such Justice or Justices or the major Part of them: It shall and
is enacted at such Quarter Sessions, any Thing herein or in any other Act or Acts contained to the contrary in any Act
standing; and no Writ of Certiorari shall be allowed or brought to set aside any Determination or Order of the
said Justice or Justices of the Peace or the major Part of them so aforesaid at such Quarter Sessions: Provided always,
that upon every such Appeal the said Justice or Justices so aforesaid at such Quarter Sessions shall and do proceed to
re-hear, re-examine, and re-consider the Truth of the Facts and the Merits of the Case in question between
the Parties to such original Judgment, Order, Determination, or Condition, and to re-examine thereon upon Oath
the same Witnesses or any of them, and so others, who shall have been before examined upon Oath as Witnesses
before the Justice or Justices of the Peace at the original hearing, on which the Judgment, Order, Determination,
or Condition was passed, as if they were present.

Justice may
appoint Justices
of Peace.

No Conviction
shall be made
the
Case.

13 Ann. c. 1.
c. 7.

48 G. 3. c. 2.

Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.
Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.
Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.
Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.
Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.
Penalty for
making Malt
illegally, &c.

XVI. And whereas one of the Penalties imposed by an Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of
Her late Majesty Queen Anne, among other Things, for granting to Her Majesty Duties upon Malt, Malt,
Cider, and Perry, *Sec. 10. Stat. 1713.* was that the Year One thousand seven hundred and thirteenth; and another Act
passed in the Session of Parliament, intimated, *As All for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt,*
Sec. 1. Stat. 1757. *Supra, Tobacco and Sugar in Great Britain, and on Profits and Offices in England, and for extending the term*
of certain Acts in relation to certain Duties of Sugar and other Goods respectively as Office and Penalties; and
for extending the said Duties on Sugar and other Goods respectively, and the said other Duties for the Service of
the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, have been found insufficient, and it is expedient that they should
be amended; be it therefore enacted, That every Maltster or Maker of Malt shall monthly and every Month
make a true Entry at the next Office of Excise, of all the Malt by him, her, or them made in such Month
resp. directly, or upon or for the use of any Neglect to make any such Entry the Sum of One hundred Pounds in law
and in full of the Sum of Ten Pounds mentioned in the said Act passed in the said Twelfth Year of the Reign
of Her late Majesty Queen Anne.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall fraudulently hide, conceal,
or convey any Malt, or any Corn or Goods making into Malt, from the Sight or view of the Gauger or Gaugers,
or Officer or Officers of Tunnage appointed to take an Account of the same, or under whose Survey such
Maltster or Maker of Malt shall be, the Person or Persons offending therein shall for every such Offence
be liable to the Sum of Ten Shillings or Double the Sum of Three Shillings per Bushel imposed by
the said Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne.

XVIII. And

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Malterer or Maker of Malt shall wash or fit up, stir or enlarge, or make use of any Cistern, Utensil, or other Vessel for the wetting or Steeping any Barley, or other Corn or Grain for the making of Malt, or of any Kils, Floors, Rooms or other Place for the making or keeping of Malt, or keeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, without first giving Notice thereof in Writing at the next Office of Excise, on pain to forfeit for every such Cistern, Utensil, or other Vessel, Kils, Floors, Rooms, or other Place so erected, fit up, stirred, enlarged, or made use of without such Notice as aforesaid, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, or less and instead of the Sum of Fifty Pounds mentioned in the said Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her said late Majesty Queen Anne.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Malterer or Maker of Malt shall crowd, run, or otherwise fit together in the Cistern, Utensil, or Cask, any Corn or Grain keeping or steeped in order to the making thereof into Malt, every such Malterer or Maker of Malt shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, instead of the Sum of Five Shillings for every Bushel of Corn or Grain keeping or steeped, that shall be so crowded, run, or otherwise forced together, mentioned in the said Act of the present Session of Parliament; and if any Corn or Grain in any Cistern, Utensil, or Cask, keeping or steeped in order to the making thereof into Malt, by any Malterer or Maker of Malt, is or shall be forced to hand, cloth, and compass, so it could not be with the same had by some Means or other been forced together to prevent the clogging and swelling thereof, every Malterer or Maker of Malt, who is or shall be so forced, shall in every such Case forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if on any Supervisor or other Officer of the said Office of Excise, or any Person or Persons employed by any such Supervisor or Officer for that Purpose, or the Professor of such Malterer or Maker of Malt, or his, her, or their Servant (if such Malterer or Maker of Malt, or Servant, shall think it to be prudent as such Officer) drawing or removing the Corn or Grain from any of any Cask which such Supervisor or Officer shall suspect to have been crowded, run, or otherwise forced together, and returning or throwing such Corn or Grain back again into the Cask, and buying the same into any such Cask, any Person shall be found exceeding the Rate of One Bushel in every Twenty Bushels over and above the Quantity which the said Corn or Grain appeared to be by the previous Gauge thereof taken in the Cask before the said Corn or Grain was thrown out as aforesaid, then and in every such Case, Proof being made of such Increase as aforesaid, the same shall be deemed conclusive Evidence that such Malterer or Maker of Malt did crowd, run, or otherwise force together the said Corn or Grain in the Cask, so that the same was to hand, cloth, and compass, so it could not be with the same had by some Means or other been forced together to prevent the clogging and swelling thereof, and shall subject the Malterer or Maker of Malt to the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Malterer or Maker of Malt shall fraudulently convey away, or cause or procure, or permit or suffer to be conveyed away from the Cistern, Utensil, or other wetting Place or Utensil, any Steeping or Part of any Steeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, and shall run such Corn or Grain so conveyed away with and amongst any Couch or Coashes, Floor or Floors of other Corn or Grain making into Malt, which are or shall be then depending in use or Operation, and which has or have been gauged or charged with the Duty in the Couch; or if any Malterer or Maker of Malt shall fraudulently convey away, or cause or procure or permit or suffer to be conveyed away from the Cistern, Utensil, or other wetting Place or Utensil, any Steeping or Part of any Steeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, so that no Gauge of such Corn or Grain be conveyed away can be taken in the Couch by the Officers, then and in each of the said Cases every such Malterer or Maker of Malt offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, instead and in lieu of the Sum of One hundred Pounds mentioned in the said Act, passed in this Session of Parliament.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said several Penalties of One hundred Pounds, Two hundred Pounds, Two hundred Pounds, One hundred Pounds, and Two hundred Pounds, respectively by this Act imposed in lieu and instead of the said lesser Penalties respectively, herein-before mentioned, shall be and the said several Penalties of One hundred Pounds, Two hundred Pounds, Two hundred Pounds, One hundred Pounds, and Two hundred Pounds, respectively are hereby made perpetual; any Thing in the said Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her said late Majesty Queen Anne, or in the said Act of this Session of Parliament, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Conviction by or before any Justices of the Peace for any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, by this or any other Act of Parliament relating to the Duties of Excise on Malt imposed, may be made in the Form following; to wit,

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of _____ A. D. 1808, on the Complaint of _____ of _____ C. D. then and there being as Officer of Excise, convicted before us, Two of the Justices of the Peace for _____ the County of _____ [or, for the Riding or Division of the County of _____] or for the City, Liberty, District, or Town of _____ as the Case shall happen [or &c.] is the Penalty of _____ in pursuance of an Act made in the _____ Year of the Reign of King George the Third, for _____ [or the Case may be.] Given under our Hands and Seal the Day and Year first above written.

XXIII. And whereas the Duties on Malt have been greatly evaded, and the Revenue considerably diminished, by indigent and obscure Persons who have become Makers of Malt, having sold of their Effects and absconded before the Duties charged on such Persons respectively for or in respect of the Malt by them made, have become payable; It is hereby enacted, That all and every Malterer or Malterers or Malterers Makers of Malt for Sale, shall within the Space of Fourteen Days next after he, she, or they shall or ought to have made such Entry as is required and directed in and by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, pay and clear off all the Duties which shall have been

Penalty for every such offence, or within Ninety days, under [&c.] 12 Ann. c. 12.

Penalty for every such offence in the 12th Ann. Act &c. as in and under the said Act.

Penalty of double the value of the Malt.

Penalty on any Person employing or causing Steeping of Corn making into Malt, over and above the Rate of One Bushel in every Twenty Bushels.

Inserted Double the Sum of 100, 200, 200, 100, made perpetual.

Form of Conviction.

Malters shall clear Duties every Fourth Sunday in every County in Great Britain, on or before the Fourth March.

charged upon, and which shall remain unpaid from and by each Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, for or in respect of any Malt, by him, her, or them made; unless such Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt shall have given Security, approved of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, by Bond or Bonds the Value of the Duties, which such Commissioners of Excise, or such Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall judge likely to arise, be charged on and become due from such Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, within any Five Months, for the due Payment at the End of every Four Months from and after the Day on which such Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt shall or ought to have made such Entry as aforesaid, of all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall arise or be charged on and become due from such Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt; and if any Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, who shall not have given such Security as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay and clear off at the End or Expiration of such Fourteen Days all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall arise, be charged on, or become due as aforesaid, every such Maltster or Maltsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, shall for every such Offence forfeit Double the Sum of the Duty or Duties whereof the Payment shall be so neglected or refused; any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalty on
offenders,
1808.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, oppose, molest, obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them by this Act given or granted, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Revenue and
Application
of Penalties.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be paid for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by such Ways, Means, or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, may be paid for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them, who shall inform, discover, or sue for the same.

Power of
22 Geo. 3.
relating to
Excise, extended
to this Act.
1808.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things which, in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Kings of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for raising money the Court of Wards and Liveries and Tenure in capite, and by King's Letters and Patents, and for giving a Revenue upon the Majesty in his hereditary, or by any other Act now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, and established for managing, raising, levying, collecting, managing or recovering, adjusting or administering the Duties thereby granted, or any of them, other than in such Cases for which other Penalties or Provisions are made and provided by this Act, shall be continued, used, and put in Execution as if the Purposes of this Act as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.*

Commencement
of Act 2 July
1808.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act for providing suitable Interment in Church-yards or Parochial Burying Grounds in England, for such dead Human Bodies as may be cast on Shore from the Sea, in Cases of Wreck or otherwise. [18th Year 1808.]

WHEREAS no Provision hath yet been made by the Laws now in force for providing suitable Interment in Church-yards or Parochial Burying Grounds, for such dead Human Bodies as may be cast on Shores from the Sea by Wreck or otherwise, in that Part of the United Kingdom called England: And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the decent Interment of such Bodies: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Churchwardens and Churchwardens, Overseer and Overseers of the Poor for the Time being of the respective Parishes throughout England, in which any dead Human Body or dead Human Bodies shall be found thrown in or cast on Shore from the Sea, by Wreck or otherwise, shall and he and they be and they are hereby required, upon Notice to him or them given that any such Body or Bodies are thrown in or cast on Shore by the Sea, and is or are lying within the Bounds of the Parish for which he or they shall be Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, to cause the same to be forthwith removed to some convenient Place, and with all convenient Speed to cause such Body or Bodies to be decently interred in the Church-yard or Burial Ground of such Parish, in that the Expenses attending so such Burial do not exceed the Sum which at that Time is allowed in such Parish for the Burial of any Person or Persons buried at the Expense of such Parish: Provided always, that in case any such Body or Bodies shall be thrown in or cast on Shore from the Sea in any Extra-parochial Place where there is no Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, then and in every such Case the Constable or Headborough of such Place shall, on Notice being given to him that such Body or Bodies is or are lying in such Extra-parochial Place, forthwith cause such Body or Bodies to be removed to some convenient Place, and with all convenient Speed cause the same to be buried in such and the like Manner as the Churchwardens and Overseers within England are hereby required to bury such Body or Bodies,

Churchwardens,
Sec. of the Poor
where any dead
Body shall be
cast on Shore
shall make the
same to be
removed and
interred.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That every Minister, Parish Clerk, and Sexton of each respective Parishes shall perform their several and respective Duties in such and the like Manner as is customary in other Parishes, and shall admit of such Body or Bodies being interred in such Church-yards or Burial Grounds without any improper Loss of Time, receiving for the same, by way of Compensation, such and the like Sums as in Cases of Burials made at the Expenses of such Parishes.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall find any such Body or Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea by Wreck or otherwise, and shall within Six Hours thereafter give Notice thereof to some one of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for the Time being in which such Body or Bodies shall be found, or to the Constable or Headborough for the Time being, in case such Body or Bodies shall be found in any Extra-parochial Place, or cause such Notice to be left at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode, then and in every such Case such Person or Persons shall receive the Sum of Five Shillings for his, her, or their Trouble, such Sum to be forthwith paid to the Person or Persons first giving such Notice only; but notwithstanding that no greater Sum than Five Shillings shall be paid for any One Notice, although there may be a greater Number of such Bodies than One.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall find any such Body or Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea by Wreck or otherwise, and shall not within Six Hours thereafter give Notice to some one of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for the Time being in which such Body or Bodies shall be found, or to the Constable or Headborough for the Time being, in case such Body or Bodies shall be found in any Extra-parochial Place, or cause such Notice to be left at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode, then and in every Case such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

V. And be it further enacted, That all necessary and proper Payments, Costs, Charges, and Expenses which shall be made or incurred in or about the Execution of this Act, shall be made and paid by the Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers, Constable or Headborough for the Time being of such respective Parishes and Places as aforesaid.

VI. And, for the Purpose of recovering the same all such Payments, Costs, Charges, and Expenses, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for any one Justice of the Peace for the County or Place within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, as which any such Body or Bodies shall have been removed and buried as aforesaid, by any Writing under his Hand, to order and direct the Treasurer for such County to pay such Sum or Sums of Money to such Churchwardens and Churchwardens, Overseer and Overseers, Constable or Headborough, for his or their Costs and Expenses in or about the Execution of this Act (after the same shall have been duly certified on Oath) as to the said Justice shall seem reasonable and necessary; and such Treasurer shall and he is hereby authorized and required forthwith to pay the Sum or Sums of Money so ordered and directed to be paid to the Person or Persons empowered to receive the same; and such Treasurer shall be allowed the same as his Account.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any such Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers, Constable or Headborough, shall refuse or neglect to remove or cause to be removed such Body or Bodies from the Sea Shores to some convenient Place prior to the Interment thereof, for the Space of Twelve Hours after such Notice given to him or her, or left in Writing at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode by any Person or Persons as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to perform the several other Duties required of him and them by this Act, then and in every such Case every such Churchwarden or Overseer, Constable or Headborough, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be incurred under this Act, if not paid on Conviction, shall be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence shall happen (which Warrant such Justice is hereby empowered to grant on the Certificates of the Party, or upon the Evidence of any credible Witnesses upon Oath) and the Surplus of the Money arising by such Distress and Sale shall be returned on Demand to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels, after deducting the Costs and Charges of making, keeping, and selling the Distress; and such Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers; and in case said Justice shall not be found, or such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be paid forthwith, it shall and may be lawful and for such Justice, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of such County or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, nor less than Fourteen Days, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner fully paid and satisfied.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Conviction shall be had for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, or against any Order or Orders, or any Statute in pursuance of this Act, the Form of Conviction shall be in the Words or to the Effect following: (that is to say,)

• **B**E it remembered, That on this _____ Day of _____ is the _____ Year of the Reign of _____ A. D. is committed before _____ of having _____ One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ do adjudge him (or them) to forfeit and pay for the same the _____ and 1 the said _____ of having _____ of having _____ One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ do adjudge him (or them) to forfeit and pay for the same the _____ Sum of _____ Green under my Hand and Seal the Day and Year sheweth.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Judgment or Determination, or by any Matter or Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County or Place (within which the Matter of Appeal shall arise) next after the Expire of One Calendar Month from the Time such Matter of Appeal shall have arisen,

Minister of the Parish shall perform the several Duties, &c.

Person or Persons shall find any such Body or Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea by Wreck or otherwise, and shall within Six Hours thereafter give Notice thereof to some one of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for the Time being in which such Body or Bodies shall be found, or to the Constable or Headborough for the Time being, in case such Body or Bodies shall be found in any Extra-parochial Place, or cause such Notice to be left at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode, then and in every such Case such Person or Persons shall receive the Sum of Five Shillings for his, her, or their Trouble, such Sum to be forthwith paid to the Person or Persons first giving such Notice only; but notwithstanding that no greater Sum than Five Shillings shall be paid for any One Notice, although there may be a greater Number of such Bodies than One.

Person or Persons shall find any such Body or Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea by Wreck or otherwise, and shall not within Six Hours thereafter give Notice to some one of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for the Time being in which such Body or Bodies shall be found, or to the Constable or Headborough for the Time being, in case such Body or Bodies shall be found in any Extra-parochial Place, or cause such Notice to be left at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode, then and in every Case such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Expenses shall be made or incurred in or about the Execution of this Act, shall be made and paid by the Churchwardens, &c.

Churchwardens, Overseer and Overseers, Constable or Headborough, for his or their Costs and Expenses in or about the Execution of this Act (after the same shall have been duly certified on Oath) as to the said Justice shall seem reasonable and necessary; and such Treasurer shall and he is hereby authorized and required forthwith to pay the Sum or Sums of Money so ordered and directed to be paid to the Person or Persons empowered to receive the same; and such Treasurer shall be allowed the same as his Account.

Person or Persons shall find any such Body or Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea Shores to some convenient Place prior to the Interment thereof, for the Space of Twelve Hours after such Notice given to him or her, or left in Writing at his or their Hall or usual Place or Places of Abode by any Person or Persons as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to perform the several other Duties required of him and them by this Act, then and in every such Case every such Churchwarden or Overseer, Constable or Headborough, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Recovery and Enforcement of Penalties.

Form of Conviction.

Appeal to the Justices of the Peace.

the Petitioner or Petitioners appealing having first given Ten Days Notice at least of his or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Petitioner or Petitioners so appealed against, and forthwith after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for each County or Place, with sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal and abide the Order and Award of the said Court thereof; and the said Justices at such Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice and Recognizance having been given and entered into, are lawfully authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and to make such Denominations thereof, and to award such Costs as either of the Parties, or otherwise, as they shall judge proper; and the said Justices may if they see Cause adjourn the Trial, Penalty, or Testimony, and may also order such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party against as they shall judge reasonable; and all such Determinations of the said Justices shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon all Parties, to all Intent, and Purpose whatsoever.

Proceedings shall not be quashed for want of Form.

Provision shall be made for the Costs, and may by the Court.

Goods of Maroon, &c. shall pay the same Fee as Merchandise on entering dead Goods, &c.

Expenses of Inquest shall be paid or Conty. Rates may be raised &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Informations, Returns, Commissions, Warrants of Arrest, &c. or other Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties if Retained be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers of like, on account of any Irregularity that shall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties in detaining, but the Petitioner or Petitioners aggrieved by such Irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage as an Action upon the Case.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Writings and Expenses attested thereto, which shall be incurred under the Provisions of this Act, shall be paid and borne by the Petitioner or Petitioners incurring the same, and that the Petitioner or Petitioners ought to have added in the Duties prescribed by this Act shall be wholly exempted therefrom.

XIII. Whereas in Cases of dead Wrecks, wherein no living Person is found, or Owner known, the Lords of Manors or which any such dead Body or dead Bodies may be washed in, and who are entitled to Wreck there, have usually paid a Fee for the placing such Body or Bodies in the Ground in the State in which the same have been found, and such Payments have been allowed and admitted as Proof on Trials at Common Law of the Right of such Lords of Manors to Wrecks in such Matters; be it therefore enacted, That in all and every such Cases it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Lord or Lords of any Manor or Manors throughout England to pay or cause to be paid to the Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseers or Overseers, Constables or Headboroughs of such respective Parishes and Places as aforesaid, such and the like Sums as he or they was or were lawfully accustomed to pay for the placing any such Body or Bodies into the Ground as aforesaid, such Sums to go in part Payment and Discharge of the Costs and Expenses to be incurred in or about the Execution of this Act, and Credit to be given for the same by such Overseers, Churchwardens, Constables or Headboroughs, in their Accounts with the County to which such Accounts shall be submitted; any Thing to the contrary thereof is hereby notwithstanding.

XIV. And, for relieving the Burden of the Removal and Burial of such Body or Bodies as aforesaid, and all other Expenses necessary for the Execution of this Act, be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace at the General or Quarter Sessions may raise such Sums of Money as shall be necessary for all or any of the Purposes aforesaid, to be raised in the best Manner a Rate is directed to be raised by an Act, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the more easy settling, raising, and levying of County Rates*.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions Five hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities. [18th June 1808.]

"Every Contributor of 1000. shall be entitled to a Principal of 180. 3s. 6d. in the Year for Costs, from 5. April 1808. § 1.—Dates under 26 C. 3. c. 69. shall not be charged on Full Half-Year Dividends. § 2.—Treasury may remit to Justice 1,500,000. § 3.—To be provided for in Ireland. § 11.—Forging Receipts for Contributions. Felony without Clergy. § 24.—Bank of England shall continue a Corporation of Annuities and under this Act shall retain. § 25."

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to vest the Right of Appointment of Master of the Free School of Londonderry in the City and County of Londonderry, in the Bishop of Derry for the Time being. [15th June 1808.]

WHEREAS there is and has been for a Series of Years a School called a Free School in the City of Londonderry in the County of Derry, and the Right of nominating and appointing a Master to the said Free School has been heretofore exercised by His Majesty and His Predecessors: And whereas His Majesty, on the humble Application of the Lord Bishop of Derry, has been graciously pleased to signify His Royal Will and Pleasure, that so far as His Majesty's Interest is concerned the said Right of nominating and appointing a Master to the said Free School should be absolutely vested in the Lord Bishop of Derry for the Time being: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called *England*, to grant unto the Lord Bishop of Derry for the Time being, and his Successors, the said Right of nominating and appointing a Master to the said Free School in the City and County of Londonderry, and to discharge from all Claims, Right and Title of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

II. Provided

His Majesty may grant to the Bishop of Derry the Right of appointing a Master to the Free School of Derry.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Appointment of a Master to the said Free School by the Lord Bishop of *Derry* for the Time being, or his Successors, shall be subject to the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, tripartite by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, and that all such Appointments or shall not receive such Approbation as aforesaid shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and in such and the like Manner in all Respects as if the same had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Such Appointments shall be subject to the Approbation of Lord Lieutenant.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Malt made in *Ireland*, and upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof. [31st Year 1808.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, to-wit, reading the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved, to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter expressed, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That with and through this Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid, and exacted unto and to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say,)

The Duties aforesaid shall be paid, viz.

For and upon every Barrel of Malt ground or unground, which at any Time or Times from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be made of Barley, or any other Corn or Grain in *Ireland*, by any Process or Process whatsoever, whether the same shall be or shall not be for Sale, or for which any Malster shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Ten Shillings *Swiss* Currency; and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

On Malt made after 20th Sept. 1808, 10s per Barrel.

For and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, which at any Time from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be made or distilled in *Ireland*, from Corn raised or unraised, by any Process or Process whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Five Shillings *Swiss* Currency; and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the first Maker or Distiller thereof.

On Spirits 4s per Gallon from 20th Sept. 1808.

And also for and upon every Six Gallons of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, which at any Time or Times from and after the said Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be made or distilled in *Ireland*, from Corn raised or unraised, by any Process or Process whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, the further Sum of Two Shillings *Swiss* Currency; and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the first Maker or Distiller of such Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits.

Further Duty on 6 Gallons from 20th Sept. 1808.

And also for and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, which at any Time or Times from and after the passing of this Act, shall be made or distilled in *Ireland*, from Sugar, by any Process or Process whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, as Excise Duty of Two Shillings and Eleven-pence *Swiss* Currency, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the first Maker or Distiller thereof.

Sugar Spirits 2s 11d per Gallon as aforesaid.

All which said Duties on Spirits shall be in full Satisfaction of all Duties granted on the same by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, except such Duties as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in *Ireland* by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Duties are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes, by the Acts by which the said Duties are or may be respectively granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts.

In the of certain Duties on Spirits except under Local Acts.

Duty on Spirits in Distiller's Stock, &c. 10s per Gallon additional, from the 10th of June 1808; and on any increase between that Day and 10th September 1808.—The like Duty on Home-made Spirits in Retailer's Stock on 10th June 1808.—The like Duty on Foreign Spirits in Stock, 10th June 1808.—Provided Retailers, &c. have 30 Gallons in the whole.—Duty not to attach on compounded Spirits.—Warehoused Spirits taken out for Home Consumption after 10th of June, 4s 10d per Gallon in lieu of former Duties, &c.

III. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and *Ireland*, that in respect of the Duties by this Act imposed on Malt and Spirits made in *Ireland*, Counter-acting Duties should be charged upon Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, and on Spirits made in England, and respectively imported from thence into *Ireland*, sufficient to counteract the said Union on Malt and Spirits made in *Ireland* under the Act; be it therefore enacted, That there shall be charged on all such Beer, or Ale, and Spirits, the several Counter-acting Duties following, in full and full Satisfaction of all Counter-acting Duties whatsoever, payable upon such Beer or Ale or Spirits made or by virtue of any Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland*, immediately before the passing of this Act; (that is to say,)

Counter-acting Duties on British Beer and English Spirits imported into Ireland.

For and upon every Barrel of Beer or Ale containing Thirty-two Gallons, brewed or made in Great Britain, and which shall be imported from thence into *Ireland* at any Time after the said Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Sum of Seven Shillings and Eight-pence *per* *Barthling* *Swiss* Currency.

On Beer or Ale 7s 8d, British, per Barrel, since 10th Sept. 1808.

For

English Cereals
Fourth 10. 00.
Sixth 10. 00.
Eighth 10. 00.

English Sugar
Sixth 10. 00.
Eighth 10. 00.
Tenth 10. 00.

Exported
Drunks on
Spirits (not
wholesale)
exported to
Great Britain
and England.

Drunks on
Expectation of
Beer and Spirits
not mentioned
in former Acts.

Per Ton 10d.
per Bush.

Corn Spirits
10. 00. per
Gallon.

Beer Spirits
10. 00. 10. 00.
10. 00. 10. 00.
10. 00. 10. 00.

Per Ton, per
Bush.

47 G. S. Sect. 5.

48 G. S. 12.

Drunks on
Corn Spirits
being paid
additional Duty,
and mentioned
in former Acts.

1000, and
amount to
Eighteen, 10. 00.
per Gallon.

On all Sugar
Spirits mentioned
in former Acts.

The former
Duties on
Spirits shall be
a Charge on
Distillers for
all Spirits on
under Acts
48 G. S. 12.
and 49 G. S.
Sect. 13.

under the
Regulations as
to their Acts and
this Act.

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain in England, and which shall be imported from thence into Ireland at any Time after the first Tenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Sum of Five Shillings and Eight-pence *British* Currency; And

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled from Sugar in England, and which shall be imported from thence into Ireland at any Time after the passing of this Act, the Sum of Eight Shillings and Five-pence *British* Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on the Expectation from Ireland to Great Britain of Beer or Ale brewed or made in Ireland, and on the Expectation from Ireland to England of Spirits distilled in Ireland, and for which the Duties payable under this Act shall have been fully paid and satisfied, and which Spirits shall not have been warehoused in Ireland, there shall respectively be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Counterbalancing Duties by this Act granted on Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, and on Spirits distilled in England, and imported from thence respectively into Ireland, in lieu of all Drawbacks payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, in respect of such Beer or Ale or Spirits respectively exported from Ireland to Great Britain or England respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of all former Drawbacks on Beer or Ale or Malt made or Spirits distilled in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, every Perish who shall export to any other Place than Great Britain Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland, or Spirits distilled in Ireland, on which the Duties imposed by this Act shall have been respectively paid, and which Spirits shall not be so exported from Wexford to or to Ireland, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Tonne of such Beer or Ale the Sum of Seven Shillings and Eight-pence One Farthing *British* Currency; and for every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled from Corn malted or unmalted, of a Strength not exceeding One to Ten new Hydrometer Proof, a Drawback of Five Shillings and Eight-pence *British* Currency, and in Proportion for any greater Degree of Strength; and for every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled from Sugar, of a Strength not exceeding One to Ten new Hydrometer Proof, a Drawback of Eight Shillings and Five-pence *British* Currency, and in Proportion for any greater Degree of Strength; and that every Person who shall export, to any other Place than Great Britain, Malt made in Ireland, on which the Duties imposed by this Act shall have been paid, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Bushel thereof the Sum of Ten Shillings *British* Currency; which Drawbacks shall be paid by the Collector of Inland Revenue and Tunes of the District from which such Malt or Beer or Ale or Spirits shall be exported, out of any Money in his Hands, on such Certificate from the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Navy from whence the same shall be exported, as is required by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, entitled, *An Act to give Force to the Acts, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, concerning Duties on the Importation, and in some Drawbacks on the Exportation, of various Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, here and for in Ireland, in case of Drawbacks on Expectation of Goods in respect of any Internal Duty of Excise paid thereon*: Provided, that no such Drawback shall be paid or Allowance of Duty made unless the Persons respectively who export such Beer or Ale, Spirits or Malt, shall make Oath that the full Duties on account of which such Drawback is required have been fully paid and satisfied, and that all other formal Requisites, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions as are or shall be required to be performed and observed, by Persons exporting any Article whereon any Drawback or Bounty is payable, for obtaining the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled from Corn malted or unmalted or uncoloured, and also the full Duty of Ten-pence for every Gallon by this Act imposed, and which shall have been warehoused in Ireland before the first Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which shall be entered for Expectation from Ireland to England or elsewhere, (except Scotland,) there shall be allowed and given a Drawback of One Shilling and Eight-pence *British* Currency, and no more; and that for and upon every Gallon of Spirits which shall be distilled from Sugar in Ireland, and which shall be warehoused in Ireland, and exported from thence to England, or elsewhere, (except Scotland,) there shall be allowed and given a Drawback of Two Shillings and Five-pence *British* Currency, and no more; which said Drawbacks shall be paid in like Manner, and under the like Restrictions, as are by this Act directed with respect to other Drawbacks on Spirits exported.

VII. And be it further enacted, That as well the full Duty of Four Shillings per Gallon on Spirits made from Corn malted or uncoloured, as also the full additional Duty of Two Shillings for every Six Gallons of Spirits distilled from Corn malted or uncoloured, and likewise the full Duty of Five Shillings and Eleven-pence Half-penny per Gallon on Spirits made or distilled from Sugar, by this Act respectively imposed, shall be respectively charged on every Distiller, in respect of the Quantity of Spirits which shall be made or distilled by such Distiller, or for which such Distiller shall be chargeable by Law; to be computed, abated, and changed in such Manner, and under such Regulations, Directions, and Penalties, as are contained in an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, entitled, *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Expectation*, and in an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His said Majesty's Regency, for amending the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, with respect to the computing, abatement, and changing the Duties on Spirits payable at the Time of the passing of the said Acts, or as are contained in this Act, or may be contained in any Act or Acts for amending the said recited Acts of the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Years, or either of them; and that all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Modes of Recovery therein, provided, mentioned, and contained in the said recited Acts of the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Years aforesaid, with respect to any Charges of Duty, or Surcharges, or other Charges on any Distiller, and with respect to the warehousing of any Spirits, shall be applied and put in Practice in making Charges and Surcharges on such Distiller in respect of the said Drawbacks

Spirits under this Act, and with respect to the warehousing of any Spirits charged with Duty under this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intoxic and Potentia whatsoever, as if all the said Charles, Rites, Regulations, Resolutions, Provisions, Statutes, and Enforcements, had been expressly repeated and enacted in this Act, except only so far as the said Acts are altered by this present Act, or as the same may be altered by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the first Charge on any Distiller in respect of the said Duty of Ten Shillings under this Act, for every Six Gallons of Spirits made from Corn maled or unmaled, shall be made at the End of the first complete Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, which shall commence at any Time after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight, for which any Still of such Distiller shall by Law be chargeable as working; and that every future Charge is respect of the said Duty, shall be made at the End of each subsequent Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, for which any Still shall by Law be chargeable as working, in Manner herein-after mentioned; (that is to say,) the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of any Distiller, shall make a Return to the Collector of the District for each first Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, and so in like Manner a Return for every other or subsequent Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, while any Still of any Distiller shall continue, or be presumed to continue working, or shall by Law be chargeable as working, and in such Return shall charge such Distiller after the Rate of One Shilling and Eight pence per Gallon for the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller shall be chargeable with Duty in respect of such Still, or of the Spirits made or distilled thereon, for every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, under the Provisions and Regulations of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, without any Allowance or Deduction from the said Duty of Ten Shillings, for or in respect of the Size of the Still or Stills in which such Spirits shall have been distilled; and such Distiller shall pay the Duty appearing by such Returns and Charge to have become due and payable, without any Allowance or Deduction, otherwise than is herein-after expressly mentioned, within Six Days after such Returns and Charge shall have been made, or shall for every Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Distiller charged with the said Duty of Ten Shillings for every Six Gallons of Spirits made from Corn maled or unmaled, after the rate of One Shilling and Eight-pence per Gallon, is Manner aforesaid, shall bestow and Credit against the Amount of the said Duty, and is discharge of the same, at and after the Rate of Ten Shillings British Currency for each and every Barrel of Malt, which shall have been actually used and consumed by such Distiller, in the making and distilling of the Spirits, for which such Charge shall be made, and such Duty shall be payable; And for that Purpose it shall be lawful for such Distiller to produce to the Surveyor or Gauger in charge of his Distillery, or other proper Officer or Officers of Excise, on any Day after the Meeting in the Fourth Week of each such Period of Four Weeks, an Account of the Quantity of Malt actually maled or brewed by such Distiller, within a Period of Four Weeks immediately preceding and ending with such Meeting, together with Permits or Certificates for the permitting of such Quantity of Malt into the Malt Kieve of such Distillery, and whereupon, if such Surveyor, Gauger, or Officer, shall be satisfied with such Accounts, such Surveyor, Gauger, or Officer, shall at the Foot thereof certify his Assent thereto, and shall sign his Name and the Date to such Certificate, and the said Account and Certificate shall be taken and accepted after the Rate aforesaid by the Collector of the District, and so towards the Discharge, and in Part Satisfaction of the Monthly Amount of the said Duty of Ten Shillings for every Six Gallons of Spirits so charged upon and payable by such Distiller as aforesaid; Provided always, that the Distiller by whom or on whose Behalf such Account and Certificate shall be tendered, shall, if directed so by the Officer to whom the same shall be so tendered, make Affidavit (or solemn Affirmation if a Quaker), to the Truth of such Account before such Collector; and on Default or Refusal of such Distiller so to do when thereto required, such Account and Certificate shall not be taken or accepted in Manner aforesaid; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall for any such Period of Four Weeks for which such Account of the Quantity of Malt actually maled or brewed by such Distiller shall be produced as aforesaid, have received Credit, in Manner aforesaid, for a greater Quantity of Malt as being used or consumed by such Distiller within such Period, than such Quantity as shall appear to have been lawfully used within the said Period in the Stock Account of the Malt made or received by such Distiller; every such Distiller shall for every Barrel of such Excess of Quantity of Malt forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater Quantity than a Barrel: Provided always, that in case such Excess shall not exceed the Proportion of Five per Centum upon such Stock Account, no such Forfeiture or Penalty shall be incurred.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Malt shall be removed from or out of the Stores of any Distiller, or from any other Place, into the Mill, Distillery, or Malt Kieve of such Distiller without a Permit; and that if any Quantity of Malt ground or unground, whether or any Process of distilling or not, or whether mixed or unmixed with any ground or unground unmaled Corn or not, shall be found in the Mill, Distillery, or Malt Kieve of such Distiller, and a Permit for removing the same into such Mill, Distillery, or Malt Kieve, shall not, as Demanded by any Officer of Excise be produced, or Proof made to such Officer that such Permit had been granted for such Malt, and that such Permit was afterwards lost or mislaid, all such Malt, together with all unmaled Corn with which such Malt may be mixed, shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds British Currency; and every such Permit shall from Time to Time be delivered by such Distiller or his Servant to the Surveyor or other proper Officer of Excise in charge of the Distillery within Twelve Hours after the Expiration of the Time for which the same shall be in force, or at any Time within such Twelve Hours, as Demanded thereof made by such Officer; and if such Permit shall not be delivered to such Officer accordingly, such Distiller shall forfeit for every Neglect Twenty Pounds British Currency.

Duty of Ten Shillings for Six Gallons shall be charged on the first working after each September, and shall be charged by Officers at the End of every Month.

Distiller shall have Credit from the Collector of the District against the said Duty in the Book of the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of his Distillery, and shall be allowed by him.

Distiller shall deliver an Office Account of Malt used, to which the Officer shall certify his Assent.

Distiller shall deliver an Office Account of Malt used, to which the Officer shall certify his Assent.

Permit to Distiller receiving Credit for the Malt shall not be Demand.

No Malt shall be removed into three into Distillery without a Permit; Penalty for Distiller's Neglect.

Permit shall be delivered to Surveyor, &c. Penalty for Neglect.

Account

Account of the Stock or Spirits in Hand on each Year shall be taken by the TOWN OFFICER, and a Return made to the Collector of the D. with. § 1. Returns shall be made by Distillers, Rectifiers, &c. on Oath, of Stock on Hand on each 10th June. Distillers shall deliver Account of all secreted or Spent on between 10th June and 20th September. Oath to the Truth of Returns. § 2. Duties on each Spirit in Stock shall be made on the largest Return, and paid within One Month, or on Removal. § 3. Penalty for Default of Payment most Death Duty and 20l. § 4. Purchaser shall pay Salt additional Duty on Spirits presently sold. § 5. Duties earned to 1798 Consolidated Fund. § 6. Duties, Drawbacks, and Penalties under this Act, shall be levied as other Revenues of Customs and Excise, under 24 & 25 Car. 2. c. 8. 46 G. 3. c. 106. Sec. § 28. Act may be altered or repealed in this Session. § 19."

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to amend the Two Acts for the Collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster.

[17th June 1808.]

40 G. 3. c. 28. **W**HEREAS an Act was made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*; which said secreted Act was amended by an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament for the Collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*: And whereas it is expedient to amend the said intitled Acts; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, every Year of them, to reduce the Quantity of Malt for which any Malster or Maker of Malt is under the said intitled Act of the Forty-sixth Year chargeable with Duty during the Continuance of his License in any Year, on such Oathsworn and in such Manner, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Commissioners of Excise or any Four of them are empowered to order any Charge under the said intitled Act of the Forty-sixth Year, any yearly Charge or other Matter or Thing, in the said intitled Act of the Forty-sixth Year to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners may order Malt-warehouse and Lagers under 16 G. 2. c. 10. may apply as Oath under 45 G. 2. § 35, 36, 38. Regard of 12 G. 2. c. 10. § 4.

Distillers of Malt, Rectifiers, Brewers, and Coach Frames shall be regulated under this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said intitled Act of the Forty-fifth Year as relates to the Dimensions of any Malt-house, Cistern, Growing Floor, Kils Floor, or Couch Frame, or to the granting any License for more than One Cistern in any Malt-house, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: And that from and after the passing of this Act the said Provisions shall be altered and regulated under this Act in Manner following; and that no License shall be granted to any Malster or Maker of Malt to make Malt in any Malt-house which shall contain more than one Stoop or Cistern for the steeping or wetting of Cereals; or the growing, working, or drying Floor or Floors in which shall not contain Two thousand five hundred Square Feet in the Whole at the least; or the Kils Floor or Floors in which shall contain no Number of Square Feet exceeding the Proportion of Three hundred and Twenty four Square Feet of such Kils Floor or Floors for every Two thousand five hundred Square Feet of the growing, working, or drying Floor or Floors in such Malt-house; nor shall the Stoop or Cistern in every such Malt-house shall be of Dimensions sufficient to contain not less than Four Bushels and a Half of Barley in the least for every One hundred Square Feet of growing, working, or drying Floor or Floor in such Malt-house; nor shall any License be granted to make Malt in any Malt-house which shall be a Square Couch Frame of the Steep or Cistern therein, of the Depth of Two Feet at the least, and not more than Three Feet, and capable of receiving the same Quantity of Cereals as the Stoop or Cistern, and no more, nor shall such Couch Frame shall be constructed of Materials of such Strength as shall be sufficient to preserve the Dimensions of such Couch Frame when charged with Grain, nor shall such Couch Frame, or such Part thereof as shall be constructed of Wood, shall be of the Substance of One Inch at least in Thickness, and bound on the Outside at every Three Feet in Length with a Ledger of Wood Six Inches in Breadth and One Inch thick at the least, nor shall such Couch Frame shall be trodded, scord, and forced in such Manner as that the Officers of Excise may take an Area thereof; and if any License shall be granted to any Person to make Malt in any Malt-house contrary to the aforesaid Regulations, such License is hereby declared to be null and void, and every Person making Malt in such Malt-house shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and be subject to all the Penalties and Forfeitures to which any Person making Malt without License is by the Statute Provided always, that in all Cases where the Floor of the Kils of any Malt-house shall be covered with Iron Wire or Iron Plates for the Purpose of making or preparing Malt for brewing Purposes, a License may be granted to make Malt therein, although it shall not contain a Number of Square Feet of Kils Floor above the Rate aforesaid, in case it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes that the Malt to be made therein is to be used in brewing Pottery and not otherwise: Provided also that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to grant a License to any Person to make Malt in any Malt-house which may have been on foot previous to the passing of the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, the growing, working, or drying Floors in which shall contain less than Two thousand five hundred Square Feet, and not less than One thousand Square Feet, and the Kils Floor or Floors of which shall be in the foregoing Proportions to the growing or drying Floor or Floors therein.

Provision relating to growing Floors not dependent on three feet by Walls, shall be deemed Part of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Floor, Room, or Place next adjoining to any Floor or Floor in any Malt-house registered or situated under the said intitled Act of the said Forty-fifth Year, as a growing, working, or drying Floor, or which shall be situated in any Return or Account under the said intitled Act as a growing, working, or drying Floor, which shall not be separated from such Floor so registered or situated by a Wall built with Brick or Stone, with Mortar made with Lime and Sand, of the full Height of the Top or Casing of the Room or Place in which such Floor is registered or situated shall be, and not less than Nine

Lashes in Tackling, and within 3 Days after the Opening wherever there is, and in that of 3000 Commodities shall be taken in the Lane and each Floor be regulated respectively, shall be dressed any Lashes to be Part of such Floor, and if any Person requiring any Lashes under the said recited Act, shall not have Return as aforesaid in time, the Number of Square Feet contained in such Floor or Place to be so regulated, as aforesaid, as Part of the Distinctions of such growing, working, or drying Floor, every such Person for every such Office, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Brewer or Distiller who shall remove out of or from any Store, any Quantity of Malt more or less for Brewery or Distillery, shall obtain a proper Permit signed by the proper Officer for such Removal, whether such Malt shall have been made by such Brewer or Distiller or not; and if any Quantity of Malt ground or prepared, raised or separated with any process or separated Corn or Grain, whether in a State of manufacturing into Beer or Ale or Spirits or not, shall be found in any Brewery or Distillery, and such Permit signed by the proper Officer, for removing such Malt into such Brewery or Distillery, shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Excise, or within a reasonable Time after such Demand be produced, then and in every such Case every Brewer or Distiller in whose Brewery or Distillery such Malt shall be so found as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Mill or Mill House shall be registered as a Store for keeping Malt, nor any Place which shall have a Commencement by several Deeds or shall be adjoining to that Part of any Distillery or Brewery where any Kye or other Vessel for mashing shall be kept.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if in any Time or any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall have discontinued working for the Remainder of any Year, pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall be deemed as to be so discontinued, if he shall not be liable for such Maltster or Maker of Malt to do, by and with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Treasury, or Three of them, on giving 14 written Days Notice of such his or her Intention so to do to the said Commissioners, and to the Collector or other proper Officer in Charge at the Distillery, and to the Surveyor or Gauger of the Work; and on such Day shall be mentioned in such Notice that the Twenty-sixth Day of June next in the Year; and every such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall in such Case be charged and chargeable with, and liable to answer there in all Respects as such Maltster or Maker of Malt would have been charged and chargeable with in such Case, had such Maltster or Maker of Malt not given such Notice of Discontinuance for the Remainder of the Year.

VII. And whereas it is by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, among other Things, enacted, that any Maltster or Maker of Malt, or other Person whatsoever in England, shall not or shall be liable, if he shall have any unlicensed Casks or Casks with Malt made of any Corn or Grain whatsoever, as Part of his or her Store of such Casks for every Office, if he be declared and enacted, That the said Provisions shall not extend, or be made and extended, to any Distiller who shall mix together any Corn and Malt for the Purpose only of distilling Spirits therefrom, and that no Distiller shall, on account of such Mixture be liable to the said Penalty, any Thing in the said last recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Surveyor or other Officer of Excise, or any Officer other than the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of any Malt house, shall make any Charge or Surcharge upon any Maltster or Maker of Malt under the said recited Acts of the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Years of His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty King George the Third, or any Act or Acts in force in England relating to the Collection of the Malt Duties, in respect of any Quantity of Malt for which such Maltster shall by Law be chargeable with Duty, such Charge or surcharge of Duty shall be a Charge on such Maltster, and such Maltster shall be chargeable with and shall pay the Duty appraised by such Charge or Surcharge to have become due and payable, in like Manner as he is chargeable or liable to pay any Duty upon any Charge returned or made by the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of the Malthouse of such Maltster, and if any Dispute or Difference shall arise between such Officer and such Maltster touching the Amount of Duty payable on any such Charge or Surcharge, such Officer in making such Charge or Surcharge shall verify the same by Affidavit in like Manner as other Officers do by the said recited Acts of the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Years or either of them required to be verified by Charge or Surcharge to make by any Officer other than such Surveyor or Gauger, and by such Officer be returned solemnly in the Book of such Surveyor or Gauger, and be separately and distinctly entered in the Return required to be made from Time to Time by such Surveyor or Gauger under the said recited Acts of the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Years or either of them.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Malt exported in the White or Grey of Six Staves, shall be carried or conveyed, or come or come in by Land or by Water from Place to Place, in England, or shall be found on any Coast, or on Board any Part or other Vessel within a proper Port or Let-Port, or in the Corner or Port of any Port, or in the Mouth of the Port, or in whole Part thereof, the same shall be, shall not on Demand made by any Officer of Excise, or by the proper Officer, produce a Permit or Let-Port with the Hand of the proper Officer, authorizing the Removal of such Malt, then and in every such Case all such Malt, with the Sticks or Packings containing the same, and also the Buds and Craggs, or the Bars or Vessels containing, carrying, bearing, or drawing the same, with all Tackle and other appurtenances belonging thereto, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer shall at any Time while he shall carry on the Trade of a Brewer, sell or otherwise dispose of any Malt to any Person whatsoever, except in Persons buying Ale or Beer for their own private Use, and in such Quantity only as such Person may reasonably consume within a reasonable Time for making Beer or Ale for their own private Use, and for which he shall appear by the Certificate of such Person or otherwise, that such Person is an actual and a permanent Quaker of Ingers for brewing the same.

^a Power of Act C. 3. s. 23. applied to this Act. § 41.^a

Penalty 100

No Malt shall be removed into a Brewery or Distillery except on Permit chargeable with the Revenue. s. 100. Penalty 100

Malt shall not be kept in any Mill 2000. s. 101.

After Discontinuance for Remainder of a Year, notice 40 Days before 100. s. 102. Maltster may recommence working as before. Notice.

Distiller shall not be liable to Penalty unless 40 Days before 100. s. 103. No Excise on Corn with Grain.

Surcharge on Malsters by Surveyor Officers shall be as aforesaid by the Officer in Charge.

White, Grey, or Six Staves, Ale, conveyed Malt without License forfeited.

Brewer shall not dispose of Malt to any Person but such as brew or steep for Beer.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, and to amend, several Acts for granting certain Duties and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, and to grant new Duties on the Importation of *Engl India Sugar* and Foreign Spirits; and to reduce the Duty on *Brish Plantation Coffee* imported. [23d June 1808.]

" 45 G. 3. c. 18. & 46 G. 3. c. 62. granting Duties of Customs (continued by 45 G. 3. c. 22; and c. 220. c. 1.— and 47 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 1.) 47 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 16. granting other Duties of Customs, reduced Duties and Drawbacks under several Acts continued to 23d July 1809; except Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar provided for by 45 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 19. (continued by 46 G. 3. c. 17.)—Regulations in all the recited Acts, also continued to said 23d July 1809. 1. Articles imported on Bounty shall not be liable to Duty. 2. Drawback on *Brish and Irish Salt* imported from *Ireland* 2s. per Bushel. Such Salt shall be exported under Regulation 12 46 G. 3. c. 25. § 71. 3. Duty on *Engl India Sugar* imported 12. 6d. 3d. per cwt. and 4. Drawback of the Whole on Exports, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks. 4. 4. Duty on *Brish Plantation Coffee* imported into *Ireland* reduced to 7d. per lb. 5. Duty on Foreign Spirits in *Wales* and on the 10th of June, or imported on the said Day or afterwards, 100s. per Gallon additional, § 6. Duties and Drawbacks shall be remitted as former Duties, &c. § 7. and carried to the *Irish Consolidated Fund*. 4. 4. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 9."

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*. [23d June 1808.]

48 G. 3. c. 28.

48 G. 3. c. 28.
c. 17.48 G. 3. c. 28.
c. 17. as to
Alterations for
Accidents,
repealed.Duties on
spirituous
Liquors may
be paid in
advance at
the Excise
Office.Spirits distilled,
may be charged
with a
duty.Duties shall
be chargeable
on the
Spirits as
they are
distilled.

" WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *As*

Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the *amendment of such Statutes for Exports*: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to amend the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts should be further amended: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as therein is enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Three of the Commissioners of Excise in *Ireland*, to reduce or abate the Quantity of Spirits wherewith any Distiller shall be chargeable in any Year, by virtue of the said Act, according to the Number of Weeks or Days in the said Act mentioned, upon Proof upon Oath, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that some Fire, such as Fire or any other unavoidable Accident or Misfortune, shall have prevented such Distiller from working such Number of Weeks or Days, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And, for preventing any Injury or Interruption to the Revenue by Accidents which may hinder any Still from working, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller in *Ireland*, from Year to Year, to provide a Second Still of his own Motion, and upon the like Plan with any Still or Stills which such Distiller shall be bound to keep up as he is Distiller, or as nearly so as may be practicable, and to lodge such Second Still at the Excise Office of the District in which such Distiller shall be situate, so to be kept there until the same shall be required by such Distiller to be delivered to him, for the Purpose of being set up and placed in his Distillery, in the Room and stead of such Still of the like Dimensions and Plan as may be prevented from working in such Distillery by any Fatality or Accident.

III. And be it further enacted, That as each Second Still shall be delivered to such Distiller, and such Distiller shall have deposited at the Excise Office aforesaid, the other Still of like Dimensions and Plan which shall have been prevented from working as aforesaid, and to replace which he demands, the Delivery of such Second Still; nor need Notice of such Intention to demand the same shall have been given to the Surveyor or Comptroller in Charge of such Distillery; and the Still which shall be removed from such Distillery into such Excise Office, shall remain there until the same shall be broken up or removed under the Direction of the Proprietor thereof, or until the same shall be delivered, by Order of the Proprietor thereof, to some other Person for the Purpose of being repaired, sufficient Security being first given by Bond to the Collector of the Excise Office of Excise, that such Still shall be returned to the Excise Office as or before a Day to be fixed by such Proprietor appointed by such Collector or Officer, and to be repaired in such Bond, and that such Still shall not be sold for any Purpose whatever before the same shall be returned to the Excise Office; and every Still repaired shall be returned to the said Excise Office accordingly for the Proprietor thereof, or for any Person to whom the same may be disposed of by such Proprietor, and to take such Still after being repaired shall remain at the said Excise Office, in case that Twelve Calendar Months in the Whole, since the Proprietor thereof shall be obliged to be necessary, it shall be lawful for the Collector of the District to break up such Still and render the same useless, and to cause the Materials of such Still to be sold, and the Produce thereof, after deducting all Expenses of such Still, shall be paid by such Collector to the Proprietor of such Still: Provided always, that no Still shall be set up or removed from the Excise Office, without a regular Permit to be duly granted for that Purpose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall remove to the Excise Office any Still which shall have been prevented from working, in the Course of any Period during which such Still shall be chargeable on working, such Distiller shall nevertheless be and continue charged and chargeable in respect of the same

Number of Workings, and in all other Respects whatsoever as if so such Renewal had taken place, and as if such Still had continued uninterrupted at work: Provided always, that in such Case it may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to make any Allowance to any Distiller who shall be discharged in respect of any Worts, Worts, or Pot Ale, not distilled within the Time allowed by Law.

as if so such
Renewal had
taken place.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case the Hoale in which any Still shall be at work shall be suddenly or wronged in the Whole or in Part by any Fire therein, or by any adjoining Hoale or Office, whereby any such Still shall have been prevented from working, or so far as any further Working shall have happened in the Still-tubing Office, by the Walls falling or the Roof falling in, it shall be lawful for any Three of the Commissioners of Excise in Ireland to reduce or abate the Quantity of Spirits whosoever any Distiller shall be entitled to, for the Period of Twenty-eight Days, in the Course of which such Fire or sudden Fatality shall have happened, upon Proof upon Oath, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that by such Fire or sudden Fatality such Distiller shall have been prevented from working the full Number of Twenty-eight Days, and that the Quantity of Spirits charged, exclusive of the Quantity contained in such prepared Abatement, is the same as if such Quantity made in such Still during such Period: Provided always, that Application to the said Commissioners, for such Reduction or Abatement shall be made within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the said Term of Twenty-eight Days, in the Course of which such Fire or sudden Fatality shall have happened; and that no Reduction or Abatement shall be allowed in respect of any fraudulent Part of a Day; and that every such Reduction or Abatement shall be first approved of by any Three of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer.

In case of
Disturbance by
Fire, or
Allowance may
be made in
Distillers.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if by notice or in pursuance of any Act made or to be made to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, any Still in the Distillery of any Distiller shall at any Time have been prevented or shall be prevented from working for the Whole or any Period of Twenty-eight Days in the Course of which any such Prohibition shall have commenced, or may commence or take place, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three or more of them, to make such Allowances to such Distiller as shall appear to the said Commissioners to be just and reasonable, such Allowance is no Case exceeding the Amount of Duty computed upon the Quantity of Spirits remaining undistilled, and necessary to complete the Quantity of Spirits for which any such Distiller shall be respectively chargeable for such Period of Twenty-eight Days; and that any Stoppage of any Still by notice or in pursuance of any such Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, shall be taken and deemed as a Discontinuance by such Distiller, for the Remains of the Year for which any License to such Distiller shall in that Behalf, unless in the Renewal of such Prohibition such Distiller shall re-commence working, under any of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the regulating and levying the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland; and that in case of any such Stoppage by notice or in pursuance of any such Prohibition of any Worts, Worts, or Pot-Ale, made from Corn, shall be in any Day the Day at the Time when such Prohibition shall commence or take place, and such Worts, Worts, or Pot-Ale, shall not be distilled in the Expiration of Six Days including the Day of brewing and the Day of distilling such Worts, Worts, or Pot-Ale, may be distilled at any Period after the Expiration of the said Six Days; and that no Surcharge shall be made on the Distiller in respect of such Worts, Worts, or Pot-Ale, not being distilled within the said Period of Six Days; any Thing to the said contrary Acts of the Forty-sixth Year abated by the contrary enactments.

Allowance to
Distillers from
Disturbance pro-
duced by
legislation.
Stoppage of
Distillation in
the Course of
any Month.

Such Stoppage
shall be deemed a
Discontinuance
for the
Remains of
the Year.

Work in
the Course of
such Stoppage
may be distilled.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Low Wines or Spirits shall be made, extracted, or distilled in Ireland, from Melasses, or any Mixture with the same; and that if any Distiller or other Person in Ireland shall, after the passing of this Act, make, extract, or still any Low Wines or Spirits from Melasses, or any Mixture with the same, or shall brew or prepare any Worts or Worts from Melasses, or any Mixture with the same, for the Purpose of extracting or distilling Low Wines or Spirits, every such Distiller or other Person shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and all Melasses and all Worts prepared from the same, or any Mixture therewith, and all Low Wines and Spirits made, extracted or distilled therefrom, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Distillation
from Melasses
prohibited.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty King George, for regulating and levying the Collection of the Duties on Spirituous in Ireland, as aforesaid, in which such Worts shall be distilled in the said Acts of the said Days, shall be contained as Worts not extracted or fermented Charge upon the Distiller, and that such Distillers who comply with such Duty in respect of such Worts, shall be and the same is hereby enacted, that from and after the passing of this Act, all Worts in the Distillery of any Distiller, which shall be commenced at the Expiration of the said Days, including the Day of breaking down the Sugar, shall be included in the said Duty, and shall be charged with the same in respect of such Worts, including in the said Duty, as aforesaid, in the said Act, and of any Act or Acts relating to the said Duty, as if such Worts were included in the said Duty.

Act of 26 Geo.
III. 1781
That of 46
Geo. III. 1806
shall be repealed
within 10 Days
of the said
Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in and after the passing of the above recited Acts of the Forty-sixth Year, or any Decree of Parliament made or to be made, and of any Decree of any Court or any Statute made or to be made, for the Regulation of the Collection of the Duties on Spirituous in Ireland, as aforesaid, in which such Worts shall be distilled in the said Acts of the said Days, shall be contained as Worts not extracted or fermented Charge upon the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated at the Rate of twenty-one Gallons of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Worts, and as to support in any such Statute or Decree of Worts, and upon any Decree of Law Worts or bealings produced from any such Worts, such Officer shall charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits at the Rate of One Gallon of Spirits for every Two

Worts of 21
Gallons of Spirits
shall be charged
upon every
hundred
Gallons of Worts.

Offices, in the Sum of Twenty-five Pounds only, such Fine to be recovered and levied in like Manner as by the last recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year and that Act is directed with respect to the Fine of Fifty Pounds here-before mentioned; and so Part of such Fine or Sum of Twenty-five Pounds shall be applied to the Society for disseminating Vice and promoting Virtue in the City of Dublin, and to the Treasurer of any Publick Library or Halfpenny of any County, Town or City, but the Whole of such Fine or Sum of Twenty-five Pounds shall be applied and paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a Town or City, to such Inhabitant who shall have given the first Information, and by whose Evidence such Conviction shall have been had; or to the Justice of the Peace before whom such Information shall have been made, so as by him applied in rewarding such Informer, or otherwise promoting the Suppression of private Stills within his Jurisdiction according to the Direction of the Court.

XVI. And whereas no Still can by Law be licenced in Ireland of less Dimension than Two Hundred Gallons Capacity, except Still kept and used at Apothecaries' Halls in Dublin, and Stills of Twelve Gallons Capacity for certain Purposes, and Stills for rectifying or composing Spirits: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Still, the Body whereof without its Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be capable of containing more than Twelve Gallons, and if it not be capable of containing Two hundred Gallons in the Head, or any Head or Worn belonging to any Still of any such Dimension, shall be found in any Place whatsoever (except Apothecaries' Hall aforesaid) or in the Possession of any Person whatsoever, not being a licensed Rectifier or Compositor of Spirits; the same shall be forfeited and may be seized; and if any Still not exceeding Twelve Gallons Capacity, or any Head or Worn belonging to any Still of such Capacity, shall be found in any Place whatsoever, or in the Possession of any Person whatsoever (except at Apothecaries' Hall aforesaid, or in the Cellulose of any licensed Chemist, Apothecary, Druggist, Brewer, or other Persons duly licenced to have such Twelve Gallon Still, or if any Still capable of containing more than Two hundred Gallons, shall be found in any Place whatsoever, without being duly licenced, the same shall be forfeited and may be seized; and it shall be lawful for any Person whatsoever who shall find or discover any Still, Still-head, or Worn of a Still, in any Place whatsoever, except on the Road from or to a Brewer or Maker or Member of Stills under proper Permits, or in the Possession of any Person whatsoever (except a Brewer or Person following the Trade of making or repairing Stills) without a sufficient Licence being produced at the Time for keeping the same, to seize and to destroy the same, and to convey the Material thereof to the Excise Office of the District, or to deliver the same to the next adjacent Office of Excise, who shall take the same into his Custody, and leave the same in like Manner as if the same had been seized by him; and it shall be like Manner be lawful for any Person whatsoever to seize any Spirits, Low Wines, Singlings, Wash, Pot-Ale, Malt or Corn, and all Materials for making Spirits found in the Cellulose of any unlicenced Person, or of any Person whatever not entitled by Law to have the same in their Possession, and to seize, or destroy any Worts, Wash, Pot-Ale, Low Wines or Singlings so found, and to convey all Spirits, Malt, or Corn so seized to the Excise Office of the District, or to the next adjacent Office of Excise, to be dealt with according to Law; and every Person in whose Possession any such Still, Still-head, or Worn of a Still, or Spirits, Low Wines, Singlings, Wash, Pot-Ale, or Materials for making Spirits shall be found, shall be subject to the like Penalties as if the same had been found by an Officer of Excise.

XVII. And in order to deter Persons from selling in the private and fraudulent Distilling of Spirits in any Place, be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any other Person whatever shall find or discover any unlicenced Still, or Part of or Appendage to a Still, or any Worts or Distill for Distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot-Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, the selling or having whereof shall be subject to the Penalties which shall be or here the same, or the Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture within which the same shall be sold or to be sold, to any Person, Vendor or Purchaser under the last recited Act of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Years aforesaid, or either of them, it shall be lawful for such Officer or Officers of Excise or other Person, and for all Persons acting in his or their Aid, to stop, search, and detain all and every Person and Person found and discovered in any House, or at any Place where such Still, or Part of or Appendage to a Still, or such Worts or other Unlawful for Distilling Spirits shall be found or sold, or where such Worts, Wash, Pot-Ale, Low Wines or Singlings shall be found, and to convey all and every such Person and Person before a Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Town or Place within which such Person or Persons shall be discovered as aforesaid, in order that such Person or Persons may be dealt with by such Justice according to Law, or heard upon to appear and give Evidence on any Trial which may be had for such Offence, or on any Information respecting the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Rewards or Allowances or Share of Penalty to be given, paid or made to any Officer or Officers of Excise, who shall have seized any Still or Stills, or any Head or Worn of a Still, or any Appendage to a Still, shall in every Case be proportionate only to the State of Serviceable use of such Still, Still-head, Worn, or Appendage respectively; and that if the same are entirely unserviceable, no Reward, Allowance, or Share of Penalty whatsoever shall be given, paid or made to the Officer who first have used the same; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Retentions, Penalties, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery thereof, now used, mentioned and contained in the said recited Acts of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Years aforesaid, for the regulating and keeping the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland shall be applied and put in Execution in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the said Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Retentions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery had been expressly repeated and so recited in this Act; and that the said recited Acts shall be construed together as one Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. So far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and in the said recited Acts are inserted and altered by this Act.

which shall be
paid to the
Informant, &c.

Any Person
whoever may
find and deliver
such Stills, and
other Apparatus,
shall be
rewarded in
accordance with
the Statute in
this behalf made.

Persons licensed
to sell or distill
spirits, &c. may
be apprehended
and searched
without Warrant.

Officers shall be
rewarded only
in proportion to
the Serviceable
use of Stills.

Modes of
Recovery in
this Act.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to make perpetual and to amend several Acts for the better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates, for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods in Ireland. [23d June 1808.]

WHEREAS the Acts and Provisions hereinafter mentioned will expire on the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eight; and the same having been found useful and beneficial, it is expedient that they should be made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods in Ireland*; and to prevent Frauds by Dealers in or Recipients of such Goods; and also in such an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend several Acts of Parliament for the better Collection and Security of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise in Ireland; and for preventing Frauds therein; and to make further Regulations relating thereto*, as amended by the said recited Act of the Fourth Year aforesaid; and also in such an Act, made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for making Regulations for the better Collection and Security of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise in Ireland; and for preventing Frauds therein*, as amended by the giving of a Certificate for any foreign Ware by any exporting Merchant in any Port in Ireland; and also in an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing the said recited Act of the Parliament of Ireland of the Fourth Year aforesaid, and for amending the same, so far as the same respects Permits for Spirits or Spirituous Liquours, shall be and the same are hereby made perpetual.

II. And whereas certain Stamp Duties have been imposed in the several Sessions of Parliament on Requests, Notes or Requisitions for Permits and Certificates relative to any Excisable or other Goods, as in and by former Statutes Duties on Permits and Certificates; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Time when a Stamp Duty shall be payable on such Request-Notes or Requisitions, as aforesaid, no any Certificate or Permit granted on any Permit, shall be granted by any Officer employed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs, or the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, nor by any other Person or Persons empowered to grant any such Permit or Certificate, until a Request-Note or Requisition in Writing shall have been delivered by or on behalf of the Party requiring such Permit or Certificate respectively, and that every such Request-Note or Requisition shall be duly stamped according to Law; and that such Request-Note or Requisition shall be attested by the Officer granting such Permit or Certificate, to the Duplicate of such Permit or Certificate, retained in the Custody of such Officer.

III. And be it further enacted, That all such Request-Notes and Requisitions, not duly stamped, shall be actually void; and any Permit or Certificate, granted in pursuance of any such Request-Note or Request-Note, not duly stamped, or which shall be granted without a Request-Note or Requisition being delivered in Manner required by the Act, shall be actually void, and shall not prevent any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise mentioned in such Permit or Certificate.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person unknown shall fraudulently, or without being duly authorized thereto, give or give out, or cause to be issued or given out, or be aiding or assisting in issuing or giving out any Blank Permit, or any Permit not duly authorized by a preceding Request-Note; or shall fill up any Blank Permit, not duly authorized by a preceding Request-Note; or if any Person shall fill up or fill up any Permit not corresponding to or answering with the Duplicate thereof in the Possession of the Officer; or if any Person shall obtain or make use of any Permit so issued or fraudulently obtained, such Person, in offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of six or her Life, or for the Term of Seven Years, or be sentenced to receive such other less Punishment, as the Court who shall try such Person shall direct.

V. And be it further enacted, that from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Quantity of Hops, exceeding in Weight Fifty-six Pounds, shall be carried or conveyed from any one Place to another in Ireland, without a Permit or Let-pais for the same; and that all Hops, exceeding in Weight Fifty-six Pounds, which shall be carried or conveyed, or carried or conveyed from any Port or Place in Ireland, to any other Part thereof, whether from any Part of a City or Town to another Part thereof, or from one Town or Place to another Town or Place, may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, and shall be forfeited, unless the Carrier or Person conveying such Hops, or the Person or Persons Possessing the same shall be, shall, or be Demanded by any Officer of Customs or Excise, produce a Permit or Let-pais in Form under the Hand of some Officer of Customs or Excise, authorizing the removal of such Hops; and that all such Permits shall be granted under such Rules and Regulations as are prescribed in and by the last recited Act of the Fourth Year aforesaid, for regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates in the several Cases in the said Act mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Tobacco shall at any Time be removed out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from any Warehouse in which the same shall have been lodged and inclosed under and by virtue of an Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating and extending the Tobacco Trade, and for securing the Duties payable to the Importers and Manufacturers of Tobacco*, except for Exportation, or into the Stock of a Licensed Manufacturer of Tobacco; and that whenever such Tobacco shall be intended to be removed into the Stock of such Manufacturer, the Permit granted by the proper Officer of the Customs for so removing the same shall

1801, c. 12

1802, c. 37.

1803, c. 1.

1804, c. 122.

1805, c. 17.

1806, c. 1, 45.

1807, c. 10.

No Permits

shall be

granted except

on requisitions

of Request-Notes duly

stamped, &c.

48 G. 3. c. 82.

Request-Notes

not stamped and

written in duplicate

shall be void.

Penalty on

issuing or

giving out

blank Permits,

or filling up

any Permit

not duly

authorized, &c.

No Hops shall

be carried

without Permits.

No Tobacco

shall be removed

out of

Warehouses,

except for

Exportation

or to Licensed

Manufacturers of

Tobacco, &c.

48 G. 3. c. 12.

c. 17.

be lodged in the Excise Permit Office of the Port from whence such Tobacco is to be removed, by the Person to whom such Permit shall be granted, or his Clerk or Agent, and the Excise Permit Officers shall thereupon grant to the Person to whom such Custom Permit was granted, in lieu of the said Custom Permit, an Excise Permit for removing such Tobacco into the Stack of the Manufacturer mentioned in such Custom Permit; and such Excise Permit Office shall issue to the Duplicate of the Permit granted by him the Custom Permit upon which the same was granted.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Examinable Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise whatsoever imported into Ireland, and for the Removal of which from any one Place to another a Permit is by Law required, shall be intended to be removed out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from any Warehouse in which the same shall have been lodged and secured, a Permit shall be granted by the Permit Office of the Customs at the Port from which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise are to be removed; and that upon the Arrival of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise at the Place of Destination, the Person to whom the same shall be sent, or his Clerk or Agent, shall, within Twenty-four Hours (or in case a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday shall intervene, within Forty-eight Hours) after the Arrival of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, at the Place of their Destination, or after the Time limited in such Permit, lodge such Permit at the Excise Permit Office or with the Surveyor or Officer of Excise, and obtain a Certificate thereof, signed by such Officer, in such Manner as by the said recited Act of the Fourth Year for regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates is required with respect to Permits obtained under the said recited Act; and if any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall be removed from or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from or out of any Warehouse without such Permit as a by the Act required, the same shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Certificates shall be so void and shall be received in like Manner as is required with respect to Certificates under the said recited Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall, at any Time after the passing of the Act, provide Moulds or Frames for the making of Paper to be used for Permits for the Removal of Examinable Commodities, or for Certificates of such Permits, or for Tickets to be affixed on any Cask or Package removed under Permit, or for Receipts for Taxes, with any Words or Figures visible in the Substance of such Paper, and shall also provide Plates engraved with certain Stamps, Marks, and Devices, or shall have Types cast in any peculiar Form for the printing, stamping and marking the said Papers, all Permits, Certificates and Tickets for the Purposes aforesaid, and all Receipts for Taxes, shall be granted by the said Plates or Types as Paper is made; which said Paper shall be made, and the said Plates engraved, and Types cast by such Person or Persons as shall be for that Purpose authorized and appointed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, under their Hands and Seals.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, not authorized and appointed by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, and not for the Use of the said Commissioners, shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or sell knowingly and or still in the making, or without being so authorized or appointed, shall knowingly have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused) any Frame, Mould or Instrument for the making of Paper, with the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes for such Permits, Certificates, Tickets and Receipts; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or assist in the making any Paper, in the Substance of which the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to or appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates, Tickets or Receipts shall be visible; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall knowingly have in his or her Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused) any Paper whatsoever, in the Substance of which the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates, Tickets or Receipts shall be visible; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall by any Art, Myftery, or Contrivance, cause or procure, or knowingly aid or assist in making or procuring the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates, Tickets or Receipts, to appear visible in the Substance of any Paper whatsoever; or if any Person (not authorized or appointed as aforesaid) shall engrave, cast, cut or make, or cause to be engraved, cast, cut or made any Plate, Type or other Thing, or Instrument or use or otherwise any Plate or Type made or used by the Direction of the said Commissioners for the Purpose of marking or printing of the Paper to be used for such Permits, Certificates, Tickets or Receipts; every Person, so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of his or her Life, or for the Term of Seven Years, as the Court who shall try such Person shall direct.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said recited Act of the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the issuing and printing of Permits and Certificates, shall be applied and put in force in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, except in so far as the same are expressly altered or repealed by this or any other Act or Acts.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds by way of Annuities for the Service of Ireland. [13th June 1808.]

* Contributions for every roof shall be settled to 1855, in the Irish 3^d per Cent. from 25 January 1807. § 2.

* Forging Receipts or Debentures, Felony without Clergy. § 12.

C A P.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling; and for regulating the Periods for cancelling and delivering up certain Books relating to the Revenue of Customs. [23d June 1808.]

47 G. 3.
1802 c. 10. ad.

11

18.

1 error
corrected under
revised Act.
Verbal error
in Title
deleted and.

Such Licences
may be renewed
within six Years
of the Date of
the First Licence.

Such Vessels
shall be registered
by a return
Proposed to
His Majesty in
writing
within Three
Months.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*; And whereas it is expedient that some of the Provisions of the said Act should be amended, and that further Provisions should be made for the more effectual carrying the said Act into Execution, and that certain other Provisions contained in other Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs should be amended: And whereas by the said recited Act certain Vessels then so defined exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons, and named as Luggers, are made subject to Forfeiture: And whereas the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland are directed respectively, did, after the passing of the said Act, grant Licences to the Owners of such Vessels who were desirous of navigating the same for the Purposes of the said Act mentioned, and other lawful Purposes, although the Provisions of the said Act applied only to Vessels not exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons, and it is expedient that all such Licences should be made valid; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Commissioners, and all Persons acting under their Authority and Direction, in granting any Licence shall be and they are hereby authorized, and all such Licences are hereby declared and shall be deemed to be good and valid from the Period of granting thereof, and the Provisions of the said Act as to granting such Licences shall from the Day on which the said Act passed, extend and be construed to extend to all Vessels named and listed as Luggers exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons by Advertisement, and by the said Act before made liable to Forfeiture, and not to Vessels therein defined under the Burthen of Fifty Tons; any Thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, at any Time within Ten Years from the Date of the First Licence granted under this Act in respect of any such Luger as aforesaid, to renew any such Licences to the Owner or Owners of any such Vessel, on Proof to their Satisfaction of the Ownership of such Vessel having been changed by Death or otherwise; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on each Luger as aforesaid, exceeding the Tonnage of Fifty Tons, shall here or hereafter be assessed by a greater Number of Men, (Officers and Boys included,) than in the following Proportions, that is to wit,

If of Eighty Tons or under, and above Sixty Tons, Eleven Men;

If of One hundred Tons or under, and above Eighty Tons, Twelve Men;

And above One hundred Tons, One Man for every Ten Tons of such additional Tonnage:

And in case any such Luger shall be found or discovered to have been within the Limits or Possessions of the said recited Act mentioned, having on board any greater Number of Men than in the Proportions aforesaid, every such Luger, and all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise, and shall and may be prosecuted as Vessels forfeited under the said recited Act may be prosecuted; provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Ship, Vessel, or Boat exempted as the said recited Act from the Provisions therein contained, respecting the Number of Men by which such Ship or Vessel or Boat may be navigated.

IV. And whereas Duties have arisen whether any Licence is required for the navigating of any Vessel for which a Commission or Letter of Marque hath been granted and remains in force under an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually Manned His Majesty's Navy for engaging the Passages of Peace Voyages*; and for making Provision for the Salaries of the Judges of the Vice Admiralty Courts in the Island of Malta, and in the Boroughs and Bahamas (if any); or under an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually Manned His Majesty's Navy during the present War*; be it therefore declared and enacted, That every Ship and Vessel for which a Commission or Letter of Marque hath been or shall be granted under the said recited Acts of the Forty-third and Tenth Years respectively, shall be and during the Time that such Commission or Letter of Marque shall remain in force be deemed and taken to be a Ship or Vessel licensed under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and any other Act relating to Licences of Vessels, and shall not be subject to Forfeiture for any Matter or Thing in respect of which a Licence is required by Law, although the Owner or Owners shall not have any Licence from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs.

V. And whereas Duties have arisen whether Non-commissioned Officers of the Army, empowered and authorized under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, to patrol for the Prevention of Smuggling, are empowered to stop, arrest, and detain Persons liable to be stopped, arrested, and detained, under the Laws in force for the Prevention of Smuggling, and it is expedient to remove such Duties; be it therefore declared and enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, and Claims contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Prevention of Smuggling or relative to the stopping, arresting, and detaining any Persons liable to be stopped, arrested, or detained under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or any other Act or Acts passed for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall extend and

Warmer or Non-commissioned
Officers of the
Army may stop
Offences under

be deemed and construed to extend to every Warlike and Non-warlike Officers of His Majesty's Army, not being below the Rank of a Sergeant, who hath been or shall be appointed to such Office for the first time, or commanding the Regiment in which he serves, as aforesaid, as well as provided in regard to the Purpose of granting such Prizes on the Revenue, under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or other Person making Seizure of any Ships, Vessels, or Barks, who shall also send, Sell, or detain any One or more of the Prizes found on or board of any Ship, Vessel, or Bark, or on or board of which such Ships, Vessels, or Barks, shall have been or shall be brought, Brought, or landed, and shall take and carry away or there being a Voyage or Voyage, or a Sailing Man or a Sailing Man, to any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Service, or to the Customs, or any Officer employed in His Majesty's Customs Service, under the Powers, Authorities, and Privileges contained in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, shall be entitled to and shall have and receive the like Rewards in Proportion to the Value of the Spices, Tobacco, or Saff, found on or in such Ships or Barks were carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

VII. And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, in relation to the seizing Ships and Tons seized for Sale by Pirates not being Privateers, and Hackers and Pedlars and Persons going from House to House, should be repeated, and more effectual Provisions made in relation thereto, be it therefore further enacted, That the said Provisions in the said Act contained shall be and the same shall be repeated: And from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall offer for Sale any Tea, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, or other Foreign Spices, or any Tobacco or Saff, not being intended to send thereof, and not having a Permit for the same, or if any Hacker, Pedlar, or other Person, or other Person going from Town to Town, or to other Men's Houses, and making either Tea or with any Hook or Shovel or other Carriage, or otherwise, within the Kingdom of Great Britain, shall offer for Sale any Tea, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, or other Spices, or any Tobacco, or Saff, although he shall have a Permit for the same, it shall be lawful for the Justice or Justices to whom the same shall be so offered for Sale to Stop, arrest, and detain the Person so offering the same for Sale, and to seize all such Tea, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, or other Spices, Tobacco and Saff, and carry the same to the next Warehouse, belonging to the Customs or Excise, and to carry the Person so offering the same for Sale before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who may thereupon require such Person to enter into Recognizance, in Manner directed by the said Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and such Person shall thenceforth be subject to all the Provisions in the said Act contained, in relation to Recognizances taken from Persons taken as Smugglers, and if the Offender shall be a Subject of His Majesty and a Seaman or Sailing Man, and capable of serving in His Majesty's Navy, may send such Person to the Custody of some Officer of the Customs or Excise, by him to be dealt with according to the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or otherwise to be by such Justice committed to Prison, and prosecuted for the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred for such Offences, and such Tea, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, and other Spices, Tobacco and Saff, may be prosecuted in the Name of the Justice or Justices who so stopped and seized the same, in like Manner as if the said Goods had been seized by an Officer of the Customs or Excise, and after Commencement of the Greater Commencement of the Offender, the Justice or Justices having seized such Goods, and detained such Person for offering the same for Sale, shall be entitled to Five Pounds, if one Mistry of the Value at which such Goods shall be estimated and found to be the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament mentioned, shall not exceed such Sum of Five Pounds, and if a Mistry of such Value shall exceed Five Pounds, then a Mistry of such Value, which the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise respectively are to cause to be paid in like Manner as Rewards are paid under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and such Person or Persons in arrears on any such Offender shall also be entitled to such further Rewards as by any Law now in force are given to any Officer or Non-commissioned Officer of His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, for stopping, arresting, and detaining any Offender against any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Prevention of Smuggling.

VIII. And whereas by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, Justices of the Peace are empowered to take Cognizance of Offences and Forfeitures committed or arising on the High Seas, and within the Limits of the County, City, Town, or Place, of and in which they sit as such Justices of the Peace, and it is expedient that like Power should be given to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and to the Justices of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery respectively, be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases in which His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or any Justice, or Justices of Oyer and Terminer, or Goal Delivery, are empowered to take Cognizance of any Offence or Offences against, or of any Forfeiture incurred, under any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, it shall be lawful for the said Court of King's Bench, and for such Justice or Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Goal Delivery for any County, City, Town, or Place respectively, to take Cognizance of such Offences or Offences, Forfeitures, Offences, or Forfeitures, as if the same Offences or Offences, Forfeitures, or Offences had been committed, or the same Forfeitures or Forfeitures had been incurred on Land within the respective Jurisdictions of the said Court or Justice.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons, being Subjects of His Majesty, who shall, after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, voluntarily and without His Majesty's License, or the License of His Majesty's Privy Council, or of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or of the First Lord of the Admiralty, or other sufficient lawful Authority, and without any lawful Warrant for the same, proceed and sail in any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, to any Road or Harbour upon the Coast of any of His Majesty's Kingdoms, or shall be found in any Ship, Vessel, or Boat lying on the Coast or in any Road or Harbour

best, &c.
Fishing and
Manufactures.

of any Country belonging to His Majesty's Colonies, without any such License or Authority, or sufficient Excise as aforesaid, or under the Protection of any Battaries or other Force or such Coast, or under the Protection of any Vessel belonging to His Majesty's Colonies, having on board or having had on board on such Voyage, or being in such Harbour, or upon such Coast, or under the Protection of such Battaries, with Intent to take on board any Spices, Tea, Tobacco, or Stuffs, shall be deemed guilty of Pilfering, and shall be liable to be transported for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

Trial of fish
Officers.

X. And be it further enacted, That any such Offence as last aforesaid may be alleged, laid, required of, and tried in any County, Shire, or Stewary of this Realm.

Officers may
be tried by
Justice Courts.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall be convicted for any Offence against this Act in any Custom House or Place, there to remain till delivered by due Course of Law, it shall be lawful for any of the Justices of His Majesty's Court at Westminster, or for any of the Barons of the Exchequer, being of the Degree of the Cook, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of the Treasury in Scotland, if upon Application made he shall think it reasonable, to admit such Person to Bail, in or for the giving sufficient Security for his or her Appearance to answer the Matters whereunto he or she shall be charged.

48 G. 3. c. 123.
R. 17. l. 3. 2.
c. 86. l. 1. 2. 3.
applicable to
the King's Act,
inserted in His
Majesty's O. S.
c. 170. l. 3. 4.
2. 6. 10. 17. 28.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said Two several Acts of the Twenty-fifth and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and of this Act, and all the Provisions, Provisions, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things therein contained, as an Appendix to a Statute to the Honors of George, King, and Adversary, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, extend and be deemed and construed to extend to the Isle of Man, in as full and ample Manner as the same extend to the said Islands of George, King, and Adversary, and as if the said Isle had in the said several Acts been expressly named with the said Islands in all the Clauses and Provisions in which the said Islands are mentioned.

Books entered
into relating to
the Customs shall
remain open
Two Years from
the Time limited
for the Performance
of the Customs.
[50. 1. 1808.
c. 48. § 3.]

XIII. And whereas Bonds and Securities taken by Officers relating to the Revenue and Duties of His Majesty's Customs (except Bonds taken for Duties on Payment of Money, or for the good Behaviour of Officers in the Execution of their Duty) are, by an Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, made and declared to be void if no Provisions shall be commenced for the Breach or Non-performance of any Covenant or Condition therein contained, within the Space of Five Years from the Date of such Bonds or Securities: And whereas many Bonds relating to the Revenue and Duties of His Majesty's Customs (besides such Bonds as in the said recited Act are excepted) are taken with Conditions which cannot be completely performed within Five Years from the Date thereof: Be it therefore further enacted, That every such Bond as aforesaid, which has heretofore been or shall hereafter be entered into in relation to the Revenue or Duties of His Majesty's Customs, shall remain and continue in full Force for Two Years, and may be perfected and put in full at any Time within Two Years from the Time limited in the Condition of every such Bond respectively, for the Performance thereof, any Thing in the said Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: and from and after the Expiration of such Two Years aforesaid, every such Bond, upon which no Provisions or Suit shall have been commenced, shall be void, and may be cancelled and delivered as in the said Act is directed.

Books in
giving Licenses
shall not be
cancelled till
Licenses shall
have been
delivered up
14 Months.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer of His Majesty's Customs to cancel any Bond given upon the granting of any License or Licenses forth, Nations of any Vessel or Boat, and for the preventing the Owner or any other Person using or employing such Vessel or Boat contrary to the Laws in force for the Prevention of Smuggling, or to deliver up any such Bond to the Obligor or Obligees, or any other Person, until the License or Licenses in respect whereof such Bond was given shall have been delivered up to the proper Officer of the Customs for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months, or the Penalty of such Bond hath been paid to His Majesty.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to regulate the Trade between Great Britain and the United States of America until the End of the next Session of Parliament. [13d June 1808.]

Goods of the Growth, &c. of the United States of America, not prohibited, may be imported into Great Britain in Vessels of British or American Built, &c. § 1. Such Goods may be landed on Payment of the lowest Duties, payable on the like Articles from other foreign Countries, in British or for-¹ 20 Bottoms respectively. § 2. American Tobacco shall be subject to the same Duty as European Tobacco imported by British Subjects from the British Colonies, and American Stuffs to the same Duty as European Stuffs imported from Europe. § 3. Such Tobacco and Stuffs may be warehoused, &c. under Regulations of 17 G. 3. c. 8. 30 G. 3. c. 40. &c. and shall be accompanied by a Manifest, &c. Like Drawbacks shall be allowed to the Exportation of such Goods as on other foreign Goods; and on British Goods as America the like Drawbacks as on the said Goods. Duties payable on Carriages, &c. not to be affected. § 4. Duties shall be levied and applied as in other Duties of Customs and Excise. § 5. His Majesty is Coenaid may suspend the Provisions of this Act. § 6. Continuance of A. G. End of next Section. § 7.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act to revive and continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the British Fisheries. [13d June 1808.]

* 50 G. 3. 1808.

C A P. LXXXVII

An Act for repealing the Rates and Taxes taken by Hackney Coachmen, and for establishing others in lieu thereof; and for amending several Laws relating to Hackney Coaches.

[23d June 1808.]

WHEREAS the Rates and Taxes to be taken by Hackney Coachmen, and Persons legally sitting under them, for the Hire of Hackney Coaches, have, in consequence of the greatly advanced Prices of Provisions and every other Article necessary to Carriage and Horses, been found in former Instances to be insufficient, and otherwise unprofitable to the Carriage of the Difficulty of calculating the same: And whereas it is therefore expedient that the Rates and Taxes mentioned and set forth in all former Acts of Parliament should be repealed, and other substituted in lieu thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all the Rates and Taxes mentioned and set forth in former Acts of Parliament, and heretofore taken for the Hire of Hackney Coaches within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, and within all and every the Parishes and Places comprised within the weekly Bills of Mortality, or other Places, within which such Hackney Coaches are compellable to go or be driven, shall be repealed, and in lieu thereof, every Person who now or shall hereafter be licensed by the Commissioners for licensing and registering Hackney Coaches for the Time being, or the major Part of them, to drive, keep, and let to Hire by the Hour or Day, or otherwise any Hackney Coach with Horses, Grooms, and Males, within the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs of the same, or within the Parished and Places comprised within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or any other Place or Places within which, by any of the Laws now in force, such Hackney Coaches are compellable to go, or any Person sitting legally under any such licensed Person, shall be entitled to, and may demand, receive and take, for the Hire of any Hackney Coach, the Rates and Taxes described, mentioned, and set forth in Tickers in either of the Two Schedules or Tables hereto annexed, marked (A.) and (B.) calculating for Time, or Distance, at the Option of such Coachman.

All former Rates repealed.

New Rates, according to Schedule (A.) and (B.)

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the Rates and Fares of Hackney Coaches shall be calculated by the Hour or Mile only, and not otherwise.

Taxes how to be calculated.

23 G. 3. c. 87.

III. And whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to regulate and amend in such of the Acts, made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relate to Hackney Coaches and Chaises*: And whereas by one other Act, made and passed in the Thirty-sixth and Thirtieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the Rates and Fares taken by licensed Hackney Coachmen, and for establishing other Rates and Taxes in lieu thereof, and for explaining and amending several Laws relating to Hackney Coaches and Chaises*, Hackney Coachmen are obliged and compellable after Sunset to go certain Distances, thence respectively set forth, beyond the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof: And whereas the Period of Sunset has been found to be so easily liable to Dispute, it is therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Hackney Coachman plying for Hire within the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof, shall be obliged and compellable on every Day of the Week, after the Hour of Eight in the Evening between the Periods of *Lady Day* and *Michaelmas Day*, and after the Hour of Five in the Evening between *Michaelmas Day* and *Lady Day*, to go the several Distances, and under the several Circumstances mentioned and contained in the said recited Acts respectively.

23 & 40 G. 3. c. 97.

Hackney Coachmen to go the Distances specified in and after this Act on the Periods herein mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for every Hackney Coach hired in any Part of the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof, the Borough of Southwark or any Place adjoining thereto, where there is a regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement from either of the said Cities or Borough, or at any Standing for Hackney Coaches beyond any such regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement, after the Hour of Eight in the Evening between the Periods of *Lady Day* and *Michaelmas Day*, and after the Hour of Five in the Evening between the Periods of *Michaelmas Day* and *Lady Day*, and taken to and at all Places at any Place where there is not a regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement, there shall be and be lawfully demanded, and payable and paid, over and above the ordinary established Fare payable according to the several Schedules, for the Hire of every such Coach the said Rate or Rates allowed by this Act, or the nearest Extremity of continued Carriage-way Pavement; or, when such Hackney Coach shall have been hired or taken at any Standing for Hackney Coaches beyond any such regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement, there shall be demanded and paid, over and above the ordinary established Fare mentioned, the said Rate or Rates both either to such Standing or to the nearest Extremity of continued Carriage-way Pavement, at the Option of the Person discharging such Coach: And for every Hackney Coach which shall be hired or taken to be driven into the Country in the Day-time, and down thither and there delivered, there shall be demanded from the Person or Persons for hiring and discharging such Coach, for the Return thereof on the nearest Extremity of continued Carriage-way Pavement, if such Coach shall have been taken in any Part of the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof, the Borough of Southwark or any Place adjoining thereto, where there is a regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement from either of the said Cities or Borough: or, if taken at any Place beyond any such regular Continuation of Carriage-way Pavement, then for the Return thereof on such latter Place where taken, over and above the ordinary established Fare payable according to the several Schedules, for the Hire of every such Coach, the additional Rates and Fares following; that is to say, for Ten Miles Five Shillings, for Eight Miles Four Shillings, for Six Miles Three Shillings, and for Four Miles Two Shillings; but no Allowance for Return to be made for any lesser Distance than Four Miles, is calculated.

Every such Fare beyond usual way Pavement.

Part of the Act, by which the said Rates are to be calculated.

Pecuniary to His Majesty when playing for the above money. s. 100 to 100	<p>V. And whereas Hackney Coachmen do discharged in the Country have, contrary to Right, and to the Provisions of the Statute aforesaid Stages, been in the frequent Habit of playing for and picking up promiscuous Passengers, thereby converting their Hackney Coaches into Stages; be it therefore enacted, That every Hackney Coachman do offend, and be liable thereof convicted by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before the major Part of the Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Penalty not exceeding Three Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings, in the Discretion of the major Part of the said Commissioners: Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall prevent or hinder any such Hackney Coachman, so returning from the Country, from taking up regular Fare in the proper Courts of his Employment.</p>
Hackney Coaches shall carry a Table and a Driver on outside.	<p>VI. And whereas Disputes have frequently arisen, and do frequently arise where Hackney Coachmen refuse to carry more than Four Passengers; for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That every Hackney Coachman shall be obliged and compellable to carry Four adult Persons aside his Coach, and a Servant outside, if required, at one and the same Time, and he shall not be compellable to carry above that Number; but if he shall agree to take above that Number, he shall be entitled to demand and receive for every such additional adult Person whom he shall be agreed to carry, and shall carry, One Shilling over and above the regular Fare; or if he shall have been hired to drive into the Country, and shall drive thither, and there shall wait, and shall return with any such additional adult Person, he shall be entitled to demand and receive for every such additional adult Person whom he shall be agreed to carry, and shall carry into the Country, and after waiting, return with, One Shilling for going and One Shilling for returning, over and above his regular Fare.</p>
Fares for adult and Children.	<p>VII. And whereas it hath frequently occurred, that Persons having and taking Hackney Coaches to ^{any} ^{part} ^{of} ^{the} ^{great} ^{streets} ^{of} ^{London}, or other Places of publick Resort, and elsewhere, have directed the Drivers thereof to wait, and have not returned, to the great Loss and Prejudice of the Owners of such Coaches; for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for every Hackney Coachman to hire and take, and directed to wait, and they are hereby empowered to wait, demand, and receive of and from the Person or Persons so being and directing them to wait as aforesaid, a reasonable Sum in Hand, over and above the Fare to which they respectively shall be entitled for driving thither, the Sum is hereby to be accounted for when every such Coach shall be finally discharged.</p>
Allowance of Tax on Coachbook kept on every Coach.	<p>VIII. And whereas by the Laws now in force, Hackney Coachmen are not obliged or compellable to go with Passengers of hiring their Coaches, provided they shall have been out Twelve Hours: And whereas Hackney Coachmen have been oftentimes (especially) summoned to answer for Refusal, to the great Prejudice and Loss both of themselves and their Masters; be it therefore further enacted, That every Hackney Coachman who shall, on a civil and lawful Term, decline to take any Person or Persons desirous to engage his Coach, either that he hath been at work Twelve Hours with his Coach and Horses, or that he is actually hired, and shall afterwards, notwithstanding such Refusal, be summoned to answer for Refusal, and shall, upon the issuing of the Complaint, produce sufficient Evidence to prove that he had been then Twelve Hours at Work, or that he was at the Time actually and lawfully hired (as the Case may be), and it shall not appear that such Hackney Coachman had used any unbecomingly, or had improperly conducted himself towards the Party by whom he shall be so summoned, such Hackney Coachman shall not be punished for such Refusal; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, before whom such Complaint shall be heard, and they are hereby empowered, to require the Person who shall have summoned such Coachman to make to him a Compensation for his Loss of Time in attending the Office, not exceeding the Sum of Five Shillings, nor less than Three Shillings, to be levied and recovered as any Penalty may be levied and recovered under any Act of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches.</p>
Condemnation in the Hackney Coaches to properly licensed for any taking Passengers.	<p>IX. And whereas the Owners of Hackney Coaches, regularly licensed, have been heretofore greatly prejudiced & aggrieved by the Intolerance of the Owners or Drivers of the Rated figured Stages with the regular Streetwork of Hackney Coaches; for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That an Owner or Driver of any Rated figured Stage, on his Way to London, shall take up any Person as and for a Passenger in his Coach after he shall have entered the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark, at any of the Exit gates thereof respectively; nor shall any such Owner or Driver of any such Rated figured Stage, on his Return into the County, take up any Person as and for a Passenger in his Coach, for the Purpose of taking down such Passengers in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or Borough of Southwark, such Owner or Driver will taking in the Time when he shall take up such Passengers that it is his Intention to get out of such Stage in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or Borough of Southwark, under a Penalty in every such Offence of any Sum not exceeding Three Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings, in the Discretion of the Commissioners for licensing Hackney Coaches, or the major Part of them, before whom any Complaint in this behalf shall be heard; or if any Person, being an Owner of such Rated figured Stage, shall offend a Second Time in this behalf, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, or the major Part of them, before whom such Complaint shall be heard, and they are hereby empowered to revoke the Licence of such Owner so offending more than once, yet notwithstanding, so that no such Owner or Driver shall be liable to any Penalty for any such Offence, if any Person whom he shall have so taken up and let down in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark, shall have previously taken his Place for the Country at One of the regular Booking Houses, and paid the full Fare accordingly.</p>
Penalty on any Owner or Driver of any Rated figured Stage who shall take up any Person as and for a Passenger in his Coach after he shall have entered the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark, at any of the Exit gates thereof respectively; nor shall any such Owner or Driver of any such Rated figured Stage, on his Return into the County, take up any Person as and for a Passenger in his Coach, for the Purpose of taking down such Passengers in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark, such Owner or Driver will taking in the Time when he shall take up such Passengers that it is his Intention to get out of such Stage in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or Borough of Southwark, under a Penalty in every such Offence of any Sum not exceeding Three Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings, in the Discretion of the Commissioners for licensing Hackney Coaches, or the major Part of them, before whom any Complaint in this behalf shall be heard; or if any Person, being an Owner of such Rated figured Stage, shall offend a Second Time in this behalf, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, or the major Part of them, before whom such Complaint shall be heard, and they are hereby empowered to revoke the Licence of such Owner so offending more than once, yet notwithstanding, so that no such Owner or Driver shall be liable to any Penalty for any such Offence, if any Person whom he shall have so taken up and let down in any of the paved Streets of London or Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark, shall have previously taken his Place for the Country at One of the regular Booking Houses, and paid the full Fare accordingly.	<p>X. And be it further enacted, That no Owner of any Rated figured Stage shall have more than Two Booking Houses between the Places from whence his Stage shall be set in Town and Country, nor shall receive more than Twenty Minutes at any one of such Booking Houses, under a Penalty for every such Offence of any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, nor less than Twenty Shillings, in the Discretion of the Commissioners for licensing Hackney Coaches, or the major Part of them, before whom such Complaint shall be heard in this behalf.</p>

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Hackney Coachman, his Renter or Driver, shall exact or take more for his or their Hire than the several Rates hereby limited, he or they shall, for every such Offence, be subject and liable to such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Punishments, to be levied, recovered, satisfied, and inflicted by such Justices, and in such and the like Manner and Form, as by any Law or Laws now in being respecting such Hackney Coachmen, their Renters or Drivers; and that the several Rates and Fines herein-before mentioned shall and may be recovered in such and the like Manner as the Fees of Hackney Coachmen are by any Act or Acts of Parliament now recoverable.

Penalty exceeding more than three Pence, liable to all former Provisions

* General Note.—Twelve Cobs. $\frac{1}{2}$ 12th

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE or TABLE (A.)

For every Hackney Coach hired and taken any Distance there shall be paid the Rates and Fares following; that is to say,

For every Distance within	and not exceeding		s.	d.
Above One Mile	—	One Mile	1	0
Above One Mile and a Half	—	One Mile and a Half	1	6
Above Two Miles	—	Two Miles	2	0
Above Two Miles and a Half	—	Two Miles and a Half	2	6
Above Three Miles	—	Three Miles	3	0
Above Three Miles and a Half	—	Three Miles and a Half	3	6
Above Four Miles	—	Four Miles	4	0
Above Four Miles and a Half	—	Four Miles and a Half	4	6
Above Five Miles	—	Five Miles	5	0
Above Five Miles and a Half	—	Five Miles and a Half	5	6
Above Six Miles	—	Six Miles	6	0
Above Six Miles and a Half	—	Six Miles and a Half	6	6
Above Seven Miles	—	Seven Miles	7	0
Above Seven Miles and a Half	—	Seven Miles and a Half	7	6
Above Eight Miles	—	Eight Miles	8	0
Above Eight Miles and a Half	—	Eight Miles and a Half	8	6
Above Nine Miles	—	Nine Miles	9	0
Above Nine Miles and a Half	—	Nine Miles and a Half	9	6
Above Ten Miles	—	Ten Miles	10	0
Above Ten Miles and a Half	—	Ten Miles and a Half	10	6
Above Eleven Miles	—	Eleven Miles	11	0
Above Eleven Miles and a Half	—	Eleven Miles and a Half	11	6
		Twelve Miles	12	0

And is for any farther Distance after the like Rate and Proportion of Sixpence for every Half Mile, and as additional Sixpence for every Two Miles completed.

SCHEDULE or TABLE (B.)

For every Hackney Coach hired and taken for any Time there shall be paid the Rates and Fares following; that is to say,

For any Time within	and not exceeding		s.	d.
Above Thirty Minutes	—	Thirty Minutes	1	0
Above Forty-five Minutes	—	Forty-five Minutes	1	6
Above One Hour	—	One Hour	2	0
Above One Hour Twenty Minutes	—	One Hour Twenty Minutes	2	6
Above One Hour Forty Minutes	—	One Hour Forty Minutes	3	0
Above Two Hours	—	Two Hours	4	0
Above Two Hours Twenty Minutes	—	Two Hours Twenty Minutes	4	6
Above Two Hours Forty Minutes	—	Two Hours Forty Minutes	5	0
Above Three Hours	—	Three Hours	6	0
Above Three Hours Twenty Minutes	—	Three Hours Twenty Minutes	6	6
Above Three Hours Forty Minutes	—	Three Hours Forty Minutes	7	0
		Four Hours	8	0

And for any farther Time after the Rate and Proportion of Sixpence for every Fifteen Minutes.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to reform the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange, under a limited Sum, in England. [1808 June 1808.]

WHEREAS various Notes, Bills of Exchange, and Drafts for Money for very small Sums have for some Time past been circulated or negotiated in Parts of Great Britain called England, to the great Prejudice of Trade and publick Credit, and many of such Bills and Drafts being payable under certain Terms and Reservations which the power-bearer of such Bills, Merchants, Artificers, Labourers, and others cannot comply with, otherwise than by being obliged to great Expence and Abuse; And whereas an Act, passed in the Fifth year of the Reign of His said Majesty, entitled, *An Act to reform the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange, under a limited Sum, within that Part of Great Britain, called England*, for preventing the circulating such Notes and Bills; And whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Power of Justices of the Peace to hear and determine Offences under the said Act; and it is therefore expedient that more effectual Provisions should be made for enforcing the Provisions of the said Act; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Promissory Notes for less than five pounds good.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Promissory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange or Drafts, or Undertakings in Writing, being negotiable or transferable for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Order, Notes or Undertakings in Writing, being negotiable or transferable for the Delivery of any Goods, specifying their Value in Money, less than the Sum of Twenty Shillings in the Whole, inasmuch made or issued, or which shall hereafter be made or issued, shall from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, be and the same are hereby declared to be absolutely void and of no Effect; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalty on Person receiving such Notes, five shillings.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, by any Art, Device, or Means whatsoever, publish or utter a y such Notes, Bills, Drafts, or Engagements aforesaid, for a less Sum than Twenty Shillings, or on which less than the Sum of Twenty Shillings shall be due, and which shall be or be capable negotiable or transferable, or shall negotiate or transfer the same, every such Person shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence.

Justice may demand on such Offences a fine to five Days.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace, sitting for the County, Riding, City, or Place within which any Offence against this Act shall be committed, to hear and determine the same in a summary Way, at any Time within Twenty Days after such Offence shall have been committed; and such Justice or Justices, upon any Information exhibited or Complaint made upon Oath as to that Behalf, shall summon the Party accused, and also the Witnesses on either Side, and shall examine as to the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or otherwise, (which Oath such Justice or Justices is or are hereby authorized to administer,) shall convict the Offender, and adjudge the Penalty for such Offence.

Penalty on Witnesses not attending, one shilling.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices, either on the Part of the Prosecutor or the Person accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time or Place to be for that Purpose appointed without a reasonable Excuse for such Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied and paid in such Manner and by such Means as are directed for Recovery of other Penalties under this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out, in the Manner and Form following: (That is to say,)

Form of Conviction.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. having appeared before me [or, us] One [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or the Justices of the Peace] for the County, Riding, City, or Place, [or the Justices of the Peace] and due Proof having been made upon Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party [or the Justices of the Peace] is convicted of _____ [specifying the Offence]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year aforesaid.

Returnable to the Clerk of the Peace.

Which Conviction the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be returned to the then next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County, Riding, City, or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, to remain and be kept among the Records of such County, Riding, City, or Place.

Copy of Conviction.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, City, or Place, and be it hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Person or Persons for that Purpose, to cause a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions filed by him under the Direction of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons upon Payment of One Shilling for every such Copy.

Penalty on Person receiving such Conviction.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the necessary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby incurred and made payable upon any Conviction against this Act, shall be forthwith paid by the Person convicted, in full; One Moiety of the Forfeiture to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the

the Offender shall be committed; and in case such Person shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or to give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices to prosecute any Appeal against such Conviction, such Justice or Justices shall by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, retaining the Overplus (if any) to the Owner; and which said Warrant of Distress the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be made out in the Manner and Form following; (that is to say,)

* To the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman of

* WHEREAS *A. B.* of _____ is the County of _____ is this Day
 convicted before me [or, us] One [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or the *Case may be*]

* for the County of _____ Riding of the County of _____, or for
 the Town, Liberty, or District of _____ upon the Oath of

* or _____ a credible Witness or Witnesses [or, by Confession of the Party, or the *Case may be*]

* for that the said *A. B.* hath [done, or first done] contrary to the Statute in that behalf made and provided,

* by which whereas the said *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of _____ to be distributed as

* hereinafter, and whereas the said _____ has refused to pay: That he thereupon, in His Majesty's Name, to command

* you to levy the said Sum of _____ by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of him the

* said *A. B.* and if within the Space of Five Days next after such Distress by you taken, the said Sum, together

* with the reasonable Charges of taking the same, shall not be paid, then that you do sell the said Goods and

* Chattels by you distrained, and out of the Money arising by such Sale, that you do pay One-half of the

* said Sum of _____ to _____ of _____ who informed me

* [or, us, or the *Case shall be*] of the said Offence, and the other Half of the said Sum of _____

* to the Overseer of the Poor of the Parish, Town, or Place where the Offence was committed, to be

* employed for the Benefit of such Poor, retaining the Overplus (if any) upon demand, to the said *A. B.* the

* reasonable Charges of taking, keeping, and selling the said Distress being first deducted; and if sufficient

* Distress cannot be found of the Goods and Chattels of the said *A. B.* whereas to levy the said Sum of _____

* that then you certify the same to me, [or, us, or the *Case shall be*] together

* with this Warrant. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the

* Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to order such Offender to be detained in safe Custody until Return may conveniently be had and made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the Party be convicted that give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, for his Appearance before the said Justice or Justices on such Day as shall be appointed by the said Justice or Justices for the Day of the Return of the said Warrant or Distress (such Day not exceeding Five Days from the taking of such Security); which Security the said Justice or Justices in and as lawfully empowered to take by Way of Recognizance or otherwise.

X. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Return no sufficient Distress can be had, then and in such Case the said Justice or Justices shall and may commit such Offender to the Common Goal or Goals of the County of the County, Riding, Division, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, for the Space of Three Calendar Months, unless the Money forfeited shall be sooner paid, or until such Offender thinking him or herself aggrieved by such Conviction, shall give Notice to the Informer that he or she intends to appeal to the Judges of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, or Place wherein the Offence shall be committed, and shall enter into Recognizance before some Justice or Justices, with two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions (which Notice of Appeal, being set forth thus Eight Days before the Trial thereof, such Person so aggrieved is lawfully empowered to give); and the said Justice or Justices, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall here and finally determine the Causes and Matters of such Appeal in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Parties appearing or appeared as well as they the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determination of such Quarter Sessions shall be final, binding, and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be disabled from being a Witness in any Prosecution for any Offence against the Act, by reason of his being an Inhabitant of the Parish wherein such Offence was committed.

XII. Provided always, That no Proceedings to be had, touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, shall be quashed for Want of Form, or be removed by Writ of *Certiorari* or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done or alleged in pursuance of the Act, then and in every such Case such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted within Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the same not every such Action or Suit shall be brought within the County where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same may and shall be proved and tried by the Authority of the Act; and if the same shall appear to have been done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Year limited for bringing the same, or be brought or laid in any other Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become moribund, or discontinue his, her, or their Action after the

Form of the
 Warrant in
 Distress.

Security for
 Appearance of
 Party, or Return
 of such Warrant.

Offender may be
 committed for
 want of Distress.

Prisoners may
 be removed.

Conviction not
 removable by
 Certiorari.

Limitation of
 Actions.

Verdict.

Tolls &c.

the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Twelve Pence, and have the like Remedy for the Recovery thereof as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Case by Law.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act for enabling the Commissioners appointed to examine Accounts of publick Expenditure in the Barrack Office, more speedily and effectually to investigate the said Accounts.

[23^d June 1808.]47 G. 3. c. 1.
c. 11.

Commissioners
shall examine
Statements of
the Accounts
presented to the
Treasury, who
shall transmit
the same to the
Audit in
all publick
Accounts, who
shall prepare
the same for
Declaration

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending certain Commissioners appointed for the Examination of Accounts and Expenditures relating to the Office of Barrack-Master-General, with several Powers and Authorities necessary for the Execution of such Accounts and Expenditures*: And whereas it is expedient to make further Provisions for enabling the Commissioners appointed to examine the Accounts in the said Act mentioned, more speedily to carry into Execution the Purposes of the said Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, his heirs and the Admirals and Council of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners appointed to examine the Accounts mentioned in the said recited Act, and they are hereby required from Time to Time when and as often as the Examination of any Account shall have been completed by them, to make up and transmit a Statement thereof to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, specifying all the Articles forming the Charge and Discharge of such Account, and specifying all Sums defrayed by them in such Account; and also all Sums which in their Opinion ought to be set off against in such Account upon any Particular concerned in such Account; and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury if they approve of the Statement of such Account, shall transmit the same, together with their Warrants to the Commissioners for auditing publick Accounts, to prepare the same for Declaration; which said Commissioners for auditing publick Accounts are hereby authorized to make up and prepare for Declaration such Accounts in conformity to such Statements or Warrants, without any further Examination or Investigation of such Accounts, or of any Vouchers relating thereto, unless any further Examination and Investigation of such Accounts, or of any Part thereof, or of any Vouchers relating thereto, shall appear to the said Commissioners for auditing publick Accounts to be necessary, in which Case the said last mentioned Commissioners shall report their Opinion thereon to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and proceed in such Examination and Investigation; and the said Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts are hereby authorized and directed to cause all Sums which shall be specified as Sums which ought to be set off against in any such Statement as aforesaid, and which shall appear to them to be proper to be set off against, to be so set off against on the several Particulars therein mentioned, or in the Warrants accompanying the same, unless upon such further Examination as aforesaid it shall not appear to them to be proper that such Sums should be so set off against, and to do all other Acts, Matters and Things for the Declaration of such Accounts, and for putting in Charge or discharging Accountants or Sub-Accountants all Particulars liable to be put in charge upon such Accounts, in order to the receiving and receiving of all Sums of Money due to His Majesty as the same, in like Manner as if the said Accounts had been examined and Statements thereof made by the said Commissioners for auditing publick Accounts.

When it shall
appear to the
said Commissioners
that it is expedient
to require
any further
Examination
of any
Account, or
of any
Part thereof,
or of any
Vouchers
relating
thereto, the
said Commissioners
shall report
thereon to the
Lords
Commissioners
of His Majesty's
Treasury, and
proceed in
such
Examination
and
Investigation

II. And be it further enacted That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners appointed under the said recited Act, and they are hereby required whenever it shall appear to them that any Particular or Particular ought to account for any publick Money or Sums that may have passed through him or their Hands, forthwith to transmit to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury the Name or Names of every such Particular or Particular, together with the Grounds and Reasons for their Opinion, that it would be fit and proper that such Particular or Particular should be made publick Accounts; and if the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury should agree thereto, they the said Lords Commissioners are hereby required to issue their Warrants or Warrants, directing the said Commissioners appointed under the said recited Act, or the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts, to call upon and require such Particular or Particular to deliver to their Accounts, regularly prepared, within a reasonable Time to be limited by such Commissioners respectively; and such Particular or Particular shall be compelled so to deliver to their said Accounts as like Matters as if the said Particular or Particular had been required to deliver in any Account declared before His Majesty's Chancellor of the Exchequer; and the said last mentioned Commissioners are also hereby directed to proceed in the Examination of such Accounts, and to transmit the Statements thereof to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Purpose of having the same prepared for Declaration in the Manner herein-before directed, with respect to other Accounts.

Commissioners
appointed under
the said Act, shall
be authorized
to require
any further
Examination
of any
Account, or
of any
Part thereof,
or of any
Vouchers
relating
thereto, the
said Commissioners
shall report
thereon to the
Lords
Commissioners
of His Majesty's
Treasury, and
proceed in
such
Examination
and
Investigation

III. And be it further enacted That the Commissioners appointed to examine Accounts of publick Expenditure in the Barrack Office, shall be and are hereby authorized with, and shall have, use, and exercise all the Powers and Authorities as to the Examination of all Accounts submitted to their Investigation respectively; and as to all publick Accounts, Sub-Accountants, and other Particulars concerned in such Accounts, and as to all Matters and Things in anywise relating to such Accounts, or the Examination thereof, or to publick Accounts, Sub-Accountants, or other Particulars concerned in any such Account, and shall also be subject and liable to the same Control, Regulations, and Directions in every Respect in relation to the Examination of all such Accounts, and in relation to such publick Accounts, Sub-Accountants and other Particulars aforesaid, as the Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts are invested with or now have, use, or exercise, or are subject or liable to under an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for better examining and auditing the publick Accounts of the Kingdom*; and another Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for transferring*

47 G. 3. c. 1.
c. 11.

In the first
Section of
the Act
relating to
the
1792. § 4.

Power of
48 G. 3. c. 25.
and this Act,
may be
exercised by Two
Commissioners,
or by One, if
appointed by One,
and the Powers
of Selected
Commissioners
by One.

five Powers and Authorities in all Respects in relation to the Examination of such Accounts, and the Accountants and all other Persons touching the same, as they would have had and been vested with under the said second Act and this Act, in case the said Accounts had been taken wholly after the first Day of January One thousand Nine hundred and eighty-three.

" Commissioners under recited Act invested with five Powers as the Commissioners for making publick Accounts under the Act 27 G. 3. c. 51—39 G. 3. c. 39—45 G. 3. c. 55—48 G. 3. c. 25. and 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 39. But not to perform any Account for Declaration. 54." [See 48 G. 3. c. 59. § 5.]

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Authorities, Jurisdictions, Matters and Things, by the said recited Act or this Act vested or assigned to be done by the Commissioners appointed under the said first recited Act in the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid or this Act, are hereby vested in and shall and may be executed and done by any Two or more of such Commissioners, or by any One of such Commissioners, in case the Number of such Commissioners remaining in England shall be reduced to One, by the Absence therefrom of any of the said Commissioners, and all Powers, Authorities, Jurisdictions, Matters and Things, by the said second Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or this Act, vested in or assigned to be done by any selected Commissioners, are hereby vested in and shall and may be executed and done by any One of such selected Commissioners so long, as the Absence of the other of such Commissioners, or by any Person appointed to act in the Place and stead of any Selected Commissioner deceased or retiring.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for changing the Stamp of Twelve Millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty, during the Continuance of the present War, as relates to Money issued for Charges of Management of Stock redeemed. [23d June 1804.]

" 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 55. § 6. revised and repeated."

C A P. XCIII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the First Year of King James the First, as relates to the Penalties on Shooting at Hares; and also to repeal an Act of the Third Year of King George the First, relating to Gamekeepers. [23d June 1804.]

1 Jac. 1. c. 32.
§ 2.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Second Year (commonly called the First Year) of the Reign of King James the First, intitled, *An Act for the better Execution of the Statute and Meaning of former Statutes made against Shooting in Game, and for the Preservation of the Game of Pheasants and Partridges, and against the destroying of Hares with Hare Pipes, and raising Hares in the Woods*; whereby it was amongst other Things enacted, That every Person which should hunt at kill, or betray, with any Gun, Civil Bow, Stone Bow, or Long Bow, any Hare, should be subject to the Penalties therein mentioned: And whereas it is expedient that the said Penalties should be repealed: And whereas it is also expedient that a certain other

8 G. 1. c. 11.

Provision of
2 Geo. 2. c. 27.
is to continue in
Force, and
revised Act
20 G. 3. c. 25.
repealed.

Act, passed in the Third Year of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled, *An Act to explain and amend several Laws therein contained for the better Preservation of the Game, should be repealed; and that several Provisions should be made relating to the Appointment of Gamekeepers;* Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Provision of the said recited Act of the Second of James the First, and the said second Act of the Third of George the First, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Lords of Manors
may appoint
Gamekeepers,
whenever qualified,
or any Person
with Authority
to kill Game for
their own Use,
&c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Lord or Lady of any Manor to appoint and depute any Person whatsoever, whether serving as a Gamekeeper to any other Person or not, or whether retained and paid for as the Male Servant of any other Person or not, or whether a qualified Person or not, to be a Gamekeeper to any such Manor, with Authority to kill Game as Gamekeeper to kill Game within the same for his own Use, or for the Use of any other Person or Persons whatever, to be specified in such Appointment or Deputation, whether qualified or not; and no Person so appointed Gamekeeper as aforesaid and empowered to kill Game for his own Use, or for the Use of any other Person so specified as aforesaid, need not killing any Game for the Use of the Lord or Lady of the Manor for which such Deputation shall be given, shall be deemed or taken to be, or entered or paid for as the Gamekeeper or Male Servant of the Lord or Lady making such Appointment or giving such Deputation as aforesaid; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Gamekeepers so
appointed shall
have the same
Rights as if
qualified.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Person appointed Gamekeeper under the Authority of this Act to kill Game for his own Use or the Use of any other Person, shall have the same Rights, Privileges, Power and Authority as if he had been legally qualified and appointed to act as Gamekeeper, to kill Game for the Use of the Lord or Lady of the Manor appointing such Gamekeeper, under any Laws in Force immediately before the passing of this Act.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for repealing so much of an Act made in the Parliament of Scotland, in the Fourth Session of the Fifth Parliament of Queen Anne, intitled, *Act for preserving the Game*, as relates to the Hunting of Hares.

[23d June 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act of the Scots Parliament, passed in the Fourth Session of the Fifth Parliament of the said Majesty Queen Anne, intitled, *Act for preserving the Game*, it is among other Things enacted, That no Person whatsoever shall shoot Hares under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds Scots; And whereas it is expedient that the same should be so far repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that the said Act, in so far as it is so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the said Majesty, That so much of the said as aforesaid Act, as relates to the Shooting of Hares, be and the same being repealed.

Enrolled
with 50 sh
Notice of Pub
Acte to be
in Presence
of His Majesty.

C A P. XCV.

An Act for providing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for allowing, under certain Restrictions, the Importation of a limited Quantity of Coals, Cakes, or Clinders, to London and Westminster, by Island Barges.

[23d June 1808.]

Enrolled G. 3. r. 102. to which this Act is properly joined: except the Dates.

Enrolled
G. 3. r. 102.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals in England.

[23d June 1808.]

WHEREAS the Practice of confining such Lunatics and other insane Persons as are chargeable to their respective Parishes in Goals, Houses of Correction, Poor Houses, and Houses of Industry, is highly dangerous and inconvenient; And whereas it is expedient that further Provision should be made for the Care and Maintenance of such Persons, and for the sending proper Heads for their Reception, and also for sending the said Lunatics, and other insane Persons to the Reception of other Lunatics: And whereas it is also expedient that further Provision should be made for the Custody of insane Persons who shall contract mental Disorders: It is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the said Majesty, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace as and for every County within England and Wales, at their respective General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment of the same, or the next Part of such Sessions then and there assembled, to direct Notice to be given in some public Newspaper or Newspapers published in or near such County, of their Intention of taking into Consideration, at their next General Quarter or General Annual Sessions, the Expediency and Propriety of providing a Lunatic Asylum or Homes for the Reception of Lunatics and other insane Persons within the said County, or of appointing a Committee of Magistrates to treat with any One or more of the adjacent Counties to meet for that Purpose.

Justices may give Notice of Intention to such Lunatic Asylums.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, after such Notice being given as aforesaid, shall at their next General Quarter or General Annual Sessions proceed to take the same into Consideration; and if it shall appear to the major Part of the said Justices being then and there assembled, such major Part not being less in Number than seven, that it is expedient that a Lunatic Asylum or Home for the Reception of Lunatics and other insane Persons should be erected in and for the said County, the said Justices shall nominate and appoint such Number of Visiting Justices as they may think fit to supersede the Building, Erecting, and Maintenance of such Lunatic Asylum, and from Time to Time to report the State of their Proceedings to the Court of the General Quarter Sessions.

Justices of any County may nominate, and appoint Visiting Justices for such Asylums.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where it shall appear expedient to the Justices of the Peace in and for any County to enter into any One or more adjacent County or Counties for the Purposes of this Act, and for the providing a Lunatic Asylum or Home for the said several Counties, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices, at their respective General Quarter Sessions, (whenever due Notice shall be given as aforesaid), to nominate and appoint such Number of Justices not exceeding Five, to be a Committee: to treat with any adjacent County or Counties for that Purpose.

Committee of Justices, in cases Contained, for such Purposes.

IV. And be it further enacted, That where the Committee of Justices is appointed by two Two or more Counties, it shall think fit to nominate the said Committee for the Purposes of this Act, and shall signify their Intention and Duty to do so at a Meeting held for that Purpose, an Agreement shall at such Meeting, or as soon as conveniently may be afterwards, be entered into by the said Justices appointed as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed: No such Agreement, when substantiated by the major Part of the Justices is nominated and appointed for each County, shall be binding upon the said County; and every such Agreement shall signify the Place or or more where such Lunatic Asylum shall be erected, and the Proprietors in which the Expenses necessary for the carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act shall be charged and assessed upon the several Counties: In settling such Proprietors shall be calculated by the said Justices appointed upon the Numbers of the respective Population of the said several Counties, as stated in the Returns in an Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of His Majesty's Regency, intitled, *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase and Diminution*

Agreement to be entered into, where Committee shall be formed, in such Form.

In proportion to the Population as returned under 41 G. 3. (c. 25) s. 6.

thereof) and the said Agreement shall also specify the Number of Visiting Justices to represent the Executive, Election, and Management of the said Levanting Assizes to be appointed by each of the respective Counties a meeting, which Number shall be in proportion to the Share of the Expenses to be incurred and settled, and each of such respective Counties, but in that a Number less than Three shall in no Case be appointed for any County to attend.

V. And be it further enacted, That whatsoever such Agreement shall have been so entered into and signed as aforesaid, the Justices so appointed to be Commissioners for each County a meeting shall respectively report the same to the Justices of the Peace at their next General Quarter Sessions to be holden by each of the said Counties, and shall then and there deliver to the Clerk of the said County, to be by the Clerk of the Peace of the said Counties entered among the Records; and that the said Justices shall then and there immediately proceed to estimate such Number of Persons a by the said Agreement they may be entitled to appoint to be Visiting Justices of the said Assizes till the next *Michaelmas* General Quarter Sessions, and shall estimate so early to appoint such Number of Visiting Justices at each *Michaelmas* General Quarter Sessions.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Visiting Justices so appointed and appointed by each County sole or each a said Counties, are hereby authorized and required, within Two Calendar Months after such Nominations and Appointment as aforesaid, to meet and assemble at such Place as shall appear to them most convenient for that Purpose (due Notice thereof being previously given to each Visiting Justice by the Clerk or Clerks of the Peace of such County or Counties respectively), and that the said Visiting Justices may adjourn the said Meeting from Time to Time or from Place to Place, and meet as often as often as they shall think necessary; and the said Visiting Justices, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized at their first Meetings to appoint a Clerk and a Surveyor or duly examining the Powers of the said Act, and from Time to Time to receive Pleas and Exhibitions, and to attend for the Purchase of Land and Buildings, or for the Alteration of any Building already belonging to such County or any of such a said Counties, and for holding, receiving, allowing, forwarding and completing such Levanting Assizes, and the Yards, Courts, and Offices thereunto belonging, and such Contracts or Condemns shall be made and entered into at the most reasonable Rates, and with the most reasonable Perfomance; and every such Contract or Condemn shall give sufficient Security for the due Performance of his Contract to the Clerk to each Visiting Justice: and all Contracts when made, and all Orders relating thereto, shall be entered in a Book to be kept by the Clerk to each Visiting Justice, and when such Assizes shall be declared to be completed in Manner herein-after directed, then such Book shall be deposited and kept among the Records of such County sole, or of each of the Counties so united for the Purposes of this Act as shall have paid the largest Quota or Proportion of the Expenses of providing such Assizes, to be inspected at all reasonable Times by any Person contributing to the County Rates of such County or Counties respectively; and all Buildings or Land to be contracted for and purchased, shall be conveyed to such Person or Persons as the Visiting Justices shall think fit, as well for the Use and Purpose of this Act; and the said Visiting Justices shall from Time to Time make their Report to the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of such County or Counties respectively, of the several Pleas, Exhibitions, and Contracts which shall have been made and entered into in Manner aforesaid, and also a Report of the Sum or Sums of Money necessary to be raised and levied on such County sole as the Expence, or on each of such a said Counties as the Quota or Proportion of the Expence to be incurred on the several Accounts aforesaid.

VII. And in order to defray the Expenses necessary for the Execution of this Act, be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace at their General Quarter Sessions may and shall cause such Sums of Money as shall have been from Time to Time reported to them to be necessary for that Purpose by the Visiting Justices, to be raised in such Manner as Rates are directed to be raised by Two Acts made in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the more fully and effecting collecting and levying of County Rates, or shall order and direct the same to be paid out of the ordinary Rate of such County.

VIII. And whereas the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution may in some Cases become very burthenous on the Owners of Land, and other the Contributors to the County Rates, as well the said Expenses should be rated in the Manner herein-before mentioned; be it therefore enacted, That when it shall appear at the Report of each Visiting Justice, that the Charge and Cost of carrying this Act into Execution will exceed One Half of the Amount of the ordinary annual Assessment for the County Rate for any County (such ordinary Assessment to be taken on the most Properties of the said Rate for the last Five Years preceding), that then and in each Case so shall and may be lawful for the Justice of the Peace within the respective Limits of their respective Counties, to stipulate in their Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, from Time to Time to borrow and take up on Mortgage of the Rates herein-mentioned, by Instrument in the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed (No. 1.), or to that or the like Effect, any Sums not less than Fifty Pounds each, at legal or lower Interest, or to three or the major Part of them (such major Part not being less than Five) shall appear necessary and expedient for the Purposes aforesaid, and to secure all and every such Sum and Sums of Money so borrowed upon the Credit of the Rates to be raised upon such County respectively; and the said Justice so stipulated as aforesaid are hereby authorized to treat and agree with any Person or Persons for the Loan of any such Sum or Sums of Money, and by their Order to confirm and establish every such Agreement as aforesaid, and every such Agreement so established by such Order, and signed by the Chairman and Two or more Justices present at the Time of making such Order, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be as valid for securing to the Person or Persons so advancing any Sum or Sums of Money, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all and every such Sum or Sums of Money, with Interest for the same, on such Terms as is and by such Agreement or Agreements respectively shall be for that Purpose stipulated; and the said Securities shall be numbered in order of Succession in which they shall be granted, and Copies or Extracts of all such Agreements or Securities shall be kept with the Clerk of the Peace or other proper Officer having the Custody of the Records of the Quarter Sessions of such County respectively; and all and every Person and Persons to whom any such

Lawyer or Solicitor shall be made, as who shall be entitled to the Money so lent, is and are hereby authorized (his Executors, Heirs, or their Name or Names on the Back of such Security or Securities) to subscribe and affix to such, and his, her, or their Right to the principal Money, and interest thereon (except, however, so far as the said Security or Securities shall be liable to be paid) and every such Assignee, or his Executors, Heirs, or their Name or Names on the Back of such Security or Securities, shall be bound to pay the said Money, and interest thereon, and to satisfy the said Security or Securities, and shall not have any Preference with respect to the Priority of any Money so lent.

XV. And it is further enacted, That the said Justices are hereby authorized and required, not only to charge the said Money to be raised upon such Securities with the Interest of the Money so lent, but also with the Payment of a Fourth Part equal at least with the Sum so charged for the Interest of such Securities, which said Interest shall be collected by such County in such Manner as County Rates are directed to be collected by the Law, in like Manner, and paid and applied under the Direction of the said Justices in discharge of the Interest, and of so much of the principal Sum of the said Securities as such Money will extend to discharge in each Year, until the Whole of the Money for which such Securities shall be made, and the Interest thereof, shall be fully paid and discharged, and the said Justices are required to fix One or more Days in each Year, on which such Payment shall be made, and shall make Orders for Assessments in due Time, for so to provide for the regular Payment thereof, and they are hereby required to appoint a proper Person to keep an exact and regular Account of all the Receipts and Payments under the Authority of this Act, in a Book or Books, separate and apart from all other Accounts, and the same to adjust and settle in such Manner that it may only be found out at last, and to give away due, and what principal Money has been discharged, and what remains due, and the said Book or Books to be adjusted and settled to deliver into Court at every General Assize or Assizes Quarter Sessions to be held for any such County; and the said Justices are required at every such Assize or Assizes to certify to all such Assessments, and make Orders for carrying the several Purposes of this Act into Execution in such Manner as to them shall seem just; and that at any Time it shall appear to the said Justices that the Person so appointed has neglected the said Order, and has not duly and without Delay applied the Money in his Hands to the Purposes hereby directed, such Person shall forfeit Double the Amount of the Money which shall not have been applied to the Purposes of this Act, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justices; and the said Person, after the Charge of recovering the same shall be paid to the Treasurer of such Assize, to be applied to the Use of the same; and the said Justices on a Day and Hour to be fixed at some General Quarter or Assize Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, (of which Fourteen Days public Notice shall be given as aforesaid) shall in open Court make up all the said several Accounts to be drawn up by List and numbered for Payment according to the List of such Drawing, and the Securities to draw and numbered shall be regularly discharged in Satisfaction according to Priority of such several Numbers.

X. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace in their respective Quarter Sessions shall and they are hereby required to make Provisions by means of the Rates (which they are hereby authorized to make) and by their Orders and Directions (which they are hereby authorized to give), in such Manner that the said Money to be borrowed under the Authority of this Act shall be fully paid and discharged within a Time to be limited, not exceeding Fourteen Years from the Time of borrowing the same.

XI. And it is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the King's most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and for all such Persons, Corporations, and also for all Governors, Commissioners, Justices, Justices of the Peace, and Attorneys of any Person or Persons being Justices, Lawyers, Clerks, under Commission or under other Discharge, and also for all other Persons, Officers, or shall be hired, possessed of, or interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, or Privileges which shall be deemed necessary for the Purposes of this Act, to contract or agree for, and to sell, convey, and assign such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, and Privileges unto such Person or Persons as shall be named by the Vestry, Justices, or Justices of the Peace of erecting or providing such Lunatic Asylum, and the Vestry, Clergy, and Quakers themselves (whenever and in what Manner, Agreements, Sales, Conveyances, and Assignments, shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever) by Law, Statute, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And it is further enacted, That all Sums of Money which shall be agreed to be paid to any Corporation, Governor, Commissioner, Heir, Vestry, or Attorney, for or in Behalf of any Estates, Livestock, Heirs, Executors, or Collateral Heirs, or to any other Person or Persons whose Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, and Privileges, shall be leased in Settlement, for the Purchase of any such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, or Privileges, shall, in case such Sums of Money shall not be the Sum of one hundred Pounds, be laid out by such Corporation, Governor, Commissioner, Heir, Vestry, or Attorney, or any Person or Persons held of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, or Privileges in leased in Settlement, as soon as conveniently may be, in the Purchase of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments Freehold, to be conveyed to or to the Use of such Corporation, Governor, Commissioner, Heir, Vestry, or Attorney, and to and for such Person or Persons, and for such Estate and Livestock, and so, for, and upon, and subject to such Uses, Livestock, Resolutions, and Conveyances as the Heir, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, or Privileges for and in respect whereof such Purchase Money shall be paid as aforesaid shall be leased, sold, or assigned, at the Time such Purchase or Contract shall be made in Manner aforesaid, or such as shall then be capable of taking effect, the Charge of such Corporation and Settlements to be paid in the same Manner as the other Expenses relating to the Lunatic Asylum; and in the mean Time, and till such Purchase or Purchase shall be made, such Money, whether the same shall or shall not exceed the Sum of one hundred Pounds, shall

Provision for the
Borrowing Money
to be lent in the
said County.

Account of
Receipts and
Payments

Money borrowed
shall be repaid
within 14 Years.

Corporations,
Governors,
Justices, &c.
may sell or
assign Lands.

Application of
Purchase Money
for Lands in
Settlement, &c.

shall be laid out by such Corporations, or other Persons for the Time being interested therein, in some County or most Securities, in the Names of Two Parties, not to be nominated by the Party or Parties for the Time being interested therein, and the order by the Visiting Justices aforesaid; and the Interest arising from such Securities shall be paid to such Person or Persons respectively as would have been entitled as the Rent and Profits of such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Licences, and Privileges, in case the same had not been sold, or would for the Time being be entitled to the Rents and Profits of such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments to be purchased, in case the same were purchased and letted as aforesaid.

Justices shall not be removed by Comitia.

Digging for Minerals.

XIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Justice of the Peace, who shall under the Authority of this Act do any Matter or Thing in the Execution hereof, shall be capable of having any beneficial Interest or Concern whatsoever, either as to any Business or in the Name of any other Person in trade for him, in any Contract or Agreement to be made under the Authority of this Act, or shall for any Deeds or Acts be made debtor or proditor, receive any Benefit or Advantage whatsoever.

Justices may fix the Name of their Clerk.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Visiting Justices, or any Five or more of them, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized to employ such other Agents or Workmen to dig, take, and carry away any Soil, Clay, Sand, Gravel, or Stones, and to maintain the same for the Purpose of building, carrying on, finishing, and completing such Leases, Aylms, or other Buildings hereby directed to be built, out of, upon, or from any Common or Waste Land, River, or Brook, without paying any Thing for the same; if they shall at any Time or Quarters made by such digging and taking to be tiled up, or raised and fenced in as yet to be dangerous to Passengers or Cattle.

Regulations for the Relief of Lunatic Aylms.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Visiting Justices may for and be fixed in the Name of their Clerk, and that no Aylm that may be brought or committed by or against the said Visiting Justice, or any of them, by virtue of this Act, or the Name of their Clerk, shall state or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Clerk, or by the Act of such Clerk, without the Consent of the said Visiting Justice, or any Five or more of them; but the Clerk to the said Visiting Justice for the Time being shall always be deemed Himself or Defendant in such Actions, as the Case shall be.

Justices shall by Warrant remove from each Lunatic Aylm, and the Parish whereof they are the Aylms a weekly Allowance for them.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Visiting Justice, as well in the Choice of Ground and of Situations, as in determining upon the Plans for building or for purchasing and altering Buildings for such Lunatic Aylms, shall, as far as conveniently may be, do upon any safe and healthy Situation, with a good Supply of Water, and which may afford a Probability of the Victory of certain Medical Assurances, and pursue such Methods, and adopt such Plans, as shall provide separate and distinct Wards for Male and Female Lunatics, and also for the Considerate and Incurable, and also separate and distinct Day Rooms and Airing Grounds for the Male and Female Considerate, and dry and airy Cells for the Lunatics of every Description.

Fees to any Officer employed in giving Information to Justices of Lunatic Aylms, not to exceed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That so soon as any Lunatic Aylm is ordered as aforesaid, shall be declared by the Visiting Justice to be completed, and in a fit State for the Reception of Lunatics and other insane Persons, whereof the Notice shall be given Three Times at the least in some public Newspaper or Newspapers circulating in the County or District of Counties named for the Purpose of this Act, the Justices of the Peace sitting respectively in and for any County or Counties at the Expense of which such Aylm shall have been built, are hereby authorized and directed to issue Warrants, upon the Application of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish situate within such County or District of Counties for the Conveyance of any Lunatic, insane Person, or dangerous Inhabitant who may be chargeable to such Parish, to such Aylm, there to be safely kept until he or she shall be duly discharged as hereinafter directed; and at the Time of such issuing such Warrant every such Justice shall also make an Order upon the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish to which such Lunatic, insane Person, or dangerous Inhabitant shall belong, to pay such weekly Sum to the Treasurer of such Aylm, as shall, from Time to Time, be taxed upon by the Visiting Justice in a fit Rate for the Maintenance, Medicine, Clothing, and Care of such Person.

1808, c. 96.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Overseer of the Poor of any Parish shall wilfully neglect or delay to give Information to such Justice of the Peace of any such lunatic or insane Person who shall be chargeable to such Parish, or to send Application for such Warrant as aforesaid, during the Space of Seven Days from the Time that he shall be acquainted that such Person is so lunatic or insane, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum of Money not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Four Shillings, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Two Justices of the Peace sitting for the County in or whereof such Parish shall be situated, which Warrant such Justices are hereby required to grant upon the Certificate of the Party, or upon the Information of any Witness or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justices shall give and administer to themselves); and the said Party, after the Charge of recovering the same shall be deducted, shall be paid, One Month to the Informer, and Six Weeks to the Treasurer of the said Aylm, to be applied to the Use of the same.

XIX. And whereas by an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled *An Act to amend and improve the Office of the Lord Mayor of London, the Recorder, the Aldermen, and the Common Council of the City of London*, it is among other Things enacted, That whereas there are sometimes Persons who by License or otherwise are lawfully made, or are to be distinguished in their Names that they may be dangerous to be permitted to go abroad, it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace where such License or said Person shall be fixed, by Warrant under their Hand and Seal directed to the Constables, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Town, or Place, or any one of them, to cause such Person to be apprehended and kept safely locked up in some lawful Place within the County or Parish where such Parish, Town, or Place shall be, as such Justices shall in any their Warrant and Seal direct and appoint; and if such Justices find it necessary to be so charged, if the said legal Detention of such Person shall be in any Parish, Town, or Place within such County or Parish, and if such Detention shall not be there, then such Person shall be sent to the Place of his or her last legal detention by

* a Poet.

* A Pile, usually intended, as aforesaid, and shall be locked up or chained, by Warrant of Two Justices of the County or Precinct in which such Prison is to be kept in Manner aforesaid, and the reasonable Charges of removing and of keeping, maintaining, and carrying such Prison during such Rotation (which shall be for and during such Term only as such License or License shall continue) shall be satisfied and paid, such Charges being first certified upon Oath, by One or Two or more Justices of the Peace, directing the Churchwardens or Overseers of such City, Town, Parish, Hamlet, or Townships of such Prison shall be, to raise and fill in, such of the Lands and Tenements, or so much of the several Rents of the Lands and Tenements as is necessary to satisfy the same, and to receive for what so is levied, sold, or received to the use of Quorum following; but if such Pile, with respect to the same, be not paid and satisfied the same, over and above what shall be sufficient to maintain the same, then the said Goods, shall be divided and paid by the Parish, Town, or Place, to which such Prison belongs; by Order of Two Justices directed to the Churchwardens or Overseers for that Purpose; Be it enacted, That in case there shall be a Licensee or Licensees, under the Direction of this Act for the County, or District or several Counties within which the Prison is to be kept or such Prison, apprehended by virtue of the above recited Act, he, she, or they, shall be brought, taken into Custody of the Peace who shall by virtue of the above recited Act have authority for the Confinement of such Licensee or such Prison, shall be the Body of such Warrant to direct by whom, direct and order that such Licensee or such Prison shall be confined in such Licensee's or such Prisoner's, or such other place, as they think fit, and so order and direct by such Warrant if such Licensee or such Prison shall be confined in any House daily looked for the Reception of Licensees or such Prisoner, within the Authority of an Act passed in any Fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *Act for regulating Madhouses*, although such House may not be situated within the County where the Prison to which such Licensee or such Prison belongs, shall be.

* XX. And whereas it sometimes happens, that by reason of the License and Molestation of such Prisoner the Justice of the Peace who shall have caused such Prison to be apprehended shall by two or more Warrants direct such Prisoner to be confined in the Licensee's or such Prisoner's, or such other place, as they think fit, and so order and direct by such Warrant if such Licensee or such Prison shall be confined in any House daily looked for the Reception of Licensees or such Prisoner, within the Authority of an Act passed in any Fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *Act for regulating Madhouses*, although such House may not be situated within the County where the Prison to which such Licensee or such Prison belongs, shall be.

* XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to render any Licensee or Licensees which may be provided under the Authority of this Act for the Use of any County or several Counties liable to the Reception of Licensees or other Prisoners who may be chargeable to or apprehended in any City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place situate within the Limits of such County, or several Counties, but during Exception, and being exempt from contributing to the County Rate, unless such City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place, shall have agreed to waive, and shall thereby have consented to the Expense of the same under the Powers herein-before given in this Act.

* XXII. And whereas in many Parts of this Kingdom License Asylums have been built and established, and others may hereafter be built and established, by voluntary Contribution, for the Reception and Care of the Lunatics of all Descriptions, contributing to the general Charge of Maintenance, Medicines, and Care, by voluntary Contributions, according to the particular Circumstances of the Parties respectively, or of their respective Families, the Limits of Payment of the more effect being applied to relieve and lower the Expenses of Prisoners in some limited Circumstances; and whereas it is fit and expedient to support and encourage such benevolent Institutions, and it may be of great Advantage that Asylums intended by this Act to be erected for Pauper Lunatics should be assisted or assisted with such Institutions by voluntary Contributions; be it enacted, That at any Meeting of the Justices of the Peace to be hold as aforesaid in any County for the Purpose of erecting and determining on the Expediency and Propriety of providing a Licensee or Licensees or Heads of Reception for Licensees or other Prisoners, if it shall appear to the major Part of the Justices to be advisable, that it would be expedient to erect and join with any Licensee or Licensees to be built and established by voluntary Contribution, or to be erected to be built and established, it shall be lawful for the Justices to be appointed to appoint a Committee (in Manner herein-before directed) to be appointed to treat with any adjoining County or Counties to treat with and enter into and subscribe an Agreement with a Committee of Government, Clergymen, or Members of such Voluntary Institution, such Committee being authorized and approved by a Majority of such subscribers, to be called by publick Advertisement as aforesaid for the express Purpose of making such Agreement; and all Provisions herein-before directed as regard to Counties treating and agreeing with each other, shall be observed to and be effectual, in so far as the same will apply, or as the different Circumstances of the Two Cases will admit; and the Number of the Committee of Directors, Governors, or Subscribers, appointed by the Subscribers, shall not exceed the Number of the Committee of Justices to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace on the Part of the County; and such Committee of Subscribers, or the major Part of them, shall be competent to enter into and subscribe any Agreement, to all Intents and Purposes, as fully and effectually as any Committee appointed under this Act as the Part of any County treating to treat with any other County in writing; Provided always, no Agreement so made by any Committee of Justices shall be void and have force on the Part of the County, until the same shall have been submitted

Act 1808
C. 96. 467
Licensee or Licensees shall be liable to receive Licensees or other Prisoners who may be chargeable to or apprehended in any City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place situate within the Limits of such County, or several Counties, but during Exception, and being exempt from contributing to the County Rate, unless such City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place, shall have agreed to waive, and shall thereby have consented to the Expense of the same under the Powers herein-before given in this Act.

Where the said Licensee or Licensees shall be liable to receive Licensees or other Prisoners who may be chargeable to or apprehended in any City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place situate within the Limits of such County, or several Counties, but during Exception, and being exempt from contributing to the County Rate, unless such City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place, shall have agreed to waive, and shall thereby have consented to the Expense of the same under the Powers herein-before given in this Act.

Licensee or Licensees shall be liable to receive Licensees or other Prisoners who may be chargeable to or apprehended in any City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place situate within the Limits of such County, or several Counties, but during Exception, and being exempt from contributing to the County Rate, unless such City, Town, Precinct, Parish, Township, or Place, shall have agreed to waive, and shall thereby have consented to the Expense of the same under the Powers herein-before given in this Act.

Justices may agree to enter into and subscribe an Agreement with a Committee of Government, Clergymen, or Members of such Voluntary Institution, such Committee being authorized and approved by a Majority of such subscribers, to be called by publick Advertisement as aforesaid for the express Purpose of making such Agreement; and all Provisions herein-before directed as regard to Counties treating and agreeing with each other, shall be observed to and be effectual, in so far as the same will apply, or as the different Circumstances of the Two Cases will admit; and the Number of the Committee of Directors, Governors, or Subscribers, appointed by the Subscribers, shall not exceed the Number of the Committee of Justices to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace on the Part of the County; and such Committee of Subscribers, or the major Part of them, shall be competent to enter into and subscribe any Agreement, to all Intents and Purposes, as fully and effectually as any Committee appointed under this Act as the Part of any County treating to treat with any other County in writing; Provided always, no Agreement so made by any Committee of Justices shall be void and have force on the Part of the County, until the same shall have been submitted

to be held in the County where such Order shall be made, in the Manner, and under the Restrictions and Regulations as against any Order of Removal, granted conformable thereto in the Clerk of the Peace of each County, who shall be Respondent in such Appeal; which said Appeal and Decisions of the Peace aforesaid at the said General Quarter Sessions are hereby authorized and empowered to bring and determine, in the same Manner as other Orders of Removal are now made and determined.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Matters, and Things whatsoever in this Act contained relating to Coasters, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Ratings, Duties, Rates, Taxes, Towns, Liberties, and Places possessing separate Jurisdictions; and if relating to Wards, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Vills, Townships, and Places whatsoever thereunto Power, as fully and as much as if they were severally and respectively repeated in every such Provision, Direction, and Clause, and with relation to any such Matter or Thing.

Provisions in this
Act relating to
Ratings, &c.

SCHEDULE N^o I.

FORM of AGREEMENT for using the Coasters or Ratings, &c. [as the Case may be] of A. B. and C.; for the Purpose of providing a Lunatic Asylum or House for the Reception of Lunatics and Insane Persons, pursuant to the Statute of the Forty-eighth Year of King George the Third.

IT is agreed this _____ Day of _____ by and between the Commissioners of the Peace severally appointed for the Coasters [or Ratings, Taxes, &c. as the Case may be] of A. B. C. to meet for the meeting of the said Coasters for the Purpose of an Act [for the better Care and Maintenance of Paupers and Criminal Lunatics] passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty King George the Third, that the said Coasters [&c. as the Case may be] shall meet hereunto to be used for the Purpose of the said Act, and adopt in all Respects the Provisions, Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and comply with all the Requirements prescribed by the said Act for Coasters meeting for those Purposes; and that a Lunatic Asylum or House for the Reception of Lunatics and other Insane Persons, with all necessary Buildings, Courts, Yards, and Outings, shall be immediately provided as or near _____ and properly fitted up and accommodated for the Purposes mentioned in the said Act; and that the necessary Expenses attending upon the providing, building, fitting up, Repairing and Maintenance of the said Lunatic Asylum, shall be defrayed by the said Coasters in equal, in the following Proportions, that is to say;

The County of A. Four-Ninths of the said Expenses.
The County of B. Three-Ninths of the same.
The County of C. Two-Ninths of the same [as or the Case may be].

And we do farther agree, That the Committee of Visiting Justices to superintend the Building, Erection, and Management of the said Lunatic Asylum, shall consist of Eighteen [or, as the Case may be]; whereof the Justices of the Peace for the said County of A. shall appoint Eight, the Justices of the Peace for the County of B. shall appoint Six, and the Justices of the Peace for the County of C. shall appoint Four: And hereunto we, the undersigned Justices of the Peace, being the major Part of each of the said Committees of Justices for the said several Counties, do, on the Part and Behalf of the said Counties, sit our Hands and Seals, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____

SCHEDULE N^o II.

FORM of MORTGAGE and CHARGE upon the County Rates for securing the Money borrowed.

WE A. B. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace and Chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, &c. of _____ [as the Case shall be] holds at the _____ Day of _____ C. D. and E. F. Esquires, Two other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting for the said County, &c. and authorized in pursuance of the Powers so given by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled, [&c. now refer to the Title of the Act] Do hereby in open Court mortgage and charge all the Rates to be raised within the said County, [&c. as the Case shall be] under the Description of County Rates by the Laws now in being, with the Payment of the Sum of _____ which C. D. of _____ both proposed and agreed to lend, and hath now actually advanced and paid to wards defraying the Expenses of purchasing Lands for building, repairing, [&c. as the Case shall be] the Lunatic Asylum for the said County, [&c. as the United Counties of, &c. as the Case may be] And we do hereby confirm and establish the same unto the said C. D. his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for securing the Repayment of the said Sum of _____ and Interest for the same, above the Rate of _____ per Centum per Annum, and do order the Treasurer for such County, &c. or other Person [as the Case shall be] to pay the Interest of the said Sum of _____ Half-yearly, in the same shall become due, until the Principal shall be discharged, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act.

Whichever kind of the Matters aforesaid, in such Perles or Perfous as shall be willing to fare: Six Days after the Expiration of the said Months thereof, in such separate and particular Dismissals as shall be deemed proper and convenient, and which shall be subject to the Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with regard to the Duties thereby authorized to be let to Farm, in so far as the same are applicable and not hereby altered: Provided always, that none of the said Duties shall be let to Farm for any longer Term or Time than such said Part Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And by a further Enactment, That all the Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Regulations, and Directions contained in and prescribed by the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be done and taken to be in full Force and Effect, with respect to the said Duties hereby allowed to be let to Farm, and to the letting of the same, and to all other Matters and Things relating thereto, in so far as the same are or shall be applicable and not altered by or in pursuance to the express Provisions of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same had been heretofore repealed and specially enacted with Reference to the said Duties hereby allowed to be let to Farm.

III. And by a further Enactment, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of the Stamp Duties, authorized as aforesaid, to prescribe the Time for making a Deposit of a Sum of Money, and the Amount thereof, on account of the Rent to be paid by the Perles or Perfous who shall be ready to farm any of the said Duties hereby allowed to be let to Farm, and in such case such Perles or Perfous shall not be obliged to make such Deposits within the Time prescribed, or shall fall to execute a proper Contract in Writing, and to give Security for the due Performance of such Contract in the Manner directed by the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, within the Time to be appointed for that Purpose, than and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, authorized as aforesaid, to declare the Contract void, and to cause the Dames contained in such Contract to be again put up to be let to Farm, pursuant to the Directions of this and the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and so from Time to Time, as often as any such Failure shall be made.

IV. And by it further Enactment, That notwithstanding any Thing to the contrary contained in an Act of the said Great Session, for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds and other Instruments, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof, or any Statute or Commission to be hereafter granted pursuant to the said several Injunctions aforesaid Acts, or any of them, appointing any Person to be a Collector of the said Duties on Marriages, Marriages, and Goldings here in the Manner aforesaid, shall be charged or dischargeable with any higher Stamp Duty than One Penny and Ten Shillings.

V. And, for better Securing the Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in respect of such Licenses as aforesaid, be it further Enactment, That the several Licenses for letting Horses to Hire, which shall have been granted pursuant to the said laws-before mentioned Acts, or any of them, and shall be in force at the Time of passing this Act, and also such as may be granted after the passing of this Act, and before the Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall respectively continue in force until the said Thirty-first Day of January next, and so longer; and that from and after that Day all Licenses for letting Horses to Hire, which shall be granted in pursuance of the said Act or any of them, between the Thirty-first Day of January and the Sixteenth Day of March in any Year, shall be dated on the First Day of February, and all Licenses for letting Horses to Hire, which shall be granted in pursuance of the said Act or any of them, at any other Time, shall be dated on the Day on which the same shall be granted, and all such Licenses respectively shall have Effect and continue in force from the Day of the Date thereof, until the Thirty-first Day of January following, both inclusive, and so longer.

VI. And, for better Securing the Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in respect of Horses, Marriages, and Goldings here in the Manner aforesaid, be it further Enactment, That Six Weeks after the Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, where any Person who shall be licensed to let Horses to Hire in the Manner aforesaid, in pursuance of the said laws-before mentioned Acts, or any of them, shall keep any Carriage or Carriages afloat in travelling, to be used at any certain Time with any Horse, Man, or Gilding, Horses, Marriages, or Goldings, by him, her, or them, he shall, before the said Six Weeks, in the Hills or valleys, other than and except Meeting-Catches shall attend Parades, and shall also signify in writing to the said Commissioners (as hereinafter) be, he, or they shall, before any such Carriage or Carriages shall be used, every such Carriage kept by him, her, or them, for the Purpose aforesaid, or be used in any of the said Parades, together with Number One, and proceeding upwards successively to the highest Number of Carriages which he, she, or they shall in keep, and shall also mark or paint, or make to be marked or painted, in red or some bright Lute or Lute, on the outside Panel of each such Carriage every such Carriage which shall have a Door therein, and on some conspicuous Part of each of the Outlets of every such Carriage which shall not have a Door therein, together, or their Children and Servants, and the Name of the City, Town, or Place where he, she, or they shall keep such Carriages to be furnished in aforesaid, and the Number of every such Carriage, in large and legible Characters and Figures of Black or White, whichever shall most differ from the Colour of the Carriage whereon the same shall be marked or painted, each Letter to be at least One Inch in Length, and each Figure at least One Inch and a Half in Length, and both Letters and Figures to be of a proper Breadth in proportion to the Length thereof respectively, and shall continue the same on every such Carriage as long as such Carriage shall be kept for the Purpose aforesaid, varying the Numbers on such Carriages from Time to Time as Occasion shall require, in so far as to make the same correspond with the actual Number of such Carriages which he, she, or they shall then keep; and if any Person or Persons furnished as aforesaid shall neglect or omit to number, mark, or paint any such Carriage in Manner aforesaid, or shall mark or paint, or make to be marked or painted thereon, any false or fictitious Name or Place, or any

Twenty of
of G. C. 28,
no need to add
Act.

Depth shall
be made by
the same Order
of the
Young Clerk.

Stamp Duty on
Deeds shall not
be altered
in 1808.

Period of
Licenses for
letting Horses
to Hire
a month.

Persons licensed
to let Horses
to Hire shall
signify to the
Commissioners
the name and
place of the
Parade.

Proviso in

higher Number than the greatest Number of such Carriages which he, she, or they shall thus keep, or shall keep Two or more such Carriages with the four No. 200 marked or painted thereon, or shall continue any Number upon any such Carriage after he, she, or they shall cease to keep a Number of such Carriages corresponding therewith, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, all and every Person or Persons, he, she, or it, aforesaid shall, instead of the Passengers required by the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign to be inserted in his, her, or their Stamp Office Weekly Account, and not in his, her, or their Passengers following (that is to say,) whenever he, she, or they shall let to Hire in or out of any Stage, any Horse, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, to be used in travelling, the Number of Horles, Man, or Gildings to let to Hire, the Number of Miles which the same shall be hired to go, the Names of the Town or Place from which and to which the same shall be hired to go, the Month and Day of the Month and Week when the same shall be hired, the Sort or Description of every Carriage, and the Number of every Carriage hereby required to be numbered, which he, she, or they shall furnish, together with any such Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, and the Classes and Sums of every Poll-tax or Duty payable thereon, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of the same upon every such Hiring, and whenever he, she, or they shall let to Hire, for any Period of Time less than Twenty eight successive Days, any Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, in drawing any Carriage as is travelling as aforesaid, the Number of Horles, Man, or Gildings to let to Hire, the Month and Day of the Month and Week when the same shall be hired, the Sort or Description of every Carriage, and the Number of every Carriage hereby required to be numbered, which shall be furnished thereon, the Classes and Sums of every Poll-tax or Duty payable with the same, the Time for which the same shall be hired, and the Number of Miles which the same shall be hired to go, where the Distance shall be ascertained, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of the same upon every such Hiring, and in case of any Refusal or Neglect to insert the said several Particulars, or any of them, in any such Weekly Account as aforesaid, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, and all the Regulations, Directions, Forfeitures, and Penalties contained in the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, relative to the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and not hereby altered or varied, shall be deemed and taken to be in force, and to apply to such Accounts, with such Alterations and Variations as are herein-before directed and required to be made therein.

VIII. And for preventing Frauds and Evasions of the said Duties granted by the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, be it further enacted, That from and after the Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, where any Person or Persons is licensed as aforesaid shall let to Hire, by the Mile or Stage, any Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, to be used in travelling, and shall charge the Person or Persons hiring the same a specific Sum of Money for the whole Stage or Distance which the same shall be hired to go, and not after the usual or any certain Rate per Mile, the Person or Persons hiring such Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, shall be accountable for One-fourth Part of the Sum of Money to be charged by him, her, or them, as and for the Duty imposed by the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign in such Case, and shall deliver to the Person or Persons hiring such Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, the like Stamp Office Ticket as if the same had been charged for per Mile, except that instead of the Number of Miles there shall be thereon expressed the specific Sum charged for the same, and the Person or Persons hiring such Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, shall also enter in the Stamp Office Weekly Account required to be kept by the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, One-fourth Part of the Sum to be charged as aforesaid, and for the Duty payable in respect of such Horle, Man, or Gilding, Horles, Man, or Gilding, and shall pay the same accordingly to the Collector or Collectress who shall be authorized to receive the said Duty; and if any such licensed Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to do, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, all and every Person or Persons is licensed as aforesaid, who shall let to Hire by the Mile or Stage any Horle, Man, or Gilding to be used in travelling, or shall let to Hire for any less Period of Time than Twenty-eight successive Days, any Horle, Man, or Gilding for drawing any Carriage as is travelling as aforesaid, shall not, or shall be not to be, let, her, or their Stamp Office Weekly Account the said several Particulars in the said Act required to be inserted therein, on the free Day on which he, she, or they shall let such Horle, Man, or Gilding to Hire as aforesaid, and in Default thereof, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons not hereby licensed as aforesaid, shall, after the said Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, let to Hire by the Mile or Stage any Horle, Man, or Gilding, to be used in travelling, or shall let to Hire for any Period of Time less than Twenty-eight successive Days, any Horle, Man, or Gilding for drawing any such Carriage as aforesaid, he, she, or they shall be chargeable with and accountable for the Duty or Duties granted by the said Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of every Horle, Man, or Gilding to be let to Hire, in such and the same Manner as if he, she, or they had obtained such License as aforesaid, and had received such Duty or Duties of and from the Person or Persons hiring such Horle, Man, or Gilding, and shall from Time to Time, upon a Week's Notice in Writing for that Purpose given by any Collector of the said Duties for the County, District, or Place where he, she, or they shall let to Hire, any Horle, Man, or Gilding to Hire as aforesaid, deliver to such Collector, whenever by him required, after the Expiration of such

Notice,

Notice, a true Account in Writing, signed by him, her, or them, of every Horse, Mare, and Gelding, which he, she, or they shall have let to Hire in the Manseworkfield, and shall not thus have already accounted for, and of the Duty or Duties payable in respect thereof, and shall thereupon pay to such Collector the Amount of such Duty or Duties; and in case of any Refusal or Neglect to do so, then he, she or they shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Default in not so delivering such Account, and double the Amount of the Duty or Duties which he, she, or they shall be then chargeable with for the Non-payment thereof: Provided always, that where any such Notice shall have been given, and Request made for the Delivery of such Account as aforesaid, then upon the Delivery of such Account and Payment of the Duty due thereon in pursuance of such Notice and Request, the Person or Persons in delivering and paying the same, shall be indemnified and discharged from any Penalty or Penalties which he, she, or they may be then liable to, in consequence of having let to Hire any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, in the Manse mentioned in such Account, without having obtained such Licence as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty-Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, where any Person or Persons shall be account for and pay any Duty or Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, Horse, Mare, or Geldings, by him, her, or them let to Hire as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to account for and pay the same according to the Directions of the said laws-before mentioned Acts, or any of them, or of this Act, to the Collector appointed to receive such Duties for the County, District, or Place where he, she, or they shall have let to Hire such Horse, Mare, or Gelding, Horses, Mares, or Geldings, and such Duty or Duties shall not exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, it shall be lawful for such Collector, first obtaining a Warrant for that Purpose, under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where any such letting to Hire shall have been made, [such Warrant shall be granted by such Justice or Justices on Complaint made to him or them, and on due Proof of the Sum due and owing for such Duty or Duties as aforesaid, by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses,] to distress such Person or Persons by his, her, or their Goods and Chattels, for the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Duties to be taken, to detain and keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of such Person or Persons; and if he, she, or they shall not within that Time pay the Amount of such Duty or Duties, with the Costs and Charges of taking and keeping such Distress, then the Goods and Chattels so distrained shall be sold by such Collector, who shall receive the Overplus of the Money arising by the sale thereof, if any shall remain after deducting and retaining the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Costs and Charges of taking, keeping, and selling such Distress, to the Person or Persons to be so distrained as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for such Collector for the Purpose of taking such Distress, to break open in the Day-time any House or Place where any Goods or Chattels of such Person or Persons shall be, being thereto authorized by such Warrant as aforesaid, and calling to his Assistance a Constable, Tythingman, or Headborough of the County, Shire, Strietyre, City, Town, or Place where any Refusal or Resistance shall be made, which said Officers are hereby required to aid and assist therein.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all pecuniary Penalties amounting to Ten Pounds or upwards, and not amounting to Fifty Pounds, imposed by the said Act, or by the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, may be sued for, recovered, and levied, either in the Manner prescribed by that Act with regard to Penalties amounting to Fifty Pounds, or in the Manner thereby prescribed with regard to Penalties not amounting to Fifty Pounds; and all pecuniary Penalties not amounting to Ten Pounds, imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, and levied in the Manner prescribed by the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign with regard to Penalties of the same Amount.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act all pecuniary Penalties imposed by this Act and by the said several laws-before mentioned Acts, in anywise relating to the said Duties here-before particularly mentioned, which shall be sued for within Six Calendar Months after the same shall be incurred, shall be divided and go in the Manner following; that is to say, One Moiety thereof shall go to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof, together with full Costs of Suit, shall go to the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue for the same; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to inform and sue for the same within the Time aforesaid, notwithstanding the Provisions to the contrary contained in the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts; and all such Penalties as shall not be sued for within the Time aforesaid, shall go and belong wholly to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

* All may be altered this Session. § 14.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act for depositing Prize Goods liable to Duty in Warehouses under the Care of the Officers of the Customs and Excise, and for reducing Spirits condemned as Prize to a proper Strength, for Home Consumption. [13d June 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Captors of Prizes with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prizes* * *Goods in Great Britain during Hostilities*, it was enacted, that any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise which should have been taken as Prize since the Commencement, or might be taken during the Continuance of Hostilities, and which had been or might be brought into Great Britain, by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by any Private, or other Ship or Vessel having Commission from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the Time being, or which had been or might be taken by any Non-commissioned Vessel, or otherwise as Goods of Admiralty

Produce not and double Duties.

Duties not exceeding 2s. may be recovered by Distress.

Penalty of Ten Pounds.

Applicable to Penalties.

42 G 3 c. 154.

Admiralty, Board and or by upon Condemnation thereof, as lawful Prize be landed in any Part of Great Britain, and I ordered under the King's Lock in Warehouses provided at the sole Expense of the Captors, and the Prizes in d Appraisement, and and in the Command Intendance of the Commissioners, or other Principal Officers for collecting and managing the respective Duties of Customs, and by the said Act certain Rules, Regulations, and Provisions are prescribed, made, and established for placing such Goods under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Customs in Manors in the said Act mentioned: And whereas it is expedient that all Foreign Spirits, Wine, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Tea, Tobacco, Snuff, and other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of a Sort or Kind, in respect whereof any Duty of Excise is by Law imposed, taken as Prize which shall upon Condemnation thereof as lawful Prize have been or shall be landed in any Part of Great Britain, shall be treated in such Warehouses as are hereinafter in this Bill mentioned; he it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, all Foreign Spirits, Wine, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Tea, Tobacco, Snuff, and other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of a Sort or Kind, in respect whereof any Duty of Excise is by Law imposed, taken as Prize, which shall upon Condemnation thereof as lawful Prize, have been or shall be landed in Great Britain, shall be housed under the King's Lock in Warehouses provided at the Expense of the Captors, with the Privy and Appraisement, and under the Care and Intendance of the Commissioners, or other Principal Officers of the Customs and Excise respectively.

Foreign Spirits,
Wine, &c.
and other
Goods which
shall upon
Prize taken
be landed in
Warehouses
under the King's Lock

II. And be it further enacted, That if such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, so housed in any such Warehouse, shall be and remain under the Charge, Custody, and Management of the said respective Commissioners, and the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise respectively, that the same shall be regularly delivered from and out of such Warehouse for Home Consumption, or shall be actually shipped for Exportation and exported, or shall be delivered out of any such Warehouse for any other Purpose, under the Authority and with the Leave of the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise.

Such Goods
shall not be
taken out
of the
Warehouse
without the
Leave of the
Commissioners
of the Customs
and Excise

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers of Excise or any of them, from Time to Time to visit, examine, gauge, weigh, and take and keep Accounts of all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise as the same Master as any such Officer or Officers is or shall be authorized or empowered by any Act or Acts of Parliament to do with respect to Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the same Sort or Kind regularly imported.

Such Goods
shall not be
taken out
of the
Warehouse
without the
Leave of the
Commissioners
of the Customs
and Excise

IV. And be it further enacted, That all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, subject to a Duty of Excise, which shall be delivered or taken out of any such Warehouse for Home Consumption, shall be accompanied by an Excise Permit granted according to the Laws in that behalf made and provided, and in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, shall be delivered or taken out of any such Warehouse for Exportation, the same and every Part thereof shall forthwith and without any unnecessary Delay, and in the Presence of the proper Officers of Excise be carried to and put on board the Ship or Vessel, in which the same are intended to be exported; and in case the same or any Part thereof shall be shored in Quantity or Quality, after being delivered from and out of the Warehouse, and before the same shall be exported, or shall not be actually put on board such ship or Vessel, or if the Whole or any Part thereof, shall after being so shipped be unshipped, or put into any other Ship or Vessel, or into any Boat (Shipboard or other unseizable Accident excepted), or shall be landed in Great Britain, all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the shipping of which shall be forfeited or neglected, or which shall be shored in Quantity or Quality, or shall be unshipped or unloaded, shall together with the Packages containing the same be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Foreign Spirits,
Wine and other
Goods which
shall upon
Prize taken
be landed in
Warehouses
under the King's Lock

V. And be it further enacted, That in respect of Wine and Spirits respectively condemned as Prize, and which shall be taken out of any such Warehouse to be shipped for Exportation, Duties shall be given by Bond, as in the Case of Wine and Spirits respectively, which shall have been as shall be, actually imported in the usual Course of Trade, and exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts by Way of Merchandise.

Treason may
not be committed
in the
Warehouse
under the
Charge of
the Officers

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall be found necessary or expedient to increase or diminish the Strength of any Prize Spirits condemned as forfeited, in order to render the same fit and proper to be sold for Home Consumption, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, by Warrant under their Hands to authorize, authorize, and direct the Commissioners of Excise to cause any Prize Spirits duly condemned as forfeited, to be brought to such strength as shall be thought proper, to render the same fit for sale for Home Consumption, either by the Addition or by One Part with another, or with Water, or by Re-distillation and Adjustment at the Expense of the Captors, Agents, Factorers, or Proprietors of such Spirits, and all such Spirits made or brought to such strength shall be subject and liable to such Rules, Regulations, and Conditions as are hereinafter enacted.

Such Spirits
subject to
the
Provisions of
this
Act

VII. And be it further enacted, That all such Foreign Spirits made or brought to such strength as aforesaid, under the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, shall be subject to all and singular the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions, contained, provided, titled, or established in or by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or to be so stored in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intitled, An Act to authorize the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Parts in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles mentioned, or to or by another Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act to extend the Powers of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, in other Articles not therein mentioned, and in other the Condition of the Bond therein to be*

48 G. 3. c. 120.
48 G. 5. c. 87.

48 G. 6. c. 187.

the said recited Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as are contained for ever by the said recited Act of the same Year, within the several Shires, Stewartries, and Places respectively, within that Part of Great Britain called England.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several said respective Persons hereby appointed Commissioners shall have such and the same Qualifications, as are required by the said recited Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in relation to the said Act for granting an Act in His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be levied in Great Britain for the term of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-six; and also of an Act made in the same Session of Parliament, entitled, an Act in relation to the said Act passed in His Majesty's present Session of Parliament, entitled, an Act for granting an Act in His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be levied in Great Britain for the term of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, as relates to the Qualification of Commissioners; and shall be subject to the several Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said recited Acts respectively.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when in any City, Liberty, or Place, the Qualification of a Comptroller to act therein shall consist of Particular Estates, it shall be lawful for any Person having a Particular Estate of the Value required by the said Acts, or either of them, to act as such Commissioner in all Cases where such Person shall have been taxed, and shall have paid for such Particular Estate by and upon the last Assessment then made for such City, Liberty, or Place, by virtue of any Act, for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Postages, Offices, and Postpaid Estates in England, passed before the making of such Assessment; any Thing in the said Acts, or either of them contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, That all Persons who shall act as Justices of the Peace of or for any County, Riding, Shire, or Stewartry in Great Britain, being duly qualified as aforesaid, may act as such Commissioners, although not specially named in the said Act.

C A P. CIII.

An Act for further extending the Provisions of several Acts, for establishing the Bank of Ireland, and for empowering the Governor and Company of the said Bank, to advance the Sum of One Million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by Way of Loan, towards the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [25th Year 1808.]

• *Act Graceful Sovereign,*

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for establishing a Bank by the Name of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, the Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds* was subscribed and paid by Debitors raised from His Majesty's Treasury of Ireland; and the Persons who subscribed and paid the same, were, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, incorporated by the Name of "The Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland," to have perpetual Succession, subject to a Power or Condition of Redemption in the said recited Act contained: And whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for extending the Provisions of the said Act of the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of His Majesty's Reign, the said Governor and Company were empowered to receive Subscriptions for enlarging their several Capital Stock or Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, to any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds, in or to make their whole Capital Stock the Sum of One Million; And whereas the said further Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds was accordingly subscribed and paid: And whereas by the said recited Act of the Thirty-first Year aforesaid, in respect of the said Act of the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, as related to the making and determining of the said Corporation, was repealed; and it was provided, that the said Corporation might be dissolved upon Twelve Months Notice after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, upon the Terms and Conditions in the said Act of the Thirty-first Year aforesaid contained and specified: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for further extending the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years, the said Governor and Company were empowered to receive Subscriptions for enlarging the said Capital Stock or Fund of One Million, to any Sum not exceeding the further Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds Capital Stock, so as to make the whole Capital Stock the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds; and the said further Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds was accordingly subscribed and paid; and by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, it was provided that the said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds should be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland as a Loan, and that there should be paid from the Exchequer of Ireland to the said Governor and Company an Interest or Annuity of Twenty-five thousand Pounds, being a Sum equal to the Amount of the whole Interest on the said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and also that there should be paid from the said Exchequer to the said Governor and Company, a further Annuity of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence, for every One hundred Pounds of the said Five hundred thousand Pounds, for Nineteen Years, from the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven; and by the said recited Act of the Thirty-fourth Year aforesaid, as Annuity or yearly Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds was made payable to the said Governor and Company, for the before-mentioned Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds: And whereas it will promote the Extension of publick Credit, and tend to the Flourishing of Commerce in Ireland, if the Capital Stock of the said Bank were increased by the Addition of a further Sum not exceeding the Sum of One Million, and if the Terms for the determining of the said Corporation were extended upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned: And whereas the said Governor and Company are willing

and have agreed to advance towards the Supply granted to Your Majesty, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, *Irish* Currency, upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter in that Behalf mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for each and each Part of the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, made in the Thirty-fifth Year of His said Majesty's Regency, as relates to the determining of the Assent to the said Act mentioned, and to the discharging of the said Corporation of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, upon the Notice and Payments in the said Act mentioned, shall be and the same is hereby required; and that the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and their Successors, for ever, shall receive, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick, by the Name of "The Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*" aforesaid, and shall for ever have, receive, and enjoy the said several Annuities of Thirty thousand Pounds and Twenty-five thousand Pounds in the said recited Act of the Thirty-seventh Year aforesaid mentioned, and shall also have, receive, and enjoy the said Assent with the Rate of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for every One hundred Pounds of the said Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, for Nineteen Years from the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, in the said last recited Act also mentioned; together with all Abolitions, Capabilities, Powers, Authorities, Franchises, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, to which the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* were or are or before the passing of this Act were entitled by the said several herein-before recited Acts, or any of them, and by their Charters; and the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, shall be and are hereby freed and discharged from the said Condition of Redemption: Subject nevertheless to the Conditions and Provisions in this present Act mentioned and contained.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or taken to extend in anywise to alter, prejudice, or affect the Constitution, Effect, or Operation of the Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's People and Roman Catholic Subjects of Ireland*, touching any Right or Privilege whatsoever, of which His Majesty's said Subjects are by the said Act mentioned capable.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in face as they shall think proper, to receive Subscriptions from any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, for enlarging their Capital Stock or Fund of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, so as to make the whole Capital Stock the Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, and for providing a further Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds towards completing the afore-mentioned Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, provided the Whole thereof shall be subscribed and paid on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, which Subscriptions shall be made at the Rate of One hundred and twenty-five Pence *Irish* Currency, for every One hundred Pounds of such additional Stock; and the Money for such additional Stock shall be paid in such Manner and Form, and by such Instalments or Proportions, as the Court of Directors of the said Bank shall from Time to Time appoint, so as that the Whole of the said Subscription shall be subscribed and paid on or before the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and the Capital Stock of One Million subscribed and paid for, shall from and after the Time of such Payment be deemed and taken as and for a Part of the Capital Stock of the said Corporation; and the Subscription thereto, from and after the Time of making full Payment for such additional Stock, and their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall at all Times be Members of the said Corporation, and incorporated therein, and shall be created sons, and have, hold, and enjoy all Benefits, Privileges, Advantages, and Immunities, and be subject and liable to all Regulations, Rules, and Orders, to which the present Stockholders and Members of the said Corporation, in respect of the Stock held by and belonging to them, are respectively entitled, subject, and liable unto, by the said several Acts of Parliament herein-before recited, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, Orders or Charters whatsoever now in force, or by any Bye Law of the said Corporation or otherwise hereinafter; and the said additional Stock shall be transferrable and assignable in the Manner, and the Proprietors and Holders thereof shall hold their respective Shares of the said additional Stock in like Manner as the respective Stockholders of the said Corporation now do, and hereafter shall hold and enjoy the respective Shares belonging to them in the positive Capital Stock of the said Corporation, and the same shall in all Respects be considered and treated as One united Stock.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Corporation shall and may from Time to Time make and pay the like Dividends to the Proprietors of the said additional Stock, as they shall make and pay to the Proprietors and Holders of the present Stock of the said Corporation; the full of which Dividends shall commence from such Time as shall be specified in the Proposals or Terms to be offered for such Subscription by the said Court of Directors.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Court of Directors shall and they are hereby required to give the Options and Preference in Subscription for the said additional Stock, so far as such Persons as shall hold the Stock of the said Bank at the Time or Times of such Subscriptions as aforesaid, so far as not exceeding upon the Whole of the said Sum of One Million, the Amount of Sixty-five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Four-pence *per Centum* on the said present Capital Stock of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, which shall be then held by each Stockholder in preference, and in the same Proportion for any Sum less than the said Sum of One Million, which may from Time to Time be subscribed for and paid; and all Executors, Administrators, Guardians, and Trustees, shall be indemnified in making such Subscriptions and Payments.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in case any Person, after having subscribed, shall fail to make any of the Payments agreed, at the respective Times appointed for making such Payments, then and in every such Case all Deposits and Payments made by such Defaulter previous to such Default shall be forfeited to and become the Property of the said Corporation; and in case all the Proprietors of the said Capital Stock of

See note of
§ 1. C. 4. n. 11
as relates to the
dissolution of the
Annuity
charter
mentioned, did
not do the duty
of the said Bank,
repealed.
See full names
& Corporation.

See to which
§ 1. C. 4. n. 11
as to People

Such empowered
to receive their
Capital by
One Million
aforesaid.

That the said
be paid on
additional Stock.

Preference shall
be given in
A six pence
to present
Proprietors.

Finally on
Persons failing in
making their
Payments.

Whom they may be
Subscribers.

One million five hundred thousand Pounds, shall not subscribe for their respective Proportions of the said Sum of One Million, then such Deficiency shall be disposed of to such other Persons as shall be willing to subscribe for the same in such Proportions as aforesaid; and in case any Proprietor or Proprietors shall refuse or neglect to subscribe and pay his, her, or their Share of the same to be paid at the Time or Times aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and their Successors, not only to stop the Share or Dividend of the Funds, Stocks, or Profits of the said Company, which shall from Time to Time become payable to such Member or Members by neglecting or refusing, and to apply the same from Time to Time for or towards Payment of the Share of the Money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by such Member or Members by neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the Transfers or Assignments of the Share of every such Defaulter, and to charge every such Defaulter with an Interest after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum for the Money by him, her, or their, omitted to be paid, from the Time the same was appointed to be paid, and the Interest thereof; and in case the Principal and Interest shall be unpaid by the Space of Three Months, then the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall have Power to sell so much of the said Stock of every such Defaulter as shall fairly and pay the same, making the Overplus to the Proprietors, if any be.

Which they
shall be
to be
to be
to be

VII. And be it further enacted, That from the Time the said Sum of One Million shall be subscribed and paid in under the Provisions of this Act, the said Corporation may borrow or give Security for any Sum or Sums, if that they shall not owe at any one Time more than a Sum equal to the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, and of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds; any Thing in the said herein-before recited Acts or any of them contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Which they
shall be
to be
to be
to be

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, the above-mentioned Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, *Irish Currency*, any Thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the Whole of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, shall be paid on or before the Fourth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, by such instalments as are herein-after mentioned; that is to say, Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Twentieth Day of June then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Ninth Day of July then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Tenth Day of September then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Tenth Day of October then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Tenth Day of November then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum on or before the Tenth Day of December then next following; and the remaining Sum of Twenty Pounds per Centum on or before the Fourth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine; and the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, as the same shall be so paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, shall be a Loan to His Majesty towards making the Supply granted to His Majesty, for the Service of His Majesty in Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight.

Which they
shall be
to be
to be

IX. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, for each and every Instalment of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, from the Day of the Payment of such Instalment, until the Fourth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, an Interest after the Rate of Five Pence by the Year for each One Hundred Pounds, and from and after the said Fourth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the complete and full Payment of the Whole of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, as Interest or Annuity of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds *Irish Currency*, being a Sum equal to the Amount of the whole Interest of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, at the Rate of Five Pence per Centum *per Annum*, which Sum shall be paid thenceforward by two equal Half-yearly Payments, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, without any Deduction or Abatement; the First Payment of the said Annuity or Interest to be made on the Fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine.

Which they
shall be
to be
to be
to be

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That at any Time after the Full Day of January which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, upon Twelve Months Notice to be published in the Dublin Gazette, by Order of the Lord Lieutenant, or after Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, that the said Corporation of the Bank is to be dissolved, and upon Re-payment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or their Successors, as well of the said Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds in Debentures mentioned in the said recited Act of the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of His present Majesty, as also of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds in Money, mentioned in the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as also of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds in this present Act mentioned, and also of all Annuities of the several Annuities of Thirty thousand Pounds and Twenty-two thousand Pounds, mentioned in the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year, and of the said Annuity after the Rate of Three Pence Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each One hundred Pounds, for Nineteen Years, if any such Annuity shall then be due, and of the Annuity of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds in this present Act mentioned; or at any Time previous to the said Full Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, upon like Re-payment, by and with the Desire and Consent of the said Governor and Company, to be signified by them, by their Petition in Writing, sealed with their Common Seal, and addressed to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being; then, and in such Case, the said several Annuities shall, from and after the Expiration of Twelve Months after such Notice published, cease and determine, and the said Corporation shall be dissolved.

Which they
shall be
to be

XI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if the Whole of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds shall not be paid into the Exchequer of Ireland before the Fourth Day of January One

thesaid eight hundred and nine, or if the Whole of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds shall not be subscribed and paid into the said Bank, in Manner hereto-before mentioned, on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, three, and in any such Case, the said Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland*, or the Proprietors of the said Bank thereof, shall not receive any Benefit by this Act, and the said Corporation shall be subject to be dissolved at the Time mentioned in the said recited Act of the Thirty-first Year aforesaid, in the Manner and on the Terms mentioned in the said recited Acts of the Twenty-fifth and Thirty-seventh Years aforesaid, any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and in such Case every Person who shall have subscribed and paid any Sum towards the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be entitled to and shall receive from the said Governor and Company such Sum as shall have been subscribed for and paid by them respectively, with such Interest or Dividend for the Proportion of the same, which is intended to be a Part of the Capital Stock, from the Time the same shall have been paid, as any Proprietor of any Part of the said Capital Stock of the said Bank for hundred thousand Pounds shall be then entitled to, as aforesaid, and with an Interest after the Rate of Five Percent. per Annum for such remaining Part thereof, as shall have been subscribed towards completing the Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds above the Sum of Our Milline Capital Stock.

XII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That if at any Time before the said First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office for the Time being, shall be deficient and stand in arrears the said Sum of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds on Re-payment of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds *pro* Currency in Money, and of such Sum or their Deficit and Interest shall give Six Months Notice to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury to repay; the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds to the said Governor and Company; and upon such Re-payment, together with all Arrears of the said Annuity of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds, the said Annuity shall cease and determine; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That in case the said Annuity of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds shall be released by Re-payment of the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, upon such Notice as aforesaid, the said Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds shall nevertheless, as Receipt thereof by the Directors for the Time being, be received by them as Government Securities, for the Use of the said Governor and Company of the Bank, and shall remain so invested during the Continuance of the said Corporation under this Act; and the Interest, Dividends, and Produce of such Government Securities so to be procured with the said One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, shall be received by the said Governor and Company, and for their Use, in like Manner as the said Annuity of Sixty-two thousand five hundred Pounds to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIV. And whereas the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* are willing and have agreed to continue the Management in *Ireland* of the publick Debt of *Ireland*, and of all Loans which shall at any Time be made for the Service of *Ireland*, free of all Charge and Expence whatsoever for such Management, or for their Trouble, in the Payment of the Interest of the National Debt of *Ireland*, from Time to Time during the Continuance of the said Corporation, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* shall, from Time to Time, and at all Times during the Continuance of their Charter, and until the said Corporation shall be dissolved pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, pay and continue to pay all Interest, Annuities, and Dividends payable at the said Bank, in respect of the National Debt of *Ireland*, or in respect of any Fund or Stock created or to be created in consequence of any publick Loan for the Service of *Ireland*, without making any Charge to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, for their Trouble or Expence in so doing; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for the better Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels navigating the *West* Sea. [25th *June* 1808.]

WHEREAS Ships and Vessels have frequently been wrecked, and many Lives and much Property have been lost, from the Ignorance and Misconduct of Persons taking Charge of such Ships or Vessels in Ports; And whereas the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset* Strand have, as well by Usage for more than Three Centuries as by Grant from the Crown, and under the Authority of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, been empowered to appoint Pilots, Landmen, or Guides, to conduct Ships or Vessels into and out of and upon the River of *Thames* through the North Channel, as or by *Osborne* and round the *Long Sand Head* through the Queen's Channel or other Channels into the *Down*, and from and by *Osborne*, and up the North Channel, and up the Rivers *Tyne* and *Mersey*; and the several Creeks and Channels belonging or relating to the same, and to make such Orders and Constitutions as should be needful for the whole Government of Seafaring Men and Mariners and Inmate of Navigation, and of all Seafaring Men within the said River of *Thames*; in pursuance of which Powers the said Corporation have from Time to Time appointed a sufficient Number of Pilots for the Purposes before mentioned: And whereas such both have Time out of Mind, and now is, a Society or Fellowship of Pilots of the Trinity House of *Down*, *Dock*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, who have had the Pilotage and Licensage of all Ships from the said Places up the Rivers *Tyne* and *Mersey*; which said Society or Fellowship have been constituted by various Acts of Parliament for regulating the Pilots of the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Down*, *Dock*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, commonly called *Cape Port* Pilots, notwithstanding which many Persons not having Licence or Authority, or competent Knowledge or Experience, have taken upon themselves

and before the Twenty-fifth Year of the said Corporation may be dissolved, in order to the Act. 2. 27. 6. 4.

Therefore may they be taken to the Bank or see Time on the 25th of June.

On such Re-payment, the said Sum shall be received as Government Securities, for the Use of the Bank.

Bank shall receive the publick Debt of *Ireland*, and pay the Interest without Expence to Government.

Protest Powers, in the 5th up to the 25th of *June* 1808.

Protest Powers of the Trinity House of *Down*.

• **Power to act as Pilots for conducting Ships or Vessels to and from and upon the said Rivers, to the great Hazard of such Ships or Vessels and their Crews: And whereas the Provisions of the said Acts have been found inadequate to the Regulation of Pilotage and the Preservation of such Merchants, and it is therefore necessary that further and more effectual Regulations should be made for that Purpose, and that all the Provisions and Regulations relating to the several Descriptions of Pilots aforesaid should be amended: And whereas Acts of Parliament have been passed for establishing separate and peculiar Jurisdictions in relation to Pilotage in certain Ports and on different Parts of the Coast of England, which by reason of the same being limited have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes intended thereby, and it is therefore necessary that more effectual Regulations should be made in relation to Pilotage on the Coasts of England: And whereas it is necessary for duly enforcing the Laws respecting Quarantine, on which the Health of His Majesty's Subjects essentially depends, that the Names and Places of Residence of all Pilots in England should be known by their whole Duty it is to convey Information respecting those Laws from Time to Time to them: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, so often Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Forfeitures, Penalties, and Things relating as well to Pilots appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street* as to Pilots of the Fellowship of *Dover, Deal, and the Isle of Thanet*, and to the Pilotage by and Regulation of all such Pilots as aforesaid, and also as to the Conduct of all Persons in Matters of Pilotage, within the Jurisdiction of the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Dorset Street* and the Liberty of the Cinque Ports, which are contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, except only so far as such Acts relate to any Rates of Pilotage due or to become due before the Commencement of the respective new Rates to be established under the Provisions of this Act, or to any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred or to be incurred, or any other Act, Matter, or Thing done or to be done before the Establishment of the new Rates and Regulations which are to be made under the Provisions of this Act, or before the Commencement of the Operation of any of the Provisions of this Act in relation to any such Matters as aforesaid.**

Provisions in former Acts relating to Pilots repealed.
[See Statute 2 G. 1. c. 13.
7 G. 1. c. 11.
4 G. 2. c. 28.
4 G. 3. c. 110.
4 G. 3. c. 3.
c. 104.]

From Oct. 1, 1808, the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street* shall have the Power as Pilots to conduct all Vessels which arrive from, and come to, and sail to, except as herein excepted.

Pilots appointed by the Corporation, may receive as shall be.

Rates in Schedule (A.) may be demanded by Pilots.

Pilots shall pay annually Three Guineas to the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street* on Penalty of Suspension.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, it shall be lawful for the Master, Warden, and Assistants of the Guild, Fraternity, or Brotherhood of the Most Glorious and Undivided Trinity and of St. *Clowes* in the Parish of *Dorset Street* in the County of *Kent*, (commonly called *The Corporation of Trinity House of Dorset Street*), and they are hereby empowered to appoint and hire under their Common Seal, fit and competent Persons, duly skilled, as Pilots, for the Purpose of conducting all Ships and Vessels sailing, navigating, and putting up and down or upon the Rivers of *Thames* and *Mercway*, and all and every the several Channels, Creeks, and Docks thereof or therein, or leading or adjoining thereto, as well between *Graveling* and *London Bridge*, as from *London Bridge* to the *Docks*, and from the *Docks* westward as far as the *Isle of Wight*, and to the *English Channel* from the *Isle of Wight* up to *London Bridge*, which Vessels shall be conducted and piloted by such Pilots so appointed and licensed, and by no other Pilots or Persons whatsoever, except Pilots appointed by the Society or Fellowship of the Trinity House of *Dover, Deal, and the Isle of Thanet*, (commonly called *Cinque Port Pilots*), so far as such Pilots are hereby authorized to pilot Ships and Vessels from the Westward up to *London Bridge*, and from *London Bridge* downwards to the Westward; that it is to be, from any Port or Place between the *Isle of Wight* and the said Bridge, according to the Provisions in that behalf hereinafter contained, and also law and usage, as well all Callers in all all Ships and Vessels coming to *Norway* and to the *Cattog* and *Schoke*, and likewise round the *North Cape* and into the *White Sea*, and save and except all coastwise Trades inwards from the Ports between *Deal* and *Wexford*, and the *Schoke*, such Ships and Vessels having *British* Registers, and coming up or going down the *North Channel* by *Graveling*, but not otherwise; and likewise law and usage all Coastwise Vessels, and all *Irish* Traders using the Navigation of the River of *Thames* as Coasters: Provided always, that it shall be lawful, after the passing of this Act, for any Pilot or Pilots heretofore appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street*, or by the Society or Fellowship of the Trinity House of *Dover, Deal, and the Isle of Thanet*, to pilot or conduct any Ship or Vessel within such Limits as such Pilot or Pilots might lawfully have conducted and piloted the same before the passing of this Act, under and by virtue of the Licenses or Authorities granted to such Pilots respectively as aforesaid, which respective Licenses shall continue in force notwithstanding this Act, so that such Pilots respectively do in all Things conform themselves to the Provisions of this Act, and the Rates and Regulations to be established under the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, the respective Rates or Prices hereinafter enumerated in the Table marked (A.) in the Schedule to this Act annexed, may be lawfully demanded and received by any Pilot licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street*, for the piloting or conducting of any Ship or Vessel from Place to Place, as expressed in the said Table; and that no greater Rates or Prices, or other Reward or Emolument, shall, under any Pretence whatsoever, be demanded, solicited, or received, than such Rates or Prices.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Pilot already appointed or to be appointed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street*, under the Authority of this Act (except only such Pilots as shall be appointed by the said Corporation, upon their receiving Certificates of Examination by any Sub-Committee of Pilotage, as hereby directed) shall from Time to Time and at all Times hereafter pay or cause to be paid to the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorset Street*, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same on their Behalf, the Sum of Three Guineas, in the Month of January yearly, which Payment shall be accepted by the said Corporation in full and Satisfaction of and for all the ancient and accustomed Duties payable by such Pilots to the said Corporation, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of *George the Second*, or any other Statute or Charter whatever, and shall be applied for the Use and Benefit of the Poor of the said Corporation (after first deducting thereout the Expenses incurred by the said Corporation) from Time to Time in carrying this Act into Execution; and in

and such annual Payment shall not be duly made by the said Pilots respectively, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to suspend the Perfers from making Delays from sailing as Pilots, until due Payment shall be made of such annual Sums.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire*, as a Pilot for the Rivers of *Thames* or *Medway*, or the Channels leading thence to or thencefrom, under the Provisions of this Act, who shall not have served as Mate for Three Years on board a square-rigged Vessel, or shall not have been in the actual Command of a square-rigged Vessel for One Year, or who shall not have been employed in the Pilot Service of the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire* for Sixteen Years, or who shall not have served an Apprenticeship of Five Years to some Pilot Vessel licensed under this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be licensed or be allowed to take charge as a Pilot of any Ship or Vessel drawing more than Fourteen Feet Water in the Rivers of *Thames* or *Medway*, or any of the Channels thereof, until such Person shall have been licensed, and shall have acted as a Pilot for Three Years under lawful Authority, on pain of forfeiting Ten Pounds for every such Offence, as well by the Person acting as such Pilot, as also by the Master or Commander, or other Person having charge of such Ship or Vessel, who shall permit any such Person to take charge as a Pilot of the same, contrary to the Provision aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall, from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, take charge of any Ship or Vessel as a Pilot belonging to the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover*, *Dart*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, commonly called *Cinque Port Pilots*, before he shall be examined by the Master and Two Wardens, or by Four Wardens of the said Society or Fellowship, for the Time being, touching his Abilities, and shall be approved and admitted into the Society or Fellowship of the Trinity House of *Dover*, *Dart*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, at a Court of Ladsenage, holden by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, for the Time being, or his Deputy, and the Commissioners for Ladsenage for the Time being; and if any Person shall refuse to act as a Pilot belonging to the said Society or Fellowship, without having been so examined, approved, and admitted as aforesaid, every such Person shall for the First Offence forfeit Ten Pounds, for the second Twenty Pounds, and for every other Offence Forty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Master and two Wardens of the said Society or Fellowship of Pilots of the Trinity House of *Dover*, *Dart*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, as shall be appointed from Time to Time, to examine into the Skill and Ability of any Person or his being first admitted as a Pilot into the said Society or Fellowship, shall take the Oath marked (C.) in the Schedule hereto annexed, to be administered to him by the Register of the Court of Ladsenage, who is hereby authorized to administer such Oath.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, the respective Rates or Prices hereafter enumerated in the Table marked (B.) in the Schedule to this Act annexed, may be lawfully demanded and received by any Pilot licensed by the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover*, *Dart*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, for the conducting of any Ship or Vessel from Place to Place, as expressed in the said Table; and that no greater Rates or Prices, or other Reward or Emolument shall, under any Pretence whatever, be received than such Rates or Prices.

X. And be it further enacted, That a proper and sufficient Number of Pilots of the Cinque Ports, not less than Eighteen at any one Time, and as Successive from Time to Time, without Interruption or any unnecessary Delay, shall, at all convenient Times by Day and Night, constantly ply at Sea, or be away between the *Isle of Portland* and *Dorchester*, to take charge of Ships and Vessels coming from the Westward, and proper Signals shall be established, to be made at and from Signal Hoards now erected, or which may be erected on convenient Situations near to *Dover*, to give Notice of Fleets of Vessels coming from the Westward, and upon the making of any Signals, giving Notice of the Approach of any Fleet from the Westward, all Cinque Port Pilots not on Duty at the Time, shall, according to such Rules and Regulations as to Number, Returns, or otherwise as shall be made in that behalf, forthwith prepare to go aboard, and shall go off on sufficient Time to fall in with such Ships and Vessels, on pain of forfeiting, in case of Neglect herein, for the First Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and for the second the Offender shall be suspended from acting as a Pilot for Twelve Months, and for the Third Offence shall forfeit his License to act as such Pilot, and shall be rendered thereby incapable of acting thereafter as a Pilot.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having the Command of any Ship or Vessel coming from the Westward, and bound to any Place in the Rivers of *Thames* or *Medway*, not having a duly qualified Cinque Port Pilot on board, shall, on the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel off *Dorchester*, and until the said Ship or Vessel shall have received a proper Cinque Port Pilot on board, display and keep flying the usual Signal for a Pilot to come on board; and if any duly qualified Cinque Port Pilot shall be within half, or approaching and within Half a Mile, with the proper distinguishing Flag or Vane flying in his Vessel or Boat, the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall, by leaving to it proper Time, or by all practicable Means, consistently with the Safety of the Ship or Vessel, facilitate such Pilot getting on board, and shall give the Charge of piloting of his Ship or Vessel to such Cinque Port Pilot; and every Person commanding any such Ship or Vessel, who shall decline to take any such Cinque Port Pilot on board, or to give such Charge of his Ship or Vessel to such Pilot, or who shall not hearken to, or otherwise facilitate such Pilot coming on board as aforesaid, shall be subject to the Penalties by this Act imposed for neglecting or declining to take as a Pilot, and for neglecting his Vessel without a Pilot, contrary to the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that if any Ship or Vessel bound to the Rivers *Thames* or *Medway*, shall anchor anywhere in the *Dover* between the South Foreland and a Line drawn from Sandown Castle and the South Naze of the *Beaumont*, having any licensed Pilot other than a Cinque Port Pilot on board, it shall be lawful for a Cinque Port Pilot to repair on board the same, at any Time before such Ship or Vessel shall have been at an Anchor One Hour, with the Signal for a Pilot flying, and to take Charge of her up the said Rivers, but not otherwise.

No Person shall be licensed as a Pilot unless qualified as herein specified.

The Pilot has acted Three Years he shall not pilot a Ship drawing more than Fourteen Feet Water. Pilot and Captain.

No Cinque Port Pilot shall take Charge of any Ship till he has been admitted: Penalty not yet set out.

Oath of Master and Wardens of Trinity House, &c., examining Pilot, Schedule (C.)

Rate in Schedule (B.) may be demanded by such licensed Pilot.

A sufficient Number of Cinque Port Pilots shall constantly ply to take Charge of Ships coming from the Westward, and on making Signals of Fleets from the Westward, all Pilots shall prepare to go off.

Masters of Ships from the Westward not having a Cinque Port Pilot, shall display a Signal for one, and so direct his crew as to board.

Cinque Port Pilots may repair on board Ships at anchor within certain Distances, not having their Pilot on board.

Provision in
Coastwise
Ships before
Arrival at Place
of Destination
in Thames or
Medway,
without Consent
of the Master.

XII. * And whereas, great Convenience to Trade will arise by putting an End to the present practice
* Usage of Coastwise Port Pilots quitting Ships or Vessels at Greenwich, or elsewhere in the Thames or Medway,
* at their Discretion, be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Expire of Twelve Months next
after the passing of this Act, if any Coastwise Port Pilot, taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel into the Thames
or Medway, shall quit such Ship or Vessel at Greenwich, or in any other Part of the Thames, or in any Part of
the Medway, before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Place to which such Ship or Vessel is bound
in the said Rivers Thames or Medway respectively, without the Consent of the Captain or other Person having
the Command thereof, unless some other duly qualified Pilot shall, with such Consent, come on board, and
shall take the Charge and Command of such Ship or Vessel for the Residue of the Passage to be performed,
every such Pilot shall forfeit for every such Offence all Pay or Reward to which he might be entitled for having
quitted or piloted such Ship or Vessel into the Rivers Thames or Medway, and shall also be subject to such
other Penalty or Forfeiture as by virtue of any of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Rules and Regulations
to be established in pursuance hereof, any Pilot shall be liable to for quitting a Ship or Vessel before the said
arrive at her Place of Destination.

Act Cases of
Lombardy,
Pilot's shall be
made by
entering the
Officers of the
Adm. Ser.
by Coastwise
Pilot.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, or his
Deputy, with the Assent of the Commissioners of Lighthouses, and of the Masters and Wardens of the Society
or Fellowship of Pilots of Dover, Deal, and the Isle of Thanet, or the major Part of them, as an Assembly
commonly called *A Court of Lighthouses*, to be held by the said Lord Warden or his Deputy, full, within
Four Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, proceed to make and shall make sufficient Rules and
Orders for enforcing the due Observance of the Provisions of this Act by all Coastwise Port Pilots, and for
providing for the good Government and Regulation of all such Pilots, as well relating to the Services of the said
Pilots in going off to and taking Charge of and conducting and navigating His Majesty's Ships and Vessels,
and the Ships and Vessels in His Majesty's Employ, and also all Ships and Vessels whomever and whereforever,
within the proper and usual Limits of such Ports, or whereto they shall for the Time being act or be, and for
effectually securing the Performance of all the Duties and Services of such Pilots at all Times; which Rules
and Regulations when so made shall be forthwith printed and transmitted to the Custom House in London,
that the same may be seen by all Persons interested therein; and Copies thereof shall be delivered to every
Member of the said Society, and also to every new Member of the said Society on his Election; and a Copy
or Extract thereof shall be sent to or inserted upon the License or Warrant of every Pilot belonging to the
Coastwise Ports, as well those already admitted and licensed as all others hereafter to be licensed as such Pilots;
and it shall be lawful in such Rules and Regulations to establish Penalties and Forfeitures for the violating
such Rules and Regulations and for the disobeying of the said Pilots, and for suspending or depriving any of
the said Pilots from breaking such Rules or Orders, or omitting to do any Thing required by the same to be done, or
for acting in anywise contrary to such Rules or Orders.

Rules shall be
transmitted to
the Custom
House, London,
&c.

If such Rules
shall be
made and
transmitted, or
shall be
made by
the Privy Council
and other
proper Bodies
in
the
said
Manner.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if such Rules and Regulations in relation to Coastwise
Port Pilots shall not be made and transmitted as aforesaid, within Four Calendar Months after the passing
of this Act, or if such Rules and Regulations, when so made and transmitted, shall appear to be in any material
Point erroneous, insufficient, or defective, it shall be lawful for any Owner of Ships, or other Person concerned
in the Matter of such Rules or Regulations, to apply to His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, who
shall thereupon cause proper and sufficient Rules and Regulations to be drawn up for the Purpose aforesaid,
in case no such Rules and Regulations shall have been made and transmitted as aforesaid, or shall amend,
correct, or enlarge any such Rules and Regulations as shall have been made and transmitted; which Rules and
Regulations so made or so amended, corrected and enlarged, shall be distributed, published, and made use of in
such Manner as His Majesty's said Privy Council shall in that Behalf appear and direct, and the same shall take Effect
from such Time as in the said Rules or Regulations shall be expressed in regard to the Commencement thereof.

The Number of
Coastwise
Port Pilots to be
increased.

XV. * And whereas under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Third Year of His late Majesty King
* George the First, The Number of Pilots of the Cinque Ports was to be One hundred and twenty at the least,
* and it has been found by Experience, that the said Number is inadequate to the aforesaid Trade and Navigation
* of these Kingdoms, be it therefore enacted, That within Four Months after the passing of this Act,
the Number of Coastwise Port Pilots shall be increased to One hundred and forty at the least, so that Number
of One hundred and forty, Twenty more shall be added, whenever such further Addition shall be directed to
be made by an Order of His Majesty's Privy Council, upon Application made to His Majesty in Council for
that Purpose by the Corporation of Trinity House of Dapford Street; and that a further Addition of Twenty
Coastwise Port Pilots shall be made to the Number aforesaid, according to the whole Number of One
hundred and eighty, by the like Authority, whenever such further Addition shall be applied for by the
Corporation of the Trinity House of Dapford Street to His Majesty in Council.

Number of
Pilots shall be
kept up, but
after a Division
of the
Ports,
Vacancies shall
be filled up only
by
Provision of
Trinity House;
Pilots shall
qualify themselves
and shall receive

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the aforesaid Number of the said Pilots shall respectively
fall short of the Number aforesaid, the Number is intended shall forthwith be kept up from Time to
Time by the Appointment of Pilots in Succession, as often as any Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen by Death,
Incapacity, or Dismission; provided that after the Conclusion of a Definitive Treaty of Peace with France, no
Vacancy shall be filled up as aforesaid, without a special Permission to that Behalf given by His Majesty's Privy
Council, upon the Recommendation of the said Corporation of Trinity House, and that the Number of Pilots shall
at any Time by Death or otherwise be reduced below One hundred and forty, in which Case the Vacancies
shall be filled up from thenceforth from Time to Time, in as late as to exceed One hundred and forty in the Whole.

XVII. * And whereas certain Harbours near the Downs have become much frequented as Places of Safety,
* and Ships and Vessels lying in or taking through the Downs are sometimes compelled to run for these Harbours,
* and it is therefore necessary to make Provision for the Passage of such Harbours, be it therefore enacted,
That all Pilots, whose Licenses or Warrants shall authorize them to pilot Ships or Vessels from any Place to
the Westward up to London Bridge, shall qualify themselves, and shall be examined as to their Qualifications
and Ability to conduct any Ship or Vessel into and out of Romney Harbour, and the Harbours of Dover,
Printed image digitized by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit. *Southampton*

Sasswick, and Margate, and shall be obliged to pilot any Ship or Vessel into and out of the said Harbours; and if any such Pilot shall refuse to take charge of or conduct any Ship or Vessel into or out of any of the said Harbours, such Pilot shall forfeit all Pay and Reward to which he might otherwise be entitled for the Pilotage of any such Ship or Vessel, and shall be subject to such Fine or other Punishment as shall be inflicted in that Behalf by the Rules and Regulations of the Corporation or Society to which such Pilot shall belong.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every licensed Pilot who shall take charge of and conduct any Ship or Vessel into or out of Newgate Harbour, or into or out of Dover, Sasswick, or Margate, shall be entitled to and shall receive for each Pilotage at and after the Rate of Five Shillings for every Foot of the Draught of Water of the Ship or Vessel so piloted and conducted by him into or out of any such Harbour, if such Ship or Vessel shall have been so piloted and conducted into or out of the same in moderate Weather; but if under any Circumstances of Distress, then such Pilot shall be entitled to such further Sum of Money, to be calculated according to the Extent and Circumstances of such Distress, as the Commissioners of Salvage established under the Great Wardens of the Cinque Ports shall upon Application either of the Pilot, or Owner, or Master of any such Ship or Vessel, upon swearing into all such Circumstances aforesaid, and such Commissioners shall and they are hereby required upon any such Application made, to enquire into all such Circumstances, and to determine the Amount of the Sum to be paid for the Pilotage of any such Ship or Vessel into the said Harbours respectively, without any Fee or Reward for so doing.

XIX. Provided always, That on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel, and as soon as he shall be received in any of the said Harbours, it shall be lawful for the Pilot to demand the Pilotage due to him as aforesaid, and to sue the Ship therefor.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Corporation of Trinity House of Dymchurch Street, and they are hereby required to appoint from Time to Time (as often and for such Periods as they in their Discretion shall think fit) proper and competent Persons at each Ports or Places in England as they may think requisite (except within the Liberty of the Cinque Ports, and all such other Ports and Places whither or for which Provision shall have been made by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Charter or Charters for the Appointment of Pilots) not to exceed Two nor less than Three Persons at each Port or Place for which any such Appointment shall be made, which Persons to be appointed shall be called Sub-Commissioners of Pilotage, and shall take the Oath as the Schedule hereto annexed marked (D.) for the faithful Discharge of their Duty, and such Persons to be so appointed shall and they are hereby authorized (in long as their respective Appointments shall not be revoked or suspended by the Appointment of other Persons in their Places) to examine into the Qualifications of Persons to act as Pilots for such respective Ports and Places, and the adjoining Coasts (specified in their respective Appointments as aforesaid), and it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, upon their receiving a satisfactory Certificate under the Hands of any Three of the Persons to be so appointed, whenever the whole Number or any Part or Place shall consist of Four or Five, and by any Two where the whole Number shall consist of Three, that the Person examined as aforesaid is duly qualified to act for such Port or Ports and the adjoining Coasts, to give a License to such Person as well as a Pilot within the particular Limits (defining the same) for which he shall have passed such Examination, which License shall be granted in the first Instance for One Year, and shall afterwards from Year to Year be subject to Renewal and Confirmation, or otherwise, at the Discretion of the said Corporation of Trinity House.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent any Ship or Vessel which shall be brought into any Port or Ports in England by any Pilot duly licensed, from being afterwards employed in such Port or Ports by the Master or Mate thereof, or other Person having the Command, for the Purpose of entering into or going out of any Dock, or for changing the Moleings of such Ship or Vessel.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as the said Corporation of Trinity House of Dymchurch Street shall have licensed Pilots for any particular Port or Ports, and the respective Coasts near the same as aforesaid, they shall cause Notice of such Appointment to be published, by fixing up such Notice in Writing at the Trinity House, and at the Custom House in London, and also at the respective Custom Houses of the Ports for which and for the Coasts near the same such Appointments shall be made, and shall also afterwards cause such Notice to be published in the London Gazette, and in one or more Newspapers circulated in that Part of the Country where the Ports shall respectively be situated, and Publication in the London Gazette shall be good and sufficient Evidence of the Notice having been given; and from and after a Time or Times to be limited in the said Notice, which shall not in any Case or in relation to any Ships or Vessels whatever, be less than Six Weeks from the Publication thereof as aforesaid, and shall be proportionably more at the Discretion of the said Corporation, in relation to Ships and Vessels engaged in Foreign Voyages at the Time of such Publication, all Ships and Vessels sailing, navigating, or passing into or out of the said respective Ports or upon the Coasts thereof, shall be conducted and piloted by such Pilots only as shall be so licensed as aforesaid, and by no other Pilots whatsoever.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person suspended or deprived of his License as a Pilot, shall, during the Time of such Suspension, or after such Deposition, take upon himself to conduct any Ship or Vessel except in Cases of Distress, and in Cases where no licensed Pilots can be found, such Person shall be liable to all such Penalties, to be recovered and applied in like Manner and Form as are provided by this Act, against any Person who shall conduct or pilot any Ship or Vessel without ever having been licensed to act as a Pilot.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Pilot who shall be suspended or adjudged to have forfeited his License, and every Person, who having complied of any such Pilot, shall be satisfied with the Adjudication made upon the Matter of such Complaint, by the Corporation, Society, or Persons who shall have Cognizance of such Complaint, may appeal to His Majesty's Privy Council, who shall thereupon hear the Appeal, and confirm or annul any former Determination or Adjudication in the Premises, or, at their Discretion, make any particular and special Order relating thereto, and to the Matter of such Appeal, as the Case may require.

Ships or Vessels
Dover, Sasswick,
and Margate
Harbours.

Ships or Vessels
Pilotage

Pilotage payable
when Ship is
received

Trinity House
of Dymchurch
Street appointed
Sub-Commis-
sioners of
Pilotage to
examine Persons
to act as Pilots
at the respective
Ports, and to
Certificate of
their being
qualified to act
upon their
Licenses.

Ships or Vessels
may be employed
by the Master.

Notice of
Appointment
of Pilots at
particular Ports
shall be fixed up
at the Trinity
House, &c.
as aforesaid
Time after
which no other
Pilot shall act.

Pilots suspended
or deprived of
License, liable
to Penalties
with other
Persons.

Pilots suspended
or adjudged
to have forfeited
their License.

Overs, for any
unreasonable
Loss, through
want of Pilot,
within a mile of
Night.

Extension of
Ship or Vess.

Violence
exercising to
Time.

Remedy by Civil
Action refused.

Trinity House
Diplomat, shall
not act within
any Limits
having separate
Jurisdiction.

Notice, for the
Ship, relating to
Duty, Act,
may pain these
own Ships.

Licensed Pilots
may separate
unreasonable.
Penalty on
Notice occur-
ring unlicensed
Pilot, &c. not
to act.

Trinity House
Diplomat shall
establish Rates of
Pilots, which
shall be kept up
as the several
Custom Houses.

Masters of
Ships or Vessels
may appeal
against Rates or
the Pilot's Conduct.

Trinity House
may make the
Laws, and amend
Provisions in
Breach of them.

XXV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Owner or Master of any Ship or Vessel shall be answerable for any Loss or Damages, nor shall any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel or Confignee of Goods, be prevented from recovering any Loss or Damages, upon any Contract of Insurance of the same, or upon any other Contract relating to any Ship or Vessel, or any Cargo on board the same, by reason of a Pilot being on board of any such Ship or Vessel, (unless it shall be proved that the Want of a Pilot shall have arisen from any Refusal to take a Pilot on board, or from the Negligence of the Master of the Ship or Vessel, in not bringing to the Purpose of taking on board any Pilot, who shall be ready, and offer to take Charge of such Ship or Vessel.)

XXVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ships or Vessels belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

XXVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That except the Classes, Positions, Penalties or Regulations of this Act, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Vessel not exceeding the Burthen of Sixty Tons, having British Registers, nor to any Master or Owner of any such Vessel in respect thereof, or of the navigating of the same in any Channel, River, Port, or Place whatever.

XXVIII. And he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to deprive any Person of any Remedy by Civil Action against Pilots or other Persons, which they might have had if this Act had not been passed.

XXIX. And he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to give any Authority to the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Dorsetford Street*, within any Ports or Districts having separate Jurisdiction in Matters of Pilotage under any Act of Parliament or Charter, or to alter or repeal any Provisions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Pilots of any Ports or Districts, in relation to which Provisions shall have been made in any Act or Acts of Parliament as to Pilots or Pilotage, or the Pilotage within the Limits prescribed by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Pilotage, for such Ports, other than and except as herein particularly provided.

XXX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent or hinder the Master or Mate of any Ship or Vessel, or Owner or Part Owner, residing at *Dover, Deal, or the Isle of Thanet* from employing or giving his own Ship or Vessel up or down the Rivers *Tyne or Aiswhap*, or two or out of any Port or Place within the Jurisdiction of the *Corporation*.

XXXI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any licensed Pilot to separate any Person not licensed as a Pilot, in the Charge of any Ship or Vessel within the Limits of his Licence; and every Master of any Ship or Vessel who shall continue any unlicensed Person, or any licensed Person acting out of the Limits for which he is qualified as a Pilot, after any Pilot licensed to act within the Limits in which such Ship or Vessel shall actually be, shall have offered to take Charge of the Ship or Vessel, and every Person offering or continuing in the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel without being duly licensed to act within the Limits in which such Ship or Vessel shall actually be, after any Pilot duly licensed and qualified to act in the Premises shall have offered to take charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall respectively forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetford Street*, and they are hereby authorized and required to establish, vary and alter, from Time to Time, as Circumstances shall render the same necessary, regular Rates of Pilotage, in relation to all Pilotage performed in any River, Port, or Place, or upon any Coast whatever, by any Pilot or Pilots who shall be licensed by the said Corporation, upon their receiving Certificates of Examination from any Sub-Commissioners of Pilotage hereby created to be appointed; which Rate shall be regulated by and proportioned as well to the Size and Draught of Water of the Vessels as to the Distance piloted, the Direction and Responsibility of the Pilot, and such other Circumstances as the said Corporation may think fit, to take into Consideration in fixing and establishing such Rates, of which Establishment or Alterations of Rates of Pilotage Notice shall be given by hanging up printed Tables thereof, corrected from Time to Time as Variations therein shall be made, at the several Custom Houses at the Ports to which the said Rates shall apply.

XXXIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if the major Part be Number of the Pilots who shall be licensed by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetford Street* for any particular Port or Place in consequence of their receiving Certificates of Examination aforesaid, shall be dissatisfied with the Rates so established or altered, or in case any Owners of Ships or Vessels mentioned in any such Rates shall be dissatisfied with such respective Rates, it shall be lawful for such Parties respectively to appeal to the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council; and it shall be lawful for any Committee of such Privy Council, calling to their Assistance any such Persons as they may think fit, to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal or Appeals, and to settle, alter and regulate such Rates as to them shall appear to be expedient, in case the Master of such Appeal shall, in the Infiniteness of the said Committee of Privy Council, appear to require the making any Order therein.

XXXIV. And he it further enacted, That all Persons licensed to act as Pilots in any Port or Place by the said Corporation of Trinity House by virtue of this Act, shall from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, be subject to the Regulation and Government of the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the said Corporation, who are hereby authorized and empowered, as well for enforcing the good Conduct and constant Attendance of such Pilots upon their Duty, as for enforcing the general Purpose of this Act, from Time to Time to make and frame all such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, Regulations, and Ordinances as they shall think fit, therein specifying and directing also what annual or other Sums shall be paid by any such Pilots to the Sub-Commissioners of Pilotage for the Examination of such Pilots, and for granting and issuing or confirming the Licences from Time to Time; and it shall be lawful for the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the said Corporation respectively, to annex such reasonable Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach of such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, and Ordinances when made, as to them shall seem expedient in that Behalf, and from Time to Time to amend, alter, and amend, all or any of the aforesaid Bye Laws, and to make such other and new Bye Laws, Rules,

Orders, and Ordinances as they shall think proper, so as such Bye Laws, Rules, Regulations, and Ordinances be made conformable to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall not be in any Manner repugnant to the Laws of this Realm: Provided always, that no Bye Laws shall have Force or Effect in any Port, nor shall have been executed, enforced, and approved by the Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or by the Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, the Justice and Assizes, or any other of which Chief Justices shall be verified under his Hand and Seal; and all and every such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, and Ordinances when so made and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be observed and kept, and so far as Execution, and have the same Force and Effect and Operation, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were respectively enacted by this Act.

XXXV. And in order that all such Bye Laws, Rules, and Regulations, may be more easily examined by the Parties interested therein, be it enacted, That Copies of all such Bye Laws, Rules, and Regulations, shall be transmitted to His Majesty's Privy Council and to the Commissioners of Customs in London, Three Calendar Months before the same shall be submitted to such Chief Justice as aforesaid, and the Commissioners of Customs are hereby required, upon the Request of such Copies, to cause the same to be printed and bound up, as soon as the same can be done, in the several Custom Houses of the principal Ports in Great Britain, to be open to the Inspection of all Persons interested therein, in all reasonable Times.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Copies of such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, and Ordinances, as shall be made and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be printed and shall be kept, up in some public or conspicuous Place in the several Custom Houses of the Ports in England, within the Limits for which the Pilots respectively shall be licensed, and also at the Treasury House in London.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall apply for a License to act as a Pilot by virtue of this Act, shall, before any License shall be granted to him, execute a Bond in a penal Sum at the Discretion of the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Dorsetshire*, or the Society or Fellowship of Pilots of *Dover*, *Dunkirk*, and the *Isle of Thanet*, in an Amount not exceeding One hundred Pounds, to be paid to the said Corporation or Society, their Successors and Assigns, with a Condition imposed therein for better securing the due Obedience of such Pilot to the Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, Regulations, and Ordinances which shall be made and issued pursuant to this Act; which Bonds shall be capable of being given to Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity, without being stamped according to the Law relating to the Stamp Duties.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Person commanding any Ship or Vessel bound to the River of *Thanet*, and which shall repair to *Swanage* Creek for the Performance of Quarantine, shall pay the full Charge of Pilotage up to *Greenfield* or *Swanage* Creek; and every Pilot conducting any such Vessel to *Swanage* Creek, shall be entitled to such Pay per Diem for the Days he shall be obliged to remain as Quarantine as shall be in that Behalf allowed for such Detention by the Rates of Pilotage to be established by virtue of this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Pilot taking charge of any Ship or Vessel into the River *Thames* or *Medway*, shall quit such Ship or Vessel at *Swanage* Creek before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Place to which such Ship or Vessel is bound in the River *Thames* or *Medway* respectively, without the Consent of the Captain or other Person having the Command thereof, unless some other duly qualified Pilot shall come on board and shall take the Charge and Command of such Ship or Vessel for the Residue of the Pilotage to be performed, every such Pilot shall forfeit for every such Offence all Pay or Reward to which he might be entitled for having conducted or piloted such Ship or Vessel to *Swanage* Creek, and shall also be liable to such other Penalty or Punishment as by virtue of any of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Rules and Regulations to be established in pursuance hereof, any Pilot shall be liable to for quitting a Ship or Vessel before he shall arrive at her Place of Destination.

XL. And be it further enacted, That a particular Description of the Person of every Pilot shall be indented on the Back of his License; and every Captain or Master, or other Person having the Command of a Ship or Vessel, on receiving a Pilot on board, shall inspect his License, and if he shall have Reason to think that such Pilot is not the Person to whom the License was granted, such Captain or Master, or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, as hereby required herewith to transmit a Copy of such License to the Corporation or Person by whom such License shall have been granted, stating the Date thereof, together with such Account and Description of the Person producing such License or Warrant, as any Inland or Discovery of the Offence.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and eight, if any Vessel licensed by virtue of this Act, or otherwise duly licensed, shall keep or be concerned in keeping, either by himself or any Agent or Servant, or other Person, or shall in any way be concerned in keeping of any Public House or Tavern, or Place of public Entertainment, or in the selling of any Wine or Spirituous Liquors, or Tobacco or Tea (unless such Pilot shall have kept, or been concerned or interested in the same before the First Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and shall be duly authorized by the Corporation or Authority under whose such Pilot shall act, to continue in such Business or Employment); or if any Pilot licensed as aforesaid shall be concerned in any Offence against any Law or Laws relating to the Revenues of Customs or Excise, or shall be concerned in, or shall wilfully conspire at any Indenture, Practices or Frauds against the Revenues of Customs or Excise, or shall procure, abet, connive at, or participate in any Indenture, Spoil, Concoction, Fraud, Extortion, or corrupt Practice relating to Ships or Vessels, or Persons in Dispute at Sea, or by Shipwreck, or relating to the Tackle, Apparel, or Furniture, or the Cargo of such Ships or Vessels, or relating to the Crew or Passengers belonging thereto, or the Merchandise, Goods, or Chattels of any of them, then and so every such Case every such Pilot shall (over and above all other Punishments, Mults, and Penalties, for such Offences) be disqualified from being a Pilot, or shall be suspended from acting as such, at the Discretion of the Corporation or other Authority from which such Pilot's License was derived.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall take Charge of any Vessel, or in any Manner act as a Pilot, or receive any Compensation for acting as a Pilot, unless he shall be authorized therein, by some lawful License, nor until such License shall have been regularly by the principal Officers of the Custom House of the

The Laws shall be made by Chief Justice of King's Bench and Common Pleas.

Copies of all printed Bye Laws shall be sent to the Treasury, London, &c.

Copies of Bye Laws notified shall be hung up in Custom Houses, &c. Head of Trinity applying for License, in King Bye Laws.

Master of Vessel performing Quarantine shall pay full Charge of Pilotage, &c. Penalty on Pilot quitting Ship before Quarantine.

Description of Pilot indented on his License, &c.

Pilot keeping Public House, &c. (unless authorized or otherwise approved by the Revenue Laws, &c. shall be disqualified or suspended).

No Pilot shall act as Licensee until License regularly issued by Officers.

Barrenes.

by any Part of the Coast of England, in the Course of any Voyage, or within the Limits of the Port or Place to which his Ship belongs, nor leave a Port or Place in relation to which Provisions hath heretofore been made by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Charter or Charters for the Appointment of Pilots, or who shall employ any Person as a Pilot, or who shall set himself as such for the Conduct of his Ship or Vessel, or any Cafe where and so long as a duly qualified Pilot shall not offer Assistance to make a Signal for that Purpose: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to hinder any Person from assisting any Ship or Vessel in Distress at any Time or Place, nor shall subject such Person, or any Master of any Ship or Vessel employed in such Person, to the Penalties of this Act, in respect of such Assistance given during the Distress of such Ship or Vessel, or in consequence thereof, or under any Circumstances which shall have rendered it necessary for such Master to avail himself of the best Assistance which at the Time could be procured; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any Act notwithstanding.

Penalty for employing or hiring a Pilot contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall be forfeit by the Owner of the Ship or Vessel, ten Pounds.

L. i. And be it further enacted, That every Person having the Command or Charge for the Time being of any Ship or Vessel, who shall report, or be privy or consenting to any other Person's reporting to any Pilot to take the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, a false Account of the Draught of Water of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, in addition to the Payment of the full Rate of Pilotage to the Pilot entitled thereto, double the Amount of such Pilotage; and any Person having the Command or Charge for the Time being of any Ship or Vessel, or having any Interest, Share, or Property therein, who shall fraudulently alter any Marks on the Stern or Sternpost thereof, denoting the Draught of Water, or shall be privy to a like conspiring therein, shall for any such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Consequences of employing the Draught of Water of Vessels, shall be limited by Trinity House.

LXII. And, in order to prevent any false Certificates concerning the Draught of Water of Ships and Vessels which shall be from Time to Time in the River of Thames (not being *English Register*), be it enacted, That whenever any Difference about the Draught of Water of any Ship or Vessel shall arise between the Master or other Person having the Command of any such Ship or Vessel, and any Person who shall have piloted the same into the said River, or who shall be required to pilot the same therefrom, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, the said Corporation of Trinity House, or some proper Officer or Person appointed by them, shall ascertain the Draught of Water of such Ship or Vessel, and shall settle and determine the same between the Parties, upon Application made by either of them to the said Corporation within Twelve Hours after such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Mouth of the River, or before the Cargo thereof shall be taken to be unladen, or before such Ship or Vessel shall quit her Moorings on any outward Voyage; for which Advertisement the Officer or Person making the same shall be paid One Guinea, if the Ship or Vessel shall be below or in the Pool, and Half a Guinea if above the Pool, by the Person reporting such Advertisement, or making Application for the same to the said Corporation.

Names of Pilots to be entered by Report of Ships coming into Port of London, by Order of the Customs, who shall return the same monthly to the Trinity House.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Master or other Person having the Command for the Time being of any Ship or Vessel required to be piloted according to the Provisions of this Act, shall, on coming into the Port of London, and in making the Entry or Report of his Ship or Vessel towards, in or out of the said River, be informed in such Entry or Report the Name of the Pilot or Pilots employed or engaged by him, or by the Owner of such Ship or Vessel to pilot the same into the said Port of London, and which Information shall be made (without Fee or Reward) by the proper Officer of the Customs, in the said Entry or Report, who shall also report the same to the Corporation of the Trinity House assembly; and also that the Principal Surveyor or Clearing Officer of the Customs at Gravesend shall demand and take the Name or Names of the Pilot or Pilots of all Ships or Vessels clearing onwards from the Port of London, and shall transmit monthly Lists of such Names to the said Corporation of the Trinity House, on pain of forfeiting a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every Pilots who shall neglect to comply with the foregoing Regulations respectively.

Clearing Officers at Gravesend shall report Vessels discharging Goods.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That Lists of the Christian and Saracens, Agents, and Places of Residence, of all Pilots in England, shall, with the Dates of their Appointments, on or before the Thirty-sixth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eight, be transmitted to the Corporation of Trinity House of *Graveland*, at their Court House in London, discharging the Limits within which such Pilots are appointed to ply respectively, and thenceforward from Time to Time as each Appointment of a Pilot shall take place; and also Duplicate of such Lists to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, according to the Lists to be transmitted to the Trinity House the Rates of Pilotage, and also listing the Rules and Regulations made and established in relation to such Pilots, in each such Rules and Regulations shall have been made by any other Authority than by Act of Parliament, or by the said Corporation of Trinity House of *Graveland*, and the same, when it is completed, shall be transmitted as aforesaid by the respective Bodies Politick and Corporate, and other Persons authorized to appoint Pilots in any of the Ports, Harbours, or Rivers, or on any of the Coasts of England, by whom such Pilots shall have been appointed respectively; and the said Bodies Politick and Corporate, and other Persons authorized to appoint Pilots as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required to transmit to the said Corporation of Trinity House, at their said Court House in London, annually on the Thirty-sixth Day of December, or within One Calendar Month afterwards, a List corrected up to the said Thirty-sixth Day of December annually, of the Names and Residences of the Pilots within their several Jurisdictions, and listing such Alterations as may have been made (if any) in the Rules and Regulations for every such Pilots within the respective Districts.

Act 3 & 4 Geo. 3. c. 11.

LXV. And whereas by Two Acts passed in the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Performance of Quarantine, Pilots are required, on going on board Ships arriving from Foreign Ports, in certain Cases to give Information to the Commanders thereof respecting Proclamations and Orders in Council relative to the Performance of Quarantine, which render it necessary that Notice of such Proclamations and Orders, which may have been made subsequent to the Departure from England of such Ships, should be previously communicated to all Pilots throughout England; be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Customs shall, within One Month, from the Thirty-sixth Day of December One

Comm. House of Commons Ord.

Printed image digitized by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

thesaid eight hundred and eight, transmit to the principal Officers of the Revenue under their Management at the several Ports in England, the Names and Places of Residence of each Pilot in the Lists transmitted to them as shall aforesaid within the Limits of each Port respectively, and so from time to time forward the Name of each Pilot of whose Names they shall receive Notice from the proper Authority, in order that the said principal Officers at the several Ports may be enabled to communicate to every Pilot within the Limits of the Ports respectively all Proclamations or Orders in Council respecting the Performance of Quotas by Ships arriving from infested Places, which the said Officers are hereby required to do.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Clauses, Penalties, and Forfeitures, contained in an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, or any other Act or Acts made and in force for the Preservation of Beesons and Sea Ricks, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Vessels duly appointed to exhibit Lights therefor for the Preference of Ships and Vessels at Sea, and to all Persons removing, issuing, or displaying such Vessels or Lights; which Offences may be laid and tried in any County in England.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall ride by, make fast to, or remove, or wilfully or negligently run down, or run foul of any Vessel appointed or placed to exhibit Lights, or any Boat or Buncos belonging to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of Dunstons Strand, or belonging to or placed by any other Corporation having lawful Authority to place the same, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds, together with the Expence of replacing or making good any Damage occasioned by such Misconduct.

LXIII. And whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for enabling more commodious and for better regulating the Port of London, the Dock, Mole or Dock Masters appointed by the W^ol India Dock Company, under and by virtue of the said Act, have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving or removing of all Ships and other Vessels, Lighters, and Crafts, as shall be within the Distance of Two hundred Yards from any Entrance out of the said River there into the Works of the said Company, as to the Time or Times, and Manner of their Entrance into, being in, or going out of or from the same: And whereas the Powers given to the said Dock Master or Dock Masters, under and by virtue of the said recited Act, have not been found sufficient to enable him and them to enforce Obedience to his and their Orders and Directions, to Pilots having the Charge or Direction of navigating Slooped Vessels within the aforesaid Distance of Two hundred Yards of the respective Entrances into the said Docks from the River Thames; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Pilot or Pilots having the Charge or Direction of navigating any Ship or Vessel within the aforesaid Distance of Two hundred Yards from the respective Entrances into the said Docks from the River Thames, and either refused to go into, or having recently come out of the Docks, Mole, or other Works of the said Company, shall neglect or refuse to obey such Orders or Directions as shall or may from Time to Time be given to such Pilot or Pilots by the said Dock Master or Dock Masters under and by virtue of, and agreeably to the Powers vested in him and them by the said second Act, touching or relating to the mooring, unmooring, moving, or removing of such Ships or Vessels in being under the Charge or Direction of such Pilot or Pilots as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every Pilot so offending shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds and not less than Twenty Pounds; and every such Pilot shall be liable to be detained from being a Pilot, or suspended from acting as such, at the Discretion of the Corporation, or other Authority by whom such Pilot was licensed.*

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Corporation of the Trinity House of Dunstons Strand, and the Court of Leadings of the Coast Ports, and all other Corporations for managing or directing Pilots in any Part of England, under the Authority of any Act of Parliament or Charter, shall annually, within One Month after the Full Day of January in every Year, transmit to the Office of the Recorder of the Stapenry Duty in the Port of London, a List of all the Vessels, of every Description, employed by them, or by Persons under their Authority, for the Purposes of Pilotage, with the Number of Men and Boys belonging to or serving in any such Vessel.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fees, Penalties, or Forfeitures by this Act imposed or to be imposed by any bye Law made under the Authority thereof, the Manner of levying whereof is not herein directed, and which shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, or a sum less than Twenty Pounds may be awarded at the Discretion of any Justice having the Office, may be levied and recovered within Six Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences committed, or within such other Time as is hereinafter in that behalf directed, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Division, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or if committed by any Pilot, before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the City, Town, or Port to which such Pilot shall belong; or if committed by any Owner or Master of any Ship, by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, City, Town, or Port at which such Owner or Master shall reside, or to which the Ship of such Owner or Master shall belong; or if committed by any Pilot of the Trinity House of Dunstons Strand, or the Cinque Ports, or by any other Person on any Part of the Sea from Falmouth to the Mouth of the River Thames, or up the River Thames or Medway, then by any Justice of the Peace of the Counties of Kent, Surrey, Essex, or Middlesex, or by any Magistrate of the City of London; and such Justice and Justices aforesaid are hereby empowered and required, upon Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders at the Time or Place in such Warrant specified; and if as Co-defendants of the Offender or Offenders respectively, or as his, her, or their Co-defence, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices aforesaid are hereby empowered to administer) such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, a Warrant may be lawful to send for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the common Goal or House of Correction for the County, City, or Place where the Offender shall be committed, then to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months nor less than Twenty-one

months in that
Officers at the
several Ports in
England the
Names and
Residence of the
Pilot who shall
attend each Port.

Provisions of
an Act of 8 Ed.
of 15 Ed.
for the Preference
of Beesons and
Ricks to which
applied to vessels
appointed to exhibit
Lights, &c.
Penalty for
removing, &c.
of such Vessels,
or any Boat or
Buncos.

1693. c. 1. 10.

Penalty on Pilots
for not obeying
the Orders of the
Dock Master of
the West India
Dock Company,
1611. c. 10.

List of Vessels
employed for
Pilotage, with
the Number of
Men, shall be
annually
transmitted to
the Recorder of
the Port of London.

Penalty on
owners on not
returning bills.

Days, until such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid: Provided always, That no Justice or Magistrate shall in any Case award any Sum exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Recovery of
Forfeitures shall
not.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds by this Act imposed, for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, or in which any greater Sum may be awarded than Twenty Pounds, and in which the Party prosecuting such Offence shall proceed by any greater Sum than Twenty Pounds, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bail, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas no Efficacy, Protection, Waiver of Law, or any more than One Imparance shall be allowed, within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Offence or Offences shall be committed, or within such other Time as is hereinafter in that behalf directed: Provided always, that in case the said respective Periods of Six Calendar Months and Twelve Calendar Months, or either of them, within which Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures are to be paid for an offence, shall in any Case or Cases elapse and run out before any Prosecution lawfully authorized or directed shall have been commenced for the Recovery of such Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures; and if it shall in Manner hereinafter mentioned be made to appear, as here after in the Circumstances of the Case shall reasonably seem, that the Commencement of the Prosecution has been delayed by reason of the Absence of any Party or Parties, whether offending or complaining, or by the Absence of any Solicitor, Writner or Writner's; then upon such Circumstances being stated by Affidavit, in Writing, made before any Judge of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, it shall nevertheless be lawful for any such Judge or Judges in order or authority the Commencement of such Prosecution, within such further Time as such Judge shall think fit to limit in that behalf, and in such Case the Prosecution or Prosecutions so ordered or authorized, shall and may be commenced and prosecuted within the Time or respective Times so limited, in like Manner and with the like Effect, as if such Prosecutions had been commenced and prosecuted within the said respective Periods of Six Months and Twelve Months hereby limited: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to affect or impede the Jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery, in the same manner, in the same Pleas appeared under the Authority of the said Court; and provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect or impede the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty.

Provision for
Jurisdiction of
Court of
Chancery,
and Admiralty
Court.

Justice of any
County where
an Offence shall
be committed, or where
the Cause shall
be, may initiate
the original
Warrant, which
shall authorize
the Justices to
execute the
Act.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person against whom a Warrant shall be issued by any Justice or Justices, before or after any Conviction for any Offence against this Act, shall escape, go into, or refuse, or be in any other County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, not of the Jurisdiction of such Justice or Justices granting such Warrant or Warrants; or if the Goods and Chattels of any Offender convicted of any Offence in pursuance of this Act, shall be in any County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, other than where the said Party was convicted, or Warrant of Distress granted, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place into which such Parties shall escape, either before or after Conviction, or where by Goods and Chattels shall be after such Conviction, and they and every of them are hereby required, upon Proof made upon Oath of the Hand-writing of any Justice or Justices granting such Warrant or Warrants, to induce his or their Name or Names on such Warrant; and the same, when so returned, shall be sufficient Authority to all Peace Officers to execute such Warrant in such other County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place out of the Jurisdiction of the Justice or Justices granting the said Warrant; and any Justice or Justices respectively, on the Offence or Offences being apprehended and brought before him or them, within their said respective Jurisdictions, may proceed to hear and determine the Complaint, in the same Manner as if it had originally arisen within his or their respective Jurisdictions, and may direct the Offender or Offenders to be carried to the Justice or Justices who granted the original Warrant, to be dealt with according to Law.

Application of
Provisions.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That One-third of all Fines or Penalties to be levied in pursuance of this Act, or under any Bye-Law made in pursuance thereof, by whomsoever incurred, shall go to the Person who shall inform or sue for the same, and the Remainder of all such Fines or Penalties shall be paid and applied to the Use of the Two to Three in Duty of Dogpound Street, and shall be applied, after deducting the cost of the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, in such Manner and for the like Purposes as the other Two thirds of the said Corporations are by Law or Usage applicable, in case such Fines or Penalties shall be imposed by Pleas issued by the said Corporations, or by any other Person or Persons, in relation to any Mutton whereof such last-mentioned Pleas shall be in anywise concerned; and in case such Fines or Penalties shall be recovered by Pleas of the Common Pleas, or by any other Person or Persons in addition to any Mutton whereof such last-mentioned Pleas shall be in anywise concerned, then the same Two thirds of such last-mentioned Fines or Penalties shall go to such Person as hath been or shall be established by the Persons having the Direction of the Common Pleas, and shall be applied to the Use of such respective Funds, after deducting, out of such Funds and Profits, the respective Expenses incurred in carrying this Act into Execution.

Who shall not
appearing may
be committed to
the House of
Correction.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be committed as a Witness before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, shall refuse or neglect to appear at the Time by such Justices appointed, having no just Cause for such Neglect or Refusal, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, on Proof of such Neglect having been proved, and of a Tender of reasonable Expenses having been made to such Person as has been served with such Summons, to issue his or their Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to bring such Person before him or them; and if on Appearance, or on being brought before any Justice or Justices, such Person shall refuse to be examined on Oath concerning the Proceeds, without having first paid such Fee for his Refusal, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person to the House of Correction of the County, City, Division, or Place where any such Person shall be apprehended, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Six Months nor less than Fourteen Days, as any such Justice or Justices shall direct.

LXX. And

LXX. And be it further enacted, That every Perjuror, who in any Examination upon Oath under the Power granted by this Act, shall wilfully give false Testimony, or a false Account of the Matter sworn to by him, shall be liable to be prosecuted for the same by Indictment; and, if duly convicted of false swearing in the Premises, shall be subject and liable to such Punishments, Disqualifications, and Disabilities, as any Perjuror would be subject or liable to for wilful and corrupt Perjury in any other Case by the Laws and Statutes of the Realm.

Penalty of
Perjury in this
Enactment.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That where any Difference shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Difference itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties claiming the same be a Tryer or Tryers, or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or want of Form in the necessary Citations, Warrants of Arrests, or the Proceedings relating thereto; neither shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Tryer, or Trespassers at all, on account of any Inevitable Injury which shall be afterwards committed; but the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover the full Satisfaction for the full Damage suffered by or to the Adverser of the Case.

Difference not
deemed an
error of want
of Form, &c.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Condition of Oath against this Act, or if any further enactment, That yet and every Justice and Justices of the Peace before whom any Perjuror shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Commission to be drawn up according to the following Form: *videlicet*,

Form of
Commission.

1. I, E. J. B. member, That on the _____ Day of _____ is the Year of our
 2. _____ Lord _____ A. D. 1803, considered before us [or, us]
 3. One [or, Two, as the Case may be] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the
 4. [here to copy the Office, and the Time and Place where, and where mentioned, as the Case may be] contrary to
 5. an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled, [to copy the
 6. Title of the Act], Given under my Hand and Seal [or see His Majesty's Seal] the Day and Year first
 7. above written.

And we do command or other Writ or Process, for the Removal of any such Condition, or any Proceedings thereon, out of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, shall be allowed or granted.

No Condition.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Perjuror or Perjurors to be convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, or against any Rule, Order, or Bye Law made in pursuance thereof, within Three Calendar Months next after such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions holden for the County, City, or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall arise, both giving Ten Days Notice of such Appeal to the Perjuror or Perjurors appealed against, and of the Matter thereof, and within Fourteen Days next after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City, or Place, with sufficient Sureties to attend to try such Appeal, and for abating the Detention of the Court therein; and such Justices shall, upon due Proof of both Notice being duly given, and Recognizance entered into, hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and award the said Commission, and award such Costs to either Party as to them shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices shall be final, binding, and conclusive; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or removed for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, out of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Appeal to
Quarter Sessions,
who may award
Costs.

Proceedings not
to be quashed for
want of Form,
or removed by
Certiorari.

Execution of
Awards,
See 14th Statute.

General Issue.

Trial by Jury.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Sum or Sums shall be brought or prosecuted against any Perjuror or Perjurors for any Thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, in every such Case the Action or Suits shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and shall be had or brought in the County, City, or Place where the Cause of Action arose, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suits may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and give the Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Issue was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted or suffer a Discontinuance of law, bar, or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Coffs, and it shall be lawful for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs by Law in other Cases by Law.

Being Justice
of the City of
London.

LXXV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prosecute or take away any Right, Property, Authority, or Jurisdiction of the Mayor of the City of London, or of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or, in, or upon the River of Thames aforesaid.

^a Public Act, 1766.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force for Four Years from the passing thereof.

Commence-
ment of
Act.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE A.

A TABLE of the RATES of PILOTAGE for piloting Ships from the River to the Downs, and up and down the North Channel from and to Holy Bay; or from off the Entrance of the Thames to London, and to Sea from the River.

FROM	TO	Under 7 Feet.	From 7 Feet to 10 Feet.	11 Feet.	12 Feet.	13 Feet.
From the Sea, Or from the Downs, Holy Bay, and vice versa	Nave or Warps	4 0 0	5 10 0	5 15 0	5 10 0	7 5 0
	Gravelled, Chatham, Stord- gate Creek, or Blackfines	5 0 0	7 10 0	8 5 0	9 0 0	9 15 0
	Longreach	5 5 0	7 15 0	8 10 0	9 10 0	10 5 0
	Woolwich or Blackwall	5 15 0	8 5 0	9 5 0	10 0 0	11 0 0
	Moorings or London Docks	6 6 0	8 11 0	9 15 0	10 10 0	11 10 0
From the Nave or Warps, or thereabouts, and vice versa	Gravelled or Strandgate Creek, Longreach or Chatham	3 3 0	3 15 0	3 5 0	3 15 0	3 15 0
	Woolwich or Blackwall	3 10 0	3 5 0	3 15 0	4 5 0	4 10 0
	Woolwich or Blackwall	3 0 0	4 0 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 7 6
	Moorings or London Docks	3 10 0	4 10 0	5 5 0	5 15 0	6 5 0
From Gravelled Reach, and vice versa	Upward:					
	Longreach	0 10 0	1 7 6	1 10 6	1 15 6	1 2 6
	Woolwich or Blackwall	1 5 0	2 0 0	2 5 0	2 10 0	2 6 0
	Moorings or London Docks	1 10 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	3 10 0	4 0 0
	Downward:					
	Shornuffs or Blackfines	3 0 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0
Chatham	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	
From Longreach	Upward:					
	Woolwich or Blackwall	1 0 0	1 10 0	2 0 0	2 10 0	3 0 0
	Moorings or London Docks	1 10 0	2 0 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	3 10 0
	Downward:					
	Shornuffs or Blackfines	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0
	Chatham	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	6 0 0
From Longreach	Upward:					
	Moorings or London Docks	1 0 0	1 10 0	1 15 6	1 15 0	2 0 0
	Downward:					
	Shornuffs or Blackfines	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	6 0 0
Chatham	4 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	6 0 0	6 10 0	

Ships not being British Registers to pay One-fourth more of the Rates of Pilotage than listed in the above Table, except chafy laden with Coal or other Provisions.

For Half a Foot exceeding the above Draughts of Water the median Price between the two Lists.

For immediate Distances a proportionate Rate.

For removing a Ship or Vessel from Moorings into a Dry or Wet Dock:

	£	s.	d.
For a Ship under 300 Tons	-	0	15
300 to 600	-	1	0
600 to 1,000	-	1	6
above 1,000	-	2	0

SCHEDULE A.—continued.

A TABLE of the RATES of PILOTAGE for piloting Ships from the River to the Downs, and up and down the North Channel, from and to Lady Day; or from off the Entrance of the Thames to London, and to Sea from the River.

14 Feet.			15 Feet.			16 Feet.			17 Feet.			18 Feet.			19 Feet.			20 Feet.			21 Feet.			22 Feet.			23 Feet & upwards.			
£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	
8	0	0	9	10	0	9	10	0	10	5	0	11	10	0	12	10	0	14	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10	10	0	11	5	0	12	0	0	12	15	0	13	6	0	14	2	0	15	0	0	15	2	0	15	4	0	17	6	0	
10	17	6	11	15	0	12	10	0	14	6	6	15	10	0	16	4	0	17	2	0	17	2	0	17	6	0	19	0	0	
11	0	0	12	15	0	13	10	0	15	8	0	17	14	0	18	5	0	19	0	0	19	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
11	10	0	12	10	0	14	5	0	16	0	0	18	10	0	19	10	0	20	6	0	20	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4	5	0	4	10	0	4	15	0	5	10	0	6	6	0	7	0	0	8	8	0	9	9	0	10	10	0	11	11	0	
4	14	6	5	2	0	5	14	0	6	6	0	7	7	0	8	0	0	10	10	0	11	11	0	12	12	0	13	13	0	
5	10	0	6	6	0	6	15	0	7	15	0	8	15	0	10	0	0	12	12	0	13	13	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6	15	0	7	5	0	7	15	0	8	15	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	14	0	0	15	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
3	7	6	3	12	6	3	17	6	4	0	6	3	7	6	4	15	6	5	17	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
3	18	0	4	5	0	4	15	0	5	0	0	5	10	0	6	15	0	8	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4	10	0	5	0	0	5	10	0	6	0	0	6	10	0	8	0	0	9	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
5	10	0	6	0	0	6	10	0	7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	9	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6	0	0	6	10	0	7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	8	10	0	9	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
3	10	6	4	0	0	4	10	0	5	0	0	5	10	6	6	6	0	7	0	0	8	0	0	9	0	0	—	—	—	
4	0	0	4	10	0	5	0	0	5	12	6	6	6	0	7	0	0	8	0	0	10	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6	0	0	6	10	0	7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	8	10	0	9	0	0	9	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6	10	0	7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	8	10	0	9	0	0	9	10	0	10	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
8	5	0	8	10	0	8	15	0	9	0	0	9	5	0	9	10	0	10	15	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6	10	6	7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	8	10	0	9	0	0	9	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
7	0	0	7	10	0	8	0	0	8	10	0	9	0	0	9	10	0	10	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

In the River Thames above Gravesend:

£ s. d.

For a Boat of a Chub carrying an Anchor of above 4 cwt with a corresponding Tackle, the Rate ———— 2 2 0 } per Trip for the whole Distance from Gravesend to London, and in Proportion for any Part of that Distance.
 Ditto with an Anchor above 2 cwt and corresponding Tackle ———— 3 11 6 }
 Ditto with an Anchor under 2 cwt, &c. ———— 4 2 0 }

And for each Man's Service in these Boats, 12s. 6d. per Tide.

SCHEDULE (C.)

OATH to be taken by the Master and Wardens of the Society of Cinque Port Pilots.

- I, *A. B.* do swear, That I will diligently and impartially examine and Inquire into the Capacity and Skill in the Art of piloting Ships and Vessels near the Ports and Roads of the Longland Fleet, and up the Rivers of *Thames and Medway*, and into *Roughness, Downs, Sandwich, and Margate Harbours*, and also upon the Coasts of *Flanders and Holland*; and will make true and speedy Returns thereof to the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, or his Deputy, without Favour, Affection, Fear, or Reward. So help me GOD.

SCHEDULE (D.)

OATH to be taken by Sub-Commissioners for Pilotage.

- I, *A. B.* do swear, That I will diligently and impartially examine into the Capacity and Skill in the Art of piloting Ships and Vessels into the Roadstead, Port, or Harbour, and upon the Coast following, *namely, [Here describe the Limits within which the Pilots are to be employed in all or a Part]* and will make true and speedy Returns thereof to the Corporation of *Trinity House of Dapford Street*, without Favour, Affection, Fear, or Reward, other than such Fee or Reward as is allowed by the Bye Laws or Regulations duly established in that Behalf. So help me GOD.

C A P. CV.

An Act to authorize His Majesty until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope. [15th Year 1808.]

[See 46 G. 3. c. 30. to which this Act is precisely similar.]

C A P. CVI.

An Act to remedy the Inconvenience which has arisen, and may arise, from the Expiration of Acts, before the passing of Acts to continue the same. [15th Year 1808.]

- WHEREAS Bills for the continuance of Acts in force only for a limited Time have sometimes not passed before the Expiration of the Act intended to be continued, and great Inconvenience may arise therefrom; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where any Bill may have been or shall be considered into this present or any future Session of Parliament, for the Continuance of any Act which would expire in such Session, and such Act shall have expired before the Bill for continuing the same shall have received the Royal Assent, such continuing Act shall be deemed and taken to have Effect from the Date of the Expiration of the Act intended to be continued, as fully and effectually, in all Letters and Purposes, as if such continuing Act had actually passed before the Expiration of such Act, except it shall be otherwise expressly provided in such continuing Act: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to such any Part as or Parts with any Penitential, Penalty, or Forfeiture whatsoever, by reason of any Thing done or omitted to be done by any such Person or Persons contrary to the Provisions of the Act to be continued, between the Expiration of the same and the Date at which the Act containing the same may have received or shall receive the Royal Assent.

Where Bills are so drawn, expiring Acts shall not pass before the Acts expire, such Acts shall be continued from the Expiration being 24th Proviso.

C A P. CVII.

An Act to enable the Secretary at War to enforce the making of Returns from Clerks of Substitutions, and others, in relation to Fines, Half Bounties, and Residues of Bounties due under certain Acts relating to the Defense of the Realm, for the Purpose of directing the Distribution thereof to the Persons entitled thereto. [15th Year 1808.]

- WHEREAS large Sums of Money have from Time to Time, under the Authority of the Acts relating to the Militia, and of a certain other Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, enacted, An Act to enable His Majesty more effectually to raise and afford in England an additional Military Force for the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom, and for the more vigorous Prosecution of the War, and of another Act, passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act for establishing and maintaining a permanent additional Force for the Defense of the Realm, and to provide for supplying His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for the gradual Reduction of the Militia of England, been paid to and now remain in the Hands of Clerks of Substitution Meetings, and other Persons, which Sums ought to be paid and distributed to the Persons entitled thereto: But by reason of the want of proper Returns, and of the Inefficiency of the Returns made, and the want of adequate Powers for collecting Returns relating to such Sums of Money, such Returns cannot be distributed; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at

Which subject is here treated under Militia Acts, or under the Database Act, 42 G. 3. c. 89, 42 G. 3. c. 14.

Secretary at War
may call for
Returns from
Clerks, and
on such other
Meetings, as

War to require all or any Clerks of General or Subdivision Meetings, or Professors, &c. shall be called as Clerks of General or Subdivision Meetings in the Execution of any of the said recited Acts, or their Regulations, and also all and any Persons in whose Hands any Fines or Molests of Fines paid under any of the said recited Acts, or any Moneys arising from any Half Parts or Returns of any Sums of Money paid by or on account of any Persons belated to leave in the Militia or additional Force, for the engaging of any Subalterns or Volunteers to be enrolled in their Regts, shall have been deposited, or so when any such Fines, Moneys of Fines, Half Parts or Returns as aforesaid, shall have been transferred or paid, so make such Returns or Returns of all Moneys arising from such Fines, Half Parts or Returns of any such Sums of Money as aforesaid, received by or paid to or deposited in the Hands of any such Clerks or other Persons, and of all Matters and Particulars relating thereto, or the Payment of any Part thereof to any Persons entitled thereto, as the Secretary at War shall direct or from Time to Time necessary for enabling him to make order for the Discharge thereof, and Payment of the same, to the Persons entitled thereto: and all such Returns shall be made out in such Form, and Substantially such Particulars as shall be directed by the Secretary at War, or the Deputy Secretary at War, for that Purpose.

To call on
Persons
making Returns,
or making such
Returns, &c.

II. And he is further enacted, That every such Clerk or other Person, called upon to make such Returns as aforesaid, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make such Returns for Ten Days after receiving any Request for that Purpose from the Secretary at War, or Deputy Secretary at War, or shall wilfully desert to any such Returners false Statements of any Matter required by the Secretary at War, under the Authority of this Act, to be stated therein, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

On Order from
Secretary at War
the Returns
shall be made of
Moneys
arising by
the Returns to
be in the Hands
of the said
Clerks, &c.

III. And he is further enacted, That if it shall appear to the said Secretary at War, by any such Returns, or otherwise, that any Moneys are remaining in the Hands of any such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, which ought to be distributed or paid over to any other Persons under any of the said recited Acts, it shall be lawful for the said Secretary at War, or the Deputy Secretary at War, to make an Order upon such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid to pay over the same; and every such Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, having any such Money as aforesaid in his Hands, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to pay over any such Money according to any such Order of the Secretary at War, or the Deputy Secretary at War, within Ten Days after receiving the same, shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal, the Sum of One hundred Pounds and double the Amount of the Money so remaining in his Hands.

For Recovery
and Application
of Penalties by
Aid.

IV. And he is further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, may be recovered either in the Manner hereinafter directed, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General, or any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Court of Great Sessions in the Principality of Wales, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham, as the Case may require, wherein no Election, Privilege, Protection, Waiver of Law, or more than One Impedance shall be allowed; and such Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, when recovered, shall go and be applied to the Use of His Majesty.

Penalties, for
neglect committed
secretly in the
Exchange, and
in the
Exchange.

V. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in every Case in which any such Clerks of Subdivision Meetings or other Persons whatsoever, having in their Hands any such Fines, Molests of Fines, Half Parts, or Returns of any such Sums of Money as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to make any such Returns as aforesaid, or shall not, within Ten Days after such Requisitions as aforesaid, or shall make an untrue Return as aforesaid, or shall not, within Ten Days after receiving any Order for the Payment over of any Money as aforesaid, pay the same according to such Order, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and such Court is hereby authorized, on the Application of His Majesty's Attorney General by Motion to the said Court, in a summary Way to hear and determine the Matter of such Application; and if upon Notice of such Application to the Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings or other Person aforesaid, is refused of whom such Application shall have been made, no sufficient Cause shall be shown for such Default, Neglect, or Omission as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer to attach such Person's and their goods as are heretofore lawfully seized, and to cause the same respectively to be levied by Deputies, or other Persons applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court.

Penalty on
Returns and
for any Money
paid by an Act
introduced
from all former
Penalties

VI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That every such Clerk or other Person, duly making all such Returns as shall be required of him under the Authority of this Act, shall duly and faithfully pay over all Money according to any such Order as aforesaid, shall be and he is hereby authorized, seized, and seized and discharged from all Penalties, Forfeitures, and Sums to which he might have been liable by any former Acts, for any Neglect in making Returns, or in not paying over any such Money as aforesaid; any Thing to any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act for carrying into complete Execution and Effect certain Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of this present Majesty, for setting Compensation to the Patentee Officers of the Pica Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, so far as respects the Compensation to John Alcocke, and William Esler, Esquires, Patentee Officers of the Office of Sergeant at Arms of the said Court of Exchequer. [24th June 1808.]

43 G. 3. c. 55. § 9. to be read.—Amount of and a sum to be received by Messrs. Alcocke and Esler as aforesaid as order of court Act within 10 Days after the 1st of this Act. 1. Compensation for making public Account of the said full extent into Discharge of such Fees, and the Amount, on their Certificate to the Treasury, shall become a Charge on the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, 2. (See § 10. of recited Act)—Public Act, § 5.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to regulate the Trade between Great Britain and the Portuguese Territories, on the Continent of South America.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for promoting*

the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories as the Colonies of South America, as Portuguese Ships, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the said Territories and Possessions (which are not prohibited by Law, to be imported from Foreign Countries) are permitted to be imported into this Kingdom, as such Foreign Ships or Vessels as are therein defined. And whereas it is expedient that Relief should also be given with respect to the Duties payable on certain Articles being of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Territories or Possessions, imported into Great Britain; More it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America (which are not prohibited by Law from being imported from Foreign Countries), and which shall have been or shall be exported directly into Great Britain, either in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, managed and navigated according to Law, or in such Ships or Vessels as are in the said recited Act particularly defined, shall and may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the like Description or Definition, upon their Importation into Great Britain from any other Foreign Country; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the like Description or Definition, imported from different Foreign Countries, then upon Payment of the lowest Duties which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation into Great Britain of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise from any other Foreign Country: Provided always, that when any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise are imported from Brazil, or any of the said Territories or Possessions in any Ship or Vessel not being British-built, owned, managed or navigated according to Law, such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise shall be subject and liable to the Duties due and payable on similar Articles when imported in such Ship from any other Foreign Country.

II. And be it further enacted, That any Tobacco being the Growth or Production of Brazil, or of any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, may be imported into Great Britain in British-built Ships or Vessels, or in such Ships or Vessels as are described in the said recited Act, upon Payment of the same Duties of Customs and Excise, as Tobacco imported by British Subjects from any British Colony or Plantation in America is subject to; and that any such being the Manufacture and Production of Brazil, or of any of the said Territories or Possessions, may be imported into Great Britain in Manner before mentioned, upon Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise as shall be the Production or Manufacture of Brazil, imported from Europe, or in Manner may be subject to, and may be warehoused and again exported without the Payment of any Duty on the Exportation thereof, except the Duties imposed by an Act, passed in this Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty until the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein enumerated, in furtherance of the Proceedings of certain Orders in Council*, such Tobacco and Brazil to be subject respectively, notwithstanding to all and singular the Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions and Provisions relating to the Importation and Exportation thereof, or in any other Relief relating thereto, of an Act, made and passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for repealing the Duties on Tobacco and Brazil, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; and of another Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, 'An Act for repealing the Duties on Tobacco and Brazil, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof'*; or of any other Act since made relating thereto: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or repeal after the Dates of Passage, Scrivings, Ballage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, or to any other City or Town Corporation within the Kingdom of Great Britain, or to repeal or repeal after any Special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Estates Political or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law.

III. Duties shall be levied and applied upon such Duties of Customs and Excise. § 3.th

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandise imported from Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, shall upon the Export therefrom from Great Britain be entitled to the same Drawbacks as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the like Description and Definition, when exported from Great Britain; and that there shall be allowed and paid the same Drawbacks and Benefits as Goods, Wares, and Merchandise exported from Great Britain to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of them, as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the like Description or Definition, to any of the Islands, Plantations, or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, or any one.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to exempt any Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Brazil, or of any of the Territories or Possessions of Portugal on the Coast west of America, from the Payment of any of the Duties imposed by an Act of the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for granting to*

48 G. 3. c. 11.

Goods of the Growth of Brazil, &c. (not prohibited by Law) imported in British-built Ships or Vessels, and which are not prohibited by Law from being imported from Foreign Countries, in British or Foreign-built and navigated according to Law.

Enacted, Tobacco shall be subject to the same Duty as Tobacco imported by British Subjects from Brazil, Colonies, and Plantations in America, until the same Duty is altered or repealed by any Act in that behalf made.

Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of Goods to be warehoused, and on Goods drawn to the Dock.

Goods shall not be exempt from the Duty imposed by 48 G. 3. c. 23.

His Majesty will the End of the next Session of Parliament, Dues of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises therein enumerated, in full Measure of the Privileges of certain Orders in Council.

41 G. 3 c. 128.

VI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be focused in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, it is enacted, That certain Articles enumerated in the Table marked (A.) annexed to the said Act, may be focused in Warehouses belonging to the *Wijl Inzake Dock Company* without Payment of Duty: And whereas it is expedient to extend the said Indulgence, and to allow such Articles being the Growth and Produce of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported directly from thence, to be focused in Warehouses belonging rather to the *London Dock Company* or to the *Wijl Inzake Dock Company*: be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Three or more of them, to direct any of the Articles enumerated or described in the Table marked (A.) annexed to the said recited Act, being of the Growth or Produce of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported directly from thence, to be focused either in the Warehouses belonging to the *Wijl Inzake Dock Company*, or in the Warehouses belonging to the *London Dock Company*, without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, an Application being made for that Purpose to the said Commissioners, by the Owners, Proprietors, or Consignees of any such Goods, any Thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that all such Goods so focused in any of the Warehouses belonging to either of the said Dock Companies, shall have the same Benefits and shall be subject and liable to the same Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Securities, and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as the like Goods so focused in the Warehouses belonging to the *Wijl Inzake Dock Company* would have been, or would be subject and liable to, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the Time of passing this Act.

Consolidation
 2) where any
 an Act applies
 with the Statute
 1) to be focused
 1) Warehouses
 1) the *Wijl Inzake Dock Company*
 1) the *London Dock Company*
 1) the said Act
 1) the said Act
 1) the said Act

C A P. CX.

An Act for the further Encouragement and better Regulation of the *British White Herring Fishery*, until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. [23rd June 1808.]

WHEREAS the Improvement of the *British White Herring Fisheries* is an Object of most essential Importance to the Wealth and commercial Prosperity, as well as to the Naval Strength of this Kingdom, for the Attainment of which it is expedient, that more efficient Regulations should be made, in order to the infusing a due and proper Attention to the curing, fishing, and packing of White Herrings, that the Credit of the *British Fisheries* in our Colonies and in Foreign Parts may be maintained; be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, a Bounty of Three Pence per Ton shall be paid annually in the Manner hereafter preferred, to the Owner or Owners of any single decked Bait or Vessel not less than Sixty Tons Burthen, being *British Built*, owned in Great Britain, and manned, equipped, and regulated according to Law, which shall be fitted out for and be actually employed in the Deep Sea *British White Herring Fishery* on the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, in the Manner and under the Regulations prescribed by this Act; provided, that such Bounty shall not, in respect of any Bait or Vessel, be computed or paid on any greater Number of Tons than One hundred, although such Bait or Vessel shall be of greater Burthen: Provided always, that if any Bait or Vessel properly fitted for the Deep Sea *White Herring Fishery* in the Manner required by this Act, shall be hired for carrying on the said Fishery, the Person or Persons hiring the same shall be entitled to the Bounty as the Tonnage thereof, in the same Manner as if such Person or Persons was or were Owner or Owners of such Bait or Vessel.

After 1 Jan-
 1808, limited
 Bounties of the
 per Ton on
 burthen, to be
 on Owners or
 Owners of
 vessels fitted
 employed in the
 British
 White Herring
 Fishery.

Who Vessel
 shall be deemed
 employed in the
 Fishery.

Bounty of the
 per Ton on
 White Herring
 loaded on board
 the 1st Jan-
 1808.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Vessel shall be deemed or considered to be employed in the Deep Sea *Herring Fishery*, unless the Nets shall be attached to the Vessel while they are set, and shall be that directly from an haul into the same without the Intervention or Use of a small Boat for that Service, the Vessel being at Anchor while the Crew are hauling the Nets, or during the Time they are set, nor while the Crew are landing or taking them in, nor while the Herrings caught or taken in the Manner aforesaid, shall run on their Tugs Cows or board such Vessels in Bards and not in Bulk.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be paid for every Barrel containing Thirty-two Gallons of White Herrings, caught in the *British Fisheries* and loaded on Great Britain, and which shall be cured and packed according to the Directions of this Act, a Bounty of Two Shillings.

IV. And whereas by Two several Acts passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, it was amongst other Things provided, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, approved by the Treaty of Union to be kept in Force in place of the Great Seal thereof, to command and appoint any Number of Persons or Persons to be appointed, not exceeding the Number of Twenty-two, to be Traders for overseeing, dressing, and better improving the Lanes and Heaps or Manufactures within that Part of Great Britain called *Scotland*, with Power to the said Traders, or any Number of them, by the said Letters Patent to be determined, to sit or sit at such Place or Places, and to make such Rules and Orders for the Improvement of the said Manufactures, and for preventing Abuses therein, as they shall think expedient, consistent with the true Intent and Meaning of that Act, and with the Laws and Statutes of the Realm; and also to appoint the same Number of Persons to be Traders and Commissioners for managing and directing the Application of the Same to the Intents and Purposes of the said Acts, according to the Plan and Method that should be devised and established as therein mentioned,

mentioned, and for executing the several Powers and Authorities which by the said Letters Patent shall to them be committed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors: And whereas it is expedient that the Number of Trustees or Commissioners by the said Acts is limited, should, for the Purpose of this Act, be increased: It is therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept in Strength in Place, of the Great Seal thereof, to increase the Number of the said Trustees to Twenty-eight.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept in Strength in Place of the Great Seal thereof, to nominate and appoint any Number of such Trustees or Commissioners as aforesaid, not exceeding Seven, to be Commissioners for overseeing, directing, and better improving the White Herring Fishery, with Power to them or any Number of them by the said Letters Patent to be determined, to nominate or make to be created the Provisionals of this Act, or the Master herein mentioned, and for that Purpose to appoint a Secretary, and such Clerks and other Officers under them (the Number of such Clerks and other Officers being first approved of by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three of them) as they the said Commissioners shall be appointed for the Herring Fishery shall think fit; and also that it shall be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to direct such business or Allowances, and all such other Expenses as shall be incurred in the Execution of this Act, to be paid to such Secretary, Clerks, and other Officers, as the said Lords Commissioners of the Treasury shall approve of; provided always, that no Person shall act as a Commissioner under the Authority of this Act, who shall be concerned directly or indirectly, in the White Herring Fishery.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, to be appointed by virtue of this Act, before they proceed in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities vested in them by this Act (Save only the Power of authorizing the Oath herein-after mentioned) shall severally take and subscribe the following Oath; that is to say,

I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the several Powers and Trusts reposed in me by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, entitled, An Act (intituled the 17th of the said Act) according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, concerned in an Adventure in the White Herring Fishery or as a Curer of Herrings, nor will I, in long as I shall continue to act as a Commissioner under the said Act, be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an Adventurer in the said Fishery or as a Curer of Herrings.

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners may administer to the other or others of them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, appointed by virtue of this Act shall, and they are hereby required to deliver in annually, on the Tenth Day of June in every Year, to the Board of Trustees or Commissioners for Fisheries and Manufactures, as aforesaid, appointed to perform any of the above recited Acts, a full and accurate Report of their Proceedings for the Year preceding, and shall also make to be laid before each House of Parliament, within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of every Session, a Copy of the said Report, signed by the said Commissioners of the Herring Fishery.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to appoint a Commissioned Officer of His Majesty's Navy as Superintendent of the Fishery described in this Act as the Deep Sea Fishery, for the Purpose of carrying the same to be carried on according to the Regulations of this Act, and also as well for performing Oaths among the Prizes employed therein, as for punishing them and their Vessels against Enemies, which Person so to be appointed Superintendent, shall severally proceed to a paper Vessel or Vessels of sufficient Force, to be provided for that Purpose, so long as used in Scotland (which is hereby appointed to be the Place of Rendezvous of the said Deep Sea Royal White Herring Fishery) so as to arrive there before the Fifteenth Day of June, and the said Superintendent shall remain with the Vessels which shall be employed in the Fishery during the Continuance thereof for the Season; and shall, as often as he shall be required in writeth to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty and to the Commissioners for the Fishery, a List of the Buoys or Vessels employed with the said Fishery, together with the Number and Names of the Men employed on board thereof, signifying the Capacities in which they respectively are.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Officer who shall be appointed Superintendent as aforesaid, shall take and subscribe the Oath following, which Oath any One of the Commissioners for the Fishery, or any Justice of the Peace, shall be authorized to administer:

I, A. B. do solemnly swear, That I am not, directly or indirectly, concerned in an Adventure in the White Herring Fishery or in any other Fishery, or as a Curer of Fish, and that I will not be concerned therein, either directly or indirectly, during the Time I shall act as Superintendent of the White Herring Fishery.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to appoint Persons at the respective Places on the Coast of Great Britain, where Herrings are caught or cured, and at the Ports or Places where Vessels are usually fitted out for the White Herring Fishery, and where Vessels employed in the said Fishery usually discharge their Cargoes, and also at the Ports of Exportation, to overlook the Cargoes of all Herrings caught, to take an Account of and clear out all Salt, Nits, Berries, and other Staves heaped or put on board any Buoy, Vessel, or Boat for the said Fishery, and to inspect and take Account of all Herrings loaded or exported, and to certify whether the Fish are properly sized, cured, and packed, so as to be entitled to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel hereby

Number of said
Trustees to be
an annual List
to be presented
to Parliament.

His Majesty may
appoint Seven of
the said
Trustees to be
Commissioners
for the White
Herring Fishery.

Oath of said
Commissioners to
be administered
before they
begin.

Said Com-
missioners shall
deliver annual
Reports to the
Board of
Trustees and
to Parliament.

A Com-
missioner shall
appoint a "Said
Officer" to be
Superintendent
of the said Deep
Sea Herring
White Herring
Fishery.

Oath of
Superintendent.

Trustees shall
appoint Persons
at the Ports
where Vessels
are fitted out
for the
White Herring
Fishery.

being granted, or fit to be exported; provided always, that no Person shall be appointed an Officer in the Performance of any of these Duties unless such Person shall have exercised the Trade of a Cooper, and been employed in the making of casks, of Herring, and shall be solid sober, and fully qualified to execute the Duties which will be required of him under the Provisions of this Act, Certificates of which Qualifications shall be transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, by such Person and in such Manner as shall be satisfactory to the said Lords Commissioners; and every such Officer, so to be appointed, shall obey such Instructions, Orders, or Directions as he shall from Time to Time receive from the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, to be appointed by virtue of this Act, signed under their Hand or under the Hand of the Secretary.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary, and every Clerk or Officer of the Fishery to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to be suspended or dismissed from his Office or Employment respectively, by the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, either for Incompetency or for Neglect of Duty; provided always, that every such Officer of the Fishery, and the Secretary, and every Officer and Clerk under the Commission for the Herring Fishery, appointed by virtue of this Act, shall, previous to his entering upon the Duties of his Office, take and subscribe the following Oath:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and lawfully, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office and Trust committed to me, of [the Name of the Office to be here mentioned] and that I am not, directly or indirectly, concerned as an Adventurer in the White Herring Fishery, or in any other Fishery, or as a Carrier of Fish, nor will I, so long as I shall continue to act as [the Name of the Office to be here mentioned] be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an Adventurer in the said Fishery or as a Carrier of Fish. So help me GOD."

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery may administer to such Officer.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and six, no Person shall fish in any River or Loch, or on the Coast of Great Britain, any Herring Net, or any Trawl Net, Drag Net or other Sea Net for the taking of Herrings, which hath a Mesh of less than One Inch from Knot to Knot, or any false or double Bottom Cod or Pouch, or shall put any Net, though of legal Size, behind the others to destroy the small Fish, and that every Person offending herein shall forfeit every such Net or stowage, and the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Offence; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, to be appointed pursuant to this Act, to cause every such Net to be burnt.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Bait or Vessel shall be deemed to be properly fitted out for, and to be duly employed in the Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, so as to entitle the Owner or Owners to any Bounty as the Tonnage thereof by virtue of this Act, unless such Bait or Vessel shall have on board [put up in new Barrels] Sixteen Barrels of Salt at the least for every Tonn of Herring which such Bait or Vessel shall be capable of carrying, and also as many more new Barrels as such Bait or Vessel is capable of carrying; nor unless such Bait or Vessel shall have on board Three hundred Square Yards of Netting at the least for every Tonn of her Admeasurement, together with the customary Quantity of other Materials, for the Equipment and manning of the Quantity of Netting hereby required to be provided; nor unless such Bait or Vessel shall be manned with the Number of Men following at the least; that is to say, with Ten Men if such Bait or Vessel shall not exceed the Burthen of Sixty Tons; if she shall exceed the Burthen of Sixty Tons, and shall be under the Burthen of Seventy Tons, with Eleven Men; and if such Bait or Vessel shall be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, then with One Man more for every Ten Tons by which such Bait or Vessel shall exceed Seventy Tons, Two of which Number respectively may be foreign Seamen experienced in the Deep Sea Herring Fishery, any Thing in any Law to the contrary notwithstanding; provided always, that no Bait or Vessel which shall exceed the Burthen of One hundred Tons, shall be required to have on board any greater Quantity of Salt, or of Netting or Materials for the manning thereof, or any greater Number of Men, than a Vessel of the Burthen of One hundred Tons is hereby required to have on board, or any greater Number than Five hundred Barrels; provided also, that it shall not be lawful for any Bait or Vessel to have on board the full Number of Men hereby required, until her Arrival at the Residences of the said Deep Sea Fishery.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in order to entitle the Owner of every Bait or Vessel who shall claim any Bounty as the Tonnage thereof, to receive the same by virtue of this Act, such Bait or Vessel shall be cleared out from the Port or Great Bazaar where such Bait or Vessel was last cleared for her intended Voyage, and shall proceed directly to Angley Sound in Scotland, where she shall arrive on or before the Twenty-second Day of June in each Year, and the Crew shall not shoot or set the Nets before the Twenty-fourth Day of the same Month, from which Day they shall continue to fish in Manner herein directed on the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, until the Fifteenth Day of September following, and shall before the last-mentioned Day the Quantity of Herrings taken in the said Bait or Vessel, and cured and packed on board thereof, shall amount to Four Barrels of Herrings net weighed, or in the State in which they are called Sea Stacks, for every Tonn not exceeding One hundred Tons of the Admeasurement of such Bait or Vessel; and that no Fish other than Herrings shall be taken or cured by the Crew of such Bait or Vessel, nor shall any Fish not taken by the Crew thereof be received on board the same, during the whole Course of the Voyage, save only for the Saltwater of the Crew; and that all the Herrings which shall be taken by the Crew of such Bait or Vessel, and cured and packed on board thereof, shall be landed in Great Britain.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Owner or Owners or any One of them, or the Agent of the Owner or Owners of any Bait or Vessel who shall intend to fish out the same for the Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, and in respect thereof to claim any Bounty on the Tonnage thereof by virtue of this Act, shall give Notice thereof in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, to the Officer of the Fishery appointed in this

Be that,

Behalf, at or for the Port or Place where such Bats or Vessels shall be intended to be fitted out, and shall in such Notice specify the Name of such Bats or Vessels, the Port to which they belong, whether they was already built in the British Dominions, or was taken and condemned as lawful Prize; the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners and of the Master thereof respectively, the Tonnage thereof according to the Register, and the Date of the Registry of such Vessel; and shall also therein declare, that the said Bats or Vessels is sufficient and is every Respect fit and proper for such Voyage and Fishing as aforesaid; and shall specify also the Quantity of Salt, the whole Number of Barrels, distinguishing those which are filled with Salt from those which are empty; the Quantity of Mending with Materials for mending the same, and the Quantities and Sorts of Provisions for the Crew during the Voyage, which shall be intended to be shipped or put on board such Bats or Vessels; and the Officer to whom such Notice shall be given, or such other Officer as shall be thereto duly appointed, shall go on board such Bats or Vessels, and view the Condition thereof, and shall examine the Register and declare the Accuracy of the Statement of her Tonnage, and also shall examine and take Account of the Quantity of Salt, and of the several and respective Sorts of Stores and Provisions listed to be intended to be put on board such Bats or Vessels in such Notice, and shall for the same shipped or put on board accordingly; and if it shall appear to him that such Bats or Vessels is sufficient, and in every Respect fit and proper for such a Voyage, and is fitted, victualled, and fitted out in Terms of such Notice, and according to the Regulations of this Act, the said Officer shall certify the same on the Back of the Notice, and One or more of the Owners or their Agent, and the Master of such Bats or Vessels, shall respectively make Oath before an Officer of the Fishery, that it is truly so determined Pursuant that such Bats or Vessels as aforesaid and provided, shall forthwith, after License shall be granted, proceed to *Swag's Sound* in *Shetland*, and be there on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of June, having on board not less than such a Number of Men (as is mentioned in the Oath) as such Bats or Vessels is lawfully required to have on board, and shall not depart or set her Nets before the Twenty-fourth Day of the same Month of June, and shall set her Herrings in the Deep Sea Fishery in Manner following; that is to say, the Crew shall first land the Nets directly from the said Bats or Vessels, without the Intervention or Use of a small Boat, the Nets being attached to the Vessel while they are let, the Vessel not being at Anchor when the Crew are shooting the Nets, during the Time the Nets are let, nor while the Crew are hauling or taking them in; and shall care all the Herrings taken or caught in the said Nets in Barrels and not in Bulk on board such Bats or Vessels, and that the Crew of the said Bats or Vessels shall continue fishing in the Deep Sea *Swag's Sound* Hervey Fishery, upon the Coast of *Great Britain or Ireland*, in an orderly and regular Manner, and without importing or exporting the Crew of any other Vessel which shall be employed in the said Fishery, from the said Twenty-fourth Day of June until the Fifteenth Day of September in every Year, unless before the last-mentioned Day the Herrings taken or caught and cured in Manner aforesaid by the Crew of the said Bats or Vessels, shall amount to or exceed the Proportion of Four Barrels of Herrings not re-packed, or in the State in which they are commonly called Sea Bunks, and that no Fish other than Herrings shall be taken or cured by the Crew of such Bats or Vessels, nor any Fish not caught or taken by the Crew thereof received on board the same, during the whole Course of the Voyage, save only in the Sufficiency of the Crew during the Voyage, and that all the Herrings which shall be taken by the Crew of such Bats or Vessels, and cured and packed on board thereof, shall be loaded in *Great Britain*, which Oaths, subscribed by the respective Parties making the same, and also the said Notice, with such Certificates endorsed thereon as aforesaid, shall be confirmed by the said Officer to the Commissioners to be appointed pursuant to this Act, and the Master of the said Bats or Vessels; and the Owner or One of the Owners, or the Agent of the Owners, shall with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties, enter into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in a Sum equal to Treble the Amount of the Bounty computed on the Tonnage of such Bats or Vessels (which Bond any Officer of the Fishery as aforesaid authorized and required to take, and which shall be exempt from the Duties or Stamped Vellum, Paper and Parcels) for the faithful doing of the Master and Crew of such Bats or Vessels in respect of such Voyage and Fishing; all which Regulations having been duly performed, the proper Officer of the Fishery, by Instrument in Writing under his Hand (setting forth the Particulars, which shall appear by the Notice and Certificate endorsed thereon as herein mentioned, and also that Bond has been given according to the Direction of this Act) shall give to the Master of such Bats or Vessels some to proceed on his Voyage to the Reservoirs of the said Deep Sea British Hervey Fishery.

As to the
the
Duties

Owner or Agent,
and Master,
shall make Oath,

not give Bond

Master dis-
poses for
the
Duties on the
Fishes.

Notice on the
registering
Bats or the
Registers of
the Deep Sea
Fishery.

Herrings taken,
cured and
packed shall be
not received by
Masters on the
British Co.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of such Bats or Vessels at *Swag's Sound*, the Reservoirs hereinbefore provided for the said Deep Sea Fishery, the Master thereof shall enter such Bats or Vessels with the Superintendent of the said Fishery, and shall produce to him his License, and also (if required) the Register or Certificate of Registry of the said Bats or Vessels, and shall deliver to him a Statement in Writing on what Day the said Bats or Vessels sailed from the Port where they cleared out, and what Quantities of Salt, Barrels, Nets, with Materials for mending the same, and of Provisions respectively, shall be then on board such Bats or Vessels, and to what Port in *Great Britain* he intends to return by the Discharge of the said Bats or Vessels; and the said Superintendent shall then go on board such Bats or Vessels, and as far as Circumstances will permit, shall thereon certify whether the said Stores and Provisions are actually on board thereof, and shall make and take an Account in Writing of the Number, Names, and Descriptions of the Crew thereof, which shall be entered at the Port or on the Back of the License; and if he shall be furnished that such Bats or Vessels is completely fitted, and has on board the Number of Men required by this Act, he shall, by a Certificate under his Hand, declare the said Bats or Vessels to be entitled to commence the said Deep Sea British Hervey Fishery for the Tonnage Bounty.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That the Herrings taken, cured, and packed on each Day by the Crew of such Bats or Vessels, shall be distinguished from all other Herrings by a Mark or Mark, Character or Characters, to be set on the Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be packed, of such Description and in such Manner as shall be prescribed by any Regulation to be made by the Commissioners for the Fishery by virtue of this

And, shall depend on what Day such Herrings were so taken, cured, and packed, and whether the same were cured and packed gutted, or were cured and packed ungutted, and Herrings gutted after the Day when the same were taken shall be packed separately from other gutted Herrings, and shall be distinguished by a Mark or Character to be set as aforesaid, which Marks or Characters shall not be in any Case effaced or altered.

Perfis and a
Boats of the
Port waters
of the Deep-sea
Fishery

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of the Fishery, or any Person or Persons acting by his Orders, at all Times whenever he shall think fit, either at Sea, on board the Commission of the Fishery, or after the Return from the Fishery, to go on board any of the Vessels employed in the Fishery under his Superintendance, to inspect the License and Certificate of Registry of such Vessel, and the Journal kept by the Master, pursuant to the Directions of this Act: all which the Master of every such Boat or Vessel, on being thereto required, shall forthwith produce and deliver in the said report made for his Inspection and Examination, and the said Superintendent is hereby empowered to draw any such Boat or Vessel out of any of the said Decisions demanded by him: shall be so produced or delivered to him; and to ascertain whether the Number of Men hereby required to be on board the said Boat or Vessel is actually employed thereon during the Fishing, and what they be discharged according to the Directions of this Act, and to inspect the Manner in which the Herrings are taken, cured, and packed, and whether the Marks and other Particulars on board the same are in all Respects carrying on and prosecuting the said Fishery in the Manner hereby required; and if any Person or Persons shall impede or obstruct, or attempt to impede or obstruct, in any other Person or Persons in the lawful Prosecution of the said Fishery, the said Superintendent shall require such Person or Persons to desist or obstructing, or attempting to impede or obstruct any other Person or Persons, to desist from so doing; and if such Person or Persons be required to desist, shall disregard such Requisition, it shall be lawful for the said Superintendent to employ such Force as shall be necessary to compel him or them to produce Order; and if it shall appear to the said Superintendent that the Number of Men hereby required to be on board such Boat or Vessel, were not on board thereof at any Time when they ought to have been, according to the Regulations of this Act, or that the Master or any Part of the Crew are or were not in all Respects carrying on and prosecuting the Fishery in the Manner hereby required, or had impeded or obstructed, or attempted to impede or obstruct, or any other Person or Persons in the lawful Prosecution of the said Fishery, the said Superintendent shall report the same fully and particularly to the Commissioners for the Deep-sea Fishery to be appointed by virtue of this Act, and shall deliver one Copy of such Report under his Hand, to the Master of such Boat or Vessel, and shall transmit another Copy to the said Commissioners by the first Opportunity; and if any Person or Persons shall willfully obstruct such Superintendant, or any Person or Persons acting under him in the Execution of any of the Powers herein or therein given by this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Master of any Boat or Vessel lawfully employed and cleared out for the said Deep-sea Fishery, at any Time during the Continuance of the Fishing as aforesaid by this Act, to land any other Vessel not being licensed for the said Fishery pursuant to the Directions of this Act, my Quantity of Herrings which shall have been taken by the Crew of such Boat or Vessel, and by them cured and packed in Barrels on board the same, and the said Herrings so transhipped shall be conveyed to and landed at the Port in Great Britain where such Boat or Vessel shall be intended to be cleared onwards, and shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Catch of such Boat or Vessel; provided that the Master of the Vessel in which such Herrings shall be cured into Part, shall bring with the said Herrings a Copy of the License of the Boat or Vessel out of which the said Herrings were received, with a Declaration under the Hand of the Master thereof (indorsed on such Copy) listing both the Number of Barrels of Herrings so transhipped out of such Boat or Vessel, into such other Vessel as aforesaid, that the same were taken and cured as aforesaid, specifying the Date of the taking, curing, and packing of the Herrings contained in such Barrel, and whether the same were cured and packed gutted, or were cured and packed ungutted, and distinguishing each Barrel by the Marks or Characters (to be specified in such Declaration) which shall be set on the Barrels in which the said Herrings shall be packed respectively, as also the Name of the Vessel on board of which the same shall be transhipped, the Name of the Master thereof, and the Name of the Port for which the same were so put on board, which Declaration shall be produced to the Officer of the Fishery at such Port, before any of the said Herrings shall be shipped or laid on Land, and the Master of such Vessel shall make Oath at the Foot of the said Declaration, in favor the said Officer, that the Herrings on board the said Vessel are the very same which were transhipped out of such Boat or Vessel, as mentioned in the said Declaration; and such Officer shall attend the landing thereof, and take account of the Herrings landed out of the said Vessel, together with the Marks on the Barrels containing of the same.

Herrings may be
taken up to
the 15th of the
Deep-sea Fishery
into another
Vessel, provided
in the said Day
of date, and
cured into Part.

XIX. And be it enacted, That if any Boat or Vessel shall not arrive at the Residence of the said Deep-sea Fishery (to be in the Yearly-said Day of June, and shall not begin to fish until after the Twenty-fourth Day of the same Month) the Year, and it shall be made appear to the satisfaction of the Commissioners for the Deep-sea Fishery appointed by virtue of this Act, that such Boat or Vessel did really and lawfully take her Dependance for the said Residence Two Days at the least before the said Yearly-said Day of June; or if any such Boat or Vessel which it shall have been licensed for the said Deep-sea Fishery, and for which a Certificate shall have been obtained at the Place of Residence to enable the Crew to commence the Fishery, shall at any Time before the Fifteenth Day of September in the same Year, be compelled to direct and sail by Strife of Weather, Loss of Masts or Steers, or other unavoidable Cause, before the Quantity of Herrings shall have been taken as required by this Act, and to come into any Port, Harbour, or Anchorage on the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, the Owner of such Boat or Vessel shall not for such Cause be produced from receiving the Twenty-fourth Day of the said Residence, in the Case last-mentioned, shall give immediate Notice of such his Arrival, to the District or Sheriff who forced him to take Shelter in such Port, Harbour, or Anchorage, and shall make Proof thereof by the Oaths of himself and his Mate before any Officer of the Fishery

Such act
within the
the Distance of
or beginning to
fish in the Year
prohibited, he
may obtain the
Twenty-fourth
Condition.

Fishery at each Port or Place, which Oath each Officer is hereby authorized to administer; and if none shall see to any Officer of the Fishery at the Port or Place, the Oath shall then be administered by any Justice of the Peace, and the due to be written at the Foot or on the Back of the Licence, and shall be subscribed by the Purser making the same: Provided also, that the Master of each Bait or Vessel shall see his utmost Endeavour to send the said Bait or Vessel, and to take on board the Supplies, and the Number of Men necessary to enable him to continue his fishing Voyage (as the Case may require), and shall accordingly return to and possess the Fishing in Manner herein directed, and shall in order of the Oath above-mentioned continue to fish to the end thereof, after the Fifteenth Day of September, with the Extension of such a Space of Time as is appointed to the Time during which each Bait or Vessel shall have fished before that Day, shall be equal to the Space which extends from the Twenty-fourth Day of June to the Fifteenth Day of September next following, unless the Crew thereof shall have taken, cured, and packed before the Expiration of that Time, and a Quantity of Herrings or so herebefore mentioned; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Bounty granted by this Act shall not be allowed or paid in respect of any Bait or Vessel which shall not have had on board the Number of Men hereinbefore required, from the Time when the Crew thereof shall have been ordered at the Rendezvous by the Superintendant as aforesaid, during the whole Continuance of the Fishing, and until the said Bait or Vessel completed her Fishing in Manner prescribed by this Act, and until she shall return to a Port in Great Britain, and the Oath shall be then received by the proper Officer of the Fishery at such Port, before who in the Master and Mate shall make their Oaths that the Number of Men required by the Act were on board such Bait or Vessel during the whole of the Time aforesaid, and that any Detention of the said Number of Men shall have been occasioned by Death, Sickness, or actual Delinquency; and in the Event of any such Detachment of the Crew, that the Master did his utmost Endeavour to keep up and have on board the full Number of Men by this Act required, from the Day when the Crew was detached at the Rendezvous, until the Day when the Crew full was by a general order or the Return of the Bait or Vessel to a Port in Great Britain, which Oath each Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer, and the true shall be written at the Foot or on the Back of the Licence, and subscribed by the Purser making the same; and the said Officer shall there also certify the Number, Names, and Detachment of the Men who were on board the said Bait or Vessel, upon the Master made by him as herein directed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Master of every Bait or Vessel is obliged whereby the Tonnage Bounty shall be claimed by virtue of this Act, shall keep a Journal, in which all Particulars and Occurrences shall be inserted every Day during the whole Course of the Voyage, from the Time of beginning to put on board the Vessel her Stores or Provisions, to the Time of her returning into a Port in Great Britain for the Discharge of her Cargo, specifying the Quantity of Stores and Provisions of each Sort put on board before the Departure of the Vessel from the Port where she was fitted out, the Time of her Arrival at the Rendezvous, and there being permitted to commence Fishing, the Number of Men taken on board, at what Place or Places respectively, the Wind and Weather, the Station of the Vessel each Day at Noon, and the Places, if any, where she put in, and the Course thereof, the Number of Barrels of Herrings taken, and the Number thereof cured and packed every Day, debiting and crediting the Barrels of Herrings cured and packed respectively, and Herrings gutted on the Day when they were taken from Herrings gutted afterwards, specifying also the Mark or Marks set on each Barrel of Herrings so taken, cured, and packed respectively, pursuant to the Direction of this Act; also the Number of Barrels of Herrings (if any) with the respective Marks thereon, transhipped into any other Vessel for the Purpose of being carried into Port, with the Name of such Vessel, the Name of the Master thereof, and the Port to which he was bound; the Death, Disability, or Detention of any of the Crew, and the Endeavours used to supply the Places of such Persons.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Return of any such Bait or Vessel to any Port of Great Britain, where the Cargo thereof is intended to be landed, the proper Officer of the Fishery shall immediately go on board and see the Contents of the Vessel and of her Lading, and the Master shall forthwith deliver up to such Officer his Licence, with the several Certificates and Oaths required to be taken, written at the Foot or on the Back thereof, and also his Journal signed by himself, and shall verify upon Oath before such Officer the Truth of the said Journal so delivered up, and shall also make Oath before said Officer in the following Terms; that is to say,

I, ^{do swear,} That I am Master of the Bait or Vessel the ^{arrived at this Port from the Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, that the said}
 Bait or Vessel was certified by the Superintendant to be entitled to commence the Fishery at the Rendezvous,
 on the ^{Day of} _____, in consequence whereof I proceeded in Pursuance of
 the said Fishery for Herrings, from the ^{Day of} _____ to the
 Day of _____ [here mentioning the Day of beginning and the Day of finally ceasing to fish,
 and to certify the Fishing was interrupted and] except a Part of the Time, to wit, from the
 Day of _____ to the ^{Day of} _____, during which Period
 the said Fishery was interrupted by Storm of Weather [or as the Case may be] by the Death, Sickness, or
 Detention of _____ [here mentioning the Number] of the Crew of the said Bait or Vessel, or by
 the Loss of _____ Square Yard of Netting, or of other Stores [specifying the Sort and Quantity];
 and that the Crew of the said Bait or Vessel fished in an orderly and regular Manner, and did not get her due part,
 of them inops or employ any other Person or Persons employed in the lawful Profession of the said Fishery;
 that all the Herrings caught or taken by the Crew of the said Bait or Vessel were cured in Barrels on board
 the said Bait or Vessel, and so Part of them was cured in Bulk; that so with other than Herrings were taken
 by the Crew of the said Bait or Vessel, and that so Fish not taken by the Crew thereof, were, during the

The Tonnage Bounty shall be paid in respect of the said Bait or Vessel, if she has been on board the full Number of Men, or a part of such, &c.

The Master of every Bait or Vessel is obliged to keep a Journal.

Superintendant and Officer of the Fishery to see the Contents of the Vessel and of her Lading, and the Master shall forthwith deliver up to such Officer his Licence, with the several Certificates and Oaths required to be taken, written at the Foot or on the Back thereof, and also his Journal signed by himself, and shall verify upon Oath before such Officer the Truth of the said Journal so delivered up, and shall also make Oath before said Officer in the following Terms; that is to say,

• *Crews of the Voyage, received or are now on board such Bats or Vessels, except for the Satisfaction of the*
 • *Crew thereof; that no Part of the Herrings taken, cured, and packed by the Crew of the said Bats or Vessels*
 • *have been unshipped or delivered out of the same, excepting* Barrels of Herrings transhipped
 • *out of the said Bats or Vessels on the* Day of and put on board
 • *the* whereof was Master for this Port, and that
 • *See the* Day of left sail, when the said Bats or Vessels cleared
 • *out for the said Fishery, till the* Day of when the Crew thereof
 • *finally cleared to sail, the Number of Men and Quantity of Nettings and other Stores required by Law were*
 • *continually on board the said Bats or Vessels employed in the Prosecution of the said Deep Sea Fishery; (or, in*
 • *case the Number of Men was diminished, or any Part of the Stores were left, the Time when such Diminution or*
 • *Loss happened to be specified, and that such Diminution happened by Death, Sickness, or Desertion, on the Coast*
 • *may be, and if by Desertion, that it happened without the Consent or Connivance of the Master, mentioning the*
 • *Time when, and the Manner in which any such Diminution of the Number of Men or Loss of Stores was supplied.)*
 • *and that during the whole of the Time aforesaid, the said Bats or Vessels was not employed as any Ship or ve-*
 • *sel for any Purpose except in the Herring Fishery.*³

Which Oath each Officer as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to administer.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That in all Cases where the Superintendent of the Fishery shall be of Opinion there has been any thing culpable in the Conduct of the Master or Crew of any Bat or Vessel returning the Tonnage Bounty, or that he or they shall have failed in complying with any of the Provisions in this Act, which should prevent the Bounty being paid, and the Superintendent shall have made a Special Report thereof to the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, and shall have transmitted the same to them, the said Commissioners shall forthwith make proper Enquiry thereinto, giving Notice to the Master and Owner or Owners of such Bats or Vessels, or his or their Agent, that they may attend such Enquiry if they shall think fit, and the said Commissioners shall, upon Consideration of all the Circumstances attending such Case, make such Order thereupon as to them shall seem proper, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Officer of the Fishery at each Port shall attend the Landing of the Herrings and of the Bats which has not been used, and the Barrels (if any) not used, and the Nets out of each Bat or Vessel which shall have arrived from the Deep Sea Fishery, and shall take a particular Account thereof, specifying the Marks on the Barrels containing Herrings, and shall examine the Master's Journal, with the other Documents delivered by him, and the Account of the Cargo loaded, and shall certify such Particulars and Examinations, together with his Observations thereon, with the Quantity of each respective Description of Herrings gutted or regutted, which shall have been landed out of the said Bats or Vessels; and in case any Herrings shall have been landed at that Port out of any other Vessel, the Master of which brought a Declaration under the Hand of the Master of the said Bats or Vessels, that the Quantity of Herrings therein mentioned were taken, cured, and packed by the Crew of such Bats or Vessels, and transhipped out of the same into the said other Vessel, and the Master of which other Vessel made Oath that the Herrings which were on board thereof, were the same that were so transhipped as aforesaid, such Officer shall in that Case certify also the Quantity of Herrings of each Description he landed out of such other Vessel, mentioning the Name of such Vessel, and the Name of the Master thereof, and shall certify also the Tonnage of the said Bats or Vessels by Admeasurement.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Officer of the Fishery at each Port shall transmit without Delay to the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed by this Act, the Licences with the Oaths and Certificates written at the Foot or on the Back thereof, hereby required to be delivered up to him, together with the Oath required to be made by the Master as his Return into the Port for the Discharge of his Cargo, and the Certificate or Certificates hereby directed to be made by the proper Officer of the Fishery at such Port, also the Declaration produced, and Oath made by the Master of any Vessel out of which Herrings were landed, as having been transhipped out of such Bats or Vessels during the Fishery: And if the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that all the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations by this Act directed to be observed have been duly fulfilled with respect to such Voyage and Filling, they shall immediately give a Debenture or Certificate for the Payment to the Owner or Owners of the said Bats or Vessels, or to his or their Assigns, of the Bounty by this Act payable upon the Tonnage of such Bats or Vessels, the Amount whereof shall be mentioned in such Debenture or Certificate; and the said Commissioners shall at the same Time transmit the Licences, Oaths, and Certificates, and Declaration aforesaid, with Notice of their having granted such Debenture or Certificate, to the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively; and the Commissioners of Excise or any Three or more of them in England, or the Commissioners of Excise or any Three or more of them in Scotland, on receiving such Documents, shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered respectively, without Delay, to give an Order to their Collector, or transmit an Order to the Collector of Excise at or nearest the Port or Place where such Bats or Vessels discharged her Cargo (at the Option of the Persons or Persons entitled to receive the same), and such Collector or Collector, on receiving such Order, is hereby required to pay or Demand the Sum expressed in such Debenture or Certificate, out of any Money in his or their Hands arising from any Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise: Provided always, That in case the Master of any Bats or Vessels shall have neglected to enter any Transhipment, Conveyance, Matter, or Thing hereby required to be entered in his Journal, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed by virtue of this Act, to make such Abatement from the Amount of the Bounty claimed for such Vessel as they in their Discretion shall think fit.

XXVI. And be it enacted, That no Bounty shall be paid by virtue of this Act, on the Tonnage of any Bats or Vessels which shall be fitted out, or shall discharge her Crew or any Part thereof, or shall land her Cargo at any Port or Place other than One where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Mariners employed in every Bait or Vessel in the Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, not being more than the Complement here-before required to be on board the same, shall be and the same are hereby protected from being impressed into His Majesty's Service, during so long Time as such Bait or Vessel shall be actually carrying on the said Fishery, and until her Voyage Home from thence to the Port of her Discharge shall be fully completed and ended.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Owners or Drivers of every Bait or Vessel employed in the said Deep Sea Fishery, who shall be entitled to receive the Tonnage Bounty under the Act, shall pay to the Master, Mate, and Crew thereof (over and above their Wages as the said Crew shall by a Proclamation be entitled to receive) an Allowance equal in Amount to Two Shillings, for every full packed Barrel of Herrings contained in the Cargo taken by them, Two-eighth Parts thereof to the Master, One-eighth Part to the Mate, and the remaining Five-eighth Parts to the Rest of the Crew, to be equally divided among them, which Allowance shall be paid whenever the said Cargo of Herrings shall be full packed.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Absence of the Superintendent of the Deep Sea Herring Fishery from Illness or other unavoidable Cause, any Officer of the Fishery authorized by the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed pursuant to this Act, may and he is hereby authorized and required to do and perform every Matter or Thing which is hereby required to be done and performed by the Superintendent at the Residence of the said Deep Sea Fishery, or while the Fishery shall be going on.

XXX. And be it enacted, That for or on respect of the said Bait or Buoys which shall be fitted out and licensed for, and shall be employed in the Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, according to the Regulations of this Act, and the Crews of which shall respectively take care, and pack the Quantity of Herrings hereby required, the Owners or Owners thereof who shall be entitled to the said Bounty of Three Pounds per Ton, shall be respectively entitled to a further Bounty of Twenty Shillings per Ton for One Year; and that of the Buoys, the Crews of which shall have taken the said Quantity of Herrings, these shall be preferred which shall have been first fitted out and licensed; and in case of Equality in that Respect, these Buoys, the Crews of which shall have taken the greater Quantity of Herrings, shall be preferred to those which shall have taken a less Quantity thereof.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vessel or Boat, for which a Certificate is required the Tonnage Bounty shall be claimed, shall be intended to be fitted out at any Port or Place in Great Britain where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed for the said Herring Fishery, the Person intending so to fit out such Vessel or Boat, shall give Notice thereof in Writing to the said Officer of the Fishery at such Port or Place, specifying the Quantity of Salt, the Quantity of Netting, the Number of Barrels, and the Quantity of other Stores which he intends to put on board the said Vessel or Boat, which he shall not fit or put on board without the Presence of such Officer; and the said Officer shall examine the Stores which shall be tendered to be shipped, and see the same put on board the said Vessel or Boat, and shall give the Master a Certificate that the said Stores, specifying the Quantities and Sorts thereof respectively were so shipped or put on board in his Presence, mentioning the Name of the said Vessel or Boat, and the Name of the Master thereof; and if any Salt, Barrels, Nets, or other Fishing Stores, shall be shipped or put on board any such Vessel or Boat at any such Port or Place as aforesaid, for the said Herring Fishery, before such Notice shall be given, or without the Presence of such Officer as aforesaid, or be removed from thence in such Vessel or Boat without such Certificate as aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs or Excise.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Master of every Vessel or Boat which shall proceed to the said Herring Fishery, having on board Salt to be used in the curing of Herrings, shall keep an Account of the Quantity of Herrings which he shall cure or cause to be cured every Day, and of the Quantity of Salt used in the curing thereof, and shall mention in such Account the Name of the Lock, Bay, or other Place on the Coast where such Herrings shall be cured, and the Manner in which the same shall be cured, namely, whether in Barrels or in Bulk, whether gutted or sagged, whether on board or on shore, and whether by the Crew of such Vessel or Boat, or by Persons residing on shore, and by a Mark or Marks to be set on the Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be cured, according to such Regulations as shall be made in that Behalf by virtue of this Act; the Quantity of Herrings cured in Barrels every Day, shall be distinguished from all other Herrings, and the Quantity of Herrings cured sagged from the Quantity cured gutted, in which Account shall be specified such Mark or Marks set on the Barrels respectively, and the Number of Barrels of Herrings so cured, with the Marks set thereon, which shall be shipped or put on board such Vessel or Boat every Day, and if any Quantity of such Herrings shall be shipped or put on board any other Vessel or Boat to be carried to any Port in Great Britain, the Number of Barrels of Herrings, with the Marks set thereon, shall be specified in such Account, with the Name of such other Vessel or Boat and the Port for which the same shall be bound, which Account, signed by the said Master, together with the said Certificate, by the Officer of the Fishery in whose Presence the said Salt was shipped in such Vessel or Boat, the said Master shall bring with the said Herrings on board thereof, to any Port or Place of Great Britain to which the same shall return or arrive for her Discharge; and if any Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed at such Port or Place, the Master shall (before any Herrings or other Article shall be shipped out of such Vessel or Boat) deliver the said Account and Certificate to such Officer, and shall verify the said Account on Oath before him who shall attend the Loading of the Herrings, Salt, and other Stores, and take a particular Account thereof; or if no Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed in such Port or Place, he shall verify the said Account on Oath before the Chief Officer of Customs there, or any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, and transmit the same so verified on Oath, with the said Certificate, to the nearest Officer of the Fishery; and the Officer of the Fishery to whom the said Account shall be so delivered or transmitted, shall issue thereon a Copy of the said Account, and of the Oath by him made thereon, certified by the said Officer under his Hands to be a true Copy.

Mariners employed in the Fishery, except those being impressed.

Owners of Buoys entitled to the Bounty, shall pay the Crew in, per Diem.

Officer may act in Absence of Superintendent.

Allowance to be made for the said Buoys entitled to the Bounty of 4l.

Regulations for fitting out Vessels under this Act as to the Tonnage Bounty) with Salt, &c. for the said Herring Fishery.

Regulations with respect to Vessels or Boats coming out with Salt, and curing and taking on board Herrings at the Fishery, and providing thereunto a Port in Great Britain, and clearing vessels.

XXXIII. And

Regulations
relating
to the
Delivery
of the
Herrings
shall be
inserted
in the
Bill.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Master of every Vessel or Boat arriving from the British Herring Fishery at any Port or Place of Great Britain, having on board Herrings cured with Salt, which had been earned from any Port or Place in Great Britain to the said Fishery in a different Vessel or Boat, shall bring with the said Herrings a Declaration signed by the Master of the Vessel or Boat in which the said Salt was earned to the Fishery (with a Copy indorsed thereon of the Certificate by the Officer of the Fishery in whose Port the Salt was shipped) which Declaration shall express the Name of the Vessel or Boat in which the Herrings shall be shipped, the Name of the Master thereof, the Number of Barrels of Herrings shipped or put on board the same, with the Marks set on the said Barrels respectively, the Day on which the Herrings contained in each of the said Barrels respectively were cured, and the Manner in which the same were cured as herein-before described, and what Quantity of the Salt (specified in the Certificate, of which a Copy shall be so indorsed on each Declaration, was used in the curing thereof, which Declaration shall be verified by the Person making the same, upon Oath, to be administered by the Officer of the Fishery at the Place where the Herrings shall be shipped or laid on board; or if there shall be no such Officer there, then by any Officer of the Fishery near such Place, or any Officer of the Customs or Excise at or near the same, or before any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Seignior, which Declaration is verified, the Master of the said Vessel or Boat arriving with the said Herrings (before any Part of the Cargo thereof shall be unshipped) shall deliver to the Officer of the Fishery at the Port or Place where he shall so, or for the Discharge thereof, who shall attend the loading of the Cargo and take a particular Account thereof, and if no Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed at such Port or Place, then the said Master shall in each Case indorse the said Declaration as verified as aforesaid, to the Officer of the Treasury nearest to such Port or Place.

Herrings, Salt, or other things if any vessel or boat arriving from the British Herring Fishery shall be landed, or shall be conveyed with intent to be landed, out of any Vessel or Boat arriving from the British Herring Fishery (either there or elsewhere) which shall have been licensed for the Trade of the Fishery at any Port or Place where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed, before such Certificate and such Account to be kept by the Master respecting the Herrings cured as aforesaid, or such Declaration as verified as aforesaid respectively, shall be delivered, and such Account, verified on Oath before the said Officer of the Fishery as herein directed, or without the Presence of such Officer of the Fishery as aforesaid, or shall be landed or shall be conveyed with intent to be landed at any Port or Place where no Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed, before such Certificate and Account, or such Declaration as verified as aforesaid, shall be produced as, and such Account verified on Oath before such Officer of the Excise or Customs, or such Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate as aforesaid respectively, and transmitted to the Officer of the Treasury nearest to such Port or Place, or without the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs, all such Herrings or Salt or other Fishing Stoves shall be forfeited, and shall not and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery, or of the Customs or Excise, provided that any such Herrings, Salt, or other Article shall be seized on account of any Licence or Certificate of any Thing required by this Act to be done, which shall appear to the said Commissioners for the Fishery not to have been well, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to seize the Forfeiture of such Articles, and to levy a Lien thereon on the Person a Penalty not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Regulations
relating
to the
Delivery
of the
Herrings
shall be
inserted
in the
Bill.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That whereas any Person or Persons having Salt stored or Shove at any Place where the Herring Fishery is carried on, shall intend to cure Herrings therewith, such Person or Persons shall, before he shall begin there to cure Herrings, give Notice of his Intention so to do to the Officer of the Fishery at or nearest to such Place, and shall keep an Account of the Quantity of Herrings which he shall cure every Day, and of the Quantity of Salt which shall be used in the curing thereof, and shall in each Account mention the Manner in which the Herrings shall be cured, namely, whether cured as Barrels or in Bulk, whether cured gutted or uncut, and by a Mark or Marks to be set on each of the Barrels in which the same shall be packed, according to such Regulation as shall be made by virtue of this Act, shall deliver to the Officer of the Fishery at or nearest to such Place, and before any such Herrings shall be cured or packed shall be received, or shall be shipped or put on board any Vessel or Boat, in order to be conveyed from the Place where the same were so cured, or shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery, to be certified by the Beauty of Two Shillings per Barrel (whenever granted, the Cure thereof shall deliver such Account thereof as aforesaid to the Officer of the Fishery at or nearest to such Place, and verify the same upon Oath before such Officer and the said Officer shall and lawfully require to give a Copy of such Account, and of the Oath thereon, certified by him to be a true Copy, to the Person by whom the same shall be so delivered and verified as aforesaid.

That Notice
shall be
inserted
in the
Bill
(See 1 & 2)

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Beauty hereby granted of two Shillings per Barrel on White Herring, shall not be paid or allowed for any Herrings which shall not be landed when in the Month of White Herring Fishery after the said First Day of June, or for any Herrings which shall be of inferior or different Quality, or for any broken Herrings, or for any Herrings which were not originally gutted, or which were cured in Bulk, or otherwise than in Barrels, or which having been cured in Barrels shall have been afterwards laid in Bulk, or which shall not be repacked or being packed, and in all Respects properly cured and packed, or of which the Barrel shall not contain of Salt, exclusive of the Weight of such Salt and Brine, Two hundred and Twenty-four Pounds Weight, except Herrings intended to be exported to any Place out of Europe, which shall not be hereby required to be repacked with great Salt, the Load of which Herrings shall contain Two hundred Pounds Weight of net Salt; nor for any Herrings which shall be contained in any Barrel not of sufficient Strength, or not containing Thirty-two Gallons English Wine Measure, or in which the Name of the Cure thereof, and the Name of the Port or Place where and the Year when the same were cured, shall not be branded with an hot Iron, is large, legible, conspicuous, and permanent Characters, or in which such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, shall not have been set at the Fishery, as is directed by this Act, or shall not remain thereon distinctly legible, denoting the Day on which the same were cured, and that the

fish were cured gutted, nor for any Barrel of Herrings on which at the Time of its being produced to the proper Officer of the Fishery, in order to be branded with a Mark or Character to denote that the Cures thereof is entitled to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel hereby given according to the Direction of this Act, any such Mark or Character shall be found to have been formerly branded, or any Mark or Character shall be found to have been branded perfect to any former Act, in respect of any Bounty per Barrel thereby granted, or any Mark or Character whatsoever formerly branded, shall be found to have been altered or effaced, nor until a Mark or Character to denote that the Cures thereof is entitled to the Bounty hereby given, shall be branded thereon, by Order and in Presence of the proper Officer of the Fishery, when the same shall have been produced to and inspected by such Officer, according to the Direction of this Act.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, that the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel hereby granted on White Herrings, shall be payable and paid to the Cures or Curers thereof, on the Production of the Bill to the proper Officer of the Fishery: in order to be inspected and certified for the Bounty; and each Officer of the Fishery to whom any Barrels of Herrings shall be so produced, shall examine the Barrels and inspect the Herrings contained in all, or in such one or more of them as he in his Discretion shall think necessary, for the Purpose of ascertaining whether the Herrings so produced are in every Respect such as to entitle the Cures or Curers thereof to the Bounty hereby granted, according to the Provisions of this Act; and for that Purpose the said Cures or Curers shall, at his or their own Charge, upon being thereto required by the said Officer, place or cause to be placed the said Barrels of Herrings in such convenient Order or Situation as shall be pointed out by the said Officer (the Outlets being free from any Tax, Duty, or other Subsidance which may cover or enclose any Mark thereon) and upon or cause to be opened any Barrel so produced, and made or remove, or cause to be raised or lowered the Herrings, or any Part thereof, out of such Barrel, and furnish the said Officer with Weights and Scales for weighing any Herring, and shall likewise in weighing the same, and upon every Barrel of Herrings which, as such Examination and Inspection as aforesaid, shall be found by the said Officer to be in all Respects such as to entitle the Cures or Curers thereof to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel hereby granted, there shall be branded with an hot Iron, by Order and in Presence of the said Officer, such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, as the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall direct, and so shall denote that the same is deemed to be of the proper Description, and whether the same is being packed or repacked, and the Year in which the same shall be so branded, and by Order and in Presence of what Officers, all which being duly performed, the said Officer of the Fishery shall give the Cures or Curers of the said Herrings a Certificate or Certificate for Payment of the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel on the Number of Barrels of Herrings so branded, which on being allowed by the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery (such Allowance being stated in Writing under the Hands of the Commissioners at the Foot of the said Certificate or Certificate) the said Cures or Curers, or his or their Assigns, shall be entitled to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel on the Number of Barrels of Herrings therein mentioned; and the Commissioners of Excise in England, or the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland respectively, upon such Certificate being produced to them, shall, without Delay, cause the same to be paid in the same Manner as the Bounty on the Tonnage of Bales or Vells imported in the Deep Sea Fishery, is directed by this Act to be paid.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Herrings not caught or taken in the British Herring Fishery, or any Herrings in respect of which any Bounty per Barrel granted by any former Act shall have been paid or allowed, or any broken Herrings, or any Herrings which were not originally gutted, or which were cured in Bulk, or otherwise than as aforesaid, or which having been cured in Barrels shall have been afterwards put in Bulk, or any Herrings cured or packed with any such Herrings as aforesaid, or any Herrings (other than Herrings packed with great salt) of which the Barrel shall not consist of set Tils, or which of the Weight of Salt and Duns, Two hundred and to sixty four Pounds in Weight, or any Herrings packed with great salt, of which the Barrel shall not consist of set Tils, or which of the Weight of Salt and Bones, Two hundred Pounds in Weight, or any Herrings packed in any Barrel which shall be of less Content or Capacity than Twenty-two Gallons English Wine Measure, or on which the Name of the Cures thereof, and the Name of the Port or Place where, and the Year when the same were cured, shall not be branded with an hot Iron, or lead, or any other mark, or any permanent Character, and in Manner directed by any Act or Regulation which shall be made by the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery in that behalf, or on which such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, shall not have been put at the Fishery as is directed by this Act, or shall not remain therein sufficiently whole, during the Day on which the same were cured, and that the same were cured gutted, shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery, so to be viewed in his Presence and sealed by him, for the Purpose of ascertaining the said Bounty of Two Shillings for the same, to which, having been so produced and viewed, shall be again produced to any such Officer for the same Purpose, all such Herrings, with the Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be contained, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery: And if any Herring, not being furnished by this Certificate, shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery by the Purveyor aforesaid, and such Officer shall certify such Herring to be of bad or indifferent Quality, or unwholesomely cured or packed, or in any Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be packed not to be of sufficient Strength, and that for such Cause he shall think the Cures thereof is not entitled to the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel, in such Cases he shall without Delay apply by Petition, Praying the Matter in Dispute, to any Justice of the Peace residing at or near the Place where such Herring shall be produced, giving Notice thereof to the Cures, that he may attend the Hearing if he shall think fit; and such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith send notice and appear in person or more lawful Persons appointed the said Herring and the Barrels in which they shall be packed, and the Petition so presented and supported shall refer to the said Herring and Barrels severally, and shall certify on these Quits, to be taken before the said Justice, their Opinions on the Matters in Dispute,

To whom, as
the Conditions
of this Statute,
shall be shown,
and the Bounty of
two per Barrel
shall be paid.

Herrings of
Different
Quality
shall be
paid by
the King
of the
Fishery,
pursuant
to the
Act, in
order to
be paid
to the
Cures,
and the
Bounty.

How the
Bounty
shall be
paid to
the Cures
or Curers,
and the
Bounty
shall be
paid.

according to the best of their Skill and Judgment; which Determination of such Persons, or of the major Part of them, shall be conclusive respecting the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel.

XXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any White Herrings packed shall be intended to be shipped or put on board any Vessel or Boat at any Port or Place in Great Britain, in order to be carried Coastwise to any other Port or Place therein, in order to be exported from thence for any Port or Place out of Europe, the Persons intending to ship the same shall give Notice of such Intention to the Officer of the Fishery at the Port or Place of Shipping, and shall in such Notice declare that the said Herrings were not repacked till after the Expiration of Fifteen Days at the least from the Day when the same were first cured and packed, and such Officer shall attend to the same shipped; and if it shall appear that the Herrings so shipped shall have been repacked Fifteen Days at the least from the Day when they were first cured and packed, the said Officer shall give a Certificate thereof under his Hand to the Master of the Vessel or Boat in which the said Herrings shall be so shipped to be carried Coastwise, specifying the Marks on the Barrels, and the Name of the Vessel or Boat in which the same shall have been so shipped, the Name of the Master thereof, and the Port for which the same shall be bound.

XL. And be it further enacted, That no White Herrings shall be exported or shipped, or tendered to any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs, to be shipped for Exportation at any Port or Place in Great Britain for any Port or Place whatsoever, unless the Barrel in which the same shall be packed shall be at least Half an Inch in Thickness at the Bulge, or for any foreign Port or Place in Europe, unless such Barrel shall be bound with Sixteen Hoops at the least made of Wood or Iron; nor shall any such Herrings be exported or shipped, or tendered to be shipped as aforesaid, for any Port or Place out of Europe, unless the Barrel in which the same shall be packed shall be a new Barrel and full bound, and have one Iron Hoop at each End; nor unless such Herrings shall have been repacked, and a Space of Two or less than Fifteen Days shall have intervened from the Day when the same were originally cured and packed, before the same were repacked, all which shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer of the Fishery and of the Customs, at any Port or Place to which the same shall have been brought Coastwise for Exportation, by Certificates to be granted by the proper Officer of the Fishery, at the Port or Place from which the same were first Coastwise as aforesaid, and Oath made therein by the Exporter or his Agent before any such Officer, that the Herrings tendered for Exportation are the same that were brought Coastwise with such Certificate; nor shall any Barrel of White Herrings be exported or shipped, or tendered to any such Officer as aforesaid to be shipped for Exportation at any Port or Place in Great Britain for any Port or Place whatsoever, being headed with any Mark or Character to denote that the Cover thereof is or was entitled to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel hereby granted, unless the same shall in all Respects be such as is by this Act required to entitle the Cover thereof to the said Bounty; nor shall any Barrel of White Herrings be shipped for Exportation, till the Proprietor or his Agent shall have produced the same to the proper Officer of the Fishery, and performed every Thing which shall have been required of him by the said Officer, and which the Carrier on producing the same is or shall be obliged to do as by this Act required to perform, nor shall the same be so shipped without the Presence of the said Officer, and that all White Herrings, with the Barrels containing the same, which shall be exported, shipped or tendered to be shipped for Exportation contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs.

XLI. And, in order to prevent any Frauds in the Exportation of Herrings, be it further enacted, That every Officer of the Fishery to whom any Barrels of White Herrings shall be produced or tendered in order to be shipped for Exportation, shall examine the same, and inspect and weigh the Herrings in each and in many of the Barrels as he shall think proper, in order to ascertain whether the said Barrel or Barrels of Herrings be in all Respects such as may lawfully be exported or shipped to be exported to the Port or Place for which the same shall be entered: Provided always, that if any White Herrings contained in any Barrel or Barrels which shall be so marked with any Mark or Character to denote that the Cover thereof is or was entitled to the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel as aforesaid, not being prohibited to be exported for any Cause other than the Examination thereof being found to be of such Description as not to entitle the Cover thereof to the Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel, and not of such a Description as would make them liable to Forfeiture, in case they were produced by the Carrier with intent to obtain the said Bounty, shall be tendered to any Officer of the Fishery to be shipped for Exportation, and such Officer shall draw such Herrings to be of bad or inferior Quality, or not properly cured or packed, or the Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be contained not to be of sufficient Strength, and that for such Cause the same cannot be allowed to be exported or shipped for Exportation, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Herrings or the Barrels containing the same shall not be forfeited; and if in the Event of a Refusal to allow the Exportation for any of these Causes, the Proprietor shall not be troubled with the Opinions of the Officer, the Matter in Dispute shall be tried and determined in the same Manner as is heretofore directed in the Case of a like Dispute arising between the Carrier of Herrings and the Officer of the Fishery, to whom the same shall be produced in order to obtain the said Bounty of Two Shillings per Barrel.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to ship or put on board any Bulk, Vessel or Boat, at any Port or Place in Great Britain, where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed for the said White Herring Fishery, Salt, Nets, Barrels, and other Fishing Stores and Provisions necessary for the Sufficiency of the Crew thereof, and to carry and convey the same to the said Fishery without a Sufficiency or Warrant or Coast Certificate from the Officers of the Customs, and also to unship and land Herrings and Salt, Nets, Barrels, and other Fishing Stores out of any Bulk, Vessel or Boat from the said White Herring Fishery, without a Sufficiency or Warrant from the Officers of the Customs, and without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, except in any Case where any special Provision is made to the contrary in this Act: Provided the same be respectively

Provisions to be
taken on board
any vessel going
to sea for the
purpose.

The Herrings
exported shall
be packed,
in

Fishes Officer
shall inspect
Herrings
intended for
Exportation.

No Cook
Sufficiency or
Certificate,
or Landing
Certificate
required for
Salt, Nets,
&c. for the
White Herring
Fishery,
without a
Warrant.

respectively shipped or put on board, carried, landed or unshipped in the Manner, and according to the Regulations of this Act: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to repeal any Provisions in any Act made for securing the Duties on Salt, with respect to Shipping, carrying or landing Salt.

XLIII. And in order that the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise may be informed of and be enabled to register the true Quantities of all Salt, Nets, Barrels, or other Fishing Stoves shipped in the respective Parts of Great Britain for the British Herring Fishery, and of all Herrings, Salt, Nets, Barrels, and other Fishing Stoves brought from the British White Herring Fishery, and landed at the respective Ports of Great Britain: It is enacted, That every Officer of the Fishery, by whom any Licence or Certificate shall be granted to the Maker of any Boat, Vessel or Boat, specifying the respective Quantities of Salt, Nets, Barrels, or other Fishing Stoves shipped or put on board such Boat, Vessel, or Boat, at any Port or Place of Great Britain for the British Herring Fishery, shall without Delay transmit to the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs at such Port, a Copy of the Licence or Certificate so granted by him; and every Officer of the Fishery by whom an Assesment shall be taken of any Herrings, Salt, Nets, or other Fishes at such landed out of any Boat, Vessel, or Boat from the British Herring Fishery at any Port, Vessel, or Boat, the said Assesment is taken by him as aforesaid, shall be obliged to cure and pack Herrings taken in the British Name of the Maker thereof, and the Port at which they are landed, in such Manner, and in such Quantity, and that

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That in all such Assesment Stoves Gallies English Wine Measure, and that Herring Fishery in 250000 of Two Shillings for Barrel shall be allowed and paid for Herrings contained in such the Boat or Boat Half Barrel being assented equal to one Barrel, provided that such Half Barrels, and Herrings contained therein, shall be subject and liable to all the Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act provided and imposed, in the same Manner as if the Herrings were packed in Barrels.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Fishery to go and remain on board any Boat, Vessel, or Boat, having on board any Salt, Barrels, or other Fishing Stoves in Great Britain, intended for the British White Herring Fishery, or being at any Place where Herrings shall be taken or cured, or proceeding from any such Place for any Port or Place in Great Britain, to examine the Condition of all Herrings, Salt, Barrels, or Nets on board of any such Boat, Vessel, or Boat, and to put any Mark or Marks on the Barrel or Barrels in which any Herrings shall be contained or bound thereof, and to take an Assesment of the Names and Descriptions of the Crew of such Boat, Vessel, or Boat; and the Master of every such Vessel or Boat shall, if required by any Officer of the Fishery to do, produce and deliver to such Officer for his Inspection, the Certificate of Registry (if such Vessel or Boat shall be liable to Registry) and the Licence, Certificate, or Declaration which he shall or ought to have on board, and shall give to such Officer a true Assesment of the Name of the Owner or of each of the Owners of such Boat, Vessel, or Boat, and of the Place where such Owner resides, and the Name of each of the Crew thereof; and if any Master of any such Boat, Vessel, or Boat as aforesaid, shall not, upon being required by any Officer of the Fishery to do, comply with all or any of the Regulations herein contained, every Person so offending shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That upon every Boat which shall be employed in the British Herring Fishery, within the Limits of a Port of Four Leagues of the Coast of Great Britain, there shall be painted in White Roman Letters not less than Two Inches in Length, on a Black Ground, the Name of the Place to which the Boat shall belong, on a conspicuous Place outside of the Stern; and the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners thereof on a conspicuous Place inside of the Stern, and every Boat employed in the said Fishery within the Limits or Distance aforesaid, on which such Names as aforesaid shall not be painted in Manner before directed, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery, Customs, or Excise.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Fishery, at all Times when Herrings are curing and packing or repacking, and at all other Times in the Day (or if it is the Night in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace) to enter and come into any Cellar or Warehouse of any Curer of Herrings, or into any Place where Herrings shall be cured, packed or repacked, to view and inspect Herrings during the Time of their being cured, packed or repacked, and to put such a Mark or Marks on any Barrel or Barrels in which they shall be packed or repacked, as they shall think fit; which Mark or Marks shall not be altered or altered.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall and they are hereby authorized to make Rules and Regulations directing in what Form and Manner every Journal, Declaration or Account required by this Act shall be kept or made, and by what Means and Methods the Proceedings of this Act shall be observed, performed, and put in Execution, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof; also for securing the Herrings taken, (that is to say, for packing or repacking Herring of any Class separately from Herrings of another Class, or from any other Herring whatsoever, such Clauses to be determined and defined as and by such Rules or Regulations as aforesaid, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, as to the said Commissioners shall appear or be directed in the Improvement of the said Fishery; and the Herrings of such Class to be distinguished by such Mark or Character respectively, as and by the said Rules and Regulations shall be directed; and whereas any Herrings forced according to such Rules or Regulations as aforesaid, shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery, according to the Provisions of this Act, such Officer being satisfied that such Herrings are duly sorted, and to what Class, the same ought to belong, he shall cause such Mark or Character to be burnt on each Barrel in his Presence, as by the said Rules and Regulations shall be directed, in order to denote how the said Herrings should be classed; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to make Rules or Regulations directing what

(50 122)

Fishery Officer shall produce Copies of Licences of Salt, Nets, Barrels, or other Fishing Stoves, as the Collector, Sec. of the Customs.

Herrings may be cured and packed in Half Barrels.

Fishery Officers may go and remain on board Vessels or Boats which belong to the Fishery, Sec.

Names of Place, Owner, Sec. shall be painted on Boat employed in British Herring Fishery.

Fishery Officers may enter Warehouses, Sec. with the Curer of Herring.

Commissioners of the Fishery shall appoint the Terms of Declaration, and the Manner of carrying the Act into Execution.

Marks or Characters shall be set or branded on any Barrel or Barrels of Herring, in any of the Purposes of this Act respectively, the Size of every such Mark or Character, and the Part of the Barrel on which the same shall be set or branded, and the Manner in which any Mark or Character set hereby required to be branded shall be set thereon, which Rules and Regulations they are hereby required to make publick, in the Manner which shall appear to them likely to be most beneficial for the Information of the Persons concerned therein; and if any Mark or Character shall be set or branded on any Barrel of Herring for any of the Purposes of this Act, in any Manner which shall not be conformable to the special Provisions of this Act, or to such Rules and Regulations whatsoever; or if any Mark or Character more than the true or proper Mark or Marks, Character or Characters prescribed by this Act, and by such Rules or Regulations as aforesaid, shall be set or branded on any Barrel of Herring, the Carrier or Carters, Proprietor or Proprietors thereof shall not be entitled, in respect of the same, to any Benefit by this Act provided, for any Barrel of Herring marked or branded according to the true or proper Mark or Marks thereof; and if any Joynish, Declaration, Account, or Oath by the Act required to be taken, made, done, or proved, required by this Act to be done or performed by or on Behalf of any Carrier or Carters, or any Proprietor or Proprietors, or Master of any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall respectively be allowed, such Person or Persons shall, however, in any Manner not conformable to such Rules or Regulations as would have been entitled to such Person or Persons, in any Case, be entitled to any Benefit by this Act, to which such Person or Persons were respectively kept, made, done, or performed, according to the true or proper Mark or Marks, or other Matter or Thing had.

XLIX. And he it further enacted, That every Person before whom any Oath is taken, or any Matter or Thing had to be made, shall be, and every such Person is hereby authorized and required to administer, witness or require any Oath or Person shall wilfully make a false Oath respecting any Thing which by this Act is required to be sworn, every such Person shall upon Conviction be liable to the Punishment of Perjury.

L. And he it further enacted, That if any Person, other than an Officer of the Fishery, or not being authorized by or without the Permission of such Officer, shall fraudulently burn or burn, or cause to be burnt or burnt, or have in his Custody or Possession any Instrument for the Purpose of burning or branding on any Barrel or Cask of Herring any Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, which by virtue of this Act shall be appointed or directed to be burnt or branded on any Barrel of Herring, by Order and in Presence of such Officer, or any Mark or Character in Violation thereof; or if any Person shall alter, vary, or falsify any License, Certificate, Account, Declaration, Oath, or other Document prescribed by this Act, every Person so offending shall on being convicted thereof in England before a Justice of the Peace, or in Scotland before the Sheriff of the County where the Offence shall be committed or the Offender found, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum of Money not exceeding Fifty Pounds, or suffer Imprisonment for any Term not exceeding Six Months; and every Barrel or Cask on which any such Mark or Character shall be fraudulently burnt or branded as aforesaid, with the Herring thereon contained, and every Instrument which shall be in the Possession of any Person for the Purpose of fraudulently burning or branding the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery, Customs, or Excise.

LI. And he it further enacted, That if any Mark be set or branded on any Barrel of Herring by any Officer or Officers of the Fishery, pursuant to this Act, or to any Rules or Regulations which shall be made by the aforesaid Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall be altered or deficient, every such Barrel, with the Herring thereon contained, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery.

LII. And he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter any of the Provisions in an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for respecting the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances, and Bounties paid thereon, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances, and Bounties thereon, respecting the Use or Application of Salt in curing Fish.*

LIII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, resist, oppose, molest, or hinder, any Officer or Officers of the Fishery, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, every such Person or Persons offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LIV. And he it further enacted, That if any Officer of the Fishery shall demand, take or receive, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity, or Reward whatsoever, other than such Salary as shall be allowed him by the Crown, for any Thing done by him in the Execution of this Act, or of his Office or Employment aforesaid, every such Officer on being convicted thereof shall forfeit his Office and the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be deemed thereafter incapable of being employed in any Office or Employment under the Crown.

LV. And, for encouraging the Inhabitants on the Sea Coast of Scotland, to provide larger Boats than are now used in the Herring Fishery, and to take Herring at a greater Distance from the Shore than can be done in such small Boats as are now used therein; he it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed pursuant to this Act shall be, and they are hereby authorized to allow Premiums or Bounties not exceeding the Sum of Three thousand Pounds in the whole in any one Year, to be paid to Persons who shall employ Boats of a Burthen not less than Fifteen Tons by Advertisement in the taking Herring on the Coast of Scotland, who shall cure and pack the same according to such Plan, and to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall make and publish in that Behalf; and that within one Month after the Fifth Day of April in each Year, the said Commissioners shall cause a List to be made of the Names of the Persons entitled to the said Bounties or Premiums, the Place of Residence of each of the said Persons, the Name of the Boat or Boats, and the Tonnage thereof, which shall be employed by each Person or Persons respectively, and the Sum of Money which they shall assign to each Person respectively, which List, certified by the said Commissioners, shall be transmitted to

the Commissioners of Excise in Sweden, and the said Commissioners of Excise shall and are hereby authorized and required to cause the said Sums to be paid out of any Money in their Hands arising from Duties under their Management, to the respective Persons entitled thereto, on their respectively producing and delivering a Certificate from the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to that Effect; provided that the said Bounties or Pensions shall not exceed the aforesaid Sums of Three thousand Pounds in any One Year.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That any Thing by this Act directed or required to be done by the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall and may be done by such Number of them as by the Letters Patent for the Appointment of such Commissioners shall be determined.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture by this Act imposed, except in any Case where other Provision is hereby made, shall be paid for, recovered, and levied to any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, or levied by any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Pleas, or Informations, or any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Sweden, respectively, One Month of such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Money to such Person or Persons as shall inform, or sue for the same.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Privileges, Protections, and Provisions given and ordered by any Act or Acts for Judges of the Peace, or Officers of the Customs and Excise, or the Officers of their being in the Execution of their respective Offices, as to any Action or Suit, or the rendering of Accounts, or the Payment of Costs or other Thing, shall extend to the aforesaid Commissioners of the Herring Fishery, and to the Superintendant and the Officers of the Fishery appointed in pursuance of this Act, and to all Persons appointed to act under them, or acting in their Aid or Assistance in the Execution thereof.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That any Superintendant or other Officer acting in the Execution of any of the Provisions of this Act, or in the enforcing any Rules and Regulations made and in force under the Authority thereof, shall be deemed a Trespasser, or be liable to any Action, Suit, or Prosecution, for or by reason of any Act, Matter, or Thing done in the Execution of his Office, and for the carrying the Provisions of this Act into Execution, and enforcing any Rules or Regulations established under the same, and not done by him maliciously; and if any Person shall bring a Suit or Action for any such Matter or Thing, and the Court or Jury shall find that the same was not done maliciously, such Person shall be costed, and pay Treble Costs to the Defendant.

LX. And whereas it may be useful to provide a Jurisdiction for punishing Offenders and settling Disputes among Persons carrying on the Fishery for Herrings on the Coast and in the Lakes of Sweden; be it therefore enacted, That the Jurisdiction of the Sheriff and Stewards Depute of Sweden, and their Substitutes, shall be extended over all Persons engaged in catching, curing, and drying in Fish in all the Lochs, Bays, and Arms of the Sea within their respective Counties and Stewartries, and also within Ten Miles of the Coasts of their said Counties and Stewartries, and that in as full and ample a Manner as the same is exercised over the Inhabitants of their Counties and Stewartries; and if any Loch, Bay, or Arm of the Sea shall adjoin to Two or more Counties or Stewartries, or any other Part of the Sea shall be within Ten Miles of the Coasts of Two or more Counties or Stewartries, the Sheriff and Stewards of the said Counties and Stewartries shall have and exercise a concurrent Jurisdiction over such Persons as aforesaid, as any such Loch, Bay, or Arm of the Sea which fall be in or opposite to their respective Counties and Stewartries, or any Part of the Sea within the aforesaid Distance of the Coast thereof.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteenth, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXI.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. [5th June 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient in the present Circumstances of Europe, that a Local Militia Force should be established, raised, and permanently maintained, under certain Restrictions in England, to be called forth and employed in case of Invasion in Aid of His Majesty's Regular Militia Forces for the Defence of the Realm; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a permanent Local Militia Force shall be ballotted and enrolled in England, at such Periods, and in such Counties, or in any such Division or Part of any County, and in such Proportions in any such Division or Part of any County, as His Majesty shall by any Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual signify, order, and direct in that behalf, according to the Provisions of this Act, and under the Restrictions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned.

It, Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Number of Men to be ballotted and enrolled under this Act, shall not, in any County or Division, or Part of any County, exceed such Number as well, in addition to and together with and including the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers then serving in such County, or such Division or Part of such County respectively, exclusive of any Supernumeraries above the Establishment of such Corps serving without Pay, who shall have been enrolled therein after the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, amount to Six Times the respective original Quota or Proportion of the original Quota of Militia of such County, or Division or Part of such County respectively, under an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, relating to the Militia of England.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when and so often as the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers in any County, or Division, or Part of any County, shall be reduced by the disbursing or dis-

On men of Commissioners.

Penalty and Application of Provisions and Forfeitures.

Provisions relating to Officers &c. in the Execution of their Offices, extended to the Act.

Officers not liable to Suit for Acts done under this Act.

Table Costs.

Jurisdiction of Sheriff and Stewards Depute extended to Divisions adjoining Lochs &c. in Lochs, Bays, &c.

Continuance of Act.

[5th June 1808.]

A permanent Local Militia Force to be ballotted and enrolled in England.

Not to exceed in raising Volunteers Six Times the original Quota of Militia &c.

Deficiency in effective Volunteers shall

to apply by
additional Local
Militia Men.

continuing the Services of any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, or by means of the effective Members of any such Corps being diminished, it shall be lawful for His Majesty from Time to Time to order and direct that a Number of Local Militia Men equal in Amount to such Deficiency shall be forthwith ballotted and enrolled under this Act, & that the Number in the Whole of the Local Militia under this Act, and effective Yeomanry and Volunteers, shall be equal to Six Times the Amount of such Quota or Proportion of Quota as aforesaid.

On receiving
Orders to ballot
Men, Local
Lieutenants, &c.
shall register
General and
Half-Company
Meetings

IV. And be it further enacted, That immediately after any such Order shall have been received by any Local Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant, or Three Deputy Lieutenants concerning the Office of Local Lieutenant, the said Local Lieutenant, Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenants shall summon General and Subdivision Meetings, and such General and Subdivision Meetings respectively shall enquire in what Hundreds or Parishes or Places such Deficiency shall have arisen, and shall proceed to divide and apportion the Numbers in deficiency among the Hundreds, Parishes, and Places respectively in which such Deficiency shall be found to exist, and proceed to the balloting and enrolling of Men for the Local Militia, according to the Provisions of this Act.

His Majesty may
order Commissions to
be granted
whenever more
than One
Regiment, Ar.
of Local Militia
is to be raised.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, in any Case in which more than One Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Local Militia is ordered to be raised in any County, or District the Lieutenant, Vice Lieutenant, or Deputy Lieutenants of such County to divide such County, for the Purposes of this Act, into such Number of Divisions as there are Regiments, Battalions, or Corps to be raised in such County, Regard being had to the Number of Persons liable to serve and the Establishment of each Regiment, and all other Circumstances of local Convenience; and soon after each Division, such of such Divisions of such County shall supply all Vacancies arising in the Regiments, Battalions, or Corps respectively belonging to such Divisions: Provided always, that such Divisions and all Apportionments made in pursuance thereof may be from Time to Time varied or amended, as One may require.

Forms of Militia
Arms enrolled in
this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in the said Act of the Forty-second Year of His Majesty's Grace, or in any Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, or in any other Acts now in force relating to the Militia of England, shall, as far as the same are applicable and can be applied to and for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, and are not hereby altered, varied, or repealed, be used, executed, applied, and put in force for the raising the Local Militia, and for the training and exercising the same in the regular Militia may be treated and executed when not embodied, until the said Militia shall be called out and embodied under any Order in Council or Proclamation pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and all Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in the said Acts or relative to the Regular Militia of England when embodied, and not hereby altered, varied or repealed, shall, as far as the same are applicable and can be applied, be used, executed, applied, and put in force, in relation to the Militia under this Act, when so called out and embodied, in as full and ample a Manner as if the said Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were again repeated and re-enacted in this Act: Provided always, that all Acts, Matters, and Things to be done by any Deputy Lieutenants or Justices (and except such Matters and Things as are required to be done by the several Acts at General Meetings of Lieutenants) shall and may be done and performed by Two Deputy Lieutenants, or by One Deputy Lieutenant and One Justice of the Peace.

Two Deputy
Lieutenants, or
One and a
Justice, may act.

Extra-parochial
Places shall be
added on
subjoining
Parishes.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants, and they are hereby required, at the first or any adjourned or other General Meeting held for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, to ascertain the Number and local Situation of all Extra-parochial Places within their respective Counties, and to add each of the same for the Purposes of this Act to such Parish as may appear to be most convenient for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, and from and after the adding any Extra-parochial Place by the Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meeting to any adjoining Parish, such Extra-parochial Places shall for the Purposes of this Act be deemed and taken to be Part of such Parish; and all Deputy Lieutenants, Chief Constables, and Special and other Constables, and all other Officers and Persons whatsoever, having any Power, Authority, or Jurisdiction in such Parish, in relation to the carrying this Act into Execution, shall have like Power, Authority, and Jurisdiction in such Extra-parochial Places for all Purposes what so ever in relation to the carrying this Act into Execution, as fully and amply as if such Extra-parochial Place made Part of such Parish.

Men shall be
ballotted out of
Parishes between
16 and 20,
renewed at
Militia Lists.
No Subdivision
of County allowed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Men to be raised under this Act shall be ballotted out of and from the Parishes between the Ages of Eighteen and Thirty, returned in the Lists now existing, or which may hereafter be made and returned or amended and conserved for the raising of the Militia under any Act relating to the Militia of England; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, if He shall think fit, to order and direct the raising out are now Lists, and in such Classes as to Age or otherwise, and in such Form as may be deemed expedient for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution; and no Person ballotted to serve in the Local Militia, shall be allowed to find or provide any Substitute to serve in his Stead, or be entitled to any Bounty or Half Bounty; any Thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty on
any Officer or
agent who shall
appoint within the
limited Time,
M. or less, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That on making out or amending of any Lists after the passing of this Act, or Persons fit to serve in the Local Militia, every Person who shall wilfully neglect to append within the Time appointed for that Purpose, shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, and on Non-payment thereof be imprisoned, at the Discretion of any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace or Magistrates as aforesaid, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Days.

Special
Constables shall
be above 30
Years old.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be appointed or act as a Special Constable for the Purpose of assisting in the making out any new Lists, or otherwise in aiding in the Execution of this Act, who shall not be above the Age of Thirty Years.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Deputy Lieutenants, or any Deputy Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace, upon the Recommendation of any Person offering his Ability to serve from Health, bodily Infirmary or Disability, or if such Person is possessed by such Health or Infirmary from standing, on such Certificate of any Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, actually professing as such, as shall be satisfactory to such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice, that any Person enrolled to serve under this Act is from Health or any bodily Infirmary or Disability unable to serve, to cause such Person to be struck out of the Enrolment, and enrolled from Year and from Service under this Act, so long as such Health, bodily Infirmary, or Disability, shall continue.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no licensed Teacher of any Congregation in Holy Orders, or pretended Holy Orders, and not carrying on any other Trade, or exercising any other Occupation for his Livelihood, except that of a Schoolmaster, nor any Medical Man actually professing as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, and no Person instructed, trained, or doing Duty or employed in His Majesty's Service in the Tower of London, the Royal Arsenal at Woolwich, or at any Gun Wharfs, or at any Powder Mills, Powder Magazines, or other Stateworks belonging to His Majesty, under the Direction of the Board of Ordnance, shall be liable to be balloted for the Local Militia, he being only as they respectively continue within any of the Descriptions aforesaid; and every Person who shall here inwards, or is now serving in Person in the additional Military Force, raised under an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or who shall have been ballotted, and shall have provided any Substitute, or shall have paid any Fine for not serving or finding a Substitute in such additional Force, shall be exempt from Ballot and Service in the Local Militia, in like Manner, and for the same Period, as such Person was or is exempt from Ballot and Service in the Regular Militia during the Continuance of the said Act of the Forty-third Year aforesaid; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person having served in the Regular Militia or such additional Force, or provided any Substitute, or paid any Fine for not serving, or finding any Substitute in the Regular Militia or such additional Force as aforesaid, shall be entitled to Exemption from being ballotted under this Act, for any longer Period than Four Years after the Expiration of his Period of Service, if he shall have served in Person, or Six Years from the Period of any such Substitute being enrolled, or Four Years after having paid any such Fine.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no attired Clerk or Apprentice, nor any poor Man who has less than Three Children born in Wedlock, nor any Person under the Height of Five Feet Four Inches, who shall be of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches, or upwards, shall, by reason thereof, respectively be exempt from being ballotted and serving under this Act, notwithstanding such Persons may, by reason of coming within any of such Descriptions as aforesaid, respectively be exempt from serving in the Militia under any Acts relating to the Militia.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed so extend to authorize any Apprentice ballotted under this Act, to enlist in the Army, Navy, Marines, or Regular Militia, or to serve as a Volunteer in the Local Militia without the Consent of his Master; provided also, that no Ballot, Enrolment, and Service under this Act, shall extend to make void or in any Manner to affect any Indenture of Apprenticeship or Contract of Service under this Act of any Master or Servant, notwithstanding any Consent or Agreement in any such Indenture or Contract, and no Servant under this Act of any Apprentice or Servant shall be deemed or construed or taken to be an Absence from Service, or a Breach of any Covenant or Agreement so in any Service or Absence from Service in any Indenture of Apprenticeship or Contract of Service; any Thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Deed or Indenture of Apprenticeship or Contract of Service, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Local Militia, shall appear at some Meeting to be appointed for that Purpose; and if on Examination such Person shall be found able and fit for Service, he shall then and there take the following Oath; (that is to say,)

I, *A. B.* do sincerely promise and swear, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Local Militia of the County or City of *within Great Britain*, for the Defence of the same, during the Term of Four Years for which I am enrolled, unless I shall be sooner discharged. So help me GOD.

And every such Person shall be then and there enrolled, in a Roll to be prepared for that Purpose, to serve in the Local Militia of such County as a private Local Militia Man for the Space of Four Years.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person ballotted to serve in the Local Militia under this Act, shall, after Notice given to him, or left at his usual or last Place of Abode, of his being here to be ballotted, refuse or neglect to appear within such Period, and at such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose within the Subdivisions for which he shall here be ballotted, (which Times and Places shall be appointed by the Deputy Lieutenants in their respective Subdivisions under any Order of the Lieutenant of the County, and Notice thereof given by the Constables of the several Parishes, by putting up the same on Churches, Chappels, or other conspicuous Places,) and be enrolled under this Act, and take the Oath to serve under this Act, such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Pounds; or if a Person not having or receiving any annual Sum of Money, Profits, Gains, Allowances, or other Income whatsoever, amounting in the whole in Two hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes, or Rents, the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if not amounting in the whole to One hundred Pounds, clear of all Outgoings, Taxes, or Rents, the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such Fine shall be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings, who shall on Receipt thereof give a Certificate, without Fee or Reward, of the same being paid, which Certificate shall be countersigned by some Justice of the Peace or Deputy Lieutenant, and shall, within Twenty-one Days after the Receipt thereof,

Exemption for Person unable to serve from Health or bodily Infirmary.

Exemption: Masters, Medical Men, Physicians enrolled in the Tower, &c.

Person exempted by Act of 43 Geo. 3.

Period of Exemption of Person having served in Militia, &c.

Generic Person exempted from serving in the Militia, liable to serve in the Local Militia.

Apprentice ballotted shall not enlist in the Army, &c. without the Master's Consent, Service under this Act shall not affect Contracts of Service.

Oath of Person ballotted under this Act.

Period of Service, 4 Years.

Fine on Persons ballotted not appearing to be enrolled, and 200, or 100, or 50, according to their Estates.

To be paid to the Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings, and by him sent the Sheriff.

thereof, pay the same into the Bank of England in a separate Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces for the Purposes of the Local Militia of Great Britain, which separate Account the said Paymaster General is hereby required to open at the Bank of England, and the Payment of such Fine shall continue such Person from being ballotted and enrolled under this Act for Two Years and as longer; and such Person shall be liable to be ballotted and enrolled in the Year next but one after that in which he shall have been ballotted as aforesaid, and in like Manner to serve or pay such Fine as aforesaid, and so in each second succeeding Year.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person imprisoned for the Non-payment of any Fine for not appearing to be enrolled, or for refusing or neglecting to attend Exercise, shall be liable to serve the full Period of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act, upon Payment of the Fine of Twenty Pounds, or Ten Pounds instead of Twenty Pounds, shall sign a Declaration that the Amount of his Income does not exceed Two hundred Pounds or One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, as the Case may be, and shall deliver the same to the Deputy Lieutenant before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or produce a Certificate to the like Effect, allowed by any Commission under any Act relating to the Rates and Duties arising on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, or to any Allowances made on any such Rates and Duties, within Twelve Months previous to the Production of such Certificate; and every Person who shall make any false Declaration in relation to any such Claim, shall forfeit and pay for each Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds in addition to such Fine.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person ballotted to serve in the Local Militia shall enter and enrol himself as a Member of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, and engage to serve therein as his own Express and without Pay or Allowance, and shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer of such Corps, of his having clothed, armed, and equipped himself, according to the Regulations of such Corps, at his own Expence, such Person being according to His Majesty's Regulations, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants, and they are hereby required to accept One-half Part of such Fines of Twenty Pounds, Twenty Pounds, and Ten Pounds respectively, as the Case may be, and every such Person shall be exempted from serving in the said Local Militia so long as he shall continue as a Member of a Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps: Provided always, that if such Person shall be entered and enrolled himself as aforesaid, shall not continue as and be retained as an effective Member of a Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps for the full Period of Four Years, and once in each Year exhibit a Certificate of his being effective, from the Commanding Officer of his Corps to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which he shall be entered as aforesaid, such Person shall forfeit and pay the Amount of the Part of Fine to be retained as aforesaid, and be liable to serve for the Remainder of such Term of Four Years in the Local Militia: Provided always, That no Person shall be liable to the Payment of such Fine in any Case in which the Corps in which he shall have been entered shall be disbanded or discontinued, or if he shall have been prevented from attending and being retained an effective Member of such Corps by reason of bodily Infirmary, to be duly certified by the Officer commanding the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Commanding Officer of a Volunteer Corps shall, in the Margin of every Certificate of the Number of Days on which any Member of his Corps shall have attended the Muster or Exercise of his Corps, specify the particular Days on which he was attended.

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from Service under this Act upon Payment of Fine as aforesaid, and every Person who shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under this Act, for not appearing to be enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be summoned and required to appear before some Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace, and shall be required by the Deputy Lieutenant before whom he shall appear to claim such Exemption, or by such Deputy Lieutenant or Justice of the Peace before whom he shall be so summoned and required to appear as aforesaid, to sign a Declaration that he hath not directly or indirectly by any Policy, Promise, or Promise of any Policy or Promise, or by any Engagement inferred in law against such Fine, or any Part thereof, and that no Person or Persons hath or have directly or indirectly, in consideration of any Sum of Money or Pardon of any Sum of Money, or Gift or Reward, or for any valuable Consideration whatsoever, undertaken, engaged, or promised in any Way to indemnify him therefrom, or to any Part thereof, or to enjoy to him, or to any Person or Persons on his behalf, or for his Use, Benefit, or Advantage, the said Fine or any Part thereof; and in case any Person claiming to be exempt, or be summoned or required to appear as aforesaid, shall refuse so to sign such Declaration, or so to appear according to such Summons or Regulation, or shall make any false Declaration in that Behalf, every such Person shall, upon Conviction thereof before Two Justices of the Peace, forfeit Three Times the Amount of such Fine; and in Default of Payment thereof, shall be confined in any House of Correction or Common Goal for such Course, for any Period not exceeding Three Months, or until Payment of such Penalty; and shall be liable personally to serve in the said Local Militia for the full Term of Four Years after the Expiration of such Imprisonment or the Payment of such Penalty.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person being one of the People called Quakers, or of the People called Unitarian Fraternal or United Brethren, who shall be ballotted under this Act, shall produce before the Deputy Lieutenants of any Subdivision Meeting, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace, a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more respectable Householders, being of the People called Quakers, or of the People called Unitarian Fraternal or United Brethren, residing within the County or Place of Residence of such Person, and dated within Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which such Certificate shall be produced as aforesaid, acknowledging such Person to be one of their Professions, such Person shall not be

enrolled;

Admission as
Men, allowing
for Desertion, and
on being called
out under Orders
in Council.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person enrolled to serve in the Local Militia under this Act, shall, upon being assembled for training and Exercise under this Act, be entitled to the Sum of One Guinea for the First Year of his Service, and Ten Shillings and Sixpence for each succeeding Year of Service, to be paid to the Captain commanding the Company to which such Man shall belong, for the Purpose of providing and keeping up Necessaries for such Person; and a further Sum of One Guinea to be paid in like Manner and for the like Purpose, in case such Person shall be called out or embodied under any Order in Council or Proclamation under the Provisions of this Act; and all such Sums of Money shall, at the End of each Period of Exercise and Service as aforesaid, be accounted for to the Person entitled thereto at the End of each annual Payroll, and the Residue, if any, paid to such Person for his Use and Benefit.

Persons serving
in Local Militia
entitled to
Encouragement
Volunteers, and
not liable to be
taken off in the
regular Militia
for Two Years.
* Act G. 3. c. 30.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and other Person enlisted and enrolled, and actually serving in the Local Militia under this Act, shall be entitled to and have all such Exemptions from Service in the Regular Militia, or from being trained and exercised under an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty annually to raise and exempt a Proportion of His Subjects in England, under certain Regulations, and more fully to provide for the Defence of the Realm,* as any effective Volunteer is now entitled to under any Act or Acts of Parliament; and so Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, or other Persons having served the full Period of Four Years in the Militia to be raised under this Act, shall be liable to be ballotted to serve in the Regular Militia of Great Britain, for Two Years after the Expiration of his Service in the said Local Militia, or until by Rotation it shall come to his Turn.*

Privily or
before any
Times, Sec. 2d

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That soon and after the passing of this Act, if any Person whatever shall inform, or take or agree to take any Money for the Influence of, or be in any way concerned in any Company, Society, Partnership, Club, or Office, for the Influence of any Person or Persons, or for the infusing or advancing such other person, or for the paying any Money for or towards the discharging of any Fine or Penalty for any Person or Persons who may be ballotted to serve in the Local Militia, or shall pay or engage to pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Volunteer to serve in Discharge of any County, District, or Parish, beyond the said Sum of Two Guineas, to be paid to such Volunteer as aforesaid, under this Act, they each Person so aforesaid shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

How Local
Militia shall be
constituted
and served.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's order and direct that the Local Militia to be raised under this Act shall be formed into Regiments, Battalions, and Companies, and shall have such Proportions of Officers, Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, as are allowed by the several Acts relating to the Militia of England when embodied, and that such Proportions of Adjutant Major, who shall Drummers, not exceeding One Half of each Rank, together with the Adjutant Quarter Master, who shall execute the Duty of Battalion Clerk, without any additional Pay, and such Sergeants of each Regiment, Gunners, or Corps, shall receive as persons Pay, and embodied, as His Majesty shall order and direct: Provided always, that no higher Rank shall be given in any Regiment of Local Militia formed under this Act than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, except in Cases where the Commandant shall have served with the Rank of Colonel in His Majesty's Regular Forces or Regular or Supplementary Militia, or be the Lieutenant or Vice Lieutenant of any County; Provided also, that all Officers of the Militia raised under this Act shall rank with the Officers of His Majesty's other Militia Forces, as the youngest of their respective Ranks (except as aforesaid): Provided always, that every Officer who shall have served in His Majesty's Regular Forces as a Field Officer, shall be and is hereby deemed qualified to hold any Commission as the Local Militia, in like as such Officer shall continue to reside in such County or have next adjoining County, without any other Qualification in respect of Property or otherwise; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Rank of a Local
Militia Officer
who has served
in the Regular
Militia, and of
Lieutenants or
Vice Lieutenants
of Counties.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall have held the Rank of Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Regular or Supplementary Militia, and who may be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia to be raised by virtue of this Act, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission, in the Local Militia; and every Lieutenant or Vice-Lieutenant of any County, as long as he shall continue to act as such, who shall be appointed to the Command of any Regiment or Battalion of Local Militia as aforesaid, shall rank as Colonel, according to the Date of his Commission in the Local Militia; and every Person who shall have served in the Regular or Supplementary Militia as a Commissioned Officer, and by reason of the Redhibition of such Militia shall have ended to hold such Rank, shall, if appointed to a like Commission in the Local Militia, rank according to the Date of his last Commission: Provided always, that no Officer holding the Rank of Colonel in the Local Militia, shall be entitled to or receive any greater Pay or Emolument than that of Lieutenant Colonel Commandant.

Rank of Officers
of Volunteer
Corps, men-
tioned in Local
Militia.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Officer of any Corps of Volunteers transferring himself with his Corps with the Approbation of His Majesty into the Local Militia, shall be eligible and qualified to hold the same Rank in the Local Militia, from the Date of his Commission in such Militia, as he held at the Period of such Transfer in the Volunteers, without any other Qualification; any Thing in this Act or any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that no Officer so transferring himself shall be authorized and entitled to take Rank above any Officer holding the Rank of Lieutenant Colonel in His Majesty's Regular Army or Regular Militia.

His Majesty may
put Local Militia
under the Com-
mand of General
Officers

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to put the Local Militia enrolled under this Act, when assembled for training or exercise in Times of War, or when embodied as herein-aforesaid in like Manner as the regular Militia when embodied, under the Command of such General Officers

of His Regular Forces, as His Majesty shall please to appoint; and Thing is any Act relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that the Local Militia to be raised under this Act, shall be called out within their respective Counties in each Year, at such Times, in such Numbers, and in such Proportions and under such Regulations as His Majesty shall direct in that behalf, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, Respect being had to the local Circumstances of each County, and to the Strength and Importance to the County of Industry and Cultivation within the same; and the Periods of Places for such Exercise shall be appointed by the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the several Counties, with the Approbation of His Majesty: Provided always, that no Militia Men under this Act shall be trained or exercised any greater Number of Days in the whole in each Year than Twenty-eight entire Days, or such other shorter Time as may be directed from and resolved upon from the Place appointed for Exercise (for which no more Days the Pay and Expences be allowed to His Majesty's Forces as March shall be allowed); and as to the said Militia to be called out to march for such Training and Exercise out of the County in which such any such Local Militia shall have been enrolled, if consisting of an entire Regiment or Battalion, or such other Part thereof as a separate County, if consisting of less than a Regiment or Battalion, and named by any Ord. or of His Majesty with the Local Militia of any such adjacent County, for the Purpose of being a Regiment or Battalion.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person enrolled to serve as a Local Militia Man under this Act shall be absent from his County or from any Division of a County, or from one of the several Divisions of the County, at any Time or Times, during the Period of his service, it shall be lawful for him to give by a written Notice to his Commanding Officer, who shall duly take notice of the same, or to his Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the County or Divisions in which such Local Militia Man enrolls to reside, a written Notice to the Local Militia Man's residence, shall be returned into the Local Militia of the County or Division in which he shall so reside, and shall continue to reside therein for the Remainder of the Term for which he shall have been enrolled; or if any such Local Militia Man who shall tender a full Statement for the Purpose of leaving such Periods, or who shall not prefer himself to the Duty of Lieutenants of the Battalion to which he belongs, for the Purpose of being enrolled in the Local Militia thereof, and who shall not tender to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, from which he shall have resigned, within One Month after the Expire of such annual Training, a Certificate of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, to which he shall resign, of his having been duly trained and exercised in such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, shall suffer Double the Sum which such Person would have received if he had not appeared to be trained and exercised in the Local Militia in which he was enlisted under this Act; and every Person who shall upon resign, or who shall proceed to any other County or Division than that of which he shall have first given Notice, shall in like Manner upon give Notice and transmit Certificates as aforesaid.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases of actual Invasion of any Part of the United Kingdom, or of the Appearance of an Enemy in force upon the Coast of any Part of the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council or Proclamation, to draw out and embody such Local Militia, or any Part or Proportion thereof, and to direct all or any of such Local Militia Men to be marched to any Part of Great Britain for the Prevention and repelling of any such Invasion, or for the Suppression of any Rebellion or Insurrection arising or existing at the Time of any such Invasion, and to keep and continue such Local Militia embodied for any Period His Majesty may deem expedient, not exceeding Six Weeks after the Enemy shall have been prevented or repulsed, or driven from the Coast, or after any such Rebellion or Insurrection shall have been suppressed.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or for the Vice Lieutenant of any County, or for the Sheriff of any County, or in the Absence of the Lord Lieutenant and Vice Lieutenant and Sheriff of any County, for any Two Justices of the Peace, and One Deputy Lieutenant, to call out and embody the Local Militia, or any Part of the Local Militia of any County, for the Suppression of any Riots or Tumults in such County, or in any adjoining County, and every Person then enrolled in the Local Militia to be called out as aforesaid, who shall not appear and join his Regiment within such Time, and at such Place as shall be specified in any Notice or Notice put upon Churches, Chapels, or other conspicuous Places, or otherwise publicly given, shall be subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are contained in any Act relating to the Militia for not appearing when the Militia shall be assembled for Training and Exercise: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Justice or Deputy Lieutenant to exempt the Whole or any Part of any Town or Parish: or for any Justice or Deputy Lieutenant, upon Proof that the Person not appearing was prevented by Absence, or any other excusable Cause from receiving such Notice, or appearing as aforesaid; and all such Local Militia, when so called out and assembled on such Service as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be assembled for Training and Exercise under this Act; and all Provisions relating to the Militia when assembled for Training and Exercise shall apply to the Local Militia called out upon such Service as aforesaid, and all Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercise as in this Act: Provided always, that when any Local Militia shall be called out as aforesaid, the same shall be immediately notified to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by His Majesty's Appointment thereof: Provided also, that no such Local Militia shall be liable to be kept embodied upon any such Service for any longer Period than Fourteen Days in any One Year; and if any such Service shall occur after any such Local Militia shall have been trained and exercised for the full Period of Twenty-eight Days in each Year, then and in such Case the Days of such Service shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercise of the succeeding Year.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Local Militia shall be assembled by Time of War, for the Purpose of Training and Exercising, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults within their own or any

The War may order the Local Militia to be called out in any or all cases.

For an order that a Militia of 1000 shall be called out in any County.

Militia may remain in their own County, or in any other County, or in any other Division of the County, or in any other Part of the Kingdom.

Enrolled in the Militia of any County, or in any other Division of the County, or in any other Part of the Kingdom.

In case of Invasion, or of the Appearance of an Enemy in force upon the Coast, or of any such Rebellion or Insurrection, the Local Militia to be embodied and marched to any Part of Great Britain.

Lord Lieutenant, or any other Justice of the Peace, or any other Person, may call out the Local Militia for the Suppression of any Riots or Tumults in such County, or in any adjoining County, and every Person then enrolled in the Local Militia to be called out as aforesaid.

Such Militia shall be deemed to be assembled for Training and Exercise under this Act.

Local Militia assembled in Time of War.

shall be liable to
the same Act.

adjacent County, all Persons serving in the said Militia shall be subjected to all the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force for Prevention of Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Articles of War made in pursuance thereof; and all the Provisions contained in every such Act and Articles of War shall be in force with respect to them, and shall extend to all the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men so enlisted as aforesaid, in all Cases as aforesaid.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Local Militia, when not drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the same Pay, Clothing, and Allowances, as the regular Militia are entitled to when not so called; and when drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the same Pay, Clothing, and Allowances, for themselves and Families, according to their respective Ranks, as His Majesty's other Militia Troops when drawn out and embodied.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Corps of Local Militia shall be called for the Purpose of Exercise, all Persons enrolled therein, who shall join as such aforesaid, and shall leave Families or other Persons to be supported themselves, both during the Period of their being so aforesaid as aforesaid, be entitled to the same like Relief to their Wives and Families, and to such other like Circumstances, and be subject to the same Regulations and Provisions as any Corps of Foot or of Fencible Militia are entitled to for their Wives and Families under an Act passed in the forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, *Act 44 Geo. III. c. 80. Intituled and enacted by the Name of the General Act relating to Corps of Foot and Fencible Militia in Great Britain, and in other his Majesty's Colonies relating thereto.*

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person enlisted or entitled to serve or to be called for the Local Militia under this Act, to enlist or enter into His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or to be called for the Regular Militia of the same County, at any Time except during such Period of the Exercise being afforded for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise as aforesaid under this Act, as His Majesty shall by a special Order in that behalf prefixed; and the Enlisting or Entry of every such Man shall be immediately certified by the Officer with whom such Man shall have enlisted or entered, to the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Local Militia from which such Man shall have enlisted or entered. And all Vacancies arising by any such enlisting or entering as aforesaid, shall be supplied in like Manner as in any other Vacancies in the said Local Militia.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Vacancies arising in the Local Militia by such enlisting as aforesaid, or by Discharge, Absence, Desertion, Death, or Expulsion of Service, shall be filled up according to the Provisions of this Act, and the several Acts relating to the Militia, notwithstanding any Statute in that behalf made for the regular Militia.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every County, Hundred, or Parish for which the full Number of Men required by any Order of His Majesty under this Act shall not have been enlisted and enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of February following such Order, if given Three Months before such Fourteenth Day of February, or at which any Discharges or Vacancies arising in such Local Militia shall not be filled up before the Fourteenth Day of February after the same shall have arisen, if the same shall have arisen Three Months before that Fourteenth Day of February, shall be subject to a Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man remaining deficient.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which such Fine shall have arisen and in which such Deficiency shall be thereafter supplied, shall be entitled to debit or have a Return of Two-third Parts of any such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the Fourteenth Day of March, and One-third Part of every such Fine of Fifteen Pounds for every Man enrolled before the First Day of April, after any such Fine shall have so arisen as aforesaid.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the respective Commandants of the Regiments of Local Militia in England shall, within Fourteen Days after the Fourteenth Day of February in each Year, transmit to the Justices of the Peace or Magistrates assembled at the several General Quarter Sessions of the Peace held for the respective Counties, at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace next after the First Day of March in each Year, Certificates of the Number of Men then remaining deficient in their respective Regiments, distinguishing the Period for which such Deficiency or Vacancies have existed, by what Cause occasioned, and for what District, Battalion, or Parish; and the Justices of the Peace, or the Magistrates assembled at such Quarter Sessions, shall at such Sessions assign the Penalty of Fifteen Pounds, for each Private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, on such District, Battalion, or Parish, in the Quota of which such Deficiency shall have arisen, and such Assessment shall be forthwith returned by the Clerk of the Peace to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, incurred under any of the Provisions of this Act, or of any Act or Acts relating to the Militia and applicable to this Act, shall be paid within Twenty-one Days after the same shall be received, to the Account of the said Paymaster General at the Bank of England, for the Purpose of this Act, and all Bonuses and Sums of Money to be paid under this Act for Needfulness, shall be paid out of the Moneys arising from such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as aforesaid.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

LI. And be it further enacted, That a Separate Account shall be kept of the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures received to the Bank of England for each County respectively; and if in any County, the Sum of Money advanced under this Act for Pay, next or any Bonuses shall exceed the Amount of the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, paid into the Bank in respect of such County, the Amount of such Deficiency shall be paid and made good out of the County Rate of such County; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to order the Treasurer of such County from Time to Time to pay the Amount of such Deficiency, and such Treasurer shall thereupon forthwith remit the same out of the County Rates of such County, to the Account of the Paymaster General at the Bank of England for the Local Militia.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

Enrolled in the
Book of the
County of
Middlesex.

* *Apportioned*, and it is just and expedient that such Persons should be allowed, &c. *non recipere censuram*. That every Person who shall have been indicted under the last recited Act of the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, and shall have found any Substitutes, or paid any Fine for not appearing to be arraigned, or for not finding any Sureties, and/or the said last recited Act, and who shall have been arraigned and pleaded under the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and be now serving in the Militia, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be entitled to, and to be as if he had been a full and complete Discharge; and every Person who shall have found any Substitutes, or paid any Fine as aforesaid, under the said Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, and who shall have also found any Substitutes or paid any Fine under the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, shall be entitled and full have a Return of the Money paid for finding a Substitute, or the Amount of Fine paid under the said Act of the last Session of Parliament; and it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices of the Peace of the Division within which such Fine shall have been paid, to grant a Certificate of the Amount of the Money to be paid for such Substitute or of such Fine as aforesaid, deducting therefrom such Sum of Money as shall have been paid to such Man by any Parish, as Half the Price of a Substitute; and the Officers of the Force of the Parish for which such Substitute shall have been found, or in respect of which such Fine shall have been paid, shall, within Seven Days after the Production of such Certificates, pay such Money as aforesaid for neglect or Refusal for the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LXVIII. And whereas there are Quota established for the Militia within the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, to be retained, That the Number of Men to be balloted or enrolled for the Local Militia within the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, shall not exceed such Number as well, as additions to and together with and including the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers then serving within the said Cinque Ports, above the Establishment of such Corps serving within the said Ports, who shall have been enrolled thereon after the Fifth Day of April last, amount to Two thousand Five hundred Men.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as the Number of effective Yeomanry and Volunteers, together with the Number of Local Militia within the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, shall be below the Quota of Local Militia heretofore established for the same, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that a Number of Local Militia Men, equal in Amount to such Deficiency, shall be forthwith balloted and enrolled for the same under this Act, so that the Number in the Whole of the Local Militia and the effective Yeomanry and Volunteers within the same, shall be equal to the said heretofore established Quota as aforesaid.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That the Wardens of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, or his Adjutant or Lieutenant, shall within their respective Jurisdictions, put in Execution the Acts, not at and recited all the Powers and Authorities contained in the said Act of the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to raising or enrolling Men within such Jurisdictions as aforesaid, or any Act relating to the Militia of England, or the Acts, not at and recited of carrying the same into Execution, and enjoining the Men to be provided and raised within their respective Jurisdictions under the said Acts, and all the Powers, Privileges, Authorities, Provisions, and Expressions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, and having made applicable to the raising the said Local Militia, or to the said Acts, shall be in full Force for the Purpose of raising the Local Militia within the Cinque Ports; any Thing to any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXI. Provided also, That it shall be lawful for the said Wardens, Justices, Magistrates, or Deputy Lieutenants, at a General Meeting to be holden as soon as may be after any Ballot shall have been directed for the raising of any Local Militia within the Cinque Ports, and Lists shall have been returned for that Purpose, to appoint the Number of Men to be raised in pursuance of the said Act for each of the said Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Liberties, and the several Members thereof respectively; and the Number of Men so appointed shall be forthwith balloted for, and sworn in, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Mayors, Justices, or other Magistrates for the Time being, of each of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Liberties, and the several Members thereof, shall and may act as Deputy Lieutenants for the Purposes of this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the Wardens of the said Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, to appoint any other Persons qualified in the Manner directed by an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for enrolling the Lieutenants of the Militia in England, and for appointing the Militia, to act in like Manner as Deputy Lieutenants within the same*; Provided always, that the said Wardens may, with the Consent of any Meeting of the Justices, Lieutenants, and Members, to fix their Orders to the respective Constables within the same, to raise or to raise at any Time Lists of all Persons liable to serve in the Local Militia for such Ports, Towns, Liberties, and Members respectively, in the Manner required by this Act, and by the said Act of the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any Act relating to the Militia of England, and may appoint such Time as may appear to him to be necessary and proper for the Returns and Notices to be made and given, conformably to the Directions of the said recited Act and this Act; and for the holding other Meetings, and doing all Acts, Matters, and Things, which may be necessary for carrying this Act into Execution within the Cinque Ports.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That a Local Militia shall be balloted and enrolled from among the Ten or eleven of the City of Dover and Calais, in like Manner and in like Amount as aforesaid in relation to the Officers of Regular Militia within the said Towns and Places, so as by this Act directed in relation to Counties; and such Local Militia shall be raised under the Provisions of this Act.

shall, if serving in the Militia under 47, a force of 273 shall be entitled to their Discharge and Release being furnished therewith on or paid 1000 under both Acts, 4000000 of the Militia of the Cinque Ports, for 1808.

Number of 10 of Militia to be balloted and enrolled within the Cinque Ports, for 1808.

When these Lists are to be returned to the Number, His Majesty may order 100 to ballotee list.

Wardens of the Cinque Ports, &c. shall put this Act in Execution.

Wardens, &c. shall appoint the Number of Men to be raised for each of the Ports, &c.

Mayors, &c. of the Cinque Ports, &c. may act as Deputy Lieutenants, or 2 the Warden may appoint other qualified Persons thereto, &c.

Local Militia shall be balloted and enrolled from among the Ten or eleven of the City of Dover and Calais.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

ACCOUNT of PENALTIES imposed and remitted by the Lieutenancy.

Date when imposed.	Name of Parish.	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Remittance of Fine and Penalties allowed by the Lieutenancy.	Year since imposed.	REMARKS.

Deficiency in the Subdivision of
 signed by the Commissioner, dated the
 Clerk of Subdivision Meetings for

in the County of
 being
 as the

as per Returns herewith annexed
 per Man, £. paid to the

We do hereby certify that the above Account is truly and justly stated to the best of our Knowledge and Belief.
 _____ Deputy Lieutenant.
 _____ Magistrate.

SCHEDULE (B.)

QUARTERLY ACCOUNT of the Clerk of Subdivision Meetings.

Dr - - - - - Centra - - - - - Cr

Date when received.	Name of Parish and	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Penalty at 1801 for Persons not more than 1000. per Annum.	Amount of such Penalties.	Date when received.	Amount of such Remittances.

By Remittance to
 the Bank of
 England.
 Dr. - - Do.

Sworn before me on the
 Day of 180.

I hereby certify upon Oath, that the foregoing is a just and true Account
 of all Sums received by me as Clerk of the Subdivision Meetings of the
 County of between the Day of and the
 Day of to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

_____ Deputy Lieutenant or Justice.

_____ Signature.
 _____ Clerk of the Subdivision of the County of

SCHEDULE (C.)

Clerk of Subdivision Meetings on Account for PENALTIES remitted by the Lieutenancy.

Dr - - - - - Centra - - - - - Cr

Date of Bill.	In whole Pound shillings.	Amount of each Bill.	Date of Payment.	Name of Parish where the Fine has been received.	No. of Receipts.	Amount.

Sworn before me the

Day of

180

_____ Deputy Lieutenant or Justice.

C A P. CXV.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Countervailing Duties on Spirits imported into *Ireland* from *Scotland*, and to allow Equivalent Drawbacks on Spirits exported from *Ireland* to *Scotland*.

[30th June 1808.]

* Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, that, in respect of the Duties imposed upon Malt and Sugar and Spirits made therefrom respectively in *Ireland*, Duties should be charged on Spirits imported into *Ireland* from *Scotland*, in like manner as to countervail the said Duties on Malt and Spirits made in *Ireland*: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, granted, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Spirits imported into *Ireland* from any Part of *Scotland*, the several Countervailing Duties following, in like and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever payable on such Spirits, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act; that it is to be,

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits distilled from Sugar, and imported into *Ireland* from any Part of *Scotland*, a Countervailing Duty of Eight Shillings and Five pence *British* Currency;

And for and upon every Gallon of all other Spirits (not being Foreign Spirits), imported into *Ireland*, from any Part of *Scotland*, a Countervailing Duty of Five Shillings and Eight-pence *British* Currency.

II. And be it further enacted, That on the Exportation from *Ireland* to any Part of *Scotland*, of any Spirits for or in respect of which the several Duties imposed by any Act made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament, shall have been fully paid and intimated in *Ireland*, there shall respectively be allowed and paid a Drawback equal in Amount to the respective Countervailing Duties, by this Act granted on the like Spirits respectively, imported into *Ireland* from *Scotland*, in like or full Satisfaction of all Drawbacks payable in respect of such Spirits exported from *Ireland* to *Scotland*, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, immediately before the passing of this Act.

* Duties and Drawbacks shall be levied and allowed as former Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks. § 3."

C A P. CXVI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty Rates of Postage on the Conveyance of Letters and Packets to and from the Island of *Madeira*, and to and from the *Portuguese* Territories on the Continent of *South America*.

[30th June 1808.]

WHEREAS it may be expedient for the Benefit of Commerce and Correspondence to establish One or more Packet Boats between the Port of *Falmouth*, in the County of *Cornwall*, or such other Part in the Kingdom, as His Majesty's Post-master General shall appoint, and the Island of *Madeira* and *Brazil*, or other of the Territories and Possessions of the Crown of *Portugal* on the Continent of *South America*, in like manner as of the Packet Boats lately employed between *Great Britain* and the Kingdom of *Portugal*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Establishment of Packet Boats between the Kingdom and the Island of *Madeira*, and between any of the *Portuguese* Territories on the Continent of *South America*, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Post-master General and his Deputies and Deputies by him thereto authorized, for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive, and take for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by Packet Boats from or to the Port of *Falmouth* aforesaid, or from or to any other convenient Port in the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or to or from the Island of *Madeira*, and to or from *Brazil*, or any of the Territories and Possessions of the Crown of *Portugal*, on the Continent of *South America*, over and above all other Rates payable for Conveyance of such Letters and Packets within the said United Kingdom, a Packet Postage according to the Rates and Sums in Sterling Money herein after mentioned; that it is to be,

For the Post and Conveyance of every Single Letter to or from the Island of *Madeira*, the Sum of One Shilling and Sixpence;

For every Double Letter Three Shillings;

For every Triple Letter Four Shillings and Sixpence;

And for every Ounce Six Shillings; and so in proportion for every Packet of greater Weight than an Ounce;

And for the Post and Conveyance of every Single Letter to or from *Brazil*, or any other the Territories and Possessions of the Crown of *Portugal* on the Continent of *South America*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Five-pence;

For every Double Letter Four Shillings and Ten-pence;

For every Triple Letter Seven Shillings and Three-pence;

And for every Ounce Nine Shillings and Eight-pence; and so in proportion for every Packet of greater Weight than an Ounce.

C. 115, 116
Imported into
Ireland from
Scotland, viz.
per Gallon.

Per Gallon
No. 14.

Under Spirits
from being
Provided for
by Act of
Parliament
in
Scotland.

A Postage
according to
specified Rates
may be taken for
Letters and
Packets conveyed
by Packet Boats
from or to any
Part in the
United Kingdom
to or from
Madeira, *Brazil*,
&c.

None of all
other Acts
of the 27th or 28th
of this
Session
shall be
in force
until the
1st of
the next
Session
beginning
the 1st of
the next
Session

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Establishment of Packet Boats for the Purposes aforesaid, all and every such Letters, Privileges, Powers, Advantages, Disfranchises, Penalties, and Methods for Recovery of the same, and all other Statutes and Things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the said Office, shall extend and be deemed and construed to extend to Letters and Packets to be carried thither by the said United Kingdom and the Island of Madaga, and other the said Territories and Possessions of the Crown of Portugal.

“ Money arising by the Rates shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund. § 3. General Issue—Table Coals. § 4.”

C A P. CXVII.

An Act for repealing the Duties upon Silks printed and stained, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [30th Year 1808.]

“ **W**HEREAS certain Duties are payable on Silks, printed, stained, or dyed, in Great Britain, and on Irish printed, stained, or dyed Silks, and Silk Handkerchiefs, and a Drawback is allowed thereupon; and it is expedient to repeal the same, and to grant other Duties, and a Drawback in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, His Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of His Lordships and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and singular the said Duties and Drawback shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, law and except in all Cases referred to in the following proviso, or in any Act or Acts made in pursuance thereof, which may be made, or to any Irish, Scotch, or Foreign Goods therein respectively, which shall before the Year here next commencing, and that, from and after the passing of this Act, or here and instead of the said Duties hereby repealed, there shall be levied, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, over and above any Duties payable upon the Importation of Silk, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter respectively mentioned, that is to say,

Export Duties
on the 27th or 28th
of this
Session

New Duties
on the 27th or 28th
of this
Session

For every Yard Square of Silks of whatever Kind, or by whatever Denomination the same are or may be called or known, which shall be printed, stained, or dyed in Great Britain (except such Silks as shall be dyed throughout of One Colour only) the Sum of Sixpence, and for in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Yard Square of such Silks:

Irish Silks.

And for every Yard Square of Irish printed, stained, or dyed Silks, of whatever Kind, or by whatever Denomination the same are or may be called or known, (except such Irish Silks as shall be dyed throughout of One Colour only) which shall be imported from Ireland into Great Britain, the Sum of Sixpence, or in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Yard Square of such Silks:

New Drawbacks.

And that in lieu and instead of the Drawback hereby repealed there shall be made, allowed, and paid the Drawback hereinafter mentioned: that is to say,

For Silks of whatever Kind or by whatever Denomination the same are or may be called or known, printed, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, a Drawback of all the Duties which shall have been paid thereon.

“ Powers of former Acts extended to this Act for levying the Duties, and allowing the Drawbacks. § 2.”

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, for a Limited Time.

[30th Year 1808.]

“ **W**HEREAS it is expedient, under the present Circumstances of Intemperance in the Importation of Foreign Cows, to prohibit throughout the United Kingdom all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, for a Time to be limited, and to enable His Majesty, by Proclamation, if He shall judge it for the Benefit and Advantage of His Kingdom, either to terminate or further continue such Prohibition for a Time to be limited: Be it enacted, &c.

“ From 20 June 1808, Distillation of Spirits from Grain prohibited throughout the United Kingdom, till 21 December 1808. § 1. After October 1, 1808, His Majesty, by Proclamation, &c. may prevent the Distillation of Spirits from Grain (except Whisky) by His Majesty may continue the Prohibition from December 31, 1808 40 Days after the next Meeting of Parliament: § 2. Proviso for selling Cows for Distillation during the Prohibition, good. § 3. Distillers taking into their Custody, during the Prohibition, Grain which shall have been sown, except Malt not exceeding Two Quarters, or Wheat Meal or Flour not exceeding One Sack of Five Bushels, shall forfeit good and the Grain. § 4. Distillers may have in their Custody good Barley, &c. at any Time within Twenty Days of the Expiration of the Prohibition. § 5. Exception for Distillers who are also Millers. § 6. Constables of Excise to be allowed may make Allowances to Persons who have taken out Licences for working Still there. § 7. Contracts for supplying Spirits to be delivered during the Operation of the Act, declared void. § 8. Fines and Penalties may be tried and applied, as under former Laws of Excise. § 9.”

C A P. CXIX.

An Act for regulating the charging of the Duty on Spirits imported into Great Britain, according to the Strength thereof. [30th June 1808.]

WHEREAS by several Acts of Parliament in force, at and immediately before the passing of this Act, certain Duties of Excise are imposed on all Single Rums, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ, and Strong Waters imported into Great Britain, and certain other Duties on the like Articles so imported above Proof: And whereas it has been the Practice of the Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Revenue of Excise to certify and charge all such Spirits as Single or Proof Spirits only, which although above Proof have upon Examination and Trial been found in any Degree under the Strength of One to Ten one Hydrometer Proof, whereas considerable Inequalities and Inconveniences have arisen in the Charge of Duty upon such Spirits under different Circumstances: For Remedy whereof it is expedient to prohibit and discontinue the said Practice: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, all such Rums, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ, and Strong Waters as aforesaid, not being *Triple* Spirit, which shall be or shall have been brought or imported into Great Britain, and for which any Duties of Excise shall be payable, and which shall be tested (by Glass's Hydrometer, or by any other Hydrometer, which under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament shall be directed to be used for ascertaining the Strength of Spirits) to be above the Strength of Proof, shall be considered, deemed, and taken to be Spirits above Proof, and shall be charged with the Duties of Excise accordingly, without any Deduction, Allowance, or Abatement whatsoever, any Law, Practice, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in case any such Rum, Brandy, Spirit, Aqua Vitæ, or Strong Waters (not being *Triple* Spirit), shall be fairly and regularly imported, and that no Antifree, Mosaic, or Contrivance, shall be used or employed, either by sweetening the same, or otherwise, whereby the Officers of Excise may be deceived or misled upon, or in respect of the true Strength thereof, then it shall and may be lawful to and in the said Officers to charge such Rums, Brandy, Spirit, Aqua Vitæ, and Strong Waters, with Duty as Single Spirits, and also with a further Duty in proportion to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall be above Proof; any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. British Colonial Spirits shall not be subject to Regulations of this Act till after January 5, 1810. [3^o]

Spirits is a long list of spirits, and includes a list of spirits to be above Proof shall be of one proof to the above strength.

Spirits, if they are imported, shall be charged with Duty as the spirits, and further in proportion to the actual strength.

C A P. CXX.

An Act for reducing the Excise Duties on Coffee imported into Great Britain, and for directing that Coffee and Cocoa warehoused shall be subject to the Regulations of an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Goods imported to be freed in Warehouse. [30th June 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, and by another Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting in His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, certain Duties of Excise are imposed upon Coffee imported into Great Britain: And whereas for encouraging the Consumption of Coffee of the Growth and Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, or which shall be imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, it is expedient to repeal the said Duties on Coffee, and to impose other and better Duties in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and singular the Duties of Excise on Coffee imported into Great Britain shall cease and determine to be no longer paid or payable, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovery or paying any Arrear thereof respectively, which shall at any Time remain unpaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the following Rates and Duties, that is to say,

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Coffee, of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, an Excise Duty of Three-pence.

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Coffee imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Ships licensed by the said Company to trade within the Limits of their Charter, an Excise Duty of Sixpence.

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all other Coffee an Excise Duty of Two Shillings.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed shall be chargeable and charged and payable and paid for and in respect of all Coffee which shall be imported into Great Britain on or after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight; or which having been previously so imported shall, on or after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, be taken or delivered

48 G. 3. c. 98.

48 G. 5. c. 28.

From 1808, 18, 1808, the Duties on Coffee in India, to 1808, 1808, New Duties.

Duties shall be payable on Coffee imported after Oct. 10, 1808, &c.

delivered for Home Consumption out of any Warehouse in which the same shall be or shall have been lodged or deposited under the Locks of the Officers of Customs or Excise, or either of them.

“ Duties shall be under Management of the Commissioners of Excise. § 4.”

Coffee may be
exported in
Packages of
casks.

V. “ And whereas it is expedient to allow Coffee to be imported into and exported from Great Britain in Packages of One hundred Pounds: be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful to import into and export from Great Britain any Coffee in Packages, containing not less than One hundred Pounds Avoirdupois, any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ Duties shall be levied as former Duties. § 6. Duties shall be paid into the Exchequer. § 7.”

VIII. “ And whereas Doubts have arisen whether, notwithstanding the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions relating to Coffee and Cocoa contained, provided, settled, and established in and by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for forming certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be forced in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts imported may not be carried to and put into Warehouses under the Rules and Regulations of an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Kings of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for expunging certain Duties therein mentioned payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Cloves, and Cocoa Pods imported, and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made and Cocoa Paste; and for better adjusting the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts imported; and for granting Relief to Robert Dalzell late Earl of Carnarvon*, Now, to obviate and remove all such Doubts, be it declared and enacted, That order and by virtue of the said Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, all Coffee and Cocoa Nuts respectively imported into Great Britain ought to be and the same respectively shall be warehoused under and by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, and shall be subject and liable to all and singular the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions contained, provided, settled, or established in or by the said last mentioned Act in far as the same can or may be applied to Coffee and Cocoa Nuts respectively imported, and in far as the same are not expressly altered by the Provisions contained in this Act, any Thing in the said Act made in the Tenth Year of His late late Majesty King George the Third, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.*

Coffee and Cocoa
Nuts may be
warehoused under
21 G. 3. c. 121.
notwithstanding
10 G. 1. c. 10.

Cocoa Nuts or
Coffee may be
exported from
Warehouses
Duty free,
except under
48 G. 3. c. 22.

Coffee and Cocoa
Nuts intended
for Exports
shall be Stamped
in Presence of the
proper Officers,
&c.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Cocoa Nuts or Coffee, warehoused under the Directions of this Act, shall and may be exported from any such Warehouse without Payment of any Duty of Customs on the Exportation thereof, except such Duty as may be due and payable thereon by virtue and under the Authority of an Act, passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise therein mentioned, in furtherance of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council*.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Coffee and Cocoa Nuts respectively which shall be delivered or taken out of any such Warehouse for Exportation shall forthwith, and without any unnecessary Delay, and in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, be carried to and put on board the Ship or Vessel in which the same are intended to be exported; and in case the same, or any Part thereof, shall be altered in Quantity or Quality, after being delivered from or out of the Warehouse, and before the same shall be exported, or shall not be actually put on board such Ship or Vessel, or if the Whole or any Part thereof shall, after being so shipped, be unshipped or put into any other Ship or Vessel, or into any Boat (Shipwreck or other unavoidable Accident excepted) or shall be re-landed in Great Britain, all such Coffee or Cocoa Nuts respectively, the Shipping of which shall be so omitted or neglected, or which shall be altered in Quantity or Quality, or shall be unshipped or re-landed, shall, together with the Packages containing the same, be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

C A P. CXMI.

An Act for reducing the Duty of Customs on Coffee imported into Great Britain when taken out of Warehouses for Home Consumption. [30th June 1808.]

48 G. 3. c. 66.

“ WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and in great other Duties in lieu thereof; and by other Acts passed subsequent thereto, certain Duties of Customs were imposed on Coffee imported into Great Britain, and secured on the Importation thereof in Warehouses under the Conditions required by Law; and which Duties were payable at the Time any such Coffee should be taken out of such Warehouses for the Purpose of being consumed in Great Britain: And whereas it is expedient that the said Duties of Customs so payable should be repealed, and that other Duties should be granted in lieu thereof: be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords, Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Same, That, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, the several Duties of Customs on Coffee imported into Great Britain which became payable by virtue of the said last recited Act in the Time any such Coffee should be taken out of the Warehouse in which the same had been deposited on Importation for the Purpose of being consumed in Great Britain, and also all the additional Imposts or Duties upon the Product and Amount of the said Duties of Customs on Coffee so payable as aforesaid, shall cease and determine, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may on the said Tenth Day of October remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures relating thereto, which shall*

From Oct. 10,
1808, Duties of
Customs on
Coffee imported
and taken out of
Warehouses for
Home Consumption
shall cease.

have been incurred at any Time before the said Tenth Day of October; and that from and after the said Tenth Day of October, and also in Case of the Duties of Customs to be made to coffee and cinnamon, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, upon all Coffee imported into Great Britain, or which are or before the said Tenth Day of October shall have been levied, and which shall remain in any Warehouse under the Regulations required by Law, the several Duties of Customs following; that is to say,

New Duty
2d. per lb.

For every Pound Weight of Coffee the Sum of Three-pence.

"The *per Centage* Duties under 43 G. 3. c. 70: 44 G. 3. c. 73: and 45 G. 3. c. 43. shall be paid on the Duty imposed by this Act. 48. Duties shall not be payable on Coffee warehoused until taken out of Warehouse: § 5.
"Duties shall be levied and applied as former Duties. § 4."

C A P. CXXII.

An Act for vesting all Estates and Property occupied for the Barrack Service in the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks; and for granting certain Powers to the said Commissioners.

[20th June 1808.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for vesting in the Barrack Master General for the Time being, Estates held or to be used for the Barrack Service, and authorizing him to sell the same with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; And whereas the Affairs of the Barrack Department are now under the Management of Commissioners appointed for that Purpose by His Majesty; and it is therefore necessary that all Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments which was by the said Act vested in the Barrack Master General, and all other Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in any Messuage used and occupied for the Service of the Barrack Department, should be vested in the Commissioners aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners should be enabled to maintain and defend Actions and Suits in relation to all Contracts made for the Service of the Barrack Department, or in any Manner relating thereto; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately from and after the passing of this Act all Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments which was by the said Act vested in the Barrack Master General for the Time being; and also all Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments which have since been purchased or taken by any Person or Persons whatsoever in Trust for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Service of the Barrack Department, either as Fee or for any Lives, or any Term of Years or any lesser Interest; and all Estates and Buildings which now are or which shall be hereafter erected and built thereon, together with the Rights, Members, Easements, and Appurtenances to the same respectively belonging (other than such Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments as may be of Copyhold Tenure); and from and after the Purchase and Conveyance, Grant or Devise thereof, all other Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments which shall at any Time or Times hereafter be purchased by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks for the Time being, or by any other Person or Persons by their Order for the Service of the Barrack Department; and all Estates and Buildings which now are or which shall hereafter be erected and built thereon, with the Rights, Members, Easements, and Appurtenances to the same respectively belonging, shall be and become and continue vested in the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks for the Time being, and their Successors in the said Office, according to the Nature and Quality, and Estate and Interest of and in the same Hereditaments and Premises respectively; and that upon the Death, Resignation, or Removal of the present Commissioners, or any or either of them, or of any future Commissioner or Commissioners, all such Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments respectively (other than and except as aforesaid) shall become vested in and be held by the succeeding Commissioners, and be in perpetual Succession according to the Nature and Quality, and Estate and Interest of and in the same respectively, as well for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Service of the Barrack Department, or for such other publick Service or Services as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall from Time to Time be pleased to direct.*

§ 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

All Tenements
Copyhold
with the Barrack
Master General
shall be sold
and all
Tenements, &c.
which may be
purchased for
the Service of
Barracks, or
vested in the
Commissioners
for publick Purposes.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to vest the said Premises upon other Terms with respect to former Proprietors, than those on which the same are now vested in the Person holding the same in trust for His Majesty.

On the same
Terms as such
Premises are now
held.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Time being, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, (such Consent and Approbation to be certified by one of the Secretaries to the said Lords Commissioners by Writing under his Hand) to sell and dispose of any of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments which shall be vested in the said Commissioners for the Time being, with their respective Appurtenances, either by publick Auction or private Contract, and in due Form of Law to that effect, and to make over the same to any Person or Persons who shall be willing to purchase the same respectively, making the said Offer to the Person, his Heirs or Assigns, having adjoining Lands, of whom the same were first purchased or taken in trust for His Majesty.

Commissioners,
with Consent of
Treasury, may sell
Premises.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Moneys to arise and be produced by the Sale of any of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments which shall be sold under the Provision of the said Statute, shall be paid by the respective Purchaser or Purchasers thereof into the Bank of England, and shall be there placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks for the Time being, or to such other Account as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being,

Publick Money
shall be paid into
the Bank in the
Name of the
Treasury.

or any Three or more of them, shall direct, and the Receipt of any one of the Cashiers of the Bank of England for such Monies shall effectually discharge the Purchaser or Purchasers by whom or on whose Account the same shall be so paid into the Bank of England.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks for the Time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to bring, prosecute, maintain, or defend any Affidavits or Suits in respect of any relation to any Messengers, Lavas, Turn-outs, or Hordstaments by this Act vested in them as aforesaid, or of any Trophies committed thereto, or Damage or Injury done thereto; and also in respect of or in relation to any Firearms, Stores, or other Articles, Minerals, or Things, or any Goods or Chattels whatever belonging to the Barrack Department or in the Custody or Charge of, or used by any Officer of the Barrack Department, or Person employed therein; and also for the Breach or Non-performance of any or in respect of or in relation to any Contract or Agreement made by any Person or Persons whatever for the Service of the Barrack Department, or any other Matter or Thing relating to any of the Affairs under the Management or Control of the said Commissioners; and in every such Affidavit or Suit, the said Commissioners for the Time being shall be called the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, without naming them or either of them; and so such Suit shall abate by the Death, Resignation, or Removal of such Commissioners; any Thing in any Act or Act of Parliament, or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whatever any Accounts or other Matters or Things relating to any Benefits or other Subsidies or Traditions under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks shall be required to be verified by any Oath or Affidavit of any Person or Persons, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, or any one of them, or any Inspector General of Barracks, or Assistant Inspector General of Barracks, or for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate to administer an Oath and take an Affidavit in their behalf.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies which fall at any Time hereafter due or come at the Time of the Death or Resignation or quitting of Office of any First Commissioner of the Affairs of Barracks in the Bank of England in the Name of such Commissioners, shall forthwith vest in the other Commissioners, or Commissioner, if no more than one, for the Affairs of Barracks for the Time being; and from and after the Appointment of another First Commissioner all such Monies shall forthwith vest in such First Commissioner, and so from Time to Time in Succession.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for the Discharge of Debtors in Execution for small Debts, from Imprisonment in certain Cases. [30th Nov 1808.]

WHEREAS it might tend greatly to the Relief of certain Debtors in Execution for Small Debts, and as the same Time occasions no material Prejudice to Trade and publick Credit if such Debtors should, after a limited Period of Imprisonment, be allowed the Benefit of a Discharge absolutely, the Conditions of whose said Term as to be in Execution being at the same Time authorized to take out other Writs of Execution against the Land and Goods of such Debtors, or to seek other Remedy for the Satisfaction of their Debts, as if the Persons of such Debtors had never been taken in Execution, be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Persons in Execution upon any Judgment in whatsoever Court the same may have been obtained, and whether such Court be or be not a Court of Record, for any Debt or Damages not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, exclusive of the Costs recovered by such Judgment, and who shall have been in Prison therefor for the Space of Twelve successive Calendar Months next before the Time of their Application to be discharged as herein after mentioned, shall and may, upon his, her, or their Application for that Purpose in Terms made to some One of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Justices of such Court, be forthwith discharged out of Custody, and so forth Execution by the Rule or Order of such Court: Provided always, that in the Case of any such Application being made to be discharged out of Execution upon a Judgment obtained in any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record at Westminster, his Application shall be made on such One of those Courts only, wherein such Judgment shall have been obtained, and that whether the Person be in Execution shall then be actually detained in the Gaol or Prison of the same Court, or shall then stand committed as Habere Corpus to the Gaol or Prison of another Court: Provided therein, that if it shall happen that any such Discharge shall have been lawfully or fraudulently obtained upon any false Allegation of Circumstances, which if true might have entitled the Prisoner to be discharged by virtue of this Act, such Person shall, upon the same being made appear to the Satisfaction of the Court by whose Rule or Order the said Prisoner had been so discharged, be liable to be again taken in Execution and committed to his term of Custody by the Rule or Order of the same Court: Provided also, that no Sheriff, Gaoler, or other Person whatsoever shall be liable as for the Escape of any such Prisoner in respect of his Engagements during such Term as he shall have been at large, by means of any such and under Discharge as aforesaid: Provided also, that for and towards satisfying the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, the said Judge or Judges of any such Debtor or Debtors who were taken or charged in Execution, shall severally sell out of and places in full Force to all Intents and Purposes, except as in the Statute in Execution the Person or Persons of such Debtor or Debtors thereupon, as aforesaid: And that it shall and may be lawful for the Creditors or Creditors, at whose Suit such Debtor or Debtors had been, was, or were taken or charged in Execution, to take out all such Execution or Executions on every such Judgment against the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods, and Chattels of any such Debtor or Debtors (other than and except the necessary Wearing Apparel and Bedding of and for him, her, or them, and for his, her, or their Family,

Commissioners
any being and
affidavit Affidavit

Commissioners,
for the
Advocate of the

Money Building
in Name of First
Commissioner
shall, from Date
to Time, be
vested in a
Commissioner.

Persons being
in Prison for
a Term in
Execution
Judgment of any
Court, whether of
Record or not,
for any Debt or
Damages not
exceeding such
Sum as shall be
mentioned in
this Act, shall be
discharged, on
Application to the
Justices of
Westminster or
Term: That
Persons
whomsoever
detained
Execution may
be taken to
Gaol or Prison in
such Discharge
shall be liable
Execution of the
Debtors to be
discharged of all
Monies due.

The
Debtors

Family, and the respective Wives, Husbands, or their Trade or Occupations, not exceeding the Value of Ten Pounds in the Whole, by bringing any such Action or Actions as any such Judgment against such Debtor or Debtors respectively, or by bringing any such Action or Actions for any such Remedy for the Recovery and Satisfaction of his, her, or their Debts, against any other Person or Persons liable to satisfy the same, in such and the same Manner, but in such and the same Manner only, as such Creditor or Creditors otherwise could or might have done as such Debtor or Debtors had never been taken or charged in Execution upon such Judgment: Provided always, that no Debtor or Debtors who shall be duly discharged in pursuance of this Act, shall in any Thing afterwards be taken or charged in Execution upon any Judgment herein from before the said 2^d of October and remain in full Force, nor be entitled to any Action to be brought as any such Judgment, and that no Proceeding in Execution by any Person, Actions, or otherwise, shall be commenced or had against the Debt in any Action upon the Judgment, wherein the Defendant or Defendants shall have been charged in Execution, and afterwards discharged by virtue of the Provision of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to those Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, which are commonly called *Irishland* and *Dominion*.

For full Details
that may be
seen in any
Volume of the
Statute at 60.

Which is made
in 1808 of
Provision.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery.

[To be read 1808.]

- 1^o Premiums shall be allowed to British Ships under Regulation of Acts 35 G. 3. c. 95. and 37 G. 3. c. 27.—51.
 2^o *And* Premiums for Eight Ships clearing out between 1st June 1780, and 31st Dec. 1780, and Two according to Years 32. (Act under 2^o of 35 G. 3. c. 95.) 4^o of Premiums for Four other Ships, &c. (Act under 7^o of 37 G. 3. c. 95.) Premiums for Ten other Ships, &c. (Act under 10^o of 37 G. 3. c. 95.) 6^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 7^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 8^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 9^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 10^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 11^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 12^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 13^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 14^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 15^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 16^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 17^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 18^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 19^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 20^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 21^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 22^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 23^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 24^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 25^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 26^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 27^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 28^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 29^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 30^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 31^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 32^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 33^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 34^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 35^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 36^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 37^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 38^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 39^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 40^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 41^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 42^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 43^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 44^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 45^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 46^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 47^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 48^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 49^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 50^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 51^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 52^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 53^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 54^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 55^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 56^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 57^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 58^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 59^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 60^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 61^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 62^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 63^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 64^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 65^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 66^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 67^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 68^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 69^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 70^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 71^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 72^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 73^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 74^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 75^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 76^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 77^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 78^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 79^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 80^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 81^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 82^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 83^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 84^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 85^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 86^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 87^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 88^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 89^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 90^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 91^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 92^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 93^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 94^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 95^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 96^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 97^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 98^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 99^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 100^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 101^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 102^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 103^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 104^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 105^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 106^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 107^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 108^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 109^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 110^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 111^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 112^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 113^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 114^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 115^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 116^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 117^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 118^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 119^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 120^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 121^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 122^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 123^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 124^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 125^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 126^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 127^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 128^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 129^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 130^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 131^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 132^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 133^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 134^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 135^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 136^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 137^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 138^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 139^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 140^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 141^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 142^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 143^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 144^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 145^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 146^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 147^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 148^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 149^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 150^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 151^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 152^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 153^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 154^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 155^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 156^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 157^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 158^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 159^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 160^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 161^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 162^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 163^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 164^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 165^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 166^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 167^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 168^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 169^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 170^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 171^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 172^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 173^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 174^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 175^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 176^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 177^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 178^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 179^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 180^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 181^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 182^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 183^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 184^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 185^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 186^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 187^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 188^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 189^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 190^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 191^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 192^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 193^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 194^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 195^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 196^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 197^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 198^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 199^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 200^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 201^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 202^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 203^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 204^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 205^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 206^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 207^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 208^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 209^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 210^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 211^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 212^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 213^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 214^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 215^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 216^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 217^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 218^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 219^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 220^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 221^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 222^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 223^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 224^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 225^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 226^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 227^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 228^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 229^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 230^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 231^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 232^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 233^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 234^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 235^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 236^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 237^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 238^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 239^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 240^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 241^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 242^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 243^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 244^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 245^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 246^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 247^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 248^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 249^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 250^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 251^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 252^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 253^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 254^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 255^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 256^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 257^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 258^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 259^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 260^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 261^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 262^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 263^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 264^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 265^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 266^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 267^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 268^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 269^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 270^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 271^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 272^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 273^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 274^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 275^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 276^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 277^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 278^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 279^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 280^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 281^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 282^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 283^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 284^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 285^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 286^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 287^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 288^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 289^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 290^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 291^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 292^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 293^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 294^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 295^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 296^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 297^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 298^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 299^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 300^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 301^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 302^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 303^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 304^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 305^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 306^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 307^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 308^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 309^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 310^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 311^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 312^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 313^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 314^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 315^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 316^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 317^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 318^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 319^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 320^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 321^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 322^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 323^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 324^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 325^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 326^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 327^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 328^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 329^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 330^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 331^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 332^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 333^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 334^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 335^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 336^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 337^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 338^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 339^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 340^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 341^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 342^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 343^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 344^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 345^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 346^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 347^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 348^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 349^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 350^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 351^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 352^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 353^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 354^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 355^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 356^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 357^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 358^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 359^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 360^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 361^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 362^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 363^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 364^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 365^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 366^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 367^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 368^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 369^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 370^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 371^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 372^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 373^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 374^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 375^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 376^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 377^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 378^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 379^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 380^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 381^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 382^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 383^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 384^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 385^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 386^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 387^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 388^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 389^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 390^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 391^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 392^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 393^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 394^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 395^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 396^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 397^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 398^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 399^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 400^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 401^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 402^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 403^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 404^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 405^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 406^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 407^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 408^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 409^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 410^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 411^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 412^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 413^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 414^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 415^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 416^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 417^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 418^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 419^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 420^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 421^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 422^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 423^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 424^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 425^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 426^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 427^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 428^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 429^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 430^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 431^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 432^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 433^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 434^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 435^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 436^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 437^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 438^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 439^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 440^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 441^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 442^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 443^o of 45 G. 3. c. 95. 444^o of 45 G.

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to permit Goods located in Warehouses in the Port of London to be removed to the Ports for Exportation in any Part of Europe; for empowering His Majesty to direct that Licences which His Majesty is authorized to grant under His Sign Manual may be granted by One of the Principal Secretaries of State; and for enabling His Majesty to permit the Exportation of Goods in Vessels of less Burthen than are now allowed by Law; during the present Hostilities, and until One Month after the Signature of the Preliminary Articles of Peace. [20th June 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Goods, Wares, and Merchandise which may hereafter be found in Warehouses within the Port of London should be permitted to be removed to other Ports in Great Britain for the Purpose of Exportation; he it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall be desirous of removing any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise which have been or may be stored in Warehouses within the Port of London, under the Regulations required by Law, without Payment of the Duty due thereon, to remove any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise for the Purpose of being exported to some Part of Europe, from any Port within Great Britain which His Majesty, by His Order in Council, shall from Time to Time think proper to appoint for that Purpose: Provided always, that such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise is removed shall be subject to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Securities as are now by Law required for certain *Especially* prohibited Goods when removed from One Port of Great Britain to another, to be from thence exported to *Foreign*, except with respect to the Size of the Packages which it shall be lawful for His Majesty in Council to fix the Size or Weight of from Time to Time as it may appear to His Majesty in Council to be expedient.

II. And whereas by divers Acts of Parliament and otherwise, His Majesty is authorized to grant Licences for various Purposes, many of which Licences have usually been, and such Licences as may be granted under the Authority of the said Acts are thereby required to be, under His Majesty's Sign Manual, and it is expedient that His Majesty should be enabled to direct that all such Licences, as by virtue of the said Acts or otherwise His Majesty may grant under His Sign Manual shall be granted by One of His Principal Secretaries of State, under the Authority of an Order in Council for that Purpose; he it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty by Order in Council, or by His Royal Proclamation, to direct that all or any such Licences as by virtue of any Act of Parliament or otherwise His Majesty may lawfully grant under His Sign Manual shall and may be granted by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in pursuance of an Order of Council specially authorizing the Grant of such License, a Duplicate of which Order shall in all Cases be annexed to such License.

III. And whereas in particular Cases it may be useful to permit Goods, the Exportation of which is now refused to Ships or Vessels of certain Sizes, to be exported in small Vessels; he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty in Council to make such Orders from Time to Time for allowing such Articles as shall appear to His Majesty in Council to be necessary to be exported in Ships or Vessels of smaller Burthen than are now allowed by Law.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in Force during the present Hostilities, and until One Month after the Signature of the Preliminary Articles of Peace.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act to render valid certain Marriages solemnized in certain Churches and publick Chapels in which Banns had not usually been published before or at the Time of passing an Act made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better preventing of clandestine Marriages*. [20th June 1808.]

Recital of Acts, 26 G. 2. c. 33; 21 G. 3. c. 33; 44 G. 3. c. 77; Marriages solemnized before August 23, 1808, in any Church or Chapel in England, Wales, or Berwick, duly solemnized, declared valid, § 1.—
 Marriages which shall have solemnized such Marriages intended against Prohibit under 26 G. 2. c. 33—§ 2.—
 Registers of such Marriages shall be removed in Evidence. § 3. [See 44 G. 3. c. 77. § 1, 2, 3.]

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Registers of all Marriages solemnized in any publick Chapels which are hereby enacted to be valid in Law, shall, within Thirty Days next after the said Twentieth Day of August, One thousand eight hundred and eight, be removed to the Parish Church of the Parish in which such Chapel shall be situated; and in case such Chapel shall be situated in an unincorporated Place, then in the Parish Church next adjoining to such Extra-parochial Place, to be kept with the Marriage Registers of such Parish, and in like Manner as Parish Registers are directed to be kept by the said recited Act, made in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second; and within Twelve Months after the Removal of such Registers to such Parish Churches respectively, Two Copies thereof respectively shall be transmitted by the respective Churchwardens of such Parishes to the Bishop of the Diocese, or his Chancellor, to be delivered by the Hands of the Minister and Churchwardens of such Parishes respectively, to the end that the same may be faithfully preserved in the Registry of the said Bishop.

Goods stored in Warehouses in the Port of London may be removed, under Order of Council, to any other Port in Great Britain, in Dispensation in Europe.

Licences requiring the Sign Manual of His Majesty, may be granted by One of the Secretaries of State pursuant to any Order in Council.

Goods may be exported in small Vessels by Order in Council.

Continuance of Act.

Registers of Marriages in Churches and Chapels shall be removed to Parish Churches, &c. and thence transmitted to the Bishop.

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Office of Paymaster General, as requires certain Accounts to be examined and settled within certain Periods, by the Secretary at War, and enabling His Majesty to make Orders for examining and settling such Accounts. [30th June 1808.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to repeal an Act made in the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of the Office of Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, and the more regular Payment of the Army, and for the more effectually regulating the said Office*; and certain Provisions are contained in the said Act, as to Periods within which certain Accounts of Agents of Regiments in His Majesty's Service transmitted to the Secretary at War, are to be examined and settled: And whereas it has been found that the said Provisions cannot be strictly complied with: And whereas the Commissioners appointed to enquire and enquire into the publick Expeditious, and the Conduct of publick Business in certain Military Departments, are proceeding in an Enquiry as returns to the War Office, and the Accounts thereof, and as to Regimental Accounts, and Expenditure; and it is therefore expedient that the said Provisions of the said recited Act should be repealed, and that His Majesty should be empowered to order and direct all such Accounts to be kept and made up, and transmitted, returned and settled by such Person or Persons, in such Manner, at such Times, and in such Periods as shall be deemed expedient, so that any of the Regulations which may be suggested by such Commissioners, or which may be otherwise thought proper to adopt, may be carried into Execution, with the least possible Delay, for the Publick Service; be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act, as requires the Aired Accounts of every Regiment, Troop, and Company to be examined and settled by the Secretary at War, or by such other Person or Persons, as shall be duly authorized by His Majesty for that Purpose, within Three Months after the Receipt thereof, and further requires Commissions of the said Charge allowed in the said Account to be transmitted to the Office of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, with Warrants signed by the King, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant or Warrants under His Majesty's Great Seal, to make and issue such Orders, and declare and establish such Rules and Regulations for the more speedy and effectual Examination and Settlement of the Accounts of Regimental Expeditious, or of such other Expeditious for Army Services, as usually have been or shall be hereafter examined in the Office of the Secretary at War, as shall appear to be most expedient, and to facilitate the said Examination and Settlement of such Accounts.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to examine any Account or other publick Account from the Payment of any Balance that may be declared to be due from 1805, upon the Examination and Settlement of his Accounts, under any Orders or Rules and Regulations which may be made, made, ordered, and established by His Majesty, as aforesaid; but that the Balance so declared and not paid within One Month after the same shall have been demanded, shall be deemed and construed to be a Debt in His Majesty's great Honour, and be recoverable as such by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with full Costs of Suit, and other Charges attending the same by the like Proviso, as by the first of that Part of the United Kingdom wherein such Agent or Accountant shall reside, any Debt to His Majesty owing whilst the same may be recovered.

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled, *An Act to take away the Benefit of Clergy from certain Offenders for Felony*, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons stealing privily from the Person of another; and for more effectually preventing the Crime of Larceny from the Person. [30th June 1808.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled, *An Act to take away the Benefit of Clergy from certain Offenders for Felony*, it is amongst other Things enacted, That no Person or Persons who should after the passing of that Act happen to be indicted or appealed for Felony, taking of any Money, Goods, or Chattels from the Person of any other, privily without his Knowledge, in any Place whatsoever, and thereupon found guilty by Verdict of Twelve Men, or shall confess the same upon his or their Arrangements, or will not answer directly to the Issue according to the Laws of this Realm, or shall find guilty or of Malice or obstinately resist, or challenge preemptively above the Number of Twelve, or shall be upon such Indictment or Appeal convicted, shall from henceforth be admitted to have the Benefit of his or their Clergy; but strictly be excluded thereof, and shall suffer Death in such Manner and Form as they should if they were no Clerks: And whereas the said Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention of the Crime therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said Act as is herein-before recited should be repealed: And whereas it might tend more effectually to prevent the Crime of Larceny from the Person, if every such Offence, not being Robbery, was made and punishable more severely than simple Larceny; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as is herein-before recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Penalty on
Seamen That
from the Ports,
see long
Bridley,
Transportation,
&c.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall at any Time or in any Place whatsoever, feloniously steal, take, and carry away any Money, Goods, or Chattels from the Person of any other, whether privily without his Knowledge or not, but without such Force or putting in Fear as is sufficient to constitute the Crime of Robbery, or who shall be present, aiding, and abetting therein, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term not less than Seven Years as the Judge or Court before whom any such Person shall be convicted, shall adjudge, or shall be liable in case the said Judge or Court shall think fit, to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol, House of Correction, or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding Three Years.

C A P. CXXX.

AN Act for preventing the various Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship-Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports; and also for remedying certain Defects relative to the Adjustment of Salvage, under a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne. [20th July 1708.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Stop should be put to the fraudulent Practices of Boatmen, Pilots, Harbourmen, and others, resident within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports, who have for many Years past, upon several Occasions, conspired various Depredations on Ships in Harbours or elsewhere, and taken to themselves and converted to their own Use Anchors, Cables, and other Property which may have been lost by Accident, and made the Masters and Owners of such Ships pay exorbitant Demands for Assistance, to the great Injury of the Merchants and others concerned in Shipping, and unto the Detriment of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, whose Rights have been unjustly invaded: And whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, Power is given to certain Commissioners, to be appointed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, to determine, within the Space of Twelve Hours, all Differences relating to Salvage between the Master of any Vessel and the Person or Persons who shall bring any Anchor or Cable ashore from which any Ship or Vessel shall have been previously forced by Storm of Weather: And whereas by several other Acts, passed in the Tenth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and in the Eighth and Twenty-third Years of His late Majesty's Reign, the said Act is further continued; and by other Acts of His present Majesty the same was continued up to the Twenty-sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and by an Act, passed on the English Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, the said several aforesaid Acts were revived and continued for Seven Years longer: And whereas it is found expedient that the Commissioners of Salvage appointed by the Lord Warden should have further Powers granted them, for the Purpose of deciding in all other Cases of Services rendered to Shipping not provided for by the said former Acts: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, to nominate and appoint, by any Instrument or Instruments under His Hand and Seal, Three or more fit and able Persons in each of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, to adjust and determine any Difference relative to Salvage (which may arise) between the Master of any Vessel and the Person or Persons bringing such Cables and Anchors ashore; and in case any Ship or Vessel shall be either forced or cut from her Cables and Anchors by Intercourse of Weather, or by any other Accident whatsoever, and leave the same in any Roadstead or other Place within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns, and their Members, and the Salvage cannot be adjusted between the Person concerned, then the same shall be determined by any Three or more of the said Persons to be appointed as aforesaid, within the Space of Twenty-four Hours after such Difference shall be referred to them for their Determination thereof; any Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Commissioners shall immediately after their Nomination proceed to elect some fit and proper Person who shall be a Notary or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, as their Secretary or Register, except to the Port of Dover, where the Register for the Time being of the Court of Admiralty of the Cinque Ports shall be the Register, and which Secretary or Register shall enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, all the Proceedings of such Commissioners, and also a Copy of the Awards which they shall from Time to Time make; but such Elections of Secretaries or Registers shall be subject to the Approbation of the Lord Warden for the Time being.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, to be appointed as aforesaid, to decide on all Claims and Demands whatsoever, which shall or may, after the Fifth Day of August next, be made by Pilots, Boatmen, and other Persons for Services of any Sort or Description rendered to any Ship or Vessel, as well for carrying off from the Shore to such Ship or Vessel any Anchor, Cable, or other Stores from any Part or Port of the Coast of Kent, Sussex, Essex, or the Isle of Thanet, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, as for the coasting and conveying such Ships and Vessels from the Downs, and other Bays and Roadsteads on the Coast of Kent, Sussex, Essex, and the Island of Thanet, or from the Sea, or any other Place to Ramsgate, Dover, or any other Harbour, Port, or Place on the said Coasts, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, or for the saving and preserving within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, any Goods or Merchandise wrecked, stranded, or cast away from any Ship or Vessel, the Master or Owners thereof or their Agents being present at the Place where the Commissioners shall be sitting, and that the said Commis-

sioners

figures shall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine on all Claims whatever of Services rendered by Pilots, Boatmen, and others, to Shipping within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, whether such Ships or Vessels shall be in Distress or not; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners whenever they see Occasion, to examine the Parties or their Witnesses upon their Oaths, which Oaths shall and may be administered by the said Secretary or Register.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to be so appointed, and their Secretary or Register as aforesaid, who shall decide on any such Claims or Demands as aforesaid, to demand and receive of and from the Owners of such Ships or Vessels, or the Proprietors of any such Goods or Merchandises against whom any Pilot, Boatman, or other Person shall make any Claim or Demand for Services of any Sort rendered to such Ships or Vessels, or for the safe lading and preserving any Goods or Merchandises wrecked, stranded, or cast away within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, and such Owners and Proprietors are hereby required to pay to them such Fee or Reward for deciding on every such Claim and Demand as shall be adjudged to them, as that Behalf by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being.

IV. Provided always, That no Person to be appointed a Commissioner by virtue of this Act shall have Power or Authority to act in any other Part or Place than that in which he is resident, and that before such Commissioners shall in any Case proceed to act, they shall severally take the following Oath before a Magistrate or a Commissioner of the Court of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or a Master Extraordinary in Chancery; (witness'd)

I, A. B. do swear, That I have not, neither will I, in any Way directly or indirectly, take or receive any Fee, Emolument, or Reward from any of the Parties whose Interests are referred to my Decision (save and except such Fee or Reward as shall be allowed by the Lord Warden to be paid to me by the Ship-owners or Proprietors of the Cargo or their Agents); and that I will not accept or receive any Fee whatever from the Parties claiming Reward or Salvage; but that I will decide according to the best of my Judgment on the Evidence to be brought before me, without Favour or Affection to either Party.

So help me GOD!

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Parties or Persons so claiming as to be entitled to Salvage or Compensation for Services rendered as aforesaid, or the Party or Parties who are to pay the same, or their Agents, shall be dissatisfied with such Award and Decision of the Commissioners, it shall and may be lawful for either of them respectively, within Twenty-four Hours after such Award is made, but not afterwards, to declare to the Commissioners his or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of some competent Court of Admiralty respecting the said Salvage or Compensation as aforesaid; and thereupon the Parties or Persons so claiming to be entitled to Salvage, shall forthwith be required by the Commissioners to declare whether he or they will proceed in the Court of Admiralty of the Cinque Ports, or the High Court of Admiralty of England, and he or they shall so proceed within Twenty Days from the Date of such Award, by taking out a Motion against the adverse Party; but in such Case the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to present the said Ship and her Cargo, notwithstanding such Detachment and Proceeding, to depart on her Voyage, or to deliver to the Owners and Proprietors, or their Agents, any Goods or Merchandises, respecting which any Claim for Salvage shall be made upon the Owners or Proprietors of the same, or their Agents, giving good and sufficient Bail in Double the Amount of the Sum awarded, and which shall the said Commissioners or any of them are and is hereby authorized to take and certify according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, and to transmit the same without Delay to the Court of Admiralty, in which the Intention of Proceeding shall be so declared, together with a true Certificate in Writing of the gross Value of the whole Ship and Cargo, or other Goods and Merchandises, respecting which Salvage shall be claimed; and also an official Copy of such Proceedings and Awards certified by the said Secretary or Register, and the same shall be admitted by such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the said First Day of May of One thousand eight hundred and eight, wilfully cut away, cut with, remove, alter, deface, sink or destroy, or shall do or cause to be done, with Intent and Design to cut away, cut off, alter, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or in any other Way injure or conceal any Hoop, Buoys, rope, or Mark, belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or which may be attached to any Anchor or Cable belonging to any Ship or Vessel whatever, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, with Intent thereby to defraud or injure any Person or Persons whatsoever, or Body Corporate, such Person or Persons so offending shall, on being convicted of such Offence, be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Term of Years not exceeding Fourteen Years.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Anchors, Cables, Ropes, Reeps, or other Ship's Stores, or Materials of any Sort or Description whatever, which may have been so parted with, cut from or left by any Ship or Vessel in the Downs or elsewhere, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, whether the same shall be in Distress or otherwise, and which shall have been weighed, swept up, or taken Possession of by any Pilot, Boatman, Hoveller, or other Persons, shall be, by them delivered either at Rangoon, Deal, or Dover (Three publick Places of Deposit declared by this Act for the Receipt of all such Articles, or such other Places as shall be declared by the Lord Warden) in the same State or which they are found, to the Deputy or Deputies of the Lord Warden, or such other Person as he shall authorize to receive the same; but if any such Article be found, weighed, swept up, or taken Possession of, shall not be so delivered within Seven Days from the finding thereof, and shall afterwards be discovered in the Possession, Custody, or Power of such Pilot, Boatman, Hoveller, or other Person or Persons, he, she, or they shall on Conviction be adjudged and deemed guilty of receiving Goods knowing them to have been stolen, and shall suffer the like Punishment as if the same had been stolen on Shore.

Fee to Commissioners, as allowed by Lord Warden.

Commissioner shall act only where he is resident.

Oath of the Commissioners.

Appeal to the High Court of Admiralty or Admiralty of the Cinque Ports, but in Default of the Amount of the Sum awarded.

Fees. (See Schedule)

Treaty on cutting away or defacing Hoop, Ropes, or Marks, in Years Transgressions.

Anchors, &c. found in the Downs shall be deposited with the Lord Warden or Deputies within Seven Days or Persons receiving same shall be punished on Recovery of stolen Goods.

All vessels
Merchandise and
Ship's Stores shall
be deposited in
like Manner.

Freely on Pilot
Stores falling
within or
adjoining Madras,
Fishing.

Officers of Lord
Wardens may
take Anchors,
Booms, &c.

Useful
Revolvers of
Anchors, &c.
may be
removed to
Officers of
other Ports on
Demand.

Lord Warden's
Officers may take
Anchors,
&c. through
one of their
Justices.

Freely on Pilot,
&c. vessels
adjoining Madras
of Ships to cut
their Cables or
Booms, &c.
Fishing.

Debtors in Ship
Stores shall have
their Names
placed on their
Accounts.
Fidelity not to
fail.

Such Debtors
shall not cut up
any Cables
without Permit
from the Lord
Warden's
Deputies.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Merchandise or Marine Stores of every Description, whether belonging to His Majesty, or to any British Subjects or Foreigners, which may be preferred from any Ship or Vessel wrecked either on Shore or in the Gulf, or on any other Sand or Shoal, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall be landed and delivered at One of the Three Places of Deposit belonging to the Lord Warden's Deputies at *Madras, or Deal, or Dover,* in such other Place as shall be declared and appointed by the said Lord Warden for that Purpose, which-ever shall be most convenient or advantageous to the Place where the Loss occurs, within the Space of Seven Days after the same shall have been performed and taken Possession of; and that if any Person or Persons who shall have preferred or taken Possession of any such Merchandise or Marine Stores, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall sell, dispose of, or otherwise make away with the same, or fail in any Manner conceal, defraud, take out, or obliterate the Marks or Numbers thereon, or alter the same in any Manner with Intent thereby, directly or indirectly, to prevent the Discovery and Identity of such Articles by the Owner or Owners thereof, such Person or Persons shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the preventing or releasing the Surgeons, Deputies, or any other Officer of the Lord Warden, from taking all such Anchors, Cables, Booms, Buoys, Ropes, or other Ship's Stores or Materials as aforesaid, and likewise all such Merchandise and Marine Stores as aforesaid, which he or they shall find concealed or attempted to be concealed within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, or which he or they shall find in the Possession of any Person or Persons who shall be conveying or in the Act of preparing to convey the same out of the said Jurisdiction, or from any Place where the same shall have been landed within the said Jurisdiction, to any other Place within the same, other than to One of the said public Places of Deposit aforesaid; but it shall be lawful in all such Cases for all and singular the Officers aforesaid to seize the same, as within Shore or at Sea, within the said Jurisdiction, at any Time before as well as after the Expiration of the Seven Days aforesaid, and to take and carry the same to One of the said public Places of Deposit; any Thing in this or in any other Act, Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall knowingly, and with Intent to defraud and against the true Owner or Owners thereof, purchase or receive any Anchors, Cables, Ropes, or other Ship's Stores, or Materials of any Description whatsoever, or any Merchandise or Lading which may have been taken up, weighed, freighted, or taken Possession of, whether the same shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel in Distress or otherwise, or whether the same shall have been preferred from any Wreck, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall, on Conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of receiving stolen Goods, against the Law to be taken, as if the same had been stolen on shore, and suffer the like Punishment as for a Misdemeanor at the Common Law, and be also liable to be imprisoned for Seven Years, or in the Discretion of the Court before which he, she, or they shall be tried.

XI. And whereas it frequently happens that Anchors, Cables, and other Marine Stores or Merchandise, which have been weighed, freighted, or taken possession of, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, or are fraudulently or Purposely carried away to *Madras, London, Plymouth,* and other Ports, not within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, and the Officers of the Lord Warden cannot, by means of such Removal, recover the same; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Surgeons, Deputies, or any other Officer of the Lord Warden, whenever the Case shall happen, to seize such Anchor, Cable, or other Marine Stores or Merchandise, out of the Jurisdiction aforesaid, and there to take and carry away the same, to some One of the aforesaid public Places of Deposit.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Pilot, Boatman, or other Person or Persons, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall at any Time after the First Day of August next, conceal, infract, direct, advise, or procure any Master or other Person on board of any Ship or Vessel, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, whether such Ship be at the Time in Distress or otherwise, to cut such Ship's or Vessel's Cable or Booms, ropes, or to do any other Act whatsoever which shall or may tend to the Destruction or Wreck of such Ship or Vessel, with Intent thereby to prejudice any Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, or any Owner or Owners of any Goods loaded on board the same, or any Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, that hath or have underwrite or shall underwrite any Policy or Policies of Insurance upon such Ship or Vessel or on the Freight thereof, or upon any Goods loaded on board the same, the Person or Persons offending therein, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and be liable to be transported for any Period of Time not exceeding Fourteen Years.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons who shall trade or deal in buying and selling Anchors, Cables, Sails, old Junk or Paper Stuff, old Iron, or Marine Stores of any Kind or Description, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall have their Names with the Words *Debitors in Marine Stores* printed distinctly, in Letters of not less than Six Lines in Length, upon the Trest of all these Storehouses, Warehouses, and other Depots for such Goods, and on Delivery of these in doing, they shall, on Conviction before any Person or Persons duly authorized to do so as Magistrates or Magistrates within the Limits aforesaid, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, One Half of which Sum shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moneys to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed: And further, That it shall not be lawful for such Debtors or Traders to cut up any Cables or Part of the same, or to conceal, or otherwise, or to alter the same, or to dispose of any Description into Junk or Paper Stuff, or any Wrecking, Wrecking, or Wrecking, or any Cable-making on the same, or on Ropes, or on any Premises whatsoever, without first obtaining a Permit from the Lord Warden's Deputies, or One of the Persons, which Permit shall not be granted unless as Aforesaid shall have been first made before some one of the Persons duly authorized to do so as Magistrates, within the Limits of the cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns,

and their Members, and shall have been delivered to and left with the Parties granting such Permits; in which Affidavits there shall be sworn that the Cable and Cordage so intended to be cut up had been purchased fairly and without Fraud by the Party so intending to cut up the same, and without any Knowledge or Suspicion on his or her Part that the same had been or were dishonestly come by; and to which Affidavits shall also be specified the particular Quality and Description of such Cable or Cordage, and the Name or Names of the Seller or Sellers thereof, which Affidavits shall be recited and set forth at Length in the Permit thereupon granted.

XIV. And for the further and more effectual Prevention of Fraud in this Respect, be it enacted, That all Dealers in such Marine Stores as aforesaid, within the Limits of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns, and their Members, shall keep a Book or Books fairly written, in which Entries shall be from Time to Time regularly made of all such Marine Stores as shall be by them from Time to Time bought, containing a true Account and Description of the Things when the same were so respectively bought by them, and of the Names and Places of Abode of the respective Sellers thereof; and also that before the Party who shall have obtained such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable or Cordage (as herein-before required to be obtained) shall proceed to cut up the same by virtue thereof, there shall be published, by the Space of One Week at least before the Time of cutting up of the same, One or more Advertisements in some publick Newspaper, printed within the Counties of Kent, Sussex, and Essex, and sent to the usual Residence or Place of Abode of such Party, notifying that such Party had obtained such Permit for the Purpose of cutting up such Quantity of Cable or Cordage, and of such Kind and Quality as therein described, a true Copy of which Permit shall be intimated in such Advertisement, whosoever it shall be lawful for and every Justice or Justices who may have jurisdiction to inspect, and shall have written upon Oath the Fact of such Sale, let, or their Suspicion before any of the Justices duly authorized to act as Magistrates, within the Limits aforesaid, by Warrant at such Magistrate to him or them for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from any such Dealer who shall have so advertised, and shall be so sworn to be inspected as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of all the Book or Books of Entries hereby required by him to be kept, and to inspect and examine the Cable or Cordage described in such Permit; and in case any such Dealer shall, when so thereto required as aforesaid, neglect or refuse to produce to the Parties named in such Warrant as the Parties or whole Oath the first had been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer so required to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books in which Entries containing Accounts of the several Particulars herein-before required to be entered shall be made, or to permit such Inspectors and Examiners as aforesaid, or shall, after obtaining such Permit for the cutting up of any Cable or Cordage, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisements relative thereto as is herein-before directed and required to be published, the Dealer or Dealers so offending in all or any of the Particulars herein-before mentioned, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being let, let, or their First Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds; and for every Second and further Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Thirty Pounds; One Half of which Penalties shall, on Conviction before any of such Magistrates duly authorized to act within the Limits aforesaid be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by this Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied, by the Warrant of such Magistrate as aforesaid, by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of every such Offender or Offenders; and in case there shall be no sufficient Distress, then every such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by such Magistrate as aforesaid to the Common Gaol within the Limits aforesaid, in the Case of any First Offence, for the Space of Six Months; and in the Case of any Second or further Offence, for the Space of Twelve Months, unless the said Penalties and Charges shall be sooner paid.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, or Place, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses for the Purpose of proving the Commission of any Offence against this Act, within the Limits of such Parish, Township, or Place, notwithstanding the Penalty incurred by such Offence, or any Part thereof, or it may be given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township, Place or otherwise, for the Benefit or Use, or in Aid or Execution of such Parish, Township, or Place.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, and the Lieutenant of Dover Castle for the Time being, and the Deputy Wardens of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, and the Judge Official and Councillor of the Court of Admiralty of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns, and the Members thereof for the Time being, and any other Officer who shall be specially appointed by the Lord Warden; and all and every of them shall and may execute, perform, and do within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, all the Acts, Matters, and Things contained in this Act, in like Manner, to all Inquests and Purposes, as any Magistrate or Magistrates, or any Commissioner or Commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this Act, is and are authorized, to execute, perform, and do the same.

XVII. And whereas, by a certain Act passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *For Pirates*, it is among other Things enacted, that "whenever any Commission for the Punishment of certain Offences therein named, shall be directed or sent to any Place within the Jurisdiction of the Five Ports, that then every such Commission shall be divided into the Lord Warden of the said Port for the Time being, or to his Deputy, or into Three or Four such Persons as the Lord Chancellor for the Time being shall name and appoint." And whereas by the said Act it is further enacted, to the Effect following, "that every Inquisition and Trial to be had by virtue of such Commission, shall be made and had by the Inhabitants of the said Five Ports, or the Members of the same." And whereas of a long Time past no such Commission has been sent to any Place within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports,

Deputy for the Cinque Ports, or any Magistrate or Justice who may have jurisdiction to inspect, and shall have written upon Oath the Fact of such Sale, let, or their Suspicion before any of the Justices duly authorized to act as Magistrates, within the Limits aforesaid, by Warrant at such Magistrate to him or them for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from any such Dealer who shall have so advertised, and shall be so sworn to be inspected as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of all the Book or Books of Entries hereby required by him to be kept, and to inspect and examine the Cable or Cordage described in such Permit; and in case any such Dealer shall, when so thereto required as aforesaid, neglect or refuse to produce to the Parties named in such Warrant as the Parties or whole Oath the first had been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer so required to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books in which Entries containing Accounts of the several Particulars herein-before required to be entered shall be made, or to permit such Inspectors and Examiners as aforesaid, or shall, after obtaining such Permit for the cutting up of any Cable or Cordage, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisements relative thereto as is herein-before directed and required to be published, the Dealer or Dealers so offending in all or any of the Particulars herein-before mentioned, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being let, let, or their First Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds; and for every Second and further Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Thirty Pounds; One Half of which Penalties shall, on Conviction before any of such Magistrates duly authorized to act within the Limits aforesaid be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by this Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied, by the Warrant of such Magistrate as aforesaid, by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of every such Offender or Offenders; and in case there shall be no sufficient Distress, then every such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by such Magistrate as aforesaid to the Common Gaol within the Limits aforesaid, in the Case of any First Offence, for the Space of Six Months; and in the Case of any Second or further Offence, for the Space of Twelve Months, unless the said Penalties and Charges shall be sooner paid.

Deputy for the Cinque Ports, or any Magistrate or Justice who may have jurisdiction to inspect, and shall have written upon Oath the Fact of such Sale, let, or their Suspicion before any of the Justices duly authorized to act as Magistrates, within the Limits aforesaid, by Warrant at such Magistrate to him or them for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from any such Dealer who shall have so advertised, and shall be so sworn to be inspected as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of all the Book or Books of Entries hereby required by him to be kept, and to inspect and examine the Cable or Cordage described in such Permit; and in case any such Dealer shall, when so thereto required as aforesaid, neglect or refuse to produce to the Parties named in such Warrant as the Parties or whole Oath the first had been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer so required to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books in which Entries containing Accounts of the several Particulars herein-before required to be entered shall be made, or to permit such Inspectors and Examiners as aforesaid, or shall, after obtaining such Permit for the cutting up of any Cable or Cordage, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisements relative thereto as is herein-before directed and required to be published, the Dealer or Dealers so offending in all or any of the Particulars herein-before mentioned, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being let, let, or their First Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds; and for every Second and further Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, nor less than Thirty Pounds; One Half of which Penalties shall, on Conviction before any of such Magistrates duly authorized to act within the Limits aforesaid be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by this Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied, by the Warrant of such Magistrate as aforesaid, by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of every such Offender or Offenders; and in case there shall be no sufficient Distress, then every such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by such Magistrate as aforesaid to the Common Gaol within the Limits aforesaid, in the Case of any First Offence, for the Space of Six Months; and in the Case of any Second or further Offence, for the Space of Twelve Months, unless the said Penalties and Charges shall be sooner paid.

Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, or Place, within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses for the Purpose of proving the Commission of any Offence against this Act, within the Limits of such Parish, Township, or Place, notwithstanding the Penalty incurred by such Offence, or any Part thereof, or it may be given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township, Place or otherwise, for the Benefit or Use, or in Aid or Execution of such Parish, Township, or Place.

Lord Warden, his Deputy, Judge, or any other Officer who shall be specially appointed by the Lord Warden; and all and every of them shall and may execute, perform, and do within the Jurisdiction aforesaid, all the Acts, Matters, and Things contained in this Act, in like Manner, to all Inquests and Purposes, as any Magistrate or Magistrates, or any Commissioner or Commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this Act, is and are authorized, to execute, perform, and do the same.

Members of His Majesty's Councils in the Colonies of His Majesty's Colonies in America, &c. &c. &c.

be it enacted, for the more certain and speedy Administration of Justice, That as often as His Majesty shall direct a Commission according to the Provisions of the said Act, to the Admiral or Admirals, or his or their Lieutenant, Deputy and Deputies; it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, on the Application of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, to direct such Commission jointly to the Admiral or Admirals, or his or their Lieutenant, Deputy and Deputies, and also to the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports for the Time being, and to his Deputy; And the Commissioners, who shall fit by virtue of such Commission, be jointly appointed to whatsoever Office or Place in the Realm the same shall be limited, shall have full Power and Authority to enquire into, try, and determine, all Offences named in the said Act, or in any other Act relating to Proceedings under such Commission, by the Oaths of Twelve good and lawful Inhabitants in the Shire limited in the said Commission, whether the said Offences shall have been committed within the Jurisdiction of the Lord Admiral of England of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports; and all and every Trial, Correction, Judgment, &c. &c. &c. Pursuading whatsoever under such Commission, shall be as good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes in Law, and shall be followed by the same Consequences to the Offender or Offenders as if the same were had by virtue of any separate Commission to be issued under the Provisions of the said Act of King Henry the Eighth.

Sealing of Bills of Admiralty Courts, and Admiralty of the Cinque Ports

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further declared by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act or any Thing herein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, prejudicing, or impairing in any Manner whatsoever the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England, or the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty Court of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns, and their Members, but that it shall and may be lawful for the said Courts respectively, and the Judge or Judges thereof for the Time being, to hear, try, receive, and enjoy Jurisdiction over all such Matters, Rights, and Offences, as they have heretofore had, or exercised, and enjoyed, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes in Law, as if this Act had not been made; any Thing hereto-before contained to the contrary therein notwithstanding.

Sealing of the Bills of the Treasury

XIX. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, limiting, prejudicing, or impairing of any Grant, Liberties, Franchises, and Privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Corporation of the Trinity House of Dunford Street, but that the said Corporation shall hold and enjoy the same as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as they might have done in case this Act had never been made; any Thing hereto-before contained to the contrary therein notwithstanding.

Boundaries of the Jurisdiction of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports

XX. And whereas Diversities have arisen as to the exact Boundaries of the Jurisdiction of the Lord High Admiral and the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, and it is highly expedient for the Purposes of this Act, that the same should be clearly set forth; now it is hereby declared and enacted, That the Boundaries of the Jurisdiction of the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, is, as regards any Matter or Thing contained in this Act, shall be, and shall be deemed and taken to be as follows; that is to say, from a Point to the Westward of England in the County of Sussex, called Red Cliff, including the same thence passing in a Line One Mile without the Sand or Shoal called the Race of Winchelsea, and continuing the same thence westward the Ridge and new Shoals, and thence in a Line within Five Miles of Cape Greaves on the Coast of France, thence round the Shoal called the Greenish, Two Miles distant from the same, thence in a Line westward, and the same Distance along the Eastern Side of the Gallipole Sand, until the Northward thereof, hence West North-west true Bearing from the West North-west Bearing of the Gallipole Pass in a direct Line across the Shoal called the Thwart Rocks, till it reaches the Shoal underneath the Stone Tower, from thence following the Line of the Shoar up to Saint Oys in the County of Essex, and following the Course of the Shoar up the River Cuck to the Landing Place near Brighthelmston, from thence in a direct Line to New Beach, from thence to the Feet of Slings on the Hill of Slings, and from thence across the Water in Swanton, and from thence following the Line of Coast over the North and South Forelands and Sandy Head, till it reaches the last Red Cliff, including all the Waters, Creeks, and Harbours comprehended between them: Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enlarge or abridge the local Limits of the ancient Jurisdiction, Rights, and Privileges of the Lord High Admiral of England, or the Lord Warden or Admirals of the Cinque Ports respectively, or their respective Representatives, but that the same shall remain according to ancient Usage, and that the Declaration hereto-before contained shall only be deemed applicable to the Purposes of this Act, any Thing hereto-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provisions of the Statute of the 11th Year of King Henry the 8th concerning the Recovery of the Queen's or Princess's

XXI. And whereas it is expedient that the Means of conclusively adjusting and recovering the Queen's or Princess's or Grantee's to be paid to the several Persons sitting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship, Vessel, or Goods, should be settled and be by Law applicable in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the mere Employment and Authority of the Commander or other Superior Officer, Master, or Coxswain of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, as are now by Law provided for adjusting the Queen's or Princess's or Grantee's which shall have been due in Cases where Application shall have been first made to Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in that behalf named and appointed in and by a certain Statute, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lady Queen Anne, entitled "In His Majesty's first Year of all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be forced on Shore or Stranded upon the Coast of this Kingdom, or any other of His Majesty's Dominions, and where Assistance shall have been thereupon rendered in pursuance of the Provisions of this Statute;" be it therefore enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the Means which in virtue of the Statute last aforesaid should, and may now be by Law applied for the conclusively adjusting and for the recovering of the Queen's or Princess's or Grantee's to be paid to the several Persons sitting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship, Vessel, or Goods, in Cases where Application shall have been first made pursuant to that Statute to Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers therein in that behalf appointed,

mentioned, and Affidavits shall have been thereupon rendered and had in pursuance of the Provisions of that Statute, shall be by Law applicable and available in like Manner, to all Imports and Purposes, in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the mere Employment and Authority of the Commander or other Superior Officers, Masters, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, although no such Application shall have been made to, nor any Authority or Affidavit derived from any Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in the said Statute in that Behalf mentioned; and that upon Payment or Tender and Refusal of the Quantum of Monies or Gratualities to be paid to the several Persons who shall have acted or been employed in such Salvage, or in case such Payment or Tender cannot be made, on Security being given for the due Payment thereof to the Satisfaction of the Justices who shall have adjuded such Quantum of Gratualities, it shall not be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, or other Person or Persons having the Possession or Custody of such Ship, Vessel, or Goods, any longer to retain the Possession or Custody of the same, or any Part thereof, by Reason or Pretence of any Claim or Right to a Compensation or Gratuity for such Salvage as aforesaid, or for having acted or been employed therein.

XXII. Provided always, That in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted without Application made to and without any Authority or Affidavit derived from any Officer of the Customs or other Officer in the said Act mentioned, and the Commander or other Superior Officer, Masters, or Owners of such Ship or Vessel to be saved as aforesaid, or the Merchant or other Person whose Goods shall be so saved, or their Agents as aforesaid, shall disagree with such Salvors, touching the Quantum of the Monies or Gratualities derived by any Person so employed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commander of such Ship or Vessel so saved, or the Owner of the Goods, or Merchant interested therein, or their Agents, and for such Salvors as aforesaid, to nominate Three of the neighbouring Justices of the Peace to adjust the Quantum of the Monies or Gratualities to be paid to such Salvors; and in case the Parties shall not agree in such Nomination, then also on the Application of any of the Parties to any One neighbouring Justice of the Peace, the Justice so applied to shall nominate Two other neighbouring Justices of the Peace; and such Three neighbouring Justices shall and may thereupon, and they are hereby authorized and required, to adjust the Quantum of the Monies and Gratualities to be paid to all and each of such Salvors who shall disagree with such Master, Commanding Officer, Merchant, or Owners, or their Agents as aforesaid, touching the Quantum of Monies, or the Gratuity to be paid to him or them respectively, for his or their having been employed and acted in such Salvage as aforesaid.

XXIII. Provided always, That nothing herein in that Behalf contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect, impeach, or alter any of the several Provisions herein contained in respect to the Cargo Ports, or the Jurisdiction to be exercised within the same, or to affect or abridge in any Degree the Power or Authority herein-before given to the said Commissioners so to be appointed as aforesaid.

" Public Act. § 24."

XXV. Provided always, That this Act shall continue in Force for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the third next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

ON the	Day of	in the Year of our Lord
Before, &c.	at	in the County of
(Ship Name.)		(Magistrates Names.)
<p><i>A. B.</i> [here insert the Name of the Salvors] whose appeared the said Ship was Master, her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, and the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, on board the same, and also against the said Master and the Owners of the said Ship and Cargo, [or, as the Case may be, against certain Goods and Merchandises lately taken on board the said ship, whereof was Master; and also against the said Master and the Owners [or if the Owners above appear by themselves or Agents, then leave out the Master's Name] of the said Goods and Merchandises] in a Cause of Salvage.</p>		
<p>On which Day appeared personally <i>H. X.</i> of and <i>F. Z.</i> of who professed themselves as Sureties for the said the Master, and for the Owners of the said Ship and Cargo, [or, as the Case may be for the said Master and Owners of the said Goods and Merchandises] (or for the Owners of the said Goods and Merchandises) and submitted themselves to the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England [or the Court of Admiralty for the Cargo Ports, as the Case may be] bound themselves, their Heirs, Executors, and Ad- ministrators, for the said Master and Owners of the said Ship and Cargo, [or, as the Case may be] for the said Master and Owners, or for the Owners of the said Goods and Merchandises, to the Sum of Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, unto the said <i>A. B.</i> to answer the Salvage and Expenses on the said Ship and Cargo [or, as the Case may be] on the said Goods and Merchandises, as shall hereafter be decreed by the said Court, according to the Tenor of the Act in that Behalf made and provided; and unless they shall do, they hereby consent that Execution shall issue forth against them, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, Goods and Chattels, where- soever the same shall be found, to the Value of the Sum above mentioned.</p>		

This Bond was duly taken, acknowledged, and received at the Time and
 Place above-written, before me the undersigned Commissioner; and I
 do hereby further certify, that I do believe and consider the Persons
 above mentioned sufficient Security for the said Sum of £

H. X.
 F. Z.

Particulars are required to be marked, the Name of the Parish and of the County in which the Hops are put into any such Bags or Pockets were or shall be grown; and if any Owner, Planter, or Grower of Hops, shall refuse to put Hops into any Bag or Pocket before the same shall have been marked in the Form and Manner by this Act directed and required, he, she, or they shall for each and every such Offence forfeit Twenty Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeits or wilfully remove, alter, erase, or obliterate, or cause, procure, or suffer to be counterfeited, erased, altered, erased, or obliterated, any of the Marks directed and required by this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, to be put on or marked on Bags or Pockets of Hops, all and every Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit Twenty Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid, recovered, levied, or assigned by such Ways, Means, or Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be lawfully recovered, levied, or assigned by any Law or Laws of Equity, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover, or sue for the same.

C A P. CXXXV.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty for more effectually carrying into Execution the Provisions of an Act made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His Majesty, to give further Time for the Payment on the Conditions therein mentioned, of Installments on certain Loans advanced to the House of Alexander Haydon and Company to Charles Abbott Esquire, and to William Jobynson Esquire, being Persons connected with and trading to the Islands of Grenada and Saint Vincent, so far as relates to the Real and Personal Estates of William Nic Drusell, James Nic Drusell, and Robert Haydon Esq. in the West Indies and elsewhere, except in Scotland. [30th June 1808.]

48 G. 3. c. 125.

"The Trustees under the recited Act are empowered to discharge a certain Mortgage; notwithstanding a prior Claim of the Crown."

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act to indemnify all Officers and Persons who have carried into Execution any of the Provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for completing and increasing the Militia of Great Britain, in relation to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets. [30th June 1808.]

47 G. 3. c. 25.

C A P. CXXXVII.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and rendering more effectual the several Acts for the Purchase of Buildings and further Improvement of the Sites and Places near to Westminster Hall and the Two Houses of Parliament. [30th June 1808.]

48 G. 3. c. 48.

"Dean and Chapter of Westminster empowered to demise to the Commissioners under 45 G. 3. c. 89. certain Premises herein mentioned, for the Term of Ninety-nine Years. § 1. The said Commissioners empowered to purchase certain Premises on the South Side of Great George Street, &c. § 2."

III. And be it further enacted, That (notwithstanding any Thing in the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid contained to the contrary) all Houses, Buildings, and Ground which shall hereafter be contracted to be purchased by or leased to the Commissioners under the same Act or this Act, shall be conveyed or demised to any such Three of the same Commissioners, as in the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid is mentioned; and after the lease shall have been conveyed or demised, or after the Money agreed or awarded to be paid as the Consideration for any such Purchase or Lease shall have been paid into the Bank of England in pursuance of the Direction of the same Act, shall be, and the same are hereby vested in the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or in the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, and shall be employed for the Purposes of the same Act, subject to the Powers and Authorities herein contained; and that the annual Rents and Profits arising from any Grounds, Houses, and Buildings to be purchased or leased, or from any Houses or Buildings which shall be erected in pursuance of the said last-mentioned Act or of this Act, shall from Time to Time be received by any Person or Persons to be for that Purpose appointed by the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or any Three of them, and shall be paid into His Majesty's Exchequer, and carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Proviso inserted in the said Act in relation to the said Commission, and become void by the Statute.

All Rents, &c. shall be paid into the Exchequer.

"Commissioners empowered to contract for taking down Houses purchased by them, and disposing of the Materials. § 4."

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when any Hereditaments shall have been purchased from or conveyed by the said Dean and Chapter in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, under the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or

Commissioners empowered to take down Houses, Building, &c. in London, &c.

under Commissions
as is approved
by the King.

any such Three of them as therein mentioned, from Time to Time (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or of any Three or more of them) by any Justice or Justices to be named and delivered by the Commissioners for the Time being executing the said Office, and to be enrolled in One of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, to grant any Under-lease or Under-leases of all or any Part or Parts of the same Hereditaments to any Person or Persons whomsoever for any Term or Number of Years; and also that it shall be lawful for the same Commissioners, or any such Three of them as aforesaid, from Time to Time to grant any Lease or Leases for any Term or Terms of Years of all or any other Part or Parts of the same Grounds which have been or shall be purchased in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or any of the Acts therein referred to or of this Act, and that every Lease which shall be granted in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be granted at such yearly Rent or Rents, and under and subject to such Covenants for holding thereupon, and such other Covenants, Conditions, Restrictions, and Agreements as the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of them, shall approve.

“ Commissioners under 46 G. 3. c. 59. empowered to dispose to Commissioners under Local Act 47 G. 3. c. 1. leas.
“ In each Ground as shall be requisite for the Accommodation of the Court House, for holding the
“ Session of Peace for Westminster. § 6. Such Ground shall not be built on without Consent of Commissioners,
“ and 46 G. 3. c. 59.—§ 7. Roof and Walls of St. Margaret's Church may be repaired by Commissioners,
“ and 46 G. 3. c. 59. and Direction of the Treasury. § 8. Watch-tower and other Buildings on the North
“ Side of St. Margaret's Churchyard next the Broad Sanctuary may be taken down by the said Com-
“ missioners. § 9. Said Commissioners may alter the Pavement, &c. and dispose of the Materials, and may first
“ up Streets and make others.—Streets first up voted in the Treasury. § 10.”

the A. Vestib
of the
Justices may
be given by the
Commissioners.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases whatsoever in which a Jury shall be summoned in pursuance of the Direction in that behalf contained in the said Act of the forty-sixth Year aforesaid, any One of the Commissioners under the same Act shall be competent to give Judgment upon the Verdict of any such Jury, and that such Judgment shall be equally binding and conclusive, as if the same were given by any Three or more of the same Commissioners, (any Thing contained in the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid to the contrary notwithstanding.)

“ Deed Pat. dated July 7, 1805, declaring a certain Piece of Ground, the Property of His Majesty, and
“ used for placing an Iron Railing near the Abbey, rected, and confirmed. § 12. A certain Piece of Ground
“ lately added to the open Area of St. Margaret's Church and inclosed, shall continue Part of the
“ Churchyard. § 13.”

His Majesty
empowered to
appoint
Commissioners in
the Name of any
Acting to all.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if all or any or either of the Nine Commissioners named in or appointed by or in pursuance of or by virtue of the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or of this Act, shall at any Time hereafter decline to act in the Execution of any of the Powers or Duties given to or imposed upon the said Commissioners under this Act, or the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, and shall signify the same by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands to the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, then it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, from Time to Time, to appoint by Warrant under His or their Sign Manual for that Purpose, such or other Commissioners or Commissioners to be designated by Office or otherwise in the Place and stead of the Commissioner or Commissioners so declining to act; and that such Commissioners or Commissioners so to be appointed shall have all the same Powers and Authorities for carrying the said several Acts aforesaid mentioned or referred unto, and of this Act into Execution, as if he or they had been originally appointed a Commissioner or Commissioners for executing the same respectively.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act for defining and regulating the Powers of the Commission of Tithes, in suggesting and modifying the Stipends of the Clergy of England. [30th Year 1808.]

“ WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and
“ seven, intitled, *An exact Plan of the Kirk and Fabrick of Towns, His Majesty Queen Anne and*
“ the Estates of Parliament, empowered, authorized, and appointed the Lords of Council and Session to judge,
“ upon the, and determine all Matters and Causes which, by the Laws and Acts of the Parliament of Scotland
“ had been referred, as it did remain, and being to the Jurisdiction and Cognizance of Commissioners formerly
“ appointed for that Effect, as fully and freely in all Respects in the said Letters did or might do in other Civil
“ Causes; and certain Powers therein mentioned were particularly granted by the said Act; and it was thereby
“ declared that the said Act of Council should be fully and exactly to such Regulations and Alterations
“ as should be made by the Parliament of Great Britain. And whereas it is expedient that the Powers of the
“ said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners should in some Respects be defined and
“ regulated; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's
“ most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords spiritual and Temporal, and
“ Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the
“ passing of this Act, it shall not be competent to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid,
“ except as after provided, to suggest or modify any Stipend which shall have been suggested or modified
“ prior to the passing of this Act, until the Expiration of Fifteen Years from and after the Date of the last said
“ Decree of Modification of such Stipend.

Eighteen Months
before the passing
of this Act shall
not be given
until the
15 Years.

II. And

II. And be it enacted, That no *Sinecure* which shall be augmented or increased by a Decree after the passing of this Act, shall be again augmented or modified after the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of such Decree of Modification thereof; nor shall any such *Sinecure* be augmented or modified at any future Period until the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of the last Decree of Modification thereof respectively.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Proceedings of Argument or of Modification, in which the Days of Continuance shall be stipulated, and which shall have been called in Court upon the Twelfth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which shall continue to depend before the last Days of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, or at other the passing of this Act, it shall be competent to the Parties either to suspend the same until Fifteen Years shall have elapsed from the Date of the last preceding Decree of Modification, or to petition the same to a Council for heretofore; and that it shall be competent to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, with or without leave to sit in open Court, to grant an Argumentation in any such Case, or to pronounce or to refuse to pronounce a Decree of Modification therein: Provided always, that if the stipend in any such depending Case shall be augmented or modified by a Decree after the passing of this Act, the same shall not be augmented or modified until the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of such Decree of Modification thereof; nor shall any such Stipend be augmented or modified at any future Period, until the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of the last Decree of Modification thereof respectively.

IV. Provided further, and be it enacted, That this Act shall not be deemed or taken to extend to any Case where a Decree of Modification having been pronounced by the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, prior to the passing of this Act, the Subject Matter whereof shall be depending, either upon Petition or to the Commissioners, or upon Appeal to the House of Lords, at the Time of the passing of this Act, or where it may be competent to petition for such Petition or such Appeal against any such Decree of Modification, but every such Case may be proceeded in and taken to a Council, and a Petition or Petitions may be petitioned at the said Commissioners aforesaid, or an Appeal may be taken to the House of Lords as heretofore, and the same may be prosecuted with regard to said Petition or Appeal in the same Manner as if this Act had not been made.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in such Cases aforesaid, where there shall be a final Decree of Modification in any such stipend shall be again augmented or modified until the Expiration of Fifteen Years from and after the Date of the said Decree of Modification thereof, pronounced by the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid.

VI. Provided likewise, and be it enacted, That where such Stipend shall, at or after the Expiration of the said fifteen Years, be again augmented or increased by a Decree, after the passing of this Act, it shall not be again augmented or modified until the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of such Decree of Modification thereof; nor shall any such Stipend be augmented or modified, at any future Period, until the Expiration of Twenty Years from and after the Date of the last Decree of Modification thereof respectively.

VII. Provided further, and be it enacted, That in all Cases whatsoever where an Argumentation or Modification of Stipend shall have been or shall be applied for, and which shall be judged of, or a Decision pronounced therein, after the passing of this Act, by the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, it shall and may be competent to them to refuse to grant or modify any Stipend in any such Case, either on account of their being no legal Fund of Argumentation, or on account of the Circumstances of the Case; and it shall and may be competent for any Party or Parties to propose all such and other Objections in every Case which or where an Argumentation or Modification shall be applied for, and which Objections shall be determined by the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid or heretofore.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Stipend which shall be augmented after the passing of this Act shall be whole and full in Gross or Vicar, consisteth of Part of the Whole thereof shall have been previously modified in Money, or although Part of the Whole of the Tenure shall be Money Tenure, or in whole or in Part appear necessary on account of the State of the Tenure, or on account of the benefit of the Benefice, or on account of the Nature of the Article, whether such Gross or Vicar which have been or shall be determined in Part or in Whole, or in Part of the said Stipend should be modified into Gross or Vicar, or in Part or in Whole be modified into such other Articles as have been or shall be determined in Kind as Stipend.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in the Case of every Decree of Modification, which shall be pronounced after the passing of this Act as aforesaid, it shall and may be competent to the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and required to convert the said Money Stipend or Money Tenure into Gross or Vicar, and vice versa except as aforesaid; and to make such Conversions into Gross or Vicar according to the Yearly Value of the Kind or Description of Gross or Vicar, in which the same shall be converted, as appears from the Files of the Courts or Stewardry Books for each Year, in virtue of Authority from the Chief or Steward in which the Parsh shall be granted, upon an Average of such Four Years for seven Years preceding the Date of the Decree of Modification, and exclusive of that Year in which such Decree of Modification shall bear Date.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where such Parsh shall not be altogether granted in the same County or Stewardry, or where no Farm applicable to the Kind or Description of Gross or Vicar shall be struck in the County or Stewardry whereon such Parsh is situated, it shall be competent for the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, to convert the said Money into Gross or Vicar, according to the Average of the aforesaid seven Years of the Fire Prices of Two or more of the adjoining Counties, or of such Stewardry, County or County, as they shall seem most suitable in the Circumstances of the Case.

Notwithstanding
of the passing
of this Act shall
not be
increased
or modified
at any
future
Period
until the
Expiration
of Twenty
Years
from and
after the
Date of
the last
Decree
of Modification
thereof
respectively.

All Bills
concerning
the
Increase
or
Reduction
of any
Stipend
shall
be
proposed
in
Parliament
by
Bill
of
Parliament.

Where it shall
be deemed
or taken
to extend
to any
Case
where a
Decree
of
Modification
having
been
pronounced
by the
said
Lords
of
Council
and
Session
as
Commissioners
aforesaid,
prior to
the
passing
of this
Act,
the
Subject
Matter
whereof
shall
be
depending,
either
upon
Petition
or to
the
Commissioners,
or upon
Appeal
to the
House
of
Lords,
at the
Time
of
the
passing
of this
Act,
or where
it may
be
competent
to
petition
for
such
Petition
or
such
Appeal
against
any
such
Decree
of
Modification,
but
every
such
Case
may
be
proceeded
in
and
taken
to
a
Council,
and
a
Petition
or
Petitions
may
be
petitioned
at
the
said
Commissioners
aforesaid,
or
an
Appeal
may
be
taken
to
the
House
of
Lords
as
heretofore,
and
the
same
may
be
prosecuted
with
regard
to
said
Petition
or
Appeal
in
the
same
Manner
as
if
this
Act
had
not
been
made.

Conversions
of
Money
into
Gross
or
Vicar
may
be
made
in
any
County
or
Stewardry
whereon
such
Parsh
is
situated,
or
in
any
County
or
Stewardry,
County
or
County,
as
they
shall
seem
most
suitable
in
the
Circumstances
of
the
Case.

Stipends which
shall be
augmented
or modified
after the
passing
of this
Act shall
be whole
and full
in Gross
or Vicar,
consisteth
of Part
of the
Whole
thereof
shall
have
been
previously
modified
in Money,
or although
Part of
the Whole
of the
Tenure
shall
be Money
Tenure,
or in
whole
or in
Part
appear
necessary
on account
of the
State
of the
Tenure,
or on
account
of the
benefit
of the
Benefice,
or on
account
of the
Nature
of the
Article,
whether
such
Gross
or Vicar
which
have
been
or shall
be
determined
in Part
or in
Whole,
or in
Part
of the
said
Stipend
should
be
modified
into
Gross
or Vicar,
or in
Part
or in
Whole
be
modified
into
such
other
Articles
as
have
been
or shall
be
determined
in Kind
as Stipend.

Notwithstanding
of the passing
of this Act shall
not be
increased
or modified
at any
future
Period
until the
Expiration
of Twenty
Years
from and
after the
Date of
the last
Decree
of Modification
thereof
respectively.

Where there
shall be
no Farm
applicable
to the
Kind or
Description
of Gross
or Vicar
shall be
struck
in the
County
or
Stewardry
whereon
such
Parsh
is
situated,
it shall
be
competent
for the
said
Lords
of
Council
and
Session
as
Commissioners
aforesaid,
to convert
the said
Money
into
Gross
or Vicar,
according
to the
Average
of the
aforesaid
seven
Years
of the
Fire
Prices
of Two
or more
of the
adjoining
Counties,
or of
such
Stewardry,
County
or
County,
as
they
shall
seem
most
suitable
in
the
Circumstances
of
the
Case.

Master Ball
not to be
Signed in Hand,
but in Money
according to the
Five Parts of
the Grain.

When the said
Ball can be
al together
Signed in the
County Two or
more Counties
may be used
upon the taking
of the Five Parts.

Grain to be
made
according to the
highest Five
Parts.

Right of
seizing
Tithes reserved.

Time of
Meeting of
Commissioners
at Tithes.

Regulations for
surveying Farms
and Expenses of
Gleanings, &c.

In Case of
Appearance
Moderator
Clerk of the
Presbytery shall
be furnished,
and furnished
with Statements
Signed, and
Address
written, &c.

Power of record
Act retained.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be competent for the Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, where a Stipend Ball, after the passing of this Act, be modified in Grain or Vithal, in whole or in part, to authorize the Minister to receive the same or any Part thereof in Kind, but that it shall only be competent for them to decree the Value thereof to be paid, or for him to receive the same in Money, according to the Five Parts of the Kind or Description of Grain or Vithal into which the same Ball have been modified, as appearing from the annual Fairs of the County or Stewartry in which the Parish, the Stipend of which Ball have been modified, shall be situated, Brack in virtue of Authority from the Sheriff or Stewart, for that Crop or Year for which such Stipend, modified in Grain or Vithal, shall be payable.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any such Parish shall not be altogether situated in one and the same County or Stewartry, or where no annual Fair applicable in the Kind or Description of Grain or Vithal modified, shall be Brack in the County or Stewartry wherein such Parish is situated, it shall be competent for the said Lords of Council and Session, as Commissioners aforesaid, to fix upon and specify Two or more of the adjoining Counties, or such Stewartry, County or Counties, as they shall deem most suitable in the Circumstances of the Case, according to the annual Fair Prices of which Stewartry, County, or Counties, they shall decree the Value thereof to be paid in Money.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where there shall have been or shall be different Rates of Annual Fair Prices for any County or Stewartry, District or Place, Brack in virtue of Authority from the Sheriff or Stewart, the said Commissions from Money into Grain or Vithal, and from Grain or Vithal into Money, in all of the Cases aforesaid, shall be made according to the highest Annual Fair Prices Brack in virtue of Authority from the Sheriff or Stewart for the said County, Stewartry, District, or Place.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Right of any Heritor to foreclose his valued Tithed in place of subjecting his Lands, to the Amount of the Stipend Incurred upon them, shall not be taken away by what is herein enacted.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, Nine being a Quorum, instead of meeting in the Assembly of each *Wednesday* in heretofore, shall meet at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, upon the second *Wednesday* which shall happen after the Court of Session shall have met for the Dispatch of Business in the Months of November and May in every Year respectively; and at the same Hour once a Fortnight on *Wednesdays* during the sitting of the Court of Session, and at such other Times, and on such other Days in the Months of December, January, and March, not being any of the Days upon which the Court of Session meet for the Dispatch of the Business of the said Court, as the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid shall find necessary or proper for executing the Powers committed to them by this and the said in part recited Act.

XVI. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lords of Council and Session as Commissioners aforesaid, and they are hereby empowered and required to establish Rules and Regulations for abridging the Form and Expense of Citation of Heritors and others, and for abridging the Fees and Circumstances of the Cafe, and to establish Regulations for executing the Business committed to them by the said in part recited Act of the Parliament of Scotland, and by the present Act, with as much Expedition and as little Expense as possible.

XVII. And, in order to guard against Collusion, and also in order that no Process of Augmentation or 'for Modification of Stipends shall be entered on the Ground of alleged Collusion' be it further enacted, That every Minister intending in the Process of Augmentation shall, after the passing of this Act, besides citing the Heritors, also cite the Moderator and Clerk of the Presbytery of the Bounds, and furnish them with a Statement of the Amount of his present Stipend, and the Addition to the Stipend which he means to crave, in order that the Presbytery, if they shall judge it proper, may appear as Parties to the Process; and, in the Event of the Presbytery entering no Appearance, the Minister shall forthwith apply to the Moderator or Clerk of the Presbytery a certified Copy of the Interlocutor pronounced by the Court; and it shall be competent to the Presbytery, within Five Months after such Interlocutor is pronounced, to enter an Appearance, and to shew, if they shall see Cause, that the Decree of Modification pronounced is collusive and prejudicial to the Benefice: Provided, that if the Presbytery shall enter an Appearance in such Process, it shall be competent to the Court to subject the Minister intending in such Process, in the Whole or any Part of the Expenses of Process incurred by the Presbytery.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers given and granted by the said in part recited Act to the Commissioners thereby appointed, shall remain and continue in force, and receive such and the like Effect as they do at present, excepting in so far as they are altered or repealed by this Act.

C A P. CXXXIX.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries.

[15th Year 1808.]

" [Number of Tickets 60,000.—Amount of Prizes at a Rate not exceeding 100. per Ticket.—See 47 G. 3. Stat. 2, c. 9. in which this Act is inserted.]

C A P. CXL.

An Act for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies within the District of Dublin Metropolis.

[Year Four 1808.]

- W**HEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for more effectually providing the Peace within the City of Dublin, and the District of the Metropolis, and establishing a Periodical Watch within said City*: And whereas another Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for enlarging and amending the said recited Act of the Thirty-fifth Year, and for revocating the Statute therein made by Parliaments held within the District of the said Metropolis, or Town of New-bridge: And whereas another Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to amend the said recited Acts of the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign: And whereas another Act of Parliament was made in Ireland, in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending, and making proposal, the several Lenses for regulating the Watch in the District of the Metropolis, and for granting a further Day upon Paroleholders*: And the said Acts have been found sufficient for executing the said Purposes: And it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts of the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, and also in each of the said Acts of the Thirty-sixth and Fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign as relates to the Watch Establishment, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed; [And except in each of the said Acts or any of them respectively as respects any former Act or Acts, or any Clause, Power, or Authority, or Provision given or made by any former Act or Acts, and save and except in each of the said Acts or any of them as respects the Payment of any Salary or Salaries to any Justice or Justices in respect of having held any Office or Offices whatsoever established by the said Acts or either of them, and also save as is hereinafter mentioned.]
- II. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, and all Places within Eight Miles thereof, in every Direction, as to all Matters and Things not within the Jurisdiction of the Court of Admiralty of Ireland, shall be wited in one District, and be called "The Police District of Dublin Metropolis."
- III. And be it further enacted, That the said Police District shall be divided into Six Divisions, and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, from Time to Time to direct, declare, and point out the Limits of the said Divisions respectively, and to change the same from Time to Time at his or their Will and Pleasure, and to cause Six several Publick Offices to be established, One thereof in each of the said Divisions, and to cause the same to be changed from Time to Time as he or they shall think proper.
- IV. And be it enacted, That there shall be appointed in Manner hereinafter mentioned, Eighteen fit and proper Persons to be Divisional Justices within the said District, Six whereof to be Barreners of not less than Six Years standing each, and that Twelve of the said Divisional Justices shall be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being; to wit, Six Barreners of such standing as aforesaid, and Three Aldermen of the City of Dublin, and Three Persons being Sheriff's Peers or Members of the Common Council of the said City, whom he or they shall think proper; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to appoint a Receiver, not being an Alderman of the City of Dublin, who shall be called "The Receiver of the Publick Office in the Police District of Dublin Metropolis," which Receiver shall be incapable of being appointed or elected a Divisional Justice under this Act, and shall be reasonable from Time to Time by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, at his and their good Will and Pleasure.
- V. And be it further enacted, That the other Six Divisional Justices shall be elected to the said Office, fufeth to the Approbation of the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, and the Privy Council, in Manner hereinafter mentioned; and that the Persons to be elected shall be Three Aldermen of the City of Dublin and Three Sheriff's Peers.
- VI. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin shall convene an Assembly of the Corporation of the said City for the Purpose of electing Six able and fit Persons of the Description aforesaid respectively, to be Divisional Justices in the said District, and the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, or the said Quorum, shall at such Assembly assemble as fit Persons for said Office, Nine Aldermen and Nine Sheriff's Peers, and shall return the Names of the Persons so assembled to the Common Council of the said City, and the said Common Council shall Three Aldermen and Three Sheriff's Peers out of the Number so returned, and the Persons so elected shall be preferred to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and the Privy Council, for their Approbation, in like Manner as the Lord Mayor and Sheriff of the said City, by any Law, Rule, or Custom now in force, are to be preferred and approved of; and the Persons so elected being so approved of, shall be Divisional Justices for the said District, and shall begin to execute their Offices under this Act, from the First Day of November next.
- VII. Vacancies shall be filled up, according to original Election or Appointment in One Month. § 7.
- VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Persons who shall be so appointed or elected, and approved of as aforesaid, or Divisional Justices shall respectively hold and execute the said Office during their good Behaviour therein, or until they shall be respectively removed therefrom by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, who shall have full Power, at all Times, to remove the said

178. A. 7,
22 G. 3. c. 28.

28 G. 3. c. 22.

28 G. 3. c. 28.

42 G. 3. c. 85.

Lenses of Police
District Eight
Miles round
Dublin Castle.Police District
to be divided
by Lord
Lieutenant.18 Divisional
Justices, 12 to
be appointed by
Lord Lieutenant.Six to be elected
from Aldermen
and Sheriff's
Peers.Nine of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,Three of Election
by the Corpora-
tion of Dublin,

Divisional Justice or any of them; and every Justice who shall be so removed shall from thenceforth be incapable of being elected a Divisional Justice under this Act, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, shall have declared by Warrant under Hand and Seal, previous to such Election, that such Person shall from thenceforth cease and be removed.

Divisional Justice shall be sworn Magistrate.

Lord Lieutenant shall appoint Magistrates which each Justice is to assist.

Lord Lieutenant shall appoint the said Justice to be Chief Magistrate, and to assist in the said Division.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every such Divisional Justice shall take such Oath of Office as is or shall be by Law imposed to be taken by the Justices of the Peace in Ireland, and thereupon shall, to all Intents and Purposes, be and be deemed and be taken to be a Justice of the Peace within every Part of the said Police District of Dublin Metropolitan.

X. And be it enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, shall from Time to Time, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, assign to each of the said Divisional Justices the Division to which he shall belong, and shall change the same in like Manner when and as often as he or they shall think proper, provided, however, that there shall be in each Division a Chief Alderman, City Bailiff, and One Sheriff's Peer, or One other Person, not being an Alderman or Sheriff.

XI. And be it enacted, That a Hall and may be leased to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to contain any One of the said Divisional Justices, being an Alderman, when he shall think proper, to be the Chief Magistrate of the Police of Dublin, or in like Manner to change the same in like Manner as they shall think fit; and that the Magistrate of the Police of Dublin shall for the Time being be One of the Divisional Justices of the Division in which His Majesty's Castle of Dublin shall be situate; and that the Office of the said Division shall be called "The Head Office of the Police."

"Justices of other Divisions to send their Proceedings every Week to the Head Office. § 12."

Each Justice shall send to the Chief Magistrate from Time to Time a True and correct Copy of such other as are at all Times when required.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That One or more of the said Divisional Justices do to be appointed as aforesaid, shall diligently attend as each of the said Public Officers, each in his proper Division, every Day from Two of the Clock in the Morning until Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and at such other Times and Places as shall be from time to time appointed; and that Two of the said Justices, to be appointed as aforesaid, shall in like Manner attend together at each of the said Public Offices from Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon until Three of the Clock in the Afternoon; and that the Justices, who shall be One of the Divisional Justices, or each of the said Public Officers, shall diligently attend thereof at all Hours, although not in Times of Duty, whenever any Matter of Weight or Difficulty shall occur to require his Presence therein, a written Notice that his Attendance is required, signed by either of the other Divisional Justices of the said Division, or the Chief Clerk to the Public Office therein, being left at his known Place of Abode.

Divisional Justice, he incapable of being sworn Chief Magistrate, and Justice of the Peace.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no Divisional Justice and Recorder, and all other Persons holding any Office in or under the said Police Establishment, shall be incapable of being chosen Member of or sitting in the House of Commons in any Parliament during such Time as they shall hold the said Office respectively; and that no Bailiff who shall be appointed or elected a Divisional Justice under this Act shall, while he shall hold the said Office, practise as a Bailiff in any Court whatever, or do any Business as a Bailiff out of Court, in drawing Deeds or Proceedings in Law or in Equity, or any Deeds or Drafts thereof respectively, or in giving any Opinion or Opinion, or otherwise; and if any such Bailiff shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds Sterling.

No Justice or other Officer sitting under this Act, shall vote in the Election of Members of Parliament.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Bailiff or other Officer or Person nominated or appointed by or under this Act, except the said Divisional Justices who shall be Aldermen, Sheriff's Peers, or Common Councilmen, shall, during the Time he shall continue in his Office, or within Six Months after he shall have quitted the same, be capable of giving his Vote for the Election of a Member to serve as Parliament for the County of Dublin, or the City of Dublin respectively, nor shall by Word, Message, Writing, or in any other Manner, endeavour to persuade any Elector to give or decline any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Person to be a Member to serve in Parliament for the said County and City of Dublin respectively; and every such Officer or Person so aforesaid, offending therein, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to be paid to the said Recorder of the said Public Office, to be applied to the Use of the said Establishment; to be recovered by any Person that shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, in which an Election, Petition, Privilege, Writ of Law, nor more than One Imparson shall be allowed; such Action to be brought within the Space of One Year after such Offence is committed. Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to compel such Officer or Person so aforesaid, to sue Pleading or Pleadings for any Act or Acts done by Law, or concerning any of the said Elections in Discharge of his Duty or Duties in his respective Capacity.

* Recorder shall give due and faithful Performance of his Office. § 16. Lord Lieutenant and Council shall direct Salaries to the Divisional Justices, not exceeding 2000^l per Annum, and 1000^l additional to the Chief Magistrate, &c.—Total Expenses not to exceed 220000^l. besides Expence of being, building, and repairing * Offices. § 17. Former Police Magistrates to receive their respective Salaries for Life. § 18. Divisional Justices to remain Clerks and Constables. § 19. One Chief Constable in each Division. § 20. Foot Patrols * and Horse Patrols. — 21—23."

No Person, shall be sworn Justice.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall or exercising the Trade or Business of a Brewer or Distiller, or Dealer in Wine by Retail to licensed Public Houses, or being a Person of such or any Person who shall have a Licence or Licenses to sell Malt Liqueurs or Spirituous Liqueurs, or who shall in any Manner be engaged as a Seller thereof; no Victualler or Person keeping a Public House, shall be capable of holding any Office or Situation whatsoever under this Act.

" Payment

Payment of Chief Constable and Petrols, &c. § 25. Allowances to Justices, &c. *ditto*, or after Twenty-
 six Years Service, § 26. No Justice or his Clerk, &c. to take any Fee within the Police District, but at
 the Office, § 27. Divided Justices and their Clerks to keep Account of Fees, Fines, &c. § 28. All
 Times and Performances to be reasonable only at said Office, and to go to the Funds of the Police, § 29.
 All Acts directed to be done by oasesd Magistrate, if acting within Police District, shall be done at the
 said Office, § 30."

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons charged on Oath of one or more
 credible Witnesses, with any Treason or Felony committed within the said Police District of Dublin Metropolis,
 shall fly for the same, or remove to, or be found, or be in any other Part of Ireland, then and in every such
 Case the Warrant or Warrants of the said Divisional Justices, or any of them, shall have full Force and Effect
 in any Part of Ireland to which such Person or Persons may have fled or removed, or where such Person
 or Persons shall be found or be; and all Constables and Keepers of Prisons are hereby authorized and directed to
 remove into their Custody such Person or Persons, when apprehended or by Cofidely, under or by virtue of such
 Warrant, and such and every of them in safe Custody to keep until transmitted to the said District of Dublin
 Metropolis, any Lea, or Ulage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. Rewards for apprehending Traitors, &c. not exceeding 200, § 31. All Magistrates, &c. of the District,
 when required by Divisional Justices, shall give them every Information and Assistance for the Execution of this
 Act, § 32. No Person charged with Petty Felony in the Police District shall be admitted Appraiser, with-
 out Consent of Chief Magistrate, § 33."

XXXV. And be it enacted, That no Person charged with or accused of having committed any High Treason
 within the said Police District, shall be admitted to give Evidence for the Crown against his or her Accomplice
 or Accomplices, without the previous Consent in Writing of His Majesty's Attorney General, or in his
 Absence or in the Vacancy of the said Office, of His Majesty's Solicitor General; and any Justice offering
 to receive shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; to be recovered at like Manner.

Any Justice of Peace taking any Examination, &c. of any Burglar, &c. in Police District, shall send
 Notice thereof, and Copy of Examination, &c. to the Head Office, § 35. Divisional Justice and Receiver
 shall report all Matters required to Chief or Under Secretary, § 37. And make yearly Reports as to State
 of Police, Condition of Officers, &c. § 38. Shall report all Extraordinaries as they may occur, § 39.
 Churchwardens in Police District shall return to Head Office a List of all Parish Constables, § 40. Divisional
 Justices and their Constables entitled to demand the Aid of all Parish Constables, § 41, 42. Persons
 obstructing the Execution of this Act to be committed with duty discharged, § 43. Divisional Justices shall
 put up Detentions of Felons, Recovery of stolen Goods, &c. and maintain the same free of Postage, § 44.
 Power to arrest Persons carrying stolen Goods, § 45. Constables may break open Houses to search for Traitors,
 or Felons, &c. not in the Houses, § 47. Pleasuris, where there appears probable Cause for doing the Act
 complained of, shall have only 2d. Damages, &c. § 48. Penalty on any Person concealing stolen Goods, &c.
 First Offence 1000, Second Offence, &c. 2000, § 49. Publishers, Possession, &c. in Police District shall
 give Notice of their Names, Abodes, &c. § 50. Each Person having stolen Goods shall produce them on
 Notice, and state from whom received, § 51. Constables empowered to search for concealed Arms, § 52.
 Nightwalkers, &c. shall be treated as Vagrants; if Children, to be apprenticed, § 53. Constables may
 enter Houses of Publicans and apprehend all Servants, &c. found drunk at unlawful Hours, § 54—56.
 All Curses committed within Common Road shall be tried at the County of the City of Dublin, § 57, 58.
 Land Lieutenant empowered out of Police Funds to increase Receiver's Salary to 10000 *per Annum*, § 59.
 Rights, Powers, &c. of Superintendant Magistrate, vested in Divisional Justices, &c. By Laws now
 in Force continued, § 60. Disposal of Office of Cattle Office to 500 all Licences as Surgeons about Magis-
 trates, &c. Enting Licenses of Superintendant Magistrate void, § 61. Divisional Justice to pay and
 account with Lying-in Hospital, § 64. No Person to hawk about Trees, Banks, &c. without Licence,
 and Payment of Dams, under 44 G. 3. c. 22. § 65—72. Hook Koper to take out Licence, and pay
 200, *per Annum* for Hook being more than Twenty and not more than Thirty Windows, and 500, *per Annum*
 for large House, § 73—75. Houses, Premises, &c. of Old Inhabitants void in New, § 76. Officers
 to account on Oath to Justices of the Cattle Division, § 77. Houses, &c. applied to Use of Police Edu-
 cation, § 78. Divisional Justices at Head Office to make and levy all Taxes and Arises in Superintendant
 Magistrate, § 79—82."

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Accounts of the said Receiver shall be settled once in
 every Six Calendar Months by the Commissioners of Inquest Accounts.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners or any
 Three of them shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized to call before them, and
 examine upon Oath, all Persons who have been, or as they shall have reason to believe shall have been at any
 Time concerned in or have any Knowledge of the receiving, expending, disbursing, or in anywise receiving
 for, catering, paying, or managing of any of the Moneys of which they are hereby empowered to audit the
 Accounts, and likewise to call before them and examine upon Oath all Persons whom they shall think proper,
 for the Purpose of enquiring into the Honesty, Efficiency, and Legality of the Expending of all such Moneys,
 and into the Conduct and Conversation of the several Masters who are, of such Moneys have been applied;
 and to find for and require to be exhibited to them, as often as they shall think proper, all Accounts, Certifi-
 cates, Books, Memoranda, Bills, Plans, Papers, and Writings of what Nature soever, and in whatever
 Custody

Officer in
 Police District
 may be directed
 to do this under
 Warrant of
 Divisional
 Justice.

No Person
 charged with
 High Treason
 shall be admitted
 Appraiser without
 Consent of His
 Majesty's Attorney
 General, &c.

Accounting of Re-
 ceiver's Accounts.

Commissioners of
 Inquest Accounts
 may examine
 Persons who have
 been or shall be
 concerned in the
 Receipt, &c.

Colledly they may be, which is anywise touch or concern the Receipts, Expensures, Disburse, or Management of the said Money, and to examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer to all Persons whom they shall think proper) touching the State, Condition, Entries, or Items in such Accounts, Certificates, Books, Memoranda, Bills, Plans, Papers, or Writings.

And in the Application of Money, An Act upon the same to the Lord Lieutenant.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall and they are hereby empowered and required to examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of them is hereby empowered to administer) into all corrupt and fraudulent or improper Practices, or other Misdemeanors in the Expensure, Application of, ordering or accounting for, raising or receiving all and singular the said Money, and into the due Execution of the Works for which any Part thereof may have been appropriated; and they shall not include in the Discharge Part of any Account which shall be dated by them in pursuance of this Act, any Article of Expensure which does not appear to them to be agreeable to the legal Powers vested in the Parties by whom such Expensure has been or shall have been made; and they shall, if required, as soon as possible after their Determination and Proceeding in any of the Matters herein committed to their Examination, give an Account thereof in Writing under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being; and they shall, whether thereto required or not, report to the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, what Defaults, Frauds, or Illegalities shall have been observed during their Proceedings in the Made of Account or Expensure, or in the Execution of the several Matters aforesaid, and likewise such Regulations or other Matters as they shall in their Judgment deem expedient to be observed and adopted for the better directing, enforcing, and securing the benefit, use, and effectual Expensure of all future Sums of Money for the said several or similar Purposes, or any of them.

Proviso on Petition by Non-residence.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, duly summoned by Precept under the Hand and Seal of any of the said Commissioners to appear before the said Commissioners, touching any of the Matters aforesaid, to give Evidence or otherwise, or to exhibit any Account, Certificate, Book, Memorandum, Bill, Plan, Paper, or Writing, pursuant to this Act, shall refuse or neglect so to appear, or to exhibit any of the aforesaid Articles in his or her Custody, Power, or Possession, at the Day and Time in the Summons mentioned, or to answer any Question upon Oath which shall be proposed to him or her by any of the said Commissioners, touching any Matter or Thing which they are empowered or directed to examine into by this Act, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal, to be recovered by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction by any Person who shall sue for the same.

- ** Grand Juries of the City of Dublin may prefer Sums for repairing, holding, &c. Houses of Correction. § 90. Division at Head Office to appoint Keeper of each House of Correction. § 91. Each House of Correction to be visited by Divisional Justices. § 92. Divisional Justices to visit all Prisons, &c. Six Times in every Year, and report thereon to Chief Secretary and to the King's Bench. § 93. Division at Head Office to appoint and regulate Watchmen. § 94—101. Lord Mayor may at all Times arrest and review the Watch. § 102. Further Regulations as to Watchmen. § 103—116. Form of Constables, Recovery and Application of Penalties, &c. § 117—124. Comparison to Clerks of the Peace for County of the City of Dublin, by Performance at the Quarter Sessions. § 125. Expenses of Act. § 126. Publick Act. § 127.
- ** Act may be amended. § 128.

C A P. CXL.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Duties of Assised Taxes, and of the Tax upon the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to regulate the Assise and Collection of the same. [24 July 1808.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain of the Powers and Provisions for assising and collecting the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in Great Britain, should be varied and amended in the Manner herein afterwards mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty that 'it may be enacted' and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Period appointed for the Commencement of the Rules contained in this Clause, all Appointments of Assises shall be made, and also all Notices required to be assised on any Place, or to be delivered to or served on any Person or Persons for the Purpose of returning or enforcing the said Duties respectively, shall be assised, delivered, or served, and all Assisements of the said Duties, or any of them, shall be returned, estimated, advertised, and made, and the said Duties shall be collected, levied, paid over, and accounted for, under and subject to the following Rules and Directions, which shall be deemed a Part of this Act, as if the said Rules and Directions had severally and respectively been inserted herein under a special Enactment.

No. 1.

RULES AND DIRECTIONS for appointing Assises of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, after the Expiration of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight.

Assises shall be appointed before the 1st of April yearly.

First.—It shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution of the several Acts relating to the said Duties respectively, and they are hereby respectively required, to appoint Assises for each Parish, Ward, and Place within their respective Districts, before the Commencement of each Year for which such Appointment shall be made, and so to do and complete all Acts necessary to such Appointment, so that the

Assises

All-fines to be appraised may raise on their Office on the Sixth Day of April in each Year, provided, in all other Respects, the Directions contained in the said Acts respectively in relation to such Appointments; which Appointments shall be made and entered for and during the Year to commence on that Day, and need other Affidavit shall be appointed for the same Parishes, Wards, and Places, and for the same Duties respectively.

Second.—In and for every Parish, Ward, or Place, where an Affidavit shall not be appointed before the Sixth Day of April in each Year, to serve for the Year ending as aforesaid, the said Appointment of Affidavit for the same Parish, Ward, or Place (whether such Appointment shall have or not) shall be made with respect to the Acts as far as at the Time of making the said Affidavit, shall continue in force and not other Affidavit shall be appointed for the same Parish, Ward, or Place, and for the same Duties respectively, according to the Directions of the said Acts.

Third.—In case the Affidavit or Affidavits appointed for any former Year shall be dead, or be removed from, or be otherwise void, or be applicable to act for the Parish, Ward, or Place for which he or they shall have been appointed, and in default of such Appointment of Affidavit as aforesaid for the Year ending for the same Parish, Ward, or Place, and for the same Duties respectively, then and in every such Case the said Appointment of a Collector or Collectors of the same Duties for such Parish, Ward, or Place in the said Act appointed shall have been or shall be made, under one of the said Acts in force at the Time of making the said Act, or under the said Act shall continue in force and Affidavits shall be appointed for the same Parish, Ward, or Place, and for the same Duties respectively, according to the Directions of the said Act; and every such Affidavit shall, on every such Case, being so appointed, be in the Office of the Collector or Collectors, and every such Matter and Thing to be done, done, by the said Act to be done, performed, or executed by Affidavit; and all Parts of the said Acts in this Appointment to and applied to Affidavit, shall in every such Case be construed as applicable to, and be in like Manner, and to the like Effect, applied to such Collector; and the Powers contained in the said Acts in this Act shall be, as fully and amply executed and provided for such Collectors, as if the same Powers had been appointed, given to the said Collector by the said Act, or the said Act.

Fourth.—All Penalties imposed by any of the Acts in force at the Time of making the said Act, as Affidavit, for neglecting or neglecting to take upon themselves the Office of Affidavit, or to perform their Duty therein as prescribed by the said Acts respectively, shall be in the like Cases imposed on Affidavit appointed according to the said Act, for neglecting to take upon themselves the Office of Affidavit, or to perform their Duty as prescribed by the said Act; and every such Collector as aforesaid, or whose the Duty of Affidavit shall be devolved in pursuance of the said Act, shall be subject and liable to the like Penalties for the like Neglect of Duty.

Fifth.—In every Parish, Ward, or Place, where Affidavit shall not be appointed in pursuance of this Act, or being appointed shall not have taken upon themselves the Office as or before the Commencement of the ensuing Year, or where the Affidavit or Collectors for any former Year on whom the Duty of Affidavit shall have devolved, shall not have taken upon themselves the Office of Affidavit or or before the Commencement of such ensuing Year, it shall be lawful for the Surveyor or the Director, and he is hereby required to execute the Duty of Affidavit for such Parish, Ward, or Place, until Affidavit shall be appointed who shall duly take upon themselves the said Office.

Sixth.—In every Notice of Commencement in Office of any Affidavit or Collector, the respective Commissioners who shall send such Notice to be given, shall require the Attendance of such Affidavit or Collector on a Day and at a Place within the Days to be named in such Appointment or Notice, then and there to receive and take Charge of all such Notices and Papers as shall be delivered to them respectively, for the due Execution of the said Acts, in Manner hereinafter mentioned, which Day shall not be later than Seven Days after the Fifth Day of April in each Year; and in default of such Notice being given by such Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the Inspector or Surveyor of the District to give such Notice, and to require the Attendance of such Affidavit or Collector on a Day and at a Place within the Direction to be named by the said Inspector or Surveyor for that Purpose.

No. II.

REGULATIONS AND DIRECTIONS for Service of Notices to Prefect liable to be charged to the said Duties, or any of them.

First.—All Notices relating to the said Duties, or any of them, requiring to be allowed on any Place, or to be delivered to or otherwise served on any Person or Persons, under Penalty of a certain or certain specified Sum, respectively, shall be delivered by the respective Surveyors of the District in which such Notices are required for by the Inspectors for the said District, or by any other Person or Persons, in pursuance of the said Duties, duly authorized and to take Charge of such District, as appointed by or under the said Acts, for the Affairs of Taxes or any Taxes or any of them; to the respective Affidavit or Collectors, as appointed according to the said Act, or to the respective Collectors on whom the Duty of Affidavit shall be devolved in pursuance of the said Act, or the Purpose of serving the same on the respective Persons liable to the said Duties, in the Manner required by the said Act.

Second.—All such Notices shall be delivered to such Affidavit or Collector, as aforesaid, on or before the Sixth Day of April in each Year at the same time as shall be directed and the Delivery of such Notices by such Inspectors or Surveyors, or any of them, shall be in Manner as if the same had been directed by the Commissioners of the District according to the Directions of the said Act.

Third.—The said Affidavit or Collectors respectively, are hereby required to deliver such Notices, in any form from Time to Time as may be given to them by the said Inspectors and Surveyors, and shall be bound by the Time and Manner of doing or delivering or otherwise serving such Notices, as if the same had been directed by the Commissioners of the District having been previously authorized by the Commissioners, according to the Directions in which the said Inspector or Surveyor shall act.

No. III.

RULES and DIRECTIONS for making and returning the Certificates of Assessment, or Certificates of Estates, by Assessors acting under the said Acts, and for making and collecting the First Assessments in each Year.

Time of delivering Certificates of Assessments.

First.—The Assessors of the said respective Duties shall deliver their Certificates to the respective Commissioners on or before the Day to which such Commissioners shall appoint for that Purpose, yearly, which Day is to be appointed for the Delivery of the Certificates of Assessment of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, shall not be later than the Twentieth Day of June in each Year of Assessment, and the Day to be appointed for the Delivery of the Certificates of Estates of Property, or Profits of Professions, Trades, and Offices, shall not be later than the Twentieth Day of July in the said Year, on which Days respectively, the said Assessors shall also deliver to the respective Commissioners all the Returns or Statements relative to the said respective Duties made to the said Assessors before the respective Days so appointed; and all the Returns and Statements made by the Parties to be charged, which shall be delivered after that Day, shall be delivered to the respective Commissioners.

Time of making Assessments in Districts of Revenue.

Second.—In all Cases relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, where the Assessor or Assessors shall not have received any Returns from any Person or Persons liable to be charged to the said Duties, it shall be lawful for such Assessor or Assessors, and he and they as and so hereby required to make a true Assessment on such Person or Persons, to the best of his or their Information and Judgment, of the real Charge which ought to be imposed; and in all Cases relating to the Duty on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, where the respective Assessors shall not have received any Statement from any Party or Parties liable to be charged to the said Duties, it shall be lawful for the said Assessor or Assessors to estimate the Property of such Parties respectively, and the Profits arising from any Professions or Trades exercised, or any Offices held by such Parties respectively, according to the best of his or their Information and Judgment; and in case the said Assessor or Assessors shall not be able to estimate the Property or Profits of any such Party or Parties who shall not have made a Return for that Year, then such Assessor or Assessors shall return to the said Commissioners the Name and Place of Residence of every such Party; and where the respective Commissioners shall also not have received any Statement, it shall be lawful for the said respective Commissioners to make an Assessment on such Party or Parties either in the same Sums respectively, and to the same Amount, as the said Parties respectively were charged in the last Assessment of the said Duties for the last Division, or according to the best of their Judgment, subject to Alteration by Appeal or Surcharges, as the Master directed by the Acts relating to the said Duties.

When Assessments shall be made without the liability of Errors or Surcharge.

Third.—The First Assessments to be made of the said Duties or any of them, for any Year, shall be made according to the Estates or Returns and Assessments mentioned in the preceding Rule, without including therein any Matters of Surcharge by the Inspectors or Surveyors, which First Assessments respectively shall be separately and distinctly collected, and shall be contained in the said Returns to be delivered to the Collectors and Surveyors for that Year, and shall be collected and levied in Moneys on the Days hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, One Moiety of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, if not sooner paid or satisfied according to the Direction of the said Acts respectively, shall be collected or levied before the Tenth Day of October, in each Year of Assessment, or within Twenty-one Days thereafter; and the other Moiety thereof before the Fifth Day of April following, or within Twenty-one Days thereafter; and One Moiety of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, if not sooner paid or satisfied as aforesaid, shall be collected, levied, or paid before the Fifth Day of January in each Year of Assessment, or within Twenty-one Days thereafter, and the other Moiety thereof before the Fifth Day of July following, or within Twenty-one Days thereafter: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter the Terms or Payment as in which the said Duties are payable, according to the Direction of the said Acts respectively, or to any Way in which or after the Payment or Payment of the said Acts for the Remission of the said Duties at such Times as in such Provisions as are therein prescribed, and the said respective Duties shall be paid or payable Quarterly at the Times mentioned in the said Acts, by Force of Statute; and it shall be lawful to demand, receive, or levy the same according to the said Acts, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Time of Delivery of Returns of the said Assessments.

Fourth.—In order that the Taxes may be better and more equitably assessed upon such First Assessments, the respective Commissioners are hereby required and fully authorized by this Act, that in all Cases relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, their First Returns thereof shall be made to the said Commissioners on or before the Twentieth Day of July in each Year, with Directions to each such Return, that it be made in the Parish, Ward, or Place to which such Returns relate, in which Direction is the Name of such Collector and of the Parties interested shall have Assents, and any other things therein contained; and the said Returns and in all Cases relating to the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, the said Returns shall be made to the said Commissioners both in and when they shall make an Assessment on any Person or Parties, whether it be intended to be given in the Manner directed by the Acts relating to the said last-mentioned Duties, or to the Party or Parties charged in and by such Assessment within the Space of Three Days after or after the said Assessments, and in from Time to Time, until all such Assessments shall be made, in which Certificates shall be inserted the Names of the Parties for hearing the Appeals thereon.

Resolving Appeals as to the Time of making same.

Fifth.—All Appeals against such First Assessments shall be entered, and the Notice thereof given within the respective Times hereafter limited; that is to say, in all Cases relating to the Duty on Assessed Taxes, within Twenty-eight Days after the Delivery of the Returns of the said First Assessments to the respective Collectors of the Parishes, Wards, or Places, for which such Assessments shall be made; and in all Cases relating to the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, within fifteen Days after the Date of the Notice of such First Assessment, to the Party or Parties charged therein.

Time of hearing Appeals.

Sixth.—All Appeals against such First Assessments of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, in any Year, shall be heard and determined between the Twentieth Day of August and the Tenth Day of September following; and

on each Day or Days within the Time herein limited, as the Commissioners of the Division shall appoint, whereas they are hereby required to give Notice in the Manner in which such Notices have usually been given in the several Parishes, Wards, and Places in their Division; and all Appeals against such First Assessments of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, in any Year, shall be heard and determined as hereafter is provided, and shall be given to the respective Commissioners as successively may be done, and for that Purpose the said respective Commissioners, or Two of them at the least, shall meet together within Eight Days after any such Notice of Appeal shall have been received by them, and to meet Day or Days as from Time to Time, at a reasonable Interval, with or without Adjournment, and all Appeals against such First Assessments shall be heard and determined, on which Day or Days of Appeal the said respective Commissioners shall cause Notice to be given to the respective Appellants: Provided always, that in every Case where the Party assailed shall be prevented from appearing within the Time herein limited, or from standing in Person at the Time limited for hearing the Appeal of such Party by Absence or Sickness, or other sufficient Cause, to be proved before the respective Commissioners on the Oath or solemn Affirmation of the Party, it shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners to enter such Appeal after the Time herein limited, or to postpone the hearing thereof for such reasonable Time as shall be necessary, so that no Delay shall be thereby occasioned in the Payment or Collection of the Sums contained in the said First Assessments.

And whereas The said respective Commissioners shall cause to be delivered to the respective Collectors their Deputies of the said Divisions, including the said Duchies, as well as all such Matters as have been appointed against and determined by the said Commissioners, as all such Matters as have been offered and not appointed against, and such Duties as shall be due to the respective Taxes herein after recited; that it is the Duty of the Collectors of the said Divisions of Assessed Taxes on or before the Twentieth Day of September yearly, and the Deputies of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, on or before the Twentieth Day of December yearly, to which Collectors, respectively, Warrants shall be issued for collecting the Duties therein contained after the Time so respectively limited.

And whereas All such Assessments which shall not have been made on or before the Twentieth Day of September in respect of the Duties on Property, Trades, and Offices, and against which any Appeal shall be depend on on that Day respectively, or before the making or determining the same from Time to Time be added to such First Assessments and to the respective Deputies to the said Divisions, or the Masters thereof which ought to have been previously solicited and paid, shall be collected, levied, or paid, on or before each Day or Days at the respective Commissioners shall order by the Warrant annexed to the Duplicate of each said Assessment, such Day not being later than Twenty-one Days after the making such Assessment, or determining the Appeal thereon.

And whereas Any Assessment of the Duties on Professions or Trades shall be made within the Time herein limited, under a Notice or Letter the same shall be included in, or from Time to Time added to such First Assessments, and the said Notice shall be paid either into the Bank of England, or to the Receiver-General or his Deputies, in the City of London, or elsewhere, as before the Day or Days herein appointed for collecting such Duties by the respective Collectors, and the said Commissioners shall direct and order the same to be paid accordingly, and in default of such Payment the said respective Commissioners shall cause the said Assessments to be added to the Duties on the Head, of the respective Collectors to whom the Collection of the Duties on such Assessments by Law shall have been committed to be collected, by the same Ways and Methods and under the like Powers and Provisions, as such said remaining Duties are directed to be collected.

NO. IV.

Rating and Determining for making and collecting the Supplementary Assessments in each Year.

And whereas It is enacted by the Acts relating to the said Duties respectively, it shall be lawful for such Collectors and Deputies to have lists or their Certificates of Burthage, explicitly listing the Parishes in respect to which such Burthage has been made to the respective Commissioners in respect of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, at any Time on or before the Fifteenth Day of December in each Year of Assessment for the whole of a Year, and in respect of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, at any Time and from Time to Time until the Commissioners shall have completed all the Assessments of their Divisions for that Year, and shall have delivered, in the Manner directed by the said Acts, the Duplicates thereof, and the same shall have been sent or Remitted to His Majesty's Exchequer, which Certificates of Burthage shall be signed and allowed by Two of the respective Commissioners, under the Seal of the same, and subject to Appeal under the Conditions prescribed by the said Acts respectively.

Second. All Appraisals of such Burthages relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes shall be heard and determined by the Commissioners of the Division, or any Two or more of them, between the Twentieth Day of January and the Twentieth Day of February following; and all Appraisals of such Burthages relating to the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices shall be heard and determined according to the Direction of the Act before recited, in respect of Appeals against the First Assessments of the same Duties by the respective Commissioners: Provided always, that in every Case where the Party burthaged shall have been prevented by Absence or Sickness, or other sufficient Cause, to be proved before the respective Commissioners on the Oath or solemn Affirmation of the said Party, from appearing within the Time herein limited, or from standing in Person at the Time limited for hearing such Appeals, it shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners to enter such Appeal after the Time herein limited, or to postpone the hearing thereof for such reasonable Time as may be necessary.

Third.—The said Certificates of Burthage, assessed according to the Determination of the respective Commissioners, shall be a sufficient Authority to them, and they are hereby required to cause Supplementary Assessments to be made out of the said Duties respectively, including therein all Matters so burthaged, as well as such

Time of delivering Duplicates of First Assessments.

Calls not then determined to be paid in First Assessments.

Assessments under a Notice or Letter to be added to First Assessments. To be paid to the Bank, or into the Exchequer.

Time of making Burthages.

Time of making Appeals in Burthages.

Supplementary Assessments to be made on the Burthages after Appeals.

such Matters as have been appealed against, as the Matters decreed by the said Commissions, which Matters shall be severally charged to the said Deans respectively by, so owing to the said Certificate of Surcharge, awarded, in Case of any Amendment, according to the Determination of the said Commissions, and also including therein the Double Duties or Molasses, or Parts thereof allowed, over and above the Rate of Duty prescribed by the said Act respectively, and also all Fines and Penalties imposed on any Person or Persons by the said respective Commissions under the Year of Assize last for Offences committed against the said Acts or this Act; which Double Duties or Molasses, or Parts thereof, and Penalties, shall severally and respectively be added to each Supplementary Affidavit, and be collected thereon.

Fourth.—The Duties and Sums of Money contained in the said Supplementary Affidavits of each Year, which shall be exacted within the Year herein limited, shall, if not sooner paid or tendered according to the Determination of the said Acts respectively, be collected and levied at the respective Times herein appointed for Payment of the last Installment of the Duties contained in the said Affidavits of the said Deans respectively for that Year; and each Affidavit thereof shall be collected, levied, or paid in One Sum.

Fifth.—In all Cases where the said Duties, or any of the said, shall continue here after exacted and offered by the respective Deans appointed by this Act for Payment for the last Installment thereof, the same respectively shall and may be offered from Time to Time, until it is complete—All Sums so made, and shall be collected, levied, or paid, in one Sum within Twenty-one Days after Notice of the Amount contained in the Affidavit thereof.

Sixth.—If any Inspector or Surveyor shall wilfully make any false and needless Surcharge of any of the Duties contained in any of the said Acts, or shall wilfully deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the respective Custom Houses for exacting the said Acts, or any of them, any false and needless Certificate of Surcharge of any of the said Duties, every such Inspector or Surveyor shall be liable to forfeit to the Party aggrieved any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, or Treble the Value of the Sum claimed by such Surcharge, over and above the Rate of Duty charged by the said Acts respectively, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster for Offences committed in England, and in the Court of Great Sessions for Offences committed in Wales with full Costs of Suit; and it shall be lawful for the Party aggrieved to sue either for the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds, or for the said Treble Value under this Act, at his or her Election; and it shall also be lawful for the Judge before whom such Inspector or Surveyor shall have been convicted of such Offence in any such Suit, either for the said Penalty or Treble Value, or any Part thereof, by Indolence on the Part, or for the Court before whom such Inspector or Surveyor shall be convicted, by Error on the Record, to certify his or their Satisfaction with such Conviction; and in every such Case for the said Conviction shall be an Attestation to the Commissions for the Affairs of Taxes, and they are hereby required to cause to be paid by the Receiver General of the County, Riding, or Division wherein such Conviction was had, out of any Moneys of the said Deans respectively or his Heirs, such reasonable Expenses as the Plaintiff shall have incurred, over and above the Costs of Suit as aforesaid, the Amount thereof being certified by the proper Officers for issuing Writs of Habeas Corpus in which such Suit shall be commenced, to have been necessarily expended, and allowed by such Officer as between Attorney and Client; and every such Inspector or Surveyor shall, after such Conviction, be discharged from his Employment.

No. V.

RULES and DIRECTIONS for paying to the Receiver General, and accounting for the Duties received by the Collectors.

First.—The several Collectors shall pay to the Receiver General or his Deputy, all Moneys of the said respective Deans which the said Collectors shall have received or levied, by virtue of the Acts herein mentioned, on the respective Days herein appointed for Payment of the said Duties or any of them, next after their Receipt of the same, and shall, twice in each Year, account with such Receiver General or his Deputy in the Manner herein after mentioned, for all such Duties that is to say, for the Duties of Assessed Taxes, the said Collectors shall pay or account for One entire Month thereof on the Day to be appointed next after the Tenth Day of October, and the Remainder thereof on the Day to be appointed next after the Fifth Day of April in each Year; and for the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, the said Collectors shall pay or account for One entire Month thereof on the Day to be appointed next after the Fifth Day of January in each Year, and the Remainder thereof on the Day to be appointed next after the Fifth Day of July following; on which last mentioned Day appointed for Payment to the said Receiver General or his Deputy, of the said respective Duties, whether on the Day appointed next after the Fifth Day of April yearly, for the Payment of the last Moneys of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and on the Day appointed next after the Fifth Day of July yearly, for Payment of the last Moneys of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, the full and entire Amount of Duties, Penalties, and Sums of Money contained in the said Supplementary Affidavits of the said respective Deans, shall also be paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy, or accounted for to him or them in the Manner herein after directed; for which Payment, the said Receiver General or his Deputy shall give to such Collectors Receipts in Writing, distinguishing the Amounts received for the Duties on Assessed Taxes from the Amount received for the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and from all other Duties payable to His Majesty, and for which Receipts on Every Day shall be charged or chargeable, any Sum due to the owner thereof notwithstanding; Provided, that if any Collector or Collectors shall not at or before the respective Times herein before limited, have received or levied the said respective Duties, or shall not set them account to the Receiver General or his Deputy for the same, or the Proprietors to him directed, or if they shall deliver to the said Receiver General or his Deputy, at the respective Times appointed for such Payment, or to the Commissioners of the Division, within Three Days after the respective Times aforesaid, a Schedule in Writing, signed by such Collector or Collectors, containing the Names and Surnames of each Debtor, and the respective Sums then in Arrear from each such Debtor,

with an Affidavit submitted, to be made on the Oath or Affirmation of the said Collector or Collectors, such Oath or Affirmation may be taken before any One Commissioner of the said Court, or the several Justices of the Peace, if the said Schedule has been demanded from, and are due and solely payable to the respective Justices charged therewith, either to such Collector or Collectors, or to any other Justice or Justices, or to such Collector or Collectors, to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief.

Second.—Every such Schedule, being certified under the Hand of the Receiver General or his Deputy, in any County or District where the said Arrears accrued to the Court of Exchequer, at Westminster, shall be returned and taken as full and true Evidence of a Debt due to His Majesty, and shall be a sufficient Authority to the Justice of the said Court, or any One of them, to cause Process to be issued against such Debtor or Debtors, and if the said Schedule, as to the whole Sum so Arrears and unpaid by such Debtor, and if the Receiver General or Officer to whom the said Process shall be directed, shall, without Delay, pay the whole Sum so Arrears, as directed by the said Court, or Law as to a Debt to His Majesty on Record, with all Costs and Expenses attending the same, and shall give the Means to be used, after deducting his said Costs and Expenses, to the said Receiver General or his Deputy, and shall make Return of the said Process to the said Court, according to the said Court thereof: Provided that every such Schedule shall remain with the Commissioner of the District, or the Justice of the Peace of Forty Days after the Court returns the said full and true Evidence of a Debt due to His Majesty, during which Period of Forty Days every such Collector shall give due Notice of such Schedules to the several Debtors named therein, in such Manner as the said respective Commissioners shall direct, so that every such Debt, by not paying as to the said full and true Evidence of a Debt, may be collected by the said several Acts, in any of them, in such Cases of Neglect or Delay; and it shall be lawful for every such Debtor within the like Period to pay his or her Arrears to the said Collector or Collectors, whose Receipt shall be a sufficient Authority to such One of the Commissioners to discharge the Arrears so paid from the said Schedules; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall be Justly, to issue such Warrants to collect the said Arrears, or any of them, within the said Period of Forty Days, and during that Period to sit, all or any the several Methods prescribed by the several Acts relating to the said respective Districts, for the Recovery of the said Arrears, or direct the said Arrears to be paid by the respective Collectors, under their former Warrants, as shall be most expedient; and all Warrants to be issued for that Purpose may be directed either to the said Collectors, or to the High Constable, Constables, or other Peace Officers, within the Limits of their Districts, or any one or more of them, or to any other Person or Persons whom the said Commissioners shall think proper, with Authority to buy by Effort and Sale, or the Manner directed by the said Acts respectively, the Goods, Wares, and Chattels, together with all Cattle and Exports, including the said Process and the Execution thereof; and the same to be sold, after deducting the said Costs and Expenses, shall be paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy, at such Time and Place as the said Receiver General shall appoint, and shall be deliver'd from the said Debtor, and all High Constables, Constables, and other Peace Officers, within the said Districts, shall sit in Ordinary, daily, at one of the said Commissioners, and shall execute all such Orders and Process as shall be to them or any of them directed, for the Recovery of the said Arrears: Provided also, that when the Commissioners of the Districts shall certify to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes any reasonable Cause for Non-payment of, or for not proceeding to levy any Part of the said Arrears according to the said Schedules, and that they have paid Rates or levies the same will be paid within a reasonable Time, to be stated in such Certificate, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Districts to return the said Schedules to their Justices, for such further Time as shall be necessary, and so shall be necessary to their said Justices.

Third.—In default of such Schedules being delivered within the Space of Three Days as aforesaid, either to the Receiver General or his Deputy, or to the said Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the Receiver General, or when the Payments of the said Debts shall not have been made to the Justices herein prescribed, and at the Times above mentioned, and he is hereby required to certify to the said Court of Exchequer the Amount of the Debts remaining unpaid to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, and the particular Ward, Parish, or Place, and the Debtor where such Failure hath happened, together with the Names of the Collectors of the said Parish, Ward, or Place; and such Certificate under the Hand of such Receiver General or his Deputy, shall be a sufficient Authority to the Justice of the said Court, or any one of them, to cause Process to be issued, and to be issued out of such Court against the said Collector or Collectors, upon such Writ of Habeas Corpus the Sheriff or other Officer to whom the said Process shall be directed, shall return such Writ from Time to Time to such Court or Justice at such Order, until a Return of such Schedules and Arrears shall have been made to the said Court, and according to the Proceedings thereon due for paying the said Arrears, or so much as the said Court, which Levy shall be returned under all the said Duties in Arrears shall be paid or satisfied before the Return of such Process.

Fourth.—On each Half-yearly Day of Payment, as herein is directed, the Surveyor of the Duty shall, in Notice thereof from the Receiver General or his Deputy, attend with such of the Duties of such Districts as shall have been demanded to him, and as shall be required by the said Receiver General or his Deputy, and shall exhibit him or them respectively, the Arrears of such Payments and if Arrears, and shall also attend the Collectors making out their Schedules of Arrears to the best of his Judgment.

Fifth.—The Duties contained in any Schedule of Arrears, as aforesaid, which shall be paid to such One of the Receiver General or his Deputy, or to the Justice of the said Court, or any One of them, shall be paid over to such Collector or Collectors, to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief, and shall be paid over to such Receiver General or his Deputy, at such Time and Place as the said Receiver General shall appoint.

Sixth.—Wherever any Collector or Collectors shall have advanced and paid to the Receiver General or his Deputy any Sum of Money for or on account of the Duties aforesaid on any other Person or Persons, which may be or their Request or not, it shall be lawful for such Collector or Collectors, in default of Repayment to him or

Collector of
such Schedules
to the General
of the Court.

Such full
and true
Evidence shall
be returned
and taken as
sufficient
Authority to
the Justice of
the said Court
to cause
Process to be
issued.

In default
of such Schedules
being delivered
within the
Space of Three
Days as
aforesaid,

Such of the
Duties of such
Districts as
shall have
been demanded
to him,

Such of the
Duties of such
Districts as
shall have
been demanded
to him,
and as shall
be required
by the said
Receiver General
or his Deputy,
and shall exhibit
him or them
respectively,
the Arrears
of such
Payments
and if Arrears,
and shall also
attend the
Collectors
making out
their
Schedules
of Arrears
to the best
of his
Judgment.

or them at any Time within the Space of Six Calendar Months after each Payment, to levy the said Duties by the like Warrant Methods, as such Collector or Collectors might have levied the same before such Payment thereof to such Receiver General or his Deputy, and so of such Duties had not been paid or satisfied.

It, And be it further enacted, That the Act, as to all Matters contained in the Rules of the preceding Clauses, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Third full Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eight, in respect of all Assessments to be made for any Year after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine.

III. And be it further enacted, That in Cases of Surcharge under the said Acts relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, on Lard, Milkstons, or Oath shall be required at any Annual, Quarter, or Third which the Party surcharged shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Appeal to have lawfully returned before the Date of the said Notice, or any List delivered by the last Party for the Year for which such Surcharge shall be made; and either the said Returns, or a Certificate thereof, signed by Two Commissioners of the Division where the Returns shall be made, shall be received conclusively as Proof thereof; and the Returns or Returns required by the said Acts shall be deemed full, perfect, and complete Returns, if the aforesaid Returns, together with the Returns before made, shall include all Articles, Mowages, and Things for which the Party is surcharged, shall be chargeable; and no Parties shall be liable to Surcharge for any Article, Matter, or Thing before returned by him or her, according to the Directions of the said recited Acts or of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when the Commissioners of any Division shall have fixed the Day or Days of Appeal against the Surcharges made by any Inspector or Surveyor, under the said Acts or any of them, and shall have caused the Notice thereof to be given, according to the Directions of the said Acts, and the said Inspector or Surveyor having like Notice thereof, shall willingly neglect to attend the Meeting or Meetings of the said Commissioners, shall be punishable by such Notices, whereby the Commissioners shall be prevented in proceeding to hear such Appeals, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow to each Applicant attending such Meeting, a reasonable Compensation for such Attendance, to be fixed by the said Commissioners, and paid to such Applicants respectively by the Receiver General of the said Division, or his Deputy, or the Prothonotary of the Court of any Two or more of the said Commissioners, relating such Applications.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, now or for the Time being, or the High Treasurer for the Time being, from Time to Time to nominate and appoint, for England and Wales, such Persons or Persons, not exceeding Three in Number at any one Time, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the Time being, shall think proper to be Inspectors General for the several Parts of the said Act, hereinafter specified and declared; and to allow to such Inspectors General such reasonable Salaries, Charges, and Expenses, as may be necessary for their Pauses in executing the said Act in the several Particulars hereinafter mentioned; and no Person to be appointed Inspector General under this Act shall be entitled to exercise any Authority made under the said Acts, or to discharge any Person or Persons in respect thereof, nor shall any such Person have or receive or claim any Advantage or Emolument from any Assessment or Surcharge to be made under any of the said Acts, nor any other Emolument than the Salary and Allowance authorized by His Majesty, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer as aforesaid.

The Powers to be vested in the Inspectors General.

First.—It shall be lawful for each Inspector General to visit from Time to Time each Inspector and Surveyor acting in the Execution of the several Acts relating as well to the Duties of Assessed Taxes as the said Duties on Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, within the Limits of the Circuit for which such Inspector General shall be appointed, and to examine all or any of the Books and Assessments, and Returns, or Certificates of Assessment or Surcharge in the Hands or Power of such Inspector or Surveyor; and also to require into the Custody of every such Inspector and Surveyor in the Execution of their respective Offices, and also their Fidelity and Capacity to execute the same, and to report from Time to Time on the several Matters aforesaid to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and every such Inspector and Surveyor shall attend such Inspector General at such Time and at such Place, within the District of such Inspector or Surveyor, as the said Inspector General shall appoint, and shall have given Three Days Notice of, to such Inspector or Surveyor.

Second.—It shall be lawful for every such Inspector General, to administer to any such Inspector or Surveyor, whenever he shall be necessary to examine him or them in any Matter touching the Execution of the said Acts, as Oath that he shall give Answer to all such Questions as shall be demanded of him; and the Substance of such Answer or Answers as such Inspector or Surveyor shall give, shall in his Presence be reduced into Writing, and read to him, with Liberty to alter or amend the same in any Particular; and he shall sign his Assent to the same in his own Name, and in the usual Manner of Writing or Signing the same.

Third.—It shall be lawful for every such Inspector General as aforesaid, whenever he shall be necessary, to report to the Commissioners of the Division on any Matter or Thing touching the Execution of the said Acts or the said Act in relation to any Assessment or Assize now in such Division, or touching the Conduct of any Clerk to such Commissioners, or of any Assessor or Collector appointed under the said Acts or this Act, together with the Opinions of such Inspector General thereon; and every such Inspector General shall transmit a Duplicate of such last-mentioned Reports to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and whenever any Inspector General shall have reported to the Commissioners of any Division, any such Matter or Thing, which, in the Opinion of such Inspector General, shall require the particular Consideration of the Commissioners of such Division, it shall be lawful for them to hold a Meeting for that Purpose, and they are hereby required to hold such Meeting within a reasonable Time after such Report, at which Meeting, such Inspector General may attend.

Commencement of printing
Bath Dec. 10,
1808

No List of any
Acts to be
printed shall be
required, if
printed to be
printed to be
printed to be
printed to be

Printed by
Inspector and
Surveyor
to be printed
to be printed
to be printed

The Majesty
of the Treasury
may appoint
Three
Persons to be
Inspectors
General, and
allow them
Salaries, &c.

The Powers
to be vested
in the
Inspectors
and
Surveyors.

To administer
to such
Inspectors
and
Surveyors.

Inspector
General may
report to
Commissioners
of Division.

acted for the Purposes of explaining the Matters or Matters contained in the said Report, and of proposing for their Consideration the Propriety of adopting such Order or Orders as may be agreed upon by the major Part of the Commissioners of such Division who shall be present at such Meeting.

Fourth.—If any Inspector General be appointed, or any Commissioner for the Division, who shall have been present at any Meeting of Commissioners at which the Report of such Inspector General shall have been taken into Consideration is afterwards, shall apprehend the Determination made by the Commissioners at such Meeting on the said Report, or any of the Matters therein contained, to be contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Acts relating to the said Duties respectively, or any of the said Acts, it shall be lawful to and for such Inspector General, and to and for any One or more of the Commissioners for the Division, present at the Time of such Determination respectively, or to and for any One of the Commissioners for the Division, at the Time of such Determination, to sign a Certificate to be prepared, and signed by the said Commissioners for the Division, in which Certificate the said Commissioners shall state specially the Part or Parts of the Report of the said Inspector General, and the Points at which the Question arose, together with their Determination thereupon, and any other Circumstances respecting the said Determination, and which Certificate shall be signed by the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, then present, and be duly attested to date and sign accordingly, and to cause the same to be transmitted to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, who shall forthwith submit the same to the Judges of the Courts at Westminster; and such Judges, or any Two or more of them, are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to return an Answer to such Certificate transmitted, with their Opinion thereon subscribed thereto, and what ought to be done thereon, according to what Opinion and Directions is certified, the Determination of the Commissioners, which shall have been objected to, and which shall be stated in such Certificate, shall be confirmed, reversed, altered, or amended, as the Case may require, and if any Answers shall be depending on such Determination of the said Commissioners, the same shall also be altered or confirmed according to the said Opinion.

VI. Provided always, and to be further enacted, That none of the Provisions of this Act herein-before mentioned shall be construed to extend to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

VII. And to be further enacted, That in estimating and valuing Lands held for a longer Period than Seven Years by any Tenant or Tenants under a Decree from Year to Year, or at Will, to the Duties granted by the last-mentioned Acts on the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, the same shall be estimated and valued throughout Great Britain at the annual Value thereof, unless the Tenant or Tenants shall first and prove to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Division acting in Execution of the said last-mentioned Acts, that the same Lands are held under a Decree which commenced by Agreement made, and a Rent fixed, within the Period of Seven Years, on the Determination of the former Decree thereof by due Notice within the said Period.

VIII. And whereas Doubts have arisen under the said last-mentioned Act as to the Manner of estimating and charging the Duty on the Profits arising from Lands occupied as Gardens or Nurseries, or for the Growth of Hops, to be further enacted and declared, That the Profits arising from such Lands shall be estimated throughout Great Britain, according to the Rules contained in Schedule (D.) of the said Act, and the Duty shall be charged at the Rate contained in the said Schedule; and that when the said Duty shall have been so ascertained, the same shall be charged with the Duties in Schedule (B.) as Profits arising from the Occupations of Lands.

IX. And to be further enacted, That whenever the Produce of or the Profits or Gains arising from Foreign Professions or Foreign Securities, or from Palk Boats or Securities in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of Great Britain, shall have been partly imported into the Port of London and partly into any of the Ports or Ports of Bristol, Liverpool, or Glasgow, not named in the said last-mentioned Act, or shall have been received by any Person or Persons partly in the City of London and partly in any of the said Out Ports within the Period of raking up the Account on which the Duty is chargeable by the said last-mentioned Act, according to the Rules therein contained, the Whole of the Duty chargeable under the said Act in respect of such Produce, or such Profits or Gains so imported or received, shall be added and charged by the Commissioners acting for the said City of London, and not elsewhere, and as if the Whole of the said Produce, or the said Profits or Gains, arising within the said Period, had been imported into or received in London; and whenever such Produce, or such Profits or Gains arising as aforesaid, shall have been wholly such Produce wholly imported into or received at the Ports of Bristol, Liverpool, or Glasgow, and delivered there, and shall have been imported into or received at Two or more of such Out-Ports, the Duty chargeable thereon shall be added and charged at one of such Ports only, and in one Account, and in each of the said Places at which the major Part in Value of such Produce, Profits, or Gains, shall have been imported or received, provided that the Statements of such Produce, Profits, or Gains, shall be delivered to the Commissioners acting for each Place at which any Part of the said Produce, or Profits, or Gains, shall have been so imported or received, and transmitted by the respective Commissioners to the Commissioners acting for the Place where the Duty thereon shall appear, by such Statements, to be chargeable according to the said Act, who shall accordingly settle the same in one Sum.

X. And to be further enacted, That the Profits arising from the Docks called The London Docks and Mill Lane Docks respectively, situate in the County of Middlesex, shall be added by the Commissioners acting for the City of London, under the said Act for granting Duties arising from the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, in so far as the general Accounts of the said respective Docks shall be made up within the said Act.

XI. And to be further enacted, That when the principal Officers under any Corporation shall not have appointed Commissioners for valuing the Offices of such Corporation, and returned the same to the Office for Taxes for the several Years elapsed during the Continuance of the said last-mentioned Act, prior to the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, or before such Commissioners may have been appointed, but shall not have acted in the Execution of the said Act before the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, then and in every such Case, the Duties chargeable under the said Act, in respect of any

In certain
Instances, a
Case may be
mentioned in
Commissioners
by Taxes.

Estimating as
per
Schedule.

Annual
Transactions
relating to every
Division of Year
shall be made as
the Tax on
Property by the
Value.

Manner of
estimating
Gardens and
Nurseries.

Foreign Profits
where to be
added.

To be charged
on the London
Docks and Mill
Lane Docks shall
be added by the
Commissioners
for London.
The Profits of
Government House
shall be added
by the City of
London.
The Profits of
Government House
shall be added
by the City of
London.

Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.
Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.

Office or Offices held as in the Corporation within Great Britain, shall, during the Continuance of the said Act, be added and attached to the Commissioners sitting for the Division where the said Office or Offices be exercised, and not to the Department of Office; and no Appointment of Commissioners in such Department, made or to be made, shall be valid as to any Addition to be made after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, for any Year since the passing of the said Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Parishes and Places, or Parts of Parishes or Places, set down in the Third Column of the following Schedule, and which have been heretofore charged to the said respective Rates or either of them, in the respective Divisions mentioned in the Second Column of the said Schedule, and set opposite thereto respectively, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be charged to the said respective Rates in the Divisions, and shall be subject to the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners, and Persons acting under them, and to the Inspectors and Surveyors of the Divisions mentioned in the Third Column of the said Schedule, and set opposite thereto respectively.

SCHEDULE referred to by the above Clause.

Division of Parishes in the	Heretofore charged to	Heretofore to be charged to
Part of the Parish of Wokington, situate in the County of Berks and Wilts	Hundred of Anebury, Wiltshire.	Hundred of Sonning, Berkshire.
Part of the Parish and Town of Mospeth, in the County of Northumberland	Collieryard, Northumberland.	Mospeth Ward, Northumberland.
Part of the Parish of Gillingham, in the County of Kent, called The Grange, Parcel of the Liberty of Halstow, in the County of Suffolk	Town and Part of Halstow, County of Suffolk, and Liberty thereof.	Rochester Division, Part of the Lath of Ford, County of Kent.
Boston, Part of the Parish of Clouse Pyland in the County of Wilts	Hundred of Ellist and Everly, Wiltshire.	Hundred of Kingsbridge, Wiltshire.
Little Hinton in the County of Wilts	The same.	The same.
Wroughton in the County of Wilts	The same.	The same.

Enacted

That the
said Act
shall be
in force
from the
first day
of the
Month of
April next
following.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to any of the Cases hereinafter specified; (That is to say)

First.—To the Duties granted by an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by Way of a Land Tax.

Second.—To the Duties granted, or to be granted, by any Act or Acts of Parliament for One Year, for the Service of such Year.

And may be altered in the Session 14. Commencement of the Act, where other Provision is not made, 25th April 1808. § 15.

C A P. CXLIH.

An Act for selling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to grant Life Annuities. [2d July 1808.]

Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.

Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.

Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.

Printed by
W. Clowes and
Sons, 25, Abchurch
Lane, London.

WHEREAS by several Acts passed in the Reign of His present Majesty, viz. an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act for selling certain Lands in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt*; an Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act to render more effectual an Act made in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, 'An Act for selling certain Lands in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt'*; and in divers other Applications of an additional Sum to the Reduction of the said Debt, in and by several other Acts passed in the Forty-second Year of His Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual Two Acts passed in the Twenty-fifth and Thirty-second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Reduction of the National Debt*; certain Provisions were made for the Establishment and Regulation of the Funds therein created or directed to be created for the Redemption of the National Debt, commonly called *The Sinking Fund*; And whereas it would tend to a more speedy and efficient Reduction of the National Debt, if the Commissioners for the Reduction of the said Debt were enabled, under certain Limitations and Restrictions, to grant Life Annuities, charged upon and payable out of the Funds created or directed for the Redemption of the National Debt, in consideration of the Transfer to them of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Stock Annually; and it is therefore expedient that the Provisions of the said intitled Acts, relating to the Redemption

of the National Debt, shall be valid and amended in so far as may be necessary for carrying the said Medians into effect, and as herein after expressed: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That notwithstanding any Thing in the said recited Acts, or any of them, contained to the contrary thereof, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, at any Time from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, to accept and receive from any Person or Persons assignees, the Transfer of any Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, as the Commissioners for the Purchase of Life Annuities, to be charged upon and payable out of the Funds created as aforesaid, for the Redemption of the National Debt, commonly called the Sinking Fund, either on the Continuance of single Lives, or on the Continuance of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, in the Manner and under the Limitations, Restrictions, and Regulations hereinafter specified: Provided always, that if it shall appear to the said Commissioners, that such Transfers cannot conveniently be received until after some Day subsequent to the said First Day of August, it shall be lawful for them to appoint some other Day after the said First Day of August, and prior to the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, giving Notice to the *London Gazette* of the Day so appointed by them, after which such Transfers may be received.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Person who shall be desirous of purchasing under the Provisions of this Act, a Life Annuity on the Continuance of a single Life, shall be at Liberty to name any Person to be the Nominee, or the Continuance of whole Life: the said Annuity is to depend; and all and every Person or Person who shall be desirous of purchasing a Life Annuity on the Continuance of the Lives of Two Persons, and of the Life of the longer Liver of them, shall be at Liberty to name any Two Persons to be the Nominees, or the Continuance of whole Lives and of the Life of the longer Liver of them, the said Annuity is to depend: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent Persons purchasing Life Annuities under this Act, from naming themselves respectively to be the Persons on the Continuance of whole Lives from Life Annuities respectively or to depend.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to name any Person to be a Nominee, either for an Annuity on the Continuance of a single Life, or for an Annuity on the Continuance of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, who shall be under the Age of Thirteen Years at the Time of such Nominations: Provided also, that no Person who shall not be a Native of, and resident in, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be capable of being the Nominee in respect of any Life Annuity which shall be purchased by or on the Behalf of any other Person or Persons.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any such Bank Annuities shall be permitted to be transferred to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purchase of any Life Annuity under the Provisions of this Act, a Declaration in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed thereto (A.) shall be signed by the Person or One of the Persons desirous of purchasing such Annuity, or by some Person or his, her, or their Heir, and be delivered to the Officer to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners; and in case the Nominee or Nominees on whose Life or Lives such Annuity is intended to be purchased, shall have been born in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, there shall also be produced to the said Officer a true Copy of the Register of the Birth or Baptism of such Nominee (or of each of such Nominees in case there shall be Two) and also a Certificate of the same under the Hand of the Minister of the Parish or Place where such Register shall be kept, or in the Absence of the Minister then a Certificate (whereas such Absence shall be proved) under the Hands of the Churchwardens and Overseers of such Parish or Place, or any Two of them, to be attested as both Cases by Two or more credible Witnesses, certifying that such Copy of the Register is a true Copy; to which Certificate shall also be annexed an Affidavit of the said Witnesses who attested the Execution thereof, or One of them, or their, his, or her solemn Affirmation (in case they or either of them shall be of the Profession called Quakers) to be made before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, City, Riding, Town, or Place wherein the Place of the Birth or Baptism of any such Nominee shall be situate, if in England or Scotland, or if in Ireland, then before One of the Barons of the Exchequer there, that such Witnesses did examine and compare the said Copy of the Register of Birth or Baptism with the Register thereof, and did by each Minister, or Churchwardens and Overseers (as the Case may be) sign the said Certificate, and that the Names of such Witnesses are of their own proper Hand Writing; and to the said Certificate shall also be annexed an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation made by the Purchaser of the said Annuity (or by One of the Purchasers in case there shall be Two or more) or by some Person on his, her, or their Behalf, before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, if in England or Scotland, or if in Ireland then before any One of the Barons of the Exchequer there, that the Person named and described in the Copy or Certificate of the Register of Birth or Baptism produced to the said Officer, is the same Person who is appointed to be such Nominee: Provided always, that in all Cases where the Copy or Certificate is produced, shall appear to be a Copy or Certificate of the Register of the Baptism only, and not of the Birth of the Nominee, the Age of such Nominee shall, for the Purposes of this Act, be calculated from the Date of such Baptism, and the Amount of the Annuity to be purchased on his or her Life shall be estimated and assessed in like Manner, in all Respects, as if such Nominee had been born on the Day expressed in the said Copy or Certificate to be the Day of his or her Baptism.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case any Nominee (having also the Person by whom or on whose Behalf an Annuity shall be purchased) shall not be a Native of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in case the Birth or Baptism of any Nominee (being a Native of the United Kingdom) shall not appear in the Register of the Parish where such Nominee shall have been born or baptized, then and in every such Case there shall be produced to the said Officer (in lieu of such Certificates and Affidavits as aforesaid) an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in Writing of the Age of such Nominee, together with his or her Name, Surname, Addition, and Employment, or Occupation (if any) and Place of Abode; and also the Place of his or her Birth, and the Names of his or her Parents, or reputed Parents, and also that the Person named and described in such Affidavit, is the same Person who is appointed to be such Nominee, and that the said

Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt empowered to accept Transfers for the Purchase of Life Annuities.

Among the Nominees of Lives.

Age of Nominee.

Their Residences.

Persons to Transcribe, Produce, and make Declaration in Form, Schedule (A), and produce Certificates of Age of Nominees, &c. to an Officer appointed for that Purpose.

Where of Nominees.

Where a single Certificate may be produced, Proof may be obtained by Affidavits.

Unless otherwise shall be made by such Nominee, or by the Person or by one of the Persons by whom or on whose Behalf such Annuity shall be purchased, or by some other Person having Knowledge of the several Circumstances before-mentioned, as in which latter Case the said Affidavit shall also be accompanied by an Affidavit to be made by the Person or one of the Persons by whom or on whose Behalf such Annuity shall be purchased, that the Contents of such last-mentioned Affidavit are, to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief true; which said Affidavits respectively shall be taken before One or more of the Judges of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, if in England; or if in Scotland or Ireland, then before One or more of the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland or Ireland respectively; and if such Nominee shall be a Native of Great Britain or Ireland, then in such Affidavit shall also be stated the Cause why a Certificate of the Copy of the Register of his or her Birth or Baptism cannot be produced.

Amount of said Stocks shall be duly made out and certified to the Office of the Company.

VI. And, for ascertaining the average Price of Bank Annuities according to which the Amount of Life Annuities purchased under the Provisions of this Act is to be regulated, be it further enacted, That the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall and they are hereby required, on every Day on which any Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall have been bought at the Bank of England, to cause an Account to be made out of the average Price at which Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated and Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities respectively shall have been bought on such Day (or in case only One of such Stocks shall have been bought, then the average Price of such of the said Stocks as shall have been bought on that Day) which Account shall be transmitted to the Office to be appointed as aforesaid, for the Purpose of enabling him to ascertain and certify in the Manner herein-before directed, the respective Amounts of the Life Annuities which may be purchased under the Provisions of this Act, and shall be put up in some conspicuous Place of his Office, in order that the same may be seen by all Persons desirous of ascertaining the Price at which Stock may be transferred for the Purchase of Life Annuities.

The produce of said Stocks may be transferred and the same may be used as the Trust monies of the Company. See Schedule B.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear to the said Office, that the Certificate and Affidavit so produced to him as aforesaid are conformable to the Directions of this Act, he shall thereupon ascertain the Amount of the Life Annuity to be payable in respect of the Bank Annuities proposed to be transferred for the Purchase thereof, and grant his Certificate in the Form expressed in the Schedule to this Act as next marked (B), and shall transmit to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England a Duplicate of such Certificate; and upon the Production and Delivery at the Bank of England of the said Certificate granted to the Party by the said Office, and upon the Transfer to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, of the Bank Annuities to be transferred as the Consideration for the Purchase of the Life Annuity, the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or the Person producing the said Certificate on his, her, or their Behalf, shall be entitled to have a Certificate or Receipt from one of the Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England acknowledging such Transfer, such Certificate or Receipt one of such Cashiers is hereby required to give in the Form preferred in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C), and which shall be an Acquittance or Discharge for the Stock so transferred: Provided always, that no Certificate granted by the said Office, shall be valid and effectual to enable the Transfer of any Bank Annuities under the Provisions of this Act, after the Expiration of Five Days from the Date of such Certificate.

Purchaser of Life Annuities on Single Lives, shall be entitled to the Annuity specified in Schedule D.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case where any such Bank Annuities shall be transferred as the Consideration for the Purchase of an Annuity on the Continuance of a Single Life, the Person or Persons purchasing such Life Annuity shall, on the Transfer of the said Bank Annuities to the said Commissioners, be entitled, according to the Age of his, her, or their Nominer, and the average Price (to be ascertained as herein-before is directed) of such Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities (if the Transfer shall be made in that Stock, or if the Transfer shall be made as Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities, then according to the average Price of that Stock) on the Day next preceding the Day of the Date of the Certificate to be granted by such Office as aforesaid in case there shall have been any Sale or Purchase at the Bank of England of Stock of the like Description as that transferred for the Purchase of the Annuity on such next preceding Day, or otherwise on the usual preceding Day on which there shall have been any Sale or Purchase at the Bank of England of Stock of the like Description) to receive, during the Continuance of the Life of such Nominer (whether the Person or one of the Persons purchasing such Annuity shall be the Nominer or not, for every One hundred Pounds of such Bank Annuities, and so in proportion for any greater Sum than One hundred Pounds transferred to the said Commissioners, a Life Annuity of such annual Amount as is specified in the Table in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (D).)

Purchaser of Life Annuities on Two Lives shall be entitled to the Annuity specified in Schedule E.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in every Case where any such Bank Annuities shall be transferred as the Consideration for the Purchase of an Annuity on the Continuance of Two Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, the Person or Persons purchasing such Life Annuity shall, on the Transfer of the said Bank Annuities to the said Commissioners, be entitled, according to the Ages of his, her, or their respective Nominers, and the average Price (to be ascertained as herein-before is directed) of such Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities (if the Transfer shall be made in that Stock, or if the Transfer shall be made as Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities, then according to the average Price of that Stock) on the Day next preceding the Day of the Date of the Certificate to be granted by such Office as aforesaid (in case there shall have been any Sale or Purchase at the Bank of England of Stock of the like Description as that transferred for the Purchase of the Annuity on such next preceding Day, or otherwise on the usual preceding Day on which there shall have been any Sale or Purchase at the Bank of England of Stock of the like Description) to receive during the Continuance of the Lives of such Two Nominers, and of the Life of the longer Liver of them, (whether the Person or Persons, or one of the Persons purchasing such Annuity, shall be the Nominer or one of the Nominers or not) for every One hundred Pounds of such Bank Annuities, and so in proportion for any greater Sum than One hundred Pounds transferred to the said Commissioners, a Life Annuity of such annual Amount as is specified in the Table in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (E).

X. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That every Life Annuity so purchased as aforesaid, shall be accepted at the Bank of England by the Person or Persons purchasing the same, or by some other Person or Persons duly authorized on his, her, or their Behalf, before he, she, or they shall be entitled to receive the same.

Annuities shall be accepted at the Bank of England.

XI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to transfer for the Purchase of a Life Annuity any Life Sum than One hundred Pounds, nor any fractional Part less than One Pound of such Bank Annuity: Provided also, that in every Case where the Calculation of the Amount of any Life Annuity, according to the Provisions of this Act, shall produce a Fraction less than Sixpence, the fractional Part of the said Annuity less than Sixpence shall be taken from the Amount thereof, and shall not be added in the Certificate to be granted by the said Officers, or be payable at the Bank of England.

Preceding Fractions.

XII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That whenever any Person or Persons who shall have purchased any further Annuity or Annuities on the Life or Lives of the same Nominor or Nominors, the original Certificates and Affidavits produced at the Time of the Purchase of the first Annuity, shall be deemed sufficient to authorize the Officers to be appointed a, aforesaid, and he it hereby required from Time to Time to grant to the Person or Persons applying for this in this behalf such Certificates as by this Act are directed, for the Purpose of enabling such Person or Persons to transfer any Bank Annuity for the Purchase of such further Life Annuity or Annuities, without his, her, or their being required to produce any new Certificates or Affidavits in regard to the Birth or Births, or other Particulars aforesaid, respecting such Nominor or Nominors; and the Certificates to be granted by the said Officers, shall be valid and effectual to enable such Person or Persons to transfer any Bank Annuity for the Purchase of such further Life Annuity or Annuities, and to enable him, her, or them to draw Certificates and Receipts from the Cashier of the Bank of England in like Manner as if the first said Certificates and Affidavits were produced at the original Certificates and Affidavits.

Annuities may be purchased on the Life of original Nominors, without new Certificates.

XIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted under the Provisions of the Life of any one Nominor, whether such Nominor shall have any beneficial Interest therein or he, she, or he it (except as hereinafter expressed) exceed the annual Sum of One thousand Pounds, or that the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted upon the Continuance of the Lives of two or more Nominors, and of the Life of the longer Lives of them, shall in no Case, except as aforesaid, exceed the annual Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds: Provided nevertheless, that if any such Annuity or Annuities shall have been purchased in the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who shall have no beneficial Interest, present, future, or contingent, direct or indirect therein, and say such Person or Persons shall thereafter become desirous of purchasing any Annuity or Annuities hereafter to be made for his, her, or their own Use and Benefit, and for his, her, or their own Lives respectively, it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons to grant the aforesaid Certificates by good and legal Proof upon Affidavit, Affidavits, or otherwise, before any such Magistrate or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and such Affidavit or Affidavits, duly certified by such Magistrate or Justice, shall be produced to the Officers appointed as aforesaid, and he shall thereupon proceed to grant his Certificates, and such Person or Persons shall be entitled to purchase any Annuity or Annuities, not exceeding the terms aforesaid, in each Case respectively over and above, and notwithstanding any such former Annuity or Annuities before purchased in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons.

Annuities on the Life of One Nominor shall not exceed 1000*l.* nor for Two Nominors 1500*l.*

XIV. And he it further enacted, That such Person or Persons as is or are, or shall be in Time to Time be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners to accept Transfers of Stock made in their name under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, is and he it hereby authorized and enabled to accept the Transfers of any Bank Annuity which shall be transferred to the said Commissioners, for the Purchase of Life Annuities under the Provisions of this Act; and that the Dividends payable from Time to Time in respect of the Bank Annuities which shall be so transferred, shall be made by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners, and shall constitute Part of the Yearly which shall from Time to Time be applicable by the said Commissioners to the Redemption of the National Debt, by means of the said recited Act of the fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's benign; and the said Annuities so purchased, shall be charged and chargeable upon the said Funds, and shall be paid and payable to the Bank of England, in the Manner hereinafter expressed; and it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company, out of any Sums whatsoever, which shall have been paid to them, or carried to their Name, in the Account of the said Commissioners, to fix upon and retain from Time to Time such Sums as they may be directed, for paying the Life Annuities which shall from Time to Time be chargeable as the said Funds.

Persons nominated by the Commissioners for the Purchase of Life Annuities shall be paid and payable to the Bank of England.

XV. And he it further enacted, That all Life Annuities purchased under this Act, shall be payable Half-yearly at the Bank of England, on each of the usual Half-yearly Days of Payment or Dividends, according to the respective Periods within which any Contingent or Redemptible Bank Annuities may be transferred for the Purchase of any such Life Annuities as hereinafter is expressed; that is to say, In the Case of any such Bank Annuity, whether Contingent or Redemptible, shall be transferred upon or after the Fifth Day of January aforesaid before the Fifth Day of April, or upon or after the Fifth Day of July, and before the Tenth Day of October, then the Half-yearly Payments of the Annuities purchased by the Transfer thereof, shall be made on the Fifth Day of July and the Fifth Day of January in every Year; and the First Half-yearly Payment of every such Annuity, shall be payable on each of the said Days as shall next be the Day of the Transfer of the said Bank Annuity; and in all Cases where any such such Bank Annuity, whether Contingent or Redemptible, shall be transferred upon or after the Fifth Day of April, and before the Fifth Day of July, or upon or after the Tenth Day of October and before the Fifth Day of January, then the Half-yearly Payments of the Annuities purchased by the Transfer thereof, shall be made on the Fifth Day of April and the Tenth Day of October in every Year; and the First Half-yearly Payment of every such Annuity shall be payable on each of the said Days as shall next be the Day of the Transfer of the said Bank Annuity; and upon the Death of any single Nominor, or of the Survivor of any Two such Nominors, a Sum equal to One-fourth Part of the

Annuities shall be payable to the Bank of England.

Assay depending upon his or her Life, (now and above all Assays thereof respectively,) shall be payable to the Perfon or Persons entitled to the said Assay, or to his or her Executors, Administrators, or Assigns (as the Case may be) on the Half-yearly Day of Payment next succeeding the Death of such Nominor; provided such last-mentioned Payment shall be claimed within Two Years after the Death of such single or several Nominors, but not otherwise.

Certificate of Life of Nominor shall be produced to the said Officer on the Day before receiving Assay.

XVI. And, for preventing Frauds in the Receipt of Life Annuities, be it further enacted, That before any Half-yearly Payment of an Annuity shall be receivable at the Bank of England as herein is directed, a Certificate shall be produced to the Officer to be appointed as aforesaid, under the Hand of the Minister, or in his Absence, then a Comptroller (whereas such Absence shall be specified) under the Hands of the Chamberlains and Overseers of the Parish or Place wherein the Nominor on whose Life the Assay shall then depend, is resident, or of any Two of them, or a Certificate under the Hand of some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, Borough, City, or Town wherein such Parish or Place shall be situate, that such Nominor was living upon a Day to be specified in such Certificate (which Day shall be one of the Days on which a Half-yearly Payment of such Assay shall have become due, or some Day subsequent thereto): Provided always, that in case any Nominor shall at any Time after his or her Nominations become resident in Parts beyond the Seas in any of the Dominions of His Majesty, then a Certificate shall be produced to the said Officer, under the Hand of the Governor or Person acting as Governor of the Settlement where such Nominor shall be resident, that he or she was living on a Day to be specified in such Certificate (which Day shall be one of the Days on which a Half-yearly Payment of such Assay shall have become due, or some Day subsequent thereto); and in case any Nominor shall after his or her Nominations become resident in any Kingdom or State in Europe, it Assay with His Majesty, then a Certificate shall in like Manner be produced under the Hand of the British Minister or Consul resident in the Kingdom or State where such Nominor shall be living; and in case any Nominor shall in any other Place beyond the Seas, or in case any British Governor or Person acting as such, or Minister or Consul respectively shall be resident at the Settlement, or in the Kingdom or State wherein any such Nominor shall be living, then a Certificate shall in like Manner be produced by his or her Life under the Hand and Seal of the Chief Magistrate of any Province, City, Town, or Place where such Nominor shall be living: Provided also, that in all Cases when an Assay shall depend on the Lives of Two joint Nominors, who shall both be living, it shall be sufficient to produce the Certificate of the Life of either of such Nominors.

Affidavit of Assay to be sworn to by Clerk, &c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every such Certificate as herein before is directed to be produced to the said Officer, shall be assented an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation made before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in England or Scotland respectively, or if it should before one of the Barons of the Exchequer there, by the Perfon or Persons entitled to the said Assay, or by the Perfon applying to make the same on his, her, or their Behalf, that the Nominors contained in such Certificate are to the full of his or her Real Issue, and that the Perfon or Persons so certified therein is the Nominor or one of the Nominors on whose Life or Lives the Assay whose said Half-yearly Payment shall be claimed doth depend, and in case such Assay shall have been granted on the Lives of Two Nominors and on the Life of the longer Liver of them, then in such Affidavit or Affirmation shall also be specified, to the best of the Knowledge or Belief of the Perfon making such Affidavit or Affirmation, whether the other of the Two Nominors whose Life shall not be certified as aforesaid be living or dead, and if living the usual Place of his or her Residence; but if the Perfon making such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be wholly ignorant whether the other of such Two Nominors shall be living or dead, or if living of the usual Place of his or her Abode, then the same shall be specified in such Affidavit or Affirmation.

On Production of Certificate, the Officer shall grant a Certificate, in which Assay shall be payable.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production of such Certificates and Affidavits as by this Act are directed to be produced to the said Officer, for making the Receipt of Half-yearly Payments of Annuities, such Officer shall and he is hereby required to grant to the Perfon producing the same, a Certificate in the Form as the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (F.) which Certificate being produced to and lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be sufficient to authorize them, and they are hereby required to pay to the Perfon entitled to receive the said Assay, not only the Half-yearly Payment thereof, which shall have become due on the Day upon which any such Nominor shall have been certified as being, but also all preceding Half-yearly Payments of such Assay which shall have become due, but which shall not have been paid.

Certificate of Death of single or several Nominors shall be produced before receiving the full Payment of any Assay.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases where upon the Death of any single Nominor, or of the Survivor of any Two joint Nominors, any Claim shall be preferred under the Provisions of this Act, for the Payment of a Sum equal to One-fourth Part of the Assay depending upon his or her Life, the Perfon or Persons preferring such Claim shall produce to the Officer to be appointed as aforesaid a Certificate of the Death of such Nominor, specifying the Day on which he or she shall have died, together with an Affidavit in Proof of the Identity of such Nominor, to be respectively granted and taken by and before such and the like Persons as by this Act are authorized and empowered to grant Certificates, and to administer Affidavits in Proof of a Nominor being living on the Day on which any Half-yearly Payment of an Assay depending upon his or her Life became due, and such Officer shall thereupon grant to the Perfon producing the same a Certificate in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (G.) and upon the said Certificate being produced to and lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, they are hereby authorized and required to make such Payment to the Perfon or Persons entitled thereto.

Life Annuity may be transferred entire

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Right, Title, Interest, and Benefit in and to any Life Annuities which may be purchased under the Provisions of this Act, shall from Time to Time be transferable in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, provided such Annuities be transferred entire and not in Parts or Shares: Provided also, that the original Nominors or Nominees of any Assay shall never be varied or changed, notwithstanding any Transfer of the Right or Interest therein, in the Books of the said Governor and Company.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Life Annuities purchased under the Provisions of this Act shall be free from all Taxes, Charges, and Impositions whatsoever, except such as Dividends of Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities are or may be subject and liable to, and shall be deemed Personal Estate; and in all Cases where the same shall not depend upon the Life of the Person entitled thereto, shall go to his or her Executors or Administrators as Personal Estate, and shall not be defendable to Heirs.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Certificate or Affidavit shall be produced to the said Officer to be appointed as aforesaid, containing any false Statement of the Age of any Person to be appointed a Nominer, with Intent to obtain an Annuity on the Continuance of the Life of any Person who shall be under the Age of Thirty-five Years, or to obtain a higher Rate or Amount of Annuity during the Life of the Nominer than would by this Act be allowed according to his or her true Age, then and in every such Case all such Bank Annuities so may have been transferred for the Purchase of such Annuity shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners, and all Right and Title to the Annuity which would otherwise have been payable to respect thereof shall cease and determine, and the Person or Persons by whom or on whose behalf such Annuity shall have been transferred shall forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, Treble the Value of all Sums which may have been received on account of the said Annuity, and also the further Sum of Two hundred Pounds, which Penalties respectively shall be paid for, recovered, and applied in the Manner directed by this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who for his, her, or either one's Use, or the Use of any other Person or Persons, shall receive One or more Payment or Payments upon any Annuity for any Time beyond the Death of, any single or surviving Nominer, or the Continuance of whose Life the same was payable, after the Time on which the said Annuity ought wholly to cease by virtue of this Act (knowing full Notice to be due) shall forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, Treble the Value of the Money received after the Death of such Nominer, and also the further Sum of Two hundred Pounds, which Penalties respectively shall be paid for, recovered, and applied in the Manner directed by this Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Life Annuities purchased under the Provisions of this Act, shall, upon the ceasing thereof, revert to the said Funds which shall from Time to Time be applicable to the Reduction of the National Debt, by virtue of the said recited Act of the First-mentioned Year of His Majesty's reign, and shall from thenceforth be applied in the same Manner as by the Laws now in force, and by this Act, the said Funds are made applicable.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Copy of the Register of the Birth or Baptism of any Nominer, or any Certificate, Affidavit, or Affirmation to be made or taken in pursuance of this Act, nor any Transfer of Bank Annuities which shall be made to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purchase of any Life Annuity, nor any Transfer or Acceptance of any Life Annuity in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, nor any Receipt for the Payment of any Life Annuity or any Part thereof, at the Bank of England, shall be valid in any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Affidavit or Affirmation to be taken before any Judge of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or before any of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery in England or Ireland respectively, or before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully or corruptly swear or affirm any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be, and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit, or alter, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited, or altered, or knowingly or wilfully sell or offer in the forging, counterfeiting, or altering any Register or Register of the Birth or Baptism of any Person or Persons to be appointed a Nominer or Nominers under the Provisions of this Act, or any Copy or Certificate of any such Register, or the Name or Names of any Witness or Witnesses to any such Certificate, or any Affidavit or Affirmation required to be taken for any of the Purposes of this Act, or the Certificate of any Judge, Baron of the Exchequer, Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, of any such Affidavit or Affirmation having been taken before him, or any Certificate of any Governor or Person acting as such, or Minister or Consul, or Chief Magistrate, of any Freeman, Town, or Place, or other Person authorized by this Act to grant any Certificate of the Life or Death of any Nominer, or any Certificate or Certificates of the Office to be appointed by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, or of any Clerk or Clerk of the Bank of England, or shall forge or counterfeit, or shall cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully sell or offer in the forging or counterfeiting the Name or Names of any Person or Persons in or to any Transfer of Bank Annuities for the Purchase of any Life Annuity, or in or to any Transfer or Acceptance of any Life Annuity in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Receipt or Discharge for any Life Annuity, or for any Payment or Payments due or to become due thereon, or to any Letter of Attorney, or other Authority or Instruments, to transfer or accept any Bank Annuities or Life Annuities under the Provisions of this Act, or to receive any Life Annuities, or any Payment or Payments due or to become due thereon, or shall wilfully, falsely, and deceitfully procure any true and real Nominer or Nominers, or shall wilfully deliver or produce to any Person or Persons acting under the Authority of this Act, or shall utter any such forged Register, Certificate, Affidavit, or Affirmation, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, then and in every such Case all and every Person or Persons so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be recoverable if incurred in England, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General on the Part of His Majesty,

Annuity Act
to last time
Taxes, &c.
except as
declared.

Penalty on
producing false
Certificates and
Affidavits.
For section of
Anno 2. Geo.

Penalty on
receiving
Annuities after
the Death of
Nominer, &c.
Treble the
Amount and
200 l.

Annuities shall
revert to Sinking
Fund.

Certificates,
Affidavits, and
Transfers exempt
from Stamp
Duties.

Penalty of
Felony on false
Affidavits.

Punishment for
forging Registers,
Certificates, &c.
Fines without
Clergy.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

Majesty, by Information in the Court of Exchequer at *Wyndham*, or (if issued in *Protest*) in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General in the Court of Exchequer at *Dublin*, or (if issued in *Protest*) in the Name of His Majesty's Advocate General in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and such Penalty and Forfeiture shall go and belong to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and become Part of the Sinking Fund: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to credit such Reward as they shall think fit, not exceeding one Month of any such Penalty or Forfeiture so recovered, after deducting all Charges and Expenses incurred in recovering the same, to be paid towards any Party or Person who shall appear to them to be entitled thereto as Informer or Informers, in respect of such Penalty or Forfeiture so recovered; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No. Five is
Omission.

Commissioners
are appointed
Clerks, &c.

For defining
Expenses.

XXIX. And he is further enacted, That no Fee whatever shall be received or taken by the Office to be appointed as aforesaid for granting any Certificate, or for any Act, Matter, or Thing to be done by him in pursuance of this Act.

XXX. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint such Officers, Clerks, and other Persons, as may be necessary for carrying this Act into Execution.

XXXI. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to order and direct any Sum or Sums of Money, to be issued and paid out of any Aids or Supplies granted or to be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year in which such Expenses shall be incurred, for the Payment of Salaries to Officers and Clerks acting in the Execution of this Act, and for discharging such incidental Expenses as shall necessarily attend the Execution thereof, in such Manner as the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer, shall from Time to Time think fit and reasonable; and also to settle and appoint such Allowances as shall be proper for the Post and Labour of the Carrier or Carriers, or other Officer or Officers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England in the Execution of this Act; which last-mentioned Allowances shall be for the Use and Benefit of the said Governor and Company, and of their Disposal only.

The Chief Baron
is added in the
Commissioners
for Reduction of
National Debt,
inserted in
§ 10 of c. 141, p. 4.

Queens of
Commissioners.

Accounts of the
Operations to be
made by the
said Act shall be
sent before
Parliament
annually by
Commissioners.

XXXII. * And whereas by the said recited Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer, the Master of the Rolls, and the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and the Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, for the Time being respectively, were appointed Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution; he is enacted, That in addition to the Commissioners appointed by the said Act, the Chief Baron, or in his Absence, any one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England, for the Time being respectively, shall be a Commissioner for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said recited Act of the Twenty-sixth, Thirty-second, and Forty-second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and of this Act, and shall have and be invested with such and the same Powers and Authorities in all Respects as if the Chief Baron or Judges of the said Court of Exchequer respectively had been appointed a Commissioner by the said Act of the Twenty-sixth Year aforesaid.

XXXIII. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Four of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the Time being, to execute and do all Matters and Things which by this Act the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt are required and empowered to do.

XXXIV. And he is further enacted, That the following Accounts shall be prepared by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament, or, before the Twenty-fifth Day of March of Parliament shall be then sitting; and if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament; to-wit, a Half-yearly Account of all Bank Annuities which shall have been transferred to them for the Period of any Life Annuities, and of the Dividends receivable by them in respect thereof, up to the Period of such Account; distinguishing therein so much of the said Bank Annuities as shall have been transferred in the Course of the next immediately preceding Half Year; also a Half-yearly Account of the Amount of all the Life Annuities granted by them up to the Period of such Account, distinguishing therein the Amount of the Life Annuities which shall have been granted in the Course of the next immediately preceding Half Year; and also of the Amount of all the Annual Sums which, up to the Period of the said Account, shall, by reason of the Deaths of Nominators or others *vice versa*, have reverted to the said Funds applicable to the Reduction of the National Debt, distinguishing therein the Amount of such Annual Sums as shall have so reverted in the Course of the next immediately preceding Half Year, together with an Account of the Amount of Life Annuities then payable, and in every such Account shall be specified the Excess in the whole Arrears of all the Life Annuities then before granted, above the Amount of the Dividends receivable in respect of all the Bank Annuities then before transferred for the Purchase of Life Annuities, and also the Excess (if any) in the Amount of the Life Annuities then payable above the Amount of such Dividends: Also a Half-yearly Account of the Capital Stock, which, up to the Period of such Account, shall have been reduced by the Application of the Annual Sums which shall from Time to Time have so reverted to the said Funds by reason of the Deaths of Nominators, or others *vice versa*, and by the Application of the accumulated Dividends of the Capital Stock thereby returned: Also an Account of the whole Amount of Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities, which, up to the Period of such Account, would have been reduced by the Excess in the Amount of the Life Annuities, from Time to Time payable by the said Commissioners, above the Amount of the Dividends from Time to Time receivable by them in respect of the Bank Annuities transferred for the Purchase of such Life Annuities, in case such Excess had been immediately applied in the Redemption of Three Pounds per Centum Stock, in the Manner prescribed by the Laws now in Force for the Redemption of the National Debt.

* Limitation of Actives, Three Months.—General Issue.—Table Cols. f 35. Act may be shewn this
= *Syllabus*. f 36."

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM of the DECLARATION to be signed by Persons desirous of purchasing Life Annuities for themselves, or on Behalf of others.

I *A. B.* of _____ do hereby declare to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, That I am desirous on my own Account, [or, on the Behalf of *C. D.* of _____] to transfer to the said Commissioners the Sum of _____ £ *per Centum Consolidated* [or Reduced] Bank Annuity, for the Purchase of a Life Annuity: And I do hereby announce myself [or, *C. D.* of _____] now of the Age of _____ Years, to be the Person on the Continuance of whose Life [or, in case of *Two Names*, myself, now of the Age of _____ Years, and *E. F.* of _____] now of the Age of _____ Years, and *G. H.* of _____] to be the Person on the Continuance of whose Lives and the Life of the longer Liver of them, the said Annuity is to depend, and whose Age [or, respective Ages, or the Case may be] is [or, are] certified and verified by the Certificates and Affidavits [or Affidavits] now [or, which have been before] produced.

Witness my Hand, this

Day of

SCHEDULE (B.)

N^o

FORM of CERTIFICATE to be granted by the said Officers, in order to enable the Transfer of Stock at the Bank of England for the Purchase of Life Annuities.

IN pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled [see *infra* the Title of the Act] I do hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, that *A. B.* of _____ hath signified to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, his [or, her] Desire, on his [or, her] own Behalf [or, on the Behalf of *C. D.* of _____] to transfer the Sum of _____ £ *per Centum Consolidated* [or, Reduced] Bank Annuity, to the said Commissioners, for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of himself or herself [or, of *C. D.* or the Case may be] [or, in case of *Two Names*, on the Lives of him or her the said *A. B.* and of *E. F.* of _____] and the Life of the longer Liver of them, [or, of *E. F.* of _____] and *G. H.* of _____] and the Life of the longer Liver of them, as the Case may be] And I do hereby further certify, That it hath been made appear to me, that the Age of the said *Nominer*, upon which the Amount of the said Annuity is to be estimated according to the Provisions of the said Act, is _____ Years [or, in case of *Two Names* of equal Ages, that the said *Nominers* are of equal Ages, and that the Age upon which the Amount of the said Annuity is to be estimated according to the Provisions of the said Act is _____ Years] [or, in case there shall be *Two Names* of unequal Ages, that the respective Ages upon which the Annuity is to be estimated according to the Provisions of the said Act are as follows; *wit* that, the Age of the said _____ the younger *Nominer*, is _____ Years; and the Age of the said _____ the elder *Nominer* exceeds the said Age of _____ Years; and the Age of the said _____ the younger *Nominer* by more than _____ Years]; And I do hereby further certify, that the Amount of the Life Annuity which will, upon the Transfer of the said Sum of _____ £ *per Centum Consolidated* [or, Reduced] Bank Annuity, become payable in respect thereof during the Life of the said *Nominer* [or, of the said *Two Names* and the Life of the longer Liver of them] is _____ *per Annum*.

Witness my Hand, this

Day of

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM of CERTIFICATE of the Cashier of the Bank of England, acknowledging the Transfer of Bank Annuities for the Purchase of Life Annuities.

IN pursuance of an Act, passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, An Act [see *infra* the Title of the Act] I do hereby certify, that the Sum of _____ £ *per Centum Consolidated* [or, Reduced] Bank Annuity hath been this Day transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, by or on the Behalf of _____ for the Purchase of a Life Annuity under the Provisions of the said Act.

Witness my Hand, this

Day of

SCH-

SCHEDULE

TABLE No. 2.—Showing the Annual Allowance of Love Allowances granted on the Continuance of Two according to the Average Price thereof, to save the Bondsmen full of equal Ages, or being of different Years, at the Time of the Transfer.

Age of the Bondsmen	Price of the d^{s} per Cent. Consolidated																										
	60		61		62		63		64		65																
	under and over 61.	under and over 62.	under and over 63.	under and over 64.	under and over 65.	under and over 66.	under and over 67.	under and over 68.	under and over 69.	under and over 70.	under and over 71.																
35	3 15 6	3 26 0	3 16 0	3 17 6	3 27 0	3 17 0	3 18 6	3 28 0	3 18 0	3 19 6	3 29 0	3 19 0	3 20 6	3 30 0	3 20 0	3 21 6	3 31 0	3 21 0	3 22 6	3 32 0	3 22 0	3 23 6	3 33 0				
36	3 16 0	3 26 0	3 17 0	3 18 6	3 28 0	3 18 0	3 19 6	3 29 0	3 19 0	3 20 6	3 30 0	3 20 0	3 21 6	3 31 0	3 21 0	3 22 6	3 32 0	3 22 0	3 23 6	3 33 0	3 23 0	3 24 6	3 34 0	3 24 0	3 25 6	3 35 0	
37	3 16 0	3 27 0	3 17 0	3 19 0	3 29 0	3 19 0	3 20 6	3 30 0	3 20 0	3 21 6	3 31 0	3 21 0	3 22 6	3 32 0	3 22 0	3 23 6	3 33 0	3 23 0	3 24 6	3 34 0	3 24 0	3 25 6	3 35 0	3 25 0	3 26 6	3 36 0	
38	3 17 0	3 28 0	3 18 0	3 20 0	3 30 0	3 20 0	3 21 6	3 31 0	3 21 0	3 22 6	3 32 0	3 22 0	3 23 6	3 33 0	3 23 0	3 24 6	3 34 0	3 24 0	3 25 6	3 35 0	3 25 0	3 26 6	3 36 0	3 26 0	3 27 6	3 37 0	
39	3 18 0	3 28 0	3 19 0	3 21 0	3 31 0	3 21 0	3 22 6	3 32 0	3 22 0	3 23 6	3 33 0	3 23 0	3 24 6	3 34 0	3 24 0	3 25 6	3 35 0	3 25 0	3 26 6	3 36 0	3 26 0	3 27 6	3 37 0	3 27 0	3 28 6	3 38 0	
40	3 19 0	3 29 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 6	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 6	4 4 0	4 4 6	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 5 6	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 6	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 6
41	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 6	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 5 6	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 6	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 6
42	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 6	4 6 0	4 6 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 6	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 6
43	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 6	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 6	4 7 0	4 7 6	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 2 6
44	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 0	4 8 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 3 6
45	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 6	4 9 0	4 9 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 3 6	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 6
46	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 6	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 6	5 0 0	5 0 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 3 6	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 6
47	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 6	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 6	5 1 0	5 1 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 3 6	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 6	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 6 6
48	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 6	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 3 6	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 6	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 6 6	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 7 6
49	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 3 0	5 3 6	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 6	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 6 6	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 7 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 6
50	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 6	5 4 0	5 4 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 6	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 6 6	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 7 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 6
51	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 6	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 6	4 15 0	4 15 6	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 16 6	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 17 6	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 18 6	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 19 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 20 6
52	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 6	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 6	4 16 0	4 16 6	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 17 6	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 18 6	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 19 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 20 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 21 6
53	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 6	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 6	4 17 0	4 17 6	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 18 6	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 19 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 20 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 21 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 22 6
54	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 6	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 6	4 18 0	4 18 6	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 19 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 20 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 21 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 22 6	4 23 0	4 23 0	4 23 6
55	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 6	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 6	4 19 0	4 19 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 20 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 21 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 22 6	4 23 0	4 23 0	4 23 6	4 24 0	4 24 0	4 24 6
56	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 6	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 6	4 20 0	4 20 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 21 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 22 6	4 23 0	4 23 0	4 23 6	4 24 0	4 24 0	4 24 6	4 25 0	4 25 0	4 25 6
57	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 6	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 21 6	4 21 0	4 21 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 22 6	4 23 0	4 23 0	4 23 6	4 24 0	4 24 0	4 24 6	4 25 0	4 25 0	4 25 6	4 26 0	4 26 0	4 26 6
58	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 21 6	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 22 6	4 22 0	4 22 6	4 23 0	4 23 0	4 23 6	4 24 0	4 24 0	4 24 6	4 25 0	4 25 0	4 25 6	4 26 0	4 26 0	4 26 6	4 27 0	4 27 0	4 27 6
59	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 22 6	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 23 6	4 23 0	4 23 6	4 24 0	4 24 0	4 24 6	4 25 0	4 25 0	4 25 6	4 26 0	4 26 0	4 26 6	4 27 0	4 27 0	4 27 6	4 28 0	4 28 0	4 28 6
60	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 6	5 14 0	5 14 6	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 15 6	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 16 6	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 17 6	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 19 6
61	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 6	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 6	5 16 0	5 16 6	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 17 6	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 21 6
62	5 6 0	5 8 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 6	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 6	5 17 0	5 17 6	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 22 6
63	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 6	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 6	5 18 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 23 6
64	5 8 0	5 10 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 6	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 24 6
65	5 9 0	5 11 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 6	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 25 6
66	5 10 0	5 12 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 6	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 25 6	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 26 6
67	5 11 0	5 13 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 6	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 25 6	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 26 6	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 27 6
68	5 12 0	5 14 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 20 6	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 25 6	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 26 6	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 27 6	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 28 6
69	5 13 0	5 15 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 21 6	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 6	5 24 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 25 6	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 26 6	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 27 6	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 28 6	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 29 6
70	5 14 0	5 16 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 22 6	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 6	5 25 0	5 25 6	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 26 6	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 27 6	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 28 6	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 29 6	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 30 6
71																											

Schedule

TABLE II.—Showing the Annual Amount of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Commission of Two Lives, the Longevity being fixed on the Age of the older Name, and usual practice of the younger

Age	Part of the $\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. Consolidated											
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	
	under and over 61.	under and over 62.	under and over 63.	under and over 64.	under and over 65.	under and over 66.	under and over 67.	under and over 68.	under and over 69.	under and over 70.	under and over 71.	
35	3 37 6	3 17 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 29 6	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 3 0	4 2 0	4 2 0
36	3 17 8	3 18 0	3 19 0	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0
37	3 18 0	3 19 0	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0
38	3 19 0	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0
39	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0
40	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0
41	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0
42	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0
43	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0
44	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0
45	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0
46	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0
47	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0
48	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
49	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
50	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
51	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
52	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0
53	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0
54	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
55	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
56	4 9 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0
57	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0
58	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
59	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0
60	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0
61	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0
62	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0
63	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0
64	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0
65	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0
66	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0
67	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0
68	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0
69	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
70	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
71	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
72	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
73	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0
74	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0
75	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
76	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
77	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0
78	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0
79	4 20 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
80	4 20 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
81	4 21 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0
82	4 21 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0
83	4 22 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0
84	4 22 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0
85	4 23 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0
86	4 23 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0
87	4 24 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0
88	4 24 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0
89	4 25 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0
90	4 25 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0
91	4 26 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0
92	4 26 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0
93	4 27 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0
94	4 27 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0
95	4 28 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0
96	4 28 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0
97	4 29 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0
98	4 29 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	6 5 0
99	4 30 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0
100	4 30 0	6 1 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 5 0	6 6 0

(E.)—continued.

and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every 1000 of Stock transferred, according to Number by more than Five Years, but not by more than Ten Years, at the Time of the Transfer.

or Related Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age or longer Lives.
4 5 0	4 5 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	37.
4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	38.
4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	39.
4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	40.
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	41.
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	42.
4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	43.
4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	44.
4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	45.
4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	46.
4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	47.
4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	48.
4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	49.
4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	4 21 0	50.
4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 21 0	4 22 0	51.
4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 22 0	4 23 0	52.
4 19 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	4 20 0	4 21 0	4 21 0	4 22 0	4 22 0	4 23 0	4 24 0	53.
5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	54.
5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	55.
5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	56.
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	57.
5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	58.
5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	59.
5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	60.
5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	61.
5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	62.
5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	63.
5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	64.
5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	65.
5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	66.
5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	67.
5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	68.
5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	69.
5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	70.
5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	71.
5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	72.
5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	73.
5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	74.
5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	75.
5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	76.
5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	77.
5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	78.
5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	79.
5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	80.
5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	81.
5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	82.
5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	83.
5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	84.
5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	85.
5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	86.
5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	87.
5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	88.
5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	89.
5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	90.
5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	91.
5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	92.
5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	93.
5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	94.
5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	95.
5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	96.
5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	97.
5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	98.
5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	5 51 0	99.
5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	5 50 0	5 51 0	5 52 0	100.

Schedule

TABLE No. 4.—Shewing the ANNUAL AMOUNT of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Continuance of Two Lives, the Average Price thereof, in case the Age of the elder Nominer shall exceed the Age of the younger

Age of younger Life.	Price of the $\text{£}3$ per Cent. Consolidated										
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	and under 61.	and under 62.	and under 63.	and under 64.	and under 65.	and under 66.	and under 67.	and under 68.	and under 69.	and under 70.	and under 71.
35.	3 18 0	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0
6.	3 19 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0
7.	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0
8.	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0
9.	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0
40.	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
1.	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0
2.	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0
3.	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0
4.	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0
5.	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0
6.	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0
7.	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0
8.	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
9.	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
50.	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 4 0
1.	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
2.	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0
3.	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0
4.	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0
5.	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0
6.	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 16 0	5 17 0
7.	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 20 0	6 0 0
8.	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 3 0
9.	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 4 0	6 3 0	6 6 0
60.	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 2 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0
1.	5 19 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 11 0	6 13 0
2.	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 10 0	6 11 0	6 13 0	6 14 0	6 15 0	6 17 0
3.	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 10 0	6 11 0	6 12 0	6 14 0	6 15 0	6 17 0	6 18 0	7 0 0	7 1 0
4.	6 11 0	6 12 0	6 14 0	6 15 0	6 17 0	6 18 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 6 0
5.	6 14 0	6 16 0	6 17 0	6 19 0	7 0 0	7 2 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 10 0

(E.)—continued.

and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every £100 of Stock transferred, according to Number by more than Ten Years, but not by more than Fifteen Years, at the Tenth of the Transfer.

or Reduced Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of younger Liv.
4 5 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	55.
4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	6.
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	7.
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	8.
4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	9.
4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	10.
4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	11.
4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	12.
4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	5 0 0	13.
4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	5 1 0	14.
4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 2 0	15.
4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 3 0	16.
4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 4 0	17.
4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 5 0	18.
4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 6 0	19.
5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 7 0	20.
5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 8 0	21.
5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 9 0	22.
5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 10 0	23.
5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 11 0	24.
5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 12 0	25.
5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 13 0	26.
5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 14 0	27.
5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 15 0	28.
5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 16 0	29.
5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 17 0	30.
5 11 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 18 0	31.
5 12 0	5 13 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 19 0	32.
5 13 0	5 14 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 20 0	33.
5 14 0	5 15 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 21 0	34.
5 15 0	5 16 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 22 0	35.
5 16 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 23 0	36.
5 17 0	5 18 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 24 0	37.
5 18 0	5 19 0	5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 25 0	38.
5 19 0	5 20 0	5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 26 0	39.
5 20 0	5 21 0	5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 27 0	40.
5 21 0	5 22 0	5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 28 0	41.
5 22 0	5 23 0	5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 29 0	42.
5 23 0	5 24 0	5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 30 0	43.
5 24 0	5 25 0	5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 31 0	44.
5 25 0	5 26 0	5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 32 0	45.
5 26 0	5 27 0	5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 33 0	46.
5 27 0	5 28 0	5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 34 0	47.
5 28 0	5 29 0	5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 35 0	48.
5 29 0	5 30 0	5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 36 0	49.
5 30 0	5 31 0	5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 37 0	50.
5 31 0	5 32 0	5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 38 0	51.
5 32 0	5 33 0	5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 39 0	52.
5 33 0	5 34 0	5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 40 0	53.
5 34 0	5 35 0	5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 41 0	54.
5 35 0	5 36 0	5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 42 0	55.
5 36 0	5 37 0	5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 43 0	56.
5 37 0	5 38 0	5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 44 0	57.
5 38 0	5 39 0	5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 45 0	58.
5 39 0	5 40 0	5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 46 0	59.
5 40 0	5 41 0	5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 47 0	60.
5 41 0	5 42 0	5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 48 0	61.
5 42 0	5 43 0	5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 49 0	62.
5 43 0	5 44 0	5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 50 0	63.
5 44 0	5 45 0	5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 51 0	64.
5 45 0	5 46 0	5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 52 0	65.
5 46 0	5 47 0	5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	5 50 0	5 53 0	66.
5 47 0	5 48 0	5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	5 50 0	5 51 0	5 51 0	5 54 0	67.
5 48 0	5 49 0	5 49 0	5 50 0	5 50 0	5 51 0	5 51 0	5 52 0	5 52 0	5 55 0	68.
5 49 0	5 50 0	5 50 0	5 51 0	5 51 0	5 52 0	5 52 0	5 53 0	5 53 0	5 56 0	69.
5 50 0	5 51 0	5 51 0	5 52 0	5 52 0	5 53 0	5 53 0	5 54 0	5 54 0	5 57 0	70.
5 51 0	5 52 0	5 52 0	5 53 0	5 53 0	5 54 0	5 54 0	5 55 0	5 55 0	5 58 0	71.
5 52 0	5 53 0	5 53 0	5 54 0	5 54 0	5 55 0	5 55 0	5 56 0	5 56 0	5 59 0	72.
5 53 0	5 54 0	5 54 0	5 55 0	5 55 0	5 56 0	5 56 0	5 57 0	5 57 0	5 60 0	73.
5 54 0	5 55 0	5 55 0	5 56 0	5 56 0	5 57 0	5 57 0	5 58 0	5 58 0	5 61 0	74.
5 55 0	5 56 0	5 56 0	5 57 0	5 57 0	5 58 0	5 58 0	5 59 0	5 59 0	5 62 0	75.
5 56 0	5 57 0	5 57 0	5 58 0	5 58 0	5 59 0	5 59 0	5 60 0	5 60 0	5 63 0	76.
5 57 0	5 58 0	5 58 0	5 59 0	5 59 0	5 60 0	5 60 0	5 61 0	5 61 0	5 64 0	77.
5 58 0	5 59 0	5 59 0	5 60 0	5 60 0	5 61 0	5 61 0	5 62 0	5 62 0	5 65 0	78.
5 59 0	5 60 0	5 60 0	5 61 0	5 61 0	5 62 0	5 62 0	5 63 0	5 63 0	5 66 0	79.
5 60 0	5 61 0	5 61 0	5 62 0	5 62 0	5 63 0	5 63 0	5 64 0	5 64 0	5 67 0	80.
5 61 0	5 62 0	5 62 0	5 63 0	5 63 0	5 64 0	5 64 0	5 65 0	5 65 0	5 68 0	81.
5 62 0	5 63 0	5 63 0	5 64 0	5 64 0	5 65 0	5 65 0	5 66 0	5 66 0	5 69 0	82.
5 63 0	5 64 0	5 64 0	5 65 0	5 65 0	5 66 0	5 66 0	5 67 0	5 67 0	5 70 0	83.
5 64 0	5 65 0	5 65 0	5 66 0	5 66 0	5 67 0	5 67 0	5 68 0	5 68 0	5 71 0	84.
5 65 0	5 66 0	5 66 0	5 67 0	5 67 0	5 68 0	5 68 0	5 69 0	5 69 0	5 72 0	85.
5 66 0	5 67 0	5 67 0	5 68 0	5 68 0	5 69 0	5 69 0	5 70 0	5 70 0	5 73 0	86.
5 67 0	5 68 0	5 68 0	5 69 0	5 69 0	5 70 0	5 70 0	5 71 0	5 71 0	5 74 0	87.
5 68 0	5 69 0	5 69 0	5 70 0	5 70 0	5 71 0	5 71 0	5 72 0	5 72 0	5 75 0	88.
5 69 0	5 70 0	5 70 0	5 71 0	5 71 0	5 72 0	5 72 0	5 73 0	5 73 0	5 76 0	89.
5 70 0	5 71 0	5 71 0	5 72 0	5 72 0	5 73 0	5 73 0	5 74 0	5 74 0	5 77 0	90.
5 71 0	5 72 0	5 72 0	5 73 0	5 73 0	5 74 0	5 74 0	5 75 0	5 75 0	5 78 0	91.
5 72 0	5 73 0	5 73 0	5 74 0	5 74 0	5 75 0	5 75 0	5 76 0	5 76 0	5 79 0	92.
5 73 0	5 74 0	5 74 0	5 75 0	5 75 0	5 76 0	5 76 0	5 77 0	5 77 0	5 80 0	93.
5 74 0	5 75 0	5 75 0	5 76 0	5 76 0	5 77 0	5 77 0	5 78 0	5 78 0	5 81 0	94.
5 75 0	5 76 0	5 76 0	5 77 0	5 77 0	5 78 0	5 78 0	5 79 0	5 79 0	5 82 0	95.

Schedule

TABLE No. 5.—Showing the Annual Amount of Life Annuities granted on the Continuation of Two Lives, the Average Price thereof, in case the Age of the older Person shall exceed the Age of the younger.

Age of the younger Person.	Price of the £1 per Cent. Consolidated										
	61 and under 61.	61 and under 62.	62 and under 63.	63 and under 64.	64 and under 65.	65 and under 66.	66 and under 67.	67 and under 68.	68 and under 69.	69 and under 70.	70 and under 71.
65	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
66	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
67	4 3 0	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0
68	4 4 0	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
69	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0
70	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
71	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0
72	4 8 0	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0
73	4 9 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0
74	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0
75	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0
76	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0
77	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0
78	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0
79	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0
80	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0
81	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0
82	5 8 0	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0
83	5 9 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0
84	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0
85	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0
86	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0
87	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0
88	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0
89	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0
90	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0
91	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0
92	6 8 0	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0
93	6 9 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0
94	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0
95	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0
96	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0	8 2 0
97	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0	8 2 0	8 3 0
98	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0	8 2 0	8 3 0	8 4 0
99	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0	8 2 0	8 3 0	8 4 0	8 5 0
100	7 6 0	7 7 0	7 8 0	7 9 0	8 0 0	8 1 0	8 2 0	8 3 0	8 4 0	8 5 0	8 6 0

(E).—continued.

and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every £100 of Stock transferred, according to the Number by more than Fifteen Years, but not by more than Twenty Years, at the Time of the Transfer.

or Reduced Stock Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of longer Life
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	6.
4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	7.
4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	8.
4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	9.
4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	40.
4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	1.
4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	2.
4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	3.
4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	4.
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5.
5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	6.
5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	7.
5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	8.
5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	9.
5 9 0	5 10 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	30.
5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	1.
5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	2.
5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	3.
5 17 0	5 18 0	5 19 0	6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	4.
6 0 0	6 1 0	6 2 0	6 3 0	6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	5.
6 3 0	6 4 0	6 5 0	6 6 0	6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 11 0	6.
6 6 0	6 7 0	6 8 0	6 10 0	6 11 0	6 12 0	6 13 0	6 14 0	6 15 0	6 16 0	7.
6 10 0	6 11 0	6 12 0	6 13 0	6 14 0	6 15 0	6 16 0	6 17 0	6 18 0	7 0 0	8.
6 13 0	6 14 0	6 16 0	6 17 0	6 18 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	9.
6 17 0	6 18 0	7 0 0	7 1 0	7 2 0	7 3 0	7 4 0	7 5 0	7 6 0	7 7 0	60.

(E.)—continued.

and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every sd^{o} of Stock transferred, according to the by more than Twenty Years, but not by more than Twenty-five Years, at the Time of the Transfer.

or Reduced Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of younger Liv.
4 9 0	4 17 0	4 25 0	4 33 0	4 41 0	4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	21
4 10 0	4 18 0	4 26 0	4 34 0	4 42 0	4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	22
4 11 0	4 19 0	4 27 0	4 35 0	4 43 0	4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	23
4 12 0	4 20 0	4 28 0	4 36 0	4 44 0	4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	24
4 13 0	4 21 0	4 29 0	4 37 0	4 45 0	4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	25
4 14 0	4 22 0	4 30 0	4 38 0	4 46 0	4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	26
4 15 0	4 23 0	4 31 0	4 39 0	4 47 0	4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	27
4 16 0	4 24 0	4 32 0	4 40 0	4 48 0	4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	28
4 17 0	4 25 0	4 33 0	4 41 0	4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	29
4 18 0	4 26 0	4 34 0	4 42 0	4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	30
4 19 0	4 27 0	4 35 0	4 43 0	4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	31
4 20 0	4 28 0	4 36 0	4 44 0	4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	32
4 21 0	4 29 0	4 37 0	4 45 0	4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	33
4 22 0	4 30 0	4 38 0	4 46 0	4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	34
4 23 0	4 31 0	4 39 0	4 47 0	4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	35
4 24 0	4 32 0	4 40 0	4 48 0	4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	36
4 25 0	4 33 0	4 41 0	4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	37
4 26 0	4 34 0	4 42 0	4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	38
4 27 0	4 35 0	4 43 0	4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	39
4 28 0	4 36 0	4 44 0	4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	40
4 29 0	4 37 0	4 45 0	4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	41
4 30 0	4 38 0	4 46 0	4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	42
4 31 0	4 39 0	4 47 0	4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	43
4 32 0	4 40 0	4 48 0	4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	44
4 33 0	4 41 0	4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	45
4 34 0	4 42 0	4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	46
4 35 0	4 43 0	4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	47
4 36 0	4 44 0	4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	48
4 37 0	4 45 0	4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	49
4 38 0	4 46 0	4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	50
4 39 0	4 47 0	4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	51
4 40 0	4 48 0	4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	52
4 41 0	4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	53
4 42 0	4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	54
4 43 0	4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	55
4 44 0	4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	56
4 45 0	4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	57
4 46 0	4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	58
4 47 0	4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	59
4 48 0	4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	60
4 49 0	4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	5 21 0	61
4 50 0	4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	5 22 0	62
4 51 0	4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	5 23 0	63
4 52 0	4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	5 24 0	64
4 53 0	4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	5 25 0	65
4 54 0	4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	5 26 0	66
4 55 0	4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	5 27 0	67
4 56 0	4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	5 28 0	68
4 57 0	4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	5 21 0	5 29 0	69
4 58 0	4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	5 22 0	5 30 0	70
4 59 0	4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	5 23 0	5 31 0	71
4 60 0	4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	5 24 0	5 32 0	72
4 61 0	4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	5 25 0	5 33 0	73
4 62 0	4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	5 26 0	5 34 0	74
4 63 0	4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	5 27 0	5 35 0	75
4 64 0	4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	5 28 0	5 36 0	76
4 65 0	4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	5 21 0	5 29 0	5 37 0	77
4 66 0	4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	5 22 0	5 30 0	5 38 0	78
4 67 0	4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	5 23 0	5 31 0	5 39 0	79
4 68 0	4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	5 24 0	5 32 0	5 40 0	80
4 69 0	4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	5 25 0	5 33 0	5 41 0	81
4 70 0	4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	5 26 0	5 34 0	5 42 0	82
4 71 0	4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	5 27 0	5 35 0	5 43 0	83
4 72 0	4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	5 28 0	5 36 0	5 44 0	84
4 73 0	4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	5 21 0	5 29 0	5 37 0	5 45 0	85
4 74 0	4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	5 22 0	5 30 0	5 38 0	5 46 0	86
4 75 0	4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	5 23 0	5 31 0	5 39 0	5 47 0	87
4 76 0	4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	5 24 0	5 32 0	5 40 0	5 48 0	88
4 77 0	4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	5 25 0	5 33 0	5 41 0	5 49 0	89
4 78 0	4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	5 26 0	5 34 0	5 42 0	5 50 0	90
4 79 0	4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	5 27 0	5 35 0	5 43 0	5 51 0	91
4 80 0	4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	5 28 0	5 36 0	5 44 0	5 52 0	92
4 81 0	4 89 0	4 97 0	5 5 0	5 13 0	5 21 0	5 29 0	5 37 0	5 45 0	5 53 0	93
4 82 0	4 90 0	4 98 0	5 6 0	5 14 0	5 22 0	5 30 0	5 38 0	5 46 0	5 54 0	94
4 83 0	4 91 0	4 99 0	5 7 0	5 15 0	5 23 0	5 31 0	5 39 0	5 47 0	5 55 0	95
4 84 0	4 92 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 16 0	5 24 0	5 32 0	5 40 0	5 48 0	5 56 0	96
4 85 0	4 93 0	5 1 0	5 9 0	5 17 0	5 25 0	5 33 0	5 41 0	5 49 0	5 57 0	97
4 86 0	4 94 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	5 18 0	5 26 0	5 34 0	5 42 0	5 50 0	5 58 0	98
4 87 0	4 95 0	5 3 0	5 11 0	5 19 0	5 27 0	5 35 0	5 43 0	5 51 0	5 59 0	99
4 88 0	4 96 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 20 0	5 28 0	5 36 0	5 44 0	5 52 0	6 0 0	100

and the Life of the longer Liver of them, which will be payable for every sd^{o} of Stock transferred, according to the by more than Twenty-five Years, but not by more than Thirty Years at the Time of the Transfer.

or Reduced Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of younger Liv.
4 21 0	4 15 0	4 12 0	4 21 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 21 0	4 15 0	4 20 0	4 12 0	21
4 19 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 19 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 19 0	4 13 0	4 18 0	4 10 0	22
4 16 0	4 10 0	4 7 0	4 16 0	4 9 0	4 17 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	23
4 15 0	4 10 0	4 05 0	4 17 0	4 10 0	4 18 0	4 11 0	4 16 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	24
4 10 0	4 17 0	4 12 0	4 19 0	4 13 0	4 20 0	4 12 0	4 17 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	25
4 22 0	4 18 0	4 13 0	4 22 0	4 15 0	4 22 0	4 16 0	4 21 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	26
4 19 0	4 16 0	4 11 0	4 23 0	4 16 0	4 23 0	4 17 0	4 22 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	27
4 17 0	4 14 0	4 9 0	4 24 0	4 17 0	4 24 0	4 18 0	4 23 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	28
4 15 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 25 0	4 18 0	4 25 0	4 19 0	4 24 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	29
4 13 0	4 10 0	4 5 0	4 26 0	4 19 0	4 26 0	4 20 0	4 25 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	30
4 11 0	4 8 0	4 3 0	4 27 0	4 20 0	4 27 0	4 21 0	4 26 0	4 19 0	4 20 0	31
4 9 0	4 6 0	4 1 0	4 28 0	4 21 0	4 28 0	4 22 0	4 27 0	4 20 0	4 21 0	32
4 7 0	4 4 0	0 0 0	4 29 0	4 22 0	4 29 0	4 23 0	4 28 0	4 21 0	4 22 0	33
4 5 0	4 2 0	0 0 0	4 30 0	4 23 0	4 30 0	4 24 0	4 29 0	4 22 0	4 23 0	34
4 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 31 0	4 24 0	4 31 0	4 25 0	4 30 0	4 23 0	4 24 0	35

Schedule

TABLE No. 8.—Showing the ANNUAL AMOUNT of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Continuance of Two Lives, Average Price thereof, in case the Age of the elder Nominer shall exceed the Age of the younger Nominer

Age of younger Ld.	Price of the £23 per Cent. Consolidated										
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	and under 61.	and under 62.	and under 63.	and under 64.	and under 65.	and under 66.	and under 67.	and under 68.	and under 69.	and under 70.	and under 71.
35	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0
6	4 7 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0
7	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0
8	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0
9	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0
40	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0
1	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0
2	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0
3	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 3 0	5 4 0
4	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0
5	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0

TABLE No. 9.—Showing the ANNUAL AMOUNT of LIFE ANNUITIES granted on the Continuance of Two Lives, Average Price thereof, in case the Age of the elder Nominer shall exceed the Age of

Age of younger Ld.	Price of the £23 per Cent. Consolidated										
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	and under 61.	and under 62.	and under 63.	and under 64.	and under 65.	and under 66.	and under 67.	and under 68.	and under 69.	and under 70.	and under 71.
35	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0
6	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0
7	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0
8	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0
9	4 12 0	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0
40	4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 1 0

(E.)—continued.

and the Life of the longer Liver of those, which will be payable for every *£*100 of Stock transferred, according to the by more than Thirty Years, but not by more than Thirty-five Years, at the Time of the Transfer.

or Reduced Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of younger Life.
4 13 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	
4 15 0	4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	0.
4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	7.
4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	8.
4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	9.
5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	10.
5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	1.
5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	2.
5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	3.
5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	4.
5 9 0	5 10 0	5 10 0	5 11 0	5 12 0	5 13 0	5 14 0	5 15 0	5 16 0	5 17 0	5.

and the Life of the longer Liver of those, which will be payable for every *£*100 of Stock transferred, according to the by the younger Nominat by more than Thirty-five Years at the Time of the Transfer.

or Reduced Bank Annuities.

71 and under 72.	72 and under 73.	73 and under 74.	74 and under 75.	75 and under 76.	76 and under 77.	77 and under 78.	78 and under 79.	79 and under 80.	80 and under 81.	Age of younger Life.
4 15 0	4 16 0	4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	
4 17 0	4 17 0	4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	0.
4 18 0	4 19 0	4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	7.
4 19 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	8.
5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	9.
5 2 0	5 3 0	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 6 0	5 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	10.

SCHEDULE (F.)

FORM of the CERTIFICATE to be granted by the said Officer, in order to enable the Receipt of the Annuity from Time to Time at the Bank of England.

I DO hereby certify to the Governour and Company of the Bank of England, That it appears by a Certificate and Affidavit produced to me, conformably to the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act [here before the Title of the Act] That A. B. the Nominer [or, in case of Two Nominers, one of the Two Nominers] [or, the Survivor of the Two Nominers:] defcribed in the Certificate, No. _____ of the _____ Day of _____ 1787 per Curiam Confiditatus [or, Reduced] Bank Annuitant, for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said [or, on the Lives of the said _____ and _____ and the Life of the longer Liver of them] was living on the _____ Day of _____ on which Day a Half-yearly Payment of the said Annuity became due.

Witness my Hand this _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE (G.)

FORM of the CERTIFICATE to be granted by the said Officer, in order to enable the Receipt of One-fourth Part of an Annuity, upon the Death of a single or surviving Nominer.

I DO hereby certify to the Governour and Company of the Bank of England, That it appears by a Certificate and Affidavit produced to me, conformably to the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act [here before the Title of the Act] That A. B. the Nominer [or, in case of Two Nominers, the surviving Nominer] defcribed in the Certificate, No. _____ of the _____ Day of _____ 1787 per Curiam Confiditatus [or, Reduced] Bank Annuitant, for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said [or, on the Life of the said _____ and _____ and the Life of the longer Liver of them] died on the _____ Day of _____

Witness my Hand this _____ Day of _____

C A P. CXLIII.

An Act to repeal the Stamp Duties on Licences granted by Justices of the Peace for selling Ale, Beer, and other Excisable Liquors by Retail; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

[21 July 1808.]

* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, "An Act to repeal the several Duties and the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof," certain Stamp Duties were imposed on Licences granted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate or Magistrates for selling Ale, Beer, or other Excisable Liquors by retail; And whereas it is expedient that the said Duties should be repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise: be it therefore enacted by His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and singular the said Duties shall cease and determine, save and except in all Cases relating to the receiving or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at any Time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, or Proceedings relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, all and every Person or Persons, who shall sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or who shall sell Cider or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in Inn, her, or their House or Premises, shall, before he, she, or they shall sell any Beer or Ale by Retail, or any Cider or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in Inn, her, or their House or Premises, take out as Excise Licence, authorizing such Person or Persons to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, and also Cider and Perry, to be drunk or consumed in Inn, her, or their House or Premises; which Licence shall be granted by Magistrate or Magistrates as aforesaid; (that is to say) if any such Licence shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the Time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for the Time being shall from Time to Time appoint or employ for that Purpose; and if any such Licence shall be taken out in any Part of England, not within the said Limits, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the several Collectors and Superintenders of Excise within their respective Collections and Districts; and in case any such Licence shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the Time being; or if any such Licence shall be taken out in that Part of Great Britain called Newcastle, out of the said Limits of the City of Edinburgh, then the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the several Collectors and Superintenders of

Excise

Excise in England, Wales, &c. relative to Collectors and Deputies; and the said Commissions of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Two or more of them respectively, and the Partials to be appointed or employed by the said Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collectors and Supervisors are hereby respectively authorized and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply, for the same, on the Particular Petition in applying, first paying for each Licence a Duty of Two Pence Two Halfpence, to be applied and accounted for as herein-after directed.

III. And he is further enacted, That the Duty by this Act directed to be paid for each Licence, shall be paid at such Places, or in such Part as is herein-after in that behalf respectively mentioned; (that is to say) for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and for Licences which shall be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, not within the said respective Limits, the same shall be paid in the respective Collection of Excise granting such respective Licences; and all Licences which shall be granted under such by virtue of this Act, to any Person or Persons, to sell Beer and Ale by Retail, and Cyder and Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, shall remain and continue in force until and upon the Fourth Day of October next ensuing the Time of granting thereof, and so long.

IV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in all Cases where the Licence or Authority granted by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrates, or other competent Person, to any Person or Persons to keep a Common Inn, Ale House, or Victualling House, shall under or in pursuance of any Charter, Custom, or Usage, be issued at any Time of the Year except in the Month of September, and terminate or expire at any Time of the Year except in the Month of September, then and in every such Case the said Licence required by the Act to be taken out for the Sale of Beer, Ale, Cyder, or Perry, shall be taken out within Ten Days next after the Date of the said Licence or Authority of the Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, or other competent Person, and such Excise Licence shall continue in force for Twelve Calendar Months next ensuing the Date of the Commencement thereof, any Thing to the contrary in any Act or Statute notwithstanding.

V. And he is further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall sell any Beer or Ale by Retail, or any Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, after the Expiration of such Licence, or their Excise Licence, unless such Person or Persons shall take out a fresh Licence, for the said Purpose, in the Manner herein-before directed within Ten Days after the Expiration of such former Licence, and in so like Manner every such Licence from Year to Year; or if any Person or Persons shall sell any Beer or Ale by Retail, or any Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, without first taking out an Excise Licence, authorizing him, her, or them so to do, or without renewing the same as it happens in that behalf directed, by, for, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pence.

VI. And he is further enacted, That upon the Death of any Person so licensed, or upon the Removal of any Person or Persons to benefit from the entered House or Premises in which such his, her, or their Excise Licence shall authorize him, her, or them to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively for the Time being, or any one or more of them, and so and for the several Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, within their respective Collection and Districts, upon the Death or Removal of the former Occupier of the House or Premises, approving of the Person or Persons to whom such Customs shall be given, to authorize and empower such Person or Persons in like Manner to sell Beer and Ale by Retail, or Cyder and Perry, to be drunk and consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, in the same House or Premises where such Person is licensed by virtue of such Excise Licence earned on such Trade, during the Residue of the Term for which such Licence was originally granted, without taking out a new Excise Licence during the Residue of the said Term; Provided always, that Persons trading in Port-wine, and in One House or Premises only, shall not be obliged to take out more than One Excise Licence to sell Beer and Ale by Retail, or Cyder and Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, in any One Year; and that no One Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, to be drunk and consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, in any other House or Premises, than the House or Premises in which he, she, or they shall sell or have sold Beer or Ale, or Cyder or Perry, at the Time of granting such Licence.

VII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That neither His Majesty's Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively, nor any Persons who shall be appointed or employed by the said Commissioners in England, to grant Licences to Persons for selling Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, or to be drunk or consumed in the House or Premises of the Person or Persons applying for such Licence, nor any of the Collectors or Supervisors of Excise, shall grant or deliver any Licence to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in the House or Premises of the Person or Persons applying for such Licence, or any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters or Wine or Liqueurs by Retail to any Person or Persons who shall not produce a Licence or Authority granted to him, her, or them in due Form of Law, by Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, or other competent Persons, to such Person or Persons to keep a common Inn, Ale House, or Victualling House, and every such Licence or Authority shall be in the Form following; *videlicet*,

Group of } At a General Meeting for the
 * Day of } holden at within the field on the
 * Ale House, or Victualling House, We for the Purpose of authorizing and empowering Persons to keep common Inns, being His Majesty's Justices of the Peace

Let it be Day to

That on the Day of the Month of the Year 1808

That on the Day of the Month of the Year 1808

That on the Day of the Month of the Year 1808

Licences that be renewed within Ten Days after Expiration

Persons who are licensed to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, in the House of Licensee.

Licences that be renewed within Ten Days after Expiration

Persons who are licensed to sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, in the House of Licensee.

That Powers of the
enpower, A. B. at the Sign of
 or Magistrates of [as the Case may be] do hereby authorize and
 in the
 to keep a common Inn, Ale House, or Victualling House, and to
 utter and sell in the House in which he now dwelleth, and in the Precincts thereto belonging, and not else-
 where, Victuals, and all such Excisable Liquors as he shall be licensed and empowered to sell under the
 Authority and Permission of any Excise Licenses which shall be duly granted by the Commissioners of Excise,
 or Permit to be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, or by any Collector and Supervisor of Excise
 respectively, provided that the true Alliance be used, in Beer, in Bow, Ale, Cyder, and all other Liquors, be duly
 kept, and that no unlawful Game or Games, or any Drunkenness or other Disorder, be suffered in his House,
 Yard, Garden, or Premises, but that good Order and Rule be maintained and kept therein, according to the
 Laws of this Realm in that Behalf made: The Authority and Power hereby granted to continue in force for
 One whole Year from the
 Day of and so longer. Signed

Power to
 Magistrates as
 Licenses, in
 Corporation, &c.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to
 extend to repeal or alter or in any Manner to affect any Law or Laws or any Provision in any Charter or
 Charters or any Privilege of any City or Town Corporate or of any University now in force, or lawfully used
 or exercised, in relation to the granting of Licenses by any Justice, Magistrate, or other Person authorized
 by Law to grant Licenses for Persons keeping common Inns, Ale Houses or Victualling Houses; or in relation
 to the taking of any Recognizances upon granting of any such Licenses, or requiring or doing any other Act,
 Matter, or Thing relating to any such Licenses: Save and except as to the Payment of Duties and Fees of
 Licenses as aforesaid, or to repeal or alter any Act or Acts of Parliament as to the Sale of Table Beer at a Price
 not exceeding Three Halfpence per Quart.

IX. Licenses granted before October 10, 1808, shall continue in full Force for the Term for which granted. § 9.

Charter to Justice
 may take Fees
 as Licenses.

X. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to diminish or alter any Fees
 lawfully taken and received by any Justice or Magistrate; but it shall be lawful to
 continue to demand and take such and the like Fees, and so other or different Fees, for Licenses to keep
 any common Inn, Ale House, or Victualling House, as have heretofore been taken by such Justice or
 other Person.

Persons disabled
 from keeping
 Ale House by
 Conviction, shall
 thereby forfeit
 License under
 this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Person having any License to keep a common Inn, Ale House,
 or Victualling House, who shall be disabled by any Conviction from keeping a common Inn, Ale House,
 or Victualling House, shall also by such Conviction be disabled from selling any Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder
 or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in his, her, or their House or Premises, under any Excise License obtained
 for such Purpose; and every such Excise License shall from the Time of such Conviction be null and void to
 all Intents and Purposes; and in all Cases of Profectioners of any such Person, whose Excise Licenses shall
 have become null and void by such Conviction, a Certificate from the Clerk of the Peace, or Justice sitting as
 such, of any such Conviction, shall be legal Evidence; which Certificate such Clerk of the Peace, or other
 Justice, is hereby authorized and required to grant on demand, without Fee or Reward.

Recovery and
 Apprehension of
 Profectioners.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be
 paid for, recovered, levied, or satisfied by such Ways, Means, or Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture
 may be lawfully recovered, levied, or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Great Britain, or by Action of Debt,
 Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of
 Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Mooty of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be
 to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Mooty to him or them who shall inform, discover,
 or sue for the same.

Power of former Excise Acts extended to this Act. § 13. Duties shall be carried to Consolidated Fund
 of Great Britain. § 14.

C A P. CXLIV.

An Act for the more effectual Protection of Oyster Fisheries and the Breed of Oysters in England.
 [2d July 1808.]

2-C. 2. P. 11.

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
 intituled, *An Act for better granting the Fees of Oyster Fisheries within the Kingdom of Great Britain*: And whereas
 the Provisions of the said Act have been found inadequate to the Protection of the Oyster Fisheries of this
 Kingdom: And whereas Duties have arisen, since the passing of the said Act, whether the taking Oysters
 or Oyster Bred from any Oyster Bed or Layeg, or from any Oyster Fishery, can under any Circumstances
 be deemed Evils, and punishable as such: And it is therefore expedient and necessary that more effectual
 Provisions should be made for the Protection of the Oyster Fisheries, and for removing such Duties as aforesaid:
 My it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be declared and enacted, and be it declared and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
 Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same: That every
 Person who shall at any Time after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and a single, knowingly
 and wilfully sell, take, and carry away any Oysters or Oyster Bred from any Oyster Bed, or Oyster Layeg,
 or Oyster Fishery, being the Property of any Person or Persons or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, and
 sufficiently marked out as such, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall and he shall be transported for any Term
 not exceeding Seven Years, or be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in any Common Goal or House of Cor-
 rection, or Penitentiary House, or appointed only for any Term, not exceeding Three Years, at the Court
 before whom any such Person shall be convicted any way.

Penalty on
 Persons taking
 Oysters or Oyster
 Bred from
 Oyster Beds,
 Fisheries,
 punishable by
 Transportation,
 &c.

11. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to subject or make liable any Person or Persons to the Penalties of this Act who shall receive or carry away any Oylers or Oylers' Bread from any Oylers Bed, Oylers Laying, or Oylers Filbery, without such Person or Persons shall have or claim to have a Right to take and carry away such Oylers, or Oylers' Bread.

12. And whereas Doubts may arise in what Parish or County any Oylers Beds, Layings, or Filberies are committed, and as that Accidents Difficulties may occur in bringing Offenders to Justice: be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be sufficient in any Indictment under this Act, or under the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year aforesaid, to describe, either by Name or otherwise, the Bed, Laying, or Filbery in which the Offence shall have been committed, without naming the same to be in any particular Parish, and where the Offence is committed on the Border of any County, so as to make it difficult to ascertain the County, such County may be stated to have been committed in the County in which the Indictment shall be preferred, being either the County in which the Offence was committed, or the adjoining County.

13. And whereas it is doubtful whether Justices of the Peace for Towns Corporate, Burroughs, or other Places, and not being Counties of themselves, and having special or exclusive Jurisdiction, can act by virtue of the Statute of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid: be it therefore enacted and declared, 1. That it shall be lawful for such Justices to act in all Cases arising within their respective Jurisdiction in like Manner as any Justice of the Peace for any County, Riding, or Division may act for such County, Riding, or Division, in the Execution of the said Act, or of any Law for protecting the Oylers Filberies, and Breeds of Oylers.

And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Penalties of the Provisions of the said Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, except so far as the same respect the taking and taking of Oylers from any Oylers Bed, Laying, or Filbery.

C A P. CXLV.

For enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to the Judges of the Courts of Session, Judiciary, and Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Resignation of their Offices. (28 July 1807.)

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges in the Courts in Westminster Hall, and also of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and Barons of Exchequer, in Scotland, and for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to Persons in certain Offices in the said Courts in Westminster Hall, on the Resignation of their respective Offices*, it is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to give and grant unto any Person who may have executed the Office of Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, or shall have executed the Office of the Master of the Rolls, Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, or Chief Baron of the Exchequer, or of Justice Judge of the Court of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or of Baron of the Court of the Court of Exchequer respectively, certain Annuities therein mentioned, upon the Resignation of their several Offices: And whereas by the said in part recited Act, passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is further enacted, that the Successor of every such Person is dying or resigning should be entitled to have and receive from all Persons whatsoever, such Salaries and Profits as should arise and become due from the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor, in like Manner as if his Predecessor had borne the Office next subsequent to the Day of the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor: And whereas it is reasonable and expedient that Annuities should in like Manner be granted to the Judges of the Courts of Session and Judiciary, and to the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Resignation of their respective Offices; and also that the Successors of every such Judge should in like Manner be entitled to have and receive such Salaries and Profits as may arise and become due from the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor: His Majesty doth therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by His Majesty's Sign Manual, to give and grant unto any Person who shall have executed the Office of Lord President of the first Court of Session, or of the Lord Justice Clerk, or of the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or of any Judge or Lord of Session, or of any Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, or of any Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, in or before, or after the passing of this Act, and who shall have respectively resigned any such Office, an Annuity or yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding Three-fourth Part of the Salary appertaining to each such Office at the Period of the Resignation thereof, and every such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall commence from and after the Period when the Person to whom any such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall be granted as aforesaid shall have resigned his Office, and to continue from thenceforth and also during the natural Life of the Person to whom the same shall be granted as aforesaid; and every such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall be paid out of the Moneys that shall arise from any of the Duties and Revenues in Scotland, which by Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, were charged on and payable with the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges allowed or to be allowed by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for keeping up the Courts of Session, Judiciary, and Exchequer in Scotland; and every such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall be paid and payable, Ser of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, (Proportion Part excepted) in full and the true Term, and in such and in like Manner as the Salaries of the Judges of the said Courts of Session, Judiciary, and Exchequer, are now paid and payable: Provided always, that no such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money, granted to any Person having executed the Office of Lord President of the Court of Session, Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, Lord Justice Clerk, Judge or Lord of Session, Lord Commissioner of the Court of the Treasury, or Baron of the Court of Exchequer

respective, shall be void, unless such Lord President, Lord Chief Baron, Lord Justice Clerk, Judge or Lord of Session, Lord Commissioner of the Court of Justiciary, or Baron of Exchequer respectively, shall have continued in one or more of the said Offices for the Period of Fifteen Years, or shall be afflicted with some permanent Infirmary, disabling him from the due Execution of his Office, which shall be distinctly recited in the said Grant.

It. And be it further enacted, That the Successor of every Person who shall have executed the Office of Lord President of the said Court of Session, or of the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, or of the Lord of Session, or of the said Lord Justice Clerk, or of a Judge or Lord of Session, or of a Lord Commissioner of the said Court of Justiciary, or of a Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, shall be entitled to have and receive, and these shall be added and paid to such Successor, out of the Monies arising from any of the Duties and Revenues charged or made chargeable with keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary, and Exchequer, in Scotland as affected, such Salary as shall have arisen and shall have become due from the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor, in like Manner as if his Letter Patent or Commission had borne Date the Day next subsequent to the Day of the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor.

C A P. CXLVI.

An Act for settling the Stock of the Court of Session as Trustees, for the erecting Buildings for the better Accommodation of the College of Justice, and a Publick Goal, in the City of Edinburgh, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [2d July 1808.]

60 G. 3. c. 146.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for augmenting and fixing the Salaries of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of Exchequer, in that Part of Great Britain which is called, a common Field, called, The Stock of the Court*, which was made by Grants before the Union of the Kingdoms of England and Scotland, and amounted at the Period of the passing of the said Act to Twenty-two thousand seven hundred Pounds, together with the Sum of One thousand one hundred thirty-five Pounds, being One Year's Interest thereon, was directed to be paid in to the then Receiver General of His Majesty's Land Rents in Scotland, in order to be by him credited to the Exchequer of England: And whereas the said Sum of Money was accordingly paid to the said Receiver General, who did before accounting for the same to the Publick, and which Sum so unaccounted for, by the said Receiver General, &c. on the Twenty-sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and two, amount to the Sum of Twenty-seven thousand seven hundred thirty-five Pounds Ten Shillings and Eight-pence, including Interest to that Date, which has been or is in course of being received from the Repayment of the said Receiver General, and have been, so far as received, lodged with Banks or Bankers in Scotland: And whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for taking down the present Building in which the Treasury Chamber and Office of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland were situated, and erecting new Buildings in its stead*, certain Sums of Money therein mentioned, arising from certain forfeited Estates in Scotland, were directed to be 1/4 to the King's Remembrance in Exchequer in Scotland, or to his Deputy, to be by them applied with all convenient Speed towards erecting and completing the said new Buildings, according to such Directions as should in that Time

46 G. 3. c. 114.

to Time be given by the Chief Baron and Barons of the said Court of Exchequer: And whereas additional Accommodation is required for carrying on the Business of the Courts of Session and Justiciary in Scotland, and for the Use and Convenience of the Judges, and of the Clerks and Officers thereof, and the Buildings necessary and proper for that Purpose may be erected so as to be connected with the Buildings now used for the Courts of Session and Justiciary, and with the Buildings now erecting for the said Court of Exchequer, and also in such Places as to give further Accommodation to the Library of the Faculty of Advocates, which has always been deposited in their Edifice, being if the present Structure to the Courts of Justice, and accordingly encouraged by Parliament: And whereas the present Prison or Goal in the City of Edinburgh has been employed, not only for confining Debtors and for the local Service of the City of Edinburgh and County of Edinburgh, but as a National Goal for confining Persons accused of Crimes, who are brought from all Parts of Scotland for the Purpose of being tried before the Lords of Justiciary, and Criminals who have been committed before them and suffer long imprisonment for the Purpose of their detainer, and the same is not only too small, inconvenient, and unsuitable for a Prison for such Purposes, but is also decayed and not sufficiently secure: And whereas it is therefore necessary that a new Goal should be erected for the Purposes of a National Goal as aforesaid, which may be connected with the Goal for the City of Edinburgh and County of Edinburgh, and towards the Expense of which the said City and County may and ought to contribute: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Lord Clerk Register of Scotland, the Lord President of the Court of Session, the Lord Advocate of Scotland, the Lord Justice Clerk, the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, the Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, the Deans of the Faculty of Advocates, the Solicitor General of Scotland, and the Members of Parliament for the City and for the County of Edinburgh, all for the Time being, shall be and they are hereby appointed Trustees for the Purposes of this Act, and say Three or more of the said Trustees shall be sufficient for doing any Matter or Thing which the said Trustees are authorized to do by this Act.

Trustees appointed by the Act for the Purpose of this Act.

11. Said 27,766*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.* shall be paid to the King's Remembrance in Exchequer for the Purposes of this Act, and 100*l.* Order of the Trustees. 12. Money shall be forthwith paid by Remittance into the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank, and be accumulated, until applied to the Purposes of this Act. 13. Money so deposited shall

" Shall be applied for the Purposes of this Act, from Time to Time, under Order of the Trustees, &c.
 " Additional Buildings for the Court of Sessions to be erected, under Direction of said Trustees, &c.
 " wards Trustees may agree with the Magistrates of *E. Glasgow* for erecting a Gaol, &c.
 " then is Had to that Purpose, &c. See also *Edin. Poll-tax, &c.* may be admitted to join with Trustees for the
 " Purposes of erecting Offices or Halls, or Places of Meeting, adjoining to the Courts, &c. &c.
 " Trustees may be empowered to purchase, and incorporate Persons as conveyors, for the Purposes of this Act, &c.
 " Shall be compelled to sell, &c."

C A P. CXLVII.

An Act to permit the Sale of the Danish Prize Ship *Cagliostro Maria*, and her Cargo, in the Port of
London, in the County of *Cornwall*. [2d July 1808.]

" The Ship and Cargo allowed to be sold at *London*, notwithstanding the Provisions in 43 G. 3. c. 124. &c.
 " Paying the Duties due to the *East India* Dock Company under the Acts 43 G. 3. c. 128. and 46 G. 3.
 " c. 12. as if the Ship had been brought into the *East India* Docks."

C A P. CXLVIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great
Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One
 thousand eight hundred and eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session
 of Parliament. [2d July 1808.]

§ 1.	£. 3,500,000	Out of Surplus of British Consolidated Fund.			
II.	20,000,000	From the following Duties, viz.			
		Additional Customs under	45 G. 3. c. 70.		
		Additional Excise	----- c. 81.		
		Duties on Property	----- c. 122.		
		Additional Customs	44 G. 3. c. 53.		
		Additional Duties on Property	45 G. 3. c. 15.		
		Additional Excise Tobacco, &c.	46 G. 3. c. 39.		
		Additional Customs	----- c. 43.		
		Additional Duties on Property	----- c. 65.		
		Additional Excise on Brandy	47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 27.		
		Customs	48 G. 3. c. 26.		
III.	5,000,000	Part of the Sum of £. 15,800,000			
		granted by	47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 76.		
IV.	726,870	9	8	Surplus of Consolidated Fund on 31st April 1808.	
V.	2,257,511	7	5	Surplus of Grants for 1808.	
VI.	The following Sums, viz.				
	Produce of Salt and Potash Act, not exceeding				
	5,000,000	0	0		48 G. 3. c. 2.
	3,000,000	0	0	advanced by the Bank	----- c. 3.
	300,000	0	0	Unclaimed Dividends	----- c. 4.
	10,500,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills	----- c. 7.
	3,000,000	0	0	Dues	----- c. 33.
	1,500,000	0	0	Dues	----- c. 34.
	10,500,000	0	0	Loss (after deducting 2,500,000	
				remitted to <i>Ireland</i> ,	----- c. 76.
				(deducting One-third for <i>Ireland</i>),	
	6,000,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills	----- c. 139.
	20,000,000	0	0	out of War Taxes (granted above	
				See § 11.)	
	5,000,000	0	0	(granted above, § III.)	
	726,870	9	8	(granted above, § IV.)	
	2,257,511	7	5	Surplus of Grants (See § IV.)	
	3,500,000	0	0	out of Consolidated Fund (See § I.)	
VII.	The following Sums, viz.				
	2,250,000	0	0	(L.C.) Treasury Bills	----- c. 207.
	2,500,000	0	0	Loss	----- c. 76.
	750,000	0	0	(L.C.) Loans	----- c. 83.
	Share of Lotteries			under the	----- c. 139.
	500,000	0	0	(Treasury Bills)	----- c. 112.

Granted to make good
 the Supply for Service
 of Great Britain for
 1808.

Appropriated to the Uses
 after expressed.
 See § 2, &c.

Appropriated to the Uses
 after expressed.
 See § 23, &c.

§ VIII. Applications, viz.		£. 18,517,547 19 10		for the Navy Service following, viz.			
	3,126,500	0	0	for Wages of 150,000 Men, including 21,400 Marines	at per	£. s. d.	For 12 Months.
	3,211,600	0	0	their Victualling	Man	1 17 0	
	5,070,000	0	0	Wear and Tear of Ships	per	1 18 0	
	591,500	0	3	Ordnance for Sea Service	Month.	3 0 0	
	1,142,500	19	10	Ordinary of the Navy including Half-pay.		0 7 0	For the Year 1805.
	2,051,188	0	0	Building, rebuilding, and repairing Ships of War extra.			
	1,757,500	0	0	Hire of Transports.			For the Year 1805.
	281,400	0	0	Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad.			
	305,000	0	0	Prisoners of War in Health at Home and Abroad.			
	50,000	0	0	Ditto Sick.			
	130,000	0	0	Ordnance for Sea Service.			Out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid.
IX.	2,800,000	0	0	For the Service of Great Britain, "to enable His Majesty to take such Measures as the Extent of Affairs may require."			
X.	500,000	0	0	For the Service of Ireland for like Purposes.			Out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid.
XI.	1,100,000	0	0	Advanced to the King of Sweden.			
XII.	500,000	0	0	Advanced to the King of Italy.			
XIII.	10,450,189	6	6	For the Land Services following, viz.			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1806.
	7,777,980	0	7	for Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the <i>East Indies</i> and Foreign Corps.)			
	25,481	18	9	for Five Troops of Dragoons and Twelve Companies of Foot for recruiting the Regiments serving in <i>India</i> .			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1806.
	3,082,870	17	10	for the embodied Militia and Fencible Infantry in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> .			
	43,740	7	9	for General and Staff Officers and Hospital Officers in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> .			For the Year 1805.
	38,091	4	5	Superannuated Officers of the Forces.			
	193,808	13	6	Principal Officers of public Departments in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> , and Exchange Fees on account of Half pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces including <i>British American Forces</i> , &c.			For the Year 1805.
	226,217	15	3	on account of Half pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces including <i>British American Forces</i> , &c.			
	10,464	13	8	for Military Allowances to ditto.			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1806.
	434,410	3	9	Clothes and Equipments in and Out Possession, and Expenses of the Hospital.			
	45,497	10	6	Widows' Pensions in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> .			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1806.
	1,205,487	0	0	Volunteer Corps in <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> .			
	866,578	7	0	Foreign Corps in His Majesty's Service.			For the Year 1805.
	17,852	5	3	Allowances to Chaplains of Forces.			
	116,696	8	9	Medicines and Hospital Costingencies.			For the Year 1805.
	13,500	0	0	on account of Land Officers' Children and Widows not entitled to Pensions.			
	442,262	13	5	Barrack Department in <i>Ireland</i> .			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1806.
	490,373	7	4	for the Constabulary and Extra Force of the Cavalry in <i>Ireland</i> .			
	579,086	0	0	Barrack Department in <i>Great Britain</i> .			For the Year 1805.
	862,14	4	7	Public Expenditure of Comptroller General's Office.			
	615,000	0	0	Probable extraordinary Expenditure ditto.			From 25th Dec. 1805, to 24th Dec. 1807.
	147,179	15	8	Extraordinary Expenses of the Army.			
	1,350,000	0	0	Extraordinary Services of the Army in <i>Great Britain</i> .			For the Year 1805.
	500,000	0	0	Ditto in <i>Ireland</i> .			
XXX.	2,601,870	10	9	For Ordnance Office for Land Service for <i>Great Britain</i> .			For the Year 1805.
	216,649	12	0	Ditto not provided for			
	452,728	15	11	for Ordnance Office in <i>Ireland</i> .			For the Year 1805.
	121,482	13	1	Ditto not provided for			
XV.	10,500,000	0	0	To discharge out-standing Exchange Bills under 47 G. 3. c. 1. s. 2.			For the Year 1805.
XVI.	5,000,000	0	0	Ditto issued for the Service of 1807.			

§ XVII.	4,300,000	0 0	To discharge Exchequer Bills issued for the Service of 1807, under 47 G. 3. <i>St. 2. c. 6.</i>
XVIII.	1,500,000	0 3	Doitto under 47 G. 3. <i>St. 2. c. 7.</i>
XIX.	4,084,300	0 0	Doitto <i>St. 2. c. 7.</i>
XX.	27,288	8 11	To make good Money issued by Authority of the House of Commons.
XXI.	Civil Establishments, <i>viz.</i>		
	16,310	0 0	<i>Serra Leone.</i>
	13,184	4 1/2	<i>New South Wales.</i>
	800	0 0	<i>Banacha.</i>
	4,030	0 0	<i>Seymour Islands.</i>
	3,700	0 0	<i>Robson Islands.</i>
	1,085	0 0	<i>Newfoundland.</i>
	3,050	0 0	<i>Cape Breton.</i>
	3,100	0 0	<i>Prince Edward Island.</i>
	20,307	0 0	<i>New Scotia.</i>
	5,500	0 0	<i>New Brunswick.</i>
	8,430	0 0	<i>Upper Canada.</i>
	33,000	0 0	For <i>British</i> Forts on Coasts of <i>Africa.</i>
XXII.	21,513	17 4	Royal Military College.
	19,000	9 2	Royal Military Asylums, <i>Chelms.</i>
	73,577	1 1	Discharging 5 per Cent. Annuities, under 37 G. 3. <i>c. 10.</i>
	80,103	16 8	Doitto, under 48 G. 3. <i>c. 8.</i>
	5,000	0 0	Fine on passing publick Accounts.
	12,000	0 0	Publick Office <i>Drawings.</i>
	7,548	0 0	Superintendance of <i>Alms.</i>
	4,596	0 0	Deficiency for printing Votes, Bills, &c. House of Commons in 1807.
146,645	17 1		<i>French Clergy, Teachers, Dutch, and German</i> } For the Year 1808. <i>Seigniors, and American Loyalists.</i>
	2,337	5 7	Deficiency of Grant for ditto for the Year 1807.
1,400,000	0 0		Interest on Exchequer Bills paid off in 1808.
	1,309	4 0	Thomas Paine Office for Plan of Security for Shipping.
	6,545	10 0	Howe Purchase raised the Metropolitan, to 10th October 1807.
	19	13 0	Mathematical Instruments for <i>New South Wales.</i>
	5,500	0 0	Repairs, &c. at the Audit Office in the <i>Asiatick.</i>
	348	11 0	For Services in investigating Debts of the Prince of Wales.
	5,557	6 0	Bounty on <i>British</i> American Fish imported into <i>West India</i> Islands.
	219	14 0	Deputy Sergeant at Arms to House of Commons for House in <i>Mid-</i> <i>January</i> 1807.
	356	11 0	For Trouble relating to the Act for enforcing the Residence of Clergy.
	247	8 0	For Index to Journals of the Peers.
	1,523	0 0	Serjeant at Arms to the House of Lords for Services during 1807.
	2,658	0 0	Cherries of Commission of House of Lords for the Year 1807.
	127	0 6	Extra Expenses respecting the Non-residence of Clergy.
	1,250	16 0	Expenses of Commissioners of Military Inquiry under 45 G. 3. <i>c. 47.</i>
	664	9 0	Removal of Monuments in <i>Westminster Abbey.</i>
	82	11 6	Reimbursements of Fees on <i>American Loyalist</i> Green.
	344	14 7	Stationary for <i>New South Wales.</i>
	8,175	3 0	Bills drawn from <i>New South Wales</i> for the Year 1808.
	454	17 0	Publishing Average Price of Brown Sugar.
	105	17 6	For Fish imported into <i>St. Vincent's</i> from <i>Newfoundland.</i>
	1,325	5 6	Printing Tables of Plan of Finance in 1807.
	3,216	10 0	For presenting Deficiencies in the Interior of <i>Africa.</i>
	1,085	4 0	Doitto.
	5,134	4 1/2	Salary to Comptroller for the Affairs of <i>Trinidad</i> from the 22d Day of <i>July</i> 1805 to the 14th Day of <i>February</i> 1808.
	6,700	18 2 1/2	Arrears of Salary to First Comptroller for ditto.
	9,211	12 10	Arrears of Salary to Surveyor General of <i>Trinidad</i> from 31st <i>January</i> 1806 to 31st <i>August</i> 1807.
	366	18 0	For Amusement of Jentry Officers of the House of Commons on publick Commissions.
	761	10 0	(Count) as Chairman of House of Lords for 1807.
	63,303	6 0	For the Royal Military Canal.
	48,250	0 0	Convent at Home.
	8,134	4 5	For Stationary for Exchequer.
	31,300	0 0	Printing and Stationary for both Houses of Parliament.
	5,016	6 1	For Deficiency of Grant for ditto, for the Year 1807.
	4,459	14 2	For Printing by Order of Commissioners of publick Records.

21,700	0	0	For Printing Votes, Bills, &c. of House of Commons during Session 48 G. 3.	
1,369	0	4	For Printing Vol. 35. of the Journals of the Peers.	
5,000	0	0	Naval Asylum.	
14,420	0	0	To discharge Bills from South Wales.	
10,250	14	0	For Roads and Bridges in Highroads of Scotland, under 45 G. 3. c. 80.	} For the Year 1808.
5,091	19	0	For printing Vol. 60 of the Journals of the Commons.	
20,000	0	0	For Law Clerks.	
25,068	6	3	For purchasing Buildings and Grounds in and near Palace Yard, under 44, 45, and 46 G. 3. (See 46 G. 3. c. 89.)	
5,000	0	0	To assist the Linnen Company.	
1,000	0	0	For repairing Henry VII.'s Chapel, Westminster Abbey.	
68,567	10	0	For Secret Services for 1808.	
9,547	14	7	For re-printing Journals, &c. of the Commons for 1808.	
54,000	0	0	For Expenses in building a new Mast on Tower Hill, for 1808.	
1,913	12	4	Salaries, &c. to Officers of both Houses of Parliament, for Session 1808.	
6,000	0	0	Bounties for Fish brought to London and Westminster, for 1808.	
51,420	14	0	Island Navigation from the Eastern to the Western Sea, by <i>Liverpool and Port William</i> , for 1808.	
11,100	0	0	Work done at the House of Parliament.	} For 1808.
2,660	0	0	Works at the House of the Speaker.	
7,000	0	0	Extra Commissions of the Three Secretaries of State.	
9,000	0	0	Extra Messengers to Dublin.	
4,908	6	4	Professions relating to the Coin.	
1,518	5	4	The Masters of the <i>Parish Churches</i> , &c.	} For the Year 1808.
10,000	0	0	Relief of the Suffering Clergy and Lady of France.	
3,000	0	0	Board of Agriculture.	
1,000	0	0	Veterinary College.	
1,770,000	0	0	To the <i>East India Company</i> on account of their Expenses incurred in the publick Service.	
14,000	0	0	To the Commissioners on American Claims, under 45 G. 3. c. 29.	
21,000	0	0	Further Allowance to Commissioners of Military Inquiry.	
75,270	12	0	Purchase of Buildings in Palace Yard.	
6,750	0	10	<i>British Museum</i> , for general Purposes.	
50,000	0	0	For Relief of Sufferers by Fire at <i>Rythes</i> , in 1805.	
5,000	0	0	Repairing the Harbour at <i>Maryport</i> .	
10,000	0	0	Improving the Harbour at <i>Weymouth</i> .	
9,159	4	0	Protestant Dissenting Ministers in <i>England and Jersey</i> , and <i>French Refugees</i> .	} For the Year 1808.
494	0	0	Assessory to the late Duchess of <i>Gloucester</i> to her Death.	
25,000	0	0	Further for the Naval Asylum.	} For the Year 1808.
10,000	0	0	Erecting the Military College at <i>Sandhurst</i> .	
10,000	0	0	To Lord <i>Falshar's</i> Representatives for Loss of Property in <i>Virginia</i> .	
5,000	0	0	Military Roads in <i>North Britain</i> for the Year 1808.	
1808 January.				
XXIII.	2,340	0	Accountant General for preparing publick Accounts for Session 1808.	
	240	0	His Deputy.	
	200	0	Examiner of Corn Bounties.	
	500	0	Inspector General of Imports and Exports preparing Accounts.	} In Ireland, { To 5th Jan. 1808.
	400	0	His first Clerk for extra Trouble.	
	200	0	Examiner of Excise preparing Accounts.	
	150	0	His Assistant.	
	200	0	Clerk in Auditors of Exchequer Office preparing Accounts.	
XXIV.	25,000	0	Civil Buildings.	
	1,200	0	Printing, &c. 250 Copies of the Acts 48 G. 3.	
	22,208	0	Printing and Disbursements for Secretaries' Office and other publick Offices in Dublin Castle.	} In Ireland, { From 5th Jan. 1808, to 5th Jan. 1809.
	1,500	0	Apprehending publick Offenders.	
	9,429	18	Non-conforming Ministers.	
	1,247	10	Expense of <i>Partique</i> in Dublin Port.	
	740	0	Clothing <i>Battle-axe Guards</i> for 18 Months from 18 Dec. 1808.	
	10,000	0	Building a <i>Pier</i> at the North Side of <i>Hexach</i> .	
	1,450	1 3/4	To refund the like Sum paid into the Chief Secretary's Office for Wool Licences since 5th Jan. 1801.	

and except
the said
Duties

payable before or upon the said Tenth Day of October, and unless an error or omission after that Day; and also late and except to such and such Parts as shall remain to be paid of any Duties, subject of Legations, given by way of Assurances, or so that the Value thereof cannot be ascertained at once, when Part of such Duties shall have been paid or have become payable before or upon the said Tenth Day of October, all which Duties to be in arrears, or remaining to be paid as aforesaid, shall be recoverable by the same Ways and Means, and with such and the same Process, and in such and the same Manner, in all Respects, as if this Act had not been made, except in far as any Provision is herein made, to the contrary.

New Duties
granted, as
specified in the
Schedule
annexed, in or
with this Act

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October one thousand eight hundred and eight, there shall be raised, levied, and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and throughout the whole of Great Britain, for and as respect of the several Inhabitations, Messuages, and Things mentioned and defined in the Schedule hereto annexed (except their Landing under the Head of Exemption), or for and as respect of the Vellens, Parchment, or Paper, upon which such Instruments, Messuages, or Things shall be written or printed, the several Duties or Taxes of Money hereinafter in Figures against the same respectively, or otherwise specified and set forth, in the said Schedule; and in or of the Provision, Regulations, and Directions therein, as contained, with respect to the said Duties, and the Instruments, Messuages, and Things charged therewith, shall be observed and taken to be Part of this Act, and shall be observed and enforced accordingly; and that such and the like Duties or Allowances shall be made or allowed, in respect of the Duties hereby granted, as we now authorized by Law to be made or allowed, in respect of the Duties hereby repealed, as far as the same shall be applicable.

The new Duties
shall be for the Use
Management of
the Land
Revenue of Messuages,
who shall be called
proper Stamp
Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby granted shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Year being, appointed and authorized by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to manage the Duties on stamped Vellens, Parchment, and Paper; which said Commissioners, and the major Part of them, are hereby empowered and required to provide proper and sufficient Stamps or Dies, for engraving and cutting the several Duties hereby granted, upon the Vellens, Parchment, or Paper chargeable therewith; and to alter and renew the same from Time to Time, as Occasion shall require; and also to employ such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Acts and Things as shall be thought necessary or expedient, for effectually raising and collecting the Duties hereby granted, and for putting the same into execution, in the like and in so full and ample Manner, as they or any former Commissioners are or have been authorized to do, for the raising and collecting of any former Stamp Duties, or for putting into execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

The Com-
missioners for the
said Stamp
Duties shall be
appointed and
authorized to
employ such
Officers and
Persons as shall
be thought
necessary

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to use any of the Stamps or Dies heretofore provided to create any former Stamp Duties, for the Purpose of stamping and cutting any of the Duties hereby granted of the same Amount; and also to use Two or more Stamps, for creating the Amount of any one Duty hereby granted, an Occasion may require, until a single Stamp shall be provided for that Purpose; and that all Instruments which have been or shall be stamped with Two or more Stamps, for creating the Amount of any single Duty charged or chargeable thereon, shall be as valid as if the same had been stamped with a single Stamp for creating such Duty; but no Stamp, appropriated to create the Duty charged on any particular Instrument, and bearing the Name of such Instrument on the Face thereof, shall be used for creating any other Duty of the same Amount, or, if so used, the same shall be of no Avail.

44 Paper, &c. stamped with the former Duties, may be used for Instruments, charged with new Duties of the same Amount, except where a specific Stamp is required. 45 Stamped Paper, &c. rendered useless by 46 this or any former Act, may be exchanged, or have additional Stamps, under this Act, within Twelve 47 Months from the said Tenth Day of October 1808. (6.)

Printing of
Stamps, &c.
Printed, without
Charge.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Stamp or Die which shall be provided, made, or used in pursuance of this Act, or any Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made, or used, in pursuance of any former Act or Acts, relating to any Stamp Duty or Duties, or shall forge, counterfeit, or make, or make or procure to be forged, counterfeited, or so falsified, the Impression of any such Stamp or Die, or shall use, upon any Vellens, Parchment, or Paper, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties hereby granted; or if any Person or Persons shall sign, or fill, or make or fill, or use Vellens, Parchment, or Paper, having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeit Stamp or Die, or any such forged, counterfeit, or so falsified Impression as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged, counterfeited, or so falsified; or if any Person or Persons shall purchase, and receive, or use any Stamp or Die, by this or any former Act defined or allowed to be used for creating any of the Duties granted by this or any former Act, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties then every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death, as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

48 Persons and Possessors of former Acts shall be put in Execution with regard to the Duties under this 49 Act. (7.)

Provision
of the
Agreements

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions and Regulations of former Acts relating to Agreements shall be applied only to the Agreement now made, to be charged with a Duty of Six Pence Halfpenny; and that the Agreement hereby charged with a Duty of One Pound and Ten Shillings, shall be subject and liable to the same Provisions and Regulations as aforesaid, in so far as they shall be applicable; and that all Agreements for granting London Tacks, which have been or shall be stamped with the Duty, for the Time being payable in respect of such Leases or Tacks, shall be as valid as if the same had been stamped with the proper Agreement Stamp; and that all other Agreements hereby charged with a Duty of Sixteen Shillings shall be valid, if stamped with a Duty of One Pound Ten Shillings.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person shall have become bound to become a Clerk, or an Under-Deputy as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Circuit Courts of Chichester, Exeter, and Durham, or in any other Court of Record in England, by Articles of Clerkship duly stamped, according to the Laws in force at the Time and Execution thereof, and shall, after the passing of this Act, in consequence of the Death of his Master, or from any other Cause, fall in arrears or dependent to some other Article of Clerkship, for a new Term of Years, for the same Purpose, such new Article of Clerkship shall be chargeable only with a Duty of One Pound and Two Shillings, and the Contract or Discharge thereof with the like Duty; any Thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make, sign, or issue, or cause to be made, signed, or issued, or shall accept or pay, or cause or permit to be accepted or paid, any Bill of Exchange, Draft, or Order, or Promissory Note, for the Payment of Money, liable to any of the Duties imposed by this Act, without the same being duly stamped for discharging the Duty hereby charged thereon, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And, for the more effectually preventing of Frauds and Evasions of the Duties now payable, or hereby granted, on Bills of Exchange, Drafts, or Orders for the Payment of Money, under colour of the Exemption in Favour of Death, or Orders upon Bankers, or Persons acting as Bankers, contained in the Schedule (A.) annexed to the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or in the schedule hereunto annexed: be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the Expiration of One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act, make and issue, or cause to be made and issued, any Bill, Draft, or Order for the Payment of Money, to the Bearer on Demand, upon any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker or Bankers, which shall be dated on any Day subsequent to the Day on which it shall be issued, or which shall not truly specify and express the Place where it shall be issued, or which shall not in every Respect fall within the said Exemption, unless the same shall be duly stamped as a Bill of Exchange, according to the Law in force when the same shall be issued, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Person or Persons shall knowingly receive or take any such Bill, Draft, or Order, in Payment of or as a Security, for the sum therein mentioned, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker, upon whom any such Bill, Draft, or Order shall be drawn, shall pay, or cause or permit to be paid, the Sum of Money therein expressed, or any Part thereof, knowing the same to be so-dated, or knowing that the Place where it was issued is not truly specified and set forth therein, or knowing that the same does not, in any other Respect, fall within the said Exemption, then the Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons, so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and moreover shall not be allowed the Money so paid, or any Part thereof, in account against the Person or Persons, by or for whom such Bill, Draft, or Order shall be drawn, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, or his, her, or their Assignees or Creditors, in case of Bankruptcy or Insolvency, or any other Person or Persons claiming under him, her, or them.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, it shall be lawful for any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons, who shall have made and issued any Promissory Notes, for the Payment to the Bearer on demand of any Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings each, duly stamped according to the Direction of this Act, to receive the same from Time to Time after Payment thereof, as often as he, she, or they shall think fit, without being liable to pay any further Duty in respect thereof; and it shall also be lawful for any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, who shall have made and issued any Promissory Notes for the Payment to the Bearer on demand of any Sum of Money exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, and not exceeding One hundred Pounds each, duly stamped according to the Direction of this Act, from Time to Time after the Payment thereof, and within the Term of Three Years from the Date thereof, but not afterwards, to re-discount the said Promissory Notes, until or being liable to pay any further Duty in respect thereof; and that all Persons who shall receive the Return to the Bearer on demand, of any Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, which shall have been actually and lawfully issued and in Circulation before or upon the first Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, duly stamped according to the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall be then re-discounted within the Term and Meaning of that said Act, shall, in the same shall here be done or upon the Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, continue to be re-discounted until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof respectively, but not afterwards, in such and the same Manner as if this Act had not been made; and if the same shall here be done on the said Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, then the same shall continue to be re-discounted until the Tenth-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine inclusive, but not more than; and all Promissory Notes, for the Payment to the Bearer on demand of any Sum of Money exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, which shall have been actually and lawfully issued and in Circulation before or upon the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, duly stamped according to the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall be then re-discounted within the Term and Meaning of that said Act, shall continue re-discounted until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof respectively, but not afterwards, in such and the same Manner as if this Act had not been made; and every such Promissory Note, hereby allowed to be re-issued, after the Payment thereof, shall from Time to Time, after the re-issuing of the same, be as good and valid, and as available in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as it was upon the first issuing, and before any Payment thereof; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall at any Time after the said Tenth Day of October, draw or cause

Sealed Copies of Clerkship to Accounts charged with 11. 25s. only.

Penalty on Persons who draw Bills or Notes not duly stamped, 101.

Penalty for drawing Bills or Orders not duly stamped, or without mentioning the Place where drawn, with or without stamp, under colour of the Exemption of Bankers' Cheques, 102.

Penalty for receiving or paying such Bills or Orders, 103. 4s.

Penalty for re-receiving or re-paying such Bills or Orders, 104.

Notes given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, who shall have made and issued any Promissory Notes, for the Payment to the Bearer on demand of any Sum of Money exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, and not exceeding One hundred Pounds each, duly stamped according to the Direction of this Act, from Time to Time after the Payment thereof, and within the Term of Three Years from the Date thereof, but not afterwards, to re-discount the said Promissory Notes, until or being liable to pay any further Duty in respect thereof; and that all Persons who shall receive the Return to the Bearer on demand, of any Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, which shall have been actually and lawfully issued and in Circulation before or upon the first Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, duly stamped according to the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall be then re-discounted within the Term and Meaning of that said Act, shall, in the same shall here be done or upon the Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, continue to be re-discounted until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof respectively, but not afterwards, in such and the same Manner as if this Act had not been made; and if the same shall here be done on the said Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eight, then the same shall continue to be re-discounted until the Tenth-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine inclusive, but not more than; and all Promissory Notes, for the Payment to the Bearer on demand of any Sum of Money exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, which shall have been actually and lawfully issued and in Circulation before or upon the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, duly stamped according to the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall be then re-discounted within the Term and Meaning of that said Act, shall continue re-discounted until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof respectively, but not afterwards, in such and the same Manner as if this Act had not been made; and every such Promissory Note, hereby allowed to be re-issued, after the Payment thereof, shall from Time to Time, after the re-issuing of the same, be as good and valid, and as available in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as it was upon the first issuing, and before any Payment thereof; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall at any Time after the said Tenth Day of October, draw or cause

Penalty on Persons who draw Bills or Notes not duly stamped, 101.

Penalty for drawing Bills or Orders not duly stamped, or without mentioning the Place where drawn, with or without stamp, under colour of the Exemption of Bankers' Cheques, 102.

Penalty for receiving or paying such Bills or Orders, 103. 4s.

Penalty for re-receiving or re-paying such Bills or Orders, 104.

at length, it is upon the principal or only Deed or Instrument, whereby the Land or other Thing sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, devised, assigned, or otherwise conveyed to, or sold in, the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, by his, her, or their Direction; and also where, upon the Sale of any Assize, Eminent Domain, or other Right, not before in Existence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warrant of Attorney, Covenant, Condition, or other Security, the said Purchase or Consideration Money, which shall be directly or indirectly paid, or secured or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length, in or upon the said Deed or other Instrument or Instruments, by which the same shall be secured; and it is, in any of the said Cases, the said Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed and set forth in the Manner hereby directed, the Purchaser or Purchasers, and also the Seller or Sellers, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall also be adjudged chargeable with, and be liable to the, the Payment of Five Times the Amount of the Fine of that, which would have been payable for such Deed, Bond, or other Instrument as aforesaid, in respect of the said Purchase or Consideration Money, as if the same had been truly expressed and set forth in or upon the said Deed, inasmuch as the Director of the said and the Receiver of the said duties, besides the Amount of the Duty actually paid for the same; which Quotaledge Duty shall be demand and take, to be liable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of the Party or Parties respectively hereby made liable to pay the same, and shall and may be sued for and recovered accordingly.

Where the
4 in the
5 in the
6 in the
7 in the
8 in the
9 in the
10 in the
11 in the
12 in the
13 in the
14 in the
15 in the
16 in the
17 in the
18 in the
19 in the
20 in the
21 in the
22 in the
23 in the
24 in the
25 in the
26 in the
27 in the
28 in the
29 in the
30 in the
31 in the
32 in the
33 in the
34 in the
35 in the
36 in the
37 in the
38 in the
39 in the
40 in the
41 in the
42 in the
43 in the
44 in the
45 in the
46 in the
47 in the
48 in the
49 in the
50 in the
51 in the
52 in the
53 in the
54 in the
55 in the
56 in the
57 in the
58 in the
59 in the
60 in the
61 in the
62 in the
63 in the
64 in the
65 in the
66 in the
67 in the
68 in the
69 in the
70 in the
71 in the
72 in the
73 in the
74 in the
75 in the
76 in the
77 in the
78 in the
79 in the
80 in the
81 in the
82 in the
83 in the
84 in the
85 in the
86 in the
87 in the
88 in the
89 in the
90 in the
91 in the
92 in the
93 in the
94 in the
95 in the
96 in the
97 in the
98 in the
99 in the
100 in the

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any or either of the Parties hereby made liable to the Payment of such Penalty as is therein directed, shall give Information to the Commissioners of Stamps, whereby such Penalty, or Quotaledge Duty, or any Part thereof, shall be recovered from any other Party or Parties liable thereto, the Party or Parties giving the Information shall not only be indemnified and discharged of such Tax, Duty, or those Liabilities, but shall also be rewarded by the Commissioners of Stamps, out of the Penalty or Quotaledge Duty so recovered, in such Extent as the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them shall think proper, but not exceeding One-half of what shall be so recovered; and where any other Person shall give Information, whereby any such Penalty or Quotaledge Duty shall be recovered, he or she shall be rewarded in the like Manner.

Where the
4 in the
5 in the
6 in the
7 in the
8 in the
9 in the
10 in the
11 in the
12 in the
13 in the
14 in the
15 in the
16 in the
17 in the
18 in the
19 in the
20 in the
21 in the
22 in the
23 in the
24 in the
25 in the
26 in the
27 in the
28 in the
29 in the
30 in the
31 in the
32 in the
33 in the
34 in the
35 in the
36 in the
37 in the
38 in the
39 in the
40 in the
41 in the
42 in the
43 in the
44 in the
45 in the
46 in the
47 in the
48 in the
49 in the
50 in the
51 in the
52 in the
53 in the
54 in the
55 in the
56 in the
57 in the
58 in the
59 in the
60 in the
61 in the
62 in the
63 in the
64 in the
65 in the
66 in the
67 in the
68 in the
69 in the
70 in the
71 in the
72 in the
73 in the
74 in the
75 in the
76 in the
77 in the
78 in the
79 in the
80 in the
81 in the
82 in the
83 in the
84 in the
85 in the
86 in the
87 in the
88 in the
89 in the
90 in the
91 in the
92 in the
93 in the
94 in the
95 in the
96 in the
97 in the
98 in the
99 in the
100 in the

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That where the said Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed and set forth, in the Manner hereby directed, it shall be lawful for the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any of them, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, to receive back from the Seller or Sellers, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, in such and such Part of the Purchase or Consideration Money as shall not be expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or the Whole thereof, if no Part of the same shall be so expressed and set forth, either in an Action for Money had and received, for the Use of the Party or Parties suing for the same, or by Action of Debt, Bill Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wheresoever an Affidavit, Prothon, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlayce shall be allowed, or by ordinary Action or Summary Complaint in the Court of Session, or in the Sheriff or Stewart Court of the Shire or Stewartry, where the Person or Persons sued or complained of shall reside in Scotland, as the Case may require, together with Double Coils of Sells.

Where the
4 in the
5 in the
6 in the
7 in the
8 in the
9 in the
10 in the
11 in the
12 in the
13 in the
14 in the
15 in the
16 in the
17 in the
18 in the
19 in the
20 in the
21 in the
22 in the
23 in the
24 in the
25 in the
26 in the
27 in the
28 in the
29 in the
30 in the
31 in the
32 in the
33 in the
34 in the
35 in the
36 in the
37 in the
38 in the
39 in the
40 in the
41 in the
42 in the
43 in the
44 in the
45 in the
46 in the
47 in the
48 in the
49 in the
50 in the
51 in the
52 in the
53 in the
54 in the
55 in the
56 in the
57 in the
58 in the
59 in the
60 in the
61 in the
62 in the
63 in the
64 in the
65 in the
66 in the
67 in the
68 in the
69 in the
70 in the
71 in the
72 in the
73 in the
74 in the
75 in the
76 in the
77 in the
78 in the
79 in the
80 in the
81 in the
82 in the
83 in the
84 in the
85 in the
86 in the
87 in the
88 in the
89 in the
90 in the
91 in the
92 in the
93 in the
94 in the
95 in the
96 in the
97 in the
98 in the
99 in the
100 in the

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Attorney, Solicitor, Writer to the Signet, or other Person, who shall be employed in or about the preparing of any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, in or upon which the said Purchase or Consideration Money is hereby required to be truly expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or who shall be employed for any of the Parties therein, in anywise about or relating to the Transaction therein mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully insert or set forth, or cause to be inserted or set forth in or upon any such Deed, Bond, or other Instrument, any other than the full and true Purchase or Consideration Money directly or indirectly paid, or secured or agreed to be paid for the same, or shall in anywise add or omit in the doing thereof respectively, every such Attorney, Solicitor, Writer to the Signet, or other Person is offending, shall, saveonly such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and every Attorney, Solicitor, and Writer to the Signet so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall also be from three hundred Pounds to prepare any such Deed, or other Instrument, in virtue of any Public Office or Employment, and being guilty of such Offence in the Execution of his Office or Employment, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall also forfeit and lose his Office or Employment and be from the same forth incapable of holding the same.

Where the
4 in the
5 in the
6 in the
7 in the
8 in the
9 in the
10 in the
11 in the
12 in the
13 in the
14 in the
15 in the
16 in the
17 in the
18 in the
19 in the
20 in the
21 in the
22 in the
23 in the
24 in the
25 in the
26 in the
27 in the
28 in the
29 in the
30 in the
31 in the
32 in the
33 in the
34 in the
35 in the
36 in the
37 in the
38 in the
39 in the
40 in the
41 in the
42 in the
43 in the
44 in the
45 in the
46 in the
47 in the
48 in the
49 in the
50 in the
51 in the
52 in the
53 in the
54 in the
55 in the
56 in the
57 in the
58 in the
59 in the
60 in the
61 in the
62 in the
63 in the
64 in the
65 in the
66 in the
67 in the
68 in the
69 in the
70 in the
71 in the
72 in the
73 in the
74 in the
75 in the
76 in the
77 in the
78 in the
79 in the
80 in the
81 in the
82 in the
83 in the
84 in the
85 in the
86 in the
87 in the
88 in the
89 in the
90 in the
91 in the
92 in the
93 in the
94 in the
95 in the
96 in the
97 in the
98 in the
99 in the
100 in the

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Party, Attorney, Solicitor, Writer to the Signet, or other Person whatsoever, shall be liable in any Penalty, Disability, or Forfeiture whatsoever, by reason of the said Purchase or Consideration Money not being truly expressed and set forth in or upon any such Deed, Bond, or other Instrument as aforesaid, unless the Duty or Duties actually paid for the same, shall be less than would have been payable for the same, in case the said Purchase or Consideration Money had been truly expressed and set forth according to the Direction of this Act.

Where the
4 in the
5 in the
6 in the
7 in the
8 in the
9 in the
10 in the
11 in the
12 in the
13 in the
14 in the
15 in the
16 in the
17 in the
18 in the
19 in the
20 in the
21 in the
22 in the
23 in the
24 in the
25 in the
26 in the
27 in the
28 in the
29 in the
30 in the
31 in the
32 in the
33 in the
34 in the
35 in the
36 in the
37 in the
38 in the
39 in the
40 in the
41 in the
42 in the
43 in the
44 in the
45 in the
46 in the
47 in the
48 in the
49 in the
50 in the
51 in the
52 in the
53 in the
54 in the
55 in the
56 in the
57 in the
58 in the
59 in the
60 in the
61 in the
62 in the
63 in the
64 in the
65 in the
66 in the
67 in the
68 in the
69 in the
70 in the
71 in the
72 in the
73 in the
74 in the
75 in the
76 in the
77 in the
78 in the
79 in the
80 in the
81 in the
82 in the
83 in the
84 in the
85 in the
86 in the
87 in the
88 in the
89 in the
90 in the
91 in the
92 in the
93 in the
94 in the
95 in the
96 in the
97 in the
98 in the
99 in the
100 in the

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, where, upon the Sale of any Estate of Inheritance or Freehold in any Lands or Mercantile in England, the same shall be covered by Bargain and Sale sealed, and also by Lease and Release or Feoffment, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, and they are hereby required, on the Production of such Conveyances, and on Proof, to their Satisfaction, that the said Purchase or Consideration Money is truly expressed and set forth therein, in the Manner hereby directed, and on so appearing, that the Release or Feoffment is stamped with the said ordinary Duty hereby charged thereon, and that the Bargain and Sale is stamped with the ordinary Duty hereby charged thereon, to cause the Deed of Bargain and Sale to be also stamped with some particular Stamp, for affixing the Payment of the said ordinary Duty on the Release or Feoffment; and also where, upon the Sale of any such Estate of Inheritance or Freehold, the same shall be covered by Lease and Release, and also by Feoffment, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners,

and they are hereby required, on the Production of such Surrender, and on Proof of such Surrender that the said Purchase or Consideration Money is truly expended and set forth therein, as is herein expressly directed, and on its appearing that the Release is stamped with the said various Duty, License, or other Taxes, and that the Profits are stamped with the ordinary Duty hereby charged thereon, to bring the said Instrument to be sold stamped with some particular Stamp for testifying the Payment of the said several Duties on the Release; and whenever the Bargain and Sale is the former Case, and the Profits are in the latter Case, shall be as available in Law, and of the like Force and Effect, as all Releases, as if the same had been stamped with the said various Duty itself, but until the same shall be so stamped as aforesaid, the same shall not be given in Evidence, or be available in any Manner whatsoever.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or any Clerk of the Peace, or other Person intrusted to seal Deeds of Bargain and Sale of Lands or Estates of Freehold in England, shall seal any Deed of Bargain and Sale, made after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, whereby any Freehold Lands or Hereditaments shall be given to any Purchaser or Purchasers, or other Person or Persons, by his, her, or their Direction, unless such Deed of Bargain and Sale shall appear to be stamped with the proper and various Duty, hereby charged on Conveyances upon the Sale of Lands or other Property, according to the Assent of the Purchaser or Consideration Money therein expressed, or with such particular Stamp as aforesaid, for testifying the Payment of the said several Duties on a Deed of Release or Surrender, of the said Lands or Hereditaments, every such Officer or Clerk of the Peace, or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

“ Conveyance of Property, contracted to be held before 12th April 1808, exempted from the said various Duty”
 “ though executed after 10th October 1808. j. 29.”

XXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, where any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments shall be proposed to be surrendered in Court, the Person or Persons, proposing to surrender the same, shall deliver to the Steward of the Manor or Honour, whereof such Lands or Hereditaments shall be holden, a Note in writing, stating whether the Surrender proposed is upon a Sale or not upon a Sale, and in the former Case specifying the Assent of the Purchaser or Consideration Money agreed upon for such Lands or Hereditaments, to the Intent that the same may be returned and set forth, in Words at length, in or upon the Copy of Court Roll, to be afterwards made out of such Surrender, pursuant to the Directions of this Act; and such Note in writing shall be delivered, the Lord or Lady, or Steward, of the Manor, or Honour, shall not accept or take the proposed Surrender, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and where the proposed Surrender shall be upon a Sale, if the Steward shall neglect to insert the said Purchase or Consideration Money, in or upon the Copy of Court Roll, to be afterwards made out of such Surrender, in Words at length, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if upon the Sale of any such Lands or Hereditaments, any Person or Persons shall in the Note to be delivered as aforesaid, sign the proposed Surrender to be not upon a Sale, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, in fact the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of October, where any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments shall be intended to be conveyed to any Person or Persons (either upon the Sale or Mortgage thereof, or otherwise) by means of a bargain made out of Court, or by a Deed of Bargain and Sale, or other Deed, by Conveyancers named in a Commission of Bankrupts, or by Executors or others, by virtue of a Power given by Will or by Act of Parliament, the Lord or Lady or Steward of the Manor or Honour, whereof such Lands or Hereditaments shall be Parcel or be holden, shall not receive any such Surrender or Deed, or accept any Profits at thereof, or admit any Person to be Tenant of such Lands or Hereditaments, under or by virtue of the same respectively, unless such Deed or Surrender, or the Memorandum of such Surrender, shall be stamped with the Duty hereby charged thereon respectively, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Lord or Lady, or Steward of any Manor or Honour, shall after the said Tenth Day of October, accept or take any Surrender, or admit any Person Tenant of any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments, out of Court, or make any voluntary Grant of any such Lands or Hereditaments, out of Court, or grant any Licence to do any such Lands or Hereditaments, out of Court, without causing the same, or some Memorandum there of respectively, to be put in Writing on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, duly stamped with the proper Duty hereby charged thereon respectively, then and in every such Case, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of Surrenders, Admissions, and voluntary Grants, of Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments, and in all Cases of Licences to do any such Lands or Hereditaments, which shall be taken, made or granted in Court, after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Steward of the Manor or Honour whereof such Lands or Hereditaments shall be Parcel or be holden, shall make out a Copy of Court Roll of every such Surrender, Admission, voluntary Grant, and Licence to do any such Lands or Hereditaments, and shall stamp according to the Directions of this Act, within Four Calendar Months next after the Surrender, Admission, voluntary Grant, or Licence, shall be made or granted, and shall deliver the same to the Party or Parties entitled thereto, or any other Person authorized to receive the same, whenever the same shall be called for, after the Expiration of such Four Calendar Months; and if the same shall not be called for, then the Steward shall deliver the same to the Bailiff of the Manor or Honour, or to the Clerk of the Court, or to some Copyholder or Customary Tenant of the Manor or Honour, for the Use of the Party or Parties entitled thereto, at the next General Court to be holden for the said Manor or Honour; and if any such Steward shall neglect to make out and deliver such Copy or Copies of Court Roll, in the Manner and within the Time aforesaid, he shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Surrender, Admission, voluntary Grant, and Licence so made, of which he shall neglect to make out and deliver a

Ready on Office one Year
 One Year for one
 and Nine for one
 Stamp 10s.

On Surrender
 Copyhold Lands
 in England
 or Customary
 Estates in
 this shall be
 Stamp 10s.

Ready on one
 Stamp
 Steward of
 Bailiff, see 1000.

Ready for
 Surrender
 on Office
 or Honorary
 Sale of Copy-
 hold, see 1000
 Stamp 10s.

Ready on taking
 Surrender, or
 giving Admis-
 sion, or Licence
 out of Court,
 see 1000
 Stamp 10s.

Ready on Surren-
 der of Honors
 not being
 made out
 before the
 10th October
 1808, see 1000
 Stamp 10s.

bring the additional Inventory, to demand and receive the Amount of the Stamp Duty on such former Inventory, from the Head Distributor of Stamps at Edinburgh, who shall pay the same out of any Monies in his Hands, arising from the Duties hereby charged on such Inventories as aforesaid, on a proper Receipt to be given for the same, and upon the former Inventory and Certificate being delivered to him, to be produced with the Receipt as a Voucher for such Payment.

XLI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Duty charged in the Schedule hereto annexed upon any such Inventory, to be exhibited as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be charged and payable only in respect of the Amount or Value of such Parts of the Estate and Effects therein mentioned as shall be situated in England.

XLII. And he it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Circuitary Court in Scotland, to grant Confirmation of any Testaments, testamentary or dative, or of any Letters or Effects whatsoever, of any Person dying after the Tenth Day of October, One thousand eight hundred and eight, unless the same shall be reviewed and signed in some such manner, as is exhibited and recorded as aforesaid; and it shall not be competent to any Executor or Executors, or other Persons or Persons, to ignore any Debt or other Effects, in Scotland, or of belonging to any Person dying after the said Tenth Day of October, unless the same shall have been previously registered in some such manner, exhibited and recorded as aforesaid; except the same respects any thing which is the Subject, as a Trust, for any other Person or Persons, and not beneficially; but these Provisions are not, in other Respects, to prejudice the Law of Scotland, regarding total or partial Confirmation, or the Rules of Succession there established.

“ Commissioners authorized to visit Pealties imposed before passing this Act, by Non-payment of the Duty “ on Legacies, if the Duty is Arrear shall be published here 25 January 1809. § 43 ”

XLIV. And he it further enacted, That in all Cases not provided for by the preceding Clauses, where any Receipt or Discharge given for a Legacy, or for the Rent, or any Share of the Rents, of any Personal Estate, which shall have been given by Will or other testamentary Instrument, or have devolved to any Person or Persons upon Inventory, shall be brought to the Chief Office, to be stamped after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the Date thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause the same to be duly stamped, so as to make the same available, on Payment of the Duty, which shall be payable in respect thereof, together with the Pealties annexed, as contingencies at the time not having been brought to be stamped, before the Expiration of such Three Calendar Months; and where any such Receipt or Discharge shall have been signed out of Great Britain, if the same shall be brought to be stamped, within Twenty-one Days after its being received in Great Britain, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to remit any Penalty that may have been incurred thereon, and to cause the same, to be duly stamped, on Payment of the Duty payable in respect thereof; any thing contained in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ The Duties on Admissions of Salesmen, &c. in Scotland, shall take place immediately from the passing of “ this Act.” § 45.

XLVI. And he it further enacted, That all the Monies to arise from the Duties granted by this Act, together with the Monies to arise from the Duties granted by the aforesaid Act of the Forty-fourth year of His Majesty's Reign, and remaining unexpended, and from the Duties on Licences to deal in Thread Lace, granted by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and now under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamps, shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Duties, on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, who shall from Time to Time pay the same into the Bank of England for the Use of His Majesty, pursuant to the Act in that Behalf made and provided, and shall themselves pay the same, (after deducting the Charges of raising, collecting, and accounting for the same, and all other Charges first payable thereon) to the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in one Sum, at such Times, and in such Manner, as the said Stamp Duties are by the Law in Force directed to be paid; and that the Money so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

XLVII. And he it further enacted, That from and after the tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, out of the Monies to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Three Millions one hundred and fifty-six thousand five hundred and seventy Pounds and Ten-pence, being the sum of 1808 A. next of the six next Productions of a Duty, granted by the aforesaid Acts of the Twenty-fourth and Thirty-first Years of His Majesty's reign, except the Duty on Literary Licences and Monies of the said Acts, and except the Duty on Duties on the Licences and Game Certificates, which are intended to be raised from the Management of the Game of the said Stamps by certain Acts of the said Sessions, upon an Average of Two Years, ending on the Fifth Day of January last, and of the Net Produce of the Duties on Apprentices and Licences to Apprentices, granted by the aforesaid Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for One Year, ending on the said Fifth Day of January; and which said yearly Sum shall be set apart, by a equal Part of Quarterly, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year; and there shall also be set apart, at the Exchequer, quarterly, or as soon after as the same can be done, such further Sums, as shall be equal to the Net Produce of the Duties on Licences to deal in Thread Lace, granted by the aforesaid Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, of which a separate Account shall be kept at the Stamp Office, and be transmitted to the Exchequer; and after being apart the said several Sums, the Remainder of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be deemed an Addition made to the publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Annual Charge occasioned

There is both
the value of the
the value of the
the value of the
the value of the

Confirmation of
Testaments shall
be granted only
to Effects as
declared in such
Inventory.
Executors shall
not ignore
Effects which fit
Inventories
with Property.

Commissioners
may Stamp, Dis-
charge, after Three
Months from the
Date, any
Receipt of Duty
and Discharge
of any Receipt
of any Receipt
of any Receipt

Duties shall be
paid to the Re-
ceiver General,
and by him to
the Bank of En-
gland for the
Use of His Ma-
jesty.

Apprentices
and Licences

by any Laws made, or Statute created, by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

XLVIII. And whereas by the Act for the Union of the Two Kingdoms of England and Scotland, it was declared that during the Continuance of the said Act, the Customs, Duties, Taxes, and Parliaments, by the said Act then in force in England, Scotland should not be changed throughout, and that Scotland should not be charged with any other Duties to be laid on by the Parliament of England before the Union; And whereas at the Time of passing the Act of Union, the Stamp Duties, in force in England, were those granted by an Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, First Term of Years, and continued by subsequent Acts till the First Day of August One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and granted by an Act of the Ninth Year of King William, and before the Union, the Duties granted by the Act of the Fifteenth Sixth Years of King William and Queen Mary, were continued for a further Term of Ninety-six Years, from the last Day of July One thousand seven hundred and ten, during which Period Scotland was entitled to an Exemption from the same; And whereas by an Act passed in the First Session of the Parliament of Great Britain, the said Duties, granted by the Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of King William and Queen Mary, were extended for One Year more after the Expiration of the said Ninety-six Years, and were made payable throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, and the said Duties were afterwards made perpetual by an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King George the First: So that those Duties would have been now payable in Scotland, if all the said Stamp Duties had not been repealed by the several Acts of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and other Duties granted to be charged; in which Act, Scotland is not charged equally with England, by reason of the Exemption then in force; And whereas Scotland is not being any longer entitled, under the Act of Union, to an Exemption from the Assent of the Stamp Duties, granted by the said Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of King William and Queen Mary, and it being more convenient and desirable, that one uniform Rate of Stamp Duty should be payable in England and Scotland, upon all Deeds and Instruments assented to both, the Duties upon all such Deeds and Instruments are equated in the Schedule hereto annexed; and it being reasonable, that Scotland should have some other Exemption, by way of Equivalent for the Assent of the Duties granted by the said Act of the Ninth Year of King William, the Duties now payable in Scotland upon Charters of Redemption, Instruments of Sale, and other Instruments in use there, for the completing or renewing of Titles to Lands and other heritable Subjects, are, in the said Schedule hereto annexed, reduced from Fourteen Shillings to Seven Shillings Nine, in order to preserve and secure such Equivalent to Scotland; be it further enacted and declared, That the said Duties so reduced, in Scotland, shall not at any Time hereafter be added to or increased, in any greater Degree, than the Duties of Fifteen Shillings, charged in the said Schedule hereto annexed, on Surrenders and other Instruments of or relating to Copyhold Lands in England; and that if the said last-mentioned Duties shall at any Time hereafter be reduced, the said Duties on Charters of Redemption, Instruments of Sale, and other Instruments, for the completing or renewing of Titles to Lands and heritable Subjects in Scotland, shall also be reduced to the same Degree.

And all may be altered or repealed this Session. § 45.

An Exemption granted to Scotland for additional Duties on Deeds, &c. &c. those from which Scotland was exempt by the Act of Union.

By the Duties on Charters of Redemption, &c.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE.

PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, &c. on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION, and SECURITY for Money; on DEEDS in general; and on other INSTRUMENTS, Matters and Things, not falling under either of the Two following Heads:

PART THE SECOND:

Containing the Duties on LAW PROCEEDINGS, or Proceedings in the Admiralty and Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the several Courts of Law and Equity at Westminster, and other Courts in Great Britain, and in the Offices belonging thereto, and before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, in Matters of Bankruptcy and Lunacy.

PART THE THIRD:

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION, on CONFIRMATIONS of Testaments, testamentary and dative; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Commissary Courts in Scotland; on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal, Heritable or Movable Estates; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal or Movable Estates upon Intestacy.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Advocate, in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the High Court of Admiralty, in England; or in any of the Courts of Justice in Scotland.	4. 4. 4. 40 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Where any Advocate, admitted in any Court in England, shall be admitted as an Advocate in any other Court in England; or being admitted in any Court in Scotland, shall be admitted as an Advocate in any other Court in Scotland; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty, provided he shall have paid the proper Stamp Duty on his former Admission, according to the Law then in force.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Bachelor at Law, in either of the Inns of Court in England; for the Reception or Entry thereof.	30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Attorney, Solicitor, or Proctor, in any Court in England; or as a Sworn Clerk, Side Clerk, Clerk in Court, or other Clerk or Officer, in any Court in England, whose Business and Emoluments (like those of an Attorney or Solicitor) shall depend upon his being retained and employed by Clients or Suitors, and shall therefore be wholly uncertain in Amount.	20 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Where any Person, duly admitted an Attorney in either of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in either of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Circuitus Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham, shall be also admitted in all as an Attorney in any other of the said Courts, or as any inferior Court of Law, or as a Solicitor in any Court of Equity, in England, the latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i> <i>And where any Person, duly admitted a Solicitor in the Court of Chancery or Exchequer at Westminster, or in either of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Duchy of Lancaster, or of the Circuitus Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham, shall be also admitted in all as a Solicitor in any other of the said Courts, or in any inferior Court of Equity, or as an Attorney in any Court of Law in England, the latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i> <i>Provided such Attorney or Solicitor shall have paid the proper Stamp Duty on his former Admission, according to the Law then in force.</i>	
<i>But in all Cases not expressly excepted, the said Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney, or Procurator, in any Court in Scotland; or as a Clerk or Officer in any Court in Scotland, whose Business and Emoluments (like those of a Solicitor) shall depend upon his being retained and employed by Clients or Suitors, and shall therefore be wholly uncertain in Amount.	20 0 0
<i>And where any Person shall be admitted to act as a Solicitor, or Agent, in the Court of Session, Justiciary, or Commission of Trinds in Scotland, who shall not have served as Apprenticeship for Five Years, to a Writer to the Signet, or to a Solicitor or Agent, under regular Articles or Indentments of Clerkship, or Apprenticeship, which shall have paid the Stamp Duty, payable by Law for the time at the Date thereof; his Admission shall be charged with a further Duty of</i>	
<i>And where any Person shall be admitted to act as a Procurator or Solicitor, in the High Court of Admiralty in Scotland, the Commissary Court at Edinburgh, or any inferior Court in Scotland, who shall not have served an Apprenticeship for Five Years, to a Writer to the Signet, or to a Solicitor, Agent, or Procurator, under regular Articles or Indentments of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, which shall have paid the Stamp Duty, payable by Law for the time at the Date thereof; his Admission shall be charged with a further Duty of</i>	25 0 0 25 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Where any Person, duly admitted a Writer to the Signet, or a Solicitor, Agent, or Attorney, in either of the Courts of Session, Justiciary, Exchequer, or Commission of Trinds, shall be also admitted in all in either of these Capacities in any other or where of the same Courts; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i> <i>Where any Person, duly admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in the High Court of Admiralty, or in the Commissary Court at Edinburgh, shall be also admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in the other of these Courts; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION — <i>Exemptions continued.</i>	
<i>And where any Person, duly admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in any of the inferior Courts in Scotland, shall be also admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in any other as others of the same Courts; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty:</i>	
<i>Provided in each of the foregoing Cases, the proper Stamp Duty shall have been paid, on the former Admission of such Person, according to the Law then in force.</i>	
<i>But in all Cases not expressly exempted, the said Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the like Person.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person as a Master extraordinary in Chancery, or as one of the Six Clerks, or one of the Clerks, of the Court of Chancery in England; or as a Sworn Clerk, Side Clerk, Clerk in Court or other Clerk or Officer whatsoever, in any Court or Great Office, who shall necessarily be employed to do certain official Duties, and whose Emoluments shall therefore be to be fixed and certain;	
Where the Salary, Fees, and Emoluments of the Office or Appointment shall not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> per Annum	
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	2 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	20 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 750 <i>l.</i> per Annum	30 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 750 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	40 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 2000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	75 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 3000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3000 <i>l.</i> or upwards per Annum	150 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding, if possible; and if not, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Where any Officer shall be admitted annually, every Admission after the first shall be free of Duty, provided the proper Duty shall have been paid on his first Admission.</i>	
<i>All Admissions of Officers proceeding upon any Grants or Appointments in Offices, which shall be charged with the Duties herein-after mentioned.</i>	
<i>But in all Cases not expressly exempted, the proper Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the like Person.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as Notary Publick. — See FACULTY.	
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Member of either of the Four Inns of Court in England	
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Member of either of the Societies, commonly called Inns of Chancery, in England	
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Fellow of the College of Physicians, in England or Scotland	
ADMISSION or Licence of any Person, by the College of Physicians, in England, to exercise the Faculty of Physick in the City of London and within Seven Miles thereof	
ADMISSION or Matriculation of any Person in either of the Universities in England	
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Bachelor of Arts, in either of the Universities in England, for the Register or Entry thereof,	
If conferred in the ordinary Course of the University	
If conferred by special Grace, or Royal Mandate, or by virtue of Nobility, or otherwise out of the ordinary Course	
ADMISSION of any Person to any other Degree in either of the Universities in England, for the Register or Entry thereof,	
If conferred in the ordinary Course of the University	
If conferred by special Grace, or Royal Mandate, or by virtue of Nobility or otherwise out of the ordinary Course, conferring any Right of Election in such University	
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of Doctor of Medicine, in either of the Universities, in Scotland	
Note.—The said herein-before mentioned Duties on Admissions are, in all Cases not expressly provided for, to be charged on the Instruments of Admission, delivered to the Persons admitted, by whatsoever Name the same may be called, if there be any such; or if not, on the Register, Entry, or Matriculation of each Admitted, in the Rolls, Books, or Records of the Court, College, Inn, or Society, in which the Admission shall be made; or for Want thereof, on the Return or Warrant for such Admissions.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
		s. d.
ADMISSION— <i>continued.</i>		
ADMISSION of any Person into any Corporation or Company, in any City, Borough, Town, or Town Corporation, in Great Britain; for the Register, Entry, or Memorandum thereof, in the Court Book, Roll, or Record of such Corporation or Company;		
Where the Admission shall be in respect of Birth, Apprenticeship, or Marriage		1 0 0
And where the same shall be upon any other Ground		2 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>The Admissions of Craftsmen or others entering in any Incorporation, within any Royal Burgh, Burgh of Regality, or Burgh of Barony, in Scotland, incorporated by the Magistrates and Council of such Burgh; provided such Craftsmen or others shall have been previously admitted Freemen or Burgesses of the Burgh, and have paid the proper Stamp Duty on such Admissions, according to the Laws then in force.</i>		
ADMISSION to Ecclesiastical Benefices in Scotland. See COLLEGIATE.		
ADMISSION or Admittance to Copyhold Lands. See COPYHOLD.		
AFFIDAVIT, not made for the immediate Purpose of being filed, read, or used in any Court of Law or Equity; for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment, or Vellum, on which the same shall be written or printed		0 2 6
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>Affidavits required or authorized by Law, to be made before any Justice or Justice of the Peace; or before any Commissioner or Commissioners of any public Board of Revenue, or any of the Officers acting under them; or before any other Commissioner or Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Act of Parliament.</i>		
<i>Affidavits made pursuant to the Statutes for carrying in Writs.</i>		
<i>Affidavits which may be required at the Bank of England, to prove the Death of any Proprietor of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds transferable there, or to identify the Person of any such Proprietor, or to remove any other Impediment to the Transfer of any such Stocks or Funds.</i>		
<i>Also all Affidavits relating to the Loss, Detention, or Displacement of any Bank Note or Bank Post Bill.</i>		
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>		
AGREEMENT, or Contract, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, Wadset, or other Security on any Estate or Property therein comprised.— See MORTGAGE.		
AGREEMENT, or any Minute or Memorandum of an Agreement, made in England under Hand only, or made in Scotland without any Clerk of Registration (and not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty), where the Matter thereof shall be of the Value of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards, whether the same shall be only Evidence of a Contract, or obligatory upon the Parties from its being a written Instrument, together with every Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or inserted therein or annexed thereto;		
Where the same shall not contain more than 1080 Words (being the Amount of Fifteen Common Law Folios or Sheets of Seventy-two Words each)		0 16 0
And where the same shall contain more than 1080 Words		1 10 0
And for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further progressive Duty of		1 0 0
Provided always, that where divers Letters shall be offered in Evidence, to prove any Agreement between the Parties, who shall have written such Letters, it shall be sufficient, if any one of such Letters shall be stamped with a Duty of 2 <i>l.</i> 10 <i>s.</i> although the same shall in the whole contain twice the Number of 1080 Words or upwards.		
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>Leads, Bills, or Memoranda, containing the Heads of Inventions, to be made by the Corporations of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and London Assurance; or by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance of Houses and Goods from Fire, and London Assurance of Houses and Goods from Fire;</i>		
<i>Memoranda or Agreements for granting a Lease or Truck, at Rack Rent, of any Messuage, Land, or Tenement, under the yearly Rent of Five Pounds;</i>		
<i>Memoranda or Agreements for the Hire of any Labourer, Artisan, Manufacturer, or Menial Servant;</i>		
<i>Memoranda, Letters, or Agreements, made for or relating to the Sale of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise;</i>		
<i>Memoranda or Agreements made between the Master and Mariners of any Ship or Vessel for Wages, on any Voyage Cashwise from Port to Port in Great Britain;</i>		

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

AGREEMENT—*Exemption continued.*

Letters containing any Agreement (not before exempted) in respect of any Merchandise, or Evidence of such an Agreement, which shall pass by the Post, between Merchants or other Persons carrying on Trade or Commerce, in Great Britain, and residing and actually being, at the Time of sending such Letters, at the Distance of Fifty Miles from each other.

See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.

APPOINTMENT, in execution of a Power, of Land or other Property, real or personal or of any Use or Interest therein, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will

1 10 0

And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or referred thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words (being the Amount of Thirty common Law Folios or Sheets of Seventy two Words each) or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words (so Folios common Law Folios or Sheets) contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further *proportio* Duty of

1 0 0

If made by Deed.—See DEED.

APPOINTMENT of a Chaplain, operating as a Qualification to hold Two Ecclesiastical Benefices in England

1 10 0

APPOINTMENT of a Game keeper.—*See DEPUTATION.*

APPOINTMENT to Office.—*See ADMISSION, GRANT.*

APPRAISEMENT or Valuation of any Estate or Effects, real or personal, heritable or moveable; or of any Interest therein; or of the annual Value thereof; or of any Dilapidations; or of any Repairs wanted; or of the Materials and Labour used or to be used in any Buildings; or of any Artificers' Work whatsoever;

Where the Amount of such Appraisement or Valuation shall not exceed 50l.

0 2 6

And where it shall exceed 50l. and not exceed 100l.

0 5 0

And where it shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l.

0 10 0

And where it shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l.

0 15 0

And where it shall exceed 500l.

1 0 0

Exemptive.

Any Appraisement or Valuation, made in pursuance of the Order of any Court of Admiralty or Vice-Admiralty, or of any Court of Appeal from any Sessions, Assizes, or Judgment of any Court of Admiralty, or Vice-Admiralty.

APPRAISER, Licences to sell as such.—*See LICENCE.*

APPRENTICESHIP and CLERKSHIP.—Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Contents, Articles, or Agreements, for or relating to the Service of any Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant, who shall be put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade or Employment whatsoever; *except Articles of Clergymen or Attornies and others, herein-after specifically charged;*

If the Sum of Money, or the Value of any other Matter or Thing which shall be paid, given, assigned, or conveyed, or be secured to be paid, given, assigned, or conveyed to or for the Use or Benefit of the Master or Mistress, with or in respect of such Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant, or both the Money and Value of such other Matter or Thing, shall not amount to 50l.

0 15 0

If the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l.

1 10 0

If the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l.

2 10 0

If the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l.

3 0 0

If the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 400l.

4 0 0

If the same shall amount to 400l. and not amount to 500l.

5 0 0

If the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 600l.

6 0 0

If the same shall amount to 600l. and not amount to 700l.

7 0 0

If the same shall amount to 700l. and not amount to 800l.

8 0 0

And if the same shall amount to 800l. or upwards

10 0 0

And where there shall be no such Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the Master or Mistress of the Indenture or other Instrument shall not contain more than 1000 Words

0 15 0

And if the same shall contain more than that Quantity

1 10 0

APPRENTICESHIP and CLERKSHIP.—Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Contents, Articles, or Agreements, for or relating to the Service of any such Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant as aforesaid, who shall be put or placed to or with a new Master or Mistress either by Agreement or Transfer, or upon the Death, Absence, or Incapacity of the former Master or Mistress, or otherwise;

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
APPRENTICESHIP and CLERKSHIP—continued.	<p><i>2. 2. 2.</i> <i>Sub and the</i> <i>the Duty of</i> <i>is applied to the</i> <i>Apprentice of the</i> <i>of such one of the</i> <i>Industries as,</i> <i>as is before</i> <i>charged on the</i> <i>original Indus-</i> <i>try of Appre-</i> <i>nticeship.</i></p>
Where there shall be any such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the new Master or Mistress, exclusive of any Part of the Consideration to the former Master or Mistress, which may be returned, or given, or transferred to the new Master or Mistress	
And where there shall be no such new Consideration; if the Indenture or other Instrument shall not contain more than 1000 Words	0 25 0
And if the same shall contain more than that Quantity	1 10 0
And where there shall be <i>Wages</i> , or <i>Year Parts</i> , of any such Indenture or other Instrument, relating to any such Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant as aforesaid; each Part shall be charged with the Duty before mentioned, in all Cases where the same shall not exceed Thirty Shillings; and where the same shall exceed that Sum, only one Part shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, or Duty in proportion to the Consideration, and the other Part shall be charged with a Duty of	1 10 0
None.—And the Part, bearing the <i>ad valorem</i> or higher Duty, shall belong to and be kept by the Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant, or some Person on his or her Behalf, upon his or her being first placed out; and in case of any subsequent placing out, by Assignment or otherwise, the Part bearing the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty so that Occasion if any) shall belong to and be kept by the former Master or Mistress, or his or her Representatives, or by the Apprentice, Clerk, or Servant, or some Person on his or her Behalf; and in each of the said Cases, <i>whether</i> Part, bearing the lower Duty hereby charged thereon, shall belong to and be kept by the original Master or Mistress, or the new Master or Mistress in the Case may be; and the same shall be respectively received in Evidence accordingly.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Indentures or other Instruments for placing out poor Children Apprentices, by or as the sole Charge of any Parish Township, or by or as the sole Charge of any Public Charity, or pursuant to the Act of the 22d Year of His Majesty's Reiga, for the further Regulation of Parish Apprentices:</i>	
<i>And all Assignments of such poor Apprentices; provided there shall be no such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, given to the new Master or Mistress, where there should any have been, or shall be given by any Parish or Township, or by any Public Charity.</i>	
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk; in order to his Admission as an Attorney, or Solicitor,	
in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster	110 0 0
in any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham; or in any other Court of Record in England, holding Pleas, where the Pleas or Damages amount to Forty Shillings	55 0 0
And for every Counterpart or Duplicate of any such Article or Contract of Clerkship	1 10 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person (not being an Attorney of any of the Courts at Westminster) shall be bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Sworn Clerk, in the Office of the Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery, or as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court, or Side Clerk, in the Office of Pleas, or the Office of His Majesty's Remembrancers, in the Court of Exchequer, in England	110 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to any such Admission as aforesaid, for the Rctidus of the Town, for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated by Consent, or by Rule of Court, or in any other Event	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
And where any Person, having entered into any Article of Clerkship or Contract, bearing a Stamp Duty of 10s. in order to his Admission as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court or Side Clerk, in the Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, or in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the Courts at Westminster, shall afterwards enter into any such Article or Contract as aforesaid, for any	

SCHEDULE, PART 1.

	Duty.
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP—continued.	
either of those Parties, the said last-mentioned Articles or Contract shall be charged only with a Duty of	1 10 0
And the Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
And where the same Articles of Clerkship shall be a Qualification to any Person, to be admitted, not only as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the Courts at Westminster, but also as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court, or Side Clerk, in the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the inferior Courts aforesaid; such Articles shall not be charged with more than one Duty of 10s.	
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in the High Court of Admiralty in England, or in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts in <i>Devize Counties</i>	100 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Proctor, in any of the Courts aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term, for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being rescinded, or in any other Event	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent, or Attorney, in any of the Courts of Session, Juries, Exchequer, and Consistory of <i>Townd</i> , in <i>Scotland</i>	55 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission to act as a Proctor or Solicitor, in the High Court of Admiralty, the Consistory Court at <i>Edinburgh</i> , or any other inferior Court in <i>Scotland</i>	55 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to any such Admission in <i>Scotland</i> , as aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term, for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being rescinded, or in any other Event	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ASSIGNATION or Assignment, upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
ASSIGNATION in Security.—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNATION of any Wadset, Heritable Food, &c.—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Mortgage, or other similar Security.—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNATION or ASSIGNMENT of any Property, Real or Personal, Heritable or Moveable, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 0 0
AWARD in England, and Award or Decree-Arbitral in Scotland	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 0 0
BARGAIN and SALE (or Lease) for a Year, for selling the Possessor of Lands or other Hereditaments in England, and enabling the Bargainor to take a Release of the Freehold or Inheritance, upon the Sale thereof:	
Where the Purchase or Consideration Money expressed in the Release shall not amount to 50l.	0 15 0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l.	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100l. or upwards	1 10 0
BARGAIN and SALE (or Lease) for a Year, upon any other Occasion	1 10 0
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate of Freehold, in Lands or other Hereditaments in England, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage. See CONVEYANCE. MORTGAGE.	1 10 0
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate of Freehold, in Lands or other Hereditaments in England, upon any other Occasion than the Mortgage or Sale thereof	3 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Dist.
BARGAIN and SALE <i>continued.</i>		£. s. d.
And where any such Bargain and Sale as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or inserted therein or annexed thereto, shall contain 2100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Duty.</i>		
<i>Bargains and Sales, made by Commissioners to the Officers of Bankrupts, which are to pay a Duty, only as Duties on Great.</i>		
Inland BILL of EXCHANGE, Draft, or Order, for the Payment to the Bearer, or to Order, either as Treasurer, or otherwise, of any Sum of Money,		
Assessing 20s. and not exceeding 5l. 3s.		0 1 0
Exceeding 5l. 3s. and not exceeding 50l.		0 1 5
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 500l.		0 2 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1000l.		0 3 0
Exceeding 1000l. and not exceeding 2000l.		0 4 0
Exceeding 2000l. and not exceeding 5000l.		0 5 0
Exceeding 5000l. and not exceeding 10,000l.		0 7 5
Exceeding 10,000l. and not exceeding 50,000l.		0 10 0
Exceeding 50,000l.		1 0 0
Inland BILL, Draft, or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, though not made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf		<i>The same Duty as on a Bill of Exchange in the like Sum, payable to Bearer or Order.</i>
Inland BILL, Draft, or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, weekly, monthly, or at any other stated Periods, if made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or if delivered to the Payee or some Person on his or her Behalf;—where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be specified therein, or as be ascertained therefrom		<i>The same Duty as on a Bill payable to Bearer or Order, for a like sum to such total Amount.</i>
And where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be indefinite,		<i>The same Duty as on a Bill for like Sum respectively.</i>
And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Inland Bills, Drafts, or Orders, for the Payment of Money within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule and of the foregoing Act; viz.		
All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, by a Bill or Promissory Note, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Note, in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money; unless such Drafts or Orders shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made, to the Bearer or to Order, or shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf:		
All Receipts given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Persons or Persons for Money received, which shall entitle, or be intended to entitle, the Payee or Persons paying the Money, or the Bearer of such Receipts, to receive the like Sum from any Third Person or Persons:		
And all Bills, Drafts, or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, or if the same shall be delivered to the Payee or some Person on his or her Behalf:		
Foreign BILL of EXCHANGE, (or Bill of Exchange drawn in but payable out of Great Britain,) if denominatedly, and not in a Set		<i>The same Duty as on an Inland Bill of the like Amount and Term.</i>
Foreign BILLS of EXCHANGE, drawn in Sets according to the Custom of Merchants; for every Bill of each Set; where the Sum made payable thereby shall not exceed 1000l.		0 1 0
And where it shall exceed 1000l. and not exceed 2000l.		0 2 0
And where it shall exceed 2000l. and not exceed 5000l.		0 3 0
And where it shall exceed 5000l. and not exceed 10,000l.		0 4 0
And where it shall exceed 10,000l. and not exceed 50,000l.		0 5 0
And where it shall exceed 50,000l.		0 10 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>All Bills of Exchange, or Bank Post Bills, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England;</i>		

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BILLS—continued.	s. d. c.
<i>All Bills, Orders, Receipts, Warrants, and Remittance Certificates, drawn by Commissioners of Customs, Officers, and Surveyors in the Navy, or by any Commissioner or Commissioners of the Navy, under the Authority of the Acts passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of His Majesty's King, for the more expeditious Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to the Navy;</i>	s. 2. c. 11.
<i>All Bills drawn pursuant to any former Act or Acts of Parliament, by the Commissioners of the Navy, or by the Commissioners for Victualling the Navy, or by the Commissioners for managing the Transport Service, and for taking care of sick and wounded Seamen, upon and payable by the Treasurer of the Navy;</i>	
<i>All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money in the Bank on demand, and drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker, who shall reside or transact the Business of a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Drafts or Orders shall be drawn; Provided such Place shall be specified in such Drafts or Orders; and provided the same shall bear Date on or before the Day, on which the same shall be paid; and provided the same do not direct the Payment to be made, by Bills or Promissory Notes;</i>	
<i>All Bills for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for other Expences liable to be charged in the publick Regimental or District Accounts, which shall be drawn, according to the Forms now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by His Majesty's Orders, by the Paymasters of Regiments or Corps, or by the Chief Paymaster or Deputy Paymaster and Accountant of the Army Depot, or by the Paymaster or Officers of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officer or Officers authorized to perform the Duties of the Paymastership, during a Vacancy, or the Absence, Suspension or Incapacity of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; and except such Bills as shall be drawn in favour of Contractors or others, who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts or Agreements shall be liable to pay the same Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them.</i>	
BILL of LADING, or of Storage Goods, Merchandise, or Effects to be exported	0 3 0
BILL of SALE absolute.—See COVENANTS.	
BILL of SALE as a Security.—See MORTGAGE.	
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Payment of any definite and certain Sum of Money.	
Not exceeding 100l.	1 0 0
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 500l.	1 10 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1000l.	2 0 0
Exceeding 1000l. and not exceeding 2000l.	3 0 0
Exceeding 2000l. and not exceeding 3000l.	4 0 0
Exceeding 3000l. and not exceeding 4000l.	5 0 0
Exceeding 4000l. and not exceeding 5000l.	6 0 0
Exceeding 5000l. and not exceeding 10000l.	7 0 0
Exceeding 10000l. and not exceeding 15000l.	9 0 0
Exceeding 15000l. and not exceeding 20000l.	12 0 0
Exceeding 20000l.	15 0 0
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Re-payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, to be thereafter lent, advanced, or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, together with any Sum or Sums already advanced or due, or without, as the Case may be:	
Where the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit	20 0 0
And when the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited, not to exceed a given Sum	The said Duty as in Bond set out in the Schedule here.
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Transfer or Re-transfer of any Share, in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Bank and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the Bankers Company	The said Duty upon every hundred Pounds of Money, equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured, according to the manner here directed, on the Day of the Date of the Bond, or at either of the two Days following.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND — <i>continued</i> .	s. d.
<i>Merchandise BOND</i> is <i>Stipulated</i> for any of the Purposes aforesaid.—See MORTGAGE .	
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , given as a Security for the Payment of any Sum of Money, or for the Transfer or Re-transfer of any Slave in any of the Books or Fards before mentioned, which shall be in part secured by a Mortgage or Wadlee, or other Instrument hereto-after charged with the same Duty as a Mortgage or Wadlee, <i>having even Date with such Bond</i> ; or for the Performance of Covenants contained in such Mortgage or other Instrument; or for both those Purposes.	1 0 0
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal or Heritable Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , given as the only or principal Security, for the Payment of any Annuity, upon the original Creation and Sale thereof.—See COVENANTS upon the Sale of Lands, &c.	1 0 0
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , given as a collateral or auxiliary Security for the Payment of any Annuity, upon the original Creation and Sale thereof, when the same shall be granted or conveyed, or secured, by any other deed or Instrument, liable to and charged with the ad valorem Duty, heretofore imposed on Covenants upon the Sale of any Property.	1 0 0
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal or Heritable Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity, (except upon the original Creation and Sale thereof) or of any Sum or Sums of Money at fixed Periods, (not being Interest for any Principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease or Term) for any definite and certain Term, so that the total Amount of the Money to be paid may be previously ascertained.	The same Duty as on a Bond of the like Nature, for the Payment of a Sum of Money upon the said Term.
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal or Heritable Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity, (except as aforesaid), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at fixed Periods, (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease or Term) for the Term of Life, or any other indefinite Period, so that the whole Money to be paid cannot be previously ascertained;	
Where the Annuity or Sums leased shall not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	5 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	7 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	8 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	9 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	11 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	12 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	13 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	14 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum	16 0 0
But where there shall be both a <i>Personal and Heritable Bond</i> , in <i>Scotland</i> , in separate Deeds of the same Date, for securing any such Annuity, or Sums payable at fixed Periods, and the ad valorem Duty above charged thereon shall amount to 1 <i>l.</i> 10 <i>s.</i> or upwards, the Heritable Bond only shall be charged with the ad valorem Duty, and the <i>Personal Bond</i> shall be charged only with a Duty of	1 0 0
BOND , commonly called <i>Counterbond</i> in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal Bond of Relief</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , for indemnifying any Person, who shall have become bond or engaged, as Surety or Cautions, for the Payment of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or for the Transfer of any Slave in any of the Books or Fards before mentioned.	1 0 0
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> , for the due Execution of an Office, and to account for Money received by virtue thereof.	1 0 0
BOND , given pursuant to the Direction of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, or any of their Officers, for or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for any other Matter or Thing relating thereto.	0 25 0
BOND , accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, Wadlee, or other Security, on any Estate or Property thereof aforesaid.—See MORTGAGE .	
Bank BOND for making redeemable any Depositum, Assignment, or Tack, apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security.—See MORTGAGE .	
BOND in <i>England</i> , and <i>Personal Bond</i> in <i>Scotland</i> of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty.	1 0 0
Heritable BOND in <i>Scotland</i> , of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty.	1 10 0

GENERAL DIRECTIONS respecting BONDS.

Where any such Bond is aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or intended thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 1280 Words or

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

BOND—continued.

- upwards, there shall be charged for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, once and above the said 1000 Words, a further *proportio* Duty of
- And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security, for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, or as an Annuity or both, or for the Payment of an Annuity, and also of a Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds; the *proportio ad valorem* Duty shall be charged in respect of each:
- And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security, for the Payment or Transfer, to different Parties, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Annuities, or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, the *proportio ad valorem* Duty shall be charged in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Annuity, or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds, therein specified and figured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof:
- And where any Bond in England shall be given as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money, or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned; such Bond shall be charged with the same Duty, as if the same had been immediately given for the Payment or Transfer of such Money or Annuity or Share of the said Stocks or Funds:
- And where, in England, any Bond for the Payment or Transfer, or for the Performance of any Covenant for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing, with any other Matter or Thing, as this Schedule specifically charged with any Duty, (except any Declaration of Trust of the Money, Annuity, Stock, or Fund therein)—such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties as such Deed and other Matter or Thing would have been charged with, if contained in separate Deeds.
- But where, in England, a Bond for the Performance of Covenants or Agreements (other than for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or any Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds) shall be contained in the same Deed or Writing with any other Matter or Thing, the same shall not be charged separately, but the whole shall be considered as one Deed, and be charged accordingly under its proper Denomination.

Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.

- Bonds of the Royal Exchange and London Assurance Corporations, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 6th Year of the Reign of King George the Fifth, under which they were incorporated:
- Bonds and other Securities, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 26th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force for the Encouragement of the British Fisheries:
- Bonds, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 8th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, relating to the Exportation of Wool, or any Manufacture thereof, or Fuller's Earth, Fulving Clay, or Tobacco-pipe Clay; or by the Act of the 20th Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, relating to the Exportation of Tobacco from His Majesty's Colonies:
- Coast Bonds, or Bonds relating to the carrying of Goods or Merchandise Coastwise, wherever the same shall be given pursuant to the Act of the 32d Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, for the Relief of the Coast Trade of Great Britain, or pursuant to the Directions of any Provisional or Order in Council, by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors:
- Bonds and other Securities, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 33d Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, for the Encouragement of Friendly Societies:
- Administrative Bonds, given by the Widows, Clerks, Factors, Masters, Brethren, or Sifters of any Common Seaman, Mariner, or Sailor, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors:
- Administrative Bond given by any Person, where the Estate to be administered shall not exceed 20*l.* or Value.

See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the 2d Schedule.

- CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly, by every Person admitted as an Attorney or Solicitor, in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham, or in any other Court in England, holding Pleas where the Debt or Damage amounts to Four

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
CERTIFICATE—		l. s. d.
Shallop;—and by every Person admitted as a Professor in any of the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts in England;—and by every Person admitted as a Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney, or Procurator, in any of the Courts in Scotland;—and by every Person admitted or styled as a Notary Publick in England or Scotland;—and also by every Notary Clerk, Clerk in Court, and other Clerk or Officer in any of the Courts aforesaid, who, is his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person, shall commence, prosecute, carry on, or defend any Action, Suit, Prosecution, or other Proceeding, in any of the Courts aforesaid, or do any Notarial Act whatever, for or in expectation of any Fee, Gain, or Reward, as an Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Proctor, Procurator, or Notary Publick, although not admitted or styled as such;		
If he shall reside in the City of London, or City of Westminster, or within the Limits of the Two-penny Park in England, or within the City or Shire of Edinburgh;		
And if he shall have been admitted, or been in possession of his Office, for the Space of Three Years or upwards		10 0 0
Or if he shall not have been admitted or been in possession so long		5 0 0
If he shall reside elsewhere;		
And if he shall have been admitted, or been in possession of his Office, for the Space of Three Years or upwards		6 0 0
Or if he shall not have been admitted or been in possession so long		3 0 0
But no one Person is to be obliged to take out more than One Certificate, although he may act in more than one of the Capacities aforesaid, or in several of the Courts aforesaid.		
<i>Exemptions.</i>		
<i>All Clerks and Officers of any of the Courts aforesaid, who shall act or be concerned in the Conduct or Management of any Action, Suit, Prosecution, or other Proceeding, by virtue and in the Execution of their respective Offices or Appointments only, and shall not be able retained or employed by any Party in such Action, Suit, Prosecution, or other Proceeding, or by any Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Proctor, or Procurator on behalf of any Party therein, for or in expectation of any Fee or Reward, other than the stipulated Fees due and payable in respect of their Offices and Appointments.</i>		
CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly, by every Person, being a Member of One of the Four Inns of Court in England, who is the Chancellor of Chancery, Special Pleader, Draftsman in Equity, or otherwise, shall for or in expectation of any Fee, Gain, or Reward, draw or prepare any Conveyance of, or Deed or Instrument relating to, any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, or any other Deed or Contract whatever, or any Writings or Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity;		
If he shall reside in the City of London, or City of Westminster, or within the Limits of the Two-penny Park in England		10 0 0
And if he shall reside elsewhere		6 0 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>		
<i>Serjeants at Law, and Barristers;</i>		
<i>Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, and Notaries Publick, and other Persons acting as such by virtue of any Office or Appointments, who shall respectively take out Certificates in their Characters;</i>		
<i>Publick Officers drawing or preparing Deeds or other Instruments, by virtue of their Offices, and in the exercise of their official Duty only, and out of themselves.</i>		
CERTIFICATE of Admission to Degrees in the Universities—See TESTIMONIAL.		
CERTIFICATE of Marriage, except of any common Swain, Matron, or Jailer		0 5 0
CERTIFICATE of any Person's having received the Holy Sacrament		0 5 0
CERTIFICATE of any Guards, Wares, or Merchandise, having been duly entered towards, which shall be entered outwards for Exportation, at the Port of Importation, or be removed from thence to any other Port, for the more convenient Expatriation thereof from Great Britain; where such Certificate shall be issued, for enabling any Person to obtain a Duties or Certificate, entitling him to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties of Customs, or any Part thereof—See also <i>Duties</i>		0 4 0
CHARTER of Religion, or of Conversion, or of Novitiate, or upon Apprenticing, or upon a Decree of Adjudication or Sale, of any Lands, or other Heritable Subjects in Scotland, holden of any Subject Superior		0 7 0
And where the same shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further progressive Duty of		0 7 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

	Duty.
CHARTER-PARTY, or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter of any Ship or Vessel, or any Memorandum, Letter, or other Writing, between the Captain, Master, or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, and any other Parties, for or relating to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods, or Effects, on board of such Ship or Vessel And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or related thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2000 Words, a farther <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 10 0
CLERKSHIP, Articles or Contracts, &c.—See APPRENTICESHIP, ARTICLES.	1 0 0
COLLATION, by any Archbishop or Bishop, to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Promotion, in England, of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards in the King's Books	20 0 0
COLLATION, by any Archbishop or Bishop, to any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Promotion whatsoever, in England	10 0 0
COLLATION, Institution, or Admission, by any Fryditory or other competent Authority, to any Ecclesiastical Benefice in Scotland	2 0 0
COMMISSION, granted by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any Person or Persons duly authorized by him or them, to any Officer in the Army, or in the Corps of Royal Marines	1 10 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Commissions granted to Officers of Footmarty Cavalry, or Palace Infantry.</i>	
COMMISSION, granted by the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, of the United Kingdom, to any Officer in the Navy	0 5 0
COMMISSION, or Deputation, granted by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise	1 10 0
COMMISSION, appointing any Person Receiver General of the Land and other Taxes, for any County or District in Great Britain	50 0 0
COMMISSION, appointing any Manager or Director, Manager or Director, of or concerning any Lottery or Lotteries to be drawn pursuant to Act of Parliament	20 0 0
COMMISSION to sit as a Notary Public in Scotland.—See NOTARIES.	
COMMISSION, in the Name of a Power of Attorney in Scotland.	
—See LETTER OF ATTORNEY.	
COMPOSITION—Deed or other Instrument of Conveyance, between a Debtor or Debtors, and his, her, or their Creditors	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or related thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2000 Words, a farther <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
CONDITIONAL Surrender of any Copyhold or Customary Estate, by way of Mortgage.	
—See MORTGAGE.	
CONSTAT of Legate Patent.—See EXEMPLIFICATION.	
CONVEYANCE, whether Grant, Assignment, Transfer, Release, Resignation, or of any other Kind or Description whatsoever, upon the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, or other Property, real or personal, heritable or mesuagial, or of any Right, Title, Interest, or Claim, in, to, out of, or upon, any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, or other Property:—That is to say, for and in respect of the principal or only Deed or Instruments, whereby the Lands or other Thing sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, released, resigned, or otherwise conveyed to, or vested in, the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Parties or Persons, by his, her, or their Direction;	
Where the Purchase or Consideration Money, therein or thereupon expressed, shall not amount to 20 <i>l</i> .	0 15 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 10 <i>l</i> .	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 10 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 5 <i>l</i> .	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 5 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 2 <i>l</i> .	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1 <i>l</i> .	2 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 1 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 5 <i>l</i> .	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 5 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 10 <i>l</i> .	3 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 10 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 20 <i>l</i> .	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 50 <i>l</i> .	5 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 100 <i>l</i> .	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 200 <i>l</i> .	7 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 500 <i>l</i> .	8 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1000 <i>l</i> .	9 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

CONVEYANCE.—*continued.*

	s	d	c
And where the same shall amount to 20,000l. and not amount to 30,000l.	200	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 30,000l. and not amount to 40,000l.	300	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 40,000l. and not amount to 50,000l.	400	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 50,000l. or upwards	500	0	0
And where any Freehold Lands or Hereditaments in England shall be conveyed by a Deed of Feoffment, with or without any Letter or Letters of Attorrey therein contained to deliver or receive Steins, or by a Deed of Bargain and Sale enrolled; such Deed of Feoffment or Bargain and Sale, unless accompanied with a Lease and Release, shall be charged with a further Duty as follows:			
If the Purchase or Consideration Money, therein or thereupon expressed shall be under 50l.	0	15	0
If it shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l.	1	0	0
If it shall amount to 100l. or upwards	1	10	0
But if there shall be both a Feoffment and a Bargain and Sale enrolled, then the said further Duty shall not attach on either.			
Note. —The Purchase or Consideration Money it is to be truly expressed and set forth, in Words at length, in or upon every such principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance.			
And where any Lands or other Property, contracted to be sold at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed, in separate Parts or Parcels, by different Instruments, the Purchase or Consideration Money shall be divided and apportioned, in such Manner as the Parties shall think fit, in that a distinct Consideration, for each separate Part or Parcel, may be set forth in or upon the principal or only Instrument of Conveyance relating thereto.			
And where any Lands or other Property, shall be sold and conveyed, subject to any Mortgage, Bond, or other Debt, or to any grant or entire Sum of Money, to be afterwards paid by the Purchaser, such Debt or Sum of Money shall be deemed Part of the Consideration, in respect whereof the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty is to be paid.			
And to prevent Doubts, respecting what shall be deemed the principal Deed or Instrument of Conveyance, in certain Cases, it is hereby declared;			
That where any Lands or Hereditaments, in England, shall be conveyed by Bargain and Sale enrolled, and also by Lease and Release, or Feoffment with or without any such Letter or Letters of Attorrey therein contained as aforesaid; the Release or Feoffment shall be deemed the principal Deed; and the Bargain and Sale shall be charged only with the Duty hereby imposed on Deeds in general.—(<i>See Dowd</i>)—but the same shall not be available, unless also stamped for satisfying the Payment of the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on the Release or Feoffment, as directed by this Act.			
And where any Lands or Hereditaments shall be conveyed by Lease and Release, and also by Feoffment, with or without any such Letter or Letters of Attorrey therein contained as aforesaid; the Release shall be deemed the principal Deed; and the Feoffment shall be charged only with the Duty hereby imposed on Deeds in general.—(<i>See Dowd</i>)—but the same shall not be available, unless also stamped for satisfying the Payment of the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on the Release, as directed by this Act.			
And where any Copyhold or Customary Estate shall be conveyed, by a Deed of Bargain and Sale, by the Commissioners named in a Commission of Bankrupt, or by Executors, or others, by virtue of a Power given by Will, or by Act of Parliament, the Deed of Bargain and Sale shall be deemed the principal Instrument.			
And in other Cases of Copyhold or Customary Estates, the Surrender, or Voluntary Grant, or the Memorandum thereof respectively, if made out of Court, or the Copy of Court Roll of the Surrender, or Voluntary Grant, if made in Court, shall be deemed the principal Instrument.			
And where, in Scotland, there shall be a Disposition or Assignment, executed by the Seller, and any other Instrument or Instruments in complete the Title, the Disposition or Assignment shall be deemed the principal Instrument.			
And where, upon the Sale of any Annuity or other Right not before an English Court, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warrant of Attorrey, Covenant, Contract, or otherwise; the Bond or other Instrument, by which the same shall be secured, or issue one of such Instruments, if there be more than one, shall be deemed and taken as to be liable to the same Duty as an actual Grant or Conveyance.			

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
COPY — <i>gratis</i> ; Died or other Instrument of Conveyance, or any other Deed whatsoever, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Part or Instrument thereto, or annexed thereto, or of any Part thereof respectively ; When such a Copy shall be made for the Security or Use of any Person, being a Party to, or taking any Benefit or Interest immediately under, such Agreement, Contract, Bond, Deed or other Instrument ;		£. s. d.
And for the first full or near 1200 Words (including the Amount of Twenty Common Law Folios or Sheets of 20, 25 or 30 Words each) or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 720 Words, or Ten Common Law Folios or Sheets contained therein, over and above the first 720 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 10 0
And where any such Copy shall be made, for the Security or Use of any Person, not being a Party to, or taking any Benefit or Interest immediately under, such Agreement or Contract, Bond, Deed or other Instrument ;		0 10 0
And for every entire Quantity of 720 Words contained therein, over and above the first 720 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 1 0
And all Copies, which shall at any Time be offered in Evidence, shall be deemed to have been made for that Purpose.		0 1 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>All Copies copied or authenticated as aforesaid, which shall be made for the private Use only of any Person having the Custody of the original Instruments, or of his or her Counsel, Attorney, or Solicitor.</i>		
COPY , copied or authenticated as aforesaid, or made for the Purpose of being given in Evidence as a true Copy, of any original Will, Testament, or Codicil ; or of the Probate or Præbate Copy of any Will or Codicil ; or of any Letters of Administration ; or of any Confirmation of a Testament testamentary or dative, or of any Part thereof respectively ;		0 1 0
And for every entire Quantity of 720 Words, contained in any such Copy, over and above the first 720 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 1 0
And all Copies, which shall at any Time be offered in Evidence, shall be deemed to have been made for that Purpose.		
Other COPY or Extract of any Will or Codicil, deposited in any Ecclesiastical Court in England ;		0 1 0
And for every entire Quantity of 90 Words, contained in any such Copy or Extract, over and above the first 90 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 1 0
COPY or Extract of any Memorial, or of the Register of any Memorial, registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made, for the publick registering of Deeds and Conveyances, in England ;		0 5 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Copy or Extract shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 5 0
COPY or Extract of any Deed, or of any other Instrument not falling under the Description of Laws Proceedings, which shall be made or taken from the Rolls or Records of any of His Majesty's Courts at W ^{est} minster ;		0 2 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Copy or Extract shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 2 0
Authenticated COPY or Extract, of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing, given out from any Publick Register, or from the Books or Records of any Court, in Scotland ;		0 2 0
And where the same shall contain more than 1206 Words, then for every entire Quantity of 1206 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1206 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 2 0
And for any less Quantity of Words contained therein, over and above the first 1206 Words, or over and above any second, third, or other full Quantity of 1206 Words, a further Duty of		0 2 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>Extracts of the Decrees of Courts, other than such formal Decrees of Registration as are usually returned in the Extracts of Writings.</i>		
<i>Copies or Extracts of Writings, upon Bills or Promissory Notes, for any Sum under Forty Shillings sterling.</i>		
<i>Extracts of Commissions of Persons as Delegates or Representatives to the General Assembly, or to any Synod or Church Court, in Scotland ; and of Commissions of Delegates to the Commissions of Royal Burghs ; and of Commissions of Delegates from any Royal Burgh for the Election of Members of Parliament.</i>		

SCHEDULE, PART I.

	Duty.
	s. s. d.
COPYHOLD —continued.	
The Copy of COURT ROLL of any Voluntary Grant made in Court, by the Lord or Lady, or Steward, of any Manor, with or without Admittance thereon; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	{ Two 0 15 0 Two 0 5 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	
<i>In all Conveyances upon the Sale of Lands, Use, and Mortgage.</i>	
And where any Voluntary Grant, or the Memorandum, or Copy of Court Roll thereof, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or referred therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>pro progressu</i> Duty of	0 15 0
Any Licences to Death, or the Memorandum thereof, if granted out of Court; and the Copy of COURT ROLL of any Licence to Death, if granted in Court;—where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	0 15 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	0 5 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
Original Surrenders out of Court to the Use of a Wife, or to a Trustee for the Use or Purpose of a Wife.	
The Court Rolls or Books of any Manor, wherein the Proceedings relating thereto shall be entered or minute.	
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>	
DEBENTURE or Certificate, for extinguisling any Penion to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties, or Part of any Duty or Duties, of Customs or Excise, or any Bounty payable out of the Revenue of Customs or Excise, for or in respect of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, exported or shipped to be exported, from Great Britain to any Part beyond the Seas	0 4 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
All Debentures or Certificates for Stamps, which were heretofore exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts of Parliament, granting a Bounty as the Exportation of Linens or Sail Cloth.	
DECLARATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, real or personal, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or referred therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>pro progressu</i> Duty of	1 0 0
<i>If made by Deed.—See DEED.</i>	
DEED , whereby any real Estates shall be declared or created on Lands or heritable Subjects in Scotland.—See MORTGAGE, DISPOSITION.	
DEED conveying an Obligation to itself any Person, or heritable Subjects in Scotland, under a Clause of Reversion, as a Security for Money, but without any personal Bond or Obligation therein for Payment of the Money intended to be secured.—See MORTGAGE.	
DEED of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, not expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or referred therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>pro progressu</i> Duty of	1 0 0
DEFEAZANCE —Deed or other Instrument of Defeazance, of any Conveyance, Disposition, Assignment, or Tack, apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE.	
DEPUTATION by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise.—See COMMISSIONS.	
DEPUTATION or Appointment of a Gamekeeper	1 10 0
DISCHARGE for Money.—See RECEIPT.	
DISPENSATION , for holding two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or a Dignity and a Benefice, in England; where either of them shall be above the yearly Value of Ten Pounds in the King's Books	30 0 0
And in all other Cases	20 0 0
DISPENSATION of any other Kind, from the Archbishop of Canterbury, or the Master of the Faculties for the Time being, or from the Guardian of the Spiritualities during a Vacancy of the Archbishop's See	30 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

DISPOSITION of Lands, or heritable Subjects, in Scotland, in singular Successions.— <i>See CONVEYANCE.</i>	
DISPOSITION of Lands or other heritable Subjects in Scotland, to a Purchaser, whether a Citizen, declaring all or any Part of the Purchase Money, a real Burden upon or against the Land or heritable Subjects thereby disposed, or any Part thereof: Such Disposition shall be charged, not only with the <i>ad valorem and progressive Duties</i> before charged on a Conveyance upon the Sale of Lands or heritable Subjects in Scotland, but also with the <i>ad valorem Duty</i> hereafter charged on the Deed creating a real Burden on Lands in Scotland.— <i>See CONVEYANCE AND MORTGAGE.</i>	£ 6 s 0
DISPOSITION is bequeath, in Scotland.— <i>See MORTGAGE.</i>	
DEPOSITION of any Writ, heritable Bond, &c.— <i>See MORTGAGE.</i>	
DISPOSITION of any Lands or other Property, heritable or movable, in Scotland, whether any Right or Interest therein, not otherwise charged in this Act and And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>progressive Duty</i> of	1 0 0
DOCUMENT, made as aforesaid under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, or Great Letters Patent, Exemption, Concession, or other Instrument, bearing a Disposit	1 0 0
DONATION, by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any other Person: Of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Prebend, in England, of the value of Ten Pounds or upwards in the King's Books Of any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Prebend whatsoever, in England	12 0 0
DRAFT of Money.— <i>See BILL OF EXCHANGE.</i>	
EXCHANGE of Lands or other Hereditaments or heritable Subjects, whether any Fees or Money shall be paid for Equality of Exchange or not And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>progressive Duty</i> of	1 10 0
EXEMPLIFICATION of any Letters Patent or Great, made or to be made by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any of His Royal Predecessors, of any Honour, Dignity, Prebend, Franchise, Liberty, or Privilege, or of any Lands, Office or other Thing whatsoever: The every Sheet, Sheet, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Exemplification or Concession shall be written	1 0 0
EXTRACTS from Registers and Records in England and Scotland.— <i>See COPY.</i>	
FACTORY, with the Licence of a Power of Attorney in Scotland, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, for appointing or authorizing any Person to act as a Notary Public in Scotland	10 0 0
FACULTY, Letters or Concessions, for appointing or authorizing any Person to act as a Notary Public in England	10 0 0
FACULTY from the Archbishop of Canterbury, or the Master of the Faculties for the Time being, or from the Guardian of the Signatures during a Vacancy of the Archbishop's See, not otherwise charged	10 0 0
FEIGNMENT of Lands or other Hereditaments, in England, upon the Sale or Mortgage thereof.— <i>See CONVEYANCE AND MORTGAGE.</i>	
FEIGNMENT of Lands or other Hereditaments, in England, not otherwise charged And where the same shall contain any Letter or Letters of Attorney to deliver or receive Sums, a further Duty of	1 00 0
And where the same, together with any such Letter or Letters of Attorney, and any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>progressive Duty</i> of	1 0 0
FURTHER CHARGE.— <i>See MORTGAGE.</i>	
GIFT of Unions, Hairs, Ballards, Elixirs, or Potions, in Scotland.— <i>See GRANT.</i>	
GIFT of the vacant Stipend of any Parish in Scotland, whereof the Parsonage is the Church, shall belong to the Crown	1 00 0
GRANT of Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of Lancaster, or under the Seal kept and used in Scotland in place of the Great Seal formerly used thereof	1 00 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

GRANT—*Continued.* Whereby, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words, contained therein, over and above the first 2000 Words, a farther penny per 1000.

And where any such Grant, Lease, or Tack, shall be made for what shall be deemed and reputed a *new full and adequate Copy* for the time, either to Money paid a reasonable Rent, or at Lease or Hereditaments given in Exchange, or otherwise.

GRANT, or Conveyance, under the Seal of the Duchy of Lancaster, made in pursuance of the Act passed in the 10th Year of His Majesty's Reign, c. 45, for making the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy, to sell certain Rents, and to enfranchise Copyhold and Customary Tenements within the Duchy.

It imports first in providing, and all other Words that are used therein, the same Sense as is therein expressed.

All Grants and Conveyances made in pursuance of the Act of the 10th Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be void, unless they are made for the full value of the same.

GRANT, Lease, or other Conveyance, from His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any part thereof, being respectively the common property of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and subject to His or their sole and full Disposal, by virtue of the Act passed in the 4th Year of His Majesty's Reign, concerning the Disposal of certain real and personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

GRANT under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the said kept and used in Scotland in place of the Great Seal formerly used therein, or under the Privy Seal in England, or the Quarter Seal or Privy Seal in Ireland, which is directed to the Great Seal; or under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, which is directed to any of the said offices; or of the Civil List, either of England or Scotland, or any other such Part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament;

Of any *debtors and certain Fees or Fines of Money,*

Not amounting to 100*l.*

Amounting to 100*l.* and not amounting to 200*l.*

Amounting to 200*l.* and not amounting to 300*l.*

Amounting to 300*l.* and not amounting to 400*l.*

Amounting to 400*l.* and not amounting to 500*l.*

Amounting to 500*l.* and not amounting to 600*l.*

Of any *Annuity or Pension,*

Not amounting to 100*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 100*l.* and not amounting to 200*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 200*l.* and not amounting to 400*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 400*l.* and not amounting to 600*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 600*l.* and not amounting to 800*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 800*l.* and not amounting to 1000*l.* per Annum

Amounting to 1000*l.* per Annum, or upwards

Where any such Grant of an Annuity or Pension shall be made in confirmation of any former Grant of the like Annuity and Discharge, then 10*l.* a Day.

And where *Legal and distinct Annuities or Pensions* shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but where the Grant shall be of one Annuity or Pension, or of for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the whole.

GRANT, or Appropriation by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any other Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, or to any Officer or Employment, by Letters Patent, Grant, or other Writing;

Where the Salary, Fees, and Emoluments appertaining thereto, shall not amount to 20*l.* per Annum

s. d.

1 0 0

The first Duty is on a Grant, Lease, or Tack, of the full Disposal, made by any of His Majesty's Officers.

1 0 0

The first Duty is for every 1000 Words, over and above the first 2000 Words, of the Act.

1 0 0

The first Duty is on a Grant, Lease, or Tack, of the full Disposal, made by any of His Majesty's Officers.

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

	Duty.
	s. d.
GRANT — <i>continued</i> .	
And where the fine shall amount to 50 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 100 <i>l</i> . per Annum	3 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 100 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 200 <i>l</i> . per Annum	5 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 200 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 300 <i>l</i> . per Annum	10 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 300 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 400 <i>l</i> . per Annum	20 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 400 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 500 <i>l</i> . per Annum	30 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 500 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> . per Annum	40 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1,500 <i>l</i> . per Annum	50 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 1,500 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 2,000 <i>l</i> . per Annum	75 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 2,000 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 3,000 <i>l</i> . per Annum	100 0 0
And where the fine shall amount to 3,000 <i>l</i> . per Annum or upwards	150 0 0
The 1 <i>st</i> 2 <i>nd</i> and 3 <i>rd</i> Enclosures to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof in three Years preceding, where practicable; and in other Cases, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
And when any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to or of Two or more Persons jointly, or to separate and distinct Parties, Fees, or Emoluments; the fine shall be charged with a Fine and Distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees, and Emoluments appertaining to each Person.	
Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged, in respect of any Person, to whom a Salary or Emolument shall be granted here, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salary, Fees, and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any Manner augmented; and in that Case, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.	
THE 1<i>st</i> 2<i>nd</i> 3<i>rd</i> 4<i>th</i> 5<i>th</i> 6<i>th</i> 7<i>th</i> 8<i>th</i> 9<i>th</i> 10<i>th</i> 11<i>th</i> 12<i>th</i> 13<i>th</i> 14<i>th</i> 15<i>th</i> 16<i>th</i> 17<i>th</i> 18<i>th</i> 19<i>th</i> 20<i>th</i> 21<i>st</i> 22<i>nd</i> 23<i>rd</i> 24<i>th</i> 25<i>th</i> 26<i>th</i> 27<i>th</i> 28<i>th</i> 29<i>th</i> 30<i>th</i> 31<i>st</i> 32<i>nd</i> 33<i>rd</i> 34<i>th</i> 35<i>th</i> 36<i>th</i> 37<i>th</i> 38<i>th</i> 39<i>th</i> 40<i>th</i> 41<i>st</i> 42<i>nd</i> 43<i>rd</i> 44<i>th</i> 45<i>th</i> 46<i>th</i> 47<i>th</i> 48<i>th</i> 49<i>th</i> 50<i>th</i> 51<i>st</i> 52<i>nd</i> 53<i>rd</i> 54<i>th</i> 55<i>th</i> 56<i>th</i> 57<i>th</i> 58<i>th</i> 59<i>th</i> 60<i>th</i> 61<i>st</i> 62<i>nd</i> 63<i>rd</i> 64<i>th</i> 65<i>th</i> 66<i>th</i> 67<i>th</i> 68<i>th</i> 69<i>th</i> 70<i>th</i> 71<i>st</i> 72<i>nd</i> 73<i>rd</i> 74<i>th</i> 75<i>th</i> 76<i>th</i> 77<i>th</i> 78<i>th</i> 79<i>th</i> 80<i>th</i> 81<i>st</i> 82<i>nd</i> 83<i>rd</i> 84<i>th</i> 85<i>th</i> 86<i>th</i> 87<i>th</i> 88<i>th</i> 89<i>th</i> 90<i>th</i> 91<i>st</i> 92<i>nd</i> 93<i>rd</i> 94<i>th</i> 95<i>th</i> 96<i>th</i> 97<i>th</i> 98<i>th</i> 99<i>th</i> 100<i>th</i> 101<i>st</i> 102<i>nd</i> 103<i>rd</i> 104<i>th</i> 105<i>th</i> 106<i>th</i> 107<i>th</i> 108<i>th</i> 109<i>th</i> 110<i>th</i> 111<i>st</i> 112<i>nd</i> 113<i>rd</i> 114<i>th</i> 115<i>th</i> 116<i>th</i> 117<i>th</i> 118<i>th</i> 119<i>th</i> 120<i>th</i> 121<i>st</i> 122<i>nd</i> 123<i>rd</i> 124<i>th</i> 125<i>th</i> 126<i>th</i> 127<i>th</i> 128<i>th</i> 129<i>th</i> 130<i>th</i> 131<i>st</i> 132<i>nd</i> 133<i>rd</i> 134<i>th</i> 135<i>th</i> 136<i>th</i> 137<i>th</i> 138<i>th</i> 139<i>th</i> 140<i>th</i> 141<i>st</i> 142<i>nd</i> 143<i>rd</i> 144<i>th</i> 145<i>th</i> 146<i>th</i> 147<i>th</i> 148<i>th</i> 149<i>th</i> 150<i>th</i> 151<i>st</i> 152<i>nd</i> 153<i>rd</i> 154<i>th</i> 155<i>th</i> 156<i>th</i> 157<i>th</i> 158<i>th</i> 159<i>th</i> 160<i>th</i> 161<i>st</i> 162<i>nd</i> 163<i>rd</i> 164<i>th</i> 165<i>th</i> 166<i>th</i> 167<i>th</i> 168<i>th</i> 169<i>th</i> 170<i>th</i> 171<i>st</i> 172<i>nd</i> 173<i>rd</i> 174<i>th</i> 175<i>th</i> 176<i>th</i> 177<i>th</i> 178<i>th</i> 179<i>th</i> 180<i>th</i> 181<i>st</i> 182<i>nd</i> 183<i>rd</i> 184<i>th</i> 185<i>th</i> 186<i>th</i> 187<i>th</i> 188<i>th</i> 189<i>th</i> 190<i>th</i> 191<i>st</i> 192<i>nd</i> 193<i>rd</i> 194<i>th</i> 195<i>th</i> 196<i>th</i> 197<i>th</i> 198<i>th</i> 199<i>th</i> 200<i>th</i> 201<i>st</i> 202<i>nd</i> 203<i>rd</i> 204<i>th</i> 205<i>th</i> 206<i>th</i> 207<i>th</i> 208<i>th</i> 209<i>th</i> 210<i>th</i> 211<i>st</i> 212<i>nd</i> 213<i>rd</i> 214<i>th</i> 215<i>th</i> 216<i>th</i> 217<i>th</i> 218<i>th</i> 219<i>th</i> 220<i>th</i> 221<i>st</i> 222<i>nd</i> 223<i>rd</i> 224<i>th</i> 225<i>th</i> 226<i>th</i> 227<i>th</i> 228<i>th</i> 229<i>th</i> 230<i>th</i> 231<i>st</i> 232<i>nd</i> 233<i>rd</i> 234<i>th</i> 235<i>th</i> 236<i>th</i> 237<i>th</i> 238<i>th</i> 239<i>th</i> 240<i>th</i> 241<i>st</i> 242<i>nd</i> 243<i>rd</i> 244<i>th</i> 245<i>th</i> 246<i>th</i> 247<i>th</i> 248<i>th</i> 249<i>th</i> 250<i>th</i> 251<i>st</i> 252<i>nd</i> 253<i>rd</i> 254<i>th</i> 255<i>th</i> 256<i>th</i> 257<i>th</i> 258<i>th</i> 259<i>th</i> 260<i>th</i> 261<i>st</i> 262<i>nd</i> 263<i>rd</i> 264<i>th</i> 265<i>th</i> 266<i>th</i> 267<i>th</i> 268<i>th</i> 269<i>th</i> 270<i>th</i> 271<i>st</i> 272<i>nd</i> 273<i>rd</i> 274<i>th</i> 275<i>th</i> 276<i>th</i> 277<i>th</i> 278<i>th</i> 279<i>th</i> 280<i>th</i> 281<i>st</i> 282<i>nd</i> 283<i>rd</i> 284<i>th</i> 285<i>th</i> 286<i>th</i> 287<i>th</i> 288<i>th</i> 289<i>th</i> 290<i>th</i> 291<i>st</i> 292<i>nd</i> 293<i>rd</i> 294<i>th</i> 295<i>th</i> 296<i>th</i> 297<i>th</i> 298<i>th</i> 299<i>th</i> 300<i>th</i> 301<i>st</i> 302<i>nd</i> 303<i>rd</i> 304<i>th</i> 305<i>th</i> 306<i>th</i> 307<i>th</i> 308<i>th</i> 309<i>th</i> 310<i>th</i> 311<i>st</i> 312<i>nd</i> 313<i>rd</i> 314<i>th</i> 315<i>th</i> 316<i>th</i> 317<i>th</i> 318<i>th</i> 319<i>th</i> 320<i>th</i> 321<i>st</i> 322<i>nd</i> 323<i>rd</i> 324<i>th</i> 325<i>th</i> 326<i>th</i> 327<i>th</i> 328<i>th</i> 329<i>th</i> 330<i>th</i> 331<i>st</i> 332<i>nd</i> 333<i>rd</i> 334<i>th</i> 335<i>th</i> 336<i>th</i> 337<i>th</i> 338<i>th</i> 339<i>th</i> 340<i>th</i> 341<i>st</i> 342<i>nd</i> 343<i>rd</i> 344<i>th</i> 345<i>th</i> 346<i>th</i> 347<i>th</i> 348<i>th</i> 349<i>th</i> 350<i>th</i> 351<i>st</i> 352<i>nd</i> 353<i>rd</i> 354<i>th</i> 355<i>th</i> 356<i>th</i> 357<i>th</i> 358<i>th</i> 359<i>th</i> 360<i>th</i> 361<i>st</i> 362<i>nd</i> 363<i>rd</i> 364<i>th</i> 365<i>th</i> 366<i>th</i> 367<i>th</i> 368<i>th</i> 369<i>th</i> 370<i>th</i> 371<i>st</i> 372<i>nd</i> 373<i>rd</i> 374<i>th</i> 375<i>th</i> 376<i>th</i> 377<i>th</i> 378<i>th</i> 379<i>th</i> 380<i>th</i> 381<i>st</i> 382<i>nd</i> 383<i>rd</i> 384<i>th</i> 385<i>th</i> 386<i>th</i> 387<i>th</i> 388<i>th</i> 389<i>th</i> 390<i>th</i> 391<i>st</i> 392<i>nd</i> 393<i>rd</i> 394<i>th</i> 395<i>th</i> 396<i>th</i> 397<i>th</i> 398<i>th</i> 399<i>th</i> 400<i>th</i> 401<i>st</i> 402<i>nd</i> 403<i>rd</i> 404<i>th</i> 405<i>th</i> 406<i>th</i> 407<i>th</i> 408<i>th</i> 409<i>th</i> 410<i>th</i> 411<i>st</i> 412<i>nd</i> 413<i>rd</i> 414<i>th</i> 415<i>th</i> 416<i>th</i> 417<i>th</i> 418<i>th</i> 419<i>th</i> 420<i>th</i> 421<i>st</i> 422<i>nd</i> 423<i>rd</i> 424<i>th</i> 425<i>th</i> 426<i>th</i> 427<i>th</i> 428<i>th</i> 429<i>th</i> 430<i>th</i> 431<i>st</i> 432<i>nd</i> 433<i>rd</i> 434<i>th</i> 435<i>th</i> 436<i>th</i> 437<i>th</i> 438<i>th</i> 439<i>th</i> 440<i>th</i> 441<i>st</i> 442<i>nd</i> 443<i>rd</i> 444<i>th</i> 445<i>th</i> 446<i>th</i> 447<i>th</i> 448<i>th</i> 449<i>th</i> 450<i>th</i> 451<i>st</i> 452<i>nd</i> 453<i>rd</i> 454<i>th</i> 455<i>th</i> 456<i>th</i> 457<i>th</i> 458<i>th</i> 459<i>th</i> 460<i>th</i> 461<i>st</i> 462<i>nd</i> 463<i>rd</i> 464<i>th</i> 465<i>th</i> 466<i>th</i> 467<i>th</i> 468<i>th</i> 469<i>th</i> 470<i>th</i> 471<i>st</i> 472<i>nd</i> 473<i>rd</i> 474<i>th</i> 475<i>th</i> 476<i>th</i> 477<i>th</i> 478<i>th</i> 479<i>th</i> 480<i>th</i> 481<i>st</i> 482<i>nd</i> 483<i>rd</i> 484<i>th</i> 485<i>th</i> 486<i>th</i> 487<i>th</i> 488<i>th</i> 489<i>th</i> 490<i>th</i> 491<i>st</i> 492<i>nd</i> 493<i>rd</i> 494<i>th</i> 495<i>th</i> 496<i>th</i> 497<i>th</i> 498<i>th</i> 499<i>th</i> 500<i>th</i> 501<i>st</i> 502<i>nd</i> 503<i>rd</i> 504<i>th</i> 505<i>th</i> 506<i>th</i> 507<i>th</i> 508<i>th</i> 509<i>th</i> 510<i>th</i> 511<i>st</i> 512<i>nd</i> 513<i>rd</i> 514<i>th</i> 515<i>th</i> 516<i>th</i> 517<i>th</i> 518<i>th</i> 519<i>th</i> 520<i>th</i> 521<i>st</i> 522<i>nd</i> 523<i>rd</i> 524<i>th</i> 525<i>th</i> 526<i>th</i> 527<i>th</i> 528<i>th</i> 529<i>th</i> 530<i>th</i> 531<i>st</i> 532<i>nd</i> 533<i>rd</i> 534<i>th</i> 535<i>th</i> 536<i>th</i> 537<i>th</i> 538<i>th</i> 539<i>th</i> 540<i>th</i> 541<i>st</i> 542<i>nd</i> 543<i>rd</i> 544<i>th</i> 545<i>th</i> 546<i>th</i> 547<i>th</i> 548<i>th</i> 549<i>th</i> 550<i>th</i> 551<i>st</i> 552<i>nd</i> 553<i>rd</i> 554<i>th</i> 555<i>th</i> 556<i>th</i> 557<i>th</i> 558<i>th</i> 559<i>th</i> 560<i>th</i> 561<i>st</i> 562<i>nd</i> 563<i>rd</i> 564<i>th</i> 565<i>th</i> 566<i>th</i> 567<i>th</i> 568<i>th</i> 569<i>th</i> 570<i>th</i> 571<i>st</i> 572<i>nd</i> 573<i>rd</i> 574<i>th</i> 575<i>th</i> 576<i>th</i> 577<i>th</i> 578<i>th</i> 579<i>th</i> 580<i>th</i> 581<i>st</i> 582<i>nd</i> 583<i>rd</i> 584<i>th</i> 585<i>th</i> 586<i>th</i> 587<i>th</i> 588<i>th</i> 589<i>th</i> 590<i>th</i> 591<i>st</i> 592<i>nd</i> 593<i>rd</i> 594<i>th</i> 595<i>th</i> 596<i>th</i> 597<i>th</i> 598<i>th</i> 599<i>th</i> 600<i>th</i> 601<i>st</i> 602<i>nd</i> 603<i>rd</i> 604<i>th</i> 605<i>th</i> 606<i>th</i> 607<i>th</i> 608<i>th</i> 609<i>th</i> 610<i>th</i> 611<i>st</i> 612<i>nd</i> 613<i>rd</i> 614<i>th</i> 615<i>th</i> 616<i>th</i> 617<i>th</i> 618<i>th</i> 619<i>th</i> 620<i>th</i> 621<i>st</i> 622<i>nd</i> 623<i>rd</i> 624<i>th</i> 625<i>th</i> 626<i>th</i> 627<i>th</i> 628<i>th</i> 629<i>th</i> 630<i>th</i> 631<i>st</i> 632<i>nd</i> 633<i>rd</i> 634<i>th</i> 635<i>th</i> 636<i>th</i> 637<i>th</i> 638<i>th</i> 639<i>th</i> 640<i>th</i> 641<i>st</i> 642<i>nd</i> 643<i>rd</i> 644<i>th</i> 645<i>th</i> 646<i>th</i> 647<i>th</i> 648<i>th</i> 649<i>th</i> 650<i>th</i> 651<i>st</i> 652<i>nd</i> 653<i>rd</i> 654<i>th</i> 655<i>th</i> 656<i>th</i> 657<i>th</i> 658<i>th</i> 659<i>th</i> 660<i>th</i> 661<i>st</i> 662<i>nd</i> 663<i>rd</i> 664<i>th</i> 665<i>th</i> 666<i>th</i> 667<i>th</i> 668<i>th</i> 669<i>th</i> 670<i>th</i> 671<i>st</i> 672<i>nd</i> 673<i>rd</i> 674<i>th</i> 675<i>th</i> 676<i>th</i> 677<i>th</i> 678<i>th</i> 679<i>th</i> 680<i>th</i> 681<i>st</i> 682<i>nd</i> 683<i>rd</i> 684<i>th</i> 685<i>th</i> 686<i>th</i> 687<i>th</i> 688<i>th</i> 689<i>th</i> 690<i>th</i> 691<i>st</i> 692<i>nd</i> 693<i>rd</i> 694<i>th</i> 695<i>th</i> 696<i>th</i> 697<i>th</i> 698<i>th</i> 699<i>th</i> 700<i>th</i> 701<i>st</i> 702<i>nd</i> 703<i>rd</i> 704<i>th</i> 705<i>th</i> 706<i>th</i> 707<i>th</i> 708<i>th</i> 709<i>th</i> 710<i>th</i> 711<i>st</i> 712<i>nd</i> 713<i>rd</i> 714<i>th</i> 715<i>th</i> 716<i>th</i> 717<i>th</i> 718<i>th</i> 719<i>th</i> 720<i>th</i> 721<i>st</i> 722<i>nd</i> 723<i>rd</i> 724<i>th</i> 725<i>th</i> 726<i>th</i> 727<i>th</i> 728<i>th</i> 729<i>th</i> 730<i>th</i> 731<i>st</i> 732<i>nd</i> 733<i>rd</i> 734<i>th</i> 735<i>th</i> 736<i>th</i> 737<i>th</i> 738<i>th</i> 739<i>th</i> 740<i>th</i> 741<i>st</i> 742<i>nd</i> 743<i>rd</i> 744<i>th</i> 745<i>th</i> 746<i>th</i> 747<i>th</i> 748<i>th</i> 749<i>th</i> 750<i>th</i> 751<i>st</i> 752<i>nd</i> 753<i>rd</i> 754<i>th</i> 755<i>th</i> 756<i>th</i> 757<i>th</i> 758<i>th</i> 759<i>th</i> 760<i>th</i> 761<i>st</i> 762<i>nd</i> 763<i>rd</i> 764<i>th</i> 765<i>th</i> 766<i>th</i> 767<i>th</i> 768<i>th</i> 769<i>th</i> 770<i>th</i> 771<i>st</i> 772<i>nd</i> 773<i>rd</i> 774<i>th</i> 775<i>th</i> 776<i>th</i> 777<i>th</i> 778<i>th</i> 779<i>th</i> 780<i>th</i> 781<i>st</i> 782<i>nd</i> 783<i>rd</i> 784<i>th</i> 785<i>th</i> 786<i>th</i> 787<i>th</i> 788<i>th</i> 789<i>th</i> 790<i>th</i> 791<i>st</i> 792<i>nd</i> 793<i>rd</i> 794<i>th</i> 795<i>th</i> 796<i>th</i> 797<i>th</i> 798<i>th</i> 799<i>th</i> 800<i>th</i> 801<i>st</i> 802<i>nd</i> 803<i>rd</i> 804<i>th</i> 805<i>th</i> 806<i>th</i> 807<i>th</i> 808<i>th</i> 809<i>th</i> 810<i>th</i> 811<i>st</i> 812<i>nd</i> 813<i>rd</i> 814<i>th</i> 815<i>th</i> 816<i>th</i> 817<i>th</i> 818<i>th</i> 819<i>th</i> 820<i>th</i> 821<i>st</i> 822<i>nd</i> 823<i>rd</i> 824<i>th</i> 825<i>th</i> 826<i>th</i> 827<i>th</i> 828<i>th</i> 829<i>th</i> 830<i>th</i> 831<i>st</i> 832<i>nd</i> 833<i>rd</i> 834<i>th</i> 835<i>th</i> 836<i>th</i> 837<i>th</i> 838<i>th</i> 839<i>th</i> 840<i>th</i> 841<i>st</i> 842<i>nd</i> 843<i>rd</i> 844<i>th</i> 845<i>th</i> 846<i>th</i> 847<i>th</i> 848<i>th</i> 849<i>th</i> 850<i>th</i> 851<i>st</i> 852<i>nd</i> 853<i>rd</i> 854<i>th</i> 855<i>th</i> 856<i>th</i> 857<i>th</i> 858<i>th</i> 859<i>th</i> 860<i>th</i> 861<i>st</i> 862<i>nd</i> 863<i>rd</i> 864<i>th</i> 865<i>th</i> 866<i>th</i> 867<i>th</i> 868<i>th</i> 869<i>th</i> 870<i>th</i> 871<i>st</i> 872<i>nd</i> 873<i>rd</i> 874<i>th</i> 875<i>th</i> 876<i>th</i> 877<i>th</i> 878<i>th</i> 879<i>th</i> 880<i>th</i> 881<i>st</i> 882<i>nd</i> 883<i>rd</i> 884<i>th</i> 885<i>th</i> 886<i>th</i> 887<i>th</i> 888<i>th</i> 889<i>th</i> 890<i>th</i> 891<i>st</i> 892<i>nd</i> 893<i>rd</i> 894<i>th</i> 895<i>th</i> 896<i>th</i> 897<i>th</i> 898<i>th</i> 899<i>th</i> 900<i>th</i> 901<i>st</i> 902<i>nd</i> 903<i>rd</i> 904<i>th</i> 905<i>th</i> 906<i>th</i> 907<i>th</i> 908<i>th</i> 909<i>th</i> 910<i>th</i> 911<i>st</i> 912<i>nd</i> 913<i>rd</i> 914<i>th</i> 915<i>th</i> 916<i>th</i> 917<i>th</i> 918<i>th</i> 919<i>th</i> 920<i>th</i> 921<i>st</i> 922<i>nd</i> 923<i>rd</i> 924<i>th</i> 925<i>th</i> 926<i>th</i> 927<i>th</i> 928<i>th</i> 929<i>th</i> 930<i>th</i> 931<i>st</i> 932<i>nd</i> 933<i>rd</i> 934<i>th</i> 935<i>th</i> 936<i>th</i> 937<i>th</i> 938<i>th</i> 939<i>th</i> 940<i>th</i> 941<i>st</i> 942<i>nd</i> 943<i>rd</i> 944<i>th</i> 945<i>th</i> 946<i>th</i> 947<i>th</i> 948<i>th</i> 949<i>th</i> 950<i>th</i> 951<i>st</i> 952<i>nd</i> 953<i>rd</i> 954<i>th</i> 955<i>th</i> 956<i>th</i> 957<i>th</i> 958<i>th</i> 959<i>th</i> 960<i>th</i> 961<i>st</i> 962<i>nd</i> 963<i>rd</i> 964<i>th</i> 965<i>th</i> 966<i>th</i> 967<i>th</i> 968<i>th</i> 969<i>th</i> 970<i>th</i> 971<i>st</i> 972<i>nd</i> 973<i>rd</i> 974<i>th</i> 975<i>th</i> 976<i>th</i> 977<i>th</i> 978<i>th</i> 979<i>th</i> 980<i>th</i> 981<i>st</i> 982<i>nd</i> 983<i>rd</i> 984<i>th</i> 985<i>th</i> 986<i>th</i> 987<i>th</i> 988<i>th</i> 989<i>th</i> 990<i>th</i> 991<i>st</i> 992<i>nd</i> 993<i>rd</i> 994<i>th</i> 995<i>th</i> 996<i>th</i> 997<i>th</i> 998<i>th</i> 999<i>th</i> 1000<i>th</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

	Duty.
LEASE — <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Leases or Parts of single or uninclosed Lands, in any year or Labouring Period, for any Term not exceeding three Years, or Ninety-nine Years, whose the First shall be an uninclosed Free Holding, nor the registered Rent One Guinea per Annum, and the Counterparts or Duplicates of all such Leases.</i>	
LETTER , or Power of Attorney, made by any Petty Officers, Stewards, Mates, or Soldiers serving as a Marine, for receiving Prize Money	0 1 0
LETTER , or Power of Attorney, of any other Kind, or Commission or Faculty in the Nature thereof	1 0 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 250 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the said 250 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
LETTER of Licence from Creditors to a Debtor	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 250 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the said 1080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
LETTERS of Marque and Reprisal	5 0 0
LETTERS Patent.—See GRANT.	
LETTER of REVERSION, in Scotland.—See MORTGAGES.	
LICENCE for Marriage, in England, if Special	5 0 0
if not Special	0 20 0
LICENCE to be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Vice-Chancellor, or other competent Authority, in England, for the Non-residence of any Clergyman upon his Living, pursuant to the Act of the 3d Year of His Majesty's Reign	1 0 0
LICENCE of any Kind, not admitted thereof in this Schedule, which shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor, or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court, in England; or which shall be granted by any Presbytery, or other Ecclesiastical Power, in Scotland	2 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Licences in Superiory Curates in England, wherein the Annual Amount of the Stipend shall be specified, and Licences for the Non-Residence of Clergyman upon his Living, where granted on the Ground of there being no Rectory or no full Rectory of Religion therein.</i>	
LICENCE to sit and exercise the Calling or Occupation of an Appraiser	0 6 0
To be taken out, yearly, by every Person who shall exercise the said Calling or Occupation, or make any Appraisement or Valuation, herebefore charged with a Duty, for or in expectation of any Gain, Fee, or Reward, except husband's Duties.	
LICENCE to be taken out, yearly, by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, who shall give any Promissory Notes for Money, payable to the Bearer on demand, and allowed to be received	23 0 0
LICENCE to exercise the Faculty of Physick, in London, and within Seven Miles thereof.—See ADMISSIONS.	
LICENCE to act as a Notary Publick.—See FACULTY.	
LICENCE to demure Copyhold Lands.—See COPYHOLD.	
MARRIAGE LICENCE .—See LICENCE.	
MATRICULATION in the Universities.—See ADMISSIONS.	
MEMORIAL , to be registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made, for the publick registering of Deeds and Conveyances, in England	0 20 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	0 20 0
MEMORIAL , to be registered or recorded pursuant to Act of Parliament, of any Deed or Instrument, Deeds or Instruments, whereby any Annuity shall be granted or secured, in England	1 0 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
MORTGAGE , Conditional Surrender by way of Mortgage, Further Charge, Wadick, and Rentable Bond; Dispositions, Assignments, or Tack, in Socerary; and Eas to a Reversion; of or affecting any Lands, Estate, or Tenement, real or personal, heritable or moveable whatsoever	
Also any Deed, containing an Obligation to invest any Person in an Annuity Rent, or in Lands or other heritable Subjects, in Scotland, under a Clause of Reversion, but without	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

MORTGAGE—*continue d.*

and in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds, therein specified and secured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.

And where any such Mortgage or Wadset, or other Instrument hereby charged with the said Duty as a Mortgage or Wadset, together with any Sub-lease, Receipt, or other Matter, put or referred thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words, or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2080 Words, contained therein, over and above the said 2080 Words, a further *proportive* Duty of

1 0 0

MORTGAGE, &c.—Any Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Affirmation, of any Mortgage or Wadset, or of any such other Security as aforesaid, or of the Benefit thereof, and of the Money or Stock thereby secured;—in all Cases where the Person entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, shall not be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Affirmation; and also where the Person, who originally made the Mortgage, Wadset, or other Security, shall continue entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, and shall be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Affirmation, provided no further Sum of Money or Stock be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured

1 10 0

And in all other Cases, such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Affirmation, shall be charged with the same Duty as an original Mortgage, Wadset, or other Security.

And where any such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Affirmation, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or referred thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words or 21,000 words, then for every entire Quantity of 2080 Words contained therein, over and above the said 2080 Words, a further *proportive* Duty of

1 0 0

PROVIDED always, that where several British Deeds or Instruments, falling within the Description of any of the Instruments hereby charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, or Mortgages and Wadsets, shall be made at the same Time, for securing the Payment or Transfer of one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any of the Stocks or Funds before-mentioned; the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged and chargeable, only on one of such Deeds or Instruments; and all the rest shall be charged with the Duty, to which the same may be liable, under any more general Description of such Deeds or Instruments, contained in this Schedule; and the Commissioners of Stamps shall, if thereto required, for the sake of Evidence, cause all the rest of such Deeds or Instruments, to be also stamped with some particular Stamp, for testifying the Payment of the said *ad valorem* Duty, on proof to their Satisfaction, that all the said Deeds or Instruments have paid the proper Duties hereby charged thereon.

And where any Copyhold or Customary Land or Hereditaments shall be mortgaged, by means of a Conditional Surrender or Grant; the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged on the Surrender or Grant, or the Memorandum thereof, if made out of Court; or on the Copy of Court Roll of the Surrender or Grant, if made in Court.

And where any Copyhold or Customary Land or Hereditaments shall be mortgaged, or charged, together with other Property, for securing one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any of the Stocks or Funds before-mentioned; the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged on the Deed or Instrument relating to the other Property.

Exemptions from the said ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, &c. but not from any other Duty to which the same may be liable.

Any Deed or other Instrument, made in pursuance of and conformably to any Agreement, Contract, or Bond, hereby charged with, and which shall actually have paid, the said *ad valorem* Duty.

Any Deed or other Instrument, made for the further Assurance only, of any Estate or Property, already mortgaged, pledged or charged as a Security, by any Deed or Instrument, which shall have paid the said *ad valorem* Duty hereby charged, or the *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages or Assignable Bonds, imposed by the Act of the 24th Year of His Majesty's King before-mentioned.

Any Deed or other Instrument, made as an additional or further Security, for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Share or Shares of any of the Stocks or Funds before-mentioned, already secured by any Deed or Instrument, which shall have paid the said *ad valorem* Duty hereby charged, or the *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages or Assignable Bonds, charged by the said Act of the 24th Year of His Majesty's King, to be exempt from the said *ad valorem* Duty hereby charged, so far as regards such Sum or Sums of Money, or such Share or Shares of any of the said Stocks or Funds, before-mentioned, in case such additional or further Security shall be made by the same Person or Persons who made the original

48 Geo. III.

4 L.

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
		<i>£. s. d.</i>
MORTGAGE — <i>continued.</i>		
	Security: but if any further Sum of Money or Stock shall be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured, the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of such further Sum of Money or Stock.	
	<i>For General Exceptions from the preceding and All other Statute Duties, see the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>	
MORTGAGE, Waiver, &c. with a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion, or other Matter as the <i>fore</i> Deal, &c.		
	When any Deed or Writing shall operate as a Mortgage or other Instrument, hereby charged with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, and also as a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of any Lands, Estates, or Properties (except as aforesaid, or as is made for, or according to the Direction of a Particular), such Deed or Writing shall be charged, not only with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, but also with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty herein-before charged on a Conveyance upon the Sale of any Property:—But where the Equity, or Right of Redemption or Reversion shall be thereby conveyed or limited, in any other Manner, such Deed or Writing shall be charged only as a Mortgage.	
	And, in all other Cases, where a Mortgage, or other Instrument hereby charged with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing with any other Matter or Thing (except what shall be necessary to such Mortgage or other Instrument)—such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the <i>fore</i> Duties (except the <i>progressive</i> Duty) as such Mortgage or other Instrument, and such other Matter or Thing, would have been separately charged with, if contained in separate Deeds or Writings.	
	And where any such Deed or Writing, as is mentioned in the two preceding Clauses, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, not or included therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words, or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 0
NOMINATION by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by any other Person, as any perpetual Office in England		1 00
NOTARIAL ACT , any whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule		0 5
	And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 5 0
ORDER for the Payment of Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.		0 5 0
PASSPORT		0 5 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Assurance shall be made upon any Life or Lives, or upon any Event or Contingency, relating to or depending upon any Life or Lives.		0 15 0
	When the Sum insured shall not amount to 100 <i>l.</i>	1 00 0
	And where it shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> or upwards	0 1 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Assurance shall be made of or upon any Building, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or other Property, from Loss or Damage by Fire only		0 1 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Assurance shall be made upon any Ship or Vessel, or upon any Goods, Merchandise, or other Property on board of any Ship or Vessel, or upon the Freight of any Ship or Vessel, or upon any other Interest in or relating to any Ship or Vessel, which may lawfully be insured, for or upon any Voyage from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Isle of Man, to any other Port or Place in the said Kingdom, or Islands, or Isle of Man:		
	Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;	
	If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 1 3
	And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0 1 3
	And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;	
	If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 2 6
	And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0 2 6
	But if the <i>fore</i> Policy or Instrument of two or more distinct Parties shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 3 <i>s.</i> or 2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
POLICY — <i>continued</i>		£. s. d.
	as the Cafe may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> which shall be thereby insured upon any <i>separate and distinct Interest</i> .	
POLICY of Assurance or Indemnity, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurances shall be made upon any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or upon any Goods, Merchandise, or other Property on board of any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or upon the Freight of any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or upon any other Interest in or relating to any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , which may lawfully be insured, for or upon any other <i>Passage</i> than a <i>term-before specified</i> , or for any certain <i>Term or Period of Time</i> , not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months:		
Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurances, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;		
If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0	2 6
And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0	2 6
And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurances, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;		
If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0	5 0
And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0	5 0
But if the <i>separate Interests</i> of Two or more distinct Persons shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> or 5 <i>s.</i> as the Cafe may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> which shall be thereby insured upon any <i>separate and distinct Interest</i> .		
POLICY of Assurance or Indemnity, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurances, commonly called a <i>Mutual Insurance</i> , shall be made, or whereby diverse Persons shall make or agree to insure one another, without any Premium or pecuniary Consideration, from any Loss, Damage, or Misfortune that may happen of or to any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or any Goods, Merchandise, or other Property on board of any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or the Freight of any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , or any other Interest in or relating to any <i>Ship or Vessel</i> , which may lawfully be insured:		
Upon any Voyage from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Isle of Man, to any other Port or Place in the said Kingdom, or Islands, or Isle of Man;		
For every Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> and also for each and every fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> thereby insured to any Person or Persons	0	2 6
Upon any other <i>Passage</i> whatsoever, or for any certain <i>Term or Period of Time</i> not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months;		
For every Sum of 10 <i>l.</i> and also for each and every fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> thereby insured to any Person or Persons	0	5 0
POLICY of Assurance or Indemnity, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any <i>other Insurances whatsoever, not heretofore charged</i> , shall be made upon any Property or Interest whatsoever, from Loss or Damage of any Kind:		
Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurances, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum, on the Sum insured;		
If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0	2 6
And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0	2 6
And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurances, actually and bona fide paid, given, or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum, on the Sum insured, and also where the Insurances shall be made for any other than a pecuniary Consideration,		
If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0	5 0
And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> then for every 100 <i>l.</i> and also for any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> whereof the same shall consist	0	5 0
But if the <i>separate Interests</i> of Two or more distinct Persons shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> or 5 <i>s.</i> as the Cafe may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> which shall be thereby insured upon any <i>separate and distinct Interest</i> .		

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
		£. s. d.
POWER OF ATTORNEY. —See <i>LETTERS OF ATTORNEY.</i>		
PRECEPT of Clerk Comptrol, to give Seizin of Lands or other heritable Subjects in Shroveton —		0 3 0
And where the same shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2000 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Day of		0 3 0
PRESENTATION by His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, or by any other Person, To any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Promotion in England, of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards, in the King's Books		20 0 0
To any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, or Promotion whatsoever in England		10 0 0
PROCURATION, Deed or other Instrument of		1 0 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule or other Matter put or referred thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2000 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Day of		1 0 0
PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment, at the Bearer or demand, of any Sum of Money, Not exceeding One Pound and One Shilling		0 0 4
Exceeding 1l. 1s. and not exceeding 2l. 2s.		0 0 8
Exceeding 2l. 2s. and not exceeding 5l. 5s.		0 1 0
Exceeding 5l. 5s. and not exceeding 20l.		0 1 6
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 50l.		0 3 0
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.		0 4 6
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 500l.		0 7 6
Which said Notes for any Sum, not exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings, may be re-issued, after Payment thereof, as often as shall be thought fit; and the said Notes for any Sum, exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings and not exceeding 100l. may be re-issued from Time to Time after Payment thereof, until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof, but not afterwards.		
PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment, in any other Manner than to the Bearer or demand, of any Sum of Money,		
Amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 5l. 5s.		0 1 0
Exceeding 5l. 5s. and not exceeding 10l.		0 1 6
Exceeding 10l. and not exceeding 50l.		0 3 0
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.		0 3 0
These Notes are not to be re-issued, after being once paid.		
PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment, either to the Bearer or demand, or in any other Manner than to the Bearer or demand, of any Sum of Money,		
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 500l.		0 4 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1000l.		0 5 0
Exceeding 1000l. and not exceeding 5000l.		0 7 6
Exceeding 5000l.		0 10 0
These Notes are not to be re-issued, after being once paid.		
PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment of any Sum of Money by Instalments, or for the Payment of several Sums of Money, at different Days or Times, in that the whole of the Money to be paid shall be definite and certain		
And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Promissory Notes, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule; <i>viz.</i>		
All Notes, providing the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, and if the same shall be definite and certain, and not amount in the whole to Twenty Pounds;		
And all Receipts for Money deposited in any Bank, or in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, which shall contain any Agreement or Memorandum, importing that Interest shall be paid for the Money so deposited.		
<i>Exemptions from the Duties on Promissory Notes.</i>		
All Notes providing the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; where the same shall not be made payable to		

The same Duty as on a Promissory Note, payable after Date, in a Sum equal to the whole amount of the Money to be paid.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
PROMISSORY NOTE — <i>continued.</i>	s. d.
<i>the Bearer or to Order, and after where the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall amount to Twenty Pounds, or be indorseable; And all other Instruments, bearing in any Degree the Form or Style of Promissory Note, but which in Law shall be deemed Special Agreements, except those hereby expressly declared to be deemed Promissory Notes.</i>	
But such of the Notes and Instruments here exempted from the Duty on Promissory Notes, shall nevertheless be liable to the Duty which may attach thereon, as Agreements or otherwise.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>All Promissory Notes for the Payment of Money, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.</i>	
PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, for any Sum of Money.	
Not amounting to 20l.	0 2 0
Amounting to 20l. and not amounting to 100l.	0 3 0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 500l.	0 5 0
Amounting to 500l. or upwards	0 10 0
PROTEST of any other Kind	0 5 0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment, or Vellum, upon which the same shall be written, after the fact, a further proportionable Duty of	0 5 6
PURCHASE DEED. —See CONVEYANCE on the Sale of Land, &c.	
REAL BURDEN on Land in Scotland, Deed creating.—See MORTGAGE, DISCHARGE.	
RECEIPT or Discharge, given for or upon the Payment of Money.	
Amounting to 2l. and not amounting to 10l.	0 0 2
Amounting to 10l. and not amounting to 20l.	0 0 4
Amounting to 20l. and not amounting to 50l.	0 0 8
Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 100l.	0 1 0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l.	0 2 0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 500l.	0 3 0
Amounting to 500l. or upwards	0 5 0
And where any Sum of Money whatever, shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands	0 5 0
And any Note, Memorandum, or Writing whatsoever, given to any Person, for or upon the Payment of Money, whereby any Sum of Money, Debt, or Demand, or any Part of any Debt or Demand, shall be expressed or acknowledged to have been paid, settled, satisfied, or otherwise discharged as aforesaid, or which shall import or imply any such Acknowledgment, and whether the same shall or shall not be signed with the Name of any Person, shall be deemed and taken to be a Receipt for a Sum of Money, of equal Amount with the Sum, Debt, or Demand, so expressed or acknowledged to have been paid, settled, balanced, or otherwise discharged as aforesaid, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule and of the foregoing Acts, and shall be charged with a Duty accordingly.	
And any Receipt or Discharge, Note, Memorandum, or Writing whatever, given to any Person, for or upon the Payment of Money, which shall contain, import, or signify any general Acknowledgment of any Debt, Account, Claim, or Demand, Debt, Account, Claim, or Demand, whereby the Amount shall not be therein specified, having been paid, settled, balanced, or otherwise discharged as aforesaid, or whereby any Sum of Money therein mentioned shall be acknowledged to be received, in full, or in discharge or Satisfaction of any such Debt, Account, Claim, or Demand, Debt, Account, Claim, or Demand, and whether the same shall or shall not be signed with the Name of any Person, shall be deemed and taken to be a Receipt for the Sum of 500l. or upwards, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule and of the foregoing Acts, and shall be charged with the Duty of Five Shillings accordingly.	
And all Receipts, Discharges, and Acknowledgments of the Descriptions aforesaid, which shall be given for or upon Payments made by or with any Bills of Exchange, Deeds, Promissory Notes, or other Securities for Money, shall be deemed and taken to be Receipts given upon the Payment of Money, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule and of the foregoing Acts.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Stamp Duties on Receipts.</i>	
<i>Receipts exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts of the several Parliaments relating to the said Taxes.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
RECEIPT — <i>continued.</i>	s. d. c.
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by the Treasurer of the Navy, for any Money imprest in or received by him, for the Service of the Navy;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Agent, for Money imprest in or received by him, on account of the Pay of the Army or Ordnance;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Officer, Soldier, Marine, or Seaman, or their Representatives respectively, for or on account of any Wages, Pay, or Pensions, due from the Navy Office, Army Pay Office, or Ordnance Office;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given for the Confederate Money, for the Purchase of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or South Sea Company, and for any Dividend paid on any Share of the said Stocks or Funds respectively;</i>	
<i>Receipts given for Money deposited in the Bank of England, or in the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or in the Bank of the British Linen Company in Scotland, or in the House of any Banker or Banks, as is accounted for on Demand; provided the same be not expressed to be received of, or by the Hands of, any other than the Payee or Payees in whom the same is to be accounted for.—But if such Interest—See <i>Prerogative Note.</i></i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges written upon Prerogative Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of Money, duly stamped according to the Laws in force, at the Date thereof; or upon Bills of Exchange drawn out of but payable in Great Britain;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges, given upon Bills or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England;</i>	
<i>Letters by the General Post, acknowledging the safe Arrival of any Bills of Exchange, Prerogative Notes, or other Inventions for Money;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges, indorsed or otherwise written upon, or contained in, any Bond, Mortgage, or other Security, or any Contract, Debt, or Indenture whatsoever, duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof, acknowledging the Receipt of the Confederate Money therein expressed, or the Receipt of any principal Money, Interest, or Annuity, therein secured;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges for Money, by Debt duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given for Drawbacks or Bounties, upon the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandises from Great Britain;</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges for the Return of any Duties of Customs, upon Certificates of Over Entry;</i>	
<i>Receipts, or Acknowledgments of Payment, indorsed upon any Bills, Orders, Remittance Bills, or Remittance-Certificates, drawn by Commissioned Officers, Messengers, and Sergeants in the Navy, or by any Commissioner or Commissioners of the Navy, under the Authority of the Act passed in the 13th Year of the Majesty's Reign, for the more effectual Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to the Navy;</i>	
<i>Receipts, or Acknowledgments of Payment, indorsed upon any Bills, drawn pursuant to any former Act or Acts of Parliament, by the Commissioners of the Navy, or by the Commissioners for rebuilding the Navy, or by the Commissioners for managing the Transport Service and taking Care of sick and wounded Seamen, upon and payable by the Treasurer of the Navy.</i>	
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>	
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant, and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security, for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, Annuity or Annuities, or for the Transfer of any Share or Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South-Sea Company;	
Where such Payment or Transfer shall not be already secured by a Bond, or Mortgage, or by some other Indenture lawfully charged with the same Duty as a Bond or Mortgage;	<i>(The same Duty as Duties on an Bond given for the like Purpose in England.)</i> s. d. c.
And where such Payment or Transfer shall be already secured as aforesaid;	s. d. c.
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant, and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant, Contract, or Agreement; or for the due Execution of any Office or Trust; or for rendering a due Account of Money received or to be received; or for indemnifying any Person or Persons against any Matter or Thing;	s. d. c.

SCHEDULE, PART I.

	Duty.
RECOGNIZANCE — <i>continued.</i> And where any such Recognizances or Statute sealenfold, together with any Schedule or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	l. s. d. 1 0 0
REGISTER , or Entry of the Degree of a Barrister at Law, taken in either of the Inns of Court in England.— <i>See ADMISSION.</i>	
REGISTER or Entry of Degrees taken in the Universities of Great Britain.— <i>See ADMISSION.</i>	
RELEASE upon the Sale of any Property.— <i>See CONVEYANCE.</i>	
RELEASE and Resurrection of Lands or other Property, real or personal, heritable or moveable, or of any Right, or Interest therein; any Deed or Instrument of, or <i>otherwise charged on this Schedule, not excepted from all Stamp Duty</i> And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 0 0
RENUNCIATION upon the Sale of any Property.— <i>See CONVEYANCE.</i>	1 0 0
RENUNCIATION of any Right or Interest in any Property, otherwise than upon a Sale.— <i>See RELEASE.</i>	
RESIGNATION ; principal or original Instrument of Resignation or Surrender or Cognition of Heirs, or Charters, or Bails, of any Offices, Lands, or other heritable Subjects, in Scotland, holding Burghage, or of Burghage Tenure	0 4 6
RESIGNATION .—Instrument of Resignation of any Lands or other heritable Subjects, in Scotland, not of Burghage Tenure And where any of the said Instruments shall contain 2160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 7 6
REVOCAION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, real or personal, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of <i>If made by Deed.—See DEED.</i>	1 10 0
SCHEDULE , Inventory, or Catalogue, of any Lands, Hereditaments, or heritable Subjects, or of any Furniture, Vintages, or other Goods or Effects; or containing the Terms and Conditions of any proposed Sale, Lease, or Tack, or the Conditions and Regulations for the Culture or Management of any Farm, Lands, or other Property leased or agreed to be leased; or containing any other Matter or Matters of Consent or Stipulation whatsoever; which shall be referred to in or by, and be intended to be used or given in Evidence as Part of, or as material to, any Agreement, Lease, Tack, Bond, Deed, or other Instrument, charged with any Duty in this Schedule, but which shall be <i>signed or indented from, and not indented on or annexed to, such Agreement, Lease, Tack, Bond, Deed, or other Instrument</i> And if the same shall contain more than 1728 Words, then for every further entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of <i>Exempted from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Printed Proofs, published by any Corporation or Company, respecting Inferences, and which shall refer to, or be by any Part, or Instrument of Inference, used by such Corporation or Company.</i>	1 0 0
SEISIN .—Instrument of Seisin, given upon any Charter, Precept of Clerk Condit, or Precept from Chancery, or upon any Warrant, heritable Bond, Dispensation, Apperriage, Adjucation, or otherwise, of any Lands or heritable Subjects in Scotland, not of Burghage Tenure And where the same shall contain 2160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 7 6
SPECIFICATION , to be issued or recorded, of any Discovery or Invention, for which a Patent shall be obtained	0 7 6
	3 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
SPECIFICATION—continued.		d. s. d.
And where the same shall contain 250 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1000 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		1 0 0
SURRENDER upon the Sale of Lands or other Property.—See CONVEYANCE.		
SURRENDER (not above) charged in this Schedule, not expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, of any Term or Terms of Years, or of any freehold or annuity Interest, in any Lands, Hereditaments, or heritable Subjects, not being of copyhold or customary Tenure		
And where the same, together with any Schedules, Receipts, or other Matters, put or referred thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 250 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 250 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		1 0 0
SURRENDER of Copyhold Lands or Tenements.—See COPYHOLD and MORTGAGE.		
TACK of Lands, &c. in Scotland, belonging to the Crown.—See GRANT.		
TACK of Lands, &c. in Scotland, not belonging to the Crown.—See LEASE.		
TACK in Security.—See MORTGAGE.		
TESTIMONIAL or Certificate of the Admittance of any Person, to the Degree of a Bachelor of Arts, in either of the Universities in England		
TESTIMONIAL or Certificate of the Admittance of any Person, to any other Degree, in either of the said Universities		
TRANSFER of any Share in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the South Sea Company, whether upon a Sale or otherwise		
TRANSFER of any Share in the Stock and Funds of the East India Company, whether upon a Sale or otherwise		
TRANSFER of any Share or Shares in the Stock and Funds of any other Corporation, Company, or Society whatever, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage or Security.—See CONVEYANCE.—MORTGAGE.		
TRANSFER of any Share or Shares in the Stock and Funds of any other Corporation, Company, or Society whatever, in a mortgage charged under the Head of Mortgage, or of Conveyance upon the Sale of any Property		
TRANSFER upon the Sale of any other Property.—See CONVEYANCE.		
TRANSFER of Mortgage, Wadset, or other Security.—See MORTGAGE.		
WADSET.—See MORTGAGE.		
WARRANT or ORDER <i>arbitral</i> , under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, <i>except</i> where the same shall be for the Service of the Navy, Army, or Ordnance		
And where the same shall be for the Service of the Navy, Army, or Ordnance		1 10 0
And where several Persons shall be separately and distinctly (and not jointly) benefited by one Warranty, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each such Person.		0 12 6
GENERAL EXEMPTIONS FROM ALL STAMP DUTIES.		
<i>All Bonds, Contracts, Mortgages, Conveyances, Deeds and Instruments whatever, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 17th Year of His Majesty's Reign, c. 53, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, for granting the Residence of the Parochial Clergy, by making provision for building, repairing, or purchasing Hospitals and other Buildings, for the Life of their Benefactors</i>		
<i>All Affidavits, Contracts, Mortgages, Conveyances, Deeds and Instruments whatever, exempted from Stamp Duty, by the Act of the 4th Year of His Majesty's Reign, c. 115, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, relating to the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax.</i>		
<i>All Transfers of Shares in the Government or Parliamentary Banks or Funds.</i>		
<i>All Grants, Leases, and other Conveyances and Instruments, exempted from Stamp Duty by an Act of the present Session to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown.</i>		

SCHEDULE 1.—PART THE SECOND.

Containing the Duties on LAW PROCEEDINGS.

Which Duties are to be paid and payable for and in respect of every Skin, Sheet, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which the several Instruments, Matters, and Things, herein charged, shall be respectively written or printed; except when the Duties are imposed according to the Number of Words therein contained, or are expressly charged in any other Manner.

And all the Instruments, Matters, and Things, herein charged with a Duty, in respect of every Skin, Sheet, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which the same shall be written or printed, shall respectively be written or printed, upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, and in such and the same Manner and Form, as the like Instruments, Matters, or Things, have been heretofore accustomed to be, or are now usually written or printed.

And where a Court of Law or Equity is mentioned generally, the same shall be taken to mean, not only the Courts at *Westminster*, but also the several Courts of Law or Equity of the Great Sessions in *Wales*, and in the Counties Palatine of *Cheshire*, *Leinster*, and *Down*, or elsewhere in *England*.

	Duty.	
	s.	d.
I. PROCEEDINGS in the High Court of Admiralty; and in the Courts of the		
County Ports, exercising Admiralty Jurisdiction; the High Court of Appeals in Error Causes; and the High Court of Delegates, in Admiralty Matters, in		
England.		
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read, or used in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order of any of the said Courts	15	0 0
ATTACHMENT issuing out of any of the said Courts	1	10 0
BAIL BOND, or Recognizance, taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	1	0 0
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts	1	0 0
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read, or used, in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Citation, Motion, or Warrant issued out of any of the said Courts	0	5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions, or Inventory, filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree, made in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
DECREE, or Order interlocutory, made in any of the said Courts	1	0 0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	0	5 0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	3	0 0
EXHIBITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	1	0 0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5 0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	1	0 0
RECOGNIZANCE.—See <i>BAIL BOND</i> .		
RELAXATION of any Attachment or Inhibition issued out of any of the said Courts	1	10 0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	1	10 0
WARRANT issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	15 0
WARRANT, <i>Mortgage</i> , or <i>Authentique</i> , given to any Proctor, to commence, carry on, or defend any Action, Suit, or Preference, in any of the said Courts; for the Messengers or Mixers thereof to be entered or filed of Record	0	5 0
II. PROCEEDINGS in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of		
Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters, in England.		
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read, or used in any of the said Courts	0	5 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Deuty.
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts	-	4 1 6
ANSW ^r R in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order, of the Court of Arches, or the Prerogative Court of Canterbury or York	-	15 0 0
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read, or used in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Citation or Motion filed out of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions, or Inventory, filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	-	0 5 0
EKEMPLIFICATION under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	-	3 0 0
INHIBITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	-	0 5 0
WARRANT, Mandate or Authority, given to any Proctor, to commence, carry on, or defend any Suit or Proceedings, in any of the said Courts, for the Memorandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed of Record	-	0 5 6
III. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts of Law and Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , including the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, and in other Courts in England, and the Offices belonging thereto, and also before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, in Matters of Bankruptcy and Lunacy.		
ACTIONS in the Courts of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of London, and in the Courts of all Corporations, and other Courts whatsoever in England holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings or above, and out of which no Writs, Process, or Mandates issue, in the full instance;—for the Entry of every Action or Pleas, except where the Debt or Damage claimed or demanded shall not amount to Forty Shillings	-	0 2 6
AFFIDAVIT, to be filed, read, or used, in any of the Courts of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the Common Pleas in <i>Gloucester, Lancaster, and Devon</i> ; or before any Judge or Master, or other Officer of any of the said Courts; or before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	-	0 2 6
AFFIDAVIT, to be filed, read, or used, in any other Court of Law or Equity, in England, except in Actions or Suits, where the Debt or Damage, or Thing claimed or demanded, shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings	-	0 1 6
ANSWER in any Court of Equity	-	0 5 0
APPEARANCE filed or entered in any Action at Law, wherein no Bail shall be filed or put in	-	0 2 6
ASSIGNMENT of a Bail Bond	-	0 2 6
BAIL Common, to be filed in any Court of Law	-	0 2 6
BAIL Special, to be filed in any Court of Law	-	0 2 6
BAIL BOND in any Action, in any Court of Law	-	0 2 6
BANKRUPT'S Certificate—Confirmation thereof, by the Lord Chancellor, or by the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal	-	0 2 6
BILL filed in any Court of Equity	-	0 5 6
CERTIFICATE by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, of any Default of any Person, in any Suit, or Proceeding before them	-	0 5 0
COMMISSION to take Affidavits, or Special Bail, out of any Court of Law or Equity	-	0 10 0
COMMISSION of Bankrupt	-	0 5 0
COMMISSION of Lunacy	-	0 5 0
COMMISSION out of any Court of Law or Equity, for the Examination of Witnesses, or taking Depositions	-	0 5 0
COMMISSION of any other Kind, out of any Court of Law or Equity	-	0 5 6

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Duty.
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Affidavit, filed, read, or used, in any of the Courts of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine; or before any Judge or Master, or other Officer of any of the said Courts; or before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0 2 6
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Affidavit, filed, read, or used, in any other Court of Law or Equity, except in Admiralty, where the Debt or Damage, or Thing claimed and demanded shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings		0 1 6
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Exceptions, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, or other Pleading, or of any Interrogatories, or Depositions, taken by Commission or otherwise, in any Court of Equity; Where any such Copy shall be written wide, according to the Usage and Practice of the Court, and not contain more than 90 Words in a Sheet, one with another, then for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written		0 0 4
And where any such Copy shall be written close Copy-wise, according to the Usage and Practice of the Court, or in any other Manner than above-mentioned, then for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written		0 2 6
COPY of any Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law		0 0 4
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of Interrogatories and the Depositions or Answers thereto, in any Court of Law, containing not more than 72 Words in a Sheet, one Sheet with another		0 0 4
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Rule or Order, made or given in or by any Court of Law at <i>Windsor</i> , or by any Judge of any such Court		0 2 6
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Decree, Definition, or Order, made in or by the High Court of Chancery at <i>Windsor</i> , or by the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy. And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which any such Copy shall be written, after the full, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 3 0
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Decree, Definition, or Order, made in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, at <i>Windsor</i> ; or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine		0 1 6
COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) or Extract of any Record, Return, or Proceeding whatsoever, in any Court of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , not otherwise charged in this Schedule		0 2 0
DECLARATION in any Court of Law		0 0 4
DECREE or Definition made in or by the High Court of Chancery at <i>Windsor</i> And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which the same shall be written, after the full, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		0 3 0
DECREE or Definition, made in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, at <i>Windsor</i> , or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine, or in or by any other Court of Equity whatsoever		0 1 6
DEMURRER in any Court of Law		0 0 4
DEMURRER in any Court of Equity		0 5 0
DEPOSITIONS taken by virtue of a Commission out of any Court of Equity (<i>except the Paper Drafts shewed before the same are engraf'd</i>)		0 5 0
DEPOSITIONS in any Court of Equity, taken by the Esquires, or other proper Officers, and not by Commission		0 0 4
DEPOSITIONS or Answers to any Interrogatories in any Court of Law		0 0 4
EXCEPTIONS filed in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0 5 0
EXEMPLIFICATION , under the Seal of any Court of Law or Equity whatsoever, of any Record or Proceeding therein (<i>except Exemplifications under the Great Seal charged in the First Part of this Schedule</i>)		5 0 0
GRANT of the Copy of the Petition or Estate of any Lunatic		5 0 0
INDENTURES or Chirograph of a Fine levied in any Court, for each Part or Instrument		0 10 0
INQUISTION taken by or before any Sheriff or his Deputy, or by or before any Coroner, in any Action at Law		0 10 0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Law		0 5 0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0 5 0
JUDGMENT (not interlocutory) signed by the Master of any Office, or his Deputy or Secretary, or by any Postmaster, or his Secretary, Deputy, or Clerk, or by any other Officer belonging to any of the Courts at <i>Windsor</i> , who is or shall be authorized to sign Judgments		0 10 0
ORDER made in or by the High Court of Chancery at <i>Windsor</i> ; or by the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0 3 6

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Days.
ORDER— <i>reversed</i> .		0 1 6
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written, after the said a further proportion Liberty of		0 2 6
ORDER made or given in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, at <i>Windsor</i> , or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said <i>Courts Palatine</i> .		0 2 6
ORDER made or given by any Judge of any of the Courts of Law at <i>Windsor</i> .		0 2 6
<i>Except such as shall be made on the Application of any Plaintiff or Defendant Debtor; and except all Orders for the Delivery of the Particulars of a Plaintiff's Demand, or for staying Proceedings on Payment of Debt and Costs; and all Orders for Time to plead, reply, or return, after the said Order for that Purpose.</i>		
PETITION in any Matter in any of the Courts of Equity at <i>Windsor</i> ; and Petition to the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy.		0 2 6
PLEA in any Court of Law.		0 0 4
PLEA in any Court of Equity.		0 5 0
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Law, not otherwise charged in this Schedule.		0 0 4
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Equity, not otherwise charged in this Schedule.		0 5 0
POSTEA.		0 10 0
RECORD of His Privy.		0 10 0
REPOUNDER in any Court of Law.		0 0 4
REPOUNDER in any Court of Equity.		0 5 0
REPLICATION in any Court of Law.		0 0 4
REPLICATION in any Court of Equity.		0 5 0
REPORT made by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy.		0 2 6
RULE or Order, made or given in or by any of the Courts of Law at <i>Windsor</i> , which shall be filed or delivered out, by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer, to the Party obtaining it.		0 2 6
And for the Entry of every such Rule or Order, in the Book kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer for that Purpose, whether written on one or more Sheets or Leaves.		0 2 6
RULES to plead and reply, and all other Rules, of any of the said Courts of Law at <i>Windsor</i> , not filed as above mentioned, but which shall be entered in the Books kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer for that Purpose; for the Entry of every such Rule.		0 2 6
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of any of the Courts of Law at <i>Windsor</i> .		0 1 0
<i>Except such as shall be issued on the Application of any Plaintiff or Defendant Debtor; and except all Summons for the Delivery of the Particulars of a Plaintiff's Demand, and all Summons for Time to plead, reply, or return, after the said Summons for that Purpose.</i>		
WARRANT, Mandate, or Authority, given to any Attorney or Solicitor, to execute, carry on, or defend any Action, Suit, or Proceedings, in any of the Courts at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said <i>Courts Palatine</i> , or in any other Court whatsoever, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings; for the Memorandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed in Record.		0 5 0
WARRANT or Summons, issued by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy.		0 1 0
WARRANT of Attorney.		1 0 0
WRIT of Appeal.		1 0 0
WRIT of Certiorari.		2 0 0
WRIT of Committit for levying a Fine.		2 0 0
WRIT of Entry for restoring a Common Recovery.		2 0 0
WRIT of Error.		1 0 0
WRIT of Superfideum of a Commission of Bankrupt.		0 5 6
WRIT, Mandate, or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall file out of, or pass the Seal of, any of the Courts at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said <i>Courts Palatine</i> , or of any other Court as aforesaid, holding Pleas where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings, except in Actions or Suits where the Debt, Damage, or Thing claimed or demanded shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings.		0 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
IV. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts in Scotland.	
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, made, or used in the Court of Exchequer	0 2 0
DEPOSITION taken in the said Court, or by Commission from the same	0 2 0
DEPOSITION or Depositions, taken by Commission or otherwise, in any Cause or Suit before the Court of Session, or the Commission of Trade, or the Commissary Court at Edinburgh, or in any Civil Cause before any inferior Court	0 2 0
<i>Exempted from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Depositions taken in any Cause or Suit before any of the said Courts, which shall be registered in, or at the Instance of the publick Prosecutor, for the publick Interest, or where the publick Revenue is concerned.</i>	
<i>Depositions taken in any Cause or Suit before any inferior Court, where the Sum or Subject concluded for shall be under the Value of 5<i>l</i>. Sterling, exclusive of Costs.</i>	
SUMMONS, Warrant, Precept, Summary Petition, Complaint, or other original Application, in whatever Form, issuing from or out of, or preferred in, the Court of Session, or Commission of Trade, or the Court of Exchequer, or High Court of Admiralty; except where the Sum shall be in Demand, by or at the Instance of the publick Prosecutor, for the publick Interest, or where the publick Revenue is concerned	0 4 0
SUMMONS, Warrant, Precept, Edict, Summary Petition, Complaint, or other original Application, in whatever Form, issuing from or out of, or preferred in, any Court in Scotland (other than the said Courts of Session, Commission of Trade, Exchequer, and High Court of Admiralty, and the Court of Justiciary), where the Matter in Dispute shall exceed the Amount or Value of Five Pounds (except as in the last Article)	0 2 0
WARRANT, Mandate, or Authority given to any Solicitor, Attorney, Agent, or Procurator, to commence, carry on, or defend any Action, Suit, or Prosecution, in any Court in Scotland; for the Messengers or Messets thereof to be entered or filed of Record	0 5 0
V. GENERAL EXEMPTIONS from all Stamp Duties, applicable to England as well as Scotland.	
<i>Warrants, Mandates, or Authorities, to commence, carry on, or defend any Action, Suit, or Prosecution in any Court whatever, where the Debt, Damage, or Thing claimed or demanded shall not amount to or be of the Value of Forty Shillings.</i>	
<i>Warrants, Mandates, or Authorities, to commence, carry on, or defend any Prosecutions or Proceedings upon Indictments, or upon any Informations, Suits, Writs, or Precepts, in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or at the Instance of the Attorney General, Lord Advocate of Scotland, or other Officer legally authorized to prosecute or sue in His Name or for the Interest of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.</i>	
<i>But these Exemptions are not to extend to Informations in the Nature of Quo Warranto, filed by His Majesty's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench; nor to Informations in Courts of Equity, at the Relation of private Parties; nor to Informations, where any other Person than His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be entitled to any Penalty or Satisfaction, or any Share thereof.</i>	
<i>All Proceedings for or on the Behalf of any Person legally admitted to sue or defend in his own Name; and all Proceedings of Courts Martial; and all Orders, Injunctions, and Proceedings, of or before any Commissioners of Sewers, and of or in the Summary Courts in England.</i>	
<i>All Summons, Attachments, Executions, and other Proceedings, in or issuing out of any of the Courts, established for the Recovery of Debts not exceeding Five Pounds, commonly called Courts of Request.</i>	

SCHEDULE 1.—PART THE THIRD.

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on CONFIRMATIONS of Testaments, testamentary and devise; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Consistory Courts in Scotland, and on LEGACIES out of real or personal, heritable or moveable Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to personal or moveable Estates upon Intestacy.

PROBATE of a WILL, or Letters of ADMINISTRATION, to be granted in England; CONFIRMATION of any Testament testamentary or devise, or Eik thereto, to be expedited in any Consistory Court in Scotland, after the 10th Day of October 1808, when the Decedent shall have died, before or upon that Day, and subsequent to the 10th Day of October 1804; INVENTORY to be exhibited and recorded, in any Consistory Court in Scotland, of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, who shall have died after the 10th Day of October 1804;	Duty.	
	£.	s. d.
Where the Estate and Effects, for or in respect of which, such Probate, Letters of Administration, Confirmation, or Eik, respectively, shall be granted or expedited, or whereof such Inventory shall be exhibited and recorded, <i>exclusive of what the Decedent shall have been possessed of or entitled to, or a Trust for any other Person or Persons, and not herebefore, shall be</i>		
above the Value of 200. and under the Value of 300.	-	0 10 0
of the Value of 300. and under the Value of 400.	-	2 0 0
of the Value of 400. and under the Value of 500.	-	3 0 0
of the Value of 500. and under the Value of 600.	-	4 0 0
of the Value of 600. and under the Value of 700.	-	5 0 0
of the Value of 700. and under the Value of 800.	-	6 0 0
of the Value of 800. and under the Value of 900.	-	7 0 0
of the Value of 900. and under the Value of 1,000.	-	8 0 0
of the Value of 1,000. and under the Value of 1,100.	-	9 0 0
of the Value of 1,100. and under the Value of 1,200.	-	10 0 0
of the Value of 1,200. and under the Value of 1,300.	-	11 0 0
of the Value of 1,300. and under the Value of 1,400.	-	12 0 0
of the Value of 1,400. and under the Value of 1,500.	-	13 0 0
of the Value of 1,500. and under the Value of 1,600.	-	14 0 0
of the Value of 1,600. and under the Value of 1,700.	-	15 0 0
of the Value of 1,700. and under the Value of 1,800.	-	16 0 0
of the Value of 1,800. and under the Value of 1,900.	-	17 0 0
of the Value of 1,900. and under the Value of 2,000.	-	18 0 0
of the Value of 2,000. and under the Value of 2,100.	-	19 0 0
of the Value of 2,100. and under the Value of 2,200.	-	20 0 0
of the Value of 2,200. and under the Value of 2,300.	-	21 0 0
of the Value of 2,300. and under the Value of 2,400.	-	22 0 0
of the Value of 2,400. and under the Value of 2,500.	-	23 0 0
of the Value of 2,500. and under the Value of 2,600.	-	24 0 0
of the Value of 2,600. and under the Value of 2,700.	-	25 0 0
of the Value of 2,700. and under the Value of 2,800.	-	26 0 0
of the Value of 2,800. and under the Value of 2,900.	-	27 0 0
of the Value of 2,900. and under the Value of 3,000.	-	28 0 0
of the Value of 3,000. and under the Value of 3,100.	-	29 0 0
of the Value of 3,100. and under the Value of 3,200.	-	30 0 0
of the Value of 3,200. and under the Value of 3,300.	-	31 0 0
of the Value of 3,300. and under the Value of 3,400.	-	32 0 0
of the Value of 3,400. and under the Value of 3,500.	-	33 0 0
of the Value of 3,500. and under the Value of 3,600.	-	34 0 0
of the Value of 3,600. and under the Value of 3,700.	-	35 0 0
of the Value of 3,700. and under the Value of 3,800.	-	36 0 0
of the Value of 3,800. and under the Value of 3,900.	-	37 0 0
of the Value of 3,900. and under the Value of 4,000.	-	38 0 0
of the Value of 4,000. and under the Value of 4,100.	-	39 0 0
of the Value of 4,100. and under the Value of 4,200.	-	40 0 0
of the Value of 4,200. and under the Value of 4,300.	-	41 0 0
of the Value of 4,300. and under the Value of 4,400.	-	42 0 0
of the Value of 4,400. and under the Value of 4,500.	-	43 0 0
of the Value of 4,500. and under the Value of 4,600.	-	44 0 0
of the Value of 4,600. and under the Value of 4,700.	-	45 0 0
of the Value of 4,700. and under the Value of 4,800.	-	46 0 0
of the Value of 4,800. and under the Value of 4,900.	-	47 0 0
of the Value of 4,900. and under the Value of 5,000.	-	48 0 0
of the Value of 5,000. and under the Value of 5,100.	-	49 0 0
of the Value of 5,100. and under the Value of 5,200.	-	50 0 0
of the Value of 5,200. and under the Value of 5,300.	-	51 0 0
of the Value of 5,300. and under the Value of 5,400.	-	52 0 0
of the Value of 5,400. and under the Value of 5,500.	-	53 0 0
of the Value of 5,500. and under the Value of 5,600.	-	54 0 0
of the Value of 5,600. and under the Value of 5,700.	-	55 0 0
of the Value of 5,700. and under the Value of 5,800.	-	56 0 0
of the Value of 5,800. and under the Value of 5,900.	-	57 0 0
of the Value of 5,900. and under the Value of 6,000.	-	58 0 0
of the Value of 6,000. and under the Value of 6,100.	-	59 0 0
of the Value of 6,100. and under the Value of 6,200.	-	60 0 0
of the Value of 6,200. and under the Value of 6,300.	-	61 0 0
of the Value of 6,300. and under the Value of 6,400.	-	62 0 0
of the Value of 6,400. and under the Value of 6,500.	-	63 0 0
of the Value of 6,500. and under the Value of 6,600.	-	64 0 0
of the Value of 6,600. and under the Value of 6,700.	-	65 0 0
of the Value of 6,700. and under the Value of 6,800.	-	66 0 0
of the Value of 6,800. and under the Value of 6,900.	-	67 0 0
of the Value of 6,900. and under the Value of 7,000.	-	68 0 0
of the Value of 7,000. and under the Value of 7,100.	-	69 0 0
of the Value of 7,100. and under the Value of 7,200.	-	70 0 0
of the Value of 7,200. and under the Value of 7,300.	-	71 0 0
of the Value of 7,300. and under the Value of 7,400.	-	72 0 0
of the Value of 7,400. and under the Value of 7,500.	-	73 0 0
of the Value of 7,500. and under the Value of 7,600.	-	74 0 0
of the Value of 7,600. and under the Value of 7,700.	-	75 0 0
of the Value of 7,700. and under the Value of 7,800.	-	76 0 0
of the Value of 7,800. and under the Value of 7,900.	-	77 0 0
of the Value of 7,900. and under the Value of 8,000.	-	78 0 0
of the Value of 8,000. and under the Value of 8,100.	-	79 0 0
of the Value of 8,100. and under the Value of 8,200.	-	80 0 0
of the Value of 8,200. and under the Value of 8,300.	-	81 0 0
of the Value of 8,300. and under the Value of 8,400.	-	82 0 0
of the Value of 8,400. and under the Value of 8,500.	-	83 0 0
of the Value of 8,500. and under the Value of 8,600.	-	84 0 0
of the Value of 8,600. and under the Value of 8,700.	-	85 0 0
of the Value of 8,700. and under the Value of 8,800.	-	86 0 0
of the Value of 8,800. and under the Value of 8,900.	-	87 0 0
of the Value of 8,900. and under the Value of 9,000.	-	88 0 0
of the Value of 9,000. and under the Value of 9,100.	-	89 0 0
of the Value of 9,100. and under the Value of 9,200.	-	90 0 0
of the Value of 9,200. and under the Value of 9,300.	-	91 0 0
of the Value of 9,300. and under the Value of 9,400.	-	92 0 0
of the Value of 9,400. and under the Value of 9,500.	-	93 0 0
of the Value of 9,500. and under the Value of 9,600.	-	94 0 0
of the Value of 9,600. and under the Value of 9,700.	-	95 0 0
of the Value of 9,700. and under the Value of 9,800.	-	96 0 0
of the Value of 9,800. and under the Value of 9,900.	-	97 0 0
of the Value of 9,900. and upwards	-	98 0 0

Exemption.

Letters of Administration, Probate of Will, Confirmation of Testament and Eik thereto, and Inventory of the Effects, of any common Seaman, Mariner, or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

SCHEDULE, PART III.

Duty.

LEGACIES, and SUCCESSIONS to Personal or Moveable Estate upon Intestacy.

s. 2. d.

1. *Where the Testator, Testatrix, or Intestate died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1803*

For every Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, of the Amount or Value of 20*l.* or upwards, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, of any Person, who died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1803, out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied, or discharged, after the 10th Day of October 1808 :

Also for the clear Residue (when devolving to one Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when devolving to Two or more Persons) of the Personal or Moveable Estate of any Person who died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1803 (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies, and other Charges first payable thereout) whether the Title to such Residue, or any Share thereof, shall accrue by virtue of any Testamentary Disposition, or upon a partial or total Intestacy ; where such Residue, or Share of Residue, shall be of the Amount or Value of 20*l.* or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied, or discharged, after the 10th Day of October 1808 :

When any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased ; a Duty at and after the Rate of Two Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum, on the Amount or Value thereof :

per Cent.
2 10 0

When any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased ; a Duty at and after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof :

per Cent.
4 0 0

When any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased ; a Duty at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof :

per Cent.
5 0 0

And where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of any Person, as any other Degree of collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is above described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in blood to the Deceased ; a Duty at and after the Rate of Eight Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof :

per Cent.
8 0 0

11. *Where the Testator, Testatrix, or Intestate shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805*

For every Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, of the Amount or Value of 20*l.* or upwards, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805, either out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, or out of or charged upon his or her Real or Heritable Estate, or out of any Monies to arise by the Sale, Mortgage, or other Disposition of his or her Real or Heritable Estate, or any Part thereof, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied, or discharged after the 10th Day of October 1808 :

Also, for the clear Residue (when devolving to one Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when devolving to Two or more Persons) of the Personal or Moveable Estate, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805 (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies, and other Charges first payable thereout), whether the Title to such Residue, or any Share thereof, shall accrue by virtue of any Testamentary Disposition, or upon a partial or total Intestacy ; where such Residue, or Share of Residue, shall be of the Amount or Value of 20*l.* or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied, or discharged after the 10th Day of October 1808 :

And also for the clear Residue (when given to one Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when given to Two or more Persons) of the Monies to arise from the Sale, Mortgage, or other Disposition, of any Real or Heritable Estate, devolved to be sold, mortgaged, or otherwise disposed of, by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805 (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies, and other Charges first made payable thereout, if any) where such Residue, or Share of Residue, shall amount to 20*l.* or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, retained, or discharged after the 10th Day of October 1808 :

SCHEDULE, PART III.		Duty.
LEGACIES and GIFTS.— <i>See Act 103.</i>		
When any Share of such Refidue, or any Share of such Refidue, shall have been given, or be given, to or for the Benefit of a Child of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Child of the Deceased, at and after the Rate of One Pound per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof.		per Cent. 1 0 0
When any Share of such Refidue, or any Share of such Refidue, shall have been given, or be given, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, at and after the Rate of Two Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof.		per Cent. 2 10 0
When any Share of such Refidue, or any Share of such Refidue, shall have been given, or be given, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, at and after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof.		per Cent. 4 0 0
And when any Share of such Refidue, or any Share of such Refidue, shall have been given, or be given, to or for the Benefit of any Person, or to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof.		per Cent. 5 0 0
And all Gifts of Annuities, or of any other periodical Benefit, or Interest, out of any Refidue, or of the Assets or Effects aforesaid, shall be deemed Legacies within the Intest and Meaning of this Schedule.		per Cent. 10 0 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>		
<i>Legacies, and Refidues, or any Share of Refidue, or any Share of Refidue, given or be given, to or for the Benefit of the Husband or Wife of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of any Child of the Deceased.</i>		
<i>And all Legacies, whensoever accepted from Duty, by the Act passed in the 5th Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, for exempting certain specific Legacies, given to Public Charities, or other public Bodies, from the Payment of Duty.</i>		

C A P. CL.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. [4th July 1808.]

- * A permanent Local Militia shall be ballotted and enrolled in Scotland. § 1. Not to exceed, including Volunteers, Six Times the original Quota of Militia under 48 G. 3. c. 91.—§ 2. Deficiencies in effecting the Quota shall be supplied by additional Local Militia Men. § 3. On a calling Order to ballot Men, Lord Lieutenant, &c. shall appoint General and Subdivisions Meetings. § 4. His Majesty may order Counties to be divided whensoever more than One Regiment is to be raised. § 5. Powers of Militia Acts to extend to this Act. § 6. Two Deputy Lieutenants, or One and a Justice, may act. § 7. Ballot shall be out of Persons between 18 and 30 Years of Age, returned to Militia Lists. § 7. Penalty on Person neglecting to appear, &c. 20s. &c. § 8. Constables shall be above 30 Years old. § 9. Exemption for Persons unable to serve from illness or bodily Infirmary. § 10. Exemptions for Ministers, Medical Men, &c. § 11. [7th Words of Exemption for Ministers, &c. inserted.] § 12. Proviso of any Congression, &c. 3048 G. 3. c. 115. § 12. — Period of Exemption for Persons having served in Militia, &c. § 13. Certain Persons exempted from serving in the Militia, liable to serve in the Local Militia. § 14. Apprentices ballotted shall not enlist in the Army, &c. without Master's Consent. Service under this Act shall not affect Contracts of Service. § 14. Oath of Person ballotted. § 15. Fine on Person ballotted not appearing to be enrolled. § 15. Persons imprisoned for Non-payment of 10s. Fine shall serve when released. § 17. Declaration or Certificate of Person claiming Exemption upon Payment of 10s. or 10s. & 6d. § 18. Persons engaging to serve in any Volunteer Corps or other Engagee, shall have 1/2 of their Fines remitted. § 19. Days of Attendance of Volunteers shall be specified in Certificates. 20.

XXI. And whereas Doubts have been entertained with regard to the Meaning of certain Clauses in the Acts relating to the Volunteers and Militia of Scotland: be it therefore enacted and declared, That no Volunteer or Yeoman shall, from and after the passing of this Act be entitled to Exemption from serving in the Militia of Scotland, or in the Local Militia to be raised under this Act, unless such Volunteer or Yeoman shall have been included in the Returns made pursuant to an Act relating to Yeomanry and Volunteers, passed in the Forty-fourth Year

voluntarily enrolled themselves to serve in the Local Militia under this Act, in the Manner in which such Commissions of Supply are directed to make Allowances for the Relief of the Widows and Families of Militia Men, by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

48 G. 3. c. 23.

"Substituted Clerks shall not retain Money. § 59. Substituted Clerks shall keep Account of Fees, &c. and transmit the same to the Secretary at War. § 60. And also Accounts of Money received to the Bank on Oath. § 61. And also Statements of Sums required for Payment of Penalties exacted, and Account of Payments thereof upon Oath. § 62. Bond of Substituted Clerks. § 63. Fees shall be applied under Order of Secretary of State. § 64. Part of Penalties to Informer. § 65. Two Justices may hear and determine Offences, and give Judgment for Penalties, &c. upon due Proof according to the Law of Scotland.—Appeal to Sessions. § 66. Penalty on Witnesses not attending. § 67."

Fees of Clerks.

48 G. 3.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall make the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, without Variation; (that is to say)

"BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord in the County of A. B. of was convicted before us, C. D. and E. F. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near the Place where the Offence was committed, for that the said A. B. on the Day of saw full well, did, in contravention of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, [here set out the Offence against the Act] and we do find that the said A. B. hath defrauded the Sum of and do hereby make Payment thereof."

"Persons believed under 45 G. 3. c. 53. may send Substitutes, &c. of Service in Militia under 47 G. 3. c. 71. shall be entitled to their Discharge; and Persons having issued Substitutes or paid Fees under both Acts, shall have a Return of their Money paid under 47 G. 3. c. 59. Penalty of Perjury or false Oath. § 70."

Refusing to be sworn required of 47 G. 3. c. 71.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, in addition to what is provided by an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty relative to the Militia, intimated, *An Act for the Speedy completing the Militia of Great Britain, and increasing it's Force, under various Limitations and Regulations*, That if any Person shall contravene himself to be aggrieved by the Sentence, Warrant, or Order of any Deputy Lieutenant or Justice or Justices of the Peace in Scotland, in the Execution of this Act, or in the Execution of any Act or Acts relating to the Militia of Scotland, it shall not be competent to such Executives or Procedure upon any such Sentence, Warrant, or Order; and that if any Person shall attempt to do so by Bill of Suspension or otherwise, the same shall be deemed an incompetent, and such Person shall be subjected to full Expenses.

"Act may be altered or repealed this Session."

[THE SCHEMATIC entered in the Act, and all the Clauses above abridged, are precisely similar, mutatis mutandis, to those contained in the Act 48 G. 3. c. 151. for establishing a permanent Local Militia Force in England.]

C A P. CLL

An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords. [4th July 1808.]

"WHEREAS the great Extent of Agriculture, Commerce, Manufactures and Population, and the consequent Multiplication of Transactions in Scotland, have greatly increased the Number of Law Suits brought into the Court of Session, whereby it has become expedient to make more new Arrangements in that Court, to facilitate the Dispatch of Business: And whereas it is also expedient to make such Regulations as are hereinafter provided touching Appeals; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on and after the Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Judges or Lords of Session shall divide into Two Divisions, and the Lord President of the whole Court, and Seven of the Ordinary Lords of Session shall form one and the First of the said Divisions; and the Lord Justice Clerk for the Time being, and Six of the Ordinary Lords of Session, shall form the other and the Second of the said Divisions.

Lords of Session shall sit in Two Divisions.

Of whom each Division shall be composed.

II. And be it enacted, That such Seven of the Ordinary Lords of Session shall be the Judges who shall sit in one of the said Divisions, and such Six shall be the Judges who shall sit usually in the other of the said Divisions, as His Majesty shall appoint; and the Lord President of the whole Court shall preside in the First of the said Divisions, and the Lord Justice Clerk shall preside in the Second of the said Divisions; and in the Absence of the Lord President and Justice Clerk respectively, one of the Ordinary Lords of the said respective Divisions, that is to say, such Ordinary Lord as the Judges then present shall appoint shall preside in such Divisions respectively.

Judges of each Division shall sit in each Division.

Place of Meeting of each Division shall be, on each Day, as may be directed by the King.

III. And be it enacted, That in each of the said Divisions there shall be an equal Number of the Judges of the Court of Justiciary, including the Lord Justice Clerk.

IV. And be it enacted, That from and after the said Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, the said Judges in each Division respectively shall sit in such Rooms or Places as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall appoint, and each of the same shall sit on the same Days as have hitherto been the Days of sitting of the whole Court for the Dispatch of Business during the Time of Session at such Places as the Court of Session by any Regulations to be made by the whole Court, or a Quorum thereof consisting of Six

Cause depend-
ing here to be
disposed of.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the different Causes which shall be depending before any Lords Ordinary on the said Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, from and after that Day, belong to the Division of which the Lord Ordinary, before whom they are depending shall, under the Provisions of this Act, be a Part or Member; and that such Causes as shall be depending in the Inner House on and prior to the Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, shall from and after that Day belong to the Division of which the Lord Ordinary before whom they depended at the Time they were first brought from a Lord Ordinary, and the Inner House, shall, under the Provisions of this Act, be a Part or Member, and that all other Causes which shall be depending in the Inner House on and prior to the said Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eight, whether they were brought into the Inner House originally to the first Instance, or brought in and then brought into the Inner House before a Lord Ordinary, shall be divided, shall be distributed, and the said Divisions of the Judges, as they stand upon the Roll upon each Day; that is to say, the Roll shall, upon the Roll shall belong to the First of the said Divisions, and the second Cause thereof the Roll shall belong to the Second of the said Divisions, and so on successively and alternately: And in Cases in which, after each Division of the Judges shall have taken place as aforesaid, Causes shall be remitted by the House of Lords to the Court of Session, and when there shall be at the Time of such Remittals no Lord Ordinary in such Cause, the respective Causes shall be remitted to the Division in which the Lord Ordinary was first Cause respectively being; Provided nevertheless, that in all Causes in which the House of Lords shall think proper to give a Review to the Court to be required the Judges of the Division of the Court of Session to which the Cause or Matter shall after such Remittal belong, shall be bound to require the Opinion of the Judges of the other Division in Matters or Questions of Law in Writing, and such Judges of the other Division shall be bound to give and communicate the same in Manner here-before provided.

Cause to be
remitted to the
House of
Lords.

Court of Session
shall meet to
hear Pleas
before.

XIV. And be it enacted, That for the Purpose aforesaid, the Court of Session be lawfully authorized to meet after the passing of this Act on any Days, either in Term of Session or during Vacation, Next of the said Judges being a Quorum; and the said Court being assembled by the Lord President, in order that such Regulations may be made, and such Dispositions of Causes may take place as shall be necessary or proper for carrying this Act into Execution.

Appeal to the
House of Lords.

XV. And be it enacted, That hereafter no Appeal to the House of Lords shall be allowed from Interlocutory Judgments; but such Appeals shall be allowed only from Judgments or Decrees on the whole Merits of the Cause, except with the Leave of the Division of the Judges pronouncing such Interlocutory Judgments; or except in Cases where there is a Difference of Opinion among the Judges of the said Division; nor shall any Appeal to the House of Lords be allowed from Interlocutors or Decrees of Lords Ordinary which have not been reviewed by the Judges sitting in the Tribunal to which such Lords Ordinary belong; Provided, that when a Judgment or Decree is appealed from, it shall be competent to either Party to appeal to the House of Lords from all or any of the Interlocutors that may have been pronounced at the Court, so that the Whole, as far as it is necessary, may be brought under the Review of the House of Lords.

Respecting
Interlocutors.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the reclaiming or representing Days against an Interlocutor of a Lord Ordinary shall, from Malice or Inadvertency, have expired, it shall be competent, with the Leave of the Lord Ordinary, to whom the said Interlocutor, by Petition, to the Review of the Division to which the said Lord Ordinary belongs, but of this age always, that in the Event of such Petition being preferred, the Petitioner shall be subjected to the Payment of the Expenses properly incurred to the Petitioner by the other Party.

Copy of Petition
of Appeal shall
be lodged in
the Clerk's Office
of the Court
before.

XVII. And be it enacted, That when any Appeal is lodged in the House of Lords, a Copy of the Petition of Appeal shall be laid by the Respondent or Respondents, before the Judges of the Division to which the Cause belongs, and the said Division, or any Two of the Judges thereof, shall have Power to regulate all Matters relative to Interest, Possession, or Execution, and Payment of Costs and Expenses already incurred, according to their best Discretion, having a full Regard to the Interests of the Parties as they may be affected by the Allowance or Reversal of the Judgment or Decree appealed from.

To whom it is
returned. The
House of Lords
may dispense
by Appeal to the
House of Lords.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That it shall not be competent by Appeal to the House of Lords touching the Regularity or Error in such Legal Proceedings, Execution, and Payment of Expenses or Costs, to Stop the Execution of any Regulations that shall have been made as aforesaid respecting the same; provided that when the Appeal touching the Judgment or Decree appealed from shall be heard, it shall be competent for the House of Lords to make such Order and give such Judgment respecting all Matters whether or which shall have been done or to take place in performance of or in consequence of such Regulations in relation to Interest, Possession, Execution, and Payment of Expenses or Costs, as the Justice of the Case shall appear to the said House of Lords to require.

House of Lords
may order
Payment of
Expenses.

XIX. And be it enacted, That if, upon hearing the Appeal it shall appear to the House of Lords to be just and convenient, that the Payment of Interest, Simple or compound, by any of the Parties in the Cause to which such Appeal relates, it shall be competent to the said House of Lords to decree or adjudge the Payment thereof, as the said House of Lords shall think meet.

Reference to
Appellate Court
may be
made; the
House of Lords
may
be bound.

XX. And be it enacted, That if any Appeal preferred after the passing of this Act to the House of Lords against an Interlocutor or Decree of the said Court, or either of the Divisions thereof shall be dismissed for want of Provisions, it shall be lawful for any Respondent to such Appeal to apply by Petition to that Division of the Court of Session to which such Cause shall belong, and it shall be competent to the Judges of the said Division, upon such Petition, to decree Payment of Interest, Simple or compound, by the Appellant,

to be adopted relative to Proceedings in Causes brought into the Court of Session by Adversities, Sequestration, or Recluse; as in the Two last Cases; and relative to those of a Civil Nature which may be brought before the Circuit Court of Judiciary by Appeal; and with regard to the present Form of the Court of Session in executing Decrees; and with respect to the other Matters appointed to be the Subjects of their Enquiry, to report thereupon in such Order as to them shall seem most expedient; yet in nevertheless as that their Report upon the Whole of the Matters submitted to their Consideration, shall be made on or before the said Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and nine.

C A P. CLII.

An Act for granting certain Duties on Worts or Wafs made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain. [4th July 1808.]

WHEREAS it may be found proper to prohibit throughout Great Britain, for a Time to be limited, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, and in such Case it would be expedient to encourage the Distillation of Spirits from Sugar during such Prohibition; and also to modify and regulate the Duties to be levied, and the Drawbacks to be allowed; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for and during any Period of Time in which by or under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, passed or to be passed, the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, all and singular the Duties of Excise on Worts or Wafs, made or brewed in Great Britain for extracting Spirits, and all and singular the Duties on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain and on Spirits made in Ireland and imported into Great Britain, and also the Duties on Licences on the Context or Capacity of Still used or employed in Scotland for making or distilling Low Worts or Spirits, and also all and singular the Duties on Spirits manufactured in England, and brought from thence into Scotland, and vice versa, and also all and singular the Drawbacks on the Exportation of any such Spirits, shall be and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall or may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Prohibition of the Use of any Materials or Commodities whatsoever in the making or brewing of Wort or Waf for distilling or extracting Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland, except Oats or Barley, or New or Ragg, or the Growth of the said Highlands, shall also be suspended during any Period of Time that the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain fall by or under the Authority of any Act of Parliament be prohibited, any Thing in this or any other Act of Parliament to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any such Prohibition as aforesaid of the Use of Corn and Grain in the Distillation of Spirits shall cease and determine, all and singular the Duties, Drawbacks, Privileges, Ranks, Regulations, Restrictions, and also the Prohibition which by this Act are or shall be suspended, shall be revived, and the same are hereby in such Case declared to revive and become in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby suspended, there shall during such Suspension be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Ranks and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say),

For every Gallon of Wort or Waf, brewed or made for extracting Spirits in England, for Home Consumption, from Sugar, an Excise Duty of One Shilling and Three-pence;

For every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of Wort or Waf, brewed or made from Sugar, for extracting Spirits in the Lowlands of Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, an Excise Duty of Three-pence Farthing;

For every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and in proportion for every higher or lower Degree of Strength which shall be made or distilled in the Lowlands of Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, not exceeding the Number of Gallons of Spirits brewed and retified to be distilled by or from each Still, to be paid over and above the Duty on the Licence or Context of the Still, and the Duty on the Wort or Waf from which such Spirits may be made or distilled, an Excise Duty of Five-pence;

For every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of the cubical Content or Capacity of such and every Still, including the Head and every Part thereof, and of any New Pipe, Tube, or other Apparatus therewith connected, under whatever Name or Denomination the same may be called or known, as high as the Steam can ascend, and near the Top of the Head shall turn downwards and form an Angle of Forty-five Degrees, which shall be used or employed for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Worts or Spirits from Sugar in the Lowlands of Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, an Excise Duty of One hundred and Twenty or Fourty.

For every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of Wort or Waf, brewed or made from Sugar, for extracting Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland, for Consumption in the said Highlands, an Excise Duty of Ten-pence;

For every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and in proportion for every higher or lower Degree of Strength, which shall be made or distilled in the Highlands of Scotland for Consumption in the said Highlands, not exceeding the Number of Gallons of Spirits brewed and retified to be distilled by or from each Still, to be paid over and above the Duty on the Licence or Context of the Still, and the Duty on the Wort or Waf from which such Spirit may be made or distilled, an Excise Duty of Five-pence;

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

Distillation of the Spirit's of any Sort from Corn, or Grain in Great Britain, all Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Great Britain shall be prohibited, and the same are hereby suspended, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the Day upon which such Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain shall commence and take Effect.

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of the Cubical Content or Capacity of each and every Still, including the Head and every Part thereof, and of any Hove, Pipe, Tube, or other Apparatus therewith constructed, under whatever Name or Description the Same may be called or known, as high as the Steam can ascend, and until the Top of the Head shall turn it, was riv'd and form an Angle of Forty-five Degrees, which shall be used or employed for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits in the Highlands of Scotland, for Consumption in the said Highlands, as Excise Duty of Five Pence:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of Spirits, of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength, made or distilled from Corn or Grain in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Six Shillings:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of Spirits, of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland, and imported or brought from thence into England, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Seven Shillings and Five-pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of all such Spirits as fall before mentioned, of a greater Strength than that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum over and above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Seven Shillings and Five-pence Halfpenny; and also a further Excise Duty, proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof before the Landing thereof:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of Spirits, of the Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength, made or distilled in England from Sugar, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Four Shillings and Three-pence:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of Spirits, of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled in Scotland from Sugar, and imported and brought from thence into England, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Eleven-pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of all such Spirits as fall before mentioned, of a greater Strength than One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum over and above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Two Shillings and Eleven-pence Halfpenny; and also a further Excise Duty, proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof:

For every Gallon of Spirits, distilled or made from Corn or Grain in Scotland, and imported into Great Britain, at a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Eight Shillings and Two-pence Halfpenny; and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength; and upon fermented or compounded Spirits the said last mentioned Duty shall be computed and paid upon the highest Degree of Strength at which such Spirit can be made:

For every Gallon of Spirits distilled or made from Sugar in Scotland, and imported into Great Britain at a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer thereof, before the Landing thereof, an Excise Duty of Eight Shillings and Five-pence, and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength; and upon fermented or compounded Spirits the said Duty shall be computed and paid upon the highest Degree of Strength at which such Spirit can be made.

V. And be it further enacted, That in and in regard of the Drawbacks by this Act intended, there shall, during each Session, be allowed and paid, for and in respect of all Spirits of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to Ireland, the following Drawbacks (that is to say,)

For and upon every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of all Spirits at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, which shall be made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, and exported from thence to Ireland, a Drawback of Eight Shillings and Two-pence Halfpenny, and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength:

For and upon every Gallon, *English Wine Measure*, of all Spirits at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, which shall be made or distilled from Sugar in Great Britain, and exported from thence to Ireland, a Drawback of Eight Shillings and Five-pence, and so in proportion for any higher Degree of Strength.

VI. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed, as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England; and that such Part thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the same being.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in England, having any Still or Still-house, or other Place used for the Purpose of making or distilling Spirits under his Survey, shall keep exact Accounts in his Books of all Wines and Wash whereas the Duties are by this Act imposed; and shall in his said Books give into the several Distillers or Makers of Spirits under his Survey, a Credit of Twenty-one Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Wines or Wash brewed or made from Sugar by such Distiller or Distiller.

VIII. And be it enacted, That every Distiller in Scotland shall be charged with and pay the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed on Spirits made in Scotland, for the Confectioners of Scotland, at and above the Rate of Twenty-one Gallons of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, brewed or made

Content of Still
in Highland,
20 per gallon

English Corn
Spirits imported
into Scotland,
7s.

Scottish Corn
Spirits imported
into England,
7s. 2d (10 Ounces
to Ten.)

Proportioned
Duty not
exceeding a per
Centum over Proof.

English Sugar
Spirits imported
into Scotland,
4s. 2d

Scottish Sugar
Spirits imported
into England,
5s. 11d.

Proportioned
Duty not 2 per
Centum over Proof.

Irish Corn
Spirits imported
into Great
Britain, 8s. 2d.
6d (10 lb and
10 Ounces.)

Irish Sugar
Spirits imported
into Britain,
8s. 12.

Duties to be
paid in re-
spect of

Scottish Corn
Spirits, 21s.

Scottish Sugar
Spirits, 21s.

Duties shall be
under the
Management of
Excise there

Officers of Excise
shall give
Distillers 21
Gallons of
Spirits, 10 1/2
to 100
Gallons Wash.

Distillers in
Scotland shall be
charged a like
Proportion of
21 Gallons.

while from Royal Assent until the 1st of January; and every such Distiller shall have Credit, and be allowed Permits for Twenty-one Gallons of Spirits in the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash as aforesaid, brewed or made and actually distilled into Spirits by such Distiller.

They may have
in any Year
100 per Gallon

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller in England shall make, distil, extract, or produce any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of Twenty-one Gallons for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash as aforesaid, or more as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall pay Duty for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion aforesaid, and as aforesaid (by) and also after the Rate of Five Shillings and Six-pence per Halfpenny for every Gallon of such Spirits as aforesaid at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof.

Distilled by the
Tavernkeepers
England and
Wales shall be
100 Gallons
Wash produce 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits or pay
10s. per Gallon
distilled.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who shall make or distil Spirits in England for Exportation from thence to Scotland, or who shall make or distil Spirits in Scotland for Exportation from thence to England, shall for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, brewed or made from Sugar, for making or extracting Spirits for Exportation to, or for the Supply of the poorer Officers or Officers of Excise at such Twenty-one Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and in every Case where the Produce of Spirits is intended to be sold to the Sight of the poorer Officers or Officers of Excise as aforesaid, shall fall short of the Proportion aforesaid, every such Distiller or Distillers shall, and he, she, and they as aforesaid, make adequate with and full pay, for every Gallon of Spirits which shall fall short or be deficient, a Duty of Ten Shillings.

License of
Distillers in
Scotland to
produce 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits for
each hundred
Gallons of
Wash.

XI. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Distiller in the Lowlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made or distilled into Spirits a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Sugar, sufficient to produce Two thousand and twenty-five Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stills specified or mentioned in the Licences granted to such Distiller in the said Lowlands, computing Twenty-one Gallons of such Spirits, of the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, then and in every such Case the Licenses of such Distiller shall cease and determine, and be no longer in force.

License of
Distillers in
Highlands
shall cease, on
producing 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits for
each hundred
Gallons of
Wash.

XII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Distiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made and distilled into Spirits a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Sugar, sufficient to produce Seventy-five Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stills specified or mentioned in the Licences granted to such Distiller in the said Highlands, computing Twenty-one Gallons of such Spirits, at the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, then and in every such Case the Licenses of such Distiller shall cease, and determine and be no longer in force.

Distiller in
England or
Ireland or
Scotland may
not be
authorised to
work on
Licences of
Production.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller in England shall be allowed or able to sell, Purchase, or Profession for distilling or to work, provided such distilling is or shall be regulated by the Expiration or other Termination of the Prohibition of the Use of Cans or Grains in the Distilleries, by or under the Authority of Parliament; any Thing to the contrary, either Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any-wise notwithstanding.

License of
Distillers in
Scotland to
produce 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits for
each hundred
Gallons of
Wash.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and they so lawfully authorised and required, in case of the Termination, by or under the Authority of Parliament, of the Prohibition of the Use of Cans or Grains in the Distilleries of Spirits, or of the Revival of the Laws which allow the Distillation of Spirits from Cans or Grains, before any lawfully Distiller in Scotland shall have distilled into Spirits the full Quantity of Wort or Wash to which the License of any such Distiller shall be limited, to pay and allow to such Distiller out of the Duties owing by the Distillery in Scotland, a Sum of Money equal to that which shall or may have been paid in advance by such Distiller over and above the Quantity of Wort or Wash made and Spirits actually distilled under and by virtue of any such License.

License of
Distillers in
Scotland to
produce 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits for
each hundred
Gallons of
Wash.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to license any Still or Stills in Scotland for the Purpose of distilling Spirits from Sugar, after the Disallowance from Cans or Grains shall be prohibited; Provided, that no such License shall be granted to commence and take Effect before the First Day of December one thousand eight hundred and eight; any Thing to the contrary in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any-wise notwithstanding.

That the making
Home in Spirits
for Exportation
to any Part
of the said
Kingdom shall
not be
allowed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Distillers in England or Scotland respectively, shall be allowed to make, Eury for, or to make or distil any Spirits from Sugar for Exportation from England to Scotland, or from Scotland to England, at any other Time than from and after the First Day of December in each Year.

Every one
may be
authorised to
make or
distil
Spirits
within
the said
Kingdom
at any
Time
within
the said
Year, or
at any
Time
within
the said
Year, or
at any
Time
within
the said
Year.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any such Prohibition is aforesaid, of the Use of Cans and Grains in the Distilleries of Spirits, shall cease and determine, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, whether or whether aforesaid, to make Eury for and to make or distil Spirits from Cans and Grains for Consumption from Each of the Kingdoms of Scotland or from Scotland to England, at any Time within Thirty Days from the Period when such Prohibition shall cease and determine; Provided also, that no such Eury shall have Effect for any longer Period than until the First Day of October next ensuing, nor shall any such Eury be made or admitted while any Spirits distilled from Sugar, or any Mischmas for such Distillations shall be remaining on any Part of the Premises of such Distiller or Distillers; any Thing to the contrary in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any-wise notwithstanding.

License of
Distillers in
Scotland to
produce 21
Gallons of pure
Spirits for
each hundred
Gallons of
Wash.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or the proper Part of them, or so far as the respective Duties and Expenses of Excise in Scotland, shall be and with the Leave and Approbation of the said Commissioners, to grant a License or Licenses to any Person or Persons to make or distil Spirits from Sugar during any Period in which the Distillation of Spirits from Cans or Grains shall be prohibited, and also to grant Licenses in like Manner to any Person or Persons

which Spirits are or were subject and liable at and immediately before the passing of this Act, any Thing herein to the contrary in any Act, notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Licences duly granted in Scotland to retail Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Gross, or other *Starch* Materials, shall be full power to distill and compound all Purifies, leaving any Part of Licensee, to retail Spirits distilled or made as Great Duties from any Materials whatsoever, without Payment of any other or further Duty than so by Law payable for Licenses to retail Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Gross; any Thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed, shall (except so far as otherwise (especially directed or provided) be referred, levied, collected, or recovered, levied, and paid by such Persons, or such Times, and in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, and under such Management, and under and subject to all and every the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, and with such Powers of adjudging and computing Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such and for the like Powers, Rules, and Directions, and by such Methods, and in such Manner and Form (except as before excepted) as the several and respective Duties on Worts or Walks for Distillation, and on Licenses upon Stills, and also on Spirits, are or were granted, preferred, or directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or in force immediately before and at the Time of passing this Act in relation to the Duties on Wort or Walk, or on Spirits or Licenses upon Stills, or for the Security or due Collection of the said last mentioned Duties, or for preventing Fraudulent Evasions thereof, or for the Regulation of the Distilleries; and all the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Penalties, and Forfeitures mentioned, and contained in the said Acts (except as before excepted) shall be preferred and put in Execution for enforcing, raising, recovering, levying, or recovering, levying, or paying the several and respective Duties by this Act imposed, in Manner in the said Acts directed, so fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were particularly repeated and recited in this Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, in respect or after any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the distilling or making Spirits in England or Scotland, or any of the Counties or Possessions therein, (Save and except the Duties and Demerits by this Act expressly repealed, and save and except so far as any such Act or Acts, or the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, or Authorities therein contained or granted or expressly repealed, repealed, revoked, altered, controlled or controlled by the present Act, or in regard to any of the Provisions therein contained,) but that all and singular the said former Acts and the several Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Powers, and Authorities therein contained or granted, and the Powers, Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or thereby imposed or provided for any Breach or Non-observance of the same (except as aforesaid) shall remain and continue to be full Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be paid, recovered, levied, or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied, or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Address of Debt, Bill, Plan, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover, or sue for the same.

XXIX. And whereas it is by this Act intended that the Duties of Customs on Sugar imported, so far as any such Sugar shall be used or employed in the Distillation of Spirits in Great Britain, shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, as Part of the Duties arising from the Distillation of Spirits; be it therefore enacted, That as soon as convenient after the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, and the Fifth Day of July, in each Year, and also as soon as convenient after the Expiration or other Termination of this Act, the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them in England, shall certify to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, the Number of Gallons of Wort or Walk made or prepared from Sugar for Distillation into Spirits in England; and the Quantity of Sugar used and employed in making or preparing such Wort or Walk, reckoning or computing One hundred Weight of Sugar for every Fifty-five Gallons of Wort or Walk in made or prepared as aforesaid, and the said Commissioners of Customs in England shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, on the Receipt of such Certificates, to pay or cause to be paid, out of the Money arising by the Duties on Sugar, to the Person appointed by the Commissioners of Excise in England to receive the Duties of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, a Sum of Money equal to the full Duties of Customs on the Sugar so computed to have been used or employed in the making or preparing such Quantity of Wort or Walk for Distillation as aforesaid; and the Receipt of the Person so appointed by the Commissioners of Excise in England to receive the Duties of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be a full and sufficient Discharge to the Commissioners of the Customs, or the Person ordered by them to pay over the said Money; and as soon as convenient after the before-mentioned Quarter-days respectively, and also after the Expiration or other Termination of this Act, the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them in Scotland, shall certify to the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland the Number of Gallons of Spirits made or distilled in Scotland, and the Quantity of Sugar used in distilling or making such Spirits, reckoning or computing One hundred Weight of Sugar for every Ten Gallons and a Half of Spirits so charged with Duty as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of Customs in Scotland shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, on the Receipt of such Certificates, to pay or cause to be paid, out of any Money arising by the Duties on Sugar, to the Receiver General of Excise in Scotland, a Sum of Money equal to the full Duties of Customs on the Sugar so computed to have been used or employed in the distilling or making such

Quantity

Quantity of Spirits as aforesaid; and the Receipt of the said Receiver General of Excise in Scotland shall be a sufficient Discharge to the said Commissioners of Customs in England, or to the Parties ordered by them to pay over the said Money.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Money arising from the Duties by this Act imposed, including the Duties or Sums of Money directed to be paid over by the Commissioners of Customs, shall from Time to Time (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and Two third Parts of the said Money shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and the other Third Part of the said Money shall be kept Separate and apart from the other Branches of the Publick Revenue, and there shall be preserved and kept in the Office of the said Receipt of Exchequer a Book or Books in which all Money arising by the last-mentioned One-third Part of the Money aforesaid shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said last-mentioned One-third Part of the said Monies, so paid into the said Receipt, shall from Time to Time, as the same shall be paid into the said Receipt, be issued and applied to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in this present Session of Parliament, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, or shall be voted by the Commons for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury one and for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the Time being, are and is hereby authorized and empowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and upon the Day on which the Bill intituled of Spirits from Cures or Gums shall, by virtue or in consequence of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed or to be passed, be proclaimed.

Application of
Duties.

Commissioners
of A. S.
[See Act C. 3.
c. 118.]

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the following Acts are temporary, will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.

(a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the then next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (q. P.) are PUBLIC ACTS; to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded."

(q. P.) Quasi-Publick Acts, i. e. Acts in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others."

Cap. i.

20 G. 3. c. 107. **A**N Act to continue and amend an Act of the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Middleton* in *Yorkshire*, to the Gate in the new *Indicifers*, called *The Edge*, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew's* *Airedale*, and a Branch thence to *Kipples Bridge*, in the County of *Yorkshire*. (a) [12th March 1808.]

Cap. ii.

20 G. 3. c. 108. **A**n Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the Streets and Publick Places in the City of *Windsor*, and several Parishes in the Suburbs thereof, and for removing and preventing Nuisances therein. [10th March 1808.]

Cap. iii.

20 G. 3. c. 109. **A**n Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Oxford Canal Navigation*. [12th March 1808.]

Cap. iv.

20 G. 3. c. 110. **A**n Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of the Fifth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Weymouth* to the Easton of the Parish of *Barnes*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (b) [10th March 1808.]

Cap. v.

20 G. 3. c. 111. **A**n Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Sink Bridge* to *Bury St. Edmunds*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (b) [12th March 1808.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for settling Lands in *Chapel Alton*, in the *West Riding* of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [12th March 1808.]

Cap. vii.

20 G. 3. c. 112. **A**n Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from *Norfolk*, through *Thyng* and *Espey*, to *Swain Stone*, near the City of *York*, and also the Road from *Thyng* to *Thyng*, in the County of *York*. (a) [12th March 1808.]

Cap. viii.

21 G. 3. c. 113. **A**n Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *East London Water Works* to purchase certain other Water Works, and to amend an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty relating to the said *East London Water Works*. [12th March 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 114. "The *East London Water Works Company* empowered to purchase the *Shadwell* and *Wylham Water Works* from the *London Dock Company*."

Cap. ix.

An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Saint Andrew*, in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof. [21st March 1808.]
[See 44 Geo. 3. c. 1. in a former Act.]

Cap. x.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Wardley* to *Melbourn Causeway*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in the Counties of *Leicestershire* and *Derby*. (b) [21st March 1808.]

Cap. xi.

An Act for completing the Improvement of the Port of *Bristol*. [21st March 1808.]
* *Bristol Dock Company* empowered to raise 180,000*l.* additional.—Works shall be completed by 1st May 1809, or the Rates granted under former Acts shall cease.—New Tonnage Duties granted.—And also New Rates on Goods imported." [21st March 1808.]

Cap. xii.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of *Highgrove*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [21st March 1808.]
* No Lease by the Rector of Lands allotted under this Act valid, without Consent of the King as Patron of the Rectory. § 15."

Cap. xiii.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the *Barrowby Canal Navigation*, and certain Railways and other Roads to communicate therewith; and for increasing the Rates, Tolls, and Duties thereby granted. [21st March 1808.]

Cap. xiv.

An Act to continue several Acts for granting a Duty of Two Pennies *each* upon Ale and Beer brewed in the Town of *Abbotswood*, in the County of *Essex*. (c) [21st March 1808.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Leds* to *Rensley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (d) [21st March 1808.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Mowra*, in the Parish of *Wrentham*, in the County of *Dorset*. (q. P.) [21st March 1808.]
* An Allowance of One-twentieth of the Common to His Majesty as entitled to the Soil and Sovereignty as Part of the Revenues of the Principality of *Wales*. § 1. 23.—Lithors of A wood shall be transmitted to Surveyors of Land Revenue. § 30.—Saving of the King's Rights and Privileges of Mineral Jurisdiction. § 31."

Cap. xvii.

An Act for regulating the Statute Labour, and repairing the Highways and Bridges, in the County of *Dorset*. (d) [14th April 1808.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Croydon Canal* to complete the same. [14th April 1808.]
* Company empowered to raise 30,000*l.* Additional." [14th April 1808.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for continuing the Term of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the Town of *Baldock*, to join the Turnpike Road which leads from *Styford* to *Ferryham*, at *Beaconsfield*, in the County of *Herts*. (c) [14th April 1808.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act, of the Forty-second Year of His Majesty's King, as relates to building and maintaining a House of Correction in and for the City and County of *Abbotsford*. [14th April 1808.]
* Power to raise further Sums on Credit of the Rates."

Cap. xxi.

An Act for better settling and collecting the Poor and other Rates, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, and regulating the Poor thereof. [14th April 1808.]
[See Cap. ix. and Note there.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thickden, Salfington, and Sibley*, in the County of *Salop.* (q. P.)
[17th May 1808.]

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing the Road from the Turnpike Road at *Winton Heath* in the County of *Kent*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Crayke* to *Gushon*, in the County of *Derby.* (c)
[17th May 1808.]

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of Two Acts, for repairing the Road from the *Maxfield* and *Clayfield* Turnpike Road, to *Bantogfield Wash*, in the County of *Derby*; and for making a new Road from *Tipton Nether Green* to *Stalling Edge Lane* and *Keat Croft*, in the said County. (c)
[17th May 1808.]

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Great Welfington, Little Welfington, and Houghton over Welfington*, in the County of *Northfolk.* (q. P.)
[Act for making Compensation for Tithes.]
[17th May 1808.]

Cap. xl.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for draining, improving, and repairing certain Low Grounds and Cans, in the several Parishes of *Stur Jute of Beverley*, and of *Sibley*, in the East Riding of the County of *York.* [17th May 1808.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Nidd*, at *Levensay*, widening certain Streets, improving the public Harbour, extending the Royalty, supplying the Inhabitants with Water, regulating the Police, and lighting the Streets of the said Burgh. [17th May 1808.]

" Postage Duties granted, § 3. Powers to improve Harbour, § 11."

XII. And be further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, after the passing of this Act, wilfully and maliciously set on Fire any of the Piers, Quays, Jetties, Breaks, or other Works in or belonging to the said Harbour, or any of the Materials intended for any of the said Works, every such Person or Persons so offending, upon being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Punishment by Transportation, Fine, or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

" Rates on Merchandise shipped or landed at the Harbour, according to a Schedule, § 19.—The Royalty of the Burgh of *Levensay* extended, § 23."

Cap. xlii.

An Act for regulating the Police of the Borough of *Gevelin*, in the County of *Leicester*; paving, cleansing, and lighting the Streets and Pallages thereof, creating a Bridewell or Workhouse thereat, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [17th May 1808.]

" Continuance of Act now levying Assessments and appointing Officers; 14 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act."

Cap. xliii.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *Maschifer*, in the County Palace of *Leicester.* [17th May 1808.]

" Jurisdiction extends to 5l.—A Bailiff of Six Years standing to be appointed by His Majesty, or by the Chancellor of the Duchy of *Leicester*, to be Chairman of the Commission, with a casting Vote.—Record of Judgment may be removed into Superior Courts, and Executions issued thereon."

Cap. xliii.

An Act for the farther Supply of the City and Suburbs of *Gloucester*, and Places adjacent, with Water. [17th May 1808.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for paving, cleansing, washing, lighting, and regulating the Streets, and other public Places, within the Town of *Ferriby*, in the County of *York*, and for punishing and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein, and for establishing a proper Police in the said Town. [17th May 1808.]

C. xliii.

An Act for making a Railway from or near to the Town of *Kilnmarket*, in the County of *York*, to a Place called *The Grove*, in the said County. [17th May 1808.]

" The *Kilnmarket and Thores Railway Company* incorporated, § 1."

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, damage, destroy, steal, or take away any Part of the said Railway, or other Works to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable and liable to the said Fines and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by

or before a Justice of the Peace shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Perles to be punished as the Justice or Justices are directed to be punished by the Statute in that behalf made, or in Malignation of such Perles, such Courts may, if they shall think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of voluntary Bailment.

Cap. xlvii.

An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of *Trow*, Situate on the West Coast of the County of *Ayr*.
[17th May 1808.]

WHEREAS Her late Majesty Queen Anne, by Charter bearing Date the Fifth Day of *April*, and sealed at *Edinburgh* the Tenth Day of *October*, in the Year of our Lord One thousand Five hundred and fours, granted to *William Fullerton* and his Heirs, thence succeeded, the Port, Harbours, Stations, and Harbour of *Trow*, therein declared to be a Free Port, Marine Station, and Harbour, with Power to improve, repair, and build the same, for receiving all Ships, Boats, and other Vessels, and to levy and apply to their own Use the Anchorage, and all petty Customs, Casualties, and Duties thereof: And whereas the said Harbour of *Trow*, which is situate on the West Coast of the County of *Ayr*, in its present State, does not afford sufficient Security and Accommodations to Vessels lying therein: And whereas by certain Acts or Statutes, relating to the said Harbour, and making a Wet Dock, with sufficient Quay or Quays thereunto for the convenient landing and unloading of Ships, and by making and maintaining such other Works as may be necessary for their Reception and convenient lying therein, the said Harbour would be rendered safe and commodious to the great Benefit of Owners of Vessels, Merchants, and others, trading to and from the same, and would be of great Utility: and whereas the Most Honourable *William Henry Cavendish Bentinck*, commonly called *Marquis of Tavistock*, now claims to be Proprietor of the said Harbour, and a defendant, at his own Expense, of enlarging the said Harbour, and of erecting, making, and maintaining the said Wet Dock, Piers or Ramparts, Quays and such other Works as are necessary for the Improvement of the said Harbour, and Accommodations of Vessels lying therein; but as the said Anchorage, petty Customs, Casualties, and Duties, would be inadequate to such his Purposes, and have not been properly ascertained, it would be expedient that the same should be abolished, and that other Rates and Duties should be granted and made payable: But as the same cannot be effected without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Harbour for the Time being, and he, she, and they, as they or herby authorized and empowered, from Time to Time, to erect, construct, make, build, do, maintain, and support such Wet Docks, Entrances, Piers, or Ramparts, Quays, Boats, and such other Works, as he, she, or they shall deem necessary or expedient for the Improvement of the said Harbour of *Trow*, and for the Reception and Accommodations of Ships and Vessels lying therein, and for the convenient landing and unloading of such Ships and Vessels.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Perles and Persons whatsoever, who shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or deliberately demolish, break down, destroy, or let or give the said Wet Docks, Piers, Quays, Wharfs, or any of them, or any the Works which shall be constructed in, or which shall belong to the said Harbour, or shall wilfully do any Damage to any of the Shipping or Goods within the same, or shall wilfully or deliberately obstruct or put out any of the Lights used in or belonging to the said Harbour, for the Safety or Protection of the Ships or other Vessels resorting to the same, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Perles or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Perles or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or in Malignation of Punishment any other Sentence of Fine or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

Cap. xlviii.

An Act for making a navigable Cut from the East Side of the River *Tyne*, near *Stoddis*, into the said River near *Ponteland*, in the County of *Durham*; and making various other Improvements in the Navigation of the said River between the Towns of *Sunderland*, and the *Sea*.
[17th May 1808.]

"The *Tyne Navigation Company* incorporated.—Tonnage Duties, and Light-House Duties, granted."

Cap. xlix.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Wolverley and Birmingham Canal* Navigation.
[17th May 1808.]

"The Company empowered to raise a further Sum of 200,000*l.* and 40,000*l.* more, if necessary."

Cap. l.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundred of *Croftwood*, and other Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Kent*.
[17th May 1808.]

"*Justitiales*, § 1.—Not to extend to Complaints respecting Servants and their Wages, provided for by 20 Geo. 2. c. 29. and 31 Geo. 2. c. 11.—Record of Judgment removable into Superior Court, and Execution thereon.—No Privilege to Attorneys."

Cap. li.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the City of *Reading*, the Parish of *Stood*, and several other Parishes and Places in the County of *Kent*.
[17th May 1808.]

[*Justitiales* extended to § 1.]

Cap. li.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Malden* to *King Street*, in the County of *Kent*. (c) [27th May 1808.] 2 G. 3. c. 24
20 G. 3. c. 32

Cap. lii.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His late and most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from the Towns of *King's-Newton*, *West*, to and through the Town of *Abingdon*, and from thence to the Towns of *Kirk Stile*, in the County of the said Towns of *King's-Newton*. (c) [27th May 1808.] 24 G. 3. c. 4
24 G. 3. c. 16
26 G. 3. c. 47.

Cap. liii.

An Act to continue the Terms, and enlarge the Powers, of an Act for repairing the Road from *Stargis*, in the County of *Warwick*, to *Alton*, in the County of *Glouc.* (c) [27th May 1808.] 21 G. 3. c. 17

Cap. liiii.

An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Abingdon*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to the Towns of *Caflorner*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and to the Towns of *Leighbridge* in the County of *Warwick*, and from the Town of *Caflorner* to the said Town of *Caflorner*. (c) [27th May 1808.] 1 G. Act.
25 G. 3. c. 2
25 G. 3. c. 29
26 G. 3. c. 2
26 G. 3. c. 12.

Cap. lvi.

An Act to continue the Terms, and to extend and enlarge the Powers, of Three Acts of His late and most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Walsby*, in the County of *Derby* to *Walsby*, in the County of *Nottingham*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, to be as the same relate to the Road from *Coleby* to *Walsby*. (d) [27th May 1808.] 27 G. 3. c. 18.
21 G. 3. c. 63.
26 G. 3. c. 122.

Cap. lvii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of His most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road from the *Nottingham and Mansfield Turnpike*, to the Liberty of *Stidward* to the Colliery near *Fosse Green*, in the County of *Nottingham*. (c) [27th May 1808.] 26 G. 3. c. 59. p.

Cap. lviii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Worsley*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to *Aberridge*, in the County of *York*. (d) [27th May 1808.] 4 G. 3. c. 39.
26 G. 3. c. 193.

Cap. lix.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of His most Excellent Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Towns of *Nottingham* to the Towns of *Mansfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*. (b) [27th May 1808.] 21 G. 3. c. 16.

Cap. li.

An Act for amending an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for making and maintaining Roads from *Percy's Cross* to *Mildred* Bars, and from *Wade* to *Donkton* Bars, in the County of *Northumberland*. [27th May 1808.] 47 G. 3. c. 3.
c. 50.

[New Tolls granted.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to continue and enlarge the Terms and Powers of Two Acts, for repairing the Road from *Tadbridge* to *Wells*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Ridgely Cross*, near *Orfild*, in the County of *Essex*. (c) [27th May 1808.] 4 G. 3. c. 32.
14 G. 3. c. 39.

Cap. liii.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Key Bridge across the River *Stee* in the Borough of *Towbridge*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for making and forming convenient Roads thence. [27th May 1808.]

That the said Bridge may be pulled down by Trustees, and a temporary Bridge erected till the new Bridge, to be built under this Act, is completed. [24. 34.]

And And it is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully blow up, pull down or destroy the aforesaid Bridge or the said temporary Bridge, or the said new Bridge, or any Part or Parts, Arch or Arches thereof, or any Part or Parts thereof, or the Toll Houses or Toll Gates, Side Bars or Chains thereof or let up or to be erected or let up upon or near the said Bridges, or any of them, or any of the Works, Buildings or Enclosures made in pursuance of this Act, or cause or procure or direct the same to be done, every Person so offending on being convicted thereof shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or may in Discretion of such Justices pronounce such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Proviso as to repairing the Bridge, *Key-bridge*.

Cap. liiii.

An Act for repairing the Road from *Fythes Bridge*, through the Towns of *Gravelton*, to the Division Stone on *Wilton Common*, all in the County of *Lincoln*, and for repealing several Acts relating thereto. (a) [27th May 1808.] 12 G. 3. c. 1
22 G. 3. c. 1
22 G. 3. c. 1

4 G. 3. c. 34. 26 G. 3. c. 128. 21 G. 3. c. 9. 24 G. 3. c. 8. 27 G. 3. c. 30. All repealed in Book under this Act.

at feafurable Times in the Day-time, to enter into any Houfe, Shop, Stall, Bakeshop, Warehoufe or Out-houfe, or belonging to any fuch Baker or Seller of Bread, agueed whose fuch Informations fhall here-
 been made as aforesaid, to fearch for, view, weigh, and try all fuch Bread as fhall be then and thence forward,
 and fhall have been baked within Twenty-four Hours next preceeding the Time of the fame being fo weighed,
 and which Bread may be weighed by the Bushel, or in any larger or fmaller Quantity, as may be feen & well
 convenient: And if on the weighing of fuch Bread any Deficiency fhall be found in its due Weight, on the
 Average of the whole Weight of all fuch Bread as fhall be then and thence forward, and which fhall have been baked
 within Twenty-four Hours as aforesaid, and which Deficiency fhall be proved before fuch Magiftrate or
 Magiftrates, Juftice or Juftices, upon the Oath or Oaths of the Party or Parties weighing the fame, then let
 or thence following in the Prefence, and being thereof convicted in Manner as by the faid Act is directed, fhall
 forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings, not lefs than One Shilling for every Quarter of Bread which
 fhall be found deficient in Weight: on the Average of all fuch Bread as fhall here be weighed, and fo in
 proportion for every Deficiency of Weight lefs than one Quarter, as any fuch Magiftrate or Magiftrates, Juftice
 or Juftices, before whom any fuch Deficiency in Weight fhall be proved as aforesaid, fhall think it to be juft,
 except as hereafter is excepted: And any fuch Magiftrate or Magiftrates, Juftice or Juftices, Peace Officer or
 Peace Officers, within the Limits of their refpective Jurifdictions, may in fuch Cafe, where there is a Deficiency
 of Weight on the Average as aforesaid, feize all fuch Loaves as fhall be found deficient in their due Weight,
 and any fuch Magiftrate or Magiftrates, Juftice or Juftices, may difpofe thereof as he or they in his or their
 Difcretion fhall think fit, except it fhall be proved to any fuch Magiftrate or Magiftrates, Juftice or Juftices,
 or on the Behalf of the Parties againft whom any fuch Informations fhall be made, by the Oath, or Affirmation,
 being a Quaker, of any One or more reputable Houfeholders, that fuch Deficiency in Weight wholly arofe
 from fome unfeafonable Accident in baking, or otherwise, or was occafioned by or through fome Carelessness
 or Confufion.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Baker or Seller of Bread within the Weekly Bills of Mortality,
 and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, except as aforesaid, fhall here find in fome convenient Place of
 his, or her Shop or Bess and Scales, with proper Weights of the Afore Weight of a Quarter Loaf and an
 Half Quarter Loaf; and that any Parfon or Perfons who may purchafe any Quarter or Half Quarter Loaf
 or Loaves of Bread of any fuch Baker or Seller of Bread, may, if he, ſhe, or they fhall think proper, require
 the fame to be weighed in his, her, or their Prefence; and if any fuch Loaf or Loaves fhall be found deficient
 in Weight, then the Parfon or Perfons demanding the fame to be fo weighed fhall have the Deficiency made
 up with other Bread, or another Loaf or Loaves given in lieu thereof, as may be juft.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Baker or Seller of Bread within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or
 within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, except as aforesaid, who fhall neglect to fix fuch Beams and Scales in
 fome convenient Part of his or her Shop; or to provide and keep for Ufe proper Weights, or whole Weights
 fhall be deficient as their due Weight, or who fhall refufe to weigh any Quarter or Half Quarter Loaf or
 Loaves purchafed in his, her, or their Shop, in the Prefence of the Party or Parties requiring the fame, he,
 ſhe, or they fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, nor lefs
 than Five Shillings, as the Magiftrate or Magiftrates, Juftice or Juftices, before whom fuch Offence
 fhall be committed, fhall think fit.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and fingular the Claufes, Provisions, and Directions contained in
 the faid recited Act fo far as the fame are not altered or repealed by this Act, fhall refpectively extend and
 relate to this Act, fo far as the fame are applicable to the Purpofes thereof, and fhall be executed for
 getting the fame in Execution, and enforcing the Provisions and Directions thereof, in fuch and in like
 Manner as if the faid Claufes were herein contained, and as largely executed; and the Provisions by this Act
 inflicted, fhall be executed and applied in like Manner as the Provisions by the faid Act related, are directed
 to be executed and applied by the faid Act, or by any fubfequent Act for amending the fame.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Miller, Millwright, Journeyman, or other Parfon
 refpectively exercising, or employed in the Trade or Calling of a Baker, within the City of London, or within
 Twelve Miles of the faid City, fhall on the Lord's Day, or on any Part thereof, make or bake any Houfehold
 or other Bread, Rolls, or Cakes, of any Sort or Kind, or fhall, on any Part of the faid Day, extending
 between the Hours of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, and One of the Clock in the Afternoon, as a
 Prefence whatsoever, fell or expofe to Sale, or permit, or fuffer to be fold, or expofed to Sale, or
 delivered, any Mear, Pudding, Pie, Tart, or Veficall, except as hereafter is excepted, or in any other
 Manner exercife the Trade or Calling of a Baker, or be engaged or employed in the Performance of any
 kind of work, and except fo far as may be neceffary in getting and feparating the Spung, in preparing the
 Bread, or Dough, for the following Day's Baking: And every Parfon offending in any of the faid
 Provisions, or any One, or more of them, or making any Sale or Delivery hereby prohibited, within the faid
 aforesaid, or within three within the Bakeshop or Shop, and being thereof convicted by any Juftice of the
 Peace of the County, City, or Place, where the Offence fhall be committed, fhall in his Discretion the Com-
 miffion thereof, either upon the View of fuch Juftice, or on Certificates by the Party, or Proof, by One or
 more Witnefs or Witneffes upon Oath, fhall for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay, and undergo or perform,
 Penalty, and Payment, hereafter mentioned, that is to fay, for the firft Offence, the Penalty of Ten
 Shillings; for the fecond Offence, the Penalty of Twenty Shillings; and for the third, and any fubfequent
 Offence refpectively, the Penalty of Forty Shillings, and fhall moreover undergo five Calendar Imprifonment,
 and pay the Costs and Expences of the Proceedings, fuch Costs and Expences to be paid by the Offender, and
 ascertained by the Juftice committing, and the Amount thereof, together with fuch Part of the Penalties, as fuch
 Juftice fhall think proper, to be allowed to the Prosecutors or Prosecutrices, or their Executors, Administrators, and

Following up the Profection, at a Rate not exceeding Three Shillings *per* *Dion*, and to be paid to the Profectioner or Profectioners, for as long they see Use and Benefit; and the Refuse of such Penalty to be paid to such Justice, 2 d within Seven Days after his Receipt thereof to be testified by him to the Churchwarden, or Overseer of the Parish or Parishes where the Offence shall be committed, to be applied for the Benefit of the Poor thereof; and in case the whole Amount of the Penalty, and of the Costs and Expenses, as aforesaid, be not paid within Fourteen Days after Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, such Justice shall, and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, direct the same to be levied and raised, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, and in Default or Insufficiency of such Distress, against the Offender or Offenders, as the Heir of Conviction, as a 5th Offence, for the Space of Seven Days, as a second Offence for the Space of Fourteen Days, and on a third, or any subsequent Offence, for the Space of One Month, unless the whole of the Penalty, Costs, and Expenses be sooner paid and discharged; Provided, nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for every Master or Mistress Baker, residing within the Limits aforesaid, to deliver to his or her Customer on the Lord's Day any Baking, and Half an Hour past One of the Clock in the Afternoon of that Day, without incurring or being liable to any of the Penalties in this Act contained.

Being the
Rights of the
City of London,
&c.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Baker or other Person residing in, or carrying on the Trade or Business of a Baker, within the City of London, or the Liberties thereof, except so far as respects the exercising the Trade of a Baker on the Lord's Day as aforesaid, or in any Way to affect, lessen, or infringe upon the Rights and Privileges of the City of London, or of the Worshipful Company of Bakers of the said City, or of the Wardens and Assistants of the said City, or of the City or Liberties of Westminster, or Borough of Southwark, or any Right or Custom of any Lord or Lords of any Lands, or the Rights of any Clerk or Clerks of the Market in any Place which may be exercised or enjoyed by them or any of them, by virtue of any Charter, Bye-Laws, Prescriptions, Usage, Customs, Privileges, Grants, or Acts of Parliament; but that all such Rights and Privileges shall be well, exercised and enjoyed by the Parties respectively intitled thereto, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes, as the same were held, exercised, and enjoyed before the passing of this Act, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, Ergoed being at all Times had to the Average Weight of Bread as before directed.

"Public Act. § 7."

Cap. lxxi.

44 G. 3. c. 10.

An Act for amending an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Provisions of Two former Acts relating to the Use of Horse Hides in making Boots and Shoes, and preventing the deterring of Raw Hides and Skins in the Flaying thereof, and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof. [17th May 1806.]

"Act 43 G. 3. c. 101. recited and repealed. § 1.—Seven Commissioners named, who, together with Seven others to be annually elected by the Butchers' Company in London, Seven by the Customs' Company, and Seven by the Cordwainers' Company, are to be Commissioners for executing this Act in London, Westminster, Southwark, and within Fifteen Miles of the Royal Exchange of London. § 2—19. Penalties on Owners of Hides or Skins negligently cut or gashed in the Flaying thereof; from 2s. 6d. to One Half-penny per Skin. § 20, 21. Skins to be brought to *Lambeth Market*, &c. to be inspected, ifayed &c. within Five Miles of the Royal Exchange. § 22, 23. Election and Appointment of Inspectors, their Fees &c. and Attendance. § 24, &c. Information for Offences under this Act limited to Seven Days. § 25."

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for selling detached Parts of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Le Despencer, in the County of Kent, in His and His Heirs, and for substituting and selling other Estates of greater Value, and more convenient to be held with the Bulk of the said settled Estates, as lies thereof, and in Exchange for the same. (q. P.) [17th May 1806.]

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for selling the detached Estates, devised by the Will of the late Henry Harvey Esqre, Esquire, in Trust, upon Trust to his Heirs, and to lay out the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates. (q. P.) [17th May 1806.]

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for settling John William Spicer, Esquire, to grant Building Leases of Lands in the Parish of Saint Mary Newington, &c. in the County of Surrey, for Terms of Years not exceeding Ninety-nine Years. (q. P.) [17th May 1806.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between Thomas William Cole, Esquire, and the Trustees of his settled Estates. (q. P.) [17th May 1806.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for selling certain Manors, Reves, and Tithes, in the Counties of Westmoreland and Cumberland, Part of the Estates settled by the Will of Sir Leonard Wright Esquire, Baronet, deceased, in Trust, to be sold, and to enable the Devisors under the said Will to enfranchise certain customary Estates holden of several Manors in the said Counties, settled by the same Will, and for applying Part of the Money arising from such Sales and Enfranchisements in paying of certain Legacies given by the said Will, and selling the Remainder as the Purchaser of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [17th May 1806.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for enabling the Governor and Directors of the Hospital for Poor French Protestants and their Descendants residing in Great Britain, to grant such Part of the Sites of the Buildings and the Lands belonging to the said Hospital, or such Part thereof as they shall think proper, upon Building Leases. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Stirly Langfah*, in the County of *Highland*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Clippay Mire* and *Stichlyr*, in the County Palatine of *LANCASHIRE*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Beaufield* and *Lig*, in the County of *Northfolk*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Scator*, in the County of *Lancashire*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]
[And for making Compensations for Taxes.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Rothbury*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Alnwick*, in the County of *Durham*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]
"Alletment to His Majesty of One-twentieth an Issue of his Title to the Soil in right of his Crown. § 16.—
"Extract of a Award shall be transmitted to Surveyor of Land Revenue. § 18. Saving of His Majesty's Rights
"to Mine. § 16."

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Budham*, in the County of *Northfolk*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for dividing Lands in the Parish of *Wickwood*, in the County of *Northfolk*. (q. P.) [27th May 1808.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for forming, paving, and otherwise improving certain Streets and other publick Passages and Places, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [18 June 1808.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for lighting, watering, and regulating the Streets and Lanes, and other publick Passages and Places, in the Town of *Beverly*, in the County of *York*. [18 June 1808.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of small Debts within the Hundreds of *Wetherby*, *Worsley*, *Ryeholm*, and *Dawson* Tithings, in the County of *West*. [18 June 1808.]
"Justification, &c. § 17.—No Privilege to Attornies."

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for the more better and more easy rebuilding of the Town of *Chesham*, in the County of *Devon*; for determining Differences to acting Hoaks demolished by the late Fire there; and for preventing future Danger by Fire. [18 June 1808.]

Cap. xc.

An Act to confirm the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bottom of *Chesham Lane*, in the Town of *Muscauli-ande-lyne*, in the County of *Stafford*, to the Road from *Wear* to *Chlyer*, near *Namperick*, in the County of *Chlyer*, and other Roads therein mentioned. (4) [18 June 1808.]

Cap. xcii.

An Act for confirming the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Rothorham* to *The Fear Lane End*, near *Worsley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (4) [18 June 1808.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Ranford* and *Whitcheapel* Road, to or near to *TIDBURY FORT*, in the County of *Essex*. (4) [18 June 1808.]

4 G. 2. c. 29.
25 G. 2. c. 125.

28 G. 2. c. 126.

Cap. xcii.

An Act for selling in new Tracts certain Estates and Property in Ireland, of the Right Honourable Frederick Earl of Grenville and Offory in Ireland, and Baron Butler in England, which have not been sold or disposed of under and by virtue of Two Acts of Parliament, made in the Thirty-third and Forty-fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stow*, in the County of *Stafford*. [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Storden*, *Sutton Saint Michael*, *Sutton Saint Nicholas*, and *Wiltington*, and certain Chapelrys, Townships, and Parishes adjacent thereto, in the County of *Stafford*. [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act to enable the Commercial Infirmary Company of *Dublin* to sue, and to be sued, in the Name of their Secretary. [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. xcvii.

An Act for making more effectual Provision for maintaining, regulating, and employing the Peer of the Parish of *Sole Lake*, in the County of *Midshire*. [18 Jan 1808.]

"Stat. 6 G. 2. c. 21. repealing the Parish of *Sole Lake* from that of *Saint Giles*; and Stat. 30 G. 2. c. 42. & 22 G. 3. c. 56. for providing for the Peer of *Sole Lake*, revived.—See much of 6 G. 2. as relates to the Voluntary, repealed.—The Acts 30 G. 2. c. 42. and 22 G. 3. c. 56. repealed. But not to affect Voluntary man under 38 G. 3. c. 33."

Cap. xcviii.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of small Debts within the Parish of *Alfheat-under-Lyne*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, and within the Townships of *Troby*, and other Places therein mentioned, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. [18 Jan 1808.]

"Jurisdiction, &c.—No Privilege to Attornies."

Cap. xcix.

43 G. 3. c. 100.
47 G. 3. c. 7.
c. 122.
An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Surrey Canal to supply with Water the several Towns, Villages, and Places therein mentioned, and to amend the several Acts relating to the said Canal. [18 Jan 1808.]

"The Company allowed to supply Water in *Rathfriland*, *New Cross*, *Bromwich*, *Conventry*, *Dalmeath*, and *Puckin*, and Places adjacent.—14,000*l.* may be raised by new Shares."

Cap. c.

4 G. 3. c. 28.
25 G. 3. c. 5.
46 G. 3. c. 28.
32 G. 3. c. 118.
An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from *Saint Giles's Pass* to *Kilburne Bridge*, and for making a new Road from the great Northern Road at *Highgate* to the *Edgware Road*, near *Pasden*, in the County of *Middlesex*. (S) [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. ci.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Bright Light* Road at *Pymond* to the *Catfield Road* at *Stapleford Green*, and from *Pymond* to the *Highgate Road* at *Paysani Common*, in the County of *Stafford*. (S) [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. cii.

An Act for empowering Trustees to sell and convey the Tithes and Copyhold Estates devised by the Will of *Jake Croft Elphinstone*, deceased, and to lay out the Money arising by the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be letted as law direct, and to the like Use. (S. P.) [18 Jan 1808.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act for regulating the Proceedings in the Courts Barons of the Manors of *Stafford* and *Erith*, in the County of *York*. (S) [18 Jan 1808.]

"Stat. 29 G. 2. c. 37. repealed.—Commissioners appointed *Judges*, &c.—Juries out of the Jurisdiction may make the Precept of Execution, which shall be executed accordingly.—No Privilege to Attornies."

Cap. ciii.

An Act for rebuilding the Pier, and for improving the Harbour of *Bristol*. [18 Jan 1808.]

"Duties on Goods and Tonnage Duties granted.—Piers may be bought and regulated.—Rates of Piers."

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, after the passing of this Act, maliciously, wilfully, or wantonly demolish, destroy, or break down or beat, take or carry away any of the Works made or provided by virtue of this Act, or any of the Materials thereof, or provided for the use of, or shall break down or carry away any Part of the said old Pier, or any of the Stairs or Materials formerly Part thereof, and save lying near the same, or any of the Rocks or Stones lying between *The New Pier* and

and the Bed of the said River Twyf, or any of the Mouths of the said or said Rivers or Wharfs at the said Harbours, every such Person or Persons so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid shall be adjudged guilty of Felony; and the Court and Courts by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be convicted have lawfully Power and Authority to adjudge such Felon and Felons to be transported for the Space of Seven Years, in like Manner as other Felons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or in Mitigation of such Punishment the said Court may pass such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. cv.

An Act for correcting, altering, and enlarging the Powers of five several Acts of His present Majesty, as relates to making (without the Statute Labour) in the Shire of Leicestershire, and buying a Convict of Money in less thereof, and otherwise regulating, making, and repairing Highways and Bridges in the said Shire. (A)

21 G. 3. c. 1.
11 G. 3. c. 1.
and by 1 G. 4. c. 1.
p. 30

[18th June 1808.]

Cap. cvi.

An Act to amend Two Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, for the Improvement of the Harbour of Drogheda.

[18th June 1808.]

1 G. 4. c. 1.
21 G. 3. c. 1.
p. 30

[Revised Acts continued for the Year, &c.]

Cap. cvii.

An Act for enabling the Justices of the Peace for the Eastern Division of the County of Suffolk, to take down the perishe Stone Hall or Sessons House in the Town of Lavenham, and for enabling them to build another Stone Hall or Sessons House in a more convenient Situation within the said Town.

[18th June 1808.]

XXXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, pull down, damage or destroy the said Stone Hall, Sessons House or Buildings to be erected, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of the Appurtenances thereto belonging, such Person or Persons being lawfully convicted thereof shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried, shall have full Power and Authority under to order such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, to such Place and in such Manner as other Felons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or to suffer such Corporal Punishment by Whipping or otherwise, or to be punished by Fine, Imprisonment or otherwise, as to the said Court here or whom such Person or Persons shall be tried shall from time to time; and the Justices of the Peace of the said County, or the major Part of them in Quarterly Sessions assembled, are lawfully authorized from Time to Time to order such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, to be prosecuted by Indictment or Informations, and to attach the Expressors of such Proceedings to be paid by the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Eastern Division of the said County of Suffolk, out of the publick Stock and County Rates and belonging to the Eastern Division of the said County, and in every such Indictment such Stone Hall, Sessons House, Building or Buildings, and Appurtenances, shall be alleged and described, and drawn and taken to be the Stone Hall, Sessons House, Building or Buildings and Appurtenances (as the Case may be) "The Justice of the Peace for the County of Suffolk," without particularly naming or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Justices.

Provisions of the Statute
21 G. 3. c. 1.
11 G. 3. c. 1.
and by 1 G. 4. c. 1.
p. 30

Cap. cviii.

An Act for rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for draining certain Low Lands lying on both Sides the River of the Great Ouse, in the County of Lincoln; and for regulating the Navigation of the said River from the High Bridge in the City of Lincoln to the Sea.

[18th June 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 1.
11 G. 3. c. 1.
and by 1 G. 4. c. 1.
p. 30

Cap. cx.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of small Debts in the Town and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

[18th June 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 1.

"Judgments extended to § 2—Record of Judgment may be removed into separate Courts, and Execution issued thereon."

Cap. cx.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of small Debts within the Township of Waterlooville, and in several Parishes and Places therein situate, in the County of Bedford.

[18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for altering and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames at Newington, in the County of Oxford.

[18th June 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 1.

Cap. cxiii.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts for repairing the Road from London, in the Shire of Berwick, to and through Epsom, in the Shire of Kent, to the Marches. (A)

[18th June 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 1.
11 G. 3. c. 1.
and by 1 G. 4. c. 1.
p. 30

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing and opening the Road leading from the Town of Stamford, to the London Street in South Wales, in the County of Lincoln. (A)

[18th June 1808.]

21 G. 3. c. 1.
11 G. 3. c. 1.
and by 1 G. 4. c. 1.
p. 30

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for continuing the Term of an Act for repairing the Road from *Morley's Bridge* to *Poole's Ferry*, in the County of *Worcester*. [c.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxv.

An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of the Right Honorable *Edward* late *Lord Thurlow*, and for laying out the Money so sold by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the Use of His Lordship's Will. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for enabling the Masters, Wardens, Fellows, Bachelors, Clerks, and Scholars of the College of *God's* in *Dorset*, in the County of *Dorset*, to grant a Lease or Leases of certain Estates belonging to the said College, in the said County, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose, and also to grant Building Leases of other Parts of the same Estates, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxvii.

An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Middlesex*, and *Monmouth*, late of the Right Honorable *Robert* Earl of *Carlisle*, deceased, in Trust, in trust to be sold, and for investing the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled in the following Uses of the Will of the said *Robert* Earl of *Carlisle*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for enabling the Trustees under the Will of *William* *Baskes*, Esquire, deceased, to change the Order of sale of the Real Estates, late of the said *William* *Baskes*, and for enabling the Devises under the Will of the said *William* *Baskes*, to grant Leases of such Part of his Estates as shall remain unsold. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxix.

An Act for selling Part of the settled and devised Estates of Sir *John* *Wilton* *De la Pole*, Baronet, deceased, as Trustees, for Sale, and for settling the remaining Part of the said settled and devised Estates in the Manner therein mentioned. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxx.

An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of *Thomas* *Pear* Esq^r, deceased, to grant Building and Repairing Leases of certain Estates in the Parish of *Warrington*, and in the Township of *Shalby* near *Manchester*, in the County of *Lancaster*, and so accept Surrenders, and for appointing of new Trustees, and for other Purposes. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxi.

18th AA.
10 & 11th
passed.)

An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intitled, *An Act to propagate and better regulate the charitable Foundation of* *Dollar* *Nathaniel* *Fox*, late *Lord* *Bishop* of *Waterford* and *Lisbon*, in the City of *Waterford*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act for appointing new Trustees for carrying into Execution the Trusts and Powers contained in the Settlement executed on the Marriage of *John* *Amphlett*, Esquire, with *Eliza* *his* *Wife*. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act to enable *Nathaniel* *Lee* *Attas*, Esquire, and others, to grant Building Leases of Lands at and near *Hackney*, in the County of *Middlesex*, devised by the Will of the late *Reginald* *Lee*, Esquire. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for settling the Share of *Thomas* *Knight* *Cook*, an Infant, of and in the Estates late of the Reverend *Thomas* *Knight*, Clerk, deceased, in Trust, upon Trust to carry the Contents entered into for the Sale thereof into Execution, or otherwise to sell and dispose of the same, and for investing the Money so sold therefrom under the Direction of the Court of Chancery in the Purchase of other Lands to be conveyed to the Use of him the said *Thomas* *Knight* *Cook*, and his Heirs. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act for confirming and rendering valid and effectual an Exchange made in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, between *William* *Malyb*, Esquire, deceased, and *Charles* *Malyb*, Esquire, his eldest Son, also deceased, and the Vicar of *Bijst*, in the County of *Northampton*, of Lands and Hereditaments, of the said *William* *Malyb* and *Charles* *Malyb*, in the Parish of *Bijst*, late a small Part of the Glebe belonging to the said Vicarage. [q. P.] [18th June 1808.]

Cap.

Cap. cxxviii.

- 4 G. 3. c. 62.
40 G. 3. c. 93.
An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers, of Two Acts of His most Majesty, for amending the Road from near *Milford*, through *Hall's* way, to the *Perkins's* Road between *Leysell* and *Roke*, in the Counties of *Surrey*, *Essex*, and *Southampton*. (r) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxxix.

- 11 G. 3. c. 95.
38 G. 3. c. 97
repealed.
An Act for repairing the Roads from *Tow-ridge* to the Towns of *Proctor's* and *Thaly*, and to *Haldynges* *Haldyng*, and from *Levinges* *Mansions* to *Conings* *Bridge*, in the County of *Pembrokeshire*. (a) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxli.

- " An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement entered into between the Honourable and Right Reverend *Jesse* *Lord* *Bishop* of *Exeter* and *John* *Thorp* the Elder, of *Clipperton* *Park*, in the County of *Cambridge*, Esquire, for the Exchange of the Advowson of the Rectory of *Southwell*, in the County of *Lincolnshire*, Part of the Possessions of the See of *Exeter*, for the Rectory of *Burgess*, in the County of *Essex*, called in the said *John* *Thorp*. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxlii.

- An Act for selling the feued Estates of the Right Honourable *Philip* *Earl* of *Hardwick*, Situate in the County of *Gloucester*, in *Troffers*, upon *trust*, as to certain Parts which have been committed to be sold, to convey the same to the respective Purchasers, and as to the Residue, in *trust* to sell the same, and for inserting the Particular Matters, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in other Estates to be feued in lieu thereof, and to the same Effect. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxliii.

- 30 G. 3. c. 93.
30 G. 3. c. 94.
30 G. 3. c. 95.
An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts, passed in the Thirty-fifth, Forty-fourth, and Forty-fifth Years of the Reign of His most Majesty, for enabling the Lord Bishop of *London* to grant a Lease, with Powers of Renewal, of Lands in the Parish of *Parish*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Purpose of building upon. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxliiii.

- An Act for vesting in *Troffers*, the Person Estate of the Reverend *Richard* *Dowd*, Master of Arts in the University of *Oxford*, and making them a Corporation for the Purpose of carrying into Effect the charitable Bequests and Intentions of the Will of the said *Richard* *Dowd*. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxliiii.

- An Act for vesting the Fee Simple of the Estates devised by the Will of *Edward* *Coryford*, Gentleman deceased, in *Troffers* for the charitable Purposes therein mentioned. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxlv.

- 30 G. 3. c. 93.
30 G. 3. c. 94.
30 G. 3. c. 95.
An Act to amend Two Acts, passed in *Ireland*, for the better Education of Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion, and for the better Government of the Seminary established at *Messend* for the Education of such Persons, in so far as relates to the Purchase of Lands and composing Sites. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]
= *Troffers* of the College empowered to compound Sites. *Troffers* also empowered to purchase Lands, not exceeding 10000. per Annum, exclusive of *Parish* *hold* under Lease for the Duke of *Leinster*, and the Buildings thereon."

Cap. cxlvi.

- 47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 96.
An Act for supplying the Town and Parish of *Wotton*, in the County of *Kent*, with Water, and for amending in so much of an Act of the last Session as relates to the Election of a Market House in the said Town. [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxlvii.

- 21 G. 3. c. 128.
repealed.
An Act for repairing the Road from *Milford* to *Staines*, and to *Merch's* *Bridge*, and from thence to *Carth* *Bridge*, and to the Top of *Merch's* *Hill*, in the County of *Pembrokeshire*. (a) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxlviii.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Borough of *Leominster*, in the County of *Hereford*, and in the Township of *Lygon*, in the Parish of *Espe*, in the said County; and for paving, and otherwise improving the Streets and other publick Places within the Town of *Leominster*, in the said County. [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cxlix.

- An Act for effectuating an Exchange between the President and Scholars of *Saint* *John* *Baptist* *College*, in the University of *Oxford*, and *Christopher* *Hall* of *Faringham*, in the County of *Kent*, Esquire. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cl.

- An Act to confirm and render valid and effectual a Partition of divers Lands and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Carlow* and *Kilkenny*, in *Ireland*, formerly the Estates of *Jessie* *Paul* *Esquire*, deceased. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cli.

- An Act for vesting Part of the Estates of *Paul* *Hogges*, an Infant, in *Troffers*, to be sold, and for applying the Money arising therefrom in part Discharge of certain Incumbrances charged thereon. (q. P.) [25th June 1808.]

Cap. cli.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kirk Stutton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.)
[20th June 1808.]

"Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Honour of *Pontefract*, in Right of His Duchy of *Languehr*.
"Extract of the Award to be transmitted to the Duchy Court."

[Act for making Compensation for Tithes.]

Cap. clii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Borough and Parish of *Trinityburg*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for setting the After or Latter Part of a Meadow called *Stones Barn*, within the said Borough and Parish, to Tithes for certain Purposes. (q. P.) [2d July 1808.]

[Act for making Compensation for Tithes.]

Cap. cliii.

An Act for exchanging Part of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Francis Earl of Mordaunt*, Situated in *England*, for Part of the Estates of the Right Honourable *Fleming Marquis of Londesborough*, in *Wales*, Situated in *Wales*, including the Castle of *Londesborough*. (q. P.) [2d July 1808.]

Cap. cliii.

An Act for vesting an Estate called *Kilgusmore Farm*, in the County of *Northumberland*, being an Estate devised by the Will of *Thomas Innes Esquire*, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold, for the Payment of Legacies, and for buying out the Residue of the Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [2d July 1808.]

Cap. clii.

An Act for vesting in *James Robert Gifford*, of *North Ayrshire*, in the County of *Berwick*, Esquire, a Mortgage and Farm, with the Appurtenances, in *North Ayrshire*, and for applying the Money to be raised thereby in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estate sold. (q. P.) [2d July 1808.]

Cap. clvii.

An Act to prevent the Right of Presentation to the Rectory and Parish Church of *Stanhurst*, in the County of *Northumberland*, from lapsing for a limited Time. [4th July 1808.]

WHEREAS the Rectory and Parish of *Stanhurst*, in the County of *Northumberland*, and Diocese of *Darlow*, is very extensive, and it is expedient that the same should be divided, and that several new and distinct Rectories and Parishes should be created within and taken out of the same, and should be separated from the said Rectory and Parish by known Limits and Boundaries, and should be respectively provided with Parish Churches, Church Yards, Parsonage Houses, and Glebe Lands, and a sufficient Maintenance, by Tithes or otherwise, for the Rectories of the same respectively: And whereas, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for vesting certain Estates now held in Trust for the Benefit of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, in the County of Kent, and Governors of the said Hospital, incorporated by His Majesty's Letters Patent, the said Commissioners and Governors an perpetual Parishes of the said Rectory, and the Reverend James Scott, Doctor in Divinity, is the present Incumbent thereof: And whereas the said Rectory is of the Annual Value of Three thousand Pounds or thereabouts, and should the same be divided as aforesaid, would be of great Benefit to the Parish, and would be capable of affording ample Provision for several Chaplains in the Royal Navy, as a Reward for long and meritorious Professional Services: And whereas the said Commissioners and Governors are desirous of carrying into Effect the above-mentioned Purposes respecting the said Rectory and Parish of the same: and in order thereto it is necessary that the Right of Presentation should, during a limited Time, be prevented from lapsing: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That during the Term of Two Years from the passing of this Act, the Right of Presentation to the said Rectory and Parish Church of *Stanhurst*, or to the aforesaid Chapel of *Parsons*, in the Parish aforesaid, by Lay or otherwise, shall accrue to the Ordinary, Metropolitan, or the King's Majesty, or any Parson or Person whatsoever.*

"Commissioners may nominate to the Curacy of *Stanhurst* during the Incumbency of Mr. Scott. § 2. Obsolete Curacies shall be nominated by Commissioners. § 3."

It is provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall not be good, valid, or effectual, without the Consent of the Archbishop of *York* for the Time being, therein signified by Writing under his Hand and Seal to the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain: and such Consent, so signified, shall be binding upon the said Archbishop and his Successors, and such Writing shall be kept in the High Court of Chancery.

"Public Act, § 5."



THE
S T A T U T E S
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,
49 GEORGE III. 1809.

[Vol. III. Part III. Price 1s. on in Boards.]

*Printed by the King's Station and Law Printer,
London, 1810.*

INDEX to the PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS, 49th GEO. III.

* Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.

<p>Accounts (Public) Cap. 51 Agent General for Volunteers 11 America Trade 39 Assurances Act 128 *Arist and Amusements 75 *Airlines (Fairs) 104 ----- (Jugs of) 91 Attacks 28 *Auctions 100 *Bank Notes, &c. (Forgery) 73 Bankrupts 181 Bakers (and for Child Murder) 66 *Baw 58 Beams 2, 3 *Bees (disturb) 201 British Ships 41 Bookage of Officers 116 Cape of Good Hope 17 *Carriages (Duties Regulations) 75 Cholera Hospital 218 Child Murder 14 *Closures, and Globe Houses 101 *Coal Trade (Dublin) 72 Coals (Confiscation) 61 Coffee (from African Colonies) 117 ----- (from Martinique) 61 ----- (Encouraging Growth of) 80 ----- (making) 26 Commissioners for settling Public Accounts 55 ----- of Jersey (Army) 123 ----- (Boys) 102 ----- (Fairs and Abuse) 51 ----- of Land Tax, &c. 57 Comities 58 Custom House Officers (Oaths) 46 Customs (Duties, Confiscations) 95 ----- (----- Comissioners) 116 ----- (----- Regulations) 116 ----- (----- Presbytery, &c.) 61, 107 Debates (by Contempt) 6 ----- (Intendants) 54, 115 Evidence of the Realm 112 Excesses (from Cases prohibited) 7 ----- (of Spent Wash) 24 *Exhibitors (Regulation) 59 *Dogs (Duties, Regulations) 74 Doves (Loans and Works in) 39 ----- (Duties, Wide-Spreads and Coal Trade) 11 Exchange Bills (Stamp) 11 *Excise Duties (Regulation) 116 Flux Bred (Importation, Twenty) 9 ----- (Seizing, Twenty) 39 Friendly Societies 58, 125 Funding Exchange Bills, Loans, &c. 125 ----- (Loans) 125 Gales (Duties of Excise) 63 *Globe Houses 101 Good Hope, Cape of 17 Greenwich Hospital 221 *Guano (Exportation of) 75 Holders at (Excise Office) 66, 120 *Houses (Duties, Regulations) 75 Importation and Exportation (Cattle and Indigo) 18 ----- (Cows and Proliferous) 31, 31 ----- (Flax Seed) 9</p>	<p>Importation and Exportation (*Gunpowder and Arty) Cap. 75 ----- (North American Colonies) 47 ----- (New South and New Zealand) 49 ----- (Port of Plymouth, Jamaica) 21 ----- (Ports in Europe and Africa) 60 ----- (Rape Seed) 20 ----- (Salt Fish) 26 ----- (Salt, Pepper, and Wine, from Guadeloupe and Jersey to Barb) 62 ----- (Salt Sticks) 30 ----- (Spices from Bermuda to Canada) 15 ----- (Tobacco) 16 ----- (Wool from British Possessions) 18 Indentures, Officers, &c. 18 ----- (Printers) 62 *Intendants 51 Inspectors (Soldiers) 27 Intendant Debates 54, 115 Judges (Salaries) 127 ----- (of Affairs, in the two Colonies) 61 Officers of the Peace 43 Land Tax Redemption 67 ----- (Commissions of) 58 Licenses, to print Bibles 71 ----- (to retail Spirits) 71 Life Annuities 64, 104 Loans, Antiquaries, Exchange Bills, &c. 125 ----- (A. S. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 7, 9, 10, 9, 11) 114 Lotteries 57 Males (Annual Duties) 2 ----- (Duties, Regulations) 57 Malta, Six Four Ships 61 Marriages 61 Merchants (Trades as by Statute, &c.) 112 Militia, Agent General for 111 ----- (Allowances, Adjutants) 30 ----- (----- Subalterns) 30 ----- (Cavalry) 51, 51 ----- (Families) 46, 51 ----- (Holding via Register) 41, 51 ----- (Pay and Clothing) 41 ----- (*Pay, Clothing, and Allowances) 41 ----- (*Riding and training) 120 ----- (Local, Amending Acts) 40, 48, 82 ----- (raising) 109 Mutiny A. A. (Army) 19 ----- (Marines) 19 Names of Com. of Land Tax, &c. 15 Naval Officers, (Half Pay, &c.) 41 ----- (Widows' Pensions) 41 *Naval Stores, (Exportation, &c.) 17 Newfoundland (Judges) 46 Newspapers (Duties) 59 Oaths (before Custom House Officers) 46 Offices of Excise (Superintendants) 66 ----- (Annual Duties) 1 ----- (Duties of, &c.) 32, 110 ----- (Fairs and Abolition) 51, 116 ----- (Sale and Brokerage of) 216 Ordinance (Exchange, Loans) 97 *Paper (Duties, Regulations) 57</p>	<p>*Paper (Folding Stamps) Cap. 81 Parliament (Statute) 118 Penalties (and Forfeitures, Recovery of) 65, 81, 107 Positions (Annual Duties) 1 ----- (Duties of, &c.) 12, 110 ----- (in Wishes of Naval Officers) 35 Pious 122 *Pins (Removal) 114 Portsmouth (Duties) 39 Post Office (enlarging) 40 Prizes (Goods) 44 ----- (Money) 108, 113 ----- (Ships) (registering at Malta) 54 *Quarter Sessions (Town) 104 *Recognitions 85 Records (Public, regulating) 43 ----- (Roads) 84 Sale of Offices 115 Sales (Duties, regulating) 81 Salt Fish (Bounties) 16 Seizure 113 Seditious (Cases and Appeals) 119 Seal Sticks, for Importation 119 Seamen Wages, &c. 108, 111 Sets in Parliament 111 Sixteen (to Excise Manufacturers) 51 *Sovereigns (Duties, Regulation) 75 Salt Sticks, for Quarter Sessions 119 Ship Owners (Trades as) 113 Ships, for Prize Ships, British Ships 30 Silk Manufactures 51 Bibles (Licenses to print, &c.) 71 Smuggling 20, 64, 65 South Annual Duties 1 Sports (Military Regulation) 59 ----- (Duties from Cases given) 7 ----- (Duties on Spent Wash) 24 ----- (Duties on Strength) 113 ----- (from Spent Wash) 24 ----- (Importation from Bermuda to Canada) 16 ----- (Intendants, Salaries) 54, 115 ----- (Licenses) 71 ----- (Plasters, warehousing) 30 Stamps (Newspapers) 59 ----- (Spent-wood Licenses) 73 Sugar (Annual Duties) 1 ----- (allowing Parts of) 43 ----- (Duties, Bounties, and Controlling Duties) 11 ----- (Duties, Bounties, and Warehousing) 30 ----- (from Navigation) 61 ----- (Raw and Refined, Bounties) 10 Superintendants (of Excise Office) 66 *Taxes, (Regulation) 75 Tobacco (Annual Duties) 1 ----- (Importation) 25 Underwriters (Prudential) 122 V. Masters (A. S. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 7, 9, 10, 9, 11) 114 Wages of Seamen 108 Warehousing Goods 106 Warehousing Sugar 30 Wishes of Naval Officers 35 Woolen Manufactures 109 Workbooks 114</p>
---	--	--

A
T A B L E

Containing THE TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the THIRD Session of the FOURTH Parliament

or

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

49 GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Soap, in Great Britain; and on Potashes, Oil, and Personal Estates in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. *Page 55*
2. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. *Id.*
3. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. *Id.*
4. An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain, to enlist voluntarily into the Regular Forces. *Id.*
5. An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia in Ireland voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. *Id.*
6. An Act for the Relief of Palanquin Carriers for Non-payment of Money pursuant to Orders of Courts of Equity. *Id.*
7. An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grains, in the United Kingdom, for a limited Time. *Id.*
8. An Act to suspend the Invention of Drift or Light made Spirits from Great Britain, or Ireland, *vide Postea*; until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine. *Id.*
9. An Act to grant Bounties on the Importation of Wine from Ireland from Great Britain, until the Eighth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, and to amend the Laws for the Regulation of the Slave Manufacture in Ireland, so far as relates to Importers of Wine. *Id.*
10. An Act to continue so much of an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, as allows a Bounty upon double refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Page 57*
11. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Excises on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended. *Id.*
12. An Act for providing Money and Discharge; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. *Id.*
13. An Act for the more effectually preventing the forging of Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, and the Negotiation of forged and counterfeited Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, of the Government and Company of the Bank of Ireland. *Id.*
14. An Act for repealing an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, relative to Child Murder; and for making other Provisions in such respect. *Id.*
15. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Times limited for those Persons respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and the Attorneys of the Examiners of Indentures of Clerks or Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Id.*

26. An Act to allow the Importation of Rum and other Spirits from the Island of *Bermuda* into the Possession of *Lower Canada* without Payment of Duty, on the same Terms and Conditions as such Importations may be made by the said His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*. Page 26
27. An Act to authorize His Majesty, during the present War, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Coast of Good Hope*. *Ibid.*
28. An Act for continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and fourscore, for and until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and six next, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, to permit the Exportation of Wood from the *British Possessions in America*. *Ibid.*
29. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Navy Forces while on Shore. 64
30. An Act to make several several Laws relating to the Management of the *Silk Manufactures*; to the allowing the Importation of *Rags* free, and other Acts used for amending the same; to amend the Provisions relating to the Growth of *Cotton* in His Majesty's Possessions in *America*; and for amending and making perpetual several Laws relating to the preventing the clandestine running of *Goods*, and the Danger of *Infection* thereby; and to the allowing the Importation of *Salt* Manufactured with Foreign Salt free of Duty. 89
31. An Act for granting Assurances to discharge certain Exchange Bills. *Ibid.*
32. An Act to allow the Importation and Exportation of certain *Goods* and *Commodities* to and from the Port of *Falmouth* in the Island of *Yanmark*. *Ibid.*
33. An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and six next, an Act made in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation in *Great Britain* of *Cotton* and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of *Produce* without Payment of Duty. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for changing with Duty *Spent Walk*, mentioned in *Great Britain*. 69
35. An Act to amend, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Importation of *Tobacco* into *Great Britain*, from any Place whatever. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for all things until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Importation of certain *Tin* from Parts of the Coast of His Majesty's *North American Colonies*; and for granting a *Bounty* thereon. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for establishing Courts of *Judicature* in the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands adjacent; and for annexing Part of the Coast of *Labrador* and the *Islands* lying on the said Coast to the Government of *Newfoundland*. 59
38. An Act to enable the Clerks of the King's Council and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench to be admitted to *Advocates*. 69
39. An Act for the Appointment of Twenty thousand Pounds out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, towards the Encouragement of the Learning of *His* said for Lawyers in *Ireland*. 69
40. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Acts relating to the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of *Sugar* from *Ireland*, and for working in the
- Ireland*, Rum or Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations. Page 70
41. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from *Ireland*, and for permitting the Importation into *Ireland*, Duty free, of *Corn* and other *Provisions*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of *Excise* and *Stamp*, mentioned by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on *Officers* and *Employments* of *Profit*, and as *Assessors*, *Professors*, and *Stipendiaries*, and thereby granted for One Year to the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven. *Ibid.*
43. An Act to grant an *Excise* Duty on *Spirits* made or distilled from *Sugar* in *Ireland*, during the Continuance of *Distillation* from *Corn* or *Grain* there, in lieu of the *Excise* Duty now chargeable thereon, and to allow a *Drawback* on the *Export* thereof to *Foreign* Parts. 69
44. An Act to permit the *Regency* at *States* of *Steps* taken as *Prize*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for the more convenient Payment of *Profits* to *Widows* of *Officers* of the *Navy*. 69
46. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for visiting and establishing *Public* houses and *Inns* there. 70
47. An Act for increasing the Rates of *Saltpetre* to be sold to *Indians* and others on *quarantine* *Islands*. 70
48. An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Payment of *Quarters* more equal and expeditious in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of *such* Lands and *Hereditaments* as have been purchased for better financing His Majesty's *Decks*, *Ships*, and *Stores*, at *Portsmouth*; and for extending the *Laws* and *Wages* at *Portsmouth*, in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
50. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a *provisional* *Local* *Militia* Force, under certain *Restrictions*, for the Defence of the *Realm*. *Ibid.*
51. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, in power that *British* *Ships* captured by the *Enemy*, becoming the Property of *British* *Subjects*, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of *British* *Ships*. 70
52. An Act for better regulating the *Publick* *Records* of *Scotland*. 70
53. An Act for regulating the *Mode* in which the *Average* Price of *Brown* or *Malt* *Whisky* *Spirits*, excepted of the *Duty* thereon, is to be determined under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty. 70
54. An Act to permit *Goods* brought in as *Prize*, and returned by the *Crown* of *America*, or which have been seized as *Prize*, and is allowed, to be sold or transferred within the *Kingdom*, without paying the *usual* *Consumption* *Duty*. 70
55. An Act for more convenient the paying of *Salaries* on the *Credit* of the *Bank* of the *Navy*, and to sell Pay to *Officers* of the *Royal* *Navy*. *Ibid.*
56. An Act to amend the principal *Articles* of the *Capitulation* in the *British* *Colonies* and *Provinces* in *America* and the *West* *Indies*, to exempt *Whistlers* in *Quadr*. 71

47. An Act to amend certain Articles, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Europe, in the Isles and beyond on board Ships coming from *British North America* and *Spain*, and Fish taken by Sailors in the *British North America* Colonies, at any Part of *Europe*, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the *British Colonies* and Provinces in *North America*. Page 715
48. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the last 5th Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Land Militia Force in *Ireland*, under various Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. 714
49. An Act to authorize His Majesty to permit until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any Goods and Commodities to be imported into and exported from *New South Wales* and *New South Wales*, in any Ship or Vessel arriving. 715
50. An Act to amend in whole an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for granting to His Majesty certain Stamp Duties, as relates to the Legislation according to which the Discount on Newspapers is regulated. *Ibid.*
51. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and one, and amend various Acts appointing Commissions to enquire into the Fees, Gratitudes, Perquisites, and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in *Ireland*; to examine and see Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, giving, and accounting for public Money in *Ireland*. 716
52. An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Excise upon Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and one. *Ibid.*
53. An Act for completing the Mills of *Great Britain*. *Ibid.*
54. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in *Ireland*. 724
55. An Act for relieving *M. Baker* in the Name of the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last 5th Session of Parliament for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of the 5th Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits and Offices in *England* and an Act made in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Act to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be rated as *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year One thousand five hundred and twenty-eight, and for appointing other Commissioners together with their name in the 5th mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Soap, in *Great Britain*, as in Profits, Offices, and Partial Offices in *Ireland*, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and one, and the first Act made in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty; and for indemnifying such Persons as have acted as Commissioners for executing the same. 727
56. An Act for completing the Mills of *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
57. An Act for regulating the Quality of Beer in *Ireland*, by further extending the Use of unassorted Cereals, or of any other or other suitable Ingredients therein, and for the better & more the Collection of the Malt Duties in *Ireland*. 727
58. An Act to explain and render more effectual an Act passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Encouragement and Relief of Free Trade between 729
59. An Act to permit the Trade between *Great Britain* and the United States of *America* to be carried on in Ships or Vessels belonging to the Inhabitants of the said States. 730
60. An Act for allowing the Importation from any Port in *Europe* or *Africa*, of Goodenough Commodities the Growth or Produce of any Country, until Six Months after the Expulsion of a Defeated Power of France. Page 730
61. An Act for raising Sugar and Coffee of *Montserrat* and *Marigot* liable in Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee out of the *British Plantations*. *Ibid.*
62. An Act to amend several Acts for the Prevention of Smuggling; for better securing the Duties on Coals, Cakes, and Candles; and for permitting the Exportation of Salt, Pepper, and Wine from *Guernsey* or *Jersey* to *Saint* or *Saint* Peter. *Ibid.*
63. An Act for reducing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties. 735
64. An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for enabling the Commissioners for the Relief of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities. 738
65. An Act for giving Provision to Subjects of the Power to bear and determine Professions for Professions created by any Office which the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs and also regarding all Goods, valuable and not valuable, found by any Public or Private Office, to be brought to the Custom-House Warehouses in *London*, within a certain Period. 739
66. An Act for the Abolition of certain Holidays, and for altering and extending the Time for keeping open the Chief Office of Excise. 741
67. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the Relief of certain and Sale on the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for encouraging free Loans and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax. 742
68. An Act to explain and amend the Law of Escheats, in the manner to be ordered, or Parties to be relieved thereof. 745
69. An Act to indemnify Persons who have inadvertently printed, published, or distributed Papers or Books without a full Discharge of the Stamp or Abode of the Printers thereof, from Penalties incurred under an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign. 748
70. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty's Postmaster General of *Ireland* to purchase Postages for the Establishment of the General Post Office in the City of *Dublin*. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Six hundred thousand Pounds by way of Excise. *Ibid.*
72. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, various Acts of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for the Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, by making roads and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
73. An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and upon *British* Spirits imported into *Ireland*, and upon *Spanish* to be Imported into *Ireland* in Quantities not less than Two Gallons. *Ibid.*
74. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and ten, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Duties, imposed into and assessed from *Ireland*. 749
75. An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
76. An Act for vesting in the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, by Advice of the Privy Council, the Power of prohibiting

- the Exportation and carrying Coastwise of Gunpowder, Saltpetre, Arsenic, Ammunition, and Naval Stores. Page 749
77. An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Duties on Paper made in Ireland. 750
78. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million two hundred and Sixty thousand Pounds, by way of Amalgam and Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland. *Ibid.*
79. An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 751
80. An Act for allowing Dealers to melt their own Coffins upon certain Conditions. *Ibid.*
81. An Act to amend several Laws of Excise relating to Beer, Sake, and Ale, and for authorizing the seizure of Unlawful Casks where Vessels used in Excise Manufactures are taken to Factories. 752
82. An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Sessions of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia. 754
83. An Act for the Amendment of the Laws now in force in Ireland, relating to Persons entering into Recognizances in Criminal Cases, in Custody under any Fine, or under such Recognizances. 755
84. An Act for amending the Irish Road Acts. 756
85. An Act for defraying, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Charge on the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 757
86. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. 760
87. An Act to make Provision, in certain Cases, for the Wives and Families of halibred Men, Subalterns, and Volunteers, serving in the Militia of Ireland. *Ibid.*
88. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 765
89. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while detached. 768
90. An Act to revive and continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend in such of an Act, made in the Thirtieth and Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Militia of England, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*
91. An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in Ireland, when called into actual Service. *Ibid.*
92. An Act to empower the Judges to try Civil Causes in the seven Counties in England. 775
93. An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven Millions, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven Millions more hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds on Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of the Session of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Purposes after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. 776
94. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in their Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aid or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 777
94. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. Page 777
95. An Act for further regulating the Constitution of the Board of Commissioners for raising the publick Accounts. 778
96. An Act to provide for a double Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions. 779
97. An Act for empowering the Board of Ordnance to exchange Lands at Purfleet, in the County of Essex, for other Lands in the said Parish. 780
98. An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. *Ibid.*
99. An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail. 881
100. An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Collection of the Duties on *Ac* in Ireland. 888
101. An Act to regulate the Fees payable by Parties charged with Testes, Prizes, and all other Offices, as Adverses and Quarter Sessions in Ireland, and for amending an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, relating thereto. 889
102. An Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Profitability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same. 891
103. An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for making Provision for the building and rebuilding of Churches, Chapels, and Glebe Houses in Ireland. 892
104. An Act to amend several Acts made in the Parliament of Ireland, for granting Licenses with Benefit of Survivorship. 894
105. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the present Session of Parliament, to amend the Invention of *Whisky* or *Irish* made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively. *Ibid.*
106. An Act for allowing farther Time for taking Goods out of Warehouse, and paying Dues thereon. *Ibid.*
107. An Act for the more effectual Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred in the *Swag* Customs and Penalties in *Alcohol*. 895
108. An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money, and Allowance of Wages, to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy. *Ibid.*
109. An Act to repeal several Acts respecting the Woolen Manufacture, and to amend other Acts relating to the said Manufacture; and for allowing Persons employed in any Branch of the Woolen Manufacture to set up Trade in any Place in Great Britain. 899
110. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act made in the Session of Parliament, for continuing and making permanent several Duties of Our Shallop and Sloop as Officers and Employments. 902
111. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the publick Expensures, and the Conduct of the publick Revenue in the Military Department therein mentioned. *Ibid.*

122. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to provide for the Delivery of the Reins, with respect to the Postoffice of Landed and Hereditaments for the publick Service. *Page 908*
123. An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia. *905*
124. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sums of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. *905*
125. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England. *906*
126. An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Post Duties, and of the Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes, in Ireland. *907*
127. An Act for lowering the Duty of Excise on Coffee, of the Growth of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa. *914*
128. An Act for better securing the Independence and Purity of Parliament, by preventing the procuring or obtaining of Seats in Parliament by corrupt Practices. *Ibid.*
129. An Act to give to the Petition signed by His Majesty, pursuant to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the High Court of Justiciary* for making their Reports or Reports. *915*
130. An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the several Laws for visiting and training the Militia of Ireland. *916*
131. An Act to alter and amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts. *940*
132. An Act for preventing Frauds and Dedications committed on Moor-lands, Sheep-Orders, and Downlands, by Bishops and others, and also for amending certain Directs relative to the Adjustment of Subjeys in England under an Act made in the Twelfth Year of Queen Anne. *945*
133. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Sciences, and for the better and more effectually managing His Majesty's Navy during the present War; and for the further Encouragement of Sciences, and for the better and more effectually providing for the Instruction of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea; and to extend the Provisions of the said Act to Civils arising in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the last Act. *Page 954*
134. An Act for strengthening, amending, and explaining certain Acts relative to the Removal of the Poor, and for making Regulations in certain Cases touching the Transportation of Paupers as to their Settlement; and for extending to all Parishes certain Rules and Orders in Workhouses, under an Act of the Twenty-first Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor.* *953*
135. An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. *954*
136. An Act for the further Prevention of the Sale and Breachage of Offices. *954*
137. An Act for further amending the Salaries of certain of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall; and of the Chief and Second Justice of the King, and Justices of the Great Sessions in Wales. *956*
138. An Act for passing to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein accounted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. *909*
139. An Act to prevent the building of Local Militia Men and the Regular Militia of any other County or Borough than the County or Borough to which they belong. *974*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

- L** AN Act for continuing the Terms and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Harbour and Quay of Walsby in the County of Lincoln. *Page 975*
- K** AN Act for amending an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating certain Fisheries in the County of Cumberland, and other Places therein mentioned, in so far as respects the Fishery in the River Derwent. *Ibid.*
- M** AN Act for better enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Marstonburgh Canal* Navigation to raise the necessary Fund to complete the same. *Ibid.*
- N** AN Act for more effectually improving the Streets, Lanes, and Publick Passages, in the Town of Gosburgh in the County of Lincoln, and for laying a Duty on Cattle (and Cows) brought to the said Town to be sold. *Ibid.*
- O** AN Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Sturston to Swanton*, in the West Riding of the County of York. *Ibid.*
- P** AN Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Abbeystead to Salsbery*, and from *Salsbery to Fossil-Bricks*, and from *Hatley Moor to Yafbery*, in the County of Derby; and *Leigford*, and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. *Page 975*
- R** AN Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Derby, Leicestershire, and Warwick.* *Ibid.*
- S** AN Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Radcliffe*, and the Township of *Manworthington*, in the Parish of *Whitby*, in the County Palatine of *Leinster.* *Ibid.*
- T** AN Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Warkington and Wigginton*, and Manor of *Warkington*, in the Parish of *Warkington*, in the County of *Cumberland.* *976*
- Z** AN Act for amending so much of an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building and keeping in Repair the Pier at *Sheworth*, in the Isle of *Sheppey*, in the County of *Kent*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, as relates to the said Pier. *Ibid.*
- Z** AN Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Township of *Salby*, in the County of *Fife*, to the Town of *Fife.* *Ibid.*

xii. An

221. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Stapton* to join the Turnpike Road leading to *Guildford*, with Two Branches thereon, in the Counties of *Stafford* and *Warwick*.
Page 915
222. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stonard*, *Bealdred*, and *Stair Minnow*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
Ibid.
223. An Act for more effectually repairing, improving, and keeping in Repair several Roads in the Counties of *Devon*, *Rutland*, and *Gloucestershire*, and for making and maintaining Two new Branches of Road to communicate thereon.
Ibid.
224. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His late Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Gloucestershire* and *Worcestershire*, in so far as relates to the *Gloucestershire* District, and for amending certain other Roads communicating thereon.
Ibid.
225. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road between *Bedford* in the County of *Bedford* and *Stony Stratford* in the County of *Buckinghamshire*.
Ibid.
226. An Act to enable the *Royal Dock Company* to borrow a further Sum of Money for completing the Improvements of the Port and Harbour of *Brighton*.
Ibid.
227. An Act for establishing and well-governing the charitable Institution called *The Society of Stewards and Schoolmasters for maintaining and educating Four Children of the County and City of Devon*, and for more effectually enabling them to carry on these charitable and useful Designs.
Ibid.
228. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Walsfield* to *Bedford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
Ibid.
229. An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland* passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, 1742, and all respecting the Collection of public Money to be levied in the County of *Dublin* by Proportions; and for the better Regulation of the Mode of Election and Office of Treasurer of the publick Money of the City of *Dublin*.
Ibid.
230. An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *London*, for dissevering Part of the Parish of *St. Paul's* from the said Parish, and setting it to the Parish of *St. Andrew's*; for further regulating the Assizes for the Year in the said Parishes, for dividing Two new Churches, for dissevering certain Churches, and annexing the Parishes thereof to other Parishes; for further regulating the Reverends of the said City applicable to the Payment of Minister's Stipends, and for draining the Meadows on the South Side of the said City.
913
231. An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Maintenance and Support of the Poor of the Parish of *St. Andrew's* near the Sea, in the County Palatine of *Dorset*; and for increasing the Rates therein directed to be imposed.
Ibid.
232. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the River *Swere* at the Quay in the City of *Gloucester*, in or near to a certain Place or near the Town of *Cheltenham* in the County of *Gloucester*, called *The King's Toll Gate*, with a collateral Branch on the Top of *Leckington Hill*, in the Parish of *Leckington*, in the said County.
Ibid.
233. An Act for the further Improvement of the Harbour of *Cardarose* in the County of *Cardarose*, and for other Purposes relating thereto.
914
234. An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Andale* and the Neighborhood thereof with Water.
Page 914
235. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Turnpike* Road in the County of *Cambridge*.
Ibid.
236. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein described, in so far as the same relate to the Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of *Peak* and *Widford* in the County of *Derbyshire*, to the Turnpike Road between *Bluncliffe* and *Derbyshire* in the County of *Derby*.
Ibid.
237. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Aggry's Cross* to *Leombard's Pond* and *Palen's Hill*, in the County of *West*, and to *St. Michael's Port* in the County of *Stafford*, and certain other Roads in the said Acts described.
Ibid.
238. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Toll Road Bridge or Culvert which crosses the present Turnpike Road from *Gloucester* to *Gloucester*, on the Gloucester Side of *St. James's Bridge*, to join the last Turnpike Road in the Town of *Gloucester* in the County of *Gloucester*.
Ibid.
239. An Act for maintaining and repairing the Road leading from the City of *Gloucester* through *Goodwood*, to that Part of the River of *Avon* called *The Malvern of Goodwood*.
Ibid.
240. An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Great North Road leading from the North *Spurway* in the County of *Stafford* to the City of *Leeds*, and to the Town of *Doncaster*.
Ibid.
241. An Act for altering an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of *Devon*.
Ibid.
242. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Fourth Year of His late Majesty, and the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Gloucester* in the County of *Warwick*, to *Highway* in the Parish of *East Grafton* in the County of *Stafford*.
915
243. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road leading from *Gully Cross* adjoining to *Leeds* in the Parish of *St. Andrew's* in the County of *Westminster*, to *Longford Hill* in the County of *Westminster*.
Ibid.
244. An Act for allowing the Timber on Part of the Settled Estates of *Dame Jane de Tolla Minney* Widow, in the Counties of *Stafford*, *Warwick*, *Derby*, and *Leicestershire*, to be cut down, and for applying the Moneys thereof arising in the Purchase of Estates to be settled in Manner therein mentioned.
Ibid.
245. An Act for regulating and amending certain Roads in the County of *Stafford*, and for better regulating the Straggling Labour within the same.
Ibid.
246. An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts for repairing the Turnpike and other High Roads in the County of *Leicestershire*, and for repairing the Roads from the City of *Leeds* to the Town of *Leith*.
Ibid.
247. An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Road from *Carlisle* to *Carlisle*, on the River *Aln*, to *Leeds* and *Leeds* on the River *Aln*, and other Roads in the County of *Leicestershire*.
Ibid.
248. An Act for more equally and effectually settling and collecting the Poor Rates within the Parish of *St. Andrew's*.
Ibid.

- Act* (generally called *Saint Act* *Limbo*) in the County of *Middlesex*. Page 98.
21. An Act for better settling and settling the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Saint Nicholas*, in the City of *London*, in the County of *West*, and regulating the Poor thereof. *Ibid.*
22. An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Ware* and Part and Haven of *Sandwich*, in the County Palatine of *Dorset*, and for the more effectual Preservation and further Improvement of the same River, Part, and Haven. *Ibid.*
23. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Stamford-upon-Avon* Canal Navigation. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, for dividing and conveying certain Lands and Tenements in the Parishes of *Witch Saint Peter's* and *Witch Saint Mary's*, and in the Manors of *Witch Marston* and *Witch Cayton*, in the He of *Essex*, and County of *Cambridge*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for dividing and dividing Lands in the Parishes of *Thornton*, *Hoddeston*, and *Thorpe and Hoddeston*, in the County of *Northfolk*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Waltham* *Bell Common* to *Stony Croft*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
27. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts passed in the Seventh and Twenty-ninth Years of His present Majesty, for amending and widening the Road from the *Bay Inn* at *Northfield*, in the County of *Warwick*, to the *Waters Water*, in the great Turnpike Road from *Stamford-upon-Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*, to *Birmingham* in the same County. 580
28. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for widening and keeping in Repair the Road from the Town of *Widford* to *Houghton Bridge*, and other Roads therein contained, all in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
29. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dunelm B'hoof*, near *Guldford*, through *Guldford*, to *Widford*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
30. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stamford* to *Widford*, and from *Widford* to *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
31. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Widford* to the Turnpike Road between *Widford* and *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*, and for making a new Piece of Road to communicate therewith, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
32. An Act for repairing, widening, and improving the Road leading from the Town of *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*, through the Village of *Widford*, by *Widford* to the County of *Middlesex*, to or near the Stone Patrick House at *Widford* Common, in the Turnpike Road leading from *Widford* to *London*. *Ibid.*
33. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of such of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the End of the County of *Suffolk*, to the Full Road towards the City of *Gloucester*, through *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*, to *Widford* in the County of *Gloucester*, and from *Widford* to *Widford*, and from thence through *Widford*, in the last County of *Gloucester*, to the full City of *Gloucester*, and the Road from *Widford* to the full City of *Gloucester*, as before in the Second Part of the Road comprised in the said Acts. Page 99.
34. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road from *Widford* to *Widford* Bridge, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Widford* in the several Places therein mentioned, in the County of *West*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for continuing Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-ninth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Widford*, and in *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the South End of *Widford* to the Passage Way to *Widford*, opposite *St. Giles*, *Dunelm*, *Widford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Widford* to *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*, which lies in the County of *Warwick*, and for amending the Road from *Widford* to a cross Piece in *Widford*, and from *Widford* to *Widford* in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the *Widford* Mills on *Widford* Brook in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Twenty Mile Stone on *Widford* Hill, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for siting a *Workhouse* and *Prison*, to be sited in the City of *London*, in the County of *West*, and for applying the *Parish* Money in building another *School* House, and for better regulating the same. 617
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Widford* in the Parish of *Widford*, in the County Palatine of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the Manor of *Widford*, in the Parish of *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
44. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widford* in the County of *Northfolk*. *Ibid.*
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widford*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
62. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
64. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
66. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
73. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
77. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
78. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
79. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
80. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
81. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
82. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
83. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
84. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
85. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
86. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
87. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
88. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
89. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
90. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
91. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
92. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
93. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
94. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
95. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
96. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
97. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
98. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
99. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
100. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Widford*, *Widford*, and *Widford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*

- of the several Houses therein mentioned in London and *Wyl.*
Wyl. by *Henry*. Page 907
1821. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the
Stamford and Keston Canal Navigation to raise a further
 Sum of Money for the Discharge of their Debts, and to
 finish and complete the said Canal Navigation, and for
 amending the several Acts in that behalf made. *Ibid.*
1822. An Act for amending, altering, and enlarging the Powers
 of the several Acts relating to the *Worcester and Hereford Canal*
Navigation. *Ibid.*
1823. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the
 several Acts passed for making a navigable Canal from the
 Trent to the *Mersey*, and other Canals connected therewith.
Ibid.
1824. An Act for explaining and amending Two Acts for
 improving the Navigation of the River *Tyne* to the City of
Glasgow. *Ibid.*
1825. An Act to enable the Judges of the Peace for the
 several Parts of *London*, *Wiltshire*, and *Hampshire*, constituting
 the Three Divisions of the County of *London*, to provide a
 convenient House, with suitable Accommodations, for His
 Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the said County. *Ibid.*
1826. An Act for regulating the Police of the Town and
 Liberties of *Kingfish*, and for the Regulation and Improvement
 of the Port and Harbour of the said Town, and of
 the Fisheries thereof, and for other Purposes therein men-
 tioned. *Ibid.*
1827. An Act to amend the Term, and render more
 effectual several Acts passed for opening, clearing, repair-
 ing, and improving the Harbour of *Stamford*, in the
 County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
1828. An Act for amending several Acts for making navigable
 the Rivers *Wye* and *Logg*, in the County of *Hereford*,
 and for making a Harle Floating Path on certain Parts of the
 Banks of the said River *Wye*. *Ibid.*
1829. An Act for better paving, repairing, cleaning, lighting,
 and widening the several Streets, and other publick Places
 and Places within the Town and Free-ville of *Swansea*,
 in the County of *Glamorgan*, and for removing and preserving
 Nuisances, Obstructions, and Offences therein. *Ibid.*
1830. An Act for the better supplying the City of *Dublin* with
 Water. 901
1831. An Act to authorize the raising of Money to defray
 the Expenses of erecting a Police and publick Office in
 the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*.
Ibid.
1832. An Act to revive and continue the Term and Powers
 of certain Acts, for widening and improving the Entrance
 into the City of *London* near *Temple Bar*, for making a
 new commodious Street at *Seven Dials*, and for raising on
 the Credit of the *Orphan's Fund* certain Sums of Money
 for such Purposes. *Ibid.*
1833. An Act for the Improvement of the Passage across the
 Firth of *Forth* called *The Queensferry*. *Ibid.*
1834. An Act for building a new Bridge across the River
Tyne, and enlarging the Bridge at *Shawton*, both in the
 Town of *Tyne*, in the County of *Sunderland*, and also for
 widening and repairing the Approaches to the said Bridges
 and removing and putting up Obstructions and Nuisances
 therein. *Ibid.*
1835. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Wigton*,
 between the Stone where the Canal called *Keg Street Canal*
 formerly stood, and *Crook Abbey*, in the Hamlet of
Thorp, in the County of the City of *Newcastle*. *Ibid.*
1836. An Act to continue the Term, and enlarge the Powers
 of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the
 Road from the Priory in *Salisbury*, in the County of *Wiltshire*
 to *Worship*, in the County of *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
1837. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from
 a Place called *Nantony*, adjoining the Turnpike Road
 leading from the Town of *Leamington* to the Town of
Corwen, through the Village of *Bredley*, to the River
Tivy near *Llanidnoy Church*, and also a Road from *Bredley*
 aforesaid to the Village of *Llanfawr*, all in the County of
Merioneth. Page 904
1838. An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the
 Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the
 Road leading from *Casglan* to *Gully Bridge*, and other
 Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the Counties of *Gloster*
 and *Derby*. 902
1839. An Act for making and maintaining Turnpike Roads
 for the Town of *Molesey*, or to or near to the Town of
Wotton Bassett, *Ston* *Banger Church*, and *Dunstable* *Grove*,
 in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
1840. An Act for opening and maintaining the Road from
Wotton Bassett in the County of *Wiltshire*, to the Two Mile
 Stone on the Turnpike Road from *Ston* to *Marlborough*
 in the said County. *Ibid.*
1841. An Act for amending and improving the Road from
 the North End of the Town of *Tonbridge* to the Village
 of *Lydden* and Two other Roads communicating with the
 same, all in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
1842. An Act for amending and improving the Road from
Studeford at the Top of *Clarey Hill* to a certain Place
 where the same joins the Road from *Asford* to *Canterbury*,
 all in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
1843. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the
 Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending
 the Road from the End of the County of *Essex* to the City
 of *Gloster*, and from *Nantwich* to *Tarver* in the County of
Gloster, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far
 as respects the Third District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
1844. An Act for making and maintaining a Road over *Healy*
Common in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Black*
Corner, and from thence to join the *Stratfordshire Turnpike*
 Road at *Griffith*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
1845. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two
 Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from
Tonbridge Wells in the County of *Kent*, to the Coach Ways
 near *Wrothfield Street*, and from *Flarston Farm* to *Fogel*
Road, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
1846. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers
 of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Ma-
 jesty for amending the Road from or near *Edleyfold Chapel*
 in the Township of *Little Balow*, and for making and main-
 taining a Road from the said Road at or near *South Pits*,
 or to or near *Bury Bridge*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.
Ibid.
1847. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers
 of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road
 leading from *Reading* in the County of *Berkshire*, through *Hadley*
 in the County of *Oxford*, and *Great Marlow* to *Hagley* in
 the County of *Hereford*, and also the Road leading out of
 the said Road at *Marlow* over *Great Marlow Bridge* through
Kilgus to or near the Three Mile Stone in the Road lead-
 ing to or near *Abendish* to *Reading* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
1848. An Act for settling the Sale of an Office in *Tottenham*
 in the County of *Worcester*, devised by the Will of *John*
Norris Esquire, deceased; and for applying the Sums of the
 Money in discharging Incumbrances on certain Estates at
Crosey and *Lantony* in the Counties of *Warwick* and
Hereford, and for paying the Residue thereof as *Norris*
Esquire *Leicester Esquire*; and for leaving the said Estates
 at *Crosey* and *Lantony* to the Use of the Will of the said
John Norris. *Ibid.*

- xxxxiv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Caldy* and Parish of *Spetchwood*, in the County of *York* Page 1000
- xxxxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gaywood*, in the County of *Dorset*. Ibid.
- xxxxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Grove-mill Hill*, in the County of *Hampshire*. Ibid.
- xxxxvii. An Act for the Application of the Purchase Money of certain Lands, taken from the Possessions or the Site of *Witching*, under the Provision of an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, inserted. An Act for vesting certain *Houses, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in York*, for *the better serving His Majesty's* Trade, *Ships, and Ships* at *Portsmouth*, and for amending the *Works and Forts* at *Dover*. Ibid.
- xxxxviii. An Act for seeking the *Great and above Canal Company* to raise a *Sum of Money* to complete the said *Canal*, and for amending the several Acts for making the same. 1001
- xxxxix. An Act for erecting a new *God and House of Correction*, and new *Courts of Justice*, in and for the County of *Devon*, and purchasing proper *Stones* for the same; and for disposing of the old *God and House of Correction* and *Courts of Justice* there; and making an equal *County Rate* for these Purposes. Ibid.
- cc. An Act for paving, cleaning, lighting, washing, and otherwise improving the *Streets and other Publick Places* and *Places* in the *Town and Borough of Gilling*, in the County of *Salop*. Ibid.
- ccii. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of *Small Debts* within the Parish of *Northy Tidal*, and other *Places* therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Gloucester, Sussex, and Hereford*. Ibid.
- cciii. An Act for building a *Bridge* across the *River Thames* from *or near Fenchurch Church*, in the Parish of *St. Mary Aledick*, in the County of *Surry*, to the opposite *Shore*, in the Parish of *St. John*, in the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and County of *Middlesex*, and for making convenient *Roads* thence. Ibid.
- ccv. An Act for taking down and re-building the *Whole or Part* of a certain *Bridge* called *Walsingham Bridge*, in the Borough of *Walsingham*, in the County of *Bedford*, and for opening, widening, and improving the *Arches or Approaches* to the said *Bridge*. 1002
- ccvi. An Act for taking down and re-building certain Parts of *North Bridge and Tiedford Bridge*, in the Parishes of *Newport Pagnall and Lutterbury*, in the County of *Buckingham*, and for widening and making more commodious the said *Bridges*, and the *Approaches* thence. Ibid.
- ccvii. An Act for repairing and mending the *Road* from *Barnes* unto *Tring*, in the County of *Bedford* to *Millers Green*, and from *Barnes* *Green* to the ancient *Torpore Road* at or near *Northy Wick*, in the said County. Ibid.
- ccviii. An Act for enlarging the *Term and Powers* of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the *Road* from *Commarion* to *Lampton post-Myden*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and other *Roads* in the said Act mentioned, so far as the same relate to the *Commarion District* of *Roads*, and for confirming in the said Act and Trust certain other *Roads* in the said County of *Commarion*. Ibid.
- ccix. An Act for making and repairing a *Road* from *Sole Hill*, in the Parish of *Northwicks*, in the *Walsell* *Torpore Road*, to the *Northward* Side of *Beauford Bridge*; and also another *Road* from *Brown's Cross* to a *House* called *The Friary*, all in the County of *Bedford*. Ibid.
- ccx. An Act for setting the *settled and other Estates of John Pleyton* *Esquire*, in the Parish of *Collyish*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in *Trusts* upon *trust*, to sell and to find possessed of the *Money* arising from the *Sale* thereof, upon the *Trusts* therein mentioned. Page 1003
- ccxi. An Act for enabling the *Master and Churchwardens* of the Parish of *Abchurch Barrow*, in the City of *London*, to grant a *Lease* of certain *Estates* belonging to the *same* Parish, pursuant to an *Agreement* entered into for that Purpose. Ibid.
- ccxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the *Hamlet and Chapelry of Walsley*, in the Parish of *Collyish*, in the County of *Bedford*. Ibid.
- ccxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hoggs*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for extinguishing the *Tithes* in the said Parish. Ibid.
- ccxiv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Manly with Doyegate, Northwicks, Gham* with *Posthill, Stone, and Kettleby*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
- ccxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stokely, Aringby, and Lygon*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for raising *long Tithes* in these Parishes. Ibid.
- ccxvi. An Act for inclosing *Great Common, or Great North*, and certain *Waste Lands*, in the Parish of *Goring*, in the County of *Oxford*. 1004
- ccxvii. An Act for amending the *Term* of, and altering and amending an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing two Acts of His late Majesty, for the Regulation of *Leffage and Ballage* in the *River Thames*, and to make more effectual *Regulations* relating thereto. Ibid.
- ccxviii. An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Parishes, *Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh* Years of His present Majesty, for making *West Docks, Basins, Quays, and other Works*, for the greater Accommodation and Security of *Shipping, Commerce, and Revenue*, within the *Port of London*, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto, and to enlarge the *Powers and Authorities* by the said Acts granted to the *London Dock Company*. Ibid.
- ccxix. An Act for amending an Act for better supplying the *Coy and Liberties of Walsingham*, and *Pans* adjacent, with *Water*, and for enlarging the *Powers* thereof. 1004
- ccxx. An Act for making and mending a *Railway or Turn Road* from the *Summit* of the *Hill* above *Gloucester* *Engles*, in the Parish of *Dona*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to a certain *Place* in the said *Forest* called *Goddeford Bridge*. 1005
- ccxxi. An Act for making and maintaining a *Railway* from the *River Wy*, at or near to a *Place* called *Lidbrook*, in the Parish of *Harwood*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to or near to a *Place* called the *Leaze Forge*, below *Newson*, in the Parish of *Lyley*, in the said County, and for making other *Railways* therein mentioned in the *Forest of Dona*, in the County of *Gloucester*. Ibid.
- ccxxii. An Act to continue and amend several Acts for repairing *Roads* in the County of *Devonshire*, and converting the *Statute Labour* within the said County 1005 Money. Ibid.
- ccxxiii. An Act for enlarging the *Term and Powers* of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the *Roads* from *Abend Brook*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Chynton Myford Bridge*, in the County of *Wilt*, and other *Places* therein mentioned, and for enlarging the said *Road* to the *Center* of *Chynton Myford Bridge*. Ibid.
- ccxxiv. An Act for the Exchange of Part of the *Settled Estates* of the *Earl of Galloway*, and for the *Sale* of other Part, to discharge a *Mortgage* thence, and for other Purposes. Ibid.
- ccxxv. An Act for the Partition of certain *Settled Estates* of *John Pleyton Esquire*, *Trusts* in the Counties of *York, Wiltshire, and Dorset*. Ibid.
- ccxxvi. An

xliv. An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of Kent and Sussex, devised by the Will of John Hutton Esquire, deceased, in Trust to be sold, and for settling the Money arising thereon in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in the same Uses. Page 1004

xlv. An Act for selling Part of the devised Estates of John Ford Esquire, deceased, situate in the Counties of Buckingham and Middlesex, in Trust to be sold, for discharging Incumbrances affecting the same, and for laying out the Residue of the Money in aris by such Sale in t^e Purchase of other Estates to be settled in the same Uses to the same End. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for selling the detached Parts of the Estates of William Farrer Esquire, deceased, in Trust to be sold, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, for paying the Incumbrances affecting the same. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for selling Part of the Real Estates, in the County of Lincoln, devised by the Will of Henry Maffey Esquire, deceased, in Trust to be sold, and for applying Part of the Purchase Money in paying off certain Incumbrances affecting the said Estates, and for laying out the Residue thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in the same Uses. 1005

xlv. An Act for selling certain Estates late of the Honourable George Jacoby deceased, in the County of Dublin, in Trust to be sold, and for laying out the Money thence arising in the Purchase of Government Securities, to be settled in the same Uses as the Estates sold. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for selling in Trust to a certain Trust of Overy Pasture Land called *Box Moor*, in the Parish of *Hambleton*, in the County of *Hereford*, upon certain Trusts, applying the Produce thereof, and for better securing the Rights of the respective Parties entitled in the said Moor. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Droghda* in the County of *Derry*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Toll upon all Horses and Carriages pull^d on a Sandy near *Sturminster Bay*, and for applying the Money to wit^e thereby towards mending the Road for watching, lighting, cleaning, watering, and repairing the said Bay. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Terms and Powers of Three Acts, made in the Forty-second, Forty-fourth, and Forty-sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making, mending, watching, lighting, and widening several Roads to communicate with the *West India Docks*, in the *Isle of Wight*, and the *East India Docks* at *Shardone* both in the County of *Hampshire*; and also in several Acts for opening the *Common Street Road*, in the said County; and also for making, mending, watching, lighting, and widening a new Road from the said Road communicating with the *East India Docks* at *Woking*, in the County of *Suffolk*; and for enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and mending a Road from the *Reverend* and *Whitby* Road to or near to *Tilbury Park*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for opening several Roads leads to the Town of *Claydon* in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers of Authorities given by an Act passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Encroachment of Copyhold and Customary Lands, Parcel of the Manor of Arundel, and other Manors situated*

by the Act of Parliament of the Third of Charles the First, and for the Sale of *Talbot* also entitled by the said Act. Page 1005

xlv. An Act to empower the Trustees under the Will of the Right Honourable Edward late Lord *Thurlow* to grant to Fee upon Fee Fees Rents, or for long Terms of Years, certain Estates by the same Will devised in Trust for Sale, and to sell down the Money thence called *Keight's* *Trust*, and to make Roads, and to purchase Copyholds, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for selling an Estate, in the County of *Lincoln*, devised by the Will of *Francis Lord Le Despencer*, in Trust, upon Trust, to sell the same, and with the Money arising thereon to discharge the Incumbrances thereon, and to lay out the Surplus in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in the same Uses. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of *Henry Partridge* Esquire, deceased, and for laying out the Money in aris by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same in the like Uses. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for selling certain detached Parts of the Estates devised or bequeath to Sir *Uris* by the Will of the Right Honourable *William late Lord Cowley* deceased, and situate in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trust, to be sold, and for applying Part of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, to discharge of an Incumbrance affecting the same, and for laying out the Residue of such Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in the same Uses. 1007

xlv. An Act for selling certain Estates, late of *Thomas Holyday* Esquire, lying in the respective Parishes of *Walsall* and *Aldbury*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trust, in and to sell the same, and apply the Purchase Money arising thereon in paying off all Incumbrances upon such Estates, and otherwise, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sharnford*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widmore*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act to enable the *Royal East India Insurance Company of Ireland* to sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for making new Sewers and Drains and amending the present Sewers and Drains within certain Districts under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from *East Molesey* in *Surrey*, to *Rowley* in *Kent*, and for other Purposes relating to the Extension of the Commission of Sewers for the said Limits. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for settling more effectual Two Acts passed for the better regulating the Poor in the Parish of *St. Mary Magdalen, Bermonsey*, in the County of *Surrey*; for inclosing the Church Yard thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Moor *Hill*, *Green* *Jury* *Road*, and certain Grounds and Buildings adjoining thereto in the Castle Ground, within the Site of the Old Castle of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, to the Jurists of the Peace for the County of *Northumberland*, for holding Courts of Justice, and also a Gaol for the said County, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act for making and mending a Road from the Borough of *Saunders* to the *Kent* Road in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*

xlv. An Act to amend in such of an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for settling Wishes in the Township of *Almston* in the County of *Derbyshire*, as subjects the Owners of certain Mines there to Disasters

for working the same, and as authorizes say Purvis to get Stone from any Mine of Stone in the last Wether.
 Page 1007
 cxxxv. An Act for making and maintaining a Road leading from *Leicester* in the County of *Northampton*, to *Yewsbury* in the County of *Gloucestershire*, and for building a Bridge at *Trotton*, in the last County of *Northampton*.
 And
 cxxxvi. An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of *Difford Green*, and several other Parishes and Villages in the County of *Northampton*.
 1008
 ccc. An Act for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Rivers between *Exeter*, *Perthamouth*, and *Perth*, and other Places within *Perthamouth Harbour*, and

so and from *Spilwood*, *St. Helen's*, and other Parts within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Sussex*, and to and from certain Places in the last Island, and for regulating the Forces of such Watermen.
 Page 1008
 ccc. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Thames* from the Parishes of the *Seveys*, or near thence, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shores, and for making convenient Roads and Arches to communicate thencewith, in the County of *Seveys*.
 1011
 cccc. An Act for more effectually supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Monkley* and *Seaford* in the Parish of *Monkley*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.
 And

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

- 1. AN Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Right Honourable *John Lord Brough* with the Right Honourable *Margaret Lady Berkeley* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
- 2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Langley Marsh* in the County of *Bedfordshire*.
- 3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Horsley* and the Manor of *Morden*, in the County of *Sussex*.
- 4. An Act for inclosing *Drayton Manor*, in the Township of *Dray* within *Solden*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 [Assent in the King, in right of his Duchy of *Lancaster*, as King in Right, his Heir and Successors of the Honour of *Forster*, in the County of *York*.]
- 5. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Griffin Esquire*, with *Grace Child* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
- 6. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Richard Compton Baron* with *Margaret Anne Boscawen* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
- 7. An Act for settling the Goods of *James Dawson*.
- 8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Swain Tye*, in the County of *Northfolk*.
- 9. An Act for settling *Peter Urbanus Sertius*.
- 10. An Act for settling *Richard Ashdown*.
- 11. An Act for settling Lands in the several Tithings of *Orchard Saint George and Eyles*, in the Parish of *Orchard Saint George*, in the County of *Wilt*.
- 12. An Act for settling *James Trueman Grimes*.
- 13. An Act for settling Lands in the Parish of *Dane*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
- 14. An Act for dividing, settling, and inclosing the Open and Commonable Lands in the Parishes of *Croftbury*, *Wick Saint Lawrence*, and *Parson*, in the County of *Somerset*.
- 15. An Act for settling Lands in the Parish of *Stoughton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
- 16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Langford*, *Langford*, and *Cops*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
- 17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Eschford*, within *Eschford*, in the County of *Middlesex*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
- 18. An Act for settling Lands in the Parish of *Croston*, in the County of *Leicester*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
- 19. An Act for settling Lands in the Parish of *Sherrington* in the County of *Northfolk*.

- 20. An Act for settling Lands in the Township of *Coleworth*, in the Parish of *Keyton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 [Assent in the King, in right of his Duchy of *Lancaster*, as Lord of the Honour of *Forster*.]
- 21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Purley Tilling*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 [Assent in the King, in right of his Duchy of *Lancaster*, as Lord of the Honour of *Forster* bearing.]
- 22. An Act for inclosing a Tract of Land called *Wainbridge*, in the Parishes of *Saint Mary de Lode*, or *Hartsey*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
- 23. An Act for settling Lands in the Parish of *Dry Dragon*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
 [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
- 24. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Mr *George Bony Bony* Esquire, with *Anna Laugel Bony* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
- 25. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Peter Compton Justice*, Esquire, with *Elizabeth Lewis* Esquire his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
- 26. An Act for settling *Abel Mason*.
- 27. An Act for settling *Geoffrey Frederick Kable*.
- 28. An Act for enabling the most Noble Edward Duke of Devonshire of *Gloucester* and the Right Honourable *John Lord Boscawen*, to grant a Lease of certain Lands in the County of *Wiltshire*, for the Term of Ninety-nine Years, to *Edward Frigate* Esquire, pursuant to an Agreement entered into in that behalf.
- 29. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of *Session* in *Scotland* to sell certain Parts and Portions of the sealed Effects of *Charles de Cuffin* and the Debts contracted by *David* late Earl of *Cuffin*, and *Edmond*; and for allowing in Part an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, concerning the Estate of *Colton*.
- 30. An Act for settling the Lands of *Glendalagh*, and certain other Lands, being Part of the Lands conveyed to a Deed of Endow, executed by the deceased *James Compton*, of *London*, upon the Fitzthum Day of *May* One thousand seven hundred and forty two, as Trustees, in trust, to sell the same, and to sell the Mosaic sitting by both Side to the Purchase of other Lands, to be settled and secured to the same Service of Heirs, and under the same Conditions and Limitations as are contained in the aforesaid Deed of Endow.

31. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland, to sell certain Parts and Portions of the several Estates of Leithers Granted to the County of Perth, which belonged to and was granted by the late *King Charles*, afterwards *James*, of *France*, in Honour for Payment of her Debts, and to raise a Sum for the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments contiguous to, and adjacent to, the said several Estates, to be executed in the like Manner, in any of the Parts and Towns aforesaid.
32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *High Gyle*, in the County of *Stafford*.
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Stowood* and *Ragby*, and *Grove* near *Woolwich*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
34. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Althorpe*, in the County of *Derby*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Canvey Pasture*, otherwise *Egg Common*, in the County of *Derby*.
36. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fordham*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
37. An Act for dividing and inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Phyngor*, in the County of *Derby*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stour*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Exleyfield*, in the County of *Berk*.
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *High*, in the County of *Derby*.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Normanby* and Parish of *Goole*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Swain*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Isford*, in the County of *Worcester*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
44. An Act to render valid and effectual the Proceedings of the Commissioners under an Act for dividing and inclosing the several open Fields and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Barnold* or *Sinet*, in the County of *York*.
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chiloe Parva*, in the County of *Wilt* and *Berk*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barnold*, in the County of *Wilt*.
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Althorpe*, in the Parish of *Normanby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
48. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chiloe*, in the County of *Wilt*.
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Linsford*, in the County of *Wilt*.
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Berryard*, in the County of *Down*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Weyble*, in the County of *York*.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Thoresby*, in the Parish of *Aspesh*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Lingfield*, in the County of *Surrey*.
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Whitmore All Saints*, in the County of *Wilt*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Glefield*, in the County of *Wilt*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
56. An Act for inclosing the Open and Common Fields, in the Parish of *Shugborough*, otherwise *Egg Shugborough* and *Wylde* adjoining thereto, in the County of *Stafford*.
57. An Act to enable the Reverend *George Marsden* (late called *George Marsden*), and his Heirs, in their sole and lawful Successors and Assigns of *Marsden* purchase to the Will of *John Tansor*, Widow, deceased.
58. An Act for surrendering *Charles Common*.
59. An Act for empowering the Justices of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell such Parts of the several Estates of *Parsons* in the Parish of *Donferriwe* in the County of *Fife* in Scotland, now belonging to *James Macdonald* Esquire, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the same.
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in and adjoining or near to the Parish of *Manfield*, in the County of *Wilt*.
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Northleigh*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
62. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stothons*, in the County of *Wilt*.
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Longfenton*, in the County of *Somerset*.
64. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Milne*, in the County of *Berk*.
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Saxton*, in the County of *Surrey*.
66. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Nonnaman*, otherwise *Afen*, *Nonnaman* or *Afen*, and *Linsford*, in the Parishes of *Lincoln* and *Linsford*, in the County of *Northampton*.
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylde Wincing*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stybbin*, in the County of *Berk*.
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Iron*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
[*Act for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stamford Parva*, *Berlyton*, and *Ballistone*, in the County of *Down*.
71. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Rob* and *Ludborough*, in the County of *Wilt*.
72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Vill, Hamlet, or Parish of *Marston*, in the County of *Suff*.
73. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stybbin*, in the County of *Down*.
74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *North Goads*, in the County of *Wilt*.
75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Weyble*, in the County of *York*.
76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Croft* and Parish of *Aspesh*, in the County of *York*.
77. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Horbury* in the Parish of *Walsfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
78. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township or Hamlet of *Collingwood* in the Manor and Parish of *Ragby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
79. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylde Wincing*, in the County of *Wilt*.

80. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gillingham* and *Mottrick*, in the County of *Dorset*.
81. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Nibley*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
82. An Act for enclosing and establishing the Division and Inclosure of certain Lands in the Hamlet of *Langley*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
83. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *North Dryfield*, in the Parish of *Stapleford*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
[*No Lease shall be made of Vicarual Advowsons without Consent of the King, or Patron of the Parsonage of the Parish and Paroch Church of Stapleford.*]
84. An Act for naturalizing *Guineus Wythe*.
85. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Myrie*.
86. An Act for naturalizing *John Harlowe*.
87. An Act for taking the Landless Estates of *Applin*, situated in the County of *Argyle*, and a Salmon Fishing granted in the County of *Argyle*, which were comprised in a Deed of Enail made by *George late Marquis of Tweeddale*, and the Trustees appointed by *George late Marquis of Tweeddale* deceased, and for inclosing the Minessy settled by said Deed in the Parishes of other Lands to be let and secured to the same Series of Heirs, and under the same Conditions and Limitations as are contained in the aforesaid Deed of Enail.
88. An Act to enable the Rector of the Parish and Paroch Church of *Saint Mary Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*, for the Time being, or great Building Leases of the Globe Lands belonging to the said Rector, and to sell the prefer Rector's House and Garden, and to build a new Rector's House.
89. An Act for changing the Site of *Holland Fox Chapel*, and for authorizing the Rector and Establishers thereof in the Parish of *St. Nicholas*, in the County of *London*, situate in the Parish of *St. Dunstons*, in the said County.
90. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Northwarden* and the Township of *Darlington*, in the Parish of *Darlington*, in the County of *Yorkshire*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
91. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Fitzmonee Siffe* and *Pollenhill*, in the County of *Bedford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
92. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Manor of *Loxton*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary in Shrewsbury*, in the County of *Salop*.
93. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Lordship of *Wyl Knighton*, in the Parish of *Wyl Knighton*, in the County of *Derby*.
94. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Fremont East Par* and *Fremont Saint Mary*, in the County of *Newcastle*.
95. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *Wyl Hildrey* in the Parish of *Green East Sandhill*, in the County of *Dorset*.
96. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Stiches* in the Parish of *Howden*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
[*No Lease shall be made of Vicarual Advowsons without Consent of the King, or Patron of the Parsonage of the Parish and Paroch Church of Howden.*]
97. An Act for inclosing and widening to a Street several Commons and Waste Grounds within the Township and Manor of *Ashted*, in the Parish of *Clapham*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*No Lease shall be made of Vicarual Advowsons without Consent of the King or Patron of the Parsonage of the Paroch Church of Ashted.*]
98. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Strawtham* and *Swanton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
99. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Widelyford*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
100. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *St. Andrew and Mount Lucy*, otherwise *Mount Mansell*, in the County of *Hereford*.
101. An Act for inclosing Lands in or appertaining to the Manor and Township of *Sturton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
102. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township, Hamlet, or Manors of *Swanton*, in the County of *Dorset*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
103. An Act for building and widening the Lands of *Tiptonwold*, *Melton*, and *Whitcham*, and the Lands of *Cloug* or *Cloug*, and other Hereditaments lying in the County of *York*, to and in favour of *Robert Seyde of Melton Esquire*, and the Sonnes of Heirs mentioned, and under the Conditions and Limitations specified in a Deed of Enail made by *David Seyde* late Baron of *Melton* deceased, and in his thereof, for selling certain Parts of the Lands, Lordship, Barony, and Regality of *Melton*, and of the Lands and Barony of *Ridley* lying in the said County, in the said *Robert Seyde* and his Heirs and Alligees in Fee Simple.
104. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Salisbury*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.
105. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Swanton*, *Alton*, *Loxton*, and *Swanton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
106. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, otherwise *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
107. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chertsey*, in the Isle of *Wight*, and County of *Cambridge*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
108. An Act for naturalizing *Nicholas Henry*.
109. An Act for amending the Rectory and Paroch Church of *Swanton*, in the County of *Salop*, with the adjoining Vicarage and Paroch Church of *Falton*; and also for exchanging the Parsonage House and Globe Land of *Swanton*, and the Vicarage House of *Falton* for a Part of Land at *Falton*, Part of the feoffed Estates of the Right Honourable's Thomas Earl of *Chesham*, and for a new Parsonage House to be built thereon, at the Expense of the said Earl.
110. An Act for effectuating a Petition directed by the Court of Chancery of certain Fee Farm and Annual Rent sitting and issuing within the Counties of *Essex* and *Huntingdon*, and of divers Messuages, Parcels of Ground, and Hereditaments situate in the Parish of *Saint Martin*, *Bethel* Street, in the County of *Middlesex*, devised by the Will of *Henry Esly Esquire* deceased; and also for enabling the Executors or Persons in Possession, as Trustees for Life, of certain of the Premises to great Building Leases, and for other Purposes.
111. An Act to enable the Company of *Armourers* and *Brokers* in the City of *London* to sell and convey in the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* several Lands and Tenements in the Parish of *Saint Olave Jewry*, *London*, formerly of *Dame Elizabeth Myer*, bequeathed from the Trusts for charitable Purposes affecting the same, by virtue of the Will of the said *Dame Elizabeth Myer*, and to subject other Lands and Tenements of the said Company of *Armourers* and *Brokers* in the like Trusts.
112. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Helprey* in the Parish of *Bradbury*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Taxes.*]
[*No Lease shall be made of Vicarual Advowsons without Consent of the King or Patron of the Parsonage of the Paroch Church of Helprey.*]

THE
STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quadragesimo nono.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Whitehall*, the Twenty-second Day of *June*, *1760*, *Anne* Deceased 1807, in the Forty seventh Year of the Reigne of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and from thence continued, by several Parliaments, to the Nineteenth Day of *January* 1809, being the Third Sesses of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

AN Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Stuff, in Great Britain, and on Perfum, Offices and Personal Estates in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine.

Enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's publick Expenses, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the King, Duties, and Impositions, herein after mentioned: And do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon-Tweed, the Duty for and upon all Malt which, in and by One Act of Parliament passed in the First Year of His Majesty's Reigne, intituled, *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mow, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and forty-two*, was granted or continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and fifty-two, and which, by several subsequent Acts, has from Time to Time been granted and continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be further continued in like Manner, and shall be and is by this Act charged for or upon all Malt which shall be made within that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon-Tweed, from and after the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and finished, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, the Duty herein-after mentioned, (that is to say): For and upon every Bushel of Malt, which at any Time or Times, from and after the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be made of Barley or any other Corn or Grain in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three-pence, and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, during the Term and Term aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rates and Duties, and with such and the like Allowances and Repevements proportionably, and under such Privileges and Preferences, and with such Power of Collection, and other Powers in all Respects, as are otherwise directed by this Act, as are protested, mentioned,

49 Geo. III.

4 R.

See Clause 23 of this Act, for personal Duties of 18, and 6d. on Cyder, &c.

Malt Duty in England under 1 G. 3. c. 2. (continued by 23 G. 3. c. 2.) further continued on 24 June 1810.

Duties on Malt made in Scotland, 24 Geo. III. c. 1.

Duties shall be paid in Great Britain.

as expressed in the said former Act or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the Duties by them or any of them granted or continued, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the raising, levying, collecting, foreclosing, and managing such Duties; and that the same Act formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as far and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, and every Article, Rate, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them or any of them contained, or thereby referred unto, and now being in force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in force as if effect, to all Licenses and Purpoises, for raising, levying, collecting, licensing, and accounting for the Rates, Duties, and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mergiments and proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were peculiarly and as largely repeated in the Body of this present Act; save and except as to so much of the said Acts, or either of them, herein mentioned or referred unto, as give Power to the Commissioners of Excise, or to any other Person or Persons therein named, in England and Scotland respectively, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons for the Duties of such Malt which should grow due or payable from him, her, or them, by the said Acts or either of them; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power to be
exercised by
the Duties.

no, and, shall be
made in Scotland
by said Duty of
six pence Bushel.

In case of
Deficiency, a
Surcharge shall
be made on
Malt.

IV. And Whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds lawful Money of Great Britain, clear of all Charges and Expenses of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, by a Malt Tax, to be raised and levied as in England, by a Duty of Three pence per Bushel on all Malt made and consumed in Scotland; and in case the said Duty of Three pence per Bushel upon Malt, to be charged in Scotland by virtue of this Act, being duly forewarned and collected, shall not be sufficient effectually to raise and answer the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds in said Money, after all Charges and Deductions whatsoever, that then such Deficiency shall be made good by a Surcharge to be made upon all Makers of Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in proportion to the Malt they shall respectively make here on the Twenty-third Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine and the Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and ten; to be thereunto charged by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, in case it shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise for the Time being, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, that the Duty upon Malt made in Scotland, by this Act granted as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds as aforesaid, then and in each Case it shall and may be lawful for the said last-mentioned Commissioners of Excise, and the Officers under them, to make a proportional Surcharge upon all and every Person and Persons who shall have made any Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, within the Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, or so much Money, by way of additional Duty, upon all the Malt made by such Person or Persons respectively, as shall make good such Person or Persons proportional Part of such Deficiency; which said Surcharges shall be paid to the respective Collectors of the said Duties on Malt by the respective Persons on whom the same shall be made, within One Month after the time that he is so charged, or in default thereof, the respective Person or Persons who shall neglect or refuse to make such Payment, shall forfeit Treble the Sum upon him, her, or them, respectively so charged as aforesaid, to be recovered in such Manner as the Duty of Three pence per Bushel may be recovered by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament here-before recited or referred unto; which said Surcharge by way of additional Duty for making good the Deficiency of the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds (if any such Deficiency there shall be) shall be computed and levied as follows; (that is to say,) as the particular Quantity of Malt made by each such Maker or Maker of Malt in Scotland, within the said Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall bear Proportion to the whole Quantity of Malt made in Scotland within the same Year, In the particular Surcharge to be made upon each particular Maker or Maker of Malt, for or towards making good the said Deficiency shall bear Proportion to the whole Sum which shall be found to be deficient as aforesaid.

Supplies (if any)
shall be applied to
the Fishery in
Scotland, under
Act 1791 c. 20

Act shall extend
to the four Days
of the Year as
1 G. 3. c. 6.

Malt brought
into England
from Scotland,
by sea shall be
excused as the
Port of landing,
and pay not
Duty as usual.

V. Provided nevertheless, and he it declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rate of Three pence per Bushel shall produce a greater Sum than the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds clear of all Charges of Management, the said Surcharge is produced over and above the said clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds shall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting of the Fishery, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in Scotland, as may most conduce to the general Good of the United Kingdom, and to no other Use, Interest, or Purpose whatsoever, in such Manner as directed by an Act, passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.*

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all Cases where the here-before recited Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Usage do relate to any Day or Time within the Year which commences from the Twenty-third Day of Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty-one, this present Act shall and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year commencing from the said Twenty-third Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in Scotland not to be consumed there, which at any Time or Times between the Twenty-third Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine and the Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be brought into England, Wales, or the Towns of Berwick-upon-Tweed, shall, in case the same shall be brought by Sea, be entered with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be brought into England, Wales, or the Towns of Berwick-upon-Tweed aforesaid, and the Sum of Sixpence per Bushel for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, and a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced that it hath paid the said Duty of Three pence per Bushel in Scotland; and if such Certificate be produced, then these

shall be paid no more than Three-pence per Bushel, by virtue of this Act, for such Malt so brought into England, and in case the same be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of *Barnard or Carlisle*, and thence conveyed with the Officer for the said Duties, in such of the said Towns by or through which such Malt shall be conveyed, and the like Duty of Stowage per Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Corncourse be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof then there shall be paid no more than Three-pence per Bushel by virtue of this Act, on pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be loaded or put on Shore, or be brought into England without such Duty or Payment of Duties as aforesaid; and so such any Malt made in Scotland (that, during the said Term, be landed coming out of Scotland, or be brought from thence by Land by or beyond the Towns before mentioned, without Kary or Payman of the Duties thereof, thro' all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs, for His Majesty's Use, One Moiety of the aforesaid Offences to be paid to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform, give, or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and loved by such Ways, Means, and Methods as any Justices and Justices are by this or any the former Acts relating to the Malt Duties to be recovered and loved, or by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein so Elections, Præfines, Privings, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparcell, shall be allowed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine shall be allowed to Maltsters and Makers of Malt, for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of Barley or other Corn or Grass which shall be made into Malt for Exportation, in Cases where by Law any Bounty is allowed on the Exportation of Malt, an Allowance of Thirty Quarters after the same shall be drawn and made into Malt, and no more, upon the Exportation thereof, though by their Stowage, watering, or watering the same, the said Twenty Quarters shall be run out to any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarters.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if after the Shipping of any Malt made to be exported, the Malt be Stopped as he expected, or any Part thereof, shall be intended as any Part of Great Britain, then and in every such Case all the Malt which shall be intended, and Treble the Value thereof, shall be forfeited. (That is to say) One Moiety thereof to the King, and the other Moiety thereof to the Person or Persons who shall give, inform, or sue for the same; and such Malt, so intended, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

X. And Whereas Maltsters and Makers of Malt for Exportation do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Stowages of Corn or Grass that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, so as to make as it appears all from the Kilo, by reason whereof the Officers for the Duties on Malt cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof, by which Means great Quantities of such Stowage of such Malt are so mixed by privately conveyed away, and made Use of for Home Consumption, though the same has not been charged with the Duty as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and every Maltster or Maltster, or Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and entire Quantity of his, her, or their Corn or Grass making into Malt for Exportation, or One Stowage or Writing, when the same shall be on the Kilo, or after the same shall be taken off the Kilo, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Stowage or Writing of Corn or Grass, until the same shall have been measured by such Maltsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, all such Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept of the Hour when he, she, or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kilo or Kiles, that such Officer or Officers may attend the measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately carried on Shipboard, or intended to be then exported, or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse or other Place belonging to such Maltster or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any such Maltster or Maltster or Maker or Makers of Malt, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by his Order, Privity, or Direction, after any Stowage or Making of Malt shall have been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places in Manner as aforesaid, shall upon any of the Locks or Doors, or shall make any Way or Kind of Entrance into such Storehouse or other Place or Places, or shall remove any Part whatsoever of the Produce between any such Storehouse or Place, and any other Place or Places whatsoever next thereto adjoining, or shall remove out of the said Storehouse or other Place, any Quantity whatsoever of the Malt that has been so locked up and secured, without the Knowledge and Consent of, or without first having given Notice to some Officer or Officers for the said Duties, he, she, or they shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, that has been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places to be exported, has been really exported; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Maltster or Maltsters, Mixer or Makers of Malt, that on the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall have any Quantity of Malt locked up and secured in any Storehouse or any other Place or Places as is before described, to be exported, shall, within Eighteen Months next after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, remove and clear out of his Storehouse, or other

His Majesty's Malt shall be received, but at Barnard or Carlisle.

Malt not to be brought into England.

Maltster for every Quarter of Grain made for a Malt, for Exportation, shall be allowed an Quarter of Malt.

Malt Stopped for Exportation, and is brought into Britain.

Every Stowage of Malt for Exportation shall be kept separate till it be sent, &c.

Notice to Officers for taking Malt off Kilo.

Proviso on locking up any quantity of Malt in Storehouse, &c.

Maltster having Malt stored on 24 June 1809, shall give notice of Malt for Exportation to some Officer 18 Months

and to have Time
in Time.

Twenty 25L.

Public In-
crease Midland
for Exportation
after 14 June
1809, shall be
the Money
above their Share
13 Months.
Twenty 25L.

Twenty of
Produce.

29 Oct. 1. c. 50.

Repeal of Pro-
visional
Edicts
charged by
19 G. 3. c. 1.
and are to have
of in 1809 by
19 G. 3. c. 50.
and shall be
for one
Year from 21st
March 1809.

Some charged
on Personal
Estate by
19 G. 3. c. 50.
shall be charged
on Personal and
real Estate by a
Fixed Rate (see
page 669).

Place or Places, all and every Part and Parcel thereof, that at any Time exceeds the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and zero, shall be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or other Place in order to be exported; and shall always from Time to Time, in every Fifteen Months, remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place or Places in order to be exported, all and every Part or Parcel of Malt that at any Time within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall be locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of Year One thousand eight hundred and zero, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever that shall become Malsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall make use of any Storehouse or Storehouses, Place or Places, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, shall, within Fifteen Months after the Beginning to make use of any such Storehouse or Storehouses, or such other Place or Places, remove and clear out of such Place, to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of such Malt that at any Time or Times shall have been put into such Place or Places within Fifteen Months after he, she, or they shall have begun to make use of such Place or Place, and shall always from Time to Time remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place to be exported, all and every Quantity of Malt whatsoever that within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall at any Time be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or Storehouses, or any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Offences against this Act, so far as the same relate to the said Duty on Malt, shall be paid for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, can or may be used for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, or by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Acts of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and that One Moiety of such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

XVI. And Whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making perpetual, Subject in Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for one Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and the several Sums of Money granted to Your Majesty, by a Land Tax, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, which were or should be charged on any Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in Great Britain, and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, continued and made perpetual, with a Provision that the several Sums of Money charged upon Estates in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, or Personal Estates, or upon any Person or Persons in respect of any Publick Office or Employment or Profit in the said Act mentioned, should, after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, be alienated, levied, collected, and paid according to the Directions of any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged upon Estates, in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Chattels, or other Personal Estates, by virtue of an Act, passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Act in His Majesty, by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and which were not authorized to be sold in or by another Act made and passed in the same Thirtieth Year thereof, intituled, An Act for making perpetual, Subject in Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for one Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and also the several Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said several Acts made in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign in respect of any Publick Office or Employment, or any Annuities, Pensions, Salaries, or other Annual Payments, shall be continued, and levied, collected, and paid into His Majesty, within the Space of One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and zero, and shall be alienated, collected, and used in such Manner and Form as are herein after expressed.**

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged by virtue of the said several Acts made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign on Personal Estates as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby let and imposed on the several and respective Parishes, Counties, Hundreds, Dioceses, Aldermans, and Places, wherein the same have been or shall be charged, by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act; and that towards raising the said several and respective Sums of Money hereby charged on the respective Parishes, Counties, Hundreds, Dioceses, Aldermans, and Places in England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed in respect of such Personal Estates as aforesaid, all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Guilds, and Franchises, within the same Parishes, Counties, Hundreds, Dioceses, Aldermans, and Places respectively, having any Estate in ready Money, or in any Debts whatsoever owing to them within Great Britain or without, or having any Estate in Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Chattels, or other Personal Estate whatsoever, within Great Britain or without, belonging to or in trust for them, (except and out of the Payments deducted such Sums as he, she, or they do lawfully owe, and such Debts owing to them as shall be adjudged discharge by the respective Commissioners appointed by this Act, and also except the Stock upon Lands, and such Goods as are used for Household Stuff, and also except such Loans and Debts as are or shall be owing from His Majesty to any Person or Persons,) shall be charged, with as much Equality and Intention as is possible, by a Poind Rate, rate to lay, by an equal Poind Rate for every One hundred Pounds of such

ready

ready Money and Debts, and for every One hundred Pounds worth of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and for any lesser or greater Sum or Value, for or towards the said several and respective Sums by this Act set or imposed, or intended to be set or imposed, for and upon all and every such Parishes, Constabliwick, Divisions, a Towns, and Places hereby charged throw as aforesaid; so that by the said Rates to be so taxed or assessed as aforesaid for or upon the said ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act, the said full and entire Sums hereby set or imposed, or intended to be set or imposed, in England, Wales, and Berwick as aforesaid, upon the said Personal Estates, shall be completely and effectually taxed, assessed, levied, and collected, and shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer by Four quarterly Payments, the first Payment thereof to be made on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of June which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nine.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for and towards raising the several Sums of Money charged as last aforesaid on Persons in respect of Publick Offices or Employments of Profit, all and every Person and Persons, and all and every Constablier and Constabliers having, using, or exercising any Publick Office or Employment of Profit in England, Wales, or Berwick as aforesaid, which is or shall be rated or assessed by virtue of any Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and all and every their Clerks, Agents, Secretaries, Substitutes, and other inferior Ministers whatsoever (such Military Officers whose name shall be in notice by the Major Major General of His Majesty's Army, or in His Majesty's Army or Navy in respect of such Offices only, excepted) shall paid and pay unto His Majesty any Sum not exceeding the Sum at which such Office or Employment was assessed in the Year commencing from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, by virtue of the said Act, passed in the thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and that all and every Person and Persons, Gilds, Franchises, Bishops, Prelates and Corporate, having in Assize, Pardon, Supplic, or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in England, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain, or payable, or accrued to be paid by any Person or Persons whatsoever in Great Britain (not being or being out of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or charged upon the same, or included in any Assize made upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, mentioned in the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and not being Assizes or yearly Payments which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made, are or shall be expressly exempted from the Payment of Treasurers Aids) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings by the Year for every such Assize, Pardon, Supplic, or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for Our whole Year; the said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted to be set, levied, imposed, levied, and collected, in such Manner as hereinafter is expressed.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the better assessing, ordering, levying, and collecting of the several Sums of Money to be last aforesaid levied and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Emplo-ments of Profit, and Assizes, Pardons, Supplics, and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, in reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who is and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for executing the Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits and Offices in England, and an Aid made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Buroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions, and Places of England, Wales, and Towns of Berwick-upon-Tweed, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight* in that behalf, shall, together with any other Persons that may be appointed by any Act to be made in the Session of Parliament, be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Parishes, Constabliwick, Divisions, a Towns, and Places, Situate within the said Counties, Ridings, Cities, Buroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions, and Places respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners last aforesaid shall meet together at the next usual and common Place of Meeting within their respective Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Wards, and other Divisions respectively, within England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, within which they are appointed Commissioners, on or before the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall meet afterwards in like Manner as often as it shall be necessary, for putting in Execution of the said Act in Execution as is hereby consented to their Care and Charge, and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting or Meetings, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to inspect and examine the Assessments made by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, in every Parish, Constabliwick, Division, a Towns, and Place, for or in respect of any Estate in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and also for or in respect of any Office or

Officers and
Employments
rated by
18 G. 3. c. 1.
(except those
in Money
Offices) shall
pay the first
instalment
within 3. 4.
of the Act.

Commissioners
of Land Tax
appointed by
18 G. 3. c. 1.
shall put this
Act in Execu-
tion, &c.
[See also
45 G. 3. c. 24.]

Commissioners
shall meet on or
on 25 May 1809,
in the said Ac-
tintments on
25th March,
in Personal
Estates in 18-
th 0 from
Lands, and
shall before
10th May re-
turn Returns
of Assessments

Employments

to be taken
General and the
Receiver.

Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, by any Affidavit made for the said Year ending on the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and separate, divide, and set down in Writing, the Amount of the several and respective Sums charged upon Lands, in ready Money, Debt, Goods, Ware, and Merchandize, Chirots, or other Personal Estate, and also the said real and personal Sums charged in respect of any Office or Employment of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, from the Monies charged on such Parishes, Cost-burthenes, Hundreds, Aliments, or Parishes by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, upon Lands, Towns, or Hamlets, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment under their Hands and Seals, fully written, containing the whole Sum of the said Parishes, Cost-burthenes, Division, Aliments, or Place, where any Affidavit shall have been made upon Personal Estate, or in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, and also the Chirots, Notes, and Surrenders, of the respective Affidavits and Collection under the Receiver-General of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town and Parc respectively, where such Affidavits shall have been made, or his Deputy, and Seal thereon, or cause to be witnessed, a like Schedule or Duplicate into the King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, and the said Commissioners shall cause to be done on or before the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nine, for which Duplicate the Receiver and Remembrancer, or their respective Deputies, shall give to the Person who brings the same, a Receipt in Writing, with the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered to the King's Use, in other Provisions by this Act made.

Enrolled in
the Rolls.

There shall
Affidavits
have been made
for the Year
ending 25th
March 1709,
differing from
the same before.

Power and
Privilege of
this Act shall
not extend to
the said
Act.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which any Affidavit shall have been, or shall be made, under and by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, on any Parson or Parson in respect of any Office or Employment of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, by any Affidavit for the Year ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall, from and after that Time, be wholly discharged from so much of the Sums to be levied upon such Parish or Place, according to the Provisions established under the said Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Rules, Privileges, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things, which so and by the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid in His Majesty by a Land Tax to be levied in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand four hundred and ninety eight*, are provided and established for assessment, rating, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying, and managing the Rents and Aliments granted by the said last-mentioned Act; and which by the said other Act, passed in the same Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, intitled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in six Months thereon, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand four hundred and ninety eight*, are continued and made perpetual, in relation to the Rates and Assessments charged on Lands, Towns, and Hamlets, and the Redemption, and Purchase thereof, shall be preferred, used, and put in Execution as and by the aforesaid, rating, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying, and managing the said last-mentioned Rates, Assessments, and Sums of Money to be charged, assessed, and levied by virtue of this Act, in respect of Personal Estate, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Privileges, and Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

That
the said
Act shall
not extend
to the
said
Act, which
shall
not
extend
to the
said
Act, and
the said
Act shall
not
extend
to the
said
Act.

XXIII. Whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting an Aid in His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be levied in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand four hundred and ninety eight*, the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne was charged in the Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pound, Sixteen Shillings and Four-pence, and Part whereof has been raised and charged on the Duty hereafter mentioned: And whereas by Two Acts, One thereof passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, to purchase the whole Parish of the Property of the said Duke, and all others intitled, in a certain Duty of Twenty-pence per Chaldron as Coal shipped in the River Tyne, to be levied in England, and to grant a Composition for the same, by way of Assuise, payable out of the Consolidated Fund*, and the other thereof passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled, *An Act to confirm an Agreement entered into between the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, as purchaser of an Aid, passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, to purchase the whole Parish of the Property of the said Duke, and all others intitled, in a certain Duty of Twenty-pence per Chaldron as Coal shipped in the River Tyne, to be levied in England, and to grant a Composition for the same by way of Assuise, payable out of the Consolidated Fund'*, and by virtue of the Agreement therein recited, the said Duty hereof payable after the Twenty-second Day of August One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, was related to, and made payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the same hath ever since been collected with and paid as in the other Duties of Customs have been collected and paid; and it is therefore just that the said Town and County of the said Town, should, from the above Passed, be continued and discharged from the Amount annually charged on the said Duty as aforesaid: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Town and County to certify to the Bench of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, what Sums and Sums of Money have been charged on the Duty by the said Two last-mentioned Acts mentioned since the Day of the Surrender of the same, by virtue of the said Two last-mentioned Acts, and the Agreement therein mentioned; and the said Bench, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power, by their Determination, at any Time before the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, to discharge or cause to be discharged so much of the said Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and

On Certificate
from Com-
missioners of Land
Tax, the Com-
missioners of the
Treasury of the
said Town shall
be obliged to
pay the said
Duty.

Expenses, as shall appear to them to have been charged on the said Duty, since the said Twenty-second Day of April One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and the said Sums shall or may be discharged upon the Debitants returned or to be returned for the said Town and County, and shall be allowed upon the Accounts of the Receiver-General, and the Inhabitants of the said Town and County shall be required against His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Payment of such Sums to be discharged, or ordered to be discharged, by the Barons of the said Exchequer, as well for the Affidavits heretofore made, as for all Affidavits hereafter to be made: any Thing in the said last recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all the Provisions set by the said Act upon all and every the respective Parishes, Constabularies, Divisions, Alms-houses, and Farms in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of any such Personal Estate as aforesaid, shall not be fully off, levied, and paid, according to the true Meaning thereof, or if any of the said Affidavits, in respect of such Personal Estate, shall be read or applied upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or that through any Willful Neglect, Mislake, or Accident, the said Affidavit charged in each Parish or Place as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, happens not to be paid to the Receiver-General, his Deputy or Successor, as in this Act is directed; that then and in all and every such Cases, the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors, and Collectors, acting in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Duties on Personal Estates, and the said last mentioned Duties in respect of Offices and Employments of Posts, Messengers, Postmen, Stipendiaries, and other yearly Payments, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to advise and resolve, or cause to be advised and resolved, levied, and paid, all and every such Sums and Sums of Money upon the respective Parishes or Places wherein such Delinquencies shall happen, as in such Commissions, or such Number of them as by this Act are authorized to make the said first Affidavit hereby required to be made, shall from time to time agree to as Equity and Justice; the said new Affidavits to be made, collected, and paid in such Manner and by such Means as in this Act or any Act hereby referred to, is declared and directed for other Affidavits.

XXV. And in order to avert more particularly the Mode of assessing and rating the several Persons who shall be charged with any Rate or Assessment in respect of any Estates in ready Money, Debts, or Personal Estates in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed. Be it further enacted, That every Person who is or shall be rated for or in respect of any Personal Estate in land or her ways belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Household-keepers, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be rated at the Place where they shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person who ought to be taxed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, at the Time of his or her Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such Parish, Constabulary, Division, Alms-house, or Place, where he was last abiding within this Realm.

XXVI. Provided always, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or Personal Estates, in any Parish or Parishes, Constabulary or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Alms-house or Alms-houses, or Place or Places, otherwise than the Parish, Constabulary, Division, Alms-house, or Place where he or she shall be resident, or had his or her Residence, it shall be lawful at any Time before the Twenty-fourth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, to rate and assess such Person for such Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels, or Personal Estates, in any Parish or Parishes, Constabulary or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Alms-house or Alms-houses, or Place or Places where the same shall be: Provided also, that if any Person or Persons by reason of his, her, or their having several Mansions Houses or Places of Residence, or otherwise, shall be doubly charged for any Personal Estate by occasion of this Act, then upon Certificate made by any Two or more of such Commissioners for the County, Riding, City, or Place of his, her, or their last Personal Residence, under their Hands and Seals, of the Sums or Sums charged upon him, her, or them (which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby required to give without Delay, Fee, or Reward), and upon Oath made of such Certificate before any Two such Commissioners who have Authority to put this Act in Execution for the County, Riding, City, or Place, where the said Certificate shall be made, (which Oath such Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to administer,) then the Person or Persons so doubly charged shall, for so much as shall be certified, be discharged in every other Parish, Constabulary, Division, Alms-house, or Place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed.

XXVII. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend to the Inhabitants of Scotland, Ireland, Jersey, or Guernsey, for assessing any such Personal Estate which they, or any of them Use, have within their Places, for or towards the said Sums hereby authorized to be charged upon any Parish or Parishes, Constabulary or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Alms-house or Alms-houses, or Place or Places in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid; and if any Person that ought to be taxed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, by changing his or her Place of Residence, or by any other Fraud or Trick, escape from the Taxation, and not be taxed, and the same be proved before the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, at any Time within One Year next after such Tax made, every Person that shall be exempt from the Taxation and Payment, shall be charged, upon Proof thereof, at Triple the Value of so much as he or she should or ought to have been charged at by this Act; the said Triple Value, upon Certificate thereof made to the Exchequer by the Commissioners before whom such Proof shall be made, to be levied on the Goods, Lands, and Hereditaments of such Person.

XXVIII. And, for the better Discovery of Personal Estate intended to be charged by this Act, be it further enacted, That every Household-keeper in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall upon Demand of the Assessors of the respective Parishes or Places give an Account of the Names and Qualities of such Persons as shall lodge or lodge in their respective Houses, under the Penalty of forfeiting to His Majesty the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such Manner as any other Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be levied and recovered.

XXIX. And

Expenses may be charged the same.

Where Delinquencies are, the Affidavits shall be made.

Persons shall be rated where resident.

In case of the Absence, at that Time of their last Abode.

Personal Estates shall be assessed where they shall be, though the Persons reside elsewhere.

Persons doubly rated shall be relieved on Certificates.

Exemption of Personal Estates in Scotland, Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, &c.

Persons evading the Duty charged Taxable.

Penalty on Household-keepers who give false Accounts, &c.

Members of
Parliament shall
be taxed as their
Residence sheweth.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Members of Parliament who at the Expiration of this Act, during this or the following Session of Parliament, shall abide within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs of the same, or within the County of Middlesex, shall, for or in respect of their ready Money or Debts, or any other Tax which may be laid on their Personal Estates or Profits in respect thereof, during this or the next Session of Parliament, be assessed only to the Place where such Members have their Manors, Houses, or other Places where they most usually reside during the Intervals of Parliament; and in case any Assessor or Comptroller shall assess, or cause to be assessed, any Member of Parliament contrary to the Provision hereby made, he or they shall forfeit to the Party grieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with full Costs of Suit; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Indebtedness of
Tenants shall be
assessed in the
Parish where
they reside.

XXX. Provided always, That where any Person liable to be rated in respect of such Personal Estate, and inhabiting within the City of London, or any other City or Town Corporate in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, hath his Dwelling House in One of the Parishes or Wards therein, and hath any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, in any One or more of the other Parishes or Wards within the same, that then such Person shall be taxed, charged, and assessed for such his Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, in the Parish or Ward where he dwelleth, and not elsewhere, within the said City and Town Corporations.

Officers of Exchequer, &c.
shall deliver Lists
of Profits and
Accounts, &c.
to Comptroller-
General, and in
default of Pay-
ment, or may be
imprisoned out of
the County, &c.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and in or under the Publick Offices, upon Request to them made by the respective Att-Generals, shall deliver, gratis, true Lists or Accounts of all Profits, Allowances, Stipends, or other Annual Payments, and of all Fees, Salaries, and other Allowances, payable at the said Receipt, or in the said Publick Offices, to any Comptroller or Comptrollers, Officer or Officers, for the Execution of this Act, for the better Guidance of the said Assessor in the charging of the same; and that in all Cases where any Profits, Allowances, Stipends, or other yearly Payments, or the Fees, Salaries, Wages, or other Allowances or Profits charged by this Act, shall be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer, or at any other Publick Office, or by any of His Majesty's Receivers or Paymasters in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, the said last mentioned Tax or Payment, which in pursuance of this Act shall be charged for or in respect of such Profits, Allowances, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances or Profits, shall and may (in case of Non-payment thereof) be detained and stopped out of the same, or out of any Money which shall be paid upon such Profits, Allowances, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, or for Arrears thereof, and be applied in the Satisfaction of the Rates and Duties not otherwise paid as aforesaid; and the proper Officers in the said Exchequer, and every of the Publick Offices aforesaid, shall keep true Accounts of all Monies stopped, and (upon Request) shall give Copies of such Accounts to the proper Collectors of such Monies for the respective Parishes or Places where the said Monies are assessed by this Act.

Officers shall pay
where employed.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, rated or assessed for his Office or Employment, shall be rated and pay for his said Office or Employment in the County, City, or Place, where the same shall be exercised, although the Revenue or Profits arising by such Office or Employment are payable elsewhere. Provided always, that the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, the Masters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Privy Bag, Assessors, Registers, Clerks of the Inrolments, Clerks of the Affidavit and Subpoena Office, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery, that exercise their Office within the Liberties of the Rolls, shall be three assessed to the said last mentioned Taxes for their respective Offices, Salaries, and other Profits, and not otherwise; and the said Masters in Chancery for the Time being, and the said Six Clerks and Registers for the Time being, shall be the Comptrollers for putting in Execution, and shall put in Execution this Act, with relation to the last-mentioned Duties, within the said Liberty, and 'twelve of the Powers therein contained; and that all Assesses, Stipends, and Pensions, payable in any Offices in respect of these Officers, shall be taxed and assessed to the said last mentioned Duties where such Offices are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not elsewhere; and that all other Profits, Stipends, and Allowances in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, not charged upon Land, shall be charged and assessed in the Parishes and Places where they are payable.

Professionals
where payable.

XXXIII. And Whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit, chargeable by this Act, are executed by Deputy, and the principal Officers living in Places remote from the Division, Parish, or Place, where such Office or Employment are taxable, the Rates and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty: Be it therefore enacted, That where any Office or Employment of Profit chargeable by this Act, is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessments as shall be charged thereon, and defray the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Duties as by this Act is provided against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other Remedies and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be the like Remedies and Penalties for the recovering the Monies assessed upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand five hundred and six, and for any following Year not yet introduced in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise cleared in the Exchequer.

The Queen or
Royal Family not
chargeable in
respect of Aus-
pices.

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not charge, or be construed to charge Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, for or in respect of any Assesses or yearly Payments granted to her Majesty, and to these said Royal Highnesses, but that such Rates of Money, Assesses or yearly Payments, shall be laid by and upon the said Royal Highnesses, and their Treasurers, Receivers General, and Houses, for the Time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Imposts, and other Charges whatsoever. Provided also, that the Act, or any of the several Clauses herein contained, shall not extend to charge the Possessor of any Corporation or Comptroller or Warden Sea or Land Office, or the Professor of Widows of Six or Land-Officers, &c. as the same is

Encumbrances
Sea Officers, &c.
not chargeable.

1789

Crown, or the Revenue of the most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Business of the Most Knights of Windsor, payable out of the Exchequer only; or to charge a certain Portion of One hundred Pounds, granted by the late King Charles the Second, to the Poor Clergy of the Isle of Man; or to charge the Post-office or Salaries of His Majesty's Pages of Honour, or of the Officers and Persons employed, or to be employed in collecting the Tolls and Duties payable by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament for making, repairing, or mending any Publick Roads, by means of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby.

XXXV. And Whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Rectories, vicars of the Cathedral Churches in England and Wales, are chargeable to the Land Tax granted and made perpetual as aforesaid, and in Love Cases the Officers of the said Rents and Revenues above said Tax, Rates, and other Charges, do so go to answer for the Maintenance of the said Rectories, which Shares are demanded by the said Land Tax; it is hereby provided and enacted, That in such Cases the said Rectories shall not be liable to the said Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained, to be further chargeable or enjoying Office of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues; nor Things herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein before contained in relation to the said several Sums of Money charged as last aforesaid on Persons in respect of Publick Office or Employment, or Profit or Advantage, Profits, Sums, or other Annual Payments, or of Profit, shall extend or be construed to extend to charge or to authorize the deducting from or adding any Profit in any Case in which the Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites or Gratifications payable in respect of such Office or Employment, or in which the Annuity, Pensions, Sums, or other Annual Payment shall have been lawfully exempted from the Payment of any Aids or Taxes by any Act of Parliament, or in any Case in which any Salary, Wages, or Sums of any Office or Employment, or any other Annual Payment which shall be payable to such Person in respect of such Office or Employment, or of his having held any such Office or Employment, shall by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under his Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be paid out or without Deduction; or in any Case in which the Sums of Money so payable for any Salary, Wages, Sums, or Annual Payments shall by the Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury have been directed to be repaid or reimbursed to the Person entitled, out of any Part of the Publick Revenue of Great Britain: Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment, out or without Deduction, of the Salary, Wages, Sums, or Annual Payment, or the Repayment of the Duty added on the Salary, Wages, Sums, or Annual Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Office or Employment belongs, to be so paid out or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Stamp Duty shall be charged or chargeable for any Receipts given by any Receiver General of the Land Tax to any Collector for Payment of Money made by virtue of this Act, any Incomes to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And Whereas by the said Act, passed in the Thirtieth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money then charged as Great Duties for the Year, from the Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed or payable by Three Acts of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in Force until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine with the Year then last specified; and whereas by Parliament, which had several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for a continuance and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits, Offices and Profits of Houses in England, Wales, and in Towns of Burwick-upon-Trent, and certain Duties on Sugar, Mal, Tobacco, and Snuff, for the Term of Six Years, from the Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, further continued until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one; and whereas by another Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, the said several Duties on Sugar were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar in lieu thereof; and whereas by another Act, passed in the same Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said Duties on Licenses to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were repealed, and others in lieu thereof granted in lieu thereof; And whereas the said Duties granted by the said last recited Acts, were continued until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one; And whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Mal, Tobacco, and Snuff, together with the said Duties relating to Licenses and Tobacco, were by an Act passed in the Fourth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, further continued until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one; Be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Mal, Tobacco, and Snuff, and the said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be, and the same are hereby generally and respectively further continued from and after the Expirence of the Term limited as aforesaid, until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, and all Monies arising thereby which shall be paid out of the said Receipts of the Exchequer, shall be received legally and definitively from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer, One Book of Register, in which all the Money that shall be paid

No Tollages.

Rectories & vicars liable to land tax.

No Duty to be charged on Receipts, Act. 31. 3. 3. amended.

Excise Grants Act & Receipts Act & 31. 3. 3. amended.

Duties on Sugar continued.

20 G. 3. c. 12.

37 G. 3. c. 13.

31 G. 3. c. 14.

31 G. 3. c. 15.

31 G. 3. c. 16.

31 G. 3. c. 17.

31 G. 3. c. 18.

31 G. 3. c. 19.

31 G. 3. c. 20.

31 G. 3. c. 21.

31 G. 3. c. 22.

31 G. 3. c. 23.

31 G. 3. c. 24.

forth the new Exchange Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be necessarily incident, as or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof in relation to the said Bills, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

L. Provided always, and to be enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be paid out of the said Cashlanded Fund, shall from Time to Time be replaced by and out of the said Supplies as herein after granted in Parliament, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Act may be altered or repealed this S. 52.

Such Charges shall be repaid out of the said Supplies.

C A P. II.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchange Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine.

[22d February 1809.]

1. Treasury empowered to raise 10,500,000 l. by Exchange Bills. § 1. 2. Principal of said Bills charged on the

1. said Supplies of next Session. § 2. Interest thereon 3d. per Cent. per Diem. § 4. Said Bills shall be current

1. at the Exchange, &c. after 31st April 1809. § 5. Bank of England empowered to advance 6,500,000 l. on

1. Credits of the Act. § 6. Act may be altered or repealed this S. 52.

C A P. III.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchange Bill, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine.

[22d February 1809.]

[On the 1st Term in order Cap. 2 of the before.]

C A P. IV.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to enlist voluntarily into the Regular Forces.

[13th March 1809.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that the most effectual Measures should be taken for augmenting His Majesty's Regular Forces; and in as far as respects to do in all cases of the Militia of Great Britain as well as those of the Militia of the Colonies, Three-fifths of the Number of the Establishment in Rank and File of each Regiment of Militia, to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, as to certain Particulars and Particulars; and to enable His Majesty to accept the Services of the Men so voluntarily enlisting: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted: &c.

1. His Majesty may appoint Regiments of the Regular Forces into which Militia Men may enlist: &c.

2. Number of Men to be enlisted shall not exceed such Number as will leave being Three-fifths of the

1. Establishment: &c. Where the Number of Men to be enlisted exceeds Three-fifths of the

1. Establishment shall be less than Two-fifths of the Establishment in 1809; such Two-fifths may enlist: &c.

3. Commanding Officer shall assign Numbers willing to enlist, and it shall be provided: &c. The

1. Number of Men to be enlisted shall be ascertained by the Commanding Officer: &c. His Majesty may

1. appoint Officers to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

1. Captain or Major, and under Twenty-five Years of Age, unless disabled: &c. Men enlisted in

1. the Regular Forces shall be subject to the same Discipline as the Militia: &c. Commanding Officer of every

1. Regiment shall be empowered to order any Officer of every Regiment, not of the Rank of Captain or Major,

1. to be appointed to superintend the enlistment of Men, but none shall be appointed who are not of the Rank of

C A P. V.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Ireland* voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. [13th March 1809.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that the most effectual Measures should be taken for arming His Majesty's Regular Forces; and it is therefore expedient to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Ireland* to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under certain Powers and Restrictions; and to enable His Majesty to accept the Services of the Men so voluntarily enlisting: May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, &c.

His Majesty do, by Order, signed by the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, &c. may appoint Regiments of the Regular Force, into which Militia Men may enlist, &c.

Number of Men to be enlisted shall not exceed such Number as will cover the Proportion of the Militia in each Battalion, which may be assigned or set.

And be it further enacted, That the Number of Private Men to be enlisted out of any Regiment of the said Militia shall not in any Case exceed such Number of the Establishment in such Regiment, including Corporals, Three Fifths of the Number of the Establishment in such and File of such Regiment, according to the Establishment thereof at the Time of such Establishment, whether such Establishment shall have been separated or not, unless or by virtue of any Act in Force in *Ireland* for that Purpose; and it shall be the Duty of any Commanding Officer of more than One Battalion, the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of *Ireland*, shall ascertain the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to enlist out of each such Battalion, by the Proportion which the Number of Private Men bearing in each Battalion bears to the whole Number of Private Men actually serving in the Militia of such County, and shall signify to the Commanding Officers of each of such Battalions, the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to enlist out of their respective Battalions.

Made and Passed of enacting. § 1. [As under § 1-3, of 49 G. 3. c. 4. respecting the British Militia.]

And for 49 G. 3. c. 5. § 11. as to further Period of enlisting. [Discharge of Men enlisted. § 9. [As § 12. of 49 G. 3. c. 4.] Resolutions respecting Periods in Conscription, Clerks, Drummers, Serjants. &c. [As § 10-16. of 49 G. 3. c. 4.] His Majesty may give such Orders through the Lord Lieutenant of

Ireland, &c. to Governors, &c. of Counties, and to Commanding Officers, as he may think necessary for executing the Act. § 17. Account of the Number of Men discharged from the Militia shall be transmitted

by Commanding Officer to the Lord Lieutenant. § 18.

C A P. VI.

An Act for the Relief of Prisoners in Custody for Non-payment of Money pursuant to Orders of Courts of Equity. [13th March 1809.]

WHEREAS it is just and highly expedient that the B acts of an Act, passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of late King George the Second, entitled, *An Act for Relief of Debtors who are in the Imprisonment of their Creditors*, and to oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for some not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for the Creditors Benefit; and of an Act, passed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the further Relief of Debtors who are in the Imprisonment of their Creditors*, and to oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for some not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors Benefit;

and of an Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend the said Acts made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of King George the Second*, entitled, *An Act for the Relief of Debtors who are in the Imprisonment of their Creditors*, and to oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for some not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors Benefit; as relative to the Weekly Term already directed to be paid in Pursuits of Execution for Debt, in the Cases therein mentioned; it should be enacted to

Provision in Collate for Contempt of Court, by not paying Money intended to be paid by Decrees or Orders of Courts of Equity, &c. It is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, he and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Prisoners who are or shall be in Custody for Contempt of any Court of Equity, by not paying any Sum or Sums of Money or Costs, intended to be paid by any Decree or Order of any such Court, shall be entitled to the Benefits of the said several Acts of Parliament, and shall be held to be of the same Terms and Conditions as therein expressed and directed with respect to Prisoners for Debt only; and that it shall be lawful for Prisoners now in Custody for such Contempt to make Application for Relief under the said Acts of Parliament, at any Time before the End of Michaelmas Term next.

C A P. VII.

An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, in the United Kingdom for a limited Term. [13th March 1809.]

WHEREAS the circumstances under which it was deemed expedient to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, did exist, and it is therefore necessary to continue the said Prohibition, for a Time to be limited, and to enable His Majesty, by Proclamation, to be that judge of the Benefit and Advantage of His Kingdom, either to terminate or further continue such Prohibition for a Time to be limited: Be it therefore enacted, &c.

* From

- * From the passing of this Act Distillation from Grain prohibited throughout the United Kingdom till Dec. 31, 1809. § 1. After October 1, 1809, His Majesty by Proclamation, &c. may permit Distillation from Grain
- * (except Wheat); or may extend the Prohibition throughout the United Kingdom from Dec. 31 until Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament. § 2. Penalty for selling Grain for Distillation during the Prohibition, 50s. &c. § 3. Distillers take, use their Cask, during the Prohibition, Grains which shall have
- * been ground (except Mill-stone exceeding Two Quarters, or Wheat Meal or Flour not exceeding One Buck) &
- * shall be oven proofed in the Grain. § 4. Exemption for Distillers who are Masters of Ships Distillation may be
- * as their Cask only ground Grain at any Time within Twenty Days of the Expiration of the Prohibition. § 5.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in England having any Seal or Seal made or other Paper used for the Purpose of making or distilling Spirits under his Authority, shall keep exact Accounts in his Books of all Wines and Wals whereas the Duties are imposed by an Act made and passed in the last Session of Parliament, intended for granting certain Duties on Flour or Meal made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, and that in his said Books give unto the several Distillers or Mixers of Spirits under his Survey a Credit after the Rate or Proportion of Twenty One Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof for every One Hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar by such Distiller or Distillers, during each Time as such Distiller or Distillers shall commence to work or distil Spirits from Sugar.

- * Former Acts, (except as hereby altered,) shall remain in Force. § 8. Penalties may be recovered and applied
- * as under former Laws of Excise. § 9.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to suspend the Importation of Brandy or Irish made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine.

[13th March 1809.]

- * WHEREAS Duties have arisen whether the Regulations under which the Drawbacks and Countervailing
- * Duties paid or payable on Spirits the Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland imported from either
- * Country into the other, do not operate as a Bounty on the Exportation of Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland,
- * and a Duty on the Exportation of Spirits from Ireland to England, contrary to the Sixth Article of the Act
- * of Union; and it is therefore expedient to suspend the Importation of Irish made Spirits into Great Britain,
- * and of Brandy made Spirits into Ireland for a Time to be limited, until proper Provision can be made for
- * regulating the Intertraffic between Great Britain and Ireland, in relation to Spirits the Manufacture of either
- * Country; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent
- * of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
- * of the same: That, from and after the passing of this Act, and until the First Day of June One thousand eight
- * hundred and nine, no Spirit distilled or made in Ireland shall be imported or brought into any Part of Great
- * Britain, nor shall any Spirit of Brandy Manufacture be imported or brought into any Part of Ireland, on Pain
- * of forfeiting to such Spirit as is imported or brought into either Country contrary to the Law, Interest, or Meaning
- * of this Act, together with the Casks or Packages containing the same, and also the Ships, Boats, or Vessels,
- * in which the same shall be brought or imported; and all such Spirits, Casks, Packages, Ships, Boats, or Vessels,
- * shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

- * Penalty may be exacted by Commissioners of Excise, on Proof that the Vessels closed out with the Spirits
- * before March 5, 1809, and on Security for the Re-exportation. § 2. Penalties may be recovered as under
- * former Laws of Excise. § 3.

C A P. IX.

An Act to grant Bounties on the Importation of Flax Seed into Ireland from Great Britain, until the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine; and to amend the Laws for the Regulation of the Linen Manufacture in Ireland, in far as relates to Importers of Flax Seed.

[13th March 1809.]

- * Bounty of Two Shillings for every Bushel of Flax Seed imported into Ireland, having been exported from
- * Great Britain between 8th March and 8th April 1809. § 1. Bounty limited to the First 20,000 Bushels
- * imported. § 2. Regulations prescribed by 42 Geo. 3. c. 75; and 44 Geo. 3. c. 49. shall be observed in the
- * Importation. § 3. Bounty shall be paid by Collectors of Customs under Orders of the Commissioners of
- * Customs. § 4.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act, made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's

King, intended, *the Act to amend the Law for the better Regulation of the Linen Manufacture in Ireland*, should

be amended in Manner hereinafter mentioned; be it therefore enacted, That when any Person shall have reported or shall import any Flax Seed into Ireland, and such Flax Seed shall have been or shall be duly inspected and examined, inspected and marked, as usual and fit to be so, according to the Directions and Provisions contained in the last recited Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, the Importer of any such Flax Seed shall not be liable to the Penalty of Ten Pounds Ten Shillings, under the said recited Act, for or in respect of any such Seed as is imported or marked as not being bulk, mixed, or damaged Flax Seed, or Flax Seed unfit for sewing, which such Importer shall sell at any Time after the passing of this Act, between the Twenty-fifth Day of March and the First Day of July in any Year, out of the Possession of any such Flax Seed, or in a Cask or Package containing the same, out of the Price thereof when sold: Provided always, that such Importer

In England, in
Articles of
Surrender
shall be drawn
under
24 G. 3. c. 100.
Lands shall be
paid for in
Gallons of
any 1000
Wals.

[Continued till
25 March 1809,
49 G. 3. c. 106.]

From June 1,
1809, no Irish
Spirits shall
be imported
into Great
Britain, nor
Irish Spirits
exported into
Ireland.

Penalty.

Importers of
Flax Seed shall
not be liable to
Penalty of
100 lbs. under
42 G. 3. c. 75,
57. the Seed
shall be sewed,
if sold between
25 March and
1 July in any
Year, &c.

Importer in selling such Fine Seed Stalk, at the Time of selling the same, deliver to the Buyer thereof a Certificate in Writing, subscribed by such Importer, expressing truly the Quantities and Price of the Seed so imported and sold, and the Part from whence the same was imported, and the Year of its Growth, whether such Certificate shall have been demanded as Schall of such Buyer or not, and that such Certificate shall be true in all its Circumstances, and that such Seed Stalk shall not have been removed by such Importer in selling the same from or out of the Cask or Package in which the same was originally imported and headed, with the word "Strawd," in Manner required by the last recited Act, and shall be sold in each entire Cask or Package without dividing or taking the same in any smaller Quantity.

" To have 3th April 1809. any Inspector of the Lines and Hempes Manufacturers in Ireland may examine Fine Seed in the Parts of Great Britain, and break and mark the Casks " See Act 6. Fee of One Penny " per Barrel may be taken by such Inspector. } 7. Act may be altered this Session. } 8.

C A P. X.

An Act to continue so much of an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, as allows a Bounty upon double refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten.

[25th March 1809.]

" So much of 47 G. 3. c. 22. as relates to Bounties on double refined Sugar continued to 25th March 1811.
" and so much of the last Act as relates to Bounties on raw Sugars (as continued and amended by 48 G. 3. c. 32.)
" further continued to 25th March 1810.

C A P. XI.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended.

[25th March 1809.]

" Revoc'd of Acts 41 G. 3. c. 11; 45 G. 3. c. 95. 46 G. 3. c. 103. 47 G. 3. c. 293. 48 G. 3. c. 16.
" Drawbacks and Bounties in Schedule to recited Act 47 G. 3. c. 95. shall be paid. § 1. On 5th May
" 17th November 1809. or 5th January 1810. the Average Prices of Brown or Maldivado Sugar shall not be
" exceed 6 pence Shilling per Cwt. the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule to 47 G. 3. c. 95. conforming
" with the Price Bill be paid. Sec. 2. Whereas under 48 G. 3. c. 42. 5th the Vestry shall suspend the
" Payment of any Part of the Duty on raw Sugar imposed by that Act, they shall also suspend a like Por-
" tion of the Countervailing Duties on 1/2 refined Sugar imported, and of the Drawbacks and Bounties
" on 1/2 refined Sugar exported. § 3. [See 49 G. 3. c. 43.] Recited Act 41 G. 3. c. 11. continued to
" 25—27 March 1809. § 4. [See 47 G. 3. c. 29. and Repealed there.]

C A P. XII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Disobedience, and for the better Payment of the Armes and their Quarters.

[25th March 1809.]

" Number of Forces 139 912 § 1. c. 1 to 45. are the same as the 1st Edition of 46 G. 3. c. 11.

XLI. And whereas by the Petition of Rights, in the Third Year of King Charles the First, it is enacted and declared, That the People of the Land are not by the Law to be bound and with the Requirement of Soldiers armed with Willes and y^e Cloths in an Act of the Seventh Parliament, made in the One and Thirtieth Year of the Reigne of King Charles the Second, for granting a supply to His Majesty of Two hundred and 24 thousand Five hundred Fifty two P. one Shilling Sterling, and Three pence, for paying and discharging the Taxes, it is declared and enacted, That no Officer, Civil or Military, nor other Person whatsoever, be or shall be, by any Statute, Ordinance, or Act, in anywise to bind, or to bind any Soldier or Soldier upon any condition, condition of the Rules, of any Discipline, Quality, or Profession whatsoever, without his Consent; and that no such and may be lawful for any Judge, Justice, or Chancellor, to receive or quarter any Soldier or Soldier, without receiving a y^e Warrant, or Warrant of discharge. And furthermore, that it is Enacted, and enacted by the Continuance of this Act, that no such and may be Objection for the marching and carrying of Regiments, Troops, and Companies to several Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; But further enacted by the Authority of itself. That, for and during the Continuance of this Act, and as long, it shall and may be lawful so and for the Constables, Townsmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, and Villages, and other Places within England, Wales, and the Towns of London-London, and, in their Defence or Assistance, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village, or Place, and for themselves, and such Constables, and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required, to go and bid the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, as soon, Levy Soldiers, Attendants, Waiting-women, and the Maids of Soldiers of Wine, by Retail, to be drunk in their own Houses, or Places themselves belonging; other than and except Gentlemen hold and occupied under the Authority of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Bowdler, and other than and except Persons who keep Taverns or y^e, being Friends of the Company of Vintners of the City of London, who were admitted to the Freedom before the Fifth

Constables, Ac.
in 1809 of 48 G.
3. c. 11. c. 16.
1809. c. 11.
1809. c. 11.
1809. c. 11.

Review
Lads.

preferred in the Order made at the Magistrate, unless in case of pressing Emergencies or Necessity, and shall in no Case whatever exceed Twenty-five Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence: And in case full Cart Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberties, Divisions, or Parishes, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding, or Division, shall upon their Order as aforesaid bring brought or direct to one or more of them by a y of the Officers aforesaid (the Justice or Justices to whom the Constable or Petty Constable of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division, or Parish, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make no such Distress): And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justice of the Peace, are to dress the Carriage or Carriages therein appointed of the Constable or Petty Constable, to whom the Warrant is directed, and are hereby required, at the same Time, to pay down in hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Horses, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wagon with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with two Horses shall travel; and the Sum of Nine pence for every Mile any Waggon with narrow Wheels, or any Cart with Four Horses, respectively, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of five pence for every Mile every Cart or other Carriage, with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; or any lesser Sum not exceeding Four pence, for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wagon with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two pence for every Mile any Cart or Carriage with less than Four Horses and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; according as the same shall be fixed and ordered by the Justice of the Peace for any County or District aforesaid at any General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, the said Justice having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at the Time of being: such additional Rate: for which respective Sums he received the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable, or Petty Constable, shall order and appoint such Persons or Persons, to bring Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses and Oxen and Mules, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and as often as may be desired, or such y to be driven, any such Waggon, Wagon, Cart, or other Carriage, shall be subject to any Seizure or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Wagon, Wagon, Cart, or other Carriage be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight in any such Waggon, Wagon, Cart, or other Carriage, y of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen: but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Waggon, Wagon, Cart, or other Carriage to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to the same preferred or paid for under this Act: any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road, in the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whole Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, the Carriage be provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wagon, Cart, or Carriage, to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's Warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due Time for their Return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall hinder any Soldier or Servant (except a Clerk, or such Clerk, or any Woman, to ride in the Waggon, Wagon, Cart, or Carriage aforesaid) or shall hinder any Constable, or Petty Constable, by Threatnings or menacing Words to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners, by themselves, Servants, or Soldiers; or by any such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds: Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Paymaster-general, or other responsible Person of His Majesty's Forces, who are hereby required to pay the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment: and the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justice of the Peace of the same County or Riding, and is hereby empowered to default the same out of such Officer's Pay: Provided always, that in Cases where the War's March of the Troops shall exceed Fifteen Miles, such further Compensation shall be made and paid in His Majesty's Name to the Owners of the said Carriages as shall be deemed reasonable by the Magistrate who granted the Warrant for providing them, in exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such Carriages: Provided also, that every Order of the Justice so made at any General Sessions of the Peace shall be a further Sum to be paid for the Hire of Carriage, as at and in addition to the customary Rates of One Shilling, and Nine pence, and Expenses for Mile respectively, shall specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any Case exceed Two Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District next ensuing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order signed by the Chairman or Presiding Magistrate, and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall, within Two Days after the making thereof, be transmitted to the Secretary at War; and no such Order shall be said or effected, unless a Copy thereof be signed and transmitted as aforesaid.

§ 59, 60, 61, see the same at § 58, 59, 60, of 4th G. 3. c. 15.

LXII. * And Whereas in consequence of certain Exceptions from Toll, respectively allowed by several Acts of Parliament for His Majesty's Troopers their March, or on Duty, and for the Horses and Carriages attending them, Doubts have arisen whether in all Cases not so exempted, the Officers and Soldiers, and the Carriages, and Horses, belonging to His Majesty or employed in His Service, and attending thereon, may not be charged with the Payment of Tolls: Therefore for obviating such Doubts, it is hereby enacted and declared, That all His Majesty's Officers and Soldiers, and their Horses, on Duty, or on their March, and all Carriages and Horses belonging to His Majesty, or employed in His Service, and attending thereon, or employed in His Service, when conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children, or other Persons of or belonging to

Officers and
Soldiers, &c.
on Duty, and
Carriages at-
tending them,
shall be ex-
empted from
the Payment
of Tolls.

The Majesty's Forces; or the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces on their Marches, or any Detachment, or Detachments, or either Publick Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or returning therefrom, were and are, and shall be exempted from Payment of any Duties and Tolls, otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act of Parliament already made, or hereafter to be made, for Passages, Harbours, or Carnages, passing Turnpike Roads or Bridges; unless by such Act it has been or shall be expressly provided that the said Officers, Soldiers, Carriages, and Horses, and shall be liable equally with others to the Duties and Tolls therein contained to be demanded, and taken: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt from the Payment of Toll any B. or Barges, or other Vessels employed as Carrying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children, or other Persons of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or any Military Stores belonging to any Army, but the same shall be liable to Toll in like Manner as other Boats, Barges, and Vessels are liable thereto.

“ § 61 et 62, see the same as § 62 et 65 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

LXXIII. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in *Inns*, in such and the best Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in force in *England* at the Time of its Union with Great Britain; and that the Officers of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union was provided, and that if any Person in *England*, liable to have Officers and Soldiers quartered and lodged as aforesaid, shall refuse to receive or refuse any such Officer or Soldier so quartered or lodged upon him or as he is aforesaid, or shall refuse to furnish any such Officer or Soldier, so quartered or lodged, in such Manner as by the said Law in force in *England* at the Time of the said Union was provided, every such Person, so refusing, shall be subject and liable to all the Penalties as any Person so refusing was liable to under or by virtue of any Laws in force in *England* at the Time of the said Union.

“ § 63 et 72, see the same as § 68 et 75 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

LXXIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not longer than Twenty-four Hours, after such enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City, or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, holding or being next to, or in the Vicinity of the Place where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their dissent to such enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the enlisting Money, and also such Person in declining paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, such Person or Persons so refusing shall be forthwith discharged and put at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Person so shall not do or enlist, within the Space of Twenty-four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Person shall declare his or their dissent voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to read over, or to his own Presence to read or to read over, to such Person or Persons the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Disobedience, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.), or if the Person shall be defunct of enlisting without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.), and if such Person or Persons shall take the said Oath, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the enlisting and swearing, together with the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling, if known, of such Person or Persons, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.). if the Oath in the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the Case of Recruits enlisted to serve either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit, in pursuance of as shall be provided in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, entitled, *An Act for better regulating the Forces of the East India Company*, in which Case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty-ninth of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such Enlisting and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and if any such Person or Persons, so to be enlisted, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall sell any such Person, or offend herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered.

LXXIV. And he is further enabled, by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the enlisting Money from any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Private Soldier, or other Person employed

49 Geo. III.

4 T

Printed image digitized by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

and is deemed a private person.

Tolls on Harbours and on the said Arms, &c.

Officers and Soldiers shall be exempted from the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union in like Manner as by the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union was provided.

Chiefs for Enlist of Persons liable relating these Items.

Such Person who paying the Money within the time. If Time shall be deemed to be expired at which Oath, or if through the default of such Person or Persons the Justice shall read over or to their own Presence the Articles of the Articles of War, and a Justice shall read over or to their own Presence the Oath.

Enlisting Money to be paid to the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, or to the Oath of Allegiance.

Persons receiving enlisting Money

and abstinence,
to demand daily
evidence.

on the Recruiting Service, (knowing it to be such,) and shall abscond, or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, or if any Person having received any such striking Money as aforesaid shall thereafter absent himself from the Recruiting Party with which he enlisted, or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to such Recruiting Party or Post in a sailing boat, to go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, under the Provisions of this Act, within such Period of Four Days aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be a Mutineer, and a Soldier in His Majesty's Service or fully to all Intent and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Defector, or be being absent without Leave under any Article of War made for Parliament of Mutiny and Desertion; and it shall not be necessary for any Recruiting Party or Person employed in enlisting to give any Notice to any such Person, or to go after any such Person for the Purpose of carrying such Person before any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid; nor shall any such Person who shall not have received notice, or who shall not have returned to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him as aforesaid, be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Four Days as aforesaid.

Persons receiving
or holding any
writing, may be
arrested in
Garnish, Writ
or Inland
Execution, or
de Maribus.

Persons making
false Representations
of the
Payable of his
Majesty's Forces,
demanding money
of any such Money
under false
Pretexts,
or under
§ 12. c. 2.

Defectors from
any Force shall
be deemed to
have been duly
enlisted.

Persons on Ap-
prehen- sion mak-
ing declarations.

Soldiers not
arrested within
Apprentice-
ship, which bond
for a certain
Term, and the
Muster shall
take the Oath
within the
aforesaid
Term.

Men Musters or
Recruits shall
present to
certain Appren-
tices.

LXXV. And he it further enacted, That any Person who shall enlist into His Majesty's Forces, and who shall be discovered to be incapable of active Service, by reason of any Infirmary which shall have been contracted by such Person, or not declared before the Justice of the Peace at the Time of his Attestation, and mentioned in the Form thereof, may be transferred into any Grenadier or Veteran or Invalid Battalion, or into His Majesty's Marine Forces, notwithstanding he shall have enlisted for any particular Regiment; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Rules and Regulations relating to Soldiers, to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXVI. And he it further enacted, That any Person who shall knowingly, wilfully, and deliberately make any false Representations of any Particular contained in the Oath respectively marked (A.) and (B.) and Certificate marked (C.) and (D.) in the Schedule to this Act respectively contained and inserted, before the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Time of his Attestation, for the Purpose of obtaining, and shall obtain any striking Money or any Bounty for entering into His Majesty's Service, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled, *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons who shall obtain or attempt to obtain Possession of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences, for procuring the unlawful borrowing of Goods, for the sale, Redemption of Goods pawned, and for procuring Carriage in Publick Hackney by Force, Intimidation, Swearing, and Apparition*; and the Production of such Certificate, and Proof of the Hind wronging of the Justice of the Peace giving such Certificate, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Party having procured the several Particulars contained in the Oath sworn by him, and specified in the Certificate of the Justice at the Time of his enlisting.

LXXVII. And he it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Defector, from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

LXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person duly bound as an Apprentice, shall enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, and shall date to the Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate before whom he shall be certified, that he is not an Apprentice, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to be imprisoned in any Goal or House of Correction, and kept to hard Labour for Two Years, may be indicted and punished for obtaining Money under false Pretences under the Provisions of the said second Act of the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and shall, after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, be liable to serve as a Soldier in any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if, on the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, he shall not deliver himself to some Officer authorized to receive Recruits, may be taken as a Defector from His Majesty's Forces.

LXXIX. And he it further enacted, That no Master or Employer shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in England for the full Term of Seven Years, and if in Ireland for the full Term of Five Years at the least, and unless such Master shall within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H.).

LXXX. And he it further enacted, That no Master or Employer shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him for the full Term of at least Four Years by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship, duly executed, signed and sealed, and binding on both Parties by the Law of England, prior to the Period of Enlistment, and unless such Contract or Indenture, is duly executed, shall, within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enlistment, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties so sit, and three shall have been read aloud there by such Justice a Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when, and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to make and sign; and unless such Apprentice shall, when claimed by such Master be under Twenty-two Years of Age, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service go before some Justice of the Peace, and before such Justice of the Peace take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.), and produce the

Certificate

Certificate of each Justice of the Peace of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate each Justice of the Peace is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H.)

LXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Master or Servant shall be prosecuted for claiming any Apprentice who shall hereafter exist, by reason of the Contract or Indenture not having been produced to a Justice of the Peace in the Manner directed by the Act of the last Session of Parliament, entitled, *An Act for punishing Masters and Defectors, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, within the Time therein limited, provided the same shall be produced to any Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Petter reside, and be indorsed as therein directed, at any Time within Three Months after the giving of notice to a Justice within a Month after

Masters or Servants not to be prosecuted for claiming any apprentice within a certain time after giving notice to a Justice within a Month after

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Master of any Apprentice who shall have indorsed as a Seller to His Majesty's Land Forces, shall upon his continuing to give up the Indentures of Apprenticeship within One Month after the existing of such Apprentice as a Soldier, be entitled to receive by his own self or some of the Bussary payable to such Recruit, after deducting therefrom Two Guineas, which shall be returned in order to provide the said Recruit with Necessaries, as shall not have been paid to such Recruit before Notice given of his being an Apprentice.

Masters of Apprentices existing continuing to receive a certain Part of the Bussary Money.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Apprentice who shall be claimed by his Master, shall be taken before a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place, where such Apprentice shall happen to be when it is claimed, and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as is hereby required, on Proof or Oath of such Person being an Apprentice, and having indorsed and declared that he was so Apprentice, and on Production and Proof of the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to commit such Person to gaol as aforesaid to stand in the Common Gaol of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place where such Person shall be at the Time when he shall be so committed by his said Master, there to remain, until he shall be discharged by due Course of Law.

Apprentices claimed by their Masters shall be committed to gaol before a Justice and committed.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, except in England as herein after most used, before whom such Person is offending shall be taken as aforesaid, to commit into the Masters alleged against such Person upon Oath, and which Oath the said Justice or Magistrate is hereby empowered as aforesaid, and able to keep in his Custody the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to be produced as aforesaid shall require, and to send over the Master claiming such Person, and any other Persons he may think proper, to give Evidence at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Session of Oyer and Tenour, at which the Trial of such Person is hereafter directed to be had against such Person in this Act, and the Production of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, with the Certificate of the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate that the same was proved before him, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Indenture of Apprenticeship.

Justice shall be empowered to commit upon Oath, and keep the Indenture as aforesaid.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That every such Offender, except in England, as hereafter mentioned, may and shall be tried at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Session of Oyer and Tenour for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place, where the Offence charged shall have been committed, next after such Offender's being brought before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, or the Sessions immediately succeeding such next Sessions, unless the Court shall think fit to put off the Trial on Just Cause.

Offenders shall be tried at the Sessions or Sessions of Oyer and Tenour.

" § 82 is so, see the form of § 81 in §§ of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

ACT. And Whereas several Soldiers, being duly tried, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absconding themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service, it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Head Constable, or Tellingman, of the Town or Parish where any Person, who may be reasonably supposed to be such a Deserter, shall be found, or be any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service, to apprehend or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, being a Justice of the Peace, who is his Justice of the Peace to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Constable, or the Tellingman of the Town or Parish, or Warden, or Watchman upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear to be that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company in which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, or to the House of Correction, or other Publick Prison, in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended, or to the Army, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Place adjacent; or to the Prison Marshal in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Place adjacent; and if such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of London, or Place adjacent, or if the Deserter be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Civil Government or Governors thereof, to the end that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Civil Government or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law. And the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, in which such Deserter shall at any Time be confined, shall receive such Soldier for the Maintenance of such Deserter during the Time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations or shall from Time to Time be directed in that behalf, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for every Twenty-four Hours Imprisonment of such Deserter; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or other Publick Prison of the City, Town, or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Deserter shall halt on the March, shall, and he is hereby required to receive and confine every Deserter who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be conveying such Deserter under any lawful Order, Warrant, or Authority, either on the Road from

Justice may remove Deserters.

the Place where he was apprehended, to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace, or such such Officer shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Government of the said, and shall be entitled to One Shilling as account of the Imprestment of the said Officer, say Law, Utage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

§ 98 to 103, see the same as § 87 to 92 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

Justices of Peace, residing in Division of Parishes, empowered to require an order from Parish Officers to advance the said Money, which is to be distributed by the Collectors of the said Parishes.

XCVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that in all Cases in which any Extension of Parishes shall be granted as aforesaid, and upon the Receipt of any such Non-commutation Office or Order to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful to the Justice of the Peace granting the same, to make an Order in Writing under his Hand upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township, or Town where such Non-commutation Office or Order shall be made, requiring them to pay to such Non-commutation Office or Soldier any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non-commutation Office or Soldier would amount to for the Period to which such Parishes shall be extended as aforesaid; and the same shall be paid accordingly, upon Demand and Delivery to him of such Order, by any such Parish Officer out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor, and the Sum so advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township, or Place shall be situated, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person out of any Publick Money in his Hands, and the same shall be showed in his Accounts, and such Orders of Justices shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by him: Provided always, that if the Justice of Peace shall not think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall file in his Returns for such Relief in Writing at the Bank of the Parishes.

§ 97 to 99, see the same as § 91 to 93 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

C. And be it further enacted, That all Comptrolers, upon making up their Accounts, and also upon receiving from any Foreign Service, shall take the Oath declared in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (1) which Oath, if taken in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall be taken before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and if taken on Foreign Service, before the Commander in Chief, or the Second in Command, or the Quarter Master or Deputy Quarter Master General, or any Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army to which he shall be attached, who shall respectively have Power to administer the same.

CI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissary Officer, Storekeeper, or Comptroller, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissariat Department, or in any Manner in the Care or Distribution of any Money, Provision, Forage, or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, that shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provision, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or to be issued or disposed, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court-martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court-martial to adjudge any such Person while in Service out of the United Kingdom to be imprisoned as a Felon for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Pillory, Fine, Imprisonment, Disfranchisement from His Majesty's Service, and being capable of serving His Majesty in any Office Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such Person shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall in addition to any other Punishment, make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby followed, to be ascertained by such Court-martial; which shall have Power to grant the Good-will Charters of the Persons so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said Two hundred Pounds, and such Damages: And if sufficient Goods and Charters cannot be found and sold, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison, or the Common Gaol, there to remain (in Addition to any other Punishment or Imprisonment) for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Deficiency: and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

§ 100 to 114, see the same as § 95 to 107 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

CCV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be any ways construed to extend, to deprive any of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or the Islands thereto belonging, excepting only in such Case where, by any Act or Acts for regulating any of the Militia Forces or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, the Provisions contained in the Act, or in any Act for providing Munitions and Discipline, which shall be then so force, are extended and meant to take place in respect to the Officers and Soldiers of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland; and also except in so far as relates to the mutinies of the said Militia Forces according to the Provisions hereinafter mentioned.

§ 106, 107, see the same as § 103, 110 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

CCVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath to any Cafe wherein an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be liable to such Penalties and Punishments as by Law now in force any Person convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

§ 115 to 120, see the same as § 111 to 120 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

CC Continuance

" Continuance of Act is Great Britain from 24th March 1809 to 24th March 1810; in Ireland from 24th March 1809 to 24th April 1810; in *J. of S. County, Alderney, Sark, and Man*, from 24th April 1809 to 24th May 1810; in *Gibraltar, &c.* from 24th March 1810 to 24th March 1811, § 139.

CXXX. Provided always, and to be enacted, That this Act, in so far as relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Soldiers and providing for their Horses, or for the Provision of Carriages, Horses, Buses, Boats, or other Vehicles, and Muz, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

" *Schedule A. to H. see the form or style annexed to 48 G. 3. c. 15.*

Act, in part, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULE (1)

FORM OF OATH.

I under my Oath or Declaration, to my own Use, or to the private Use of any other Person, by way of Loan to such Person, or otherwise, or in any Manner applied thereon, or knowingly permitted them to be applied to any other than Public Purposes, and according to the Duty of my Office.

Sworn before me by the within-named }
this Day of

A. B.

[Justice of the Peace for the County of
or Commander in Chief, or Second in Command, &c.
the Army serving in &c. or the Capt may be.]

C A P. XIII.

An Act for the more effectually preventing the Forging of Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, and the Negotiation of forged and counterfeited Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.

[20th March 1809.]

" WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Forging of the Notes and Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and the Circulation of forged Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company*; it was amongst other Things enacted, That if any Person shall have in his or her Possession or Custody any forged or counterfeited Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of Exchange of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intent to utter or negotiate the same as the true and genuine Note or Note, Bill or Bills of Exchange, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, every such Person so offending, and every thereof convicted, shall be punished by Fine, Imprisonment, Pillory, or other corporal Punishment, according to the Direction of the Court before whom he or she shall be prosecuted for such Offence: And whereas the said Provision, and the Penalties therein contained, have been found insufficient to deter Persons from the Perpetration of the Offences thereby meant to be prevented, and it is therefore deemed expedient to repeal the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expire of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, in so much of the said recited Act as is therein contained, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, except in so far as relates to any Offence against the said recited Act committed before the Expire of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act.

11. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall, from and after the Expire of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, purchase or receive in any other Person or Persons any forged or counterfeited Bank Note, Bank Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or Bank Bank Note, Bank Bank Bill of Exchange, or Bank Bank Post Bill, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, or shall knowingly or wrongfully have in his, her, or their Possession or Custody, or in his, her, or their Dwelling House, Warehouse, Lodge, or Apartment, any forged or counterfeited Bank Note, Bank Bill of Exchange, or Bank Post Bill, or Bank Bank Note, Bank Bank Bill of Exchange, or Bank Bank Post Bill, of the said Governor and Company, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall be upon the Person accused, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted according to Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

C A P. XIV.

An Act for repealing an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, relative to Child Murder, and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof. [20th March 1809.]

" WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed in the second Session of the 5th Parliament of King William and Queen Mary, entitled, *All laws touching of Children*, it is enacted, that if any Woman shall conceal her Birth with Child during the whole Space, and shall not call for and make use of Help and Assistance in the Birth, the Child being found dead or smothered, the Mother shall be holden and

Act A.D. 1809 c. 13, 14, repealed.

Penalty is hereby re-annexed or being to their Country forged Notes or Bank Bills of the Bank of Ireland shall be transported.

Repeal Act, Act, c. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

" § 15, as in preceding Copy, in the first or § 8, of 49 G. 3. c. 12. § 18 to 25, and the first or § 35 to 47, of 49 G. 3. c. 14.

Provis for
preventing
Mutiny in
His Majesty's
Militia
in Ireland.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, directly or indirectly, persuade or procure any Mutiny in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons is offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons who shall for the first, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender is convicted as aforesaid, hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of One hundred Pounds in pay and freely the same, or if from the Circumstances and Histories of the Cause, it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Offender is not a fit Person for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any Term not exceeding Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprise, and also to send to the Work for the Space of One Year in some Market Town and adjoining to the Place where the Offence was committed, or open Market there, or to the Market Town which within the said Offence was committed.

The said
Provis shall be
enacted.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties by this Act imposed for persuading or procuring any Mutiny to desert, within that Part of Great Britain called England, may and shall be had for, and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and for such like Offences as shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be had for and recoverable in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such like Offences as shall be committed in Ireland, shall be had for and recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for any such like Offences as shall be committed in any of the Dominions of His Majesty, shall and may be had for and recoverable in any Court of Record of His Majesty in the Place where the Offence shall have been committed, and for such like Offences as shall have been committed within the Island of Georgia, the same shall be had for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Georgia, and for such Offences as shall be committed within the Island of Jersey, the same shall be had for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Jersey; any Thing contained in an Act passed in the First Year of King George the First to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalties for
Offences com-
mitted in
England, Ire-
land, or
elsewhere to be
had for.

LI. And be it further enacted, That for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, the Penalties herein enacted shall be had for, and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isles of Jersey and Guernsey, the Penalties herein enacted shall be had for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Georgia; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isle of Man, the Penalties herein enacted shall be had for and be recoverable in any of the Courts of Record in the said Island, or so any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

Offences
committing
desertion
enacted.

LII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Defector from His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Mutineer, and shall be liable to serve in His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Mutineer or not.

" § 35 to 60, and the first or § 48 to 55, of 49 G. 3. c. 14.

Persons receiving
enlisting Money.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the enlisting Money from any Officer (knowing it to be such) and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, or if any Person having received any such enlisting Money as aforesaid, shall thereafter abscond himself from the recruiting Party with which he enlisted, or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not lawfully return to such recruiting Party or Person as before him, or to go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate under the Provisions of this Act within such Period of Four Days as aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be enlisted and a Mutineer in His Majesty's Service as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly enlisted, and may be apprehended and punished as a Defector, or for being absent without Leave under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and it shall not be necessary for any recruiting Party or Person employed in enlisting, to give any Notice to any such Person, or to go after any such Person for the Purpose of carrying such Person before any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid, nor shall any such Person who shall not have returned with, or who shall not have returned to such recruiting Party or Person as before him as aforesaid be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Four Days as aforesaid.

Apprentices
taking the Oath
mentioned in
Schedule A; to be
imprisoned, &c.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly bound as an Apprentice shall take as a Royal Mutineer in His Majesty's Service, and shall take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act marked (A.), every such Person is offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to be imprisoned in any Goal or House of Correction and kept in hard Labour for Two Years, and may be whipped and punished for obtaining Money under false Pretences, and full after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship be liable to serve as a Mutineer; and if on the Expiration of his Apprenticeship he shall not deliver himself to some Officer authorized to receive Recruits, may be taken as a Defector from His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces.

Mutiny delaying
Apprentices shall
take the Oath
mentioned in
Schedule B; &c.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Master shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, enter as a Royal Mutineer in His Majesty's Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in England for the full Term of Seven Years, and if in Ireland for the full Term of Five Years at the least, and unless such Master shall within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before both Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act marked (B.), and produce

the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give to the Ports in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C).

²² Commencement of Act in Great Britain 25 March 1809 to 25 March 1810; in Ireland from 1 April 1809

²³ to 1 April 1810. § 66.—The Schedules are precisely similar to those in 48 G. 3. c. 24.

C A P. XX.

An Act to make perpetual several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; to the allowing the Importation of Rape Seed, and other Seeds suited for extracting Oil, whenever the Prices of middling Spring Rape Seed shall be above a certain Limit; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in America; and for amending and making perpetual several Laws relating to the preventing the clandestine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to the allowing the Importation of Seal Skins cured with Foreign Salt free of Duty.

[24th March 1809.]

²⁴ 8 G. 3. c. 25. § 1. as to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures, (bills continued by 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 10)

²⁵ made perpetual. § 1.—45 G. 3. c. 29. for allowing the Importation of Rape Seed, &c. (bill continued by

²⁶ 44 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.) made perpetual. § 2.—45 G. 3. c. 29. for encouraging the Growth of Coffee; except such

²⁷ Part as relate to Foreign Coffee (bill continued by 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 12.) made perpetual. § 3.—8 G. 2. c. 18.

²⁸ to prevent the clandestine running of Goods, &c. (bill continued by 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 9.) made perpetual;

²⁹ except such Parts as relate to Quarantine and to the loading of Boats. § 4.—31 G. 3. c. 26. allowing the

³⁰ Importation of Seal Skins, (bill continued by 44 G. 3. c. 25. § 2.) made perpetual. Not to affect the Duties

³¹ of Customs granted by 45 G. 3. c. 29. 44 G. 3. c. 25; 45 G. 3. c. 29; and 45 G. 3. c. 42.—(See *infra* now

³² 49 G. 3. c. 58.)—§ 5.

C A P. XXI.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills. [24th March 1809.]

³³ The Interest on Exchequer Bills under 47 G. 3. c. 23. 48 G. 3. c. 71. 48 G. 3. c. 97. and 48 G. 3. c. 114.

³⁴ which shall be carried to Exchequer Office before March 20, 1809. shall be paid; and the Holders shall

³⁵ receive Certificates to the Bank containing them at their Option for every 100^l either to 103^l 5s. in the First

³⁶ per Cent. from 5 January 1809; or to 81^l 8s. in the last Five per Cent. and 26^l 5s. in the Four per Cent.

³⁷ from 5 April 1809; provided the Amount of Exchequer Bills exchanged shall not exceed Eight Millions. § 1.

[See 48 G. 3. c. 28. an Act of a similar Nature.]

C A P. XXII.

An Act for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of Falmouth in the Island of Jamaica. [24th March 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to amend and extend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Ports in the West Indies, a certain licensed Trade in* (inserted) to be carried on at certain Ports in the Island of Jamaica in Foreign Vessels of a particular Description: And whereas it is deemed proper and expedient that such Trade should in like Manner be permitted at the Port of Falmouth in the said Island: Be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all such Goods and Commodities as are by the said Act permitted to be imported into and exported from the Ports in the Island of Jamaica, mentioned in the said Act, may be imported into and exported from the Port of Falmouth in the said Island, in the like Manner as by the said Act, under the same Rules, Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are therein expressed, provided, and subject to the said Act, respecting the Importation and Exportation of Goods and Commodities into and from the Ports mentioned in the said Act.

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation to Great Britain of Corn; and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty. [25th March 1809.]

³⁸ 49 G. 3. c. 27. (bill continued by 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 1.) further continued to 25 March 1810; except as to the

³⁹ Exportation of Corn, Grass, and Flour, to Ireland.

passing a *Bounty* *Act*, which has been continued by an *Act* of the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, and the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be extended to the Fisheries created on by the Inhabitants of certain of His Majesty's Colonies on the Continent of *North America*? Be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this *Act*, any *Salad* or Pickled *Salmon*, or *Salad* Dry Cod Fish, having been taken and cured at the Coast of the Gulf of *Saint Lawrence*, the Coast of the Bay of *Fundy*, the Coast of *Cap Breton*, or the Coast of *Prince Edward's Island* by *British* Subjects, may be imported from any of the said Ports into this Kingdom, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, that upon the Importation of such Fish into this Kingdom, and also upon the Importation of such Fish into the Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, from any of the said Coasts and Ports, there shall be assessed and paid the same *Bounty*, and the same Rules, Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, that be applied to the Importation of such Fish, the Payment of *Bounty* thereon, and the Exportation thereof, as a and are allowed, made, provided and imposed by the said *Act*: the Coast of such Fish imported into this Kingdom, and the Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey* respectively, from the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*.

“Continuation of *Act* of 17th March 1800. 53.

C A P. XXVII.

An *Act* for establishing Courts of *Justice* on the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands adjacent, and for re-organizing Part of the Coast of *Labrador* and the Islands lying on the said Coast to the Government of *Newfoundland*. [30th March 1809.]

WHEREAS an *Act* was made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, “An *Act* for establishing Courts of *Justice* on the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands adjacent; which, by several subsequent *Acts*, has been amended and the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten: And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said *Act* should be amended, and the like Courts of *Justice* as were thereby ordained, be established and made perpetual? Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by his Commission under the Great Seal, to constitute a Court of Criminal and Civil *Justice*, to be called “The Supreme Court of *Justice* on the Island of *Newfoundland*” with full Power and Authority to hold Plea of all Crimes and Misdemeanors committed within the Island of *Newfoundland*, on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Bays to which Ships or Vessels arrive from the Island of *Newfoundland* by carrying on the Fishery, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, in the same Manner as Plea is holden of such Crimes and Misdemeanors in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and also with full Power and Authority to hold Plea in a summary Way of all Suits, and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of *Newfoundland*, on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Bays aforesaid, and in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*: which Court shall determine such Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature according to the Law of *England* as far as the same can be applied to Suits and Complaints arising in the Islands and Places aforesaid, and the said Court shall be a Court of Record, and shall be holden by a Chief Justice to be appointed by His Majesty, who shall have full Power and Authority as Justice of Peace, and determine all Crimes and Misdemeanors. Suits and Complaints cognizable in the said Court, and such Courts shall have each Clerk and Ministerial Officers: as the Chief Justice shall think proper to appoint; and such Salary shall be paid to the said Chief Justice as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall appoint and direct, and such Salaries be paid to the Clerks and Ministerial Officers aforesaid as shall be appointed by the Chief Justice, with the Consent of the Governor of the Island of *Newfoundland*; which several Salaries shall respectively be in lieu of all other Profits and Emoluments whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor of the Island of *Newfoundland* from Time to Time to constitute Courts of Civil *Justice*, to be called “*Judge* Courts,” in different Parts of the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands aforesaid, as often as shall require, with full Power and Authority to hear and determine, in the like summary Way, all Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of *Newfoundland*, and on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Bays aforesaid, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, and in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*: which Courts shall respectively be Courts of Record, and shall determine according to the Law of *England*, as far as the same can be applied to Suits and Complaints arising in the Islands and Places aforesaid, and the said Courts respectively shall be holden by a *Sheriff* to be appointed from Time to Time by the Governor of the said Island, and shall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine all Suits and Complaints cognizable in the said Courts, and the said Courts shall have each Clerk and Ministerial Officers, with such Salaries as the Governor shall appoint, and such Salaries shall be in lieu of all Profits and Emoluments whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Courts and *Sheriff* Courts respectively, whenever Suit or Complaint shall be depending therein, to cause to appear from Day to Day all Parties interested in the Matter in Dispute, and to examine upon Oath each of them as it shall be deemed proper for better discovering the Truth, and thereupon, and after due Consideration of all Circumstances, to make proper Order, Judgment, or Decree therein, and award such Damages and Costs as the Case shall require; and that in

Said Salaries as Chief Justice at St. Lawrence, &c. by British Subjects may be imported.

Respectively shall be paid on Importation of such Fish, as in File from Newfoundland.

20 G. 3. c. 18, full continued by 40 G. 3. c. 29. § 13.

His Majesty, by Commission under the Great Seal, may call out a Court of Criminal and Civil Justice in Newfoundland.

The Governor with Advice of Chief Justice, may constitute *Sheriff* Courts, &c.

Multiple Proceedings in such Courts.

all Cafes where the Cause of any Suit or Complaint shall not exceed Five Pounds, the Party who is to answer such Suit or Complaint shall be made to appear in Court by Sureties; and in all Cafes where such Sureties shall be dispensed, or where the Cause of any Suit or Complaint shall exceed Five Pounds, and shall be known to be an Affidavit made by the Plaintiff, then that the Party who is to answer such Suit or Complaint may be compelled to appear, by Attachment of his or her Goods, Debts, or Effects, or by Arrest of the Person, and that the Execution of any Order, Judgment, or Decree may be enforced by Attachment of the Goods, Debts, or Credits of the Party, or by Arrest of the Person nearest whom such Order, Judgment, or Decree shall be made; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Chief Justice and Surrogates respectively to authorize some Person or persons their Attorneys respectively to take Possession, and do all Acts pertaining to the said Supreme Court and Surrogate Courts respectively, save and except the signing of, hearing, and determining of any Cause or Matter, or any Suit or Complaint of a Civil Nature.

IV. And be it further enacted, That where the Cause of Action shall exceed the Sum of Forty Shillings, and it shall be proved by the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Suit or Complaint that a Jury may be lawfully to try such Action, it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice and Surrogates respectively, and he and they are hereby respectively required to cause Twenty four Persons to be summoned, of whom Twelve shall be a Jury for the Trial of such Action, and to proceed thence according to Law: Provided always, that if a Number of Jurors sufficient for the Trial of such Action, having been duly summoned, shall not appear to be sworn, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of the said Island to nominate and appoint Two proper Persons to be Additors to the said Chief Justice, and for each Surrogate in his Court in like Manner to nominate and appoint Two proper Persons to be his Additors; which Additors, together with the said Chief Justice and Surrogates respectively, shall proceed to the Trial of such Action in like Manner as if such Jury had not been given.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon any Decree or Judgment given in a Surrogate Court, for any Sum exceeding Forty Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Party against whom such Decree or Judgment shall be given to appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court, having first given Notice of such Intention, and having entered into a Security to the Surrogate in double the Sum for which such Judgment or Decree was given or made, within Two Days after making or giving such Judgment or Decree, for duly prosecuting such Appeal; and upon any Decree or Judgment given in the Supreme Court for any Sum exceeding One hundred Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Party against whom such Decree or Judgment shall be given or made to appeal therefrom to His Majesty in Council, having first given Notice of such Intention, and having entered into Security, to be approved by the Chief Justice, to double the Sum for which such Judgment or Decree was given or made within Two Days after first giving or making of such Judgment or Decree, for duly prosecuting such Appeal; and in all Cafes of Appeal, as soon as Notice shall be given and Security entered into as aforesaid, Execution shall be stayed, but not otherwise.

VI. And Whereas it will greatly contribute to the Advancement of the Trade and Fishery of Newfoundland, if such Effects as Persons becoming insolvent in the said Island of Newfoundland and the Islands thereof were a parcel of or retained upon within the said Island, or in the Islands or Seas thereof, or on the Banks of Newfoundland, should be divided among their Creditors with more Equality than hath hitherto been practised: Be it further enacted, That as often as the Goods, Debts, and Credits of any Person shall be attached, and it shall be made appear to the Court out of which the Process of Attachment hath issued, that the Goods, Debts, and Credits so attached are sufficient to pay Twenty Shillings in the Pound to all those who shall be Creditors by reason of Debts contracted within the Island of Newfoundland, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, or on the Banks of Newfoundland, or in Great Britain and Ireland, it shall be lawful for such Court to summon the Party whose Goods, Debts, and Credits are so attached, together with the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs who have sued out any Attachment, and also such Persons who are known to be Creditors as aforesaid of the Defendant, to appear in Court at a certain Day; and if upon a due Examination of the Defendant and the said Creditors, it shall appear that he or she is insolvent, the Court shall declare him or her insolvent accordingly, and shall immediately proceed to take order for discovering, collecting, and selling the Effects and Debts of such Person, and distributing the Produce thereof ratably amongst all the said Creditors of such Person so declared insolvent, and for that Purpose shall authorize any One or more Creditors of the said Defendant, who shall be chosen by the major Part in Value of such Creditors, whose Debts amount respectively to the Sum of Ten Pounds and upwards, to perform the same; and that such Court shall from Time to Time make such Order therein as shall be deemed proper for better discovery, collecting, and selling the Effects and Debts, and making a reasonable Distribution thereof among the said Creditors.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in the Distribution to be made of the Effects and Debts of such Person so declared insolvent, every Fisherman and Seaman employed in the Fishery, who shall be a Creditor for Wages become due to him or her within Sixteen Months, shall first be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound for so far as the Effects will go; and in the next Place every Person who shall be a Creditor for Supplies furnished in the current Season shall be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound; and in the next Place every Person who shall have become a Creditor within Two Years shall be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound; and lastly, all other Creditors shall be paid ratably as far as the Effects will go.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if such insolvent Person shall make a true Disclosure and Discovery of all his or her Goods and Effects whatsoever, and shall conform him or herself to the Order and Direction of the said Court, the Court shall and may (with the Consent of One-half in Number and Value of his or her Creditors) be certified by the said Court, and such Certificate, when pleaded, shall be a Bar to all Suits and Complaints for Debts contracted within the Island of Newfoundland, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, and on the Banks of Newfoundland, and in Great Britain or Ireland, prior to the Time when he or she was declared insolvent.

IX. And

Made of Trial of Action above as by Part or Affidavit of the Judge.

Appeals from the Surrogate Court to the Supreme Court as follows above and from the Supreme Court to the King in Council as above excepting 1000.

When Goods are attached, and it shall appear the Party insolvent, the Court shall order his Effects to be attached and sold.

Distribution of Effects of insolvent Parties.

Creditors of the Court shall be a Bar to Suits for Debts prior to Insolvency.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Chief Justice, or any Justice or Justices appointed by him for that Purpose under his Seal and Seal, shall have Power on great Admiration of the Effects of Inebriety, and the Probate of Wills, and that the Effects of deceased Persons shall not be administered within the Island of Newfoundland, or on the Islands thereof, or on the Banks of Newfoundland, unless Administration thereof, or Probate of Wills respecting the same, shall have been duly granted by such Authority as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for settling Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland, and the Islands adjacent*, which has by several subsequent Acts been continued to the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be and continue in Force until the opening of the Supreme Court intituled by virtue of this Act, and no longer; and every Suit or Complaint which shall at that Time be depending in the said Court of Civil Jurisdiction shall and may be proceeded upon in the said Supreme Court, in the same Manner as any Suit or Complaint originally commenced in the said Supreme Court.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Court in the Island of Newfoundland, or Islands aforesaid (except the Supreme Court and the Surrogate Courts appointed by virtue of this Act) to hold Pleas of any Suit or Complaint of a Civil Nature, say Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that the Court of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction in the said Island, shall and may hold Pleas of Maritime Causes (except only the Wages of Seamen and Fishermen, which are to be heard and determined in Manner hereinafter directed,) and Causes of the Revenue, as hereinafter provided and unless Provided else, that all Disputes which shall arise concerning the Wages of any Seaman or Fisherman, and all Officers which shall be concerned by any Hire or Employer of such Seaman or Fisherman, against this or any other Act relating to the Island of Newfoundland, or the Islands and Seas aforesaid, or the Fishery thereof, and all Disputes concerning Seamen or Fishermen, wilfully absconding themselves from their Duty or Employ, without the Leave or Consent of their Hire or Employer, or wilfully neglecting or refusing to work, shall and may be heard and determined, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby incurred shall and may be recovered in the Court of Session, or before any Two Justices of the Peace.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court of Session in a summary Way to hear and determine all Suits for the Payment of Debts not exceeding Forty Shillings, and not contracted more than One Year before the Commencement of such Suits respectively, and it shall be lawful for the Court of Session, or such Two Justices respectively, to award Costs thereon; and such Determinations and Awards shall be final, and shall be carried into Execution by Attachment and Sale of the Goods and Effects of the Party against whom the Determination was made.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice to settle such Forms of Process, and such Rules of Practice and Pleading, for the Conduct of all Pleas, Suits, and Complaints, and for the Dispatch of the Business of the said Supreme Court and Surrogate Courts, and of the Business in the Courts of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace respectively, and to appoint such reasonable Fees to be taken for the Conduct and Dispatch of Pleas, Suits, Complaints and other Business as aforesaid, and for the granting Administration of the Effects of Intestates, and for the Probate of Wills, as shall seem necessary and proper for expediting Matters with the most Convenience and least Expence to the Parties concerned therein; and such Process and Rules of Practice and Pleading shall be followed and observed, and such Fees shall be paid accordingly, and so other, and that all such Fees received in any Surrogate Court shall be paid and accounted for by the Surrogate in the said Supreme Court, and that it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice, and he it hereby required to settle and limit what Fees and Pledges shall be taken by the Sheriff of Newfoundland, and the same shall be taken, and none other; provided, that no such Fees for the Dispatch of Pleas, Suits, and Complaints, or other Business as aforesaid, or for granting Administration or Probate of Wills, and no Fees or Pledges to be taken by the Sheriff, shall be taken until the Rate and Table of every Fee or Pledges to be taken shall have been approved by the Governor of the said Island of Newfoundland, and such Approbation signed under his Hand and Seal.

XIV. And Whereas by Majesty by His Proclamations of the Seventh Day of October One thousand five hundred and fifty three, was pleased to declare that he had put the Coast of Labrador from the River Saint John to Halifax's Territory, with the Islands of Antigonish and Melville, and all other smaller Islands lying on the said Coast, under the Care and Jurisdiction of the Governor of Newfoundland: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America*, all such Territories, Islands and Countries, as were the Tenth Day of February One thousand seven hundred and fifty three had been made Part of the Government of Newfoundland, were, during His Majesty's Pleasure, annexed to and made Part of the Province of Quebec, as created by the said Proclamations: And Whereas in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act in regard certain Parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign*, intituled, *An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America*, and in such further Provisions for the Government of the said Province, the said Province of Quebec was divided into Two Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, the latter including the Parts of the Coast of Labrador and the said Islands is lawfully annexed to the Government of Newfoundland: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Coast of Labrador, and the adjacent Islands (except the Islands of Melville) should be removed to the Government of Newfoundland: Be it therefore enacted, That such Parts of the Coast of Labrador from the River Saint John to Halifax's Territory, and the said Islands of Antigonish, and all other smaller Islands is annexed to the Government of Newfoundland by the last Proclamation of the Seventh Day of October One thousand seven hundred and fifty three, (except the said Islands of Melville) shall be separated from the said Government of Lower Canada, and be again annexed to the Government of Newfoundland; any Thing to the contrary in any Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Chief Justice may grant Writs and Administrations.

27 G. 3. c. 28. continued until the opening of the Supreme Court.

No Courts shall hold Pleas except under Provisions of this Act.

Suits for Debts under this, may be decided by the Court of Session.

Chief Justice shall settle Forms of Process, and appoint Fees.

Part of the Coast of Labrador and the Islands lying on the said Coast to be annexed to the Government of Newfoundland.

21 G. 3. c. 21.

Supreme Court
shall hold Pleas
arising within
such Ports.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court of Judicature of the Island of Newfoundland to hold Pleas of all Crimes and Misdemeanors committed, and of all Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within such Parts of the Coast of Labrador from the River Saint John to Halls's Straights, and the said Island of Anticosti, and all other smaller Islands to be assigned to the Government of Newfoundland, or on the Islands, Bays, and Harbours, in which Ships and Vessels repair from the Parts of the Coast of Labrador and the Island and Heads to be assigned to the Government of Newfoundland for carrying on the Fishery, in the same Manner as the said Supreme Court holds Pleas of Crimes and Misdemeanors committed, and of Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of Newfoundland, and on the Islands and Bays aforesaid, and on the Banks of Newfoundland.

Provisional
Applications of
Prisoners.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed by any Act of Parliament made, or which shall hereafter be made, relating to the Island of Newfoundland, or the Fishery thereof, may be recovered in a summary Way in the said Supreme Court, or in any Sarragoite Court; and every Penalty and Forfeiture of the Sum of Ten Pounds or under may be recovered in the Court of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace; and all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed, paid, or levied in any Sarragoite Court, or in any Court of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace, shall be forthwith returned and paid into the said Supreme Court by the Sarragoite, or by the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively before whom they were recovered; and it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court in the Proofs for better compelling such Justices and Sarragoites to bring to account all Moneys which ought to be paid and accounted for as aforesaid; and all Money arising from such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures shall be applied and appropriated towards defraying the Expence of carrying this Act into Execution.

Provision of
Verdicts in
Matters.

General Issues.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Matter or Thing done; and the Defendant in such Suit or Action may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall be convicted or disseised, his Action shall be discontinued, and if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

Treble Costs.

C A P. XXVIII.

As an Act to enable the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench to be admitted as Attorneys. [20th March 1809.]

1809. C. 20.

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Attorneys and Solicitors*, by which it was enacted, (among other Things,) That from and after the Tenth Day of December One thousand seven hundred and thirty, no Person should be permitted to act as an Attorney in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record therein mentioned, unless such Person should have served as a Clerk for and during the Space of Five Years to an Attorney, duly and legally sworn and admitted, and should have been thoroughly examined, sworn, admitted, and enrolled in any of the said Courts respectively: And Whereas by the said Act, it was provided and enacted, That nothing therein contained should extend, or be construed to extend to the Enrolment, Swearing, Admission, or Introsession of the Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery, or the Seven Clerks within their Office or Offices, or Clerks belonging to the said Six Clerks, or the Clerks of the said Court, or of the Clerks of the Post Office, or of the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench, or of the Filazers of the same Court, or of the Filazers of the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, or of the Attorneys of the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, or of the Attorneys of the Court of Exchequer at Chichester, or of the Attorneys of the Courts of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of London respectively for the Time being; but that six said Clerks, Filazers, and Attorneys respectively, should and ought to be examined, sworn, admitted, enrolled, and practise in their respective Courts and Offices aforesaid, in like Manner as they might have been, or done before the making of that Act: And Whereas Objections have been made and allowed to the Title of Admission and Introsession as Attorneys, by virtue and under the said Act of Parliament, of Persons in respect of their having served a Clerkship of Five Years to some of the Clerks in the King's Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench, and having afterwards been admitted to practise as Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney: And Whereas it is expedient that Persons having served a Clerkship of Five Years to some of the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench, and having been afterwards admitted to practise as Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney, should, in respect thereof, be entitled to be admitted and enrolled as Attorneys: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench who have been regularly admitted, or who hereafter may be regularly admitted as such Clerks, shall and may be approved, sworn, and admitted to practise, and may practise as Attorneys in the said Court of King's Bench, and may also practise in any other of the Courts of Record at the said enrolled Act aforesaid, in the same, and with the Consent of all such former Attorneys of such Court, such Consent to be in Writing, and Signed by such Attorney as aforesaid, in the same Manner as the Attorneys of such Court, or the Attorneys or Clerks of the Offices of the King's Remembrancer, Treasurer's Remembrancer, Pope or Officer of Pleas, in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster &c. is used by the said Act aforesaid to do.

Clerks of Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench may be admitted and practise as Attorneys.

Public Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. XXX.

An Act for the Appropriation of Twenty thousand Pounds out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, towards the Encouragement of the sowing of Flax Seed for sowing in Ireland. [18th April 1809.]

" His Majesty empowered to pay to the Trustees of the Linnen and Hempst Manufactures to the use of the said Consolidated Fund. § 1. To be applied as Bounties for the Encouragement of sowing of Flax Seed, the Growth of the present Year, under Regulations to be made by the Trustees. § 2. Bounties shall be paid on Seed in Possession of the Growers (their Executors, &c.) on 15th January 1810; which shall be credited to be paid. § 3. Application of the Bounty shall be assessed for Sowing Combs of Flaxseed. § 4. Penalty of Perjury on Persons taking false Oaths. § 5. Act may be altered or repealed. § 6. The Schedule. § 6.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Acts for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for warehousing in Ireland, Rum or Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations. [18th April 1809.]

" 47 G. 3 A. C. 19 (continued by 48 G. 3. c. 17.) further continued till March 25, 1810, except as to warehousing British Plantation Sugar. § 1.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act all British Plantation Sugar which before the passing of this Act or at any Time when the said Sugar should, shall have been or shall be warehoused in Ireland, shall be subject and liable to the Rules, Regulations, and Provisions, contained in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament intitled, *An Act to amend certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or stored without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.*

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's R. Ten. intitled, *An Act to empower the Importers or Proprietors of Rum or Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations to land the same in Ireland, before Payment of the Duties of Excise thereon, and to lodge the same in March after at their own Expense, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which, by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, was continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be and be the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; Provided always, that Rum and Spirits lodged in any warehouse under the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, shall be permitted to pass thereon for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, from the Time when the same shall have been or shall be first Warehoused, and shall not be taxed by the Commissioners of Customs at any Time before the Expirement of such Three Calendar Months, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

" Act may be altered or repealed. § 4.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from Ireland, and for permitting the Importation into Ireland, Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions. [18th April 1809.]

" So much of 47 G. 3 (U. K.) c. 16. (last continued by 48 G. 3. c. 17.) as enables the Lord Lieutenant to prohibit the Exportation to and Importation from Ireland of Corn and Provisions, further continued to March 25, 1810, except in far as respects the Exportation of Corn, Grain, or Flour to Great Britain.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence, imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Assurances, Penalties, and Surcharges, and thereby granted for One Year to the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine. [18th April 1809.]

" WHEREAS certain Rates and Duties were granted to His Majesty by One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Money, Tithes, and Profits, &c.* § 1. Great Britain, and on Penalties and Offices in England, and for imposing a new and certain Rate on certain Duties of Justice and on the Bishop's revenues, in Offices and Profits, and for re-granting the said Duties of Sixpence and One Shilling respectively, and the said other Duties for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight, and it is expedient to continue the same to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors forever; May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be added, rated, levied and paid out and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Assurances, Penalties, Surcharges and other Payments, Salaries, Fees, Wages,

Sugar shall be warehoused in Ireland and be subject to the said Act of 1809.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 19. further continued till March 25, 1810.

Act to amend the said Act of 1809, and to amend the said Act of 1809, and to amend the said Act of 1809.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

47 G. 3. U. K. c. 16. further continued to March 25, 1810.

necessary Charges for rating and assessment for the same excepted), shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Birmingham*, separate and apart from each other, and from all other Rates and Duties, and shall be carried on, and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

" All may be altered or repealed this Section. § 6.

The SCHEDULE referred to by the Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign.
No. I.

For every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount of all Salaries, Fees and Perquisites incident to, or received for or in respect of all Offices and Employments of Profit in Great Britain, granted by or derived from the Crown, excluding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, which have been heretofore rated or affixed by virtue of any Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, and which form the Aid for the Redemption of such Part thereof as was charged on Lands, Tenures and Hereditaments, have been rated or affixed to the Tax on Offices or Employments of Profit, by virtue of any Act or Acts for assessing the said land improved Tax for One Year, and from Year to Year, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of One Shilling.

For every Twenty Shillings of all Pensions and other Gratuits payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain exceeding the Annual Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of One Shilling.

No. II.

For and upon^(*) all Salaries, Fees, and Wages, payable for or in respect of Offices of Profit granted by or derived from the Crown, which have heretofore been rated or affixed in Manner aforesaid, and for and upon all Pensions and Annuities charged upon the Revenue of Great Britain, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of Sixpence.

* Every one of the yearly Value or Amount of (50 *l.* s. 11^d)

EXEMPTIONS to the several Duties, as set forth in the Schedules No. I. and II. before mentioned.

Any of the Royal Family.

Any Person on the Staff of His Majesty's Army; any Commissioned or Non-commissioned Officer or Private in the Army, Artillery, Marines, or Corps of Engineers, or in the Militia or Volunteers, or in the Navy.

Any Person or Company which His Majesty's Royal Proclamation, or His Majesty shall have been, or His said Majesty, His Heir or Successor, shall be, pleased to declare in the Warrant, Order, or other Instrument, directing Payment thereof to be intended as Charitable Donations.

Any Office or Employment in any of the Universities in Great Britain.

In every Case when any Salary, Wage, Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or other Payments payable in respect of any Office or Employment of Profit, or any Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other Payment, shall have been specially exempted from the Payment of Aids and Taxes by any Act of Parliament.

In every Case, where any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment of, or in respect of any Office or Employment, or any Provisions of such Salary, Stipend, or other Payment which shall be payable to any Person in respect of his having held any Office or Employment, or upon his Superannuation from such Office or Employment, shall have been or shall be directed to be paid out or without Deduction, by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, or by any any Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

In every Case where the Charge or Charges of One Shilling and of Sixpence respectively, or of either of them, or any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, shall have been directed to be repaid or re-imbursed to the Party charged with the said Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence respectively out of the Publick Revenue, or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund or Incidents of any Department of Office by like Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, or by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment out or without Deduction of any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, and the Authority for the Re-payment out of the Publick Revenue, or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund or Incidents of any Department of Office of any Charge made in any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department in which such Office or Employment belongs, or such Payment is made, to be so paid out or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

RULES for charging the said several and respective Duties contained in No. I. and II. or either of them.

The said Duties shall extend to and be charged upon all Payments whatsoever made or to be made to any Person who shall have been superannuated, or shall have retired from any Office or Employment chargeable under this Act, in like Manner and to the like Extent as such Payments would have been chargeable if such Person had
49 Con. III. 4 X continued

continued to hold such Office or Employment, except such Office or Employment of Profit as are expressly excepted therefrom by this Act.

The said Duties shall extend to all Payments out of any Contingent Fund or Fee Fund, or Income of any Department or Office, in like Manner as to any Payment out of the Publick Money, except as aforesaid.

The Profits of every such Office or Employment hereby chargeable with the said Duty of One Shilling upon the Salaries, Fees, and Perquisites thereof, and the Profits of every such Office or Employment of Profit hereby chargeable with the said Duty of Sixpence, upon the Salary, Fees, and Wages thereof, shall lawfully and respectively be computed, raised, levied and paid according to the Annual Value at which such Profits respectively stand valued and rated in the last Assessment to the said Tax on Offices and Employments of Profit by such Annual Act as aforesaid.

All Offices and Employments of Profit exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, and hereby charged with the said Duty of One Shilling, for every Twenty Shillings thereof, shall also be further chargeable with the said Duty of Sixpence for every Twenty Shillings thereof, according to the Provisions of the Act enforcing the said Duty of Sixpence, and all Offices and Employments of Profit exceeding the said Annual Value, and hereby charged with the said Duty of Sixpence, shall also be further chargeable with the said Duty of One Shilling according to the Provisions of this Act respecting the said Duty of One Shilling, and the Charge or Payment of either of the said Duties in respect of each Office or Employment of Profit as last aforesaid, shall not be construed to contravene any Provision for the Charge or Payment of the other of them.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to grant an Excise Duty on Spirits made or distilled from Sugar in Ireland, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain there, in lieu of the Excise Duty now chargeable thereon; and to allow a Drawback on the Export thereof to Foreign Parts. [14th April 1809.]

WHEREAS the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Ireland is prohibited by Law for a limited Time; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, during the Time in which the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in Ireland shall be so prohibited, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto, and to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vite, Sotney Waters, or Spirits, which at any Time or Times during such Prohibition shall be made or distilled in Ireland from Sugar, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Ten-pence Half-penny British Currency and no more, in lieu of the Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Eleven-pence Half-penny British Currency, granted on such Spirits by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intimated, *As also in regard to the Monthly Duties upon Still made in Ireland, and upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof; and that for every Gallon of such Spirits which shall have been distilled during such Prohibition as aforesaid, and which shall be exported from Ireland, to any Place except to Great Britain, and which shall not be exported from Warehouses in Ireland, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Five Shillings and Eight-pence, and no more.*

Duty and Drawback shall be levied and paid in Manner prescribed by aited Act. § 2.

III And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of any Charge on any Decrease of Wash produced from Sugar under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the Time of the passing of this Act, the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of the Wash in the Distillery of any Distiller in Ireland shall, on any Decrease of Wash produced from Sugar, charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Eighteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Wash so decreased, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity of Wash.

An Act may be shewed or repeated this Session. § 4.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to permit the Registry at Malta of Ships taken as Prize.

[14th April 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, during such Time as the Island of Malta shall remain under the British Government, to permit the Registry in the said Island of Ships and Vessels which are condemned there as lawful Prize, and to extend to Ships and Vessels so registered the same Privileges and Advantages as are granted to Prize Ships and Vessels registered in Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, or the Commissioners exercising the Civil Power in the said Island, and he and they in and so hereby authorized and required, on Application being made to them or either of them for that Purpose, to make Registry of any such Ship or Vessel, and to grant a Certificate of such Registry, in the same Manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, residing in any Colony, Plantation, Island, or Territory, belonging to His Majesty, in Asia, Africa, or America, are by an Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated, *As also for the further Increase of Shipping and Navigation, authorized to make Registry of the Ships and Vessels therein mentioned, and to grant Certificates of such Registry.*

II. And

During the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn, there shall be allowed, on Spirits distilled from Sugar, the sum of 20s. British per Gallon, in lieu of the 11s. 6d. under 41 G. 3. c. 75. and a Drawback of 14. 6d. per Gallon shall be allowed on Exports.

Charge on Distillers of 12d. Culture of Spirits for every 100 Culture of Sugar Wash.

Consent of Malts, for any such Registry of Vessels condemned there as Prize, and great Certificates thereof hereby Such Expenses as Consensus, residing in any Colony, &c. may do by 36 G. 3. c. 63.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities in relation to any Affairs, Matters, or Things that may be done by the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, in any such Colony, Plantation, Island, or Territory, under and in pursuance of the said recited Acts, shall and may be done and put in Execution, and shall extend to the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, and the Commissioner exercising the Civil Power in the said Island of *Maha*; and all and every Pilot, Purser, Mate, or Portmaster, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of the said recited Acts, and every other Class, Matter, and Thing, therein contained, as in the Registry of Ships and Vessels, shall, so far as the same are applicable, extend and be deemed, construed, and taken to extend to Ships and Vessels registered under and in pursuance of this Act, as well and in like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers and Authorities, Powers, Privileges, Fees, Forfeitures, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel so condemned as lawful Prize, and registered as aforesaid, being owned and navigated according to Law, shall be entitled to the Privileges and Advantages of a Peace Ship or Vessel in like Manner, as if condemned and registered in Great Britain, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel so condemned as lawful Prize and registered as aforesaid, being owned wholly or in Part by any Person or Persons not being *British-born* Subjects, but being Natives of and Residents in the said Island, and being navigated by a Master and Three-fourths of the Mates either *British* Subjects or Natives of the said Island, shall, during the Time that the said Island shall remain under the *British* Government, and for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after and no longer, be entitled to the Privileges and Advantages of a Peace Ship or Vessel, in like Manner as if condemned and registered in Great Britain, in so far as respects the direct Trade between the said Islands of Great Britain and so on and from the said Island and any Place within the Straights, and in so other Trade whatsoever, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; Provided always, that in every Certificate of Registry which shall be granted by virtue of this Act, an Intention shall be made in the Front thereof, stating whether the Ship or Vessel so registered is owned wholly or in part by Persons who are Natives of and resident in the said Island of *Maha*, or otherwise.

V. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers or Officers by whom Certificates of Registry shall have been granted by virtue of and in pursuance of this Act, shall send forth, or within One Month after the further, returns to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in London, a true and exact Copy of every Certificate of Registry, with the Number thereof, which shall have been so granted.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for the more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy.

[18th April 1809.]

WHEREAS His late Majesty King George the Second was graciously pleased, by Commission under the Great Seal, bearing Date the Twentieth Day of *April* in the Sixth Year of His Majesty, to constitute and appoint certain Persons, and their Successors, to be Commissioners or Generous of the Charity for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commission and Warrent Officers of the Royal Navy; And whereas it would greatly tend to the Comfort and Accommodation of the Widows of Commission and Warrent Officers of the Royal Navy, entitled to Pensions from the said Commissioners or Governors, if such Pensions were paid to the said widows either at their own or the Parishes or Places of their Residence, or as near thereto as may be; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixty, it shall be lawful for the Court of Assistants of the said Charity, to order and direct that all such Pensions shall be paid to the Widows entitled thereto, as or near the Parishes or Places of their Residence, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, by any Persons appointed by them to pay the same.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Court of Assistants to make such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time to alter the same in relation to the Payment of any such Pensions to any such Persons as are aforesaid; and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts, or Orders for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments, and to require such Pensions and Allowances relating thereto, as may be requisite for the ordering and bearing the Payment of such Pensions: Provided always, that every such Order or Regulation may, from Time to Time, be revoked or altered by any Warrant, Order, or Instruction under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixty, if any Widow who shall be entitled to receive any such Pension, shall be desirous to receive the same from any Receiver-General of the Land Tax in Great Britain, Collector of the Customs in any Part in Great Britain or Ireland, Collector of the Excise for any Collection in Great Britain or Ireland, or Clerk of the Chequer at any Dock Yard in Great Britain near to the Place of her Residence, it shall be in the Power of such Widow to certify in writing before the Time of issuing such Pensions by Letter to the Secretary to the Court of Assistants at the Admiralty Office, to have such Pension paid by such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer and shall, in the said Time, transfer such Vouchers and Documents as shall be required by the said Court of Assistants.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Assistants on being furnished of the Justice of the said Clause, shall order and direct the said Paymaster to make out, or cause to be made out, Two Re-entrance Bills

Power of such
Governors
appointed to
Command of
Islands, &c.

The Rights of
such Ships to
be Great Britain.

Ships so
registered, owned
by Natives of
Maha, may be
registered in
Great Britain
Ships in Great
Britain, &c.
which shall be
made British
Goverments.

Copies of Certi-
ficates of Registry
shall be sent
forward to Board
of Customs in
London.

Court of
Assistants of the
Charity for the
Relief of Widows
of Officers of the
Navy, may direct
the Pensions to
be paid to the
Widows at the
Places of their
Residence, &c.

Court of
Assistants may
make such Regu-
lations as to the
Payment of such
Pensions as
they think
proper, &c.

Widows may
apply to have
such Pensions
paid by the
Receiver-General
of the Land Tax,
or the Collector
of the Customs,
or Excise, &c.

Court of
Assistants may

order the Paymaster to make out Two Duplicate Remittance Bills, payable to such Widow by the Receiver General, &c.

for the Purposes due to such Widow, which said Bills shall be Duplicates of each other, and shall be joined together by oblique Lines, Paragraphs, or Devices, and shall be made payable to such Widow by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, to whom the said Remittance Bills shall be addressed; and such Remittance Bills, being numbered and dated, shall be filed by the said Promoter, who shall cause such Remittance Bills to be prepared, and Accounts thereof to be kept, and such Remittance Bills, being written or printed, shall be according to the Tenor and Form following, or to the like Effect

* No. 1.

Day of

* Sr,

* PAY to A. B. of _____ on her producing and shewing the Duplicate hereof, the Sum of _____ being for the Purposes payable to the said A. B. as a Widow of _____ [or the Copy may be], on the _____ Day of _____ 1809, if the same be demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date hereof; otherwise you are to return this Bill to the Paymaster of Postages at His Majesty's Office.

G. D. Paymaster.

* To the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County of _____

* To the Collector of the Customs at the Port of _____

* To the Collector of Excise at _____

* To the Clerk of the Cheque at _____

* By virtue of the Act 49th Geo. III.

* N. B. The forging of this Remittance Bill, or procuring any other Person to forge the same, or to order to receive any Part of the Money lawfully payable, is made Treason by the Act 49th Geo. III.

One Duplicate shall be sent to the Widow and the other to the Receiver-General, &c. who shall, on the Widow's producing the Duplicate, pay her the Sum intended therein, &c.

And in case as the said Bills are made out and signed, the Promoter, or Person to be appointed by the said Paymaster, shall not or cause them to be cut aside, through his oblique Lines, Paragraphs, or Devices; and shall cause one Duplicate to be transmitted to the Widow named therein, to whom the Money that he made payable, and the other Duplicate to be transmitted to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, to whom the same shall be addressed, and if the Duplicate of such Bill shall be produced by the Widow, to whom the same shall be made payable, to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, to whom the same shall be addressed, within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, he shall not lawfully receive the same with the Duplicate transmitted to him as aforesaid, and being obliged by the Administration thereof, and of the Executor of the Widow producing the same to him, he shall immediately pay the Sum contained therein to such Widow, without Fee, or Reward, or Detraction, or any Proctor whatsoever, unless a Receipt for such Payment on the Back of the Bill, which Bill, and the Duplicate thereof, being transmitted by the Person who shall pay the same to the said Paymaster, shall be immediately repaid to him by such Receiver-General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, or his Order, but so as the Duplicate of such Bill shall not be so produced, and Payment thereof demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, then the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, shall return the Duplicate thereof in his Hands to the said Paymaster at his Office in London, who shall cause the same to be cancelled; and whereas the Sum contained in such Bill shall become payable to the Widow in whole or in Part, or to her lawful Representatives, in case of her Death, in the same Manner as if such Bill had never been issued.

Receiver General, &c. shall not refuse to pay the Duplicate on the Date of its being presented, he will be liable to the said Receiver General, &c. if he refuses to pay the Bill, &c. and appears a Day of Payment within a Month. Penalty on Persons delaying Payment unlawfully, &c.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, to whom the Duplicate of any such Bill shall be tendered for Payment, shall not receive his Hands Publick Moneys sufficient to answer the same, and shall for that Reason refuse or delay the immediate Payment thereof, such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, shall immediately render on the said Duplicate the Date of its being so tendered to him, and the Cause of his Refusal or Delay to pay the same; and shall appear thereon for the Payment of the same some letter Date, within the Space of one Month at the farthest from its being so first tendered to him as aforesaid; and such Duplicate, with the Indorsement aforesaid, shall be immediately delivered back to the Person suing the same; and if upon Complaint made to the respective Commissions appointed, or to be appointed, to manage a said former Date of Land Tax, Customs, or Excise, or to the Commissioners of the Navy if the Person complained of be a Clerk of the Cheque, it shall appear that such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, hath unlawfully or wilfully refused or delayed the Payment of such Bill, or lawfully or indirectly, by himself or any Person under him, received or taken any Fee, Reward, Gratuity, Detraction, or Detraction whatsoever, on account of the Payment of the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Three or more of the said Commissions to enquire and see the Parties under their Direction so offending, in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence; and such Fine shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Penalty or Fine may be levied and recovered for any Offence against the Laws of Customs or Excise; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers.

On Complaints of Informers being presented, the Receiver General, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if such Widow to whom the Remittance Bill shall be made payable, shall be prevented and disabled by bodily Infirmary from appearing in Person before the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, and such bodily

Informers

Indemur being properly and satisfactorily certified by the Minister, and a Clerk or one of the Parish where such Widow shall reside, or by the Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary attending her, then and in such Case the Sum contained in such Bill, shall be paid to the Order in Writing of such Widow, upon producing and giving up to said Receiver-General of the Land-Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, such Certificate of bodily Infirmary as aforesaid, together with a Duplicate of the said Bill, and a proper Receipt on the Back of the same, signed by the Widow in whole: Favour the Bill shall have been drawn payable, and witnessed by the Parson who shall receive the Money.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Affidavits, Suborn, Oaths, Orders, Commissions, Agreements, or Securities whatsoever which shall be given or made by any Widow entitled to any such Pension, shall be absolutely null and void, in all Courts and before.

VIII. And be it enacted, That all Letters and Petitions sent by the said Paymaster shall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine, be first sent from the Deputy Postage; and all Letters and Petitions relating to the Execution of this Act, that shall be forwarded by such Paymaster, shall be under Covers with the Words "Parliament to Act of Parliament Forty-fifth Geo. III." printed upon the same; and the said Paymaster shall write his name under the Words so printed, and be in hereby strictly prohibited and discharged from and from, or sending under such Covers any Writing, Paper, or Parcel whatever, excepting such as relate to the Execution of this Act; and if he shall send or convey under the Covers aforesaid any Writing, Paper, or Parcel, other than those relating to the Execution of this Act, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and such Fine shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, as all Inquests and Perjuries, as any Condition may be made, and any Penalty or Fine levied or recovered, for any Offence against any Law by which any Duty of Customs or Excise is imposed or laid; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers against such Offender or Offenders.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any Person shall wilfully and knowingly perjure, or falsely affirm the Name or Character of, or procure any other Person to perjure or falsely to affirm the Name or Character of any Widow entitled, or supposed to be entitled to any such Pension aforesaid, in order to secure the same, or any Part thereof, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Term, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the Court shall adjudge.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or make or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully set, or sell in forging or counterfeiting, the Name or Hand writing of any Widow entitled to any such Pension, or if any Person or Persons required by any Order or Regulations made under and by virtue of this Act to sign any Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, in relation to the Payment of any such Pension, for such in order to the receiving or obtaining any Money on any such Pension, or shall utter as true any false, forged, or counterfeited Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intention to defraud any Person whatsoever, every such Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and is hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Term, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the said Court shall adjudge.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Orders, Certificates, Vouchers, Remittance Bills, and Receipts, for or relating to any such Pensions, shall be free from all Duties of Stamp, and be good, valid, and effectual, although the same shall not have been stamped; any Thing to any act contrary to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, for creating and establishing Publick Infirmarys or Hospitals. [18th April 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for creating and establishing Publick Infirmarys or Hospitals in this Kingdom,"* seeing that the 5th Clause by the said Act of the Parliament of Ireland empowered to be called had proved insufficient, it was enacted, That it should be lawful for the Grand Jury in each and every County in Ireland to petition to be raised in the County at large, a Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in the Year, over and above and exclusive of the Sum which they were empowered to collect by the said recited Act, to be paid and applied to the Support and Maintenance of the County Infirmary or Hospital in such Counties: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, extends to Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, for the creating and establishing of Publick Infirmarys or Hospitals, whereas special Provisions has been made by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland: For the clearing of such Doubts, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, and the several Provisions therein contained, relating to petitioning and raising any Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in all Counties in Ireland, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, for the creating, establishing, supporting, and maintaining of any Publick Infirmarys or Hospitals, whereas any special Provisions have been made by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland; and a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five hundred Pounds shall be accordingly petitioned and raised in such Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, under the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, and this Act.

Indemur to pay the Contents of the Bill to the Order of the Widow.

Affidavits of Pension to be void.

Letters and Petitions sent by the Paymaster to be first of Postage.

Penalties for personing Widows entitled to Pensions, Fourteen Years Transportation.

Penalties for forging Bills or Certificates, An-Fourteen Years Transportation.

Bills and Certificates, &c. exempted from Stamp Duties.

43 G. 3. c. 11th, amending 45th Act 1. 4. 5. 6. 7.

Penalties of second Act relating to raising any Sum not exceeding 200l. in Counties, extended to Counties of Cities and Towns.

II. POWERS

When there are Two or more Petitions in any such County as is here set forth, the Money raised shall be equally divided.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall happen that in any such County of a City or County of a Town in England, there shall be Two or more Petitions or Resolutions submitted to the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, for erecting and establishing Publick Libraries or Hospitals, all and every such Sum of Money set according to the Whole the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, as shall be so presented and raised under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year and this Act, shall be equally divided between and applied among such several Libraries or Hospitals in such County of a City or County of a Town, and shall be paid over by the Treasurer of such County of a City or County of a Town to the several and respective Treasurers of the said respective Libraries or Hospitals, in equal Shares and Proportions.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Inkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. [18th April 1809.]

“ The Rates are the same as in 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 35.—Commencement of Act from 24 March 1808 to 25 March 1809.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act for farther continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland. [18th April 1809.]

“ 25 G. 3. c. 74. (Act continued by 48 G. 3. c. 25.) further continued to 25 July 1811.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments as have been purchased for better securing His Majesty's Dock, Ships, and Stores at Portsmouth; and for extending the Lines and Works at Dover; in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty. [18th April 1809.]

“ Recital of 45 G. 3. c. 105, whereby Premises were vested in Trustees for the Use of the Ordnance Office.
 “ 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, awarded as the Value of the Premises. The said Sum shall be paid out of the Supplies for 1809, &c.
 “ Surveyor-General of the Ordnance shall make out Bills to the Persons entitled to the Money awarded as the Value of Premises, &c. and Debitors shall be prepared thereupon. § 3. Debitors shall be paid to the Persons entitled thereto. § 3. When Money is awarded to be paid to Trustees, the Debitors shall be paid to the Deputy Receivers. § 4. Who shall pay it into the Bank. § 5. Court of Exchequer shall have a Control over the Application of such Money. § 6. Powers of the Deputy of the King's Receiver shall devolve on his Successor. § 7. In case of Refusal to accept Debitors, the Clerk of the Ordnance shall deposit the same with the Clerk of the Peace, and the Premises shall thereupon be vested to the Use of His Majesty. § 8. Limitation of Action, Six Months. General Issue. Treble Costs. § 9.

C A P. XL.

An Act to amend and render more efficient an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions for the Defence of the Realm. [11th May 1809.]

“ WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions for the Defence of the Realm*; And
 “ Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be amended and rendered more efficient, and the further Provision should be made for carrying into Execution the Purposes thereof; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted? And be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every Case in which His Majesty shall by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual have ordered and directed, or shall hereafter order or direct, that the Local Militia of any County shall be raised or enrolled under the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty at any Time thereafter, by any Order of his Principal Secretary of State, to direct the supplying any Debitors or filling up of any Vacancies in the listing or enrolling Men in such County from Time to Time, without any further or other Warrant or Order of His Majesty for that Purpose, and notwithstanding any Suspension of Ballot for the regular Militia.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful at any Time before the Local Militia of any County shall be completed to the full Amount of Six Times the Quota of the original Militia, and also at any Time thereafter when any Vacancies shall arise in such Local Militia, whether any such Order or Direction shall by Warrant or otherwise have been made or given for the supplying the Debitors or Vacancies in such Local Militia or not, for any Person (as well Members of Volunteer Corps as others,) voluntarily to enrol themselves in the Local Militia of such County, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act, until the full Number of Men required by virtue of the said recited Act in such County shall be completed.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Members of any Volunteer Corps shall have transferred themselves into the Local Militia of any County, or any Persons shall have voluntarily enrolled themselves in such Local Militia, all Vacancies or Deficiencies therefrom arising in the full Number of Persons who shall have been so enrolled in such Local Militia, by any such Persons enlisting or entering into His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or engaging as Soldiers, or enlisting as Volunteers in the Regular Militia, or by Discharge, Absence, Detachment, Death, or Expatriation of Service, or Prosecution of Persons Men to be Scrutinized Corporals, or otherwise, shall be filled up without any Order or Direction of His Majesty, or His Principal Secretary of State for that Purpose, and notwithstanding any Suspension of Ballot for the Regular Militia, and notwithstanding the whole Number of such Local Militia Ballot, together with the Volunteers forming it and for the County, Division, or Parish, in which such Deficiencies may exist, or Vacancies shall have arisen or may arise, be more than equal to Six Times the Amount of the Quotas of Regular Militia of such County, or any Thing to the said recited Act in the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on such Deficiencies or Vacancies in any County in which the Number of Persons who have transferred themselves into the Local Militia, shall be more than equal to Six Times such Quotas as aforesaid, shall be supplied or required to be supplied until the Number of such Local Militia shall be reduced below the Proportion of Men required for such County.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person balloted or enrolled to serve or serving in the Local Militia to enlist or enter into the Regular Militia under any Act of the Session of Parliament for completing the Militia, in any Time except during such Period of being balloted for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise, as His Majesty shall by any Order made in that behalf prefixed, and the Enlisting or Entry of every such Man shall be immediately certified by the Officer with whom such Man shall have enlisted or entered, to the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Local Militia from which such Man shall have enlisted or entered; and all Vacancies arising by any such enlisting or entering as aforesaid, shall be filled up in such Manner as any other Vacancies in the Local Militia.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Officer or Non-commissioned Officer, or Corporal, or Private Man of any of His Majesty's Fusiliers or Marines, or of the Regular Militia, or Grenadier, or Churchwarden of any Parish, or any other Person shall enlist or persuade to enlist any Man serving in any Regiment of the Local Militia during any such Part of the Period of such Regiment being attested for Training or Exercise, as shall be prescribed by His Majesty as the Period of Attestation, during which Persons serving in the Local Militia shall not enlist; on Pain of forfeiture, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered as the like Penalty for enlisting a Militia Man may be recovered under any Act relating to the Militia.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Deficiencies and Vacancies which shall have arisen in the Local Militia, or which shall hereafter arise by reason of any Private Men being made Corporals or Sergeants, or by reason of any enlisting into the Regular Militia under any Act of the Session of Parliament, shall be filled up and supplied according to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act and the several Acts relating to the Militia, as far as the same are applicable.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy Lieutenants of any County, in any Case in which it shall appear to them to be necessary or proper, by reason of any Quotas of Local Militia of any Division of any County, or of any Parishes of any Division, which shall have been fixed according to the original Quotas of the Regular Militia under the said Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, being found by any Returns now made or which may hereafter be made, are to be in proportion to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia in such respective Hundreds or Parishes, to make any new Appointments and alterations and make any Quotas of Local Militia as to any Division of any County, or as to any Parishes in any Division, either by any Alteration of the Proportions of any such Quotas of the Regular Militia under the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, or by any new Appointments as to such Division, or as to the Parishes in any Division according to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia: Provided always, that all Quotas of Local Militia which shall hereafter be fixed and ascertained for any Division, or for any Parishes of any Division, shall remain and be deemed to be the proper Quotas of such Divisions and Parishes respectively, unless and until the Deputy-Lieutenants shall deem it necessary to alter and shall have altered the same, and settled any new Quotas under the said Act of the said Forty-second Year aforesaid and this Act.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant and Deputy-Lieutenants at any General Meeting, and they are hereby required to ascertain and fix by Ballot the Order in which the respective Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes in their respective Counties shall stand as to the supplying any Deficiencies or Vacancies that may exist or arise therein by reason of the Appointments of any Persons living in the Local Militia of any such County to be Sergeants or Corporals, and shall, immediately after the same shall be so ascertained and fixed, cause such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes respectively, to be entered in such Order, in a List to be prepared for that Purpose; and such Vacancies shall be filled up by such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes, in the Order in which they shall have been entered in such List as aforesaid, and not by the Parishes to which the Men so promoted shall have served.

X. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the Number of Men enrolled in any Division, Hundred, or Parish of any County, shall be more than the relative Proportion of such Division, Hundred, or Parish, it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants at any General or Subdivision Meeting for any County where any such Inequality shall exist, to ascertain and fix by Ballot or otherwise, in what Manner the Surplus of Numbers of Men so enrolled in any such Division, Hundred, or Parish, shall be applied and appointed among the other Divisions, Hundreds, or Parishes of such County, and how and in what Proportions, and in what Order any future Deficiencies and Vacancies are to be filled up and supplied by such other Divisions, Hundreds, or Parishes as aforesaid.

Yorshire Bill
to amend an Act
passed in the
Sixteenth
Year of His
Majesty's
present Majesty
George the Third
in relation to the
Regiment of
Militia.

But such Deficiencies shall not be supplied till the Number is reduced below the Proportion, Local Militia Men may enlist into the Regular Militia [if above six Classes or 63, 2 1819] except during annual Training.

Penalty on Officers, &c. enlisting a Local Militia Man during such Period of Training not.

New Vacancies by promotion of Corporals, and Sergeants, and enlisting, shall be filled up.

Deputy-Lieutenants may make new Appointments in such Division or Parish, in the Order in which the Quotas are settled in proportion to the relative Numbers liable to serve, &c.

Lieutenancy Bill to amend the Order in which Subdivisions, &c. shall stand by Discharge of Private men of Sergeants, &c.

Deputy-Lieutenants shall regulate the Proportions of Numbers in Divisions.

43 G. 3. c. 115.
425 1809
Persons who
have an educa-
tion reading
English shall
be eligible, &c.
except
such Members of
Volunteer
Corps.

Persons may
agree to give
Two Guinea
Bounty.

Beneficial to
Persons serving
in Local Militia
shall be deemed
to be eligible, &c.
and except, if
they shall not
be the Line which
exists therein.

48 G. 3. c. 113.
481, 24 1809
Regiments of
Battalions out of
County Rates
regarded.

No Bounties to
Members of
Volunteer Corps
which serve
within the Act.

Volunteers
transferred to
Local Militia
may be liable to
serve as Regular
Militia.

Officers com-
manding Volun-
teers transferred
to the Local
Militia shall
retain their
Command, &c.

Lieutenants-
Colonel Com-
mandant shall
command the
Battalions-Column
of Officers
of Yeomanry
Corps.

Local Officers of
Local Militia
shall be eligible to
be promoted in
Volunteer
Corps.

Non-Resident
may grant Com-
mission.

No Young Men
as Commissioned
as Local Militia.
They are Pay or
Money on
Account of
Local Militia,
&c. may be
drawn on un-
stamped Paper.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, be it to the said recited Act as respects that any Person who shall voluntarily send himself to serve in the Local Militia under the said recited Act (except Members of Volunteer Corps transferring themselves) shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Two Guineas, to be paid upon his Enlistment, over and above any Sum to which he may be entitled for Necessarys, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, with the Consent of the Trustees taken at a Vestry, or any other Meeting to be called and had for that Purpose, of which Two Days Public Notice shall be given, to agree to give a Bounty to any Person voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia for such Parish; provided that such Bounty or Sum of Money shall be so Collected for the Sum of Two Guineas for such Person, to be paid upon Enlistment, exclusive of Necessarys; and such Sum for Bounties may and shall be raised, and levied and collected in such Manner, and under such and the like Rules, Regulations, and Provisions, as any Sum allowed to be given to Volunteers for the Militia under an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Whole of the Bounty which shall have been paid to any Person enrolled in the Local Militia, whether the same shall have been paid by His Majesty, or by any Parish under the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, shall, if such Person shall thereafter at any Period within One Year next after the Army, Navy, or Marines, be detached from the Bounty payable to such Person upon his enlisting; and if such Person shall enlist at any Time after the Expiration of One Year and before the Expiration of Two Years, then One Half of such Bounty shall be deducted as aforesaid, and the Amount so deducted shall be repaid to the Person by whom, or to the Account from which the Bounty is deducted and repaid, shall have been advanced.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That inasmuch as the said recited Act as respects or requires that any Sum of Money advanced or paid for the Bounties of Two Guineas allowed by the said recited Act, to Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia, or transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, shall be paid or repaid out of any County Rate, or added upon any Parish in any County, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that no Person transferring himself from any Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall be entitled in any Bounty upon being enrolled in the Local Militia, which he shall have been a Member of a Volunteer Corps before the passing of this Act, and shall have continued a Member of a Volunteer Corps up to the Period of his transferring himself as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall transfer himself as a Member of a Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, and shall be thereupon enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be liable to be called upon to be enrolled or serve in the Regular Militia by virtue of his having been admitted and entered for the Regular Militia, during the Period of his having been a Member of a Volunteer Corps; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant of any County, or for any Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Regiments, Battalion or Battalions, or Corps of Volunteers who shall transfer himself into the Local Militia with his Regiment or Regiments, Battalion or Battalions, or Corps, or with Part thereof, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, to retain such Command, and to continue to act as Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Regiments, Battalions or Corps, transferred and become Local Militia, and together with any Regiment or Regular Militia, if he shall have command of any Regiment or Regular Militia in the Time of such Transfer as aforesaid, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Local Militia holding the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, shall take Rank of and command all other Lieutenant-Colonels serving in the said Local Militia, notwithstanding the Commission of the said Lieutenant-Colonels should be of a prior Date to the Commission of such Lieutenant-Colonels Commandant.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Yeomanry Corps shall rank with the Officers of the Local Militia according to the Date of their respective Commissions.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Officer of Local Militia, who shall have held any Commission as any Volunteer Corps at the Time of his becoming an Officer of the Local Militia, shall be entitled to rank with the Officers of Yeomanry Corps, according to the Date of his Commission at the time Enrolled in the Volunteers.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Vice-Lieutenant, who shall be authorized by the Lieutenant for that Purpose, to grant Commissions as Officers to serve in the Local Militia, in such and the like Manner as the Lieutenant giving such Commissions may grant such Commissions.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Commission granted before the passing of this Act, or which shall be granted after the passing of this Act, to any Officer in the Local Militia, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts, and Orders, drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia, or of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, and also all Bills, Drafts, and Orders, by which any Sum of Money or Tons are remitted to the Bank of England, or the Exchequer, or any Person or Persons authorized by the Secretary at War to receive Money on account of the Local Militia or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, may and shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft, or Order, shall be void by reason of not being so drawn or written on stamped Paper, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order notified by His Secretary of State, upon the Application of the Lieutenant of any County in which the principal Town or Towns of

of each County shall not afford sufficient Accommodation for the quartering of the Local Militia of the County, during the raising and exercising of such Local Militia, or in any Case in which it may be more convenient with respect to the Residence of the Persons enrolled in such Local Militia, and to the Distance which such Persons may have to march for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, to substitute and allow, and to order the Local Militia of such County, or any Regiments or Regiments thereof, to be marched into any adjoining County for the Purpose of raising and exercising; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Adjutants, Quarter Masters, and also for the Non-commissioned Officers of the Local Militia, being on permanent Pay as such, to receive and command, and to raise and exercise any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties at any Time after their Enlistment, and for any Period, until they can conveniently be marched and shall be ordered to march to their respective Regiments; and all such Adjutants, Quarter Masters, and Non-commissioned Officers, shall for such Purpose have the like Command over such Men as any Officer of the Regular Militia of the County in which they belong, and shall for that Purpose, and as to all the Provisions of any Act for Parliament of Manner and Defence, be deemed and construed to be Officers for the Time being of such Regular Militia having the Command of such Men.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to appoint any fit and proper Person, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to be Quarter-Master of his Regiment of Local Militia, although such Person shall not have served in His Majesty's other Forces, or in the enrolled Militia, as required by the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year aforesaid, and such Person may be appointed to serve with such Rank as is in the said Act mentioned.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Estate of the Value, or to the Amount, or of the Description specified in the several Acts relating to the Militia as a Qualification for any Office in the Militia, Grants, Ings, or other any Part of Great Britain, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be, and be deemed and construed to be a good and valid Qualification, although the same shall not be Estate in the County to which the Office or Inking such Estate shall belong; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be entitled to claim any Exemption, or to be exempt from serving the Office of Sheriff, by way of holding any Commission in the Local Militia; any Thing in any Act relating to the Militia to the contrary, notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Surgeon, Chaplain, or Drummer, of any Regiment of Local Militia, on permanent Pay as such, or as a Member in the Band of the Regiment of Local Militia in which he shall belong, shall be entitled to any Discharge, or be allowed to enlist into the Army, Navy, or Marines, or Regular Militia, or to engage himself as a Soldier or Volunteer in the Regular Militia at any Time, whether the Regiment to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer or Musketeer shall belong, shall be attached for the Purpose of actual Training and Exercise or not, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer of his Regiment given for that Purpose.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall be enrolled in any Regiment of Local Militia shall be removed or transferred from the Regiment in which he shall have been a year upon his Footing, by reason of his removal from, or Discharge from, the County to any other Division or Part of the County, but any such Person shall, notwithstanding such Removal, be obliged to join his Regiment when ever he shall be assembled or called out under the Provisions of the last recited Act or this Act; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person enrolled to serve as a Local Militia Man to remove from one County to another County, or from one Division to another Division of the same County, during the Time that the Regiment to which he belongs shall be called, without having first obtained the Consent of his Commanding Officer expressed in Writing.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Commission or Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man in the Local Militia, shall be subject to any of the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be in force for the Parliament of Manner and Defence, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, or any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, except during such Time as he shall be receiving the Pay of his Rank in the Local Militia, or shall be called out or assembled or enlisted under any of the Provisions of the last recited Act.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions of this Act shall, in Execution of the said recited Act, be cited and applied and construed in like Manner as if the same Provisions were specially made in the said Act, and all and every the Provisions of the said Act shall, as to Execution of this Act, except where the same are thereby expressly varied, be cited and applied, extended and construed, in like Manner as if the same Provisions (except as aforesaid) were specially enacted in this Act.

" Act may be altered this Session. § 33. [See 49 G. 3, c. 31, § 41.]

C A P. XII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to provide that British Ships captured by the Enemy, becoming the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of British Ships. [17th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, it is provided that British Ships which shall be captured by the Enemy, and shall afterwards become the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of British Ships, it is enacted, that no British Ship

Which Time in the Clause do not affect Accommodations for quartering Local Militia may be marched into an adjoining County.

A Private and Non-commissioned Officers of Local Militia may be appointed to that Regiment. [See 49 G. 3, c. 31, § 41.]

Colonies may appoint Quarter Masters for Regiments of Local Militia.

Qualifications for Officers of Local Militia may be in any Part of Great Britain. [See 49 G. 3, c. 31, § 2.]

Local Militia Officers not exempt from being drafted into the Army or Navy, or Marines, or Regular Militia, or to engage as a Soldier or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer.

Men shall not enlist into the Army, Navy, or Marines, or Regular Militia, or to engage as a Soldier or Volunteer in the Regular Militia, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer.

Local Militia shall not be subject to any of the Provisions of the Army and their Quarters, or any Articles of War, except during such Time as they shall be receiving the Pay of their Rank in the Local Militia, or shall be called out or assembled or enlisted under any of the Provisions of the last recited Act.

The Act and every the Provisions of this Act shall, in Execution of the said recited Act, be cited and applied and construed in like Manner as if the same Provisions were specially made in the said Act, and all and every the Provisions of the said Act shall, as to Execution of this Act, except where the same are thereby expressly varied, be cited and applied, extended and construed, in like Manner as if the same Provisions (except as aforesaid) were specially enacted in this Act.

* Ship or Vessel which has been captured by the Enemy, and which shall not have been registered *de novo* before the
 * Full Day of Easter One thousand eight hundred and eight, nor any *British* built Ship or Vessel which shall
 * thereafter be captured by the Enemy, shall be captured as a *British* built Ship or Vessel; but every such Ship
 * or Vessel, although or not by a *British* Subject or Subjects, shall be deemed and taken as all Intents and Purposes
 * as a Foreign built Ship or Vessel: And whereas it may be an Encouragement to the Reception of such Ships
 * and Vessels, if such or any such Ships and Vessels were admitted to the Privilege of *British* built Ships and
 * Vessels before their Capture by the Enemy; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty,
 * by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 * Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every *British* built Ship or Vessel recovered
 * from the Enemy by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque
 * and Reprisal, or by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to any State in Alliance with His Majesty, may be
 * registered, and shall be deemed and taken to have the Privilege of a *British* built Ship or Vessel, in the same
 * Manner as if it had been captured by the Enemy; any Thing in the last Act in the contrary in anywise
 * notwithstanding.

British
 Vessels, if recover-
 ed, may be
 registered, and
 have the Privilege
 of *British* Ships.

Search Act
 1809, c. 41, 42.

Clerks of High
Courts shall not
record Pleas
Writs, or Writs,
in view of
Clerks of
Registries
except the
Clerks of Royal
Burghs may
record Pleas
as well as
Instruments
of Sale of
Immoveable
Estates within
Burghs, and
Deeds
relating thereto,
but shall
not receive,
except in
view of
Clerks of
Registries.

Prohibits on
Clerks
of High
Courts

C A P. XLII.

An Act for better regulating the Publick Records of Scotland.

[20th May 1809.]

WHEREAS Inequities and Inconveniences have arisen or may arise from the unregular Multiplicity
 of Registers in Scotland in which Deeds and other Writings may be compulsorily recorded, either for
 Execution or for Preference: And whereas the Laws heretofore devised for regulating the Formation and
 Custody of the Publick Records, and more especially of those in the Local Registries throughout Scotland,
 have not been found sufficient; and it is of high Importance that the whole of the Publick Records within that
 Part of the United Kingdom should be placed under one general and effectual Plan of Management and
 Control: And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the Thirtieth Day of June in
 the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-five, intitled, *All concerning the Registration of Writs in the*
Books of Signet, &c. inter alia, enacted and ordered, "That no Clerk of either Court for the future presume
 to register any Writ in his Books, either for Confirmation, or where Execution is to pass against any Party
 that dwells without the Jurisdiction, under the Pain of Imprisonment, and of Five hundred Merks of Penalty,
 to the one Half to His Majesty, and the other Half to the Party Pursuing;" which Provisions of the aforesaid Act
 it has become necessary to renew, modify, and enlarge; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be
 enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of
 the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of the same, That from and after the Expire of Six Months after the passing of this Act, but with and under
 the Exceptions and Reservations hereinafter-mentioned, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of Royal Burghs,
 or of Burghs of Regality or Barony within Scotland, to receive any Deeds or other Writings for the Purpose of
 being recorded by them in the Books or Registers of their respective Courts, either in virtue of an Act of the
 Parliament of Scotland passed on the Thirtieth Day of August in the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-
 eight, intitled, *All concerning Registrars of Probate Writs, &c. in virtue of any Clause contained in such*
Deeds and Writings, conferring that the same should be recorded either for Preference thereof, or for
Execution: Provided always, that this Act shall not extend to or affect the Right of the Clerks of Royal
Burghs to receive Instruments of Pretail or Bills of Exchange, Inland Bills and Promissory Notes, and to
record the same: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend to or affect the Right of the Clerks of Royal
Burghs to record in their Book Instruments of Sale and other Writs relative to leaseable Property holding in
Burghs and situated within their respective Burghs or Liberties thereof in virtue of an Act of the Parliament of
Scotland, passed on the Sixth Day of September in the Year One thousand five hundred and eighty-one, intitled,
All concerning the Registration of Signets and Resignations of Tenements within Burghs: Provided also, that this Act
shall not extend to or affect the Right of the Clerks of Royal Burghs to receive and record Writings, Testes,
and other Deeds, relating exclusively to the Property or Possession of Subjects holding in Burgage and situated
within such Burghs or Liberties thereof respectively, or any Deeds or Instruments where all the Parties to the
same shall be Burghs or have a legal Demand within such Burghs, at the Time that such Deeds or Instruments
shall be prepared for Registration.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expire of Six Months after the passing of this
 Act, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of the several Consistory Courts within Scotland, to receive any Deed or
 other Writing for the Purpose of being recorded by them in the Books or Registers of their respective Courts,
 either in virtue of the above-mentioned Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the Thirtieth Day of August
 in the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-eight, or in virtue of any Clause contained in such Deeds or
 Writings conferring that the same should be recorded either for Preference thereof, or for Execution; or in
 virtue of an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the 5th of February, in the 1st of King James VI. as
 amended by an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the 5th of February, in the 11th of King James VI. as
 amended by an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain intitled the Registration of Bills and Promissory Notes for the Improvement
 of Consistory Records.

III. And be it further enacted, That, if after the Date aforesaid, any of the Clerks of Royal Burghs, or
 Burghs of Regality or Barony, or any of the Clerks of the Consistory Courts within Scotland, shall receive
 any of the above-mentioned Deeds or Writings, for the Purpose of recording the same in the Books or Registers
 or Registers, or shall transmit the same into their Books, or shall give forth Copies, or shall give forth
 Extracts from their respective Books or Registers, excepting as above excepted, the aforesaid Books, Copies,
 6

and Examiners, shall not make Faith or be of any Avail or Authority whatever; and the said Clerk or Clerks in so offending shall be liable in a Penalty of Five Pounds for each Offence, which may be laid for and shall be recoverable at the same Time, together with the Expenses of Proof, by the Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk of the Shire or Stewartry within which such Officer shall have been committed, on a Summary Complaint to the Sheriff Deputy or Stewart Deputy of such Shire or Stewartry; and in default of such Prosecution at the Instance of the Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk, within Twelve Months from the Date of the Commission of such Offence, then such Penalty shall and may be laid for and recovered, together with the Expenses of Proof, by the Lord Clerk Register or as a Summary Complaint preferred within Three Years after the Date of such Offence, to the Lords of Council and Session, such Penalty in the latter Case being solely recoverable by the Lord Clerk Register, to the Purpose of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerk of the Court of Exchequer shall deliver to the Lord Clerk Register, or his Deputy Keeper of Records, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Positive Writings kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the said Registers or Books of Record, and likewise Inventory of the whole, to the Accountant and Comptrollers of which the said Clerks shall make Oath before the Lords of Council and Session; and that the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputy Keeper of Records shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers, and Warrants to be deposited with the other Publick Records of Scotland, and shall make and subscribe full Duplicates of the aforesaid Inventory, to be delivered to and deposited by the said Clerk with the other Records of the Comptrollery Court remaining under his Custody and Care.

V. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerks of the several Shire or Comptrollery Courts shall deliver to the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks of the Shires or Stewartries within which such Comptrollery Courts are respectively situated, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Positive Writings, if any, which have been kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the same, and with an Inventory of the whole, to the Accountant and Comptrollers of which the said Clerks respectively shall make Oath in the Court of the Sheriff Deputy or Stewart Deputy, and that the said Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers, and Warrants respectively, to be deposited with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care, and shall make and subscribe full Duplicates of the aforesaid Inventory to be delivered to and deposited by the said Comptrollery Clerks with the other Publick Records remaining under their Custody and Care.

VI. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerks of the several Burghs of Regality and Burony aforesaid, shall in like Manner deliver to the Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerks of the Shires or Stewartries within which such Burghs are respectively situated, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Positive Writings, if any, which have been kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the same, as by this Inventory of the whole, to the Accountant and Comptrollers of which the said Clerks respectively shall make Oath in the Court of the Sheriff Deputy or Stewart Deputy; and that the said Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers, and Warrants respectively, to be deposited with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care, and shall make and subscribe full Duplicates of such Inventories to be delivered to and deposited by the said Clerks of Burghs respectively with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care.

VII. And in order that the aforesaid Provisions of this Act respecting the Delivery of the several Comptrollery or Burgh Records to the Lord Clerk Register and the several Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks respectively, may be faithfully and punctually carried into Execution, be it enacted, That it shall be competent for the Lords of Council and Session, on a Summary Complaint by the Lord Clerk Register, or such such Parties, not exceeding the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each Offence, upon any Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk, Burgh Clerk, or Comptrollery Clerk, wilfully refusing or neglecting to comply with the aforesaid Provisions of this Act, and to make such further Orders thereon as may appear to them to be necessary, such Penalties being in all Cases recoverable by the Lord Clerk Register, and singly applicable by him to the Purpose of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks of the several Shires and Stewartries to use any Books for the Registration of Deeds or other Writings, unless the same shall have been previously marked, as well as the said and his Letters thereof, and filed to them by the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputy as aforesaid; or that Effect, for each of such Books there shall not be changed more than the prime Copy thereof, nor their with a Fee to the Deputy Keeper of Records not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling; and if any Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk shall use any other Books or Registers than such as shall have been previously marked as aforesaid, and filed to him by the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputy, he shall be liable in a Penalty of Five Pounds Sterling for each Offence, to be recoverable, together with the Expenses of Proof, by the Lord Clerk Register, or a Summary Complaint to be presented to the Lords of Council and Session, such Penalty being in all Cases singly applicable by the Lord Clerk Register to the Purpose of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House; and shall further be bound and obliged again to record the said Deeds and other Writings or Books duly marked and filed to him as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of Royal Burghs to use any Books for the Registration of Instruments of Deeds or Subjects holding in Burgh, or for the Deeds and other Instruments which they are hereby enabled to receive and to record, unless such Books shall have been previously marked and filed by the Lord Clerk Register,

Clerk of the Comptrollery Court and his Deputy shall deliver to the Lord Clerk Register, or his Deputy, the Books and Warrants of the said Comptrollery Courts.

Clerks of Shire or Comptrollery Courts shall deliver their Registers, Minute Books, and Warrants to the Sheriff Clerks.

Clerks of Burghs of Regality and Burony shall deliver their Registers, Minute Books, and Warrants to the Sheriff Clerks.

Penalties on Officers wilfully refusing or neglecting.

Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks shall not use any Books for the Registration of Deeds or other Writings unless the same shall have been previously marked and filed to them by the Lord Clerk Register.

Penalties on Clerks so disobeying.

Clerks of Royal Burghs shall not use any Books for the Registration of Instruments of Deeds or other Instruments unless such Books shall have been previously marked and filed by the Lord Clerk Register.

and attend by
Lord Clerk
Register.

Sherrifs Depute
shall annually
examine the Books
of Record
of Sheriff
Clarks, and the
Registers and
Books of Sheriff
Clarks, and
Stewart Clarks
in the Court
of Justiciary.

Court of Justiciary shall direct
Inquiers and
writ Clarks
therein.

Magistrates of
Royal Burghs
shall annually
examine the
Registers and
Books of Burghs
and report thereon
to the Court
of Justiciary.

Registers Law
books shall
periodically be
examined
Registers Books,
shall be delivered
within Six
Months after
Completion,
Transcripts
Clarks
clerkship.

How often shall
the Court meet,
shall be expedient.

Competition in
the Office and the
Privy Seal.

Register, or his Deputes, in the Manner above directed, and under the Penalty above provided, in the Case of Sheriff Clarks or Stewart Clarks as aforesaid.

X. And he is further enacted, That the Sheriff Depute and Stewart Depute of the several Shires and Stewartries, or their Substitutes, shall at least once in every Year carefully examine into the Proceedings and State of all the different Records framed and kept by the respective Sheriff Clarks and Stewart Clarks, and shall prepare exact Reports in Writing, setting forth the Nature of their Examinations, and particularly specifying the State and Condition of the Bookings in which the Records of their respective Shires, and Stewartries are kept, and how far the Law and Royal Statutes relate to the several Records herebefore mentioned and particularly examined and obeyed; and the Sheriff Depute of the several Shires of Edinburgh, Middleburgh, and Leith, or, in their Absences respectively, shall in the Month of November every Year transmit such Reports, duly authenticated, to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, at Edinburgh, and the Sheriff Depute and Stewart Depute of the other Shires and Stewartries, or their Substitutes respectively, shall transmit their said Reports duly authenticated, to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, or the Clerk Clarks, that shall be holden within their respective Shires, in the Autumn of every Year, and the said Lords Commissioners of Justiciary are hereby empowered to make such Orders, Warrants, or decrees such further Enquiries to be made as may appear to them to be necessary, and direct their Clerk to enter the same in the Minutes of the Court, and themselves to transmit the several Reports, with a certified Copy of the Orders that may have been made by them therein, to the Lord Clerk Register, at whose Office it shall be deposited to be put in the Books, as aforesaid, as a Copy of any Neglect or Malfeasance in the Behalf of the several Records committed to their Care, with a redressing and punishing the same according to Law.

XI. And he is further enacted, That the Chief Magistrates of the said Royal Burghs respectively, shall at least once in every Year carefully examine into the Progress and State of all the different Records framed and kept by the respective Clerks of such Royal Burghs, and shall prepare exact Reports in Writing, in the Manner above directed, in the Case of Sheriff Clarks and Stewart Clarks; and such Chief Magistrates shall, in the Month of November every Year, transmit such Reports to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary at Edinburgh, who are hereby empowered to make Orders, and decrees Inquiries, in the Manner above provided, in the Case of Sheriff Clarks and Stewart Clarks as aforesaid; and the Clerks of Justiciary shall in like Manner transmit their Reports, with a certified Copy of such Orders, to the Lord Clerk Register, at whose Office likewise Complaints may be made against Clerks of Royal Burghs, in the Manner above directed, in the Case of Sheriff Clarks and Stewart Clarks as aforesaid.

XII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Transcripts of the successive Volumes or Books of the several Public Records, from the Offices in which they are formed, to His Majesty's General Register House, should be made with the least possible Delay: Be it enacted, That within Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Keepers of the several Public Records which are by Law assign'd to His Majesty's General Register House, shall deliver all the Volumes or Books of their respective Records that are already completed, together with the Minute Books and the Warrants thereof, to the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputes; and that in all Things coming thereafter the successive Books or Volumes of their Records shall at all Clarks be delivered to the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputes within Three Months after the same have been lawfully completed and bind up; and if the Keepers of their Records shall refuse or neglect to make such regular Transmissions of the successive Books of their respective Records, it shall be competent for the Lord Clerk Register to prefer a summary Application to the Lords of Council and Session, complaining of such Refusal and Neglect, by whom Warrants shall be granted for issuing Letters of Homing against such Keepers or Keepers, in order to enforce Obedience to this Act, and by whom such further Penes and Punishes may be inflicted, by Fine, not exceeding Fifty Pounds on such Defaulters, as in the Circumstances of the Case shall seem just, to be applied by the Lord Clerk Register to the Purposes of the Execution of His Majesty's General Register House.

XIII. And, for remedying the Inconveniences that have arisen or may arise from the unnecessary Multiplicity of Writings and Records now in Use, as the successive Warrants of Charters and Grants of Lands and other heritable Property, which pass under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept and used in Scotland is in place of the Great Seal thereof formerly used there: Be it enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, in expediting such Charters and Grants under the aforesaid Seal, the Latin Precept under the Great Seal shall be so framed as to be covered directly by Chancery without its containing any Order that a Precept under the Privy Seal shall be derived thereupon, and without such Precept under the Privy Seal being made out or recorded; and such Latin Precept under the Great Seal from thenceforth be received by the Deputes of His Majesty's Chancery in Scotland, and by the Keeper of the Great Seal, as the only legal and sufficient Warrants to them respectively for issuing Grants in Terms of the same, and for expediting thereon the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept and used in Scotland in place of the Great Seal thereof formerly used there.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That in long as the Writer in His Majesty's Privy Seal, and the Keeper of that Seal in Execution of their respective Offices of Writer and Keeper at the Date of the passing of this Act, shall continue to hold the same respectively and no longer, the aforesaid Precept under His Majesty's Great Seal shall be produced to the said Writer and Keeper or their respective Deputes, by the Clerks to His Majesty's Signet, by whom the said Precept respectively have been copied, and the same Fees herebefore due on the Writing and Sealing of Precepts under the Privy Seal, shall thereupon be paid to the said Keeper and Writer respectively and their Deputes, of which Payments to them respectively a short Attestation shall be written on the Back of the aforesaid Precept under the Signet, and subscribed by the said Writer and Keeper or their Deputes; and if the Deputes of His Majesty's Chancery Hall, during the Period aforesaid, receive any Warrant for issuing any Charter or any such Precept under the Signet which does not bear the due Attestations as aforesaid, he shall be liable

Table in Possibles equal in Amount to the Fees of which the said Writer or Keeper respectively have been deprived; the aforesaid Penalty, together with the Expenses of Power, being recoverable by the said Writer or Keeper on Summary Complaints at their Instance to the Lords of Council and Session.

XV. And Whereas it is of great Importance that the Record of Writs passing under the Great Seal, and which is kept by the Director of Chancery, should be in all Respects complete, authentic, and authoritative; and that an Act of Solemnest Teaching that Record was pulled by the Lords of Council and Session on the Eleventh Day of February One thousand eight hundred and eight, in which it is expressed to give the Force and Effect of a Public Law; Be it enacted, That the Keeper of the Great Seal or his Deputies, instead of delivering the sealed Charters or other Writs to the Persons by whom they have been made, shall forthwith deliver the same, together with the Warrants thereof, to the Director of Chancery or his Deputy, by whom, after asking the proper Entries of the Sealing to the Record, the Writs shall be delivered respectively to the Persons by whom they shall have been made; and the sealed Warrants shall remain as the Possession of the Director of Chancery, and the same, together with the Register in which the relative Writs have been recorded, shall be transmitted to His Majesty's General Register House.

XVI. And be it enacted, That Extracts of Writs from the Register of the Great Seal, of which the Form and Date of Sealing shall have been duly recorded, (such Extracts being avoided in due Form by the Keepers of the said Records), shall make entire Faith in all Cases, excepting as Cases of Incompetence.

XVII. And in order that permanent Compensation may be made to the Clerks of Royal Burghs and their Successors in Office, and that Compensation during their respective Lives or Continuance in Office, may be made to the Clerks of Burghs of Regality and of Burgh, and to the Commissioners and Clerks of Chancery, and Clerks and other Keepers of Public Records, and in respect of the Profits and Emoluments of which they will be deprived by the Operation of this Act; Be it enacted, That the said several Persons having such Claims, and assenting to this therein, shall, within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act, present the same to the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, together with the Vouchers and Evidence by which the same may more to be supported; and the said Claims, with the Vouchers thereof, shall be given on to His Majesty's Advocates, in order that he may appear and object to the same, if necessary; and the Barons of the Exchequer, after due Inquiry made by three into the Circumstances of each Case, are hereby authorized and required to determine and ascertain the Amount of the Fees and Emoluments of which the aforesaid Clerks will have been, or may be deprived by the Operation of this Act, and what Sums will form a just and reasonable Compensation to such Clerks respectively, either by annual Payments to the aforesaid Clerks of Royal Burghs and their Successors in Office, or by Payments to the profici, or in Arrears, during their respective Lives or Continuance in Office, and so long, to the several other aforesaid Clerks, and shall cause such Determinations to be recorded in a Roll or Book to be kept for that Purpose; and shall report the same, under their Hands, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to both Houses of Parliament.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That so soon as such Compensation shall have been ascertained by the Barons of the Court of Exchequer as aforesaid, it shall and may be levied for the said Burghs and they are hereby directed and required, from Time to Time to issue their Warrants or Warrants to His Majesty's Receiver General for Scotland, who shall thereupon pay the Sums or Sums specified therein to the Persons or Persons entitled thereto out of any Money then in his Hands; and every Sum so paid upon any such Warrants shall be allowed in his Accounts.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for regulating the Mode in which the Average Price of Brown or Malabar Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty. [14th May 1809.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen, as to the Rate of Duty paid or payable on Brown or Malabar Sugar which should be deducted from the Sale Price of such Sugar in order to ascertain the average Price thereof, exclusive of the Duty of Customs, and according to which Average the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to be governed in carrying into Effect the Powers vested in them by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, 1803, ed. *An Act for raising in His Majesty, during the present War, and for Six Months after the Exppiration thereof by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on various Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported into and exported from or brought or carried on board any Great Britain: And whereas it is necessary to remove these Doubts; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Duties of Customs which should have been, and which shall be deducted from the Price of Brown or Malabar Sugar to be published in the London Gazette for the Purpose of enabling the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to regulate the Power and Authority vested in them by the said Act, with respect to the Subject in the whole or in part of the aforesaid Duties thereby granted, shall be at and after the Rate of Thirty Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Sugar; and that the Average Price thereof, to be so published in the London Gazette for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be exclusive of the said Duty of Thirty Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Sugar; and that the Average Price of such Sugar, to be so published for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be made up and published in the London Gazette accordingly, at the several Periods directed by the said recited Act, say Law, Customs, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.*

* An Act may be altered this Session. § 2.

Forasmuch as the Register of the Great Seal and other public authorities and records are directed to be transmitted to the General Register House.

Extracts from Register of Great Seal shall be authentic.

Compensation to Keepers of Burghs to be ascertained by the Court of Exchequer.

Rolls to be kept by Clerks of Chancery.

Such Compensation to be paid to Receiver General of Scotland out of the Money.

48 G. 3. c. 42.

In ascertaining the Average Price of Brown or Malabar Sugar, the Duty of Customs is to be deducted from the Sale Price.

to such Person, or to such Officer, by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, whom the said Remittance Bill shall be addressed; and such Remittance Bill, being numbered and dated, shall be signed by a Commissioner of the Navy, or the said Paymaster of Marines, and shall be attested by a Person to be respectively appointed by the Treasurer of the Navy or Paymaster to collect and manage the said Office, Documents and Vouchers, to prepare such Remittance Bills, and keep Accounts thereof; and such Remittance Bills, being written or printed, shall be according to the Tenor and Form following, or to the like Effect:

to be made out, made to such Person by the Receiver-General, &c.

Form of Bills.

* N^o 1.

* Sir,

Day of _____

* PAY to A. B. of _____ as his producing and delivering the Duplicate hereof, the

* Sum of _____ being for the { Allowance } payable to the said A. B. as a

* { Half Pay } _____ on the _____ Day of _____

* { or, if the same be demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date hereof, otherwise you are to return } the Bill to the Treasurer of the Navy (or, Paymaster of Marines,) at his Office in London.

* C. D. { Commissioner of the Navy, }
 { Paymaster. }

* Attested by E. F. (Scriber.)

* To the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County of _____

* The Collector of the Customs at the Port of _____

* The Collector of the Excise at _____

* The Clerk of the Chequer at _____

* By virtue of the Act 49 George the Third.

* N. B. The forging of this Remittance Bill, or producing any other Person to forge the same, in order to receive any Part of the Money hereby payable, is made Felony by the Act Forty ninth George the Third.

And in form as the said Bills are made out and signed, the respective Persons to be appointed by the said Treasurer or Paymaster shall not or cause them to be sent abroad, through the Ambassadors, Legats, Ministers, or Druggists; and shall cause one Duplicate to be transmitted to the Person or Officer named therein, to whom the Money shall be made payable, and the other Duplicate to be transmitted to the Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, to whom the same shall be addressed; and if the Duplicate of such Bill shall be produced by the Person or Officer to whom the same shall be made payable, to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, to whom the same shall be addressed, within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, he shall carefully examine the same with the Duplicate transmitted to him as aforesaid; and being satisfied of the Authenticity thereof, and of the Identity of the Person or Officer producing the same to him, he shall immediately pay the Sum mentioned therein to such Person or Officer, without Fee or Reward, or Deduction of any Provisions whatsoever, taking a Receipt for such Payment on the Back of the said Bill, and the Duplicate thereof, being transmitted by the Person who shall pay the same to the Treasurer of the Navy, shall be immediately repaid by the said Treasurer to such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, or his Order; and the Payments thus made by the said Treasurer of the Navy, on account of Marine Officers Half Pay, shall be allowed him out of the Money due to the said Paymaster; but in case the Duplicate of any such Bill shall not be so produced, and Payment thereof demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, then the said Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, shall return the Duplicate to himself in his Hands to the said Treasurer or Paymaster at three respective Offices in London, who shall cause the same to be cancelled; and thereupon the Sum contained in such Bill shall become payable to the Person or Officer in whose Favour it was drawn, or to the respective legal Representatives, in case of the Death of such Person or Officer, in the like Manner as if such Bill had never been issued.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, to whom the Duplicate of any such Bill shall be tendered for Payment, shall not have in his Hands Publick Money sufficient to deliver the same, and shall for that Reason make or delay the immediate Payment thereof, such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, shall immediately render to the said Duplicate the Date of its being so tendered to him, and the Cause of his Refusal or Delay to pay the same, and shall appear thereon for the Payment of the same five future Days, within the Space of One Month as the said Bill is being so tendered to him as aforesaid; and such Duplicate, with the Indentment thereon, shall be immediately delivered back to the Person or Officer producing the same; and if upon Complaint made to the respective Commissioners appointed or to be appointed to manage the said several Duties of Land Tax, Customs, or Excise, or to the Commissioners of the Navy if the Person complained of be a Clerk of the Chequer, it shall appear that such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, hath needlessly or wilfully retained or delayed the Payment of the said Bill, or directly or indirectly, by himself or any Person under him, received or taken any Fee, Reward, Gratuity, Discharge, or Detraction whatsoever, on account of the Payment of the same, it shall and lawfully be lawful to call for any Three

One Duplicate shall be free to the Person named therein, and the other to the Receiver-General, &c. as usual on Production of the said Duplicate by the Treasurer of the Navy, &c.

Receiver-General, &c. to be made out, made to such Person by the Receiver-General, &c.

or more of the said Commissioners to commit and seal the Petition under their Direction, in writing, in any Seal not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Notariness Degree of the Officer, and such Fee shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, to all Intereased Parties, as any Penalty or Fine may be levied and recovered for any Offence against the Laws of Custom or Excise; and the said Fees, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if such Petition or Offence to whom the Remittance Bill shall be made payable, shall be lawfully possessed and dishd by bodily Infirmary from appearing as Petitioner before the said Revenue-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Chief of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer; and such bodily Infirmary being properly and satisfactorily certified by the Member and a Chaplain or Elder of the Parish where such Petition or Offence shall reside, or by the Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary attending him, then and in such Case, the same contents in such Bill shall be paid to the Officer in Writing of such Petition or Offence, upon producing and giving up to such Revenue-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Chief of the Excise, or Clerk of the Chequer, such Certificate of bodily Infirmary as aforesaid, together with a Duplicate of the said Bill, and a proper Receipt on the Back of the same, signed by the Petitioner or Officer in whole Favor the Bill shall have been drawn, and whicd by the Petitioner who shall receive the Money.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Allowances, Bounties, Sales, Orders, Contrivances, Agreements, or Securities whatsoever, which shall be given or made by any Petitioner entitled to any such Allowance, or by any Half Pay Officer of Royal Marines, relating to such Allowances, or to their Half Pay, shall be absolutely null and void, to all Intereated Parties.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Lettered Packets sent by the Direction of the Treasurer of the Navy in copying this Act into Essentials, shall be free from the Duty of Postage, and shall be transmitted in one Cover, with the Words "Permitted to All of His Majesty's Post-Office of George the Third," printed upon the face, and shall be transmitted by the Post Office appointed to send Letters and Packets under the Authority of an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty Majesty, entitled, "An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the postual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy, and for subjecting such same Rates, Rents, Duties, and Penalties, as are prescribed by the said Act, with respect to the Letters and Packets thereby authorized to be sent free of the Duty of Postage."

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Remittance Bill and Remittance Book herein before directed to be made out, and which shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy or Paymaster at Marine in Manner as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as good and lawful Vouchers to the Treasurer of the Navy and Paymaster of Marine, for so much Money as shall have been or shall be due to be paid on such Bill or Bills respectively, and as such have been or shall be paid by either of them thereon, and shall be allowed as such in paying the respective Accounts.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Petitioner shall wilfully and knowingly perjure, or falsely affirm the Name or Character of, or procure any other Person to perjure, or fail to do so, to affirm the Name or Character of any Petitioner entitled, or supposed to be entitled, to any such Allowance aforesaid, or of any Officer of the Royal Marines on Half Pay as aforesaid, in order to receive such Allowance or Half Pay, or any Part thereof, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the Court shall adjudge.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully sell or assist in buying and counterfeiting, the Name or Hand-writing of any Petitioner or Officer entitled to any such Allowance, or to such Half Pay, or of any Person or Persons required by any Rules or Regulations made under and by virtue of this Act, on any such Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt in relation to the Payment of any such Allowance or Half Pay, for and in order to the receiving or obtaining any Money on any such Allowance or Half Pay, or shall utter as true any such forged, or counterfeited Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intention to defraud any Person whatsoever, every such Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and he is hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of Felony; and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the Court shall adjudge.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Orders, Certificates, Vouchers, Remittance Bills, and Receipts, for or relating to any such Allowance or Half Pay as aforesaid, shall be free from all Duties of Stamp, and be good, valid, and effectual, although the same shall or have been stamped; any Thing in any Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to authorize the Principal Officers of the Customs in the British Colonies and Plantations in America and the West Indies to examine Witnesses on Oath. [12th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, "An Act for regulating the Production of Manilla, and for more effectually preventing fraudulent Practices in shipping Biscuits and Drumsheads, and in the clandestine re-landing of Goods, the Surveyor General or Surveyors General of the Customs in the Port of London upon Examinations and Inquiries relative to the Return of Customs, and as to the Conduct of the Officers employed therein, are authorized to examine all Persons who may appear before them upon Oath, and the said Power is also given to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Out-Ports of Great Britain, by an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Majesty, entitled, "An Act for the further Regulation of the Collection of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain"

No Goods but
such as before
mentioned shall
be exported, &c.
as Part of For-
eign Goods, except
East India Goods,
or Goods for the
South Sea Islands,
Tobacco, &c., and
Wine of the
Mediterranean.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Europe, except such as are here-before enumerated, shall be laden and shipped on board any Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, in order to be exported to any of the said several other Parts before enumerated, or to any other Part or Place whosoever to His Majesty's behoof, or which shall hereafter being to be or in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Asia, Africa, or America, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, together with the Sums or Value to or enclosed which the same shall be laden or shipped, and all her Goods, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forever *Proscribed* always: that nothing herein contained shall extend to Forwards any Salt, the Produce of Europe, intended for the Use of the British Fisheries of *New Britain Newfoundland, or Quebec*, shipped in any Part of Europe within 70, or any Goods fit and necessary for the Fishery in any of the *West Indies, or Plantations abroad*, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland, or of the Islands of *Guernsey and Jersey*, shipped and laden in the said Islands respectively, by any of the Inhabitants thereof; or any Wines of the Growth of the *Hollands or the West India Islands of America*, shipped and laden at those Places respectively, the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandise respectively being shipped and laden according to the Letters herein, or as immediately before the passing of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, so left to Forwards under the Provisions of this Act, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs in the said Colonies or Plantations respectively, or by the Commander or any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, and the same shall and may be prosecuted, seized, recovered, and divided in the same Manner and Form, and by the same Rules and Rigour, as in all Respects as far as the same are applicable, as any other Forfeiture imposed by any Act or Acts made for the Security of the Revenue, or for the Regulation or Improve more thereof, or for the Regulation of Trade or Navigation, and which were in force on and ever dated before the passing of this Act, may be prosecuted, seized, recovered, and divided in any British Colony or Plantation in America.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a Permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions for the Defence of the Realm. [with May 8 1809]

48 G. 3. c. 130. revised, D-Enclosure and Vaccination may be directed to be supplied by Order of Secretary of State without His Majesty's Warrant. § 1. Volunteers allowed to enter whenever any Billoe drafted or not, and
1. Local Militia is complete. § 2. Volunteers shall be listed up notwithstanding the Number of such Militia and
2. Volunteers entered for terms the Quota of the Regular Militia. § 3. But each D-6 longer shall not be supplied until the Number be reduced below the Proportion required. § 4. Local Militia Men may only enter into
3. the Regular Militia. [if their own Consent, See 25 G. 3. c. 109.] except during annual Training § 5.
4. Penalty on Officers, for enlisting a Local Militia Man during such Period of Training. 25 G. 3. c. 109. Now Vacancies by Promotion of Corporals and Sergeants, and by enlisting, shall be filled up. § 6. Deputy Lieutenants may make new Appointments where requisite § 8. Lieutenancy shall be by Billoe the Order in which
5. Divisions and Parishes shall supply D-Enclosures by Provisions to be Sergeants or Corporals. § 9.
6. Deputy Lieutenants shall regulate Inequalities of Numbers in Divisions or Parishes. § 10.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, in pursuance of the said recited Act as aforesaid, that any Person who shall voluntarily enroll himself to serve in the Local Militia under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament (except Members of Volunteer Corps transmuting themselves) shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Two Guineas, to be paid upon his Enrolment, over and above any Sum to which he may be entitled by Necessaries, that he and the same is hereby repealed. Provided always, that no Bill and may be lawful for the Heirs or any Parish, being Proprietors of Lands within the Parish to the Extent of at least One hundred Pounds Rate of valued Rent appearing in the Land Tax Books of the County within which such Parish is situated, at any Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, to be called by any Two or more such Heirs, upon Notice to that Effect given from the Pulpit on any Sunday at least Five Days previous to such Meeting, to agree to give a Bounty to any Person voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia for such Parish, provided that such Bounty or Sum of Money shall in no Case exceed the Sum of Two Guineas for each Person, to be paid upon Enrolment, exclusive of Necessaries; and it shall and may be lawful for such Heirs to assign Sums equal to all such Bounties upon the Heirs within such Parish, in proportion to the valued Rent of every such Heir or more within the Parish; and One Half of every Sum so assigned shall be paid by the Tenant or Tenants of the Land upon which the same shall be applied.

7. Bounty to Persons enrolling in Local Militia shall be deducted from the Bounty, on enrolling into the Line within Twelve Months: and Half of within Two Years. § 12.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament as creates or requires that any Sums of Money advanced or paid for the Bounties of Two Guineas allowed by the said recited Act, to Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia, or transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, shall be applied upon any Parish in any County or Stewary, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

8. No Bounties to Members of Volunteer Corps, which serving before this Act. § 14. Volunteers transferred into Local Militia shall not be liable to serve in Regular Militia. § 15. Officers commanding Volunteers transferred into Local Militia shall retain their Commissions. § 16. Lieutenant-Colonels Commanded Shall

* continued

48 G. 3. c. 130.
§ 11. as to
Bounty to
Persons voluntarily
enrolling
themselves
into the Local
Militia.

Enclosure may
give a Bounty
of Two Guineas
to Volunteers.

48 G. 3. c. 130.
§ 13. repealed.
Bounty to be
applied to the
Local Militia,
repealed.

C A P. LI.

An Act to continue until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to inquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquisites, and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in Ireland; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing, and accounting for Public Money in Ireland. [20th May 1809.]

" 44 G. 3. c. 106. continued by 47 G. 3. c. 67. and as amended and amended by 47 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 42. further continued. § 1.

II. " And Whereas various Charges are set forth in the Public Accounts of Ireland, of Balances due by Persons entrusted with the Receipt, Custody, or Collection of His Majesty's Revenues there, and several Sums appear in the said Accounts to be in Arrear: Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners appointed under the last recited Acts shall and they are hereby empowered and required to proceed as soon as may be to investigate and enquire into all Balances and Arrears due unto His Majesty, for or on account of any Sum or Sums received for his Use, and into all Arrears of any Revenue, Tax, Charge, or Impostment, remaining or alleged to remain due or unpaid, and to settle and ascertain the same, and to raise separately such Parts of such Balances and Arrears, as shall appear to them incumbent, and for the Recovery of which they shall not think it advisable that legal Process should be instituted or continued, with their Reasons for so thinking, set forth in each Case, and in like Manner to raise separately all the other Parts of such Balances and Arrears which they shall not deem advisable, with their Opinions as to the Means which ought to be pursued, and against whom and in what Manner for the Recovery of such; and also such general Rules or Regulations as they may think proper to be adopted, for keeping down all such Balances and Arrears in future, and for the more effectual forwarding from Time to Time such Parts thereof as may be advisable, and recovering all the other Parts with the least Delay and Expence.

" Powers of recited Acts extended to the Act. § 3. To the Treasury may give 4,000,000 in addition to former " Sums for the Purpose of this Act. § 4. Continuance of Act till August 1810. § 5.

C A P. LII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [20th May 1809.]

" Treasury may raise 6,000,000, by Exchequer Bills, in order 48 G. 3. c. 1.—Payable out of the first Supplies in the next Session. § 1. 2. 3. Interest of 3 per Cent. per Annum. § 4. Said Exchequer Bills shall be current " at the Exchequer after April 5. 1810. § 5. Bank of England may advance 6,000,000, on Credit of this " Act. § 6.

C A P. LIII.

An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain. [27th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to be enlisted voluntarily into the Regular Forces*, a certain Proportion of the Militia serving in Great Britain is allowed to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under certain Provisions and Restrictions: And Whereas it is necessary that such Increase of the Regular Forces should not diminish the Militia, but that the Militia should be forthwith completed, and it is expedient for that Purpose that Men should be allowed to be raised for the Militia, by Ball or Draw, for a limited Time, and that at the Expirence of that Time the Remainder of the Men so be raised and enrolled under this Act should be raised " by Ball: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on or before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, there shall be raised and levied in Great Britain, in the several Counties of England and Scotland respectively, a Number of Private Militia Men, equal to One Half of the several Quotas of Private Men specified in Two Acts of Parliament, passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Militias of England and Scotland respectively; and in another Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better raising and enrolling the Militia Forces of the Tower Hamlets, in the County of Middlesex*, relating to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, and until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, and the Colonel and Commanding Officers of the Regiments of Regular and Local Militia of Great Britain, and the Commissioned Officers and Non-commissioned Officers of the Regiments of Regular and Local Militia, duly authorized by their respective Commanding Officers for the Time being, by Ball or Draw, or otherwise, in their respective Counties, or adjoining Counties, to raise Volunteers for the Regiments of Regular Militia of the Counties to which they respectively belong, for the completing the Number of Men required to be raised and enrolled under this Act, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and every Volunteer so raised as aforesaid, shall take the Oath required to be taken by Subjuncts in the Militia, which Oath shall and may be administered by any Person respectively authorized to administer Oaths to Persons enrolled in the Militia, or by any Justice of the Peace, or Deputy-Lieutenant for the County in which such

Volunteers

Volunteers shall have been raised, or in which the Regiment for which he shall have been raised, shall be at the Time of his joining such Regiment.

III. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no such Volunteer shall have more than One Child born in Wedlock, and all the Provisions, Returns, Returns, Penalties and Clerks contained in any Act relating to the Militia or in Substitutes in relation to their Families, and also as in the Families of Substitutes in the Militia, and as to the making Provisions for such Families, and as to any false Representation or Deception made in respect thereof, shall extend and be applied as to such Volunteers as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and so enacted in and made Part of this Act.

IV. And he it further enacted, That the Colonels or Commanding Officers for the Time being, of the several Regiments of Militia for which any Men shall be raised as aforesaid, shall, at the Expiration of every Month from the Commencement of enlisting such Volunteers as aforesaid, transmit to the Clerks of General Musters of their respective Counties, and where the Men of more Counties than One are raised to form any Regiment of Militia, then Duplicate to each of such Counties, Certificates of the Number of Men raised for their respective Regiments, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) and a like Certificate within Seven Days after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, of the Men enlisted since the last Certificate and the said First Day of June.

V. And he it further enacted, That a Sum not exceeding Two Pence Gallons shall be allowed and paid in respect of every Man who shall be presented or raised as a Volunteer by Beat of Drum or otherwise under the Provisions of this Act as aforesaid, and such Part of such Sum shall be applied towards the Expenses of procuring the Volunteers, and the remaining Part as a Bounty to the Volunteers, and such Bounty shall be paid or applied to the Use of every such Man at such Times and Places, and in such Proportions as to any Advance of any Part thereof, and in such Manner, and under and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions as His Majesty shall by any Order of His principal Secretary of State, by any Regulations from Time to Time made in that behalf, be pleased to order and direct; and it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasurers, or any Three or more of them, to order any Receiver-General or Collector of the Customs in Scotland, to advance and pay any Sum or Sums of Money for or in respect of any such Bounties, or any Advances in respect thereof as may be necessary, out of any Publick Money in their Hands, or received or receivable by them out of any Rates and Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and all Monies paid under any such Orders as aforesaid shall be good and valid, and be allowed to all such Receiver-Generals or Collectors of Customs in those Accounts.

VI. And he it further enacted, when and in case as the Returns of Men who shall have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces under the Provisions of the said entitled Act of this Session of Parliament, at the Expiration of the several Periods in the said Act specified for existing, where the Regiment of Militia has been from Time to Time in General Meetings which shall be called and held for that Purpose, in case no other General Meeting shall be at such Times about to be held, for carrying into Execution the Acts relating to the Militia, and whose a Regiment of Militia is composed of Militia Men enlisted from Two or more Counties in Scotland, the Clerks of Lieutenancy of the said Counties shall meet at the Place where the *Magistrates* Head Court is held in that County, from which the greatest Number of Militia Men had been enlisted for the Regiment, or Notice given by the Lieutenant or Deputy-Lieutenants of the said County, to the Clerk of Lieutenancy of the other County or Counties aforesaid, fourteen Days at the least previous to such Meeting of the Clerks of Lieutenancy, and the said Lieutenant and Deputy-Lieutenants, or Clerks of Lieutenancy respectively, shall at such Meeting, and they are hereby required so to do, and in the Order in which the Vacancies occasioned by Men enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces shall be filled up for the several Parishes and Hundreds respectively, and shall cause Lists to be made out of the Men who shall have volunteered into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and of the Parishes to which they respectively belonged, and to be entered in the Order in which the Names shall have been drawn by Ballot, and in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and all the Men enlisted for the Militia under this Act shall be from Time to Time entered and placed to the different Parishes in the Order in which the Names of Men listed on such Lists in Succession according to the Dates of their respective Enlistments; and all Men so entered and placed to such Parishes shall thenceforth be deemed to belong to such Parishes, as to any Relief of any Families of such Men, or otherwise supplying of any Vacancies, in like Manner and such Men had been provided as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parishes respectively.

VII. And he it enacted, That after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall not be lawful for any Colonel or Commanding Officer or other Officer, or Non-commissioned Officer or Regular or Local Militia, to raise any Volunteers by Beat of Drum or otherwise under this Act, unless the same shall be expressly authorized by His Majesty, by Order of one of his Principal Secretaries of State, but all Dispositions then remaining shall be raised by Ballot, or as Volunteers to be provided by the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes in England, and by any Minister or Ministers of Parishes in Scotland, in Manner allowed by this Act; and every Colonel, Commanding Officer, or other Officer or Non-commissioned Officer or Regular or Local Militia, who shall thereafter raise any Man in such Manner, shall be subject, in respect of all Men so raised, to all the Penalties contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Militia for enlisting Men, as fully as if this Act had not passed.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That in every County or in which on the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten any Dispositions shall remain to be supplied, and also in case His Majesty shall deem it necessary that a Ballot shall commence for the completing the Militia, the Lieutenant and Deputy-Lieutenant shall, at General Meetings to be held for that Purpose, determine whether any Apprentices or new Lists

Professors of
Arts in
Universities
enrolled in such
Universities.

Clerks shall
transmit to
Clerks of General
Musters
Monthly Certi-
ficates, but
of Men raised
(Schedule A.)

Bounty on
volunteering
to
Colonies or
Guards under
such Regulations
as His Majesty
shall direct.

Lieutenancy shall
be by Ballot
Order in which
Vacancies arising
by Enlistment
shall be filled
up, and
every List to be
made out of Men
enrolled, and of
their Parishes
from which the
Militia shall
be filled up for
Parishes in
England,
(Schedule B.)

After June 1,
1810, raising
Volunteers by
Beat of Drum
shall cease.

In case of
Dispositions on
April 1, 1810,
if His Majesty
shall order a
Ballot to com-
mence

where, Law
wherein shall
and Appo-
mentals, &c.
said Act, &c.

are necessary for the proceeding to ballot either to supply such Deficiencies or to complete the Militia in their respective Counties, and shall, in case the same shall be necessary, appoint Subdivision Meetings, and such General and Subdivision Meetings shall proceed to make such Appointments, and to cause new Lists to be made out and returned, or old Lists to be amended, and to do all other Acts, Matters, and Things, which may be necessary for carrying the same into execution under the Provisions of the several Acts in force in relation to the Militia: Provided always, that all such Appointments shall be made, according to the Provisions of the original Quota of Militia Men raised in any County; and provided further, that for the Purpose of making such Appointments, where a Regiment of Militia Men shall be composed of Militia Men balloted from Two or more Counties as aforesaid, the Clerks of Lieutenancy of the said Counties shall meet at the Place where the Muster and Head Count is held in that County from which the greatest Number of Militia Men had been balloted for the Regiment, on Notice given by the Lieutenant or Deputy-Lieutenant of the said County, to the Clerk of the Lieutenancy of the other County or Counties aforesaid. Fourteen Days at the least previous to such Meeting, and such Clerks of Lieutenancy so assembled shall appoint such Deficiencies among such Counties, according to the Proportion of the original Quota of Militia Men balloted in each County respectively, Regard being had to the Number of Men who may have been raised under this Act by any Mayor or Burghs of any Parish in such Counties, and entered as rated in Discharge of such Parish from Ballot, as herein before directed, and such Deficiencies, so appointed by such Clerks among such Counties, shall thereupon be appointed among the Parishes thereof in the Manner directed by this Act in the Case of any County raising within itself a Regiment of Militia.

Whereby
Ballot, Lieu-
tenant's shall
appoints Men
actually enrolled.

X. And be it further enacted, That before any Ballot under this Act shall take place for the supplying of any Deficiencies which may remain to be supplied, the Lieutenants and Deputy-Lieutenants assembled at any General and Subdivision Meetings to be held for that Purpose shall respectively appoint the Number of Men actually enrolled and to be entered as aforesaid, and the Deficiencies then remaining to be supplied among the Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes of the respective Counties, and the Men then remaining to be raised by Ballot or otherwise according to the Provisions of this Act, by such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes, according to such Appointments as aforesaid.

Ballot in
Subdivision
Parishes.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of General Meetings shall, within Seven Days after such Appointments as aforesaid, transmit to the Clerks of Subdivision Meetings of the respective Counties, Certificates of the Number of Men enrolled, and the Number of Men deficient in the Militia, and which remain to be provided in the Hundreds or Parishes in which such Deficiencies exist, and the Deputy-Lieutenants in their respective Subdivisions shall forthwith proceed to make such Deficiencies by Ballot, under the Provisions of the Acts relating to the Militia; any Thing in an Act passed in the Tenth seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.

Notice of
Deficits.

XII. And be it further enacted, That Notice shall be given by the Deputy-Lieutenants, or Clerk of Subdivision Meetings, by affixing the same on the Doors of the Churches or Chapels, or on other conspicuous Places in the several Parishes within their respective Subdivisions, of the Days, Times, and Places appointed for Ballots under this Act, in such respect to Subdivisions, and the Names of the Parishes liable to be balloted shall publicly and in the Presence of any such Magistrates, Overseers-dwos, and Overseers of the Poor as shall so attend, be called over from the Lists, and put into the Boxes or Clashes for balloting, and shall in like Manner be publicly drawn out, and the Names of the Persons so drawn shall be publicly called for, and be entered on a Book by the Clerks of the Subdivision, or Persons appointed by them or the Deputy-Lieutenants, for that Purpose; and such calling over of the Names, and balloting for Persons to be enrolled under this Act, shall take place at the Days, Times, and Places appointed, and shall not commence before Ten of the Clock, nor continue longer than Six in the Evening; and if such balloting shall not be complete in One Morning, the Boxes shall be locked with the Keys of any Two or more of the Deputy-Lieutenants and the Clerk of the Meeting, and such Books shall be broken, and the balloting be finished in like publick Manner on the succeeding Day or Days, or on any other Day to which such Ballot shall be adjourned.

Appoint.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy-Lieutenants in all Cases in which the same shall be necessary, shall appoint Days and Places for holding Meetings for hearing Appeals; and the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at which such Ballots shall have taken place, shall within Three Days transmit to the Constables, Schoolmasters, or other Officers of the Parish within whose Subdivisions, the Names of the Persons balloted therein respectively, and such Constable or Schoolmaster shall throughout give Notice to every such Parish, by delivering the same to him or his Wife, or some Servant or Member of his Family, or leaving the same at his usual or last Place of Abode; and it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants, and they are hereby required, in all Cases in which Persons so balloted shall make Defaults, or not be Substituted, or shall default, or shall pay the Fine under this Act, to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and adjourn such Meeting, and direct like Notice to be given to the Persons balloted, and appoint other Meetings in case the same shall be necessary for making such Ballots, and so on to the full Number of Men required under this Act shall be carried to serve in the Militia.

Penalty on Pri-
soners balloted
Deputy-Quar-
ter Masters
not Enrolled,
or paying Pen-
alties, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person chosen by Ballot under this Act so far as the Militia (not being one of the People called Quakers) who shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the Oath, and serve in the Militia, or to provide a Substitute in Manner directed by the said Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in Manner in this Act mentioned.

Penalty on Pri-
soners balloted
Deputy-Quar-
ter Masters
not Enrolled,
or paying Pen-
alties, &c.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That a Sum of Two Guineas shall be allowed to every Person balloted and enrolled between the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, or in any Parish a Ballot taken in such Parish shall provide a Substitute, or shall have a Substitute provided for him, who shall be enrolled, then the Substitute,

and such Bounty shall be paid in such Proportions and at such Times and Places, and in such Proportions as to finding any N. officers, and as to any Advances of any Part thereof, as shall be specified in any Regulations made in that Behalf as aforesaid.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish in England, and for any Hectors or Overseers of any Parishes in Scotland, at any Time after the passing of this Act, to sell in the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, to raise or provide any such Men as Volunteers as aforesaid, who shall be entitled to such Bounty of Ten Guineas as aforesaid, to be paid and applied as at aforesaid: Provided always, that all Men so raised shall be entered as rated for the Parish for which they shall have been provided, and no discharge of such Parish from Relief for such Men as shall be so raised.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor of any Parish, or any other Person or Persons, to make, raise, or levy any Rate or Rates, or any Subscription or Subscriptions, or Sum or Sums of Money, or to give, advance, or provide any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purpose of raising any Parish to make as a Volunteer as aforesaid; and every Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor, and other Person, who shall do any Manner of give, or advance to or to the Use of any such Volunteer, or the Family of such Volunteer, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward, Gift, or Reward, or who shall provide any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Bounty, Gift, or Reward, other than such Bounty as shall be allowed and paid as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered, levied, paid, and applied as any like Penalty may be recovered, levied, and applied under any Act or Acts relating to the Militia: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Overseer of the Poor of any Parish, out of any Rate to be made for the Relief of the Poor in England, and for any Collector of the Customs of any Money in his Hands lawfully, to advance for the Substitution of any Man raised and provided for such Parish, during the Month to his Request, any Sum not exceeding the Rate of Pay at Two Shillings per Day, of so many Days as would enable such Man to march from the Place where he was raised to such Regiment, to be calculated at the Rate of not less than Ten Miles per Day, with the usual Number of halting Days: Provided always, that all Sums of Money be advanced in respect of any Man that shall be approved and enrolled, shall be repaid to such Overseer by the Officer appointed for receiving such Men, to be by such Overseer or Collector of the Customs carried to the Account of the Rates or Money from which the same shall have been advanced as aforesaid.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person be balloted and receiving such Sum of Ten Guineas as aforesaid shall be entitled to, or have or receive the Allowance of One-half of the clear net Value of a Volunteer, or any other Allowance under any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia, by reason of his not being possessed of any Estate in Lands, Goods, or Money, of the clear Value of Five hundred Pounds; any Thing in any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Deputy-Lieutenant to deny or permit any larger Sum of Money than shall be allowed in any Rules and Regulations made for the Appointment of such Sum or Bounty of Ten Guineas as aforesaid, to be paid to any Substitute at the Time of his Enrolment, or before he shall actually join his Regiment; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall claim, or have or be entitled to any Exemption from being balloted to serve in the Militia under this Act, by reason of any such Person being enrolled and serving in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, which such Person shall have actually marched the usual Month and Half of such Corps for the Number of Days required by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to Corps of Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, and to make further Regulations relating thereto*; and if a Person who shall not have so marched according to the Provisions of the last recited Act, shall nevertheless claim any Exemption, such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the sum of Twenty Pounds, notwithstanding any such Person may have a Certificate of being an officer or Member of his Corps, and from and after the passing of this Act, no Certificate of any Commanding Officer of any Volunteer Corps shall be admitted by any Deputy-Lieutenant upon any such Claim of Exemption, which such Certificate shall certify the Number of Days on which the Person producing the same shall have attended the Muster or Exercise of his Corps, or been absent from any justifiable Cause under the last recited Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be exempt from being balloted to serve in the Militia under this Act, by reason of any such Person having been balloted as aforesaid to be raised and marched under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty annually to raise and employ a Proportion of His Subjects in England, under certain Conditions, and more fully to provide for the Defence of the Realm, and no Officer on the Half Pay of any of His Majesty's Forces, and no Quaker living in any Regiment of Militia or Corps of Volunteers, shall, by reason of serving any Commission from His Majesty on which he shall receive Half Pay, be exempt from being balloted to serve in the Militia under this Act, which such Person shall have neither do or receive in the Line of his Regiment or Volunteer of any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, or shall be incapable of Service; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.*

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants in their respective Counties, and they are hereby required, at any Time during the Period allowed for balloting and raising Men under this Act, in case any Person ordered to be drawn out and embodied shall have made or shall make Default by not appearing, or by Delinquency or Absence from Duty, and shall not be

Countess, &c.
and any other
Volunteers in
1 Sept. 1810,
who shall bear
the Ballot

No Rate or
Subscription
shall be made
for raising
Volunteers.

Penalty 20l.

Substitutes
shall be Men
on their Lists.

Persons receiving
Bounty not
entitled to
Allowance under
Act, 2. G. 3.
c. 119, 56.
Share of Bounty
to Substitute
before joining.

Members of
Volunteers Corps
not exempt,
which having
served the full
Number of
Days, under
Act, 2. G. 3.

Persons balloted
under Training
Act
not exempt
no Officers
upon Half Pay,
which shall pay
during Service or
being on Duty
in any Militia
Co.

If Person
drawn out
shall not
appear, he
shall be
taken to Duty,
and shall be
taken

taken within Ten Days from the Time of such Default, Delinquency, or Absence, to declare a Vacancy, and forthwith to fill up the same according to the Provision of the first Act under this Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks or Subordinate Messengers shall within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the Period allowed for sending of any Men in their respective Counties, make vet and return Two Schedules in the Form to this Act annexed, marked (C.) Duplicates of each other, of the Numbers and Names of the Men entered in their Subdivisions, and also of the Returns received and applied, and Free paid by Persons believed to have, and shall transmit such Schedules to the Clerk of Circuit Meetings, who shall forthwith transmit one of such Schedules to one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the City of London.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every County, Hundred, and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required by this Act shall not have been enrolled before the first Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be liable to a Fine of Forty Pounds for every Man required to be enlisted and enrolled in such County, Hundred, or Parish remaining deficient.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the respective Colonels or other Commandants in Chief of Regiments of Militia in England shall, at the Expirement of the Period within which the Men required to be enlisted under this Act ought to have been enrolled within their respective Counties, transmit to the Justices of the Peace or Magistrates of Session at the General General Quarter Sessions of the Peace held in every respective County at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace next after each Period, Certificates of the Number of Men remaining unenrolled in their respective Regiments under the Provisions of this Act, and the Justices of the Peace or the Magistrates assembled at such Sessions shall at such Sessions affix the Penalty of Forty Pounds for every Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, and such Assessments shall be forthwith returned by the Clerk of the Peace to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks or other Commanding Officers of Militia in Scotland shall, immediately after the Expirement of the period within which the Numbers of Men to be enrolled under this Act in their respective Counties, are required to be completed by the Provision of this Act, transmit to the Clerk of Supply of the respective Counties the Returns of which they being, Certificates of the Deficiencies and Vacancies that remain to be filled up in their respective Regiments under this Act; and such Clerk of Supply shall forthwith convene a Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, and the Commisary of Supply assembled at such Meeting shall call in the Sum of Forty Pounds for each Private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, in the Manner directed by an Act, passed in the Tenth Year of the said King of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for providing Relief for the Poor and Families of Militia Men in Scotland*, and such Assessments shall forthwith be transmitted by the Clerk of Supply to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and all the Fees, Provisions, Costs, Rates, and Discharges, Penalties, and Penalties relating to the making and levying of the Assessments directed by the said last recited Act, and the said Act passed in the Tenth Year of the said King of His present Majesty relating to the Militia of Scotland, shall be and are hereby declared to be in full Force for the making and levying of such Assessments for not completing the Number of Men required to be enlisted and enrolled under this Act, as fully as if the same were therein contained.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be enrolled for any County, Hundred, or Parish in England, shall not have been enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer in England, on Application of His Majesty's Attorney General (if it shall be so) to grant a Rule, calling upon the Treasurer of the County, the Chief Constable of the Hundred, or Constable or Overlord of the Poor of any Parish in respect of which such Application shall be made, to bring Cash to every Man for such County, Hundred, or Parish respectively should not pay such Sum of Forty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if an sufficient Cash be shown to the Court within such Time as shall be specified in such Rule, upon such Trial, Chief Constable or Constable, or Overlord of the Poor respectively, then to the said County, Hundred, or Parish, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Forty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and so cause such Fine to be levied by Exchequer or other Power applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court, upon the Chief Constable or Clerk of Subordinate Meetings as to Hundreds, or upon the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish as to the Parishes.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be enrolled for any County in Scotland, shall not have been enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the Appointments of His Majesty's Advocate, to make an Order calling upon the Clerk of Supply of the County in respect of which such Application shall be made, to bring Cash to every Man for such County, or the Parish or Place therein, in respect of which such Application shall have been made, shall not pay such Sum of Forty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if an sufficient Cash can be shown to the Court within such Time as shall be specified in such Order, then to the said County, Parish, or Place, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Forty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and so cause such Fine to be levied by such Proceed as may be applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That when and so far as all the Men required to be enrolled for the Militia of any County under this Act, shall have been raised and enrolled, or at the Expirement of the Periods allowed for raising Men under this Act, all further Billet and Encampment of Men in such County shall be suspended, and shall remain so suspended until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten.

XXX.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

Printed by
M. G. S. & Co.
Printers, No. 10,
St. Paul's Church
Yard, London.

XXX. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *“The Act to empower His Majesty to raise upon full Pay and Allowance, Officers of the Militia during the War, and notwithstanding the Reduction, it is declared, that His Majesty may direct any Number of Officers and Company, or Companies in the Militia at the Time of the Reduction of Prisons to be recruited, although the Number may exceed the Proportion prescribed for any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, and that such Officers shall succeed to Vacancies in any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps respectively, according to their respective Ranks: And whereas such a Regulation was not meant to apply to Regiments, Battalions, or Corps where the Quotas of different Counties are united into one Body, except in so far as regards any Commission granted by the Lord Lieutenant of the County when the Vacancy has taken place: It is therefore enacted, That when any Vacancy is already taken or shall hereafter take place in any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps where the Quotas of different Counties are united into one Body, such Vacancy shall not be filled up for the Militia of one County by a Commission from the Lord Lieutenant of another County; but that the Lord Lieutenant of the County where any Vacancy has already taken or shall hereafter take place shall have full Power to nominate a fit Person to supply such Vacancy, any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that any Officer who has been raised by His Majesty upon full Pay and Allowance, in consequence of the said Act, shall continue to be retained and forward to any Vacancy that may take place where the Commission has been granted by the Lord Lieutenant of the County from whence his Commission was derived.*

XXXI. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in making all Appointments of Militia which shall hereafter be made, either in relation to Hundreds or Parishes, regard shall be had to the Number of Persons living in Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps and in the Local Militia in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, and except by order thereof from serving in the Militia, and to all other Exemptions from serving in the Militia, so as that all such Appointments shall be made on the Number of Persons in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, usually liable to be enlisted and to serve in the Militia.

XXXII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint Two several Periods of Three Days each respectively, at any Time after the First Day of August or thereafter eight, hundred and ten, for enlisting of Militia Men into His Majesty's Regiments, in addition to the Time and Periods specified in the said recited Act of the 8. 5. 1803 of Parliament as to any Regiment in which the full Number of Men allowed by the said Act to enlist shall not have enlisted under the Provisions of the said Act into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and all the Clauses, Powers, Privileges, and Authorities in the said recited Act contained shall apply to such additional Periods of Enlisting as fully as if the same had been specified in the said recited Act.

XXXIII. Whereas it may facilitate the Training of the Local Militia to allow the Commanding Officers of the Regular Militia to discharge, if they shall think fit, Men from their respective Regiments, to be employed as Sergeants in the Local Militia of their respective Counties; he is therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officers of the Regular Militia, at the Request of any Council or Commanding Officers of the Local Militia of their respective Counties, and subject to any Number of Sergeants, Corporals, or Private Men serving in those Regiments, to be enlisted and employed as Sergeants in the Local Militia of their respective Counties. In that no greater Proportion shall be so discharged for the Purpose of being enlisted in any Regiment of Local Militia than One Sergeant to every Two hundred Men of which such Regiment of Local Militia shall consist, and the Vacancies occasioned by all such Discharges shall be supplied in like Manner as any Vacancies occasioned by transferring Men into His Majesty's Regular Forces are allowed or required to be filled up and supplied.

XXXIV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That all Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Person delinquent under this Act or under the said Act, shall be paid within Ten Days after the same shall be recovered, and also all Fines of Forty Pounds for any Delinquent under the said Act, shall be paid within Ten Days after the same shall have been notified, to the Revenue General of the County, so as to be by him paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer; and every Clerk of Sessions Meetings, or other Person, who shall return in his Hands any such Fine of Twenty Pounds or upwards, or any such Fine of Forty Pounds or upwards, for the Space of Seven Days after the Expiration of each Period of Ten Days as aforesaid, shall forfeit double the Amount of the Money so retained, to be recovered as any Penalty may be recovered under this Act or any Act relating to the Militia.

XXXV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That all Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Person delinquent under this Act or under the said Act, shall be paid within Ten Days after the same shall be recovered, and also all Fines of Forty Pounds for Delinquents under the said Act, shall within Ten Days after the same shall have been notified, be paid respectively to the Collector of the City of the County, to be by him accounted for to such Receiver General of Scotland, in the same Manner as such Collectors of the City accounts for the Local Tax; and every Person and all Persons who shall return in his or their Hands any such Part or Proportion of any Fine of Twenty Pounds or upwards, or any such Fine of Forty Pounds or upwards, for the Space of Seven Days after the Expiration of each Period of Ten Days as aforesaid, shall forfeit Double the Amount of the Money so retained, to be recovered as any Penalty may be recovered under this Act, or any Act relating to the Militia.

XXXVI. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, at any Time after the passing of this Act, and before the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, if it shall appear to His Majesty to be necessary, for the more speedy completing of the Militia, to order and direct by any Order of His Majesty in Council, that the Bill for completing the Militia shall commence at any Time to be named in any such Order in Council, any Thing in this Act or the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the raising and enrolling Men by Host of Drums or otherwise

43 G. 3. c. 53.

Various Provisions in this Act, which are the Quotas of different Counties, shall not be so far as regards the Militia of one County by a Lord Lieutenant of another, &c.

Appointments shall be made on the Number of Persons usually liable to be enlisted.

Periods allowed for enlisting Militia Men into the Militia, under 43 G. 3. c. 53.

Clauses of the Regular Militia may discharge Militia Men into Local Militia with Sergeants.

Fines of 20l. (or 40l.) and of 40l. (or 80l.) shall be paid by a Delinquent under the Act.

In Scotland, Fines shall be paid to the Collector of the City, &c.

His Majesty may order the Bill to commence at any Time, &c. under 43 G. 3. c. 53.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of Our
 Lord _____ is the County of _____ A. B. of
 was committed before C. D. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or, one of the Deputy-Lieutenants,
 as the Case may be] for the said County, residing near the Place where the Offence was committed, for that the
 said A. B. on the _____ Day of _____ 1809 did p-3, did, contrary to the Form of
 the Statute in that Behalf made and provided; [here state the Offence against this Act] and I do declare and
 adjudge that the said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of _____

XLV And be it further enacted, That an Order or Conviction made in England, in pursuance of this Act
 by any Lieutenant, Deputy-Lieutenant, or Justice of the Peace, shall be removed by Certiorari into any Court
 whatever, and that no Writ or Certiorari shall supersede Execution, or other Proceedings upon any such
 Order or Conviction, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had thereupon, any such
 Writ or Writs notwithstanding; and in like Manner an Sentence, Warrant, or Order of any Deputy-
 Lieutenants or Justice or Justices of the Peace in Scotland, shall be removed into any Court whatsoever by Bill
 of Advocation or Supplication, or Process of Rehibition, or in any other Manner whatsoever; and it shall not be
 competent to fill Execution or Proceedure upon any such Sentence, Warrant or Order; and if any Person shall
 attempt to do so by Bill of Supplication or otherwise, the same shall be deemed as incompetent, and such Person
 shall be subjected to full Expenses.

Order and
 Certiorari shall
 not be removed
 by Certiorari.

* Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 46.

SCHEDULE (A.)

LIST of Persons entitled for Militia, between _____ Day of _____ and _____ Day of _____

Name of Man.	When enrolled.	When joined.	No Oath— or, one Oath.	Place of Residence when enrolled.

SCHEDULE (B.)

LIST of Men volunteered into the Line, and of the Order in which the Vaccines so made are to be
 supplied, in the County of _____

No.	Name.	Parishes.	House-holds.	No.	Name.	Parishes.	House-holds.
1.	A. B.	C.	L.	11.			
2.	C. D.	E.	P.	12.			
3.	E. F.	A.	M.	13.			
4.	G. H.	T.	N.	14.			
5.				15.			
6.				16.			
7.				17.			
8.				18.			
9.				19.			
10.				20.			
11.				21.			

SCHEDULE (C.)

SUBDIVISION of _____ County of _____ Number of Men required to be balloted.

Parishes, &c.	Number required.	Parishes.	Subdivisions.	Volunteers.	Date of Enrolment.	Summs received.	How applied.	Fine paid by Debarred Men.	Sum paid to Barronet-General or Collector of Cdt.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland.

[27th May 1809.]

[To be printed
by the
Printer at
St. John's
Street.]

WHEREAS it may be necessary in the present Condition of the Prison and Goals in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of Ireland, that Free of the Prisoners who are now confined therein should be as Liberty as it is strictly possible, do.

The General Gaolers in Ireland shall make out Lists of Prisoners in their Custody, on 18 February 1809, and deliver the same to the first or second Quarter Sessions next ensuing the 1st of July. Out of Gaolers on Delivery of Lists to be administered in open Court. Lists shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, and returned gratis. § 2. Copies of Lists shall be filed up in Registers, before Delivery to the Sheriff. § 3. Prisoners in Custody on 18 February 1809, for Non-payment of Debts not exceeding 100^l may be discharged under this Act. § 4. Judges of Peace, or Justices of the Peace, may issue Warrants to bring in to the Quarter Sessions. § 5. Special Sessions may be held hereafter under this Act. § 6. Sheriffs shall receive with Clerk of the Peace. § 7. Debtors intending to apply for Discharge shall give Three Notices in the Daily Gazette, &c. § 8. Debtors shall, previous to their being Notified, deliver Schedules of their Effects to Gaolers. § 9. Form of Notice. § 10. Debtors proving that Notices have been given, shall in open Court deliver in Schedules of their Effects, and make Oath to their Imposition, and to the truth of the Schedule. § 11. Schedule and Oath to be submitted by the Debtors. Returns at Request of the Creditor may examine Gaolers on Oath; and if Debtor's Oath is not approved, Sessions may discharge the Debtor. § 12. All Estates and Effects of Debtors to be discharged shall be sold to the Clerk of the Peace, who shall assign the same to such Creditors as the Court shall direct, in such or get in the Effects and make Dividends thereof, &c. § 13. Notice of the making Dividends to be given. Creditors for Amounts payable at any future Time, may receive Dividends in order a Commission of Bankruptcy. § 14. All Estates of Debtors whatever, though not referred to in the Schedule, shall be sold to the Clerk of the Peace. § 15. Holders of Securities without Confirmation shall not be entitled to sue Dividend. § 16. Estates shall continue vested in the Clerk of the Peace for the Time being. § 17. Assignees that not being Bona in Law or Equity without Confirmation of Creditors. § 18. Schedules shall be produced by Clerks of Peace or Creditors. The Debtor's Right alone shall be satisfied by this Act. § 19. Mortgagees shall take place of Claims of an inferior Nature. § 20. Power of Insolvency Lands, &c. vested in the Assignees. § 21. Oaths of Gaolers as to Custody and Conduct of Debtors, if removed by Creditors. § 22, 23. If the Prison delinquent in L. 8 want a Gaoler on the first Day of February by that take the following Oath. Position on Gaoler and Prisoner of Gaoler or Newspaper not complying with the Regulations of the Act. 10^l. § 24. Passing Gaolers for Perjury, 200^l half so the Inters. 2 and half so the Creditor. § 25. Penalty as Clerk of the Peace not giving Copies of Adjudications of Discharges, &c. 20^l. § 26. Debtors guilty of Offence shall suffer as for willful Perjury. § 27. Debtors discharged shall not be liable to be imprisoned for any Debt due prior to 18 February 1809. § 28. Prisoners shall remain charged with Debts become due after said 18 February 1809. § 29. Act may be pleaded in any Action of Ejectment, &c. § 30. Act may be pleaded generally by Prisoners. Act not to extend to Antiquaries, Servants, Agents, &c. embracing Money. § 31. Act shall not extend to Persons obtaining Money or Goods on false Pretences. § 32. Not to Prisoners committed to Prison under former Insolvent Acts for fraudulently obtaining Money, &c. § 33. Not to Persons charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation, &c. or any malicious Injury. § 34. Not to Persons removing Effects of the Value of 200^l liable to be discharged. § 35. Not to Persons of High or affecting Effects to distressed Creditors. § 36. Penalty on Gaolers not permitting Prisoners to be spoken with, or Entry in the Books of the Prison to be false, &c. § 37. Penalty on Gaolers for making false Entries, &c. § 38. Debtors refusing to discover the Creditors detaining them, or to appear to any Creditor, excluded the Benefit of this Act. § 39. Prisoners in Custody for Prison Fees discharged. § 40.

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner holding the Benefit of this Act, any respect to any Debt or Liability which he or she shall have contracted at the Date of his or her Commitment, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Publick Revenue, or at the Date of any Sheriff or other Publick Officer's return upon any Real Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Prisoner prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's God Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Publick Revenue, unless some Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for any Time being shall certify their Consents under their Hands to the said Justices at their next Sessions or Adjournment thereof for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

Demurrances of Pleas shall be final, unless the Debtor give in the Objections to his Discharge. § 41. Effects of which Prisoners are to be sold in that that be due to 4 up to their Creditors, without Fee, &c. § 42. Assignees may apply to two Justices of Peace for further Examination of Debtors, who as Refusals to appear may be committed. § 43. Forfeited Discharges declared void. § 44. Assignees, with Consent of the Majority of Value of Creditors, may compound Debts and adjust Disputes to Arbitration. § 45. Penalty on Persons concerned in Debtor's Escape, 200^l and double Value for Benefit of the Creditors. § 46. If Assignees do, others may be chosen. § 47. Courts on Complaint may remove Assignees. § 48. Where mutual Credit has been given, Debtors shall be bound. § 49. Prisoners in Custody for Non-payment of Money, &c. § 50. Act shall be void in the Benefit of this Act. § 51. And also Penalties imposed by Courts of Conscience. § 52. Not to Prisoners having taken the Benefit of an Insolvent Act within Five Years shall be entitled to Relief under this Act. § 53. Alteration of Quorum may be taken. § 54. Insolvent, on returning he intended in the Refusal of his Escape, shall be a good Witness. § 55.

Act not to extend
to Antiquaries,
Servants, Agents,
&c. embracing
Money. § 31.
Not to extend
to Persons
obtaining Money
&c. on false
Pretences. § 32.
Not to extend
to Persons
committed to
Prison under
former Insolvent
Acts for
fraudulently
obtaining
Money, &c. § 33.
Not to extend
to Persons
charged in
Execution for
Damages
recovered in
any Action
for Criminal
Conversation,
&c. or any
malicious
Injury. § 34.
Not to extend
to Persons
removing
Effects of the
Value of
200^l liable
to be
discharged.
§ 35.
Not to extend
to Persons
of High or
affecting
Effects to
distressed
Creditors.
§ 36.
Penalty on
Gaolers for
making
false
Entries, &c.
§ 37.
Penalty on
Gaolers for
not
permitting
Prisoners
to be
spoken
with, or
Entry in
the Books
of the
Prison to
be false,
&c. § 38.
Debtors
refusing to
discover
the
Creditors
detaining
them, or
to appear
to any
Creditor,
excluded
the
Benefit
of this
Act. § 39.
Prisoners
in
Custody
for
Prison
Fees
discharged.
§ 40.

C A P.

C A P. LV.

An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Peasens and Offices in England, and an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and for appointing other Commissioners together with those named in the first mentioned Act, and for appointing other Commissioners together with those named in the first mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Soap, in Great Britain, and on Peasens, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, also the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty; and for indemnifying such Persons as have acted as Commissioners for executing the said Acts.

[27th May 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to rectify Mistakes made in the naming or describing of Persons appointed as Commissioners by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Peasens and Offices in King's shires, and an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty for granting an Aid to His Majesty, by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and three may be Quasens to appear where Persons to put in Execution the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and also an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Soap, in Great Britain, and on Peasens, Offices, and Personal Estates, in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine*; may it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be executed by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several and respective Persons hereinafter named, shall and may and are hereby empowered and authorized to put in Execution the said Acts, and all the Clauses, Powers, Matters, and Things whatsoever therein contained, as Commissioners named for the several and respective Contents and Purposes of Great Britain, hereinafter severally and respectively mentioned and expressed, as if they had been named with the other Commissioners in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and properly described therein; (that into say.)

[This follows the List of Names for the several Places.]

And on Mistake in the Spelling of the Christian or Surname of any Person, or of any Place, mentioned in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, or this Act, shall be construed so vicar the Appointment of such Person to be a Commissioner, in that the Person or Place so mentioned be designated therein to common Intent and Understanding, or to subject any Person is designated to any Place, Quality, or Personage, for his acting in the Execution of the Acts herein mentioned.

- Persons appointed by either Act or this Act shall have the Qualifications required by 18 G. 3. c. 5. and 18 G. 3. c. 48. — § 1. Qualified Persons in Cities, &c. rated to the Duty as Peasens, &c. may act as Commissioners. § 3. Persons not properly named, or whose Names have been omitted, who may have acted as Commissioners, shall be indemnified: and all Attorneys by them shall be void. § 4.

C A P. LVI.

An Act for completing the Militia of Ireland.

[31st June 1809.]

- Recital of 49 G. 3. c. 5. Number equal to Two Sixths of the Establishment of the Militia in Ireland, shall be raised within Twelve Months. Establishment of regimented Regiments shall remain as under 41 G. 3. c. 11. A 2d of the officers under General Militia Act, 41 above shall be considered as Sergeant-majors. § 1. Men shall be raised by volunteering. Lord Lieutenant shall give Directions on the Commissions and the Treasury as under 44 G. 3. c. 15. and all the Powers of that Act shall be applied in Execution of this Act. Treasury shall pay raised M. R. Quota of Volunteers in which shall be the same as that of Subalterns. 1. 2. Further part of One General per Mox may be addressed to the Colonel for Engagers of possessing Men; but no Part thereof shall be paid in the Volunteer. § 1. 4. Men may be required by Lord Lieutenant to be raised by Ballot, and in such Cases they shall be raised as under existing Acts relating to Irish Militia. § 5. General Officers of the Government, Ac. in each County, within Ten Days after Lord Lieutenant's Order, shall appoint the Number of Men for each Subdivision, Ac. 15. Troop to be raised Men and Subalterns shall be paid under Regulations of Lord Lieutenant. § 7. Colonel shall send Monthly 200 Lord Lieutenant's Chief Secretary, and to Clerk of Annual Meetings Lists of Men enrolled. § 8. Fine of 500 as Contingent for every Man defective at the End of Twelve Months after passing this Act; on Certificate of Disobedience by Colonel to Treasurer of the County, which shall be laid before the Judges of Assize, and the Fine levied by the Treasurer's Order of the County. § 9. Treasurer shall pay Money levied in Collection of Rates. § 10. Contingent shall not be charged for any Men raised under this Act within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act. All former Acts shall remain in force, except so far as expressly altered by this Act. § 11. After August 1, 1810, Two further Periods may be appointed for enrolling of Militia Men into the Regiments. § 12. (See 49 G. 3. c. 5. § 13.) Act may be repealed or altered in this Session. § 13.

C A P. LVII.

An Act for improving the Quality of Beer in Ireland, by further preventing the Use of unmaltd Corn, or of any deleterious or unwholesome Ingredients therein, and for the better securing the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland.

49 G. 3. c. 57.
1809.

Printed by
Watts & Trenchard
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
in 1809.

49 G. 3. c. 57.
1809.

No Malt-Keeper
shall compound
with the Crown.

Printed by
Watts & Trenchard
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
in 1809.

Printed by
Watts & Trenchard
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
in 1809.

Malt shall not
be brewed in
any Malt-Keeper's
Malt-Keeper's
Malt-Keeper's
Malt-Keeper's

Printed by
Watts & Trenchard
at the
Printers of the
Parliament,
in 1809.

WHEREAS by an Act made the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster, it is amongst other Things enacted, That in every Case where the Stock of Malt in the Possession of any Malster, or of any Fellow or Dealer in Malt, or of any Brewer or Distiller, shall be less than the Quantity of Malt which by the Stock or Accession here by any Officer of Excise ought to be in the Possession of such Malster, Fellow, Dealer, Brewer, or Distiller, every such Person shall for every Tunn such Stock or Accession, forfeit the Sum of Fifteen Shillings for every Barrel of Malt which shall be deficient; and by the Statute in that behalf made, the said Statute is amended, so that whereas by reason of the Quantity of Malt being taken account of by the Officer according to the Gauge, and being sold or used or consumed by such Malster, Fellow, Dealer, Brewer, or Distiller, in Bishops or Barons, according to the Weights thereof, Deficiencies may arise between such Stock Accession and the actual Quantity of Malt in Stock, so Malster, Fellow, Dealer, Brewer, or Distiller, shall be liable to such Penalty of Thirty Shillings per Barrel in any Case where such Deficiency shall not exceed the Proportion of one Barrel of Malt for every Twenty Barrels of the whole Quantity in which such Deficiency shall appear, unless in Cases where Fraud or Intention of Fraud shall appear; any Thing in the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

II. And be it further enacted, That in and after the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to amend the Town Acts for the collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*, as aforesaid, that no Person which shall have a Commencement by several Doors with, or shall be adjoining to that Part of any Distillery or Brewery where any Kieve or other Vessel for mashing shall be kept, shall be suffered as a Store for keeping of Malt, shall any and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Day of passing this Act, no Malt-Keeper, nor any Part or Piece of any Distillery or Brewery where any Malt-Kieve shall be kept, shall be entered or registered as a Store for keeping of Malt by any Brewer or Distiller in Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expierion of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, if any Worms which shall have been drawn off from the Malt-Kieve more than Twenty-four Hours, shall be found in the Possession of any Brewer, or in the licensed Brewery of such Brewer, or in the Stables therein belonging, not mixed with or in which there shall not be infused Hops in Quantity sufficient to make the same into Beer, Ale, or Porter, all such Worms shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expierion of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, no Brewer or Brewster, or Person or Persons licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, shall give, sell, or in any Manner dispose of any Worms, or Pot Ale, in any Person or Persons whatsoever, and in and with any such Brewer or Brewster, or Person or Persons in Ireland, shall at any Time give, sell, or in any Manner dispose of any Worms, or Pot Ale, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, such Brewer or Brewster, or Person or Persons giving, selling, or in any Manner disposing of the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and any License granted to such Brewer or Person shall nevertheless be and become void, and such Brewer or Person shall be considered as unlicensed, and liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures as Persons brewing Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, without having a License for that Purpose are liable to by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for that Purpose.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expierion of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, no Malt shall at any Time be removed from or out of the Store, or other Room or Place of any Brewer or Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or shall be brought or conveyed into the Malt-Keeper's, Brewery, or Malt-Kieve, of such Brewer or Person without a Permit for the same; and that the Brewer or Person applying for such Permit, shall in and with their Request note for obtaining the same, state the Day and Hour of the Day on which such Brewer or Person intends to begin to malt or brew the Malt to be removed; and as to any Quantity of Malt, given or engrossed, whether in any Proofs of being so or not, shall be found to be Malt, Brewed, or Malt-Kieve of such Brewer or Person in Ireland, and a Permit for removing the same into such Malt-Keeper's, Brewery, or Malt-Kieve, shall not on Demand of any Officer of Excise be granted, or Proof made to such Officer that such Permit had been granted for such Malt, and that such Permit was afterwards lost or mislaid, or if any such Malt shall be found in Proofs of being so or not, or wrong before the Time specified in the Request Note for such Permit, in either of such Cases all such Malt shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Brewer or Person shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and every such Permit shall from Time to Time be delivered by such Brewer or Person or his Servant, to the Surveyor or other Officer of Excise in Charge of the Malt Stores of such Brewer or Person, within Twelve Hours after the Expierion of the Time for which such Permit shall be given, or in any Time within such Twelve Hours, on Demand thereof made by such Officer; and if such Permit shall not be delivered to such Officer accordingly, such Brewer or Person shall forfeit for every Neglect Twenty Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whereas it shall happen that the License of any Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, shall become forfeited or void by reason of any Offence against this Act, or any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such Brewer, or to the brewing or making of

Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, no Licence shall be granted in such Parish, nor to any other Parish to brew in the first Brewery, unless such Parish do to the said Beer have been entered into a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of One thousand Pounds, (that is to say), the Parish brewed in Five hundred Pounds, and Two Servants in Two hundred and Fifty Pounds each, such Bonds to be approved of by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or by four Justices to be by them authorized in that behalf, and such Bonds to be conditioned that such Parish to brewed shall in all Things well and truly comply to and obey the Laws in force in Ireland relating to Parishes licensed to brew Strong Beer, Ale, or Porter for Sale, and shall in it in any Particular transgress any Act or Acts of Parliament with respect to Parishes to brewed, or with respect to the brewing or making of Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or any Clauses, Matters, or Things whatever in any such Act or Acts of Parliament, which are or shall be in force at the Time of the granting or doing the Commission of any such Licence; and in case it shall happen, that any Parishes to brewed shall a licensed Time offend, and such Licence shall be a second Time forfeited, such Parish shall be incapable of receiving a Licence for the Space of Three Years from the Twenty-sixth Day of September next ensuing the Time of the forfeiture of such Licence, and no Licence shall after such second Offence be granted to any Parish whatever to brew in the Brewery of the Parish in offending, until the Expiration of Three Years from the Twenty-sixth Day of September next ensuing such second Forfeiture of such Licence, nor until the Parish licensed to brew in such Brewery shall enter into a Bond to the Penalty of Two thousand Pounds, (that is to say), the Parish licensed to One thousand Pounds, and Two Servants in Five hundred Pounds each, to be approved of, and such Bond to be conditioned as immediately herein before directed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, on Application made to them for that Purpose by any Brewer, and an Affidavit made by such Brewer of the Circumstances under which he shall be desirous to sell any Malt which he is not authorized by Law to sell, shall think it fitting and expedient that such Brewer should be allowed to sell such Malt, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners; or any Three or more of them, by an Order under their Hands, to direct that a Permit shall be granted for the Removal of such Malt, and such Permit shall be granted, and such Malt shall and may be removed accordingly, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Brewer shall not be liable to any Penalty, nor shall such Malt be liable to Seizure or Forfeiture on account of such Sale.

VIII. And, to prevent Brewers from using Brewing Coppers or Coppers in their Cooperages as Still, be it enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing this Act, no Licence shall be given or granted to any Parish to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, unless the Party applying for such Licence shall have previously entered and registered in the Excise Office of the District, every Brewing Copper and every other Copper of any Sort whatsoever which such Parish shall have in his Brewery or Pressing, whether for brewing or for boiling or steaming Calks or otherwise, and also every Malt Tun and Kieve in any such Brewery or Pressing, delivering in the said Entry or Register the Contents of all and every such Coppers or Coppers, and also describing for what Purpose they are or shall be used, and whether the same or any of them are Steam-tight or not, and in like Manner describing the Contents and Dimensions of every such Malt Tun or Kieve; and in case any Parish to brewed shall at any Time during the Continuance of such Licence, make any Alteration in any Copper, Malt Tun, or Kieve so registered, or in any such or in any new Copper, Malt Tun, or Kieve, or in any other Part of such Brewery or Pressing, or in any such Malt Tun or Kieve, or in any other Part thereof, in the said Excise Office; and in case any Parish to brewed shall use or have in use in his Brewery or Pressing, any Copper or Coppers, or Malt Tun or Kieve not so entered and registered, or other than such as shall be entered and registered as aforesaid, every such Parish shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and if any Copper is the Brewery or on the Premises of any Parish to brewed shall be used for any Purpose of Distillation, every such Copper, and all the Contents thereof, and all and every other Vessel and Utensils in the Brewery or Pressing of such Parish, shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Licence of such Parish shall be and become null and void; and if any Malt Tun or Kieve, or other Vessel not so entered or registered, shall be found in use for the Purpose of making Malt, or containing any ground Malt, every such Malt Tun, Kieve, or other Vessel, and the Contents thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person or Persons in Ireland making or producing or making Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer for Sale, shall use any raw or unworked Corn in the brewing or making of any Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer for Sale, or in the bottling or preparing of any Liquor to contain or to be retailed, or to be mixed with, or to be used, sold, or delivered as or contained as or for Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer, nor shall a Brewer or other Person or Persons in Ireland sell, dispose of, vend, or deliver, or cause to be sold, disposed of, sent, or delivered to any Person or Persons whatsoever, as or for Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, any Liquor made or prepared from raw or unworked Corn, or in the making when of any raw or unworked Corn shall have been used; and if any Brewer or other Person in Ireland, shall at any Time use any raw or unworked Corn in the brewing or making of any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or in the bottling, making, or preparing any Liquor which shall be afterwards sold, disposed of, or delivered as or for Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, every such Brewer or other Person shall for the first Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and for the second and every subsequent Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; one half of the said Forfeitures to be paid to the Informer; and upon Conviction for the third Offence above, the Licence of such Parish as a Brewer shall be null and void; and all Liquor made or prepared from raw or unworked Corn in the Brewery or Store of any such Brewer or other Person or Persons in Ireland, brewing Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or preparing to be so, together with every Copper, Cooler, Rack, Tun, Vat, or other Vessel or Utensil whatsoever

If Brewer
Licence shall
Licence shall
Licence shall
Licence shall
Licence shall

Permit may be
granted for the
Removal of Malt
sold by Brewers

For registering
Coppers, Malt
Tuns and
Kieves, in
Brewhouses

Penalty on
Persons using
unworked Corn
in the Brewing
and
Second Offence
shall be

ever in which any such Liquor shall be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for or in the Brewery, making or preparing such Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise as aforesaid.

For regulating
Breweries in
England.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, every Person or Persons licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, who shall have any Malt-house adjoining to or connected, or communicating with his Brewery, shall enter and register at the Exchequer Office of the Diocese, every Store Room and Place belonging to such Malt-house, in which Barley, or Grain called *Bar* or *Big* shall be deposited, and that no Store for Barley or Grain called *Bar* or *Big* shall in any Case be adjoining to or connected with, or be open by Means of any Door or Doorway immediately to the Place in such Brewery where any Malt shall be wetted or washed, or any Worts shall be boiled, cooled, or hopped; and all Barley or Grain called *Bar* or *Big*, which shall be forced in any Part of such Brewery or Malt-house, other than in such Store or Place so registered, and so separate and apart from such Brewery, shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Person or Persons in whose Store, Custody or Possession such Barley or Grain called *Bar* or *Big* shall be found, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

For regulating
Out Houses in
England.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, every Person or Persons licensed to brew as aforesaid, shall at like Manner enter and register in the Exchequer Office of the Diocese, every Store Room and Place in which Oats shall or may at any Time be deposited, and that no such Store Room or Place shall be adjoining to or connected with, or be open by means of any Door or Doorway immediately to the Place where any Malt shall be wetted or washed, or any Worts shall be boiled, cooled, or hopped; and any Oats which shall be found in the Possession of any such Person or Persons, in any other Place than a Store or Place so registered, shall be forfeited and may be seized; and each Person or Persons in whose Custody, Store or Possession, such Oats shall be found, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

For Cens
ground or
breaking down
corn, shall be
forfeited.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person is lawfully making or preparing to make Ale, Beer, Porter, or Small Beer, shall have in his or her Brewery, or in any Part of the Premises connected with his or her Brewery, any raw or unshelled Corn ground or bruised, and that all raw or unshelled Corn ground or bruised, which shall be found in such Brewery or Premises, together with all Sacks, Vessels or Packages in which such raw Corn ground or bruised shall be contained, and all Carts, Drays, and other Carriages on which such raw Corn or unshelled Corn belonging to such Brewer or Person, ground or bruised, shall be found in the Course of Conveyance, and all Horses attached to every such Cart, Dray or other Carriage, shall be forfeited, and may be respectively seized by any Officer or Officers of the Excise.

Penalty for
selling Beer in
brewery, 1809.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person is lawfully to sell any Sager Water, Distilled Spirit-wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitrol, Quassa, Coculus Indicus, Grouns of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or any Ingredient whatsoever, which shall possess any detriments or unwholesome Quality, in the making or brewing of any Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer; and if any Brewer or other Person shall use any such Ingredients in the brewing or making of any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, every such Brewer or other Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all Liquor in the brewing of which any such Sager Water, Distilled Spirit-wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitrol, Quassa, Coculus Indicus, Grouns of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or any Ingredient, which shall possess any detriments or unwholesome Quality shall have been used, and all such Sager Water, Distilled Spirit-wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitrol, Quassa, Coculus Indicus, Grouns of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or Ingredient, in the Brewery or Stores of every such Brewer or other Person, together with every Copper, Cooks, Back, Tea, Vat or other Vessel in which any such Liquor, Material, or other Ingredient shall be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for brewing such Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized or spoiled and destroyed; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any Porter Brewer from using any Article known by the Name of Coloursing, provided that the same shall be made or prepared from burnt Sugar only, and reduced to a liquor Lined by the Infusion of Water; and if any Brewer shall use in the brewing of Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, any Extract from Sugar root of the aforesaid Description, or any Coloursing possessing any detriments or unwholesome Quality whatsoever, such Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer, and such Extract from Sugar and Coloursing, which shall be found in the Brewery or Stores of such Brewer, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or spoiled and destroyed, and all Vessels in which the same shall be contained shall be forfeited and may be seized, and each Brewer shall also for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Coloursing for
Porter.

Bounty on
Export of
Beer to be
determined.

XIV. And whereas the Allowances made by Law to Persons retailing Beer, Porter, or Ale, are not necessary to be continued longer than until the Twenty-sixth Day of September, One Thousand eight Hundred and nine, be it therefore enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cider by Retail, in the Cities of Dublin, Cork, Waterford or Limerick, to require, demand or receive any Certificate from the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of allowing any Bounty in respect of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale, that such Person may have sold by Retail in the Year ending the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, or within any subsequent Year; and that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise to give or grant any such Certificate, nor for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties to pay any Bounty to any such Person in respect of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale sold by such Person by Retail within the said Year, or within any subsequent Year, any Thing in an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled, *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cider by Retail, and for diminishing the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors* is inserted, or in an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of

22 G. & A. 10.
1801.

118

His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, Patents, and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.*

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be recovered, tried, and applied in such Manner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Collection of the Irish Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Merchant, with respect to Penalties and Forfeitures under the said recited Act, and that all the Powers, Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations contained in the said recited Act, or in any Act or Acts for amending the same, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations were amended and re-enacted in this Act, so that the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other, and as the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year is altered and amended by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in Force at the Time of the passing of this Act.*

¶ *Act may be altered this Session.* § 16.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to explain and render more effectual an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. [3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies*, reciting that several benevolent and charitable Institutions and Societies had been formed in Ireland, for the Purpose of relieving by voluntary Subscriptions and Beneficence the Widows, Orphans, and Families of the Clergy, both of the established Church and Dissenters, and others in distressed Circumstances; certain Regulations were made for the Benefit of such of the said Charitable Institutions and Societies as should procure the Rules for the Distribution and Management of their Funds, to be presented to the Justices of the Peace at any Quarterly Session to be holden within the Time limited in the said Act. And whereas it is expedient to extend the Benefits of the said Act to such Charitable Institutions and Societies, for the Purposes aforesaid, as may have consented to register their Rules for the Distribution and Management of their Funds, within the Time limited by the said recited Act; and also to such Charitable Institutions and Societies for the Purposes aforesaid, as have been intitled since the said recited Act, or may hereafter be intitled: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament of Great Britain, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Members of any Charitable Institution or Society, which, at any Time in law the passing of the said recited Act or this Act, shall have been established, or which, at any Time after the passing of this Act shall and may be established in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland for the Purposes aforesaid, to invent good and wholesome Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the Management and Distribution of their Funds, and such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, from Time to Time to amend and alter, and to make new Rules as occasion shall require, and as shall appear necessary to the Majority of the said Societies respectively at their regular Public Meetings, or any Adjournment thereof, so as such Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall not be repugnant to the Laws in force in Ireland, or to any of the express Provisions or Regulations of the said recited Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, shall be exhibited in Writing under the Signatures of the Chairman, President, Moderator, or Register of such Societies respectively, with all consent thereto after the same shall have been made, altered, or amended, to the Assistant Bailiff and Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, in and for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, or any Town or Parish or Liberties or Society in the said County respectively established; and such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, to be laid Review of such Assistant Bailiff and Justices; and to cause such Rules, Orders, and Regulations to be saved upon Examination by the said Assistant Bailiff and Justices, either at the time or at any other next Session or at the next annual meeting respectively to the effect of the Rules, or the express Provisions of the said recited Act: And the said Assistant Bailiff and Justices shall and may, and they are hereby authorized, empowered, and required to order the Clerk of the Peace to give the same, and to file a Duplicate of such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and to deposit the same with the Clerk of the said Sessions, in like Manner as is required by the said recited Act in and for the said County; And inasmuch as it appears that any such Charitable Institution or Society shall consist of Members residing in more Counties than one, then and in such Case all such Rules, Orders, and Regulations may and shall be considered and made, and as aforesaid by the Assistant Bailiff and Justices in and for the County in which such Society shall be established, or in any other County specified for that Purpose by such Society, and in every one of the Members of such Society shall reside.

III. And be it further enacted, That all such Charitable Societies or Institutions for the Purposes aforesaid, whose Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall at any Time after the passing of this Act be approved and filed as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Twenty-sixth Year aforesaid, and of all the Clauses and Provisions in the said Act contained, as relative to the Appointment of a Treasurer or Treasurers, Trustees or Trustees, and to the taking Security from such Treasurer, and to the holding of any

48 G. 3. c. 51.
§ 16.

Power of
48 G. 3. c. 58.
§ 16. to
this Act.

Such Act,
48 G. 3. c. 58.

All Friendly Societies intitled either before or after the passing of the said Act may have Rules for the Management of their Funds.

Such Rules shall be exhibited to the Quarter Sessions in the manner aforesaid.

Such Rules shall be approved and filed as aforesaid.

Part of the Capital Stock or Fund of such Societies or Institutions on Public or Private Services, and to the providing, securing, transferring, or recovering the same; and the said recited Act shall extend and be construed to extend to all such Charitable Institutions and Societies with relation to the several Matters before mentioned, as fully as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Treasurer or other Officer entrusted with Monies belonging to any such Charitable Society or Institution for the Purposes aforesaid, to apply or appropriate any Part thereof under any Pretence whatever, to any Uses or Purposes other than the Payment of the Annuities to the Widows, Orphans, or Families of deceased Members of such Charitable Societies or Institutions entitled to the same, excepting only such reasonable Salary for his Trouble and Expence attending the Management of the Funds of any such Charitable Society or Institution respectively, as shall be allowed to such Treasurer or Officer in the regular Settlement of his Accounts, with the Members, Trustees, or Governors thereof; and that any Surplus remaining in the Hands of any Person being such Treasurer or other Officer, after paying the Annuities and defraying the Salary and Expences of his Management as aforesaid, shall be added to and accounted for as Part of the Capital Stock or Fund of the Charitable Society or Institution respectively, of which such Person shall be Treasurer or Officer respectively.

C A P. LIX.

An Act to permit the Trade between Great Britain and the United States of America to be carried on in Ships or Vessels belonging to the Inhabitants of the said States. [31 June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to permit the Importation, into Great Britain, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of the United States of America, directly from thence in Ships or Vessels belonging to the Subjects of those States; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into Great Britain directly from any of the Territories of the United States of America, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of any of the said United States, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from Foreign Countries, in Ships or Vessels both in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or in Ships or Vessels taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government or any of the Inhabitants of the said United States being Commissioned or Letters of Marque and Rепрiсе from the Government of the said United States, and considered as lawful prior to any Court of Admiralty of the said United States, of which Coast-master's Proof shall be given to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them, in England or Scotland respectively, and owned by the Subjects of the said United States, if any of them, and whereof the Masts and Three-fifths of the Masts at least are Subjects of the said United States; and to enter and land such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, on Payment of such Duties as are or may be payable on Articles of the like Description when imported into Great Britain in Ships or Vessels not being British-built; any Thing contained in any Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LX.

An Act for allowing the Importation from any Port in Europe or Africa, of Goods or Commodities the Growth or Produce of any Country, until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. [31 June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, during the Continuance of Hostilities, to allow the Importation of Goods or Commodities, under certain Circumstances from any Part of Europe, from whence they cannot now be imported by Law; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful, under any Order of Council already made or to be made, to import into the United Kingdom from any Part of Europe or Africa in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Country in a Treaty with His Majesty, or any Master registered, any Goods or Commodities which may be lawfully imported, being the Growth or Produce of any Country, upon Payment of the same Duties, and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as the same would be subject to if imported directly from the Place of the Growth or Produce of such Goods or Commodities respectively, in the same Ships or Vessels respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Importation of Goods or Commodities from any Part of Europe or Africa, under any Order of Council which has already been, and which would have been warranted by this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be good in Law, in the same Manner as if such Order had been filed in pursuance of this Act, any Act or Acts now in force to the contrary notwithstanding.

of the Peace, and he and they in and according to the said Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Person was liable to be arrested or detained, and has been so notified as being so liable or able to so serve His Majesty, as hath such Person so had with Two or more good and sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Information that may be brought or exhibited against him or that B-fall, and to pay such Penalty, and to discharge of any such Person finding both good and sufficient that aforesaid, or send the same shall be found, or shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, to commit such Person to any Gaol or Prison or House of Correction, there to remain until he shall pay the said Penalty, or be delivered by the Courts of Law.

IV. And Whereas by the Law in force for the better levying the Duties upon Coals, Colts, and Cinders, brought or carried Coastwise, the Mines, Wreghens, or Measures, are required to deliver a Certificate under their Hands of the Sorts, Quantities, and Numbers of Chalders or Tons of Coals, Colts, and Cinders, which shall be delivered by them from on board any Ship or Vessel, and it is therefore expedient to prevent any Coals, Colts, or Cinders, being unweighed without their Passes or Permits: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Coals, (except Charcoal made of Wood,) or any Coals or Cinders, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into any Port or Place in England or Wales, shall be unweighed or delivered from any Ship or Vessel, without the Passes or Permits of the Meters or other proper Officers appointed to measure or weigh the same, according to the Direction of an Act passed in the Ninth s of Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, entitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Duties upon Coals and Colts, and Cinders* (whether the Duties that have been paid or not,) shall be forfeited and lost, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Coals, Colts, and Cinders, seized under the Authority of this Act, shall and may be prosecuted, recovered, and disposed of in like Manner, and by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Forfeitures recovered for any Offence against the Laws of the Customs may now be prosecuted, recovered, and disposed of, according to the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient to prevent the Exportation of Salt, Pepper, and Wine from the Islands of Georgia or Jersey, for the Supply of the Island of Sark, in smaller Packages than are now allowed by Law, under certain Restrictions and Regulations: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful to export from either of the Islands of Georgia and Jersey, at any One Time, any Quantity of Salt not exceeding Ten Bushels, any Quantity of Pepper not exceeding Fifty Pounds Weight, or any Quantity of Wine not exceeding Ten Dutch repared Quart Bottles, for the Supply of the said Island of Sark, and the said Articles may be so exported in any Boat not exceeding the Burthen of Ten Tons, such Boat having a License from the Principal Officers of the Customs at either of the said Islands of Georgia and Jersey, for the Purpose of being employed in carrying Commodities for the Supply of the said Island of Sark, which License such Officer or Officers satisfied and required to grant, without taking any Fee or Reward for the same: Provided always, that every such Boat having as aforesaid at any One Time any greater Quantity of the aforesaid Articles than what is permitted by this Act, such Articles, if in Packages of less Size or Content than prescribed by the Laws in force, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass, and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties. [31 June 1809.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, certain Duties of Excise are chargeable on the Materials, Metal, or other Preparations made Use of in Great Britain in the making of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, and also on the Mats, Metal, or other Preparations made Use of in Great Britain in the making of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether flatted or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, and certain Drawbacks are allowed on the Exportation of such Glass at Merchandize, and certain Countervailing Duties are also chargeable on all such Glass as aforesaid made in Scotland and imported into Great Britain: And whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Duties and Drawbacks, and to impose other Duties and grant other Drawbacks in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the said Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and singular the said Duties and Drawbacks shall cease and determine, and be no longer payable or paid, law and use, in all Cases relating to the recovery, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, when any at any one reason unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, or Arrears thereof respectively, which shall have been assessed at any Time before or on the said Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, in lieu and instead of the Duties by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Drawbacks hereinafter mentioned, that it is to be.

For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain, Fifteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Coals, &c.
unweighed
without the
Passes of the
Meters or
other proper
Officers.
25. 10 W. 3.
c. 13.

Recovery and
Application of
the Forfeitures.

Salt, Pepper,
and Wine, may
be exported from
Georgia or
Jersey in Boats
not exceeding
Ten Dutch
Quart Bottles,
in
Tons, and
having the
License of the
Principal
Officers.

See Stat.
1809 c. 62.
1809 c. 63.
1809 c. 64.

It is to be
paid to His
Majesty, His
Heirs, and
Successors.

For every
Hundred
Weight.

15 s.

From Time to Time, and at all Times when required to do by the respective Governors or Superintendants of Exercise of the Division or District in which such he, she, or their Clerk Heads shall be Exerciſed, immediately let about shoring, repairing, and amending ſaid Arch or Arches, within a reaſonable Time then next following, alter, repair, and amend the ſame reſpectively according to ſuch Regulations; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively, to whom any ſuch Locks Keys, and Followings, or any or either of theſe ſhall belong, ſhall neglect or omit ſcrupulously to do about the ſhoring, repairing, or amending the ſame, or to repair, amend, or alter the ſame when ſo directed, according to the Directions of the Act, he, ſhe, or they ſhall, for each and every ſuch Neglect or Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacte^d, That when any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively ſhall be directed to prepare, light, or kindle any Fire, to heat his, her, or their Annealing Arch or Ovens, into which any Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs intended to be put or depoſited, for the Purpoſe of annealing the ſame, ſaid Maker or Makers ſhall give to the Officer or Officers who ſhall Survey the, he, or they ſhall then be, Six Hours Notice in Writing of his, her, or their Intention; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect or omit to do, prepare, light, or kindle ſuch Fire within One Hour after the Time mentioned in ſuch Notice, then ſuch Notice ſhall be void, and ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall give the like and a ſecond Notice in Writing to ſuch Officer or Officers before his, her, or theirs, ſhall prepare, kindle, or light a Fire in any ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect or kindle a Fire in any ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven, without having given ſuch previous Notice as aforeſaid, he, ſhe, or they ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacte^d, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively, ſhall, when and in ſuch manner and place ſhall be ſeverally and reſpectively made or ſhewn, remove all and ſingulate the Spread Window Glaſs and Crown Glaſs reſpectively by him, her, or them to make or ſhewn, diſtinctly with ſuch Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, and ſhall there place and depoſit the ſame in ſuch Manner and Form as the Officer or Officers of Exercise under whole Survey ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall then be, ſhall appear, and in due the ſame may, ſo far as the Nature of the Crime will admit, be the moſt eaſy and ſurely viewed, reſpectively, and examined, and the Numbers and Kinds thereof reſpectively judged of in each and every ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven; and no ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall or do and the ſame Time put, place, have, or keep in any ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven, any Spread Window Glaſs and Crown Glaſs; nor ſhall any ſuch Maker or Makers put, place, or keep, any other Sort or Species of Glaſs or Glaſs Ware whatever, in any ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven except or made uſe of for the annealing of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect or omit to remove, when and in ſuch manner as the Law ſhall be made or ſhewn, any ſuch Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs by him, her, or them made, or if he, ſhe, or they ſhall neglect or omit to place or depoſit any ſuch Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs in ſuch Manner and Form as aforeſaid; or if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall at One and the ſame Time put, place, or keep, in any ſuch Annealing Arch or Oven, any Spread Window Glaſs and Crown Glaſs, or ſhall put, place, have, or keep, any other Sort or Species of Glaſs or Glaſs Ware whatever, in any Annealing Arch or Oven except or made uſe of for the annealing of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs, every ſuch Maker or Makers ſo offending ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacte^d, That before any ſuch Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs ſhall begin to ſhew or ſtep up any Annealing Arch or Ovens, containing any Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall deliver to ſome proper Officer of Exercise a Declaration in Writing, ſignifying the true Number of Tons of Spread Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively put, or depoſited and contained in each and every ſuch Annealing Arch reſpectively; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect or omit to deliver ſuch Declaration in Writing as aforeſaid, every ſuch Maker or Makers ſo offending ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacte^d, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively, ſhall, and he, ſhe, or they, and they and ſhe being required to keep ballaſt and good Scales and Weights at the Place or Places where he, ſhe, or they, ſhall make or manufacture Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively, and ſhall, at his, her, and their own Expence, ſeek, provide, and uſe, within ſuch he, her, or their Clerk Heads, and within View of the Annexed Act or Acts thereof, a fit and proper Heek or Stile in ſuch Place to be approved of in Writing by ſome one of the Heads of the reſpective Governor or Superintendant of the Division or District in which ſuch he, her, or their Clerk Heads ſhall be exerciſed, and alſo permit and ſuffer any Officer or Officers of Exercise to ſe the ſame, for the Purpoſe of weighing and taking an Account of the Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively which ſhall at any Time be in the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect to keep ſuch Scales and Weights, or either of them, or ſhall not, at his, her, or their own Expence, ſeek, provide, and uſe in ſuch Manner ſolecited, a fit and proper Heek or Stile, in a proper and convenient Place to be approved of in Writing by ſome one of the Heads of the reſpective Governor or Superintendant of the Division or District in which ſuch he, her, or their Clerk Heads ſhall be exerciſed, or if ſuch ſe permit or ſuffer any Officer or Officers of Exercise to ſe the ſame, ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall neglect or omit to give and give Glaſs or Crown Glaſs reſpectively, ſhall in the Weighing of any ſuch Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs make uſe of, or make, or provide, or uſe to be made uſe of any ſcales, or weights, or Heek or Weights, or ſhall poſſibly any Act, Device, or Conſtraint, by which any ſuch Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from taking the juſt and true Weight of any ſuch Spread Window Glaſs or Crown Glaſs, then ſuch Maker or Makers ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with

Locks and Followings ſhall be allowed and kept in Repair when ſo directed, Twenty ſhill.

Notwithſtanding the Annealing Arch ſhall be given or made ſix Hours Notice. Penalty not.

Regulations for putting the Glaſs where ſhewn or Annealing, Acte.

Penalty 100*l*.

Before ſhewing Annealing Arch Permiſſion of Entry or of Glaſs ſhall be delivered. Penalty not.

Scales and Weights ſhall be put out at the Clerk Heads.

Penalty 100*l*.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs Hall, when and fo often as he, she, or they shall be therewith required by the Officer or Officers of Excife under whole Survey he, she, or they shall then be, with a fufficient Number of his, her, or their Servants, and and with the Assent of his, her, or their Power, such Officer or Officers, or Surveyor or Superdender in weighing and taking an Account, or in re-weighing and taking an Account of all Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively of fuch Maker or Makers, on pain of forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Whoso Hall
with Officers in
weighing
Trasby Hall.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall convey away any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs from any Assenting Arch or Oven before the proper Officer of Excife shall have weighed the same, or shall neglect or refuse in produce any fuch Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs to fuch Officer that he may weigh the same according to the Directions of this Act, he, she, or they shall for each and every fuch Offence forfeit and lofe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Trasby on
conveying Glafs
from Assenting
Arch before
weighing 1806.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall from Time to Time and at all Times keep all Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, and which shall not have been weighed by the Officer of Excife according to the Directions of this Act, separate and apart from all Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs refpectively, which shall have been weighed, and from all other Glafs Wares whatsoever, upon Pain of forfeiting for every fuch Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Glafs Hall be
kept separate
from
Trasby 1806.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall for the sake of any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, make use of any private or concealed Assenting Arch, Oven, Utensil, or Place whatsoever, other than his, her, or their known Assenting Arch or Arches entered for that Purpose, or if any fuch Maker or Makers shall fraudulently remove or convey away any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excife, or shall fraudulently hide or conceal any Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs, each and every fuch Maker or Makers offending, shall for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and lofe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Trasby on using
concealed
Assenting Arch,
or conveying
Glafs out
weighed, 1806.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively, shall make or manufacture within the fame Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them erected, or used for the making or manufacturing of Spread Window Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, save and except Plate Glafs, and if any fuch Maker or Makers of Spread Glafs shall make or manufacture within the fame Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them erected or used for the making or manufacturing of Spread Window Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, or if any Maker or Makers of Crown Glafs, shall make or manufacture within the fame Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them erected or used for the making or manufacturing of Crown Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, save and except Plate Glafs as aforesaid, every fuch Maker or Makers refpectively, shall for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and lofe the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Trasby on
Makers manuf-
facturing dif-
ferent Sorts of
Glafs in the
fame Place, 1806.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excife shall have cause to fufpect that any Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs refpectively, shall have been fraudulently removed or conveyed away before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excife, according to the Directions of this Act, shall be deposed, lodged, hid, or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in fuch Cafe, if fuch Place or Places shall be within the County of London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the Chief Officer of Excife in London, upon Oath made by fuch Officer or Officers before the Comissioners of Excife in England for the Time being, or any Two or more of them, or in any fuch Place shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by fuch Officer or Officers before one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, or Place, where fuch Officer or Officers shall fufpect the fame to be deposed, lodged, hid, or concealed, which refpective Oaths they the faid Comissioners of Excife, or any Two or more of them, and Justice or Justices of the Peace refpectively, are hereby authorized, and empowered to administer, being both the Grantee of his or their Subpoena, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Comissioners of Excife, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace refpectively, at the Cafe may require, before which fuch Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their refpective Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower fuch Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if it is the Night Time at the Prefecture of a Coroner or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to come into all and every fuch Place or Places where he or they shall fo fufpect fuch Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively to be deposed, lodged, hid, or concealed, and to feize and carry away all fuch Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs refpectively, which he or they shall thus and there find to be deposed, lodged, hid, or concealed, or forfeited; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall be, obstruct, or hinder any fuch Officer or Officers in executing and empowering, or any other Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of fuch Warrant, from entering any fuch Place or Places where fuch Officer or Officers shall fo fufpect fuch Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively to be so deposed, lodged, hid, or concealed, or in feizing or carrying away the same, or in the due Execution of any fuch Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each and every fuch Offence severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Everywhere
Glafs fraudu-
lently conveyed
away.

Trasby on
Persons obstruc-
ting the Execu-
tion, 1806.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excife in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them given, or granted by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Glafs, the Person or Persons so offending therein, shall

Trasby on
obstruc-
ting Officers, 1806.

for each and every such Office, other than for which any Penalty is herein before specially imposed or provided, generally within the Term of Three hundred Pounds. Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to make it unlawful to or for any Officer or Officers of Excise, from Time to Time, and at all Times to sell, or to take a Single or Simple set exceeding Four Quarters in the Whole, out of such such Pot or any other Vessel or Urn containing such Preparation for making Glais, as after the Form shall be put into any Pot or Pan, or to take a Single or Simple set exceeding Four Quarters in the Whole, out of such such Pot or any other Vessel or Urn containing such Preparation for making Glais.

Provision and
Provisions shall
be void and null
and void.

XXII And be it further enacted, That all Taxes, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or collected, by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any One, Penalty, or Forfeiture, in or may be lawfully recovered, levied, or collected, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Officers of Duty, Toll, Finance, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and that one Moiety of every such Tax, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Executors, and the other Moiety to him, his Executors who shall discover, recover, or sue for the same.

Provisions of former
Acts repealed by
this Act.

XXIII And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Provisions, Forfeitures, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things, which in and by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Glais, or on the Materials of Metal, or other Preparations made use of in Great Britain, in the making of Gun, or in the paying or allowing of any Drawback on the Exportation of Glais, in force immediately before the passing of this Act are contained, provided, limited, or established, for managing, selling, raising, levying, collecting, recovering, adjusting, executing, enforcing, enforcing, enforcing, and enforcing the said Duties, or for paying or allowing any Drawback, of the said Duties, and for providing, providing, providing, and providing the said Powers and Acts to all Inhabitants and Persons, and the said Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things (except as before expressed), shall continue and be duly observed, performed, applied, used, and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, as fully and effectually in all Inhabitants and Persons (except as before expressed) as if the said Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Penalties, Clauses, Matters, and Things, had been expressly inserted and re-enacted in this present Act.

Duties shall be
assessed by Com-
missioners of
the said Duties.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

41 G. 3. c. 26.

XXV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, 'An Act for granting unto His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain,' it is provided, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall be the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of the said Act, make a separate and distinct Account of the additional Duties by the said Act granted, to be prepared and usually laid before Parliament, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled,

40 G. 3. c. 78.

'An Act for settling certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for determining certain other Forms of Account now in Use; and whereas One-third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed, and in lieu of which other Duties are by this Act imposed, constituted, and made Part of the additional Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and it is therefore expressed that Provision should be made for ascertaining the Produce of One-third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said First Day of August, One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Whole of the Duties granted by this Act shall be entered together in One Account; but that the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being shall, for and derive the Remainder of the said Period of Ten Years, to be computed from the Commencement of the said Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, make a separate and distinct Account of One-third Part of the Duties by this Act granted to be made out in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, best adapted to ascertain the Amount of One-third Part of the said Duties, which Account the said Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, are hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Public Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provision of the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Commencement
of Act.
of Commencement
two Years.

XXVI And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall remain and continue in force for the Space of Two Years, to be computed from that Day.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities. [34th Year 1809.]

49 G. 3. c. 119.
§ 12.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, 'An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, and it was thereby provided, that the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted upon the Certificates of the Life of any One

* *Notices, shall not in any Cafe, except as therein is excepted, exceed the Annual Sum of One thousand Pounds; and that the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted upon the Continuance of the Lives of any Two Notaries, or of the Life of the longer Liver of them, should not in any Cafe (except as aforesaid) exceed the total Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to enable the granting of Life Annuities to a larger Amount than is limited by the said recited Act: It is therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commoners in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, to grant under the Provisions of the said recited Act any Annuity or Annuities of any Annual Amount, upon the Continuance (either of the Life of any One Notary or of the Lives of any Two Notaries, and of the Life of the longer Liver of them, in as the same do not in any Cafe exceed the Annual Sum of Three thousand Pounds, except in such Cases as above by the said recited Act as Annuity or Annuities to a larger Amount than is thereby limited, in or as, under the Restrictions and Provisions therein contained, authorized to be granted, in which Cases it shall also be lawful, under the like Restrictions and Provisions, to grant any Annuity to a larger Amount than by this Act is provided, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.*

II. * And whereas for enabling the Receipt of Half-yearly Payments of Life Annuities granted under the Provisions of the said recited Act, certain Creditors and Assignees are thereby required to be produced to the Officer appointed in pursuance thereof, in Proof that the respective Notaries of such Annuities are living at the Time of the respective Half-yearly Payments thereof becoming due, and such Officers thereupon required, upon the Production of such Certificates and Affidavits to grant a Certificate in the Form in the Schedule to this last Act annexed, marked (F.) for authorizing such Half-yearly Payments at the Bank of England: And whereas it is expedient to dispense with the Production of the said Certificates and Affidavits in Cases where the respective Notaries shall appear personally before the said Officer, and such Officers shall be satisfied of the Identity of such Notaries: It is therefore further enacted, That in case any Notary on whose Life any Annuity shall depend, whether singly or jointly with any other Notary, shall appear personally before the Officer appointed in pursuance of the said recited Act, on the Day on which a Half-yearly Payment of the said Annuity shall become due, or on any Day subsequent thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Officer, in case he shall be satisfied of the Identity of such Notary to grant a Certificate in the Form specified in the Schedule to this last Act annexed, although the Certificates and Affidavits required by the said Act shall not be produced to him, and a Certificate so to be granted by the said Officer in pursuance of this Act, being produced to and lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be sufficient to authorize them, and they are hereby required to pay to the Parties entitled to receive the said Annuity, not only the Half-yearly Payment thereof which shall have become due on the Day on which any such Notary shall be certified as living, but also all preceding Half-yearly Payments of such Annuity which shall have become due, but which shall not have been paid, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully, falsely, and deceitfully, perjure any true and real Notary or Notaries, or shall wilfully, falsely, and deceitfully represent any other Person or Persons than the true and real Notary or Notaries to be such true or real Notary or Notaries, or shall forge, counterfeit, or alter, or sell, or assist in forging, counterfeiting, or altering any Certificate or Certificates to be granted by the said Officer in pursuance of this Act, or shall utter any such forged Certificate knowing the same to be forged, counterfeit, or altered, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, then and in every such Case all and every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of CERTIFICATE to be granted, in order to enable the Receipt of the Annuity from Time to Time at the Bank of England.

I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in pursuance of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *As Act (now before the Title of the Act) that A. B. the Notary [or in case of Two Notaries, One of the Two Notaries]* doth in the Certificate are No. _____ of the _____ Day of _____ granted for the Purpose of enabling the Transfer of _____ Three Pounds or Certain Consolidated [or Reduced] Bank Annuity on the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said _____ [or on the Lives of the said _____ and the Life of the longer Liver of them] appeared personally before me, on the _____ Day of _____ Witness my Hand this _____ 18 _____

C A P. LXV.

An Act for giving Jurisdiction to Justices of the Peace to hear and determine Profections for Penalties incurred by any Officers against the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs; and also bringing all Goods, wares, and merchandise, seized by any Police or Peace Officer to be brought to the Custom-House Warehouse in London, within a certain Period. [31st Jan 1809.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen as to the Jurisdiction of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in Cases of Profections for Penalties incurred by certain Officers against the Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs: And whereas it is expedient that the said Justices should have Jurisdiction in such Cases: Be it

Justification to
any Justice for
the Recovery of
Two Years
Penalty
incurred by
Failure to comply
with the Law relating
to the Customs.

Indemnity
from payment
of Penalties
in default of
Duties.

Not to apply to
Penalties beyond
£40.

Benefit of
Summons at
Ready Cash for
Failure.

Accessory
indulges
Penalties in
Quadrant.

Importation
excise shall
clear from
Fines.

Limitation of
Time for
Informations,
Six Months.

43 G. 3. c. 116.
s. 1.
All Comestible
and good dried
Grains dried or
subject to Pre-
sures, shall be
concocted as the
Custom House,
within Forty-
eight Hours.

therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Division, Corp, or Liberty, who the Officers shall arise, or wherein the Offender or Offenders shall be found, to examine into, hear, and determine all Prosecutions for Penalties incurred by any Offence against this or any Act or Acts now in force, or hereafter to be made relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, and the said Justices are hereby authorized and required, upon Informations exhibited before them for the Recovery of any such Penalty or Penalties, so inasmuch the Party accused, and upon his, her, or their Appearance or Default, to proceed to the Examination of the Matter of Fact, and upon the Proof thereof, either upon the voluntary Confession of such Party, or upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer) to commit the Offender or Offenders to the said Prison or Prisons, and in case of the Non-payment thereof the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to cause the same to be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Offender or Offenders, and in Default of sufficient Duties, to commit the said Offender or Offenders to any of His Majesty's Goals in the County wherein the Offence shall have arisen, or wherein the Offender or Offenders shall have been found, there to remain for the Space of Six Months, or until the said Penalty or Penalties shall be paid.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to or be confined to extend to require the said Justice to examine into, hear, or determine any Prosecution for such Penalties as aforesaid, in any Case wherein the Year shall in the Whole exceed the Sum of Three Pounds, unless they shall be so exposed by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made.

III. And Whereas Doubts have arisen in Proceedings before Justices of the Peace for Penalties or Forfeitures incurred by Offences against the Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, where such Justices have issued out Summons for the Appearance of the Party against whom such Proceedings have been instituted, which Summons hath been left at the House or usual Place of Residence of such Party, whether the same should be deemed a good and sufficient Summons, and as legal and official a Notice as if the same had been personally served upon such Party, for the Removal of such Doubts, Best declared and enacted, That in all Proceedings before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture incurred under any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, every such Summons so left as aforesaid, and directed to such Party by law, her, or their right or assumed Name, is and shall be (except where particular Provisions are or shall be made for summoning Offenders, or for commencing Suits made from Parties unknown) deemed to be as good and sufficient a Summons, and as legal and official a Notice as if the same were personally served upon such Party, and as if the same were directed to such Party, by his, her, or their proper Name or Names.

IV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where any Party shall or may be convicted before any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, when a Power of Imprisonment shall be given to the said Justice, or where it shall be given not judicially by the said Act or Acts, but only by reference to some other Law or Laws, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice, in Cases where upon Consideration of the Circumstances they shall deem it expedient so to do, to mitigate the Payment of the said Penalty or Penalties, in so far as the Sum to be paid by such Party be not less than One-half of the Amount of the Penalty or Penalties to which such Party shall have been convicted.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where any such Offender or Offenders shall have been committed to any such Goal as aforesaid, for Default of such Duties as aforesaid, and shall there remain a said the Expiration of the Period for which he, she, or they, shall have been committed, he, she, or they shall be wholly discharged from the Payment of such Penalty or Penalties, in respect whereof such Warrant of Distress hath been issued in all Letters and Purpises, as if the said Penalty or Penalties had been paid by the said Offender or Offenders immediately upon his, her, or their Commitment thereon.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Informations or Proceedings for any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture incurred by any Offence against any Act or Acts now in force or hereafter to be made, relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, shall be exhibited or instituted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace after the Expiration of Six Months from the Time of committing the Offence whereby such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture hath been incurred.

VII. And Whereas, by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to explain and amend Two Acts made in the Second and Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for preventing the smuggling of Stuffs and Franks by Persons navigating Some Boats and other Boats upon the River Thames, and for the more effectual Prevention of Duties and Taxes, so far as relates to the Entry of Smuggled Commodities, it is amongst other Things enacted, that all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which shall or shall be a Duty of Excise, which shall be Stuffed, dressed, or taken by any Police or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons under and by virtue of the Acts of Parliament therein recited, or under or by virtue of any other Authority whatsoever, for or by reason of the same having been smuggled, or smuggled, or run so short, shall, and the same are thereby directed and required to be carried, conveyed, or taken to and deposited and lodged in the Chief Office of Excise in London, in order that such Articles and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same were found, may be preferred or proceeded against, as the Nature of the Case shall or may require: And whereas it is expedient that all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises liable to the Payment of the Duties of Excise, and sent to the Duties of Excise on Importation thereof, or which shall be prohibited to be imported, or prohibited to be worn or used in this Country, or which shall be subject to Forfeiture for being smuggled without the Licence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, which shall be*

* Is stopped, detained, or taken, shall be deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London. Be it therefore further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which by any Act or Acts now in force or hereafter to be made, are or may be liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs, and not to the Duties of Excise as Impostation thereof, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported or to be worn or used in this Country, or which are or may be subject to Forfeiture for being shipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, and which shall be stopped, detained, or taken, shall, and they are hereby directed and required to be carried, conveyed, or taken to and deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London, within Forty-eight Hours after the same shall have been taken, stopped, or detained, in order that all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same were found, may be prosecuted or proceeded against, as the Nature of the Case shall or may require: And Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which are or may be liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs and not to the Duties of Excise, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported or to be worn or used in this Country, or which are or may be liable to be subject to Forfeiture for being shipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, shall be stopped, detained, or taken by any Police Officer or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons, on Satisfaction of the same having been feloniously stolen, taken, or received, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Police Officer or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons so stopping, detaining, or taking the same, to lodge and deposit all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, as aforesaid, in the Office of the Throng Porter, or the Police Office nearest to the Place where the same shall be so stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid, there to remain until and in order to be produced as the Trial of any Person or Persons who shall or may be charged with feloniously stealing, taking, or receiving the same as aforesaid.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every such Police Officer or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons who shall be stopped, detained, or taken any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises as aforesaid, or Suspicion of the same having been feloniously stolen, taken, or received as aforesaid, shall within Forty-eight Hours after he or they shall have stopped, detained, or taken the same as aforesaid, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Commissioners for managing His Majesty's Customs, together with the Particulars of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises so stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That when and to be taken as the Person or Persons so charged with feloniously stealing, taking, or receiving any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises as aforesaid, shall have been used for the said Purpose, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises as aforesaid, shall be immediately conveyed to, and deposited in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London, to be prosecuted or proceeded against for such Cause of Forfeiture as the same may be liable to, or be received upon Payment of such Duties as they be due in respect of the same, in such Person or Persons as may please himself to be the legal Proprietor, or otherwise be dealt with in such Manner as the Case may require.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, which are or may be liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs, and not to the Duties of Excise, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported, or to be worn or used in this Country, or which are or may be liable to be subject to Forfeiture for being shipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, and which shall be stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid, shall not be conveyed to and deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London, in the Manner and within the Time or Times respectively by this Act directed, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, shall and may be seized or re-taken by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and the Person or Persons neglecting or refusing to do convey to and deposit and lodge the same in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds, One Moiety whereof shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform or sue for the same.

C A P. LXVI.

AN ACT for the Abolition of certain Holidays, and for altering and extending the Time for keeping open the Chief Office of Excise. [3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, amongst other Things, for appointing the Time for which the Excise Office shall be kept open, it is provided that such Office shall be kept open from Eight of the Clock in the Morning, until Two of the Clock in the Afternoon and no longer: And whereas certain Holidays have been and are now kept at the said Office, by which the Publick Business has often been delayed, and Individuals put to Inconvenience: And whereas it would be for the Benefit of the Revenue, and contribute materially to the Accommodation of the Publick, so to stop many of the Holidays heretofore allowed, and to extend the Time for keeping open the Chief Office: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Holidays whatever shall be permitted or allowed to be kept at the Chief Office, or at any other Office of Excise, except Christmas Day and Good Friday in every Year, and any Days which shall be appointed by His Majesty's Proclamations for the Purpose of a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Restoration of His Majesty King Charles the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and the Birth Days of Their Majesties,

Customs and
prohibits Customs
house in London,
shall be deposited in
the House or
other Place
where the goods
are to be
at Customs.

Notice of such
Duties shall
be given in the
Custom House.

Such Goods shall
be carried to the
Custom House
after Trial.

Goods so found
and not carried to
Custom
House, may be
taken as re-
ceived by Officers
of Customs, and
the Party neglecting
shall forfeit 20*l*.

11 G. 2. c. 28.
s. 18.

No Holidays at
the Excise are
except Christmas
Day, Good Friday,
Anniversaries,
Thanksgiving, &c.

Majesty, and of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; but that all Benefits at the said Offices relating to the Revenue of Exchequer shall be carried on and performed on every Day throughout the Year, *Sundays* and the Days before mentioned only excepted, say Law, Customs, or Usage, in the contrary notwithstanding.

It. And be it also enacted, That from and after the said passing of this Act, the said Chief Office shall be kept open from Eight of the Clock in the Morning until Three of the Clock in the Afternoon.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for concerning Small Livings and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax. [3d Year 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for concerning Small Livings, and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax, after reciting that the Provisions therein for the Publick from the Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politick and Corporate, and Companies and Partners and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, by Sales under the Authority of the Commissioners appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the Purpose of regulating, directing, approving, and confirming such Sales, amounted to a very large Sum, and was likely to be considerably increased by further Sales and Concessions for Sale for the Redemption of Land Tax under the Authority of the said Commissioners, and that it might be expedient to augment the Income of Small Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, and of Charitable Institutions, by mortgaging the same from the Land Tax charged on the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or other Hereditaments belonging to such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in the Manner therein mentioned, it was enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Purpose aforesaid, at any Time within the Space of Two Years after the passing of the said Act, to discharge the Exemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments belonging to any Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in Cases where the clear Annual Income of such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions should not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration for the same, in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned, provided that the Annual Amount of Land Tax to be extinguished by virtue of the said Act, under the Direction of the said Commissioners without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration should not exceed the Sum of Six thousand Pounds: And whereas it appears from the Proceedings of the said Commissioners in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities vested in them by the said Act, of which Proceedings a Statement has been laid before Parliament, printed in the Prothero for that Purpose in the said Act contained, that they have discharged the Exemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments belonging to One thousand two hundred and sixty-three Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, and to Two hundred and eighty Charitable Institutions in Cases where the clear Annual Amount of such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices and Charitable Institutions do not ex ceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned, and that the Annual Amount of Land Tax which has been so extinguished is only Five thousand Six hundred and seventy Pounds Six Shillings and Three pence Three Farthings: And whereas the Taxes raised by the said Act, for transferring to the said Commissioners the Messuages which were included by the said Act, in order to enable the same to be sold: Exemption to the Benefit thereof is expired: And whereas the Provisions relating to the Publick from the Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politick and Corporate and Companies and Partners and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, have been considerably increased by further Sales and Concessions for Sale for the Redemption of Land Tax under the Authority of the said Commissioners since the Time of passing the said recited Act, and much Benefit to the Publick may be expected if such Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politick and Corporate, and Companies and Partners, and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, shall continue to be made under the Provisions and Authorities in that Effect: In the said Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty's most Excellent Majesty King George the Third, it is expedient further to extend the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's most Excellent Majesty King George the Third, to such other Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in Cases where the clear Annual Income thereof does not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds as have not yet had the Benefit of the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners at any Time within the Space of Eighteen Calendar Months after the passing of this Act to discharge the Exemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon such Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or other Hereditaments in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions, as in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty are mentioned, provided that the Annual Amount of Land Tax to be extinguished by virtue of this Act, shall not, together with the before mentioned Annual Sum of Five thousand Six hundred and seventy Pounds Six Shillings and Three pence Three Farthings, exceed the Total Yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds: Provided also, that Messuages, such as were included by the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty to be transferred to the said Commissioners, and which shall be*

verified.

45 G. 3. c. 123.
32

45 G. 3. c. 123.
32

[10]

45 G. 3. c. 123.
32

sent in each Messer as they shall require and direct, and also the Certificates directed thereby to be transmitted to the said Commissioners, signed by Two or more Commissioners of Land Tax, which Certificates shall be left unopened: Commissioners were by the said Act and are hereby authorized and required to grant, and shall be transmitted to the said Commissioners appointed under the Great Seal of Great Britain, within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act.

- * Commissioners may by Indenture on the Certificate of Land Tax, declare the Lands concerned there.
- * Sec. 5. Such Certificates of Exemption shall be registered gratis. § 4. Proceedings of Commissioners.
- * Shall be laid before Parliament before Close of the Session 1811. § 5. Deeds certified or registered at any Time.
- * before the passing of this Act, or within twelve Months after, declared void. § 6. Powers of several Acts.
- * amended by this Act. § 7.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Law of Bastardy, in far as relates to indentifying Parishes in respect thereof. [31st Jan 1809.]

WHEREAS the Provisions of an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, concerning Bastards begotten and born out of lawful Matrimony, are found to be ambiguous in the Purposes of indentifying Parishes against the Charges and Expenses incurred by the apprehending and securing the reputed Father, and also by the obtaining the Order of Filiation: And whereas it is expedient that such Charges and Expenses should be borne and discharged by the adjudged reputed Father of such Bastard Child or Children, at the Discretion of the Justices by whom such Acquiescence shall be made, either in the Court of Quarter Sessions or otherwise, not exceeding the Amount herein-after mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall hereafter be adjudged to be the reputed Father of any Bastard Child or Children, shall be chargeable with and liable to the Payment of all reasonable Charges and Expenses incurred to the Birth of such Bastard Child or Children, and also to the Payment of the Costs of the Order of Filiation, such Costs of apprehending and securing the reputed Father, and of the Order of Filiation, not to exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds: and all such Charges, Expenses, and Costs, shall be duly and respectively ascertained on Oath before the Justices of the Peace or the Court of Quarter Sessions making such Order of Filiation, which Oath such Justices or Court are hereby respectively empowered to administer.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Single Woman shall declare herself to be with Child, and that such Child is likely to be born a Bastard and to be chargeable to any Parish, Township, or Extra-parochial Place, and shall be an Excommunicate to be taken on Writing upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Town Corporate where such Parish, Township, or Place shall be, charge any Person with having gotten her with Child, it shall be lawful to and for such Justice, upon Application made to him by the Overseer of the Poor of such Parish or Township, or by any substantial Member of such Extra-parochial Place, to issue out his Warrant for the immediate apprehending of such Person to be charged as aforesaid, and for bringing him before such Justice, or before any other Justice of the Peace of such County, Riding, Division, Liberty, or Town Corporate; and the Justice before whom such Person shall be brought, having Authority to this Behalf, is hereby authorized and required to commit the Person so charged as aforesaid to the Common Gaoler or High of Correction of such County, Riding, Division, Liberty or Town Corporate, unless he shall give Security to indemnify such Parish or Place, or shall enter into Recognizance with sufficient Surety or Sureties upon Conditions to appear at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, to abide and perform such Order or Orders as shall then be made in pursuance of the last Act of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, unless One such Justice as aforesaid, shall have certified in Writing under his Hand to such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, that it had been proved before him upon the Oath of One credible Witness that such Single Woman had not been thro' Child, or had been delivered within One Month only previous to the Day on which such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace shall be holden, or unless Two Justices of the Peace of such County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, shall have certified in Writing under their Hands to the next, or where such Woman shall not have been delivered as aforesaid, then to the immediately following General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, that an Order of Filiation had been already made on the Person so charged, or that such Order was not then requisite to be made, or account of the Death of the Child born a Bastard, or for other like sufficient Reason; in each of which Cases truly before mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled at such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, to require such Recognizance to be taken at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding, Division, City, or Town Corporate, without requiring the Personal Attendance of the Putative Father: to bind, or of that of his Order or Sureties, and so entire of the said Two last mentioned Cases it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled as aforesaid wholly to discharge such Recognizance.

III. And whereas Parishes are often put to great Expence in enforcing the Performance of Orders of Matrimony made on the Filiation of Bastard Children: Be it therefore further enacted, That if any reputed Father or any Mother of such Bastard Child or Children on whom any Order of Filiation or Matrimony of such Child or Children shall have been made by the Court of Quarter Sessions, or which shall have been made by Two Justices

England (The
dible 1809.
work, nearly
40 G. 3. c. 68.

to En. c. 6.

Reputed Father
of a Bastard Child
to be charged to
the Parish or
Place, shall be
chargeable with
the Costs of the
Order of Filiation,
not to exceed
the Sum of Ten
Pounds.

Master of the
Court of Quarter
Sessions may be
authorized to
commit the Person
so charged to the
Common Gaoler
or High of Correction
of such County,
Riding, Division,
Liberty or Town
Corporate, unless
he shall give
Security to
indemnify such
Parish or Place,
or shall enter
into Recognizance
with sufficient
Surety or Sureties
upon Conditions
to appear at the
next General
Quarter Sessions
or General
Sessions of the
Peace to be
holden for such
County, Riding,
Division, City,
Liberty, or Town
Corporate, to
abide and perform
such Order or
Orders as shall
then be made
in pursuance
of the last Act
of the Eighteenth
Year of the
Reign of Queen
Elizabeth, unless
One such Justice
as aforesaid,
shall have certified
in Writing under
his Hand to such
General Quarter
Sessions or
General Sessions
of the Peace,
that it had been
proved before
him upon the
Oath of One
credible Witness
that such Single
Woman had not
been thro' Child,
or had been
delivered within
One Month only
previous to the
Day on which
such General
Quarter Sessions
or General
Sessions of the
Peace shall be
holden, or unless
Two Justices
of the Peace
of such County,
Riding, Division,
City, Liberty,
or Town Corporate,
shall have certified
in Writing under
their Hands to
the next, or
where such
Woman shall
not have been
delivered as
aforesaid, then
to the immediately
following
General Quarter
Sessions or
General Sessions
of the Peace,
that an Order
of Filiation had
been already
made on the
Person so
charged, or
that such Order
was not then
requisite to be
made, or account
of the Death
of the Child
born a Bastard,
or for other
like sufficient
Reason; in each
of which Cases
truly before
mentioned, it
shall be lawful
for the Justices
assembled at
such General
Quarter Sessions
or General
Sessions of the
Peace, to require
such Recognizance
to be taken at
the next General
Quarter Sessions
or General
Sessions of the
Peace to be
holden for
such County,
Riding, Division,
City, or Town
Corporate, without
requiring the
Personal Attendance
of the Putative
Father: to bind,
or of that of his
Order or Sureties,
and so entire
of the said Two
last mentioned
Cases it shall
be lawful for
the Justices
assembled as
aforesaid
wholly to
discharge such
Recognizance.

For Matrimony
of Bastard
Children.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act to intensify Persons who have inadvertently printed, published, or dispersed Papers or Books without a full Description of the Place or Abode of the Printers thereof, from Penalties incurred under an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign. [31st June 1809.]

- * 39 G. 3. c. 39. f. 27. related. Persons having printed Papers or Books with the Name of the Street of their Abode, omitting the Name of the Town or City (or *viz* *viz*), understood as such Penalties under recited Act. § 1. Act shall not extend to Convictions or Judgments had before the passing of the Act. § 2.

C A P. LXX.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty's Postmaster General of *Ireland* or purchase Premises for the Enlargement of the General Post Office in the City of Dublin. [31st June 1809.]

- * 48 G. 3. c. 46. Postmaster General of *Ireland* empowered to contract for the Premises on which the Post Office in Dublin stands. § 1. Powers of former Act extended to this Act. § 2. Money necessary for the Purpose of this and former Act shall be paid out of the Duty on Postage. § 3.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Six hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities. [31st June 1809.]

- * Every Contributor of real Still be entitled from 1st April 1809 to a Principal of 60*l* in the Year per Cent. 60*l* in the Three per Cent Reduced; and an Annuity of 5*l*. and 9 Months § 1. Duties under 48 G. 3. c. 67. shall not be charged on the first half Year's Dividend. § 2. Treasury may remit to *Ireland* 1,000,000*l*. § 3. To be provided for in *Ireland*. § 4. 500,000*l*. for the Service of the Prince of Orange of Postage raised in the Three per Cent Reduced, creating a Capital of 807,500*l* 7*l*. 6*d*. Interest 10,855*l* 13*l*. 3*d*. Sinking Fund 30,000*l*. Charges of Management 104*l* 9*l*. 6*d*. All to be provided for by the said Procr. § 5. 17. 25. 300*l*. per Month may be retained by the Bank as the whole Charge of Management. § 6. Foreign Receipts for Contributions, Fines without Clergy. § 7. Bank shall remain a Corporation till Annuities under this Act shall cease. § 8.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Acts of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof, and for other Purposes. [31st June 1809.]

- * 17th Act 21 & 22 G. 3. c. 17. (continued by 23 & 24 G. 3. c. 31 & 30 G. 3. c. 29) further continued to 1st 1st March 1811. Provisions in recited Act respecting the Freedom of the Coal Trade, declared to be in force. § 1. Act may be altered this Session. § 2.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and upon British Spirits imported into *Ireland*, and upon Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors in *Ireland* in Quantities not less than Two Gallons. [10th June 1809.]

- * With Generous Sovereigns.
WHERE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland* in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, bear freely and voluntarily inclined to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That the Duty of Excise charged and payable under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, for and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, made or distilled in *Ireland* (from Cereals matted or unmatted or from Sugar, or for which any Duties in *Ireland* are chargeable by Law, and w^{ch} the Duty on the Importation into *Ireland* from Great Britain on every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled from Cereals, or Green, or Sugar, in Great Britain, shall, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, be charged and paid in *Ireland* on all such Spirits as shall be of a Strength not exceeding the Strength of One Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and that for and upon every Gallon of all such Spirits of a greater Strength than One Ten over Hydrometer Proof, there shall be paid the like Duty as is payable for Spirits not exceeding the Strength of One Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and also a further Duty in proportion to the Duty payable for Spirits of the same Demeritum according to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One Ten over Hydrometer Proof.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, so much of an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled,

Duty on Spirits, made in *Ireland*, or imported into *Ireland* from Great Britain, after Sept. 29, 1809, shall be charged according to their Strength.

Duties under 48 G. 3. c. 46 on Licenses &c

Deputies of such Supervisor, Collector, or Officer, or in each of the said Parishes and Places as shall be preferred and directed by the said Commissioners (and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market-Place, or public School House therein, then on the Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market House or School House of the parish or adjoining Parishes) a general Notice in Writing signed by such Supervisor, Collector, or other Officer, in such Form as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, addressed to all Persons residing in such Parish or Place, who by an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's King, entitled, *An Act for the regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire-places, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages*, are required to make out, and deliver Lists or Accounts as Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, requiring that such Persons shall make out the Lists and Accounts required by the said recited Act, and shall deliver the same directed to or for the said Supervisor or Collector of Taxes on Fire-places, or to or for the said Officer appointed as aforesaid, at some House or Place within the said Parish or Place to be specified in such Notice, within Twenty-one Days after the Date of such Notice; and such general Notice shall from Time to Time, when the same shall be affixed, be revised & re-qualified or Directed upon every Period within such Parish or Place, to deliver such Lists or Accounts within the said Space of Twenty-one Days accordingly; and if any Person writes such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such List or Account at the House or Place mentioned in such Notice, or if in Manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty-one Days, or shall make or deliver any other or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence be liable and liable to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Persons neglecting to deliver Lists or Accounts of Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, or delivering untrue or false Lists or Accounts of such Matters, are by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid fully directed and made; and all Persons shall be liable to such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Damages, for not complying with such general Notice, whether any particular Notice requiring any such List shall have been delivered or left to or for such Person or not; and if any such general Notice so affixed shall be removed or taken off at any Time during the said Space of Twenty-one Days, the respective Supervisor or Collector, or any Officer concerned in the Collection of Hearth Money, Fuel, from Time to Time, make a general Notice to be affixed, and from Time to Time as often as Occasion shall require during the said Space of Twenty-one Days; and any Person who shall wilfully tear, deface, or obliterate any such Notice so affixed, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be posted or not as aforesaid, the Collector of the Taxes on Fire-places, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commission of the said Act and Taxes in Ireland, to collect or for or under the Collection of all or any of the Duties and Taxes under the Management of the said Commissioners, shall and may, from Time to Time, give or send, or cause to be given or served, a particular Notice or Notices with any Person or Persons in their respective Walks, Divisions, or Districts, liable or supposed to be liable to the Duties on Carriages, Male Servants, Dogs, Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Mules, or any of them, requiring all such Persons respectively to deliver to such Collector or Officer within Two Days next after such Notice given or served, the several Lists and Accounts required to be delivered by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid, in Manner required by the said recited Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Supervisor or Collector of the Taxes on Fire-places, or other Officer as aforesaid, to cause such Notices to be served at the House or Place of Abode of any such Person, by delivering the same to the Owner or Occupier of such House, or to the Wife, or to some Child or Servant, of any such Person above the Age of Sixteen Years; and every Notice so served shall be deemed to be duly given and served within the latest and Manner of this Act, and of every Act in force in Ireland respecting the Duties on Fire-places, Windows, Carriages, Servants, Horses, or Dogs; and in case any Person to or whom, or at whose House or Place of Abode any such Notice shall be so given or served as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver any such List or Account as shall by the said Notice be required, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence be liable and liable to the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Damages, as Persons neglecting to deliver such Lists or Accounts, or delivering untrue or false Lists or Accounts, are fully directed and made to be or under the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid; and all Persons shall be liable to the said Penalties, Forfeitures, and Damages, for not complying with such particular Notice, whether any such general Notice as by this Act is required shall have been posted in Manner aforesaid or not.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Notices by this Act required to be given by any Officer in respect of the Rates, Taxes, and Duties mentioned in this Act, requiring such List or Account as therein mentioned, and the several Lists or Accounts to be delivered pursuant to such Notices by every Person subject to the said Rates, Taxes, and Duties, or any of them, shall and may be in such Form and Form, adapted to the particular Lists or Accounts required, as the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland may from Time to Time order, direct, and appoint.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Person having or owning any House, shop, or any Tax is subject to Fire-places or Windows, or keeping, using, or using or employing any Carriage or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Dog, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Tax, or Duty is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall be absent from the Place of his Abode at the Time of the Service of such Notice requiring such List or Account with respect to such Taxes as aforesaid, then a List or Account of any and every Carriage, or Male Servant or Male Person, or Dog or Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, kept, used, retained, or employed by such Person, made out and delivered by the Agent, Steward or Servant of such Person as aforesaid and delivered as aforesaid, shall be to all Intents and Purposes of the same Effect as if such List or Account were made out and submitted and delivered by the Person owning and occupying such House, or keeping, using or employing any such Carriage, Male Servant or Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule respectively, as the Case may be; and in case such List or Account shall be so

Printed by
W. G. & J. G. in
the Strand, by
W. G. & J. G.
in the Strand,
by W. G. & J. G.

Printed by
W. G. & J. G.
in the Strand,
by W. G. & J. G.

Printed by
W. G. & J. G.
in the Strand,
by W. G. & J. G.

either LIA or Account, the same shall subject such Owner or Occupier, or Person selling or employing such Carriage, Male Servant or Male Person, Dog, Horse, Man, Girdling, or Male respectively, to the like Payments, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the same had been made and subscribed by himself or herself respectively.

Coachesmen
shall keep
Accounts of
second-hand
Carriages sold by
them.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages in Ireland, who lease and after the passing of this Act shall put with, sell, or dispose of any Carriage as second-hand on his or her own Account, whether the same shall have been repaired or altered by such Coachmaker or not, shall enter in a Book to be kept solely for that Purpose an Account of the Number and Kind of each such Carriage, is parted with or sold or disposed of, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses or otherwise, and the Names and Descriptions and Places of Abode of the several Persons to whom every such Carriage was sold, parted with or disposed of respectively, and the particular Day when each such Carriage was delivered or first set of the Shop or Counters of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages respectively; and all such Books shall be open to the Inspection of the like Officers, and Copies of the Entries therein shall be delivered and verified upon Oath or Affirmation in like Manner as by the said recited Act made in the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, intended. *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Drivings, Horses, Fire-hearths, Windows, Ale-houses, Houses, Digs, and Carriages,* is required with respect to the Books as and by the said recited Act required to be kept by any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall neglect to keep such Book, or to deliver such Copy of the Entries therein verified as aforesaid, or shall wilfully omit any Disposition which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to admit any such Collector or other Officer into the House, Mansard-story, Workshop, or other Buildings of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, at a reasonable Hour in the Day time for the Purposes aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty for
Neglect &c.

Books of Coach-
makers, &c.
shall be kept in
Form directed by
Commissioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Books required to be kept by every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages for the Purpose of entering the Number and Kind of Carriages which shall be built or constructed for Sale by such Coachmaker, pursuant to the Direction of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, and also the Books by the said recited Act required to be kept by every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages for entering the Particulars of Carriages sold as second-hand, and also the Books required by the said last-recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year to be kept by every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission, shall be kept in such Form or Forms of Columns and Headings respectively or otherwise as shall from Time to Time be forthwith directed, appointed or directed by the Commissioners of Ireland for the said Rates and Taxes; and if any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Person selling by Auction or on Commission, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Books or any of them in such Terms as shall be forthwith, directed, appointed or directed, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty &c.

Carriages sold by
Coachmakers
shall not be re-mo-
ved without
Permit.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage shall be sold or disposed of by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall, before such Carriage shall be first set off or from his or her Shop, Warehouse or Counters, apply to the proper Officer of Excise in the District for a Permit to convey such Carriage to the Person to whom the same shall have been parted with, sold, or disposed of by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and such Officer shall forthwith without Delay grant such Permit accordingly without Fee or Reward, saving the Notice or Kind and Descriptions of the Carriage, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and of the Person to whom the same is to be conveyed; and if any Carriage to be sold or disposed of shall be removed out of or from the Shop, Warehouse or Counters of any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages without such Permit duly obtained as aforesaid, such Coachmaker shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty &c.

On Sale of
Carriages,
whenever taken or
removed from
Coachmaker
shall send Copy
of Entry of Sale
to the Excise
Officer.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall part with, sell, or dispose of any Carriage whatever, whether the same shall be new or second-hand, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall, within Twenty-four Hours after such Carriage shall be first set out of his or her Shop, Warehouse, or Counters, deliver at the Office of the Collector, or to some Officer of Excise in the District in which such Shop or Warehouse shall be situate, a full and true Copy of the Entry made by him according to the Direction of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year or this Act, with respect to the Sale and Disposal of such Carriage, together with the Date of the Permit first set out with the same; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall neglect or refuse to deliver the Copy of such Entry at the Office of such Collector, or to such Officer within the Time aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall for every such Neglect or Refusal forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty &c.

Notice of Car-
riages by Auction-
ers, &c. shall
give Forty-eight
Hours Notice
of Sale, and
after Sale give
Notice of
Particulars.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Auctioneer or Person selling by Commission, shall sell by Auction any Carriage subject or liable to any annual Tax or Duty in Ireland, within three Auctioneers or Persons selling by Commission shall have given Forty-eight Hours previous Notice of such intended Sale as the Excise Officer of the District in which such Carriage shall be intended to be sold, and that every Person who shall sell any such Carriage by Auction or on Commission, shall, within Twenty-four Hours after such Sale, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District, or to some Officer of Excise in the District in which such Sale shall take place, a Notice signed by such Auctioneer or Seller as aforesaid, containing the Name, Addition, and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall be sold, and the Day of the Month and the Year when the same was so sold; and every such Auctioneer or Seller as aforesaid, who shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered such Notice, shall for every Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty &c.

Notice Particulars
& Day Carriages
shall send Previous
Notice to the

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person, who shall be chargeable with any Duty in respect of any Carriage kept by such Person, shall part with, sell, or dispose of any such Carriage to any other Person, the Person so selling, parting with, or disposing of such Carriage, shall, within Twenty-four Hours after

the same shall be sold, parted with, or disposed of, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District, or to some Officer of Excise in the District in which such Person shall reside, a Notice signed with the Name of such Person, describing the Nature or Kind of such Carriage, and the Name, Address, and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall be so parted with, sold, or disposed of, and the Day of the Month and Year when the same was parted with, sold or disposed of; and if any Person who shall part with, sell, or dispose of any such Carriage, shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered such Notice as aforesaid, every such Person shall become chargeable with the Duties in respect of such Carriage as if the same had remained in his Custody or Possession until such Notice shall be delivered in Manner aforesaid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expatriation of Our Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, if any Person in Ireland shall receive or have to his or her Custody or Possession any Carriage which shall have been sold or disposed of to such Person at any Time after the Expatriation of such Calendar Month, and of the Sale and Disposal whereof due Notice shall not have been given according to the Direction of this Act, every such Person shall be liable to and shall be charged with and pay Double the Duty which such Person might otherwise by Law be charged with in respect of such Carriage for the Year, in any Part of which such Carriage shall have been in the Custody or Possession of such Person, without such Notice having been given as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whosoever any Coach or other Carriage which by Law is liable to any Duty under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, shall be imported into Ireland, the Entry which shall be made of such Carriage at the Port of Importation, shall contain the Description of such Carriage, distinguishing the Number of Wheels, and if with less than Four Wheels whether contrivance to be drawn by Two Horses afloat or otherwise, in as to ascertain the Inland Duties payable in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, and also the Name, Address, and Place of Abode of the Person to whose Account such Carriage was imported, and a Copy of such Entry shall forthwith without Delay be sent and delivered by the Officer of the Customs making such Entry, to the proper Officer of Excise in such Part of Entry; and such Officer of Excise shall forthwith and without Delay and upon Demand grant a Permit for conveying the same from the Customs house or Place of Entry to the Residence of the Owner thereof, or to such Place as such Owner or such Person in his Behalf shall require and direct; and if any such Carriage is imported shall be found without such Permit, after the same shall have been removed from the Customs house or Place of Entry, and before it shall have been placed in the Custody of the Owner thereof, or according to his Order or Direction such Carriage may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and shall be forfeited with the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall be paid for the same to the Collector of Excise for the District in which the same shall be so seized as aforesaid, for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Boy apprenticed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years by the Founding Hospital, the Incorporated Society, or the *Widow's School for Soldiers' Children*, the *Widow's Marine Society*, or any Society or Charitable Institution in Ireland for the Care and Education of Children exposed to the Whisk or in part by Public Charity or Act of State, shall, during the Term of his Apprenticeship, be deemed a Male Servant within the Meaning of the said Act of the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting to His Majesty's Duties and Taxes in Ireland in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Poultry, Horses, Male Servants, and Widows, so as to incur any Tax or Charge under the said Act for or in respect of such Boy serving any Person; nor shall any Person whom such Boy shall serve be liable to any Tax or Charge during such Apprenticeship, for or in respect of such Person owning or employing such Boy as a Male Servant; any Thing in the last recited Act or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power of former Acts, 47 G. 3. c. 1. s. 21. and 48 G. 3. c. 42. extended to this Act. § 15.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act for vesting in the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, by Advice of the Privy Council, the Power of prohibiting the Expatriation and carrying Caswell of Gunpowder, Salt-petre, Arms, Ammunition, and Naval Stores.

[10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Powers which in His Majesty, by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, entitled, *An Act to prevent the Expatriation of Gunpowder, and other Stores of Money payable upon Merchandise exported and imported*; by another Act passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, entitled, *An Act to improve the Expatriation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms and Ammunition, and also to improve His Majesty's powder*; His Majesty is pleased to give His Majesty's Letters, and to enforce the Laws for restraining His Majesty's powder, the Expatriation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms and Ammunition, and also to improve His Majesty's powder, as if the carrying Caswell, of Salt-petre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition; and by another Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to restrain the Expatriation of Naval Stores, and more effectually to prevent the Expatriation of Salt-petre, Arms, and Ammunition, and also prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council, for prohibiting the Expatriation from Great Britain, and the carrying Caswell, of Gunpowder, Salt-petre, Arms, or Ammunition, and Naval Stores*, should be vested in His Majesty, as far as regards Ireland, in the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors thereof for the Time being, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful, during the Continuance of the said Acts, for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of Ireland,

Each Office, or such persons, as they shall think fit.

Persons being Carriage, or of the Sale thereof, Notice shall not have been given, shall pay double Duty.

Carriage imported into Ireland shall not be removed without Permit from Officer of Excise.

Penalty 20*l*.

Boys apprenticed by Charities shall not be rated as servants.

Eighty 4*l*.
12 *l*. s. 1. c. 4.
47
74th Act,
48th s. 2. 16.

33 G. 3. c. 6.

Lord Lieutenant and Council of Ireland may, by Proclamation or Order, prohibit the Expatriation or carrying Caswell of Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, &c.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of
Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [18th June 1809.]

C A P. LXXX.

An Act for allowing Dealers to roast their own Coffee on certain Conditions. [18th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, among other Things, it was enacted, that certain Duties thereon mentioned, payable upon Coffee imported, and for granting certain Island Duties in lieu thereof, the Commissioners for the said Island Duties for the Time being, or the major Part of them, are authorized and empowered to provide Houses for the roasting of Coffee, and to appoint Officers for searching the same; and One or more Persons well skilled in the roasting of Coffee, to attend at each such Roasting House for that Purpose; and it was by the said Act directed, that from and after the providing of such Roasting Houses, and during the Continuance of the lease for the Purposes aforesaid, no Coffee Beans should be roasted, burnt, or dried in Great Britain, in order to make the same fit for Sale, but in some or One of those Houses, under the Regulation in the said Act mentioned, and certain other Provisions were by the said Act made with respect to such Roasting Houses: And whereas it is expedient to allow a said Dealers and Dealers in Coffee to roast their own Coffee, under, &c. and according to the Rules and Regulations hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the Great, That from and after the passing of this Act all Sellers of and Dealers in Coffee shall be at liberty to roast his, her, or their own Coffee, under, &c. and according to the Rules and Regulations hereafter mentioned; that is to say, Every such Seller of and Dealer in Coffee, being desirous to roast Coffee, shall, before he, she, or they, shall profess to roast any Coffee, make true and particular Entry on Writing at the next Office of Excise, of One or more Rooms or Rooms for that Purpose, which Rooms and Rooms respectively shall either be adjoining or as near as possible to the Rooms or Place by him, her, or them entered and made use of for keeping Raw Coffee, and if any Seller of or Dealer in Coffee shall profess to roast any Coffee in any Room or Place whereby he, she, or they shall not have made such Entry as aforesaid, the Purser or Purssers to attending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all the Coffee which shall at any Time be found in any such Room or Place where no such Entry shall be made: Provided always nevertheless, that no Seller of or Dealer in Coffee, who shall at any Time receive into his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any unroasted Coffee, left in Quantity than Fifty-six Pounds, save and except Coffee returned to him, her, or them, by any Customer for being stowed, shall be at liberty to roast, or put in Operation of roasting, or shall profess to roast, or put in operation of roasting, any Coffee; and if any Seller of or Dealer in Coffee shall contrary to the Direction of this Act, profess to roast, or put in operation of roasting, any Coffee, he, she, or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all such Coffee by him, her, or them so roasted or put in operation of roasting.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, from Time to Time and at all Times by Day and by Night upon his or their Request (but if in the Night to the Presence of a Constable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace), to enter into and every Room and Rooms entered or made use of by any such Importer, Seller, or Dealer in Coffee, for the Purpose of roasting or burning Coffee, and to search, examine, weigh, or take Account of all the Coffee, either raw, roasted, or roasted, which shall at any Time be in any such Room or Rooms, and to remain and continue in any such Room or Rooms during the Time that any Coffee shall be in the Operation of roasting.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to take at any Time and Times a Sample or Samples of any Coffee, either raw, roasted, or roasted, which such Officer or Officers shall at any Time find in any such Room or Rooms, paying for every such Sample the usual Price thereof; and in case any Seller or Sellers, or Dealer or Dealers in Coffee, or any Workman or Workmen to him, her, or them bringing, shall refuse to permit such Officer or Officers to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon him or their offering to pay for the same after the Rate aforesaid, or shall evade or obstruct, or hinder him or them in taking such Sample or Samples, such Seller or Sellers, or Dealer or Dealers in Coffee so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

IV. Commissioners may permit the Use of the possessive roasting: Houses old CC. 10, 1809. § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall offend, oppose, resist, obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby granted other than in any Case for which a Pardon is herebefore specifically implored, all and every such Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And whereas the Officers who before and at the Time of passing this Act were employed in the roasting of Coffee was, by reason of the Liberty given by this Act, be without such Employment, and may thereby lose their Salaries, and it is therefore expedient that some Compensation should be made to such Officers for the Loss of such their Salaries: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under his or their Sign Manual, to direct any Member the Commissioners of Excise to pay to such Officers out of the Revenue of Excise such Yearly Allowances as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall judge fit, as an Allowance to any such Officer

1809. c. 79, 80.

Dealers in Coffee may roast their own Coffee in seeking Rooms at the next Office of Excise.

Penalty for not making Entry 25l.

Dealers receiving unroasted Coffee in less Quantity than 56 lbs. shall not be permitted to roast Coffee.

Penalty 25l.

Officers of Excise may search the Premises of Dealers.

and may take Samples of Coffee.

Penalty for refusing Samples, 100l.

Penalty on obstructing Officers, 100l.

Compensation to Officers for loss of Salary for roasting Coffee.

shall exceed Three-fourths of the Yearly Amount of the Salary of which he or they is, are, or shall be deprived in consequence of such Liberty as aforesaid being given by this Act.

VII. And he it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures here by this Act shall and may be paid for, levied, recovered, and managed by such Ways, Means, and Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or managed by any Law or Laws of Excheq. or by Act of Diet, Seal, Plant, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and that one Mincey of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Mincey to him or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to amend several Laws of Excise relating to Paper, Silks, and Salt, and for authorizing the Seizure of Utensils in Cases where Vessels used in Excise Manufactories are subject to Forfeiture.

[10th June 1809.]

42 G. 3. c. 80.
n. 50. s. 18.
repealed
by G. 3. c. 126.
s. 1.

Effect of Provi-
sion of seal under
21 G. 3. c. 126.
Provis. concern-
ing Marks on
Paper, or having
Paper or other
Print there with
such counterfeit-
ed Marks, &c.
shall be guilty of
Felony, and
imprisoned for
Seven years.

42 G. 3. c. 81.
42 G. 3. c. 48.

Provis. for Se-
izure of Silks, Salt
and Licenses
as above
21 G. 3. c. 41.

WHEREAS by a Clause in an Act, made in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other Things to amend several Laws of Excise in Great Britain, in which of an Act, made in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as is recited in the said Clause is repealed, save and except as is therein expressed, and it is by the said Clause enacted, that if any Person or Persons whenever shall counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any Stamp, Device, or Label provided or directed to be used as aforesaid of the said Act made in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, every Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall for such his, her, or their Offence, be transported as a Felon or Slave for the Space of Seven Years: And whereas by the said Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, it is also enacted, That if any Person or Persons should counterfeit, forge, or falsify the Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device in Manner therein mentioned, or should have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or should utter, vend, or sell any Paper with such a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression as is therein mentioned, knowing the same to be counterfeited or forged, or should upon any Receipt, Bundle, or Quantity of Paper as is therein mentioned, knowingly put or place any Cover, or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression as is therein mentioned, or any such counterfeit Label, every such Person is offending therein should, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: And whereas in lieu of the said pecuniary Penalty of Five hundred Pounds by the said Act imposed, it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty to the great Guilty of any of the said Offences lately heretofore recited: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons whatever shall upon any Cover or Wrapper of or belonging to or used with or upon any Label affixed to any Receipt or Quantity of Paper, or upon any Packet-board, Mill-board, Scotch-board, or glazed Paper, counterfeited, forge, or falsify the Mark or Impression, or any Stamp or Device provided or directed to be used in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, or shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any such counterfeit Stamp or Device, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or shall utter, vend, or sell any Paper with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device on the Cover or Wrapper of such Paper, or on any Label affixed thereto, or any Packet-board, Mill-board, Scotch-board, or glazed Paper, with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device upon such Packet-board, Mill-board, Scotch-board, or glazed Paper, or upon any Label affixed thereto, knowing the same to be counterfeited or forged, or shall upon any Receipt or Quantity of Paper which has not been duly entered with the proper Officer or Officers, and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, knowingly put or place any Cover or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression, or any such counterfeit Label, every Person, in any of the said Cases aforesaid, and being thereof duly convicted, shall, in lieu and instead of the said Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, be adjudged a Felon, and shall for such his, her, or their Offence be transported as a Felon or Slave for the Space of Seven Years.

II. And whereas, by an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof* the Duties on Licenses imposed by an Act made in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon Licenses to be taken out by the Masters of and Dealers in excisable Commodities therein mentioned*, were repealed, and other Duties on Licenses are by the said Act mentioned Act imposed in lieu of the said Duties on Licenses to be repealed, and among the Duties so repealed was a Duty of Two Pounds on every License to be taken out by every Calico Printer, and by every Painter, Printer, or Scaler of Silks, Laces, Cottons or Stuffs: And whereas by the said Act of the Forty-third Year of the Reign aforesaid a Duty of Two Pounds is imposed by every License to be taken out by every Calico Printer, and by every Painter, Printer, or Scaler of Silks, Laces, Cottons or Stuffs, but by Mistake no License Duty is by the said Act of the Forty-third Year of His said Majesty's Reign imposed on any Printer, Painter or Scaler of Silks, and it is therefore expedient to rectify the said Mistake: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Printer, Painter, or Scaler of Silks, shall take on such License, and pay for the same such Sum of Money as he, she, or they would have been subject and liable to if the said Act of the Forty-third Year of the Reign aforesaid had not been made, and shall also be subject and liable to the like

like Provision for every Neglect to take out, or renew any such License as such Person or Persons would have been liable to had he or she the said last mentioned Act had not been made.

III. And whereas by the said Act, made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, a Duty is imposed on Salted Beef, Pork or Bacon, brought by Land from Sweden to England, to be paid by the Person bringing the same upon Entry thereof at the several Offices of Excise in England, on Pan of the Perfector of such Beef, Pork, or Bacon, or the Value thereof: And whereas it is expedient to make such Provision as is hereinafter mentioned, for the Perfector of such Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon: Be it therefore enacted, That the Person or Persons bringing any Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon, by Land, from Sweden to England, shall immediately on the Arrival thereof in England make Entry thereof at the several Offices of Excise in England, and in Default of making such Entry, at such Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

IV. And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *an Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for repairing the Dikes in Salt, and the Drivewalks, Allowances, and Several good Incomes, and for granting several Licenses, Drivewalks, Allowances, and Several licenses, the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Export Warehouse, provided and extended for the Purpose of buying, buying, and keeping Salt for Exportation at the Port of Liverpool or Bristol, is and are for any Delinquency found upon the proper Officer of Excise writing and taking the Account in the Month of June thereof divided of the Stock of Salt remaining in any such Export Warehouse, subject and liable to forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt in default, One Sixth Part of which is by the said Act directed to be to the Officer or Officers who shall discover such Delinquency, and the other Five Parts to and for the Use of His Majesty: And whereas the Fish-catchers or Fishwives whose Stock of Salt appears to be deficient on weighing and taking Account of and balancing the same in the Month of May, is by the said Act subject and liable to forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt in default, Five-Sixth Parts whereof is by the said Act directed to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the remaining One Sixth Part thereof to the Use of the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover such Delinquency: And whereas the said Stock of Twelve Shillings per Bushel respectively were Two Shillings per Bushel above the Rate of Duty to which Salt for Home Trade was liable at the Time of passing the said Act, but by the Laws now in force the said Duty has been raised to the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel, and it is therefore expedient to raise the said respective Sums of Twelve Shillings in Manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Export Warehouse shall as law and usage of the said Sums of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt in default in Manner in the said Act in that behalf mentioned, forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Seventeen Shillings for every Bushel of such Salt which shall be in default, and that the Fish-catchers or Fish-wives who the Stock of Salt appear to be deficient in Manner in the said Act in that behalf mentioned shall, in law and instead of the said Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt in default, in Manner in the said Act in that behalf mentioned, forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Seventeen Shillings for every Bushel of such Salt which shall be in default: which said Sums of Money shall be paid and applied by the Commissioners of Excise in Manner hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, Fifteen-Sixteenths Parts thereof to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the remaining Two-Sixteenths to the Use of the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover such Delinquency.*

V. And whereas by the said Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That in case any Salt, or Rock Salt, for which the Duties by the said Act imposed shall have been paid, or which shall have been delivered upon Board, live of those Duties, shall be lost or destroyed through Strife of War, or Storms at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable casting away, sinking, or breaking of any Ship, Boat, Barge, or Vessel, or on or board of which any such Salt or Rock Salt shall be remaining, or transferring from one Place to another, it should and might be lawful for the Owner, Proprietor, or Rigger of such Salt or Rock Salt to make Application in Writing for Relief to His Majesty's Justice at the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, or Shire wherein to which any such Accident should happen at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or to the Commissioners of the Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the said Commissioners, and thereupon it should and might be lawful to and for such Justice at the Peace at the Quarter Sessions or Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of such Commissioners respectively, to receive and admit such Application, and to examine all Papers touching the Matter complained of, and upon due Proof of the Fact by Two or more Credible Witnesses, one of whom should be the Master or Mate of such Ship, Boat, Barge, or Vessel, if such Master or Mate be living at the Time such Justice or Commissioners respectively are thereby authorized and required to grant their Warrants in Manner in the said Act directed: And whereas by another Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, among other Things as aforesaid an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, the said Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of them, are authorized to grant Relief in Manner therein mentioned with respect to Salt or Rock Salt lost by Capture of Enemies: And whereas it is expedient to extend the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London to such Salt only as shall be lost or destroyed on the Coast of that Part of Great Britain called England, and to Rivers or Inland Navigations thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful to or for the Commissioners of Excise or any of them, to receive or admit any such Application, or to grant any Relief for or in respect of any Salt lost by Capture of Enemies on the Coast of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or lost or destroyed through Strife of

47 G. 3. c. 89.
16 Statute of
1807.

Salted Beef, &c. brought by Land from Sweden, to England, if not entered at the several Offices of Excise in England, shall be forfeited.
25 G. 3. c. 88.
§ 67.

21 § 1004

Proviso for Duties on Salt to the Duty fixed at the Enfranchisement of seven Wards bordering east of Fish-catchers, or Boat of 110 per Bushel weight instead of 110 per Bushel.

25 G. 3. c. 89.
§ 111.
The Relief shall be allowed by Commissioners of Excise in London when the Salt lost by Capture of the Coast of Scotland, or destroyed at Sea, &c.

29 G. 3. c. 85.
§ 112.

Went or come at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable casting away, sinking, or stranding of any Tent, Boat, Barge or Vessel, on the said last mentioned Coast, or in any River or Inland Navigation in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; any Thing in the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

45 G. 3. c. 113.
§ 6. relating
to Duties on
Salt exported
from England.

VI. And whereas by an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting additional Duties on Salt in Great Britain*, it is enacted, That in all Cases where Duties are so granted and Drawbacks allowed by that Act on any specific Quantity of Salt, the same should in every Case be understood and deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportion and after the same Rate to any greater or less Quantity than such specific Quantity: And whereas it is expedient to repeal in such of the said several Clauses, as relate to the said Drawbacks, But in those several, That in such of said several Clauses, as relate to the said Drawbacks, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Relatives and
put up to Salt
which will not
produce the
Fung shall be
delivered, and
the Commission-
ers shall receive
the Duties.

VII. And whereas Salt stored by the Officers of Excise is frequently so lost and dirty that it will not sell for a Sum equal to the Amount of the Duties, and the Sale thereof at a less Price would be injurious to His Majesty, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is hereinafter mentioned: That if upon the putting up or offering to publish Sale any Salt which now is or hereafter shall be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and condemned under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, or which shall hereafter be made, so Perfect or Imperfect Salt or for the same such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be equal to or exceed the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect of Salt made in any Salt Work in England or Scotland respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Two or more of them respectively, to cause such Salt to be delivered, and to give the Officer or Officers by whom the same was found such pecuniary Reward as they the said Commissioners respectively shall think proper, such Reward not exceeding Five Shillings per Bushel for such and every Bushel of such Salt so delivered.

Writs shall
not be
issued to
Fines, but
shall be
returned.

VIII. And whereas by several Laws of Excise the Vettles made Use of in private Manufactories of the Excisable Commodities therein mentioned are forfeited, but the Forfeiture does not extend to the Utensils made use of in such Manufactories, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That where any Vettles made use of in such Manufactories for work of any kind having been made or Notice given thereof, or for being power or conveyed, all the Utensils used or employed, or fit or proper to be used or employed, in the Manufacture of any excisable Commodity in any private or unlicensed Room or Place where any such Vettles shall be found or have been made Use of shall be forfeited, and all such Utensils shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Provision shall be
made to make
Excise Laws.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, imposed by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, or hereafter to be made, relating to the Duties of Excise, shall and may be levied, levied, recovered, and assigned, by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or assigned by any Law or Laws of Excise (not otherwise expressly directed by this or any such other Act or Acts of Parliament), or by any Auction of Debt, Bid, Pledge, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and that the Moneys of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moneys to him or them who shall claim, receive, or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Sessions of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia. [16th June 1800.]

45 G. 3. c. 113.

WHEREAS an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*:

45 G. 3. c. 110

And whereas an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and make more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas an Act, passed in the last

44 G. 3. c. 136.

Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas an Act, passed in the present

45 G. 3. c. 112.

Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and make more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas it is expedient that the last Two several Acts, passed

45 G. 3. c. 113.

in the present Session of Parliament, should be amended, and that further Power or Should be made in relation

45 G. 3. c. 113.

to the Local Militia established by the said Two several Acts passed in the last Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in or against or Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician in the Local Militia of Great Britain, now being on Permanent Pay as such, shall be required or compellable to serve in the Local Militia for any longer

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Term of Time than is in the said Acts of the last Session of Parliament respectively specified and required as to Persons now enlisted and enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, notwithstanding any Oath or Engagement into which any such Sergeant, Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician shall have taken or entered

45 G. 3. c. 113.

into at the Time of his becoming a Sergeant, Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician, in the said Local Militia.

45 G. 3. c. 113.

And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Adjutants, Quarter Masters, or Sergeants, or Non-commissioned Officers of the Local Militia of Great Britain, to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

45 G. 3. c. 113.

Act, or to receive or command, or train or instruct any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the last

And if such Person shall reside in a County, County of a City or Town, the Words "reside or" and from thence to "County of" shall be omitted, and instead thereof the Words shall be inserted; (to wit) "reside" in [joining the Street, Square, Lane, or Place] in the Parish of _____ and County of the City _____ or Town of _____; and every such Oath shall be assessed to or written on the like Piece of Paper or Parchment with the Recognizance, and shall be signed by the Person making the same, and attested by the proper Justice of the County, Judge, Justice or other Person taking the same as aforesaid, and shall be sufficient in lieu of all and every Oaths and Oath required by any Law in force in Ireland to be taken by any such Person.

III. "And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for the better Collection of some Arises from forfeited Recognizances, and from Fines imposed on Offenders, Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery and Officers of the Peace, and for the better Application of the same*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that it should be lawful for the Court of Exchequer, or the Judges of Assize, or the Justices of any Parish or Parishes in any County of any Sheriff or Sheriffs, for Non-payment of any Sum or Sums due on any Fine or Fines, or Recognizance or Recognizances entered into in any of the Cases aforesaid, by either a Party or a Principal, to cause an Entry in the Rolls of such Person in a necessary Manner, and if they should be without Reason to grant an Order or Warrant (as the Case may be) under their Hands to discharge any Person to be in Custody: And whereas it is expounded that the said Provision should be modified, and the Powers of the said Court and Judges extended in Manner here following: Be it therefore enacted, That if the Prisoner in any such Case shall tender the Tender of the Prisoner to pay the Amount of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be in Custody, the Court or Judge in examining such Person shall inquire whether such Person may not be of Ability, or have the Power to pay and discharge same and what Part or Proportion of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be so confined, and fall out on the said Ground of Poverty or Inability order such Person to be so discharged out on the Payment of such Part or Proportion of such Sum or Sums as he or she may be able to pay and discharge.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in any Case in which such Prisoner shall have been fined, or shall have been the Principal in any Recognizance on which he or she shall be in Custody, such Court or Judge shall also inquire into the Nature of the Offence for which such Fine shall have been imposed, or of the Charge in consequence of which such Recognizance shall have been entered into, and under what Circumstances the same was forfeited; and in case such Person shall be in Custody under any Recognizance to answer or appear in any Charge, and shall, after the Forfeiture of such Recognizance, have been tried and acquitted of such Charge, such Court or Judge shall inquire whether on such Trial all the Witnesses for the Prosecution attended and were examined, and if not, then, whether by the Perjuries of such Witnesses, or the Absence of any such Witness was in any Respect prevented; and if such Person shall be a Party, then such Court or Judge shall inquire whether such Person did due Diligence to make the Principal answerable to the Law, and in all and every of such Cases, the said Court or Judges or Judge of Assize, shall have full Power and Authority, if they or he shall think proper, to order the Discharge of such Person, either generally or after such Length of Time as such Court or Judges or Judge, in his or their Discretion, shall think fit, having Respect to the Circumstances of the Case, and to the Length of Time that such Person shall have been in Custody as aforesaid previous to the making of such Order, and to the Object and Purpose of this and the other Acts relating thereto, and such Order in such Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

"Powers of 17th Act 28 Geo. 3 c. 50; 29 Geo. 3 c. 67; and 40 Geo. 3 c. 70, extended to this Act. § 5.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act for amending the High Road Acts.

[10th June 1809.]

"WHEREAS the providing for the Expenses of repairing of Public Roads in Ireland, by Surveyors, may in certain Cases prove unequal and oppressive: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, at any Assizes or Polling Term to be held after the passing of this Act, to petition all such Sums and Sums of Money as may be necessary for widening, forming, leveling, repairing, and otherwise improving any Road now made, upon which His Majesty's Mails are or shall be carried in Four wheel Carriages, leading from the City of Dublin directly to any Part Town in Ireland, or leading directly to any Part Town from any Part in Ireland, to which His Majesty's Packet Boats with Mails from Great Britain regularly sail, to be raised either off the County at large, or off any Barony or Half Barony, County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Road or any Part thereof is or shall be made.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all and every such Sum and Sums of Money so to be petitioned shall be petitioned, and all Payments on account of such Petitionments shall be made on the like Returns, and subject to like Regulations and Conditions as are prescribed and required with respect to the petitioning and paying Money for the like Purposes, by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for the Amendment of Public Roads, for directing the Power of Grand Jurors respecting Petitionments, and for respecting several Laws heretofore made for such Purposes*, except in so far as the same may require to be altered in order to make them conformable to the Provisions of this Act.

III. "And for the more effectually repairing of broken Bridges in the said Roads, and the Bridges and Gullies thereon, Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City,

17th Act,
28 G. 3. c. 50.

Provision in Code
book that no be
returned from
Petition of
Person or Recognizance,
unless on Payment of a
sum in day
two pag.

On Petition for
Relief, Court
shall inquire into
the Circumstances
under which the Recognizance was
forfeited.

Provision for
the widening,
forming, and
improving Public
Roads, may be
returned on
County or
Barony.

Subject to like
Returns, &c.
as required by
26 G. 3. (c.)
c. 21.

a City, or County of a Town in England, at any Assize to nominate and appoint such and so many Perfect possidors of a Freehold or Leasehold Estate of not less than Five hundred Pounds yearly Value, who may be willing to sell without any Salary or Allowance, to be Supervisors of such Roads in the said County, County of a City, or Town, or of such Part thereof as shall be specified by such Grand Jury, not exceeding Eight Miles in Length, for the Purpose of appointing the same, and of preserving all Nuisances and Injures thereto, and from Time to Time to remove any such Supervisor, and to appoint another in his Stead, and it shall and may be lawful for every such Supervisor to expell and hire out in each and every Year any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Shilling by the Perch for each Perch within the District of such Supervisor, in repairing, clearing, and otherwise improving such Roads or Parts of them, and the Bridges and Pipes thereon, and in removing all such Nuisances as may occur thereon; and it shall and may be lawful for every such Supervisor to appoint One or more Deputy or Deputies, with a Salary by the Year not exceeding for the Whole of such Deputy or Deputies a Sum to be calculated after the Rate of Two-pence for each Perch of the Road, to the Care of which such Supervisor shall be appointed; and such Supervisor and his Deputy or Deputies shall have all such Powers and Authorities with respect to such Roads or Parts thereof as aforesaid, as are given to Overseers and Constables of Roads under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, whose such Supervisors shall be nominated and appointed as aforesaid, and such Grand Jury shall and they are hereby required at any Assize to prefer such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be necessary to nominate and defray all Sums so advanced and laid out by any such Supervisor, and for the Payment of any such Deputy or Deputies, to be laid either of the County at large, or of any Half or Half Barony whereof such Road is situate: Provided always, that an Affidavit made and signed before some Justice of the Peace by such Supervisor shall be laid before such Grand Jury, stating that the Work has been properly executed, together with an Affidavit made and sworn in like Manner by the Deputy employed in such Work, saying that the Money has been fairly and honestly expended, and is a reasonable Charge to the bill of his Knowledge and Belief, with the Particulars of the Expenditure.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in England, shall at any Assize or Preferring Term have preferred any new Road to be laid out and made by any Two Market Towns, or from any Market Town to the Sea, pursuant to the Direction of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year, and shall deem it expedient to make a Proclamation for licensing, levelling, and draining the same distant from the Proclamation for providing or making it, with such Stones, it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury to prefer all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be necessary for levelling and draining, or draining the same, to be paid of the Barony or Half Barony, or County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Road shall be situate: Provided always, that an Affidavit sworn by Two credible Witnesses who can read and write, before a Justice of the Peace for such County, in Form following, shall have been first laid before such Grand Jury; (that is to say),

• COUNTY of _____ of _____ do swear, that the
 • and _____ will be necessary to form, level, and to drain [as the Copy
 • Sum of _____ of _____ will be necessary to form, level, and to drain [as the Copy
 • may be] _____ Perches of the new intended Road from _____
 • to _____ between _____ and _____ Feet
 • all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County, _____
 • with in the care of Mr. Ditches, Banks, Ditches, and Fences, being at the Rate of _____
 • by the Perch, and that the said Sum is a reasonable Charge to the bill of their Judgment and Belief?

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Money shall be paid by the Treasurer of any County on account of any such Proclamation, until an Affidavit of One of the Overseers appointed by the Grand Jury, sworn before a Justice of Peace for such County, in the Form following, be laid before the Grand Jury and the County,

• COUNTY of _____ Whereas the Sum of _____
 • was preferred at _____ Assize, in the Year _____ to be
 • expended in forming, levelling, or draining [as the Copy may be] _____ Perches of the
 • new intended Road from _____ to _____ between _____
 • and _____ all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this
 • County, _____ Feet wide in the clear of all Ditches, Banks, or Fences: Now I
 • do swear, that I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of _____ is forming,
 • levelling, or draining [as the Copy may be] _____ Perches of the said Road, and that every
 • Part of the said _____ Perches is _____ Feet in the Clear between
 • the Ditches, Banks, or Fences, and is level throughout the Whole of the said Width; and that there is not
 • adjoining in either Side of the Road is formed, levelled, and drained, any Grop, Trench, or Drain, without
 • a Wall or other sufficient Fence between it and the Side of the Road, and that the annexed Account is true in
 • every Part, and contains the Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of _____
 • and that every Part of the said Work was finished on the _____ Day of _____

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County in which such Road shall have been so far formed and laid out, at any Assize which shall be holden for such County, to prefer any such Sum or Sums as may be necessary for making and levelling of such Road with Gravel or full Stones, and all such Sums and Sums of Money shall be preferred and paid upon the like Affidavit, and subject to the like Regulations and Conditions as are prescribed and required for preferring and paying Money for making new Roads by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid.

Grand Jurors
may petition for
such Justice for
repaying Over-
plus after the
Sale of the
to 40 G. 4. c. 25.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in Fee of the Sums allowed and required by the said several Acts of the Thirty-fifth Year aforesaid, for the making and repairing of any Foot-path on any Road, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury at any Assizes or Sessions Terms after the passing of this Act, to prefer any Sum not exceeding Three Shillings by the Parish for making, and One Shilling and sixpence by the Parish for repairing Lane-paths; and the said respective Sums shall be preferred and paid under the Provisions, Regulations, and Allowances prescribed by the aforesaid Act, with respect to Money paid for Foot-paths under the said several Acts.

Tithred
Professors of the
Liturgy
to open, before
of their order
25 G. 4. c. 12.

IX. And be it further enacted, that in Fee of the Sums allowed and required by the said several Acts of the Thirty-fifth Year aforesaid, to be preferred by Grand Jurors for Court-house Expenses, it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury at any Assizes or Sessions Terms after the passing of this Act, to prefer any Sum, not exceeding Eight Pounds in each Year, for the Court-house-keeper of any County, County of a City, or Town, subject to the like Allowance and Regulations prescribed by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-fifth of His present Majesty.

By order of
the Privy Council
of Great Britain

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury, in Cases where the Burthen of the Bridges shall have been lately built or repaired by Prefectures, to certify for keeping the same in Repair for every Term not less than Seven Years; provided that no longer Sum than One Shilling shall be paid annually for every Perch in Length of such Burthen; and provided that no Money shall be paid, unless it shall appear to the Grand Jury, by the Affidavit of the Contractor, and the Certificate of the Conservator of the Road in the Highway in which the Bridge is situate, or of a Magistrate, that the said Burtheners are and have been kept in good and sufficient Repair since the Assizes preceding.

Grand Jurors
may petition for
the recovery of a
Road by the
Justice of the
Peace, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury of a County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in such Cases where they may deem it advisable to order for the paving of a Road or Street by the Square Yard, instead of making or repairing the same by the Perch, with Gravel or small Stones: Provided always, that all and every Sum and Sums of Money so to be preferred shall be preferred, and all Payments on account of such Prefectures shall be made, as the like Allowance, and subject to like Regulations and Conditions as are prescribed and required with respect to the preferring and paying Money for the like Purposes by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-fifth of His present Majesty, except in so far as the same may require to be altered in order to make them conformable to the Provisions of the said Act.

Professors of
the
Liturgy

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Affidavit upon which any Prefecture for any Tyte, Gallit, or S. &c. shall be granted, shall specify the Dimensions of such Tyte, Gallit, or S. &c.

Professors of
the Liturgy, &c.
to 40 G. 4. c. 12.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from a date after the passing of this Act, in lieu of the Sums which Grand Jurors are allowed to prefer for Mile Stones and Finger Posts by the said several Acts of the Twenty-sixth Year aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to prefer, to be paid of the County at large for each and every Division Post, Mile Stone, or M^o P^o Post, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Twenty Shillings for each Mile Stone or Mile Post, and not exceeding Thirty Shillings for each Finger Post: Provided always, that an Estimate upon Oath be presented to the said Grand Jury, stating the Expense of procuring and erecting such Mile Stones or Mile Posts or Finger Posts, stating the Dimensions thereof, and the Size of the Letters and Figures to be inscribed thereon respectively.

Allowance of
Mile Stone.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees, Overseers, Commissioners, or Directors for the Time being of the several Turnpike Roads in England, shall and they are hereby required to erect, or cause to be erected upon and throughout the Lines of the aforesaid Roads under the Care and Management of such Trustees respectively, within Two Years after the passing of this Act, proper and sufficient Mile Stones or Mile Posts at each end and at Sixteen furloms from each other, on each of which shall be legibly inscribed the Number of Miles from the City or Town or Mile Post in distance from the City of Dublin, if the Road leads to or from Dublin directly, and also the Number of Miles from the same in distance from such Town, on each Side thereof, on the Line of such Road, as they shall think proper, and also to erect or cause to be erected at all Publick Cross Roads which occur in the Line of any such Road, proper and sufficient Finger Posts, on each Side of which shall be legibly inscribed the Number of Miles from such Finger Post in distance from any Town or Village to which such Finger Post shall point or direct; and to call the Trustees, Commissioners, or Directors of any Turnpike Road &c. &c. in respect to erect proper and sufficient Mile Stones and Finger Posts in, and throughout the respective Lines of their Roads within the Term of Two Years aforesaid, then and in each City it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town where any such Neglect shall take place, at any Assize or Sessions Term after the Expiration of the said Two Years, to prefer such Sum or Sums as may be necessary for procuring and erecting such Mile Stones or Mile Posts and Finger Posts, not exceeding Twenty Shillings for each Mile Stone or M^o P^o Post, and Twenty Shillings for each Finger Post; and it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town in which the Grand Jury shall have erected Mile Stones or Mile Posts and Finger Posts to be procured and erected as aforesaid, to file the Returns of the Turnpike Roads on which the same shall have been erected, by One or more Civil Bills or Bills (in which Bills either the Trustees or deputy to the Trustees of such Roads shall be made the Defendants) and to recover from them the full Amount of the Sums so expended by order of the said Grand Jury in erecting Mile Stones and Finger Posts as aforesaid, together with the Costs of Suits, and also a Sum of Two Shillings in the Power upon the Amount recovered, as a Reward for his Trouble.

Trustees of
Turnpike Roads
to erect Mile
Stones and
Finger Posts.

To the effect of
Trustees, Grand
Jurors shall
prefer.

XV. And be it further enacted, That on every Prefecture for the raising of any Publick Money whatsoever, which shall be made by any Grand Jury upon and by the Consent of any Assizes or Sessions Term, for any County, County of a City, or Town in England, the Title of the particular Act of Parliament under which such Prefecture shall be made and raised, shall be stated on the Face of such Prefecture; and that every such Prefecture shall be entered in the County Book, and Quere Book, with a Marginal Note of such Act, specifying the Year of the King's Reigne, and the Chapter and Section of such Act as aforesaid by the King's Majesty; and that all Prefectures are made according to the Directions foregoing shall be well and void.

How on shall
be recovered
by such order
of the Grand
Jury.

No Prefecture
shall be allowed
to be taken unless
done as directed
in the last Term
of the last Term
in which Grand
Jurors were
appointed.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, and he it further enacted, That the foregoing Regulation shall extend or be construed so extend as to say Prohibiters for mending, levelling, filling, draining, widening, making, repairing, or otherwise improving any Road, or to the building, repairing, or otherwise improving any Bridge, or any House, Canal, or other Work.

XVII. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Words contained in Affidavits accounting for the Repair of a Road, bearing that Part of the Width of such Road is made with Gravel or small Stones, do not imply that in every Part to be repaired the whole Width has been levell'd or gravelled anew? Be it further enacted, That the Repair of Roads may be dilated, protracted, and accounted for, without specifying any particular Breadth in each Part to be newly Roaded and gravelled; say That in any such Affidavit is required to be made as aforesaid notwithstanding.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, that from and after the End of the several Lent Assizes which shall be held in England in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, no Affidavit for the accounting for the Repair of any Road shall be allowed by the Grand Jury, or by the Court as any Affidavit or Protesting Term is or for any County, or County of a City or Town in England, unless it shall be specially stated in such Affidavit that there is no on either Side of any Part of the Road specified in such Affidavit, any Grog, Trench, or Drain, without a Wall or other sufficient Fence between such Grog, Trench, or Drain, and the Side of such Road.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury of a County, County of a City, or County of a Town, at any Assizes or Protesting Term, to prohibit any Person that may be necessary for filling up Groggs on the Sides of Road, provided an Affidavit be first laid before them, stating the Length, Breadth, and Depth of such Groggs proposed to be filled up, and that the Sum is a reasonable Charge; and provided also, that no Money on account of such Prohibition shall be paid until an Affidavit is first laid before the Grand Jury, stating that the Money has been fairly and honestly expended according to such Prohibition, with the Participation of the Expenditure.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever and as often as any Sum, by way of Compensation for Damage, is awarded (under the Provisions of the said recited Act) to any Owner or Occupier of Land free where any Gravel, Stones, Sand, or other Materials (not been taken by any Officer for filling up Groggs, as well as for the other Purposes therein specified, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to prohibit the same, to be levied off the Hersey or Half Hersey, County of a City, or County of a Town in which the Materials have been expended, provided it shall appear to them that the Approfers have exceed the Land both before and after the Damage has been committed, and that all the Stipulations contained in the said Act for the like Purposes have been duly complied with and performed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit in any accounting Affidavit, required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-ninth Year, or this Act, respecting that the Account answered to such Affidavit is true in every Part, shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the calling of the Accounts for any Road which shall have been or shall be repaired by Consent: Provided always, that the Time of such Consent shall be specified in such Account, and that it shall be stated in such Affidavit that the said Consent was fairly made and entered into, upon the best and most advantageous Terms that could be procured, without Force or Partiality to the Comptroller, and that such Consent has given Security to the Officer for keeping the Road in repair for One Year from the Date thereof.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit for the accounting for the Expenditure of any publick Money for any Road, or for any publick Work, shall be allowed by the Grand Jury, or by the Court at any Assizes or Protesting Term or Quarter Sessions, in any County, County of a City or Town in England, unless it shall be stated in such Affidavit that the Road or Work therein mentioned was completed on some Days being not less than five clear Days previous to the Commission Day of such Assizes or Protesting Term, or six clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions, as the Case may be; nor unless such accounting Affidavit shall be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury, previous to the Commission Day of such Assizes, or the First Day of such Quarter Sessions, of which Lodgment to make the said Secretary shall make Oath is upon Oath.

XXIII. And whereas in the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-ninth of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That in every Warrant to be issued by the Treasurer of the County to the several Parishes who, under the Provisions of the said Act, are to be the Collectors for levying or collecting the Sums of Money to be raised off each Parson or Half Parson, there shall be inserted the Names of the several Messes, Pastures, or Demesmanes so contained in that Part of the County which such Parson is to collect from, as the same is contained in the County Book, and also the whole Sum to be collected, and the Person thereof which such Messer, Parson, or Demesman is to pay, according to its Contents in the County Book, or as it has been assayed rated; And whereas there are some Counties which either have no County Book, or in which such Book no Messes, Pastures, or Demesmanes are not specified, and an usual or regular Rate has prevailed, so as to give full Knowledge to the Treasurer, and enable him to insert, agreeable thereto, the Parson which such Messer, Parson, or Demesman is to pay: Be it therefore enacted, That in all or any of such Counties, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury, at the next Assizes after the passing of this Act, or at any subsequent Assizes, to form a Table of the Names of the several Parishes, Messes, and Demesmanes, and the Contents of each in any Hersey or Half Hersey, the Messes, Pastures, and Demesmanes whereof, with their Contents, are set out in the County Book, and the Treasurer of such County shall cause publick Notice to be given thereof throughout such Hersey or Half Hersey, by ordering the Collector, High Constable, or Sub-Constable, to post a Copy of such Table on the Door of each Church within such Hersey or Half Hersey, and on the Door of every Market House therein, Twenty Days at the least previous to the then next ensuing Assizes, requiring all Persons who may think themselves aggrieved by such Table to appear before the Grand Jury at such then

Not to extend to Roads, Bridges, &c. in England, &c.

Affidavit as to gravelled Roads.

Affidavit for accounting for Repair of Road, shall state that there is no on either Side of the Road.

Grand Jurors may prohibit for filling up Groggs, on Affidavit.

Grand Jurors may prohibit the Expence done by taking Gravel, &c. to be levied off the Hersey, &c.

Accounting Affidavit where Receipt of Road not recorded in.

Accounting Affidavit for publick Work shall state that the Work was finished five Days before Assizes, &c.

Grand Jurors shall form Tables of the Names of such Parishes, &c. and the Contents thereof as set out in the County Book.

next ensuing Affairs, and each Grand Jury at each Assizes shall proceed, if they shall think proper, to examine each Person as shall be appear upon Oath, (which Oath each Grand Jury is hereby empowered to administer,) respecting such Table, and any Objections thereto, and it shall be lawful for each Grand Jury, at each last-mentioned Assizes, to assess each Table as they shall think fit, and to perfect such Table, either as originally found or amended as aforesaid, to be the Table by which the General Masters, Justices, and Deacons-keepers at each Town or Half Bury, shall in future be proportionably rated for the Purpose of levying all Money to be raised thereon under Prefirement of Grand Jurors, and the Names of such Masters, Justices, and Deacons-keepers, with the Contents of each, shall be returned in every Warrant to be issued therefor by every Treasurer of any such County to say Collector as aforesaid, in like Manner as if the same had been contained in the County Book or otherwise, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no High Constable or Collector shall be authorized to collect any Prefirement, Cels or publick Money, unless the Security required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year, to be given by him, shall be duly sworn unto before the Grand Jury by whom such High Constable or Collector shall have been appointed, by Read and Witness of Attorney, without Stamp, conditioned as in the said recited Act is inserted and set forth; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Prefirement for Poor-rates shall be made for collecting any publick Money by any Grand Jury, or voted by the Court, under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, unless the Treasurer's Warrant under which such Collector has proceeded to levy the Cels be assessed to such Prefirement, nor collect such Collector and his Deputies shall make Affidavit before the said Grand Jury that such has been fairly and impartially levied, and that no more than the Sum authorized by the Treasurer's Warrant, with the customary Collector's Fees, has been collected, to the best of his and their Knowledge and Belief.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Prefirement for any Salary, Pensions or Allowances, to any Treasurer of any County, County of a City or Town in England, shall be made by any Grand Jury or voted by any Court or Judge, unless there shall be previously produced to such Judge by the acting Clerk of the Crown at the Assizes or Prizes-term in which such Prefirement shall be required to be made, a Certificate signed by the proper Officer, stating what Securities for the due Performance of his Office such Treasurer has given and entered into, and that such Securities have been duly recorded in the proper Office, and such Certificate shall bear the Dates when such Securities were entered into, the Names of the respective Sureties, and the Sums for which such Securities were severally bound.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Affidavits for Prefirements for forming, leasing, fencing, draining, widening, making, repairing, or otherwise improving any Road, and for the bettering, repairing, or otherwise improving, any Bridge, Million House, Canal, or other Marine Work, shall be lodged Fifteen Days at the least before the Commission Day of each Assizes, with the acting Secretary of the Grand Jury, who is hereby required to keep an Office open for the Purpose, in the Manner prescribed by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-sixth of His present Majesty, and such Secretary shall forthwith after the Receipt thereof, (provided he shall be ordered by the Grand Jury at the previous Assizes so to do) cause Copies of the Subjoints of such Affidavits to be printed and ready for Delivery at his Office, Three clear Days before each Assizes, to such Magistrates and Overseers of Roads, or other publick Works, as may apply for the same, provided that the Number to be printed shall not exceed Twenty-five for each Bury or Half Bury, and Twenty-five for each County of a City, or County of a Town.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Grand Jurors of Counties, Counties of Cities, or Counties of Towns, shall at each Assizes or Prizes-term, print such Sum as shall be necessary for defraying the printing of the Subjoints of the Affidavits as aforesaid: Provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer bearing his Charge to be actual and reasonable, be filed had before the Grand Jurors, and that no such Prefirement for the printing of such Copies shall be made, unless they are ready for Delivery at the Secretary's Office Three clear Days before each Assizes as aforesaid.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Crown for every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in England, shall within Twenty-one Days after every Assizes or Prizes-term, deliver to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town (in addition to the Copies of the Prefirements which he is by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid required to deliver) an accurate Copy, signed by himself, of the Quotas which assessed or assessed for at each Assizes; and such Treasurer or Grand Jury Secretary, or Chief Clerk, as the Grand Jury shall think fit, shall forthwith after the Receipt thereof, cause a Number of Copies of such Prefirements and such Quota Book to be printed and distributed to the Magistrates and principal Overseers, not exceeding Twenty-five for each Bury or Half Bury, and not exceeding Twenty-five for each County of a City or County of a Town; and the Grand Jurors of such Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, shall at the Assizes or Prizes-term next following, present to be levied off the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, such Sum as shall be necessary for defraying the Expence of printing and distributing such Copies: Provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer, stating his Charge to be actual and reasonable, be filed had before such Grand Jury; and that no such Prefirement for the printing and distributing of such Copies as aforesaid shall be made unless the printed Copies of such several Prefirements and Quota Books have been printed and distributed within six Weeks after each preceding Assizes or Prizes-term.

XXX. And, for the Safety and Convenience of Passengers and Travellers upon the Publick and other Roads, and in the Streets of Towns in England, Be it enacted, That from and after the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, all Drivers of Waggons, Carts, Cows, Chaises, Charriots, Carriages, Gigs, Chans, and of every Kind and Species of Carriages, and all Persons riding on Horseback, or carrying any Animals, either with or without Burdens, on any Road, or in the Street of any City or Town in

Collectors of Prefirements (Delinquency before the Grand Jury.

Assizes of Counties before Prefirements for Poor-rates.

Refusal of Prefirements for Salary or Pension, a Certificate of the proper Officer shall be produced.

Assizes for Prefirements shall be lodged 15 Days before the Commission Day of each Assizes.

Expence of printing Subjoints of Affidavits shall be prefired.

Prefirements and Quota Books shall be printed after each Assizes.

Drivers, Passengers and Travellers of all descriptions shall ride the left-hand Side

Two Justices of each Barony or Half Barony, so long as any such Allowance shall be made on Behalf of such Family.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall, from Time to Time, within Three Days after any such Order or Orders shall be made by such Justices, prepare and sign an Abstract of every such Order, and send forthwith deliv- or send such Abstract duly dated by him to the Collector of His Majesty's Exchequer for the District in which such Barony, Half Barony, Town, or City shall be situate, together with as many such Certificates and Order the copies, and with a Certificate of Exchequer having approved such Abstract with such Order and Order the copies, as aforesaid, in writing every such Order, and forthwith return the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, or to the Person by whom the same are sent, and shall the said Collector and the said Abstract, and shall keep the same as a Voucher for his due Payments as Minister by or on his or as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it enacted, That every such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, on obtaining any such Order is committing to the Collector of Exchequer, shall from Time to Time pay the several Allowances as aforesaid on such Order to such Family: And in case of any default, upon the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of such Order, or in any of the Cases hereinafter mentioned.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Allowance under and by virtue of this Act shall be allowed not paid weekly - and that no Wife or a Child of any Militia Man, nor any other Person nor a Relative of such Wife, or of the Family of any such Militia Man, shall be entitled to receive at any one Time more than Two Weekly Allowances of any Allowance to such Wife and Child or by virtue of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Weekly Allowance to be paid under this Act by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively to the Family of any Militia Man, shall be repaid Quarterly to such Baronial Collector and Treasurer respectively by the Collector of His Majesty's Exchequer for the District in which such Barony, Town, or City shall be situate, out of any public Money in his Hands; and the Sums so paid by such Collector of Exchequer shall be allowed to him as his Accrues, as such Collector of Exchequer producing the Receipts of such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively for the same, and also producing the several other Documents by this Act required to be kept by him.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall not at the Time when any Allowance is to be made to him to pay any Allowance under this Act, he or his Heirs or Successors Money for Payment of the same, such Collector or Treasurer shall and may and is hereby required from Time to Time as Occasion shall require, to employ the same to the Collector of the Exchequer for the District, and it shall thereupon be lawful for the said Collector of the Exchequer, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to exact or pay out of such public Money as may be in his Hands to the said Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, at least Once in every Month, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay the Monthly Amount of the Sums which shall then be payable under and by virtue of the several Abstracts which shall then be in his Possession under the Provisions of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronial Collector shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Town, or City within which the Barony for which he is Collector shall be situate, and the Treasurer of any Town or City shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace there, Three Days previous to each Quarter Sessions, an Abstract of all Orders which he shall have received as aforesaid since the last preceding Quarter Sessions, to be by the said Clerk of the Peace laid before the Justices at such Sessions, and it shall be lawful for the Justices there to set aside or alter any such Order of any such Justices, which upon doing so I judge in open Court upon Oath shall appear to have been fraudulently obtained, or not to be warranted by this Act; and in any such Case, such Justice or Justices shall make an Order that such Baronial Collector or Treasurer may and he or she or she is to cause to be brought in the Order of such Justices, and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Peace for such County, City, Town, or Place; and such Collector or Treasurer shall, within Seven Days after the Service of such Order on him, being so and deliver, or cause to be brought in and delivered, the said Order of such Justices accordingly, to the Clerk of the Peace, who shall then cancel the said Order, if the same shall be wholly set aside, or if the same shall be altered, he shall cause under the same a Copy of the Order for altering the same, and shall in that Case deliver the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, who shall proceed thereupon, and the same shall be considered to be the same Money as all Receipts now herebefore directed with respect to any such Order.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively shall have Reason to believe or shall receive Notice from the Collector of Exchequer of the District, that he or she Reason to believe that by the Death of any of the Family of any Militia Man, or by any other Circumstance, the Allowance to such Family ought to be stopped or reduced in Amount, then and in either of such Cases it shall be lawful for such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, and he is hereby required to stop or lessen such Allowance accordingly, until Two Justices of the Peace shall direct him otherwise by Writing under their Hands and Seals.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be ordered or paid under this Act as the Wife or Family of any Person serving in the Militia for any longer Period than such Person shall continue to serve and remain employed in actual Service; nor in any Case in which the Wife, or in either of them or by whom any such Relief is demanded, shall follow the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which her Husband shall serve.

XV. And, in order to prevent Frauds in any of the Matters aforesaid, be it enacted, That the Assignments of every Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall have a Register of all Certificate which shall from Time to Time be granted by the Colonel or other Commanding Officer as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Regiment, Company, Detachment, and Post, in which such Certificate shall have been given, shall on some Day between the Seventh and Twentieth Day of every Month, deliver or send to be delivered to the Assignee of his Regiment, or to the Person sitting as such, a Return or Writing subscribed by himself either with his Name or Mark, and stating whether, since the obtaining such Certificate or since he last Return, he, or any, then how many, and which of his Family, and of what Age

Removal of
Sons, &c. of
said Militia and
Abstracts thereof
to be sent to
Collector of Ex-
chequer, &c. &c.
to certify the
State of the
said Abstracts.

Baronial Col-
lector, &c. shall
pay Allowances
as aforesaid.

Allowance shall
be paid Weekly.

Allowance shall
be repaid Quar-
terly by Collec-
tor of Exche-
quer.

Baronial Col-
lector, &c. shall
transmit to the
Clerk of the
Peace, &c. &c.
an Abstract of all
Orders which he
shall have re-
ceived as aforesaid.

Abstract of all
Orders shall be
transmitted by
Collector to the
Clerk of the
Peace, and the
Justices may set
aside or alter any
such Order by the
Justices.

Baronial Col-
lector, &c. shall
pay Allowances
as aforesaid.

Allowance shall
be paid only
during the Ser-
vice of Militia
Men.

Assignments shall
be registered.

With a New
Certificate shall
be returned
to the Assign-
ee or to the
Person of the
Place of the
Regiment.

plaint made by the Party aggrieved in that Behalf, to summon the Party accused, and to examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon Proof thereof, on the Oath of our Witnesses, not being the Party accused to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, to give Judgment for such Penalty, to be levied by Deputies and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, in case the same shall not be forthwith paid, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, causing the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of such Deputies and Sale, to be rendered to the Party, and the Penalty is adjudged shall be paid to the Use of the Party so aggrieved as aforesaid.

XXV. And be it enacted, That every such Certificate shall be in the Form here following, or in some other Form of Words of the Like Import: (1809 to be lay):

• BE it remembred, That A. B. Collector of Customs in the Barony of _____ in the County of _____
 [or Treasurer of the County of the Town of _____ or County of the City of _____ or the City of _____]
 do hereby certify before us C. D. one of the Justices of the Peace for the said County, of not having paid
 the Duty of _____ upon _____ the Duty of _____ let fall, to the Treasury
 of _____ [L. up and, Drummer, or Private, or six Cops may be] actually serving in the _____ Regiment
 of _____ although the same was duly demanded of him on the _____ Day of _____ last past. Witness
 my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____

And every such Certificate on the said or any other Form of the like Import shall be good and sufficient in Law.

• All may be amended the Statute, § 26. Commencement of Act 6 Months after passing. § 27.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [10th June 1809.]

• WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disbanded) and Local Militia in Great Britain, for One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eight: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and he the Authority of the same, That in every County, Battalion, or Place in England, and in every County, Stewards, City, or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia are or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the Time being a hereby authorized and empowered, and required in case to be shewed and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when disbanded) and Local Militia respectively, in the Manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned: (1809 to be lay): for the Pay of the said Regular Militia or Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter-Master, where a Quarter-Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence a Day for each Sergeant, reckoned at the Head-Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence a Week for each Sergeant-Major, where a Sergeant-Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two-pence a Day for each Corporal, if resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer, if resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Sixpence a Day for each Drum-Major, where a Drum-Major is appointed; and also at the Rate of Four-pence per Man for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disbanded) or Local Militia for each County, Riding, Stewards, City, or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings for each Regiment-Major, Two Pounds for each Corporal, Four Pounds One Shilling and Sixpence for each Drum-Major, Three Pounds One Shilling and Nine-pence for each Drummer, and One Pound Nine-pence Shillings and Sixpence for each Private Man, and that each Sergeant-Major, Drum-Major, Corporal, and Drummer who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head-Quarters, shall be clothed Once in Two Years: Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer shall be absent on Foreign or Oversea, such Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rate, to-wit: of three shillings and sixpence; (this is to lay): every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence per Day respectively, and so more; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to create any such Pay to be from Time to Time altered in Advance, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the Time for which such Advances shall be made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Burgess of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia when disbanded, and Local Militia, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, for the Expence of all Army Medicines for the sick, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of such Regiments, Battalions, or Corps during the Period or Periods of Affinity for annual Exercise or Training, and Sixpence per Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps on constant Pay at Head-Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Accoutrements given to the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on constant Pay at Head-Quarters, while each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter-Master or Battalion-Clerk to each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, or Local Militia, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and Officers, and other Stores, under the Superintendance of the Colonel or Commandant; and shall, out of the Money hereby directed to be shewed and paid for defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, from Time to Time take out and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of the Arms, upon an Order in Writing, signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn upon him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, he shall Three Times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and the Expence thereon, and the Balance remaining in his Hands, which

Form of Certificate for such Officers.

Secretary at War shall enter the same accordingly for the Pay of the Regular and Local Militia, according to the Enactments aforesaid.

Rate of Pay to Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, when absent on Foreign.

Allowance to Sergeants.

Quarter-Master or Battalion-Clerk shall have the Charge of Arms, Clothing, the necessary Tools, and a Year for each per cent Money lent in Loan.

Where the
Pay of the
Regiment, &c.

which said Balance shall form a Stock Profit for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, and transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, to be by him accounted, allowed, and signed; and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby declared to be the proper Vouchers and Receipts of such Quarter-Master or Battalion Clerk, for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

Pay in Money
shall be
paid to the
Officers and
Soldiers of
the Regiment,
&c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-commissioned Officers and private Men of the Regular Militia and Local Militia, when not drawn out and embodied, shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia are drawn out and embodied. Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowance shall only be payable to such Part of the Militia for which the said Regular Militia or Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, or when called out for suppressing Riots or Tumults, or in the Days of meeting in and Disputing thereon, and according to and from the Order appointed for Exercise; any Thing in any Act or Act of Parliament in this behalf made notwithstanding.

48 G. 3. c. 37.

And be it further enacted, That all Bounties of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, and contingent Expenses for the Regular Militia (when drawn out) and Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be stored and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he may deem expedient to adapt, from Time to Time, in this behalf.

48 G. 3. c. 38.

VI. And whereas by provision of an Act passed in the first 5th Year of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for bettering the Rate of the Militia to be paid to Lieutenants and others as quarterly Soldiers, as also to certain Rates* as aforesaid, and in the 11th Year of the said Parliament and others in which Parliament Officers and private Soldiers were, by virtue of an Act passed in the 1st Year of the said Parliament, for paying Money and Discharge, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, by provision for that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Division of Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed: And whereas by an Act passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for amending the Militia in Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men of the said Militia, when called out for annual Exercise, or when called out to be quartered and billeted in Inns, Lodging Houses, Alehouses, Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Refreshment, Bawdy, Singing Houses, Coffee, Wine, or Metheglin by Retail*: Be it enacted, That the Lieutenants and others as whom the said Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men of the Regular Militia (when drawn out), or Local Militia shall be in quarters and billeted, shall be entitled to and receive the same Rate of Allowance for each Soldier, Major, Drum-Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer, and private Man as is provided and bestowed upon the soldiers, and that their respective allowances for Exercise as aforesaid, and in the said Inns and Refreshment-houses as such Lieutenants or others may see, by the above-mentioned Act for the Relief of Lieutenants, demanded and received for the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Soldiers of a Regular Infantry, in the respective Colonies of their respective Colonies with Detachments and small Bore, or Supplying them in any manner with the Articles specified in the said Act for paying Money and Discharge, and the Secretary at War to be thereunto assigned and required to supply the necessary Funds to discharge the Charge of the Allowance to be made to the said Lieutenants and others: Provided always, that each of the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men who shall be furnished with Detachments and small Bore as aforesaid, shall on receipt thereof the Expense thereof, the like Proportion of the Pay and Barr Money as is or shall be disbursed in the like Case by the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Soldiers of the Regular Infantry.

These Rates shall
be paid to
Lieutenants
&c. for the
Militia as are
allowed for the
Regiment.

Funds shall be
provided by
Secretary at
War.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being an Naval or Military Half-pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Local Militia, shall and may, and is hereby empowered, to receive and take the said Allowance by the said Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quarter-Masters, Sergeants, and the remaining and taking any such Sum of Money by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Quarter-Master, Sergeant, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay in or in any manner to prevent such Person as Half-pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half-pay as such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

Persons on Half-pay
shall receive the
Local Militia
pay as aforesaid
by this Act.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia, or Local Militia, shall be drawn out and embodied, then and during such Time only as such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter-Master, Sergeant, entitled to any such Half-pay or Allowance as aforesaid, shall receive the full annual Pay of their respective Commissions or Stations in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, such Half-pay or Allowance as aforesaid shall cease and determine.

But when
embodied the
Half-pay shall
cease.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Non-commissioned Officer or private Man in the Regular Militia or Local Militia entitled to receive any Soldier's Pay or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his leaving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia or Local Militia.

Half-pay shall
cease when
embodied.

X. And

Militia Men
may receive in
their Civil
Professions.

XI. And

X. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Regular Militia may by Age or Infirmy be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that these Persons should be made for their Inconvenience of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regt or Force, or in the Regular Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the Whole, Fifteen of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, shall by Age or Infirmy be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing so to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding, or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong if in England, or to the Receiver-General for Scotland in Scotland, a Certificate of his Service as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the Receiver-General accordingly shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Fifty Years as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, except as Regimental or Battalion Clerk of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia.

Allowance to Adjutants of Regular Militia who are 20 Years Service, (1) Granted for the Militia, 5s. per Day.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independent Company shall have already raised and dismissed, or been disbanded or disbanded, or be reduced in an Establishment, during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Three Shillings per Day shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independent Company, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March in the Year in which he shall be so reduced or disbanded, or from the Time such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independent Company shall be so raised and dismissed, or be raised or in its Establishment, as the Case may be, to the Twenty-fifth Day of March in the Year in which he shall be so reduced or disbanded.

Allowance to 30 Years of Regular Militia who are 20 Days

XII. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Sergeants in the Regular Militia may by Age or Infirmy be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that these Persons should be made for their Inconvenience of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Sergeant of Regular Militia, who shall have served faithfully in the Militia for the full Term of Thirty Years, shall by Age or Infirmy be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing so to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding, or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong if in England, or to the Receiver-General for Scotland if in Scotland, a Certificate of his Service as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the Receiver-General accordingly shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty.

Allowance to Sergeants who are 30 Years Service, 3s. per Day.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in every County, Riding, or Place in England, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver or Receiver-General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place respectively, and in every City, Burroughs, Town, or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver-General for Scotland shall issue and pay the whole Sum required for the respective Allowances to the Clerks of the General Meetings, and Clerks of the several Subdivisions for Meetings as aforesaid, at the Rates following; that is to say, to the Clerk of the General Meetings, at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting; and to the several Clerks of the Subdivisions Meetings, at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be made to such respective General and Subdivisions Clerks, for their Expenses and Trouble in attending the Return of Polls to be made to be given in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, by taking out the Names of all Persons who may appear, and who file Appeals or Causes of Exemption have been allowed, and returning the Names of any Persons that shall have been ordered to be admitted; and in numbering the Returns and making out the Lists for the Electors, at the Rate of One Pound Five Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons to be liable to vote; and also for the several Expenses incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing and Stationery used for the Purposes of this Act, as to the Lord-Lieutenants or Deputy-Lieutenants of any such County, Riding, City, or Place, shall appear reasonably and properly; and in case the Orders respecting the List-Lieutenants or Deputy-Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowance as aforesaid, shall be referred at a General Meeting consisting of not less than Five Days by Lieutenants, but not otherwise.

Receiver-General of the Land Tax shall pay the Allowance to the Clerks of the General and Subdivisions Meetings.

XIV. And be it enacted, That the Receiver-General in England shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance, at the Rate of Five Pounds and Five Shillings for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herein before directed, upon his producing an Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenants, or from Three Deputy-Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings; and shall also pay to each a Copy of the Lists of the Clerks of the Subdivisions Meetings, their several Allowances at the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herein before directed, upon his or their producing an Order or Orders from One or more Deputy-Lieutenants or Deputy-Lieutenants, assembled at the several Subdivisions Meetings, which said Order or Orders specifying the Day or Days of Meeting, at what Place or Places and for what Purposes or Purposes the said General and Subdivisions Meeting or Meetings have been assembled and held, together with the Clerk's Receipt or Receipts for the Sums so ordered, shall be to the Receiver-General in England respectively, a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances, and be allowed in their Accounts; and that the several Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivisions Meetings, for their Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of this Act in Scotland, shall be paid and delivered in the same Manner in which Schoolmasters, Creditors, and other Persons employed in the Execution of an Act, passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intended, shall be paid and delivered as aforesaid in Scotland, and directed to be paid for their Trouble and Expenses.

Clerks shall produce the Order respecting the Clerks' Expenses.

45 G. 3. c. 87.

XV. Proce

Stamp Duty
and conditions
in the said
Militia Act
1794
H. G. G. G. G.
H. G. G. G. G.
H. G. G. G. G.
H. G. G. G. G.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent-General of Victuals and Local Militia, and be it hereby required so to pay out of the Sum of Money which may have been paid for the Stamped Duty, or any Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, under such Regulations, and in such Manner, as the Secretary at War shall appoint.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts, and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Regular Militia (where it is embodied), or Local Militia under this Act, may or shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft, or Order shall be void, by reason of being so drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

No form for
Warrants.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gravelly whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued in relation to or in performance of this Act.

How to of
Pensions, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Pensions and Costs and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money for which any Pardon or Pardon is or are by this Act made or granted, may and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts at Record at Westminster, or in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, according as the Case may require, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, wherein no Effray, Wager of Law, or Perjury, or more than One Impudens shall be allowed.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while disembodied. [12th June 1809.]

“Continuation of Act 13th of March 1810. § 20.

[In all Regiments the first or 48 G. 3. c. 51.]

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to revise and continue, until the Twenty-sixth Day of March One Thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend in such an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant-Majors of the Militia of England, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament. [12th June 1809.]

[See 42 G. 3. c. 54. in which this Act is inserted, verbatim mutatis.]

C A P. XC.

An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in Scotland, when called into actual Service. [12th June 1809.]

45 G. 3. c. 26.
revised and amended—Enacts
a law relating
to the Qualification
and Appointment
of Deputy-
Lieutenants for
Tees and North-
umberland, and 111.
as to Substitutes
not having more
than one Child-
ren.

“WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intitled, ‘*An Act for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in Scotland, when called into actual Service*,’ and whereas the said Act requiring to be amended, it is expedient to repeal the same, in order that the whole Provisions for such Relief may be consolidated in one Act; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, by the Authority of the same, That after the Expiration of Two Calendar Months after the passing hereof, the said Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed (excepting in so far as the same relates to the Qualification and Appointment of Deputy-Lieutenants for the Counties of Ayr and Southwold; and also excepting in so far as it prevents a Substitute from being received for any ballotted Man in the Militia of Scotland, which Substitute shall have more than Two lawfull Children at the Time he shall be produced to be enrolled; and from and after the Expiration of such Two Months, wherever the said revised Act shall have been referred to in any Act or Acts of Parliament, the Act shall be deemed and taken to be the Act so referred to, in the same Manner as if this Act had been thence referred to.

Qualification of
Militia Men in
Scotland called
into actual
Service, shall
enjoy a weekly
Allowance.

II. And be it enacted, That if any Person living or enrolled in the Militia of Scotland as a Non-commissioned Officer or Dragoon, or as a ballotted Man or Subaltern, bred Man or Volunteer respectively, shall, when embodied and called out into actual Service, leave a Family unable to support themselves, the Family of every such Non-commissioned Officer, Dragoon, ballotted Man, Substitute, bred Man, or Volunteer respectively, shall receive in the Month hereinafter directed a weekly Allowance, by the following Manner; that is to say, a Sum not exceeding the usual and ordinary Price of one Day's Labour in His Majesty's Counties of Cumber, Stewartry, Dumfries, Berwick, Perth, or Place where such Family shall dwell, so long as that One Shilling for each and every Child born in Wedlock, and under the Age of Ten Years; and for the Wife of such Non-commissioned Officer, Dragoon, ballotted Man, Substitute, bred Man, or Volunteer, whether he fall or shall not have any Child or Children, a Sum not exceeding the Price of one Day's Labour, or less than One Shilling.

Rate of Allow-
ance shall be
the same as for
Militia Men
in Scotland.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County or Stewartry, in Scotland, sitting any Session, assembled in Quarter Sessions, either upon the Day on which the Militia of that County is called out, or on the Day on which the Commissioners of Supply meet to assess the Land Tax, and they are hereby directed to settle, ascertain, and regulate the Rate of Allowance to be paid under this Act to the Families of Militia Men residing within such County, Stewartry, Dragoon, or Place, and every such Rate of Allowance so settled, ascertained, and regulated as aforesaid, shall be binding upon

upon all Judges of the Peace making any Order for the Payment of Allowance under this Act in such County, Stewartry, Division, or Place, until another or new Rate of Allowance shall be settled by them as aforesaid.

“ *For ever* Rest of Allowance continued till new Rate made. § 4.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be ordered or paid under this Act to the Wife or Children of any Person serving in the Militia, until such Person shall have joined the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which he belongs, or for any longer Period than such Person shall continue to serve and remain embarked in actual Service; nor in any Case in which the Wife or Children of or by whom any such Relief is demanded shall be in the same Parish or Place wherein the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which her Husband shall have been for the Time, or shall have her Child or Children (if any) or depart from her Home or Place of Residence specified in the Declaration hereafter mentioned, unless under Certificate of any neighbouring Justice of the Peace, or the Minister and One or more Members of the Kirk Session of the Parish in which such Relief shall be given, authorizing such Departure for a Time specified therein, not exceeding Two Weeks, for the Purposes of Harvest, or obtaining by Week a better Support for her Family.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Allowance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of any Subaltern, hired Man or Volunteer, who shall marry after and during the Time of his being called out into actual Service, unless such Marriage shall have taken place with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which such Militia Man shall belong, and such Consent shall have been certified under the Hand of such Colonel or other Commanding Officer previous to such Marriage.

VII. And he it enacted, That previous to the granting of any such Certificate, such Commanding Officer shall signify himself that every such Subaltern, hired Man, or Volunteer, was not previously married; and every Commanding Officer granting such Certificate shall keep or cause to be kept, a Register thereof, and of the Marriage, in the Manner appearing from Schedule (F) hereunto annexed.

VIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Wife, Child or Children of any Militia Man shall be entitled to any Allowance under this Act, unless such Militia Man shall make and sign a Declaration before the Commanding Officer of the Regiment to which he belongs according to the Schedule (A) hereunto annexed, and unless such Commanding Officer shall certify that such a Declaration has been made before him according to the Form appearing from Schedule (B) hereunto annexed, and unless such Commanding Officer shall transmit such Declaration and Certificate to the Clerk of Supply of the County or Stewartry wherein such Wife or Children reside, which he is hereby required to do.

IX. And he it enacted, That any such Declaration and Certificate shall remain in force for Six Months, and no longer.

X. And he it further enacted, That upon such Declaration and Certificate being transmitted to the Clerk of Supply of the County or Stewartry wherein such Wife or Children reside, he shall enter the same in a Register to be kept of such Declarations and Certificates, in the Manner appearing from Schedule (G) hereunto annexed, and such Clerk of Supply shall transmit every such Declaration and Certificate within Six Days after he shall have received the same to the Minister of the Parish wherein such Wife or Children reside; and any Clerk of Supply receiving any such Declaration and Certificate, and failing or neglecting to register and transmit the same to the Minister herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Default, to be recovered with Expenses or Costs of Suit, by a Summary Complaint to be made to the Sheriff or Stewart-Deputy of the County or Stewartry by any Person or Persons, One Half of which Penalty to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

XI. And he it further enacted, That the Minister upon receiving such Declaration and Certificate, shall by the time before the Kirk Session, and the said Minister and Kirk Session shall request into the Session of the Family, and if upon such Inquiry it shall appear that they are unable to maintain themselves, such Minister and Kirk Session shall thereupon sign a Certificate in the Terms appearing from the Schedule (C) hereunto annexed, and shall transmit the same to some Commissioner of Supply residing within the Parish, or in the Event of no Commissioner of Supply residing within the Parish, to some Heritor possessed of Land within the Parish and paying Rent of not less than Fifty Pounds Sterling per Annum; and to Citie or Towns Corporations, to one of the Magistrates thereof; and if such Commissioner or Heritor, or Person or Magistrate respectively, shall be intitled of such Indebtedness, they, as well as such Minister and Kirk Session, shall sign such Certificate.

XII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if upon such Inquiry it shall appear that such Wife or Children may be enabled to maintain themselves with a smaller Allowance than the Rate hereby directed to be paid to such Wife or Children, such Minister and Kirk Session are hereby authorized to allow and specify the Amount of such smaller Allowance to be paid to such Wife or Children in such Certificate as aforesaid, and every smaller Allowance, so ascertained and specified, shall be paid in the same Manner as if the full Allowance authorized by this Act were to be paid to such Wife or Children.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That such Certificate shall remain in force for Three Months and no longer; and if at the Expiration of such Period the Wife or Children shall still be unable to support themselves, they shall again apply to the Minister, who shall again by their Application before the Kirk Session, and such Minister and Kirk Session shall again inquire into such Indebtedness, and if such Indebtedness shall appear to continue, another Certificate shall be granted according to the Form and in the Manner before directed, and so in the

Allowance shall not be made until Militia Man shall have joined his Corps.

No Family of any Subaltern, or marrying without Consent of Commanding Officer.

Commanding Officers shall signify Condition of such Soldiers, &c.

No Family to be entitled to Allowance unless Husband makes a Declaration.

To remain in force only Six Months.

Declarations and Certificates shall be transmitted to Clerk of Supply.

Minister and Kirk Session shall request into Session of the Family, and thereupon grant Certificates.

Smaller Allowance may be paid in certain Cases.

Certificates shall be renewed every Three Months.

End of every Three Months as often as any such Application shall be made; provided that a Return shall not have been made in the Manner herein-after directed, of the Death, Detraction, Removal, or otherwise from the Regency of any Minors Men, in Behalf of whose Wife or Children any such Application shall have been made.

On Production of Certificates, Orders shall make an Oath for the Allowance.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production of such Certificates to a Justice of the Peace of the County or Stewartry where such Family resides, such Justice shall, if he be satisfied therewith, make an Order in the Form (appearing from Schedule (D) hereunto annexed, for the Payment of a weekly Allowance, according to the Rate which shall have been settled by the Justices of the County or Stewartry as aforesaid, for each and every Child and the Wife named in such Certificates, or where a smaller Allowance shall appear to have been aforesaid, and shall be specified in such Certificates, then for the Payment of such said Allowance.

Orders shall be made for Three Months.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every such Order shall remain in force for Three Months, and no longer.

Orders shall be transmitted by Justice or Clerk of Supply, who shall transmit it to Collector of Cuts.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate upon which any such Order shall have been made shall forthwith be transmitted by the Justice of the Peace making the same to the Clerk of Supply of the County, Stewartry, City or Place in which such Family shall dwell, who shall record the same, and shall forthwith transmit Copies of so many of such Certificates as relate to Allowances to Families of Minors Men serving for any other County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to the Clerk of Supply of such other County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and shall also transmit the Originals of all Certificates transmitted to him by a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to the Collector of the Cuts for his County or Stewartry, City or Place; and any Clerk of Supply taking or neglecting for the Space of Six Days after the Receipt of any such Certificates, to record and transmit Copies and the Originals thereof in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Neglect, to be recovered with Expenses or Costs of Suit, so the same Manner that any Penalty amounting to the Sum of Five Pounds is herein directed to be recovered, One Half of which Penalty shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Collector of Cuts shall remit the Allowance to Kirk Treasurers.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Collector of the Cuts, and he is hereby authorized and required to remit or pay out of such publick Moneys as may be in his Hands, or the Treasurer of the Kirk Session of each Parish, and where there shall be no such Treasurer, then to the Minister and Kirk Session of such Parish, at least once in every Month, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay the Amount of the Allowances specified in such Certificates transmitted to such Collector; and any Collector taking or neglecting to remit such Sum in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum equal to twice the Amount thereof, to be recovered with Expenses or Costs of Suit, by a summary Complaint to be made to the Sheriff or Steward-Depute of the County or Stewartry, by any Person or Persons, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Kirk Treasurer, or to the Minister and Kirk Session where there is no Kirk Treasurer, to make good the Sum which ought to have been remitted to him or them by such Collector, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Treasurer of Kirk Session shall pay upon an Order from the Justice, and transmit Accrues to Clerk of Supply.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the Kirk Session or Minister and Kirk Session, (as the Case may be,) to whom such Sums shall be remitted, shall give a Receipt for the same; and such weekly Allowances shall be paid by the Kirk Treasurer, or the Minister and Kirk Session, upon Production of this Order made by a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to the Persons entitled to receive the same, provided such Persons are actually residing in the Parish where such Allowances are demanded at the Time, but not otherwise, unless upon Permission for a limited Time, and upon a Certificate thereof in the Manner herein before directed, and Receipts shall be taken from the Persons to whom such Allowances shall be paid; and the said Kirk Treasurer, or Minister and Kirk Session, shall transmit an Account once in every Month to the Clerk of the Parishes of the County of Supply, to be by him preserved and kept, showing the Moneys received and paid pursuant to this Act, in which the Persons to whom the same shall be paid shall be specially described by Name, Age, Residence, and as the Wife or Children of the Minors Men, deceased and certified in the Manner herein directed; and any Treasurer of the Kirk Session, or Minister and Kirk Session, to whom Money shall have been remitted or paid as aforesaid, (as the Case may be,) who shall refuse or delay to pay such weekly Allowances in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum equal to twice the Amount of each Sum: to be paid or to be paid to be paid, or who shall neglect or refuse to transmit an Account in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Neglect, to be recovered in a summary Manner, with Expenses or Costs of Suit, upon Complaint made to any Justice of the Peace of the County or Stewartry in which such Treasurer, Minister, and Kirk Session reside, by the Person or Persons to whom the same ought to have been paid, or by the Clerk of Supply, to whom the same ought to have been transmitted, One Half of which Penalty shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Every Copy of Account shall be transmitted to Collector of the Cuts.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Supply receiving such Account, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof send a Copy of every such Account, certified by him to be a true Copy, to the Collector of the Cuts of his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and where any of the Allowances appearing to have been paid by such Account shall have been made to the Family of any Minors Man serving for any other County, Stewartry, City or Place, a Copy of so much of such Account, certified as aforesaid, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof be transmitted by the Clerk of Supply, who shall have received the same, to the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, for which any such Minors Man shall be serving, who shall record the same; and any Clerk of Supply taking or neglecting to transmit Accounts in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Default, to be

be recovered by any Person suing for the same, with Expenses or Costs of Suit, in the Manner in which any other Penalty is provided to be recovered by this Act.

XX. And he it enacted, that in the Month of January in every Year, Accounts shall be taken by and between the Collector of every County or Stewartry, with each Kirk Treasurer, or Minister, and Kirk 5-Bass, within his County or Stewartry, shewing the Amount of all Moneys received or paid by each Collector, with each Kirk Treasurer, or Ministers and Kirk 5-Bass respectively, in the Year preceding the First Day of the last Month of January in which such Account is taken, and also shewing the Allowances paid by each Kirk Treasurer or Minister and Kirk 5-Bass for the Year preceding such First Day of January, and such Accounts shall be settled by each Collector with each Kirk Treasurer or Ministers and Kirk 5-Bass respectively, who shall thereupon deliver up to each Collector the Receipts taken for the Payment of such Allowances; and any Collector of the Cots lying or neglecting to settle or to get settled such Accounts in the Month of January in every Year as aforesaid, shall not be allowed to take Credits his Accounts with the R over General for Scotland for any Moneys received or paid by him under this Act.

Amounts of Accounts shall be taxed by the Collector.

XXI. And he it enacted, That every such Account shall be or before the Fifteenth Day of February in every Year, be examined and compared with the Vouchers thereof by the Clerk of Supply of the County, Stewartry, City, or Place, in which the same shall be made up, and shall thereupon be corrected and signed by him.

Accounts shall be examined by Clerk of Supply.

XXII. And he it enacted, That each Clerk of Supply shall make up from such Accounts, Accounts shewing the Allowances paid in his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to Vassals within the limits of His Majesty's Fee for other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places respectively, and shall on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of February in every Year transmit such Accounts, signed by him, to the Clerk of Supply of each County, Stewartry, City, or Place respectively; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting to make up and transmit such Accounts to the Clerk of Supply of each County, Stewartry, City, or Place, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Offence, to be received and applied in the same Manner as any other Penalty may be recovered and applied under this Act.

Accounts of Allowances paid to vassals shall be transmitted to Clerk of Supply.

XXIII. And he it further enacted, That in the Month of March in every Year, an Account shall be made up by the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, shewing the Allowances paid previous to the First Day of January preceding, to the Vassals of any His Majesty's Fee in each County, Stewartry, City, or Place, whether residing in such County, Stewartry, City, or Place, or in any other County, Stewartry, City, or Place.

Accounts shall be filed by Clerk of Supply.

XXIV. And he it enacted, That such Account may be examined by a Committee of the Commissioners of Supply, from Time to Time or be appointed by them for that Purpose, and shall be laid before the said Commissioners of Supply at the next Annual Meeting at which they assemble to settle the Land Tax, and at such Meeting the said Commissioners of Supply shall make an Allowance equal to the Amount of the Allowances appearing from such Account to have been paid to the Tenors of His Majesty's Fee in each County, Stewartry, City, or Place, in the following Manner, that is to say, upon Land according to the valued List of the same, and upon Houses according to the Rent or Yearly Value for so much Houses by the last Allowance of the House Tax, and in the following Proportions; *viz.* for every such Allowance to the Amount of One Shilling Sterling upon One hundred Pounds Rent or valued Rent, an Allowance shall be laid upon the Rent or Yearly Value of Houses as aforesaid, at the Rate of One Penny Sterling to the Pound of such Rent or Yearly Value, and in proportion so for any greater or less Sum.

Accounts shall be made thereupon.

XXV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That no such Allowance shall be laid upon any House which shall not be rated for the House Tax.

Penalty not read in House Tax returned.

XXVI. Provided also, and he it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be entitled in respect of his, her, or their House or Houses, and also in respect of his, her, or their Lands in the same County or Stewartry, but it shall be in the Power of the said Commissioners to lay such Allowance upon each Person or Persons, either in respect of such House or Houses, or of such Lands, as to such Commissioners shall seem calculated to produce the highest Allowance.

No Person shall be entitled for his House and Land.

XXVII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That for all Sums so allowed upon Land, the Proprietor shall have Relief against the Tenant or Occupier thereof for One Half of such Allowance, and every such Allowance upon Houses shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers thereof, who shall be entitled to deduct from his, her, or their Rent One Half of every such Allowance to be paid by each Occupier or Occupiers.

One Half of Allowance shall be paid by Tenant.

XXVIII. And he it further enacted, That at the Time every such Allowance is made, an Account to be taken as the Schedule (E.) hereto annexed, shall be taken, shewing the gross Amount of the Sums for which it is made; and also the Rate at which it is to be levied upon the valued Rent or Value upon the Rents of Houses, in the Manner directed by this Act, which Account shall be signed by the Clerk of Supply, and by the Parties of the Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply at which such Allowance is made, and the same shall be transmitted to the Collector of the Cots as his Authority for laying such Allowance, and such Account for satisfaction, shall, if required, be shown by each Collector to every Person paying the Proportion of his Allowance.

Account of Rent shall be made up.

XXIX. And he it further enacted, That in case any Commissioners of Supply shall omit, neglect, or refuse to make up such Allowance according to the Directions of this Act, then the Clerk of Supply of each County, Stewartry, City, or Place shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen Days after the Meeting at which such Allowance ought to have been made, to certify to His Majesty's Attorney at Edinburgh in Scotland, such Neglect, Omission, or Refusal of such Commissioners, and the Names of such Commissioners, who shall be present at such Meeting; and His Majesty's Attorney or Eschequer is hereby required, on Receipt of such Certificate, forthwith to proceed by all such legal Means as shall be most effectual and expedient to compel

On Failure of Allowance Application shall be made to the Exchequer to compel same.

such Commissioners to pay due Obedience to this Act, and to cause each Assize to be made, and the Money raised, collected, and paid.

How Assizes shall be held in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the Cities of Edinburgh and Glasgow, the Magistrates thereof shall and they are hereby authorized to levy from the Houses, Burg-Res, and Cellars of such City, their Portion of the Assize to be made pursuant to this Act, to make the Sum necessary to afford the Relief hereby provided to the Families of the Militia serving for the said City, in such Manner and in the same Proportions as the Cell Rent and other publick Burdens and Contributions are in Use by Law to be assessed and levied in the said Cities.

In what Cities, Towns, &c. shall be constituted in Town Cities.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the Two Cities aforesaid, all Certificates of Indebtedness shall be transmitted from the Parties within the same to the Town Clerk of the said Cities respectively, who shall and he is hereby required to do all Matters and Things directed by this Act to be done by the Clerks to the Commissioners of Supply in any County or Stewartry.

Adjustment shall make Monthly Returns of Vacancies.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, or where three shall be an Adjutant the Sergeant-Major thereof, shall within Seven Days after the Twenty-fourth Day of every Month during the Time that the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain embodied and in actual Service, signify to the respective Clerks of Supply of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps shall belong, a particular List of all Promotions and Vacancies, and of Deaths, Desertions, and other Causes of Vacancy, that shall have occurred among the prime Militia Men serving for the several and respective Subdivisions of the County, Stewartry, or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, or Corp shall belong, in the Calendar Month preceding each such Twenty-fourth Day as aforesaid, and shall specify the Christian and Surname of each Man so retained, and whether he be an Able Man, Soldier, Invalid Man, or Volunteer, and the Rank or Place for which he was serving; and such respective Clerks of the Commissions of Supply shall within 8th Days after the Receipt of such Returns, transmit proper Extracts of the same thereof as relates to Militia Men whose Families reside within their own County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to the Kirk Treasurers, or the Ministers and Kirk Sessions of the respective Parishes or Places therein, and proper Extracts of the Remainder of such Returns to the Clerks of Supply of the other Counties or Stewartries to which the Families of any such Militia Men resorting as Allowance under this Act, shall be then residing, and such Clerks of Supply of each other Counties or Stewartries shall, within Six Days after the Receipt of the same, transmit proper Extracts thereof to the Kirk Treasurers, or the Ministers and Kirk Sessions of the respective Parishes within these Counties or Stewartries, in which the Families of any such Militia Men resorting as Allowance under this Act shall be then residing.

Allowance for Trouble to Kirk Treasurers.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County or Stewartry, assembled at the annual Meeting at which they meet to settle the Land Tax, and they are hereby empowered to grant such Allowance to such Treasurer of the Kirk Session as they shall think sufficient for his Trouble in paying and keeping the Accounts of such Districtments, and such Commissioners of Supply shall be and they are hereby further empowered to allow a Sum equal to what shall appear to them to be the necessary Expenses incurred by such Treasurer of the Kirk Session, or by the Minister and Kirk Session, in discharging the Duties hereby required of him or them, which Allowance shall be paid by the Collector of the County or Stewartry upon the Order of such Commissioners, who shall include the Sum aforesaid therein in the Account of the Assize directed to be made pursuant to this Act: Provided always, that no such Allowance shall be granted to any such Treasurer, or Minister, or Kirk Session, who shall fail to send to send their Accounts in the Manner directed by this Act.

Allowance to Collector and Clerk of Supply.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County or Stewartry assembled at such annual Meeting as aforesaid, and they are hereby empowered to grant an Allowance to the Collector of the Cells and to the Clerk of Supply of their County or Stewartry for their Trouble in doing and performing the various Matters and Things required by this Act to be done and performed by such Collector of the Cells and Clerk of Supply, not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds per Annum to say Collector of the Cells, and Thirty Pounds per Annum to any Clerk of Supply; and every such Allowance shall be assessed and paid upon the Order of such Commissioners by being included in the first Assize made under this Act after such Order shall have been made; and the Collector of the Cells keeping such Assizes shall account for and pay such Allowance to the Clerk of Supply as he shall be entitled to by such Order.

The Collector shall also Credit for Sums received, without Vouchers.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That as Sums paid or retained by any Collector pursuant to this Act, shall be allowed in his Accounts with the Receiver-General of Scotland, unless he shall produce, as the Vouchers thereof, the original Certificates of Indebtedness, directed by this Act to be transmitted to him by the Clerk of Supply, of his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and the Receipts transmitted or delivered to him by the Kirk Treasurers or Ministers and Kirk Sessions, pursuant to this Act, and all the Accounts, seasonally settled in Manner herein directed, with the Vouchers thereof.

Account of Money received and paid shall be transmitted to Collector in Discharge.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That each Collector of the Land Tax, receiving and paying Money as directed by this Act, shall on or before the Fourteenth Day of April in every Year, transmit to the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of His Majesty's Exchequer in Scotland, an Account, with the Vouchers, of all the Money so received and paid by him previous to the First Day of January preceding, and of all the Money levied by him pursuant to any Assize made in Towns of this Act, or otherwise received pursuant to this Act, previous to the Date of such Account; and any Collector of the Land Tax failing or neglecting to transmit such Account in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds Sterling, to be recovered upon the Application of His Majesty's Advocate to the said Lord Chief Baron and Barons aforesaid, besides being otherwise responsible for such Default as accords of Law.

XXXVII. And

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen Days after the annual Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, at which they assemble to settle the Land Tax, to transmit to His Majesty's Attorney in Eachesque a Copy of the Account made up by him in the Month of March preceding, as directed by this Act, and shall at the same Time certify to His Majesty's said Attorney so Eachesque, whether an Affidavit has been made thereof pursuant to this Act, and shall further certify to each Attorney in Eachesque the gross Amount of all the Allowances made to the Families of Militia Men residing within his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, pursuant to this Act, previous to the First Day of January preceding; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting to transmit such Account, or to certify to His Majesty's Attorney in Eachesque in the Manner hereby directed, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the last Session as and so Penalty against any Collector of the Cists may be recovered.

Accounts shall be transmitted by Clerk of Supply to Eachesque.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That such Accounts and Vouchers to be transmitted by the Collectors of the Cists and Clerks of Supply to the Court of Eachesque shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the Receipt thereof, be examined by His Majesty's Remembrancer in Eachesque, who shall report to the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Eachesque, whether the Directness of this Act have been complied with, and whether it appears that the Affidavits have been made and sworn which ought to have been made and sworn in Terms of this Act, and whether such Collectors have rendered due Accounts, with proper Vouchers thereof; and have accounted for every Sum of Money which ought to have come to their Hands pursuant to this Act; and the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons aforesaid shall make such Order, and give such Directions as shall appear to them necessary and proper to be made and given thereupon.

Accounts transmitted to Eachesque shall be examined there.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Eachesque in England, and they are hereby empowered, if they shall think proper, to order and direct the respective Collectors of the Cists of the Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places in which Allowances shall appear to have been paid for Families residing therein of Militia Men serving for other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places, to recover from the respective Collectors of the Cists of such other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places, such Sums of Money as shall appear to have been paid for Families of Militia Men serving for such other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places aforesaid.

Barons of Eachesque may direct Collectors of Cists to recover from such others.

XL. Accounts under former Act shall be transmitted before the First of January 1810. § 40. Orders and Certificates shall accompany such Accounts. § 41. General Accounts under revised Act shall be made up before 15th February 1810 § 42. Affidavits shall be made accordingly, if necessary. § 43. Any Excess of Affidavits upon such Account, shall be deducted from the first Affidavit under this Act. § 44.

XLV. And be it enacted, That in each of the said revised Acts as relates to the Qualification and Appointment of Deputy-Lieutenants in the Counties of Berks and Bucks, and also in each of the said Acts as prevents a Substituted man being received for any bankrupt Man in the Militia of England, which Substitutes shall have more than Two lawful Children at the Time he shall be produced to be enrolled, shall not be repealed, but such Act, so far as regards the same, shall remain in force in the same Manner as if the Act had not been made: Provided always, that no Allowance under this Act shall be ordered to be paid to the Family of any Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer to be enrolled after the passing of this Act, who shall at the Time of his Enrolment have more than Two lawful Children, or who shall have fraudulently represented and declared that he had no Wife at the Time of his Enrolment, or who shall have fraudulently and falsely represented and declared at the Time of such Enrolment, that he had not more than Two lawful Children.

Enrolment of § 21, and 22 of Act G. 3. c. 49.

No Allowance on Substitutes having more than Two Children, &c.

XLVI. Act may be altered this Session. § 46.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

DECLARATION to be made and signed by a Militia Man, having a Wife or Family in a State of Indigence.

1. Where the Wife is living.

I *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in [specify the Corps] do declare, That *C. D.* is my lawful Wife, and has been so since the Day of _____, and that I have by the said *C. D.* [One, Two, or more Children, as the Case may be] under the Age of Two Years [specifying the Name and Age of each Child] and that the said *C. D.* resides [with such Child or Children] in the Parish of [Name of Parish] and is unable to support herself [and such Child or Children] by reason that [state the Reason], and if a Substitute, that I had not more than Two lawful Children born in Wedlock at the Time I was produced to be enrolled: And these Things I the said *A. B.* do solemnly swear and declare to be true.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. B.

2. Where the Wife is dead leaving a Child or Children.

I *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in [specify the Corps] do declare, That *C. D.* deceased, lately residing [specify where] was my lawful Wife, and that we were married Persons since the Day of _____, and that I have by the said *C. D.* [One, Two, or more Children under the Age of Two Years, specifying the Name and Age of each Child] and that such Child or Children reside with [specify with whom they reside] at [specify the Place] and that such Child or Children are unable to support themselves by reason that [state the Reason]; and if a Substitute, that I had not more than Two lawful Children born in Wedlock at the Time I was produced to be enrolled: And these Things I the said *A. B.* do solemnly swear and declare to be true.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. B.

SCHEDULE (B)

CERTIFICATE by Commanding Officer.

1. Where the Militia Man is not a Subaltern, hired Man, or Volunteer, or being a Subaltern, hired Man, or Volunteer, was married previous to the Time at which he was called out to actual Service.

I *E. F.* commanding the [Specify the Regiment] do certify, That upon the Day of *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in the said Regiment for the Parish of _____ in the County or Stewartry of _____ [Specify whether a hitherto Man, or a Subaltern, hired Man, or a Subaltern, for whom Service, and for what Parish or Place] came before me, and made the Declaration hereto annexed. Witness my Hand this _____ Day of _____ *E. F.*

2. Where the Militia Man, being a Subaltern, hired Man, or Volunteer, was married subsequent to the Time at which he was called out into actual Service.

I *E. F.* commanding the [Specify the Regiment] do certify, That upon the Day of _____ *A. B.* a Subaltern, hired Man, or Volunteer [or the Copy may be] serving in the County [or Stewartry] of _____ with the Consent of [Specify Name] then commanding Officer of the said Regiment (certified under the Hand of the said Commanding Officer previous to the Marriage) to [Specify the Name of the Wife, and the Parish or Place where the same married.] And I further certify, That the said *A. B.* came before me, and made the Declaration hereto annexed. Witness my Hand this _____ Day of _____ *E. F.*

SCHEDULE (C)

CERTIFICATE by the Member, Kirk Session, Commissioners of Supply, or other Person.

WE *A. B.* Member of the Parish of _____ and *C. D. E. F.* and *G. H.* Members of the Kirk Session thereof, do hereby certify, That in consequence of a Declaration and Certificate transacted to the said Member, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intitled, [Recite the Title of the Act] We did inquire into the Situation of [specify Wife or Children] and found her [or them] to be unable to maintain herself [or themselves] by reason [specify the Reason] and we also inquired whether the Wife had departed from her Home or Place of Residence (specified in the said Declaration, and found that he had not done so, for that he had done so with the Permission and upon a Certificate thereof, in the Manner provided by the said Act) and we reported these Things to [specify Name of Justice, Heritor, Parish or Magistrate] of which he also certified himself. In Witness whereof the said [Justice, Heritor, Parish or Magistrate] has with us in his Hand his own this _____ Day of _____

Where the Wife or Children shall be enabled to maintain themselves with a smaller Allowance than the full Rate, then after the Reason of Isabhey, their Woods will follow:—“But we found that upon receiving an Allowance of _____ per Week, such Wife or Children will be able to maintain themselves.”

SCHEDULE (D)

ORDER to be made by a Justice of the Peace for Payment of Allowances.

I *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County [or Stewartry] of _____ in consequence of a Certificate produced to me, of which a Copy is annexed, do hereby order [specify Name of Kirk Treasurer or Member, and Kirk Session] of the Parish of [specify Parish] to pay to the threem called [specify Name of Wife or Children] a Weekly Allowance of _____ in the said [Wife] and _____ for each of the said [Children.] For which this Order shall be a sufficient Authority. Witness my Hand at _____ this _____ Day of _____ *E. F.*

SCHEDULE (E)

An ACCOUNT showing the Amount and Rate of Allowances made this _____ Day of _____ pursuant to Act Forty-ninth George III. Cap. _____

1. For the Amount of Allowances paid to Families residing in this County or Stewartry of Militia Men serving for this County or Stewartry	£	s	d
2. For the Amount of Allowances paid in other Counties or Stewartries [viz. Specify the Counties] to Families therein residing of Militia Men serving for this County or Stewartry	£	s	d
3. For the Amount of Allowances for Travels and Charges in Terms of the Act	£	s	d
1. To Officers, specifying to whom	£	s	d
2. Charges incurred by them	£	s	d
	£	s	d

1. Amount of valued Rent within the County [or Stewstry]	£	s	d.
2. Amount of Rents of Houses	£	s	d.
Rate of Assessments on each £1000. of valued Rent in the Parish of Rent or Yearly Value of Houses, according to the latest Assessment for the House Tax			
£			

SCHEDULE (F.)

REGISTER of Substitutes, hired Men, and Volunteers, belonging to the Regiment [*Specify the Regiment*] named with the Colonel or Commanding Officer.

Name of Substitute, &c.	For what Parish serving.	Name of Wagon.	Where then residing.	Date of Certificate.	Commanding Officer by whom granted.	Date of Marriage.

SCHEDULE (G.)

REGISTER of Declarations made by Militia Men serving in the Regiment [*Specify the Regiment*] and of Certificates granted by the Commanding Officer, to enable their Wives and Families to receive the Allowances granted by Act 49 Geo. III. Cap.

Name of Declarant.	Parish for which serving.	Name of Wife.	Name of their Child or Children under Ten Years.	Where residing.	Date of Certificate.	To whom transmitted.	When transmitted.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to empower the Judges to try Civil Causes in their own Counties in England.

[10th Year 1809.]

* WHEREAS by a Statute made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, it is among other Things enacted, That no Man of Law shall from thenceforth be Justice of Assize in his own County: And whereas by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of King Henry the Eighth, entitled, *An Act that none shall be Justice of Assize in his own County*, it is enacted, That no Justice nor other Man learned in the Law or the Rules that are used in the Office of Justice of Assize within any County where the said Justice was born or doth inhabit: And whereas a Compliance with the aforesaid Provision has been attended with very great Inconvenience: by Reason whereof it is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful from Time to Time and at all Times hereafter, to send for the Chief Justice and Justice of either Bench, and to send

28 2. 1. 1.

25 Nov. 4. 1804.

[See Stat.

15 G. 2. c. 27.

25 in Justice of

of their and

therein.]

Any Justice of

either Bench

in Name of the

for

Forfeiture, or other Penalties appointed, or to be inflicted on any Officer in any County although they were Sworn or do believe, therein.

for the Chief Baron and other Justices of the Court of Exchequer, and to and for any other Justice or Justices known in the Law, who shall be appointed Justice or Justices of Assize in any County or Counties within that Part of Great Britain called England, to sit and execute the Office or Offices of Justice or Justices of Assize, and to sit under any Commission of Nisi Prius in any such County or Counties, notwithstanding they or any of them shall have been or do inhabit within any such County or Counties: and that they shall not be liable for so doing in any Forfeiture or Penalty whatsoever, any Thing to the said ancient Laws or either of them, or any other Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XCH.

An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven millions, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

[10th Year 1802.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Part of the Loan or Loans raised for the Service of Great Britain for the present Year, and also the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, should be charged upon the several Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, except the Duties granted by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the tenth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repaying an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and create new distinct the Provision for relieving the said Duties: And Whereas the several Duties of Excise granted to His Majesty by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, with Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*: and by another Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, with Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Stuffs*, were, by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions one thousand thousand Pounds raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created, further granted and continued for such further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Period, as is directed in the said last recited Act: And for making an additional Fund for defraying the Charge occasioned by such Part or Parts of the said Loan or Loans, and by such Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds, as is or are or shall be charged thereon, it is expedient that the said last-mentioned Duties should be further granted and continued for such a further Term, and in such Proportions and Manner as in this Act is directed: It is therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Duties of Excise shall be, and the same are hereby further granted and continued, and shall be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for such further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Period, and in such Manner as herein after is directed concerning the same.**

II. And be it further enacted, That in order to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Eleven million nine hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the Loan of Fourteen millions five hundred thousand Pounds, contracted to be raised for the Service of the present Year, except the Charge of Eight hundred and twenty-two thousand five hundred and twenty-two Pounds Seven Shillings and Nine-pence, capital Stock in reduced Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum in respect of Six hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, and also to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, there shall, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, be set apart at the Receipt of the Exchequer in England, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, quarterly, or otherwise, as the said Charge may from Time to Time be incurred or become due out of the Produce of any of the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, which may from Time to Time be remanage in the Exchequer, except the Duties granted by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the tenth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repaying an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution*

These Excise Duties by 43 G. 3. c. 21. and 45 G. 3. c. 28 further continued.

To defray the Charge occasioned by 11,000,000*l.* of the Loan under 43 G. 3. c. 21. and the funding of 7,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills under 43 G. 3. c. 21, there shall be appropriated out of the Produce of the Duties granted during the War, except the Duties granted by 45 G. 3. c. 21. the annual Sum of 3,000,000*l.*

Penalty on
Forging Tickets,
See Felony
without Clergy.

any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully sell or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this present Act, or after any Number, Figure, Word, or Letter therein, or knowingly utter, send, barter, or dispose of, any such false, altered, forged, or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, or shall bring any such forged or counterfeited Ticket, Certificate, or Order, or any such Ticket, Certificate, or Order, the Number whereof, or any Figure, Word, or Letter therein, shall have been altered, (knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered,) to the said Managers and Directors, or any of them, or to the Cashier or Officers, or Accountant General of the Bank of England for the Time being, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, with fraudulent Intention; or shall wilfully sell, send, assist, hire, or command, any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, all and every such Person or Persons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And the said Managers and Directors, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized, required, and empowered, to cause any Person or Persons bringing or uttering such forged or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, as aforesaid, or aiding, abetting, assisting, hiring, or commanding, any Person or Persons therein, to be apprehended, and to commit him, her, or them, to His Majesty's Goal of Newgate, or to the Common Goal of the County or Place where such Person or Persons shall be so apprehended, to be proceeded against for the said Felony according to Law.

“ Persons licensed to have Tickets shall deposit 250 Tickets, or more, as the Commissioners shall direct. § 22. 23.

Penalty for
Tickets, See
Penalty on
Licence shall
be paid 100l.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person who shall divide Tickets into Shares, or into Chances without the Authority of such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other Manner or Place besides that named in the Licence, or in any other Manner contrary to such Licence, or to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall suffer, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Licence Office
to be open from
Eight till Eight
Friday not.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no such Office for Lottery Tickets licensed as aforesaid, shall be open for the Transaction of any Business under such Licence before the Hour of Eight of the Clock in the Morning, nor after the Hour of Eight of the Clock in the Evening, except on the Evening preceding the Drawing of any Lottery; and if any such Office or Place shall be wilfully kept open in part at Three o'clock on this Act, the Person or Persons licensed to keep such Office shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Fifty Pounds.

Licence to be
drawn in One
Day, or previous
Informations.

XL. And Whereas it is expedient for the more effectual Prevention of Inconveniences and other illegal Practices in Lotteries, that each Lottery should be drawn in One Day: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, to order and direct that each or any of the said Lotteries shall be drawn in One Day, and to make such Regulations as to the preparing of any Books, and the Mode of numbering and marking of any Tickets, and also as to the Number of Tickets in any such Lottery, and the Form and Number of Charters of Tickets in any such Lottery, and as to the Proportion of such Tickets to be drawn for the Purpose of clearing the Fortunate Tickets, and the Mode of drawing the same, and as to all other Matters and Things ancillary to drawing each or any of such Lottery in One Day, as shall appear to them to be expedient and proper for carrying into execution the Purposes aforesaid, and all such Rules, Regulations, Matters, and Things to be made, and which shall be published in the Gazette Two Months at least before the drawing of any such Lottery, shall be in good, valid, and effectual, so if the same were enacted in this Act.

Counterfeiting
Shares, See
Felony without
Clergy.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully sell or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or any Agreement or Agreements, for any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances respectively, of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery to be drawn in pursuance of this Act; or alter any Number, Figure, Word, Letter, or Stamp, therein or thereon; or shall knowingly utter, send, barter, or dispose of any such forged, or counterfeited, or altered Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or Agreement or Agreements for any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances of any Ticket or Tickets, with intent to defraud any Person or Persons, then, and in every such Case, all and every Person and Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and suffer as a Felon.

“ Let Lottery under 45 G. 3. c. 135. may be drawn in One Day under Direction of the Treasury. § 64.

[In all other Particulars this Act is precisely similar to 45 G. 3. c. 135. except in certain particulars.]

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for further regulating the Constitution of the Board of Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts. [10th June 1809.]

49 G. 3. c. 101.

“ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for making more effectual Provision for the more speedy and regular Examination and Audit of the Publick Accounts of His Majesty*, His Majesty was empowered to nominate and appoint such Number of Persons (including therein the Persons who should at that Time hold the Situation of Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts) as should make the Number of such Commissioners amount to Ten in the whole, who should themselves be the Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts of this Kingdom; and the Commissioners of the Treasury were empowered to nominate the General Board of the said Ten Commissioners into such and so many Branches as to them should seem expedient; and it was enacted, that any Thing directed to be done by

* the Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts, or by any of the Boards into which the said Commissioners might be divided, may be done by the Majority of the said Commissioners, or by the Majority of any of the said Boards respectively: And whereas in pursuance of the said recited Act Ten Commissioners were duly appointed, but Doubts have arisen what Number of Commissioners shall be requisite to constitute a General Board of Commissioners, and also whether the Majority required by the said recited Act for doing any Thing directed to be done by the said Commissioners shall be a Majority of Commissioners actually present at a General Board, or the Majority of the whole Number of Ten Commissioners: Be it therefore enacted and declared by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Five of the said Commissioners shall constitute a General Board, and shall have Power to do any Act, Matter, or Thing, which may be done by the Commissioners by virtue of the said recited Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That any Thing which is, under the Authority of the said recited Act, or the Acts therein referred to, directed to be done by the said Commissioners, may be done by the Majority of the Commissioners actually present at any such General Board, at which not less than Five Members shall be present as aforesaid.

Five Commissioners shall constitute a General Board.

Majority of General Board sufficient for all.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to provide for a durable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions. [10th June 1809.]

* WHEREAS no Provisions whatever is made by the Laws now in force for superannuated and worn-out Officers and other Persons employed in the Revenue of Excise, to the great Discouragement of such Officers and other Persons, and the inevitable Injury of the Revenue; for Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, by Warrant under their Hands, to grant and allow out of the Revenue of Excise of England, to any Officer or other Person who shall have been employed in the said Revenue for and during the Space of Ten Years at the least, and who shall by Age or Infirmary have become incapable of properly executing or performing the Duties of his Office, a Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment not exceeding Three-fourth Parts of the Average annual Amount of the Salary which shall have been received by such Officer or other Person during the whole Period of Seven Years preceding the Resignation of such Officer or other Person.

Treasury empowered to grant Annuity out of the Revenue of England to Officers superannuated.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, to grant and allow out of the said Revenue of Excise to any such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, who, by Accident not with in the Execution of his Duty, shall be rendered totally incapable of performing the same, notwithstanding such Officer or other Person may not have been employed in the Revenue of Excise the full Time before mentioned, a Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment not exceeding Three-fourth Parts of the annual Amount of the yearly Salary actually received by or payable to such Officer or other Person, at the Time when such Officer or other Person shall have met with the Accident by which he shall have been rendered incapable of executing or performing his Duty: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to entitle or empower the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to grant or allow any Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment out of the Revenue of Excise, to any Officer or other Person whatsoever, except such Officer or other Person only who shall at the Time of his Resignation have been in the full and lawful Receipt, payable out of the said Revenue of Excise, of at least one hundred and eighty Pounds per Annum, nor in the Case of any Person under the Rank of a Commissioner, until it shall have been certified to the said Lords Commissioners, under the Hands of the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being, that such Officer or other Person claiming or obtaining any such Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment as aforesaid, is from Age or Infirmary become incapable of properly executing or performing the Duty of such his Office or Station, and that he has been employed in the Service of the said Revenue at least Seven Years, and that such Officer or other Person had, during his Employment, supported the Character of being faithfully discharged the Duties of his Office or Station, or, in case of Accident as aforesaid, that such Officer or other Person has been by such Accident rendered totally unable to execute or perform the Duty of such his Office or Station: any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And also to entitle to Officers suffering from Accidents in Execution of their Duty.

III. And Whereas, for the Relief and Support of the inferior Officers of Excise when superannuated or worn out, certain Deductions have been for many Years last past, and are now made under the Direction and Authority of Warrants of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, out of the Salaries of Officers and other Persons employed in the Revenue of Excise: And whereas the Commissioners of Excise, to whom the Money arising by such Deductions is entrusted, are prevented from making the greatest Advantage thereof, for want of a Power to sell in some of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, such Part thereof as may not be immediately required to be expended: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being, to sell to the Purchase of any Share or Shares of any of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be collected, granted, or appropriated for the Relief and Support of such superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise as aforesaid, and that all and every the Shares and Shares of any of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England,

For Investment of Superannuation Fund, already also, already, Com. will allow of such Money to be sold in such, under the Direction, &c.

which shall from Time to Time be so bought and purchased by the said Commissioners of Customs, or the major Part of them for the Time being as aforesaid, shall be transferred by the Account and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England as the Bills and Shares of and in such Joint Stocks respectively, of "the Trustees of the Fund, for the Relief and Support of Exports and Exports-out on our Officers of Customs," and that the Two Commissioners of Customs for the Time being who shall be appointed by Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual to preside at all Meetings of the Board or Boards, and the Secretary to the said Board for the Time being, shall have the sole Management, Disposal, Sale, and Transfer of all the said Bills and Shares of the said Joint Stocks of Annuities so entered and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England aforesaid, and any Copy or Copies thereof shall from Time to Time receive and give Receipts for all Dividends arising therefrom: Provided always, that previous to any such Two Commissioners and Clerks first acting in such Management, Disposal, Sale, or Transfer, or in the Receipt of such Dividends, and also upon every new Appointment in consequence of the Death, Resignation, or Removal of all or any of them, a Warrant shall for that Purpose be granted to such Two Commissioners and Secretary for the Time being by the Lord Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three of them, and provided to and directed with the proper Orders of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as the Authority for such Management, Disposal, Sale, or Transfer, or the Receipt of such Dividends.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for empowering the Board of Customs to exchange Lands at *Payford*, in the County of *Essex*, for other Lands in the said Parish. [10th June 1809.]

- " His Majesty empowered (in consequence of any Agreement by the Master-General of the Customs) to exchange any Piece of Land now held in him at *Payford* for any other Piece of Land there. § 1. *Henry*
 " necessary to be paid for equal may such Exchange may be paid by Order of said Master-General, out of any
 " Monies applicable to the Customs Service. § 4. 5.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [10th June 1809.]

" WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Tenth-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled,
 " *An Act in regard to the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*;
 " the Duties of Customs were repealed and consolidated: And whereas many new and additional Duties of
 " Customs have been from Time to Time granted since the passing of the said Act, and which for the better
 " ascertaining the several Produce and Appraisement thereof have been kept distinct and carried to separate
 " Accounts, both in the Receipt thereof and in His Majesty's Exchequer, and the Consolidation of the Duties
 " of Customs has thereby again become complicated and intricate. And Whereas it is expedient for the affording
 " Facility and Accommodation to mercantile Transactions, that the several Duties of Customs now payable,
 " (except as is hereinafter provided,) should be again consolidated: And whereas it is necessary for carrying
 " into Execution the Purposes aforesaid, that all such Duties (except as in the Act mentioned) shall cease and
 " determine, and that other Duties of Customs should be granted in lieu thereof. And Whereas it will greatly
 " simplify the keeping the publick Accounts of the Revenue of Customs, if the Duties were secured and
 " accounted for readily in Two Sums only, the one being the Produce and Amount of the Revenue of Customs
 " granted to His Majesty as permanent Additions to the Revenue, and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of
 " Great Britain; and the other being the Produce and Amount of the Duties of Customs and Tonnage granted
 " to His Majesty, during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Restoration of
 " a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and to be so carried to account in the Exchequer (except as hereinafter is pro-
 " vided), and that separate Accounts for Ten Years from the respective Periods at which any of the said Duties
 " were granted, should no longer be kept, but that in lieu thereof, Accounts should be laid in or Payment for
 " each respective Periods as aforesaid, of the Produce of such Duties as far as the same can be ascertained: May
 " it therefore please Your Majesty that or may be enacted," and be enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty,
 " by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 " Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the fifth Day of July
 " One thousand eight hundred and seven, all and every the said several Customs, Imposts, or Duties aforesaid
 " (respecting the Revenue of Customs) payable to His Majesty His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of any Act or
 " Acts of Parliament in force, or so much as is laid on the said fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred
 " and seven, upon the Importation or Exportation respectively, of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, as to or
 " from Great Britain, or upon any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, being brought or carried on board, from one
 " Port or Place in Great Britain, to any other Port or Place within the same, (except as in the Act aforesaid)
 " or upon any Ship or Vessel sailing to the Tonnage thereof, entering or clearing Outwards or Inwards at any
 " Port within Great Britain, and the several and respective Drawbacks allowed upon the Exportation of any
 " Goods, Wares, or Merchandises from Great Britain, and likewise all the additional Imposts or Duties charged upon
 " the Produce and Amount of the said several Duties of Customs, shall cease and determine; save and except in all
 " Cases relating to the recovery, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may on the said fifth
 " Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seven, remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures
 " relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before the said fifth Day of July One
 " thousand eight hundred and seven: Provided always, that nothing in the said Act contained shall extend or be
 " construed

From 2 July
1809, the
Produce thereof
to be paid
and
thereof
shall cease.

Except as
aforesaid, &c.

repealed. [See
45 G. 2. c. 48.
§ 10; 45 G. 2.
c. 46, then
repealed;] and
[45 G. 2.
c. 49.]

Seeing for
the Provisions
of Union Acts,
&c. between
Great Britain
and Ireland,
relating
Duties on Goods
imported or
exported.

All shall not
add to Duties
which

45 G. 2. c. 20.

45 G. 2. c. 21.

45 G. 2. c. 47.

45 G. 2. c. 11.

Fish of British
subjecting may be imported
in British
Ships
Duty free.

Duties on Entry.

See
Provisions
Duties on Entry
Duties on Fish
in British, &c.

Seeing for
Duties on
Officers in the
Navy or War;
and Tobacco for
the Use of
Sons.

Handled Weight, than and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, and they are hereby authorized to fulfill, and a new Assize according to the said recited Act shall be published, the Sum of One Shilling in the Handful Weight, Part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar by this Act granted; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty-eight Shillings, then Two Shillings of the said Duty; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty-four Shillings, then Three Shillings of such Duty; and to continue from Time to Time, if the said full weight, according to the Assizes published as aforesaid.

XI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or alter any of the Provisions contained in Two Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, the one made in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirtieth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and the other made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts in Force on or immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, by which any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, or any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, exported from Great Britain to Ireland, are respectively made to remain liable to, or are charged with or exempted from any Duties of Customs, whether concerning or others, or by which any Drawbacks or Bounties are allowed or given in respect of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises.

" All shall not repeal or affect Tonnage Duties under the London Port Act, 29 G. 3. c. 11, or the Quarantine Act 45 G. 2. c. 20.—§ 20.

XI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or in any way to affect, alter, vary, or repeal any of the Duties granted by or any of the Provisions contained in an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties on the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, therein enumerated, in Possession of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council; or in an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for imposing until the End of the next Session of Parliament, a Duty on Cotton Wool, the Growth of the British Colonies, imported from Great Britain; or the Provisions contained in another Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for making void certain Orders in Council, and Warrants of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Entry and Warehousing of certain Goods imported in Neutral Vessels, and for indemnifying all Persons concerned therein; for the removing of Perfections in certain Cases; and for enabling His Majesty in relation, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation of Goods from Countries from which the British Flag is excluded, in any Vessel whatever, or in an Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to amend so much of Two Acts of the last Session of Parliament, for carrying into Execution certain Orders in Council, as relate to the Duties on Goods imported from the West Indies in which they have been inserted on Importation, and on certain Prizes Goods imported into Great Britain or Ireland.*

" All shall not add Duties under 45 G. 2. c. 10. § 15. See § 20.

XIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That Fish of every Kind or Sort whatever of British taking and curing, caught, or taken in any Part of the Coast by the Crews of any Ships or Vessels built in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, or Man, or in any of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories which now belong, or at the Time of building such Ships or Vessels did belong, or which may hereafter belong to or be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and wholly belonging (as aforesaid) by His Majesty's Subjects, and navigated and registered according to Law, shall and may be imported into Great Britain in Ships built, owned, navigated, and registered as aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs whatever; any Thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that before such Fish shall be admitted to Entry, the Master or other Person having the Command of the Ship or Vessel in which such Fish shall be imported, shall make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) that such Fish was actually caught, taken, and cured wholly by His Majesty's Subjects.

XIV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with the Duty of Tonnage by this Act imposed, any Ship or Vessel employed in the Fisheries on the Coast of Great Britain and not entering outwardly for Foreign Parts, or to charge the said Tonnage Duty on any British built Ship or Vessel owned by British Subjects, which is not required to be registered by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force, on or immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, or on any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, which shall enter outwardly or inwardly in British only: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to repeal or discharge any Drawback of the Duties of Customs on any Sort of Wine intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains, and other Commissioned Officers serving in any of His Majesty's Ships of War by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on or immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, or to prevent Tobacco for the Use and Consumption of the Crew of any Ship of War in actual Service, being removed for that Purpose from the Warehouse in which it may have been deposited without Payment of any Duty of Customs, in Cases where Tobacco might have been consumed by crew of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on or before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided always, that all the Conditions, Regulations, and R. Duties contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, relating respectively to any such Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs, or to any such Tobacco respectively, shall be duly observed and referred to in relation thereto.

XV. And he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the Proprietor or Proprietors of Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, to pay the Duties upon the Importation or Landing thereof, in Cases in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, might on or immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, have been in the Request of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, lodged and secured in Warehouses, or in any Place approved of for that Purpose, by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, or by the Commissioners of the Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, and so immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, during the Continuance of any such Act or Acts respectively: Provided also, that in case the Importer or Proprietor of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize which shall have been lodged in Warehouses or otherwise secured, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, and so immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, and on which the Duties due on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, shall be desirous of taking any such Goods out of such Warehouse, or from any Place wherein secured for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, then and in such Case, the Duties imposed by this Act shall be payable thereon, except as hereinafter is provided, notwithstanding such Goods may have been imported into Great Britain, and warehoused before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided also, that nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to permit any Goods to be delivered from such Warehouse or Place, for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain until such Goods could have been lawfully so delivered, to be used or consumed before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine.

^a Duty under 43 G. 3. c. 30, made payable by 43 G. 3. c. 112. § 22 on Warehoused Goods, shall not be paid
^b or such Goods, though warehoused before 25th July 1809. § 26.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize imported into this Kingdom by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of an Act passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported from the East Indies to be warehoused, and for regulating the Duties now payable thereon, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, or of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize taken and consumed as Prize, and warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, An Act for the Relief of the Captives of Prizes with respect to the shipping and landing certain Prize Goods in Great Britain during Hostilities*, shall be embarked or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed, or fraudulently or clandestinely removed from one of any Warehouse or Place wherein the same shall have been so lodged or secured, or such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize so embarked or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed or removed, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or of Excise in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, and the Person or Persons so embarking, hiding, concealing, or removing the same, or aiding or assisting therein, or to whose Hands the same shall knowingly come, shall be liable and liable to the like Penalties as if such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize had been fraudulently shipped or landed without Payment of Duty.

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That where by the Table hereunto annexed, marked (B.), the Duties of Customs heretofore imposed upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandize imposed by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies are charged not according to the Weight, Tare, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be ascertained by the Gross Price at which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall be sold in the Publick Sales of the said Company, and the said Duties shall be paid thereon accordingly as the same are directed, deducted, and set forth in Figures in the said Table marked (B.).

^a Duties under this Act shall be payable on Goods imported by the East India Company remaining in Warehouse
^b until after 25th July 1809, though imported before. § 25. No Pepper sold at the India Company's Sales
^c after June 1. 1804. Shall be taken out of Warehouse till the Duty under this Act be paid. § 20.

XIX. And whereas by the said Duties of Customs are payable on certain Articles according to the true and real Value thereof, to be ascertained by the Gross Price at which such Goods shall have been publicly sold at the Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies: And whereas such Intemperance and Delay hath arisen in the Payment of the Duties and Delivery of Articles brought from the East Indies, either as Prizes or for private Use, particularly Specimens of Natural History, Models, Drawings, and other Articles tending to illustrate or improve the Arts or Sciences, arising from the Necessity of such Articles being exposed to Publick Sale by the East India Company, in order to ascertain the Value according to which the Duties payable by Law are to be levied and collected, and such Articles are also thereby frequently exposed to great Injury and Damage: And whereas it is expedient in order to remedy such Inconvenience and Delay, that the Duties of Customs payable on such Goods should be ascertained without the same being in any manner exposed to Publick Sale: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall import, or bring into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies any of the Articles before-mentioned, or any Articles whatever (not being prohibited to be used or consumed in Great Britain), on which the Duties of Customs are now chargeable according to the Value thereof, either as Prizes or for private Use, and not by way

Duties 8-3 are to be payable on landing Goods which may by Law be warehoused.

Duties under this Act shall be paid to the King or to the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland, or any Three or more of them, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, and so immediately before the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, during the Continuance of any such Act or Acts respectively: Provided also, that nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to permit any Goods to be delivered from such Warehouse or Place, for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain until such Goods could have been lawfully so delivered, to be used or consumed before the last Fifth Day of July 1809.

Goods imported by the East India Company and warehoused under 43 G. 3. c. 112. and 43 G. 3. c. 30, and Prize Goods warehoused under 43 G. 3. c. 112. shall be warehoused, shall be retained.

Value of East India Goods imported by the Company shall be ascertained by the gross Price at which they shall be sold in the Publick Sales of the said Company.

Persons bringing Goods from the Sales of the East India Company's Prizes, or Prizes, or for private Use, may enter them, and the Value shall be ascertained by the Gross Price at which they shall be sold in the Publick Sales of the said Company. [See § 24.]

of Merchants, to enter the same with the proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs, such Goods having been first landed and stored in Warehouses according to Law, and that the Value of such Goods according to which the Duties of Customs are due and payable, shall be ascertained according to the Declaration of the Vendor thereof, to be made by the Owner or Proprietor, or his known Agent, or the Master and Tare, and under such Receipts as Regulations, and Restrictions, and Subsidies liable to such and similar Provisions, and Penalties as are prescribed, directed, and applied, with respect to Goods not imported by the East India Company, and in which the Duties of Customs are payable according to the Value thereof.

XXIII. Goods for private Use, &c. on which Duties have not been paid, may be entered, and Value ascertained, at any time, and in any Port, provided they were for private Use, &c.

And in any
Case where
the Value of
the Goods
shall be
ascertained
by the
Owner or
Proprietor,
or his known
Agent, or the
Master and
Tare, and
under such
Receipts as
Regulations,
and Restrictions,
and Subsidies
liable to such
and similar
Provisions,
and Penalties
as are
prescribed,
directed,
and applied,
with respect
to Goods
not imported
by the East
India Company,

1. In cases of the
above-mentioned
Goods.

2. In cases of the
above-mentioned
Goods, where
the Value is
ascertained
by the
Owner or
Proprietor,
or his known
Agent, or the
Master and
Tare, and
under such
Receipts as
Regulations,
and Restrictions,
and Subsidies
liable to such
and similar
Provisions,
and Penalties
as are
prescribed,
directed,
and applied,
with respect
to Goods
not imported
by the East
India Company.

Where Goods
are imported
from any
Place, and
the Value is
ascertained
by the
Owner or
Proprietor,
or his known
Agent, or the
Master and
Tare, and
under such
Receipts as
Regulations,
and Restrictions,
and Subsidies
liable to such
and similar
Provisions,
and Penalties
as are
prescribed,
directed,
and applied,
with respect
to Goods
not imported
by the East
India Company.

On Exportation
the Value shall
be ascertained
by the
Owner or
Proprietor,
or his known
Agent, or the
Master and
Tare, and
under such
Receipts as
Regulations,
and Restrictions,
and Subsidies
liable to such
and similar
Provisions,
and Penalties
as are
prescribed,
directed,
and applied,
with respect
to Goods
not imported
by the East
India Company.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Termination of the War by the Restoration of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful for the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, in respect to Sale either for the Proprietor being master of any Great Brittain Ship for Exportation, or Sole Merchant of the said East India Company, or the East India Company, that all such Goods as may thereafter be landed in our Warehouses of the said United Company, subject nevertheless to the Provisions of this Act imposed, or which may hereafter be imposed thereon; and all such Goods, the Value of which such Duties shall have been fully paid, shall and may be ware-housed in Great Britain, or sold or shipped to such Persons, and shall not be subject to Seizure or Forfeiture, nor shall the Vendor or Proprietor thereof, nor any other Person, or who shall sell or expose to Sale the same, or have the same in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture, or Fine or Forfeiture whatever on account thereof, any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That for the Space of Three Years from and after the said Restoration, the said United Company shall not, in any One Year, allow or expose to Sale a greater Quantity of such such Merchantable than they should be, and that such Fifth Part shall be paid and allowed on the usual Length, and of the same that shall have been already exported to Sale.

XXV. And Whereas certain Duties are imposed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar, produced from Raw Sugar imported from the Spanish Plantations in America, and Whereas it is expedient that the like Duties should be allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar produced from Sugar imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, &c. as therein enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be paid and allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar produced from Sugar imported by the said Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the like Bounty as is now or hereafter may be allowed by Law on the Exportation of the like Sugar or Molasses of Refined Sugar, produced from Raw Sugar imported from the Spanish Plantations in America, subject in every Respect to the Conditions, Rates, Regulations, Restrictions, and Forfeitures, now by Law prescribed and applied with respect to the Bounties allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where by the Schedule and Tables hereto annexed the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed upon the Importation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise into Great Britain, are charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be taken and considered in the same shall be at the Port of Importation, without any Abatement or Deduction whatsoever, except of so much as the Duties payable on the Importation thereof by this Act shall amount to; and that such Value shall be ascertained (except as in this Act is provided) by the Declaration of the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise so imported, or of his known Agent or Factor, or the Master and Tare, and under all the Rules and Regulations, and subject to the Rates and Regulations, and subject to the same Provisions and Penalties, as are prescribed, directed, and imposed for the same, and subject to such Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by an Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the said present Majesty's, intituled, *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting relief therein as therein, and for applying the said Duties, together with the other Duties comprising the Publick Revenue, for settling the Importation of a certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, the Provisions for Manufacturers of the European Dominions of the French King, into the Kingdom, and for applying certain unclaimed Goods remaining in the Kingdom to the Port or of Amateurs in Letters in the Reduction of the National Debt, and in such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, shall not be valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of the Act, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to cause the same to be assessed, and the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, shall be drawn with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every Respect to the Manner prescribed in such Case by the said recited Act.*

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where, by the Schedule annexed and marked A, the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise from Great Britain, are charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be taken and considered in the same shall be at the Port of Exportation, without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever, except of so much as the Duties of Customs so paid or payable amount to at the Time of the Laying of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise shall amount to, and that such Value shall be ascertained (except as in this Act is provided) by the Declaration of the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, or of his known Agent or Factor, or the Master and Tare, and under all the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the same Provisions and Penalties as are prescribed, directed, and imposed for ascertaining and collecting the Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by the said recited Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the said present Majesty's; and in such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall not be valued according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then it shall be lawful

for

for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to make the same to be detained, and the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every Respect except as here in after is provided in the Manner prescribed in such Case by the said several Acts.

XXVII. Provided always, and he is further enabled, That in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, subject to Duty on Exportation by this Act, according to the Value thereof, shall on Examination by the proper Officers of the Customs, be found to be under-valued, and shall on that Account be detained, the Exporter or Proprietor shall in such Case be paid the Value of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, according to the Declaration made on the Entry thereof, for Exportation, together with the Amount of the Customs paid thereon, at the Time of the Entry thereof, without any further Allowance whatsoever; any Thing to the said several Acts passed in the Twenty fourth Year of His said Majesty, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXIX. And he is further enabled, That if at the Time of making the Entry for the Exportation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, as which the Duties of Customs by this Act enacted, are charged in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked [A], according to the Value thereof, the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, is entered for Exportation, his known Agent or Factor shall not be able to alter the true and real Value thereof, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, to prevent such Exporter or Proprietor, Agent or Factor, to buy or sell such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, upon making Oath that the real Value cannot be ascertained, and upon Bond being given either by the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or by the known Agent or Factor of such Exporter or Proprietor, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with one Halfpenny Society in Token of the Amount of the supposed or estimated Duty on the Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, conditioned for the Payment of the Duties hereby imposed, within Three Months, and according to the true and real Value thereof, and for producing the Invoice and Bills of Parcels, or such other Documents as shall be required by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, in case the Provisions thereof shall be thought necessary by such Officers of the Customs, for the Purpose of ascertaining the true and real Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, as is enacted as aforesaid.

XXX. Provided always, and he is further enabled, That upon the Exportation of all Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, of which the real Value cannot be ascertained, and in Cases where the Duties are allowed to be found by Bond as aforesaid, the Name of the actual and real Exporter, whether such Exporter shall be the Proprietor or the Agent or Factor of the Proprietor, shall be declared in the Entry, together with the Name of the Agent or Factor making the Entry, and giving such Bond, and the Declaration as the Value of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises according to which the Duties shall be ascertained and paid, and the Bond executed, shall in all such Cases be signed by such actual and real Exporter, and not by any Clerk, Agent, or Broker, of such Exporter.

XXXI. And he is further enabled, That if any Exporter of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, entered for Exportation, shall knowingly and fraudulently make any false Declaration of the Value of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, after the same shall have been allowed to be found for Exportation, every such Exporter shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum equal to the true and real Value of all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises.

XXXII. And he is further enabled, That in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises upon which Duties of Customs are hereby imposed, shall be detained by any Officer of the Customs on account of the same not being valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England for the Time being, or any Four or more of them, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that no Fraud was intended, to detain the Goods to be delivered, and the Entry to be amended, upon such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the Case shall appear to the said Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct: Provided always, that if the Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall accept the Terms or Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor shall not have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damage, on account of the Detention of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or have or sustain any Action whatever for the same; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Recital of 43 G. 3. c. 125 for enabling the Treasury to purchase the Prizes and Ballastage of Wares; and
 46 G. 3. c. 79. concerning an Agreement for purchase thereof in certain Ports from the Duke of Grafton.
 All Monies on account of Prizes and Ballastage of Wares received since July 5. 1806, shall be paid over to the Collector of the Customs, § 23. Produce of Compositions for Prizes received since 5 July 1806, shall be paid in like Manner. § 24.

XXXV. And he is further enabled, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, no Wine of any Sort shall be admitted to Entry for Passage either in the Port of London or either of the said Ports in England where the Right of Privilege has been in suchified as aforesaid, but that Wine imported into London, or either of the said Ports, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, be subject and liable to the Duties of Customs, and so other, as in Case of regular Importation, as the same are described and set forth in Figures in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked [A].

In such Goods he authorized the Exporter shall be paid according to the Declaration made on Entry, and the Goods Amount.

If on making Entry of British Goods for Exportation the real Value cannot be ascertained, Exportation may be permitted on Oath of the Party and Bond being given for the Duties, &c.

The Entry shall declare whether the Exporter is Proprietor or Agent, &c.

Penalty of true Value in making a false Declaration.

Commissioners of the Customs may detain Goods, &c. as they shall think fit, as they shall be directed, &c. as they shall be directed, &c. as they shall be directed, &c.

Proprietor shall not have any Recompense or Damage.

After 5 July 1809, no Wine shall be admitted to cross Ports in Great Britain, but shall pay Duties of regular Importation.

After 5 July
1809, Ballance
Duty shall cease.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duty called Ballance, and the Money formerly received by any or either of the Deputies of the said Duke of Cornwall, or any other Person for him or them under the Decimation of Commodities, shall cease, decrease, and be no longer due and payable.

On Entry of
Blubber and Oil,
&c. as imported
in British Ships
&c. shall be
Paid Subject to
Duty shall be
made of the
Tolls, &c.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That before any Blubber, Tallow Oil, or Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, or Whale Fin, imported into Great Britain, as being the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, actually taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects, actually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty by this Act imposed on such Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin respectively when imported on such Shipping, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel so or on board of which the said Articles shall be imported, shall make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other Civil Officer of the Customs at the Port so Great Britain into which the same shall be imported, who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same, that the same was or were really and lawfully the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually taken and caught by the Crew of any such Ship or Vessel; and the Importer, or Proprietor, or Consignor of such Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, or Whale Fin, shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other Civil Officer of the Customs, (who are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath,) at the Time of the Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Articles so imported were lawfully the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, actually taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, as before whereof the said Act makes full Provisions and takes to be of Foreign Fishing, and charged with the Duty imposed by this Act on such Articles of Foreign Fishery.

On Entry of
Blubber and Oil,
&c. as at the
South Foreland
Head, or at the
North Foreland,
&c. the Master
shall produce a
Certificate from
the Officer of
Customs, &c. at
the Port in the
Colony, and
make Oath of
the Tolls, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That before any Blubber, Tallow Oil, or Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin, imported into Great Britain as being taken and caught on the Banks and Shoars of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, and residing therein, or as being actually taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing on any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or actually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty by this Act imposed on such Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin respectively, when imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be imported, shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Civil Officer of the Customs of the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or other Civil Officer of the Customs of the Port or Place so the Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement where the Articles shall have been taken on board; or if no such Officer shall be residing there, then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Governor, or in his Absence under the Hand and Seal of the Deputy-Governor, of such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, testifying that Oath had been made before him (who is hereby authorized and required to make such Oath) to administer the same, and to grant such Certificate by the Master of the Ship from which the Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin mentioned in such Certificate, had been landed in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement; that the same was or were really and lawfully the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and taken wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery, and actually residing in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin shall be imported into Great Britain, shall make Oath before such Collector or other Civil Officer at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same) that the Blubber, Tallow Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fin so imported are the same as mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate, and the Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignors of such Articles respectively, shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs (who are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) at the Time of the Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Articles so imported were really and lawfully taken by British Subjects actually residing in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, as the Case may be, and no Fictitious of such Certificate being produced, and Proof as aforesaid being made, the Articles shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and charged with the Duty by this Act imposed on such Articles of Foreign Fishery.

For any Goods
imported and re-
exported, shall
be subject to
Duty.

XXXIX. And Whereas Duties have arisen whether Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, which have been regularly imported into Great Britain, and afterwards exported from thence to Parts beyond the Sea, are upon Re-importation subject to the Duties of Customs? Be it therefore declared and enacted, That all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, so imported into Great Britain, shall be subject to all such Duties of Customs as are by this Act granted upon Importation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes.

§ 4. G. 3. c. 34.
requiring Certifi-
cate on Entry of
British Goods
For and From
Abroad, repealed.

XI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the making of Pot Ashes and Pearl Ashes in the West of Scotland*, it is enacted, certain Certificates and Oaths were required to be produced and made on the Entry of any Pot and Pearl Ashes of the Products and Manufactures of any of the British Colonies in America. And whereas the Productions of such Certificates, and the requiring such Oaths, are no longer necessary? Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act shall be, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, repealed.

XLI. * And Whereas it is expedient to encourage the Importation of Raw Liarn Yarn into Great Britain, E. it is therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, and during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into Great Britain any Sort of Raw Liarn Yarn, in any Stap or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, subject to such and the like Duties only as would have been due and payable for such Raw Liarn Yarn if the same had been imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed as full rate in the Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the Time being; and each thereof as full rate in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the Time being.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Sorts of Money respectively intimated, described, and set forth in the said Schedule and Tables herewith annexed marked A. B. C. and D. the Duties of Customs, and the Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs upon, for, or in respect of the several Goods, Wares, or Merchandises specified therein, or as the Duties of Customs on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, may and shall respectively be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, and allowed, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, in such and the like Manner, and by the same Means, Ways, or Methods, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandises in general, and also by any such special Means, Ways, or Methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandises of the same Sorts or Kinds, or Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, and allowed, and the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises whereon Duties of Customs are by this Act charged, and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs allowed as the same are respectively intimated, described, and set forth in the said Schedule and Tables herewith annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. upon the Importation thereof into, or Exportation thereof from Great Britain, or on any other Account whatsoever, and all Ships and Vessels whereon any Duties are charged or payable according to the Tonnage thereof, shall be and the Lanes are hereby made lawful and liable to and every the Customs, Regulations, Rates, Restrictions, Licences, and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares, or Merchandises in general, and also all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Statutes, Orders, and Provisions respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, or Ships or Vessels whereon any Duties are chargeable or payable according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, respecting the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, and all Powers, Privileges, Fees, and Forfeitures of whatever Nature or Kind the same may be, as well Powers of Death as others for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, made for increasing the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Privileges, and Duties now contained in any such Act or Acts, shall (so far as they are expressly altered by this Act), and are hereby dissolved and declared to extend in, and shall be respectively applied, construed, and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs hereby charged and allowed, as in and by the said Manner in all Events and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Restrictions, Fees, Fees, Privileges, or Forfeitures, were particularly applied and restricted to the Body of this Act and made Part thereof.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England for the Time being, or any Four or more of them, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, to issue and take the Accounts of any Collectors or Receivers of any Part of the Revenue of Customs, or other Duties under their Management, notwithstanding any Objections or Applications of any Duties of Customs received by them; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively empowered to correct such Applications, in order to prevent the Accounts of any such Collectors or Receivers from being kept open, trifled with, and undisturbed; and all such Corrections shall and are hereby directed to be allowed by the Commissioners for better examining and settling the Petbook Accounts of the Kingdoms, in the paying the general Account of Customs, Subsidies, or Impositions.

* Duties of Customs received after 5 July 1809, though the Amount may have become due and been assessed, or levied by Bond before that Time, shall be applied in the Manner to the Duties by this Act imposed, except otherwise provided. And Drawbacks paid in like Manner s. 45.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties of Customs imposed by this Act, described in the Schedule and Tables herewith annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Head of Permanent Duties, the ordinary Charges of raising and securing (or the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, except as by this Act is specially provided, and shall be appropriated in like Manner and to the same Services as the Permanent Duties hereby imposed would have been if this Act had not been passed.

XLVI. * And Whereas by divers Acts for granting several of the Duties hereby imposed, it is provided, * that during the Space of Ten Years then next ensuing, there should be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Monies arising from the said

Duties shall be taken the Management of the Commissioners of Customs
Duties and the same to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

Commissioners of Customs respectively
Duties to be levied, so as under the Acts relating to the said Duties, which hereby allowed.

And whereas the Duties should, together with such other Duties as were respectively granted for the Purpose of making permanent Additions to the Publick Revenue, and of defraying any Charges entailed by certain Loans made, and Stocks raised by the Authority of Parliament, be raised, levied, and spent from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatsoever: And whereas it is expedient, that the Permanent Duties by this Act granted and described as Permanent Duties, except where special Provision is otherwise made by this Act, should be entered in one Account, but that Provision should nevertheless be hereby made for accumulating the Produce of such several Grants of Duties for the Remainder of such respective Periods: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duties of Customs and Tonnage granted by this Act as Permanent Duties, except as by this Act otherwise specially provided, shall be entered together in one Account, and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, shall, for and during the Remainder of the respective Periods of Ten Years to be computed from the Time of granting such of the said Duties as aforesaid, as were so directed to be entered separately as aforesaid, cause separate and distinct Accounts of what such Duties would have amounted to, in case the same had not been made out in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, best adapted to shew unto aforesaid such Accounts respectively, which Accounts the said Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners for the Time being, are hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Publick Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provisions of the last recited Act passed in the Forty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty aforesaid, intitled, *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.*

XLVIII. And Whereas in the Consolidation of the Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, under this Act, such Duties are in various Instances enumerated, be it therefore enacted, That of the Manner arising or to arise out of such Increase of the Duties hereby granted, and which Duties are denominated and described in the Schedule and Tables hereto annexed, marked A, B, C, and D, under the Title of Permanent Duties, the Sum of One hundred and five thousand Pounds, being the estimated Produce of such Increase, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue for the Purpose of defraying the several Charges occasioned by any Loans made or to be made by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

XLIX. And Whereas by the Consolidation of the different Branches of the Publick Revenue, and of the several Duties payable on the Importation and Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, and the Appropriation thereof, as directed by the last recited Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, and subsequent Acts, the Hereditary and Temporary Revenues of the Crown of Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and of other Duties upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, are now now kept distinct and separate at the several Offices, but have become blended with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage, both in the Collection and Appropriation thereof: And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for ascertaining the amount Arising of what such Hereditary Revenues would have produced in case the same had not been so consolidated, and also an Account should hereafter be kept of such several Amounts: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, shall cause, to be prepared and kept, an Account of what such Hereditary Revenues would have amounted to in case the same had not been so consolidated and collected with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage in the Collection and Appropriation thereof, in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, best adapted to shew unto aforesaid such Account, which Account the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners for the Time being are hereby required to make out, or cause to be made out and laid before Parliament, together with the Publick Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament pursuant to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty aforesaid, intitled, *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.*

I. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed so extend to any or other the Hereditary Revenues of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors as Sovereign, or other Revenues then granted to His late Majesty King George the Second during His Life, and referred to His present Majesty during His Life by an Act made in the First Year of His Majesty's said Majesty: but the same and the Civil Disabilities and disabilities of the same shall continue to be paid in like Manner as heretofore; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred and thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Restoration of a separate Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Bonds thereby created, in order to defray the Charge of Twelve millions Part of the Loan for the Service of the said Year, it was directed that the annual Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds should be, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Restoration of a separate Treaty of Peace be spent, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund out of the Produce of the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the War, and such other Periods after the Restoration of a separate Treaty of Peace: Be it therefore enacted, That the Duties of*

Articles of
Customs of
the
said
Majesty,
as
the
said
Act
directed,
shall
be
paid
and
received
in
the
Manner
and
Form
as
shall
appear
to
the
said
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury,
for
the
Time
being,
best
adapted
to
shew
unto
aforesaid
such
Accounts
respectively,
which
Accounts
the
said
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
Lords
Commissioners
for
the
Time
being,
are
hereby
required
to
cause
to
be
laid
before
Parliament,
together
with
the
Publick
Accounts
directed
to
be
laid
before
Parliament,
pursuant
to
the
Provisions
of
the
last
recited
Act
passed
in
the
Forty-first
Year
of
the
Reign
of
His
present
Majesty
aforesaid,
intitled,
An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.

the
said
Account
of
the
said
Hereditary
Revenues
of
the
Crown
of
Subsidies
of
Tonnage
and
Poundage,
and
of
other
Duties
upon
Goods,
Wares,
and
Merchandise,
are
now
kept
distinct
and
separate
at
the
several
Offices,
but
have
become
blended
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage,
both
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof:
And
whereas
it
is
expedient
that
Provision
should
be
made
for
ascertaining
the
amount
Arising
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
produced
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated,
and
also
an
Account
should
hereafter
be
kept
of
such
several
Amounts:
Be
it
therefore
enacted,
That
from
and
after
the
said
Fifth
Day
of
July
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
nine,
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
or
any
Three
or
more
of
them,
shall
cause,
to
be
prepared
and
kept,
an
Account
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
amounted
to
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated
and
collected
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof,
in
such
Manner
and
Form
as
shall
appear
to
the
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
the
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
best
adapted
to
shew
unto
aforesaid
such
Account,
which
Account
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
for
the
Time
being
are
hereby
required
to
make
out,
or
cause
to
be
made
out
and
laid
before
Parliament,
together
with
the
Publick
Accounts
directed
to
be
laid
before
Parliament
pursuant
to
the
Provisions
of
an
Act
passed
in
the
Forty-first
Year
of
the
Reign
of
His
present
Majesty
aforesaid,
intitled,
An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.

the
said
Account
of
the
said
Hereditary
Revenues
of
the
Crown
of
Subsidies
of
Tonnage
and
Poundage,
and
of
other
Duties
upon
Goods,
Wares,
and
Merchandise,
are
now
kept
distinct
and
separate
at
the
several
Offices,
but
have
become
blended
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage,
both
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof:
And
whereas
it
is
expedient
that
Provision
should
be
made
for
ascertaining
the
amount
Arising
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
produced
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated,
and
also
an
Account
should
hereafter
be
kept
of
such
several
Amounts:
Be
it
therefore
enacted,
That
from
and
after
the
said
Fifth
Day
of
July
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
nine,
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
or
any
Three
or
more
of
them,
shall
cause,
to
be
prepared
and
kept,
an
Account
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
amounted
to
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated
and
collected
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof,
in
such
Manner
and
Form
as
shall
appear
to
the
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
the
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
best
adapted
to
shew
unto
aforesaid
such
Account,
which
Account
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
for
the
Time
being
are
hereby
required
to
make
out,
or
cause
to
be
made
out
and
laid
before
Parliament,
together
with
the
Publick
Accounts
directed
to
be
laid
before
Parliament
pursuant
to
the
Provisions
of
an
Act
passed
in
the
Forty-first
Year
of
the
Reign
of
His
present
Majesty
aforesaid,
intitled,
An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.

the
said
Account
of
the
said
Hereditary
Revenues
of
the
Crown
of
Subsidies
of
Tonnage
and
Poundage,
and
of
other
Duties
upon
Goods,
Wares,
and
Merchandise,
are
now
kept
distinct
and
separate
at
the
several
Offices,
but
have
become
blended
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage,
both
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof:
And
whereas
it
is
expedient
that
Provision
should
be
made
for
ascertaining
the
amount
Arising
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
produced
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated,
and
also
an
Account
should
hereafter
be
kept
of
such
several
Amounts:
Be
it
therefore
enacted,
That
from
and
after
the
said
Fifth
Day
of
July
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
nine,
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
or
any
Three
or
more
of
them,
shall
cause,
to
be
prepared
and
kept,
an
Account
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
amounted
to
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated
and
collected
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof,
in
such
Manner
and
Form
as
shall
appear
to
the
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
the
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
best
adapted
to
shew
unto
aforesaid
such
Account,
which
Account
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
for
the
Time
being
are
hereby
required
to
make
out,
or
cause
to
be
made
out
and
laid
before
Parliament,
together
with
the
Publick
Accounts
directed
to
be
laid
before
Parliament
pursuant
to
the
Provisions
of
an
Act
passed
in
the
Forty-first
Year
of
the
Reign
of
His
present
Majesty
aforesaid,
intitled,
An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.

the
said
Account
of
the
said
Hereditary
Revenues
of
the
Crown
of
Subsidies
of
Tonnage
and
Poundage,
and
of
other
Duties
upon
Goods,
Wares,
and
Merchandise,
are
now
kept
distinct
and
separate
at
the
several
Offices,
but
have
become
blended
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage,
both
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof:
And
whereas
it
is
expedient
that
Provision
should
be
made
for
ascertaining
the
amount
Arising
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
produced
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated,
and
also
an
Account
should
hereafter
be
kept
of
such
several
Amounts:
Be
it
therefore
enacted,
That
from
and
after
the
said
Fifth
Day
of
July
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
nine,
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
or
any
Three
or
more
of
them,
shall
cause,
to
be
prepared
and
kept,
an
Account
of
what
such
Hereditary
Revenues
would
have
amounted
to
in
case
the
same
had
not
been
so
consolidated
and
collected
with
other
Duties
of
Customs
and
Tonnage
in
the
Collection
and
Appropriation
thereof,
in
such
Manner
and
Form
as
shall
appear
to
the
Lord
High
Treasurer,
or
the
Lords
Commissioners
of
His
Majesty's
Treasury
for
the
Time
being,
best
adapted
to
shew
unto
aforesaid
such
Account,
which
Account
the
Lord
High
Treasurer
or
Lords
Commissioners
for
the
Time
being
are
hereby
required
to
make
out,
or
cause
to
be
made
out
and
laid
before
Parliament,
together
with
the
Publick
Accounts
directed
to
be
laid
before
Parliament
pursuant
to
the
Provisions
of
an
Act
passed
in
the
Forty-first
Year
of
the
Reign
of
His
present
Majesty
aforesaid,
intitled,
An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for directing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.

Customs defined in the Schedule and Tables hereto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Head of "Temporary or War Duties," shall be chargeable with the same several Sums of One million two hundred thousand Pounds in like Manner, in the like Proportion, and for the like Period, and under the same Regulations and Provisions in all Respects, as the Duties of Customs in the said last recited Act mentioned, which are hereby repeated, and all the Provisions contained in the said last recited Act with respect to the Duties of Customs hereby repeated shall be in force, and applied to the Duties of Customs described as last aforesaid, under the Head "Temporary or War Duties."

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Moneys arising by the Duties of Customs defined in the Schedule and Tables hereto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Head of "Temporary or War Duties," (the ordinary Charges of rating and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer distinct and apart from all other Branches of the Public Revenues, and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Moneys arising from the said respective Duties, and paid into the said Receipt as aforesaid, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Moneys paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatever, and the said Moneys so paid into the said Receipt (subject to the Appropriation directed by the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, with respect to the Duties therein mentioned and hereby repeated, as is herein-before mentioned) shall, from Time to Time, as the same shall be paid into the said Receipt, be used and applied as such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, or shall be voted for the Service of any subsequent Year, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and apply the same accordingly.

LIIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be had in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere: and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared: or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Trial Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

" Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 54.

Temporary or War Duties chargeable with the several Sums of 1,200,000*l.* under recited Act. [See also 49 G. 3. c. 98.]

Account of Temporary or War Duties shall be kept separate, and applied as and of the Moneys for 1809, and subsequent Years.

Limitation of Actions, Three Months.

Defendant may plead General Issue.

Trials Costs.

SCHEDULE and TABLES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on the IMPORTATION into Great Britain of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described, and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain;

ALSO,

Of the Duties of Customs payable on the EXPORTATION of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize from Great Britain;

LIKEWISE,

Of the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize brought or carried COASTWISE or from one Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain, and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain;

AND ALSO,

Of the TONNAGE DUTIES of Customs payable on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards in Great Britain, from or to Foreign Parts.

INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.					
	Duty.			Drawback.								
	<i>sh.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>sh.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>sh.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>			
A.												
Acacia, the lb.	-	-	-	0	2	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
Acetofella Oil, See Sal.												
Acorns, the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	3	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Adanthum, the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	3	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Agave, the cwt.	-	-	-	2	4	0	-	-	-	0	8	0
Agave, viz.												
— pulped or otherwise manufactured, for every \mathcal{L} 100 of the Value				37	10	0	-	-	-	18	10	0
— rough or unmanufactured, for every \mathcal{L} 100 of the Value				20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Albany, Island of, See Guernsey.												
Alc. See Brer.												
Alksh, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every \mathcal{L} 100 of the Value				20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Alkali Pot. the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Alkshong Bark, the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Alkshon, viz.												
— Castelle, the oz.	-	-	-	8	2	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— Syrup, the lb.	-	-	-	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	6
Almond Paste, for every \mathcal{L} 100 of the Value				37	10	0	-	-	-	18	10	0
Almonds, viz.												
— Bitter, the cwt.	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	13	4	0	6	8
— Sweet, the cwt.	-	-	-	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
— of any other Sort, the cwt.	-	-	-	1	10	0	1	0	0	8	10	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Almonds of all Sorts may be cleared as Ware-												

SCHEDULE (A) - INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary		
	Duty.	Drawback.	W ^o Duty.	W ^o Duty.	W ^o Duty.	W ^o Duty.
<i>Almonds, continued.</i>						
loaves without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
<i>Alon, viz.</i>						
Socotrina, imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	1	0
" " " " not imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	3	0	0	3	0
of any other Sort, the lb.	0	0	5	0	0	5
<i>Alum, the cwt.</i>	0	12	0	0	7	4
Fluor, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	3
Rock, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	4	8
<i>Amber, viz.</i>						
Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.						
Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Rough, the lb.	0	2	0	0	0	8
not otherwise enumerated or described, for every toel of the Value	17	10	0	15	0	0
<i>Ambergris, the ool</i>	0	3	0	0	1	0
<i>Ambrs Liquida, the lb.</i>	0	3	6	0	5	4
<i>Ambrs Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.</i>						
<i>Ammoniacum, viz.</i>						
Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Ammoniacum.						
Salt, <i>See</i> Salt Ammoniacum.						
<i>Anacardium, the lb.</i>	0	1	3	0	0	10
<i>Ancher Sassa, <i>See</i> Wood.</i>						
<i>Anchoves, the lb.</i>	0	0	4	0	0	3
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Anchoves may be ferred in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
<i>Angelica, the lb.</i>	0	0	6			
<i>Angelica Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.</i>						
<i>Antea Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.</i>						
<i>Antied, <i>See</i> Seed.</i>						
Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
<i>Asaetio, the cwt.</i>	1	5	0			0
<i>Asaracum, viz.</i>						
Crude, the cwt.	0	7	6			0
Preparation or Sticks, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2
<i>Apples, the Bushel</i>	0	0	0			0
dried, the Bushel	0	4	1			0
<i>Aquafortis, the ool.</i>	0	0	0			0
<i>Asaia Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.</i>						
<i>Assaogot, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every toel of the Value</i>	8	0	0			0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Assaogot may be so imported, <i>See</i> 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30.						
<i>Asheffa, <i>See</i> Orichala.</i>						
<i>Argal, the cwt.</i>	0	3	0			0
<i>Archobacca, the lb.</i>	0	0	6	0	0	4
<i>Armenian Salt</i> } <i>See</i> Salt Arsenic.						
<i>Armeniac</i>						
<i>Argemone, <i>See</i> Spina.</i>						
<i>Arrow Root, or Powder, the lb.</i>	0	0	3			0
the Produce of any of the British Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the lb.	0	0	1			0
<i>Arsenic, the cwt.</i>	0	0	9			0

[George III. 1793-1801.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Payment.						Temporary of War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Almonds, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Alum, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	5	0	0	13
— Fecula, the cwt.	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— Pearlash Pot, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	4	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
— of the South Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Alphaca, the lb.	10	0	0	11	6	8	6	13	4
Alta, each	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1
American Cortex, <i>See</i> Lignum in Cortex.	2	8	0	—	—	—	0	14	0
Aspergillum, <i>See</i> Opium.									
B.									
Bacon Alindangi, <i>See</i> Alindangi Bacon.									
Bacon or Ham, the cwt.	2	17	6	—	—	—	0	19	3
— <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provision.									
Balgar Stone, <i>See</i> Stone.									
Balka, <i>See</i> Wool.									
Balls, viz. Washing Balls, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Balls of Glass, the lb.	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
Balsam, viz.									
— Artificial, the lb.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— Canada, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
— Copiva or Capivi, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Balsam Capivi may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 116.									
— Niterol, the lb.	0	3	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the value	17	10	0	15	0	0	12	10	0
Balsita, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	3
Bastard Twill, the dozen knots	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
Burbon Tar, <i>See</i> Tar.									
Barilla, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	0	8	6	0	5	8	0	2	10
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	9	0	0	5	8	0	3	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Barilla may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 116.									
Beck, viz.									
— Jeluta, <i>See</i> Cortex Peruvian.									
— Oak, the cwt.	0	0	4	—	—	—	0	0	13
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Oak Beck may be imported on Payment of this Duty, <i>See</i> 28 Geo. 3. cap. 50. continued by subsequent Acts and by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 85. further continued for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.									
— Black Oak, or Quercus, for the Purpose of dyeing, imported from any Country, not in Europe, in Casks containing not less than 250lbs. net, the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	1
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	1
— otherwise imported, for every 100l. of the Value	10	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS	Permanent.		Temporary						
	Duty.	Dowback.	War Duty.						
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Tank, continued.</i>									
— Red Mangrove imported in Casks containing not less than 100lb. wt. the cwt.	0	6	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— otherwise imported, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	15	6	8	6	15	4
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	35	0	0	12	00	0
<i>Barley, See Corn.</i>									
— Hulled, See Peas Barley.									
— Barley, Dutch, See Corn in 1 Item.									
Ballast Road, the Road, not exceeding Three Feet in Circumference at the Road	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	4	2
<i>Baskets, &c.</i>									
— Hurd Baskets, the Dutch	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	0
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
<i>Bales of Marble, See Stones.</i>									
Bell Ropes, the cwt.	0	3	9	—	—	—	0	1	3
Belt or Draw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.									
— Flaring or other Manufacture of Belt or Strap for making Hats or Bonnets, See Flaring									
<i>Bettes Ends, } See Wood.</i>									
<i>Buttons,</i>									
— Button, the cwt.	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
— Bay Buttons, See Buttons.									
— Bay, Oil of, See Oil.									
— Bay, or Myrtle Wax, See Wax.									
— Bay Yarn, See Woolen Yarn in Yarn.									
Bellows, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	2	6	0	0	4	0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
<i>Beads, &c.</i>									
— Amber Beads, the lb.	0	7	6	0	5	0	0	3	6
— Coral Beads, the lb.	0	10	0	0	6	8	0	5	4
— Crystal Beads, the 1000	0	14	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
— Jet Beads, the lb.	0	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	17	10	0	15	0	0	12	00	0
<i>Beans, See Corn.</i>									
— Kidney or French Beans, the Barrel	0	9	6	—	—	—	0	8	8
— See the Note under the Head of Provision.									
<i>Bear Skins, } See Skins.</i>									
<i>Beaver Skins, } See Skins.</i>									
— Wool, See Wool.									
Bed Feathers, See Feathers for Beds, in Feathers.									
Beds, See Feather Beds.									
<i>Bench Boards, } See Wood.</i>									
— Plank, } See Wood.									
— Quarters, } See Wood.									
<i>Beer, &c.</i>									
— from the Ibc of Mass. See Mass, 18c 6d.									
— whether hopped or otherwise, See the Note under the Head of Provision.									
Beer or Egg, See Corn.									
<i>Beer, &c.</i>									
— Mass, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
— Spruce Beer, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons	0	17	0	0	11	4	0	5	8
— or Ale, of all other Sorts, the Barrel, containing 32 Gallons	0	2	9	0	3	10	0	3	21
— Mass, Beer, and Ale, are subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
<i>Bee Wax, See Wax.</i>									
<i>Bell Metal, See Metal.</i>									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	PULPERIAL.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
Belvedere Glasses, <i>See</i> Glasses.	<i>all</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>all</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>all</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Bergamot, Essence of, <i>See</i> Bergamot.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Berries, <i>See</i> Berries.									
— Bay, the cwt.	0	7	0	—	—	—	0	8	4
— Jasper, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	4	8	0	8	4
For the <i>Causes</i> , Regulations, and Restrictions under which Jasper Berries may be processed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 153. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Mirtil, the lb.	0	0	4	—	0	3	0	0	14
— Yellow, for Dyers Use, the cwt.	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
— for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.	0	15	0	—	—	—	0	5	0
— not for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	13	10	0
Bifish, <i>See</i> Fish, <i>See</i> Fish.									
Bleeder Stones, the oz.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Bigger Beer, <i>See</i> Cider.									
Birds, <i>See</i> Singing Birds the Dozen	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
Biscuits, <i>See</i> Bread.									
Bismuth Judicans, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	8
Blacking, the cwt.	1	5	0	—	—	—	0	15	0
Bladders, the Dozen	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blubber, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil									
Boards, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Bolt Arrows, or Arrows with the cwt.	0	5	0	0	3	4	0	1	6
Bones of Cattle, for every 100l. of the Value	10	0	0	12	0	6	0	15	4
Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats.									
Books, <i>See</i> Books.									
— bound, the cwt.	4	3	0	—	—	—	1	7	4
— unbound, the cwt.	3	1	6	—	—	—	1	0	6
Bones, <i>See</i> Bones.									
— rhind, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— rhind or Tinsel, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	14
Botargo, the lb.	0	0	7	—	—	—	0	0	9
Bottles, <i>See</i> Bottles.									
— of Earth or Stone, the Dozen	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— of Glass covered with Wax, the Dozen Quarts	0	13	9	—	—	—	0	4	7
— of Green or common Glass, full or empty, not of less Content than One Pint, and not being Flats, the Dozen Quarts	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	2	8
— of Glass, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	74	0	0	—	—	—	25	0	0
Note.—Flats in which Wine or Oil is imported are not subject to Duty.									
Bowls or Baskets of Wood, the dozen	0	7	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
Bowfruits, <i>See</i> Nuts in Wood.									
Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes.									
— Duffing Papers, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
— Nest Boxes, the Grids, containing 12 dozen Nests, each Nest containing 3 Boxes	0	12	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
— Nest Boxes, the Grids, containing 12 dozen Nests, each Nest containing 4 Boxes	0	3	0	0	9	0	0	1	0
— Nest Boxes, the Grids, containing 12 dozen Boxes	0	5	6	0	3	8	0	1	10
— Sewal Boxes, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
Box Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Braiders or Necklaces of Glass, the Grids, containing 12 Braider or Necklaces, each Braider or Necklaces containing 10 Necklaces	0	6	0	—	—	—	0	9	0
Bready, <i>See</i> Spirits.									

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	PAYMENT.		Temporary or Ware Duty.			
	Duty.	Drowback.				
<i>Brils, viz.</i>	<i>£</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>£</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
— Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	13 50 0
— Oil, <i>See</i> <i>Bruff.</i>						
— Powder of, for Igniting, <i>See</i> <i>Powder.</i>						
— Wine, <i>See</i> <i>Wine.</i>						
<i>Beast.</i>						
— Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, which are not prohibited by Law from being imported from Foreign Countries, may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and so higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the like Description or Description, upon their Importation into Great Britain, from any other foreign Country; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the like Description or Description imported from different foreign Countries, then upon Payment of the lowest Duties, which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation into Great Britain, of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise from any other foreign Country; and when any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise are imported from Brazil, or any of the said Territories or Possessions, in a Ship or Vessel not being British built, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be subject and liable to the Duties due and payable on similar Articles when imported in such Ship from any other foreign Country.						
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Goods may be so imported and entered and landed, <i>See</i> 41 Geo. 3. cap. 18. and cap. 109.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any of the Articles enumerated or described in the Table marked A. are to be the Act of the 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. being the Growth or Produce of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported directly from these, may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 109 and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
<i>Small Wood,</i> <i>Smaller Wood,</i> } <i>See</i> <i>Wood.</i>						
<i>Roast or Dressed, the cwt.</i>	0	2	6	—	—	0 0 19
For the Note under the Head of <i>Cow.</i>						
<i>Roofs, the 1000</i>	0	14	0	0	9	4
<i>Roofs, or Sclayber Vices, viz.</i>						
— rough, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	9	6	0	6	4
— - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	10	0	0	6	4
— in Blocks, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	6	0	8	4
— - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	0	0	8	4
— in Blocks, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	15	0	0	10	0
— - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	15	9	0	10	0

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Per cent.						Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.			Dowebark.			
Articles, or Subject Matters, <i>enumerated</i> .	sh	s.	d.	sh	s.	d.	sh s. d.
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Britishers may be licensed in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 45 Geo. 3. cap. 130. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 136.							
<i>Refined, viz.</i>							
— refined, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs.							
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs.	0	7	6	0	5	0	0 2 6
— rough or unrefined, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs.	0	8	0	0	5	0	0 5 8
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs.	0	2	6	0	2	6	0 0 9
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Britishers may be licensed in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 45 Geo. 3. cap. 130. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 136.							
Broken Glass, <i>See</i> Glass.							
Bronze Figures, for every sool. of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	18 10 0
— Powder, <i>See</i> Powder.							
Brooms, <i>viz.</i> Flag or White Brooms, the Dozen	0	0	6	—	—	—	0 0 8
— Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.							
Beck or Deer Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.							
Buckets of Wood, <i>See</i> Bauls.							
Buckle Holes, <i>See</i> Hides.							
— Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.							
Beige, <i>viz.</i>							
— great, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	4	0 0 8
— small or Seed, the lb.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0 1 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Beiges may be warehoused, on Exportation, <i>See</i> 5 Geo. 3. cap. 50.							
— great, to be warehoused, the Dozen lbs.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0 0 4
— small or Seed, to be warehoused, the Dozen lbs.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0 0 8
When taken out of such Warehouse to be used in Great Britain,							
— great, the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0 0 8
— small, or Seed, the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0 1 0
Bellies and Foreign Coins of Gold or Silver Duty free.							
Bell Rubies, the Load, containing 65 Bauls	0	7	6	0	5	0	0 1 6
Bills, <i>See</i> Cattle.							
<i>See also the Note under the Head of Yewfishes.</i>							
— Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.							
— Tails, <i>See</i> Tails.							
Burgundy Pitch, <i>See</i> Pitch.							
Burrows, <i>See</i> India Rubbers.							
Burns for Mill stones, <i>See</i> Stones.							
<i>See also the Note under the Head of Gunpowder.</i>							
Balls or Figured Marble or Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.							
— not otherwise enumerated or defined for every sool. of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	18 10 0
Batts, the ewt.	0	3	3	—	—	—	0 1 1
<i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>							
C.							
Cables tarred or untarred, whether in use or otherwise, the ewt.	0	13	6	—	—	—	0 4 6
Cable Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.							
Campan, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.							
Camp Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.							
Cakes made of Linseed, <i>See</i> Linseed Cakes.							
— Rape Seed, <i>See</i> Rape Cakes.							
Caldar Skins, <i>See</i> Squirrel Skins in Skins.							

SCHEDULE (A) — INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary	
	Duty.	Drawback.	War Duty.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Colony's Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.				
Colony's Ammoniac, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2	
Colony's, the Rebel	0 0 6	—	0 0 2	
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.				
Colours printed, gilded, stained, or dyed, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa for every toad of the Value	2 10 0	—	0 26 2	
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Colours may be so imported, <i>See</i> 5 G. 3. cap. 29.				
Cuba Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.				
Cuba, <i>See</i> Cattle.				
<i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.				
Cuba Values, the cent	0 7 3	0 4 10	0 2 5	
Cuchongins, <i>See</i> Gunboge.				
Cudbear, <i>See</i> Lithm.				
Cumel Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.				
Cumel or Mohair Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.				
Cuscuta Flowers, the lb.	0 0 3	0 0 1	0 0 2	
Cuscuta, <i>See</i> C.				
— refined, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 7 3	—	0 0 5	
— — — — — not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 5 6	—	0 0 10	
— refined, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3	
— — — — — not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6	
Cass Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.				
Cassia Pallida, <i>See</i> Balsam.				
Cassia Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.				
Cassia Oculi, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3	
Cassia, <i>See</i> C.				
— Spermatic, the lb.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6	
— Yellow, the cent.	0 0 0	—	0 13 4	
— Wax, the lb.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6	
Casslerick, the cent.	2 16 0	—	0 18 8	
Cass Hairs or Beavers, <i>See</i> Hair.				
— Plating or other Manufacture of Cass to make Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Plating.				
Cassia Alba, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2	
Cassia, <i>See</i> C.				
— Cassia, the 1000	1 1 6	0 12 4	0 7 2	
— Red Cassia, the 1000	0 16 0	0 12 2	0 5 7	
— Walking, the 1000	2 10 0	1 13 4	0 26 1	
Cass of Wood, the Dozen	0 1 3	—	0 0 5	
Cassia, the lb.	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8	
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cassias may be so used in Wares with-out Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137 and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 136.				
Cassia, <i>See</i> Lithm.				
Cassia, the lb.	0 0 4	0 0 3	0 0 1	
Cassia Pigeonary, the 1000	0 2 3	0 1 6	0 0 9	
Cassia, <i>See</i> C.				
— Cotton, for every toad of the Value	54 0 0	—	18 0 0	
— Worked, for every toad of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0	
Cassia Seeds, <i>See</i> Seed.				
Cassia, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5	
Cassia, <i>See</i> Flaying Cards the Dozen Pairs	2 10 0	—	0 16 8	
Cassia, <i>See</i> Lithm. Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex Casahyfolides.				
— — — — — Oil, <i>See</i> Oil of Cassia.				
Cassia Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hats.				

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Formalities.						Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.			Drawback.			
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	
Cinnamon, <i>cut and</i> cap. 21. See also, 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. * continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 25th September 1869, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. †							1 (See 1)
Cinnamon Oil, for Oil of Cinnamon. Given preference with Salt, for every 100℔ of the Value — with Sugar, See Succades	17	00	0	25	0	0	1 (With preference, see 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.)
Citron Water, See Spirit.							
Civet, the ℔.	0	3	0	0	0	0	
Crap Boards, See Boards in Wood.							
Clarks, for every 100℔ of the Value	17	00	0	—	—	—	
Cloths, Woolen, See Woolen Cloths.							
Clover Seed, See Seed.							
Cloves, viz. — the Produce of and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the ℔.	0	1	6	—	—	—	
— imported under Licence, the ℔.	0	1	0	0	1	4	
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cloves may be so imported from any Place, see 3 & 4 Ann. cap. 4. 5 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. See also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 25th September 1869, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. †							1 (Preferential, See 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.)
Cod, the Chub, containing 45 British Winchester Measures	1	8	0	—	—	—	1 (Preferential, See 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.)
Codish, for every 100℔ of the Value	10	0	0	12	6	3	1 (See 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.)
Cochineal, the ℔.	0	1	6	—	—	—	
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cochineal may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, see 43 Geo. 3. cap. 121. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 57. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.							
— Duty, the ℔.	0	0	3	—	—	—	
Cocoa Nuts, the ℔	0	0	3	—	—	—	
Subject also to a Duty of Excise. For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cocoa Nuts may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, see 43 Geo. 3. cap. 38. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 57. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.							
Coccoloba Indica, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the ℔.	0	1	6	—	—	—	
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the ℔.	0	2	0	—	—	—	
Codfish of Flux, subject to Duty as Flux, for which, See Flux. — of Hemp, subject to Duty as Hemp, for which, See Hemp.							
Coffee, the ℔.	0	0	3	—	—	—	
Subject also to a Duty of Excise. For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coffee may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, see 43 Geo. 3. cap. 121. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 57. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.							
Coin, viz. — of Copper, See Copper. — Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion.							
Colt Seed, See Seed.							
Colocynth, See Colocynthis.							
Colophony, See Resin.							
Colocynthis, or Colocynth, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the ℔.	0	1	0	0	0	1	
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the ℔.	0	1	0	0	1	4	
Colours for Painters, See Painters Colours.							

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Pounds.		Shillings.		Pence.	
	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Columbe Root, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Combs, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Coary Skins, for Skins.	0	1	0	0	0	0
— Wool, for Wool.						
Concha Albaras, for Albaras.						
Contayras Laps, for Laps.						
— Kales, for Kales.						
Copaba, or Copra Balles, for Balles.						
Coyal Gum, for Gum.						
Copper, viz.						
— Ore, the Cent.	0	0	0	0	0	0
— Old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cent.	0	5	0	0	0	0
— as increased Copper Coin, the cent.	0	0	0	0	0	0
— unwrought, viz. Copper in Bricks or Figs, Rafe Copper, and all Cast Copper, the cent.	0	5	0	0	0	0
— Part wrought, viz. Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or rolled, the cent.	0	10	0	0	0	0
— Wire, for Wire.						
— Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100 L. of the Value	37	10	0	0	0	0
An additional Duty is payable until the 31 st of April 1811, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, on Copper of the following Descriptions, viz.						
— Copper in Bricks or Figs, Rafe Copper, Cast Copper, Copper in Plates, Copper Coins, and Copper in Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or rolled, the cent.	1	5	0	1	5	0
Note.—This additional Duty is not payable for any Copper imported in any Ship or Vessel which a License shall have been granted by His Majesty's Treasurers to the 31 st of April (Full, or which shall have been imported into any free Port in a British Merchant Vessel in the West Indies, previous to the 1 st of August 1809.						
Coppers, viz.						
— Blue, the cent.	0	3	0	0	0	0
— Green, the cent.	0	3	0	0	0	0
— White, the cent.	0	7	0	0	0	0
Coral, viz.						
— Beads, for Beads.						
— in Fragments, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	0
— whole polished, the lb.	0	7	0	0	0	0
— — unpolished, the lb.	0	3	0	0	0	0
Cordage tanned or untanned, whether in Use or otherwise, (standing or raising Rigging in Use excepted) the cent.	0	10	0	0	0	0
Cordial Waters, for Spirits.						
Corander Seed, for Seed.						
Cork, imported in a British built Ship, the cent.	0	5	0	0	3	4
— not imported in a British built Ship, the cent.	0	5	0	0	3	4
For the Customs, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cork may be cleared in approved Places without Payment of Duty see 43 Geo. 3. cap. 123. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120.						
Corks, ready made, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corn.						
TABLE No. 1.						
The following Duties are payable on the Importation of Wheat, Wholemeal, or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beans, or Biscuits, Oats, Canned, Peas, Beans, Indian Corn, or Malts, except from the Province of Quebec and the other British Colonies or Plantations in North America, viz.						

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Percents.						Temporary or Wine Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	ℓ	s	d	ℓ	s	d	ℓ	s	d
<i>Corn, continued.</i>									
Wheat, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 63s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	5	0	—	—	—	0	8	4
..... at or above 63s. but under 66s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
..... at or above 66s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	2
Rye, Peas, Beans, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 47s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	2	6	—	—	—	0	7	6
..... at or above 47s. but under 44s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
..... at or above 44s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Barley, Beer, or Hops, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 31s. 6d. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	2	6	—	—	—	0	7	6
..... at or above 31s. 6d. but under 33s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
..... at or above 33s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Oats, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 22s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	0	6	9	—	—	—	0	2	3
..... at or above 22s. but under 20s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
..... at or above 20s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Wheatmeal or Flour, if the aggregate Average Price of Wheat at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 63s. per Quarter, high Duty, the cwt.	0	6	9	—	—	—	0	1	3
..... at or above 63s. but under 66s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the cwt.	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
..... at or above 66s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Indian Corn or Maize, if the aggregate Average Price of Barley at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 31s. 6d. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	2	6	—	—	—	0	7	6
..... at or above 31s. 6d. but under 33s. per Quarter, full low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
..... at or above 33s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Ostrich, if the aggregate average Price at the Port of Importation									
..... under 10s. per Boll, of 24lbs. Avoca- poin, or 24lbs. Scotch Troy, high Duty, the Boll	0	8	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
..... at or above 10s. but under 11s. per Boll, full low Duty, the Boll	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
..... at or above 11s. per Boll, second low Duty, the Boll	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Percussent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
Curr. account.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
TAXES No. 2.									
The following Duties are payable on the Importation of									
Wheat, Wheat-meal or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beans or									
Bog Oats, Oatmeal, Peas, Beans, Indian Corn, or									
Maize from the Province of Quebec, and the other									
British Colonies or Plantations in North America, viz.									
— Wheat, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of									
Importation is									
..... under 53s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quar-									
ter									
..... at or above 53s. but under 56s. per Quarter,									
first low Duty, the Quarter									
..... at or above 56s. per Quarter, second low									
Duty, the Quarter									
— Rye, Peas, Beans, if the aggregate average Price at									
the Port of Importation is									
..... under 55s. per Quarter, high Duty,									
the Quarter									
..... at or above 55s. but under 57s.									
per Quarter, first low Duty, the									
Quarter									
..... at or above 57s. per Quarter, se-									
cond low Duty, the Quarter									
— Barley, Beans, or Buggs, if the aggregate average Price									
at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 26s. per Quarter, high									
Duty, the Quarter									
..... at or above 26s. but under 28s.									
per Quarter, first low Duty,									
the Quarter									
..... at or above 28s. per Quarter,									
second low Duty, the Quar-									
ter									
— Oats, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of									
Importation is									
..... under 17s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter									
..... at or above 17s. but under 18s. per Quarter,									
first low Duty, the Quarter									
..... at or above 18s. per Quarter, second low Duty,									
the Quarter									
— Wheatmeal or Flour, if the aggregate average Price									
of Wheat at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 7s. per Quarter, high									
Duty, the cwt.									
..... at or above 7s. but under 8s.									
per Quarter, first low Duty,									
the cwt.									
..... at or above 8s. per Quarter,									
second low Duty, the cwt.									
— Indian Corn or Maize, if the aggregate Average Price									
of Barley at the Port of Importation is									
..... under 26s. per Quarter, high									
Duty, the Quarter									
..... at or above 26s. but under 28s.									
per Quarter, first low Duty,									
the Quarter									
..... at or above 28s. per Quarter,									
second low Duty, the Quarter									
— Oatmeal, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port									
of Importation is									
..... under 10s. 6d. per Boll of 14 lbs. Aveir-									
dupois, or 125 lbs. Scotch Troy, high									
Duty, the Boll									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Dessback.			War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Corn, continued.</i>									
Duty of Two-pence per Bush, or Ten Quarters, to be paid to the Inspector of Corn Returns.									
Corn, Powder, &c. Imported.									
Corn, Corri Calcuttanum, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Corn, <i>vis.</i>									
— Angulana, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Corns Angulana may be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 47 Geo. 3. c. 87. 48 G. 3. c. 137. and 48 G. 3. c. 116.									
— Canophyllaria, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— Eleutheria, the covt.	0	14	0	0	0	4	0	4	1
— Gemma, the covt.	0	17	0	0	11	0	0	3	10
— Limonum or Avicennarum, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
— Peruvianum or Solanum Bark, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Solanum Bark may be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 116.									
— Simarouba, the lb.	0	0	5½	0	0	5	0	0	1½
— Waterman, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100 l. of the Value	17	10	0	15	0	0	10	10	0
Coffin, the lb.	0	0	7½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Coarse Cloth of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, <i>See Man.</i>									
<i>See Man.</i>									
Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100 l. of the Value	54	0	0	—	—	—	18	0	0
Cotton Thread, <i>See Thread.</i>									
— Wool, <i>See Wool.</i>									
— Yarn, <i>See Yarn.</i>									
Cover Or Hair, <i>See Hair.</i>									
— Hides, <i>See Hides.</i>									
— Tails, <i>See Tails.</i>									
Covered or Coverd, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
Cowries, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100 l. of the Value	2	0	0	—	—	—	0	12	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cowries may be so imported, for 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30.*									
Cows, <i>See Cattle.</i>									
<i>See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>									
Cranberries, the Gallon	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
Crosses, <i>See Halls Wrought.</i>									
Crosses, for every 100 l. of the Value	17	10	0	15	0	0	10	10	0
Crosses of Tartar, the covt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
Crown, <i>vis.</i> Bear Coat, for every 100 l. of the Value	10	0	0	—	—	—	0	12	4
<i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>									
Crystal, <i>vis.</i>									
— Beads, <i>See Beads.</i>									
— rough, for every 100 l. of the Value	10	0	0	15	6	8	6	12	4
— cut, or in any Way manufactured, for every 100 l. of the Value	31	10	0	15	0	0	10	10	0
Cucubs, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
Cucumbers, <i>vis.</i>									
— pickled, the Gallon	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
— preserved in Salt and Water, for every 100 l. of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	10	10	0
Culm, the Chaldier containing 56 Bushels Winchester Measure	1	0	0	—	—	—	0	6	10
Currency Seed, <i>See Seed.</i>									
Currency, <i>vis.</i>									
— imported in a British-built Ship, the covt.	1	8	0	0	18	8	0	9	4
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the covt.	1	10	0	0	18	8	0	10	0

* See
48 G. 3. c. 116.
911)

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Caracas, continued.</i>									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Caracas may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 136.									
Cattle Hides, the 1000	0	7	8	0	5	0	0	8	7
Cyperus, the cent.	0	10	0	0	6	8	0	5	4
D.									
Deer & Tallow or Sphingium, See Linnæ.									
Dates, the cent.									
Dead Exotic, } See Wood.	1	17	0	1	18	0	0	19	0
Deals, } See Wood.									
Deer Skins, See Skins.									
Deers Raffles, See Raffles.									
Deer's, Goods deers, See Deers of Admiralty.									
Diaperstuffs, See Sarcenony.									
Diamonds, Duty free.									
Diaper Tallow or Sphingium, See Linnæ.									
Dies, the Pair	0	16	6	—	—	—	0	5	6
Dismay, the lb.	0	0	7½	0	0	5	0	0	½
Dog Skins, } See Skins.									
Dog Fish Skins, } See Skins.									
Dog Stoves, See Stoves.									
Doves, imported in a British-built Ship, the lb.	0	0	8	0	0	6	0	0	5
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the lb.	0	0	10½	0	0	6	0	0	½
Drawings, coloured, each	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	0	5
— plain, each	0	1	10	—	—	—	0	0	4
Dressing Cases, See Boxes.									
Drillings, See Linnæ.									
Dress of Admiralty, coming within the Description of deers'd Ruffles, Jetties, or Legges, are not subject to Duty.									
Drops, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, for the several Articles in alphabetical Order.									
— not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every coal of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0	12	10	0
Ducks, See Salt Cloths in Linnæ.									
Duff, perfected, See Perfumed Duff.									
E.									
Earthenware, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every coal of the Value	50	0	0	—	—	—	16	13	4
East India Goods, for the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported by the East India Company, See Table B.									
Ebony, See Wood.									
Eels, the ship's Tallow	5	5	0	—	—	—	5	15	0
Eggs, the Hundred, containing Six Shells	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	8
See the Note under the Head of Peacocks.									
Elastic Bottles, or Baccarins, See India Rubbers.									
Elsberg Curves, See Caracas Linnæ.									
Elmhurst, See Helbert.									
Emery Green, See Gems.									
Elephant's Teeth, the cent.	3	10	0	1	13	4	0	16	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Elephants Teeth may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137 and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 136.									
Elephant's Curves, See Curves.									
Ele Hair, See Hair.									
— Stone, See Stone.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	PAYMENT.						TEMPORARY OR WAR DUTY.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.
Emeralds, Rubies, and all other precious Stones and Jewels (except Diamonds) for every toad of the Value ⁵	10	0	0	—	—	—	3	6	3
Essary Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.									
Essence, the lb.	0	4	6	0	3	0	0	1	6
Essie Compaun Radis, } <i>See</i> Radis.									
Essie Radis,									
Essie Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Essie, <i>See</i> <i>See</i>									
— of Bergamot, the lb.	0	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	11
— of Lemon, the lb.	0	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	11
— of Spruce, for every toad of the Value	10	0	0	13	6	3	0	13	4
— of the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, for every toad of the Value	10	0	0	6	13	4	3	6	3
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every toad of the Value	37	10	0	0	0	0	13	10	0
Elbrish Feathers, <i>See</i> Ostrich Feathers, in Feathers.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Ostrich Wool, in Wool.									
Euphorbium, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	13
F.									
Fur Mitts, of Leather, for every toad of the Value	30	0	0	—	—	—	30	0	0
Furs Radis, <i>See</i> Radis.									
Feather Beds, <i>See</i> Feathers for Beds.									
Note.—The Duty on Feather Beds is payable according to the Quantity of Feathers contained therein.									
Feathers, <i>See</i> <i>See</i>									
— for Beds, imported in a British-built Ship, the cent	3	16	0	1	17	4	0	15	3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cent	3	0	0	1	17	4	1	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Feathers for Beds may be stored in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 37. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Ostrich or Elbrish, dyed, the lb.	1	13	0	1	3	4	0	11	3
— — — — — undyed, the lb.	3	10	0	0	0	3	0	3	4
— Value, for every toad of the Value	17	10	0	0	0	0	13	10	0
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every toad of the Value	37	10	0	0	0	0	13	10	0
Ferich Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.									
Ferich Seed, } <i>See</i> Seed.									
Ferich Seed, } <i>See</i> Seed.									
Ferich for Children, <i>See</i> Toys.									
Figs, imported in a British-built Ship, the cent	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cent	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	4	10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Figs may be stored in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 37. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Fishing Sticks, <i>See</i> Sticks.									
Flint Quarters, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
— Timber, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
Fire Wood, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
Fish, <i>See</i> <i>See</i>									
— Fresh Fish, British, taken and imported in British-built Ships or Vessels, Duty free.									
— British, taken and curing, Duty free.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any fresh Fish may be imported into Great Britain Duty free, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.									
Fishers Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent		Temporary
	Duty.	Duties.	or War Duty.
Fishing Nets, <i>old</i> , <i>See</i> Rags.			
Fish Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil, <i>is</i> Oil.			
Flannel Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Flag Buttons, <i>See</i> Buttons.			
Flannel, the Yard	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Flores, <i>See</i> Bottles.			
Flax, <i>viz.</i>			
— drawn, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	6 15 6	—	2 5 0
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	7 1 0	—	2 7 0
— — — — — rough or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
Flax Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Flint Stones for Pistols, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Flocks, the cwt.	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
Flannel, Good Flannel, <i>See</i> Droits of Admiralty.			
Flower Paper, Tissue, or Flannel, for every reed of the Value	10 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Flowers, <i>See</i> China, not made of silk, for every reed of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Fur Seal, <i>See</i> Seal.			
Furris, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every reed of the Value	10 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Furris, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Fur Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
— — — — — Tails, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Furrows for Pictures, Prints or Drawings, for every reed of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
French Irons, the cwt.	0 14 0	0 9 4	0 4 8
French Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.			
— — — — — <i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Fruit, artificial, for every reed of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Furrier's Walls, for every reed of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Fur, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Fur Seal, <i>See</i> Seal.			
Furris, <i>See</i> Wood.			
G			
Galanga, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
— — — — — not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 3
Galbanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
— — — — — not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
Galley Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles.			
Galls, the cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 4 4
Garbage, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
Games, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Garden Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Garnets, <i>viz.</i>			
— — — — — cut, the lb.	0 17 6	0 11 8	0 5 10
— — — — — rough, the lb.	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 3 0
Garret of Thread, for every reed of the Value	40 0 0	—	23 6 8
Goldings, <i>See</i> Hooves.			
Gum Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Gumres, <i>See</i> Spices.			
Gustins, the lb.	0 4 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Gibraltar.			
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandises of the Growth or Production of the Possessions of the Emperor of Morocco may be imported from Gibraltar, on Payment of such Duties only as are or shall be payable on the like Goods, when imported directly from Africa, <i>See</i> Art. 3. cap. 19.			

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Downduty.	
Sugar, &c.			
— the Produce of the British Plantations, Colonies, or Dependencies in Africa or America, the cert. -	0 14 6	0 9 5	0 4 10
— not the Produce of the British Plantations, the cert. -	1 12 0	1 1 4	0 11 0
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Sugar imported from the West Indies may be landed in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 13. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 13. and 49 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— preferred, the lb. -	0 0 0	—	0 0 8
Coffee, the lb.			
— For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Coffee may be landed in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 13. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 13. and 49 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— the lb. -	0 0 10½	0 0 7	0 0 3½
Glass, &c.			
— Bottles, for Sale.			
— broken, fit only to be remanufactured, the cent. -	0 0 0	—	0 0 8
— rough Pane Glass, and ground or polished Plate or Crown Glass, for every 100l. of the Value -	78 0 0	—	24 0 0
— and bottles for every Foot superficial Measure -	0 2 6	—	—
— German Sheet Glass, for every 100l. of the Value -	72 0 0	—	24 0 0
— and bottles for every Foot superficial of Measure -	0 1 0	—	—
— Glass Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value -	78 0 0	—	24 0 0
— Glass is also subject to a Duty of Excise.			
Glass Chippings, fit only to make Glass, the cent. -	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Glass, the cent.	0 7 6	—	0 2 6
Great Hair, for Hair.			
— Shins, for Shins.			
— Wood, for Great Hair in Hair.			
Gold Coins, for Bullion.			
— Bars, for Bars.			
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, &c.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any Goods or Commodities (except Tobacco, Stuffs, and Rices) being the Produce of any Territory, Possession, or Country, not under the Dominion of His Majesty, or the Colonies of America or in the West Indies, or by, under His Majesty's Order or Consent be exported to the Great Britian from any such Territory, Possession, or Country, and be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for the Purpose of being exported to Foreign Parts, and for no other Purpose whatever: see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 8. and continued by 48th 3. cap. 10. until Eight Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which His Majesty may, during the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, grant Licences to Dutch Subjects to import from any Country in America belonging to any Foreign European Sovereign or State, any Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any such Country in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any State in Amity with His Majesty, subject to the same Duties as if imported in a British built Ship: see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 14.			
Grain Quills, the Quills.			
Grain, for Corn.			
Grain, &c.			
— Oatmeal Grain, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.			Dowitch.				
	d	s.	d.	d	s.	d.	d	s.
<i>Ginseng, continued.</i>								
— of Paradise, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0
— Grenada, the lb.	0	0	8	—	—	—	0	0
— Grapes, for every 100 l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	13	10
— Range of, See Range of Grapes.								
Green Stones, See Stones.								
Grease, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0
Greaves for Dogs, the cwt.	0	1	1	0	0	10	0	0
Greggins Yarn, See Yarn.								
Guanaco Cortex, See Cortex.								
— Gum, See Gum.								
Guanilo, Island of,								
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, (Salt excepted, See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 89. and Statute and Statutes not being Barr Stones, or Stones used for the Purpose of paving or making or mending Roads, See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 42 Geo. 3. cap. 95.) may be imported from those Islands by the Inhabitants thereof, without Payment of any Duty, except such Excise or other Duty as shall be payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of Great Britain, See 4 Geo. 1. cap. 4. But Foreign Goods having been lawfully imported into the said Islands, and Foreign Goods and Commodities in Part or fully manufactured in either of them, and which may be legally imported from thence into Great Britain, are subject to such Duties as are payable for the like Goods when imported from any Foreign Country of which they are the Growth, Product, or Manufacture, See 3 Geo. 1. cap. 4.								
Guaia, See Galls.								
— Peppers, See Peppers.								
— Wood, See Red Wood in Wood.								
Gum, viz.								
— Armenian, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0
— Anirol, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0
— Arabic, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	1
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Arabic may be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 121. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.								
— Cajeup, See Lac in Gum.								
— Calico, the cwt.	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1
— Copal, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0
— Elem, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0
— Guaiacum, the lb.	0	1	1	0	0	9	0	0
— Jaquier, See Gum Sassafras.								
— Lac, viz.								
— — Cajeup, the lb.	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
— — Shellack or Seed-lac, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0
— — Stick-lac, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1
— Opoponax, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	2	1	0	1	6	0	0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	4	6	0	3	0	0	1
— Sassafras, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback.		War Duty.		
<i>Gins, continued.</i>						
Sausages or Scales, the cent.	0 10 0	0 8 0		0 4 0		
Sarcocolla, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4		0 0 2		
..... not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 3		0 0 4		
Seed-lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.						
Serapa, the cent.	0 7 6	—		0 2 6		
..... imported from Europe in a British built Ship, the cent.	1 1 0	—		0 7 0		
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Serapa may be so imported, <i>See</i> 25 Geo. 3. cap. 52.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Serapa may be so used as Washhouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 45 Geo. 3. cap. 12. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 37. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 113. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 116.						
Shick-lac } <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.						
Shick-lac }						
Tamarisks, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10		0 0 5		
Tungacalls, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 7½	0 0 5		0 0 1½		
..... not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10		0 0 5		
..... not particularly enumerated or described, or others to be charged with Duty, for every 100 l. of the Value	37 10 0	27 0 0		10 10 0		
<i>Ginsperdy,</i> <i>See</i> Corn Powder, the cent.	1 6 0	1 10 0		0 15 4		
..... Serpentine Powder, the cent.	1 9 0	0 19 4		0 9 8		
<i>Getting Canvas, See</i> Canvas or Lutes.						
<i>Gypsum,</i> the ton, containing 20 cwt.	1 0 0	—		0 6 8		
the Produce of and imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the Ton, containing 10 cwt.	0 0 9	—		0 0 3		
H.						
<i>Hair, &c.</i>						
Camel, the lb.	0 2 0	—		0 0 4		
Cow, Ox, or Bull, the cent.	0 11 6	—		0 3 10		
Eh, the cent.	0 11 6	—		0 3 10		
Goat or Turkey Goat Wool, the lb.	0 0 3	—		0 0 1		
Hats made of, <i>See</i> Hats.						
Horns, for every 100 l. of the Value	10 0 0	—		6 13 4		
Horns, the lb.	0 3 0	—		0 1 0		
..... not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 l. of the Value	20 0 0	—		6 13 4		
Hair Powder, the cent.	0 3 0	—		1 1 8		
..... perfumed, or perfumed Doff, the cent.	0 11 0	—		1 17 4		
Hairs, <i>See</i> Beavers.						
..... <i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Handkerchiefs, the Dozen	0 1 3	—		0 0 5		
Handspikes, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Hard Wax, <i>See</i> Wax.						
Hare Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
..... Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.						
Harp Strings, the Gosh, containing 22 Beavers Knots	0 4 0	0 3 8		0 1 4		
Hart Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.						
Hats, &c.						
..... Doff, Chip, Case or Hair Hat or Bonnet, each Hat or Bonnet, not exceeding 20 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen	0 6 9	—		0 3 3		
..... each Hat or Bonnet exceeding 20 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen	0 13 6	—		0 4 4		

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Purveyors.						Temporary or Ware Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Hats, unlined									
— <i>Stays</i> , Hats or Bonnets, each Hat or Bonnet not exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Duty	2	3	0	—	—	—	0	14	4
— — — — — each Hat or Bonnet, exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Duty	4	6	0	—	—	—	1	8	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Clay or Stays Hats may be imported as Warehouse without Payment of Duty, for 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 123. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 115.									
— made of or lined with Felt Hair, Wool or Beaver, the Hat	1	1	6	—	—	—	0	7	0
Hay, the Load, containing 36 Tacks, each Tack being 45lb.	0	14	6	—	—	—	0	4	10
Head Mares, for Trawls or Cods.	0	5	9	—	—	—	0	1	11
Hedges, for Hedges, the cut.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Heldens or Eldens, the lb.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hemp, viz.									
— drilled, imported in a British-built Ship, the cut.	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cut.	3	3	0	—	—	—	1	1	0
— rough or undrilled, or any other vegetable substance of the Nature and Quality of undrilled Hemp and applicable to the same Purposes imported in a British-built Ship, the cut.	0	5	0	0	3	10	0	1	11
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the cut.	0	0	5	0	3	10	0	0	11
— — — — — the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the Tons, containing 20 cut.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	1
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Hemp undrilled may be imported as approved Places without Payment of Duty, for 43 G. 3. c. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 123. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 115.									
— Seed, for Seed.									
— Seed Oil, or Oil.									
Electroduty, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Malaga Canards, for Canons or Lions.									
Mails, viz.									
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, in the Hair not tanned, tanned, curried, or in any way drilled.									
— — — — — imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	5
— — — — — Tanned, and not otherwise drilled, the lb.	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— — — — — Tails, for Tails.									
— H, for Skins.									
— Hairs, Mare, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned, tanned, curried, or in any way drilled.									
— — — — — imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— — — — — not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	5
— — — — — Tanned, and not otherwise drilled, the lb.	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— Leds, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— Malva, or Ruffa tanned or coloured, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— or Pieces of Hides, raw or undrilled, not particularly enumerated or defined or otherwise charged with Duty, imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, for every 1000 of the Value	3	14	0	—	—	—	1	4	8
— or Pieces of Hides, raw or undrilled, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	6	12	4
— or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way drilled, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	10	0	0
Notes —His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, any Hides or Pieces of Hides, drilled or un-									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanen.						Temporary of War Duty.			
	Duty.			Drawback.						
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	
Hides, without. to be imported into Great Britain in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, for 44 Geo. 3. cap. 39. revised and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 19. and by 48 Geo. 3. c. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Hides may be imported in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, for 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.										
Hops, for the Note under the Head of Provisions.										
Hops Lard, for Lard.										
Horns, the Hundred, containing Five Score		14	6		9	8		4	10	
Honey, the cwt.		9	6					3	2	
Hoofs of Cattle, for every 1000. of the Value	10	0	0				6	13	4	
Hoops, viz.										
— of Iron, the cwt.		15	0					5	0	
— of Wood, the 1000		0	0					3	0	
Hops, the cwt.*		5	8	4				1	10	0
Horns, viz.										
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, the Hundred, containing Five Score		3	6		1	4		1	8	
— Hare or Stag, the Hundred, containing Five Score		13	6		9	0		4	6	
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000. of the Value	10	0	0	13	0	8	6	13	4	
Note —His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, any Hares or Pieces of Hares to be imported into Great Britain in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, for 44 Geo. 3. cap. 39. revised and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 19. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.										
Hare Taps, the Hundred, containing Five Score		1	3		0	10		0	3	
Hare Hair, for Hair.										
— Hare or Henssets, for Hair.										
— Hides, for Hides.										
Horns, Horns or Girdings, each	4	4	0				1	8	0	
Human Hair, for Hair.										
Hungary Water, for Spirits.										
Hulls or Koads of Silk, for Silk Koads in Silk.										
Hulk Skins, for Skins.										
Indep, the lb. For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Indep may be imported in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, for 45 Geo. 3. cap. 172. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.		1	10		0	9		0	4	
Jamaica Wood, for Brazil-wood in Wood.										
Japans Tars, for Tars.										
Jerley, Head of, for Currency.										
Jessamine Oil, for Oil.										
Jelans Bark, for Cortex Peruvianus.										
Jet, the lb.		1	3		0	10		0	3	
— Beads, for Beads.										
Jetons, Goods Jetons, for Goods of Admiralty.										
Jewels, for Jewels.										
Jacks, viz.										
— wrought, the lb.		0	6					0	2	
— wrought, the lb.		3	3					1	2	
Jacks Rubbers, or Barmches, the lb.		0	3		0	3		0	2	

* [See 45 G. 3. c. 87. 46 G. 3. c. 87. and 48 G. 3. c. 126.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback		Duty.	Drawback	
Indian Corn, or Maize, <i>See</i> Corn.	℥ 1. 4	—	—	℥ 0. 1	—	—
Indigo, the lb.	0 0 3	—	—	0 0 1	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Indigo may be landed in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 118. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
Iron for Frises, the cwt.	0 13 0	0 1 8	—	0 4 4	—	—
Ironstones Radix, <i>See</i> Radix.						
Ireland. The Duties and Drawbacks of Customs on Articles the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, imported directly from thence, or not in any way altered, raised or exported by any Thing herein contained, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.						
Iron Keels, <i>See</i> Grills Keels.						
Iron, viz.						
— in Bars or overboard,						
— the Produce of any British Colony or Plantations in America, and imported from thence, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0 14 0	—	—	0 4	—	—
— the Produce of any other Country,						
— imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	4 2 0	—	—	1 7 4	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	5 0 0	—	—	1 13 4	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Iron in Bars may be landed in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 118. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
— Six or hammered into Rods and Iron drawn or hammered, less than $\frac{1}{4}$ of an Inch Square						
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 10 6	—	—	0 4 4	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 13 6	—	—	0 4 6	—	—
— Cast, <i>See</i> every 100 L. of the Value	10 0 0	—	—	6 13 4	—	—
— Hoops, <i>See</i> Hoops.						
— old broken and old cast Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 11 0	—	—	0 3 8	—	—
— Ore, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 5 6	—	—	0 1 10	—	—
— Pig Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 11 0	—	—	0 3 8	—	—
— the Produce of and imported from the British Plantations in America, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 5 0	—	—	0 1 8	—	—
— Wire, <i>See</i> Wire.						
Wrought, the cwt.	1 10 0	—	—	0 10 0	—	—
— the Produce of, and imported from the British Plantations in America, the cwt.	0 10 0	—	—	0 8 4	—	—
Yle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Ily of.						
Yucca of Louisiana, Linnæa, or Otagoa, the Gallon	0 0 9	0 0 6	—	0 0 3	—	—
Zinzibar Berries, <i>See</i> Berries.						
— Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Soudrake.						
— Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.						
York old, <i>See</i> England.						
Zealy, the lb.	0 3 3	—	—	0 1 1	—	—
K.						
Kelp, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 8 6	0 5 8	—	0 0 10	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 9 0	0 5 8	—	0 8 0	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Kelp may be landed in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 118. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
Kilney Beans, <i>See</i> Beans.						
As also the Note under the Head of Potatoes.						

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
Kid Skins, <i>See Skins.</i>	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Kate of Wool, <i>See Wools.</i>									
Kerms of Oak, <i>See Wood.</i>									
Kerbs of Silk, <i>See Silk. Kerbs of Silk.</i>									
L.									
Lac, <i>See Lac in Gum.</i>									
Lace, <i>See</i>									
— Silk Lace, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value ^a	17	0	0	—	—	—	8	0	8
— Thread Lace, <i>See</i>									
— under 5 <i>l.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
— of 5 <i>l.</i> and under 10 <i>l.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
— of 10 <i>l.</i> and under 15 <i>l.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	2	0
— of 15 <i>l.</i> and under 20 <i>l.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	4	3	—	—	—	0	2	5
— of 20 <i>l.</i> and under 25 <i>l.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	2	9
— of 25 <i>l.</i> the Yard or upwards, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	15	0	0	—	—	—	8	6	4
Lagu, Goods Lagu, <i>See Duties of Admiralty.</i>									
Lamb, whether Salted or otherwise, <i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>									
Lamb Skins, } <i>See Skins.</i>									
— Skin, }									
Lamb, <i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>									
— Wood, <i>See Sheep's Wood or Wood.</i>									
Lamp Black, the cwt.	3	3	0	1	8	0	0	14	0
Lapis, <i>See</i>									
— Calaminaris, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
— Coarctatus, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	1
— Lapid, the lb.	0	8	0	0	1	4	0	0	5
— Tartar, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	1
Lard, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	1	3
Larchwood, <i>See Wood.</i>									
Larrea, <i>See</i>									
— Black, the cwt.	0	17	8	0	11	8	0	5	10
— Shaven, the cwt.	1	11	6	1	1	0	0	10	0
— Wire, <i>See Wire.</i>									
Lavender Flowers, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
— Water, <i>See Spirits.</i>									
Lignum, <i>See Lignum.</i>									
Lizard Lapis, <i>See Lapis.</i>									
Litch, <i>See</i>									
— Black, the cwt.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— Oil, the Tin, containing 50 cwt.	1	2	0	0	15	0	0	7	0
— Pig, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	10	0	0	—	—	—	0	13	4
— Red, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	1	6	0	1	0
— White, the cwt.	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	3	8
Liver Metal, <i>See Metal.</i>									
Leather, any Article made of Leather, or any Manufacture whereof Leather is the most valuable Part, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	50	0	0	—	—	—	30	0	0
Layers of Gold, the 100 <i>l.</i> Leaves	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	7
Layers of Silver or Varnish, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
Leaves, exported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 <i>l.</i>	0	10	3	0	8	3	0	4	1
— not exported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 <i>l.</i>	0	15	0	0	8	3	0	4	4
— Juice of, <i>See Juice.</i>									
— Painted, the Tin, containing 150 Gallons	1	6	0	1	10	8	0	15	4
Letitia, the Bullock	0	0	8	—	—	—	0	0	8
<i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>									
Leopard Skins, <i>See Skins.</i>									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent		Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.	Drawback.	War Duty.	
Loam Ballies, <i>See</i> Radins.				
Liquors, <i>viz.</i>				
— Quinquina, the rest.			1 13 4	
— Rhodium, <i>See</i> Milk Wood or Wood.	3 11 0	—		
— Wax, <i>See</i> Wood.				
Line Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.				
Linen, Java of, <i>See</i> Java.				
Linnæan Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.				
— Salt, <i>See</i> Salt.				
Lints, plain, <i>viz.</i>				
— Cambricks and Laces, especially called French Laces, ^o plain, the Piece not exceeding Eight Yards in Length, and not exceeding Seven Eighths of a Yard in Breadth	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
— exceeding Eight Yards in Length, or ex- ceeding Seven Eighths of a Yard in Breadth the Piece; and in that Proportion for a greater or less Quantity	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 0 6	
— Canvas, <i>viz.</i>				
— Heine Canvas or Dutch Barva, imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1 13 6	1 1 4	0 11 0	
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1 15 0	1 1 4	0 11 8	
— Packing Canvas, Gattings, Spruce, Ebbings or Quambersburgh Canvas				
— imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1 1 6	0 15 0	0 7 6	
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1 3 6	0 15 0	0 7 10	
— Dutch Tabling of the Manufacture of Holland, <i>viz.</i>				
— not exceeding 2 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 6 3	0 4 0	0 0 1	
— exceeding 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 7 3	0 4 10	0 0 4	
— of the Breadth of 3 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 8 3	0 5 6	0 0 9	
— of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	
— Dutch Tabling of the Manufacture of Sicily or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or defined, the Square Yard	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6	
— Dutch Tawelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Holland, the Yard	0 3 6	0 1 8	0 0 10	
— Dutch Tawelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Sicily or of any other Place not otherwise enumera- ted or defined, the Yard	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3	
— Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of Holland, <i>viz.</i>				
— not exceeding 2 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 3 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	
— exceeding 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 3 9	0 1 6	0 0 3	
— of the Breadth of 3 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0 4 0	0 1 8	0 0 4	
— of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard	0 5 9	0 1 10	0 1 12	
— Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of Sicily or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or defined, the Yard	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 0 7	
— Diaper Tawelling and Napkining of the Manufac- ture of Holland, the Yard	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5	
— Diaper Tawelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Sicily, or of any other Place not otherwise enumera- ted or defined, the Yard	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3	
— Drilling and Packback, <i>viz.</i>				
— imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1 17 6	1 18 4	0 19 0	
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	2 0 0	1 18 4	1 0 0	
— Flannels Laces, and Laces of the Manufacture of Hol- land, plain, not otherwise enumerated or defined, <i>viz.</i>				
— not exceeding 2 Ells in Breadth, the Ell	0 1 9	0 1 3	0 0 3	

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			Duty.		
Linen. — <i>Flaxen Linen, &c. twisted.</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
. exceeding 3 Ells in Breadth, and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Ell	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0
. of the Breadth of 4 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Ell	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0
. of the Breadth of 5 Ells or upwards, the Ell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
— <i>German, Switzerland, &c. Country (except Russia) and Sicily Cloth, plain, &c.</i>									
. not exceeding 34½ Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1	15	0	0	4	6	0	10	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1	15	0	0	4	6	0	10	0
. exceeding 34½ Inches, and not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	3	17	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	3	19	0	0	3	19	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	6	0	0	0	3	19	0	0	0
— <i>Holland, Bremen, under 34½ Inches in Breadth,</i>									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
— <i>Lawn, &c.</i>									
. Sicily and all other Lawns, plain (except Cambricks and French Lawns) not bleached in Holland, the Piece not exceeding 8 Yards in Length	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. Sicily and all other Lawns, plain (except Cambricks and French Lawns) bleached in Holland, the Piece not exceeding 8 Yards in Length	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
— <i>Fine Duck, &c. Drillings in Lawn.</i>									
— <i>Russia Linen, plain, &c.</i>									
. Towing and Napkining of the Manufacture of Russia,									
. not exceeding 34½ Inches in Breadth									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	19	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1	1	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
— <i>Russia Linen, not otherwise enumerated or defined,</i>									
. not exceeding 34½ Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
. exceeding 34½ Inches and not exceeding 36½ Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. exceeding 36½ Inches and not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Formers.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Duties.			War Duty.		
Linen.—Ruffs, Laces, &c. <i>see</i> <i>post</i>.	<i>℥</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>℥</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>℥</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
..... exceeding 36 Inches and not exceeding 45 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	4	6	9	1	17	10	1	8	11
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	4	8	6	1	17	10	1	9	6
..... exceeding 45 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	6	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	6	4	0	4	0	0	2	1	6
— Sail Cloth, or Sail Duck, &c.									
..... not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	1	15	0	—	—	—	0	18	8
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	1	19	0	—	—	—	0	19	8
..... exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	4	15	6	—	—	—	1	11	1
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 Ells	4	17	6	—	—	—	1	13	6
— Sails, for every 100l. of the Value	54	10	0	—	—	—	15	3	4
..... not being cleaved or striped, or not being pointed, painted, stained or dyed, after the manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the manufacture, and not being otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	40	0	0	16	13	4	13	6	6
..... cleaved or striped, or pointed, painted, stained or dyed after the manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the manufacture, not being prohibited to be imported into or worn or used in Great Britain, and not being otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	50	0	0	—	—	—	30	0	0
— Cotton and Ruffs Laces, cleaved or striped, the Thread or Yarn of which the Laces is made being coloured, stained or dyed before the manufacture, exported to any Island under the Dominion of His Majesty in the West Indies, in which Description the Bahama Islands and the Bermuda or Somers Islands are included, for every 100l. of the Value	—	—	—	8y	10	0	—	—	—
..... and also of the Temporary or War Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	—	—	—	50	0	0	—	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Laces, plain, of all Sorts (except Sail Cloth), may be imported in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>see</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 120. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 106.									
Linen Yarn, <i>see</i> Yarn.									
Linen Boards, <i>see</i> Boards in Wood.									
Linseed, <i>see</i> Seed.									
..... Cake, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
..... Oil, <i>see</i> Oil.									
Linen Stuffs, <i>see</i> Stuffs.									
Liquor Razors, <i>see</i> Razors.									
Liquor Juice, <i>see</i> Succo Lycopodium.									
..... Powder, the cwt.	1	9	0	1	6	0	1	5	0
..... Root, the cwt.	1	0	0	1	6	8	0	13	4
Litharge, &c.									
..... of Gold, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	00	0	0	5
..... of Silver, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Lithum, the cwt.	0	8	0	—	—	—	0	0	00
Lithum, Duty free.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback.		Duty.	Drawback.	
Logwood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Long Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper.						
Lock Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.						
Lucerne Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.						
Lupines, the cut.	0	3	0	0	3	0
Luteologes, <i>See</i> Castings.						
M.						
Mace, <i>vide</i> .						
— the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.	0	4	6	—	—	0
— imported under Licence, the lb.	0	3	9	0	3	10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Mace may be so imported from any Place, <i>See</i> 3 and 4 Ann. cap. 4. 58 Geo. 1. cap. 7. 5 Geo. 2. cap. 21. 57 Geo. 2. cap. 28. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 19. further continued to the 24th September 1809, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.*						
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Madder, <i>vide</i> .						
— Red, the cut.	0	0	6	—	—	0
— Root, the cut.	0	1	0	—	—	0
— of any other Sort, the cut.	0	2	0	—	—	0
Mahogany, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Manna, <i>See</i> Gum.						
Man, <i>vide</i> oil.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Yarn and Cotton Cloth of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, and Beards and other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Island (with Exceptions as to some Articles) may be imported directly from thence without Payment of any Duties of Customs, <i>See</i> 3 Geo. 3. cap. 43. and also 4 Geo. 3. cap. 44. 24 Geo. 3. cap. 31. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 59.						
Mangrove Bark, <i>See</i> Bark.						
Manna, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Manna may be cleared in West Indies, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 157. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 116.						
Mops and Chains, the Piece	0	0	9	—	—	0
Morins, <i>See</i> Bones.						
Muscles for Children, <i>See</i> Toys.						
Musks, <i>See</i> Herbes.						
— Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.						
Myrrour, <i>vide</i> oil. <i>See</i> Oil.						
Narcisside, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	0
Maria Skins } <i>See</i> Skins.						
— Tails }						
Mallic, <i>vide</i> .						
— Red, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8
— of any other Sort, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0
Mails, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Matts, <i>vide</i> .						
— of Russia, imported in a British-built Ship, the Hundred, containing Five hundred	0	15	0	0	00	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hundred, containing Five hundred	0	15	9	0	00	9

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Duty.	
<i>Mace, continued.</i>	<i>℥</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>	<i>℥</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>	<i>℥</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	17 10 0	15 0 0	13 10 0
Making, viz.			
— of Barbary or Portugal, the Yard	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
— of Holland, the Yard	0 0 0	0 0 4	0 0 0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	17 10 0	15 0 0	13 10 0
Manganese, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	17 10 0	—	12 10 0
Mare Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Mead, the Gallon	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
	Subject also to a Duty of Excise.		
Metal, <i>See</i> Cast.			
Metals, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	17 10 0	—	11 10 0
Metals, the British	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Metals, the <i>est.</i>	0 13 0	0 10 0	0 3 0
— the Produce of and imported from the British Possessions in America, the <i>est.</i>	0 4 9	0 3 3	0 1 7
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Metals imported from the West Indies may be found in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 112. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Milking Pans for Goldsmiths, <i>See</i> Pans.			
Mercury, viz.			
— Precipitate, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— Sublimate, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
Metals, viz.			
— Bell Metal, the <i>est.</i>	0 13 6	0 8 4	0 4 2
— Leaf Metal (except of Leaf Gold) the Packet containing 500 Leaves	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
— prepared for Battery, the <i>est.</i>	1 2 0	1 8 0	0 14 0
Metals, the Gallon	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
	Subject also to a Duty of Excise.		
Mill boards, the <i>est.</i>	1 3 0	—	0 14 4
Millet Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
	<i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provision.		
Milkam Soda, the lb.	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mill Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Mineral Water, <i>See</i> Water.			
Miscells, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	10 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Mink Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Mohair Yarn, <i>See</i> Camel Yarn or Yarn.			
Mole Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Morich, the lb.	0 1 9	0 1 3	0 0 7
Morocco, <i>See</i> Greenish.			
Moss, viz.			
— Hack for Dyers use, the Ton containing 20 <i>est.</i>	1 3 0	—	0 7 4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	10 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Marker of Lead Shot, rough, the lb.	0 0 8	0 0 4	0 0 3
Males, each	3 3 0	—	1 1 0
Mans, <i>See</i> Beer.			
Musical Instruments, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	17 10 0	—	12 10 0
Musk, the <i>est.</i>	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 1 0
Muscovy Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Mustard Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Muscus, whether solid or otherwise,			
	<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provision.		
Nymphalæ, the <i>est.</i>	0 7 0	—	0 3 4
Nymphs, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
Myrtle Berries, <i>See</i> Berries.			
— Wax, <i>See</i> Bay Wax in Wax.			

SCHEDULE (A) — INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.				
	Duty.			Drawback.							
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
N.											
Naptising, <i>See</i> Lanes.											
Natives Cotton, the cwt.			0	14	6	0	8	4	0	4	8
Natives, for every 100l. of the Value	10	0	0	13	6	8	8	13	4		
Needles of Glass, <i>See</i> Swords.											
Nell Broom, for Brooms.											
Notes, <i>viz.</i> Old Filing Notes fit only for making Paper or Paperboard, for Rags.											
Microgram Wood, for Wood.											
Notings, <i>viz.</i>											
— the Produce of and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.	0	1	3	—			0	0	8		
— imported under License, the lb.	0	3	6	0	9	4	8	1	8		
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Retentions under which Notings may be so imported from any Place, <i>See</i> 3 & 4 Anne, cap. 4. 8 Anne, cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1, cap. 21. 5 Geo. 2. 8 Geo. 1, cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3, cap. 24, further continued in the 20th September 1792, and from thence to the End of the three next Sessions of Parliament. ^a											
— washed, the lb.	0	3	0	0	3	4	0	1	8		
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.											
Notes, <i>viz.</i>											
— Cotton Notes, for every 100l. of the Value	10	0	0	14	6	8	8	13	4		
— Charcoal, the Bushel	0	3	0	0	1	8	0	0	10		
— Pistachio Nuts imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	4		
— — — — — not imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4		
— Nutt Nuts, the Bushel	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	7		
— Walnuts, the Bushel	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	7		
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	17	10	0	13	0	0	13	10	0		
Nux Vomica, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	3		
O.											
Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Bark.											
— Boards, <i>See</i> Boards.											
— Knees, for Knees of Oak in Wood.											
— Plank, } <i>See</i> Wood.											
— Timber, }											
Oakum, the cwt.			0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
Oars, for Wood.											
Oatmeal, } <i>See</i> Corn.											
Oats, }											
Oiled Castor-oil, for Castor-oil Oil.											
Oil, <i>viz.</i>											
— of Almonds, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	4		
— of Amber, or Sassafras, the lb.	0	1	6	0	3	4	0	1	4		
— of Aniseed, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	8	0	0	10		
— of Bay, the cwt.	0	10	0	0	10	8	0	3	4		
— of Cajapan, the cwt.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6		
— of Cloves, the lb.											

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
Oil, refined	2d	s.	d.	2d	s.	d.	2d	s.	d.
-- of Manilla, the lb.	0	1	0	0	1	5	0	0	7
-- of Nango, the oz.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
-- of Orango, the lb.	0	0	5	0	1	6	0	0	9
Ordinary Oil of Olives imported in a British-built Ship, the ton, containing 172 Gallons	9	17	6	6	11	8	3	5	10
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the ton, containing 172 Gallons	10	10	0	6	11	8	3	10	0
-- of Vala, the ton.	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Oil of Olives or Vala Oil may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 124.	0	0	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
-- of Pasa, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	45	0	0	10	10	0
-- of Rape Seed, the ton, containing 172 Gallons	21	0	0	—	—	—	7	0	0
-- Rock Oil, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	8
-- of Rosemary, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
-- of Rofes. See Oil of Rofes	0	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	0
-- of Rose Wood, the lb.	0	5	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Salt Oil, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	1	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	1	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Salt Oil may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, for 43 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 124.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
-- of Saffron, the lb.	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
-- Seal Oil, for Trawl Oil, in Oil.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or defined, the ton, containing 172 Gallons	21	0	0	—	—	—	7	0	0
-- of Sida, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	5
-- of Succinum. See Oil of Amber	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-- of Turps, the lb.	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
Trawl Oil and Blubber, viz.									
----- Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and equipped according to Law, and imported in any British Shipping, the Ton containing 172 Gallons	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	0
----- Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shoals of the Island of Newfoundland, and Terra adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from coast to coast and retelling there, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and equipped according to Law, the Ton containing 172 Gallons	0	12	0	—	—	—	0	3	6
----- Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermuda Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and equipped according to Law, the Ton, containing 172 Gallons	1	8	0	—	—	—	0	9	4
----- Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing in									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Payment						Temporary or War Duty		
	Duty.			Drawback			War Duty		
	ℓ	s.	d.	ℓ	s.	d.	ℓ	s.	d.
Oil,—Train Oil and Blubber, returned any other British Colony, Plantation, Ter- ritory, or Settlement, and imported in a British built Ship or Vessel, registered and assigned a cargo to Law, the Tonnage con- sisting 250 Gallons	3	10	0	—	—	—	4	3	6
..... Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	14	0	0	—	—	—	4	11	4
..... Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and assigned according to Law and imported in any built Shipping, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
..... Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfound- land and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Ma- jesty's Subjects carrying on fish Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and assigned according to Law, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	0	15	9	—	—	—	0	5	3
..... Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahamas or Bermuda Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel registered and assigned according to Law, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	2	8	0	—	—	—	0	14	0
..... Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Terri- tory, or Settlement, and imported in a Bri- tish built Ship or Vessel registered and as- signed according to Law, the Tonnage con- sisting 250 Gallons	5	5	0	—	—	—	1	15	0
..... Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea of Foreign Fishing, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	28	0	0	—	—	—	7	0	0
..... Sperm-cet Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and as- signed according to Law, and imported in any built Shipping, the Tonnage consisting 250 Gallons	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
..... Sperm-cet Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on fish Fishery from that Island, and residing there- in, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and assigned according to Law, the Tonnage con- sisting 250 Gallons	0	15	9	—	—	—	0	5	3

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent			Temporary or War Duty.		
	d ^l	s.	d.	d ^l	s.	d.
Ordinary Oil of Olives, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Oil, <i>See</i> .						
— Copper, <i>See</i> Copper.						
— Gold, <i>See</i> Bullion.						
— Iron, <i>See</i> Iron.						
— Lead, <i>See</i> Lead.						
— Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion.						
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every rool of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	3
Orpiment, the lb.	0	1	0	0	1	0
Orpiment or Amalgamation, the owt.	0	15	0	0	12	0
Orms or Iron Root, the owt.	0	18	0	0	12	0
Oryzoides, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ostrich Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers.						
Otter Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Otto of Rose or Oil of Roses, the oz.	0	7	0	0	5	0
Ounce Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Oxgut Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.						
Ox Hair, <i>See</i> Brill, Cow, or Ox Hair in Hair.						
— Hides, <i>See</i> Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides in Hides.						
— Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.						
— Tails, <i>See</i> Tails.						
Oxen, <i>See</i> Cattle.						
— <i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provision.						
Oysters, the Bushel	0	0	0	—	—	0 0 3
P.						
Pack Duck, <i>See</i> Drilling in Livers.						
Packing Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Livers.						
Pack Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.						
Pale or Eye of Wood, the Dozen	0	2	0	—	—	0 0 10
Painted Paper, <i>See</i> Paper.						
Painter's Colours not otherwise enumerated or defined, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	4
Passage as Glass, for every rool of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	13 10 0
— Subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Palming Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood.						
Pale Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Parthen Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Parules, <i>See</i> Tiles.						
Paper, <i>See</i> .						
— Brown Paper made of old Rope or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, the lb.	0	0	0	—	—	0 0 3
— printed, pasted, or glazed Paper or Paper Hangings, the Yard Square	0	0	0	—	—	0 0 3
— White Paper or Paper of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	0 0 4
Parliament, the Dozen Sheets	0	0	3	—	—	0 0 1
Parthenaria, the owt.	0	2	0	—	—	0 16 4
Parung Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.						
— Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles.						
Parul Adzes, <i>See</i> Adzes.						
Parul Barkley, the owt.	0	11	0	0	7	4
Paruls, for every rool of the Value *	20	0	0	—	—	1 0 8
Parul Shells, <i>See</i> Mother of Pearl Shells.						
Parus, the Bushel	0	3	0	—	—	0 1 0
— dried, the Bushel	0	4	0	—	—	0 1 4
Parus, <i>See</i> Corn.						
Pebble Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.						
Pellitory, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	0
Pelts, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Pencils, for every rool of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0
Pens, for every rool of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0

* [See also G. L. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permitted.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Pepper, viz.									
Cape Pepper, the lb.	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	1	0
Ceylon Pepper, the lb.	0	7	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Long Pepper, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
Perfumed Stick, <i>See Hair Powders</i>									
Oil, <i>See Oil.</i>									
Perry, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	10	13	3	7	3	6	3	11	9
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Peruvian Cortex, <i>See Cortex.</i>									
Pewter, old, the cwt.	0	18	0	0	18	0	0	6	0
Pickles of all Sorts, not otherwise ascertained or defined, the Gallon	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Picture Frames, <i>See Frames.</i>									
Pictures, viz.									
under Two Feet Square, the Picture	2	3	0	—	—	—	0	14	4
of Two Feet Square, and under Four Feet Square, the Picture	4	6	0	—	—	—	1	8	8
of Four Feet Square, or upwards, the Picture	6	9	0	—	—	—	2	3	0
Pig Iron, <i>See Iron.</i>									
Lead, <i>See Lead.</i>									
Pill Boxes, <i>See Boxes.</i>									
Pimento, viz.									
of the British Plantations, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
not of the British Plantations, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Pimento, imported from the West Indies, may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.</i>									
Pine Oil, <i>See Oil.</i>									
Pink Root, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
Piney or Sweet Seed, <i>See Seed.</i>									
Pipe Boards, <i>See Boards in Wood.</i>									
Pistachio Nuts, <i>See Nuts.</i>									
Pitch, viz.									
imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonn containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 32½ Gallons	0	18	0	—	—	—	0	6	0
not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonn containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 32½ Gallons	0	19	0	—	—	—	0	6	4
the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations of the Crown of Great Britain, the Tonn containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 32½ Gallons	0	16	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Pitch may be cleared in approved Places without Payment of Duty, <i>See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.</i>									
Rogers Pitch, the cwt.	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3	0
Plaster of Paris, the cwt.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Plate, viz.									
imported, fit only to be re-manufactured, <i>See Bullion.</i>									
of Gold, the oz. Troy	3	8	6	—	—	—	0	16	0
of Silver Gold, the oz. Troy	0	4	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
of Silver, Part Gold, the oz. Troy	0	3	9	—	—	—	0	1	3
. weight, the oz. Troy	0	2	9	—	—	—	0	0	11
Plate Glass, <i>See Glass.</i>									
Platters of Wood, the Dozen	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Plating, or other Manufactures, viz.									
of Brass, Chip, Cast, or Hook Hair, to be used in, or proper for making Hats or Bonnets, the lb.	0	3	9	—	—	—	0	3	3
of Silver, to be used in, or proper for making Hats or Bonnets, the lb.	0	10	9	—	—	—	0	3	7
Plume Alms, <i>See Alms.</i>									
Plumb, dried, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
Polishing Ruffs, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	00	0	0	17	6	6	6	19	4

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Parallels				Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.		Doubts &			
Polishing Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.	<i>d</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d</i>
Polypodium, the <i>l.</i>	0	0	3	0	0	0
Portwine, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	31	10	0	15	0	0
Porphyrites, the 1000	0	10	0	—	0	0
----- Pails of, the cent.	0	9	0	—	0	0
Porose Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.						
Porcelain, <i>See</i> Glass Ware.						
Port, whether Island or otherwise.						
----- <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Portugal, Goods, Wares, and Manufactures, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of the Territo- ries or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal, in South America, <i>See</i> Brazil.						
Port Adzes, <i>See</i> Adzes.						
Potatoes, the cent.	0	1	3	—	0	0
----- <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Pots, <i>viz.</i>						
----- Shilling Pots for Goldsmiths, the Hundred, containing Five Score	0	0	0	0	1	4
----- of Stone, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	31	10	0	15	0	0
Pottery, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Powder, <i>viz.</i>						
----- of Brim for Pressing, the lb.	0	3	0	0	3	4
----- of Trove, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	31	10	0	15	0	0
----- Gun Powder, <i>See</i> Gun.						
----- Hair Powder, <i>See</i> Hair.						
----- Sago Powder, <i>See</i> Sago.						
Process Stones, <i>See</i> Emeralds.						
Prints, <i>viz.</i>						
----- Paper Prints, plain, the Piece	0	1	0	—	0	0
----- coloured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	31	10	0	—	12	10
Printers' Ink, <i>See</i> Ink for Printers.						
Pure Goods, <i>See</i> Table C.						
Provisions.						
----- <i>Note</i> —His Majesty is authorized to permit, for a limited Time, by Order in Council, the Importation into Great Britain, from any Port or Place whatsoever, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, and assigned in any Manner whenever, of any Beans called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentils, Callanaces and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also Balls, Corn, Oats, Okers, Sheep, Lambs and Swine, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Lamb, whether Island or otherwise, Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game and Bone Char, Duty free, pro- vided the Entry be made. His Majesty is likewise au- thorized in like Manner to recall such Parallels either in part or in the whole, if Circumstances shall here- after so require, <i>See</i> 23 Geo. 3. cap. 87. continued by Subsequent Acts and by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 13. revised and further continued until the 1 st March 1810.						
Prunella Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.						
Prunella, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
Prunus, imported in a British-built Ship, the cent.	0	17	3	0	18	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the cent.	0	18	0	0	18	0
----- <i>For</i> the Customs, Regulations and Restrictions under which Prunus may be imported at Warehouses, without Pay, <i>see</i> of Duty, <i>See</i> 45 Geo. 3. cap. 127. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 157. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
Pyrites, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	3
Pyrites, <i>See</i> Sulphur.						
Pails, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Pyreous Water, <i>See</i> Mineral Water in Water.						

SCHEDULE (A.)—DUWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary of War Duty		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Q.									
Quail Wood, <i>See</i> Liguan Quail.									
Quercus.									
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Production of any of the Countries bordering upon the Province of Quebec and legally brought by Land or Inland Navigation into that Province, may be imported from thence into Great Britain and charged with Duty, or be exempt therefrom in like Manner as if such Goods and Commodities were of the Growth or Production of Quebec, and imported directly from thence, <i>See</i> 30 Geo. 3. cap. 29.									
Quercitron, or Black Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Bark.									
Quern Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.									
Quicksilver, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Quicksilver may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 47 Geo. 3. cap. 122.									
Quills, <i>See</i>									
Goose Quills, the 1000	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Swan Quills, the 1000	0	7	6	0	5	0	0	3	6
Quilsons, the Hundred, containing 5 Score	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	12
R.									
Raccoon Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Rads, <i>See</i>									
Cassipourea, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Eriaca Casipourea, the cwt.	0	8	0	0	5	8	0	3	10
Eriaca, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Ipocassouba, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
Sassa, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1
Sassafras or Snake Root, the lb.	0	1	1	0	0	9	0	0	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rads Cassipourea or Snake Root may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 122.									
Rag Sticks, <i>See</i> Sticks.									
Rags, old, old Ropes or Junk or old Fishing Nets, fit only for making Paper or Parboiled, or for the Purpose of Manure, the Ton containing 20 cwt.									
imported in a British-built Ship	0	15	3	—	—	—	0	5	3
not imported in a British-built Ship	0	17	3	—	—	—	0	5	9
Raisins, <i>See</i>									
Delaware Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	3	0	9	0	0	4	9
Dania Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	10	3	0	8	1	0	0	1
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	11	0	0	8	3	0	4	4
Faro Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	1	0	9	0	0	4	9
Lava Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	9	0	9	4	0	4	11
Liquor Raisins imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	3	0	9	0	0	4	9

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Poundster.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Dowitch.	
Rafins, refined	<i>d</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
— <i>Savina Rafins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.</i>	0 15 0	0 10 0	0 5 0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 5 0
— of the Sun, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	1 0 0	0 17 10	0 8 11
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	1 7 0	0 17 10	0 9 5
— not otherwise enumerated or defined,			
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 1
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 13 0	0 8 0	0 4 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rafins of all Sorts may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 159. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Rape Cakes, the cwt.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— Seed, See Seed.			
— Seed Oil, See Oil.			
Rape of Grapes, the Tun containing 120 Gallons	7 0 0	4 13 4	3 6 6
Ratania, See Confial Water in Spirits.			
Retinas, See Cases.			
Raw Linn Yarn, See Yarn.			
— Silk, See Silk.			
Red Wood, See Wood.			
— Wood, See Wood.			
Red Cases, See Cases.			
Rennet, the Gallon	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 1
Refins Idappe, the lb.	0 4 3	0 1 10	0 1 3
Rheubarb, the cwt.	0 9 0	0 6 0	0 3 0
Rhinoceros Lignum, See Rafs Wood in Wood.			
Rhubarb, the lb.	0 2 6	0 1 8	0 0 10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rhubarb may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 159. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Rice, the cwt.	0 4 9	0 3	0 1 7
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rice may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 159. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126. See also the Note under the Head of Provision.			
Roch Alom, See Alom.			
Roch Mela, See Mela.			
— Oil, See Oil.			
Romanian Vitriol, See Vitriol Romanian.			
Ropes of Sail, See Sail Ropes.			
— raw, See Cordage.			
— old, See Rags.			
Rose Copper, See Copper.			
Rose Leaves, See Leaves.			
Rosin, Oil of, } See Oil.			
Rose-wood, Oil of, }			
Rofin, Oil of, See Oils of Rofin.			
Rofin, or Coleophane, etc.			
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 3 6	—	0 1 0
— the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, the cwt.	0 2 0	—	0 0 6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rofin may be landed in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 159. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	FURNACE.						TEMPORARY OR WAR DUTY.		
	DUTY.			DRAUGHT.			WAR DUTY.		
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Round Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Robins, <i>See</i> Emeralds.									
Rice, <i>See</i> Sugars.									
Rye, <i>See</i> Corn.									
S.									
Sable Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Sarcocolla Gum, <i>the lb.</i>			6			4	0	0	8
Safflower, <i>the cwt.</i>			6			—	0	1	10
Saffron, <i>the lb.</i>			6			0	1	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Saffron may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Sage-stem Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sago, <i>the lb.</i>			4			3	0	0	14
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
— Powder, for every cwt. of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0	12	10	0
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Sail Cloth or Sail Duck, <i>See</i> Sail Cloth in Lines.									
Salt, <i>See</i> Lines.									
Salt, <i>cwt.</i>									
— American, <i>the lb.</i>			3	—		—	0	0	1
— Corn, <i>the cwt.</i>			0	—		—	0	1	8
— Limonum or Acetofella, <i>the lb.</i>			0	—		0	1	0	0
— Prunella, <i>the lb.</i>			0	—		0	0	1	0
— Succin, <i>the lb.</i>			0	—		0	1	4	0
Salt or Salt imported directly from the Place of its Growth, <i>the lb.</i>			0			6	0	0	0
— <i>not</i> imported directly from the Place of its Growth, <i>the lb.</i>			0			6	0	0	0
Salt Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Salt imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 40 Bushels, each Bushel containing 56 lb.			3			6	0	1	9
— <i>not</i> imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 40 Bushels, each Bushel containing 56 lb.			6			6	0	1	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Importer or Proprietor of any foreign Salt may give Bond for the Payment of the Duties of Customs within Twelve Calendar Months, and which Bond may be cancelled on the Expiration of such Salt within that Period, <i>See</i> 46 Geo. 3. cap. 26.									
In case the full Duties of Customs on such Salt shall have been paid at or before the Expiration of the said Twelve Calendar Months, and such Salt shall be afterwards exported, the whole of the said Duties shall be drawn back, <i>See</i> 48 Geo. 3. cap. 26.									
Salt is also subject to a Duty of Excise.									
Salt Peter, <i>the cwt.</i>			0			3	—	0	0
Sand Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes.									
Sarsaparilla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sargol's Decoction, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, <i>the lb.</i>			0			8	0	0	4
— <i>not</i> imported directly from the Place of its Growth, <i>the lb.</i>			0			8	0	0	8
Sassaparilla, for every cwt. of the Value	20	0	0	18	0	8	0	13	4
Sarsocolla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sark, Head of, <i>See</i> Gunnies.									
Sarsaparilla, <i>the lb.</i>			0			6	0	0	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Sarsaparilla may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Sassafras, <i>the cwt.</i>			4			8	0	1	4
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.									

SCHEDULE (A) — INWARDS.	Permanent.				Temporary or War Duty	
	Duty.		Drawback.			
	d ^s	¢	d ^s	¢	d ^s	¢
Barley, whe.	0	3	0	—	0	0
— Red, the cwt.	0	0	0	—	0	0
— White or Yellow, the lb.	0	0	0	0	4	0
Bastings or Packings, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
Bacon, the cwt.	1	3	0	—	0	4
Stamony, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	4	0	0	0	0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	8	0	0	3	4
Scrapes of Wood, the Dozen	0	1	6	—	0	0
Scratch Bees, for every 1000. of the Value	17	10	0	15	0	0
Sculptured Marble, for Steves	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Mark Tooth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sealing Wax, for Wax.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seed Oil, for Train Oil is Oil.						
— Stone, for Stone.						
Seed, wa.						
— Annual Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	1
— Annual, the cwt.	1	8	0	0	10	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Annual may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126						
— Canary Seed, the cwt.	1	1	0	0	14	0
— Canary Seed, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	4	0
— Carrot Seed, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	0
— Carrot Seed, the lb.	0	0	0	0	1	0
— Carrot Seed, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	1
— Carrot Seed, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	1
— Carrot Seed, the cwt.	0	0	0	0	4	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Clover Seed may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
— Clover Seed, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	17	3	0	18	0
— Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	0	0	0	4	0
— Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	10	0	0	0	0
— Clover Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	0
— Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	4	0	0	3	0
— Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	0	1	—	0	0
— Clover Seed, for every 1000. of the Value	00	0	0	13	0	0
— Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	0	4	—	0	0
— Clover Seed, not particularly enumerated or defoliated, or otherwise charged with Duty, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	0
— Hemp Seed, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	11	0	—	0	3
— the Produce of and imported from the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	0	0	—	0	0
— Hemp Seed, the Bushel	0	0	3	—	0	0
— Hemp Seed, the cwt.	0	0	3	0	4	0
— Hemp Seed, the cwt.	1	0	0	0	13	0
— Hemp Seed, the cwt.	0	5	0	0	5	10
For the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
— Hemp Seed, the cwt.	0	3	3	0	2	1
— Hemp Seed, the cwt.	1	3	0	0	17	0
— Hemp or Peas Seed, the lb.	0	0	1	0	0	0
— Rape Seed, the Quarter containing 8 Bushels	0	10	0	—	0	5
— Rape Seed, Cole Seed, or Hemp Seed, and all other Seeds not otherwise charged with Duty commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil therefrom (wherever the Price of said Rape Seed shall be at or above 17s. 10s. per last) such Seed being of the Growth of any of the Colonies, Plantations or Provinces belonging to His Majesty in North America, and imported from thence, the Last containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter containing eight Bushels	0	2	6	—	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary	
	Duty.	Drawback.	War Duty.	
Seed— Rape Seed, &c. mentioned.	℥	s. d.	℥	s. d.
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Seed may be so imported, on Payment of the last mentioned Duty, See 23 Geo. 3. cap. 24. and 30 Geo. 3. cap. 41.				
— Rape Seed, Cole Seed or Hemp Seed, and all other Seed not otherwise charged with Duty, commonly made use of for the Purpose of extruding the Oil therefrom (whenever the Price of suchlike British Rape Seed shall be at or above 100 per Cwt) imported in a British Ship from any Country-whenever, the Tonnage exceeds 10 Quenters, each Quarter containing eight Bushels	0	8 6	—	0 0 10'
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Seed may be so imported, on Payment of the last-mentioned Duty, See 11 Geo. 3. cap. 24. 20 Geo. 3. cap. 41. 30 Geo. 3. cap. 217. continued by several Statutes, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 17. further continued until 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual.				
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Rape Seed may be so imported in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 10 Geo. 3. cap. 42. See also 34 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by several Statutes, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 25. further continued until the 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual.				
— Worm Seed, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0 9	0	0 6
— " " " " not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1 6	0	0 6
Seed, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	27	00 0	17	00 0
Seed Lin. See Lin in Gen.				
Seed Oil. See Oil				
Seam, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0 9	0	0 6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1 6	0	0 6
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Seam may be so imported in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 49 Geo. 3. cap. 228.				
Serapee Gum. See Gum.				
Serapie Balls, } See Balls.				
Serpentine Balls, }				
Serpentine Powder, See Gunpowder				
Shave Linnen. See Linnen.				
Shaving for Hats, See Flannel.				
Sharp, See the Note under the Head of Perfumery.				
— Skin, See Skin.				
— Wool, See Wool.				
Shellac, See Lac in Gen.				
Shells, Mixture of Peas, See in M.				
Ships, with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, (except Sails) for every 100l. of the Value	20	0 0	—	0 23 4
— Prize. See Table (C.)				
— Passage Duty shows, See Table (D.)				
Sheets of Wood unshaved, the Dozen	0	3 6	—	0 1 2
Shrove or old Bees, (it only to be remanufactured, the cwt.	0	17 9	0	11 10
Shumach or Sarsach, the cwt.	0	1 0	—	0 0 4
Silk, viz.				
— Kinds or Hells of Silk, the lb.	0	2 6	0	1 5
— Raw Silk, the lb.	0	4 1	0	2 9
— Thrown Silk, dyed, the lb.	1	8 9	0	10 2
— " " " " not dyed, the lb.	0	9 3	0	8 9

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
<i>Skins, continued.</i>									
Waste Skins, not otherwise enumerated or defined, the lb.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Raw Skins, Thrown Skins, and Waste Skins may be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 131. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Wrought Skins, viz.									
Capes or Tippets of the Manufacture of Italy imported directly from thence, the lb.	1	19	0	—	—	—	0	13	0
Skins—green Goat, for every 1000. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Silver Cases, See Duties.									
Plate, See Glass.									
Siamensis Corns, See Corns.									
Singing Birds, See Birds.									
Silks Thread, See Thread.									
Skates for Skating, for every 1000. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	18	00	0
Skates for Whittens, the best	0	0	45	—	—	—	0	0	15
Skans and Furs, viz.									
Edger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	10½	0	0	7	0	0	15
Bear Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	7	9	0	5	3	0	1	7
Imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	5	3	0	5	3	0	1	9
Beaver Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	3
Beck or Deer Skins, See Deer Skins.									
Calicos, See Squared Skips.									
Calico Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed,									
Imported in a British-built Ship, the Deerskin	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
Not imported in a British-built Ship, the Deerskin	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
Tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	8
Note.—His Majesty is authorized to permit by order in Council any Calico Skins or Pieces of Calico Skins, dressed or undressed, to be imported into Great Britain in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, See 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revised and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 10. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 14. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.									
Can Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
Imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	0
Caney Skins, undressed, the Deerskin	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0
Deer Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
Imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	1½	—	—	—	0	0	4½
Indian, half dressed or shaved, the Skin	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Indian Deer Skins half dressed or shaved may be cleared in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 131. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed,									
Imported in a British-built Ship, the Deerskin	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	0	0
Not imported in a British-built Ship, the Deerskin	0	5	6	—	—	—	0	1	0
Dog Fish Skins, undressed, the Deerskin	0	3	3	0	2	0	0	1	1

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Skins, continued.									
— Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, mixed, curried, or in any way dressed,									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	2½
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
— Ermine Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— Fisher Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
— Fisher Skins, undressed, the Deers Skins	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	2
— Fox Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. Tack, for every foot of the Value	17	10	0	13	0	0	18	10	0
— Goat Skins, viz.									
. raw or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the Deers Skins	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	7
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the Deers Skins	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
. tanned, the Deers Skins	2	3	0	—	—	—	0	14	4
Note —His Majesty is authorized to permit by Order in Council any Goat Skins, dressed or undressed, to be imported into Great Britain, in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revised and continued by 27 G. 3. cap. 26. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 25. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. so far as concerned until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.									
— Hair Skins undressed, the 100 Skins	0	3	0	0	3	4	0	1	0
— Holf Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Kid Skins in the Hair, the 100 Skins	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
. dressed, the 100 Skins	1	11	0	1	1	2	0	0	7
— Lamb Skins undressed, in the Wool, the 100 Skins	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	0
. dressed in Aliver, Sals, or Mord, the 100 Skins	0	10	0	0	11	0	0	0	7
. dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins	2	13	0	1	14	10	0	17	0
. Skins undressed in the Wool, the 100 Skins	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0
— Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0
— Lion Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
— Marten Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
. Tack, for every foot of the Value	0	10	1	0	0	10	0	1	3
— Musk Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
. dressed, the Skin	0	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	3
— Musk Skins, undressed, the Deers Skins	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
— Musquatch Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0	10	0	0	11	0	0	0	0
— Otter Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	—	0	1	4	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	2	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
— Ounce Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	1	7
— Panther Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
— Pelt of Goats, undressed, the Deers Pelt	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	7
. dressed, the Deers Pelt	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	3
. of all other Sorts, undressed, the 100 Pelts	0	10	0	0	7	1	0	1	7
— Raccoon Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	1	5	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
. imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the 100 Skins	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
— Seal Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
. Tallow Taps of Seal, undressed, the Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty			Drawback					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Skins, continued.</i>									
— Seal Skins, on the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin -	0	0	1½	—	—	—	0	0	0½
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	9
..... cured with Foreign Salt, and imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	0	1½	—	—	—	0	0	0½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Skins may be imported upon Payment of the said Duty, See 31 Geo. 3. cap. 26. continued by subsequent Acts, by 42 Geo. 3. cap. 55. further continued until 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20, made perpetual.									
— Sheep Skins, undressed, in the Wool, the Deers Skins -	0	1	4½	0	0	11	0	0	5½
..... dressed in Oil, or otherwise, or tanned or tawed, the Deer's Skins	0	5	0	0	5	10	0	0	11½
..... tawed, the 100 Skins	0	7	3	0	4	10	0	0	10
..... tawed, the 100 Skins	0	11	0	0	7	4	0	0	11
..... Tails, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0	13	10	0
— Swan Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	4½	0	0	11	0	0	5½
— Tiger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0	8
— Wolf Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
— Wolf Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	7	9	0	5	8	0	0	7
..... imported from any British Colony or Plantation or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	2	6	0	2	6	0	0	0
..... tawed, the Skin	0	11	0	0	7	4	0	0	11
— Wolverines, undressed, the Skin	0	4	9	0	3	3	0	0	7
..... imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	1	6	0	1	6	0	0	0
Skins and Furs or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0	13	10	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Skins and Furs not tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, may be imported in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 42 Geo. 3. cap. 122. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Skins and Furs or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, cured, or in any Way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	30	0	0	—	—	—	30	0	0
Shaw, See Steens.									
Shaw Pearls, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	15	0	0	13	10	0
— Table of Shaw in France } See Steens. Shaw Steens									
Shells, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Shells may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 41 Geo. 3. cap. 148. 42 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 127. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Seyren Hables, See Raftins.									
Snake Bows, See Snake Bows.									
Snuff, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Snuff may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, and delivered out of such Warehouses for Home Trade or Consumption in Great Britain, See 29 Geo. 3. cap. 68. Snuff is also subject to a Duty of Excise.									
Snuff Boxes, See Boxes.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanently.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Draw-back.			War Duty.		
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Soap, viz.									
— Aloes, <i>See</i> Aloes.									
— Hard, the cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	17	6
— Soft, the cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	15	0
Soap's Waste, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	5
Saccharus Aloes, <i>See</i> Aloes.									
Sea Cow, <i>See</i> Cow.									
Sea Ware, for every 100℔ of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
— Water, <i>See</i> Mineral Water in Water									
Spanish Wood, <i>See</i> Wood									
Spar, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
Sprinkled Wood, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
Spelter, the cwt.	0	15	0	0	12	0	0	0	0
Spruce, viz.									
— Castles, <i>See</i> Castles.									
— Gun, the lb.	0	0	10½	—	—	—	0	0	3½
— Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil, in Oil.									
Spirit, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Spirit, the lb.	0	1	½	0	1	—	0	0	7
Spirits, viz.									
— Anisebide, the Gallon	0	2	6	0	1	4	0	1	8
— Brandy, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	1	10½	0	0	0	0	0	4½
— " " not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
— Citron Water, the Gallon	0	0	9	0	4	0	0	2	3
— Cordial Water, or Strong Water, not otherwise enumerated or defined, the Gallon	0	3	6	0	2	4	0	1	3
— Geneva, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	1	10½	0	0	0	0	0	4½
— " " not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
— Hungarian Water, the Gallon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
— Lavender Water, the Gallon	0	2	6	0	1	4	0	1	3
— Rum, the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Gallon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Rum imported from the West Indies may be licensed in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty. <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 12. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 87 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 105.									
— " " of any other Sort, the Gallon	0	0	10½	0	0	0	0	0	3½
— Unblended, the Gallon	0	3	0	0	2	4	0	1	3
— the Produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependences, the Gallon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Spirits not particularly enumerated or defined or otherwise charged with Duty, the Gallon	0	2	6	0	2	4	0	1	8
Spirits not charged with a Duty of Excise									
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Brandy, Geneva, and other Spirits may be licensed in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty. <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 12. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 87 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 105.									
Spiken for Whisk. <i>See</i> Wood.									
Spunge, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	3
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
Spruce Wood, for every 100℔ of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Spruce Beer, <i>See</i> Beer									
— Essence of, <i>See</i> Essence.									
— Cassia, <i>See</i> Cassia in Licor.									
Squills, the cwt.	0	2	3	0	2	8	0	1	2
Squinachum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	8
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Paving.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Squared Stone, <i>See</i> Stone.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Sag Stone, <i>See</i> Stone.			
Seamed Paper, <i>See</i> Paper.			
Shards, the cut.	0 0 0	—	0 0 0
Stonary, } <i>See</i> Sculptured Mar-			
Stones of Marble or Stone, <i>See</i> Stone, } <i>See</i> Stone.			
— of any other Sort, for every 100l. of the Value	17 10 0	0 0 0	10 10 0
Structures, the cut.	0 17 6	0 11 6	0 5 10
Staves, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Steel, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Stiches, <i>See</i> Antimonical preparations.			
Stock Lac, <i>See</i> Lac or Gum			
Sticks, <i>See</i> Walking sticks, for every 100l. of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Stock Tilt, the 1, 0	0 0 0	—	0 0 10
Stockings, 1/2.			
— of Cotton, for every 100l. of the Value	14 0 0	—	18 0 0
— of Thread or Worsted, for every 100l. of the Value	17 10 0	—	10 10 0
Stones, <i>See</i> Stone.			
— Bars 54 Pds. each, the 100 containing 1 Stone <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Gunpowder.	0 8 0	1 10 0	0 16 0
— Dog Stones, not exceeding 2 Feet in Diameter, above 6 and under 22 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	1 18 0	0 18 0	1 6 0
— Easy Stones, the cut	0 1 0	0 10 0	0 0 5
— Fluting Stones, for every 100l. of the Value	17 10 0	0 0 0	10 10 0
— Flat Stones for Pavement, the 100 containing 20 cut	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— Green Stones of Marble, polished, the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
— — — — — unpolished, the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
— — — — — set of Marble, polished or unpolished, the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
— Linn Stone, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	—	6 15 4
— Marble Balcony, Tables, Meters, and other polished Marble, (except Green Stones and Paving Stones, polished) the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 2 0	0 1 2	0 0 8
— Marble Blocks, the solid Foot	0 4 0	0 2 8	0 1 4
— Marble Balls, } <i>See</i> Sculptured			
— — — — — Chantry Pieces, <i>See</i> Carved, } <i>See</i> Marble.			
— — — — — Statues, } <i>See</i> Marble.			
— Marble Paving Stones, polished, the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
— — — — — rough, the Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 0 2	0 0 1	0 0 1
— Mill Stones above 4 Feet in Diameter, or if 12 Inches in Thickness or upwards, the Pair	7 4 0	4 16 0	2 8 0
— Paving Stones, not of Marble, the 100 Foot Square, superficial Measure	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 1 6
— <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Gunpowder.			
— Pebble Stones, the Ton containing 20 cut.	0 8 6	0 5 8	0 1 10
— Polishing Stones, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 8 0	6 15 4
— Pommel Stones, the Ton containing 20 cut.	1 10 0	0 14 0	0 7 0
— Queen Stones under 2 Feet in Diameter and not exceeding 6 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	0 5 6	0 3 8	0 1 10
— — — — — Three Feet in Diameter and not above 4 Feet in Diameter and not exceeding 6 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	0 10 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
— Rag Stones, for every 100l. of the Value	10 0 0	13 0 8	6 15 4
— Sculptured Marble and Stonary, the cut.	0 8 0	—	0 0 7

Note.—By 41 Geo. 3. cap. 69. of any Statue, Group of Figures, or other Stone or Marble Ornament carved out of the same Block shall exceed One Ton Weight, the Duty

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.	Drawback.	Duty.	War Duty.
<i>Stucco, continued.</i>				
to be charged thereon shall be estimated at the Rate payable for One Ton Weight, and so more				
— Slate, the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man, and imported from these Islands respectively, for every 1000 l. of the Value	16 8 0	—	8 16 0	
— " of any other Country, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 1000 l. of the Value	48 0 0	—	14 0 0	
— Slates or Frames, the Dozes	0 1 9	—	0 0 7	
— Black Stones, the 1000	0 5 0	—	0 1 8	
— Statuary. See Sculptured Marble.				
— Stone, the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney or Man, and imported from these Islands respectively, for every 1000 l. of the Value	16 8 0	—	8 16 0	
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Burr Stones and Stones used for the Purpose of paving or ascending Roads, being the Produce of Guernsey, Sark, Jersey, Alderney or Man may be imported, Duty free, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 95.				
— Stone, Sculptured. See Sculptured Marble.				
— Whetstones, the Hundred containing Five Score	0 5 6	—	0 1 10	
Stones, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 l. of the Value	44 0 0	—	14 0 0	
Stone Bottles. See Bottles.				
Stones, or Syrens, &c.				
— Calcines or Liquids imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 1	
— " " " " " not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6	
— in the Tonger Gums, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 5 3	0 3 6	0 1 9	
— " " " " " not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 10 6	0 7 0	0 3 6	
Stones Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.				
— Hating, See Hating.				
Stuffs of all Sorts made of or mixed with Wool, the Yard	0 7 6	—	0 2 6	
Swags, the King not exceeding Five Gallons	0 4 6	—	0 1 6	
Syrens, See Stones.				
Succades, the lb.	0 3 0	—	0 0 8	
Succedat Sal, See Sal.				
Succotans, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4	
— Oil of, See Oil of Amber in Oil.				
Succus Liquiritice, or Liqueurice Juice, the cent.	1 17 6	—	0 12 6	
Sugar, viz.				
— not of the British Plantations, &c.				
— " " " White or clarified Sugar, the cent.	3 0 0	—	1 6 8	
— " " " Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cent.	0 5 0	—	0 18 0	
— of the British Plantations, viz.				
— " " " White or clarified Sugar, the cent.	1 3 11	"	0 11 1	
— " " " Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cent.	1 0 6	"	0 9 6	
For the Rules, Regulations and Conditions under which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are authorized to suspend, according to the average Price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, either in the Hundred Weight, or in the Hundred Weight, or 1. in the Hundred Weight, being Part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar, See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.				
* Drawback.				
— If the average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, published in the London Gazette, shall not exceed 40s. the cent.	—	1 1 0	—	

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Duty						Penalty.						Temporary ^a or War Duty.			
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	
Tanned Bark, &c. Gen.																
Tide, &c.																
— Balford, Bull, Cow, or Ox Tails, the Hundred containing Five Score	0	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	
— Fox Tails																
— Moxie Tails																
— Sable Tails																
— Squared or Cabber Tails																
Tide, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Tallow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
His Majesty is authorised to permit, by Order in Council, Tallow to be imported into Great Britain in any Foreign Ship or V. S. S. on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when impo. ted in a British-built Ship, &c. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revocd and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 60. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 19. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Execution of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.																
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tallow may be imported in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 130. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 147. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 110.																
Tallow Candles, & Candles.																
Tanned, the lb.	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Tanned Waxe, for every 100℔ of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	0	13	4							
Taxes, &c.																
— upon, for every 100℔ of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0							
— excise, for every 100℔ of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0							
— Tithing, out of Sifts, for every 100℔ of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0							
Tinplate, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1							
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.																
Tin, &c.																
— imported in a British-built Ship, the Lb℔, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 314 Gallons	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6							
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Lb℔, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 314 Gallons	0	14	6	0	9	0	0	4	0							
— The Proviso of any of the Inauguration Provisions of the Crown of Great Britain, the Lb℔, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 314 Gallons	0	12	3	0	8	0	0	4	1							
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tin may be imported in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 130. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120.																
— Bismuth Tar, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1							
Tin, for every 100℔ of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	0	13	4							
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.																
Tin, the Barrel	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3							
Tin, Crown of, See Crown of Tin.																
Tea imported from Europe under Licence, for every 100℔ of the Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—							
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tea may be imported, See 18 Geo. 3. cap. 26. 4 Geo. 3. cap. 27. and 15 Geo. 3. cap. 57.																
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.																
Tea, the 1000	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4							
Tea, for every 100℔ of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0							
Ten, &c.																
— Aponea, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0							
— Sesua, the cwt.	1	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	0							
— Unga, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	3	0							
— Verde, the cwt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4							

-SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Percentage.			Temporary or Wax Duty.
	Duty	Cut back.		
Thread, viz.				
— Single Thread, the Dozen Ea.	0 10 3	—	—	0 0 3
— Cotton Thread, for every 1000. of the Value	54 0 0	—	—	18 0 0
— Coarse Thread, the Dozen Ea.	1 3 0	—	—	0 7 8
— Sack Thread, the cent.	0 10 3	—	—	0 0 3
— others Thread, the Ea.	0 3 3	—	—	0 1 3
— Waxed Sewer Thread, the Dozen Ea.	1 3 0	—	—	0 7 8
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Threads Silk, See Silk.				
Thyme, Oil of, See Oil				
Ticking, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Ticks, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Tobacco, See Silk brought in with.				
Tiles, viz.				
— Hand Tiles, the 1000	0 18 3	0 13 3	—	0 6 1
— Galley Tiles, the Foot square	0 0 4	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Pav Tiles, the 1000	3 8 0	3 5 0	—	1 1 8
— Facing Tiles not exceeding 10 Inches square, the 1000	0 7 0	0 11 0	—	0 13 0
— according to Inches square, the 1000	3 10 0	3 10 0	—	3 3 0
— Plain Tiles or any Tiles not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 1000. of the Value	50 0 0	33 6 0	—	16 13 4
Timber, See Wood.				
Tin, the cent.	3 0 0	—	—	1 3 0
Tin, See Sums warehousd				
Tin Foil, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Tobacco, the 1000s.	2 11 3	—	—	0 13 0
— Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade, Consumption, or Manufacture in Great Britain, and afterwards re-embarked according to Law, into Store-out Tobacco, Ship Tobacco, Red Tobacco, or Current Tobacco, and re-exported, the 1000s.	—	3 20 0	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tobacco may be imported in Warehouses without Payment of Duty until delivered out for Home Trade, Consumption, or Manufacture in Great Britain, See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 88. 31 Geo. 3. cap. 47. 35 Geo. 3. cap. 37. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 61. * 45 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 57. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 109. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120.				
Tobacco is subject also to a Duty of Excise.				
Tobacco Pipes, for every 1000. of the Value	30 0 0	—	—	6 13 4
Tongues, viz.				
— Horse Tongues, the Dozen	0 1 3	—	—	0 0 5
— Rain Deer Tongues, for every 1000. of the Value	25 0 0	—	—	6 13 4
— See the Note under the Head of Presidors.				
Tonnage, Duty on Ships or Vessels entering seawards except in Ballast) in any Part of Great Britain from Foreign Ports, See Table U.				
Tooth Powder, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Tooth or Toothels, the cent.	0 6 3	—	—	0 3 1
Tooths Shell, the lb.	0 3 0	0 1 8	—	0 0 10
Tooth Stems, for every 1000. of the Value	30 0 0	—	—	6 13 4
Tow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cent.	0 6 0	0 4 0	—	0 3 0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cent.	0 6 0	0 4 0	—	0 3 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tow may be imported in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 37. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 133. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120.				
Tow, for every 1000. of the Value	37 10 0	—	—	12 10 0
Trawling Gear, See Gear.				
Train Oil, See Oil.				

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Trays of Wood, the Dozen	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Trunks of Venice, the lb.	0 3 3	0 1 6	0 0 9
Trunks, <i>See</i> Trunks.			
Trowsers of Wood, the Grofs containing 12 Dozen	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
Trowsers, the lb.	0 3 6	—	0 1 3
Trowsers or Trowsers, the 1000	0 4 0	—	0 1 7
Tubes for Smoking, for every 1000 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Tubs of Wood, for every 1000 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Turkish, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 3 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
Turkey, Duty free.			
Turkish, the lb.	0 0 4	0 0 3	0 0 1½
Turkey, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 1000 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Turkey, <i>See</i> Turkey.			
Turpentine, <i>viz.</i>			
— common, the cwt	0 3 3	0 1 10	0 0 11
— of Venice, Sals, or Cyprus, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 8
— of Cleopatra or any other Place not otherwise enumerated or defined, the cwt	0 15 6	0 11 0	0 3 6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Turpentine may be imported in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> Act Geo. 3. cap. 12, 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87, 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137 and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 115.			
Turpentine, Oil of, 3 c Oil			
Tutor Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.			
Twine, the cwt.	0 19 6	—	0 6 6
Twine for Bond Strings, <i>See</i> Bond String Twine.			
Tyger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
V.			
Valonia, the cwt.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Vanish, the cwt.	0 11 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
Varis, <i>viz.</i>			
— of Stone or Marble, sculptured, <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stones			
— of any other Sort, for every 1000 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Veal, whether Sliced or otherwise.			
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Poultry.			
Vellum, the Skin	0 4 6	—	0 1 6
Vellum, <i>See</i> Calves Vellum.			
Vendegris, <i>viz.</i>			
— Common, the lb	0 0 6	—	0 0 3
— crystallized or otherwise manufactured, the lb.	0 1 6	—	0 0 10
Vermorel, <i>See</i> Vermorel.			
Vermorel, the lb	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Poultry.			
Verrillon or Chastour, the lb	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 3
Vices, <i>See</i> Wood			
Vinage or Verjuice, the Tuns containing 252 Gallons	18 15 0	—	12 15 0
Vinifera, the lb	0 10 6	—	0 3 6
Violet Leaves, <i>See</i> Leaves.			
Violet Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Violet Rootstock, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 4	0 0 3	0 0 1½
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Vinifer, the cwt.	0 7 8	—	0 1 8
Vinifer Nuts, <i>See</i> Nut Venitia.			
Vinifera, <i>See</i> Spirits.			
Vulture Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Permanently.			Drawback.					
W.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Wafers, the lb.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waxen Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Lugs, <i>See</i> Wood.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walking Caves, <i>See</i> Caves.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Socks, <i>See</i> Socks.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walnut Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waleats, <i>See</i> Nuts.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Washing Balls, <i>See</i> Balls.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wax Silk, <i>See</i> Silk.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wash Glasses, for every 100℔ of the Value	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Subject also to a Duty of Excise	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Watches of Gold, Silver, or of a horridial, for every 100℔ of the Value	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water, <i>See</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Aniseed-seeds, } <i>See</i> Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Cloves, } <i>See</i> Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Cardus, } <i>See</i> Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Horehound, } <i>See</i> Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Licorice, } <i>See</i> Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Mace or Nutmeg Water, the Dozen Bottles or Flasks, each bottle or Flask not exceeding Three Pints	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Spring Water, <i>See</i> Cordial Water in Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wax, <i>See</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Bay or Myrtle Wax, the lb.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Bees Wax, unmanufactur'd, the cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— White or manufactur'd, the cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Bees Wax may be imported <i>See</i> Ware-houses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 127. 47 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 16.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Hard Wax, the lb.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— tallow Wax, for every 100℔ of the Value	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— t candles, <i>See</i> Candles.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wool Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wool Aches, <i>See</i> Aches.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wool, the cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wool Frie, <i>See</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, bound by His Majesty's Subjects either from fishing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and registered according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tonnage being 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— taken and caught by the British and Shores of the Coast of Newfoundland as a Part of a cargo wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Coast and returning thence, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and registered according to Law, the Tonnage being 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects, usually residing in any of the Barbadoes or Bermudas Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and registered according to Law, the Tonnage being 20 cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanents.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Duty.			Duty.		
Wine, <i>imported</i>	d	s	d	d	s	d	d	s	d
and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tonnage containing 20 cwt.	4	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
— of Foreign Fishing, the Tonnage containing 20 cwt.	50	0	0	—	—	—	25	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Wine may be imported in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3 cap. 128, 45 Geo. 3 cap. 87, 48 Geo. 3 cap. 117, and 50 Geo. 3 cap. 116.									
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Wine may be admitted to Entry as of British Fishing. See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.									
Wine Oil, <i>See Oil.</i>									
Wheat, <i>See Corn.</i>									
— Flour, <i>See Corn.</i>									
Wharves, <i>See Suez.</i>									
Wharves, the 2	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	1
Wine Brandy, <i>See Brandy.</i>									
Wine Brandy for Shippers. <i>See Brandy in Wood.</i>									
Wine Wine, for every 1000 of the Value	57	0	0	—	—	—	10	0	0
Wool Yarn, <i>See Yarn.</i>									
Wine, <i>See</i>									
— French Wine imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	65	12	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	70	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to any British Settlement in the East Indies, to China, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	39	12	0	—	—	—
— exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	34	12	0	—	—	—
— German Wine, } <i>See Brandy Wine.</i>									
— Hungarian Wine, }									
— Madras Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	44	3	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	47	6	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	39	12	0	—	—	—
— exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	35	12	0	—	—	—
— Portugal Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	43	3	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	46	6	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—	—	—	39	12	0	—	—	—

5 Q 2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Wine—Portugal Wine, continued.									
..... exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			16	15	0	—		
— Rhineish, German, and Hungary Wine,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	65	13	6	—			—		
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	70	0	0	—			—		
..... exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			50	6	6	—		
..... exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			54	1	6	—		
— Spanish Wine, viz.									
..... Spanish Red Wine, imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	55	1	0	—			—		
..... not imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	58	6	0	—			—		
..... exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			51	13	0	—		
..... exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			48	15	0	—		
..... Spanish White Wine, imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	43	1	0	—			—		
..... not imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	46	6	0	—			—		
..... exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			39	14	0	—		
..... exported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	—			36	15	0	—		
Wine not otherwise enumerated or described,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	43	1	0	—			—		
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 250 Gallons	46	6	0	—			—		

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanent,				Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.		Drawback			
	℔	s. d.	℔	s. d.	℔	s. d.
Wine, not elsewhere enumerated, <i>See postea</i> .						
..... reported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		30	18	0	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		30	15	0	—
— Wine entered for Prélage in any of those Districts in England and Wales, where the Right of Prélage has not been purchased by the Crown under the Authority of the Acts of the 43 Geo. 3. cap. 156. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 29. <i>See</i>						
..... French Wine imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	30	6	0	—	—	—
..... not imported in a British built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	6s	3	0	—	—	—
..... reported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, to any British Settlement in the East Indies, in China, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		25	9	10	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		40	11	7	—
..... German Wine, } <i>See Rhine Wine.</i>						
..... Hungarian Wine, }						
..... Malaga Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	30	18	0	—	—	—
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	4s	3	0	—	—	—
..... reported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		25	15	6	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	—		28	2	3	—
..... Portugal Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	38	18	2	—	—	—
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 252 Gallons	4s	2	6	—	—	—

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Wine entered for Duty, viz. <i>any wine</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Portugal Wine, contained reported to any British Co- lony or Plantation in Am- erica, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Pos- sessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territo- ries of the United States of America, the Tax, con- sisting of 15s Gallons -	—	15 13 4	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	—	11 8 3	—
Rhenish, German or Hungary Wine, im- ported in a British Ship, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	15 8 0	—	—
..... not in a British Ship, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	15 8 0	—	—
..... reported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	—	50 1 3	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	—	45 7 6	—
Spanish Wine, viz.			
..... Spanish Red Wine, imported in a British Ship, the Tax, con- sisting of 15s Gallons -	15 15 0	—	—
..... not im- ported in a Bri- tish Ship, the Tax, consist- ing of 15s Gallons -	15 15 0	—	—
..... reported to any British Colony or Plan- tation in Am- erica, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Por- tugal in South America, or to any of the Terri- tories of the United States of America, the Tax, consisting of 15s Gallons -	—	47 13 0	—
..... reported to any other Place, the Tax, consist- ing of 15s Gallons -	—	45 0 3	—
..... Spanish White Wine, im- ported in a Bri- tish Ship,			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanence.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Wine entered for Privilege, &c., <i>enoble</i> , Spanish White Wine, <i>enoble</i> , the Tonnage contain- ing 150 Gallons ----- not im- ported in a Brit- ish-built Ship, the Tonnage contain- ing 150 Gallons ----- imported to any British Colony or Planta- tion in Amer- ica, or Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or in any of the Territories of the United States of Amer- ica, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons ----- imported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons	2l 10 s	—	—
----- Wine is entered for Privilege, not otherwise constituted or described, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage contain- ing 150 Gallons ----- not imported in a British- built Ship, the Tonnage con- taining 150 Gallons ----- imported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, or Brazil, or any other of the Terri- tories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons ----- imported to any other Place, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons	—	35 10 s	—
----- Wine is subject also to a Duty of Excise. For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Wine may be treated as Warehouse without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 121. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 125.	5l 14 s	—	—
----- Wine Liqueur, subject to the same Duty as Wine, but no Draw- back allowed on Liqueur of Wine imported.	3l 9 s	—	—
----- Wintergreen Cortex, See Cortex,	—	35 10 s	—
-----	—	31 6 s	—

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Percents.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Pro. back.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Wine, viz.									
— Brandy or Copper not otherwise enumerated or described, the cent.	3	10	0	—	—	—	1	4	0
— Oil or Flax, for every 100 ^l . of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	18	10	0
— Iron, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cent.	3	10	0	—	—	—	1	5	0
— Lard, the cent.	3	9	0	—	—	—	1	3	0
— Silver, for every 100 ^l . of the Value	17	10	0	—	—	—	18	10	0
— Steel, the lb.	0	1	10	—	—	—	0	0	4½
— Vinegar Wine of Brandy, Copper, or Iron, the lb.	0	1	7	—	—	—	0	0	6½
Wool, viz.									
— Green Wool, the cent.	0	1	9	0	1	10	0	0	11
— Titheable Wool, the cent.	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	10
Wool Slipes, } See Skins.									
Woolenings, } See Skins.									
Wool, viz.									
— Anchor Stocks, viz.									
. imported in a British-built Ship, the Piece	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
. not imported in a British-built Ship, the Piece	0	5	6	0	3	6	0	1	10
. of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the Piece	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	0
— Balles, viz.									
. . . under 5 Inches square and under 24 Feet in Length,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	17	3	1	18	0	0	19	1
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	18	3	1	8	0	0	19	5
. . . 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	43	9	5	9	6	1	11	3
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	16	6	5	1	0	0	18	0
. . . of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	3	5
— Batons, viz.									
. . . 8 Feet in Length and not exceeding 20 Feet in Width, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	6	9	1	4	6	1	0	3
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	11	3	1	4	6	1	0	9
. . . exceeding 20 Feet in Length, not above 3 Inches in Width, or if exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	6	13	6	4	9	0	1	4	6
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	6	16	6	4	9	0	1	5	6
— Batton Ends, viz.									
. under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	4	6	0	15	0	0	7	6
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	3	3	0	15	0	0	7	9

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Wood—Batten Ends, continued.									
----- under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	5	0	1	10	0	0	15	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	5	0	1	10	0	0	15	0
----- Battens and Batten Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	15	0
----- Board Plank, viz.									
----- 2 Inches in thickness or upwards, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	10	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	10	0
----- of all Sorts of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	15	0
----- Torch Quarters, viz.									
----- under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	17	0	1	10	0	0	15	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	10	0	1	10	0	0	15	0
----- 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	10	0	5	0	0	0	15	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	10	0	5	0	0	0	15	0
----- of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	15	0
----- Boards, viz.									
----- Board Boards, viz.									
----- under 8 Inches in Thickness, and under 15 Feet in Length,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	15	0	1	17	0	0	15	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	10	0	1	17	0	0	15	0
----- under 8 Inches in Thickness, and of 15 Feet in Length or upwards,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	5	10	0	5	15	0	1	15	0
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	5	10	0	5	15	0	1	15	0
----- Cup Boards, viz.									
----- not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	10	0	1	5	0	0	15	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.			Drawback.				
Wood—Boards, Clap Boards, &c.	d	s.	d.	d	s.	d.	s.	d.
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	1	10	6	1	5	8	0	13
..... of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100 -	0	7	9	—	—	—	0	2
..... Lion Boards, or White Boards for Shoemakers, &c.								
..... under 4 Feet in Length, and under 6 Inches in Thickness,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	4	6	3	1	17	6	1	8
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	4	9	0	1	17	6	1	9
..... 4 Feet in Length, or 6 Inches in Thickness, or upwards,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	8	11	6	5	15	0	1	17
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	8	18	0	5	15	0	1	19
..... Mill Boards, &c. in M.								
..... Oak Boards, &c.								
..... under 2 Inches in Thickness, and under 17 Feet in Length,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	5	14	0	3	16	0	1	18
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	5	18	0	3	16	0	1	19
..... under 2 Inches in Thickness, and 17 Feet in Length, or upwards,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	11	8	0	7	18	0	3	16
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	11	16	0	7	18	0	3	18
..... Pine Boards, &c.								
..... hewed on one Side, and not exceeding 7 Feet in Length,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	0	11	9	0	7	10	0	3
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	0	16	3	0	7	10	0	4
..... hewed on one Side, and exceeding 7 Feet in Length,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	1	3	6	0	15	8	0	7
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	1	4	6	0	15	8	0	8
..... Fir Boards, &c. in P.								
..... Pine Boards, &c.								
..... above 7 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 8 Feet in Length, and under Eight Inches Square,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	2	17	9	1	18	6	0	19
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 -	2	18	6	1	18	6	0	19

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary of War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
Wood—Boards, Pine Boards, resinous.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
----- exceeding 3 Feet in Length, and under 3 Inches Square.									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	15	6	3	17	0	1	15	6
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	17	0	3	17	0	1	19	0
----- of all Sorts, exceeding 3 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 3 Inches Square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	18	3	—	—	—	0	4	1
----- Spine Boards, See in B.									
----- Wainsot Boards, viz.									
----- the Foot containing 3 Feet in Length and 3 Inch in Thickness, and 3 Inch in Height for any grade or inferior Length or Thickness.									
----- imported in a British-built Ship	0	1	9	0	1	3	0	0	7
----- not imported in a British-built Ship	0	3	0	0	1	3	0	0	8
----- Boards of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
----- Deal-boards, See in B.									
----- Boxwood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the 100 containing 20 cwt.	1	1	0	—	—	—	0	7	0
----- of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the 100 containing 20 cwt.	3	0	0	3	6	8	3	13	4
----- Brazil Wood, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, the 100 containing 20 cwt.	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
----- Brazil-wood or Jamaica Wood, the 100 containing 20 cwt.	0	20	6	—	—	—	0	3	6
----- Case Wood, the 100 containing 20 cwt.	1	4	0	—	—	—	0	8	0
----- Deals, viz.									
----- above 7 Inches in Width, being 3 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1 1/2 Inches in Thickness									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	5	0	3	3	4	—	—	—
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	6	9	3	3	4	—	—	—
----- above 7 Inches in Width, being 3 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 3/4 Inch in Thickness, (except Deals not above 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1 1/2 Inch in Thickness.)									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	4	11	8	4	7	6	2	3	9
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	6	16	0	4	7	6	3	3	4

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanent						Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.			Drawback.				
Wood—Deal, <i>continued</i> .	d	s	d	d	s	d	d	d
Length, and exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,								
---- imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	12	0	6	8	12	0	4	7
---- not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	12	12	0	8	12	0	4	10
---- above 7 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding Four Inches in Thickness,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	16	5	0	10	26	8	5	8
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	16	13	6	10	16	8	5	11
---- above 7 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length, and exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	21	12	6	21	2	4	10	11
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	22	3	6	21	2	4	10	14
----- Deal Ends, <i>viz.</i>								
---- above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding ½ Inch in Thickness,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	2	4	9	2	9	10	0	13
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	2	6	6	2	9	10	0	15
---- above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and exceeding ½ Inch in Thickness,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	4	6	9	2	17	10	1	8
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	4	10	0	2	17	10	1	10
----- Deals and Deal Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	3	3	—	—	—	0	1
----- Shove, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Tons containing 20 cwt.	0	13	0	—	—	—	0	4
----- of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Tons containing 20 cwt.	15	12	0	10	8	0	5	4
----- Firwood, <i>viz.</i>								
---- the Fatton 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high,								
..... imported in a British-built Ship	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	3
..... not imported in a British-built Ship	0	6	3	0	4	0	0	3
..... of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the Fatton 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0
----- Fir Quarters, <i>viz.</i>								
---- under 5 Inches Square and under 24 Feet in Length,								
.... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	2	17	3	1	18	2	0	15
.... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	2	18	3	1	18	2	0	15
---- 5 Inches Square and under 8 Inches Square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,								
.... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	13	9	3	0	6	2	13
.... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	7	16	6	3	0	6	2	12
..... of all Sorts, under 8 Inches Square, of the Growth and Production of the								

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Pounds.			Temporary or War Duty					
	Duty.	Shutback.		d.	s.	d.			
Wood—Fir Quarters, <i>cut and</i> British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from these, the 100	0	10	3	—	0	3	3		
— Fir Timber, <i>See Timber.</i>									
— Fullck, the Ties containing 100 cwt.	0	15	6	—	0	3	3		
— Guinea Wood. <i>See Red Wood.</i>									
— Handspike, <i>viz.</i> - - - - - under 7 Feet in Length, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, - - - - - the 100	0	15	0	0	10	0	0	3	0
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	15	6	0	10	0	0	3	0
- - - - - 7 Feet in Length or upwards, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, - - - - - the 100	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	10	0
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	11	0	1	0	0	0	10	4
- - - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from these, - - - - - under 7 Feet in Length, the 100	0	1	4	—	0	0	5	1	
- - - - - 7 Feet in Length or upwards, the 100	0	1	9	—	0	0	11		
— Knees of Oak, <i>viz.</i> - - - - - under 5 Inches Square, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	7	6	0	5	0	0	3	6
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	3	8
- - - - - 5 Inches Square and under 8 Inches Square - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	1	6	3	1	0	1	0	6
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	4	3	3	1	0	1	1	5
- - - - - 8 Inches Square or upwards, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	10	6	0	13	0	0	6	6
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	0	0	13	0	0	7	0
- - - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from these, - - - - - under 8 Inches Square, the 100	0	5	3	—	0	1	9		
- - - - - 8 Inches Square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	1	6	—	0	1	0		
— Lathwood, <i>viz.</i> - - - - - in Pieces under 5 Feet in Length, the Fashion, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship	1	10	9	1	0	6	0	10	9
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship	1	10	0	1	0	6	0	10	8
- - - - - in Pieces 5 Feet in Length or upwards, the Fashion, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high, - - - - - imported in a British-built Ship	2	5	9	1	10	6	0	15	3
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship	2	6	9	1	10	6	0	15	7
- - - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America and imported directly from these,									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.		Drawback.						
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Lathwood, seasoned, in Pieces of all Sorts, the Fathom, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high	0	3	9	—	—	—	0	1	3
— Lignum Vitæ, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	7	0	—	—	—	0	2	4
— of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, as if otherwise imposed, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	18	6	2	10	0	0	19	6
— Logwood, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	5	9	—	—	—	0	1	11
— Mahogany of the Growth of Bermuda or of any of the Bahama Islands, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	8	0	1	10	0	0	16	0
— of the Growth of the British Limits within the Province of Yucatan, in the Bay of Honduras, and imported directly from the said Bay, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	8	0	1	10	0	0	16	0
— not imported directly from Bermuda or from any of the Bahama Islands, or not imported directly from the Bay of Honduras; or any Mahogany being of the Growth of any other Country or Place, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	10	0	1	10	0	1	16	8
— Mahs, Yards, or Boerjonia, &c.									
— 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 4 Inches, — imported in a British-built Ship, each	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, each	0	3	6	0	2	0	0	1	6
— 7 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches, — imported in a British-built Ship, each	0	8	1	0	5	6	0	3	3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, each	0	8	9	0	5	6	0	3	11
— 12 Inches in Diameter, or upwards, — imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	0	6	0	13	8	0	6	00
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	6	0	13	8	0	7	8
— of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, — 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 8 Inches, each	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
— 8 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches, each	0	5	2	0	3	6	0	1	9
— 12 Inches in Diameter, or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	19	3	0	11	10	0	6	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Refutations under which Mahs, Yards, and Bowjents of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, may be imported from thence Duty free, See 48 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 29. in the 15th March 1809.									
— Nicaragua Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	16	6	—	—	—	0	5	6
— Oak Plank, &c.									
— 3 Inches in Thickness, or upwards, — imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	16	9	1	4	6	0	11	3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	18	0	1	4	6	0	11	8
— of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120	0	5	1	—	—	—	0	1	9

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	PAYMENT.						TEMPORARY		
	Duty.			Dues & Tack.			War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood, seasoned.									
----- Oak Timber, See Timber.									
----- Oak, viz.									
- - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	4	14	6	3	3	0	1	11	6
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	4	17	6	3	3	0	1	12	6
- - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100	0	12	3	—	—	—	0	4	1
----- Olive Wood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 100 cub.	0	7	9	—	—	—	0	2	7
- - - - - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or of elsewhere imported, the Ton, containing 100 cub.	5	7	0	3	11	4	1	11	8
----- Red or Guinea Wood, the Ton, containing 100 cub.	1	4	0	—	—	—	0	8	0
----- Kola Wood, the cub.	1	8	9	0	19	2	0	9	7
----- Round Wood, viz.									
- - - - - in Pieces under 8 Inches Square and under 6 Feet in Length,									
- - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	8	2	0	18	10	0	9	5
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	9	2	0	18	10	0	9	9
- - - - - in Pieces under 8 Inches Square, and if 6 Feet in Length or upwards,									
- - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	25	6	1	17	8	0	18	10
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	28	6	1	17	8	0	19	6
- - - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence in Pieces of all Sorts, under 8 Inches Square, the 100	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
----- Spars, viz.									
- - - under 20 Feet in Length, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark,									
- - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	17	9	0	11	10	0	3	10
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	28	9	0	11	10	0	6	2
- - - 20 Feet in Length or upwards, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark,									
- - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	2	10	9	1	0	6	0	10	2
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	12	0	1	0	6	0	10	8
- - - 4 Inches in Diameter, and under 6 Inches exclusive of the Bark,									
- - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	6	9	1	4	6	1	2	2
- - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	3	9	2	1	4	6	1	2	2
- - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all Sorts under 6 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, the 100	0	10	2	—	—	—	0	2	2

SCHEDULE [1]—INWARDS.	Percentage						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—seasoned									
— Spiked Wood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Tonnage containing 20 cwt.	0	10	3	—			0	3	5
..... of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Part, or if otherwise imported, the Tonnage containing 20 cwt.	5	10	0	3	13	4	1	15	8
— Spikes for Wheels, viz.									
..... not exceeding 2 Feet in Length									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	1	2	6	1	8	4	0	14	2
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	2	4	3	1	8	4	0	14	3
..... exceeding 2 Feet in Length.									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	4	5	0	2	16	8	1	8	4
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	4	8	6	2	16	8	1	9	6
..... of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 1000	0	4	0	—			0	3	4
— Staves, viz.									
..... not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	8	3	0	5	6	0	1	9
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	8	6	0	5	6	0	1	10
..... above 36 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	15	6	0	10	4	0	5	8
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	0	15	0	0	10	4	0	5	4
..... above 36 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	0	6	0	11	8	0	6	10
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	1	3	0	11	8	0	7	1
..... above 36 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	10	5	1	0	0	0	10	2
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	12	0	1	0	5	0	10	4
..... above 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,									
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	24	5	1	8	10	0	11	5
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100	1	18	0	1	8	10	0	12	0

SCHEDULE (A)—INWARDS.	Permanen.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	℔	s.	d.	℔	s.	d.	℔	s.	d.
Wood—Staves, resin'd									
Staves, being the Growth and Production of any of the United States of America or of the Growth and Production of East or West Florida, and imported directly from thence respectively, not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness, shall be charged with One Third Part only of the Duties herein before imposed on Staves.									
above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Chip Board, and pay Duty accordingly.									
above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Pipe Board, and pay Duty accordingly.									
of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all sorts not exceeding 50 Inches in Length, the 100	0	0	0	—			0	0	0
of all Sorts, exceeding 50 Inches in Length, the 100	0	1	0	—			0	0	0
Sweetwood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively.	0	0	0	—			0	0	0
of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	10	0	—			0	0	0
Timber, viz.	0	14	0	4	0	0	0	4	0
of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square, and not exceeding 20 Inches square,									
in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	0	0	0	0	0	—		
not in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	0	0	0	0	0	—		
exceeding 20 Inches square, in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet,	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
not in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
not otherwise charged with Duty, 8 Inches square or upwards, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	0	0	—			0	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Draw back.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Woods—continued.									
Oak Timber, viz.									
----- 8 Inches square or upwards,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	19	6	0	13	0	0	6	6
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	0	6	0	13	0	0	6	10
----- of the Growth and Production in the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	3
----- of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, being 8 Inches square or upwards									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	0	6	0	13	0	0	6	10
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	6	0	13	0	0	7	3
----- of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which Timber, &c. for avaral Purposes, of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America may be imported from thence Duty free, See 49 Geo. 3. cap. 237. continued by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 12. and 47th March 1800.									
Ulm, viz.									
----- under 5 Inches square and under 24 Feet in Length,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the Load	3	17	3	1	14	3	0	13	3
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load	3	15	3	1	13	3	0	19	3
----- 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or of 24 Feet in Length or upwards,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the Load	7	13	9	3	3	6	1	11	3
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load	7	16	6	3	2	6	1	14	3
----- of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all kinds under 8 Inches square, the Load	0	10	3	—	—	—	0	3	3
Whitefoot Logs, viz.									
----- being 8 Inches square or upwards,									
----- imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	8	3	0	18	0	0	9	3
----- not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	9	3	0	18	0	0	9	0
----- of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Walnut Logs, seasoned, three, being 5 Inches square at apex, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	3	0
— Yards, <i>See</i> Masts.									
Wood, manufactured, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, not particu- larly enumerated or defoliated, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	2	13	0	—	—	—	1	4	7
Wood, manufactured, not particularly enumerated or defoliated, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship	10	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship	11	0	0	13	6	8	7	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Mahogany, Staves, Yalms, and other Wood, may be landed in approved Places, without Pay- ment of Duty, <i>See</i> 41 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126									
Wood Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.									
Wood Scoops, <i>See</i> Scoops.									
Wooden Chucks, <i>See</i> Chucks.									
Wool, <i>See</i> .									
Beaver Wool, the lb.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
. . . cut and combed (except combed in Russia, and imported from thence in a British-built Ship) the lb.	1	1	0	—	—	—	0	7	0
Carcass Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.									
Coary Wool, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Cotton Wool, <i>See</i> .									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 lb.	0	8	7	—	—	—	0	8	4
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 lb.	0	17	3	—	—	—	0	8	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Wool may be landed in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 48 Geo. 3. c. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Goat Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.									
Harris Wool, the ewt.	0	13	0	—	—	—	0	4	7
Lamb's Wool, <i>See</i> Sheep's Wool									
Oiled or Edredon Wool,									
. . . imported in a British-built Ship, the ewt.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
. . . not imported in a British-built Ship, the ewt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
Polena Wool, the ewt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	2	0
Red Wool, the ewt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Sheep's Wool as Lamb's Wool, the ewt.	0	7	0	—	—	—	0	2	0
Spanish Wool, the ewt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Turkey Goat's Wool, & Goat Hair in Hair.									
Note — His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, Wool (except Cotton Wool) to be imported and Great Britain in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, <i>See</i> 44 Geo. 3. cap. 89. revised and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.									
Wooden Chalks, all Manner of, the Yard	1	1	6	—	—	—	0	7	0
Wooden Screws, <i>See</i> Screws.									
— Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.									
Worm Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Worked Tapes, <i>See</i> Tapes.									
— Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.									

SCHEDULE (A) — INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Duty.	Duty.	Duty.	Duty.	Duty.
Y.						
Yarns, See Hubs, in Ward.						
Yarns, viz.						
— Cotton Yarn, the cwt.	0	13	6	—	—	0 4 6
— Camel or Mohair Yarn, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8
— Cotton Yarn, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	0 0 3
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Yarn and Mohair Yarn may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 112. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 125.						
— Cotton Yarn, of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, See Hubs, the of.						
— Georgian Yarn, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8
— Raw Linen Yarn, made of Flax,						
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	0 0 8
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	0 4 4
— Raw Linen Yarn, not made of Flax,						
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	0 0 10
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	0 2 0
Note.—Raw Linen Yarn may be imported on Ships not British-built, during the War and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, on Payment of the above Duty, as if imported in British-built Ships, See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.						
— Wock Yarn, the cwt.	2	16	0	—	—	0 18 8
— Woolen or Ray Yarn, the cwt.	0	19	0	—	—	0 6 4
— Worsted Yarn, being of Two or more Threads, twisted or drawn, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	0 0 4
— of any other Sort, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	13 10 0
Yellow Berries, See Berries.						
Z.						
Zaffer, for every 100 l. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8
Zelanda, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not otherwise enumerated or defined, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100 l. of the Value	2	10	0	—	—	0 15 8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Goods may be so imported, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 28.						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100 l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	13 10 0
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100 l. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8

SCHEDULE (A.)
OUTWARDS.

OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty		Temporary or War Duty	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
FOREIGN.				
Agave, viz.				
— rough or stemmed, the lb.	0	0 14	0	0 0
— trimmed or pared, the lb.	0	0 4	0	0 0
Ammoniacum Sal, <i>See Sal Ammoniacum.</i>				
Anatto, the lb.	0	0 14	0	0 0
Antimonium crudum, the cwt.	0	0 4	0	0 0
Appoforta, the Gallon	0	0 4	0	0 0
Arabic Gum, <i>See Gum.</i>				
Argol, the cwt.	0	0 0	0	0 3
Arlicot, the cwt.	0	4 9	0	1 7
Bay Berries, the cwt.	0	0 3	0	0 1
Brown Glass, the Skin or Piece of Skin	0	0 9	0	0 3
— Wood, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Brass Wood,				
Brazilletto or Jamaica Wood, } <i>See Wood.</i>				
Calamata Lapis, <i>See Lapis Calamata.</i>				
Cashewal, the lb.	0	0 4	0	0 0
Crown of Tartar, the cwt.	0	1 3	0	0 3
Fullic, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Galls, the cwt.	0	3 3	0	0 5
Gum Sal, <i>See Sal.</i>				
Guanac Wood, <i>See Red Wood in Wood.</i>				
Gum, viz.				
— Arabic, the cwt.	1	0 0	0	10 3
— Senegal, the cwt.	0	0 0	0	0 3
— Sic. Lac, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 7
Jamaica Wood, <i>See Brazilletto Wood in Wood.</i>				
Indigo, East India, <i>See Table (E).</i>				
Isinglas, the cwt.	0	1 0	0	0 4
Lapis Calamaria, for every rool. of the Value	5	0 0	0	0 0
Lowers, the cwt.	0	0 9	0	0 5
Logwood, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Madder, the cwt.	0	1 0	0	0 4
— Root, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 7
Nicamagan Wood, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Orcula, the cwt.	0	1 3	0	0 5
Orcella, the cwt.	0	0 0	0	0 3
Pomegranate Peels, the cwt.	0	0 0	0	0 0
Red or Guinea Wood, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Safflower, the lb.	0	0 14	0	0 0
Sal, viz.				
— Ammoniacum, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 7
— Gum, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 7
Sapan Wood, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Sassafras, <i>See Wood.</i>				
Senegal Gum, <i>See Gum.</i>				
Shaves or Strach, the cwt.	0	0 0	0	0 0
Stork Lac, <i>See Gum.</i>				
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering outwards (except at Balford) in any Port of Great Britain for Foreign Ports, <i>See Table (D).</i>				
Tornal or Tornale, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 7
Yakona, the cwt.	0	4 0	0	1 0
Verdigria, the lb.	0	0 14	0	0 0
Wood, viz.				
— Brazil Wood, the cwt.	0	1 3	0	0 5

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
TANNERS, continued.						
<i>Wood, continued.</i>						
— Brazil-wood or Jamaica Wood, the cent.	0	0	0	0	0	3
— Fustick, the cent.	0	0	3	0	0	1
— Logwood, the cent.	0	1	3	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Logwood may be exported on British-built Ships, Duty free, See 3 Geo. 3. cap. 47.						
— Nicaragua Wood, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	5	0	0	1	8
— Red, or Guinea Wood, the cent.	0	1	0	0	0	4
— Japan Wood, the cent.	0	0	0	0	0	1
<i>Wood, viz.</i>						
— Beech Wood, the lb.	0	5	0	0	1	8
BRITISH						
<i>Alms, the cent</i>	0	1	3	—		
<i>Badger Skins, See Skins.</i>						
<i>Bull's Hair, See Hair.</i>						
<i>Calcutta Laps, See Laps Calcutta.</i>						
<i>Calve Skins, See Skins.</i>						
<i>Cards, viz.</i>						
— new Wood Cards, the Dozen	0	0	0	—		
— old Wood Cards, the Dozen	0	0	0	—		
<i>Car Skins, See Skins.</i>						
<i>Coal usually sold by Measure, viz.</i>						
— exported to the Use of Man, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	0	1	0	0	0	2
— - - - to any South Colony or Plantation in America, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	0	3	0	0	0	3
— exported to any of the Territories of the United States of America,						
— - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	0	17	0	0	1	5
— - - - not on a British-built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	1	10	3	0	3	0
— - - - to any other Place,						
— - - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	1	2	0	0	1	10
— - - - - not on a British-built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	1	15	4	0	3	0
— exported in certain Quantities from the Ports of Newcastle and Swanton to the Hands of Groceries, Jockys, and Aldermen, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	0	12	0	0	1	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coal may be exported, See 6 Geo. 3. cap. 40.						
<i>Coal usually sold by Weight, viz.</i>						
— exported to the Use of Man, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	0	10	0	0	1
— - - - to any South Colony or Plantation in America, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	1	8	0	0	2
— - - - to any of the Territories of the United States of America,						
— - - - in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	3	3	0	0	0
— - - - not on a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	10	0	0	0	10
— - - - to any other Place,						
— - - - - in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	7	3	0	0	3
— - - - - not on a British-built Ship the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	12	0	0	1	0
<i>Crory Skins, See Skins.</i>						
<i>Coppers, for every load, of the Value</i>	6	0	0	—		
<i>Cow Hair, See Ox Hair in Hair.</i>						

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.		Permanence Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
BRITISH, continued.		℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Culm, viz.							
—	exported to the Use of Man, the Chalker, Wanchester Manuf.	0	0	6	—		
—	to any British Colony or Plantation in Amer- ica, the Chalker, Wanchester Manuf.	0	1	0	—		
—	to any of the Territories of the United States of America						
—	in a British-built Ship, the Chalker, Newcastle Manuf.	0	4	6	—		
—	not in a British-built Ship, the Chal- der, Newcastle Manuf.	0	8	0	—		
—	to any other Place.						
—	in a French-built Ship, the Chalker, Newcastle Manuf.	0	6	0	—		
—	not in a British-built Ship, the Chal- der, Newcastle Manuf.	0	10	0	—		
Dog Skins, } Fox Skins, } <i>See Skins.</i>							
Goldings, <i>See Horses.</i>							
Glass, the cwt.		0	1	0	—		
Hair, viz.							
—	Hell, Cass, or Ox, the cwt.	0	0	6	—		
—	Hair, the cwt.	0	0	0	—		
—	Horse, the cwt.	0	7	4	—		
—	not particularly enumerated or described and not probi- bited to be exported, for every 100 l. of the Value	6	0	0	—		
Hart Hair, } Horse Hair, } <i>See Hair.</i>							
Horses, Mares, or Goldings, each		1	1	0	—		
Kid Skins, <i>See Skins.</i>							
Lamb Skins, <i>See Sheep Skins in Skins.</i>							
Laps Calamander, for every 100 l. of the Value		6	0	0	—		
Lead, cast or melted, the Ton containing 20 cwt.		3	00	0	—		
—	Orn, for every 100 l. of the Value	0	0	0	—		
Leathers, of all Sorts, tanned, rawed, or dressed, the cwt.		0	1	4	—		
Litharge of Lead, the cwt.		0	0	4	—		
Mares, <i>See Horses.</i>							
Other Skins, <i>See Skins.</i>							
Ox Hair, <i>See Hair.</i>							
Sheep Skins, <i>See Skins.</i>							
Skins, viz.							
—	Badger Skins, the Skin	0	0	1	—		
—	Calve Skins, tanned, rawed, or dressed, the cwt.	0	1	4	—		
—	Car Skins, the 100 Skins	0	1	8	—		
—	Carry Skins, dressed or rawed, the 100 Skins	0	1	4	—		
—	Dog Skins, the 1000 Skins	0	0	0	—		
—	Fox Skins, the Skin	0	0	1	—		
—	Kid Skins on the Hair, the 100 Skins	0	0	0	—		
—	— — — — — dressed, the 100 Skins	0	0	10	—		
—	Other Skins raw, viz. Skin	0	0	0	—		
—	— — — — — tanned or dressed, the Skin	0	0	0	—		
—	Sheep and Lamb Skins tanned or dressed without Wool, the 100 Skins	0	3	0	—		
—	— — — — — tanned, the cwt.	0	1	4	—		
—	Squirrel Skins, the 1000 Skins	0	3	0	—		
—	Swan Skins, the Skin	0	0	2	—		
Skins or Pieces of Skins, not particularly enumerated or de- scribed, and not prohibited to be exported, for every 100 l. of the Value		6	0	0	—		
Squirrel Skins, } <i>See Skins.</i>							
Swan Skins, } <i>See Skins.</i>							
Tan, unstraight, the cwt.		0	3	8	—		

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty			Temporary or War Duty		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Bartram, national.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tea may be exported to Countries beyond the Cape of Good Hope without Payment of this Duty. See 30 Geo. 3. cap. 4.						
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels sailing outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain for Foreign Ports. See Table (D.)						
Wool Cards. See Cards.						
—						
The following Duties are due to be paid on Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, exported from thence, viz.						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain (except as hereinafter mentioned) exported to any Part of Europe, or to any Port or Place within the Straights of Gibraltar, for every toad of the true and real Value thereof - - -						
0 00 0						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain (except as hereinafter mentioned) exported to any Port or Place whatever, not being in Europe, or within the Straights of Gibraltar, or within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every toad of the true and real Value thereof - - -						
2 00 0						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Great Britain (except as hereinafter mentioned) exported to any Port or Place whatever, being within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every toad of the true and real Value thereof - - -						
4 00 0						
For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which this Excise may be levied by Bond. See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.						
—						
Excise.						
Bacon.						
Caroon Yarn, or other Caroon Manufactures, being of the Manufacture of Great Britain						
Linen of the Manufacture of any Part of the United Kingdom.						
Melalls.						
Sugar refined of all Sorts, and Sugar called Candy						
Goods, Wares and Merchandise, exported from Great Britain to the Use of Man, by sea or land and under the Authority of any Licence which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland, or any Three or more of them, are or may be authorized and empowered to give.						
Any Sort of Craft, F. oil, Vessels, Clothing, or Implements or Materials necessary for the British Fisheries established in the Island of Newfoundland, or in any of His Majesty's Colonies, Islands, or Plantations in North America, on due Entry thereof, and exported from Great Britain to the said Colonies, Islands, or Plantations.						
Woollen Goods, of the Manufacture of Great Britain, exported to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.						
Milk; being exported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.						

SCHEDULE (A.)

COASTWISE.

COASTWISE.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty		
	Duty.		Dramble.		Dramble.		Duty		
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.
Cinders made of Pit Coal brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain, from any other Port or Place in England or Wales, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0	6	0	—	0	0	0	0	0
For the Duties on Cinders brought by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, see Cinders brought.									
Coal (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into the Port of London, &c.									
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	7	6	0	4	0	0	0	6
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0	9	4	0	5	10	0	3	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Quantity of Coals, Cokes, and Cinders not exceeding 50,000 Tons in the Whole may be brought, within One Year, by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, on Payment of the following Duty, 5 s. 4 s. Geo. 3. cap. 128. continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 104. 47 Geo. 3. 2nd s. cap. 124. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 95. further continued to the 18. August 1811.									
— For every Ton of Coals, Cokes, and Cinders so brought	0	7	6	—	0	0	0	6	
A further Duty of 1s. 6d. per Ton on Coals, Cokes and Cinders so brought is also payable to the proper Officers of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called <i>Orphan's Duty</i> , and of all other Rates, Dues and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Coals, Cokes, or Cinders imported into the Port of London. See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 128. continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 104. 47 Geo. 3. 2nd s. cap. 124. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 95. further continued to the 18. August 1811.									
Coal, (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into any other Port or Place in England or Wales, (except the Port of London,) &c.									
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	4	0	0	3	8	0	1	4
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0	6	0	0	5	6	0	0	0
Coal sent Coastwise from the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne to any other Port or Place in Great Britain, the Chalders, New sills Measure	0	1	0	—	0	0	0	0	0
— brought Coastwise into the Port of London for the Use of the Hospital at Chelsea, not exceeding 200 Chalders in any One Year, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0	6	0	—	0	0	0	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Duties on Coals brought Coastwise, or from any Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain, may be secured by Bond, See 27 Geo. 3. cap. 28.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried from Ellersford to Bank End in the County of Cumberland, or from any Creek or Place to any other Creek or Place between Ellersford and Bankend, without Payment of any Duty of Customs, See 8 Geo. 3. cap. 24.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—COASTWISE.	Pence.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Dewarck.					
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
<p>Coals from Coalfields, &c. mentioned.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used for melting Copper and Tin Ores within the County of Cornwall and Devon shall be repaid. See Act cap. 6.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals which shall be used in Fire Engines for drawing Water out of the Mines of Tin and Copper within the County of Cornwall shall be repaid. See 24 Geo. 2. cap. 41.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used in melting or smelting Copper and Lead Ores, within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for drawing Water out of the Mines of Copper and Lead within the said Isle shall be repaid. See 26 Geo. 3. cap. 104. and 24 Geo. 3. cap. 68. (1821).</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used for any Purpose relating to the carrying on the Works for the manufacturing of Tin Plates, and for other Purposes at Penrynwood in the County of Pembroke, called the Penrynwood Works, shall be repaid, provided the Amount thereof shall not exceed 2000<i>l.</i> in any One Year. See 31 Geo. cap. 50.</p>									
<p>Coal, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into the Port of London, the Chalden, Winchester Meafure</p>	0	5	0	0	1	5	0	1	8
<p>— For the Duties on Coals brought by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, See Coals brought.</p>									
<p>— To be used for the burning of Lime carried in any Vessel or Boat, not exceeding 30 Tons Burthen, from any Place within the Limits of the Port of Milford in the County of Pembroke to any other Place within the Counties of Pembroke, Carmarthen, Cardigan, or Merioneth, the Chalden, Winchester Meafure</p>	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be so carried. See 23 Geo. 2. cap. 15.</p>									
<p>— brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into any other Port or Place in England or Wales (except the Port of London and except Coals carried from Milford as before-mentioned) the Chalden, Winchester Meafure</p>	0	1	3	0	1	3	0	0	5
<p>Chalden, Coals, and Coals, carried from any Part of the Lancaster Canal or any of the Branches thereof, or from any Port or Place within the Hundred of Lonsdale in the County of Lancaster over the Overflene Canal across or along the Bay or Estuary separating the Two Coasts, are not liable to any Duty of Customs</p>									
<p>Chalden, Coals, and Coals, shipped Coastwise at any Port in Great Britain, and delivered in any Port beyond the Seas before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of the Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear out at any Port in Great Britain until he shall have paid not only the Duties due on the Exportation of such Chalden, Coals, and Coals, but in Addition thereto for every Chalden thereof in cleared Coastwise, Winchester Meafure</p>	0	3	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the last Duty of Three Shillings the Chalden shall be repaid. See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 24.</p>									
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals and Coals may be carried on the Main</p>									

* (1821) 24 Geo. 3. cap. 68.

SCHEDULE (A).—COASTWISE	Duties.				Temporary or War Duty.	
	Downward.		Upward.			
	ℓ.	s.	d.	ℓ.	s.	d.
Coals, Cokes, and Culm, &c. contained in the Mouth of the River Severn, and elsewhere carried or conveyed from any Port or Place to the Mouth of the said River called the Holmes, to any other Port or Place in or upon the River Severn, situate to the Eastward of the said Mouth of the River without passing to the Westward thereof, without Payment of Duty, See 37 Geo. 3. cap. 100; and for the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coal, and Culm may be carried or conveyed on the Monmouthshire Canal, or on any of the Rail- ways or Turnpikes connected therewith, and after- wards to the Port of Bridgewater only by a Passage to the Westward of the Mouth called the Holmes, not- withstanding the Restrictions before-mentioned, without Payment of Duty, See 42 Geo. 3. cap. 117. of the Public Local and Personal Acts.						
Slates, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein (except as herein-after mentioned), for every 100ℓ. of the Value	10	0	0	—	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any such Slates brought into any Port of Great Britain for the sole Purpose of being exported from thence to Ports beyond the Seas may be entered with- out Payment of Duty, See 34 G. 3. cap. 52.						
Stones, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein (except as herein-after mentioned), for every 100ℓ. of the Value	10	0	0	—	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any Marble, Limestone, or Iron Stone what- soever; any Stone cut or manufactured into Mill Stones, Grind Stones, or Water Stones, or other of them; any Stone manufactured or converted into Palls and Caps for Corn Stacks or Mowheads, Troughs, Gate Palls, or other Articles used for the Purposes of Husbandry; any Green Stone or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of Green Stone, or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of Chert Stone, or any other Stone to be used in the Manufacture of Porce- lain, or of Pottery; or any Stones whatsoever cut or manufactured into Barr Stones; and any Stones used for the Purpose of Paving, or for the Purpose of mak- ing or mending Roads, may be entered without Pay- ment of Duty; See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 39 G. 3. cap. 52.						

TABLE (B.)

[See 1. 1.—C., p. 868. A.] A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described, imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and stored in Warehouses:

ALSO,

Of the Duties of Customs on such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, when taken out of such Warehouses to be used or consumed in Great Britain; together with the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of certain of those Goods, Wares, and Merchandize from Great Britain.

	PAYMENTS				Temporary of War Duty.	
	Duty		Drawback			
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and stored in Warehouses under the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions directed and required by 39 Geo. 3. cap. 29. viz.						
— Melass, plain, Newspan Cloths, Mullin or White Callicoon lawered or finished, for every toel of the Value	7	00	0	—	0	00
— Plain White Callicoon, plain White Dimity, and all Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, for every toel of the Value	8	00	0	—	0	00
— Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, for every toel of the Value	1	00	0	—	0	00
— Sugar, for every toel of the Value	1	00	0	—	—	—
— All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandize (except Bellies, Cottons, Wool, Saltstave, and Tea) for every toel of the Value	0	00	0	—	0	00
Which several Values shall be ascertained according to the gross Price at which such Goods respectively shall have been sold at the Public Sales of the said Company, without any Deduction or Allowance whatsoever.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duties may be levied by Bond, see 39 Geo. 3. cap. 29.						
— Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, so imported and warehoused (not being prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain) may be delivered from such Warehouses for the Purpose of being sold or consumed in Great Britain, on Payment of the following Duties of Customs, exclusive of the Duties before mentioned, paid or levied by the said Company on warehousing any of the said Goods; and also on Payment of such Excise or other Duties as shall be due or payable thereon at the Time of such Delivery, viz.						
Almonds, viz.						
— Sifted, the cwt.	1	00	0	—	0	00
— of any other Sort, the cwt.	3	00	0	—	1	00
Alum, viz.						
— Saccharin, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	00
— of any other Sort, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	00
Alum, the cwt.	0	11	0	—	0	00
— Rock Alum, the cwt.	0	7	0	—	0	00

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary	
	Duty.	Drawback.	War Duty.	War Duty.
Amber, vis.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
— Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.				
— rough, the lb.	0	1 0	—	0 0 4
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	5	3 0	—	17 1 8
Ambergris, the oz.	0	3 0	—	0 1 0
Ammoniac Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Ammoniacum.				
— Sal, <i>See</i> Sal Ammoniacum.				
Anise Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.				
Aniseed, <i>See</i> S. d.				
Annato, the cwt.	8	3 0	—	0 8 4
Angelica, the cwt.	0	9 0	—	0 3 0
Arabic Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.				
Aranges or Arange Beads, for every 100l. of the Value *	5	16 3	—	17 10 9
Arack, <i>See</i> Spirits.				
Artific, the cwt.	0	9 0	—	0 3 0
Artificial, the lb.	0	0 6	—	0 0 1
Auripigmentum, <i>See</i> Opinions.				
Balium, vis.				
— Artificial, the lb.	0	3 0	—	0 1 0
— Natural, the lb.	0	1 6	—	0 0 10
Banboo Cases, <i>See</i> Cases.				
Barilla, the cwt.	0	3 6	—	0 3 10
Beak, vis.				
— <i>See</i> Beak, <i>See</i> Carter Peruviana.				
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	17	10 0	—	18 10 0
Beckon, the lb.	0	0 6	—	0 0 9
Beads, vis.				
— Amber Beads, the lb.	0	7 6	—	0 1 6
— Arange Beads, <i>See</i> Aranges.				
— Coral Beads, the lb.	0	10 0	—	0 1 4
— Crystal Beads, the 1000	0	18 0	—	0 8 0
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	5	3 0	—	17 1 8
Bees Wax, <i>See</i> Wax.				
Benjamin, the lb.	0	1 0	—	0 0 4
Berber Stones, the oz.	0	1 6	—	0 0 5
Books, vis.				
— bound, the cwt.	4	0 0	—	1 7 4
— unbound, the cwt.	3	1 6	—	1 0 6
Bones, vis.				
— refined, the lb.	0	1 0	—	0 0 4
— unrefined or Tinct, the lb.	0	0 4	—	0 0 1
Bottle of Glass or Common Glass without stopper, not of less content than one Pint, and not being Flasks, the Dozen Quarts	0	5 0	—	0 1 8
Brandy, <i>See</i> Spirits.				
Bullion and foreign Coins of Gold or Silver, Duty free.				
Calappa, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.				
Cake-lin, <i>See</i> Lin in Gum.				
Caluminate Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.				
Calicos, vis.				
— Plain White Calicos for every 100l. of the Value	5	3 0	—	17 1 8
— Drawback to be allowed on Exportation of such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, stained, pressed, or dyed, in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	—	50 0 0	—	—
— White Scoured or Rinsed, <i>See</i> Mullin.				
Calve Skin, <i>See</i> Skin.				
Carbogum, <i>See</i> Gumbo.				
Carrel Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.				
Cassia, vis.				
— refined, the lb.	0	1 3	—	0 0 5
— unrefined, the lb.	0	0 6	—	0 0 1

* *See* Act 1800, c. 11.

TABLE (B.)	Duty		Temporary or War Duty.
	£	s	
Candles of Wax, the lb.	0	1 6	0 0 6
Cases, viz.			
— Bamboo, the 1000	1	1 6	0 7 4
— Rattans, (not ground Rattans,) the 1000	1	1 6	0 1 0
— Reed Cases, the 1000	0	25 9	0 5 7
— Walking Cases or Sticks incased, painted, lathed, or otherwise ornamented or manufactured, for every rool of the Value	51	5 0	17 1 6
— Wanyben Jumbos, Ground Rattans, Dragons Hoods, and other Walking Cases or Sticks, the 1000	1	10 0	0 16 6
Cashmeres, the lb.	0	2 0	0 0 8
Caps of Cotton, for every rool, of the Value	14	0 0	18 0 0
Cardamoms, the lb.	0	1 3	0 0 5
Caracas Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair.			
Caracas, the oz.	0	1 0	0 0 20
Carpets, viz.			
— of Persia, the Yard square	1	10 0	0 10 5
— of Turkey, under 4 Yards square, the Carpet	0	15 0	0 5 0
— 4 Yards square and not exceeding 6 Yards square, the Carpet	5	0 0	1 0 0
— exceeding 6 Yards square, the Carpet	5	0 0	1 13 4
Cassia Gum, See Gum.			
Cats Fish, the lb.	0	1 0	0 0 4
— Fish, the lb.	0	0 6	0 0 3
— Lappas, the lb.	0	1 0	0 0 6
— Oil of, } See Oil.			
Cedar, Oil of, } See Oil.			
Cajenne Pepper, See Pepper.			
Chemical Oil, See Oil.			
China Root, the lb.	0	0 9	0 0 8
China Ware, Inventory tool, of the Value	25	0 0	27 6 4
Chinolon, See Vermilion.			
Cinabars Natura, the lb.	0	1 3	0 0 6
Cinnamon, the lb.	0	1 6	0 0 6
— Oil of, See Oil.			
Cloves, the lb.	0	3 6	0 1 2
— Oil of, See Oil.			
Cochineal, the lb.	0	0 6	0 0 2
— Duff, the lb.	0	0 1	0 0 0 1/2
Cocoa Nuts, the lb.	0	0 3	0 0 1
— Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Cochin Lada, the lb.	0	1 0	0 0 6
Coffee, the lb.	0	0 3	0 0 1
— Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Coins, Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion.			
Colocynth, See Colopogonide.			
Colopogonide or Colopogon, the lb.	0	1 0	0 0 4
Colours for Painters, See Painters Colours.			
Colombas Root, the lb.	0	1 0	0 0 4
Contrayerva Lapa, See Lapis.			
— Radix, See Radix.			
Coral Gum, See Gum.			
Copper, viz.			
— Ore, the cwt.	0	0 6	0 0 2
— old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt.	0	5 9	0 1 11
— unwrought, viz.			
— Copper in Bricks or Tiles, Rofs Copper, and all cast Copper, the cwt.	0	5 9	0 1 11
— Copper in Plates and Copper Coins, the cwt.	0	9 6	0 3 2
— part wrought, viz. Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or rolled, the cwt.	0	19 3	0 6 5

TABLE (A)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
Copper, refined.									
Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, Copper enamelled, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
Cord, viz.									
— Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.									
— in Fragments, the <i>lb.</i>	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	10½
— whole polished, the <i>lb.</i>	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— — — unpolished, the <i>lb.</i>	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	0
Carander Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Cases, Pencilcases or Tablets Book, the <i>lb.</i>	0	1	5	—	—	—	0	0	5
Cotton, the <i>lb.</i>	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	10½
Cotton, viz.									
Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	0	0	—	—	—	18	0	0
Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.									
Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.									
Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.									
Candles, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value ^b	5 <i>l.</i>	16	3	—	—	—	17	18	9
Crystal Trade, <i>See</i> Beads.									
Cuba, the <i>lb.</i>	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	8
Cumbe Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Dyegrydium, <i>See</i> Sassafras.									
Diamonds, Duty free.									
Dress, viz.									
— Mass White Dress, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	—	—	—	5 <i>l.</i>	0	0	—	—	—
Dry Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Dressings coloured, each	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— plain, each	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Drugs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, <i>See</i> the several Articles in Alphabetical Order.									
— manufactured, not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
— unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
Easterware, <i>See</i> China.									
Ebony, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Elephant Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Elephants Teeth, the cwt.	5	10	0	—	—	—	4	16	8
Elk Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Emeralds, Rubies, and all other Precious Stones and Jewels (except Diamonds) for every 100<i>l.</i> of the Value	10	0	0	—	—	—	3	6	8
Feathers, viz.									
— Ostrich Feathers dyed, the <i>lb.</i>	1	17	0	—	—	—	0	11	8
— — — — — undyed, the <i>lb.</i>	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
— of any other Sort, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 <i>l.</i>	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
Fine, rough or undyed, the cwt.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Fossil Shell, <i>See</i> Shell.									
Furs, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Gallaga, the <i>lb.</i>	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Gallstone, the <i>lb.</i>	0	0	8	—	—	—	0	0	5
Galls, the cwt.	0	7	0	—	—	—	0	8	4
Garbage, the <i>lb.</i>	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Garlic Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Garnet, viz.									
— cut, the <i>lb.</i>	0	17	6	—	—	—	0	5	10
— rough, the <i>lb.</i>	0	6	0	—	—	—	0	8	0
Gem Salt, <i>See</i> Salt.									

^a [See Art. 2. s. 2. c. 1.]

TABLE (D.)	Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	℔	s.	d.	℔	s.	d.
Genoa, <i>See</i> Spain.						
Ginger, the cent.	0	14	0	—	0	4
— powdered, the lb.	0	3	0	—	0	0
Guano, the lb.	0	0	10	—	0	0
Glass, <i>See</i> —						
— Bowles, <i>See</i> Potashes.						
— broken, to only to be remanufactured, the cent.	0	2	0	—	0	0
— rough Blue Glass, and ground or polished Plate or Crown Glass, for every foot of the Value	7	1	0	—	2	0
and Laths, necessary for the most important Manufactures	0	2	0	—	—	—
— Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every foot of the Value	7	1	0	—	2	0
— Paintings on Glass, for every foot of the Value	5	2	0	—	7	0
Glass is subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Gold Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.						
Gold Leaf, <i>See</i> Leaf.						
— Plate, <i>See</i> Plate.						
Granite, the lb.	0	0	3	—	0	0
Gum, <i>See</i> —						
— Amaranthine, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
— Anise, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
— Arabic, the cent.	0	7	0	—	0	0
— Cassia, the cent.	0	4	0	—	0	0
— Capivi, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	0
— Elemi, the lb.	0	0	4	—	0	0
— Guggul, <i>See</i> Gum Guggul.						
— Lac, <i>See</i> —						
— China Lac, the lb.	0	0	3	—	0	0
— Shellac, or rood Lac, the lb.	0	0	4	—	0	0
— Stick Lac, the cent.	0	3	0	—	0	0
— Opoponax, the lb.	0	3	0	—	0	0
— Sagapenam, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
— Sandal, or Jassop, the cent.	0	12	0	—	0	0
— Sassafras, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
— Sassafras, the lb.	0	7	0	—	0	0
— Turpentine, the lb.	0	0	3	—	0	0
— not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every foot of the Value	17	10	0	—	12	10
Hair, <i>See</i> —						
— Camel, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	0
— Goat or Carmasin Wool, the lb.	0	0	3	—	0	0
— Human, the lb.	0	3	0	—	0	0
Headstuffs, of silk, printed, stained, ground, or dyed, for every sq. L. of the Value	1	1	0	—	2	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Silk Headstuffs may be admitted to Entry for Home Consumption, <i>See</i> Gen. 3. cap. 68.						
Hemp, rough or undressed, or any other Vegetable substance of the Nature and Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Ton containing 20 cent.	0	3	0	—	0	0
Hides, <i>See</i> —						
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox in the Hair, not tanned, tanned, or any Way dressed, the Hide	0	0	0	—	0	0
— — — — — tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	7	—	0	0
— Horse, Mule, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned or any Way dressed, the Hide	0	0	0	—	0	0
— — — — — tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	7	—	0	0
— or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every foot of the Value	30	0	0	—	10	0
— or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tanned, or any Way dressed, not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every foot of the Value	30	0	0	—	30	0

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.	Drawback.	d.	s. d.
Horns, viz.				
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, the 100	0 3 6	—	0 1 3	
— manufactured, for every 100l. of the Value	31 3 0	—	17 1 8	
— unmanufactured, not otherwise enumerated or de- fined, for every 100l. of the Value	10 0 0	—	6 13 4	
Horses, Hares, or Goldings, each	4 4 0	—	1 2 0	
Horses Hair, See Hair.				
Huffs Skins, See Skins.				
Imperial Wine, for every 100l. of the Value	31 3 0	—	17 1 8	
Indies Bark, See Bark.				
Jewels, See Emeralds.				
Indigo, the 100 lb.	0 10 9	—	0 3 7	
This Duty on Indigo is payable when taken out of the Warehouse either for Exportation or to be used in Great Britain.				
Iris Root, See Orice.				
Jasper Gems, See Gem Sandrals.				
Kinds of Silk, See Silk.				
Kass, See Glass.				
Lacquered Ware, for every 100l. of the Value	31 3 0	—	17 1 8	
Lamb's Wool, See Sheep's Wool or Wool.				
Lapis, viz.				
— Columbinic, the cwt.	0 1 0	—	0 1 8	
— Costreponic, the 100	0 1 3	—	0 0 5	
— Laxah, the lb.	0 0 0	—	0 0 0	
— Turic, the lb.	0 0 4	—	0 0 1	
Lashed Lapis, See Lapis.				
Lead, viz.				
— White Lead, the cwt.	0 6 6	—	0 3 0	
Leopard Skins, See Skins.				
Listrad, Oil of, See Oil.				
Long Pepper, See Pepper.				
Mace, the lb.	0 3 9	—	0 1 11	
— Oil of, See Oil.				
Madder Root, the cwt.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0	
Mangroes, the Gallon	0 3 0	—	0 1 0	
Manna, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 2	
Maps, the Piece	0 0 9	—	0 0 3	
Martin Skins, See Skins.				
Matfish, viz.				
— Red, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 0	
— of any other Sort, the lb.	0 0 3	—	0 0 3	
Melaffin, the cwt.	0 4 0	—	0 1 7	
Mercur of Pearl Shells, rough, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 0	
Musk, the oz.	0 1 0	—	0 3 0	
Muffins, plain, Nanquan Cloths, Mellins or White Calicoes Browed or Starched, for every 100l. of the Value Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of Such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, Staked, painted or dyed in Great Bri- tain, for every 100l. of the Value	10 10 0	—	6 06 8	
Myrobalsam, viz.				
— Cassied, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 1	
— dried, the cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 1 4	
Myrrh, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4	
Nanquan Cloths, See Muffins.				
Nutmegs, the lb.	0 3 6	—	0 1 1	
— Oil of, See Oil.				
Nux Vomica, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3	
Oil, viz.				
— of Cajupute, the oz.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6	
— of Cassia, the oz.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6	
— of Cloves, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3	
— Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or defined, for every 100l. of the Value	31 3 0	—	17 1 8	

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback.		War Duty.		
<i>Oil, continued.</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>	<i>d</i> <i>l</i> <i>d</i>
— of Cassia, the <i>oz.</i>	0 3 0	—	—	0 1 0	—	—
— of Cloves, the <i>oz.</i>	0 1 0	—	—	0 0 4	—	—
— of Lard, the Ton containing 112 Gallons	11 0 0	—	—	7 0 0	—	—
— of Mace, the <i>oz.</i>	0 1 3	—	—	0 0 5	—	—
— of Nutmeg, the <i>oz.</i>	0 1 5	—	—	0 0 5	—	—
— of Turpentine, the <i>lb.</i>	0 0 4	—	—	0 0 5	—	—
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 5 0	—	—	17 1 8	—	—
<i>Oil, the cent.</i>	0 0 3	—	—	0 1 5	—	—
<i>Olusum, the cent.</i>	1 00 0	—	—	0 00 0	—	—
<i>Opium, the lb.</i>	0 5 0	—	—	0 1 00	—	—
<i>Opoponac Gum. See Gum.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Orange Flower Water, the Gallon.</i>	0 0 0	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
<i>Ore, viz.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Copper. <i>See</i> Copper.	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Gold or Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion.	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Opium or Assigmentum, the cent.</i>	0 18 0	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
<i>Oriac or Iris Root, the cent.</i>	0 18 0	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
<i>Ornith Feathers. See</i> Feathers.	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Factors/Colours, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.</i>	0 0 0	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
<i>Paintings on Glass. See</i> Glass.	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Paper, viz.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Brown Paper made of old Rags or Castings only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, the <i>lb.</i>	0 0 6	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
— Printed, painted, or drawn Paper or Paper Hangings, the Yard square	0 0 9	—	—	0 0 3	—	—
— of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, the <i>lb.</i>	0 1 0	—	—	0 0 4	—	—
<i>Perls, for every 100<i>l.</i> of the Value</i>	10 0 0	—	—	3 0 8	—	—
<i>Pepper, the lb.</i>	0 1 3	—	—	0 1 3	—	—
— Cayenne, the <i>lb.</i>	0 3 0	—	—	0 1 0	—	—
— Long Pepper, the <i>lb.</i>	0 0 0	—	—	0 0 0	—	—
<i>Pickles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon</i>	0 3 0	—	—	0 1 0	—	—
<i>Pictures, viz.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
— under a Foot square the Picture	0 3 0	—	—	0 14 0	—	—
— of two Foot square and under a Foot square the Picture	4 0 0	—	—	1 0 8	—	—
— of a Foot square or upwards the Picture	6 9 0	—	—	0 3 0	—	—
<i>Plat, viz.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
— hammered, <i>See</i> only to be re-manufactured, <i>See</i> Bullion.	—	—	—	—	—	—
— of Gold, the <i>oz. Troy</i>	0 8 0	—	—	0 10 0	—	—
— of Silver gilt, the <i>oz. Troy</i>	0 4 0	—	—	0 1 4	—	—
— part gilt, the <i>oz. Troy</i>	0 3 9	—	—	0 1 9	—	—
— silver, the <i>oz. Troy</i>	0 3 9	—	—	0 0 11	—	—
<i>Porcelain Stones. See</i> Emeralds.	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Prints, viz.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Paper Prints plain, the Foot	0 1 0	—	—	0 0 4	—	—
— coloured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	5 5 0	—	—	17 1 3	—	—
<i>Provisions.</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Note</i> —His Majesty is authorized to permit, for a limited Time, by Order in Council, the Importation into Great Britain from any Port or Place whatever, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel belonging to the Service of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, and navigated in any Manner whatsoever, of any Beans called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentils, Callinces and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also Bails, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Lamb, whether salted or otherwise; Bacon, Ham, Tongues, Sausers, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sage, Sugar Powder, Tapioca, Vermouth, Milder Seed, Peas, Peas, Eggs, Gears and	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE (B.)

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.	℥	s.	d.
<i>Provisions, continued.</i>									
<i>See</i> <i>Cocoa</i> , Duty free, provided due Entry be made.									
His Majesty is likewise authorized in like Manner to									
revoke such Provisions, either in Part or in the Whole, if									
Circumstances shall here to be require. <i>See</i> 23 Geo. 3.									
cap. 87, continued by subsequent Acts, and by									
49 Geo. 3. cap. 23, revised and further continued									
until the 15th March 1810.									
QuickSilver, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Radia Castoreum, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Rararas, <i>See</i> <i>Cacao</i> .									
Red Wood, <i>See</i> <i>Wood</i> .									
Red Cases, <i>See</i> <i>Cacao</i> .									
Ribwort, the lb.	0	1	5	—	—	—	0	0	5
Rice, the cwt.	0	4	9	—	—	—	0	1	7
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Roch Alum, <i>See</i> <i>Alum</i> .									
Role Wood, <i>See</i> <i>Wood</i> .									
Rubens, <i>See</i> <i>Emeralds</i> .									
Rum, <i>See</i> <i>Spirits</i> .									
Safflower, the cwt.	0	5	6	—	—	—	0	1	10
Saffron, the lb.	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
Sagepaperum Gum, <i>See</i> <i>Gum</i> .									
Sage, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Sage Powder, for every 100℔ of the Value	5	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Salt, viz.									
— <i>Armeniacum</i> , the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	9
— <i>Gem</i> , the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
— <i>Sales</i> or <i>Salap.</i> , the lb.	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	9
— <i>Sulphur</i> , the cwt.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Sarsaparil Gum, <i>See</i> <i>Gum</i> .									
Sarsaparil Drugges, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Sarcocolla Gum, <i>See</i> <i>Gum</i> .									
Saundera, viz.									
— <i>Red</i> , the cwt.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
— <i>White</i> or <i>Yellow</i> , the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	9
Scaevola, the lb.	0	4	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Monk Teeth, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Sea Slime, <i>See</i> <i>Slime</i> .									
Seed, viz.									
— <i>Amilced</i> , the cwt.	1	8	6	—	—	—	0	9	6
— <i>Cassia</i> Seed, the cwt.	0	6	0	—	—	—	0	9	0
— <i>Cassia</i> Seed, the cwt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
— <i>Ferul</i> Seed, for every 100℔ of the Value	10	0	0	—	—	—	6	13	4
— <i>Garden</i> Seed, not particularly enumerated or defined,									
the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— <i>Worm</i> Seed, the lb.	0	0	0	—	—	—	0	0	3
— not particularly enumerated or defined, or otherwise									
charged with Duty, for every 100℔ of the Value	77	10	0	—	—	—	13	10	0
Seed Lac, <i>See</i> <i>Lac</i> in <i>Gum</i> .									
Seas, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
Seega Gum, <i>See</i> <i>Gum</i> .									
Shag's Wood, <i>See</i> <i>Wood</i> .									
Shells, <i>See</i> <i>Lac</i> in <i>Gum</i> .									
Silk, viz.									
— <i>Handkerchiefs</i> , <i>See</i> <i>Handkerchiefs</i> .									
— <i>Kerbs</i> or <i>Hells</i> of <i>Silk</i> , the lb.	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
— <i>Raw</i> <i>Silk</i> , viz.									
— <i>Bengal</i> raw <i>Silk</i> , the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	0	0
— of any other Sort, the lb.	0	4	3	—	—	—	0	1	5
— <i>Wool</i> <i>Silk</i> , the lb.	0	6	0	—	—	—	0	0	10
Silver Coins, Foreign, <i>See</i> <i>Bullion</i> .									
Silver Plate, <i>See</i> <i>Plate</i> .									

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.		Dowback.			
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Skins, viz.</i>						
— Calf Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins	0	1	3	—	0	0
— Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins	0	0	6	—	0	0
— Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Skin	0	0	7½	—	0	0
— Hare Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	3	—	0	0
— Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	6	0	—	0	0
— Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	9	—	0	0
— Seal Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Skin	0	0	1½	—	0	0
— Squirrel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0	7	3	—	0	1
— Tiger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	0	—	0	2
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every wool of the Value	17	10	0	—	11	10
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every wool of the Value	30	0	0	—	30	0
Seals, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	0
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Sassafras Aloes, the Alcock						
Spicewood, the lb.	0	1	9	—	0	0
<i>Spirits, viz.</i>						
— Anise, the Gallon	0	7	3	—	0	0
— Brandy, the Gallon	0	1	1	—	0	0
— Cloves, the Gallon	0	1	1½	—	0	0
— Cinnamon, the Gallon	0	0	9	—	0	0
— The Produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies, the Gallon	0	0	9	—	0	0
Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Squills, the cent.	0	3	3	—	0	7
Squashberries, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0
Squirrel Skins, See Skins.						
Stick Lac, See Lac in Gum.						
Stockings of Cotton, for every wool of the Value	14	0	0	—	18	0
<i>Syrups, viz.</i>						
— Cloves or Liquids, the lb.	0	0	9	—	0	0
— in the Tree, or Gum, the lb.	0	7	1	—	0	7
Syrup, the lb.	0	4	0	—	0	0
Sugar, the cent.	1	2	0	—	0	10
For the Rules, Regulations, and Conditions under which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are authorized to dispense according to the Average Price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, either One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Two Shillings in the hundred Weight, or Three Shillings in the Hundred Weight, being Part of the Temporary or War Duty, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.						
Note.—The Duties on Sugar imported into Great Britain are to continue in force until the 1 st March 1810.						
See the Act to which this Table is annexed.						
<i>Sugar Candy, viz.</i>						
— Brown, the cent.	3	18	0	—	1	4
— White, the cent.	3	15	0	—	1	18
Talc, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	0	0
Tamarinds, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	0	0
Tea, for every wool of the Value	8	0	0	8	0	0
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tea may be taken out of the Warehouse, Duty free, for Exportation to Ireland, See 41 Geo. 3. cap. 75.						

TABLE (B.)	Permitted.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.		Dowback.			
Teak Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Terra Japonica, the lb.	0	0	6	—	0	0
Thread, <i>viz.</i> Cotton Thread, for every reel of the Value	54	0	0	—	18	0
Thread, <i>See</i> (above) <i>enrolled</i> .						
Tobacco, the 100 lbs.	0	11	3	—	0	12
Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade Consumption or Manufacture in Great Britain, and afterwards manufactured according to Law into Short Cut Tobacco, Plug Tobacco, Roll Tobacco, or Carrot Tobacco, and exported, the 100 lbs.						
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards or outwards, (except in Ballast) from or to foreign Ports, <i>See</i> Table (D)						
Tortoise Shell, <i>viz.</i>						
— Manufactures of, for every 1000 of the Value	57	8	0	—	17	1
— rough and unmanufactured, the lb.	0	0	6	—	0	0
Tragacath Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.						
Turbit, the lb.	0	1	6	—	0	0
Turmeric, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	0	0
Turpentine, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Turtle Legs <i>See</i> Legs.						
Tyger Skins <i>See</i> Skins.						
Vermorels, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	0	0
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Presidiosa.						
Vermilion or Cinnabar, the lb.	0	1	3	—	0	0
Walking Cases, } <i>See</i> Cases.						
Wagon Cases, }						
Wax, <i>viz.</i>						
— Bees Wax unmanufactured, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	0	14
— White or manufactured, the cwt.	3	18	0	—	1	0
— Candles, <i>See</i> Candles.						
Wool, <i>viz.</i>						
— Ebony, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	5	0	6	—	1	14
— Red Wood, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	1	4	0	—	0	8
— Oak Wood, the cwt.	1	8	9	—	0	9
— Teak Wood, 8 Inches Square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	19	6	—	0	6
Wool, <i>viz.</i>						
— Carmine Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.						
— Cotton Wool, the 100 lbs.	0	8	7	—	0	8
— Lamb's Wool, <i>See</i> Sheep's Wool.						
— Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	0	1
Worm Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.						
Yarn, <i>viz.</i>						
— Cotton Yarn, the lb.	0	0	6	—	0	0
— Woollen, the lb.	0	0	9	—	0	0
Zedairia, the lb.						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, being either in Part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty when so imported, and not prohibited to be imported into or sold in Great Britain, for every 1000 of the Value						
	58	5	0	—	17	1
Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty when so imported and not prohibited to be imported into or sold in Great Britain, for every 1000 of the Value.						
	00	0	0	—	6	12

TABLE (C.)

[S. 100 a.
c. 11.]

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise taken and condemned as Prizes or seized and condemned as Droits of Admiralty, and imported or brought into Great Britain.

	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	s ^d	s.	d	s ^d	s.	d
Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, taken and condemned as Prize, or seized and condemned as Droits of Admiralty, shall and may be landed and secured in approved Warehouses, on Payment (by the Captains or their Agents,) of the following Duties, <i>viz.</i>						
— Brandy, if taken by a Ship of War or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons -	4	5	0	0	15	0
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons -	0	15	0	0	5	0
— Cocoa, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	5	0	0	1	1
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	1	3	0	0	5
— Coffee, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	10	6	0	3	6
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	1	6	0	1	2
— Sugar, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	6	0	0	2	0
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the <i>cut.</i> -	0	1	0	0	2	5
— Vinegar, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tonnage containing 125 Gallons -	1	0	0	—		
— Wine, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tonnage containing 150 Gallons -	2	0	0	—		
— All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not particularly excepted or otherwise charged with Duty, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value thereof -	7	00	0	2	10	0
— if taken by a Private Vessel, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value thereof -	2	10	0	0	16	5
— Corn, <i>viz.</i>						
— Wheat, Wheatmeal, or Flour, Rye, barley, Beer, or Biscuits, Oats, Peas, Beans, Indian Corn or Maize, taken and condemned as Prize, shall and may be warehoused in like Manner, and subject to such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, Duties, Drawbacks, Penalties, and Forfeitures as are provided and enacted by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force with respect to any Foreign Corn imported into Great Britain, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134.						
— Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of China or the East Indies, taken and condemned as Prize, are subject to such Duties and entitled to such Drawbacks as the like Goods are or may be subject and entitled to when imported by the East India Company.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Goods may be sold, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 113. (Local and Personal.)						
— Tobacco taken and condemned as Prize, and secured in Warehouses according to Law may be exported therefrom without Payment of any Duty, or taken						

TABLE (C.)	Permanent Duty			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Goods, continued.</i>						
out of such Warehouses for Home Consumption or Manufacture, on Payment of the Duties due and payable on Tobacco of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories in America.						
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Tobacco may be warehoused, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.						
— Suet, tallow and condensed as Prime and secured in Warehouses according to Law, may be exported therefrom, without Payment of any Duty, or taken out of such Warehouses for Home Consumption, on Payment of the Duties due and payable on Suet of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories in America.						
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Suet may be warehoused, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.						
— Ships or Vessels condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty (except Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War) with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, (except Sails) for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value	10	0	0	3	6	6
— Note.—Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War taken and condemned as Prize, or as Droits of Admiralty, with the Sails, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture belonging to such Ships or Vessels, are Duty free.						
— Ships or Vessels condemned as Prize in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of Great Britain (not being Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War) are Subject to Duty, which shall be paid on the first Arrival of any such Ships or Vessels at any Port in Great Britain, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134.						
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Goods taken as Prize and condemned Abroad may, on Importation, be warehoused on Payment of the Duty charged in this Table, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.						
Note.—No Duties whatever shall be demanded or taken for any Goods condemned as Prize consisting of Military or Ship Stores, viz. Sails, Cordage, Anchors and Cables, Masts, Yards, Boomsprit, Blocks, Guns, Gunpowder, Shot, Match, Gun Carriages, Cartridges and other Materials thereto belonging, and all Timber and Iron converted into and made fit for Ship Building, or for any of the Uses and Purposes aforesaid; Salted Beef, Pork, and Butter, Malt, Small Beer, Feeds and Charcoal, Sailors' Clothes, Hammocks, Bedding and Apparatus, and Instruments belonging to Surgeons, Ballon, or for any Goods which may be imported into Great Britain Duty free.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Prize Goods may on Condemnation be secured in Warehouses, see 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.						
Note.—Goods, Wares, and Merchandise condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty, having been secured in Warehouses according to Law, may be taken out of such Warehouses to be used or consumed in Great Britain on Payment of the Remainder of the Duties which would at the Time of such taking out have been due and payable to His Majesty thereon, if the same had been regularly imported by Way of Merchandise into Great Britain.						

TABLE (C.)	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Goods, continued.</i>						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, enumerated as Free or as Duties of Admiralty, having been warehoused according to Law, may be exported from thence without Payment of any further Duty imposed by the Act to which this Table is annexed, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 134.						

TABLE (D.)

TONNAGE DUTY on Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port in Great Britain, from or to Foreign Parts.

TONNAGE DUTY.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
On Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards, (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts.						
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, the Greenland Sea, or the Southern Whale Fishery -	0	0	6	0	0	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place within the Straights of Gibraltar -	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Russia, or within the Baltic Sea -	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Europe, except the Isle of Man -	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Company granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies -	0	3	0	0	3	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards, (except in Ballast), from or to the Cape of Good Hope -	0	1	6	0	1	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Africa, not otherwise enumerated or described -	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to the Head of Newfoundland, the Islands of Cape Breton, St. John, or Prince Edward's Island, or the Coast of Labrador -	0	0	6	0	0	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in the United States of America, any Spanish Island, Colony, or Plantation in America, or any other Part of America, not otherwise enumerated or described -	0	1	0	0	1	0

Quarter Sessions shall and may prefer the Claim of the Person who shall have let up the Still of the largest Capacity, or shall and may divide such Majority of such Free or Town, among all the Claimants entitled, as Shares in proportion to the Contents of their respective Stills; or shall and may divide the whole of such Majority of any Free or Town to the Person who shall have let up and worked a Licensed Still in every such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, according as such Court shall in their Discretion think most conducive to the Encouragement of Industry, and the Disencumbrance of said Inhabitants: and it shall be lawful for such Court of Quarter Sessions to take such Security as in the Judgment of such Court shall seem proper, that every Person who shall receive any such Free or Town, or any Portion thereof, shall continue to work his Still during any such Period, not less than Four Months in the Year, so such Court shall think reasonable, and which such Court shall direct accordingly; and if on such Conditions shall be made by such Justice as any Quarter Sessions within Six Months after the Time when any such Free or Town shall have been let, then and in each Case One Fourth Part of such Free, (or of so much thereof as may remain after deducting the Costs in the Case aforesaid,) shall be paid by every such Tenant for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, into the Hands of the Collector of Rents for the District, in which the Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, of which such Free shall be let, shall be situate; and the remaining Four Parts Part of such Free, (or of so much thereof as may remain, after deducting the Costs in the Case aforesaid,) shall be paid by every such Tenant, if so the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, to the Society for disseminating Virtue and promoting Virtue in the said City, for the Use of the said Society, and if in any other County, or County of a Town or City, to the Treasurer of the Public Infirmary or Hospital of such County, Town, or City, for the Use of the said Infirmary or Hospital; or to or towards such other and maintaining One or more Ward or Wards for Idiots, or Lunatics, or towards such other and supporting Dispenfaries for furnishing Medicines, and great Medical Aid and Relief to the Poor, in such Places within the County as the Grand Jury shall have preferred Money for the Establishment of Dispenfaries therein, as the Governors of such Infirmary or Hospital shall think fit.

16. Fees already imposed, but not levied before Quarter Sessions stop, shall be applied as order the Act, § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Free or Tenement shall be guilty of any Offence in buying or bringing in or into any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, any prohibited Still, or other Unlawful distilling of Spirits, whereby such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, shall become liable to the Payment of any Fine, every Person to offending shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be paid to the Person suing for the same; and in each such Parish shall be an Inhabitant of such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, the Money is recovered shall be by him applied in Reparation to and among himself and the other Landed Owners and Proprietors of such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, in the Sums and Proportions paid by them respectively, on account of such Free, in such Manor as the Judge or Court before whom such Penalty shall be recovered shall order and direct. Provided always, that no such Penalty shall be recovered by more than One Person, on account of One and the same Offence; and that if more Persons than One shall proceed for such Penalty, the Fine shall be recovered by the Person who shall have first commenced his Action for the same; and in each the Party convicted of any such relative Offence shall be an Officer appointed by or chosen under the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tolls, or the Commissioners of Customs or Port Duties, such Person shall, upon Conviction of such Offence, over and above the Payment of such penal Sum of Fifty Pounds, be, and be a hereby declared and rendered incapable of holding any Office or Employment whatsoever, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or any Authority derived under His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall give any Information of any Offence which by Law is declared to be a Misdemeanor, and whereby any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, shall be and become liable to any Fine, such Informer shall at the same Time make Oath and declare in such Information whether or not he knows any of the Persons concerned in the committing of any such Offence, and if he does know such Person he shall declare their Names in such Information, and the Magistrate before whom such Information shall be given, shall forthwith bind over such Informer to prosecute such Person for a Misdemeanor according to the Laws in that behalf, and such Magistrate shall also issue his Warrant to apprehend such Person, that they may be dealt with according to Law; and if such Informer shall not give Evidence against such Person when brought to Trial, he shall not be entitled to receive any Part of any such Fine; any Thing to any Act or Acts contrary to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And for securing the more regular and speedy Application by the Treasurers of the several Counties, County of Cities and Towns as aforesaid, of all Fines imposed at the several Assizes or Prohibiting Terms on 1. Parish, Townships, Manors, and Lordships, on account of any prohibited Still, or Part of a Still, or Apparatus to be used in a Still, or any Works or other Unlawful distilling of Spirits, or any Works, Pot Still, Low Wine, or any Stillage, having been found or used in any Place within any such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, Be it enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall not be lawful for any Court or Judge at any Assize or Prohibiting Term in any County, County of a City or Town in Ireland to sit nor Proclaim for the Sale of or for any per Contingent or Allowance payable to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or Town, unless such Treasurer shall at such Assize or Prohibiting Term proceed to such Court or Judge upon Oath, which Oath such Court or Judge is hereby empowered and required to administer, a full, separate, and true Account of the Receipts and Payments by such Treasurer on account of all such Fines as shall have been imposed on any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, for the Causes being mentioned, or any of them, at any preceding Assize or for such County, County of a City or Town, (or Prohibiting Term, if for the County of Dublin,) and so shall not have been previously paid and accounted for by such Treasurer; and also, unless it shall appear by such Account that no Part of the Money

received

On or Before
of such Court-
case, one quarter
of such, and
of the other in
Division.

Penalty on
offence in
buying
Parish, manor
Town, &c.

If by an Officer,
Magistrate, &c.

Informer shall
declare if he
knows the
Persons guilty,
and shall be
bound over to
prosecute them
for a Misdemeanor.

Treasurer shall
declare in
Assize or
Prohibiting Term
Application of
all Fines
imposed by
Magistrate.

received by him on account of such Fees remains in his Hands unapplied; except in Cases where the same has not been demanded of him or at his Office by the Parties entitled to receive the same, all which Cases shall be verified by the said Treasurer on Oath; and except in Cases where it shall appear that an Information has been lodged against the fixing Officers for fraudulent Practices, in any such Case it shall be lawful for the said Treasurer to withhold the said Sum or Sums as claimed by said Officers, until such Information shall be tried or otherwise disposed of; and in such the said fixing Officers shall be satisfied thereon. Such Treasurer shall pay every such Sum and Sums to the Churchwardens of such Parish, or to some one Inhabitant of such Township, Manor or Lordship, to be appointed to and among the Landholders and Inhabitants of such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, in the Shares and Proportions paid by them respectively on account of such Fees.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall at any Time be brought or commenced against any Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Town in England, by any Officer of Justice, or by any other Parties or Persons, or by or on behalf of the Governors of the Public Inducery or Hospital of the County, Town or City, or by or on behalf of the Society for deterring and preventing Vice and promoting Virtue, or by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for any Share or Proportion of any such Fees imposed for the Costs last before-mentioned, or any of them, which such Officer or Parties, or Governors of such County Inducery, or Hospital or Society, or which His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may by Law be entitled to receive or recover, or for any Costs which ought by Law to be paid by such Treasurer out of any Money in his Hands issued from any such Fees; and if the Plaintiff in such Action shall obtain a Verdict or Judgment against such Treasurer, such Plaintiff shall be entitled to have or other Treble Costs, to be awarded against such Treasurer, and to be recovered up such Plaintiff as Costs may by Law be recovered against any Defendant.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall not be lawful for any Court or Judge at any Assize (or Prebending Term, if in the City of Dublin) to discharge any Queen or any Protestant for the Passage or Wages of any Collector or High Constable acting as a Collector for any Borough, Hall Bazaar, or County of a City or County of a Town, or in relation to the Accounts of the Treasurer any Sum of Money on account of Passage or Wages of any such Collector or High Constable, nor shall any such Collector or High Constable or his Accounts with the Treasurer of the same be audited by him, deans, Jecp, or other Clerks free, to his own Use, any Sum by way of Passage or Wages for any Money he shall have collected since the passing of this Act, or Prebending Term, unless such Collector or High Constable shall, before the Commencement Day of such Assize, or the First Day of such Prebending Term, have collected and paid to such Treasurer the full Amount of all such Fees imposed on any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, under the said recited Acts of the Forty seventh and Forty-eighth Years aforesaid, or under this Act, as such Collector shall have been authorized or required to collect, by the Warrant of any such Treasurer, to be filed after the passing of this Act, at any Time after the Assize or Prebending Term then next ensuing.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Justice of the Peace shall take or receive any Information for any Offence relating to any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still or any Work or Distill for distilling Spirits, or any Walk, Pot Ale, Low Wine, or Singlings, under the Licenses and Provisions of the last recited Act made in the fifth year of His present Majesty's reign, intended *prohibere* as aforesaid an Act made in the first year of His present Majesty, for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in England; or under the Licenses and Provisions of any Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act as herein aforesaid at the Time of such Information, or shall give any Notice of such Information to be served upon the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, pursuant to the Direction of any such Act or Acts, Proof of the Hand writing of such Justice to such Information or Notice respectively, by the Oath of any One credible Witness, shall be deemed sufficient Evidence that such Information was taken and be signed by such Justice, or that such Notice was so signed by such Justice respectively as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Thirty Days after the passing of this Act if any Person whatsoever shall seize or take, or agree to take, or receive any Sum of Money, or Security for Money or Deposit for the Insurance of, or be in any Way concerned as any Partner, Fellowship, Club, Officer or Agency for the Insurance or Inducement of any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, or of any Parties or Persons, separately or jointly the paying of any Money for or towards the discharging of any Tax which may be imposed on any Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, or on any of the Inhabitants thereof, on account of any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still or Appurtenance to a Still, or any Work or other Unlawful distilling of Spirits, or any Walk, Pot Ale, Low Wine, or Singlings, having been found or cited in any Place within such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, or in any Parish or Parishes shall give or pay, or seek to be given or paid, to any other Parties or Persons any Money, or any Security, Obligation or Undertaking, to pay any Money, or make any Deposit with such Parties or Persons, as an Inducement or Security against, or to be applied to the Payment and Satisfaction of any such Tax, or in any Way to indemnify such Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship, or the Inhabitants thereof, or any of them, against the Payment of any such Fees or any Part thereof; then and in every such Case every Person concerned or engaged in any such Inducement or other Transaction aforesaid, as well the Parties who shall be refused, or who shall pay a Deposit, as the Parties who shall accept, take or receive any such Sum of Money, or any such Security, Obligation, Undertaking, or Inducement as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, referring case to the Place where such Offence shall be committed, on Information on Oath of any such Officer, or after his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Parties, and on Examination into the Complaint, to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in such any Inducement shall be served against such Parties, such Parties shall plead thereto without having Time to tra-

Complaint.

Treasurer shall for any Share of any Fee shall be liable in Treble Costs.

Collector shall not receive Payment of Wages which they have collected of such Fees.

Proof of Signing of Information and Notice by Justice
(See Act 22, p. 2 & 10, 111)

Provision on Parties who seize against Taxes & Duties, &c. Misdemeanor.

verfe the fame; and it fhall be lawful for the Court, by and before whom fuch Perfons fhall be tried and convicted, to inflict fuch Punifhment on fuch Perfons as may by Law be inflicted on Perfons guilty of Mifdemourances.

XII. And whereas it may tend to the Suppreffion of fuch Dilutions of Perfons were allowed to appear at certain Perfons for the Purpofe of difcovering and preventing fuch Perfons, Be it enacted, That from and after the paffing of this Act, it fhall and may be lawful for the Chancellours of any Parifh, or the Deputies of any Two Inhabitants of fuch Parifh to examine a Witnefs for the Purpofe of proving fuch Perfons or Perfons for the Purpofe of difcovering and preventing all Offences againft any Act or Acts in force or to be made in force, and enforcing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits in Ireland, of which Ten Days Notice fhall be given.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Perfons (fo far as they fhall confent to do) fhall take the following Oath before any Our Magiftrate or Juftice of Peace, which Oath fuch Magiftrate or Juftice of Peace is hereby empowered to adminiftrate:

I, *A. B. do swear*, That fo long as I fhall hold the Office to which I have been elected for the Parifh of *of* I will do my utmoft Endeavour to prevent and fuppreff all fuch Dilutions of *Spirits* within the faid Parifh, and to profecute and correct any Perfons or Perfons concerned in fuch Practices, So help me GOD.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it fhall and may be lawful for the Parifhioners of fuch Parifh in Witnefs to be affembled, to affix fuch Fines to the Amount of any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds in any one Year, to be applied to the making up of fuch Infrictions for their Trouble and Expence, and alfo for the Purpofe of carrying into Execution this prefent Act and all other Acts for the Prevention and Suppreffion of fuch Dilutions in Ireland.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of February One thoufand eight hundred and nine, whomever any Grocer, or Perfons vending the Trade and Business of a Grocer, or who fhall be licenfed as a Grocer, fhall alfo be licenfed to fell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, according to the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-feventh Year of His prefent Majesty's Reign, entitled, *That all Acts made further Regulation with refpect to Licenfes for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland*; it fhall and may be lawful for fuch Grocer, or fuch Perfons as aforesaid, without buying or obtaining any other Licenfe for the Purpofe, to fell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantities not lefs than Two Quarts and not exceeding Fifty Gallons; any Thing in any Act or Acts in force or to be made in force contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Brewer, Tinnier, or Worker of Tin, or other Perfons dealing in Bragg, Copper, Tin or other Metals, fhall at any Time after the Expiration of Ten Days before the Day of the paffing of this Act, make or repair, or have in his or her Poffeffion or Ireland, any Still whomever not made of Copper, or fhall make or repair, or have in his Poffeffion any Still, the Content of the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage thereon, fhall be lefs than Fifty Gallons (other than and except Stills of the Dimensions allowed by Law to be used by Stillmen or Compofitors, or at Apothecaries' Halls in Dublin, or by fuch Clerk, Apothecary, Druggift, or Perfons duly licenfed, for the making or keeping of which licenfed Stills, fuch Brewer or other Perfons aforesaid fhall have obtained a Licenfe according to Law) or if any Brewer or Perfons dealing in Copper, Bragg, or Tin, fhall after the faid Time wholly own, ufe, let, or refufe to make a true Return, written by Affidavit, to the Collector of the Duty in which fuch Brewer or other Perfons aforesaid fhall refufe, of the Name and Place of Abode of every Perfons for whom fuch Brewer or other Perfons as aforesaid fhall make or repair any Still, Still Head, or Worm, or in whom fuch Brewer fhall fell or deliver any Still, Still Head, or Worm, before fuch Brewer fhall fuffer the fame to be taken or delivered out of his Houfe, Shop or Place of Work; or if any Perfons whomever, not being a licenfed Brewer, or Perfons duly licenfed or allowed to have and keep a Still according to Law, fhall have in his or her Poffeffion any Still, Still Head, or Worm, every Perfons in any of the Cafes aforesaid, offering as aforesaid, fhall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Mifdemourance, and it fhall be lawful for any Juftice of the Peace refiding near to the Place where fuch Offence fhall be committed, or Information on Oath of any fuch Offence, to affix by Writen for the Apprehenfion of fuch Perfons, and an Examination into the Complaint to commit fuch Perfons to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and to caufe any fuch Offence fhall be found againft fuch Perfons, he or she fhall plead therein without having Time to traverse the fame; and it fhall be lawful for the Court by and before whom fuch Perfons fhall be tried and convicted to inflict fuch Punifhment on fuch Perfons for fuch Offence as may by Law be inflicted on Perfons guilty of Mifdemourances.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perfons who fhall be licenfed to fell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland, fhall at any Time or Times after the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thoufand eight hundred and nine, knowingly receive lets or have in his or her Custody or Poffeffion, or fhall knowingly fell or difpofe of any Spirit distilled in Ireland, or which all Perfons fhall not have been fully paid and licenfed; or any Spirits which fhall have been made or diftiled by any Perfons, or in any Place not duly licenfed according to Law for that Purpofe; every fuch Retailer or offering fhall for every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and the Licence previously granted to fuch Retailer fhall be and become void; and every fuch Retailer who, after fuch Licenfe fhall become void, fhall enter any Spirituous Liquors, or other Liquors, fhall be held to be all fuch Fees and Penalties as by any Act or Acts in force or to be made in force in Ireland are inflicted on Perfons (being Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, without being duly licenfed for that Purpofe).

XVIII. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His prefent Majesty's Reign, entitled, *That all Acts for regulating Licenfes for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Bragg, Ale, and Cyder, by Retail and for difpofing the manufactory Ufe of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, in any among other Things enacted, That, *if in cafe at any Special or General Seffions or Order fhall be given for iffuing Licenfes in Mifdoms prefcribed in the faid recited Act, or in cafe no Order fhall be given thereon for iffuing Licenfes in any particular County or* *Shire*

Perfons in
Witnefs may
appear in Perfons
whomever and
whomever the
Deputies or
Inhabitants of
Parifh, &c.

Oath of Perfons
to be taken.

Perfons may
make Twenty
Pounds a Year
for the Parifh
Inhabitants, &c.

Grocers licenfed
to retail Spirituous
liquors in the
Act of 1800,
§ 14, may fell
by Retail from Two
Quarts to Fifty
Gallons.
(See Act of 1800,
§ 14, 15, &c.)

Perfons dealing
in Bragg, Copper,
Tin, or other
Metals, fhall
at any Time
after the Expiration
of Ten Days
before the Day of
the paffing of
this Act, make or
repair, or have in
his or her Poffeffion
any Still, the
Content of the
Body whereof,
without the
Head or any
other Appendage
thereon, fhall
be lefs than
Fifty Gallons.

Perfons dealing
in Bragg, Copper,
Tin, or other
Metals, fhall
at any Time
after the Expiration
of Ten Days
before the Day
of the paffing
of this Act, make
or repair, or have
in his or her
Poffeffion any
Still, the Content
of the Body
whereof, without
the Head or any
other Appendage
thereon, fhall
be lefs than
Fifty Gallons.

Perfons in Clerk
of Peace under
Act of 1800,
§ 14, to fell
by Retail from
Two Quarts to
Fifty Gallons,
and to receive
the Duty on
Spirits, &c.

• **Half Bony.** It shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Peace to issue a Licence to any Person or Persons whom any Two Magistrates of the County, residing within Five Miles of the Habitation of such Person, shall certify to be a proper Place for being extracted with the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors at such Place as shall be mentioned in such Certificate; to be executed, That in case of the said Act recited in Act as is herebefore recited and in force, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same shewly repealed.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall apply for a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, under the Provisions of the last last recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year, or any Act for amending the same, at any Special or General Sessions which shall be hold at any Place more than Seven Miles distant from the Place of Abode of the Person so applying for such Licence, such Person shall not be entitled to receive, nor shall receive any such Licence, nor shall any such Licence be granted to such Person unless such Person, shall at such Special or General Sessions produce and deliver to the Court a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of Two Magistrates, both residing within Seven Miles of such Person in applying, or residing near to the Place of Abode of such Person, bearing that such Person is in the Opinion of the said Magistrates, a fit and proper Person to be entrusted with the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder, at such Place or shall be mentioned in such Certificate; and that such Place is a proper Place for the Sale of such Spirituous and other Liquors; and if such Licence shall be granted or refused to be granted at such Special or General Sessions, or such Application as aforesaid, such Licence or Refusal shall be subject to all such Regulations, and to such Orders of Appeal, and to such other Regulations and Provisions as are contained with respect to Licences in the last recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year amended; for any Act or Acts for amending the same.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been fully paid and tendered, shall at any Time after the passing of this Act, be found on board any Boat or other Vessel, being on any Port, Harbour, Haven, Creek, River, Canal, or Dock in Ireland, or within eight Leagues of the Shores of Ireland, all such Spirits, and the Boat or Vessel in which the same shall be found, with all her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs as aforesaid; and every Person who shall be found on board, or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel (other than and except such Person only who shall have paid for, or had paid agreed to pay for his Passage, and who shall in any Way be concerned in the Property of the Boat or of the Spirit) shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for any such Officer or Officers, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, to Stop, search, and detain all and every Person and Persons whenever, if found on board or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel, and to convey all and every such Person and Persons before any Justice of the Peace in Ireland residing near the Place where any such Person shall be so taken and searched; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby required, upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses that such Person was so found, or taken, or discovered as aforesaid, (unless such Person shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Justice that he had paid for, or had agreed to pay for his Passage on board such Boat, or Vessel, and that he was in any way concerned in the Property of such Boat or Vessel, or of the Spirits therein) on his bid such Person to bail with two sufficient Sureties for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Indictment or Information that may be brought against him in that behalf; and in case any Person be liable to be held to bail shall make Default in finding such Sureties: Bail so tendered, or until such Bail shall be found, it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Person to the Goal of the County, Town, or Place in which such Person shall be arrested, to answer as aforesaid.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Thirty Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, if any Person shall be found passing in Company together in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and unlawfully having in their Company any Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been fully paid, or any unworked Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still, or any such Part, if these shall not be Five in the Whole, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and that if the said Person or Persons shall carry any offensive Arms or Weapons, or any Fire shall be Five or more, or if any Person or Persons shall carry any offensive Arms or Weapons, or any Fire, Musk, or other Engine, when passing with any such Spirituous Liquors, or unworked Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still in their Care, Custody, or Possession, and shall carry such Spirituous any Cask or Casks, or Jar or Jars, on the Side or Sides of any Horse, or if any Two or more Persons shall be found aforesaid together armed with Fire Arms or other offensive Arms or Weapons, in order to be selling and retailing, or being aiding and assisting in illegally removing or carrying, or concealing any such Spirituous Liquors, unworked Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still, or in relieving any Person who shall be apprehended for, or in the preventing the Apprehension of any Person who shall be guilty of the said Offence or any of them, every Person being legally convicted of such Offence, shall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall for such Offence be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Still, Pot, Pan, or Copper or Boiler, exceeding Fifty Gallons Capacity, or any Copper Metal or other Metal ready cut, prepared or fixed, in so to be put together for the making of any Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or for the making of any Unworked still or intended to be used, or fit or proper to be used, or which may be used or applied to the Proceed of distilling Spirits, shall be imported into any Port or Place in Ireland, except at some Port into which Tobacco is by Law allowed to be imported; and that every Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, exceeding Fifty Gallons Capacity, and all Copper Metal and other Metal in cast, prepared or fixed as aforesaid, which from and after the Expiration of the said Ten Days shall be imported into any such Tobacco Port in Ireland, shall there be intended as a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or as being Copper or other Metal (specifying the Metal) cast, prepared, or fixed to be so put together; and that if shall not be lawful

Party applying for Licence in Ireland, more than Seven Miles distant from the Place of Abode of the Person so applying for such Licence, shall not be entitled to receive, nor shall receive any such Licence, nor shall any such Licence be granted to such Person unless such Person, shall at such Special or General Sessions produce and deliver to the Court a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of Two Magistrates, both residing within Seven Miles of such Person in applying, or residing near to the Place of Abode of such Person, bearing that such Person is in the Opinion of the said Magistrates, a fit and proper Person to be entrusted with the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder, at such Place or shall be mentioned in such Certificate; and that such Place is a proper Place for the Sale of such Spirituous and other Liquors; and if such Licence shall be granted or refused to be granted at such Special or General Sessions, or such Application as aforesaid, such Licence or Refusal shall be subject to all such Regulations, and to such Orders of Appeal, and to such other Regulations and Provisions as are contained with respect to Licences in the last recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year amended; for any Act or Acts for amending the same.

With Spirits not being paid Duty, found on board Boats, &c. in Harbours, &c. in Ireland, may be seized and the Person apprehended, and punished for a Misdemeanor.

Penalty on Persons removing Spirit by Land, or being paid Duty, if more than Five in Company, Misdemeanor, if more than Five, or with Fire, or with Engine, or being armed with Fire Arms, &c. Felony.

Stills exceeding Fifty Gallons, or Metal prepared for Stills, shall be imported only at Tobacco Ports, and shall not be removed from those Tobacco Ports.

lawful for any Person or Persons to take or remove any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal is entered into the Custom House of the Port at which the same shall be so imported, without a Permit for the Removal of the same from the proper Officer of the Customs, which Permit such Officer shall grant without Fee or Reward; and such Person shall contract in the Body thereof the Names of the Person importing such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons to whom, and the Place to which such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal is intended to be sent, and also the Contents in Gallons of such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler or intended Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, and of the Head thereof or other Appendage respectively, if there shall be any Head or other Appendage thereto; and the Person to whom any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal shall be conveyed shall, within Forty-eight Hours after the Arrival of the same, deliver up the Permit under which the same shall have been conveyed, to the proper Excise Officer of the Walk in which such Person shall reside, and such Officer shall thereupon grant a Certificate to such Person or his or her Agent, and to each any such Copper Metal or other Metal shall be fitted together, and set up or fixed to as to form a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or to be so to form any Utensil fit or proper to be used, or which can or shall be used as a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, the Person or whose Permission the same shall be so fitted together, set up, or fixed, shall within Forty-eight Hours give Notice thereof to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Person shall reside; and if any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, or any Copper Metal or other Metal is not prepared or fixed as aforesaid, shall be imported into any other Port or Place as aforesaid, except at some Customs Port as aforesaid, or if any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal is not prepared or fixed as aforesaid, shall be found conveying or conveyed, and for the Conveyance of which such Person shall not be licensed, or shall be found in the Custom or Police, Workhouse or Warehouse of any Dealer or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin, or Metal of any Kind, or of any Maker, Pedlar, or Ferry Chaffer, or of any Distiller, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever without such Permit or a Certificate thereof, or without such Notice having been given as aforesaid, shall in every such Case such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal, or a bar Metal to use, prepared or fixed as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and any License herein before granted to any Person to whom such Still or Still-like such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal as aforesaid shall be forfeit, shall be and become null and void.

XXIII. And whereas it may be expedient for the better Collection of the Revenue, and the Suppression of clandestine distilling, to allow no certain Parts of Ireland, particularly where such Distillation has proceeded, the Use of Stills of a less Size than Two hundred Gallons Capacity in Manner and under the Restrictions herein contained; It is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Four of them, to grant any License to any Person or Persons as aforesaid to keep and use, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, any Still or Stills, the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage therein, shall be capable of containing less than Two hundred Gallons, and not less than Fifty Gallons Capacity, in such Place or Places in Ireland as such Commissioners, or any Four of them shall think proper, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force as aforesaid to the contrary notwithstanding; And it is enacted, that such Restrictions and Provisions as are hereafter mentioned and contained.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be licensed by the said Commissioners to keep or use any such Still or Stills, of a Capacity less than Two hundred Gallons in any Place or Part of Ireland within Five Miles of any Distillery House or Place wherein any Still or Stills of Five hundred Gallons Capacity or upwards shall at the Time be licensed to be kept or used, any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all Licenses to any Person or Persons to keep or use any such Still or Stills of a Capacity less than Two hundred Gallons, shall be signed by Four of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and shall be granted in such Manner, and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, and Provisions as are provided and enacted by two Acts, one made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend the regulations and for the Collection of the Duty on Spirit distilled in Ireland, and the manufacturing of such Spirit for Exports*, and the other made in the Forty-seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to amend the last recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year with respect to Stills allowed to be licensed under the last recited Act or either of them.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners shall grant a License to any Person or Persons, to keep or use a Still or Stills of Five hundred Gallons Capacity or upwards in any Place within Five Miles of a Distillery where one or more Still or Stills of less than Five hundred Gallons Capacity shall be licensed to be kept or used under this Act, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, such Still or Stills of less than Five hundred Gallons Capacity may be constructed to be kept and used as the same House in such Place, and the License for so doing may be renewed for One Year from the Twenty-ninth Day of September next following the Period at which such Still or Two hundred Gallons Capacity or upwards shall be actually set at work, and from Year to Year after at the same House in such Place, to the Person or Persons licensed to keep such Still or less than Five hundred Gallons Capacity, or the Heir, Executors, or Administrators of such Person or Persons, any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be licensed to keep or use a Still of Five hundred Gallons Capacity or upwards, and a Still of a less Size than Five hundred Gallons Capacity, at one and the same Time, nor to keep or use Two Stills, either of which shall bear a less Size than Five hundred Gallons, at one and the same Time.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That when of the Number of Changes of Single or Low Wine for both in the last Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend*

Five hundred Gallons of Spirit are conveyed to the said Still under this Act, and not less than the said Quantity.

Each such Still shall not be so used as within Five Miles of any Distillery where a Still of Five hundred Gallons Capacity or upwards is licensed to be kept or used under this Act, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, &c. &c. &c.

If a License is granted for a large Still within Five Miles of a small Still, licensed under this Act, the Small one may be continued.

No Person shall be licensed to give more than one Still.

Monthly Changes are made in favor of all licenses.

proviso for the regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation, and in the last herein before recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid, in the Quantity of Spirits producible wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of every Still used by such Distiller, every Distiller shall, from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nine, for every Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days which any such Still shall continue or shall be proclaimed to continue working under the last recited Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, be charged with and shall pay Duty for each separate Quantity of Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates specified in the last Acts from the several Numbers of Gallons of Whiskeys or Low Wines severally in each of the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every Still, be up to the several Contents in the last Table specified and contained: And that every Distiller shall, over and above such several Quantities respectively be charged with and pay Duty in respect of each and every Still or Still for so much as is Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates in the last Acts mentioned, from all Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines or Staggings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, over and above such several Quantities aforesaid.

*XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September, One thousand eight hundred and nine, in each of the said Acts made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for the regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, as in and to the said Acts recited keeping an Account of Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Staggings in any Distillery shall charge the Distiller upon any Decree of Wash or Pot Ale for a Quantity of Staggings calculated after the Rate of One Gallon of Staggings, for every Four Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale is decreed, and be and the same is hereby repeated. Provided always, that every such Officer shall charge such Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of Staggings which shall be actually produced by such Distiller from any Wash or Pot Ale brewed from Corn malted or fermented, and upon any Decree of any such Low Wines or Staggings such Officer shall charge such Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of Staggings or Low Wines as decreed.*

- * Recital of 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 1, repealing 46 G. 3. c. 83. § 2; so to reduce Charge on Distillers: and
- * the Provisions of 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 5, so the same Subject in case of Accidents having happened on
- * Distillers before the passing of the Act 46 G. 3. or the Act, Commissioners of Excise, with Consent of
- * Treasury, empowered to order Return of Duty paid by Distillers. § 29

XXX. And Whereas by the last recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid for regulating and fixing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, as among other Things enacted, That all Wines, Wash, or Pot Ale, made from Corn, which shall not be distilled in the Expression of Six Days, including the Day of brewing and the day of distilling, shall be considered as Waste, Wash or Pot Ale, not included in any former Charge against the Distiller, and such Distiller shall be charged with Duty in respect of such Waste, Wash, or Pot Ale according to the Directions of the last Act: Be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller shall be so hindered or hindered of any Still by any reasonable Accident have been prevented from distilling any such Waste, Wash, or Pot Ale within such Period of Six Days, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller to apply to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and to the said Commissioners shall be lawful upon the Oath of such Distiller, or otherwise, that such Accident was reasonable, and not owing to any Default or Negligence in such Distiller or his Servants, and that all such Waste, Wash, or Pot Ale was actually distilled in the Expression of Nine Days, including the Day of brewing and the Day of distilling thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for securing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, on request, shewn, or upon a Copy Charge of Double Duty which may have been made upon such Distiller in respect of such Waste, Wash, or Pot Ale not having been distilled at the Expiration of Six Days as aforesaid; any Thing in the last recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any such Accident by the brewing or heating of a Still shall take place when by any Distiller shall be prevented from the distilling any Waste, Wash, or Pot Ale, within such Period of Six Days, such Distiller shall within Six Hours after such Accident, give Notice of such Accident to the Officer of Excise in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and shall within Twenty-four Hours next after such Accident give and transmit Notice thereof to the Surveyor of the Survey and Collector of Excise, of the District in which such Distillery is situated, and to the Comptroller of Inland Excise and Taxes, and in case of Neglect or Failure in the giving or transmitting of such Notices as aforesaid, or any of them, such Distiller shall not be entitled to any Remission, Abatement or Reduction of Duty on account of such Accident, any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That in all Trials on Informations which may be brought under the last recited Acts, on Informations of a Parish, Township, Manor or Lordship shall be deemed an insufficient Writable on account of its being, or being supposed to be recorded as an Indebted in the Great or last Trial.

* Powers of former Acts extended to this Act. § 11. Act may be altered the Bill. § 11.

Charge under
46 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 11. and
47 G. 3. c. 1.
§ 11. shall
be taken into
the Act.

46 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 2. To be
repealed in
place
of retaining the
Provisions in the
Quantity of
Wash, repeated.

Charge of
Spirits on
quantities
Staggings.

46 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 11.

In case of Accidents, if Still is prevented from being distilled within Six Days, and is hereby distilled within Nine Days, Commissioners of Excise, with the Consent and Approbation of Treasury, may do with Charge of Duty.

Notice of such Accidents shall be given by the Distiller to the Officer, Surveyor, and Comptroller.

Indebtedness of Townships, parishes, manors, lordships.

C A P. C I.

An Act to regulate the Fees payable by Persons charged with Treason, Felony, and all other Offences, as Offenders and Quorum Sessions in Ireland, and for amending an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, made in the Thirty-sixth Year of his present Majesty, relating thereto.

[1798 Year 1809.]

• **W**HERETAS great Inconvenience arises from the Uncertainty and Difference in the several Counties of Ireland as to the Rates of Fees payable on Criminal Prosecutions, and the several other Matters relating thereto, between the Judges of Assize and the Clerks and other Officers of Assizes, and great Mischiefs has arisen for want of the same being regulated and duly ascertained: And whereas great Benefits would accrue from the due Regulation thereof: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no other or higher Fees than their accustomed in the Schedule hereinafter for Assize, shall be received by any on Criminal Prosecutions, or any other Matter or Thing relating thereto, in any County, County of a City, County of a Town, or other Place in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, to any of the Officers thereinafter mentioned: that he to wit

Fees shall be payable on Criminal Prosecutions according to the following Table.

	£.	s.	d.
To the Clerk of the Crown, or his Deputy, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for High Treason	4	13	4
To the same, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for Petty Treason or Murder	1	13	4
To the same, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for Felony or other Offence	1	0	—
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed to a subsequent Assize, or other Time for appearing and holding a fresh Commission of Assize or Oyer and Terminer. Half the Fee that he is hereby entitled to charge on the foregoing Officers, and in case the Person charged by the Indictment shall postpone his Trial, he is to pay the same himself; and in case the Trial shall be postponed by the Crown or Prosecutor, then the said Half Fee are to be paid out of the County at large, in the same Manner that the Fees of the Prisoners acquitted are made payable to the Clerk mentioned.	—	7	6
To the same, for each Person that shall be ordered to enter into Recognizance, whether for grand or a subsequent Assize or Commission, or to be of the Peace and good Behaviour	—	5	—
To the same, on returning every Habeas Corpus, Habeas Corpus, or other Petition With a further Fee of Six Shillings in case he shall be required to draw and prepare the same	—	6	—
To the same, for filing every Affidavit that shall be sworn in relation to Criminal Offences	—	6	—
To the same, for making out and attesting every Copy of such Affidavit	—	6	—
To the same, for every Crown Summons in which the Parties may refer the Names of Four Witnesses, requiring their Attendance to give Evidence in any of the Matters relating to Criminal Prosecutions	—	3	4
To the same, for every Bench Warrant or Crown Capias, in which the Names of all the Parties charged in the Indictment, that have not appeared or been tried shall be returned	—	2	4
To the same, for every Certificate that may be required of him in relation to Crown Bench	—	5	4
To the same, for the Copy of the Entry of such Indictment which he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	3	4
To the same, for each Copy of an Examination which he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	0	8
To the same, for the Copy of such Indictment that he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	0	8
To the same, for every Search he is required to make through his Records in relation to Crown Bench	—	3	3
To the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried at the General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, whether for Felony or other Offence	1	6	8
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed	—	3	—
The same to be paid to the Person charged in the Indictment, if he postpone his Trial; and if the Court or Prosecutor postpone the Trial, to be paid by the Prisoners, in the same Manner as the Fees of Prisoners acquitted	—	7	6
To the same, for each Person that shall be ordered to enter into Recognizance, whether for grand or a subsequent Assize or otherwise	—	6	8
To the same, for filing every Affidavit that shall be sworn in relation to Crown Bench	—	6	8
To the same, for making out a Copy, and attesting every such Affidavit	—	5	4
To the same, for every Crown Summons in which the Parties may refer the Names of Four Witnesses	—	3	—
To the same, for every Bench Warrant in which the Names of all the Parties named in the Indictment, that have not appeared or been tried shall be returned	—	2	4
To the same, for every Certificate in relation to Crown Bench only	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of an Examination	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of the Entry of such Indictment in Crown Book	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of an Examination	—	1	8

49 Geo. III.

J Y

To

Chapel, or any other ecclesiastical Charge belonging to such Church or Chapel, under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That a Certificate signed by the Churchwardens, or Two Protestant Inhabitants of any such Parish or Place, that such Assistance hath been made in and for such Parish or Place, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Ordinary of the Diocese, and upon such Certificate, together with the Approbation of the said Ordinary, being by the said Ordinary transmitted to or laid before the said Trustees and Commissioners of said Parishes, it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners forthwith to advance and pay to the Persons applying under the said recited Act, out of any Monies or Funds assigned to the Care of the said Trustees and Commissioners such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall have proved by Evidence to be due to the said Persons, in and proper to be applied in the Erecting or building of any such Church or Chapel, not directly, as aforesaid herein before mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Infractment and Sum or Sums of Money to be raised by any such Parish or Place, or aforesaid shall be paid to the Churchwardens of such Parish or Place, and shall by the said Churchwardens, within Twenty-one Days after the First Day of July in every Year, be paid to the said Trustees and Commissioners of said Parishes; and in case the Money demanded by such Trustees and Commissioners shall have been advanced by them out of any Money advanced to them by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, such Sums and Sums of Money shall, by the said Trustees and Commissioners, be paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer of Ireland, within One Month after the Receipt thereof, by the said Trustees and Commissioners; and such Money may be again advanced to the said Trustees and Commissioners by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Purpose of the said recited Act, in Manner and under the Regulations mentioned and contained in the said recited Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case Default shall be made in the raising or Payment of the said Infractment, or Sum or Sums of Money, by the said Parish or Place, or by the said Churchwardens, or the said Trustees and Commissioners of said Parishes, and any such Infractment or Sum or Sums of Money shall be behind and unpaid, and not duly received, paid and received to the said Trustees and Commissioners, before the Expiration of Twenty-one Days after the First Day of July, in any Year, wherein the same ought to be paid or aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Parish or Place shall be situate, and his lawful Successors and assigns, or any one or more of them, or any one or more of his or their Executors, Administrators, or assigns, to sue and recover the said Infractment, or Sum or Sums of Money, as well as the Interest thereon, together with Interest for the same, at and after the Rate of Six Pence per Centum per Annum, from the Day on which the same ought to have been paid, until the same shall be actually paid, and a further Sum after the Rate of Ten Pence per Centum on the Amount of such Infractment, or Sum of Money is payable, which said Sum after the Rate of Ten Pence per Centum, shall and may be recovered and recovered by such Parish or Parishes to be nominated and appointed, for his or their Peace and Trouble, in paying and recovery of the said Infractment, and all and every Parson or Parsons who shall be in anywise seized and appointed for the Purpose aforesaid, shall lose, forfeit, and forfeit, all such Powers and Authorities, for the levying and raising such Infractment, and Sum or Sums of Money, as the Commissioners or such Parish or Place, or any other Parson or Parsons lawfully might or could have, use, and exercise, for the levying and raising such Infractment, or any such Rate or Assistance under this Act, or any other Act or Acts, and such Parson or Parsons shall pay over and account for all such Infractment, and all Sum and Sums of Money received by them on account of the same, or of the Interest of the same, as aforesaid, to the said Commissioners and Trustees, within Twenty-one Days after the Receipt of the same, by such Parson or Parsons as aforesaid.

And further enacted, That any Money advanced by Trustees before the passing of this Act, may be discharged on Application to the Churchwardens, and a Receipt being duly according to the Act. 47.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, from Time to Time to direct the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, to raise and borrow by Treasury Bills, at an Interest of Five Pence per Centum, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, to be paid to the said Commissioners and Trustees of said Parishes to be by them applied or loaned towards the building or rebuilding of Churches and Chapels in Ireland, in such Manner as shall be directed by Parliament, and the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall be and the same is lawfully granted and sold to His Majesty, to be applied from Time to Time to the Purpose of the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, and this Act; and thus, for the raising of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the Time being, in consequence of any such Direction from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to raise and borrow such Part of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds as shall or may be necessary from Time to Time by the Means of Treasury Bills for that Purpose, bearing Interest at a Rate not exceeding Ten Pence per Centum per Annum, and that the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall from Time to Time be raised and borrowed as aforesaid, shall be applied to the Purpose of the said recited Act and this Act; and that it may be lawful and paid by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland to the said Trustees and Commissioners of said Parishes, to be by them applied in Loans towards the building and rebuilding of Churches and Chapels in Ireland, according to the Rules, Directions, Methods, Regulations, and Regulations contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, and this Act.

On Certificate as
the Ordinary, of
the Bishop of the
Diocese, to which
shall be transmitted
the Certificate
signed by the
Churchwardens,
or Two Protestant
Inhabitants of
any such Parish
or Place, that such
Assistance hath
been made in and
for such Parish
or Place, shall be
forthwith transmitted
to the Ordinary of
the Diocese, and
upon such Certificate,
together with the
Approbation of the
said Ordinary, being
by the said Ordinary
transmitted to or
laid before the
said Trustees and
Commissioners of
said Parishes, it
shall and may be
lawful for the
said Trustees and
Commissioners
forthwith to
advance and pay
to the Persons
applying under the
said recited Act,
out of any Monies
or Funds assigned
to the Care of the
said Trustees and
Commissioners
such Sums or
Sums of Money
as they shall have
proved by
Evidence to be
due to the said
Persons, in and
proper to be
applied in the
Erecting or
building of any
such Church or
Chapel, not
directly, as
aforesaid herein
before mentioned.

Infractment shall
be raised by any
such Parish or
Place, or aforesaid
shall be paid to
the Churchwardens
of such Parish or
Place, and shall
be by the said
Churchwardens,
within Twenty-one
Days after the
First Day of July
in every Year,
be paid to the
said Trustees and
Commissioners
of said Parishes;
and in case the
Money demanded
by such Trustees
and Commissioners
shall have been
advanced by them
out of any Money
advanced to them
by the Lord High
Treasurer or
Commissioners
of the Treasury
of Ireland, such
Sums and Sums
of Money shall,
by the said
Trustees and
Commissioners,
be paid into the
Receipts of the
Exchequer of
Ireland, within
One Month after
the Receipt thereof,
by the said
Trustees and
Commissioners;
and such Money
may be again
advanced to the
said Trustees and
Commissioners
by the said Lord
High Treasurer
or Commissioners
of the Treasury,
for the Purpose
of the said
recited Act, in
Manner and
under the
Regulations
mentioned and
contained in the
said recited
Act.

On Default shall
be made in the
raising or Payment
of the said
Infractment,
or Sum or Sums
of Money, by the
said Parish or
Place, or by the
said Churchwardens,
or the said
Trustees and
Commissioners
of said Parishes,
and any such
Infractment or
Sum or Sums of
Money shall be
behind and unpaid,
and not duly
received, paid
and received to
the said Trustees
and Commissioners,
before the
Expiration of
Twenty-one Days
after the First
Day of July, in
any Year, wherein
the same ought
to be paid or
aforesaid, it shall
and may be
lawful for the
Bishop of the
Diocese in which
such Parish or
Place shall be
situate, and his
lawful Successors
and assigns, or
any one or more
of them, or any
one or more of
his or their
Executors,
Administrators,
or assigns, to
sue and recover
the said
Infractment,
or Sum or Sums
of Money, as
well as the
Interest thereon,
together with
Interest for the
same, at and
after the Rate
of Six Pence
per Centum
per Annum,
from the Day
on which the
same ought to
have been paid,
until the same
shall be actually
paid, and a
further Sum
after the Rate
of Ten Pence
per Centum
on the Amount
of such
Infractment,
or Sum of
Money is
payable, which
said Sum after
the Rate of
Ten Pence
per Centum,
shall and may
be recovered
and recovered
by such Parish
or Parishes to
be nominated
and appointed,
for his or their
Peace and
Trouble, in
paying and
recovery of the
said
Infractment,
and all and
every Parson
or Parsons who
shall be in any
wise seized and
appointed for
the Purpose
aforesaid, shall
lose, forfeit,
and forfeit,
all such Powers
and Authorities,
for the levying
and raising
such
Infractment,
and Sum or
Sums of Money,
as the
Commissioners
or such Parish
or Place, or
any other
Parson or
Parsons lawfully
might or could
have, use, and
exercise, for
the levying
and raising
such
Infractment,
or any such
Rate or
Assistance
under this
Act, or any
other Act or
Acts, and such
Parson or
Parsons shall
pay over and
account for
all such
Infractment,
and all Sum
and Sums of
Money received
by them on
account of the
same, or of the
Interest of the
same, as
aforesaid, to
the said
Commissioners
and Trustees,
within
Twenty-one
Days after the
Receipt of the
same, by such
Parson or
Parsons as
aforesaid.

The Lord
Lieutenant may
from Time to
Time direct the
Commissioners
for executing the
Office of Lord
High Treasurer
of Ireland, to
raise and borrow
by Treasury
Bills, at an
Interest of Five
Pence per
Centum, any
Sum or Sums
of Money, not
exceeding in
the whole the
Sum of Fifty
thousand
Pounds, to be
paid to the
said
Commissioners
and Trustees
of said
Parishes to be
by them
applied or
loaned
towards the
building or
rebuilding
of Churches
and Chapels
in Ireland,
in such
Manner as
shall be
directed by
Parliament,
and the said
Sum of Fifty
thousand
Pounds shall
be and the
same is
lawfully
granted and
sold to His
Majesty, to
be applied
from Time
to Time to
the Purpose
of the said
recited Act
of the
Forty-eighth
Year
aforesaid,
and this
Act; and
thus, for
the raising
of the said
Sum of Fifty
thousand
Pounds, it
shall and
may be
lawful for
the
Commissioners
for executing
the Office of
Lord High
Treasurer
of Ireland
for the Time
being, in
consequence
of any such
Direction
from the
Lord
Lieutenant
or other
Chief
Governor
or
Governors
of
Ireland,
to raise and
borrow
such Part
of the said
Sum of Fifty
thousand
Pounds as
shall or may
be necessary
from Time
to Time by
the Means
of Treasury
Bills for that
Purpose,
bearing
Interest at
a Rate not
exceeding
Ten Pence
per Centum
per Annum,
and that the
said Sum
of Fifty
thousand
Pounds,
or so much
thereof as
shall from
Time to
Time be
raised
and
borrowed
as aforesaid,
shall be
applied to
the Purpose
of the said
recited Act
and this
Act; and
that it may
be lawful
and paid
by the said
Commissioners
for executing
the Office of
Lord High
Treasurer
of Ireland
to the said
Trustees and
Commissioners
of said
Parishes,
to be by
them
applied in
Loans
towards the
building
and
rebuilding
of Churches
and Chapels
in Ireland,
according
to the
Rules,
Directions,
Methods,
Regulations,
and
Regulations
contained in
the said
recited Act
of the
Forty-eighth
Year
aforesaid,
and this
Act.

these of the said *Persons, Ships, and Clothes, Engines, Machinery, or Stores*, are within Five Miles of any of the said *Ports or Harbours*, that at every such *Call* the *Sum* allotted out of the *Wages* of *Four* of every such *Party* (being *Seamen* or *Landmen*), Non-commissioned Officer of *Military* or *Marine*, shall be paid to the *Factor* or *Procurer* or *Agent* to receive the same, by the *Receiver-General* of the *Land Tax* of any *County, Riding, or City*, or by the *Collector* of the *Customs* for any *Port*, or by the *Collector* of *Excise* for any *Lock-up* or *Great Britain*, amount to the *Value* of *Half-year* of the *Parish* or *Parishes* to which to receive the said *Sum* is allotted to them as aforesaid.

Minuten may be voided.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any *Warren Officer, Petty Officer, Seaman, or Marine*, or any other *Minuten*, to call make entry the *Authority* of this Act, provided he shall have the *Consent* of the *Captain* or other *Commanding Officer* of the *Ship* in which he is serving, for doing so; and on *Board* of the said *Ship* the *Navy Officer* or *Other* of such *Warren*, signed by any such *Warren Officer, Petty Officer, Seaman, or Marine*, attested by the *Captain* or other *Commanding Officer*, or the *Proprietor* of *Wages* (which shall be allowed shall be no longer due for payable to the *Father* or *Children* or *Indefinitely*).

Forfeiture of Wages may be voided.

XV. And whereas by the before-recited Act passed in the *Thirtieth* Year of the *Reign* of His late Majesty King George the Third, and in the *Thirtieth* Year of the *Reign* of His present Majesty, for the relief and amending the *Law*, Intoxicating and *Seamen*, and Non-commissioned Officers of *Military* and *Marine*, or certain *Cases* therein mentioned, are empowered to give *Wages* to certain *Relatives* of *Minuten* or *Marines*, &c. it is further enacted, That in the *Cases* specified in the said last-mentioned Act, every *Petty Officer* and *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, shall be entitled to receive his *Wages* (which shall be allowed shall be no longer due for payable to the *Father* or *Children* or *Indefinitely*) of the said *Act*, to be payable in the same *Manner* as is preferred in the said *Act*, and under the same *Form*, *Limitations*, and *Restrictions* as are therein contained for the *Remittance* and *Payment* of *Wages* to other *Relatives*, and in case the said *Child* or *Children* shall not be of the *Age* of *Eighteen* Years, the *Remittance* shall be made to *some* of the *Parent* or *Parents* inhabiting the *Parish* where such *Child* or *Children* may reside, for the *Use* and *Benefit* of such *Child* or *Children*, who shall be approved by the *Minister* and *Churchwardens* or *Churchwarden, Elders* or *Elder* of such *Parish*.

Provision taken shall be made, as in the Margin or Particulars thereon, under the Act of 1809.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, when and so often as any *Petty Officer* or *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, serving on board any *Ship* or *Vessel* in the *Service* of His Majesty, his *Heirs* or *Successors*, shall be promoted by any *Commander in Chief*, while such *Ship* or *Vessel* shall be stored, to be either a *Lieutenant, Sub-Lieutenant, Master, Second Master, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Boatswain, Coxswain, Carpenter, Purser*, or a *Non-commissioned Officer of Marine*, then and so often as such *Event*, the *Captain* or *Commanding Officer* of the *Ship* or *Vessel* in which the *Petty Officer* or *Seaman*, or *Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine* shall be serving at the *Time* of such *Promotion*, shall at the same *Time* make out or cause to be made out, a *Ticket* for the *Wages* or *Pay* due to such *Petty Officer* or *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, containing therein that the *Pay* therein named has been actually promoted to the *Station* therein mentioned, and deliver such *Ticket* to him, which *Ticket* shall be called "a *Promotion Ticket*," and shall be made out on the same *Form*, and contain of the same *Particulars* as are prescribed by the said last-mentioned Act, passed in the *Thirtieth* Year of the *Reign* of His present Majesty, in regard to *Foreign* remove *Tickets*, and shall be paid in the same *Manner* as the said *Foreign* remove *Tickets* are therein required to be paid; and it shall be lawful to and for every *Petty Officer* or *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, who shall obtain such *Promotion Ticket*, to fill and transfer the same by *Indorsement* thereof, and the said *Promotion Ticket* so filled and transferred, shall be paid to the *Bank* in *London*, in the *Manner* provided for the *Payment* of the said *Foreign* remove *Tickets*, as and by the said last-mentioned Act, passed in the *Thirtieth* Year of the *Reign* of His present Majesty; and the *Signature* for Receipt of the *Pay* to whom such *Promotion Ticket* shall have been made payable by *Indorsement*, shall be a *Sufficient* Voucher to the *Treasurer* of the *Navy*, for the *Payment* of the *Wages* due to such *Promotion Ticket*.

Forfeiture of Wages may be voided.

XVII. And whereas the Expressions in the before-recited Act passed in the *Thirtieth* and *Thirtieth* Years of the *Reign* of His present Majesty, respecting the *Transfer* of the *Tickets* of the *Navy*, &c. of all *Letters of Admittance, Probates* or *Wills*, or *Letters of Admittance* with *Will* annexed, or of any *Petty Officer* or *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, have not been used in *England*, &c. it is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any *Proctor, Registrar*, or other *Officer* of any *Ecclesiastical Court*, shall deliver or cause to be delivered any *Letters of Admittance, Probate* of *Will*, or *Letters of Admittance* with *Will* annexed, to any other *Parties* or *Parties* than the *Treasurer* or *Paymaster* of His Majesty's *Navy*, in the *Manner* directed by the said *Two* last-mentioned Acts, to the *Proctor, Registrar*, or other *Officer* of such *Ecclesiastical Court* as aforesaid, shall for ever, from *Offence* for the *Sum* of *One hundred Pounds*, to the *Use* of the *Royal Hospital for Seamen* at *Greenwich*; and if any *Agent* or *Agents* shall pay any *Prize-Money* due to a *defeated Petty Officer* or *Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Military* or *Marine*, under any other *Authority* whatever than the *Check* directed by the said *Act* to be issued by the said *Registrar* or *Proctor* authorized to receive for him, such *Prize-Money* shall be null and void as if the *Agent* or *Agents* be paying the same, shall forfeit for every such *Act* of such *Officer*, a *Sum* of *Money* equal to the *Amount* of the *Prize-Money* paid by him or them, to the *Use* of the said *Royal Hospital for Seamen* at *Greenwich*.

Forfeiture of Wages.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all *Penalised Forfeitures* by this Act imposed, shall be recovered with full Costs of *Suit*, by *Action* of *Debt*, *Det. Pledge*, or *Reformation*, in any of His Majesty's *Courts* of *Record* in *Great Britain*, and be paid for in the *Name* of the *Commissioners* and *Governors* of the *Royal Hospital at Greenwich*.

Stuffs, and every Cloth called Kerchiefs, which shall respectively be made and for or Sale shall be of certain specified Lengths and Breadths respectively, with a certain Proportion in a Gale when the Cloth shall exceed the specified Measure, and that every Half Cloth of every of the said Whole Cloths, *Shawls and Kerchiefs*, shall keep the Measure in Length and Breadth, according to the Rate, Form, and Nature, of the Whole Cloth thereof; and that no Person which shall make any Woollen Cloth or Silk, shall weigh or put on or upon the same Cloth, nor the Wool whereof the said Cloth shall be made, any Lint or Wool, Flock or Curb in any Manner, under the Penalty therein mentioned, except in particular Cases; and that every of the said Cloths and Half Cloths shall perfectly and rightly perform and follow our Order of Workmanship from one End to the other, without Difference in the weaving, fulling, knitting, or hurling; and that certain Seals shall be used and set upon the said Cloths for the Purpose of denoting the Workmanship, Length, Breadth, comparative Size, and other defects, of such Qualities for the several Sorts of Cloths, and that Persons of the said Sorts shall be appointed and shall perform certain Duties, and such Persons shall be subject to Penalties for Offences therein mentioned; and that Clothmakers shall pay to Labourers in the said Trade limited Money for their Wages, and shall deliver Work to be wrought according to the said Orders and due Weight thereof, under the Penalties therein mentioned; and that every Carder, Spinner, Weaver, Fuller, Shearman, and Dyer, shall duly perform his Duty in his Occupation; and that every Fuller in his Craft and Occupation of fulling, removing, or washing of Cloths, shall exercise all the Tools and Combs lawfully approved the same Cloths; and that Justices of Peace and certain other Magistrates shall have Power to hear and determine certain Complaints of every such Clothmaker and Labourer, and shall exercise their Jurisdiction in this behalf in the Manner therein specified; and that such Justices or Magistrates shall have Jurisdiction over Persons offending against such Ordinances, and that such Persons shall be liable to a Penalty, and that such Justices or Magistrates shall have certain Powers for executing their Jurisdiction in this behalf: And to more of a certain other Act made in the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, in which, *An Act concerning diverse Orders for Weavers, Labourers, Servants of Handiery, and Apprentices*, and which, that no Person shall or do make, send, or take into his house or work in any City, Town, or for One whole Year in any other Cities, Towns, or Parts of the Kingdom, Woollen Cloth Weavers, Tuckers, Fullers, Clothmakers, Shearers, or Dyers of Wool or Woollen Cloth; and that every Person being concerned, and every other Person being under the Age of Thirty Years, and having been brought up in any of the said Arts, Crafts, or Trades, or that hath used or exercised any of them by the Space of Three Years or more, and not having Real or Personal Property of a certain specified Value, nor being retained with any Person in Handiery, or in any of the Arts and Trades according to that Statute, nor in any other Art or Service, nor in Household, or in any Office with any Noblemen, Gentlemen, or others, according to the Laws of this Realm, nor having a convenient Farm or other Holding in Tillage, whereupon he may employ his Labour, shall upon Request made by any Person using the Art or Mystery wherein the said Person is required, both born or bred (as is aforesaid) be retained, and shall not refuse to serve according to the Tenor of that Statute, upon the Part and Penalty therein respectively; and that no Person dwelling in any City or Town Corporate, using or exercising any of the Mystryes or Crafts of a Clerkship, that hath or shall put Cloth to making and Sale, shall take any Apprentice or Servant to be instructed or taught in any of the Arts, Occupations, Crafts, or Mystryes which be both art or science, except such Servant or Apprentice be his Son, or else that the Father and Master of such Apprentice or Servant shall have Freehold Property of a certain annual Value; and that no Person dwelling in any such Market Town, using or exercising the Art, Mystery, or Art of a Clerkship, that hath or shall put Cloth to making and Sale, shall take any Apprentice, or a servant or other inferior to any Person in the Art, Service, or Mystery as before recited, except such Servant or Apprentice shall be his Son, or else that the Father or Master of such Apprentice shall have Freehold Property of a certain annual Value; and that no Person shall set up, occupy, use, or exercise any Craft, Mystery, or Occupation therein said or excepted within the Realm of England or Wales, except he shall have been brought up therein Seven Years at the least as an Apprentice in Manner and Form as the said Act recited Act contained, nor shall set any Person on work in such Mystry, Art, or Occupation, except he shall have been Apprenticed as is aforesaid, or else having served as an Apprentice shall become a Journeyman, or be bound by the Year, in or only in the said last recited and provided respects Persons employed in any of the Crafts, Mystryes, or Occupations of Clothiers, Woollen Cloth Weavers, Tuckers, Fullers, Clothmakers, Shearers, or Dyers of Wool or Woollen Cloth, and that all Persons that shall have these Apprentices in any of the said Crafts, Mystryes, or Occupations of a Clothiers, Fuller, Shearman, or Weaver, shall remain and keep One Journeyman, and for every other Apprentice above the Number of Three Apprentices in One other Journeyman, and in each of a seven years after the said Year of King James the first, contained, *An Act for the better Regulating of our said made in the First year of Queen Elizabeth the first's Reign concerning the Length of Kerchiefs*, in which that Kerchiefs, commonly called Ordinary Kerchiefs, and that Kerchiefs called *long Kerchiefs*, shall not exceed respectively a certain Length, and shall be respectively of a certain Weight answering to the Length, and if any Kerchiefs shall either exceed the prescribed Length or fall short of the prescribed Weight, then every Person that shall make the same for Sale shall be liable to the Penalties therein mentioned; and that every Person selling or taking in any such Kerchiefs shall pay a Custom and Subsidy after a specified Rate; and in each of a certain other Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of King George the first, intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture, and for preventing Differences among the Persons who crowd therein, and for limiting a Time for prosecuting the Penalties appointed by an Act of the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in respect of*

12. Payment of the Wardman's Money in any other Manner than in Money, as directed that no Custom or Manner of Woollen Cloths, Druggers, or other Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool, shall use any Lint of Yarn, Wicks, or other Refuse of Cloths, Druggers, or other Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool, (Finesse and Penalties only excepted) by working the same up again into any Sorts of Goods whatsoever, under a certain

13-14. Penalty; and that every Owner of Tenter or Tenters, Rack or Racks for such Cloth, within the Counties of

1711. c. 11.

1771.

1774.

1775.

1780.

1787. c. 25.

1790. c. 26.

Chandler, With, and Sewers, shall measure in a Tonne or Toner's Rack as shall be made use of for weighing or weighing such Cloth, and mark the true Length of Yards of each Toner or Rack thereon, in the Manner particularly directed by the said last recited Act, and under the Penalty therein mentioned; and that the Justices of the Peace for the Counties aforesaid shall appoint Inspectors, with a certain Salary or Wages of them, and with certain Duties and Powers particularly pointed out by the said last recited Act; and that any Clothier or Maker of any such Cloth, or any Milliner or other Person within the Counties aforesaid, that shall come a Penalty for refusing Entrance to any such Inspector, and that any such Inspector, acting pursuant to the said Act, shall receive Penalties, and that every Maker of coarse or middle Woollen Broad Cloth within the Counties aforesaid, shall pay to the Inspectors in the Sum of Two-pence per Cloth for every such Cloth he shall manufacture; the Cloths are sent away from the Mill; and the said Inspectors shall pay the Money so received into the Hands of the Treasurer of the County, to be applied towards the Salaries of Inspectors to be appointed by writ of the said last recited Act, and that any Milliner within the Counties aforesaid, sending H or to any Clothier or Maker of Cloths, any such Cloth or Cloths as aforesaid, before they are shipped and entered as aforesaid, shall for every Piece of Cloth to last Home (under the Sum of Forty Shillings), and for each of a certain other Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, enacted, *An Act for regulating several Laws relating to the Manufacture of Woollen Cloth in the County of York, and also for making of several other Laws as respects the said Manufacture of Woollen and Linen Cloths, and for enforcing other Regulations of the said Trade within the West Riding of the said County, for preventing Frauds in carrying the same to the Cloth, and for preserving the Credit of the said Manufactures at the Foreign Markets, as therein that if any Person or Persons within the said West Riding of the County shall use or seek to be used in dressing of Cloth any Cloth made with W or with Yards of L or any other Metal whatsoever, every such Person or Persons in doing the same shall for every such Offence forfeit Forty Shillings; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.*

III. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or make void any Contract of Apprenticeship whereby any Person shall have bound or shall have bound as an Apprentice, in any of the said Counties, Mythen, or Comyns of the Woollen Manufacture, in any Period allowed by Law: It is also enacted, that such Apprenticeship shall not be required as a previous Qualification for entering any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, either as a Master or a Journeyman.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive any Act repealed by any of the Acts or Parts of Acts hereby repealed, but the same shall continue repealed as if the Act had not been made.

V. And whereas Persons who have been educated and employed in the manufacturing Woollen Cloth have expressed Apprehensions, that in consequence of the Use of certain Machinery being allowed in the said Manufacture, and of the Revocation of that Part of the Statute of the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth which respects Apprentices in the Law, the Employment of many of the said Persons is likely to be diminished: And whereas in that Event many of them may be willing to employ themselves in such other Trades as they are or may here or aft to follow and make use of for the getting their Living by their own Labour, but are or may be hindered from exercising their Trades in certain Coats and Corporations and other Places within Great Britain, inasmuch as certain Bye-Laws and Customs of such Places, or of the said Cities made in the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, for Remedy whereof, It is enacted, That all such Persons who have served an Apprenticeship to any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, or who are by Law entitled to do so and exercise the same, and also the Wives and Children of such Persons, may fit up and exercise such Trade, or any other Trade or Business which they are not and able to be in any Town or Place within Great Britain, without any Lic, Stat, or Mandate of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by virtue of the sitting of such Trade; nor shall any such Person, or three Wives or Children, during the Time they shall exercise such Trade, be removable from such respective Place or Places to his, her, or their last legal Place of Settlement, by writ of any Law now or here to be made relating to the Settlement of the Poor, until such Person or Persons shall become actually chargeable to such Parish or Place; and if any such Person, or the Wife or Child of any such Person, shall be sent, imprisoned, or confined in any Court whatsoever within this Kingdom, for using or exercising any such Trade as aforesaid, then the said Person, or the Wife or Child of any such Person, making it appear to the Justices of the Peace where they are so sent, imprisoned, or confined, that they have served a legal Apprenticeship to the said Trade as aforesaid, or that he, she, or they, are or are the Wife or Wives, Child or Children, of such Person or Persons who shall have so served a legal Apprenticeship as aforesaid, shall upon the Certificate so provided be freed from such Imprisonment or Confinement without satisfaction against them; and such Person who, notwithstanding the Act, shall prohibit the said Stat, by Bill, Pleas, Informations, or Indictments, and shall have a Void Stip against him, or become sequestrated thereon, or distrainee thereon shall not, such Person or Persons shall pay out to such Person who have served an Apprenticeship to, or who may be entitled to exercise any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, or the Wife or Child of such Person respectively, Double Costs of Suit to be recovered as in any other Cases at Common Law may be recovered; and all Judges and Justices before whom any such Stat, Information, or Indictment shall be brought and all other Persons whatsoever, are to take Notice of the former Act, and shall conform themselves thereto, say Statute, Law, Ordinance, Custom, or Preamble to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if, shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place where any such Person, or his Wife or Child, shall fit up and exercise any Trade as aforesaid, to commit him or her to be imprisoned before them as the Town or Place where he or she shall fit up and exercise such Trade is situated, in order to make Oath at the Place of his or her last legal Settlement (which Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer), and such Person, or his Wife or Child, is hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly, and such Justices are hereby required

A. D. 1809.

100

Act shall not void Contracts of Apprenticeship.
Apprenticeship not required.
Act shall not revive any Act repealed.

Persons who have served Apprenticeship to any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, and their Wives and Children, may fit up and exercise any Trade in any Place in Great Britain, &c.

Such Persons may be committed to Prison by Two Justices for fitting up any Trade in any Place in Great Britain, &c.

to give an attested Copy of such Affidavits to be made before them, to the Person making the Oath, in order that he may produce it when required, which attested Copy shall at any Time be admitted as Evidence, as to such legal Sentences, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace.

VII. Provided always, That in case any such Person or his Wife or Child shall upon be summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him or her formerly taken being produced by him or her, or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Person or his Wife or Child shall not be obliged to make any other or further Oath with regard to him or her legal Sentences, but shall receive a Copy of such attested Copy of his or her Examination, if it is required.

VIII. Provided always, and by further assented, That this Act shall not in anywise be prejudicial to the Privileges of the Universities of Cambridge and Oxford, or either of them, or to any one or more Librarians in any Person to set up the Trade of a Vintner, or to sell any Wine or other Liquors within the said Universities without Licence first had and obtained from the Vice-Chancellor or of the same respectively.

IX. Provided always, and be further assented, That a Stamp or the Act aforesaid shall extend or be confined to extend to the city of London, or to other the Laws and Customs relative to Apprentices in the said City.

C A P. CXI.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act made in this Session of Parliament, for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence on Officers and Employments

[15th June 1809.]

45 G. 3. c. 21.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence payable by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Officers and Employments of Posts, and in America, Prisons, and Hospitals, and thereby granted for One Year, in the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas the Duty of Sixpence, charged in the said recited Act for and upon all Surveyors, Fees, and Wages payable for and in respect of Officers of Posts granted by or derived from the Crown, which, before the passing of the said recited Act, had been rated or assessed in Money therein specified, and for and upon all Prisons and Amalgams charged upon the Revenue of Great Britain, over and above all other Duties before the passing of the said recited Act, charged or payable, or chargeable on any right to have been charged for every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount thereof respectively: Be it therefore enacted and declared, by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Duty of Sixpence in the said recited Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, mentioned, or made shall be charged and chargeable for every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount of all such Salaries, Fees, and Wages payable for or in respect of Officers of Posts, granted by or derived from the Crown, which, before the passing of the said recited Act, were rated or assessed in Money therein mentioned, and for and upon all Prisons and Amalgams charged upon the Revenue of Great Britain, over and above all other Duties before the passing of the said recited Act, charged and payable.*

The Duty of Sixpence under recited Act shall be charged for every Twenty Shillings of the yearly Value of all Salaries &c.

C A P. CXII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Publick Expenditure, and the Conduct of the Publick Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned.

[15th June 1809.]

45 G. 3. c. 47. (all continued by 45 G. 3. c. 61.) further continued to 25 March 1811.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to provide for the Defense of the Realm, with respect to the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments for the Publick Service.

[15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty more effectually to provide for the Defense and Security of the Realm during the present War; and for authorizing Persons who may suffer in their Property, by such Hostilities as may be necessary for that Purpose: And whereas another Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intitled, *An Act to amend certain of the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty to provide for the Defense and Security of the Realm, which respect the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments for the Publick Service: And whereas Disputes have occurred in the county of Norfolk, in Cases where Persons claim, or Persons claiming Rights of Common, are interested in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, proposed to be taken under the said last Act recited Act for the Publick Service: His Majesty's present Majesty was it may be enacted, and be it enacted, by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases where any Person who shall be interested in any Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, proposed**

In Cases where Persons are allowed to claim

to be taken under the said last recited Act, shall be absent or cannot be found, and in all Cases where the Interest claimed by any Parties or Parties, in any such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, shall consist of any Rights or Customs then or to be exercised, the Notice of such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments being marked out on the Publick Journals shall be affixed near the Church Door of the Parish where the said Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments are situate, for the Space of Three successive Sundays before Morning Service, and shall be published in Three successive Week Days in each Week, in some Newspaper usually circulated in the County or Place where the said Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments are situate; and in any such Publick Notice or Notices the Name, Name, and Place of the Party or Parties who the said Day of such Notice being affixed as aforesaid, and at the said Publication thereof as aforesaid, refuse or neglect to attend or appear, or to be Absent or otherwise prevent themselves from being or appearing with the General Officer or other Parties duly authorized in Matters aforesaid by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid, for a Compulsion for their respective Rights and Interests in such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, then and in such Case His Majesty's Officers shall be at Liberty to Publish of such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, if not then in Possession, after they shall be taken, and such further Proceedings shall be had for the Purpose of finding the Claimants to be parties to such Publick Notice or Notices, for their respective Rights and Interests in such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, with such Power of Appeal from any Verdict of any such Jury, as in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid is therein contained.

II. And by furthering the said Act of Rate, Regulation, Clarification, Matters, and Things, contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid (which hereby altered) shall be in force in relation to the said Act, and shall be construed together in all Respects, as if the same were inserted herein and formed a Part thereof.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia.

[11th Year 1809.]

WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established in the Office of the Provisional General of His Majesty's Forces, His Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, and of the Treasurer of the Ordnance, for the raising and Payment of Publick Money granted for Army and Navy Services, have been heretofore used by and in compliance with that Regulation in the said Purpose should be established by Law in the Office of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to the Treasury for Money for the different Services in which he may hereafter or shall be authorized to act as Agent General in the same Manner as the Money required for such Services here heretofore has been applied for by the Provisional General of His Majesty's Forces.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall from Time to Time before the Secretary at War Business of all his Receipts and Payments, applicable to each Separate Head of Service, and that the Secretary at War for the Time being shall cause such Statements to be checked by him, to be sent to his Department, and shall approve of and authorize the Application for such further Sums for the said Services as he may deem proper, by Letters addressed to the said Agent General, in which Letter the Secretary at War shall signify for what particular Service or Services the said Money is wanted, and the said Agent General for the Time being shall, in all Manner to be by him preferred to the Treasury for the Money for such Services, give other such Sum as is required may be issued to the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, on his Account, and shall transmit with such Memorial Copy of the Letter or Letters from the Secretary at War, and the Certifications of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, by their Letter from Time to Time to the said Agent General for the Bankers to do, to the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, on a warrant of the said Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, in every such Agent General for the Time being, the Sum for which he is to draw upon the said Bankers' Order at the Treasury, or from the said Agent General, for which the Receipt of the Officer or Officers of the said Treasurer and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge; and all Sums for which such Letter of the Comptroller of His Majesty's Treasury shall be drawn, shall be issued from the Exchequer to the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, and sent to the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall be paid to the Accountant in Charge of the said Treasurer and Company, for the particular Service to which the same may be applicable, which Accounts shall be sent to the Accountant of the Agent General for Volunteers; "The Account of the Agent General for Local Militia;" and "The Account of the Agent General for the Marine and Defence Acts;" signing the Name of such Agent General for the Time being in each of them, at the end.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Fees whatever shall be paid at the Exchequer or Treasury by reason of the Issue of any such Order, beyond the Amount of what hath been already paid upon Imprests and Accounts heretofore made, according to the former Custom of transferring Balances between the Exchequer, the Officer, and Bank thereon.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia for the Time being, by himself or his Deputy, or the Treasurer or Paymaster in his Office, duly authorized by the said Agent General, to accept of all such Bills, Notes, or Orders, which shall be drawn upon him by any Officers of Volunteers or Local Militia, or other Persons duly authorized by the Secretary at War, payable at the Bank of England; and every such Bill or Order shall signify the particular Head of Service to which

Right of Property in respect of Lands marked out for Publick Services, Matters therein stated as aforesaid; and if Persons do not appear on the Day, Publication shall be given, or a Jury summoned to determine the Complications, as under Act G. 3. c. 15.

Power of Act G. 3. c. 15, extended to the Act.

Agent General shall apply to Treasury for Money for the different Services.

and shall be in compliance with the Regulations of the said Act, and shall transmit with such Memorial Copy of the Letter or Letters from the Secretary at War, and the Certifications of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, by their Letter from Time to Time to the said Agent General for the Bankers to do, to the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, on a warrant of the said Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, in every such Agent General for the Time being, the Sum for which he is to draw upon the said Bankers' Order at the Treasury, or from the said Agent General, for which the Receipt of the Officer or Officers of the said Treasurer and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge; and all Sums for which such Letter of the Comptroller of His Majesty's Treasury shall be drawn, shall be issued from the Exchequer to the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England, and sent to the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall be paid to the Accountant in Charge of the said Treasurer and Company, for the particular Service to which the same may be applicable, which Accounts shall be sent to the Accountant of the Agent General for Volunteers; "The Account of the Agent General for Local Militia;" and "The Account of the Agent General for the Marine and Defence Acts;" signing the Name of such Agent General for the Time being in each of them, at the end.

shall be paid.

shall draw an Account by Officers of the said Agent General, and shall signify the particular Service.

the Form therein mentioned is to be applied, and on Bill or Draft so accepted, Bill be drawn a full-time Voucher on the said Governor and Company, under the Signature for which it is drawn as specified above, and said Bill shall be chiefly paid by the said Governor and Company, and the Money to be paid out of the said Bank and the said Governor and Company on account of the said Agent General, shall not be paid out of the said Bank or Drafts for the Public Services, for which his separate Accounts are opened, and in particular of Bills or Drafts drawn upon the said Agent General and accepted as aforesaid, on which Bill be specified the Heads of Service to which the same therein mentioned are to be applied, and which Drafts or Bills be drawn and accepted shall be full-time Authority on the Bank of England to pay such Money to the Person or Persons mentioned in such Drafts or Bills, or to their Order or Orders according to the usual Course in regard to Bills of Exchange.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War, from Time to Time to authorize and empower the said Agent General to draw on the Bank of England for such Sum as the Secretary at War shall deem proper for the Payment of the Salaries and Allowances to the Post or any other Civil Office, and for such Sums as shall be necessary for Payments on his private Accounts, and the said Agent General is hereby directed to draw drafts and separate Drafts for each of the said Services, and to keep a separate Account thereof.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Agent General for the Time being shall keep Accounts with the Bank of England of all Money paid or directed to be paid to him for Public Services, and the said Agent General, observing the Rules and Regulations hereby prescribed, shall not be answerable for any Money which he shall not actually receive, or which shall not be actually drawn for by him or paid upon the Bills accepted by him or his Deputy, or other Post or Persons authorized by him as aforesaid, and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall be answerable for all the Money which shall be actually received by them for such Public Service.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money received by the said Agent General for Public Services, shall be immediately paid by him into the Bank of England, and placed to his Account there in Manner aforesaid, and such Money shall be issued, paid, and applied as such and the like Money, and paid to the same Regulations and Restrictions as the Money to be issued from the Exchequer for such Services is hereby directed to be issued, paid, and applied.

VIII. And, in order that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may have frequent Knowledge of the Balance of Cash in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on account of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and thereby be enabled to judge of the Necessity and Propriety of further Issues, and prevent the unnecessary Accumulation of Public Money in the Hands of the said Governor and Company, Be it enacted, That as the said Money is received every Week, or often, if required, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury by the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia on the 10th Day of each Month, for a Supply of Money for Public Service, such Agent General or his Deputy shall send in the 10th of each Month to the Secretary of the Treasury a true Account of the Money received by the Agent General, in the Hands of the Governor and Company, together with an Account of all the Claims and outstanding Drafts or Bills with which such Balance is charged, and to which it is to be applied.

IX. And be it further enacted, that upon the Death, Retirement, or Removal of any Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, the Balance of Cash for which he shall be answerable then-time Credit on his Account or Accounts, as Agent General, with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall, as soon as a Successor shall be appointed, also by such Successor, or next for the Public Service for which the same were drawn, and shall forthwith be transferred, carried over, and placed to the Account of such Successor, to be applied to the said Services in the Manner herein before directed, and the succeeding Agent General shall, and he is hereby directed and required to submit Statements to the Secretary at War, and from his Memorials and Representations to the Treasury, and to accept Bills as aforesaid for all unsettled Charges and Demands on account of Public Services, although the same shall have occurred in the Time of any preceding Agent General.

X. And be it further enacted, That all such Accounts of the Agent General for the Time being shall be transmitted, with proper Vouchers, to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, who, shall and they are hereby directed and required, with the least possible Delay, after the Receipt thereof, to examine or cause to be examined the said Accounts, and if found satisfactory to present or cause to be presented the same to the proper Officer or Officers for Declaration, and when the same are declared, a Quittance or Acquittance in the usual Form shall be made out to the Agent or Agents General, whose Accounts shall have been so declared, by or the Clerk, Executors, or Administrators.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Books of Accounts, and all Vouchers whatever kept in the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall belong to the first Office, and shall not be at the Disposal of the Agent General to take and dispose of the same as his private and proper Books of Accounts and Vouchers, provided that nothing herein shall extend to prevent any Person who hath exercised the Office of Agent General, or his or their Executors or Administrators, by himself or themselves, or by any Person or Persons authorized by him or them, from taking Copies or Extracts thereof as they shall think fit, or the Transmission of the Vouchers in due Time to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully forge, or counterfeit, or make or cause to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully sell or offer to sell or to counterfeit, or counterfeited, the Name or Head of the Agent General for the Time being, or shall purport the Name or Persons duly authorized as aforesaid, in any Draft, Instrument, or Writing whatsoever, for or in order to the receiving or obtaining any of the Money in the Hands or Custody of the Governor and Company of the

Bank

Bank of England, as Account of the Agent General for the Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall forge or counterfeit, or cause to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully sell or assist in the forging or causing to be forged, any Draft, Instrument, or Writing, in Form of a Draft, made by such Agent General or his Deputy, or the Paymaster or Paymistres authorized as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish any such, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited: such an Instrument so defined any Person whatsoever, every such Paymaster or Paymistres so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be, and he and he is hereby declared and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Forgery, without Benefit of Clergy.

48 G. 3. c. 113. § 26. 48 G. 3. c. 114. § 37. defaulting Tines to be paid into the Bank to the Account of "the Paymaster of the Forces, repeated. § 11

XIV. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Paymaster General to make any Sum or Sums of Money arising from Taxes, Penalties, and Forfeitures under the said recited Act paid in the last Session of Parliament which shall here have or shall be received by him, or paid to the Bank of England on his Account, to be transferred or paid over to the separate Account opened at the Bank of England, in the Name of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and by so doing the said Paymaster General shall be and is hereby fully discharged by the Amount of the Sums which may here be or shall be so transferred or paid over by him as aforesaid. And here and after the paying of this Act all Taxes, Penalties, and Forfeitures arising under the said recited Act which may here be or shall be received by any Clerk of Subdivision or other Officer, shall, within Twenty Days after the Receipt thereof, be paid into the separate Account in the Bank of England, in the Name of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, in the same Manner, and under the same Rules and Regulations, and subject to the same Provisions, Clauses, and Conditions as here is contained with the Provisions of this Act as are contained or prescribed in the said recited Act with respect to the Payment of Taxes, Penalties, and Forfeitures directed to be made to the Account of the Paymaster General; and all such Sums of Money so transferred or paid into such Account of such Agent General shall be applied in the same Manner as if the same had beenified Sum the Exchequer to such Account.

XV. And he it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts as directed that the Clerk of Subdivision or other Officers shall draw upon the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces for the Amount of the Sums so payable under the said recited Acts to Persons transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps or voluntarily enlisting themselves into the Local Militia shall be and is hereby repealed.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all such Bills or Drafts on Account of Bounties as aforesaid, that be drawn upon the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and that be by him accepted agreeably to such Regulations as may from Time to Time be issued by the Secretary at War for the Time being.

114th for Bounties and Payments of Taxes already accepted declared legal. § 17.

XVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament shall extend to repeal or alter any Provision in the said recited Acts, by which Accounts are required to be furnished by the Clerks of Subdivision or other Officers, or Persons so indebted for their neglecting duly to transmit the same, or for wilfully retaining Money in their Hands.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. [15th June 1809.]

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, having taken into our most anxious Consideration Your Majesty's most Gracious Wishes, expressing that the ancient Relations of Good Understanding and Friendship between Your Majesty and the Emperor of Russia have been happily restored, and have been confirmed by Treaty; and that although the President of the said Treaty does not include any stipulations for permanent Alliance, Your Majesty is nevertheless desirous of being enabled to afford to His Imperial Majesty, such Alliance as that Emperor as may be called for by the Circumstances of the Council in which His Imperial Majesty is engaged against the common Enemy, and as can be furnished by Your Majesty consistently with the other extended Demands upon the Resources of Your Majesty's Dominions; and that Your Majesty is equally desirous of continuing to the Spanish Cause, such Assistance as may be requisite for following and aiding the Efforts of that Nation against the Tyranny and Oppression of France, as well as of giving Countenance and Effect to the exertions of the People of Portugal, for the Defence of their lawful Government and National Independence; and that Your Majesty is therefore desirous of being enabled to provide for their Objects, and to take such Measures as the Expediency of Affairs may require, and do thereunto humbly petition Your Majesty that it may be enacted, &c.

Treasury may (the Exchequer Bills for 3 millions in Manner directed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. Contingents on the 1st July 1809; c. 113. c. 114. Interest on such Bills not exceeding 40 per Cent per Annum § 4. Such Bills may be taken in Payment of the Revenue, &c. after April 1. 1810: § 5. Bank may advance 2,000,000 on Credit of this Act. § 6.

Paymaster shall make all Sums drawn upon him to be transferred to Account of Agent General.

All such Taxes shall be paid in to Account of the Agent General.

Instead of Drafts or Bounties on Paymaster General, (See in G. 3. c. 113. § 26)

Such Drafts shall be drawn on the Agent General.

Accounts shall continue to be furnished by Clerks of Subdivision (See in G. 3. c. 113. § 37)

C A P. CXXV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England.

[10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it may be convenient in the aforesaid Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, that some of the Prisoners confined therein, truly forwarding their Effects to their Creditors, should be liberated, and enabled to pursue their different Professions and Occupations; Be it therefore enacted, &c.

That the said Act shall make out Lists of Prisoners in their Custody, on February 1, 1809, and defer the same to the Quarter Sessions, &c. § 1. Such Lists shall be delivered as Oath in open Court, and shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, and examined yearly. § 2. Copy of Lists shall be fixed up in Prisons, before Delivery to the Sessions. § 3. Prisoners in Custody on 1 February, 1809, for Debts not exceeding 1,000l. shall be discharged on conforming to the Act. § 4.

Y. And whereas many honest but unfortunate Prisoners whose Debts exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, although willing to surrender their Effects for the Benefit of their Creditors, have been confined in Goal many Years, and has for the Intemperance of the Legislature will be deemed to perpetual Imprisonment; Be it therefore enacted, &c.

That Persons charged in Execution on a Writ, 1809, with Debts not exceeding 500l. and having been confined for Two Years previous to this Act, and Persons so charged with Debts to any Amount having been confined for Ten Years, shall be discharged on conforming to the Act. § 5. Justices may, on Petitions delivered by Solicitors, issue Warrants to bring them to the Quarter Sessions. § 6. For holding a Special Session. § 7. Schedules shall remain with Clerk of the Peace. § 8. Debtors intending to apply for Discharge, shall give Notice on the Assize Circuit, &c. § 9. Debtors that deliver Schedules to the Clerks, previous to the First Month. § 10, 11. Debtors proving that Notices have been given, shall in open Court deliver to Schedules of their Effects on Oath. § 12. Schedules and Oath to be taken by the Debtor. Court, at the Request of Creditors, may examine Debtors on Oath. § 13. Estates and Effects of Debtors discharged, shall be sold in the Clerk of the Peace, who shall assign the same to such Creditors as the Court shall direct to go to in Debt, and make Dividends. § 14. Creditors for Amounts payable at any future Time shall receive Dividends in order a Commission of Bankruptcy. § 15. All Estates of Debtors, though not referred in the Schedules, shall be sold in Clerk of the Peace. § 16. Heirs of Secured without Consideration, not entitled to claim as Creditors. § 17. Estates shall receive sold in the Clerk of the Peace for the Time being. § 18. No Sale in Law or Equity shall be had by Assignees without Consent of the Majority of the Creditors. § 19. Schedules shall be produced by the Clerk at the Place to Creditors. The Debtor's Right shall not be affected by this Act. § 20. Mortgages shall retain place of Debts of an inferior Nature. § 21. Power of leasing Lands, &c. vested in Assignees. § 22. Goals, on Request of Creditors, to be taken concerning the Custody and Commitment of Debtors. § 23, 24. At the Request of Creditors, Goals may be examined on Oath at the Sessions touching Commissions. Twenty Goals, Sheriffs, &c. disobeying Orders of Justice, Six Months' Imprisonment, &c. § 25. Penalty on Goal and Printer of London Gazette or Newspaper not conforming with the Regulations of this Act total. § 26. Punishment of Goals for Forgery good for Benefit of the Creditors. § 27. Penalty on Clerk of the Peace not giving Copies of Affidavits of Discharge and. § 28. Debtors before hearing shall suffer as for wilful Forgery. § 29. Debtors discharged shall not be liable to be imprisoned for Debts prior to 1 February 1809. § 30. But shall not be discharged from Debts incurred subsequent to 1 February, 1809. § 31. Act may be pleaded to any Action of Ejectment, &c. § 32. Act may be pleaded generally by Petitioner. § 33. Prisoners, who, on Application as Insolvent Debtors, have been committed bodily, and have discharged without their Consent, entitled to the Benefit of this Act. § 34. Act shall not extend to Annuities or Securities embracing Money, except where they have been confined Ten Years. § 35. Not to Perform charging Money or Goods under false Pretences or additional Names, except where they have been confined Ten Years. § 36.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections and Exceptions aforesaid against the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before the Testimony upon Oath of the Petitioner or Persons making such Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law. Provided always, that no Petitioner, who shall have been committed to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods, or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having directly or fraudulently received Shares, Stocks, or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be detained for Rent, or who shall have sold or transferred the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance, or Assignment, since his or her Imprisonment, to the Petitioner of his Creditor or Creditors, or who shall have fraudulently obtained a Discharge under such former Act, or shall have taken a false Oath under such Act, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge under this Act, but shall be committed to Prison as aforesaid by the Justices before whom he or she shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act: Provided always, that such Objections or Exceptions were supposed by such Petitioner or Creditors as aforesaid before provided and directed to be made under this former Act, and not otherwise: and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act made and against any Petitioner, except a dissenting Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against such Prisoner previous to the First Day of February last past, grounded on the Matters in the said Exceptions aforesaid: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Damages incurred in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in Action for seducing or carrying away the Daughter or

Female

1. Act on Petition
2. Act on Petition in
3. Act on Petition in
4. Act on Petition in
5. Act on Petition in
6. Act on Petition in
7. Act on Petition in
8. Act on Petition in
9. Act on Petition in
10. Act on Petition in

Proof of the
Truth of Ob-
jections.

Act shall not
extend to Per-
sons committed
to Prison under
any former
Act, for fraudu-
lently obtaining
Money, &c.

Not to Petition
charged in
Execution for

Forsak Service of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Prosecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in Cases where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Profits of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after his Death; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past

Benefit not to extend to any Action for Criminal Conviction, &c. except where it may have been confined Ten Years.

XXI. Shall not extend to Persons receiving Effects of the Value of 2000 l. to be delivered for Rent, except where they have been confined Ten Years. § 17. Nor to Persons taking or assigning Effects to defraud Creditors, except where they have been confined Ten Years. § 18. Nor to Persons selling Money or any other Effects, except where they have been confined Ten Years. § 19. Penalty on Quakers not permitting Persons to be taken into custody, or to try in the Banks of the Prison to be four, 200, 400. Penalty on Clergy not making full Returns good. § 20. Returns refusing to disclose the Trade and Abode of the Prisoner at whole. § 21. Debt directed, excluded from the Benefit of this Act. § 22. Justice for Sworn may address to the Sessions. § 23. Health in Hospitals &c. &c. § 24. Justice for Poor &c. &c. § 25. Justice may hold a Session near to the County Gaol. § 26. Justice for the Deaf &c. &c. may hold an adjourned Session. § 27. Prisoners in Colledge for Prison Fees shall be discharged. § 28.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed so extend to discharge any Prisoner taking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty which he or she shall have charged at the Seat of the Crown, or of any Prison for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any other Branch of the Public Revenue, or to any Debt or Penalty due to any Officer or Officers of the Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any other Branch of the Public Revenue, unless any Two or of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being shall certify their Opinions under their Hands to the said Justice in their said Session or Adjournment thereof, for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

All shall not extend to Debts of the Crown or Officers thereof, &c. and to the Tax or Duty on any Goods.

XXVIII. Determination of Justice shall be final, which the Debtor gave out of the Office of the Sessions. § 29. Cases in which Prisoners are taken in Jail, shall be delivered up to their Creditors. § 30. Assignees may apply for further Extension of Debts to two Justices. § 31.

LI. Provided always, and it is enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such Case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

Prisoners shall discharge Debt.

XXIX. Assignees with Consent of a Majority in Value of Creditors may compound Debts, and adjust Disputes to Arbitration. § 32. Power on Petition concerning Debtors' Estates to set aside Value. § 33. Assignees may, when they may be chosen. § 34. Courts of Sessions, &c. on Complaint may remove Assignees. § 35. In Cases of Mutual Credit Debts shall be paid. § 36. Prisoners on Colledge for Contempt not paying Money awarded, Costs, &c. committed to the Benefit of this Act. § 37. Prisoners imprisoned by Courts of Consistory committed to the Benefit of this Act, and Lists shall be returned of them to the Sessions. § 38. Affidavits of Quakers may be taken. § 39. Justice may award Names and Schedules to Masters of Farms. § 40. The Inheritance, on relating his Interest, declared a competent Witness. § 41.

LXII. And it is hereby further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to discharge the former Estate or Estates, Real or Personal, of any Person or Persons discharged under this Act, whether such Person or Persons shall or shall not have been charged in Execution, or of from the Payment of any Debts, Damages, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money due, owing, or demandable from any such Person or Persons, or in respect of which any such Person or Persons was or were in Colledge; and all and every Person or Persons committed to prison or be paid any such Debts, Damages, Costs, Sums or Sums of Money, shall have all such and the like Remedies in Law or Equity against such former Estate and Estates, other than and except the necessary Apparel and Bedding of such Person or Persons and their Family, and the necessary Tools for the, her, or their Trade and Occupation, amounting the Value of Forty Pounds, but not against the Person of the Party, for Payment thereof, as he, she, or they might have had if this Act had not been made; and in any Case in which the Payment or Recovery of such Debts or Sums of Money could, before the passing of this Act, have been enforced only by Compulsion, either on the Ground of Contempt or otherwise, if the Parties liable thereto, the Party awarded thereon shall be and is hereby enabled to sue the Person or Persons who might so have paid the same for what shall remain unsatisfied thereof, in like Manner as if the same remaining unsatisfied had been Money lent and advanced by, or Money had not received by the Use of, the Parties having such Debts, but shall not be entitled to arrest or take in Execution the Party against whom such Debts shall be enforced.

Former Estates of Debtors shall discharge under this Act &c. to be liable for their Debts.

Prisoners having taken the Benefit of any Indentured Act within Five Years, not entitled to Relief under this Act. § 42.

C A P. CXXI.

AN ACT to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland. [19th June 1809.]

W H A T E N E R E S

of each High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, the said Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes or of Customs and Port Duties respectively, shall make a Table of such Rates of Charges to be made out and to be fixed by the Secretary to each Commission respectively, and to be submitted to the Officers of the Collection of Excise and Customs respectively at their several Districts; and such Collectors shall write or hang up such Table of Rates in some conspicuous Part of their Office, and keep the same in effect and in being up for public Inspection, so that all Persons may have convenient Access thereto; and it shall be lawful for each Commission of Customs and Land Duty chiefly to enter such Table of Rates of Charges from Time to Time, with the Approbation of the said Commissioners of the Treasury in Manner aforesaid, and if it any Time after the said Twentieth Day of September next (that is to say eight hundred and nine, say Eighteen, or after Twelve as revised or completed on behalf of the said Commissioners, or under other Orders, or by their Deputies in the Manner aforesaid, or any of them, shall make any Charge, or take or receive any Payment or Reward whatsoever, other than such as shall from Time to Time be in both said tables entered by each Table to be prepared by the said Commissioners respectively in Manner aforesaid, both Schedules aforesaid, or other Points as aforesaid shall fall in the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, together with the Amount of such Charge or Payment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, as the Rate or any Point who will sue for the same by Act or Acts of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, at which the Defendant's Writ of Habeas Corpus may be returned One Impetrate shall be allowed.

VI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His said Majesty's said Majesty, intended, *As to the Regulation of the Customs and Management of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, Excise, and Taxes in Ireland, &c.* among other Things enacted, That all Acts, Statutes, and Things relating to the Duty of Customs and Excise or Taxes, which by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland are required to be done or performed by or under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners mentioned in the said Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twentieth and Thirtieth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intended, *As to the Selling of the Office or new Invention of the Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Statute therein mentioned,* shall and may be in like Manner to be and performed by or under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes, in the Case this regard. For the shortening any Doubt as to the Constitution of the said several Acts of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or of any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Customs and Taxes under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties: Be it enacted, That whereas, by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, it is or shall be required that any Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall be made, laid, or entered, or had in or at the Excise Office of any District relative to any Matter or Thing whatsoever, every such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding which shall relate to Shipping or Navigation, or to any Matter or Thing which by the said several Acts of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, are placed under the Management or Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, shall be made, laid, entered, or had in the Office of the Collector of the Customs of the Port or Port-Duty within which the Cause of such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall have arisen, instead of the Excise Office of such District, and such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall be good and effectual in all Laws and Process whatsoever contained in such Act or Acts.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Day of the passing of this Act, if any Officer of Customs or Excise, or any Officer appointed by or after the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any of them, shall directly or indirectly be hired or by any other Person to his Use or Benefit, or to that Use or Benefit directly or indirectly from or on the behalf of any Person or Persons who by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall be liable or bound to or chargeable with the Payment of any Duty under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of the said Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes, any Salary, Fee, Gratuity, Remuneration, or Reward, or any Matter or Thing whatsoever, or any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever, or any Proceeds of the Law, for the doing or performing, or for the not doing or performing any Act, Matter, or Thing which such Officer ought to do or perform in the Execution of the Duty of such Office, or for or in respect of, or with respect to whatsoever any Check of such Officer in respect of the Payment or Non-payment of any such Duty, or of the Attendance or Non-attendance or Delay of Attendance of any such Officer, or of the Execution or Non-execution of his Duty as an Officer, other than and except such Sum or Sums of Money as such Officer may by Law be entitled to, or may be allowed by such Commissioners respectively in exercise or in pursuance of any Fee, Salary, or Gratuity; every such Officer is offending shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanour, and such Officer shall and may be indicted for the same in the Office held in the County or County of a City or Town where such Officer shall be committed, or at the Court of Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, hold in and for the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, for each Offence as shall be committed within the said County or City respectively; and in case any Indictment shall be found at such Office or Court against such Officer, he shall stand mute forthwith without having Time to traverse the Issue, and it shall be lawful for the Court before which such Officer shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Officer by Fine not less than Three Times the Value of such Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Remuneration, or Reward, and by Imprisonment or otherwise, as may by the Laws and Statutes in force in Ireland be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanours; and such Officer is convicted shall stand forth as incapable of holding any Office or Employment whatsoever, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or under any Authority derived from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, if any Person whatsoever shall directly or indirectly give or offer any Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Remuneration,

to be
113

Whereas
113

Misdemeanour.

Penalty by
Fine, Imprisonment,
or otherwise.

Penalty on
the Person giving
Bribe or

Officers, Mis-
deame-
ments by
Law and In-
structions.

Remission, or Reward, or any Sum or Sum of Money, Article, Matter, or Thing whatsoever, or any Present of the same, to any Officer of Customs or Excise, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or either of them, for the doing or performing, or for not doing, or performing any Act, Matter, or Thing which such Officer might do or perform in the Execution of his Office, or for or in respect of any such Act with Intent to influence any Conduct of such Officer in respect of the Performance or Non-performance of any Duty under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively, or of the Attendance or Non-attendance or Delay or of Absence of any such Officer, or of the Execution or Non-execution of any Act as an Officer, or otherwise such Salary, Remission, Reward, or Gratuity, as shall be all or any of them by the said Commissioners respectively, or to which such Officer may by Law be entitled to; every such Person in so offending, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and such Person shall and may be indicted for such Offence as if such Officer shall be accepted, or Promised shall be performed, or such as the Affairs shall be the Mayor or City of the City or Town where such Office shall be constituted, or as the Cases of Burmish of Ordnance and Treasurer and General Good Delivery, held in and for the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, for such Officer as shall be committed within the said County or City respectively; and as if such Person shall be tried at such Affairs or Court against such Person, he shall plead therein lawfully, without having Time to traverse the same; and he shall be tried for the Crime before, when such Person shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment by Fine, not less than Three Years the Value of such Office, For, Grievance, Harassment, or Reward, and by Imprisonment or otherwise, as may by the Law and Statute in that behalf made be and shall be Punishment of such Misdemeanor.

Commissioners
of Customs and
Excise shall not
employ any
Persons, or
without Consent
of the Treasury.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the Day of the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Crown Grants of Customs and Port Duties, nor for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any of them, to admit, receive, or receive any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, nor to receive any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, to be sold by any Officer of Customs or Excise, for any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue, Matters, and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively, upon a Proofs that have been committed by any Officer of Customs or Excise by his being so informed for the same, nor to receive or receive as a Collector any Bond taken for His Majesty's Use, the Customs whereof shall not have been fully performed and satisfied; with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for carrying the Office of Lord High Treasurer in Ireland, or any Three of them, in that Purpose.

It is to be
understood
that the
Commissioners
of Customs
and Excise
shall not
employ any
Persons, or
without Consent
of the Treasury.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall have heretofore put or placed, or shall hereafter put or place any Person in Charge of any Collection relating to the Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively; and in all Cases where such Commissioners respectively shall have appointed or directed, or shall appoint or direct any Person to execute the Office of a Collector of Excise, or Collector of Customs respectively, in consequence of any Vacancy, Absence, Suspension, or Removal of a Collector, every such Person to whom Charge, or to be appointed or directed to execute any such Office of Collector, shall be considered as a Collector for the Time being, in so far as respects any Matters by him received as such; and when such Person is put in Charge, and the Returns of every such Person respectively, shall be taken and taken, and shall and may be required and compellable, and compelled to account for all and every Sum and Sum of Money received or paid by such Person, and to give and render fully all Sum and Sum of Money which shall have been or shall be received by such Person, or with which such Person is or may be chargeable by virtue of, or in consequence of any Charge, Direction, or Appointment, in such and the like Manner and Form, and so and before such and the like Courts and Persons, and under all Acts and the like Statutes and Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions whatsoever, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes, as any Collector duly holding and executing the Place or Office in Charge of which such Person shall be put and placed, or which he shall be directed or appointed to execute as aforesaid, is required and compellable, and compelled to account for, and to pay and render all Sum and Sum of Money received by him, or with which he is chargeable, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for that Purpose.

It is to be
understood
that the
Commissioners
of Customs and
Excise, upon
entry into the
Balance of their
Books.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Day of the passing of this Act, every Collector of Customs, and every Collector of Excise, and every Person put in Charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall render weekly to the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively, an Abstract or Account, signed by himself in the Presence of an Officer of Customs or Excise, and witnessed by such Officer, of his several Receipts and Payments for the Week ending on the Day preceding the Day of his transmitting such Abstract or Account, drawing therein with all Moneys received by him in that Week, or in his Hands at the Commencement thereof, and crediting therein for all such Sums as he shall have paid therein as Collector, or as he shall have been paid on his Account during that Week to the Receiver General, or into His Majesty's Exchequer, being the Balance thereof; and every such Collector or Person in Charge, shall carry forward such Balance in the full Article in the succeeding Week's Abstract or Account on the Debt or Credit Side thereof, as the Case shall happen to be, and so from Time to Time weekly and every Week in like Manner. Provided always, that if any Bill, Draft, or Note, shall have been transmitted or delivered to the Receiver General on account of any such Collector or other Person in Charge, which shall not have come to Maturity at the Time of such Transmittal, such Collector or other Person shall and may take Credit for the same in the Abstract or Account of the Week, in which he shall be allowed that the Account thereof has been paid.

Collectors may
take Credit for
Bills received
when actually
paid.
Collectors shall
not in Weekly
Abstracts

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Collector, or Person put in Charge of any Collection, shall in down Writing as the Part of every such weekly Abstract, or on the Back thereof, or on some Paper

passed therein, a Memorandum of the Amount of Bills, Notes, or Drafts in the Hands of the Receiver-General, not by drawn to the Credit of such Collector or Person in such Abstract, and which are to be placed to his Credit when paid, specifying the Particulars of every such Bill, Note, and Draft respectively.

XIII. And by a further Statute, That every Collector of Customs or Excise, or every Person in charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall come in every Year within Three Months after the Fifth Day of January in each Year, or within Three Months after he shall cease to be Collector, or to be in charge as Collector, draw up, adjust, and settle with the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, a full and true Account for the Whole of the Year ending the last Fifth Day of January, or for so much of each Year as he shall have been in charge of such Collection, and shall sign such Account with his Name, and shall return the same among his Receipts and Payments, every Item of Receipt and Payment, with the Dates, and in the Words and Figures as the same were formerly set forth in the weekly Abstracts transmitted by him as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners respectively shall forthwith deliver a Copy thereof, signed by their Secretary or Assessor-General, to such Collector or other Person, and shall deliver the said Account to the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer, who shall forthwith transmit a Copy thereof, duly engrossed on Parchment, to such Collector or other Person, and require him to make Oath to the Truth thereof at the Feet of such Copy, either before the Chancellor of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, or one of the Barons thereof, or before the Chief of the Queen's-Bench, or any Adjournment thereof, held in the County or County of the Town or City wherein his Office as Collector shall be situate, in the Presence of the acting Clerk of the Peace attending the said Sessions, who shall witness the same; and every Collector, or other Person in charge of a Collection, shall make Oath to the Truth of such Account, in Manner aforesaid, and transmit or deliver such Account, in Form so, to the Auditor of the Exchequer, before the Fifth Day of August next following the Date of the issuing and adjusting of such Account: Provided always, that where Two or more Persons shall have been Collectors or in charge as Collectors for the same District, or the County of any one the same Year ending on the Fifth Day of January, each and every Person having in each Collection or in charge as Collector, shall be accountable and shall account for such Part of the Year only during which he shall have been Collector or in charge as aforesaid.

XIV. And by a further Statute, That if any Collector or other Person in charge of a Collection, shall omit or neglect to sign, or transmit, or transmit such weekly Abstract or Account, in the Manner and Form and at the Times herein aforesaid respecting the same, such Collector or other Person shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Offence or Neglect; which Sum the said Commissioners are respectively required to deduct and deliver to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, out of the Salary of such Collector or other Person; and for his second and every subsequent Offence therein he shall, over and above the Forfeiture of the said Sum of Ten Pounds be also suspended from his Office of Collector, and continue so suspended until such Suspension shall be taken off by the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise, which they are lawfully respectively authorized to do, on his answering to their Satisfaction for such his Offence or Neglect.

XV. And by a further Statute, That if any Collector of Customs or Excise, or any Person in charge as such Collector, shall refuse or neglect to adjust and settle and sign such Accounts for the Year or Part of the Year, as the Case may be, in Manner and within the Time aforesaid, or when such further Time as may be allowed for that Purpose under the Provisions of this Act, all Salary and Allowances payable to any such Collector shall be withheld and delivered to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Day when such Collector or other Person ought to have signed and adjusted and signed such yearly Accounts as aforesaid, until he shall fully settle and adjust and sign the same.

XVI. And by a further Statute, That if any Collector of Customs, or any Collector of Excise, or any Person in charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall refuse or neglect to bring to the Truth of such Accounts in Manner herein required, and to transmit or deliver the same to the Auditor of the Exchequer in Manner herein required, before the Fifth Day of August in any Year, or such further Day as may be allowed under the Provisions of this Act, he shall be accountable from and after each Day of holding his Place as Collector, or any other Place or Office under the Commission of Customs or Excise, and shall forfeit the Sum of the hundred Pounds: Provided always, that a Bill and may be levied by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, by and with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, in case of Sickness or any other reasonable Cause preventing any Collector or Person in charge as such, from transmitting any such weekly Abstract or Account within the Time aforesaid, to wit the Forfeiture of Ten Pounds incurred thereby; and in case any Collector or Person in charge as such, shall be prevented by Sickness or any other reasonable Cause, from settling and adjusting, or bringing to his yearly Account, or transmitting the same, when drawn, within the Time or Times aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, by and with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, to allow him such further Time for so doing as shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively to be reasonable for that Purpose, and to remit the Forfeiture and Forfeiture aforesaid, if the same shall have been incurred before Approbation could have been made for such further Time as aforesaid.

XVII. And by a further Statute, That in all Cases or Suits commenced or to be commenced against any Collector or Person in charge as such, or his personal Representatives, or against such or either of the same, or their or either of their personal Representatives, every such weekly Abstract or Account signed and warranted, shall be accepted, taken, and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Good and true Receipts of the same therein stated to the Dates of such Collection or other Person; and all and every such yearly Account or Accounts for Part of a Year, if settled and adjusted, signed, and sworn, shall be accepted, taken, and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence against such Collector or other Person in charge as a Collector, or his personal Representatives, or both or either of his or their Executors, or their or either of their personal Representatives, or the several Receipts therein severally for both.

Memorandum of Bills received.

Collector shall draw up Account, signed by him, and return to Commissioners, to be signed by the Secretary or Assessor-General, and to be delivered to the Collector to be sworn to by him.

Where Two Collectors are in Charge, each shall account for his Part only.

Penalty on Collector for neglecting to sign and transmit weekly Abstracts, &c.

Second Offence, Fine and Imprisonment.

Penalty on Collector neglecting to settle annual Accounts, &c. Forfeiture of Salary.

Penalty on Collector not bringing to the Truth of Accounts, &c. Forfeiture and Imprisonment.

Provisions, with Consent of Treasurer, may grant Time, and allow further Time for Accounts.

Collectors Accounts shall be taken as good Receipts thereof.

That the
said Act shall
be deemed
to be
continued

All the
said
shall be
made
within
three
Months
after
they.

Persons
shall
be
deemed
to be
liable
to
Vex

Who are
liable
to
be
seized
by
the
said
Act
shall
be
deemed
to be
liable
to
be
seized
by
the
said
Act

That the
said Act
shall be
deemed
to be
continued

That the
said Act
shall be
deemed
to be
continued

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any such Account for a Year or Part of a Year shall be taken before any Court of Quarter-Sessions in Ireland, and may be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, and they are hereby required to pay unto the Auditor-General a Fee, in such Amount as the Commissioners of Customs have heretofore allowed Credit for in their Collectors' Accounts, as having been paid by the Collector or Collectors or Persons in charge of a Collectors, to the Auditor-General in paying Accounts within the Year, and as they would have allowed Credit for in such such Account had been taken before the Chancellor or one of the Justices of the Court of Exchequer.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Surcharge shall be made on account of any such Charge of Duty payable on the Importation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises imported into or exported out of Ireland, at any Time after the passing of this Act, upon the Petition or Protest, who shall have imported the same, at any Time after the Expiration of Four Calendar Months next after the Entry made thereof, on which any Duty shall have been computed and paid, whether the same shall be an Entry either inward or Outward, or a passage or port Entry, or an Entry of Goods in Warehouse; but that all Surcharges of Duty in respect of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises in imported or exported shall be made within Four Calendar Months next after such Entry, Computation, and Payment, as aforesaid.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, imported into Ireland, shall be seized and taken up by Warrant of *Writ*, at Sight, or upon Bill of Value, or Process shall be granted for the Removal of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, from the Custom-house or Place where they were so landed, until such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall have been viewed and duly entered, allowed, and Duty thereon fully paid, according to Law, any Thing to the contrary in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fourth Year of the present Majesty's reign, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Papers carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Colonies abroad, as in former Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*, &c. it is amongst other Things enacted, That certain Provisions and Provisions of said by the said Act may be altered, amended, and may be varied in His Majesty's Court of Record at Dublin, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General for Ireland, or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever; and that One Month or more Privilege be reserved by virtue of the said Act after deducting the Charges of Provisions from the Whole, shall go and be taken by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; by a warrant, Writ or Process, or any Process or Process or Process or Process of any Act shall be performed or had for in Ireland, the Petitioner or Attorney for the Petition by or on behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors shall be commenced, Writ within Three Days after the Commencement of any such Action or Proceeding, or leave or writ to be delivered to the Clerk of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, a Notice of the Commencement of such Action or Proceeding, and that also, within Three Days after the Declaration or Commencement of any such Action or Proceeding shall be delivered to the Defendants, Solicitor or made to be delivered a Copy of such Declaration or Intimation to the said Solicitor of the said Commissioners; and whenever the Privilege as aforesaid for the Recovery of such Actions or other Proceeding shall be commenced shall be duly received and known, One Month or more, after certifying as aforesaid, shall be paid over by or on behalf of the Petitioner a such Action to the Collector or Collectors for the Port of Dublin, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and in case any Solicitor or Attorney shall neglect to give such Notice, or to deliver a Copy of such Declaration or Intimation as aforesaid, or in case the Money of the Petitioner or Petitioner is received shall not be paid to such Collector or more as aforesaid, such Money shall be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Petition by whom such Privilege was reserved and received, and shall be recoverable from such Petitioner accordingly.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That whatsoever any Sale, commonly called a Runnag Sale, or any other Sale of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be made under the Order of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or under the Order of the said Commissioners of Irish Excise and Taxes at His Majesty's Stores or otherwise, whether such Sale shall be made by such of Customs or otherwise, all the Goods, Wares, or Merchandises intended to be sold at such Sale, shall be publicly exposed to View, and open for the Inspection of all Persons for Three whole Days next before the Day on which such Sale shall first place, during such View as the Custom-house is open on such Days; and that Catalogues of all the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises intended for Sale, with proper Numbers and References to such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, shall be prepared by the Order and under the Direction of the said Commissioners respectively, and shall be lying up in some conspicuous Part of the said Warehouse or Place in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises shall be deposited for Inspection as aforesaid.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Goods shall have been fully received by Person according to Law, into the Stock or Possession of any Person in Ireland, and not received in the Ware Trade, for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, and not for Sale, or such Person shall be required or compelled, or compelled, to lodge such Goods with any Officer of Excise, or to obtain any Certificate thereof from such Officer, nor to receive any Certificate in Manuscript required by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled, *An Act for better regulating the Issue and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Carriage and Protection of certain exportable Goods through outland, and to prevent Frauds by Duties in or Receipts of such Goods*; and that no Ware in the Stock or Possession of any Person in Ireland for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, and not for Sale, shall be liable to Excise or to Customs, nor shall be seized or framed for or so detained in the not producing the Permit under which the same was conveyed into the Stock or such Person or Person, or for or so detained of the not producing any Certificate of such Permit, any Thing to the said second Act of the Fourth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV.

XXIV. And for the more speedy and satisfactory Dispatch of Business in all Partes concerned, Be it further enacted, That no Holidays whatsoever shall be kept by any Officers of His Majesty's Excise in Ireland, for or in respect of any Ash, Midter, or Thing to be done by any such Officer in respect of his Duty as such Officer, or of any Law for the Regulation or Collection of His Majesty's Revenue of Island Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or for carrying the same into Execution, except Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and any Days which shall be appointed by Proclamation for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Birthdays of His Majesty King Charles the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and of the Birth Days of These Most Excellent His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; but that all Birthdays relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise and Island Duties shall be carried on every Day throughout the Year, except on the Days before excepted, any Law, Usage, or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Holidays at Island Office except Sundays, Christmas Day, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Excise Office for the receiving of Revenue-Money for Ports, or Rivers of Freshets, shall be kept open from Six-o'clock in the Evening on every Day of the Year, except the Days before excepted.

Ports Office shall be open all Day.

XXVI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled, 'An Act to prevent certain Goods imported into Ireland, from being warehoused or stored within the British Isles in the Impovershed time of the Year, it is enacted, That a Bill be laid for the Importers, Proprietors or Custodians of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandises enumerated in the Schedule marked [A.] appended to the said Act, to lodge and secure the same in Warehouses without Payment at the Time of the first Entry of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandises of the Duties due on the Importation thereof, subject to the Rates, Regulations, and Restrictions in the said Act contained: And Whereas Sugar is one of the Articles enumerated in the said Schedule marked [A.]: Be it declared and enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, or was meant or intended to extend, to any Sugar, other than White or Clarend, or Brown or Malabar Sugar, or the Growth or Produce of the British Plantations in the West Indies, or of the Growth or Produce of the East Indies; and that it shall not be lawful to warehouse any Sugar, other than such British Plantation Sugar, or East India Sugar as aforesaid, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Sugar shall be warehoused except East India or West India Plantation and East India Sugar as aforesaid.

XXVII. And Whereas under that Act shall be payable in British Currency, recoverable under Customs and Excise Acts, 14 G. 3 c. 33. 4 G. 3 c. 25. 26. 5 G. 3 c. 27.

XXVIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, 'An Act for amending the Law relating to Officers in the Service of the Customs in the several Parts of Ireland, and for regulating the Manner of Appointment and the Number of Holdings to be assigned by the said Officers and various Officers of Excise, various Provisions were made for the shortening of Fees received by all Officers of the Customs, and for the making of Compensation for the Loss of such Fees, which said last recited Act extends to all Partises, whether appointed by Patent or otherwise acting by themselves or others in any Office or Employment relating to His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and it is expedient to make further Regulations for carrying the said last recited Act into Execution: Be it therefore enacted, That as any Time after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to refer to the Commissioners of Inquiry for the Time being (appointed or to be appointed under an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gravamina, Proportions, and Emoluments received in several Publick Offices in Ireland), the Case of any Patentee or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person who shall have held or shall hold any Office, whether by Patent or otherwise, any way relating to His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or who shall have been or shall be employed in the Service of the said Customs at any Part in Ireland, who may have suffered or may believe any Loss by the shortening of Fees, under or in consequence of the Provisions of the said recited Act made in the last Session of Parliament, and who shall claim or be the Judgment of the said Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, or of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, shall be entitled to claim or recover any Compensation for such Loss under or by virtue of the said last recited Act, and upon such Reference it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inquiry for the Time being to proceed, and such Commissioners of Inquiry are hereby authorized, empowered, and required to proceed as soon as may be after such Reference, to enquire into and to moderate the Amount of Fees received by or on behalf of any such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, or his Predecessor, during such Period of Time as shall be directed in such Reference, and to examine on Oath such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, if any, and all any other Parties or Persons whatsoever respecting the Amount of such Fees, and respecting the Duty required to be performed by such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and respecting any other Matters and Things whatsoever, which shall be referred to such Commissioners of Inquiry by such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors relating to or concerning such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and the Office held by him, and the Compensation which he shall claim; and the said Commissioners of Inquiry shall from Time to Time without Delay report to the Lord Lieutenants, or other Chief Governors or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, the Particulars of such Investigations, and the Opinions of the said Commissioners of Inquiry on every such Case referred to them in respect to the Matters and Things referred to be inquired into and investigated, together with such Observances as shall occur to them on the said Commissioners with respect to the Clerks of such Patentees, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, as to the Office held by such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person respectively; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to make any Order respecting such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and respecting the Office or Employment held by him, and the Com-

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may refer the Case of any Person to any other Officer choosing Compensation for Fees under 26 G. 3 c. 28. or to the Council General of Inquiry appointed under 24 G. 3 c. 26. and on their Report direct Compensation to be paid to such Officer, &c.

profession to be paid to him, as upon the Report of the said Commissioners of Inquiry shall by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors be thought requisite and necessary; and that he shall be liable for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to pay or discharge to and for every such Patente or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, by way of Compensation for his Loss of Fees, Perquisites, and Gratuity, under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, any such Sum of Money, and to pay such Amount annually, not exceeding the Amount which shall be repaid by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Justice for the Time being shall direct, under his or their Sign Manual, countersigned by Three or more of the Council, upon the Petition of the Officer of Law High Treasurer of Ireland, any Thing to be paid last recited Act or any other Act or Acts in force in relation to the contrary notwithstanding; and every such annual Payment by way of Compensation, shall commence from the Day whereon the Person for whom the same shall be directed, shall have ceased to take any Fee, Perquisite, Contingent, or Reward, and shall continue during the Continuance of the Patent of any Patente Officer, and during the Time which any Officer or Person not being a Patente shall continue to hold the Office or Employment in respect of which such Payment by way of Compensation shall be directed as aforesaid.

C A P CXVII.

An Act for lowering the Duty of Excise on Coffee, of the Growth of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa. [19th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Duty of Excise by Law imposed on Coffee imported into Great Britain, in so far as the same relates to Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa, imposed directly from thence into Great Britain, and to impose another Duty in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duty of Excise imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, on Coffee imported into Great Britain, in so far as the same relates to Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa, and imposed directly from thence into Great Britain, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, save and except in all Cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which shall at any Time remain unpaid, and then, from and after the said First Day of August, there shall, in lieu and instead of the Duties upon Coffee heretofore imposed, be levied, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the following Rate and Duty, that is to say, For and upon every Pound Weight Ancestral of Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa, and which shall be imported directly from thence into Great Britain, an Excise Duty of Three-pence.

"Duty shall be levied at former Rates on Coffee, &c. and carried to His Majesty's Consolidated Fund. 34, 35.

C A P CXVIII.

An Act for better securing the Independence and Purity of Parliament, by preventing the procuring or obtaining of Seats in Parliament by corrupt Practices. [19th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Provision for preventing corrupt Practices in the procuring or obtaining of Seats in Parliament to sit in the House of Commons: And Whereas the giving, or procuring to be given, or receiving to give or to procure to be given any Sum of Money, Gift, or Reward, or any Office, Place, Employment, or Gracious, in order to procure the Return of any Member to serve in Parliament, if not given to or for the Use of some Person having a Right or chance to have a Right to sit as a Returning Officer, or to vote at such Election, is not contrary to the Meaning of an Act passed at the Second Year of King George the Second, intitled, *An Act for the more effectual governing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament*, but such Gifts or Rewards are contrary to the ancient Usage, Right, and Freedom of Elections, and contrary to the Laws and Constitution of the Realm: Be it enacted and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act, either by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons for or on his, her, or their Behalf, give or cause to be given, directly or indirectly, or promise or agree to give any Sum of Money, Gift, or Reward, to any Person or Persons, upon any Engagement, Contract, or Agreement, that such Person or Persons to whom, or whose Use, or on whose Behalf such Gift or Reward shall be made, that, by himself, herself, themselves, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever at his, her, or their Solicitation, Request or Command, procure or endeavour to procure the Return of any Person to serve in Parliament for any County, Burwary, City, Town, Borough, cinque Port, or Place, every Person in having given or promised to give, if not returned himself to Parliament for such County, Burwary, City, Town, Borough, cinque Port, or Place, shall for every such Gift or Reward forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds, to be recovered in such Manner as is herein after provided, with respect to the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and every such Person so returned and so having given or so having promised to give, or knowing of and consenting to such Gift or Reward, upon any such Engagement, Contract, or Agreement, shall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be disabled and incapacitated to serve in that Parliament for such County, Burwary, City, Town, Borough, cinque Port, or Place, and that such Person shall be deemed and taken, and is hereby declared and enacted to be deemed and taken to be a Member

From Act 9, 1809, the Excise Duty on Coffee, the Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in Africa, imposed into Great Britain, shall be paid as follows.

Act 9, 1809.

Provision as to giving or procuring Money, for or on any Engagement, to procure or endeavour to procure the Election or Return of a Member to Parliament, etc. as the Party giving, if not returned as a Member, forfeits the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and every Person so returned, etc.

of Parliament, and enabled to sit, to all Barons, Bishops, and Peers, as if he had never been returned or elected a Member in Wales, and to any Justice or Justice who shall receive or accept of, by himself, her self, or themselves, or by any other Justice or Justice in trust for or to the Use or to the Benefit of him, her, or them, a writ Subpoena duces Tecum, or Return, or any such Process upon any such Engagement, Contract, or Appointment, shall suffice to His Majesty the Value and Amount of such Sum of Money, Gift, or Reward, over and above the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, when such Sum of Five hundred Pounds, five, or they shall suffice to any Justice who shall sue for the same, to be recovered with such Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, & Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, if the Offence be committed in that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales, and in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, if the Offence be committed in Ireland, whereas respectively no Effray or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparison, shall be allowed, and if the Offence be committed in Scotland, then to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by Summary Action or Complaint before the Court of Session, or by Proclamation before the Court of Justiciary.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Money paid or agreed to be paid to or by any Justice, for any legal Expence lawfully incurred as or concerning any Offence.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice or Justices shall, from and after the passing of this Act, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Justice or Justices for or on his, her, or their Behalf, give or procure to be given, or promise to give or procure to be given, any Office, Place, or Employment, to any Justice or Justice whatsoever, upon any express Contract or Agreement that such Justice or Justices, to whom or to whose Use or to whose Benefit such Gift or Favour shall be made, shall by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Justice or Justice as his, her, or their Solicitors, Request, or Counsel, procure or endeavour to procure the Return of any Justice to give in Parliament for any County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, such Justice be returned, and if having given or procured to be given, or if having promised to give or procure to be given, or leaving off and consenting to such Gift or Favour upon any such express Contract or Agreement, shall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be disabled and incapacitated to serve in that Parliament for such County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, and that such Justice shall be deemed and taken, and is hereby declared and enacted to be deemed and taken to be no Member of Parliament, and enabled to be so in all Intent, Construction, and Purport as if he had never been returned or elected a Member in Parliament; and any Justice who shall receive or accept of, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Justice or Justice in trust for or to the Use or to the Benefit of such Justice, any such Office, Place, or Employment, upon such express Contract or Agreement, shall forfeit such Office, Place, or Employment, and be incapacitated for holding the same, and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, which said Sum of Five hundred Pounds shall be recovered as a Debt due before enacted; and any Justice holding any Office under His Majesty, who shall give such Office, Appointment, or Place, upon any such express Contract or Agreement, that the Justice to whom or for whose Use such Office, Appointment, or Place shall have been given, shall be procure or endeavour to procure the Return of any Justice to give in Parliament, shall suffice the Sum of One thousand Pounds, to be recovered in like Manner as is herein-before provided.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Justice shall be made liable to any Expence or Penalty by this Act enacted or imposed, unless some Proclamation, Admon, or Subpoena, for the Offence committed, shall be actually and legally returned against such Justice within the Space of Two Years next after such Offence against this Act shall be committed, and unless such Justice shall be actually and legally served, summoned, or otherwise served with any original or other Writ or Process within the same Space of Time, in so (with Arraignment, Summons, or Service of any original or other Writ or Process shall not be permitted by such Justice the making or withdrawing out of the Jurisdiction of the Court out of which such original or other Writ or Process shall have issued), and in case of any such Proclamation, Subpoena, or Process as aforesaid, the same shall be proceeded in and carried on without any unjust Delay; and that all Statutes of Justice and Amendments of the Law whatever shall and may be construed or extended to all Proceedings in any such Proclamation, Admon, or Subpoena.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to give to the Peers named by His Majesty, pursuant to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act concerning the Advantages of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the High of Lords*, further Time for making their Report or Reports.

[19th Year 1809.]

- ¹ Commissioners appointed under 4th G. 3. c. 131. § 22. to enquire into the Forms of Process in the Court of Session, &c. shall not be required to report the Whole of these Proceedings before May 12, 1810.—But the Proceedings on any of the Objects of Inquiry may be reported in the mean Time. Report as the existing
- ² Decrees shall be made on or before January 1, 1810

Members, Members of the Court in the Party a certain Particular of Money received, and paid.

Expence as to legal Expence.

Provision on Justice giving or promising to give, or receiving any Office, Place, or Employment, in person or otherwise in Parliament, or in the Member's private, both of the Office, Appointment, and salary, and on the first of the Office, 1809.

Location of Admon.

Two Years

C A P. CXX.

An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the several Laws for raising and raising the Militia of Ireland.

[17th Year 1809.]

Acts relating
to the Militia, &c.

16th Act.

20 G. II. c. 25.

20 G. II. c. 25.

20 G. II. c. 25.

27 G. II. c. 18.

28 G. II. c. 25.

40 G. II. c. 2.

40 G. II. c. 25.

40 G. II. (S. 1.)

c. 2.

40 G. II. c. 100.

Several Acts
repealed,
except in the
Schedule, &c.
and except in
so far as they
relate to
Officers, &c.
appointed under
former Acts.

Number of
Regiments and
Battalions of
Militia for each
County, &c. in
Ireland.

Each Regiment
and Battalion
may consist
of more than
one Company.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws now in force for raising and raising the Militia of Ireland should be repealed, and that new Provisions should be made for the same: In a manner provided, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same: That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the several Acts hereinafter mentioned shall be repealed: that is to say, an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the several Laws relating to the Militia of Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, in relation and amend the said recited Act of the Twenty-third Year aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, further to explain and amend the said recited Act of the Twenty-third and Thirty-sixth Years aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws now in force relating to the Militia of His Majesty's Kingdom*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to further explain and amend the Laws now in force relating to the Militia of His Majesty's Kingdom*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending the Militia in Great Britain*, and for amending the Laws relating to the Militia of Ireland, in so far as the said Act is in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and also another Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the said Fortieth Year, for amending the said last recited Act of the Twenty-third Year aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for increasing the Number of Field Officers of the several Regiments of Militia in Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for authorizing and enabling the Bishops of certain Bishops to be sworn as Militia Men* as charged before the passing of this present Act; and the said several Acts are hereby repealed, except as aforesaid, and also except in so far as the said several Acts or any of them relate to former Acts or former Parliaments, or any Clerk, Minister, or Thing therein; and also here and except as to any Proceeding for the Punishment of any Person or Persons for or in respect of any Offence or Offences which shall before the Commencement of this Act have been committed against any of the said Acts; and also in so far as may be otherwise provided by this Act; and also here and except that all and every Commission, Appointment, Appointment, and Encomendments of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private, or of any Governor, Deputy Governor, or other Civil Officer, which shall have been made under the said Acts or any of them, before the Commencement of this Act, shall stand and remain in full Force and Effect; and all and every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, and Private, Governor, Deputy Governor, or other Civil Officer, duly appointed or employed under the said Acts, or any of them, shall stand, remain, and continue in the same Right, Capacity, and Situation respectively, and shall continue serving in the said Militia, in all Respects as if the said Act had not passed; and that all Matters and Things whatsoever which shall have been done under and by virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them before the Commencement of the Act, shall be of the same Force, Validity, and Effect, in all Respects, as if the said Act had not passed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland shall respectively be as follows, that is to say, there shall be for the County of Cork Two Regiments, each of Eight Companies; for each of the Counties of the City of Cork and Dublin One Regiment of Eight Companies; for each of the Counties of Tyrone, Down, Londonderry, Tipperary, Drogheda and Wexford, One Regiment of Ten Companies; for each of the Counties of Antrim, Monaghan, Waterford, County and County of City, Kerry, Wexford, Wick, King's County, Limerick, Kildare, County and County of City, and Wicklow, One Regiment of Eight Companies; for the County of Mayo Two Battalions, each of Seven Companies; for each of the Counties of Clare, Queen's County, Wicklow, Wexford, Limerick, County, City, Wick, Wicklow, Dublin, Longford, Kildare, and Carlow, One Battalion of Six Companies; for the County of the City of Limerick, One Battalion of Six Companies; for the County of Londonderry (including the County of the Town of Drogheda) One Regiment of Nine Companies; and for the County of Down Two Battalions of Six Companies.

III. Provided always, and so be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Civil Governor or Governors of Ireland at the Time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, from Time to Time, taking into Consideration the Number of Men fit and liable to serve in the said Militia in any County or County of a City which by this Act is required to raise any Regiment or Battalion consisting of less than Ten Companies, and also taking into Consideration the Properties which such Number of Men shall bear to the Number of such Men in other Counties or Counties of Cities, in order that any Regiment or Battalion consisting of less than Ten Companies, shall be augmented by increasing the Number of Companies therein respectively; it is always that no Battalion consisting of Six Companies, nor any Regiment consisting of Eight Companies, shall be augmented by more than Two Companies; and that no Battalion of Seven Companies, nor any Regiment of Nine Companies, shall be augmented by more than One Company; and that every such Company is to be added shall contain and consist of the same Number of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Privates respectively, as the other Battalions Companies of the same Regiment

necessary for effecting the same, shall stand and remain in full Force and Effect, any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary in any Act or Statute notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Colonel of the said Militia, when appointed, from Time to Time to appoint the Number specified respectively of Lieutenants-Colonels, Majors, Adjutants, Pay-Masters, Sergeants, Quarter-Masters and Adjutant-Sergents, and all other Officers for his Regiment or Battalion, qualified as hereinafter directed; and every Colonel in appointing any such Officers shall certify to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the Time being, the Names and Ranks of all such Officers he appoints, and in case the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the Time being, shall, within Fourteen Days after such Certificate shall have been laid before him or them, signify his or their Disapprobation of any of the Persons so appointed, it shall not be lawful for the said Colonels or any of them, to grant a Commission on any Person so disapproved, but Commissions shall be granted to all such Persons so appointed, who shall not be so disapproved as aforesaid; and all Officers of the said Militia shall rank with the Officers of His Majesty's Forces as yeoman of their Rank.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Commission of any Officer in the Militia shall be returned by virtue of the Recommendation, Expression, Requestion, or other Discommendation of the Commission of the Person or Persons by whom he was appointed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Commanding Officer for the Time being of each Regiment or Battalion of the Militia in Ireland, shall have the chief Command of such Regiment or Battalion, notwithstanding any Order, Direction, Matter, or Thing contained in any Commission or Appointment of a Governor or Governors of any County in Ireland.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Time to Time as to or they shall think fit, to signify his or their Pleasure unto the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia, to displace all or any Officers or Officer of Militia having under him in such Regiment or Battalion; and upon such Signification of his or their Pleasure, the same shall be displaced accordingly; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Colonel of any such Regiment or Battalion to accept the Resignation of any Officer of his Regiment or Battalion, and under all Cases of Vacancy by Resignation, Death, Removal, or otherwise, it shall and may be lawful for such Colonel to appoint such other fit and approved Person as he shall think proper to fill up such Vacancy, in like Manner and under like Restrictions as he is by this Act empowered originally to appoint any Officer or Officers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That when any Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be absent from the United Kingdom, all Powers which shall from Time to Time be given by Law to such Colonel, whether in such Vacancies in such Regiment or Battalion, or in any other Way whatsoever, shall be vested in and lawfully may be exercised by the next Officer in Command in such Regiment or Battalion who shall be residing within the United Kingdom, until such Colonel shall be returned to the United Kingdom, and shall have notified his Arrival to the Officer entitled to exercise the said Powers during his Absence; and all Acts, Matters, and Things done by such Officer whilst in Command as aforesaid, in exercising the Powers lawfully vested in Colonels, shall be good and valid to the Law equally as if they had been done by the Colonel himself.

XV. And be it enacted, That every Person to be appointed a Colonel of the said Militia, shall be holder of a Real or Freehold Estate of the Yearly Value of Ten Thousand Pounds, or shall be His Agent of some Person who shall be holder of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Three Thousand Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant-Colonel, shall be holder of a Real or Freehold Estate, or shall be possessor of a Term of Years whereof Twentieth Years shall be unexpired, of the Yearly Value of One thousand Two hundred Pounds, or shall be His Agent of some Person who shall be holder in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of One thousand eight hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Major, shall be His Agent or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid of the Yearly Value of Three hundred Pounds, or shall be His Agent of some Person who shall be holder in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Six hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Captain, shall in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of One hundred and Twenty Pounds, or shall be His Agent of some Person who shall in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds, or shall be a possessor of some of some Person who shall in like Manner be holder or possessor, or who shall have been at the Time of his or her Death in like Manner holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Five hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant, shall in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or shall be possessor of a Parcel of Estate situate, in the Amount of Five hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be, or who shall have been at the Time of his or her Death, in like Manner holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of One hundred Pounds, or who shall be, or who shall have been at the Time of his or her Death, possessor of a Parcel of Estate situate, in the Amount of One thousand Pounds; and that every Person who shall be appointed an Ensign, shall in like Manner be holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, or shall be possessor of a Parcel of Estate, or shall be possessor of a Real or Freehold Estate and Freehold Estate together, to the Amount of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be, or who shall have been at his or her Death, in like Manner holder or possessor of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or who shall be, or who at the Time of his or her Death was possessor of a Parcel of Estate situate, in the Amount of Three hundred Pounds, less and except in the Cases herein-afore particularly mentioned. Provided always, that One Man only at the least of the Qualifications of the Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel, shall be fixated within the County or the Militia in which he shall be appointed Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel.

XVI. And be it enacted, That every Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Militia of the said Cities of Dublin, Cork, and Limerick respectively, shall be filled or possessed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Use or Benefit, in Full View of a Real or Freehold Estate, or of a Term of Years whereof Fourteen Years shall be accounted, of the Yearly Value of One thousand Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or be held or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together of the Value of Ten thousand Pounds; and every Lieutenant-Colonel of the Militia of the said Cities shall in like Manner be filled or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of Six hundred Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or be held and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Five thousand Pounds; and every Major or three fourths in like Manner be filled or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or filled and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Three thousand Pounds; and every Captain or three fourths in like Manner be filled or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of One hundred Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Two thousand Five hundred Pounds; and every Lieutenant or three fourths in like Manner be filled or possessed of the like Estate of the Yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or filled or possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds; and every Ensign or three fourths in like Manner be filled or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of Ten Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or filled and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed as an Commissioner in the Militia, who shall require a Qualification in respect of Property by virtue of the Act, until he shall have delivered into the Clerk of the Peace of the County or City for which he shall be appointed, or in the Absence of the Clerk of the Peace to his Deputy, a specific Declaration in Writing, signed by himself or his Qualification, stating the County or Counties, Barony or Baronies, Parishes or Parishes in which the Estate or Estates which form his Qualification is or are situate, with the Description of the Lands; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Chief Justice, or Senior Governor of the County, or Chief Magistrate of the City, a Copy of such Declaration; and no Commission to be granted by virtue of this Act shall be valid, unless it be declared in the Declaration that the Officer to whom the Commission is given hath delivered in his Qualification as directed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every County or City shall and he is hereby required from Time to Time, to enter the Qualifications transmitted to him according to the Directions of this Act, upon a Roll to be provided and kept for that Purpose, and to make to be inserted in the Public Gazette the Dates of the Commissions, and the Names and Rank of the Officers hereafter to be appointed, in like Manner as Commissions in the Army are published in the War Office; and he is hereby authorized to charge the Expenses of receiving and entering such Declarations respectively, and of such Intimation in the Gazette, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings for each Commission, in the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue of the County or District, who is hereby directed to pay the same; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, in the Month of January in every Year, transmit to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the Year being, a complete Account of the Qualifications so taken with him; and such Secretary receiving such Accounts, shall make Copies thereof to be sent to and filed in both Houses of Parliament; and every Commissioned Officer shall, as soon as General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or in Case of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, within Three Months next and after the Date of their Commissions respectively, take such Oaths or Oaths, and make and sign such Declarations or Declarations, as he, she, or he, shall be required to be taken, made, and signed by the Officers of His Majesty's order Force.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall procure any of the Powers hereby directed to be exercised by Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, or Majors, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Declaration of his Qualification or as herein-before required, here in the Cities hereafter particularly mentioned, or shall come to take the said Oaths and make the said Declaration within the Time hereby directed for those Purposes, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if any Person shall procure any of the Powers hereby directed to be exercised by Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Declaration of his Qualification or as herein-before required, or shall come to take the said Oaths, and declare as before directed, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds. One Moiety of which Penalties shall go to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same; and in every Action, Suit, or Information brought against any Person for doing as Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, or Ensign, not being qualified as herein-before directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall be upon the Person against whom the same shall be brought.

XX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or prevent any Person of the Militia, or His Appearance of any such Person, from being appointed or sitting as a Commissioned Officer in the Militia, within any County or City whereof such Person, or His Appearance of such Person, shall have leave Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualification herein-before required, nor to charge any Part of this Act, or His Appearance of such Person, who shall be appointed a Commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to have with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or City for which he shall be appointed any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant to be appointed as aforesaid, shall be a Person who shall have actually served in some of His Majesty's Regular Forces for the Space of Three Years, or in the extended Militia, for Five Years, or for such Time as the extended Militia, as together with his Service in the Regular Forces shall in the whole make Five Years; and if such Adjutant shall be appointed out of His Majesty's

Qualification of Officers in Dublin, Cork, and Limerick in the Cities of Dublin, &c.

Majors.

Captains.

Lieutenants.

Ensigns.

Roll to be kept and entered in the Public Gazette.

Clerk of the Peace shall transmit to the Chief Justice, or Senior Governor of the County, or Chief Magistrate of the City, a Copy of such Declaration.

Officers shall take the Oaths.

Penalty on Persons not qualified as aforesaid.

Captains, &c.

Penalties upon Persons and their Appearance.

Appointment of Adjutants.

Major's other Forces, he shall during his Service in the Militia profess his Rank in the Army in the same Manner as if he had continued in that Service; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia to appoint the Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion to the Rank of Captain or Serjeant, provided such Adjutant has served Five Years as Adjutant in the Militia, or in His Majesty's other Forces, although such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by Law for the Captains Provided always, that no such Appointment to the Rank of Captain shall be valid, unless in some Instrument bearing the same it be specified in what Regiment or Battalion, and whether of the Militia or of His Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what year or years the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: Provided also, that no Adjutant be appointed to the Rank of Captain full, by the Date of such Appointment as aforesaid or otherwise, be entitled to rank above or to command any Captain of a Company in the Militia.

Sergeant shall be qualified as Army Sergeants.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Surgeon, or Assistant Surgeon, shall be capable of being in the Militia, unless he shall have been certified by the Royal College of Surgeons in Dublin, London, or Edinburgh, after due Examination, to be properly qualified in his Name or as Surgeon in the Army or qualified to be certified; and that no Person who is or shall be Surgeon of a County Hospital or Infirmary established by Act of Parliament, shall be capable of serving in the Militia, while he continues Surgeon of such Hospital or Infirmary.

Adjutant, Pay Master, Serjeant, Quarter-Master, Surgeon, Quarter-Master, or Assistant Surgeon, shall not hold any other Commission.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person who at any Time after the Commencement of this Act shall be appointed Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter-Master, or Assistant Surgeon in the said Militia, shall be capable of holding any Commission in the said Militia, save and except the Commission of Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter-Master, or Assistant Surgeon respectively; and that no Officer holding any Commission in the said Militia shall be capable of being appointed Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter-Master, or Assistant Surgeon.

Appointment of Sergeants, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Staff Sergeants, Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fiddlers, shall and may, from Time to Time, be appointed by the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion; and that all Staff Sergeants, Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fiddlers, may be discharged by such Colonel from Time to Time, and that all Staff Sergeants, Sergeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fiddlers, who shall at any Time have received any Pay as such from any Regiment or Battalion, shall be deemed to be engaged, and be compellable to serve in such Regiment or Battalion, until they shall be discharged by the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which they shall respectively belong.

Colour Sergeants, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who at any Time after the Commencement of this Act, shall be appointed to be a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer of the said Militia, shall take the following Oath, that is to say,

‘ I, A. B. do sincerely profess and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will lawfully serve in the Militia of Ireland, until I shall be legally discharged.’

Sergeant Major and Drum Major.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, may appoint the Serjeant Major and the Quartermaster Serjeant out of the Serjeants, and the Drum Major out of the Drummers.

Adjutant, &c. shall be always subject to this Military Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Pay Master, Surgeon, Serjeant Major, Quartermaster Serjeant, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, and Drummer of the said Militia, shall be at all Times Subject to any Act which shall be in Force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Articles of War, under the Command of the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs.

Rate of Pay to Adjutants, &c. when Militia is not embodied.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That during any such Time as the Militia shall not be embodied and drawn out into actual Service, the daily Pay of every such Adjutant, Pay Master, and Surgeon respectively, shall be Six Shillings each; and the daily Pay of every Serjeant Major, Quartermaster Serjeant, Serjeant, Corporal, and Drummer respectively, when not in actual Service, but whilst in the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, shall be as follows; that is to say, One Shilling and Sixpence per Day for each Serjeant, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence per Week for each Serjeant Major and Quartermaster Serjeant; One Shilling and Two-pence per Day for each Corporal; and One Shilling per Day for each Drummer, with the Addition of Sixpence per Day for each Drum Major; Provided always, that when any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall during such Absence, receive the Rate of Pay following; that is to say, every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight-pence, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence per Day, and so more.

Sergeant, &c. shall not keep Public Houses, Mills, &c. shall not be Peace Officers, &c.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person who shall keep any House of public Entertainment, or who shall be any Ale, or Wine, or Spiritous Liquors by Retail, shall be capable of being appointed or serving as a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer in the Militia, nor shall any Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, or Private of the Militia, which he shall continue such, be compellable to serve as a Peace Officer, or as a Parish Officer, or to serve in any of His Majesty's Sea Forces.

Courts Martial on Sergeants, &c. while Militia is not embodied.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, or in his Absence the Officer actually in command of such Regiment or Battalion, to direct the holding of Courts Martial as hereafter directed, for the Trial of any Serjeant Major, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, or Drummer of such Regiment or Battalion, by a Regimental Court Martial, for any Offence against the Act or against the Articles of War, committed during the Time such Regiment or Battalion shall not be embodied, but in that no Proceedings therein shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which the Person on whom such Court Martial is to be held shall belong, to order any Officers of the Militia of the County, County of a City, or Town, or Place to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, actually resident within the Town where such Serjeant

Major,

Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major, or Drumsman is to be used, or within Fifteen Miles thereof, to attend and assist as Members of such Court Martial, who shall thereupon attend as the Time required, and assist accordingly; but no Officer shall be entitled as before said to receive Pay for any such Attendance: Provided always, that no Sentence of any Court Martial shall be executed on any Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major, and Drumsman, shall be put in Execution until it shall have been confirmed by such Commander Commanding Officer.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal, or Drumsman of the Militia, may, by Sentence of a Court Martial, or by Order of the Council of the Regiment, be reduced to the Condition of a Private Militia Man, and for so long as he is ordered shall be bound as before said to receive Militia Pay, for any Time not exceeding Fifteen Months, on such the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall not be thus reduced or called on as before said: And in case the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be then embodied or called out into actual Service, such Person is ordered that he be bound as before said until the disembodiment of the said Regiment or Battalion, and that after the Expiration of the Time during which such Sergeant, Corporal, or Drumsman shall be so bound to serve as a Private Man, such Sergeant, Corporal, or Drumsman, if not expressly reappointed to the Rank of a Non-commissioned Officer or Drumsman, shall be discharged from the Service.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer serving in the Militia of Ireland shall be at any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, nor shall any Officer serving in His Majesty's other Forces be at any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private Man serving in the said Militia: Provided always, that any Colonel or Officer serving in the said Militia, and at the same Time holding a Commission as any officer of His Majesty's Forces, or the Half-pay thereof, may sit upon any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private, in His Majesty's other Forces; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance by any Officer of the said Militia, except the Colonel, of any Commission in any of His Majesty's Regular Forces, shall, from the Date of such Commission if accepted, absolutely vacate any Commission such Officer may hold in the Militia of Ireland.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance of any Commission in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall not nor shall be construed to vacate the Seat of any Member returned to serve in Parliament.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is or shall be entitled to Half-pay, shall be deemed or taken to forfeit or quit such Half-pay, during the Time he shall serve in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, but shall the same that accordingly continue; and instead of the Oath directed by any Act for paying Money and Debts, and for the better Payment of the Army and other Quarters, to be taken by such Officer, he shall take the following Oath:

I, A. B. do swear, That I had not between the
 any Place or Employment of Profit,
 Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half-pay, as aforesaid
 late Regiment of
 (See and accept as) Pay for serving in a Regiment of Militia.

And the taking of the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to enable such Person to receive his Half-pay.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person being a Sergeant, Letterman or other Pensioner, on the Establishment of Hospitals or Chaplains Hospitals, at the Allowance of such Hospitals or either of them, and being appointed to serve in the Militia, shall and may receive the said Hospital Allowance, together with his Pay from the said Militia, and any Person who shall have faithfully served as a Sergeant, or as a Corporal or Drumsman in the said Militia for Twenty Years, and who shall be distinguished on account of Age or Infirmary, shall on the Recommendation of the Commander in Chief of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, be entitled to Execution of the King's Warrant, as he is capable to be placed on the Pension of such Hospital; if the said Board should judge him deserving thereof: Provided always, that all Pensioners of any Pension which at a Time after the passing of an Act of the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Kings have-before received and repaid, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been made to any Sergeant, Letterman or other Pensioner, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be good and valid so all in Law and Property whatsoever; and that all such Sergeants, Lettermen and other Pensioners, as at the Time of the passing of this Act are in the Receipt of any such Pensions shall continue in the Receipt of the same on henceforth; and that any Sergeant, Letterman or other Pensioner on the Establishment of Chaplains Hospitals, who at any Time after the passing of this Act shall voluntarily enter upon the Militia of Ireland shall be placed on the Establishment of the Royal Hospital of Kilmainham from the Day of his having entered into such Militia, and shall from such Day and during his Continuance in the said Militia, receive such Pensions, and so on more, as a Pensioner of the like Rank on the Establishment of Kilmainham Hospital shall be entitled to receive, as if he had been originally so that Establishment, and not on the Establishment of Chaplains Hospitals.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Muskets, Bayonets, Swords, Staves, and Accoutrements, delivered for the Service of the said Militia, shall be marked in some distinct Place with the Letter (M) and the Name of the County to which they belong.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores, belonging to every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, when not embodied, shall be kept in such convenient Place within the County, County of a City, or Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, as the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment or Battalion shall direct, with the Approbation of the
 49 Geo. III. c. 120.

System, to
 not be reduced
 to the Rank

Militia Officers
 shall not sit on
 any Court Martial
 of Regulars, &c.

Militia Comd'rs
 may sit on
 any Court Martial
 of Regulars.

Militia Comd'rs
 do not vacate
 any Commission
 in Regulars.
 Officers serving
 in Militia do not
 forfeit their
 pay.

Half-pay
 Officers do not
 forfeit it.

Pensioners serving
 in Militia
 shall receive the
 Allowance.

Sergeants, Corporals,
 and Drumsmen
 twenty Years in
 the Militia,
 not distinguished
 for Age or
 Infirmary, on
 being returned
 into Civil
 Service may
 be placed on
 the Pension
 of the Royal
 Hospital of
 Kilmainham.

Arms shall be
 marked.

Adjutant and
 Quartermaster
 of Militia regiments,
 and other Officers
 shall reside
 where the Regt.

and the said
Officers and
Sergeants
Regiment.

I. of Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governour of Ireland for the Time being; and that the Adjutant, and One Third at least in Number of the Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, in every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia shall be constantly resident within the City, Town, or Place, where the Arms belonging to the said Regiment or Battalion are to kept, and such Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Adjutant, who shall sit in such Command under the Orders of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion; and that the Adjutant, and so the Absence of the Adjutant, the Sergeant-Major, shall have free Access to the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores as aforesaid, and shall cause the same to be numbered, checked and proved by the said Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers from Time to Time, as the said shall be necessary, and shall make a Monthly Return of the same to the said Colonel, Corporal, and Drummers, and of the said Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores, of the Regiment or Battalion respectively, to the Governor or Governour of the County, and to the Commanding Officer of the said Regiment or Battalion and in case of any Defect and Neglect therein, such Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall be a very high Offence, Neglect, or Default, be subject to such Punishment as a Court Martial shall adjudge; and so such Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers, shall be absent from such City, Town, or Place without a regular Pass-word from the Adjutant, or in his Absence from the said City and Town, such Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, who in Habitment heretofore without such Pass-words, shall be liable to be apprehended as a Desertor; and such Adjutant shall never attend himself from such City, Town, or Place, without Leave of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion, provided nevertheless, that whenever such Adjutant shall be absent with such Leave as aforesaid, then such Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Sergeant-Major, or of some Sergeant who shall be appointed by the said Adjutant, with the Approbation of the said Colonel or other Commanding Officer, to sit as Sergeant-Major, during the Absence of such Adjutant.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia shall not be drawn out into actual Service, the several Regiments and Battalions thereof shall, within the said Limitation or other Chief Governor or Governour of Ireland, for the Time being, shall order the companies, be respectively trained and exercised to their respective Quarters Once in every Year, for Twenty-eight Days together, in the Manner hereinafter directed, at such Time and Place as shall be the best convenience in the Publick; such Time and Place to be appointed by the Governor, or where there are more Governours than One of any County, then by the Governours of each County respectively, at a General Meeting to be holden at three several Places of Meeting respectively within each County, upon the Twelfth day, shall happen next before the Twenty-fourth Day of October in every Year, or at such other Place therein, and at such Time as shall be appointed by such Governor or Governours, or in Default of any such Meeting or Appointment, then at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by Three or more Deputy Governours of such County; and during such Time as the several Regiments or Battalions of the said Militia shall be assembled respectively for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, all the Clergy, Prestwiches, Mayors, and Towns, notwithstanding any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force for the punishing Meeting and Delinquency, shall be in force with respect to the said Militia, and all the Officers and private Men of the same, in all Cases whatsoever, but in that no Punishment shall extend to Loss of Life or Limb.

Militia shall be
called out in
their Counties,
Six Days
for annual
Exercising which
are calculated.

Notice of Time
and Place of
Exercising shall
be sent by
Clerk of General
Meeting to
Chief Meeting of
County, and
by him to Com-
missioners of
Parishes.

XI. And be it further enacted, That Notice of the Time and Place of the Exercise of the Militia Men of each Parish shall be sent by the Clerk of the General Meetings to the Chief or High Constable or other Officers of the several Parishes or other Divisions, with Direction to forward the same to the Constables or other Officers within their respective Parishes or other Divisions; which Constables or other Officers shall cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Outside of the Doors of the Church belonging to their respective Parishes or Places; or if any Place has no Church belonging thereto, on the Outside of the Doors of the Church of some adjoining Parish or Place; and all such Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place of Exercise according to such Notice.

Notice of
County shall
sent Lists of
Parishes resident
to Colonies, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the several Subdivisions Meetings in every County, shall, Ten Days at least before the Time so appointed for the annual Exercise, cause a bill and true List, specifying the Names and Dates of the Enrolments of all the Persons enrolled within each Subdivision respectively, to be sent to such Regiment or Battalion, to be transmitted to the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion, or to such Person as shall be appointed by such Commanding Officer to receive the same, and shall in like Manner cause a Duplicate of such List to be transmitted to the Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion.

Printed on
Militia Men
not appearing,
See 130.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Militia Man not appearing under any Indulgence incorporating him, who shall not appear at the Time and Place appointed for annual Exercise according to the Direction of the Act, Notice having been published in this Act requires shall be deemed a Desertor, and if not taken and after the Time of such Exercise shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pennies, and also every Militia Man, who, having joined the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, shall desert or absent himself during the Time of annual Exercise, and shall not be taken till after the Time of such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pennies; and if so other Case such Penalty shall not be immediately paid, the Justice of the Peace before whom any such Militia Man shall be committed by any such Officer shall commit such Militia Man to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bed or Maintenance for the Space of Six Months, or until he shall have paid the Penalty.

Penalty on
the leaving
Barracks, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal, or assist any such Desertor, knowing him to be such, the Justice of the Peace shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pennies; and not less than Five Pennies.

Penalty on
King Arms,
&c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Militia Man shall sell, pawn, or let any of his Arms, Cloths, or Accoutrements, or neglect or refuse to return the same in good Order to his Captain, or to the

Parish

Patrol appointed to receive the same, every such Militia Man shall for every such Officer, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Patrol shall knowingly and willingly buy, take in Exchange, conceal, or otherwise receive any Arms, Cloaths, Stores, or Accoutrements belonging to any Militia Man, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Patrol so offending, upon Conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay for every such Officer the Sum of Five Pounds; and if such Offender shall not immediately pay such Penalty, and shall not have delivered Goods and Chattels whereon to levy such Penalty, the Justice before whom he shall be convicted shall commit him to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or shall cause such Offender to be publicly whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia shall and he is hereby required, as often as the Regiment or Battalion shall be so called out to several Exercises, to return to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the Time being, a true State of such Regiment or Battalion; and in case any such Colonel or Commanding Officer shall refuse or neglect for One Month after the said annual Exercise to do so, he shall for every such Officer forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be appointed for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall be lawful for the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company, to put the Militia Men of his Company under Stoppages not exceeding Sixpence per Day, for the Purpose of providing them with Linen, and also with Stockings and other Necessaries, and for defraying the Expence of repairing any Arms which shall have been broken or damaged by any such Militia Man's Neglect: Provided always, that every such Captain or Commanding Officer shall account with each Militia Man for such Stoppages, and after deducting what shall have been laid out and paid for Necessaries, and for repairing the Arms as aforesaid, shall pay the Sum remaining (if any there shall be) into the Hands of the Militia Man to whom the same belongs, before such Militia Man shall be detached from such Training and Exercise.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Sergeants-at-Law, Justices of the Peace, and the Chief and other Magistrates and Officers of Cities, Towns, Parishes and Places, and (in their District or Jurisdiction) for any Justice of the Peace residing within or near any such City, Town, Parish or Place, and they and he or she and is hereby required to quarter and lodge the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Private Men serving in the said Militia, at the Times when they shall be called out to any Exercise, as by Law they may better His Majesty's other Military Forces; and when the said Militia is so called out for Exercise, or embodied, all Mayors, and other Chief and other Magistrates, and Officers aforesaid, or in their District or Jurisdiction any One Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, may, and they and he or she and is hereby required to billet as aforesaid all Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers of the Militia.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia shall be called out to be trained and exercised, any Justice of the Peace of any County, (being thereunto required by an Order from the Governor or Governour, or any of them, or from any Deputy Governour of such County, or from the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia of such County, or any Detachment thereof, being within such County) shall after his Warrant to the Chief or High Constables of Barons, or to Constables or other Officers of the several Parishes or Places from, through, or near to which any such Regiment, Battalion, or Detachment of Militia shall be ordered to march, requesting them to provide such soldiers their Horses and Carriages to convey the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, and Stores, with such Militia within the said Parishes and Corporations, as shall be mentioned in such Order; and so many such sufficient Horses, Carriages, and Men as may be provided within any such County, Barony, Parish, or Place, then any Justice of the Peace for the time or any adjoining County shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being shown unto him, after his Warrant to the Chief or High Constable or Constables, or other such Officers of any Barony or Place within the same County or within such adjoining County or Place, for the Purposes aforesaid, so make up such Deficiency of Horses, Carriages, and Men; and such Governour, Deputy Governour, or Colonel, or other Commanding Officer requiring such Carriages and Men to be provided as aforesaid, shall, at the same Time, pay to every such Chief or High Constable or other Officer, for the Use of the Parishes or Persons who shall provide such Carriages and Men, such respective Rates and Sums as shall be payable for Carriages and Men in like Cases, under any Act which shall be in force for the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, for which respective Sums every Chief or High Constable or other Officer receiving the same, is hereby required to give a Receipt to the Person paying the same, and every such Chief or High Constable, Constable, or other Officers, shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Horses and Carriages within their respective Barons or Places as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Horses, Carriages, and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid; and every Person so ordered is hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly for One Day's Journey, and no more.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Militia Man shall not join the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs at the Time of several Exercises, and shall not be apprehended before the Expire of the Time appointed for such Exercise; nor if the Commanding Officer or Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion, or the Commanding Officer of the Company to which such Offender belongs, shall receive Information of the Place where he shall be or reside, any such Commanding Officer or Adjutant may, by Writing under his Hand, describe the Person of such Offender, and also certify that he did not join the Regiment or Battalion at the Time of several Exercises, or that he deserted during the Time of several Exercises (in the Case may be) and find the Time by a Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer of such Regiment or Battalion, or the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion in the County wherein such Offender is supposed to be or reside;

Patrols as
before
Act.

Colonel shall
return to Chief
Secretary the
State of the
Regiment or
Battalion to
be
exercised.

Militia Men
when appointed
for training may
be put under
Stoppages for
Necessaries.

Billeting Militia
when called out
to Exercise, and
Sergeants,
Corporals, &c.

Training
Companies, &c.

Rates for
Carriages.

Apprehension of
Delinquents from
several Exercises.

and the Adjutant or Sergeant Major to whom such Conditions shall be sent, shall direct a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, to assist in apprehending such Offender, and carrying him before a Justice of the Peace of the County where he shall be apprehended; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witness or Witnesses, or the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such Person is guilty of such Offence, the Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall take a Party of the Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers, and a Cart or Coach, to convey such Offender to the Head Quarters of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia of the same County, or to the County to which such Offender belongs, and deliver him into the Custody of the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of such Regiment or Battalion, who shall cause him to be conveyed to the Magistrate or Clerk of the Court of such County, or to the Clerk of the Court of the County to which such Offender belongs, and in either Case the said Offender shall be delivered into the Custody of the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, who shall take him before a Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with as he may think fit in a Court of Militia Men desiring or obtaining thereof from their Duty.

Apprehension of
Offenders, who
being Detainers.

LII. And be it further enacted, That any Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall depart from the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, it shall be lawful for any Constable or other Officer of the Town or Place, where any Person, who may be lawfully supposed to be such Detainer, shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended, and taken before any Justice of the Peace, being so called as to such Town and Place, who is lawfully empowered to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such Person is guilty of such Offence, such Justice shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Magistrate or Clerk of the County or Place where he shall be found, or to the House of Correction, or other publick Prison in the Town or Place in or near to which such Detainer shall be apprehended, there to remain until he shall be demanded by some Person or Persons authorized to receive him, as by this Act is directed, and shall transmit an Account thereof to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County to which such Detainer belongs, and the Keeper of such Gaol or House of Correction shall receive the full Substantive of such Detainer, for the Maintenance of such Detainer during the Time he shall continue in his Custody, but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of his Imprisonment; and such Clerk of the General Meeting receiving such Account, shall immediately transmit a Copy thereof to the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion of the County, and also to the Adjutant or other Officer commanding the Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers of such Regiment or Battalion; and where there are more Regiments or Battalions than one, such Clerk shall send such Copy to all the Colonels and other Commanding Officers of Regiments or Battalions, and also to all the Adjutants or Officers commanding Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, within the County, and the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion to which such Detainer shall be found to belong, or the Adjutant or Officer commanding the Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers of such Regiment or Battalion, shall and he is hereby required, immediately on receiving such Copy as aforesaid, to send from among the Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers of the Regiment or Battalion under his Command, a sufficient Person or Number of Persons to the Place where such Detainer shall be confined; and shall also send by such Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer, or the Sergeant commanding the said Party of Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers, an Order under his Hand and Seal to the Keeper of the said Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, requiring him to deliver such Detainer to the Person or Persons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and the Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer to whom such Detainer shall be so ordered to be delivered, or such Order shall be sent as such Duty, shall apply to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion of the County where such Detainer shall be so confined as aforesaid, and such Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall order a sufficient Party of the Sergeants, Corporals, or Drummers under his Command to assist in conveying such Detainer, and he shall be conveyed to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, in the same Manner as before directed, with respect to the conveying of private Militia Men to the Adjutant or Sergeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which they shall belong; and such Adjutant or Sergeant Major shall take such Detainer before a Justice of the Peace of the County to which he belongs, who shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Magistrate or Clerk of the County to which he belongs, or other publick Prison of such County, where he shall remain without Bail or Mainprize, until the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be ordered for usual Exercise, or for other Service, which shall first happen; and the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion shall then issue an Order under his Hand and Seal to the Keeper of the Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison where such Detainer shall be confined, requiring him to deliver such Detainer to the Person or Persons therein named, which he is required to do; and such Colonel and other Commanding Officer is hereby empowered and required to examine and hold a Court Martial for the Trial of such Detainer, in such Manner and with the same Powers and Authority, as shall be given and directed by any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; and if upon any such Trial such Offender shall be found guilty, it shall be lawful to punish such Offender in such Manner as such Court Martial shall in their Deliberation think fit, according to the Powers and Privileges of such Act, and of the Articles of War, but so that no such Punishment shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb.

Warrant on
Colonels relating
to private
Detainers, &c.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all Guards and Keepers of Prisons shall, if required to do so by any Sergeant, Corporal, or Drummer employed in conveying any Offender or Detainer as aforesaid to the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, receive into their Custody, and confine such Offender for such Time as they shall be respectively so required as aforesaid, not exceeding Twenty-four Hours; and any Guard and Keeper of any Prison who shall refuse to do so, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

Militia Men have the said Sum of One Guinea hath been applied and disposed of, and the Remainder of the said Money, it may, shall be paid to such Militia Men.

That whosoever
shall be
Militia.

LX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia, or any Part thereof, having been drawn out into actual Service as aforesaid, shall be again duly discharged, and the Officers and Private Men thereof directed to return to their several Places of Abode, the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men, shall be subject to the same Orders, Directions, and Engagements only, as they were subject to under the Provisions of this Act, before they were so drawn out into actual Service, except in heretofore mentioned.

Militia Men
having served
any militia
Troops.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person having served in the Militia, when drawn out into actual Service, being a married Man, may by agreement with any Trade or other Profession, or any other Person, without any Let, Suit or Molestation, or of Inconvenience to either Party whatsoever, for or by reason of exercising or doing such Trade, or other and with the same Profession, and under the same Regulations, as any Inhabitant of such Place might or could do.

Leave of Absence
to any of
the Officers or
Members of
Parliament.

LXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Officer or Non-commissioned Officer of the Militia, or private Militia Man, having Voucher Votes at any Election to be held in Ireland by any Member or Members to serve in Parliament Hall, if he or they shall request, leave Leave for a reasonable Time, to be appointed in such Leave, to go to, and return from such Election; and so such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private Man shall be liable to any Penalty or Punishment for or on account of his Absence during the Time specified in such Leave.

Militia Men shall
not be liable
to any
Regular Forces
(except under
special Acts.)

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer, Sergeant or other Person, shall at any Time voluntarily and knowingly enlist any Man to serve in His Majesty's Regular Forces, who at the Time of such enlisting shall be qualified, or habilitated, or engaged to serve in the Militia, except under the Provisions of any Act in force at the Time of such enlisting, and specially authorizing such enlisting, and His Majesty's Regular Forces, every such enlisting shall be deemed null and void, and in case any Militia Man, at the Time of offering to enlist as aforesaid, shall deny to the Officer, Sergeant, or other Person offering for Men to enlist and serve in His Majesty's other Forces, that he is (at the Time of his offering to enlist) a Militia Man then actually enlisted and engaged to serve (whether the said Officer, Sergeant, or other Person is lawfully required to call every Man offering to enlist in His Majesty's other Forces) or shall offer himself to be enlisted and serve in any other Regiment or Battalion of Militia, any Militia Man so offending shall, on Conviction thereof upon the Oath of One Witness before any One Justice of the Peace, be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for and during any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, over and above any Penalty or Punishment to which such Person is otherwise liable, and every Person so offending shall, from the Day on which his Engagement to serve in His Majesty's said cad, and no longer, being as a Soldier in such Corps of His Majesty's other Forces into which he shall have been enlisted, to serve therein from such Day for the full Period of Service for which he shall have originally engaged, and which Service shall commence upon the Day on which he may be discharged from the Militia, and not before; and if any Officer, Sergeant, or other Person shall enlist any Man belonging to the Militia, or serve in His Majesty's Forces, knowing him to belong to the Militia, or without asking him if he belongs to the Militia (except under the special Provisions of any Act in force as aforesaid) every such Officer, Sergeant, or other Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and if any Person actually serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces shall offer himself to serve, and be enrolled as a Substitute in the Militia, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the Person offering for such Offence, the Sum of Ten Pounds, or be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Three Months.

Penalty on
Men enlisting,
Six Months
Imprisonment,
&c.

Penalty on
Soldiers en-
listing Militia
Men, &c.

Penalty on
Soldiers offering
themselves to
Militia Men, &c.

Militia shall not
serve out of
Ireland, unless
by their own
Petition, in order
to 49 G. 3. c. 120.

LXIV. And be it enacted, That neither the Whole nor any Part of the Militia of Ireland, shall on any Account be carried or ordered to proceed or travel, unless by and with the Advice and Consent of each and every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private, who shall be so carried or go, and then only within the United Kingdom: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be extended or construed to extend to any Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, *An Act for amending His Majesty's Act for a Year and in an Extraordinary Session, to amend the Statute of 1763 Part of His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, as may voluntarily offer themselves to be engaged in Great Britain, or any Act for continuing the same, in force immediately before the passing of this Act.*

Governors of
Counties may
appoint Deputy
Governors of
Counties.

LXV. And be it enacted, That for the more effectually carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Governors of the several Counties and Counties of Cities in Ireland, or the Majority of Governors where there shall be more than One appointed for any County or County of a City, from Time to Time, so as soon as may be and such Persons duly qualified as heretofore mentioned, and living within their respective Counties, as he or they shall think fit, to be Deputy Governors for every County or County of a City in Ireland, having a Regiment or Battalions of Militia; the Names of such Persons having been first proposed to, and not disapproved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the Time being.

If Governors
refuse, Lord
Lieutenant may
appoint.

LXVI. Provided always, That if the Governor or the Majority of the Governors of any County shall decline, refuse, or omit to appoint and return the Names of Persons to be Deputy Governors of any County or County of a City, that then, and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland, for the Time being, to appoint such Persons (duly qualified as heretofore mentioned) as he or they shall think fit, to be Deputy Governors for every County or County of a City whereof the Governor or Governors, or the Majority of them, shall have declined, refused, or omitted to appoint Deputy Governors as aforesaid.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That there shall be Twenty Deputy Governors at the least within every County, if so many can be found qualified as here-after directed, but if such Number of proper and discreet Persons be qualified cannot be found within any such County, then as many such Persons qualified as can be found within such County shall be appointed to be Deputy Governors for the Purposes of this Act; and no Commission of any Deputy Governor shall be voided by reason of the Vacation, Expressions, or Discontinuance of the Commission or Authority of the Prince or Princess by whom any such Deputy Governor has been or may be appointed.

Twenty Deputy
Governors in
each County, &c.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, from Time to Time as he or they shall think fit, to signify his or their Pleasure to the Governor or Governors of any County or County of a City, to appoint all or any Deputy Governor or Deputy Governors thereof, and upon such Signification of his or their Pleasure, such Deputy Governor or Deputy Governors shall be appointed accordingly.

Power of
Deputy
Governors.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons being appointed Deputy Governors in pursuance of this Act, except within Counties of Cities, shall be qualified as follows, that is to say, every Person to be so appointed a Deputy Governor, shall be seized or possessed, either as Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Real or Freehold Estate, for his own Life, or for the Life of his Wife, he having a Real or Freehold Estate for her Life, or for four greater Term, or shall be possessed of a Term of Years, whose Force and Value shall be ascertained, in Mansors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in Ireland, of the yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like Manner be seized or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds: Provided always, that the Qualification of every Deputy Governor shall be ascertained within the County where he shall be appointed Deputy Governor.

Qualification
of Deputy
Governors.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That with respect to the Counties of the Cities of Dublin, Cork, and Limerick, and the County of the Town of Drogheda, the Chief Magistrate of each of the said Cities and Towns respectively for the Time being, and the Colonels of the Militia of the said Counties of Cities, and of the County of Drogheda, shall be Governors of the said Cities and Towns, and of the Possessions and Liberties thereof respectively, for the Purposes of this Act, and shall respectively have all the Powers and Authorities hereby given to Governors of Counties, and all Powers and Privileges made by this Act with respect to Counties at large, and the Militia thereof, and the registering hereof directed of the Qualifications of the Deputy Governors, shall take place and be in force with respect to the said Cities, and the Militia thereof, and the registering of such Qualifications; and the respective Values of such Qualifications shall be as follows, that is to say, every Deputy Governor shall be seized or possessed, either as Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Real or Freehold Estate for his own Life or for the Life of his Wife, he having a Real or Freehold Estate for her Life, or for four greater Term, or shall be possessed of a Term of Years whose Force and Value shall be ascertained, of the yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds at the least, or shall be possessed of a Freehold Estate alone, or seized or possessed of a Real and Freehold Estate together, of the Value of Three hundred Pounds.

Chief Magistrates
of Dublin, Cork,
and Limerick, and
Drogheda, shall
be Governors.

Qualification
of Deputy
Governors there.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed to be a Deputy Governor of any County or City, until he shall have delivered in to the Clerk of the Peace of the County or City for which he shall be appointed, or to the Adverser of the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, a specific Declaration in Writing, signed by himself, of his Qualification having the County or Counties, Parish or Parishes, in which the Estate or Estates which form his Qualification is or are situate, with the Determinations of the Land; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Chief Baron, or Senior Governor of the County, or Chief Magistrate of the City, a Copy of his Declaration.

Deputy
Governors shall
deliver a
Declaration
in Writing
to Clerk of the
Peace.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every such County or City shall and is hereby required, from Time to Time, to cause the Qualifications mentioned to him according to the Direction of this Act, upon a Roll to be presented and kept for that Purpose; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, on the Month of January in every Year, transmit to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the Time being, a complete Account of the Qualifications in full with his name; and each Secretary receiving such Accounts, shall cause Copies thereof to be usually had before both Houses of Parliament; and every Deputy Governor shall, at some Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or in or under His Majesty's Court of Record at Dublin, within Three Months from and after the Date of his Commission, take such Oaths or Swears, and make and sign such Declarations or Declarations as a or shall be required to be taken, made, and signed, by any Officer of His Majesty's Town or Island.

Clerk of Peace
shall register
Qualifications,
&c.

Clerk of Deputy
Governors.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall exercise any of the Powers hereby directed to be executed by Deputy Governors, not being qualified as aforesaid, or not having delivered in such specific Declaration of his Qualification as a here-before required, or in the Cases here-after particularly mentioned, or not having taken the said Oaths and made the said Declarations within the Time herein directed by these Purposes, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, one Moiety whereof shall go to the Use of the Prince or Princess who shall sue for the same; and in every Action, Suit or Indebtedness, brought against any Person for acting as Deputy Governor, not being qualified as here-before directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall be upon the Person against whom the same is brought: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or prevent any Person of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of any such Person, from being appointed, or acting as a Deputy Governor within any County or City, wherein such Person or Heir Apparent of such Person shall have some Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualifications here-before required, or to oblige any Person of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of such Person, who shall be appointed a Deputy Governor as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or City for which he shall be so appointed, any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

Penalty on
Deputy
Governors
acting without
Qualification,
&c.

Penalty for Person
not thus sworn.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That each Governor and Deputy Governor, or a competent Number thereof, appointed at any General Meeting, shall or may divide every such County into such Subdivisions as they shall think most expedient for the Purposes of this Act, and shall or may change the same from Time to Time as they shall think proper: Provided always, that the Subdivisions heretofore made and established, or which before the Commencement of this Act shall be duly made and established, shall remain and continue until the same shall be duly altered, or as if this Act had not been made: Provided also, that it shall not be lawful for any Governor or Deputy Governor to divide any County into any greater Number of Subdivisions than shall be equal to Four Times the Number of Barons contained in such County, without the express Appointment and Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being in that behalf obtained.

Division of
Counties into
Subdivisions.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That Subdivisional Meetings of the Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors within the said Subdivisions of the respective Counties or Counties of Cities, or Towns, shall be holden from Time to Time, and every such Subdivisional Meeting shall consist of Two Members at the least, and shall and may be held at such Place and Places within the said Subdivisions respectively as shall be directed at any General Meeting duly convened, or as shall be appointed by Notice in Writing to the Clerk of such Subdivision by any Governor, or by any Deputy Governor residing within such Subdivision, and that every Deputy Governor of any County shall, if he thinks fit, attend all Subdivision Meetings of such County, and all and every therein as if he was resident in such Subdivisions.

Subdivisional
Meetings.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That all General and Subdivision Meetings, to be from Time to Time holden under this Act, shall and may adjourn as they shall see and respect for the Execution of this Act, and in such the Number of Governors or Deputy Governors required to form any General Meeting or Subdivision Meeting shall not attend at the several Times and Places respectively appointed for such General or Subdivision Meetings respectively, then and in every such Case the Clerk of such General or Subdivision Meeting, as the Case may be, shall adjourn such General or Subdivision Meeting respectively to some subsequent Time, not exceeding the Distance of Seven Days to be holden at the same Place.

Adjournment
of General
Meetings and
Subdivisional
Meetings.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings shall forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after any Subdivision Meeting shall have been appointed, give Notice in Writing of the Time and Place of Meeting, and of the Purposes for which the same is to be held, to the Governor and Governors, and also to each of the Deputy Governors who shall be resident within such Subdivisions respectively.

Notice of
Subdivisional
Meetings.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever either by the firing any Regiment or Battalion of Militia in Ireland, or by Slinging up any Volunteer therein by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge, the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, shall order that the necessary Number of Men shall be raised by Ballot, and that new Lists shall be returned for the several Districts, Parishes, and Places within the County, County of a City, or Town, or District to which such Regiments or Battalions belong, and that Order shall be notified by Proclamation in the Dublin Gazette, or by the Letter of the Chief Secretary for the Time being, to any Governor or Governors of the County or County of a City in which such Regiments or Battalions shall belong, then and in every such Case the Governor or Governors of such County or County of a City, or any of them, shall forthwith summon a General Meeting to be held therein, within Ten Days from the Date of such Proclamation or the Receipt of such Letter, and the Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors, or a competent Number thereof assembled at such General Meeting, shall appoint a convenient Place and Time, not more distant than Twenty Days, or longer than Eight Days, for a Meeting to every Subdivision within the County, County of a City, or District to which such Regiment or Battalion belongs; and they shall also issue their Commands in Writing to the several High or Chief Constables, or where there shall not be a High or Chief Constable to some other Peace Officer, or to the Collector of the Poll-tax, to cause each Return of such County or District, or in such County of a City, requiring each of them to issue an Order under his Hand to all Constables or other Officers of every Parish or Place within his District, to make out for and true Lists of all Male Persons already or at the Time resident or dwelling within such Parish or Place, within the Ages of Sixteen and Forty-five Years, distinguishing the Poll-tax, Trade, or Occupation of each, according to the Form in Schedule (A.) annexed to this Act; and when the true Name of any such Person cannot be procured, noting down his common Appellation, which will be sufficient, and also distinguishing such as labour under any Infirmary likely to incapacitate them from giving an honest Name, and to return the same to the Meeting appointed as aforesaid to be held in the Subdivision where such Parish or Place is situated respectively, serving upon Oath at the Foot thereof, that he has formed the said List or Lists fairly, lawfully, and impartially, without Fear, Affection, or Malice towards any Person; and that he had used his best Endeavours to discover the Name of all the Male Inhabitants of the Parish or District for which he has made a Return; and that the Name of every Person whose he discovered to be dwelling or resident within such Parish or Place, and who is liable and required by Law to be assessed thereto, is inserted therein.

Proclamations
for summoning
General
Meetings, and
issuing Lists
for a Ballot for
Militia in some
Regiments, or
to supply
Volunteers.

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if in any County or County of a City or Town such General Meeting shall not be held within the Time aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any One Governor of such County or County of a City or Town, within Six Days after the Expiration of the Time for holding such Meeting, to make Division of such County, County of a City or Town as aforesaid, if not already divided, appoint Three and Places for Subdivisional Meetings, and give Orders for making out and returning Lists in Manner aforesaid; and every such Districts, Appointment, or Order, shall be as valid to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made at a General Meeting as aforesaid.

Governors of
Counties may
divide Counties
as follows at
General
Meetings.

LXXXVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if in any Parish or Place there shall be no Constable, or other Officer, or such Constable or other Officer shall refuse to receive the Order which shall be given to him

Appointment
of Special
Constables.

as aforesaid to make out the Lists, the Chief or High Constable or other Peace Officer or Collector, receiving the Command as aforesaid, shall appoint a fit and proper Person to act as Constable therein for the Purpose of executing the Act, and as aforesaid.

Quakers shall not be Constables.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person being one of the People called Quakers, shall be appointed Const, High, or Petty Constable or other Officer, for the Purpose of executing any of the Provisions of this Act into Execution: Provided always, That if any Person shall be appointed to any such Office, and shall refuse to execute thereof by reason of his being one of the People called Quakers, and shall produce a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more reputable Householders, being of the People called Quakers, dated within the Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which it shall be produced, acknowledging such Person to be one of their Perfession, thereupon being other fit and proper Person shall be appointed Const, High or Petty Constable, or other Officer, in the Room of such Quaker, in order to carry this Act into perfect Execution.

Penalty on Constables not returning Lists.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Constable or other Officer shall neglect or refuse to make or return the List or Lists which by this Act he shall be required to do, and be thereof convicted by his own Confession, or on the Oath of One credible Witness before any Justice of the Peace, he shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be levied on his Goods and Chattels, under the Warrant of such Justice, or in default thereof, he shall be committed to Goal, there to remain for the Space of Six Months, or until such Sum shall be paid.

Alternative to Warrants for the Assessments.

LXXXIX. And Whereas the frequent Attendance of the several High and Petty or Parish Constables is required to carry this Act into Execution: Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for every County shall pay to every High Constable the Sum of Eleven Shillings and Fourpence Halfpenny, and to every Petty or Parish Constable the Sum of Five Shillings and Fivepence, for each and every Day the said High, Petty, or Parish Constables shall be certified, under the Hands of the Justices presiding at any General or Sub-Divisional Meeting, to have been actually in Attendance or on Duty in carrying this Act into Execution: provided that the whole Sum to any High Constable shall not exceed Twenty Pounds in any One Year, and that the whole Sum to any such Petty or Parish Constable in any One Year shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve Pounds; and such Payments shall be allowed in every Collector's Accounts.

Assessors and Deputy Assessors may also Order in Constables, and receive the same from the Collectors.

XC. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor, Governor, or Deputy Governor within any Sub-division, from Time to Time, to issue their Order or Warrant under their Hands and Seals, requiring the Attendance of any Constable or other Officer of the Parish or Place within such Sub-division, at such Time and Place as in such Order or Warrant shall be expressed; and if such Constable or other Officer shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such Order or Warrant, and if any Chief or High Constable, or other Officer of any Barony, or other Officer of any Parish or Place, whether appointed under this Act or otherwise, shall refuse or neglect to assure any such List as before directed, or to comply with such Orders and Directions as they shall respectively from Time to Time receive from the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, in pursuance of this Act, or shall, in making such Return, be guilty of any Fraud or wilful Partiality or gross Neglect in his Duty, the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, or any Three or more of them, are hereby empowered and required to commit the Person so offending to the Common Goal, there to be kept without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of One Month, or at their Discretion to fine such Person in any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings.

Penalty on making false Lists, &c.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall, by Covetise, Gift, or Reward, or by Promise thereof, or by any Intimidation, or by Menaces or otherwise, endeavour to prevail on any Chief or High Constable or other Officer to make a false Return of any List for any Parish or Place, or to omit or leave out of any such List the Name of any Man who ought to be returned therein as free as a Militia Man, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and if any Man shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname, or shall falsely tell a Christian or Surname, or if any Person shall refuse to tell the Christian or Surname of any Man lodging or residing within his or her House, or shall knowingly tell any false Name, pretending it to be the true Name of any such Man, to any Constable or other Officer authorized by this Act to demand the same, such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Parish being in Two or more Counties shall be included in separate Parishes of the respective Counties.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Parish is divided, or any Parishes episcopally or paragonally united, or any Part thereof respectively, shall be annexed in Two or more Counties, the respective Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors of the several and respective Counties within which any Part or Parts of such Parish or united Parishes is divided shall be bound, shall comprise such Part of any Parish or united Parish as divided as a divided within their own County, in each District or Sub-division of such County as shall be most convenient for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution; and if such Part of a Parish or united Parishes was a divided Parish within such County; and the Constable or Constables of such District or Sub-division shall from Time to Time return the Names of the Inhabitants of such Part of every such Parish or united Parish as lies within such County and Sub-division, to the best of their Knowledge and Ability, to the Sub or Local Meeting, under the Seal as before made to such County from Lists made according.

Lists of Parishes may be united for the Relief.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, within their respective Districts, to add together, whatsoever they shall think it necessary, the Lists for two or more Parishes or Places, or Parts of Parishes or Places, and proceed upon such Lists added together in like Manner as if they had been originally returned for One Parish or Place, so as to make the Choice of Militia Men by Ballot within every such Sub-division as equal and equitable as possible.

Three Lists in the Return of Lists shall, &c.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That if the List of any Parish or Place shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor within any such Sub-division, or any Two or

more

more of them, so such a new List as aforesaid in any such Parish or Place, to be made and returned to them at their next Sub-division Meeting, in the same Manner as the List last or last-foregone was made, and ought to have been returned to them by the Direction of the General Meeting.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That the Governors and Deputy Governors at each Sub-division Meeting appointed as aforesaid, shall immediately proceed thence to inquire into the Fitness for Service of all Persons named in the Lists returned to them, and shall take their Names, and hear such Objections as shall be made on the Part of such as they shall so find; and in making such Inquiry and Selection, it shall be lawful to and for such Governors and Deputy Governors to examine upon Oath, which Oaths, as well the Oath to be taken by the Persons making the Returns, they or any of them, are lawfully required and empowered to administer; and when such Lists shall be so prepared by such Inquiry and Selection, they shall appear a Day and Place for the next Meeting, to be held at a Day not more distant than Two, or less than Six Days, and the Clerk of the Meeting shall forthwith deliver Copies of the Lists so made respectively, to the several Constables or other Persons who respectively returned the general Lists, to be by them affixed, without Delay, on the Outside of the Door of every Church and other Place of Divine Worship in the Parish or Place to which such List was made, or at the usual Place or Places therein for posting Notices within such Parish or District, specifying at the Foot thereof the Day and Place appointed for the next Meeting, and that all Persons who think themselves aggrieved by the Inclusion of their Names, or by the Omission of the Names of others in such Lists, may then and there, and that an Appeal will be afterwards received.

XCVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Peer of this Realm, nor any Person who shall act as a Commissioned Officer in any Regiment, Troop, or Company in His Majesty's other Forces, or as any of His Majesty's Captains or Partis, nor any Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man serving in any of His Majesty's Forces, nor any Commissioned Officer having or who has served Four Years in the Militia, nor any Person enrolled in any Troop or Company of Yeomanry, who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer of such Troop or Company, that he has positively attended the Exercise of the Troop or Company to which he belongs, for Three Months, immediately preceding the Day on which he shall have been balloted to serve in the Militia, according to the Provisions of an Act made in the first-mentioned Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to accept and continue the Services of certain Troops, or Companies of Yeomanry in Ireland, and any Person being a Member of the University, or any Chaplain or Licensed Minister of any separate Congregation, or any Justice of Peace, Constable, or other Peace Officer, or any elected Clerk, Appraiser, Surveyor, or Steward, or any other Person doing Duty in His Majesty's Ordnance for the Service thereof, or as any Magistrate or other Magistrate belonging to His Majesty, or under the Direction of the Board of Ordnance, nor any poor Man not worth Ten Pounds in Goods or Chattels, or who does not pay Ten Pounds a Year Rent in the Whole for Lands, Tenements, and Cottages or Cropland, for the Copy or by the Year, who has more than Three Children born in Wedlock, being and under the Age of Fourteen, shall be liable to serve personally or provide a Substitute, according to the Direction of this Act; and no Person having served personally or by Substitute in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, shall be obliged to serve again until by Rotation it shall come to his Turn; but no Person who has served only as a Substitute shall, by such Service, be exempted from serving again if he shall be chosen by Ballot.*

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That at every Sub-division Meeting for hearing Appeals, the Persons presenting shall inquire upon Oath into the Allegation of every Person who shall appear personally to support his Appeal, or on whose Behalf, if he shall be sick or absent, an Appeal shall be brought, which Oath they or any of them are lawfully empowered to administer; and they shall strike out of the List every Person who shall appear to them to be unfit to serve, or to be legally exempted from serving; and they shall likewise insert in such List the Name of any Person who it shall appear to them ought to be inserted therein, and shall have been omitted; and they shall forthwith return to the Clerk of the General Meeting a Certificate under their Hands of the Number of Men contained in the List of every Parish or Place after such Amendment thereof, for the Use of the General Meeting; and they shall likewise send to the Clerk of the Peace a full and accurate Copy of every such amended List, under their Hands and Seals, counter-signed by the Clerk of the Meeting, to be by him filed and kept among the Records of the County, which Copy shall be of equal Authority for every lawful Purpose respecting the Militia, and of all Proceedings and Acts to be done under this or any Act for raising, enrolling, or registering, or otherwise respecting the Militia, as the Original, if such the Original shall be lost, altered, or destroyed.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Constables, or Senior Governor in each of the Hundreds of the Counties of Kent, of every County, shall and he is hereby required to transmit to His Majesty's Peace Council annually, as soon after the Return of Men shall have been made to the General Meetings as the same can be done, an Account in Writing of the true State of the Number of Persons fit and liable to serve in the Militia for each County, as the First of Schedule (B.) in this Act annexed.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That a General Meeting of the Governors and Deputy Governors of every County respectively, shall be summoned by the Clerk of the General Meetings immediately on his receiving such Certificates or any of them, to be held within Seven Days thereafter, and not less than Four Days, for the Purpose of appointing the Number of Militia Men to be raised on the several Sub-divisions, Parishes, or Places; and the Persons who shall preside at such General or other Meeting, shall appoint what Number of Men shall be the Quota or Proportion for each Parish or Place to furnish or keep supplied to the Militia of the County, County of a City, or District, appointing the whole Number of the Militia, Non-commissioned Officers, and Drumsmen included, as nearly as may be, to the Numbers contained in the certified Lists of each Parish or Place, and the Clerk of such Meeting shall forthwith give Notice thereof to the several Sub-division Clerks, who shall enter and file the same for the Use of their respective Sub-divisions, and he shall also give a Copy thereof, signed by himself, to the Clerk of the Peace, to be by him filed and kept among the Records of

General Lists of
Names of
Subdivisions
throughout

Persons
commissioned
serving in the
Militia

Reading of
Appeals and
striking Lists

Annual Return
of Lists to Peace
Council

General
Meeting of
Governors
Numbering
Parishes

each County; and each General Meeting shall appoint Meetings to be held in the several Sub-divisions for the Purpose of choosing by Ballot the Number of Persons to be furnished from each Sub-division as the Militia.

Appointments may be altered.

C. And be it enacted, That the Governor or Governours with the Deputy Governours of any County, or a competent Number of them appointed as any General Meeting, may alter the Allotment of the Number of Men to be raised in each respective County, Parish, or other Division in force in the Militia, whereever they shall appear to them that any such Allotment is injurious to any County, Parish, or other Division.

Notice of Time for Appeal, or providing Substitutes.

CI. And be it further enacted, That at every Sub-divisional Meeting it to be held for balloting, whether the same be for forming any Regiment or Battalion, or for supplying any Detachment of Men, or filling up any Vacancies or Vacancies therein, the Persons or Persons providing at such Sub-divisional Meeting shall forthwith certify the Number of Men which each Parish or Place ought them to furnish, as be forthwith chosen by Ballot, in Manner following; that is to say, the Names of all Persons contained in the aforesaid List for each Parish or Place shall be fairly written on several Pieces of Paper, being as near as may be of equal Size, and rolled up in the same Manner, and put into a Box, Cask, or Bag, by the Cleric, and thence the Names shall be impartially drawn by One of the Persons providing, or some indifferent Person, until the whole Number which each Parish or Place ought them to furnish shall be drawn; and the Person or Persons providing at each Sub-divisional Meeting shall appoint another Meeting of the Sub-division, to be held within Seven and not fewer than Four Days, and shall cause Notice thereof to be given to each Person drawn by the Ballot, requiring him to appear at such other Meeting, and have Cause, if any he can, why he should be excused, or that he send himself or produce a sufficient Substitute, who shall be approved of as aforesaid, such Notice to be left at his Place of Abode Two Days at the least before the Day of his Appearance, or so early he shall be as Place of Abode, or the same cannot be discovered, such Notice to be given as the Door of the Church and other Places of Divine Worship, and in all Places where Notices are usually posted as such District or Parishes, Two Days at least before the Day for his Appearance; and if he shall not appear, and Proof shall be made upon Oath of such Notice having been given or affixed, and no sufficient Cause on Oath shall be given for his not appearing, or if he shall not be excused when he shall so appear, or produce a Substitute as aforesaid, he shall be adjudged liable to serve, and serve accordingly.

Notice for Appearance of balloted Persons.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to any Justice of the Peace, Governour, or Deputy Governour, that any Person drawn by a Ballot is not a Lord of any Land or Lands, or Heric, in the Sub-division, in which he shall be drawn, for Years or for Life or Lives, it shall be lawful for him to issue his Warrant for bringing such Person before him, and to send him, together with One sufficient Surety, to the Town of Twenty Pounds, for his Appearance at the next Sub-divisional Meeting, and from Meeting to Meeting, until he shall be discharged or excused; and if he shall refuse to be so bound, or shall neglect to find such Surety, such Justice is hereby required to order the Clerk of the Sub-division to send his Name, and he shall be detained away without Delay to the proper Officer of the Militia, to serve for each Term as a Man drawn by Ballot that he bound to serve: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any such Person from leaving or taking the Benefit of any Exemption or Appeal to which he may be Lawfully entitled.

Oath of balloted Militia Men.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person so chosen by Ballot who shall so appear at such Meeting, and shall not be excused or provide a Substitute, shall take the following Oath; that is to say,

‘ I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and I do swear, that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of Ireland in the Regiment [or Battalions] during the Term of Five Years, which I shall be longer discharged.’

And that every Substitute and every Volunteer, and every Man who shall be called by any Particular Allotment in Manner directed by this Act, who shall so appear at such Meeting, or who may be at any Time called to serve in such Militia, shall take the following Oath; that is to say,

‘ I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and I do swear, that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of Ireland, in the Regiment [or Battalions] during the Term of Five Years, and also for each further Term as the said Regiment [or Battalions] shall remain embodied in the Service, or at the Expiration of Five Years the said Regiment [or Battalions] shall be so embodied, which I shall be longer discharged.’

And every such Person shall be excused in a Roll to be then and there prepared for that Purpose, to serve in the Militia of the said County or City as a Militia Man accordingly; and that in the Certificate of such Attendance the Day of the Month when such Oath was administered shall be inserted in Words, and not in Figures, and that if any such Attendance shall be neglected, the Person knowingly committing the same shall, if an Officer, be cashiered, and if a Magistrate or Deputy Governour shall become liable to see incurr the Penalty of Fifty Pounds as Commissions directed.

Providing Substitutes, who shall take the Oath before required.

CIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person be chosen by Ballot that cannot and produce for his Substitute a Man able and fit for Service, and who shall be approved of by the said Governour or Governours, or Deputy Governours, or any Three or more of them, such Substitute so produced and approved shall be excused to serve in the Militia of such County or City as a private Militia Man for the Space of Five Years, and also for each further Term as the Militia shall remain embodied; or at the Expiration of the said Term of Five Years, the Regiment or Battalions to which such Man shall belong shall be so Service out of such County or City, and each Substitute shall take the Oath herein-before appointed to be taken by a Substitute or Volunteer; and every Person so chosen by Ballot for whose such Substitute shall have been so produced, excused, and sworn as aforesaid, shall be exempted from Service in the Militia, in the same Manner as if he himself had served according to the Direction of this Act: Provided that no Person who shall be heretofore excused to the said Militia, whether as a balloted Man or Substitute or Volunteer, shall be deemed to be fully approved of, in so to constitute the Person or Persons, District or Districts bound to provide such Men, or to

Men excused shall not be deemed Militia Men until

critic such Man to receive the Second Ballot of his County if a Volunteer, unless and until such Approbation shall be expressed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion, or some proper Officer by him appointed; and also by some Person or Persons duly appointed or authorized by or under the Army Medical Board to hold a medical Certificate on such Person.

CV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when it shall appear to the Governor or Governors, and Deputy Governor, or any of them, who shall be appointed and competent to preside at any Sub-division Meeting, that any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia is unable by any Infirmity, or not being of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches, or in otherwise unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor to be appointed, and they are hereby required to discharge such Person, and immediately to assign the List for the Place for which such Person had been balloted, by striking his Name out of the same, and make another Person to be chosen in his Stead by Ballot, according to the Direction of this Act.

CVI. And for the abovementioned Name who may be actually serving for any particular Parish or Place in a County where a Ballot is to be held for raising Volunteers, or in any other Cases: Be it enacted, That every Commanding Officer of a Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall, within Seven Days after the First Day of October in each and every Year, and as often as he shall be required to do so by the Governor or Deputy Governor at any General Meeting, send in the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County or County of a City, to which his Regiment or Battalion belongs, a full and accurate Account of the Names of all Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private, serving at the Time in his Regiment or Battalion, specifying the several Parishes or Places for which such Men serve, as he is bound to serve, as far as it has come to his Knowledge; which List shall, by the Clerk of the General Meeting, be filed and preserved for the Use of the Governor or Deputy Governor.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That the Person who shall preside at any General or other Meeting which shall be held by virtue of this Act, for the Purpose of appointing to the Militia, shall first do so to the Credit of each Parish or Place all such Men in the said Account, as by such Account or by other sufficient Documents shall appear to be serving for the same; and that the remaining Men shall be divided by Lot among the several Parishes and Places aforesaid, within the County, or County of a City or Town, in Manner following; that is to say, the Person presiding at such Meeting shall make the Names of all the Men so remaining in the said List, after all such Credit being given, to be fairly written on distinct Pieces of Paper, being as near as may be all of equal Size, and rolled in the same Manner, to be put into a Box; and they shall also make the Names of the several Parishes or Places to which any Appointment shall have been made, of the Number of Men to be furnished to the Militia, fairly written on distinct Pieces of Parchment or Paper, being as near as may be all of equal Size, and rolled up in the same Manner, to be put into another Box, and they or he, as the Case may be, shall make One indifferent Person, publicly and fairly to draw a Roll out of one Box, and One other indifferent Person to draw in like Manner a Roll out of the other Box, and the Name of the Person so drawn out of the one Box shall be immediately set down to the Credit of the Parish or Place to which he draws out of the other Box, and the Roll containing the Name of such Parish or Place shall again be returned into its Box, rolled up in like Manner as before, and in the said drawing of one Roll shall be continued by drawing one out of each Box at a Time, always taking each Box before each Drawing, until all the Names contained in the First Box shall be completely drawn and set down to the Credit of the Parish or Place respectively with which they shall be drawn: Provided always, that to soon during such Drawing as shall be first done to the Credit of any Parish or Place the full Number of the Quota is to be furnished as Names shall not be again put into the Box until the whole of the Drawing shall be over.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Number of Men to be raised from each particular Parish or Place shall be ascertained as aforesaid, the Clerk of the General Meeting shall send Notice to every Sub-divisional Clerk of the Quota or Proportion of Men which each Parish or Place in his Sub-division is to furnish to the Militia; and shall send a Copy of the Names of the several Men first drawn to the Credit of each such Parish or Place, specifying according to each Name the different Clerk of such County; and every Sub-divisional Clerk shall respectively by such Copy before the Sub-divisional Meeting which shall next meet for the Purpose of raising a Ballot.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen in the Regiment or Battalion of Militia in any County or County of a City, or Town, by Death, Dismission, or lawful Discharge, and it shall not be provided by Law, or directed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, that the same shall be filled by another Volunteer, the Clerk of the Peace shall, within Seven Days after he shall receive an Account thereof under the Hand of the Officer commanding the Regiment or Battalion, give Notice thereof to the Clerk of the Sub-division in which the Parish or Place where the Person or Persons who he or he has notified such Vacancy or Vacancies shall have been respectively set down as free for is situated, and such Clerk shall summon a Sub-divisional Meeting to be held within Seven Days, to provide a Man or Men to serve in his or these Rooms and a Man or Men shall at every such Meeting be chosen by Ballot, to be held in Manner herein before prescribed; and in case any Defect or that at any Time return to his Regiment or Battalion, or be taken, he shall, notwithstanding any Person that is here before chosen in his Room, be compelled to serve in the same Manner and for the said Term as if no Person had been chosen in his Room.

CX. And be it further enacted, That if through the Neglect or Mistake of any Clerk or High Constable, Constable, or other Person, or from any other Cause, the full Number of Men appointed for any Sub-division should not be duly provided at any Meeting appointed for that Purpose, then the Governor or Governors, and Deputy Governor, or any Two or more of them, may and are hereby required immediately to make the List to be attended, and to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and to adjourn their Meeting or appoint other Meetings, and repeat the attending of the Lists as often as may be necessary and expedient for carrying the Purposes of this Act.

approved by the Colonel, Lieut and Company.

Discharging of Persons before, &c. although balloted.

Returns on Cards of Order by Commanding Officers of the Regiments of the Militia.

How Men shall be set down to Credit of each Parish, &c. by Ballot, &c.

Notice of Quota and Ballot in Sub-divisional Clerks.

Vacancies shall be supplied out of the Militia List.

Attendance of Lists, and how Ballot.

Apprehending
Oath in
Militia Men,
and sending
him.

And they and fully less Execution; and it shall be lawful for any One Governor or Deputy Governor to administer the Oath herein before required to be taken by Justice to serve in the Militia, to any Person balloted for under the Directions of this Act, or to any Person who, being qualified as the Act requires, shall offer to serve as a Subaltern or Volunteer; and such Governor or Deputy Governor is hereby authorized to do so, and require the Clerks of the ballotings for every such Parish by whom the said Oath has been taken before him to do so, to read the Name of every such Parish, together with the Date of the Day on which the said Oath was administered to him, to the Roll of such Subalterns.

Subalterns
Clerks of
Militia Men
shall take of
all these Oaths.

XXI. And he is further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Sub-division Meetings shall, as often as the Militia Men are enrolled, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings, and to the Collector Commanding Officer, a List, specifying the Names and Trades and Places of Abode of all such Militia Men as are enrolled; and where there are Subalterns, the Names, Trades, and Places of Abode of the Persons in the Rooms of whom they were enrolled as Subalterns, in the Form or Schedule C. in this Act inserted.

Justice
commanding
the
Militia Men
shall take
of them
the Oaths
before
mentioned.

XXII. And he is further enacted, That every Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia shall be liable to such Service, although he may have removed from the Place where his Name was returned in the List, provided he was residing in such Place at the Time when the List was according to the Directions of this Act prepared; and every Person liable to serve in the Militia being more than One Place of Residence, shall serve for the County or Place where his Name shall be first drawn, as aforesaid.

Where balloted
Men shall not
appear, another
shall be chosen.

XXIII. And, to prevent the Militia Service from suffering by balloted Men not appearing pursuant to Notice as aforesaid: Be it enacted, That on the Non appearance of any Person drawn by Ballot as aforesaid, Notice having been given or offered as aforesaid, and no Substitute as aforesaid being produced, the Justice or Justice presiding shall immediately proceed to choose another to serve in his Place, and to keep Time on every Day appointed for the Appearance of the Parish he draws not appearing until sufficient Men shall be enrolled.

Balloted Men
not appearing
shall be liable
to Militia.

XXIV. Provided always, and he is enacted, That every Person chosen at any Time by Ballot or otherwise, who shall not by virtue of this Act be excused from serving or produce a Substitute, which Substitute shall be approved of and accepted, who shall not immediately enrol himself and join the Regiment or Detachment, shall be liable to have, notwithstanding another Person may have been chosen in his Room, and it shall be lawful for any Magistrate to issue his Warrant for apprehending him in the Manner and with like Authority as for apprehending a Defector, and upon Conviction upon Oath before any Magistrate that such Person was balloted to serve in the Militia, and not excused, he shall be fined in the Sum of Five Pounds, and in case of Non payment thereof, the same may be levied by Distress of his Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Magistrate, as he may be committed to the Common Gaol of the County if he shall be apprehended, there to remain for the Space of Six Months, or until the Commanding Officer shall direct that he may be sent to the Regiment or Detachment, and the like Reward shall be paid for apprehending him as for apprehending a Defector, and he shall be deemed a Defector, and suffer as such.

Balloted Men
failing to
appear, may
give Security
to serve in
Militia.

XXV. Provided also, and he is enacted, That if any Person to drawn by Ballot, and failing to appear, shall afterwards voluntarily appear at a Time when the Militia is complete, he shall be immediately enrolled, and shall be bound in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and shall find a sufficient Security to be bound in the Sum of Ten Pounds for his Appearance, and joining the Militia whenever there shall be a Vacancy, or he shall be required by the Commanding Officer or Clerk of the Sub-division to join, and his Time of Service shall commence from the Day of his joining; and if he shall be found to be liable, or to find such Security, he shall be committed by any Magistrate, Governor, or Deputy Governor, to the Common Gaol of the County, there to remain until he shall be sent to the Regiment or Detachment to serve therein as aforesaid.

Subalterns not
appearing shall
give Security
to serve in
Militia, with
Twenty Shilling
Penalty.

XXVI. And he is further enacted, That if any Person shall receive Money from any other Person to serve as a Volunteer or Subaltern in the Militia as aforesaid, and shall neglect to appear at the usual Meeting appointed for levying the Militia Men, or before some Governor or Deputy Governor, in order to be sworn according to the Directions of this Act, every such Person so neglecting to appear and be sworn, being convicted thereof before any Governor or Deputy Governor, shall be obliged to return the Money to the Person or Persons from whom he received it, and that said Person shall pay to such Person or Persons any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of such Governor or Deputy Governor before whom he shall be so convicted; and if such Offender shall not immediately return the Money so by him received as aforesaid, and likewise pay the said Penalty, he shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the Space of Three Months, or until the same Sum shall be paid.

Penalty on
Persons refusing
to pay their
Enrollment, &c.

XXVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia, shall have engaged any other Person to serve as his Substitute, and the Person so chosen by Ballot shall have agreed to pay to the Person so engaged a certain Sum for such Service, and shall after such Substitute has been enrolled refuse to pay him the said Sum agreed on, it shall and may be lawful for any Governor or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, on Application made to him, and such Governor, Deputy Governor, or Justice as hereby required to order such Sum of Money as shall appear to him to be due to the Person so engaged, to be immediately paid to him by the Person or Persons by or for whom he shall be engaged to serve as aforesaid, and in case of his refusal or neglecting to do so, to forfeit the Sum of Two Pounds, and also the Sum engaged to be paid to the Subaltern, the Same to be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Governor or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, of the County and Churches of such Person so engaging such Substitute.

Subalterns
refusing shall,
if convicted, forfeit
their full Pay.

XXVIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person being sworn and enrolled to serve as a balloted Man, Subaltern, or Volunteer in the Militia, shall afterwards desert or strike himself from the Regiment or Detachment to which he belongs, every such Person shall be liable to, and shall serve as a Militia Man in such Regiment or Detachment for and during the full Term for which he shall be enrolled, to be computed from the Day on which he shall be apprehended, and shall also be subject to such other Penalty or Punishment as shall be

to be inflicted upon him for such Offence by virtue of this Act; and the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion shall cause Notice to be given to the Clerk of the Sub-division for which such Person was enrolled, of the Day on which he was apprehended; and such Clerk shall make an Entry on the Roll of the Militia of the Name of such Person, and also of the Time of his being so apprehended.

CXXIX. And it is further enacted, That if any Person, being one of the Peers or called Quaker, shall be chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia, and shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the Oath and give in the Militia, or provide a Substitute as by approval of an aforesaid, who shall take the Oath and subscribe his Consent to serve in the Sub-division of such Quaker, then and in every such Case, any Two or more Governors or Deputy Governors shall, if they shall think proper, upon as reasonable Terms as may be, provide and give a fit Person to serve as a Substitute for such Quaker, and such Substitute shall take the Oath before aforesaid for a Substitute, and subscribe his Consent to serve in the Militia for the same Term, and as the same Conditions as are herein-before declared in the Oath of Substitutes produced by Persons chosen by Ballot; and any Three or more Governors or Deputy Governors may, and are lawfully empowered by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to levy, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Quaker, such Sum of Money as shall be necessary to defray the Expence of providing and being such Substitute, tendering to such Quaker the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and if no Goods or Chattels belonging to such Quaker can be found sufficient to levy such Distress, and a Bill or Bills shall appear lawfully to such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, that such Quaker is of sufficient Ability to pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, then it shall be lawful for such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, to commit such Quaker to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or until he shall have paid such Sum of Money as such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor shall have agreed to pay to such Substitute as aforesaid; and in case any Means shall be used in making Distress as aforesaid which may be by any such Quaker thought oppressive, it shall be lawful for such Quaker to complain to the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, at their next Meeting, who are hereby empowered and required lawfully to hear and determine the same.

CXXX. And it is further enacted, That in all Cases where under this Act any Person, being one of the Peers or called Quaker, shall be required to pay any Sum of Money to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, either by the Warrant of any Governor or Deputy Governor as aforesaid, or by the Warrant of the Justices of any County, City, or Town, in consequence of any Proclamation of any Grand Jury, or otherwise, the Demand for such Sum of Money to be applied on the Purposes of this Act shall be made upon such Quaker (if required to do so by such Quaker) separate and distinct from any other Demand to which such Quaker may be liable, and shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Quaker, separately and distinctly from any other Sum or Sums of Money to the Payment of which such Quaker may be liable under or by virtue of any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

CXXXI. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That if the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, shall at any of the Sub-division Meetings receive Information, or shall suspect that any Person whose Name is entered in any L. B. and delivered as an Apprentice, has been fraudulently bound Apprentice in order to avoid serving in the Militia, it shall be lawful for them to make Inquiry thereof, and to summon such Person as they shall think necessary to appear before them at such Time and Place as they shall appoint, and examine such Person upon Oath; and in such Case shall appear that such Binding was fraudulent, in order to avoid serving in the Militia, it shall be lawful for such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governor, to appoint such Person to be fraudulently bound Apprentice to serve as a Militia Man for the Parish or Place for which such L. B. shall have been returned, if there shall be a Vacancy, and if there shall be no Vacancy at that Time, such Person shall be immediately enrolled, and shall be bound in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and shall find a sufficient Surety to be bound in the Sum of Ten Pounds for his Appearance, and journey the said Militia whenever there shall be a Vacancy, or whenever he shall be required by the Commanding Officer or Clerk of the Sub-division to join; and his Term of Service shall commence from the Day of his joining; and if he shall fail to bond himself, or to find such Surety, he shall be committed by any Magistrate, Governor, or Deputy Governor, to the Common Gaol of the County, there to remain until he shall be sent to the Register or Justices to give Security; and the Person to whom such Apprentice shall have been so bound shall for such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

CXXXII. And it is further enacted, That if any Servant whatsoever hired by the Year or otherwise shall be entitled as a Militia Man, and any Dispute shall arise between his Master and himself, Employer or Employers, and such Servant, touching any Sum or Sums of Money due to such Servant, for or on account of his Service performed before the Time of such Servant's Enrolment, or to such Time as under the Conditions of the said Hiring and Enrolling he shall be obliged to quit the Service of his said Master or Masters, by being called out to join the Militia or which he shall have been found and received, it shall and may be lawful, on the Complaint made thereof within Three Months from the Time of quitting the said Service to any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where such Master, Masters, Employer or Employers shall inhabit, for such Justice to hear and determine every such Complaint, and to examine upon Oath every such Servant, or any other Witness or Witnesses touching the same, and to make such Order for the Payment of such Wages to such Servant, or proportion to the Service he has performed, as to such Justice shall seem just and reasonable, provided the Sum so questioned does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Objection to pay any Sum so ordered by the Space of Twenty-one Days after such Determination, such Justice shall and may after both him or their Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Master or Masters, Employer or Employers, restoring the Overplus to the Owner or Owners, after Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale.

Substitutes shall be provided for Quakers.

levying the Expence on Quaker's Goods, &c.

Appreh by Quakers by Governor.

Demands on Quakers under the Act shall be made separately from other Demands.

Peers and Apprentices compellable to join.

Justice of Peace may settle Disputes in Militia in case of Servant quitting one Militia.

Discharge of Men
from Battalions
when sent for
Service.

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Militia Man, after having been sworn and enrolled, shall become unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Battalion to which such Militia Man shall belong, together with Two or more Deputy Governors of the County to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, if the said Regiment or Battalion shall be then within the said County, or for the said Commanding Officer alone, by the Order of the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, if the said Regiment or Battalion shall be absent from such County or County of a City, to discharge any such Militia Man from such Regiment or Battalion. Provided always, that no Man shall be allowed for to supply the Vacancy caused by any Man being so discharged, until such Discharge shall be approved by the Deputy Governor, at a Meeting for the Subdivision for which such Man is discharged was enrolled; and such Approbation shall be entered and recorded in the Proceedings of such Subdivision Meeting.

Land Inheritance
and Voluntary
Valley A.M.C.
proceeding in
County

CXXIV. And Whereas it may be more eligible that the ordinary Number of Men for any Parish or Place, either at raising any Regiment or Battalion, or for supplying any Vacancy or Vacancies therein, should be settled by Means of Affidavit than by Ballot; It is therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish in Ireland, having one or more Churchwardens or Churchwardesses, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, signified by him or their Chief Secretary, at a Valley Meeting to be held for that Purpose, of which Seven Days Publick Notice shall be given, specifying the Cause of calling such Meeting, and which Meeting every Churchwarden or such Parish is lawfully lawfully required to attend, in order to be tried by Affidavit upon the Parish Inhabitants as they shall think proper, not according to the Whole Amount of the Average Price of a fullblown (such Average Price to be fixed in manner hereafter mentioned) for every Man destined to be raised in the Quota of such Parish, and to apply the same as they shall think fit for procuring a sufficient Number of Men to serve as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parish, according to the Quota to so be raised in such Parish as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Inhabitants at the said Valley Meeting, to appoint one or more Persons or Persons to draft and superintend the Application of such Men for such Purpose, pursuant to the Order of such Valley Meeting, and all such Men shall be forthwith raised and levied in like Manner, and by all such Messes, Messes, Auctioneers, and Persons, and with all such Remedies, in case of any Refusal or Objection to pay the same, as any Parish Calls may by Law be raised and levied in Ireland, the Oweptias (if any) or such Part as may from any Statute remain undisturbed of so be applied to any such particular Purpose to which a Parish Call may by Law be applied, as the Valley of such Parish shall at any future Meeting to be called for that Purpose direct.

Parish Fees for
Subdivisions.

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors of such County or City, or both of them as they shall think proper at any General Meeting to be holden as herein-before directed for the Purpose of this Act, shall, whenever they shall think proper so to do, fix and declare what in their Judgement shall appear to them to be a fair and reasonable Sum to be paid as the average Price of a Substitute or Volunteer in the said Militia; and such Sum to be fixed and declared shall be and continue to be the average Price of such Substitutes for such County or City, until the same shall be otherwise ordered in any subsequent Meeting: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, whenever he or they shall think proper so to do, to fix and alter, either generally or for any particular County, or County of a City or Town, any Sum or Sums in a Limit or Limits above which respectively such Average shall not be made.

according to
Directions by
Lord Lieutenant.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens or any Inhabitants of such Parish shall and may produce such Substitutes or Volunteers as provided as aforesaid, before any Deputy Governor of the Subdivision, at any Time on or previous to the Day appointed for choosing the Men by Ballot in such Subdivision in pursuance of this Act, and that it shall and may be lawful for any Persons to provide Volunteers to serve for any Subdivision, or any of the Divisions therein, and to produce such Volunteers, or for any Persons willing so to do to offer themselves to serve for any such Division, and to appear before any such Deputy Governor within such Time and at such Place as aforesaid; and every Person so produced or appearing, who shall be approved of by the said Deputy Governor as aforesaid, shall and may be enrolled to serve as one of the Quota of such Parish or Division; and such Deputy Governor before whom any such Volunteer shall be enrolled, shall cause the Clerks of the Meeting, or the respective Subdivisions to enrol the Names of all such Volunteers as shall be so entered within the said five Subdivisions, before the Time appointed for balloting the Men within the time, provided however, that if the said Quota were required to be raised shall not be raised by the Ways aforesaid, or by any other, or for any such Parish or Subdivision, or before the Time appointed for balloting for such Parish or Division, the Men that shall have been so enrolled (if any) shall be deemed and taken as Part of the Quota of such Parish or Division, and the Ballot shall proceed for the Remainder of such Quota.

Volunteers
Substitutes
produced shall
be enrolled.

CXXVII. And Whereas by reason of certain Districts in the County of Dublin being Extra-parochial, and also because certain Parts of the said County have been put under the Regulations and Affidavits of the Parishes Board, and are thereby exempted from paying Grand Jury Cels for the Repair of the Highways in the said County, such Affidavits cannot be made therein in Manner aforesaid for the raising the Number of Men allowed to such Districts and Places to serve as Substitutes in the Militia of the said County: And Whereas, singular Dist. does occur in several Places and Parishes in Ireland, by which of such Places being Extra-parochial, or such Parishes not having any Churchwardens or regular Valley shewen, or otherwise, It is therefore enacted, That in every such Case the Treasurer of the County or County of a City shall notice set and deliver to any resident Inhabitants or Inhabitants of such Town, Parish, or Place respectively, the Warrants for raising from the Inhabitants thereof respectively the same necessary for procuring the Number of Substitutes required of such Districts or Places respectively, at the said average Price aforesaid, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said residing Inhabitants or Inhabitants, or any of them, within Three Days of

Affidavits for
such Purposes in
Extra-parochial
Places, &c.

the Time of giving the said Warrants, to make to be posted on the Door of the Church of each Parish or of any Parish adjoining to each Place, a Notice, requiring as a Time and Place to be therein mentioned, not more than Five or less than Three Days from the giving of such Notice, a Meeting of such Persons within each Parish, Place, or Parish, who are to be called to compose a Vestry, if any, such there were, or if such Vestry were to meet therein, and to elect three to appoint Appraisers to appraise on the whole of such Place or Parish (whether under the Regulations of the Rating Board or in the County of Dublin or not) the Sum to be required to be levied by said Warrants, such Appraisement to be levied in the Manner in which Parish Collectors are appointed, and also to appoint any Person or Persons to superintend the Application of the Same to be raised, and to return the said Appraisement within Ten Days from the Time of the said Notice to the said Treasurers, and in case such Appraisement shall not be made and returned to the said Treasurers, or in case such Person or Persons shall not be so appointed to superintend the Application of the Same to be raised, within the aforesaid Time, then and in either of such Cases it shall and may be lawful for the said Treasurers to direct and authorize any Person whom he shall think proper to make such Appraisement himself, in the Manner as aforesaid, and to verify the same by Oath before any Magistrate of said County, that the same was made to the best of his Skill and Knowledge; and it shall also be lawful for the said Treasurers to appoint such Person or Persons as he shall think proper to superintend the Application of the Same to be levied; and it shall and may be lawful for any Person duly authorized by the said Treasurers to keep the same by Day and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Persons liable to pay the said A.R. Sums, whether the Appraisement shall have been made by the Person appointed at such Meeting or by any Person appointed by the said Treasurers as aforesaid, and in case any Part of the said Sum to be raised shall by any Means remain uncollected in the said Purpose, the same shall be paid by the said Treasurers to the Credit of such Place, as an Advance on account of any future publick Call, and in case any of the said Persons respectively shall refuse or neglect to perform all and every Matter required hereby, each of them so offending shall be liable to a Penalty of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin.

CXXVIII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if it shall appear fitting to the Governors and Deputy Governors of any such County at a General Meeting duly assembled, they may by Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, direct the said Treasurers to divide the Sum so appointed to be levied at Two distinct Periods within the Year, such Periods to be regulated according to the Terms that the County Cask is usually collected and levied; and in Case where Houses or Buildings have been erected on the whole or any Part of the several Parishes, Liberties, or Places in the County of Dublin, which have been let out for the building of Streets, Squares, Lanes, Alleys, or Publick Buildings, the Appraisers, or the Person so appointed by the Treasurers, as the Case may be, are hereby required to apply a proportionable Part of the Sum to be collected for the said Purpose on the said Houses and Buildings, at a Rate not exceeding Two Shillings for every Five Pounds that they may estimate the said Houses or Buildings to be worth annually.

CXXIX. And he it further enacted, That the Clerks of all Subdivisional Meetings shall, within Eight Days after every Subdivisional Meeting, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County, for and under Copies of such Rolls as shall be signed at such Meetings, and the other Proceedings thereof.

CXXX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That whenever it shall be necessary to raise Men for the said Militia, or for any of the said Regiments or Battalions thereof, not exceeding the original Numbers required by this Act, either at the Issuing thereof, or to fill any Vacancy or Vacancies, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to direct and appoint by any Order or Proclamation to be made for that Purpose, that the necessary Number of Men, either for the whole or any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall be raised by the enrolling and receiving Volunteers; and every such Order or Proclamation, if not extending to the whole of the said Militia, shall specify the several Regiments or Battalions for which such Men shall be so raised, by the enrolling and receiving Volunteers.

CXXXI. And he it further enacted, That in order to carry such Order or Proclamation into Effect, he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to issue his Orders to all or any of the several Colonels or other Commanding Officers of the respective Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, or such of them as shall be included in such Proclamations or Orders, requiring him or them, without Delay, to proceed to enrol a certain Number of Volunteers, not exceeding in any Case the Establishment of those respective Regiments or Battalions at the Time of such Orders; and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to issue his Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasurers of Ireland, requiring them to advance from Time to Time to such Colonels or other Commanding Officers or Officers at the different Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, such Sums or Sums of Money as may be directed by such Order, not exceeding such Sums as shall at such Times be fixed and declared as the average Price of a Substantia, in Money hereto-before mentioned.

CXXXII. And he it further enacted, That upon such Order being issued as aforesaid, the several Colonels or Commanding Officers or Officers of the said Regiments to whom the same shall extend, shall immediately proceed to enlist and enroll within their respective Counties or Counties of Cities such Volunteers, being able-bodied Men, not less than Five Feet Four Inches in Height, and not more than Forty-five Years of Age, as can be procured, giving to each Man by way of Bounty, any Sum not exceeding the Price of a Substantia as aforesaid*, One Half of such Bounty to be paid to every such Volunteer at the Time of his enrolling himself so any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia, and the Residue thereof to be paid to every such Volunteer on his fifth Appearance at the Time and Place to be appointed for the enrolling or enrolling of the Regiment or Battalion in which such Volunteer shall be enrolled, which Sum the said Colonels or Officers are hereby authorized to

Appraisement of
such A.R. Sums.

Cases of
Advances.

Lord Lieutenant
may raise Militia
as he shall see
proper by
Volunteers.

Lord Lieutenant
may order
Commissioners of
Regiments to
receive Volun-
teers.

Commissioners
shall pay to a
man Volontary
the Bounty

* See § 120.

advance and pay to such Volunteers in Masses shew'd, and it is hereby declared, that the said Sum to be paid to every Man so enrolled and enlisted is over and above and altogether distinct from the Manning Grant to which such Man may be or become entitled.

Lord Lieutenant may require Treasury to advance the Money for Bounty.

CCXXXIII. And he it further enacted, That whenever any such Order shall be issued, for enrolling Volunteers, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to give his or their Order or Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, respecting them to advance to the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of the different Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, for defraying the necessary Expence of presenting and enrolling such Volunteers, any further Sum or Sums of Money which may be directed in any such Order, not exceeding the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for every private Man who may be from Time to Time enrolled, over and above the Bounty and the Marching Expenses to which such Volunteers may be entitled: Provided always, that no such Volunteer shall be entitled to or receive any Part of such further Sum, nor any greater or higher Bounty than is afores'd.

The greater Bounty shall be given.

CCXXXIV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for any Colonel or other Commanding Officer or Officers of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, or to or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever in his or their Rank, to advance or to engage to advance, or give any greater or larger Sum of Money than is afores'd, or to give or provide, or undertake to give any other or larger Bounty or Reward than the several Sums afores'd, for the Purpose of inducing any Man to enrol himself as a Volunteer.

Volunteers shall be sworn to Military Oath.

CCXXXV. And he it further enacted, That every Man so enrolled shall be the Professor of some one Government, Dispensary Government, Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate sitting for the County or City to which the Regiment or Battalion to which he shall be enrolled is shall belong, take and subscribe the same Oath as is herebefore directed to be taken by a Soldier or Volunteer in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia.

Colonels shall receive Lists of Volunteers to Chief Secretary's Office.

CCXXXVI. And he it further enacted, That the several Colonels or other Commanding Officers or Officers shall keep or cause to be kept true and regular Entries of the Names, Addresses, Places of Residence, Rank and other Descriptions of the Persons they shall enrol as afores'd, and the several Sums of m^o shall have been advanced and paid to such Persons respectively, and shall transmit regular Copies of such Entries, compiled by them respectively, as well as by the Adjutants and Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion respectively, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland.

Chief Secretary shall transmit such Lists to Treasurers of Counties, to be by them laid before Grand Jurors, and Performance of the Assizes of Peace advanced shall be made accordingly.

CCXXXVII. And he it further enacted, That the said Chief Secretary shall send Copies of the Returns of the M^o then enrolled, and the Sums advanced to such M^o respectively, as he transmitted in the several and respective Treasurers for the several Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns in Ireland, Ten Days at least previous to the then next a-going General Assize, which shall not commence within such Ten Days, or if to the Treasurer of the County and City of Dublin, within Fourteen Days previous to the then next prefating Term, which shall not commence within such Fourteen Days, and the said several Treasurers shall, and they are hereby respectively required to lay the said Returns before the Judges of Assize on the Commencement Day of such Assize, or in the County and City of Dublin before the Court of King's Bench, on the First Day of such Term, and before the respective Grand Jurors for such Counties or Counties of Cities and Towns shall be sworn, and the said Judges or the said Court, as the Case may be, shall and they are hereby required to give the same, except as hereafter excepted, in charge to the said Grand Jurors, in order that the same then expended may be presented and rated off the said Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, or any Burony or Burrows, Parish or Parishes thereof respectively as such Grand Jurors respectively shall think proper, which said Expenditures the said respective Grand Jurors are hereby respectively authorized and required to make, unless the Amount of the Sum then to be rated shall appear to the said respective Grand Jurors too large to be rated at our Officers, or at our prefating Term, within the respective Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, in which Case it shall and may be lawful for the said several Grand Jurors, by and with the Concurrence of the Judges of the said Assize, or the said Court, to present any Part of such Sum, not less than one Penny thereof, as such Assize or Term, or the said Court, in the Manner he gives in charge and presented by the Grand Jury of such County or County of a City or Town, or Grand Jurors of such respective Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, as the Case may be, at the then next ensuing Assize or prefating Term: and in case the Grand Jury of any County or County of a City or Town shall, after the Judges of the Court, shall have given the same in charge to them, remit, remit, or refuse to present the same, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Judges of Assize, or the Court of King's Bench respectively, and they are hereby respectively required to order and direct the Treasurer of such County or County of a City, to make up the whole of such Sum, and return the same among the Profoundness of the County, in that the same shall be rated and levied forthwith; and it shall not be lawful to transfer any such Enforcement: Provided always, that within every County of a City and County of a Town all Sums so presented shall and may be rated by an Assessor or Assessors and Levied, according to a Valuation of the same respectively, in such Manner as such Grand Jury shall from Time to Time order and direct.

Rating of Sums to be preferred.

CCXXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That the several Treasurers of the respective Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns as afores'd, shall collect and receive the said several Sums, and shall forthwith pay the same to the Collectors of Excise for such County or County of a City or Town; or in case there shall be in any County Two or more Districts, such Two or more Collectors respectively, or Parts of such Districts, then to the Collector of that Part of such County in which the County Town is situate; and every such Collector shall, and he is hereby required to give a Receipt for all Sums of Money that shall be so paid to him as afores'd, and such Receipt shall be lodged among the Records of such County, and shall be a Discharge and Acquittance to such County for all such M^o as shall be so rated, for the Term for which they shall be so enrolled to levied as afores'd, which Warrants shall cover by Death, Detention, or lawful Distress.

CXXIX. And Whereas several Regiments and Battalions of Militia have been augmented in Maner & before mentioned, to the Establishment of One Hundred Rank and File per Company, with the usual & Proportion of Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, and the Relief of the said Regiments and Battalions, as any of them, may hereafter be augmented: Be it enacted, That whenever any Vacancy or Vacancies shall occur by Death, Detachment, or lawful Discharge, in any Regiment or Battalion which shall hereafter or shall be augmented, during the Continuance of such Augmentations, such Vacancies shall from Time to Time be filled up by enrolling Volunteers, and not by Impositions, nor for that Purpose shall and may be lawful for the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of such Regiments to procure and enrol Volunteers to fill up such Vacancies, and to make Returns in manner here-before specified, which Returns shall be at and given in Charge to the several Grand Jurors, respectively in Maner here-before said, and the several Grand Jurors of the Counties or Cities or Towns of Great Britain, respectively in Maner here-before said, and the several Grand Jurors of the Counties or Cities or Towns of Ireland, or the respective Judges of the Peace or Justices of the Peace, shall throughout prefer such Returns of Militia as shall be returned to the respective Grand Jurors or Justices of the Peace of the Maner in which, as the Rate should, under the Order or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, in the manner and enrolling such Volunteers to supply such Vacancies, or in default of such Provisions, the Judges of the Peace or the Justices of the Peace and such the Treasurers of the Counties, or County of the City, respectively in such Maner, and return the Lists among the Prothonotaries thereof, in that the same shall be returned and enrolled, and every such Sum shall be levied, collected, and received by the Treasurers of the Counties or Counties of Cities, and paid by them to the Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer, as the Maner as is here-before said and with respect to the other Counties to be preferred, levied, collected, and paid, under the Authority of the Act. Provided always, That in every County, City or Town, where the Militia have being that have been or shall be appointed in Maner here-before specified, among the several Parishes and Districts, it shall and may be lawful to proceed from Time to Time by Ballot, for the filling up of Vacancies for the original Quota of such County, City or Town, and that all Vacancies arising in the augmented Numbers shall be filled up by the Volunteers, in such Maner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, entitled, *An Act for improving His Majesty's direct the Augmentation of His Militia Forces in Ireland, in an Act in three several Acts* Things here-before contained in the contrary notwithstanding.

CXL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall be deemed expedient by His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in Council, to raise, embody, or continue any Regiment or Battalion of Militia in any County or City or Town, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, by and with the Advice of the Privy Council of Great Britain, to direct the raising or embodying of such Regiment or Battalion, and to lay all Proceedings thereon for such Time as shall be deemed expedient, or to order that all or any of the said Regiments or Battalions shall be disbanded and wholly cease and determine; any Thing in this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That if it shall happen in any Case that the Number of Militia Men duly appointed or to be appointed to be called for any Regiment or Battalion of Militia of Ireland, shall not be raised within Three Calendar Months from and after the Time when the same ought to be called by Ballot as aforesaid, or within Four Months from the Date of the Order for raising the same by enrolling Volunteers, then and in every such Case the County or County of a City or Town in which such Number of Militia Men ought to be raised, shall be charged with the Payment of the yearly Sum of Ten Pounds for and in lieu of every private Militia Man in default, and upon Proof or Oath to be laid by any Governor or Deputy Governor of such County or City or Town, or the Judge of the Peace, or in the County or City of Dublin before the Court of King's Bench, it shall be lawful for such Judge of the Peace and such Court, and they are hereby respectively required to fine the County or County of a City or Town, or such District, Barony or Bann, or Parish or Parishes thereof in which such Default shall happen, in a Sum not less than the Rate of Ten Pounds for every Private Man in default, and to report the said Fine necessarily falling on the Lord Lieutenant or Justices thereof, which Fine or Fines shall be enforced into His Majesty's Exchequer and shall be Paid, and shall be levied by the Sheriff or other Officers respectively to whom such Fines shall be directed respectively; and it shall and may be lawful for the Director of the Land Tax or Commissioners of Revenue, or any Accountant, to take all, rents or red-rents, such Fine or Fines, or any Part thereof.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That all such Fines, and all other Taxes hereby imposed, when not otherwise expressly directed, shall, when levied, be paid into His Majesty's Treasury, and shall be kept separate and apart from all other Money, and shall be accounted for Yearly to Parliament; and no Tax or Grantee whatsoever shall be given or paid to any Officer of the Exchequer for or on account of receiving or doing any such Money. Provided always, that such Money, or any Part thereof, may be applied by or under the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland or the Time being, if he or they shall think proper, in providing Subsidies or Volunteers to serve in the Militia for the Counties, Counties of Cities, or Districts, from which such Fines respectively shall have accrued, by applying the same respectively, or in such or in such Manner as shall be directed in addition to the Summies here-before mentioned respectively, or partly in the one Way and partly in the other, in such Manner as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being shall direct.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any other Mode of Proceeding is not hereby provided, all Taxes, Rates, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Debt, Fine, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record at Dublin, whereas an Obligation, Penalty or Forfeiture, of less than that One Hundred Pounds shall be allowed; and that all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall

Volunteers to augmented Regiments to be called up by Volunteers, or to supply Vacancies, shall be at and given in Charge to the several Grand Jurors of the Counties or Cities or Towns of Great Britain, respectively in Maner here-before said, and the several Grand Jurors of the Counties or Cities or Towns of Ireland, or the respective Judges of the Peace or Justices of the Peace, shall throughout prefer such Returns of Militia as shall be returned to the respective Grand Jurors or Justices of the Peace of the Maner in which, as the Rate should, under the Order or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, in the manner and enrolling such Volunteers to supply such Vacancies, or in default of such Provisions, the Judges of the Peace or the Justices of the Peace and such the Treasurers of the Counties, or County of the City, respectively in such Maner, and return the Lists among the Prothonotaries thereof, in that the same shall be returned and enrolled, and every such Sum shall be levied, collected, and received by the Treasurers of the Counties or Counties of Cities, and paid by them to the Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer, as the Maner as is here-before said and with respect to the other Counties to be preferred, levied, collected, and paid, under the Authority of the Act.

Every man an original Quota may be supplied by Ballot. In any County or City or Town, where the Militia have being that have been or shall be appointed in Maner here-before specified, among the several Parishes and Districts, it shall and may be lawful to proceed from Time to Time by Ballot, for the filling up of Vacancies for the original Quota of such County, City or Town, and that all Vacancies arising in the augmented Numbers shall be filled up by the Volunteers, in such Maner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, entitled, *An Act for improving His Majesty's direct the Augmentation of His Militia Forces in Ireland, in an Act in three several Acts* Things here-before contained in the contrary notwithstanding.

The enrolling of any Militia may be dispensed, &c.

For in County of the Peace, or in any County or City or Town, in which such Number of Militia Men ought to be raised, shall be charged with the Payment of the yearly Sum of Ten Pounds for and in lieu of every private Militia Man in default, and upon Proof or Oath to be laid by any Governor or Deputy Governor of such County or City or Town, or the Judge of the Peace, or in the County or City of Dublin before the Court of King's Bench, it shall be lawful for such Judge of the Peace and such Court, and they are hereby respectively required to fine the County or County of a City or Town, or such District, Barony or Bann, or Parish or Parishes thereof in which such Default shall happen, in a Sum not less than the Rate of Ten Pounds for every Private Man in default, and to report the said Fine necessarily falling on the Lord Lieutenant or Justices thereof, which Fine or Fines shall be enforced into His Majesty's Exchequer and shall be Paid, and shall be levied by the Sheriff or other Officers respectively to whom such Fines shall be directed respectively; and it shall and may be lawful for the Director of the Land Tax or Commissioners of Revenue, or any Accountant, to take all, rents or red-rents, such Fine or Fines, or any Part thereof.

Five shall be levied on the Lord Lieutenant, and accounted for to the Treasury.

They may be applied in providing Subsidies or Volunteers to serve in the Militia for the Counties, Counties of Cities, or Districts, from which such Fines respectively shall have accrued, by applying the same respectively, or in such or in such Manner as shall be directed in addition to the Summies here-before mentioned respectively, or partly in the one Way and partly in the other, in such Manner as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being shall direct.

Fines exceeding 20 Pounds shall be recovered by Action of Debt, whereas an Obligation, Penalty or Forfeiture, of less than that One Hundred Pounds shall be allowed; and that all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall

not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall, upon due Proof of the Offence before any Justice of the Peace of the County where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering the Offender (if any) on Demand, after defraying the Charge of such Distress and Sale, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distressed and sold; and for Want of such Distress such Justice is hereby required, in all Cases where no particular Time of Commitment is herein-before directed, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County where the Offence shall have been committed, for any Term not exceeding Three Months; and the Money arising by the said Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, the Application whereof is not otherwise directed by this Act, shall be paid to the Collectors of Land, and accounted for and paid over by them as all other Moneys received by them respectively.

Penalty on
Treasurer,
Clerk, &c. for
Neglect, &c.

XXLIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Treasurer of any County, any Clerk of the Peace, or any Collector of His Majesty's Revenue, or of any County or County of a City, Burrow or Half Burrow, shall refuse or knowingly neglect to do any Matter or Thing required by this Act to be done by him, or shall wilfully omit to carry any of the Provisions in this Act respecting himself or his Office into execution, and shall be thereof convicted by Information or Indictment as the Justice or King's Bench in the County or County of the City of Dublin, he shall be fined any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, at the Discretion of the Court.

XXLV. And he is further enacted, That all Commissions made by any Governor, or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, under this Act, shall be in the Form here following, or in some other Form to that or the like Effect; that is to say,

Form of
Commission
under this Act.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BE remembered, That on the • at • A. B. of • or, One of the Deputy Governors, or, • or that on the • did • did E. F. have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this • Year of our Lord 	<p>Day of</p> <p>was committed before me E. F. the Governor, [or, One of the Governors,</p> <p>Day of</p> <p>at</p> <p>where the said A. B. did [here place the Office].</p> <p>Day of</p>	<p>in the Year</p> <p>of</p> <p>[or, County of a City or Town] of</p> <p>the said County, [or, County of a City]</p> <p>in the</p> <p>In Witness whereof, I the</p> <p>in the</p>
---	--	---

Which Commission, or any other Form of Commission to that or the like Effect, shall be good, valid, and effectual in Law, without setting out the Evidence, or fixing any other Matter more particularly or otherwise than as aforesaid.

Commission shall
not be removed
by Consent.

XXLVI. And he is further enacted, That no Order or Certificate made by any Governor or Governor, or by any Justice or Justice of the Peace, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Consent or other Writ or Process, out of the County, City, or Place wherein such Order or Certificate was made, into any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record in Dublin; and that no Writ of Certiorari or other Writ shall supersede any Execution or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Certificate in made in pursuance of this Act, but that the Execution shall be made thereupon; any such Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof notwithstanding.

Execution of
Act, in
Six Months.

General Effect.

XXLVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any Justice or Justice of the Peace for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and in any such Action or Suit, if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinuance be of their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

Penalty of
Fugity on
said Justice.

XXLVIII. And he is further enacted, That in all Cases in the Execution of this Act, when any Matter or Thing is directed to be inquired of or examined into, upon the Oath or Affidavits of any Witness or Witnesses, before any Governor of any County, or any Deputy Governor or Governor, or Justice or Justice of the Peace, and every of them is and are hereby respectively authorized to administer such Oath or Affidavits in any Writ or Writs, and then allow or Cause or suffer them to be taken in pursuance of this Act, and may be respectively administered by any Governor or Deputy Governor, and every Justice who shall knowingly or wilfully take any false Oath or Affidavit in any Matter required by this Act, and be thereof convicted, shall suffer the Punishment of wilful and corrupt Fugity.

Commencement
of Act.

XXLIX. And he is enacted, That this Act, and the several Statutes, Provisions, Matters, and Things therein contained, shall commence, take effect, and be of force from and after the Expiration of one Calendar Month after the passing thereof, and not before.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

County of

RETURN of all Male Persons residing within the Parish of _____ between the Age of
Sixteen and Forty-five Years.

Name or Common Appellation.	Reputed Age.	Street and Place of Abode.	Trade or Occupation.	Exemption, if any, and when.	If Married, N ^o of Children under 14 Years of Age.	Observations.

SCHEDULE (B.)

County of

RETURN of Persons fit or liable to serve in the Militia for the County of

Name of Parish.	Number fit.	

SCHEDULE (C.)

County of

RETURN of Men enrolled to serve for the Militia for the Subdivision of
Parish of _____

Names of Men.			Date of Enlistment.	Where residing.	Trade.	Age.	Sex.	Observations.
Principal.	Substitutes.	Volunteers.						

C. A. P.

C A B. CXXI.

An Act to alter and amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts.

[20th Jan 1809.]

45 G. 3.
C. 121. 1 R.
The Statute
in this Act
is to be
repealed,
excepted.

Bankrupts and
Assignees
against Estates
of Bankrupts
found more
than Two
Months before
Liquidation
shall be
void, unless
a prior Act
Bankruptcy
2 G. 2. c. 28.
§ 4.

If the Parties
do not agree
how and to
whom the
Money owing
from the Bank-
rupt's Estate
shall be paid
in the Com-
missioners shall
give Directions
for paying the
same in their
Palace, not
Being a Court of
Law, &c.

Assignees of
Bankrupts shall
be charged
with all Money
received or
employed.

Commissioners
shall not deliver
a Dividend till
one Account is
Writen to

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act to amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts*, it is amongst other Things provided, That the Holder of a Debetur for the Purport or Issue a Court Order, whether any Commission shall have actually issued thereon or not, shall be deemed Executor of a prior Act of Bankruptcy, for the Purport of the said Act, if it should appear that an Act of Bankruptcy had been actually committed at the Time of bringing forth such Debetur: And whereas the said Act hath not been amended with the good Effects which were expected therefrom: Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, in so far as the same is herein-before recited, shall be and the same is hereby amended.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases of Commission of Bankrupt Committed by the Holder of such Debetur, and Assignments against the Lands and Tenements, or Goods and Chattels of the Bankrupt, and his Executors or Assigns more than Two Calendar Months before the Date and Issuing of such Commission, shall be void and effectual, notwithstanding any prior Act of Bankruptcy committed by such Bankrupt, or his Executors or Assigns, as if no such prior Act of Bankruptcy had been committed, provided the Petition, on which such said Commission or Attachment shall have been taken at a Time of executing or leaving the same was given or any prior Act of Bankruptcy by such Bankrupt committed, or that he was solvent or had Sufficient Means: Provided always that the Thing of a Commission of Bankruptcy, although such Commission shall afterwards be dissolved, shall be deemed such Thing, if it should appear that an Act of Bankruptcy had been actually committed at the Time of issuing such Commission.

III. And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled, *An Act to amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts*, it is amongst other Things enacted, That before the Creditors of any Bankrupt shall proceed to the Choice of Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate, the major Part in Value of the said Bankrupt's Creditors shall protest that, if they think fit, to elect in what Manner, how and with whom, and when the Money owing by and to be received from One to Three out of the Bankrupt's Estate shall be paid in and recovered, and the same shall be divided amongst all the Creditors as by that Act is directed; to which Rule now to extend every such Assignee and Assignees afterwards to be chosen as to conform, as often as One hundred Pounds shall be got in and received from such Bankrupt's Estate, as well as thereby to elect for what they do in pursuance of such Direction of the said Commission as aforesaid: And whereas the Creditors of Bankrupts do not in all Cases avail themselves of the said Power given them by the said recited Act: And whereas the aforesaid Direction of the said Act has been in many Instances disobeyed by the Assignees of the Estates of Bankrupts, who have, notwithstanding such Direction, kept in their Hands, or employed for their own Benefit, large Sums of Money, Part of the Bankrupt's Estate: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, if in any Case the major Part of the Creditors of any Bankrupt shall not before they shall proceed to the Choice of Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate, protest in what Manner, how and with whom, and when the Money owing from the Bankrupt's Estate shall be paid in and remain, as pursuance of the Power given to them by the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or the major Part of them, and they are hereby required immediately after the Commission shall have proceeded to the Choice of Assignees, and at the same Meeting, to elect in what Manner, how and with whom, and when the Money owing by and to be received from One to Three out of the Bankrupt's Estate, shall be paid in and remain until the same shall be divided amongst the Creditors as by the said recited Act is directed; to which Rule and Direction the Assignee or Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate shall conform, as often as One hundred Pounds shall be got in and received from such Bankrupt's Estate, and shall be and are hereby authorized for what they shall do in pursuance of such Direction of the said Commissioners as aforesaid: Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to direct such Money to be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners or any of them, or of the Solicitor to the Commissioners, or into any Banking House or other House of Trade or Business which the Commissioners or any of them, or the Solicitor to the Commissioners, are or is interested or concerned in as Partner or Partners, or otherwise.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases in which any Assignee or Assignees of any Bankrupt's Estate shall wholly retain in his or their Hands, or otherwise employ for his or their own Benefit, any Sum or Sums of Money, Part of the Estate of such Bankrupts, contrary to the aforesaid Direction of the said recited Act passed in the Fifth year of the Reign of King George the Second, or of the aforesaid Direction in this Act contained, he or they shall be charged in his or their Accounts with the Estates of such Bankrupts, with such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be equal to the Amount of Interest computed at the Rate of Twenty Pence per Centum per Annum on all such Sums of Money as shall be or supplied by him or them, for the Time or Times during which he or they shall have so retained or employed the same, contrary to the said Direction of the said Act: or other of them, and the Commissioners of Bankrupts are hereby required to charge such Assignee or Assignees in their Accounts with such Sum or Sums of Money aforesaid.

V. And for the Purport of above-said in what Manner the Money which shall from Time to Time come to the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees has been employed, the Commissioners shall in no Case deliver a Dividend upon Affidavit only of a certain Sum in the Hands of the Assignee, but shall require such Assignee or Assignees to deliver upon Oath a true Statement in Writing of all the Sums of Money received by

by such Assignee or Assignees, and when received by him or them respectively, and on what Accounts and how employed, and shall examine such Statement and compare the Receipts with the Payments, and wherever what Balance has been from Time to Time in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees respectively, and shall enquire for what Reason any Sum appearing to be in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees ought to be retained, and thereupon shall declare a Dividend on the remaining Sum, specifying in their Order the Sum to be allowed to be retained, and the Grounds on which they may consider it proper that the same should be retained and not divided amongst the Creditors.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and ten, in case any Commission of Bankrupt shall issue against any Person who is or shall be an Assignee of the Estate and Effects of any Bankrupt, and who shall, at the Time of such Commission being issued, be indebted to the Estate of the Bankrupt of whose Estate and Effects he was an Assignee, to the Amount of One hundred Pounds or upwards, in respect of Money come to his Hands as such Assignee, and actually received or employed by him for his own Benefit, the Condition of such Commission which may be obtained by such Assignee in becoming Bankrupt as aforesaid, shall only have the Effect of freeing the Person of such Bankrupt from Arrest and Imprisonment, but the said Estate and Effects of every such Person shall remain liable for so much of his Debt to the Estate of the Bankrupt of whose Estate and Effects he was an Assignee, as shall not be paid by Dividends under the said Commission, together with lawful Interest for the whole Debt, in the Manner as if he had not obtained his Certificate; the Tools of Trade, the necessary Household Goods and Furniture, and necessary Wearing Apparel of such Bankrupt and his Wife and Children, only excepted.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, upon the Application of the Assignee, or of any Five or more of the Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commission, on Notice given to the Assignee of such intended Application, when and as often as it shall appear to the said Commissioners expedient and beneficial to the Estate and Effects of any Bankrupt, that the Money to be paid to any Parties or Persons as aforesaid, for the Purpose of being divided among the Creditors, or any Money retained to satisfy any Claim which may have been duly entered upon the Proceedings under the said Bankruptcy, or any Dividends ordered to be returned by the Assignee, should be laid out as Interest, to order and discharge that the whole or any Part of such Money shall be applied to the Payment of Exchange Bills for the Benefit of such Creditors and Claimants, and to such other uses and with whom such Exchange Bills shall be kept for safe Custody, and to make such Exchange Bills to be paid when it shall appear to them necessary and proper, and to discharge the Proceeds thereof to be again laid out in the Purchase of Exchange Bills, or to be applied for the Benefit of the Creditors and Claimants, according to their several Interests, as to the said Commissioners shall seem most subject to the Authority and Control of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lord Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupt already issued, under which no Dividend has yet been made, or under which the Creditors, who have not proved, can receive a Dividend equally in proportion as their respective Debts without disturbing any Dividend already made, and in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupt heretofore to be issued, where as the Time of issuing the Commission any Person shall be Surety for or be liable for any Debt of the Bankrupt, it shall be lawful for such Surety or Person liable, if he shall have paid the Debt, or any Part thereof in Discharge of the whole Debt, although he may have paid the same after the Commission shall have issued, and the Creditor shall have proved his Debt under the Commission, to stand in the Place of the Creditor as to the Dividends upon such Debt, and when the Creditor shall not have proved under the Commission, it shall be lawful for such Surety, or Person liable to prove his Dividend in respect of such Payment as a Debt under the Commission, not debating the former Dividends, and so receive a Dividend or Dividends proportionally with the other Creditors taking the Benefit of such Commission, notwithstanding such Person may have become Surety or liable for the Debt of the Bankrupt after an Act of Bankruptcy had been committed by such Bankrupt, provided that such Person had not at the Time when he became such Surety, or when he to become liable for the Debt of such Bankrupt, Notice of any Act of Bankruptcy by such Bankrupt committed, or that he was indebted, or had stopped Payment; provided always, that the issuing a Commission of Bankrupt, although such Commission shall afterwards be quashed, shall be deemed such Notice, and every Person against whom any such Commission of Bankrupt has been or shall be awarded, and who has obtained or shall obtain his Certificate, shall be discharged of all Demands at the Suit of every such Person having to pay, or being hereby enabled to prove as aforesaid, or to stand in the Place of such Creditor as aforesaid, with regard to his Debt in respect of such Suretyship or Liability, in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Person had been a Creditor before the Bankruptcy of the Bankrupt for the whole of the Debt in respect of which he was Surety or was to be liable as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons who have given Credit, or shall at any Time hereafter give Credit to any Person or Persons who is or are or shall become Bankrupts, upon good and valid Consideration lawfully due for any Money whatsoever, which is or shall not be due or payable as or before the Time of such Person's becoming Bankrupt shall be admitted to prove such Debt in like Manner as if the same were payable precisely or not at a future Day, and shall be entitled to and shall have and receive proportional Dividends of such Bankrupt's Estate equally with the other Creditors of such Bankrupt, deducting only thereout a Rate of Interest for what they shall be receive at the Rate of five Pence, per Pound per Annum under Commissions which have issued or shall issue in England, and at the Rate of Six Pence per Pound per Annum under Commissions which have issued or shall issue in Ireland, to be computed from the actual Payment thereof to the Time such Debts would become payable, according to the Terms upon which the same were contracted.

such upon Debt by the Assignee, &c.

If Assignee become Bankrupt before the Issue of a Commission of Bankrupt, his Estate and Effects shall be liable to the Payment.

Commissioners may direct the Money paid to be invested in Bankrupt's Estate in the Bankrupt's Bills.

Persons for Bankrupts having paid any Debt after the Commission shall be proved as to prove under the Commission and stand in the Place of a Creditor, proved &c.

Debts are payable at the Time of the Bankruptcy may be proved deducting a Rate of Interest at 5 per Cent in England and 6 per Cent in Ireland.

X. And

In Action
by Assignees
the Comptrol-
ler and Paymaster
shall be liable for
Recovery
Comptrol-ler's Debt,
No, unless Notice
given three Months
may be
to be signed.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in any Action now brought or hereafter to be brought by or against any Assignee of any Bankrupt, the Commission of Bankrupts, and the Proceedings of the Commissioners under the same, shall be Evidence to be received of the petting Creditor's Debt, and of the Trading and Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, unless the other Party in such Act or Suit, if Defendant, or in whose Time of his pleading to such Action, and if Plaintiff, before after joined in such Action, give Notice in Writing to such Assignee that he intends to dispute such Matters or any of them, and where such Notice shall have been given, if such Assignee shall at the Trial prove the Matter is disputed, or the other Party shall at the Trial admit the same, the Judge before whom the Cause shall be tried shall, if he shall see fit, grant a Certificate that such Proof or Admission was made upon such Trial, and such Assignee shall be entitled to the Costs, to be taxed by the proper Officer, appointed by such Notice; and such Costs shall in either the Assignee shall obtain a Warrant to be added to his Costs, and if the other Party shall obtain a Warrant, shall be set off or deducted from the Costs which such other Party would otherwise be entitled to receive from such Assignee.

In no Action
brought by
Assignees in
any of the
Cases
shall

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases in Equity now commenced or hereafter to be commenced by or against any Assignee of any Bankrupt, the Commission of Bankrupts, and the Proceedings of the Commissioners under the same, shall be Evidence to be received of the petting Creditor's Debt, and of the Trading and Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, as against all the other Parties in such Suit, unless such Parties have or one of them shall, within Ten Days after Rejoinder in the Cause, give Notice in Writing to the Assignee that they either intend to dispute the said Trading, petting Creditor's Debt, or Act of Bankruptcy, or have or one of such Matters, and where such Notice shall have been given, if the Assignee shall prove the Matter is disputed to the Satisfaction of the Court, the Costs occasioned by such Notice, to be taxed by the proper Officer, shall, if the Court see fit, be paid by the Party or Parties giving such Notice to the Assignee, and the Service of such Notice may be proved by Affidavit upon the hearing of the Cause.

No Assign shall
be brought
against Assignee
(his Dividend);
but on Petition
to Comptrol-
ler, Assignee shall
be compelled to pay
such Dividend,
and Costs.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Action shall be brought by any Creditor or Creditors who have proved or shall prove any Debt under any Commission of Bankrupts, against the Assignee or Assignees of the Estate of such Bankrupts, for the Amount of any Dividend declared by the Commissioners under such Commission; but in all Cases in which the Assignee or Assignees of any Bankrupt shall refuse or omit to pay any Dividend declared under any Commission of Bankrupts, it shall be lawful for the Creditor or Creditors entitled to the same, to petition the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners in Charge of the Great Seal, for Payment thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, on hearing such Petition, not only to order the Payment of such Dividend, but also in all Cases in which it shall appear to him or them that the Justice of the Cause shall require, to order Payment of Interest for the Time that such Dividend shall have been withheld, and of the Costs of the Application.

Bankrupts in
Custody in
Execution shall
be brought
before the Com-
missioners in the
usual manner.

XIII. And whereas great Inconveniences have arisen from the Necessity which now exists of the Attendance of Comm-Frocers of Bankrupts in Prison to take the Examinations of Bankrupts charged in Execution; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bankrupt being in Custody at the Time of his or her last Examination, although charged in Execution shall be brought before the Commissioners to be examined by them, in the same Manner as is now provided with respect to Bankrupts in Custody on Minor Process, and the Clerk or Keeper of the Prison in which such Bankrupt is or shall be confined, shall be fully indemnified by the Warrant of the Commissioners for bringing up such Bankrupt for such Purpose.

Creditor
bringing Action
against Bank-
rupt shall not
be admitted
to prove matter
of Commission,
&c.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Creditor, who has or shall have brought any Action, or entered any Suit against any Bankrupt, in respect of any Demand which arose prior to the Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, or which might have been proved as a Debt under the Commission of Bankrupt filed against such Bankrupt, to prove a Debt under such Commission for any Purpose whatsoever, or to have the Claim of a Debt entered upon the Proceedings under such Commission, without relinquishing such Action or Suit, and all Benefits from the same; and that the proving or claiming a Debt under a Commission of Bankrupt by any Creditor, shall be deemed an Election by such Creditor, to take the Benefit of such Commission with respect to the Debt he proved or claimed by him: Provided always, that such Creditor shall not be liable to the Payment to the Bankrupt or his Assignees, of the Costs of such Action or Suit, which shall be indemnified by him: And provided also, that where any such Creditor shall have brought any Action or Suit against such Bankrupt jointly with any other Person or Persons, he relinquishing such Action or Suit against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts shall not in any Manner affect such Action or Suit against such other Person or Persons.

Act shall not
extend to Scotland.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend to that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland which is called Scotland.

Agents having
affixed Policies
of Insurance
with the Stamp,
may prove, in
Actions of
Parties in-
sured.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Policies or Policies who have effected or shall effect any Policy or Policies of Insurance upon Ships, Goods, Wares, Merchandises or other Effects, with any Person, as a Subscriber or Underwriter, who is or are or shall become bankrupt, shall be admitted to prove any Loss to which such Bankrupt is or shall be liable in respect of his Subscription to such Policy or Policies, notwithstanding the Person or Persons effecting such Policy or Policies is or are not the Ship or Persons beneficially interested in such Ships, Goods, Wares, Merchandises or other Effects, provided the Person really interested is not in that Part of the United Kingdom in which the Commission of Bankrupt shall have issued in the Proceedings under which such Loss is to be proved.

Articles to found into a proper Warehouse, or such other Place as the Vice Admiral of such County shall approve for that Purpose, and the same shall be charged by the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, and the Salvage, together with such other Charges and Expenses as are hereinafter directed to be paid in respect of such Articles paid for him or them, or Secretary given for the Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Salvor or Salvors thereof; as I every such Pilot, Boatman, Hoivler, or other Person who shall actually and fraudulently keep Possession of or return, or conceal or loan to any Arabians or Cruisers to be found, seized, brought for or taken Possession of as aforesaid, and shall not appear and deliver the same in some proper Warehouse or other Place in the manner aforesaid, and within the Time herein-before limited, shall on Conviction be adjudged and deemed guilty of receiving Goods knowing them to have been stolen, and shall suffer the like Punishment as if the same had been stolen on Shore.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, to whom any such Report shall be made, shall within Two Days forward the same, or a true Copy thereof, to the Secretary of the Corporation of the Trinity House of Doyled Street in London, and the same shall be placed by him in some convenient Situation, for the Inspection of all Persons desiring to inspect and examine the same.

X. Provided always, That no Report shall be forwarded by such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of Doyled Street until the Article to be so deposited as aforesaid for and in respect of which a Report is required to be made as herein before is directed, shall amount in Value to the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, to bring and detain any such Articles as shall not have been reported in the manner herein-before directed, and upon such Notice to such Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, shall deposit the same in the Warehouse or other Place to be appointed as aforesaid, and shall within Two Days thereafter send a Report in Writing of the Article so found, and having the Marks (if any) thereon, to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of Doyled Street as aforesaid directed, to be made public as aforesaid; and every such Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, in doing, who shall not make such Report as aforesaid, within Two Days after Sent as aforesaid, shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Article, together with Double the Value of the Goods so found; One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Townships where such Offence shall be committed; and every Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, who shall make any such Report, without any previous Information being given to such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, shall, on the same Article being charged by and delivered to the Owner thereof, or his or her Agent, be entitled to receive such Sum of Money as shall be equal to One Third Part of the Value thereof.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Owner and Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent in doing aforesaid agree on the Value of the Article, such Value shall be ascertained in the Manner as is hereinafter directed with regard to Salvage.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any such Salvor shall have been made in consequence of any Information given to any such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent in doing, shall only be entitled to receive from the Owner or their Agents of the Article One Sixth Part of the Value thereof, and One other Sixth Part of such Value shall be paid to the Person who shall have given the Information, the Value of such Article to be ascertained in Manner aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Article be reported and delivered into the Warehouse or other Place as aforesaid, shall not be returned within a Year and a Day after such Report shall have been transmitted to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of Doyled Street, as before mentioned, the same shall be sold, and a Certificate of such Sale shall be delivered to the Purchaser thereof under the Direction of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Money arising from the Sale thereof be applied in the Manner directed as and by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled, *an Act for preferring all just Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be found on Shore or grounded on the Coast of the Kingdom, or any other of Her Majesty's Dominions, and if the same shall have been seized by the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent as aforesaid, then the Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent in doing and the Person who shall have given such Information as shall have led to the Seizure (such Information shall have been given) shall be equally entitled to the Salvage which shall be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty to the Salvors to the Date of such Seizure.*

XV. And be it further enacted, That if the Salvors of any such Article, or any Goods so found, weighed, kept for, or taken Possession of as aforesaid, and so lodged and reported as aforesaid, and the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, cannot agree respecting the Amount of Salvage to be paid for or in respect of the same, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, then the Matter in Difference shall be determined by any Two Justices of the Peace sitting next to the Place where such Article or Goods shall be deposited; and such Justices shall beg to be proceed in their Enquiry as to such Matters in Dispute, within Forty-eight Hours next to the Day in which shall be referred to them for their Determination thereof; and if they cannot agree respecting the same, then it shall be lawful for them to nominate any Third Person indifferent as Matters in Dispute, or their Opinion, who shall determine the Amount of the Salvage to be paid, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, within Forty-eight Hours after he or she shall have been so nominated as aforesaid, and the said Justice or such Third Person so nominated as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority, when or they for Occasion, to examine the Parties or their Witnesses upon Oath, which Oath they are hereby authorized to administer.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be lawful for the said Justices to decide in the like Manner, and within the same Time as is herein-before directed, with regard to Salvage on all Claims and Demands

what

Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent may

as soon as the Articles are received to put Value,

Deputy Vice Admiral may forward any Report as aforesaid and shall have One Third of the Value, Sec 14.

Value may be ascertained as in Salvage (Sec 14, Sec.)

If Deputy Vice Admiral gives any Information, Informer will have to the One Third (Sec 14, Sec.)

Articles not returned within a Year shall be sold under Sec. 15, Ante, c. 11.

Deputy Vice Admiral in doing, and Informer shall be equally entitled to Salvage.

Two Justices empowered as directed in Determining Differences respecting Salvage of such Articles.

Such Justices may nominate a Third Person as Magistrate.

Two Justices empowered as directed in settling the Amount of Salvage on all Claims and Demands

whosoever which shall or may after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, be made by Pilots, Boatmen, and other Persons, for Services of any Description (except Pilotage) to be rendered by them on any Ship or Vessel, as well for carrying off from the Shore to such Ship or Vessel any Anchors, Cables, or other Stores, from any Part or Parts of the Coast of England and Wales and Shroveton upon Tyne, or for the Laying and preference of Goods or Merchandises which may have been wrecked, stranded, or cast away from any Ship or Vessel, or for being instrumental in Saving the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel, the Master, Owner, or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents being present with such Justice, and that the said Justice or such other Person so appointed as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority in and unto him and unto him as all Cases whatever of Services aforesaid by Pilots, Boatmen, and others on Ships or Vessels (except Pilotage) whether such Ships or Vessels shall at the Time be in Distress or not, and that they shall have the like Power of examining the Particulars their Writings upon Oath as hath heretofore directed; and the Decision of such Justice or of the Person to be by them appointed as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive on all Parties, there and except in such Cases as which an Appeal shall be interposed by either Party to the High Court of Admiralty, such Appeal as in and in respect of the said Justice or such other Person to be appointed as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons claiming to be entitled to Salvage, or the Party or Parties who or who may sue the same, or their Agents, shall be dissatisfied with such Award and Decision of the Justice, or of the Person to be appointed by them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for either of them respectively, within Forty eight Hours after such Award is made, but not afterwards, to declare to the Justice, or such other Person to be appointed by them as aforesaid, his, her, or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of the High Court of Admiralty respecting the said Salvage, and thereupon the Person or Persons claiming to be entitled to Salvage shall be compelled to proceed within Thirty Days from the Date of such Award, by taking out a Writ mandamus to deliver the said Salvage, but in such Case the said Justice are hereby required and empowered to deliver to the Owners and Possessors or their Agents, any such Anchor or Cable, Goods, or other Articles respecting which any Claim for Salvage shall be made upon the Owners or Possessors thereof, his, her, or their Agent, upon good and sufficient Bill in Double the Amount of the Value of the Articles in respect of which such Salvage shall be claimed, and which Bill shall be taken by a Commissioner for taking Examination in Præc. Cas. &c. if there shall be one in the Port or Place where such Difference shall arise, but if there shall be no such Commissioner there, then the said Justice or Justice to whom such Difference shall have been referred, or either of them, or any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, are and is hereby authorized to take the same; and the Commissioner or Justice who shall take such Bill shall certify the same according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, and transmit the same without Delay to the High Court of Admiralty, to be filed with a true Certificate in Writing of the exact Value of the Whole of the Articles respecting which Salvage shall be claimed, and with a Copy of such Proceedings and Awards on aforesaid Paper, a rubric under it a Head of such Commissioner or Justice taking the Bill as aforesaid, and the same shall be admitted to be such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Person to be so named by the said Justice as aforesaid, who shall declare as the Amount of Salvage to be paid, or as the Value of the Articles, or as the Remuneration to be made to Persons receiving Assistance in Ships or Vessels, or Persons as aforesaid, to demand and receive as and from the Owners or Owners of the Articles wrecked, or of the Ships or Vessels in Behalf of which the Services may have been rendered, or his, her, or their Agent or Agent, a Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds Two Shillings each, and both Owner or Owners or his, her, or their Agent or Agent, shall and is and are hereby required to pay to the Person to be so named by the said Justice named as aforesaid, such For or Reward immediately after he shall have made his Award or Decision, and on Delivery of the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, wilfully cut away, cut aside, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or shall do or commit any Act with Intent and Design to cut away, cut aside, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or in any other Manner or manner any Mast, Main Rope, or Mast, belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or which may be attached to any Anchor or Cable belonging to any Ship or Vessel whatever, whether in Distress or otherwise, such Person or Persons is offending shall, on being convicted of such Offence, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be liable to be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or in Discretion of such Justices to be imprisoned for any Number of Years at the Discretion of the Court in which the Conviction shall be made.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully, and with Intent to defraud and injure the true Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person entitled therein as aforesaid, purchase or receive any Anchors, Cables, or Goods, or Merchandises, which may have been taken up, weighed, Seized for, or taken Possession of, whether the same shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel in Distress or otherwise, or whether the same shall have been preferred from any Wreck, if the Directions herein before contained with regard to such Articles shall not have been previously complied with, such Person or Persons shall on Conviction thereof be deemed guilty of receiving stolen Goods, knowing the same to be stolen, as if the same had been stolen on Shore, and shall be liable to the like Punishment as for a Misdemeanor in the Common Law, or be liable to be transported for Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Court, before which he, she, or they shall be tried.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master, Mate, or Crew of any Ship or Vessel bound to Ports beyond the Seas, shall find and take on board of such Ship or Vessel, any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandises, or shall receive any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandises on board of such Ship or Vessel, from any other Person or Persons who may have found the same, knowing the same to have been so found,

shall be liable to Distress, as in and in respect of the said Justice or such other Person to be appointed as aforesaid.

Decision of Justice or other Person shall be final, unless an Appeal is made to the High Court of Admiralty, in such Cases as which an Appeal shall be interposed by either Party to the High Court of Admiralty, such Appeal as in and in respect of the said Justice or such other Person to be appointed as aforesaid.

Persons claiming to be entitled to Salvage, or the Party or Parties who or who may sue the same, or their Agents, shall be dissatisfied with such Award and Decision of the Justice, or of the Person to be appointed by them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for either of them respectively, within Forty eight Hours after such Award is made, but not afterwards, to declare to the Justice, or such other Person to be appointed by them as aforesaid, his, her, or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of the High Court of Admiralty respecting the said Salvage, and thereupon the Person or Persons claiming to be entitled to Salvage shall be compelled to proceed within Thirty Days from the Date of such Award, by taking out a Writ mandamus to deliver the said Salvage, but in such Case the said Justice are hereby required and empowered to deliver to the Owners and Possessors or their Agents, any such Anchor or Cable, Goods, or other Articles respecting which any Claim for Salvage shall be made upon the Owners or Possessors thereof, his, her, or their Agent, upon good and sufficient Bill in Double the Amount of the Value of the Articles in respect of which such Salvage shall be claimed, and which Bill shall be taken by a Commissioner for taking Examination in Præc. Cas. &c. if there shall be one in the Port or Place where such Difference shall arise, but if there shall be no such Commissioner there, then the said Justice or Justice to whom such Difference shall have been referred, or either of them, or any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, are and is hereby authorized to take the same; and the Commissioner or Justice who shall take such Bill shall certify the same according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, and transmit the same without Delay to the High Court of Admiralty, to be filed with a true Certificate in Writing of the exact Value of the Whole of the Articles respecting which Salvage shall be claimed, and with a Copy of such Proceedings and Awards on aforesaid Paper, a rubric under it a Head of such Commissioner or Justice taking the Bill as aforesaid, and the same shall be admitted to be such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

See Schedule (A).

Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds Two Shillings each, and both Owner or Owners or his, her, or their Agent or Agent, shall and is and are hereby required to pay to the Person to be so named by the said Justice named as aforesaid, such For or Reward immediately after he shall have made his Award or Decision, and on Delivery of the same.

Person or Persons shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, wilfully cut away, cut aside, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or shall do or commit any Act with Intent and Design to cut away, cut aside, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or in any other Manner or manner any Mast, Main Rope, or Mast, belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or which may be attached to any Anchor or Cable belonging to any Ship or Vessel whatever, whether in Distress or otherwise, such Person or Persons is offending shall, on being convicted of such Offence, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be liable to be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or in Discretion of such Justices to be imprisoned for any Number of Years at the Discretion of the Court in which the Conviction shall be made.

Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully, and with Intent to defraud and injure the true Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person entitled therein as aforesaid, purchase or receive any Anchors, Cables, or Goods, or Merchandises, which may have been taken up, weighed, Seized for, or taken Possession of, whether the same shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel in Distress or otherwise, or whether the same shall have been preferred from any Wreck, if the Directions herein before contained with regard to such Articles shall not have been previously complied with, such Person or Persons shall on Conviction thereof be deemed guilty of receiving stolen Goods, knowing the same to be stolen, as if the same had been stolen on Shore, and shall be liable to the like Punishment as for a Misdemeanor in the Common Law, or be liable to be transported for Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Court, before which he, she, or they shall be tried.

Master, Mate, or Crew of any Ship or Vessel bound to Ports beyond the Seas, shall find and take on board of such Ship or Vessel, any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandises, or shall receive any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandises on board of such Ship or Vessel, from any other Person or Persons who may have found the same, knowing the same to have been so found,

of the Names and Prices of Articles of the respective Retailers: And before any Person who shall obtain such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable (as herein-before required to be obtained) shall proceed to cut up the same by whatsoever, there shall be published by the Space of One Week at least before the cutting up the same, One or more Advertisements or Advertisements in some publick Newspaper, printed search to the Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depot where the Articles shall be deposited, notifying that such Party had obtained such Permit for the Purpose of cutting up such Cable, and of such Kind and Quality as therein defined, and also specifying the Price where such Articles shall be deposited: whosoever it shall be lawful for all and every Person or Persons who may have full Cause to suspect that such Articles are the Property of such Person or Persons, and that have verified upon Oath the Fact of such Sale, use, or other Sale prior before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to the said Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depot, by Warrant for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from such Dealer who shall have so advertised, and that he is sworn to be informed as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of the Book or Books of Entries therein required by him or her to be kept, and sufficient evidence the Cable described in such Permit; and to cause any such Dealer, when he thereto is required as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to produce to the Person named in such Warrant in the Place on which Oath the same shall have been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books to which Entries containing Accounts of the several Particulars (as aforesaid) required to be entered shall be made, or to permit such Inspection or Examination as aforesaid, or shall otherwise obstruct such Search for the cutting up of any such Cable, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisement or Advertisements relative thereto as is herein-before defined and required, the Dealer or Dealer in default offending in all or any of the Particulars herein before mentioned shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being his, her, or their Full Office, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, and he or she or they or their Full Office any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall be Condition before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to aforesaid, to be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offence shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by the Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Prosecution, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, and in case no sufficient Distress shall be found, then or by such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by any such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, to Gaol, until he or she or their Full Office for the Space of Six Calendar Months, and in case of any Second or further Offence for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months, until the said Penalty and the Charges shall be fully paid.

shall extend to the cutting up of Cables.

Provision of such Statute may be amended by future Acts.

Provision as to Deeds for Magistrates.

XIX. And he is further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, all Manufacturers of Ammunition and Kedge Anchors shall place his, her, or their Name or Names, together with a progressive Number, and also the Weight of the Anchor, in legible Characters upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank under the Stock of such Anchor which he, she, or they shall manufacture, and shall also place his, her, or their Name or Names together with a Number, and also the Weight of the Kedge Anchor upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank near to the Stock of every Kedge Anchor which he, she, or they shall manufacture, and in case any such Manufacturers shall neglect to place such Name, Number, or Weight in the Manner herein-before directed and required, every such Person or Persons offending shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, on the Oath of one credible Witness, or on the Conviction of the Jury in default, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, a Collection Party being, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offence shall be committed.

Manufacturers shall put Marks on Anchor and Kedge Anchors.

XX. And, for the more ready and speedy Conviction of Offenders against the Act: Be it further enacted, That all and every Justice and Justices of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form: *Witness*

Form of Conviction.

‘ *BE* it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. _____
 ‘ _____ One [or, Two, or the like] of His Majesty’s Justices
 ‘ of the Peace for the _____ [See *before the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where committed.*]
 ‘ do hereby certify that _____ contrary to an Act passed in the Fifth ninth Year of the Kings of Great Britain’s
 ‘ Majesty, entitled, [See *before the Title of the Act.*] Great under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals]
 ‘ the Day and Year first above written.’

And on Conviction or other Way or Process for the Removal of any such Conviction, or any Proceedings thereon, into any of His Majesty’s Courts of Record at Westminster, shall be allowed or granted.

XXI. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to be convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace before mentioned of any Offence or Offences against this Act, within Three Calendar Months next after such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions holden for the County, City or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall arise, being the Ten Days Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against, and of the Matter thereof, and entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City, or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties according to any such Appeal, and for abating the Detention of the Crown thereon; and such Justices at the General Quarter Sessions shall, upon the Proof of such Matter being true given, and Recognizance entered into, have and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either acquit, or quash and annul the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as to them shall seem

Appeal to General Quarter Sessions.

John

XXXII. And Whereas it is expedient that the like Means of conclusively settling and recovering the
 • Quantums of the Monies or Grativities to be paid to the said several Persons sitting or being employed in the
 • Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods or Persons on board
 • thereof, should be settled, and be by Law applicable in Cases where the Salvoes shall have acted under and by the
 • Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander or other superior Officers, Masters, or
 • Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, as are now by Law provided for settling the Quantums of such
 • Monies or Grativities which shall here become due in Cases where Application shall have been first made to the
 • Officers of the Customs, or other the Officers or Officers in that Behalf named and appointed to and by a
 • certain Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, entitled, *An Act for performing all such*
 • *Ships and Goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced ashore or stranded upon the Coast of the Kingdom, or any*
 • *other of Her Majesty's Dominions; and where such Applications shall thereupon have been received, in pursuance*
 • *of the Provision of that Statute.* Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First of August One
 thousand eight hundred and nine, and every the like Means which in virtue of the last last mentioned Act
 shall, and may now be by Law applied for the conclusively settling, and for the recovering of the Quantums
 of the Monies or Grativities to be paid to the several Persons sitting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship
 or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods, in Cases where Application shall have been
 first made pursuant to the said Act to Officers of the Customs, or other the Officers or Officers in that Behalf
 mentioned, and Assistance shall have been thereupon engaged and had in pursuance of the Provisions of the
 said Act, shall be by Law applicable and available in like Manner to all Issues and Papers in Cases where the
 Salvoes shall have acted under and by the Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander
 or other superior Officers, Masters, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, although no such Application
 shall have been made to any any Authority or Assistance derived from any Officers of the Customs, or other the
 Officers or Officers in the said Statute in that Behalf mentioned; and thereupon upon Payment or Tender and
 Release of the Quantums of the Monies or Grativities to be paid to the several Persons who shall have acted or
 been employed in such Salvage, or in such such Papers or Tender cannot be made, on 8 carry being given for
 the true Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justices who shall have adjudge said Quantums or Grativities,
 it shall not be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, or other Person or Persons having the Possession or Custody
 of such Ship, Vessel, Materials, Stores, or Goods, any longer to retain the Possession or Custody of the same,
 or any Part thereof, by Reason or Pretence of any Claim or Right to a Compensation or Gratuity of such
 Salvage as aforesaid, or for having acted or been employed therein.

“ *Publick Act.* § 31.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for Seven Years from the
 passing hereof.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

ON the before me	Day of	at	in the Year of our Lord in the County of	[See 110.]
[Ship's Name]	A. B. [How right the Name of the Salvoes appear and near the Store and other Articles]			
[id est]	Articles and Goods, &c. as the Copy may be			
	contain Goods and Merchandise lately found and taken			
	possession of and belonging to the said Ship, whereof			
	was Master, and also			
	against the said			
	Master and the Owners [or if the Owners also appear by			
	Attorney or Agents, then here set the Master's Name] of the said Goods and Merchandise in a Craft of Salvage.			
[Magistrate's Name.]	On which Day appeared personally			
	and			
	who produced themselves as Sureties for			
	the said			
	the Master and for the Owners of the said Goods and Merchandise,			
	and, submitting themselves to the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England, bound themselves,			
	their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators for the said Master and Owners of the said Goods and Merchandise,			
	to the Sum of			
	of lawful Money of Great Britain, unto the said			
	to satisfy such Salvage and Expenses, as the Value of the Goods as the Case may be, as shall be hereafter			
	determined by the said Court, according to the Tenor of the Act in that behalf made and provided; and which they			
	shall do in, they hereby content that Extension shall also forth against them, their Heirs, Executors, and			
	Administrators, Goods and Chattels, wherefore the same shall be found, to the Value of the Sum above			
	mentioned.			

This Bond was duly taken, acknowledged, and received at the Time
 and Place above written, before me the undersigned Commissioner,
 and I do believe and consider the Persons above mentioned sufficient
 Surety for the said Sum of

Republishes of
 to the 11th
 of the 18th
 settling and
 recovering
 Quantums of
 Salvage, con-
 tained in Cases
 of Salvage where
 Salvoes have
 acted under
 Authority of a
 Magistrate or the
 Captain, &c. of
 the Vessel in
 Distress.

Continues all
 the Act.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made on the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually managing His Majesty's Navy during the present War; and for the further Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea, and to amend the Provisions of the said Act to take effect in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the said Act. [12th June 1809.]

416 1 177

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually managing His Majesty's Navy during the present War, a new Provision is made for the Conduct of the Officers in Vice Admiralty Courts, requiring Every such Court have been appointed in the said Courts, which Provisions have not been strictly observed for the good Purposes intended therein; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty King George the Third, His Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the Statute in every Vice Admiralty Court shall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, the Twenty-fifth Day of June, the Twentieth Day of September, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December in every Year, or in less than each of the said Quarter Days respectively as any Ship shall be ordered to attend to the Register of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, a List of all the Prizes that shall have been adjudged in their Courts respectively during the preceding Quarter of a Year, together with the Names of commanding Ships and their Commanders, and the Agents for the Captains, with a Copy of the several Parts of the Sentences given by the Courts; and in the same Form deliver or cause to be delivered Duplicate of the same to the Deputies of the said Treasurers of the said Hospitals, That whenever the Command Vice Admiralty are or shall be established, or to whom these Jurisdictions shall stand, which Lists are to be transmitted to the Register of the High Court of Admiralty by the said Treasurers, the said Lists are to be published in open Session of the High Court of Admiralty in such its Court-room, or in the Court Room as it by the said recited Act required with respect to the Lists therein directed to be transmitted to the said Treasurers.*

Register of Vice Admiralty Courts shall every Quarter transmit to Register of Admiralty and Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, List of all Prizes adjudged. [17-15 G 3. 4. 74. 144.]

Register of Admiralty and Vice Admiralty Courts shall every Quarter transmit to General in Chief, Captain of General of Letters of Admiralty, to be deposited by 25 G 3. 4. 74. 144. 145. 146.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Register or Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, and of every Court of Vice Admiralty in the respective Provinces, shall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, the Twenty-fifth Day of June, the Twentieth Day of September, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December in every Year, or within a shorter Space at each of such Quarter Days respectively, in so far as respects the High Court of Admiralty, and with respect to Courts of Vice Admiralty, as soon after each of the said Quarter Days as any Ship or Vessel shall be ordered to attend to the Treasurer of the said Hospital, or to the Deputies Deposited by the Treasurers, a true Copy or Transcription of a List of the Names of the said Lists, of the Names of the Lists of a Prize and other Particulars by the said recited Act directed to be returned or registered in the Books of such Register, in the Manner therein mentioned; and if any such Register or Registrar shall neglect or refuse to transmit or deliver such Copies or Transcriptions, unless the neglect or Times by law appointed for that Purpose, he so they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: Provided always, that any Agent or Agents that be appointed after the Time any Sentence of Committal in any of the said Courts of Admiralty shall be given, such Agent or Agents shall, under the said Statute Penalty, register or cause to be registered in Manner aforesaid, his or their respective Letters or Letters of Attorney appointing him or them Agent or Agents as aforesaid, within the Space of Twenty Days after the Date of the said Letters or Letters of Attorney.

And also Copies of Letters of Admiralty to be registered.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Register and Registrar of the said Courts of Vice Admiralty shall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, the Twenty-fifth Day of June, the Twentieth Day of September, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, in every Year, transmit, and as soon after each of such Quarter Days respectively as any Ship shall be ordered to attend to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, Copies of all Letters of Attorney which shall have been registered in Manner as aforesaid by the said Act in the Three Months preceding, authenticated under the Seal of the Judge or Judges in Manner by the said Act expressed, and for the Purpose in the said Act mentioned, and shall at the same Time transmit a Copy of the said delivered single Copies to the Deputies of the said Treasurers, with an as the several Parts of every such Court of Vice Admiralty are or shall be established, or at any Place where the Jurisdiction of such Court is exercised, the Charges of such Copies, and allowing the Seal of such Courts, and the said Deputies, and causing the same to be transmitted to the Treasurer of the said Hospital and the Deputies, shall be paid by the said Agent or Agents at the Time of making such Register as aforesaid, and in such form, Register or Registrar, and shall be in the said Manner and form, as aforesaid, or such Copy or Copies of such Letters or Letters of Attorney as aforesaid, and within the Term by the said Act directed to be observed, he or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Further Provision respecting the manner, and delivery of Prizes Lists, and the Seal of Prizes Lists, and the Seal of Prizes Lists respectively shall be contained in the Statute in force. [25 G 3. 4. 74. 145. 146.]

IV. And whereas it is enacted that further Provision should be made respecting the making out and delivery of Prize Lists, and the Register of Prizes, whole Names may be comprised therein, as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That when any Prize shall be taken by any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or land armed Vessels, the Captain or Commander of the capturing Ship, or his Post-captain or Post-captain's Authority, shall forthwith make out and deliver or send to the Agent or Agents appointed as aforesaid to attend to the Prize, or any Deputy or any payable in respect thereof, such a certified and particular List of the Prizes as aforesaid to have therein as it is and by the said recited Act mentioned and directed, which Prize List shall be transmitted by every such Captain or Commander, and by the Lieutenant, and if more than one, then by the Post-Lieutenant,

tenant, and also by the Master and Purser or Pursons or Pursons sitting as such, of every capturing Ship or Vessel to which the same relates, after the same shall have been carefully compared with the Master Books of every such Ship or Vessel; and the Agent or Agents making Distributions conformably to any Prize List established, shall have the same Provision that is given to him or them by the Provisions of the said Act in making Distributions conformably to a Prize List created as therein is directed. Provided always, that any Error in any such List may be corrected by a Comparison with the Master Book or Books from which the same was taken at any Time prior to actual Distributions: Provided also, that in all Cases where any Prize Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, actually enlisted in there is any Capture, shall after Distributions has been made, be proved by a Comparison with the Master Books or Returns to the Mast Officer or otherwise, or the Satisfaction of the Commandants of the Navy or any Three of them to have been actually so enlisted, but entered in the Distributions List by Accident or Default, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commandants or any Three of them to certify such Officer to the Board of Directors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, who shall thereupon credit the Amount of the Share to which such Prize Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, is entitled in the Distributions List, would have been entitled to be paid out of the unexpended or run Men's Shares on the same Prize, or out of the General Fund of unexpended and forfeited Shares of Prize Money in the Hands of the said Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital; and the said Treasurer or his Deputy shall thereupon be entitled to warrant and procure in the Name of such Prize Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, in his Charge and to the Use of the said Hospital, any Allowance or Sum equal to the Agent or Agents for the Recovery of the Amount of the Money so paid, that the said Prize Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, might have if he had not received a Satisfaction for the same from the said Hospital; but if such Agent or Agents shall be made liable to any such Demands in consequence of an Officer or Officer in any Prize List created in him or them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for him or them to stop and retain the Amount of the Share for which he shall be liable out of any Prize or Bounty Money in his or their Hands, payable to the Captain or Commander by whom such Prize List was signed and created as aforesaid, or his Executive or Administrators, or to have a Remedy over by Action against him, them or any of them, for any Charge or Damage thereby followed.

V. And Whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, That every Arrest or Arrest in the United Kingdom shall within Six Weeks after any Condemnation in the High Court of Admiralty, creating a Sentence of such a Condemnation to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital or his Deputy, together with an Account of the State of the Property condemned at the Time of such Transaction? Be it further enacted, That every such Arrest shall within Six Weeks after any Condemnation in the High Court of Admiralty, creating a Sentence of such a Condemnation to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, together with a full and Accurate Account of the State of the Property condemned at the Time of such Transaction, or part of the same for every Night the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, unless a reasonable Cause shall be shown to and approved by the Court of Admiralty.

VI. And Whereas it is necessary to make further Provisions respecting Notices to be given of the Payment of Prize Money in consequence of Condemnations in Courts of Vice Admiralty, and of a Part of Bounty Money granted by the said several Acts, in respect of the Number of Men on board the Enemy's Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, as in the said Act is mentioned? Be it therefore further enacted, That all and every Purson or Pursons appointed or to be appointed for the Receipt and Distribution of any Bounty Money by the said Acts granted, shall transmit or deliver written Notifications of an individual Share of such Bounty Money to the Purson hereinafter mentioned; and that in all Cases in which any Agent or Agents, Purson or Pursons appointed or to be appointed for the Payment or Distribution of any such Prize Money or Bounty Money who are required by the said Act to deliver to any Officer of the Customs, Three Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications, as he is constituted to Expound such Agent or Agents, Purson or Pursons first, unless thereof, deliver his said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distributions, as like Manner aforesaid by him or them, together with Six such Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or other (as the Case may be) in such Cases, and the Officer receiving the same shall deliver to Name to each of the said Six Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distributions, as by the said Act is directed, and shall forthwith deliver one of the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distributions, together with one of the said Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or other (as the Case may be) in such Cases, to the Deputy or the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or other (as the Case may be) at the Place where such Court of Vice Admiralty is or shall be established, or to such or Jurisdiction shall extend, and by the said Ship or other Part or Parts in Great Britain shall transmit one of the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or Notifications of Distributions, together with one of the said Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share to the Treasurer or the Royal Hospital at Greenwich or his Deputy there, and another to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy in London, and shall by the said Ship or Vessel which shall sail from the Port or Place where the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications shall be delivered, for any Port of Great Britain, transmit in like Manner to each of the aforesaid mentioned Officers one of the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or other Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or other (as the Case may be), in such Cases, marked by him as Duplicate of the former, and that carefully preserve and keep in his Custody the Books of the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distributions, together with the Books of the said Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or other (as the Case may be) in such Cases; and at all Ports and Places where Vice Admiralty Courts, with Jurisdiction in Prize Causes, are or shall be established, at which there shall be an Collector, Comptroller, or Scrivener, or other Officer of the Customs, the said Gazetteers, Newspapers, or other Notifications of Distributions, together with the said Notifications of

Agents shall
transmit within
of Condemnation
in the High Court
of Admiralty or
of the Navy.
[See 42 G. 3.
c. 72 § 44.]

Further Pro-
visions respecting
Notices of Pay-
ment of Prize
Money and
Bounty Money.
[See 42 G. 3.
c. 72 § 45.]

the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, shall be delivered to and transmitted and kept respectively in like Manner by the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of each Vice Admiralty Court; and in all other Places where Prize or Bounty Money shall be distributed or payable where there shall be no Court of Vice Admiralty, the said Gazette, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with the said Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, shall be delivered to the principal Civil Officer of the said Place or the Deputy, for the Purpose of being transmitted and kept as aforesaid; and all and every Parties and Persons, Agents and Agents, appointed or to be appointed for the Payment or Distribution of any Prize Money or Bounty Money, who shall neglect or refuse to deliver the said several Gazette, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with the said several Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, as herein-before directed to be transmitted, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every Collector, Comptroller, Searcher, or principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, Registrar or Deputy Registrar of each Vice Admiralty Court, or other Person so aforesaid, who shall neglect or refuse to receive, or to send, or who shall not transmit, send, or keep any such Gazette, Newspaper, or written Notification of Distribution, or any such Notification of the Amount of an individual Share in each Class, as in Manner herein-before directed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions made in the before recited Act passed in the Tenthth Year of His present Majesty, for inflicting a speedy Disfranchisement of the State of Captives of Prize takenth by His Majesty's Ships should be more effectually enforced: Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where the Prize shall have been sold, and the Time of Appeal shall have expired, or if an Appeal shall have been lodged, the same shall have been abandoned, and the Distribution shall not have been made within the Time and in the Manner required by the said recited Act, the Officers for Prizes in the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, shall have full Power as the Treasurer of the Navy, who shall thereupon apply to the High Court of Admiralty for a Mandate or such other Process of the Court as may be expedient under the Circumstances of the Case, for compelling a speedy and efficient Satisfaction of the Prizes.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That upon every Order for receiving the Prize Money of a Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marines, the following Words shall be printed or written, before the same shall be sealed; (to-wit), "Take Notice, that no Prize Money shall be received under this Order, except by an Agent duly licensed, as conformably to the Act of Parliament of the Forty-sixth Year of King George the Third, or by the Wife, or the Parents, or Children of the Grievor; and that every Offence against the said Provision of the above recited Act, is punishable as a Misdemeanor."

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Claim of Prize or Bounty Money shall be made upon any Prize Agent or Prize Agent, accompanied with a Requisition in Writing from the Clerk of the Cheque at the said Royal Hospital, or the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A) requiring that such Claim may be either satisfied, or a Reason assigned for its Disallowance, such Prize Agent or Prize Agent shall either pay the same, or date a Writing under his or their Hand or Hands the Reason of his or their refusing to do so, and deliver the same to the Party claiming the same, and performing such Requisitions; and if the Reason assigned be that such Claim has been already satisfied, the said Agent or Agents shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Parties or Parties by whom the Amount thereof was received, and under what Authority, from the Claimant or Claimants, and at what Time or Times the same was paid; and if any such Agent or Agents refusing Payment of any such Prize or Bounty Money, shall omit in the Time of such Claim being made, accompanied by such Requisitions as aforesaid or within Ten Days afterwards to give and subscribe such Information as to the Cause of not satisfying such Claim, he or they shall forfeit and pay to such Claimant or Claimants Double the Amount of the Sum so claimed, to be recovered by him, her, or them, with full Costs of Suit as an Action of Debt, wherein it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to declare against the Defendant or Defendants for so much Money had and received by him or them to and for the Use of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; and that Proof of such Claim, and of the Service of such Requisition as is herein-before mentioned, upon such Agent or Agents, shall be and be deemed sufficient Evidence in Support of any such Action; any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And Whereas it is expedient that further Provisions should be made for a more certain Transmission to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, of Accounts of the Produce of Prizes, and of the Distribution to the Captains, and to some effectually enforcing the Payment of all Debts due in the Hands of Agents in the said Treasurer's Office: Be it therefore enacted, That every Agent for a Prize or Prizes, and Person authorized to receive any Bounty Bill or Bills, shall and he shall be and use hereby required, at the End of Four Months next after the Day on which Distribution shall have been made or payment to the Defendants in the said Act contained, to pay over all Shares and Dividends which shall then remain in his or their Hands unpaid and undistributed, to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or such Person as he or she shall appoint or depute to receive the same, and render and verify his and their Accounts in the Manner by the said Act directed, under the like Penalties for Neglect of Duty as are by the said Act required for neglecting in making, rendering, and verifying such Payments and Accounts within Four Months next after the said Distribution of such Prize and Bounty Money.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Prize Agent, shall at the same Time that he delivers or transmits an aforesaid Copy of the detailed Accounts of the Sale of any Prize or Prizes, together with aforesaid Copies of all Vouchers to the Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty respectively, as directed by the said recited Act, shall, and he is hereby directed and required to transmit another aforesaid Copy of the said detailed Accounts and Vouchers to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, and every such Agent shall

shall

Where Distribution of Prizes is not made at the Time required by 40 G. 3. c. 79. [S. 28. 21. 22.] Such Claims shall be deemed to be made by the Treasurer of the Navy, &c. Notice to be given on Claims for receiving Prize Money.

To Cites when any Claim of Prize Money shall be made, with a Requisition (See Schedule A) from the Clerk of the Cheque may be satisfied, or a Reason assigned, or if the Reason assigned be that such Claim has been already satisfied, the Agent shall specify the Name, &c. of the Parties by whom the same was received.

At the End of Four Months after Payment of the Debt in the said Act contained, the Agent shall pay over all Shares and Dividends which shall then remain in his or their Hands unpaid and undistributed, to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or such Person as he or she shall appoint or depute to receive the same, and render and verify his and their Accounts in the Manner by the said Act directed, under the like Penalties for Neglect of Duty as are by the said Act required for neglecting in making, rendering, and verifying such Payments and Accounts within Four Months next after the said Distribution of such Prize and Bounty Money.

Agents shall transmit another Copy of all Vouchers, and Accounts, to the Treasurer of the said Hospital.

shall neglect or refuse to exhibit such last-mentioned several Copies of Accounts and Vouchers to the said Treasurer, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied in Manner hereinafter directed.

XII. And to it further enacted, That the Agent or Agents for any Prize or Prizes condemned or to be condemned in the *High Seas*, shall, under the Direction of the Court of Vice Admiralty wherein such Condemnation shall have passed, on the Application of the Deputy to the Treasurer of Government Hospital three several, and in such Manner as in any Order to be made for that Purpose shall be specified, remit all unclaimed and undivided Shares and Balances to the Treasurer in England, or pay the same over to the said Deputy, at the Election of him the said Deputy, in that the same may be paid to the said Treasurer within Twelve Months after the said Agent or Agents shall have exhibited his or their Accounts on each Court of Vice Admiralty as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting his or their Bond or Bonds given and entered into pursuant to the Direction of the said Act.

XIII. And Whereas further Provision is necessary to prevent the Fabrication of Orders and Certificates of Payment to receive Prize Money due to Seamen and others: Be it therefore enacted, That all Orders of Prize and Bounty Money due or which shall become due to any Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, Marine, or Soldier, or any Person rated as a Boy or Lads in a Superannuated in His Majesty's Naval Service, shall be paid by the Agent or Agents to the Captains (if the Money shall be in his or their Possession) or the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital for the Time being or his Deputy, and the Clerk of the Charge of the said Royal Hospital for the Time being, or his Chief Clerk (if the same shall have been paid over to the said Treasurer) in the Form aforesaid at a Court, or in any other Place authorized to receive the same, by any Order on the T. or on the R. S. D. by him; in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B) which Order shall specify the Name of the Prize or Prizes delivered or to be Delivered, or give such Deliberation thereof as shall be found necessary to the Petitioner or Persons to whose Possession the said Prize or Bounty Money may happen to be, and who shall be called upon to pay the same; and if the Captains shall have been upon the Land, the Name of the Place captured, together with the Name of His Majesty's Ship or Vessel of War on board of which the Petition making the Order was serving at the Time such Prize or Prizes or Captains or Captains was or were made, and the Petition making such Order shall also procure a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect first set forth in the said Schedule marked (B) which Certificate shall contain a full Deliberation of the Petition making such Order, and shall be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer on board, and One other signing Officer of the Ship or Vessel in which the Petition making such Order shall be then serving, if there shall be more than One such signing Officer on board or belonging to such Ship or Vessel; and if the Petition making such Order shall be delivered from the Service, and shall be received at any Port or Place at which a Deputy to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital shall be appointed, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by such Deputy; and if the Petition making such Order shall reside within Four Miles of the said Royal Hospital, then the said Certificate shall be signed by the Clerk of the Charge of the said Royal Hospital, or his Chief Clerk; and if at any other Place within the Bills of Mortality, then the same shall be signed by the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, or his Assistant; and if at any Place so far as the Bills of Mortality, or within Four Miles of the said Royal Hospital, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by the Master and One of the Churchwardens, and it is enacted, that the Master and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such Petition shall reside at the Time of a being made; and if the Petition making such Order shall be a Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or a Marine, or a Head Quarters, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer for the Time being, and the Adjutant of the Division or Battalion to which such Petition making such Order shall at the Time belong; and if the Petition making in such Order shall be no Seaman, such Quarters, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by the Master of each such Quarters and One of his Assistants, which Certificate shall be written or printed on the same Paper containing such Order, and which Order and Certificate being perfected together, and the said Order being paid, such Order and Certificate shall remain with the Agent or Agents to the Captains, or the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital or his Deputy, paying the same: Provided always, that every such Order, as aforesaid directed, shall be not liable at Petition by the Petitioner making the same: Provided also, that no such Order shall be valid to authorize the Release of any Prize Money or Bounty Money which shall be in receipt of Payment or Distribution, if the Petition making such Order shall be then residing at a dwelling within the Distance of Five Miles from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable; and in any Agent or Agents for Prizes shall pay or made to be paid any Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money to any Person or Persons, upon any Order made within the Distance of the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable, such Prize Money or Bounty Money being in receipt of Distribution at the Time of making such Order, such Payment shall be void as all Prizes and Particulars and the Agent or Agents making the same shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, and applied to such Manner respectively as in herein-before mentioned; and if any Person or Persons shall falsify make, forge, or counterfeit, or make or procure any other Person or Persons falsify to make, forge, or counterfeit, or shall wilfully sell or assist in the falsifying, forging, or counterfeiting any such Order or Certificate, knowing the same to be false, forged, or counterfeited, with Intent to defraud any Person or Persons, or any Corporation, or any such Person being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XIV. And to it further enacted, That if any Person shall sell or make to be infixed in any Order or Authority for receiving Prize Money, after Anticipation thereof as herein-before directed, the Name of any Prize

[2000]

[1809]

Agents of Prizes
shall pay to
Government
Hospital.

For receiving
Orders and Certificates, by the
Master of the
Hospital.

All Orders
shall be
signed.

By Order of the
Deputy to the
Treasurer of
Government
Hospital.

By Order of the
Deputy to the
Treasurer of
Government
Hospital.

All such Orders
shall remain.

or Bounty Money, other than what shall have been originally expressed in the said Order or Authority when the same shall have been made, the said Parties shall for every such Offence be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be punished accordingly.

“ Orders or Powers of Attorney, heretofore made under 43 G. 3. c. 160. or any other Acts now repealed, shall be void and null, if they are made to a Wife, Child, Father, Mother, Grandfather, Grandmother, Brother, Sister, Uncle, Aunt, Nephew, or Niece of the Party giving the Order. 45.”

XVI. And Whereas it hath been deemed expedient that the Provisions contained in the said recited Act, respecting the enclosed and unpaid Shares of Soldiers serving in any conjoint Expedition with His Majesty's Naval Force, should be explained and amended, and that several of the other Provisions contained in the same Act, and also of these hereto contained, should be amended or be in favour of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and in the Benefit of the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Army, Royal Artillery, Footbills, Black, and all other Troops in the Day of His Majesty, in case of conjoint Expeditions of the Army and Navy: It is therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all enclosed and unpaid Shares of Peace or Discharge remaining unpaid to Officers and Soldiers of the Army, Royal Artillery, Footbills, Black, and all other Troops in the Day of His Majesty, in Case of such conjoint Expedition as aforesaid, shall be paid to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer for the Time being of Chelsea Hospital, within Four Months next after the Day on which Discharge thereon shall be carried pursuant to this Act, except so much as to be retained to any individual entitled to the same, and standing by his Claim thereon, within Six Years after such Payment is made; and that both of the same Shares or Balances as shall now be due as demanded within the said Term of six Years, and also the Shares of Peace of all such Officers and Soldiers as shall be marked in the Books of any Regiment or Corps in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as having derived thereon, shall be retained to and to the Use of Chelsea Hospital aforesaid, until such Soldiers as shall have derived shall be ordered by His Majesty's Proclamation, or otherwise pardoned; and until with respect to the Shares of such Officers and Soldiers as shall not be ordered within the said Period of Six Years, reasonable Care shall be taken to and allowed by the Commissioners for managing the Affairs of the said Hospital, or by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, who hath last mentioned Shares were not obtained in due Time; and that it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Treasurers or his Deputy to compel the Agents for the Army to bring in the Proceeds of the Sales of Prizes into Court, and to enforce Discharges thereof, and to exhibit and verify their Accounts, and pay out the Balances thereof, in like Manner and by the like Means and Methods as the Treasurer of the Navy, the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or any Captain, or any one by the said recited Act or this present Act, or any other Law, empowered to compel the bringing in of Proceeds and enforcing Discharges thereof, and the Production and Verification of Accounts and Payment of unpaid Shares and Balances by the Naval Prize Agents, and under and subject to the same or the like Provisions or Performances for every Royal or Naval in the Proceeds, as they are liable to in respect of any Shares, Balances, and Accounts, directed by the said recited Act to be paid or produced to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjoint Expeditions as aforesaid, the Registers of every Vice Admiralty Court shall transmit to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital, to be registered there, such Lists of Prizes, and other Particulars and Documents relating thereto, and also such Copies of Extracts from those Books relative to any Matters in which the Officers and Soldiers of the Army shall be concerned or involved, and of Letters of Attorney of Officers and Soldiers in the Army registered in their Country, as they are hereby directed to transmit to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, and at the same Times, and under the same Penalties for Neglects therein respectively; and that true Copies of such Letters of Attorney, to be transmitted and registered, shall be Evidence of Agency in like Manner as in the said recited Act is mentioned in that behalf respecting the Copies transmitted to and registered by the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjoint Expeditions as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Judge of any Vice Admiralty Court, in all Cases of Conviction, where there is no Claim or Appeal before the Court, and for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, in all Cases where any Sentence of Conviction pronounced in that Court is appealed from, to adopt such Orders and Proceedings in favour or on behalf of Chelsea Hospital, respecting the Proceeds of all Prizes in which the Officers and Soldiers of the Army employed in such Expeditions shall be involved, as the said Judge respectively are by the said recited Act authorized to adopt in favour or on behalf of Greenwich Hospital; and that every Agent residing in the United Kingdom shall, within Six Weeks after any Conviction in the said High Court of Admiralty, transmit such Notice to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital, as he is directed by the said recited Act to transmit to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, and under the same Penalty for every Neglect in that behalf.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjoint Expeditions as aforesaid, the Persons or Agents appointed as before is mentioned or referred to, for the Payment of the Shares of Prizes, shall after the Sale or Sale of any Prize or Prizes taken or to be taken upon any of such Expeditions, deliver to the Collector, Comptroller, Treasurer, or other Officer hereto mentioned in that behalf, a printed or written Notification, to be subscribed and transmitted by him to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital of the Time of Payment of the Shares of the same Prizes, and all Particulars relating thereto, and also together therewith a written Notification of the Amount of an individual Share in each Case, in like Manner as such Notifications are hereby directed to be transmitted to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, and under the same Penalties for neglecting to deliver or transmit the same Notifications to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital as aforesaid, and that all such Notifications to be transmitted to and registered at that

Hospital

Hospital unissued Ball, as both Proof as in the said revised A.B. is mentioned, be Evidence in Manuscripts deposited on that Subject.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioned Officer of the Army shall die O. by any Order or Writing, that his Distributor Share or Balance of any Prize or Prizes shall not be paid over to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital*, the same shall remain in the Hands of the Agent, (with) as all such further Orders as such Officer may give respecting the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That an Order shall be allowed, as any Account, in the Payments of unissued or forfeited Shares and Balances paid over to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital*, for any Share not appearing upon the Price List of Distribution to have been already paid and acknowledged, which (with) other Vouchers from the Parties, or their lawful Attorneys, shall be produced for the same.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Shares of Prize Money due and to become due to Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Army, in case of such compound Expeditious as aforesaid, shall be paid by the Agent, or by the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital*, or his Clerk (if in the Case may require), to the Parties entitled thereto, or Parties authorized by an Order in the Form first set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.) to receive the same; which Order shall specify the Place, Town, or Ships, out of which the Prize Money shall have arisen, together with the Name of the Regiment or Corps to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have belonged at the Time of the Capture; and the Parties making such Order shall also procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or in the E.B. first set forth in the said Schedule marked (C.), which Certificate shall be signed by the Commanding Officer, Assistant, and Representative of the Regiment to which such Parties shall be known, provided the Signatures of such Officers can be obtained; and in case the Signatures of all or any of such respective Officers cannot be obtained, by reason of the Regiment or Part of the Regiment being at Detachments, or other unavoidable Causes, then and in such Case such Certificate shall be signed by such of the said Officers as may be present when the Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier is then being, and any other Commissioned Officers of the Regiment or Corps then present, in that they shall not be able that the Signatures of those Commissioned Officers to such Certificate, or in case such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be detached from his Regiment, or be in any Hospital or Sick Quarters, in that he cannot procure such Certificate of his Officers as aforesaid, the same shall be filled particularly on the Order, and the Certificate shall be signed by the Three former Officers belonging to such Detachment, or by the Surgeon or principal Medical Officer belonging to such Hospital or Sick Quarters (as the Case may require), and by Two other principal Military or Civil Officers belonging to such Hospital, or residing in such Quarters, or in case such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have been detached from the Service, then to fill procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or in the E.B. first set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed marked (D.), and which shall be signed by the Member and One of the Churchwardens, or (if in Scotland) by the Minister and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such aforesaid Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier may then reside, and if such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be dead, then the Parties entitled to receive his Share of such Prize or Bounty Money shall procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or in the E.B. first set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed marked (E.), which Certificate shall be signed by the Member and One of the Churchwardens, or (if in Scotland) by the Minister and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such Parties shall then reside. Provided always, that every such Order as aforesaid shall be made out by the Parties making the same: It is also enacted, that no such Order shall be valid to authorize the Receipt of any Prize Money or Bounty Money which shall be in course of Payment or Distribution to any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier as aforesaid, if the Parties making such Order shall be then making or doing within the Distance of Five Miles from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable; and if their Agents or Agents for Parties shall pay or make to be paid any Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money to any Parties or Parties upon any Order made within the Distance aforesaid from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable, such Prize Money or Bounty Money being in course of Distribution at the Time of making such Order, such Payment shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and the Agent or Agents making the same shall forfeit the like Penalty as herein before mentioned with respect to Payments made to the Clerks of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, under the like Circumstances, and shall be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, and applied respectively to such Misdoers as herein after mentioned.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That for the Stamp Duty on every of such Orders, there shall not be more than the Sum of One Shilling paid for each Parties taking any the same.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Receipts given or taken for Prize Money, or Balances paid or received by the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital* shall be exempt from and not liable to any Duty of Stamp whatsoever; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereto notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital*, in such Cases as aforesaid, to appoint a Deputy or Deputies for receiving Applications and Claims for Army Prize Money, as the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital* is by the last revised A.B. authorized respecting the Navy Prize Money; and that the Modes and Regulations directed by the same A.B. for receiving Shares of Prize Money paid into *Greenwich Hospital*, and for facilitating the Payment of Prize Money to Seamen, and procuring Friends attending the same, or as nearly as may be and Circumstances will permit, and under the same Penalty for retaining any Fee or Reward for retaining or paying any such Money from *His Majesty's Hospital*; and also that the Provisions and Directions herein contained respecting any Grants made or to be made by His Majesty, his

Officers of the Army may also be distributed to receive within the Army.
No Distribution allowed on unissued Shares which on Wishes
Share of Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Army, in case of compound Expeditious, shall be paid under Orders in the Form or in the Schedule (C.) and (D.)

in Stamp Duty on Orders.

Receiving the Prize Money exempt from Stamp Duty.

Treasurer of *His Majesty's Hospital* may appoint a Deputy.
Regulations of *Greenwich Hospital* to be followed in receiving Shares, to be paid into *Greenwich Hospital*, shall be also applied to *His Majesty's Hospital*.
Here

Hires or Successors, and the full Benefit thereof, shall extend and apply to and in favour of *George Hospital* as well as *Government Hospital* in Case of such several Expatriations as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy Treasurer of *George Hospital* shall and may lease and execute the same as the like Liberty or Privilege of receiving and finding Letters or Patents upon any Business or Art or Invention as aforesaid, free from the Duty of Pealage, in the same or the like Manner, and with the same or the like Regulations, and under the same Penalty for every Abuse of such Liberty or Privilege, as in and by any former Act made or to be made respecting the Treasurer of *Government Hospital* in this behalf.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Expenses incurred or to be incurred in executing the Act, and of the said recited Act, and the same paid or to be paid to any Officers or Persons employed on behalf of *George Hospital*, for their Care, Payment and Trouble in performing the Regulations and Directions thereof, shall, in like as the same relate to their Officers or Persons, be subject to the Direction of the Commissioners for managing the Affairs of the same Hospital, and shall be paid out of the Interest of such and such Shares, or Shares of defunct Men, vested in Government Securities, or, if insufficient, out of the principal Money in the Hands of the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Intended Hospital, on account of such Shares respectively, the Accounts of the said Expenses and Remunerations being usually returned to Parliament: Provided nevertheless, that no Person employed by the said Commissioners of *George Hospital*, in executing the Regulations of this Act or the said recited Act, shall act as an Agent for Pines, or be concerned, directly or indirectly, in the Sale thereof, under the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That none and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall wilfully and knowingly perform or cause to be performed the Name or Character of any Officer, Soldier, or other Person in the Army, entitled or supposed to be entitled to any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, for Service done on any such several Expatriations as aforesaid, or of the Executor or Administrator, Wife, Heiress, or Creditor of any such Officer, Soldier, or other Person, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or supposed to be due or payable for or on account of any such Service as aforesaid; or shall forge or counterfeit, or procure to be forged or counterfeited any Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Order, Certificate, Assignment, bill Will, or any other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, which shall be due or supposed to be due for any such Service as aforesaid; or shall wilfully and knowingly take a false Oath, or procure any other Person to take a false Oath, to obtain the Probate of any Will or Wills, or to obtain Letters of Administration in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, which shall be due or supposed to be due to any such Officer, Soldier, or other Person as aforesaid, who shall have really served, or shall be supposed to have served on any such several Expatriations as aforesaid; or shall utter or publish as true, any bill, forged or counterfeited Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Order, Certificate, Assignment, bill Will, or any other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or supposed to be due to any Officer, Soldier, or other Person who shall have really served, or who shall be supposed to have served as aforesaid, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Crown, or the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *George Hospital*, or any Army Pay Agent, or any Person or Corporation whatsoever, knowing the same to be such, forged or counterfeited, every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

= Agents for disbursing Royal or Parliamentary Grants heretofore made shall account to Government and His Majesty's Exchequer for all disbursed and un-disbursed Shares of such Grants, within Four Months after the passing of this Act, &c. § 19.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Grant shall hereafter be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by Parliament, to the Captains of any Private, Frigate, or other Property, or for any Victory, and the said Grant, of whatsoever Nature it may be, shall not come under the Discretion of Prize Money arising from Captains legally commissioned by any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, but be considered as a Bounty gratuitously given, and of which the un-disbursed shares would for that Reason not be paid into *Government Hospital*, and might not be accounted for to any Master the Agent or Agents, or Persons who had distributed the said Grants, but advance the said Distributions, and transmit Notice of the Account of the Shares thereof to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at Government, and to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, as in Cases of ordinary Distributions of Prize Money, and shall also at the Expiration of Four Months next after the Day on which Distributions shall have been made, deliver, or transmit to the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, a true and Copy of the Distribution Lists of such Grants, with an Account of the Payment of the several Shares to the Captains or to others on their behalf, and pay over said Shares and Balances then remaining in their Hands unpaid and undistributed, to the Treasurer of *Government Hospital*, or such Person or Persons as he shall appoint or appoint in writing to receive the same, and receive and verify his and their Accounts in the Manner by the said Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty directed, under the like Penalties for Neglect of Duty as are by the said Act imposed for neglecting to make, receive, and verify such Payments and Accounts, within Four Months after the said Distribution of the Prize and Bounty Money in the said Act mentioned.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Penalties, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, and Provisions, mentioned in the said recited Act of the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, and the Act, relating to Prizes taken from the Enemy, shall be extended to the Distribution of the Amount of all Services for Officers committed

Deputy
Treasurer of
George Hospital
shall and may lease
and execute the same
as the like Liberty
or Privilege of receiving
and finding Letters
or Patents upon any
Business or Art or
Invention as aforesaid,
free from the Duty
of Pealage, in the
same or the like
Manner, and with
the same or the like
Regulations, and
under the same
Penalty for every
Abuse of such
Liberty or Privilege,
as in and by any
former Act made
or to be made
respecting the
Treasurer of
Government
Hospital in this
behalf.

And be it further
enacted, That all
Expenses incurred
or to be incurred
in executing the
Act, and of the
said recited Act,
and the same paid
or to be paid to
any Officers or
Persons employed
on behalf of
George Hospital,
for their Care,
Payment and
Trouble in performing
the Regulations
and Directions
thereof, shall, in
like as the same
relate to their
Officers or Persons,
be subject to the
Direction of the
Commissioners
for managing the
Affairs of the
same Hospital,
and shall be paid
out of the Interest
of such and such
Shares, or Shares
of defunct Men,
vested in
Government
Securities, or, if
insufficient, out
of the principal
Money in the
Hands of the
Treasurer or
Deputy Treasurer
of the said
Intended Hospital,
on account of
such Shares
respectively, the
Accounts of the
said Expenses
and Remunerations
being usually
returned to
Parliament:
Provided
nevertheless,
that no Person
employed by the
said Commissioners
of George Hospital,
in executing the
Regulations of
this Act or the
said recited Act,
shall act as an
Agent for Pines,
or be concerned,
directly or
indirectly, in the
Sale thereof,
under the
Penalty of Five
hundred Pounds.

And be it further
enacted, That
none and after
the passing of
this Act, if any
Person shall
wilfully and
knowingly
perform or
cause to be
performed the
Name or
Character of
any Officer,
Soldier, or
other Person
in the Army,
entitled or
supposed to
be entitled to
any Prize
Money or
Bounty Money,
or Share of
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, for
Service done
on any such
several
Expatriations
as aforesaid,
or of the
Executor or
Administrator,
Wife, Heiress,
or Creditor
of any such
Officer,
Soldier, or
other Person,
in order to
receive any
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, or
Share of
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, due
or supposed
to be due
or payable
for or on
account of
any such
Service as
aforesaid;
or shall
forge or
counterfeit,
or procure
to be forged
or counterfeited
any Letter
of Attorney,
Bill, Ticket,
Order,
Certificate,
Assignment,
bill Will,
or any other
Power or
Authority
whosoever,
in order to
receive any
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, or
Share of
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, which
shall be due
or supposed
to be due
for any such
Service as
aforesaid;
or shall
wilfully
and knowingly
take a false
Oath, or
procure any
other Person
to take a
false Oath,
to obtain
the Probate
of any Will
or Wills,
or to obtain
Letters of
Administration
in order to
receive any
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, or
Share of
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, which
shall be due
or supposed
to be due
to any such
Officer,
Soldier, or
other Person
as aforesaid,
who shall
have really
served, or
shall be
supposed to
have served
on any such
several
Expatriations
as aforesaid;
or shall
utter or
publish as
true, any
bill, forged
or counterfeited
Letter of
Attorney,
Bill, Ticket,
Order,
Certificate,
Assignment,
bill Will,
or any other
Power or
Authority
whosoever,
in order to
receive any
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, or
Share of
Prize Money
or Bounty
Money, due
or supposed
to be due
to any
Officer,
Soldier, or
other Person
who shall
have really
served, or
who shall
be supposed
to have
served as
aforesaid,
with Intent
to defraud
His Majesty,
his Heirs
or Successors,
or the
Crown, or
the
Treasurer
or Deputy
Treasurer
of George
Hospital, or
any Army
Pay Agent,
or any
Person or
Corporation
whosoever,
knowing
the same
to be such,
forged
or counterfeited,
every such
Person so
offending,
and being
thereof
lawfully
convicted,
shall be
deemed
guilty of
Felony,
and shall
suffer
Death as
a Felon
without
Benefit of
Clergy.

Agents for
disbursing
Royal or
Parliamentary
Grants
heretofore
made shall
account to
Government
and His
Majesty's
Exchequer
for all
disbursed
and un-
disbursed
Shares of
such Grants,
within
Four
Months
after the
passing
of this
Act, &c. § 19.

And be it
further
enacted,
That
whenever
any Grant
shall
hereafter
be made
by His
Majesty,
his Heirs
or
Successors,
or by
Parliament,
to the
Captains
of any
Private,
Frigate,
or other
Property,
or for
any
Victory,
and the
said Grant,
of
whosoever
Nature
it may
be, shall
not come
under
the
Discretion
of Prize
Money
arising
from
Captains
legally
commissioned
by any
Court
of
Admiralty
or Vice
Admiralty,
but be
considered
as a
Bounty
gratuitously
given,
and of
which
the
un-
disbursed
shares
would
for that
Reason
not be
paid
into
Government
Hospital,
and might
not be
accounted
for to
any
Master
the Agent
or Agents,
or
Persons
who had
distributed
the said
Grants,
but
advance
the said
Distributions,
and
transmit
Notice
of the
Account
of the
Shares
thereof
to the
Treasurer
of the
said
Royal
Hospital
at
Government,
and to
the
Treasurer
or
Paymaster
of His
Majesty's
Navy,
as in
Cases
of
ordinary
Distributions
of Prize
Money,
and shall
also at
the
Expiration
of Four
Months
next
after
the
Day
on
which
Distributions
shall
have
been
made,
deliver,
or
transmit
to the
Officer
for
Prizes
in the
Navy
Pay
Office,
a true
and
Copy
of the
Distribution
Lists of
such
Grants,
with
an
Account
of the
Payment
of the
several
Shares
to the
Captains
or to
others
on their
behalf,
and
pay
over
said
Shares
and
Balances
then
remaining
in their
Hands
unpaid
and
undistributed,
to the
Treasurer
of
Government
Hospital,
or
such
Person
or
Persons
as he
shall
appoint
or
appoint
in
writing
to
receive
the
same,
and
receive
and
verify
his
and
their
Accounts
in the
Manner
by the
said
Act
of the
Fifth
Year
of His
present
Majesty
directed,
under
the
like
Penalties
for
Neglect
of
Duty
as are
by the
said
Act
imposed
for
neglecting
to make,
receive,
and
verify
such
Payments
and
Accounts,
within
Four
Months
after
the
said
Distribution
of the
Prize
and
Bounty
Money
in the
said
Act
mentioned.

committed against the Revenue Laws, who made by any Ship or Vessel of War in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and the same more mentioned in this Act.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully make Oath to any of the Matters herein-before required to be sworn on Oath, or where any other Person in so do, such Person or Persons shall suffer the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are reserved by Parliament concerning wilful and a forged Perjury, and the said Officers, through committed out of this Realm, may be obliged to be committed and may be had, arrested, and detained in any County of England, in the Discretion, to all Intent and Purpose, as if the same had been actually done or committed within the Realm of such County.

Penalties on Persons and Forfeiture of Property

XXXIII. And he it further enacted, That all Persons and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, wherefore the same be made or become forfeit, or yet be recovered by Action at Law, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, or in any Court and Attachment therein in His Majesty's High Court of Admiralty; and all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act which shall arise or become forfeited in any Part of His Majesty's Colonies abroad, may be recovered in any Court of Record of His Majesty in the Colony, Territory, or Place where the same shall arise or have become forfeited, or in any of His Majesty's Vice Admiralty Courts having Jurisdiction therein.

Recovery of Penalties.

XXXIV. And he it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Agent or Person is by this Act made liable to the Forfeiture of any Sum of Money equal to any Money contained in his Hands, or to the Amount of any Balance or Share, such Sum or Share of Money shall, as Recovery thereof, go and be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall have been aggrieved by the Misconduct of such Agent or Person; and all necessary Provisions and Provisions by this Act required, other than aforesaid, and other than such as are not hereby expressly dispensed of, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Diseases at Greenwich in all Cases relating to the Naval Service, and to the Use of the Commission Officers for managing the Affairs of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea in all Cases relating to the Service of the Army, and shall be paid for in the Name of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, or in the Name of the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, as the Case may require.

Application of Penalties.

XXXV. And Whereas it has frequently happened that Persons have been profited upon Petty Officers and Soldiers in the Navy, and on Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, by Persons of bad Character, who have been authorized by them to receive Wages, Pay, Prize Money and Bounty Money, to which they were entitled; He it therefore enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person within the United Kingdom, to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or to become due to any Petty Officer or Soldier, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, or Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier in the Army, for or on account of his Services respectively on board any of His Majesty's Ships, or on the Captain of any Fort or upon the Land, or any Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandises, or Traders, or any such contract, Expence or affected, under any such Orders as herein-before mentioned, other than such Petty Officers who shall be duly licensed in the Manner herein-after mentioned for that Purpose; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any such Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Marines, Marines, or Soldiers from going forth Orders to receive their Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or Bounty Money to their Wives, or to the Persons in the lowest Degree of Relationship following; that is to say, Parents, Children, Brothers or Sisters of such Petty Officers, Marines, Marines, and Soldiers; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary thereof in any Act, notwithstanding.

No Person shall receive Wages or Prize Money of Petty Officers, Marines, &c. unless duly licensed.

Receipt Wives, Parents, &c.

XXXVI. And he it further enacted, That any Person who shall sell by request himself or himself to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money due or to grow due by or on account of the Services of any such Petty Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Marine, Marine, or Soldier, under any such Order as aforesaid, or who shall receive any such Degree of Relationship, and not being licensed as aforesaid, shall receive no Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money for the Use of any such Petty Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Marine, Marine, or Soldier; or if any Agent or Person whose License shall have been revoked as herein-after mentioned shall offer himself to receive, or shall receive any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowance of Money, not being within any of the Degrees of Relationship aforesaid, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Penalty on Persons liable receiving Licenses to be otherwise, and an Agent receiving Wages, &c. after License revoked. Misdemeanor

XXXVII. And he it further enacted, That every Person before he shall act as an Agent for receiving the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money of any such Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Marines, Marines, or Soldiers, shall take out a License for that Purpose in the Form in the Schedule hereto annexed, and had (F) from the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the Time being, who is hereby authorized and empowered to grant the same on good and lawful Security (to be approved of by the said Treasurer) being given by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, that such Person in taking out such License shall declare himself properly, and duly consent to all Penalties for whom or for which He may be liable on such License, Pay, Prize Money, or Bounty Money, shall have come to his Hands, and for which License no more than Five Shillings, over and above any Stamp Taxes that may be due and payable thereon, shall be paid by any Person issuing out the same, which License shall be in force for the Space of Three Years from the Date thereof: Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if after the taking out of any such License, it shall appear to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the Time being that any such licensed Agent had abused the Trust reposed in him by not duly accounting to any Person or Persons by whom he shall have been empowered to receive any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowance of Money as aforesaid, for the Name or Sum of Money by him received in that Behalf, or by profiting any Fraud or Imposture on any such Person or Persons, then and in that Case it shall and may be

Agent shall take out a License from the Secretary of the Navy in Form (F)

Penalty shall be committed as Abuse of Trust.

held for the said Treasurer, by any Writing under his Hand to be delivered to such licensed Agent, or left at his last or next usual Place of Abode, or Place where his Business of Agency shall be carried on, to receive the Licence to be granted or taken out as aforesaid, which Licence, if such Agent's Place of transacting Agency is distant shall be in London or within the Bills of Mortality, shall be published in the London Gazette, and if in the Country or out of the said Bills of Mortality, also in some Publick Newspaper or Circulation as or first in the Place where such Agent shall manifest his Business of Agency, for the Information of all Persons interested in Wages or Prize Money, and thereafter the Power and Authority of such Agent to demand and receive Wages, Prizes, Bona Morsu, Bonas Morsu, and other Allowances of Money due or to grow due on account of the Services of any such Fugitive Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Sailors, Marines, or Soldiers, shall absolutely cease and determine.

XXXVIII. And he further enacted, That the Names and Places of Abode and of transacting Agency hereinafter any such licensed Agent, shall be set on in a List and hung up in the Hall of the Navy Pay Office to several Places, and in some Conspicuous Place in each of the several Great Ports of the United Kingdom, for the Information of all Persons who shall refer thereto as Enforcers, and whose Lists shall be removed from Time to Time as Occasions may require.

XXXIX. And he further enacted, That as often as any such licensed Agent shall remove or change his Office or Place of transacting the Business of Agency, he shall within Fourteen Days after every such Removal or Change of Place, give Notice in Writing to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the Time being, or some Person to be appointed by His Majesty for every Night of the five or six Days, to be observed with full Costs of Suit by Adverser here in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within the United Kingdom.

XI. And Whereas the said Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign contains in the Provisions and Regulations aforesaid Matters that had arisen or might arise in consequence of the general Provisions which His Majesty had been pleased to order against the Ships, Goods and Subjects of the several Powers with whom His Majesty was engaged in War at the Time of the passing of the said Act: And Whereas His Majesty hath since the passing of the said Act deemed it necessary, for the Honour of his Crown and of the Safety of his People, so order that general Reprehensions should be granted against the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of States that in Amity with His Majesty's British Majesty further enacted, That all and every the Provisions and Regulations contained in the said Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same are amended, altered, or repealed by the present Act, and also all and every the Provisions and Regulations in the present Act contained, shall be applied to all Cases arising from the said Orders of general Reprehensions since the passing of the said Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as if the same were not amended, altered, or repealed by the present Act, and the same shall be applied to all Cases arising from the Orders of general Reprehensions granted in the said last mentioned Act, and the same shall be applied to all Proceedings which have been or may hereafter be had in consequence of the Orders of Reprehensions since the passing of the said Act, in as full Force and Effect as if the same were promulgated in this Act, Subject nevertheless, with respect to the Disbursement of any Prize Money or Bona Morsu arising in consequence of general Reprehensions since the passing of the said Act, to such Provisions and Regulations as His Majesty hath already thought fit or may hereafter think fit to establish by Proclamations or Proclamations for that Purpose; any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect at the following Periods, that is to say, at all Places in the West Indies and elsewhere at the Expiration of Six Months, at all Places in the East Indies at the Expiration of Twelve Months; and at all other Places from and after the Thirty-first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine; and that it shall continue in Force for the Time limited for the Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty herein before recited, and no longer, free and exempt as to all Matters and Things as are in the said Act bearing its Date then recited and incorporated; and also free and except the Regulations respecting all Prizes and Licences given to the Treasurer of the Navy and to Officers, and to the Commissioners and Counselors, Treasurers, Secretaries, and Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, and the Commissioners, Treasurers, and Deputy Treasurers of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and the Officers for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, under the last recited Act or by this Act, all which shall continue in force until repealed by any subsequent Act of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Act of Parliament, 49th Geo. III. Chap.

S. 204.

Navy Pay Office, London.

Request that the Prize Money noted on the Document which will be produced hereunto may be paid, as that a Notice may be signed for its Disbursement, in the Manner pointed out in the above Act of Parliament.

A. B. Officer for Prizes:

or, C. D. Clerk at the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital,
(with Copy may be)

SCHE.

SCHEDULE (B.)

[Here insert the Place where and Time when the Order is made.]

AT Seven Days Sight pay to
 or Bearer Money, for the Capture of [Here insert the Name of the Prison, and Time of Capture, or
 for such other Distinction of them as shall be satisfactory to the Agent and the Officers of Greenwich Hospital] which
 bearing on board His Majesty's Ship or Vessel the
 in Quality of
 To the Agent for the said Captain.
 or, the proper Officers of Greenwich Hospital.]

There are to certify, That we have examined the said who signed the
 above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents he has shewn us, viz. [Here insert the Nature of the
 Documents, whether they are Awards, Tickets, Certificates, or otherwise, and by what Officer they are signed] and
 his Answers to our Questions, we have reason to believe that he was serving on board the said Ship at the Time
 of making the Capture above expressed. he says he was born at in the County
 of that he is Years of Age, of a Complexion,
 and Capt of Dragoons. Hair. [If the Party is discharged from the Service, state the Time
 Given under our Hands

Note.—This Certificate to be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and one other signing Officer
 of the Ship to which the Party belongs.

If discharged from the Service, and resident at any Place where there is a Deputy or Agent of the Hospital,
 to be signed by that Deputy.

If within Four Miles of the Hospital, by the Clerk of the Cheque or his Chief Clerk.

If at any other Place within the Bids of Mortality, by the Officer for Prison in the Navy Pay Office, or his
 Assistant.

If by Marine at Head Quarters, to be signed by the Colonel or Commanding Officer and the Adjutant.

If by any Person at Ship Quarters, to be signed by the Surgeon and one of his Assistants.

If at any other Place in England, to be signed by the Minister and one of the Clergymen; and if in
 Scotland, by the Minister and one of the Elders.

SCHEDULE (C.)

[Place]

[Date]

AT Seven Days Sight pay to
 or Bearer Money due to
 in the Regiment of at the Capture of in the
 Month of
 To Agent for the Capture of
 or, To the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of
 Chelsea Hospital (as the Capt may require.)

CERTIFICATE for a Soldier now serving.

There are to certify, That we have examined the above-named who signed
 or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents which he has shewn us, and his
 Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the said was serving
 in the above-mentioned Regiment at the Time of making the said Capture, and that he is now serving in
 in the Regiment of

Given under our Hands at the Day of
 Commanding Officer.
 Adjutant,
 Paymaster.

CERTIFICATE for a Soldier who has been discharged.

(D.)

THERE are to certify, That we have examined the above-named who signed
 or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents which he has shewn us, and his
 Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the said was serving
 in the above-mentioned Regiment at the Time of making the above Capture, and that he was discharged
 40 Geo. III. 4 H.

on the Day of
at Our-Parlour of Chelsea Hospital.
Given under our Hands

at that he now resides in this Parish, and in

the Day of
Minister,
Churchwarden,
or
Elder (as the Case may be.)

N. B. If not a Parson, Clerk
Words to be read.

CERTIFICATE for a Person who is entitled to the Prize Money of a deceased Soldier.

(L.)

THESE are to certify, That we have examined the above named who signed
or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents aforesaid, and his [or, her]
Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the above-named
is dead, and that the said is the to the last deceased, and
that he [or, she] now resides in this Parish.

Given under our Hands at the Day of
Minister,
Churchwarden,
or
Elder (as the Case may be.)

N. B. Annex the Documents
alluded to.

FORM OF LICENCE.

(F.)

I of Parliament made and passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, in pursuance of an Act
intituled, *As to*, [before the Title of the Act] grant Licence to
in the of
to act as an Agent in the Receipt of Wages, Pay, Prize
Money and Bounty Money, granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament, now in force, or hereafter to be passed
for and in respect of the Service of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and
Marines, on board any of His Majesty's Ships; and also any Bounty Money given or granted by His Majesty
in respect of the Service of any such Persons as aforesaid, for Prizes or Captures not proceeded against in
Commutation in the Courts of Admiralty and Vice Admiralty: This Licence to continue in force for the Space
of Three Years from the Date hereof, determinable severally for each Cruise or Cruise as is and by the said
Act of the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty is so the Statute expressed. Given under my
Hand, and sealed with the Seal of Office, at the Navy Pay Office, Somerset-Place, the Day
of
One thousand eight hundred

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act for altering, amending, and explaining certain Acts relative to the Removal of the Poor,
and for making Regulations in certain Cases touching the Examination of Paupers as to their
Situations; and for extending to all Parishes certain Rules and Orders in Workhouses, under an
Act of the Twenty-second Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and
Employment of the Poor.* [sixth June 1809.]

1809. c. 119. 14.
* WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled,
* *An Act to prevent the Removal of Poor Persons and they shall become actually chargeable, if it is amongst*
* other Things enacted, That in case any Poor Person shall be brought before any Justice or Justices of the
* Peace for the Purpose of being removed from the Place where he or she is inhabiting or sojourning, by virtue
* of any Order of Removal, or of being paid by virtue of any Vagrant Pelf, and it shall appear to the said
* Justice or Justices that such Poor Person is unable to travel by reason of Sickness or other Infirmary, or that it
* would be dangerous for him or her to do, the Justice or Justices making such Order of Removal or granting
* such Vagrant Pelf, are required and authorized to suspend it; Excuses of the same sort they are intitled
* that it may safely be executed without Danger to any Person who is the Subject thereof, and that the
* Charges proved upon Oath to have been incurred by such Suspension of any Order of Removal, may by the
* said Justice be directed to be paid by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parish or Place to which such
* Poor Person is ordered to be removed, in case any Removal shall take place, or in case of the Death of such
* Poor Person before the Execution of such Order; And by the same Act it is further enacted, That in case of
* an Appeal against any Order for the Payment of such Charges, if the Court of Quarter Sessions shall be of
* Opinion that the Sum is awarded be more than of right ought to have been directed to be paid, such Court
* may and is thereby directed to strike out the Sum contained in the said Order, and allow the Sum which as the
* Judgment of such Court ought to be paid; and in every such Case the Court of Quarter Sessions shall direct
* that

That the said Order or several shall be revised into Execution by the said Justice by whom the Order was originally made, or either of them, or in case of the Death of either of them, by such other Justice or Justices as the Court shall direct: And Whereas it is expedient that the Power of putting an End to the Sequestration of any such Order of Removal or Pains, and of executing the several or other Authorities aforesaid, should not be confined to the Order of the Justice or Justices making such Order or Pains: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases wherever the Execution of any Order of Removal or of any Vagrant Pains shall be heretofore suspended by virtue of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for any other Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County or other Jurisdiction within which such Removal or Pains shall be made, to direct and order that the same shall be executed, and to direct the Charges to be recovered as aforesaid to be paid, and to carry into Execution any such aforesaid Orders as aforesaid, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes as the said aforesaid Powers and Authorities aforesaid may be exercised by the said Justice who shall make any such Order of Removal, or by the Justice who shall grant any such Pains as aforesaid.

Where any Order or Pains shall be suspended, any Justice or Justices of the Peace may order the same to be executed, as

II. And be it further enacted, That when the Execution of any such Order of Removal shall be suspended, the Time of appealing against such Order shall be computed according to the Rules which govern other like Cases from the Time of giving such Order, and not from the Time of making such Removal order and by virtue of the same.

Time of appealing shall be computed.

III. And, in order to avoid any Pretence for Separating Husband and Wife, or other Persons so nearly associated with or related to each other, and who are living together in one Family at the Time of any Order of Removal made or Vagrant Pains granted, during the dangerous Sickness or other Infirmary of any one or more of such Family, an whole Account the Execution of such Order of Removal or Vagrant Pains is suspended: Be it further enacted and declared, That when any Order of Removal or Vagrant Pains shall be suspended by virtue of this or of the said recited Act, on account of the dangerous Sickness or other Infirmary of any Person or Persons aforesaid directed to be removed or punished, the Execution of such Order of Removal or Vagrant Pains shall also be suspended for the same Period with respect to every other Person named therein, who was actually of the same Household or Family of such sick or infirm Person or Persons at the Time of such Order of Removal made or Vagrant Pains granted.

Order of Removal suspended in case of Sickness, may be executed in other Persons of the Family.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any Paper (as by Acts, Statute, or otherwise made to be brought up to the Great Seal) to be examined as to his or her Settlement, it shall be lawful for any One Magistrate sitting for the District where such Paper shall be, to take the Examination of the said Paper, and to report the same to any other Magistrate or Magistrates sitting for the said District, and for the said Magistrates upon such Report to adjudge the Settlement of the said Paper, and make and sign the Order of Removal, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes as if the said Paper had appeared before Two Magistrates.

One Magistrate may examine an Informer Paper in his Jurisdiction, and report to Party Sittings.

V. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor*, certain Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations are appointed to be observed and observed in every Poor House established under the Authority of the said Act: And Whereas it is expedient that such Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations should be extended to Poor Houses and Workhouses established in other Parishes: It is hereby enacted, That any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, any of any Petty Sessions shall such Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations, or any of them, as to be observed and executed in any Parishes within their respective Districts or Districts, as fully as in and as to be incorporated by the said Act.

Two Justices in every Session may extend Regulations of 22 G. 2. c. 28. to be observed in any Parish.

C A P. CXXXV.

An Act to amend an Act made in Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. [120th June 1809.]

WHEREAS great Advantage has been derived as well to the Public as to Individuals, by the Establishment of Friendly Societies, under the Authority of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies*: And Whereas it is expedient to make further Provision for the Attainment of the good Purposes intended thereby: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person having been admitted a Member of any Society established under the Authority of the said Act, shall either against any of the Rules, Orders, or Regulations of such Society, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace residing within the County, Riding, Division, Shire, Stewartry, City, Liberty, or Place within which such Society shall be held, upon Complaint made as Oath by any Member of such Society, or like their Successors to such Person against whom such Complaint shall be made, and upon his or her Appearance, or, in default thereof upon due Proof upon Oath of the Sworn of such Societies, such Justice shall proceed to hear and determine the said Complaint according to the Rules, Orders, and Regulations of the said Society confirmed as directed by the said Act, and shall make such Order therein as to those that form part; and in case the said Justice shall adjudge any Sum of Money to be paid by such Person against whom such Complaint shall be made, and such Person shall not on Notice of such Order forthwith pay the Sum of Money so adjudged to the Person or Persons, and in the Manner directed by the said Act, it shall be lawful for such Justice, and they are hereby required by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to

22 G. 2. c. 24.

Two Justices may make the Complaint and bring the same before the Sworn of such Societies by Oath and Seals.

into the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Person on whom such Order shall have been made, together with such Costs as shall be awarded by the said Justices, and also the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, amounting the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

17 G. 3. c. 24.
s. 4.

II. And Whereas it was provided by the said Act of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, that an Society to be established for the Purpose therein recited should be decreed and taken to be within the Meaning of the same Act, unless the Rules of the Society should be filed in the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, before the End of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which Term was extended by an Act of the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign in Mercantile and Trade-able Goods hundred and ninety six: And Whereas it is expedient that all Societies which were established under the Authority of the said recited Act for the laudable Purpose therein recited, previously to the time being aforesaid, should be allowed to file their Rules, notwithstanding that having omitted to do so within the Time limited: But therefore enacted, That all such Societies, the Rules, Orders, and Regulations of which shall have been exhibited, to the Justice of the Peace for the Shire of Middlesex one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, or which shall at any Time hereafter be exhibited in the Manner directed by the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, and which shall have been or shall be made with, examined, approved of and confirmed by the Justice in the Manner therein directed, and have been or shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace and filed and entered into by the said Act, shall be deemed and taken to be within the intent and Meaning of the said Act, as if they and all Papers as if their Rules had been established within the Periods limited in either of the recited Acts.

Benefits of
recited Act
17 G. 3.
extended to all
Societies com-
plying with the
Act.

The Justice
may make
Rules under
said Act, and
shall specify the
Time and Man-
ner of Payment.

III. And here further enacted, That if Complaint shall be made to Two Justices of the Peace by any Member of such Society, or Relief having been refused to him by any such Society, to which he shall be lawfully entitled according to the Rules of the Society to which he shall belong, it shall be lawful for the said Two Justices of the Peace sitting within the County, Riding, Division, Shire, Stewartry, City, Liberty, or Place, within which said Society shall be held, and such Justices are hereby required, upon Complaint made by or on the Behalf of the Person aggrieved thereby, to summon the Person, being an Officer of the Society against whom such Complaint shall be made, and upon his or her Appearance, or in default thereof, upon such Proof upon Oath of the Sworn of such Societies, such Justices shall proceed to hear and determine the said Complaint, and award such Sum of Money to be forthwith paid to the said Complainant as shall appear to such Justices to be due to such Person as aforesaid, together with such a Sum for Costs, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings, as to such Justices shall seem meet; and if the said Sum do to be awarded, together with such Costs, shall not be forthwith and in the Presence of such Justice or Justices paid to such Complainant, or to some Person or Persons then attending on the Behalf of such Complainant, then such Justices shall by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, cause such Sum and Costs to be levied by Distress, or by Distress and Sale of the Mowen, Goods, Chattels, Securities, and Effects belonging to the said Society, together with all further Costs and Charges attending such Distress, or such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the said Society, or to one of the Treasurers or Trustees thereof, and in default of such Distress being found, then to be levied by Distress and Sale of the proper Goods of the Officer or Officers of the said Society in anything or nothing as aforesaid, together with such further Costs and Charges as aforesaid, amounting the Overplus (if any) to the Owner, and in some Term or Terms as often as Complaint shall be made of the Non-payment of any Sum or Sums directed by such Order to be paid as aforesaid, such Justices shall by the Warrant cause such Arrears from Time to Time to be levied in the Manner before directed: Provided always, that whatever Sums shall be paid by any such Officer or Officers, or levied on his or their proper Goods in pursuance of the Order of any Justice as aforesaid, shall be repaid, with all Damages accruing to him or them, by and out of the Mowen belonging to such Society, or out of the first Mowen which shall thereafter be received by such Society.

Power of
Justice shall
be made on
Officers of
Societies by
Mowen, and
Arrest on them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Orders made by Justices of the Peace by virtue of the said Act or this Act, upon the Complaint of any Person having been admitted a Member of any Society established under the said Act, who shall be approved by any Act, Statute, or Thing done or omitted to be done by any such Society, shall be made upon the President, Warden, Stewards, Treasurers, Trustees, or other principal Officers of the Society to which such Complaint shall relate, or any One or more of them, or any of them, in the Discretion of the said Justice, in the proper Name or Names of such Officer or Officers, and every such Order may be served upon the Officer or Officers so named therein, either by delivering a Copy of the said Order to such Officer or Officers, or one of them, or leaving the same at his left or usual Place of Abode, and such Service shall be holding on such Officer or Officers, and on the Society to which such Officer or Officers shall belong, as do in a d perform, or cause to be done or performed, all and every the Matters and Things contained in and directed by such Order to be done according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof.

All such Orders
shall be filed.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Order, Adjournment, or Award of any Justice or Justices under the said Act shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, and shall not be reviewed or remanded into any Court of Law, or redressed or redressable by the Intervention of any Court of Equity.

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act for the further Prevention of the Sale and Brocage of Officers. [Arch. Jour. 1809.]

Enacted
17 G. 3. c. 24.
s. 10.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Year of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth, intitled, *Apprentice and selling of Officers*: And Whereas it was intended by the said Act recited, amongst other Things, That if any Prefecture or Office at any Time thereafter impugned or sold by any Officer or Officers, or Dependants of any Officer or Officers, or any Part or Parcel of any of them, or received, had, or taken any Money, Fee, Reward, or any other Profit, directly or indirectly, or took any Present, Agreement, Contract, Bond, or any Allowance, to receive or have any Money, Fee, Reward, or other Profit, directly or indirectly, in the

and this Act, and all the Clauses and Provisions therein respectively contained, shall be construed as one Act, as if the same had been herein repeated and re-visited.

Where Notice of Appointment in Letters, Office as noted in II. is legally Proven being an Office, or service or reward Money or Rewards the Office, quality of Millwrights.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Right, Estate, or Interest of any Person or Persons shall be forfeited under any of the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, the Right of such Appointment shall inmediately vest and belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

III. And be it further declared and enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall sell or bargain for the Sale of, or receive, have, or take any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, directly or indirectly, or any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Alliance, or shall by any Way, Means or Means contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, and also if any Person or Persons shall purchase or bargain for the Purchase of, or give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or make or enter into any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Alliance to give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or shall by any Way, Means or Means, contract or agree to give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, for any Office, Commission, Place or Employment specified or described in the said recited Act or this Act, or within the true intent or Meaning of the said Act, or this Act, or for any Deposition thereof, or for any Part, Perch, or Emputation of the Profits thereof, or for any Appointment, or Nomination thereof or Relinquishment thereof, or for the Confess or Confess or Vote or Votes of any Person or Persons in any such Appointment, Nomination or Relinquishment, then and in every such Case, every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet or assist such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Person receiving or paying Money for the Salary or remuneration Office, and any Deposition or proffered Negotiations relating thereto; quality of a Millwright.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall receive, have, or take any Money, Fee, Reward, or Profit, directly or indirectly, or take any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Alliance, or by any Way, Means, or Means, contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, for any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation, or Negotiation whatever, made or to be made, or pretended to be made, or under any Pretence of making or causing or procuring to be made any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation, in or about or for any such Office, Commission, Place or Employment as aforesaid, or under any Pretence for selling or having sold any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation, in or about any such Commission, Appointment, Deposition or Relinquishment, or for the obtaining or having obtained the Confess or Confess or Vote or Votes of any Person or Persons as aforesaid to such Commission, Appointment, Deposition or Relinquishment; and also if any Person or Persons shall give or pay or cause or procure to be given or paid any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or make or cause or procure to be made any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Alliance, or by any Way, Means, or Means, contract or agree to give or pay or cause or procure to be given or paid any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit for any Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation whatever made or to be made, that shall in any such case, concern, or relate to any Commission, Appointment, or Deposition to or Relinquishment of any such Office, Commission, Place, or Employment as aforesaid, or for the obtaining or having obtained, directly or indirectly, the Confess or Confess, or Vote or Votes of any Person or Persons as aforesaid to any such Commission, Appointment, Deposition, or Relinquishment; and also if any Person or Persons shall, for or in expectation of Gain, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, induce, recommend, or negotiate in any Manner for any Person or Persons in any Manner that shall in any wise touch, concern, or relate to any such Commission, Appointment, Deposition or Relinquishment as aforesaid, or for the obtaining, directly or indirectly, the Confess or Confess or Vote or Votes of any Person or Persons to any such Commission, Appointment, or Deposition or Relinquishment as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet, or assist such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Person applying for an advertisement in the Gazette, Notice to the public, Office, quality of a Millwright.

V. And Whereas in the Provisions of enjoining or inducing the Sale, Transfer, or Appointment of any Office or Offices which under the Emption of this Act or otherwise it may be lawful to sell, Office for negotiating the same, and Advertisements may be published, by Means and under the Color of which illegal Transactions intended to be prohibited by this Act may be carried on; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall open or keep any House, Room, Office, or Place for the following, teaching or negotiating in any Manner whatsoever any Business relating to Venues to, or the Sale or Purchase of, or Appointment, Nomination or Deposition to, or Relinquishment, Transfer, or Exchange of any Office, Commission, Place, or Employment whatever in or under any Public Department, then and in every such Case every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet, or assist therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Person in Public advertisement, Office, quality of a Millwright.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall advertise or publish, or cause or procure to be advertised as in any Manner published any House, Room, Office, or Place to have been or to be opened, set up, or kept for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or advertise or publish, or cause or procure to be advertised or published, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons as Broker or Brokers, Agent or Agents, Solicitor or Solicitors for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or print or cause or procure or permit or suffer to be printed or advertised any Advertisement or Advertisements, Proposals or Proposals for any of the Purposes aforesaid, then and in such Case, such Person or Persons shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be paid for, levied, or recovered to any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, as to all Offences committed in England, or at Dublin in any Office committed in Ireland, or in His Majesty's Courts at Scotland as to Offences committed in Scotland respectively; and the whole of every such Forfeiture shall go to the Person who shall sue for the same, with full Costs of Suit.

VII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Parole, Sale, or Exchange of any Commission or Appointment in the honourable Band of Noble Peers, or in His Majesty's Yeoman Guard, or in the Militia, and the Court of the King of the Palace of the King at Windsor, or to extend to any Parole, Sale, or Exchange of any Commission in His Majesty's Forces for such Force as shall be dissolved and fix'd by any Regulation made or to be made by His Majesty in that behalf, or to any Act or Thing done in relation thereto, by any Agent, provided that such Act shall be in Agreement or Consent as directed by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, or by the Colonels or Commanders of Regiments or Corps, and shall not extend to such Regulation made only in or out of His Majesty's Forces, or shall be established by His Majesty, and shall not extend or pass, or knowingly permit or suffer to be printed or advertised any Advertisment or Advertisement, Printed or Unprinted, for any Parole or Sale or Exchange of any Commission or any Negotiation relating thereto, and shall not receive or take any Money, Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, or any Pension, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Alliance, or by any Way, Means, or Device, contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, for doing in such behalf.

VIII. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That every Officer in His Majesty's Forces, who shall take, accept, or receive, or pay, or agree to pay, any larger Sum or Money, directly or indirectly, than what is allowed by any Regulation made by His Majesty in relation to the Parole, Sale, or Exchange of Commissions in His Majesty's Forces, or who shall pay, or make to be paid, any Sum of Money, to any Agent or Broker, or other Person, for negotiating the Parole or Sale or Exchange of any such Commission, shall, on being convicted thereof by a General Court Martial, be liable to Commissions, and be sentenced and as a Encouragement for the Detention of such Prisoners, such Commissions in default shall be sold, and Half the regulated Value (not exceeding Five hundred Pounds) shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half, or the Remainder, if more than Five hundred Pounds shall be paid as to His Majesty's Will order and direct, by any Regulation from Time to Time made in that behalf. Provided also, that every Officer who shall sell his Commission in His Majesty's Forces, and not continue to hold any Commission in His Majesty's Forces, and shall, upon or in relation to such Sale, take, accept, or receive, directly or indirectly, any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loss of Money, Reward, or Profit, or any Pension, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Alliance, or shall by any Device or Means contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loss of Money, Reward, or Profit, beyond the regulated Price or Value of the Commission sold, and also every Person who shall wilfully or knowingly aid, abet, or assist such Officer therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanour within the Provisions of this Act.

IX. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Office excepted from the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Sixth Year of the King of Great Britain the Sixth year past having and being of Office, or to any Office which was held or fillable before the passing of this Act, and in the Gift of any Person by virtue of any Office of which such Person is or shall be possessed under any Patent or Appointment for his Life, or to be void, or to any Minister or other Person, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, Alliance, or Trust, entered into or declared before the passing of this Act, and which before the passing thereof was a valid Pension, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, Alliance, or Trust, in Law or Equity, or to any Money paid, or to any Act, Matter, or Thing done in pursuance of any such Pension, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Alliance.

X. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent or hinder any Disposition to any Office, or any Gift in which it is lawful to appoint a Deputy, or any Agreement, Contract, Bond, or Alliance lawfully made in respect of any Allowance, Salary, or Payment made or agreed to be made by or to such Principal or Deputy respectively, out of the Fees or Profits of such Office.

XI. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That nothing in the said Act or in this Act contained shall extend in any special Reference, Charge, or Payment made or required to be made out of the Fees, Stipend, or Profits of any Office to any Person who shall have held such Office, or any Commission or Appointment of any Person succeeding to such Office, or to any Agreement, Covenant, Bond, or other Alliance made for securing such Reference, Charge, or Payment: Provided always that the Amount of such Reference, Charge, or Payment, and the Commission and Reason under which the same shall have been permitted, shall be fixed in the Commission, Patent, Warrant, or Instrument of Appointment of the Person so succeeding to and holding such Office, and paying or receiving such Money as aforesaid.

XII. And whereas the Parliament of Ireland never enacted any Provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of King Edward the Sixth: And whereas it hath always been customary in the Appointment of the Masters and Six Clerks, and First and Second Examiners of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, to allow the term and receiving of Money, or other valuable Consideration for such Appointments; and although it may be fit and proper that the said Custom should be abolished, yet it is not desirable that the term and respective Persons who now hold the said Offices should be permitted to dispose of the same in like Manner as hath been heretofore done: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Masters and Six Clerks, and First and Second Examiner or any of them, (save and except George John Elgar, one of the Masters of the said Court,) to be proceed touching the Disposition and Appointment of their said Offices respectively, in such and the like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as hath been heretofore accustomed; but that from and after the Death, Relinquence, or Removal of each of them, and the usual Appointment of any Person in the stead of the Person so dying, resigning, or being removed, the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act and of this Act shall be applicable and shall be applied in the said respective Offices in the said Court of Chancery in Ireland.

Empower to sell Parole or Sale of Commission in the Palace, or Commission in the Army or the regulated Force, and authorized Regiments acting without Par.

Officers in Army giving more than regulated Price, or paying Agent for negotiating, shall incur Commissions, and be sentenced, and as a Encouragement for the Detention of such Prisoners, Half of the regulated Value (not exceeding 500^l) to be paid to the Informer, &c.

Exception in relation to any Office excepted in former Act, and Office lawfully holding, &c.

Noting of lawful Disposition and Payment out of the Fees.

Empower to use of Provisions out of the Fees, to any Person lawfully holding, &c.

Empower to the Masters, Six Clerks, and Examiners of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, to let the Death, &c. of the present Prisoners.

III. Pro-

Persons of
Distinction in
Scotland.

Officers
appointed
there shall be
paid in King's
Bench, unless
as is in 15.

Commissioners
of the Admiralty
in certain Places
abroad.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Person who shall commit, in Scotland, any Offence against this Act, which by the Provisions of the same is appointed a Misdemeanour, shall be liable to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or by the one or the other of such Punishments as the Judge or Judges before whom such Offence shall be tried and convicted may direct.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Officers committed against the Provisions of the last recited Act, and this Act, by any Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person having the chief Command, Civil or Military, or any of His Majesty's Colonies, Colonies, or Plantations, or by any Secretary or Secretaries, may and shall be prosecuted and punished as in and under and determined in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, in like Manner as any Clerk, Officer, or Misdemeanour committed by any Person holding a publick Employment abroad may be prosecuted and engaged under the Provisions of an Act entitled in the Tenth Year of the Reign of the present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the trying and punishing in Great Britain Persons holding publick Employments for Offences committed abroad; and for extending the Provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King James, made for the Bays of Toghia and others, in relation to some Branches against them, to all Persons either in or out of the Kingdom, authorized in manner in said Act.*

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the last recited Act or this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Gibraltar, Malta, or any Port or Place in the Mediterranean, and Three Months, or to any of His Majesty's Colonies, Colonies, or Plantations in America or the West Indies, and Four Months, or to the Cape of Good Hope, the Island of St. Helena, or any Part of Africa, until the Month or to any of His Majesty's Dominions in the East India or beyond the Cape of Good Hope, and Twelve Months, after the passing of this Act.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act for further augmenting the Salaries of certain of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and of the Chief and Second Justice of Chichester, and Justices of the Great Sessions in Wales.

[10th June 1809.]

His Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster-Hall, and also of the Lords of Exchequer, Lords Commissioners of Admiralty, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, and for making His Majesty in great Measures to Perform in certain Offices in the said Courts of Westminster Hall, as their Respective and their respective Offices; And Whereas it is expedient that a further Augmentation should be made in the Salaries and Profits of the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, the Justice Judges in the Court of King's Bench, the Justice Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Barons of the Court in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, and also in the Salaries and Profits of the Chief Justice of Chichester, the Second Justice of Chichester, and the Justices of Great Sessions for the Counties in Wales; and your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Majesty, His Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of the last recited Act in relation to the Augmentations of the Salaries to be made in Augmentations of their respective Salaries to the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, to the Justice Judges in the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and to the Barons of the Court in the Court of Exchequer, shall be, and the same is hereby enlarged.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be (if said, paid, and payable out of, and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, [after paying and relieving sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been defrayed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which had or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund]) to the several Persons hereinafter mentioned, as an Augmentation of their respective Salaries so much Money as will make up their respective Salaries and necessary Profits belonging to their said respective Offices to the annual Sums hereinafter mentioned, to the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, Two thousand Pounds, and to each of the Justice Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and to each of the Barons of the Court in the Court of Exchequer, Two thousand Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That in whatsoever Sums the whole Amount which shall have been received, or were payable to any of the Persons before mentioned in respect of their said Offices within the Half-Year preceding the Delivery of any such Account as is directed by the last recited Act, shall be less than the clear Sum of Two thousand five hundred Pounds in respect of the said Chief Baron, or of Two thousand Pounds in respect of the said Justice Judges and Barons of the said Courts, shall be the Sums to be paid for the Half-Year in which the said Account shall be delivered, and shall be computed and ascertained in or to make up the whole of their respective Salaries and necessary Profits to the Half-yearly Sums respectively before mentioned, and such Sums shall be fitted accordingly in Manner hereinafter mentioned, and as if the Sums to be so ascertained had been specifically mentioned in the Act.

IV. And Whereas by the last recited Act it is directed that an Account shall be delivered Half-yearly by the said Justice Judges to the Commissioners of the Treasury of all Fees, Salaries, and necessary Profits, and received or payable to them in respect of their Offices for the preceding Half-Year; And Whereas by Writ of Privy Seal granted in the Second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, bearing that a Reward of Forty Pounds per Annum at the Rate of Ten Pounds in every Term had long since been assigned to the Second,

Justice

1705, in a. 110.
1. 1. 10.
Amount of
Augmentation
of Salaries of
Chief Baron, and
Justice Judges,
enlarged.

Their Salaries
increased, viz.
Chief Baron to
2000, and Justice
Judges to 2000.

In what Manner
the Half-yearly
Payment shall
be computed.

Annual Sums of
paid to the
Second Justice of
Court of
King's Bench
for Charge to

• Judge of the Court of King's Bench, in respect of his Labour and Trouble in giving the Charge to the Grand Jury, and pronouncing Judgment in the said Court against Misfeasance, it was directed, that regular Payment should be made of the above-mentioned Allowance of Ten Pounds to the said Second Judge of the said Court for the Year being, in respect of his Pains and Services above-mentioned: And whereas Dividends have been authorized whether the said Allowance of Forty Pounds was intended to be included in the Half-yearly Account of Salary, Fees, and proceury Proofs, to be delivered in to the Commissioners of the Treasury by the said Second Judge of the said Court of King's Bench under the said recited Act: It is directed and declared, That the said yearly Allowance of Forty Pounds is not now to be included in the said Half-yearly Account to be delivered as aforesaid, by the said Second Judge of the said Court of King's Bench, nor to the Effector of Salary, Fees, and proceury Proofs, upon which the Account of the same is to filed from Time to Time to the said Second Judge under the said recited Act and the Act was or is to be repealed.

V And it is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be allocated, paid, and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the said Consolidated Fund, after paying as it is now sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, to the several Persons herein after mentioned, in Augmentation of their respective Salaries and Profits, and over and above any Sums of Money to which they may be entitled under any Act now in force, the several Sums hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, to the Chief Justice of the Bench, and to the Second Judge of the Bench, and to each of the Justices of the Great Sessions for the County of Wales: the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds.

VI And it is further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money to be paid in pursuance of this Act, shall be paid from Time to Time from three to six, to be payable and paid Half-yearly, (viz and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, (except the Duty charged by an Act passed in the Fifth and sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the sixth Day of April next after the Termination of a Diplomatic Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties on Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for expelling an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for expelling certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and amend several other Acts for collecting the said Duties,)* on the Tenth Day of October and the Fifth Day of April in each Year, by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereon to be made on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the said several Sums of Money shall be paid in the like Manner, and under and (subject to the like Rules and Regulations, (as far as the same are applicable) as are prescribed in the said recited Act for the Payment of the several Sums of Money therein directed to be paid.

VII And it is further enacted, That the said recited Act, and all Clauses, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Matters, and Things therein contained (in so far as the same are applicable and are not hereby altered) shall be in force, and be applied to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act.

C A F CXXVIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein-mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. [sixth June 1809.]

§ 1. £. 4,000,000	o	o	Out of Surplus of British Consolidated Fund.		
II. 2,757,332	3	4d	Surplus of Ways and Means for 1808.		
III. 5,000,000	o	o	Part of the Sum of 10,000,000 granted by	45 G. 3. c. 128.	
IV. 15,000,000	o	o	From the following Duties, viz.		
			Additional Customs under	41 G. 3. c. 70.	} Granted to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1809.
			Additional Excise	— c. 81.	
			Duties on Property	— c. 100.	
			Additional Customs	44 G. 3. c. 33.	
			Additional Duties on Property	45 G. 3. c. 15.	
			Additional Excise on Tobacco, &c.	40 G. 3. c. 39.	
			Additional Customs	c. 42.	
			Additional Duties on Property	— c. 65.	
			Additional Excise on Brandy	47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 17.	
			Customs	48 G. 3. c. 18.	
			Duties	49 G. 3. c. 98.	

The Grand Jury &c. shall not be included in Half-yearly Accounts imposed under 45 G. 3. c. 128. § 1.

Augmentation of Salary to the Justices of the Bench, and of the same to be paid for the 1st instance of 1809.

Salaries shall be paid Half-yearly, clear of all Taxes, except Property Tax, until 20 G. 3. c. 22. according to Regulations of 25 G. 3. c. 100.

Provisions of recited Act intended in this Act.

<p>† V. The following Sums, viz.</p>									
	Profits of Mail and Postion A.D. not exceeding								
£.	3,000,000	0	0			49 G. 3. c. 1.	Appropiated to the Uses after specified. See § VII., &c.		
	10,300,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills		— c. 2.			
	1,500,000	0	0	Draws		— c. 3.			
	4,000,000	0	0	Debt		— c. 5 th .			
	14,800,000	0	0	Loans (after deducting 1,000,000l. intended to be raised and 600,000l. to the Prince Regent of Portugal (Deducting One-third for Ireland) Exchequer Bills		— c. 71.			
	1,000,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills		— c. 74.			
	19,000,000	0	0	out of War Taxes (raised above See § IV.)		— c. 114.			
	5,000,000	0	0	(granted above, § III.)					
	10,750,000	3	4 th	(granted above, § II.)					
	4,000,000	0	0	out of Consolidated Fund (See § I.)					
<p>VI. The following Sums, viz.</p>									
	2,000,000	0	0	(Part of the British Loans) coming into the British Exchequer under the Acts	49 G. 3. c. 71.	— c. 94.	Appropiated to the Uses after specified. See § XXII., &c.		
	Share of Lotteries	1,150,000	0	0		— c. 78.			
		500,000	0	0		— c. 79.			
<p>VII. Applications, viz.</p>									
	19,578,467	13	3	for the Navy Services following, viz.			For 12 Months.		
	2,160,500	0	0	for Wages of 12,000 Men, including 12,000 Marines	at per	1		17	0
	4,587,500	0	0	their Victualing	Min	3		19	0
	3,395,300	0	0	Wear and Tear of Ships	per	1		19	0
	591,500	0	0	Ordinances for Sea Service	Month.	0		7	0
	1,408,417	13	3	Ordinary of the Navy including Half pay.					
	2,125,000	0	0	Building, and re-building Ships of War Extra.					
	3,000,000	0	0	Hire of Transports.					
	314,000	0	0	Sick and Wounded Seamen at home and Abroad.					
	500,000	0	0	Prisoners of War in Health at Home and Abroad.					
	50,000	0	0	Ditto Sick.					
	5,000	0	0	to form a CompaGnente List for Navy and Marines.					
<p>VIII. 3,000,000</p>		0	0	For the Service of Great Britain, to enable His Majesty to afford Assistance to the Emperor of Austria, and to the People of Spain and Portugal, and to take such Measures as the Emperor of Austria may require.				Out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid.	
<p>IX. 500,000</p>		0	0	For Expenses for Ireland					
<p>X. 400,000</p>		0	0	Engagements with His British Majesty.				For 1809.	
<p>XI. 700,000</p>		0	0	Advances to the King of Sardinia.					
<p>XII. 600,000</p>		0	0	Loans to the Prince Regent of Portugal.					
<p>XIII. 21,444,770</p>		10	8	For the Land Services following, viz.				From 1 st Dec. 1808, to 25 th Dec. 1809.	
	2,582,178	16	11	for Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the East India and Foreign Corps, and except embodied Militia.)					
	29,111	10	0	for Five Troops of Dragoons, and Fifteen Companies of Foot for resisting the Corps landing in India.					
	3,248,547	19	5	for the embodied Militia in Great Britain and Ireland, and Corps of Marines.					
	913,616	6	10	Charge of Foreign Corps for Service of Great Britain and Ireland.					
	440,049	7	3	for General and Staff Officers and Hospital Officers, and Clergymen at Home and Abroad.					
	31,796	4	3	Supernumerary Officers of the Forces.					
	213,911	13		Principal Officers of Public Departments in Great Britain and Ireland, and Exchequer Fees.					
	122,263	8	3	on account of Half-pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including British American Forces, and Swiss Brigades, &c.					
	11,504	16	10	For Military Allowances to Drums.					

XIII. <i>£</i>	432,413	15	4	Chiefs and Attendants in and Out of Provinces and Expenses of the Hospitals.	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.
continued	49,437	11	4	Widows' Pensions in Great Britain and Ireland.	
	1,000,510	0	0	Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland.	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.
	1,219,803	0	0	Local Militia Forces in Great Britain.	
	64,072	12	11	Allowances to Chaplains of the Forces.	} For the Year 1809.
	115,434	8	4	M. Surgeons and Hospital Convoys.	
	16,200	0	0	Compassionate List of Land Officers' Children and Widows entertained as Peasants.	
	479,337	15	11	Barrack Department in Ireland.	
	2,154,508	14	4	For the Commissariat and Extra Forage of the Cavalry in Ireland.	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.
	1,167	9	11	Probable Expenditure of Commissary General's Office.	
	1,080,000	0	0	Probable Extraordinary Expenditure of ditto.	} For the Year 1809.
	44,800	0	0	Probable Expenditure of Store-Keeper General's Department.	
	579,575	0	0	Barrack Department in Great Britain.	} Prior to the Year 1809.
	4,450	0	0	For examining Accounts of Barrack Department.	
	214,419	19	7	Army Extraordinaries.	} For the Year 1809.
	3,000,000	0	0	Extraordinary Services of the Army in Great Britain.	
XIV.	4,072,665	19	10	For Ordnance Office for Land Services for Great Britain.	} For the Year 1809.
	450,264	11	1	Ditto, not provided for.	
	159,758	14	4	Ditto.	} In 1809.
	592,913	8	5	For Ordnance Office in Ireland.	
	14,871	12	3	Ditto not provided for.	} In 1808.
XV.	10,500,000	0	0	To discharge outstanding Exchange Bills under 48 G. 3. c. 7.	
XVI.	1,000,000	0	0	Ditto issued for the Service of 1808.	} In 1808.
				48 G. 3. c. 14.	
XVII.	5,000,000	0	0	Ditto issued for the Service of 1808, not outstanding.	} In 1808.
XVIII.	6,000,000	0	0	Ditto. 48 G. 3. c. 14.	
XIX.	21,486	1	98	To make good Money issued by Authority of House of Commons.	} In 1808.
XX.	Civil Establishments, &c.				
	17,280	0	0	Seven Leas.	} From 28 Jan. to 25th Dec. 1809.
	8,430	0	0	Upper Canada.	
	1,500	0	0	New Brunswick.	
	16,283	0	0	New South.	
	3,100	0	0	Peter Edward's Island.	
	2,080	0	0	Cape Breton.	
	1,984	0	0	Newfoundland.	
	2,200	0	0	Bahama Islands.	
	1,050	0	0	Bermuda or Santa Islands.	
	600	0	0	Dominica.	
	15,124	10	0	New South Wales.	
	21,000	0	0	Tough Parts in Africa.	
	16,075	17	4	Royal Military Colleges.	
	22,337	9	2	Royal Military Asylum, Chelsea.	
	47,837	17	9	Debts, 1,000,000 per Act Annuities under 57 G. 3. c. 14. and 48 G. 3. c. 8.	
	23,215	19	6	Ditto.	} On 5th of April 1809.
	104,384	1	0	French Clergy, Teachers, Deacons, and Caplans Emigrants, East-India Soldiers, and American Loyalists.	
	51,205	0	0	Employing Clergymen at Home.	} For the Year 1809.
	1,000	0	0	Procurators relating to Cases.	
	21,700	0	0	Printing and Stationery for both Houses of Parliament.	
	20,000	0	0	Law Clerks.	
	22,000	0	0	Patent Office, New South.	
	5,000	0	0	Fees on settling publick Accounts.	
	7,407	11	4	Representatives of Africa.	
	1,000,000	0	0	Interest on Exchequer Bills.	
	80,471	15	0	Securing Decks, &c. at Portsmouth, Dover, &c.	

XXI.	£.	s.	d.		
continued.	50,000	0	0	Roads and Bridges in Scotland.	For 1809.
	3,383	0	0	Making Island Navigations from Eastern to Western Sea.	For 1809.
	1,641	19	0	Salaries to Officers of Hocks of Lords and Commons.	For Session 1809.
	8,413	13	1	Deficiency for printing Votes, Bills, &c. Hocks of Commons.	In Session 1808.
	22,400	0	0	Deficiency for Printing and Stationery for both Hocks of Parliament.	In 1808.
	4,000	0	0	For printing Vol. 62. of the Journals of the Commons.	In 1809.
	19,000	0	0	For re-printing Journals, &c. of the Hocks of Commons.	In 1809.
	2,154	8	11	For Stationery for Exchequer.	For the Year 1809.
	6,345	10	0	Hocks Petards round the Metropolis, for One Year.	
	2,103	19	0	For Relief of <i>Black Settlements to Queen's Streets.</i>	
	1,000	4	0	Thames Police Office London, for Plan of Security of Shipping.	
	1,233	9	0	For examining Accounts between <i>Eng India Company and Government.</i>	For Three Years, in 3 rd Sep. 1808.
	219	14	0	Deputy Sergeant at Arms, Hocks of Commons, for One Year's Hocks Writ.	For One Year's Hocks Writ.
	489	13	0	For Index to the Bills of Parliament.	
	1,643	0	0	For Index to Journals of the Peers, from the 5 th of July 1803 to the 5 th of July 1808.	
	1,158	0	0	For Index from the 5 th of July 1808.	
	98	1	3	Deputy on <i>South American Fish</i> imported in <i>W^{est} India Islands.</i>	
	76	13	0	To Several Clerg ^y Assistants of Hocks of Commons for reimbursing Duty of 2 ^l . per Cwt.	For 1808. so his Allowance.
	3,409	14	8	Salaries to Officers of Hocks of Commons for Session of 1808.	
	745	0	0	Expenses of Commissioners of Military Inquiry under 4 th C. 3. c. 4 th .	
	1,848	9	5	For Articles lost on <i>New South Wales.</i>	
	2,315	0	13	For Payment of Bills on account of Coercive, dated 3 rd of Dec. 1808.	
	3,169	8	6	Expenses of National Vaccine Establishment.	
	6,172	11	1	It is drawn from <i>New South Wales</i> , for the Year 1809.	
	114	18	1	For Stores supplied to Commissary at <i>Sydney, New South Wales.</i>	
	5,000	0	0	Board of Agriculture.	
	175,000	0	0	Foreign and other Secret Services.	For the Year 1809.
	6,208	5	4	Allowance to <i>Fair of Saint Martin's in the Field.</i>	
	878	6	6	Widow of <i>James respecting Residence of Clergy.</i>	
	1,530	0	0	Cred. Lest. For Supplies for the <i>Fine Hocks.</i>	
	20,000	0	0	To discharge Bills from <i>New South Wales.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	2,622	17	3	<i>Arch^d Hedges</i> , for general Purposes.	
	3,759	0	0	Protestant Dissenting Ministers in <i>England and Ireland, and French Refugees.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	745	21	8	Dues, Deficiency of Grant, in the Year 1808.	
	14,000	0	0	Extra Contingencies of the Three Societies of State.	
	11,000	0	0	Extra Messengers to <i>Dues.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	6,000	0	0	For Conviction of <i>Felons.</i>	
	20,000	0	0	Naval Military Chest.	During the Year 1809.
	4,000	0	0	Expenses for Fish brought to <i>London and Weymouth.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	2,027	13	0 ⁷	Chairman of the Commons of the Hocks of Lords, for the Year 1808.	
	1,031	0	0	Serjeant at Arms to Hocks of Lords, for Services during 1808.	
	285	1	6	Survey of Roads and Bridges in Scotland.	
	278	6	6	Returns respecting returning the Residence of Clergy for Half Year ending 5 th of January 1809.	
	1,444	13	0	To Officers for keeping Tables in the Exchequer, from 5 th Jan. 1803 to 5 th July 1808.	
	26,040	8	3	Improvement of Streets near <i>Weymouth Hall.</i>	
	20,000	0	0	Building a Mint on <i>Tower Hill.</i>	
	6,000	0	0	<i>Carlisle and Yarmouth Emigrants.</i>	
	25,000	0	0	Allowances to several <i>Dutch Officers.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	4,400	0	0	<i>French Emigrants in Jersey.</i>	
	20,800	0	0	To Dr. <i>Carrivort</i> for various Mechanical Inventions.	
	37,000	0	0	Building and Maintenance of <i>Naval Asylum.</i>	
	1,057	1	8	For printing Vols. 36 and 37 of the <i>Lords' Journals.</i>	

XXI.	£. 1,200,000	• 0	To the Governour of Queen Anne's Bounty in aid of poor Clergy.		
assigned	4,380	• 0	To Commissioners of New Forest in the County of	} For the Two Years.	
			Sussex.		
	5,170	• 0	For Military Roads in North Britain.	For the Year 1809.	
18th Century.					
XXII.	140	• 0	Assessors General for preparing publick Accounts,	} for Salaries 1809.	
	940	• 0	His Deputy.		
	300	• 0	Examiner of Corn Bounties.		
	230	• 0	Inspector General of Imports and Exports preparing		
			Accounts.		
	200	• 0	His Fish Clerk for extra Trouble.		
	200	• 0	Examiner of Excise preparing Accounts.		
	150	• 0	His Assistant.	} Is Inland to 5th Jan. 1809.	
	200	• 0	Clerk in Auditor of Exchequer Office preparing		
			Accounts.		
XXIII.	15,000	• 0	Civil Buildings.	} In Inland. { From 5th Jan. 1809.	
	1,300	• 0	Printing, for 150 Copies of the Acts,		} to 5th Jan. 1810.
			49 G. 3.		
	10,000	• 0	Proclamations and Advertisements in		
			Dublin Gazette.		
	15,000	• 0	Criminal Prosecutions.		
	2,500	• 0	Apprehending publick Offenders.		
	9,420	18	Non-conforming Ministers.		
	1,047	10	Expenses of Protectors in Dublin Port.		
	550	• 1	Gold Mine of Waterloo, from 5th Jan. 1809 to 31st Dec. 1809.		
	1,584	• 0	For Letter Offices, for One Year ending 24th June 1809.		
	21,900	• 0	Printing and Disbursements for Secretaries' Office and other publick Offices		} In Inland. { From 5th Jan. 1809.
			in Dublin Castle.	} to 5th Jan. 1810.	
	13,000	• 0	Hardware of House, Works &c.		} for One Year from 14th April 1809.
	250	• 0	Printer's Printing and Stationery for Secretaries' Office and other publick Offices in Dublin Castle.		
	1,741	• 0	Support of Seceding Ministers from the Synod of Ulster.	} In Inland. { From 15th Mar. 1809.	
					} to 25th Mar. 1810.
	1,504	• 0	Incident of the Treasury.	} In Inland. { For One Year ending	
	13,004	• 0	(Apostle) Allowances to Commissioners of Inquiry on Fees in publick Offices in		} 5th Jan. 1810.
			Ireland, &c.		
XXIV.	10,000	• 0	(Apostle) Board of Fish Fraits for holding and	} From 5th Jan. 1809.	
			or building of Churches, &c.		} to 5th Jan. 1810.
	10,000	• 0	Dublin Society for promoting Husbandry, &c.		
	3,000	• 0	Farming Society of Ireland.		
	2,000	• 0	Civil Institution.		
	1,800	• 0	Commissioners for making wide and convenient		
			Streets in Dublin.		
	21,000	• 0	Trustees of the Linnen Manufacture, for One Year ending 5th Jan. 1810.		
XXV.	51,845	• 0	Forwarding Hospital in Dublin.	} From 5th Jan. 1809.	
	3,510	• 0	Milwanian Marine Society.		} to 5th Jan. 1810.
	11,781	• 0	Milwanian School for Soldiers' Children.		
	1,050	• 0	Female Orphan House near Dublin.		
	1,040	• 0	Assessors for determining Vines, &c.		
	9,400	• 0	Hydrophoric Lock Hospital.		
	3,043	• 0	House of Industry and Penitentiary.		
	1,000	• 0	Fever Hospital in Cork-street, Dublin.		
	1,570	• 0	Lying-in Hospital.		
	4,510	• 0	Completing Royal College of Surgeons.		
	800	• 0	Commissioners of charitable Donations.		
	500	• 0	Dodder Street's Hospital.		
	4,570	• 0	St Patrick's Lane's Hospital.		
	2,511	• 0	Royal Catholic Seminary.		
	16,000	• 0	Incorporated Society for promoting English Protestant Schools.		
XXVI.	Supplies that be applied only to the Purposes authorized, &c.			} As in former A.Ds.	
XXVII.	Rules for receiving Half pay.				
XXVIII.	Appointments of Officers of Steam (under 4th G. 3. c. 148.) to reduced				

C A P. CIVIX.

An Act to prevent the calling of Local Militia Men into the Regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than the County or Stewartry to which they belong. [11th June 1809.]

20th J. 1. 12.
[10-12]

22d G. 3. 1. 15.
[10-13]

41 G. 3. 1. 20

No Man in the
Local Militia
shall call into
the regular
Militia of any
County or Stewartry,
nor be called, by
a militia.

• WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And Whereas another Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Regulations, for the Defence of the Realm: And Whereas another Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for regulating the Militia of Great Britain: And Whereas by the said Two last recited Acts, Persons enrolled to serve or serving in the Local Militia, are allowed to call or enter into the regular Militia: And Whereas by the said last recited Act, the Commanding Officers of Militia are allowed to call Men by Birth or Domicil, or otherwise, in their respective Counties or Stewartries, or adjoining Counties or Stewartries: And Whereas it is expedient to restrict the calling of Men from the Local Militia into any regular Militia, except the regular Militia of the County or Stewartry to which such Local Militia Men belong: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of His Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person enlisted or enrolled to serve, or serving in the Local Militia, shall be called or enrolled, or shall be allowed to call into or to be enrolled in the regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than the County or Stewartry for which the Local Militia Man shall be enrolled and serving, or any One of the Counties or Stewartries of which any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of regular Militia shall be composed, if composed of Men enrolled in more than One County or Stewartry; any Thing in the said recited Acts, or either of them, to the contrary notwithstanding.***

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuation of each of the following Acts as are temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.

- (a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.
 (b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.
 (c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, are distinguished by the Letters (Q. P.) are *Private Acts*; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a *Publick Act*, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded.”

(Q. P.) *Quod*—*Publick Acts*, i. e. Acts in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King’s most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others.”

Cap. i.

An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Harbour and Quay of 18 G. 3. c. 20.
20 Geo. 3. c. 21.
2 G. 4. c. 22. *Wicham*, in the County of *Somerset*, [and February 1809.]

[For forty Years, &c. from the End of the Term under 20 G. 3. c. 20.]

Cap. ii.

An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating certain Fisheries in the County of *Connaught*, and other Places therein mentioned, in so far as respects the Fishery in the 44 G. 3. c. 26.
[17th March 1809.] *River Derwent*.

Cap. iii.

An Act for better enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Abingdon* Canal Navigation to raise the necessary Fund to complete the same. 25 G. 3. c. 22.
[17th March 1809.]

Cap. iv.

An Act for more effectually improving the Streets, Lanes, and Publick Passages, in the Town of *Galleshorough*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and for laying a Duty on Coals brought to the said Town to be sold. [and 1809.]

[2 G. 3. c. 21. repealed in part.]

Cap. v.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Redbourne* to *Swines*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (a) [17th March 1809.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for extending the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stibbors* to *Sedbury*, and from *Sedbury* to *Fossil Bridge*, and from *Naives Moor* to *Yarburgh*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *England*, and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. (c) 26 G. 3. c. 29.
27 G. 3. c. 21.
[17th March 1809.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for extending the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Derby*, *Leicester*, and *Warwick*. (c) 26 G. 3. c. 27.
27 G. 3. c. 22.
[17th March 1809.]

Cap. viii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Radcliffe*, and the Township of *Aspleywood*, in the Parish of *Miltham*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (Q. P.) [17th March 1809.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Partridge* and *Wigbold*, and Manor of *Worlington*, in the Parish of *St. Giles*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. (c.) [24th March 1809.]
[Attorney in Satisfaction of Taxes. f. 17. 18.]

Cap. x.

40 G. 3. c. 10. An Act for amending so much of an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building and keeping in Repair the Pier at *Sharnburgh*, in the Isle of *Sheppy*, in the County of *Kent*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, as relates to the said Pier. [24th March 1809.]
[Former Duties repealed, and new Duties granted.]

Cap. xi.

41 G. 3. c. 101. An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Township of *Salvey*, in the County of *Shrop*, to the Town of *Flint*. (c.) [24th March 1809.]
 "So much of former Act as relates to Statute Labour on the Road repealed: and all Profits by Law liable to Statute-work shall be chargeable as heretofore."

Cap. xii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Baydon* to join the Turnpike Road leading to *Guldford*, with Two Branches thereunto, in the Counties of *Salisbury* and *Worcesters*. (c.) [24th March 1809.]

Cap. xiii.

An Act for Inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Barnwell*, *Beckwith*, and *Saint Winnow*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. (c.) [24th March 1809.]

Cap. xiv.

42 G. 3. c. 102. An Act for more effectually repairing, improving, and keeping in Repair several Roads in the Counties of *Devon*, *Rutland*, and *Gloucestershire*, and for making and maintaining Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. (a.) [24th March 1809.]
 43 G. 3. c. 103.
 44 G. 3. c. 104.
 45 G. 3. c. 105.

Cap. xv.

43 G. 3. c. 103. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Cambridgeshire* and *Gloucestershire*, so far as relates to the *Lancashire* District, and for amending certain other Roads communicating therewith. (c.) [24th April 1809.]

Cap. xvi.

44 G. 3. c. 104. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road between *Widley* in the County of *Bedford* and *Wing* in the County of *Buckinghamshire*. (c.) [24th April 1809.]
 45 G. 3. c. 105.
 46 G. 3. c. 106.

Cap. xvii.

45 G. 3. c. 105. An Act to enable the *British Dock Company* to borrow a further Sum of Money for completing the Improvements of the Port and Harbour of *Brighton*. [24th April 1809.]
 46 G. 3. c. 106.
 47 G. 3. c. 107.
 48 G. 3. c. 108.

Cap. xviii.

An Act for establishing and well governing the Charitable Institution called *The Society of Stewards and Benefactors* for maintaining and educating Poor Orphans and *Agnes de par Approvisionnement*, and for improving such Society; and for more effectually enabling them to carry on their charitable and useful Duties. [24th April 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS in the Year One thousand seven hundred and forty-nine, a Charitable Society was formed for educating and relieving poor Orphans, of both Sexes, of the County of *England*, of the Age of Six to ten Years; and the said Society hath been supported by the voluntary Subscribers as well as Donations of charitable and well-disposed Persons, and a very great Number of such Orphans have been received into the religious Schools of the said Church, and maintained and educated by means of the Funds belonging thereto; and such Orphans have been instructed in the Duties of the Christian Religion as taught by the established Church, and in Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and the Girls also in Needle-work and Household Duties, and trained in Habits of Industry and Regularity: And Whereas Experience hath shown that the said Charity hath been heretofore of considerable Advantage to the Publick, and it is apprehended, that if discontinued and supported by the Laws of this Realm, and established upon a permanent Footing, and vested with Powers for better enabling the Subscribers thereto to carry into Execution their charitable and useful Duties, the said Charity would be of much more extensive Use, and of still greater Benefit and Advantage to the Publick: And Whereas the Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your most Excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and it is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, there be and shall be a Corporation to continue for ever, for starting, maintaining, and educating poor Orphans and Children until of Age to be an Apprentice; and that His Royal Highness Frederick Duke of York Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, His Highness William Frederick Duke of Gloucester Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, the Most Reverend His Grace Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Right Honourable John Lord Lillo Lord High Chancellor, the Honourable and Most Reverend His Grace Edward Primate Lord Archbishop of York, [Sec. &c.] together with any Lord or Lords who shall or have paid, or at any Time or in the Course of any one Year for the Use of the said Society, the Sum of Twenty one Pounds or more, or at any Time hereafter shall pay into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Society the Sum of Twenty-one Pounds or more, or any other Sum as the General Court here-after mentioned of the said Society shall from Time to Time appoint or provide as a Lady Governor's Subscription, or more, at one Time, or in the Course of any one Year, for the Use of the said Society, provided the same be accepted by the Committee here-in at a meeting and for the true using of the said Society, shall be and are hereby appointed Governors of the said Society; and also every Person who shall pay, or at any Time hereafter shall pay into the Hands of such Treasurer the Yearly Sum of One Guinea, or such other Sum as the said General Court shall from Time to Time appoint or provide as an Annual Governor's Subscription, or more, for the Use of the said Society, provided the same be accepted by the said Committee as aforesaid, shall, during such Time as they shall respectively continue to pay the same, and also every Person who shall be appointed by any General Court of the Governors of the said Society, shall be respectively Governors of the said Society; and the said Governors, and the President, Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Secretaries of the said Corporation, for the Year being shall be and they are hereby declared and adjudged to be One Body Corporate and Politick in Law, by the Name of 'The Governors of the Society for starting, maintaining, and educating poor Orphan and Children of the Parish of St. Andrew Church, in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain called England, until of Age to be an Apprentice' and that by the same Name they shall have perpetual Succession, and a Common Seal, with Power to change, alter, break, and make new the same, when and as often as they shall judge the same to be expedient; and that they and their Successors, by the same Name, may sue and be sued, plead and be pleaded, defend and be defended, and be answered unto, in all or any Court or Courts of Record and Places of Judicature within the Kingdom; and that they and their Successors, by the same aforesaid, shall be able and capable in Law to have, hold, receive, enjoy, possess and retain, for the Ends and Purposes of this Act, and in Trust and for the Benefit of the said Society, all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been paid, given, doled, or bequeathed, or shall at any Time or Times hereafter be paid, given, doled or bequeathed by any charitable or well-disposed Person or Persons, to and for the charitable Ends and Purposes of this Act mentioned; and that they and their Successors by the same aforesaid, shall and may at any Time hereafter, without Licence or Licence, purchase, take or receive, hold and enjoy any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest sitting or derived out of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments for the Purposes of the said Society.

II. And by a further Statute, That the said Archbishop of London shall be and he is hereby appointed President of the said Corporation; and that the said General Court of the said Society shall be and he is hereby appointed Vice-President of the said Corporation; and that the said James Duff Esquire shall be and he is hereby appointed Treasurer of the said Corporation; and that the said Reverend Edward Esdaile Esquire shall be and he is hereby appointed Secretary of the said Corporation; and that the Most Reverend His Grace Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, [Sec. &c.] together with the President, Vice-Presidents, Treasurers, and Secretaries of the said Corporation for the Year being, shall be and they are hereby appointed a Committee for travelling and managing the Affairs of the said Corporation, any Two of whom shall be a Quorum; and the said President Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, and Committee, shall continue until the said Twelfth of February or the first day of March next, if it should so fall out, and no longer, unless they shall be respectively re-elected to the said respective Offices; and the said President, or as he is Absent the Vice-President, or the Treasurer or the Secretary, with any Two or more of the other Members of the said Corporation, shall compose a General Court, and the said General Court shall be holden on the first Twelfth in the Month of May next, at such Place or Places as the said Committee shall appoint, and a General Court of the Members of the said Corporation shall be holden Four Times at the least in every Year, that is to say, on the Month of February, May, August, and November in every Year, and Notice of such each General Court shall be given in one or more of the publick Newspapers published in the City of London and Westminster Six Days at the least before the Time to be appointed for the holding of every such Court; and whenever Occasion shall require a special General Court shall be holden by Order of the Committee, or the major Part of them present at any of their Monthly or other Meetings, upon the like Notice of such special General Court being given Six Days at the least before the Time to be appointed for the holding of the same; and the said General Court shall be holden in the Month of February in each and every Year, a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, and Committee (consisting of Twenty of the Governors of the said Corporation) shall be elected for the ensuing Year; and the President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary of the said Corporation for the Time being, shall be Members of the said Committee, and also such Twenty Governors to be elected; and they the said President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary, or one of them, shall be present at every Committee meeting under and by virtue of the Authority of this Act; and the Governors of the said Corporation assembled at any General Court as aforesaid, or the major Part of them is assembled, with Number of Governors to be appointed being not less than Three of such Governors shall and may delegate such Power and Authority to the said Committee as they shall think necessary for the more speedy, safe, and efficient Execution of this Act; and that such Governors shall have full Power and Authority in the Name of the said Corporation, and in

C. xviii. 977
The
said
Society
shall
be
and
is
hereby
appointed
Governors
of
the
said
Society

The
said
Governors
of
the
said
Society
shall
be
and
is
hereby
appointed
Governors
of
the
said
Society

Power
to
purchase,
take
Land

President

Vice-President,
Treasurer,
Secretary,
Committee

General Court

Annual
General Court

Electors
of
Officers

Power
of
Committee
to
delegate

their Account to apply and dispose of the Moneys and Funds already given, and which shall from Time to Time be contributed and given by any Person or Persons as account of the said Corporation, and all other Moneys and Funds belonging or to belong to the said Corporation, so and for the Purpose aforesaid, and to do, and to do, and to do any other Purpose, Way, Manner or Thing relating to the said Corporation, and for the Benefit thereof, as shall be directed, and with and under their Common Seal, to enter into any Contracts and Contracts for the Purpose aforesaid, or for any other Purpose or Purpose for the better effecting and carrying on of the aforesaid Uses and Delights aforesaid, and to do, manage, transact, and determine all such other Matters and Things as shall to them or any Seven or more of them at any such Court, appear to be necessary, convenient, or proper for the effecting and carrying on of the good Purpose aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the Governors of the said Corporation in a General Court assembled, or the major Part of them to be assembled, but not less than Seven such Governors, to order and dispose of the Customs of the said Common Seal, and the Use and Application thereof, and to make, ordain, and constitute such and so many By-Laws, Constitutions, and Ordinances as to them, or the greatest Number of them then and there present, such Number of Governors to be assembled being not less than Seven such Governors, shall from time to time and as occasion shall require or in anywise concerning the Affairs and Business, and the better governing, regulating, ordering, and managing of the said Corporation, and of the Officers, Servants, and Persons employed in and about the Affairs thereof, and of the Persons applying to be admitted thereon, and for the settling of the Accounts of the said Corporation; and the same By-Laws, Constitutions, and Ordinances to make to put in use and to observe accordingly; and that their Writings and Pleas from Time to Time to revoke, change, and alter the same, or any Part of them; and that such By-Laws, Constitutions, and Ordinances, which shall be in use, changed and altered, as aforesaid, shall be duly kept and observed, provided that the same be not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs, or Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England: Provided nevertheless, that no such By-Law, Constitution, or Ordinance shall be binding or have any Force or Effect until the same shall have been agreed to and confirmed by the next succeeding General Court, whether Quarterly or Extraordinary, and that the same Courts shall be observed in altering or repealing any such By-Laws, Constitutions, or Ordinances.

Persons entitled
shall transfer
their Funds to
the Corporation.

Transferors shall
receive, &c.

Power to Com-
mission and
Transferors in
lawful.

Application of
the Dividend,
&c.

Death or
Removal of
Officers to
appoint others.

Questions to be
decided by
Vote.

Vote in a
Committee.

Schoolmaster
and School,
and School
Masters.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Person in whose Name or Names any Sum or Sums of Money, Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages, Securities for Money or other Effects whatsoever shall at the Time of passing this Act stand or be secured, the beneficial Interest whereof respectively shall belong to the said Society hereby incorporated, shall forthwith, after the passing of this Act, transfer and assign the same respectively to and in such Manner as that the same shall be vested in the Corporation by six Months, Sixpence, and Title hereunto before mentioned and created; and that the Transferor for the Time being shall receive all Rents, Issues and Profits, Dividends, Interest and Produce of Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages and other Securities for Money, belonging to the said Corporation, and all Subscriptions, Donations, Benefactions and Legacies paid, given, or bequeathed thereto, as the same or any of them shall from Time to Time become due and payable, in the Name and for and on behalf of the said Corporation; and that the Receipts of the said Transferor for the Time being, the same being first duly stamped and given by him as for and in the Name of the said Corporation, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same respectively.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Transferor for the Time being of the said Corporation, and he is hereby authorized and required from Time to Time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Committee thereof for the Time being, or the major Part of such Committee present at any of their Meetings, to lay out and work all or any such Sum or Sums of Money as have or hath been given, devised or bequeathed, or shall at any Time or Times hereafter be paid, given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well-disposed Person or Persons, so and for the charitable Ends, Interests, and Purposes in this Act expressed, or any Part thereof, as any of the Publick Funds, in the Name of the said Corporation, other than and except such and so much thereof as shall be requisite for immediate Expences and Expenditures.

V. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Rents, Issues and Profits, Dividends, Interest and Annual Proceeds, which shall from Time to Time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging or which shall at any Time belong to the said Corporation, shall from Time to Time be applied to and for the Use, Ends, Interests, and Purposes in this Act mentioned, and to or for no other Use, Interest, or Purpose whatsoever.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case of the Death or Resignation of the President or of the Vice-President, or Transferor or Secretary of the said Corporation, for the Time being, it shall be lawful for the Governors of the said Corporation, at any General Court, or the major Part of them then and there present, such General Court to consist of not less than Seven such Governors, to nominate and appoint a President, Vice-President, Transferor, or Secretary, in the Room of the President, Vice-President, Transferor or Secretary, so deceased or having resigned.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Questions upon the Proceedings of the said Corporation at any General Court or Committee shall be decided by Vote; and in case of an Equality of Voices, the President or Chairman shall have, in addition to his own Vote, the casting Vote.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governors of the said Corporation at a General Court, or the major Part of them present at such General Court, but such General Court to consist of not less than Seven such Governors, shall have Power from Time to Time and at all Times to fill up any Vacancy or Vacancies in the Committee; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Committee, to do as they shall see fit, or any Five or more of them, at any Monthly or other Meeting, from Time to Time and at all Times to appoint such Person or Persons as they shall think fit to be Schoolmaster and Schoolmistress, and Moral Supervisors to the said Corporation, and from Time to Time to suspend or remove them respectively, and appoint others in their stead.

Death or such Suspension or Removal; and every one of the Monies to be received under and by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, make such Allowances to all Officers, Servants, and other Persons to be appointed in or about such Corporation reasonable and proper; and all and every such Officers, Matter and Minors, Servants, and other Persons of every Description, shall from Time to Time (when the same shall be required by the said Committee or any Five or more of them) make and render to the said Committee or any Five or more of them, a true, exact, and perfect Account in Writing under their respective Hands, of all Furniture, Goods, and Chattels belonging to the said Corporation, which shall from Time to Time be in their Use or Custody, and of all Monies which he, she, or they and every of them respectively shall to that Time have received, paid, and disbursed by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of their respective Office and Services; and so safe any Money so received shall remain in their or any of their Hands, till the same shall be paid to the said Committee or any Five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and in case any such Officer or other Person shall not make and render, or shall refuse to write any such Accounts, or so make any such Payment as aforesaid, and so deliver up all Goods, Books, Papers, and other Things as he or she Careless or Negligent, then any Two or more Justices of the Peace for such County or any One of the Justices of the said Corporation shall if they shall be so directed, and shall and may, upon Complaint to them, make Enquiry of and concerning such Default in a summary Way (as well by Confession of the Parties themselves as by the Testimony of One or more credible Witnesses) upon Oath or Affirmation, which Oath or Affirmation the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer; and such Justices shall be empowered, if they shall judge fit, to commit the Party or Parties in default of making an affidavit to the Common Goal of such County as the said Justices shall for the Time being directed to, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprise, until he, she or they shall have made a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforesaid, or until he, she or they shall have compounded, and agreed with the said Committee or any Five or more of them, and have paid such Compensatory Money, which Compensation the said Committee or any Five or more of them are hereby empowered to make: Provided always, that no Person or Persons, who shall be committed as aforesaid, shall be detained to Prison for longer Space of Time than Six Calendar Months.

Officers and Servants shall account.

Power to Justices to inquire and commit, &c.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That at the General Annual Court to be holden in every Year, by virtue of this Act, the Governors of the said Corporation then present shall elect and appoint Twenty-two of the Governors of the said Corporation, not being Members of the Committee for the Time being, to be Auditors of the Accounts of the said Corporation, and three such Auditors or any Five or more of them shall at least One Week previous to the General Annual Court to be holden by virtue of this Act, or otherwise if they shall be Directed, meet and order, examine and pass the Accounts and Vouchers of the Treasurer for the Time being; at which Meeting of Auditors to the said Corporation, the President, the Vice-President, the Treasurers, and the Secretary, for the Time being, any or either of them, shall have Liberty to be present.

Appointment of Auditors.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Treasurer to the said Corporation for the Time being shall pay over all the Monies remaining in his Hands, and transfer all or any Parts which may at any Time be due to him in his Name as Treasurer or otherwise, to the Treasurer immediately succeeding him, or Demanded by such succeeding Treasurer, with the Authority of the said Committee or any Five or more of them, or of the General Court at which such succeeding Treasurer shall be elected or appointed, and shall deliver over to such succeeding Treasurer all Books of Account, Memoranda, Deeds, Vouchers, Securities, and Papers belonging to the said Corporation.

Treasurer shall pay all Monies to the succeeding Treasurer, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Statement or Matter contained in any Certificate or Declaration, which the Committee of the said Corporation for the Time being, or any Five or more of them produce any of their Minutes or other Messages, shall or may be required to be made and published, previous to and for the Purposes of the Admission of any Orphan into any School of the said Corporation, according to the Rules of the said Corporation, shall be found to be false or untrue, then the Admission of every Orphan under such false Certificate or Declaration shall be and is hereby declared to be void, and the Orphan so admitted shall be returned to his or her Mother or Friends, which the Governors of the said Corporation at any General Court shall think fit to convey to the said Orphan or Orphans in the said Charity.

Falsification of Certificate.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought or Suit commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Premises or any of them, every such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Fall shall be commenced, and shall be laid or brought in the County of Middlesex or the City of London and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the Special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same shall be in substance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the issue shall appear to have been found, or if any such Action or Suit shall not be brought within the Time before limited, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her, or their Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs in other Cases by Law.

Limitation of Actions in Months.

Treble Costs.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially printed.

Public Act.

Cap. xix.

14G No. 7 18-
20G No. 7 24-
20G No. 4 20B

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Walsfield to Redlynch*, in the West Riding of the County of York. [24th April 1809.]

Cap. xx.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Parliament of Ireland passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act respecting the Collection of Public Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin by Prothonotaries*; and for the better Regulation of the Mode of Entries and Offices of Treasurer of the public Money of the City of Dublin. [24th April 1809.]

Forms of
24 G No. 7 18-
20 G No. 7 24-
20 G No. 4 20B
applied to this
Act.

WHERRAS by an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act respecting the Collection of Public Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin by Prothonotaries*. And Whereas certain Powers and Authorities were given to the Grand Jurors for the County and the City of Dublin for making Prothonotaries of Money for public Services, and for regulating their several Offices. And Whereas the Provisions of the said recited Act have been found sufficient for the Purpose thereby intended, and it is necessary that the same should be altered, enlarged, and amended, and further and better Provisions made for such Purposes: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King our Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same: That the said recited Act, and all and every the Clauses, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters, and Things therein contained, (but not except such Parts thereof as are altered, varied, or amended,) shall be, and the same is and are hereby declared to be so good, valid, and effectual for carrying the said Act into Execution, as if the same had been repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

¹ *Acts of the Treasurer of the County of the City of Dublin, created under 15th Act 13 & 14 G. 3. c. 28.*
² declared valid, and his Elections continued. { 2.

Enlargement of
Treasurer's
Term.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Treasurership of the said County of the City of Dublin shall be vacant either by the Death, Resignation, or Removal, or Defection of the possessor at any time Treasurer, the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being first, within Twenty-one Days after such Vacancy, cause the Board of Magistrates of the County of the said City of Dublin, to meet at the Sessions Court in the said City between the Hours of Twelve in the Forenoon and Two in the Afternoon, and then and there, by the Majority of Votes of such Magistrates as shall be present, (notwithstanding any Want of Quorum as mentioned in the said recited Act made in the Thirtieth and Thirtieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty,) shall proceed to elect a fit and sufficient Person to be Treasurer of the said City of Dublin, and in such Manner the said Lord Mayor, or in his Absence the senior Magistrate present, shall preside as Chairman, and shall take the Votes of the other Magistrates, and shall not himself give his Vote except in case of Equality of Votes: Provided always, that no Magistrate shall be allowed to vote in any such Election who shall be a Candidate for such Treasurership; And provided always, that no Person who shall at any Time hereafter be elected Treasurer of the County of the said City of Dublin shall be capable of having in the said Office, which he shall immediately upon his Election, in open Court, enter into a Recognizance before the Chairman of the Meeting at which he shall have been so elected Treasurer, and may other Magistrate perform at such Election, (which Recognizance such Chairman and Magistrate shall, and they are hereby empowered and required to take) in the Sum of Five thousand Pounds, and shall perform Two or more following Overtures at the same Time, to enter into a Recognizance such as is hereinafter set out in One Half of the Sum in which such Treasurer shall stand bound, the Condition of which Recognizance shall be, "that such Treasurer shall justly and truly account in Manner and Form, and at the Times by this Act or the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year or the Reign of His present Majesty required, or to be required by a Justice of the Peace, and shall be bound on all Transits justly and truly pay and account for all Money which he shall have received as Treasurer, and that he shall duly and faithfully discharge the Duties of his said Office in every Particular, and that he, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, shall and well, upon his Death, Removal, Dismissal, or Resignation, deliver to his Successor such Balance of Money as shall appear to be in his Hands, or shall be due by him, and all Books, Papers, and other Accounts required with him, whosoever by him is Treasurer of the County of the said City of Dublin."

Treasurer shall
enter into
Recognizance
with Treasurers.

Enlargement of
Treasurer's
Term, within
Twenty-one
Days under
the Act of 1809.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in each of the said Elections at the Foot of such Recognizance shall not prove to the Satisfaction of such Chairman and Magistrates, and make Affidavit thereof before a Justice of the Peace and Magistrate, (who are hereby empowered to take the same,) that he is ready and bound for the Sum mentioned in his said Recognizance, or any part thereof, his said Death, and discharge of any Property of which he is Tenant for Life only, then, and in every such Case, such Election shall be null and void, and the Magistrates for the County of the said City of Dublin shall on the next Day, and at the same Place, and between the same Hours, proceed in the Manner to elect a proper and sufficient Person to be Treasurer, and in case of any Meeting for the Election of a Treasurer, no Justice of the Peace should call or be present to be chosen, or to take the Oath to be chosen, should not comply and perform all and singular the Conditions herein directed, to be performed on the Part of such Person, then the said Magistrates shall and are to be bound to elect the same Person hereby directed for holding such Election, and in case no Treasurer shall be elected at such Election, then on the Monday following, and in no open Court, five shillings and a Penny shall be added, who shall be capable of having in the said Office, and perform the Recognizance aforesaid; and every Recognizance taken as aforesaid shall be declared by the Chairman to the Clerk of the Peace, who is required

to attend every such Assembly, and such Recognizances shall be by him deposited and duly entered in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, as soon after as he conveniently can enter the same: And in order the more effectually to oblige every Treasurer, during his Continuance in Office, to keep up a good and sufficient Security, he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That the Judges of the Court of King's Bench shall and may, if required by the Grand Jury, or if the said Court shall otherwise find it Bona Fide, examine the Treasurers, or any other Parties or Persons under Court upon Oath, touching the Evidence and Property of his Securities, as touching any Act relative to his said Office of Treasurer, and if he said Court shall see any Reason to apprehend that either or both of his Securities are defunct or insufficient, then, and in every such Case, the said Court shall and is hereby required to cause such Treasurer to procure another Security or Securities in lieu of those aforesaid, and if such Treasurer shall refuse to be examined, or to answer upon Oath, or to procure another Security or Securities, who shall enter into Recognizances, and make the Affidavit by this Act required, or in any other Bona Fide Case appearing to the said Court, then, and in any of the Cases aforesaid, the said Court shall, and is hereby required to commit the said Treasurer to Prison in his Office, and to cause such Detention to be entered in the Crown Book, and likewise in the Book of Entry of the Treasurer's Accounts, to be kept by the Clerk of the Crown; and another Treasurer shall thenceforth be elected by the Magistrates of the said County of the City of Dublin in Manner aforesaid, and such Treasurer that he is elected, to be sworn by the like Bona Fide, Magistrates, Justices, and Justices, as the Treasurer in whole Room or Part he shall be so elected, and to take Oath whenever such Office of Treasurer for the County of the said City of Dublin shall become vacant.

The Judges of the Court of King's Bench shall examine the Treasurers, and may take the Accounts, &c.

- Persons shall be reimbursed Moneys expended by them in recovering any Prefectures before the Bankruptcy of the said Treasurers. § 5.
- Every Prefecture before the said Treasurer kept Payment, and not in Extension, shall be struck out of the Queen's Book. § 6.

VII. • And Whereas it is necessary to commence Suits for the Recovery of the Publick Money in the Name or Names of the Treasurer or Clerks of the said City, or in the Name of their Executors: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any such Suit or Suits, Action or Actions shall have been commenced, or shall hereafter be commenced, prosecuted, or defended by the Order and Direction of any Grand Jury for the County of the said City of Dublin, under the Powers in this or any Law or Statute in Force in Effect, it shall and may be lawful for the several Grand Jurors of the said County of the said City, as Esquires, Knights, or Towns, to protect such Causes shall be awarded against them, or any, or either of them, or whose Name or Names any such Suit or Suits, Action or Actions shall be commenced, prosecuted, or defended, and those and each of their respective Goods, Chattels, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments shall not be liable thereto, but they and each of them shall for ever be freed, absolved and discharged from the same, and that it shall not be lawful for them, or any of them, He or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, to distinguish, release, or to pay any Action or Suit so commenced, or hereafter to be commenced in their or his Name or Names for the Purpose aforesaid, without the Consent, Order, and Direction of the said Grand Jury.

Grand Jurors may give or protect Oaths of Affidavit procured by their Oath.

VIII. • And Whereas the Statute now by Law provided for the Treasurer of the publick Money, and Secretary to the Grand Jurors, are very much equal to the Duties of the said Officers: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jurors of the said City of Dublin in each Esquire and Knights Turn to prohibit any Sum of Money not exceeding the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds for the Treasurer, and any Sum not exceeding the Sum of twenty five Pounds for the Secretary, which Sums shall be in lieu of the Sums now and lawfully provided under the Authority of the said recited Act made in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for the Treasurer and Secretary.

Grand Jurors may give and to prohibit Affidavits for Treasurers and Secretary.

IX. • And Whereas it would not be convenient to have a Repository from the Collectors and other Secretaries of the Publick Money received by such Collectors, and transmitted by them, to the Recognizances which are returned by them and lodged in the Town Clerk's Office of the said City, were returned into His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, by a more convenient Method, as it is hereby enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That whosoever it may be thought necessary to lay upon any such Recognizances, it shall and may be lawful to send for the Town Clerk of the said City, and he is hereby required, upon Message, to him for that Purpose by the Secretary of the Town Grand Jury for the Time being, forthwith to lodge such Recognizances or Receipts in the Office of the Postmaster or His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who is hereby directed to receive and keep the same amongst the Records of the said Court, and it shall not be necessary to file any Recognizances with the said Postmaster of the said City, and it is also enacted, that any such Recognizances, and also any such Receipts shall be returned to the said Secretary of the Grand Jury that proceed to sue thereon, or if the same had been defunct returned by some other Court or other Way which are.

Town Clerk shall lodge Recognizances of Collectors in the Postmaster's Office.

X. • And Whereas a great Difficulty has arisen in providing for the Publick Creditors, by virtue of the respective Charters or Statutes relating to regulate the said several unincorporated Avenues of former Warrants: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Churchwardens in the respective Parishes of the County of the said City of Dublin, and they are hereby required to receive such several unincorporated Avenues of former Warrants, and also to send the respective Town Grand Jurors upon receiving the said said Warrants' Names in Writing, to be delivered to him or them, or left at his or their last or usual Place of abode, in Dublin, in order to be examined by such a Spectre Grand Jurors, touching the appearance of the Publick Money, and the discharge of them not to be responsible or attending the said respective Grand Jurors, who require a good Affidavit thereof it shall and may be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, upon Application of the said respective Grand Jurors, to issue every such Churchwarden in attending in any Sum or Sums due, and being Payable, both Fine to be recovered by Warrant of Distress, signed by any Judge of the said Court of King's Bench, and by Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Churchwarden or Churchwardens, and such

Churchwardens shall to apply Avenues of former Warrants, and attend the Town Grand Jurors upon Notice, &c.

such Time, when recovered, shall go to, and be applied by the Governors of the Hospital and Free School of King Charles the Second, in Chestnut Green, commonly called the *Blue Coat Hospital*.

XI. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Collectors aforesaid and appointed by the respective Grand Juries, to collect the Publick Money of the County of the said City of Dublin, shall on Saturday in each and every Week between the Hours of Ten in the Forenoon, and Two in the Afternoon, pay to the Treasurer of the Publick Money such Sums as such and every of them shall have collected during the said Week, taking a Receipt in Writing for the same, which the Treasurer of the Publick Money is hereby required to give to each such Collector, for such Sums as he shall have paid; and that a Certificate of the Money next following, the Treasurer of the Publick Money shall pay into the Bank of Ireland, to the Credit of the County of the said City of Dublin, all such Sums as by him have received from the several Collectors during the preceding Week, taking a Receipt in Writing for the same, which the proper Officer of the said Bank is hereby required to give; and each and every such Collector shall on each Saturday make Oath before the Lord Mayor, or any Justice of the Peace of the said City of Dublin, (which Oath they are hereby authorized to administer) that the Money so paid by him to the Treasurer of the Publick Money, were the full Amount of the Money received by him during that Week, and in case any Collector shall omit or refuse to comply herewith, and to pay in the Money as directed by this Act, then and in every such Case he or his Secretary shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, so he recovered in a summary Way on Complaint to the Court of King's Bench, and leased by Warrant of Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Collector as aforesaid, and go to and be applied to the Use of the Blue-Coat Hospital, as herein-before mentioned; and every such Collector so offending shall also be removed from his said Office of Collector.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Treasurer of the Publick Money shall on the first sitting Day of each Term, make Oath before one of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, that he did so or before the Monday pay into the Bank of Ireland the several Sums which he received each Week from the said several Collectors as directed by this Act.

XIII. And Whereas it would tend much to the Regularity of the Publick Accounts if the Drafts on the Bank of Ireland should be made payable to Order, instead of being made payable to Bearer, or Money directed by an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for improving and amending more conveniently such Part of the County and County of the City of Dublin as is found on the South Side of the River Avon Liffey, and West of the Bishop's Castle of Dublin, and for the Appointment of an Inspector of the Professions and other Accounts of the County of the City of Dublin*: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Form of the Drafts as directed by the said recited Act of the Thirtieth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also by the said recited Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be altered, and altered thereof the Inspector of Publick Accounts shall, on the last Day of each Term, as directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, produce to the Grand Jury aforesaid Drafts in the Form following, payable to the Persons who have to the Exchequer of the Money, and whose Accounts were allowed, or to whom Money was preferred to be paid, and which was allowed by the Court:

From, " To the Governors and Company of the Bank of Ireland ;
" or Order, the Sum of
" which place to the Account of the County of the City of Dublin.

" _____ Foreman of _____ Term, 180
" _____ Inspector of City Accounts.
" _____ Treasurer P. M. County City of Dublin."

any Thing in the said recited Acts or either of them to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And Whereas the Sum which the Grand Jury of the County of the City of Dublin is now entitled to receive for Medicines and Necessaries for the different Prisons in the said City, is found to be totally inadequate to provide for the same: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the Grand Jury of the County of the City of Dublin shall and may prefer such Sums or Sums of Money for Medicines and Necessaries as shall be ordered by the Physicians and Surgeons attending each Prison, and which the Apothecary to the said Prisons shall make appear by an Affidavit, in which Affidavit the said Apothecary shall swear that he had faithfully and honestly expended, and that such Medicines and Necessaries were of the best Quality, and were the usual Charges at which Medicines and Necessaries of the same Quality were charged within the said City, and that the same were ordered by the Physicians attending such Prisons before they were supplied: Provided nevertheless that the Sums preferred for such Medicines and Necessaries shall not in any Year exceed the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XV. And for the better Protection of the Publick against Impediments to the Charges made by the said Apothecary for such Medicines: Be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Grand Juries for the County of the said City of Dublin may, when they think fit, or the Court of King's Bench, if the same shall appear to them proper, order such Account to be laid before the Governor and Directors of Apothecaries' Hall, to be taxed by the said Governor and Directors, which they are hereby authorized and required to do, and that the said Grand Jury shall have Power to prefer for the Expence incurred by such Examinance.

XVI. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Apothecary shall bring forward at each prefacing Term Two separate and distinct Professions, one for Medicines and the other for Necessaries, listing the different Articles comprised under the latter Head; and in each and may be lawful for the said Grand Jury at each prefacing Term after the passing of this Act, to prefer the Sum of Ten Pounds to be paid to the said Apothecary, as a Compensation for his Trouble in providing the said Necessaries for the said Prisons, and advancing his own Money for that Purpose.

XVII.

Collectors shall pay Money collected by them weekly to Treasurer.

Treasurer on the first Day of each Term shall make Oath of Payment into the Bank.

Form of Drafts under recited Act of 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and under Act of 49 to the 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Form.

Grand Jury may prefer Sums for Medicines, &c. into the Dublin.

Apothecary's Accounts may be laid before Directors of Apothecaries' Hall.

Grand Jury shall prefer Compensation to Apothecary.

XVII. And Whereas the Coroners of the County of the said City of Dublin are also obliged to hold Inquests in Gaols and Prisons, and on the Banks of the River, and the Tides thereon are bound to be a Jury of Twelve upon each Gaol and Prison, and where the said River runs; It is therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act in full and to be observed for the Grand Jury of the County of the said City at the Court of King's Bench, no perfect full Jury of Twelve as they shall think necessary for all Inquests hold in the said Gaol, and according to the Sum of Thirteen Shillings and Four-pence Sterling, for each, to be raised on the City at large, and pay the same to the Coroner or Coroners of the County of the said City of Dublin, for each and every Inquisition duly taken by each Coroner or Coroners upon View of the Body lying within the County of the said City, as a Compensation for his or their Labour, Pain, and Charge in taking such Inquisitions; and all full Sums or Sums of Money be presented to and received by each Coroner or Coroners shall be taken and accepted by him and them in lieu of all former Sums of Money which he or they shall have been accustomed to receive or demand as aforesaid.

Grand Jurors
to sit upon
Inquests for
12 or 13 of
12 months.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Collector, or party Collector, Constable, or other Person empowered to collect the Publick Money under the said recited Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, or either of them, shall take any Distress upon the Premises of any Person refusing to pay his or her Proportion of the Publick Cuts, such Collection, Disputy Collector, Constable, or Person empowered to collect, taking such Distress, shall give a Notice in Writing by him signed, on the usual Place of Notice being called on the Parish where such Distress was taken, setting forth, that upon the Seventh Day following he will sell such Distress by publick Auction at such Place; and he shall be lawful for such Person who such Distress there to sell in to the best Bidder, and after deducting the Amount of the Cuts, and One Shilling and One Penny in the Pound for his Trouble in making such Distress, and One Shilling and One Penny for Night for the Charges of keeping such Distress, to make a Note, or any other Bill shall be indorsed, he shall return the Surplus (if any) to the Person from whom such Distress was taken, and in case any Person or Persons shall, at any Time hereafter, bring or cause to be brought any Replevin or Replevin, or any other Action at Law, whereby to prevent or obstruct the laying of all or any Part of the Publick Money under the said recited Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of this Act or either of them, then, and in every such Case, the Collector or Collectors, or he or their Sureties, Constables, or Constables, who shall default for the same, shall be wadded to swear, acknowledge, justify, and defend such Taking, by pleading, avowing, or making Confession generally, that he took the Goods and Chattels in the Place &c's Default as mentioned, by virtue of such Act or of this Act, as the Case may be, for the Cuts for which such Distress shall be made due and payable, and in Answer, out of the Premises whereon such Distress shall be made, which Cuts was then and still remains due, without further letting forth any Proceedings had under such Act or this Act, or letting forth (especially the Warrant or Authority of the Collector, or his Surety, or of such Constable or other Person to whom such Act or this Act, or of the Power or Privilege in such Replevin, or the Person or Persons bringing or causing to be brought such Replevin shall be now listed, or a Writ shall be issued, or Judgment or Decreee shall pass against him, her, or them, then and in that Case he, she, or they, shall pay Double Costs.

Notice of Goods
taken in Distress
by Collector shall
be given up.

* Cuts of Act may be protested by Grand Jury. § 10. Publick Act. § 10.

Cap. 201.

An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of Lichfield; for discontinuing Part of the Parish of Saint Gildbert's from the said Parish, and annexing it to the Parish of Saint Andrew; for further regulating the Administration for the Poor in the said Parishes; for erecting Two new Churches; for discontinuing certain Churches, and annexing the Parishes thereof to other Parishes; for further regulating the Revenue of the said City applicable to the Payment of Ministers' Stipends, and for draining the Meadow on the South Side of the said City. [25th April 1809.]

See former Acts,
7 Geo. 3. c. 31.
21 Geo. 3. c. 36.
22 Geo. 3. c. 119.
23 Geo. 3. c. 22.

Cap. 202.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Maintenance and Support of the Poor of the Parishes of Sunderland near the Sea, in the County Palatine of Durham, and for increasing the Rates therein directed to be imposed. [25th April 1809.]

22 G. 3. c. 32.

Cap. 203.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the River Severn at the Quay in the City of Gloucester, to or near to a certain Gate or near the Town of Cheltenham in the County of Gloucester, called The Kings Toll Co., with a collateral Branch to the Top of Lechlampen Hill, in the Parish of Lechlampen, in the said County. [25th April 1809.]

* The Gloucester and Cheltenham Railway Company incorporated. § 1.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, damage, destroy, haul, or take away any Part of the said Railway or Tramroad or Collateral Branch, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief to obstruct, hinder, or prevent the carrying on, completing, repairing, and maintaining the same, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable and liable to the like Punishment and Penalty as in Cases of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes in this Realm, or in Majesty of such Parliaments, such

Penalty on Per-
sons damaging
or obstructing
the Railway
or Works,
Felony, &c.

such Courts may, if they think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Path Liveness, or otherwise every Person offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted on the Oath of One credible Witness, being Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Gloucester, shall forfeit any Sum not less than Double the Value of the Damage proved on Oath to be done, as the Discretion of the Justices, such Penalty, together with reasonable Costs, to be levied by Detainers and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offenders according to the Oaths (if any) as such Offenders, or such Offenders shall and may be convicted on the Common Gaol for the County of Gloucester, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be respectively provided that no Party having a right or claim to any Owner of Land, or to or by his Agents or Agents, or Servants or shall have been tendered a Sum provided.

Cap. 221n.

An Act for the better Improvement of the Harbour of Camerston in the County of Camerston, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [18th April 1809.]

[Former Duties repealed, and new Duties granted.]

Penalty on Persons following the Statute, &c. 1789, &c.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or negligently demolish, break down, or destroy any of the said Walls or Dry Docks, Piers, Quays, Wharfs, Warehouses, Buildings, Enclosures, or any of them, or any of the Works which shall be constructed under this Act, or which shall belong to the said Harbour, or shall wilfully or negligently obstruct or put out any of the Lights of day or belonging to the said Harbour for the Safety or Protection of the Ships or other Vessels sailing on the same, shall be deemed guilty of Treason, and the Curia Regia and before whom such Treason or Felony shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or in Discretion of Parole may award Sentence of Fine or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

Cap. 221n.

An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of Rochdale and the Neighbourhood thereof with Water. [18th April 1809.]

[The Company of Proprietors of the Rochdale Water Works incorporated.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing and widening the Road from the parish Turnpike Road at Howarth to Burythorpe in the Parish of Burythorpe in the County of Cambridge. (2) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein described, to wit in the first Act in the Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of Peck and Wymore Abbey in the County of Dorset, to the Turnpike Road between Blandford Forum and Dorchester in the County of Dorset. (1) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Kington's Cray to Lambeth's Canal and Palace Hill in the County of Kent, and to Faversham in the County of Kent, and various other Roads in the said Acts therein. (1) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the First small Bridge or Culvert which crosses the parish Turnpike Road from Clifton to Gloucester, on the Gloucester Side of Stannus Bridge to join the said Turnpike Road in the Town of Clifton in the County of Gloucester. (1) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for widening and repairing the Road leading from the City of Gloucester, through Compton, to that Part of the River of Avon called The Holyford of Compton. (1) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Great North Road leading from the North Crossway in the County of York to the City of York, and to the Town of Easingwold. (1) [18th April 1809.]

Cap. 221n.

An Act for striking an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of Ayr. [18th April 1809.]

Cap.

Cap. xxxii.

An Act to enlarge the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Tenth Year of His late Majesty, and the Sixth and Twenty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Gosport* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Hydegate* in the Parish of *St. Giles* in the County of *Essex*. (7.)

[18th April 1809.]

4 Cl. 2. r. 2.
10 G. 3. c. 22.
26 G. 3. c. 147.

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road leading from *Gosley Corner* adjoining to *Reidell Church* in the Parish of *South Mimms* in the County of *Middlesex*, to *Longford Mill* in the County of *Hertford*. (8.)

[18th April 1809.]

27 G. 3. c. 16.
17 G. 3. c. 14
18 G. 1. c. 23
18 G. 3. c. 100

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for allowing the Trustees on Part of the Inclosed Estates of *Dunro* near *St. Yule* *Midshire* *Wales*, in the Counties of *Essex*, *Somerset*, *Devon*, and *Sussex*, to be cut down, and for applying the Proceeds thereof arising in the Parochial Estates to be settled in Manner therein mentioned. (9. P.)

[18th April 1809.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for repairing and widening certain Roads in the County of *Devon*, and for better regulating the Statute Labour within the same. (10.)

[18th May 1809.]

Thomas Act,
17 G. 3. c. 98
18 G. 3. c. 55.

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act for amending more effectually several Acts for repairing the Turnpike and other High Roads in the County of *Essex*, and for repairing the Roads from the City of *Edinburgh* to the Town of *Leith*.

[18th May 1809.]

10 G. 3. c. 71. 10 G. 3. c.
10 G. 3. c. 101.
25 G. 3. c. 22.
27 G. 3. c. 22.
28 G. 3. c. 117. 28
28 G. 3. c. 100.

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Road near *Carborough Bridge* on the River *Almond*, to *Lanarkshire Bridge* on the River *Avon*, and other Roads in the County of *Leitcham*. (11.)

[18th May 1809.]

20 G. 3. c. 222.

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for more equitably and effectually off-lying and collecting the Poor Rates within the Parish of *St. Andrew* (commonly called *St. Andrew Landings*) in the County of *Middlesex*.

[18th May 1809.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for better off-lying and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the City of *Richmond*, in the County of *Kent*, and regulating the Poor Relief.

[18th May 1809.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for amending an Act passed in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Ware* and Port and Haven of *Wandsworth*, in the County Palatine of *Buckingham*, and for the more effectual Preservation and better Improvement of the same River, Port, and Haven. (12.)

[18th May 1809.]

[*Cyffers, Tonnage, and Light-House Duties, granted.*]

1 Geo. 4. c. 17.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. xlii.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Staple* in the County of *Northampton*.

[18th May 1809.]

18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. xliiii.

An Act for amending and resolving more effectually an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, for drawing and procuring certain Lands and Grounds in the Parishes of *Wycham*, *St. Andrew*, and *St. Andrew*, in the Hamlets of *Wycham* and *Wycham*, in the Isle of *Wight*, and County of *Cambridge*.

[18th May 1809.]

Cap. xliv.

An Act for making and draining Lands in the Parishes of *Thornham*, *Northampton*, and *Thornham*, in the County of *Northampton*.

[18th May 1809.]

Parishes in
the County of
Northampton.

LV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously cut, break down, demolish, or destroy any Bank, Mill, Engine, Dam, Floodgate, Bridge, Sluice, or Tunnel already made, or which shall at any Time hereafter be made or cut &c. (appointed, maintained, or used for answering any of the Purposes of this Act, every Person so offending and being convicted thereof shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, if he shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, or in Absentment of such Power and Authority may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Felony.

Cap. xlv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Harlow* *Essex* to *St. Giles*, in the County of *Essex*. (13.)

[18th May 1809.]

17 G. 3. c. 10.
27 G. 3. c. 10.
18 G. 3. c. 100.

Cap. 119.

An Act for reducing Workhouse and Parishes, Grants in the City of London, in Trusts to be sold, and for applying the Purchase Money in building another School House, and for better regulating the same. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 120.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Ridg*, in the Parish of *Torval*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 121.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Lin Town*, *Redwold*, and *Bryansome*, in the Manor of *Lincolne*, in the Parish of *Lincolne*, in the County of *Bedfgh*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 122.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Brookhill*, *Stives*, and *Filton*, in the County of *Salffsh*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 123.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cotes*, *Hayes*, and *Garslow*, in the County of *Stffsh*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ No Lease of Allotment by the Vicar of *Cotes* shall be valid without the Consent of the King as Patron of the Vicarage of *Cotes*. § 15.

Cap. 124.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Wingham*, in the County of *Kent*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 125.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stonham*, in the County of *Northampton*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. 126.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Elce* and *Wigley*, in the Parish of *Yarborough*, in the County of *Devon*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Wapentake of *Wharfedale*, in Right of his Duchy of *Langdale*, as an Equivalent for a certain Rent or Fee called *Paltry Rent*, payable by the Inhabitants of *Elce* and of other Towns, Quilt Towns, and Fee Farm Towns payable to His Majesty. § 2. 17. Allotments in lieu of Tithes. § 18. Allotment to the King for his Right and Interest in the Soil. § 20. Tenure of the Award “ as to the King’s Allotments shall be constituted to the Clerk of the Council of the Duchy of *Langdale*. § 21.

Cap. 127.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stones* in the City, in the County of *Salffsh*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment and Compensation in Satisfaction of Tithes. § 20. 22, 23. Lease of Allotment by the Rector “ shall not be valid without Consent of the King as Patron. § 20.

Cap. 128.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Althorpe*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. (3 P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment to the King in Satisfaction of all Claims on the Common, as Owner of the Honour and Forest of *Althorpe*, in Right of his Duchy of *Langdale*. § 2. 16. 19.

Cap. 129.

An Act for making Provisions for such of the Serjeants or Deputy Serjeants of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmity shall be disabled with permanent Disability, and be incapacitated for the due Execution of their Office; and for making further Provisions for the Two Serjeants of the said Serjeants, for the Clerk in the Serjeants’s Office, for the Master of the Report Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Report Office of the said Court, and for making other Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Office. [12th May 1809.]

“ WHEREAS by virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery by lay out a further Sum of five* 1802. c. 12.
 “ *Sixty thousand nine hundred Sterlings, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expence of the Office of the Accountant General; and for building Offices for the Judges in Ordinary in Chancery, and a public Office for the Scribes of the said Court, and Offices for the Executives of Bankrupts and Lunatics; and for building Apartments for housing the Two Deputies of the Scribes of the said Court, and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunatics; and of the several Acts made and Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been “ by virtue of the several Orders taken out of the common and general Coffers belonging to the Support of the* “ High

High Court of Chancery, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, and have been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, carried to an Account, intitled, *Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Interest of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Dividends and Dividends of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament, the several annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments directed to be made, and to be paid, have been from Time to Time made and paid, and the several Interest and several Profits arising from the said Securities, beyond what was full use to enforce the Purposes of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Capital Interest and several Profits, have been from Time to Time, in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intitled, *Account of Monies purchased with further Interest, arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Interest of the High Court of Chancery*: And Whereas the Legislature intended on the Fifth of the Reports and Certificates and Keeper thereof, and of all Books of Entries of all Orders and Decrees of the Office of Registrar of the said Court, and on the Job or Deputy Registrar, the Performance of important Duties, by reason whereof the Debts of the said Government of the Report Office is grown very extensive and laborious, for which extraordinary Duties no Fee is allowed or taken by the Registrar beyond their usual and accustomed Fees for drawing up and filing the Orders of the Court: And Whereas the Fees and Emoluments of the Two Clerks of the said Job or Deputy Registrar of the said Court are not adequate to the Attendance, Trouble, and Impairment of their Offices, and in the Length of their Services: And Whereas it would be for the Benefit of the Masters of the said Court, that proper Provision should be made from Time to Time be made for each of the said Job or Deputy Registrar of the said Court as soon after as January Day, in the Judgment of the said Court, be appointed to perform the Duties of their respective Offices: And Whereas the Fees and Allowances to which the Entering Clerks and the Clerks in the said Job or Deputy Registrar are entitled (regard being had to the great Expence of paying Persons to fill them in respect of the Benefits of the said Office, and the great Increase in the Price of the Necessaries of Life and the Expence of Living), are inadequate to their Attendance and Trouble and the Taxes imposed on them; and it is unreasonable to provide yearly Allowances to the Learning Clerks, and to the Clerks of the said Job or Deputy Registrar of the said Court, in addition to the Fees and Allowances to which they are now entitled, and also to provide additional Clerks in the Report Office, and Salaries for such additional Clerks; and also that Provision should be made for such other Payments and Expenses incident to the said Office, and that such other Provisions should be made as are hereafter mentioned and contained. May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and to be enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this united Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities aforesaid, carried to the said Account, intitled, *Account of Interest arising from Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Interest of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intitled, *Account of Securities purchased with further Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Interest of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Interest and Dividends of any Government or Parliamentary Securities hereunto to be purchased and placed to the said mentioned Account, there shall be paid (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and Sums of Money by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore passed, enacted, or authorized to be paid hereunto) by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by order of any Order or Order of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, by quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, such yearly Sums as are hereinafter, to the several Persons hereinafter mentioned (that is to say) To the two Clerks of the said Job or Deputy Registrar of the said Court for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Five hundred and fifty Pounds each, to the said Clerk in the said Registrar's Office for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Three hundred and thirty Pounds; to the second Clerk the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty-five Pounds; to the third Clerk the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds; to the fourth Clerk the yearly Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds; to the fifth and sixth Clerks the yearly Sum of One hundred and ten Pounds each; to the seventh and eighth Clerks the yearly Sum of fifty-five Pounds each; and to each of the two Entering Clerks of the said Court for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty-five Pounds; and to four additional Clerks to be employed in the said Report Office for the Purposes above mentioned, and to be appointed by the Vice and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates and Keeper of the said Books of Entries of the said Office of the said Court, the first yearly Sums above after mentioned, (that is to say) to the first of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of Three hundred and thirty Pounds; to the second of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds; to the third of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty-eight Pounds; and to the fourth of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of One hundred and thirty-eight Pounds; and also a proportionable Part to each quarterly Payment as shall accrue due between the said quarterly Payments thereof, and the Term of a Month or other Remedy of the said several Registrars and Clerks; such several yearly Payments to be so paid and taken by each several Clerk, to the said Job or Deputy Registrar, and by the said Entering Clerks, and full Compensation and Satisfaction for such Expence to be paid and paid for Persons to fill them in writing, and according to the Benefits of the said Office, and full Allowance and Payment to the said Clerks in the Report Office to be full Compensation and Satisfaction for their Labour and Attendance in the said Office, the said quarterly Payment of the several Sums aforesaid, to the several Persons aforesaid, to

Out of the Dividends of the Securities of Securities placed to the Account of the Account of the Account of the Court of Chancery, there shall be paid to the Registrar and Clerks of the said Office, the Yearly Payments following.

Two Clerks in Registrar's Office	550
1st Clerk	330
2d Clerk	220
3d Clerk	188
4th Clerk	150
5th Clerk	150
6th Clerk	150
7th Clerk	150
8th Clerk	150
Two Entering Clerks	500
Four additional Clerks	1000
1st Clerk	330
2d Clerk	220
3d Clerk	188
4th Clerk	150

commence on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine, and also each Term as shall appear to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal for the Time being, he be reasonable in order to be repaid or reimbursed to any of the said Sub or Deputy Registrars, or their Clerks, or the Esquire Clerks in the said Office, or the said Fiscal and Keeper of the said Repository and Custodian and Keeper of the said Books of Entries, as having been reasonably and necessarily expended by them, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and four, either in paying Profits for sitting and copying, or in expediting the Business of the said Office, or in paying for Books or Stationery provided or supplied for copying on the said Bussels, or in providing Coals and Candles and other necessary Articles for their said Office, and also the annual Sum of One hundred and ten Pounds, to be paid to the said Fiscal and Keeper of the said Repository and Certificates, and Keeper of the said Books and Entries, and to each of the Four said Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court for the Time being, as a Compensation and in Satisfaction for Expenses to be incurred in future in providing Books Stationery, or Printing for such Purposes as aforesaid, and in providing Coals and Candles and other necessary Articles for their said Office, and in paying any Fee or in Paying necessarily attending therein, as also one of the same, each full mentioned annual Sum to be paid quarterly to the said Fiscal and Keeper of the said Repository and Certificates and Keeper of the said Books and Entries, and the said four Sub or Deputy Registrars, and the first quarterly Payment thereof to commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine.

II. And he is further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Eight Clerks to the said Sub or Deputy Registrars and each and every of them, shall from Time to Time, and also when he or they apply at the proper Office in the Bank of England, for Payment of the several yearly Sums herein-before provided and directed to be paid to them respectively, produce a Certificate signed by the respective Sub or Deputy Registrar whose Clerk or Clerks he or they at such Time respectively may be, or in case of a Vacancy of Sub or Deputy Registrar, a Certificate signed by some extraordinary Sub or Deputy Registrar of the said Office for the Time being, that such Clerk hath diligently and faithfully in all Things performed and fulfilled the Duty and Office of a Clerk to a Sub or Deputy Registrar, up to the Time specified in such Certificate, and by reason thereof, is entitled to have and receive the yearly Sum or Payment hereby provided, up to the Time mentioned in such Certificate; and in case the Sub or Deputy Registrar or any Sub or Deputy Registrar, shall decline or refuse to sign such Certificate, such Clerk shall be at liberty to apply to the said Court of Chancery, by Petition or otherwise, and the said Court shall have full Power and Authority to make such Order therein, as to the said Court shall appear to be expedient and just.

III. And he is further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Four Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court by the Time being shall happen to be afflicted with any permanent Infirmity, disabling him from the due Execution of his Office, or shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or Lord Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being respectively, to remove from the Office of a Sub or Deputy Registrar of the said Court, any of the Four Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court, who shall in the Judgment of the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being, be so afflicted, and by an Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to be made from Time to Time when Occasion shall require, to order an Account or clear yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding One thousand one hundred Pounds to be paid out of the Exchequer and into the Treasury or the Government or Parliamentary Secretaries, provided or to be provided as herein-before mentioned, to any Sub or Deputy Registrar or Registrars, who shall be removed from the Office of a Registrar of the said Court, for such Cause aforesaid, in which Order or Orders the Care of making the same shall be directed, signed and passed, and the said Account or yearly Sum mentioned in such Order or Orders shall be paid by the Treasurer and Company of the Bank of England out of the Interest and Dividend of the said Government or Parliamentary Secretaries (but fully and without Prejudice as aforesaid) by even and equal quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Fifth Day of October in every Year, to such Sub or Deputy Registrar, upon the Proof where in shall be so removed from his said Office or Employment, for and during the Term of his natural Life, together with a proportionable Part thereof up to the Time of his Death; and in the Reason of such Sub or Deputy Registrar's incapacitation, some other able and sufficient Person shall be appointed to be Sub or Deputy Registrar in the usual and accustomed Manner.

IV. Expenses of this Act shall be paid out of Interest of Funds. § 4.

V. And he is further enacted, That the surplus Interest and several Profits which shall arise from the Money placed out as Securities, pursuant to the said Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament therein and herein-before mentioned or referred to, and which Securities are thereby directed to be carried to the Account of Money placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the State of the High Court of Chancery, and also the Interest which shall be produced from the Sums so purchased and to be paid and such surplus Interest beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said former Acts and the Purposes of this Act, shall from Time to Time be placed out as Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account, called in performance of the said Act of the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty and intitled, *Account of Securities purchased with surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Money placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the State of the High Court of Chancery, and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any Time be necessary so to do as any of the Acts of the said former, which hath been or may be placed out as Securities.*

VI. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper or Lord Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being,

Lord Chancellor may order Registrars and Clerks to be appointed.
The yearly Sums herein provided to be paid out of their Sums;
and also certain yearly Sums to be taken, as aforesaid.
For every Clerk, Candles, Coals, &c.

Clerks shall produce Certificates of having faithfully executed their Office before they shall be entitled to the Remuneration directed.

Chancellor empowered to displace Registrars who shall be incapacitated, and to make orders thereon.

Money shall be placed in Queen's Account.

Provisionally
to be changed by
the Chancellor.

Money may be
paid out of the
Treasury in the
sum of
Thousands of
Pounds.

by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to charge the Security or Securities or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament here-before mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, if at any Time hereafter the whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament, or any of them, shall be wanted to satisfy any of the Demands of the Honourable the High Court of Chancery, then and in such Case the said Court may and full direct the whole or any Part thereof to be called in, and the Securities in which the same shall be placed, and also the Securities upon which the said Interest and Dividends here-before mentioned shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Sums of the said Court may at all Times be paid their respective Demands out of the same, and general Cash belonging to such Sums.

" Publick Act. § 8.

Cap. lxx.

48 G. 3. c. 100. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to enable the several Prizes therein issued in disposal of the several Hosts therein mentioned in *Lancaster* and *Windsor*, by Lottery. [10th May 1809.]

" Trustees empowered to dispose of certain Prizes for 100,000*l*. by Lottery, to be drawn before 25th March 1811.

Cap. lxxi.

25 G. 3. c. 101. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Swanwick* and *Knoxy* Canal Navigations to raise a further Sum of Money for the Discharge of their Debts, and to finish and complete the said Canal Navigations, and for amending the several Acts passed relative thereto. [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxii.

24 G. 3. c. 73. An Act for amending, altering, and enlarging, the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Worsfold* and *Naze* Canal Navigations. [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxiii.

26 G. 3. c. 95. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts passed for making a navigable Canal from the *Trent* to the *Mersey*, and other Canals connected therewith. [10th May 1809.]

18 G. 3. c. 86—27 G. 3. c. 88—21 G. 3. c. 84—18 G. 3. c. 82.

Cap. lxxiv.

22 G. 3. c. 28. An Act for explaining and amending Two Acts for improving the Navigation of the River *Chob* to the City of *Glasgow*. [10th May 1809.]

28 G. 3. c. 144. " Duty on Coals continued to 8th July 1817.

Ready for
Printing
Works,
Friday, 8th.

XXII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the passing of this Act, maliciously and wantonly demolish, break down, or set on Fire any of the Quay, Pier, Jetty, Break, Abutments, Walls, or other Works made and constructed, or to be constructed, in Pursuance of the said several Acts, or of this Act, or any Statute or Vestry being in the said Harbour or River, such Person so offending, on being thereof legally convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and be transported for the Space of Seven Years.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace for the several Parts of *Lindsey*, *Kilmer*, and *Holland*, constituting the Three Divisions of the County of *Lincoln*, to provide a convenient Trial, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the said County. [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for regulating the Police of the Town and Liberties of *Kings*, and for the Regulation and Improvement of the Port and Harbour of the said Town, and of the Fisheries thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxvii.

22 G. 3. c. 24. An Act to amend the Town, and render more effectual, several Acts passed for opening, clearing, repairing, and improving the Harbour of *Southold*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [10th May 1809.]

23 G. 3. c. 77. " For Dues granted on Vessels.

Cap. lxxviii.

23 & 24 Geo. 3. c. 11. An Act for amending several Acts for making navigable the Rivers *Wye* and *Lugg*, in the County of *Merioneth*, and for making a Horse Towing Path on certain Parts of the Banks of the said River *Wye*. [10th May 1809.]

6. 11. 77
2 & 3 W. 1. c. 24.
14 G. 3. c. 24.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for better paving, repairing, clearing, lighting, and watching the several Streets, and other publick Places, within the Town and Parishes of *Stamford*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*, and for removing and preventing Nuisances, Obstructions, and Objections therein. [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for the better supplying the City of *Dulwich* with Water

[10th May 1809.]

See former Acts,
114 (1808) (T.)
c. 11.—1808G.3 (A) c. 19
—49 G. 3 c. 100.

[Additional Duties granted.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act to authorize the raising of Money to defray the Expenses of erecting a Prison and publick Offices in the Town of *Stratford*, in the County of *Warwick*.

[10th May 1809.]

20 G. 3 c. 14.

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act to revise and amend the Terms and Powers of certain Acts, for widening and improving the Entrance into the City of *London*, near *Temple Bar*, for making a more commodious Street at *St. Dun's*, as if for raising on the Credit of the Orphan's Fund certain Sums of Money for such Purpose.

[10th May 1809.]

21 G. 3 c. 126.
116 G. 3 c. 100.
22 G. 3 c. 21.
c. 22.
22 G. 3 c. 100.
23 G. 3 c. 100.

Three Years from the passing this Act allowed to purchase Houses, &c. and Five Years to complete the
 Impracements. § 1.—18 G. 3. c. 101. § 3. repealed. § 2.—The new-built Vestry Room, Court Room and
 Alms House, and the New Burial Ground shall be conveyed to the Use of the Parish of *Saint Clement*
 &c. *Dantz*. § 3.

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for the Improvement of the Passage across the *Pool of Perch*, called *The Queensferry*. (B)

[10th May 1809.]

XLIV. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, after the passing of this Act, wilfully and maliciously destroy any of the Piers, Jetties, Landing Places, or other Works to be constructed under the Authority of this Act, or any of the Materials intended for any of the said Works, or any Vessel lying or being in any Harbour made under the Authority of this Act, or any Vessel on its Passage across the said Ferry, every such Person or Persons offending, upon being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Punishment, by Transportation, Fine, or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

Punishment for
destroying
Works, &c.
Ferry, &c.

Business transacted at the Ferry shall not be liable to be suspended. § 68.

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for building a new Bridge across the River *Yeo*, and enlarging the Bridge at *Stavon*, both in the Town of *Yeasby*, in the County of *Westmore*, and also for widening and improving the Approaches to the said Bridges, and removing and preventing Obstructions and Nuisances thereon. (A)

[10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Weydon*, between the Cairns called *King Street* and *Gar* formerly *Booth*, and *Carroes Mill*, in the Hamlet of *Thorp*, in the County of the City of *Northwich*.

[10th May 1809.]

XVII. And he it further enacted, That the said Bridge shall not be rated or assessed for or towards the Payment of any parochial Rate or Assessment whatsoever; nor shall the said Bridge be deemed a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City of *Northwich* or the County of the said City or the County of *Neyhall* to repair the same.

Bridge not to be
rated, or deemed
a County Bridge.

XVIII. And for preserving the said Bridge from wilful or malicious Damage, and preventing all Interruptions to the passing thereof, Be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or maliciously blow up, pull down, or destroy the said Bridge, or any Part thereof, or the Toll Houses, or Toll Gates or Side Bars thereof or let up, or to be erected or let up, on the said Bridge, or any of them, or any of the Works, Buildings, or Enclosures made or to be made in pursuance of this Act, or cause or procure the same, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively to be blown up, pulled down, or destroyed, then and in every such Case every such Offender being lawfully convicted thereof shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishment and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in such Manner as Felony is directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes in this behalf, or in Magistrates of such Parishment, such Court may award such Punishment as the Law directs in Cases of Felony.

Punish-
ment for
destroying
Works, &c.
Bridge.

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act to amend the Terms, and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the *Tusfield* to *Belly*, in the County of *York*, to *Northby*, in the County of *Nottingham*. (C)

[10th May 1809.]

21 G. 3 c. 27.
22 G. 3 c. 20.

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for making and widening a Road from a Place called *Northby*, adjoining the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *Limbythorpe* to the Town of *Carnforth*, through the Village of *Brydley* to the River *Trey* near *Limbythorpe* Church, and with a Road from *Brydley* extended to the Village of *Limbythorpe*, all in the County of *Carnforth*. (A)

[10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxviii.

41 G. 3. c. 28. An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the Road leading from Cleaves to Colby Bridge, and other Roads in the last Act mentioned, in the Counties of Clogher and Down. (c) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for making and maintaining Turnpike Roads for the Towns of Malahyde, or near to the Towns of Bawn Beggin, Sutton Boger Church, and Derrybeg, in the County of Wick. (a) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xc.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from Bawn Beggin in the County of Wick, to the Two Mile Stone on the Turnpike Road from Derris to Marborough in the last County. (a) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcii.

An Act for amending and improving the Road from the North End of the Town of Treshill to the Village of Aghalee, and Two other Roads communicating with the same, all in the County of Kent. (b) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for amending and improving the Road from Swickford at the Top of Claring Hill, to a certain Place where the same joins the Road from Aylford to Canterbury, all in the County of Kent. (a) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xciv.

45 G. 3. c. 1. 24 G. 3. c. 21. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the End of the County of Bedford to the City of Clogher, and from Northill to Throis in the County of Clogher, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in so far as respects the Town District of the said Roads. (b) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road over Harby Common in the County of Surrey, to a Place called Wood Corner, and from thence to join the Bricklayers Turnpike Road at Cuckfield, in the County of Sussex. (a) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

40 G. 3. c. 16. 29 G. 3. c. 21. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Treshill Wells in the County of Kent, to the Coach Ways near Mansfield Street, and from Florence Farm to Fawcett Row, in the County of Sussex. (c) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

27 G. 3. c. 17. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His present Majesty for amending the Road from or near Ebbw Vale to the Township of Ebbw Vale, and for making and maintaining a Road from the said Road at or near South Pit, to or near Bryr Bridge in the County of Llanegwyl. (c) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

28 G. 3. c. 24. 27 G. 3. c. 21. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from Reading in the County of Berks, through Henley, in the County of Oxford, and Great Marlow to Henley in the County of Berks, and also the Road leading out at the last Road at Marlow over Great Marlow Bridge through Egham to or near the Thirty Mile Stone in the Road leading from Maidenhead to Reading aforesaid. (c) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for settling the Sale of an Estate at Treshill in the County of Warwick, devised by the Will of John Nevill Elgerton, deceased, and for applying the Proceeds of the Money in discharging Incumbrances on certain Estates at Compton and Ladbroke in the Counties of Warwick and Wiltshire, and for paying the Residue thereof to Walter Selwyn Leader Elgerton; and for letting the said Estates at Compton and Ladbroke to the Heir of the Will of the said John Nevill. (q. P.) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for inclosing a Moor or Common called Middlehope within the Park and Forest of Woodale in the Parish of Stowley, in the County of Durham. (q. P.) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. c.

An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parishes of Bedford East Marston and South Newton, and for exchanging Rights of Common in other Lands in or adjoining the Parishes of Bedford East Marston aforesaid, and Bedford, in the County of Wiltshire. (q. P.) [10th May 1809.]

Cap. ci.

24 G. 3. c. 20. 24. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Fovvler, in the County of Somerset. [10th May 1809.]

XVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously cut, break down, demolish, or destroy any Bank, Dam, Flood-gate, Sluice, or other Works already made, or which shall at any Time hereafter be made or to be made, supported, maintained, or used, in pursuance of the said recited Act or of this Act, within the said Counties, for protecting the said Lands called *Parish Ways* from the Sea, or for draining the same, every Person so offending, and being convicted, shall be guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, or to Mitigation of such Punishment may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Posthumous for following Writs, &c.

Cap. cii.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Clowdon*, in the County of *Stafford*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. ciii.
An Act for inclosing Waste Lands in the Township of *Lilford* in the Parish of *Walsley*, in the County of *Salisbury*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. cv.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Whitby* and Parish of *Kingsly*, in the County of *Stafford*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. cv.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bilbourn*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]
* Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 20—25.

Cap. cxii.
An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of *Sels*, in the Parish of *Cobherby* in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]
* Modes or ancient Composition real for Tithes confirmed. § 21.

Cap. cxiii.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Mosborough*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]
* Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 21—24.

Cap. cxiv.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Long Whitcham*, in the County of *Bedford*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]
* Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 21—27.

Cap. cxv.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Abdon* and *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Salop*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. cxvi.
An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stodda*, in the County of *Wilt*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]
* Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 47—52.

Cap. cxvii.
An Act for revising each Part of an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, as respects a certain Proportion of the County Rate for the County of *Kent* upon the Eastern Division of the said County, and certain Proportions upon the Western Division of the said County; and also, in so much of an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Kent* to make a fair and equal County Rate for the said County, as respects the Churchwardens and Overseers therein mentioned, to make certain Returns of the Rental or Value of Estates within their Parishes at the Periods and in the Manner therein mentioned, and impose a certain Penalty upon such Churchwardens and Overseers for making Defaults therein, and for assenting the Powers and Provisions of the said Act. [27th May 1809.]

* 45 G. 3. c. 116. and 47 G. 3. c. 22. revised and confirmed, except as respects by this Act. § 1. 45 G. 3. c. 1. l. 2. proportioning the Rates for the County, repealed, except as to Expenses in and up to *Eight* Quarts.

* 45 G. 3. c. 116. § 2. 45 G. 3. c. 1. l. 2. as to Meetings for settling the *Townsmen's* Accounts, repealed. § 3.
IV. And he is further enacted, That the Justices who shall be appointed at the *Exchequer* Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County as each and every Year shall and they are hereby directed and required to appoint a Committee of Twelve Justices (that is to say) Six Justices sitting in the *Exchequer* Division, and Six Justices sitting in the *Windsor* Division of the said County, of which Committee of Twelve Justices the Chairman for the Time being of each Division of the said County shall always be one, and shall meet at *Stambridge* alternately, on the Friday next preceding the *Saint Thomas's* or *Ascension* General Quarter Sessions in every Year, for the Purpose of examining, passing, adjusting, and allowing the several Accounts of the respective Townsmen of the said Two Divisions of the said County; and that such Meeting shall always commence and originally be holden at

45 G. 3. c. 116.
47 G. 3. c. 22.
c. 116.

Justices at the *Exchequer* Sessions shall annually appoint a Committee of Twelve Justices sitting in the *Exchequer* and *Windsor* Divisions.

Singhware aforesaid, but the same may from Time to Time be adjourned as Occasion may require to *Singhware* aforesaid, and the Justice is appointed and perfect at such Meeting, or any Adjournment thereof, shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby directed to require into, and examine, pass, and allow the said Accounts of the said Treasurers, and the said Accounts shall be examined, passed, and allowed fully and effectually at the said Meeting, or some Adjournment thereof.

Three Justices
at least, of
each Division,
to be present
at the holding
of the
Treasurer's
Accounts.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no such Meeting shall be effectual or consistent as toucheth the several Matters and Things herein before directed to be done and transacted at such Meeting as aforesaid, unless Three at the least of the Justices sitting in each Division of the said County, appointed as aforesaid, shall be there present, but that such Meeting shall necessarily be adjourned until Three Justices of each Division of the said County so appointed as aforesaid, shall be so present as aforesaid, and in case no such Justice or Justices shall attend at the said Meeting, then the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall adjourn the same, of which Adjournment the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall forthwith give Notice to the several Members of the said Committee.

" 47 G. 3. c. 12. s. 1. so far as it requires that County Rates under 13 G. 2. c. 29. shall be made for the whole County, repealed § 4.

Justices shall
make County
Rates, under
25 G. 2. c. 9.
for the several
Divisions of
the County.

VII. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Justices as aforesaid at the Quarter Sessions holden for the *Wylow* Division of the said County, and for the Justices as aforesaid at the Quarter Sessions holden for the *Eglwre* Division of the said County, to make such Rate or Assessment for raising such Sum and Sums of Money within each such Division respectively, as shall be sufficient to satisfy the Debt and Purposes mentioned and contained in the before recited Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, as Occasion may demand, or as the Requesters of each such Division may require, and also for the Debt and Purposes of this Act, and that such respective Rates and Assessments shall be as legal and effectual to all Inhabitants and Parishes whatsoever, as if one general Rate had been made for the whole of the said County, and that all and every the Sum and Sums of Money so made by such Rates or Assessments rated or assessed upon the several Towns, Parishes, Precincts, Vills, Hamlets, and Places situate within the *Wylow* Division of the said County, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said *Wylow* Division; and all and every the Sum and Sums of Money so made by such Rates or Assessments rated or assessed upon the several Towns, Parishes, Precincts, Vills, Hamlets, and Places situate within the *Eglwre* Division of the said County, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said *Eglwre* Division.

Treasurer shall
account for
Balance in
Hand, &c.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That the Treasurer and Treasurers appointed and to be appointed for each Division of the said County, shall and he and they it are hereby required, not more than Ten, or less than Seven Days at least, previous to every *Eglwre* Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, to transmit or cause to be transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, or to his Deputy, an Account in Writing under the respective Hands of the Treasurer for each Division of the said County, of the Balance then remaining in the Hands of each such Treasurer respectively; and also an Account of the Sum of the goods Expended of each such respective Treasurer since the *Eglwre* Quarter Sessions proceeding to the Time of making up and drawing such Account; and also an Estimate of the further probable Expense, to be incurred up to the said *Eglwre* Quarter Sessions inclusive, in order that the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy may and he it hereby required in by the same before the Justices to be assembled at the *Eglwre* Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, for their Information.

Rates shall be
made on the
relative Rents
of each Division,
20r 17 G. 2.
c. 23. § 4.

IX. And he it further enacted, That every such Rate or Assessment is to be made and assessed as aforesaid shall be made and assessed upon the relative Rents of each Division of the said County, as the same shall have been returned and allowed under and by virtue of the Directives and Provisions of the before recited Act, passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and as such Rents may be existing at the *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County of *Kent*, next and immediately preceding the Meeting of the Communes of Twelve Justices appointed to be holden at *Singhware* as aforesaid.

" 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. xxviii § 5. 4. (Dirting Churchwardens and Overseers to make Returns as therein was enacted) repealed § 4.

Power to revise,
correct, and
allow the
Rents of the
County.

XI. And he it further enacted, That whenever the Justices, assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, whether the same shall be originally holden in the *Eglwre* or *Wylow* Division of the said County, shall determine that it is necessary to revise, correct, and or otherwise the Rental of the whole County, they shall immediately signify such their Determination to the Justices to be assembled in Sessions in the other Division of the said County, in order that both Justices may and they are hereby required to appoint a Committee of Three Justices from each Division of the said County, for the Purposes hereafter mentioned, of which Committee any Five of such Justices shall be competent to act, and such Committee shall meet as soon after such Appointment as shall be mutually agreed upon between them, in order to revise, correct, and or otherwise the Rental of the whole County, and the relative Rents of each Division thereof respectively, upon the same and as just and equitable Provisions as they can, by virtue of and under the Powers, Provisions, and Directives of the before recited Act, passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also of this Act, and such Revision, Correction, and Allowance is to be made as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, and holding upon the several Parties to be affected thereby, until another Revision, Correction, and Allowance, shall take place and be made in Manner as aforesaid, saving nevertheless to the several Parties who may consider themselves aggrieved thereby, such Powers of Appeal, and in such Manner as is contained in the said before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also of this Act: Provided always, that no such Revision, Correction, or Allowance, shall again take place until after the Expiration of Three Years from the Time of making such last Revision, Correction, or Allowance.

XII.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Place of Meeting of the said Committee be to be appointed for the Purposes last aforesaid, shall always be, for the *Exchequer Division*, at the *Sessions House* for the said *Exchequer Division*, and for the *Windsor Division*, at *Monksilver* in the said County, and the Justices there present shall have full Power to adjourn the same from Time to Time to such Place as they may judge most convenient.

XIII. And be it order in enable the said Justices of the Peace to form a proper Judgment of any Rate or Rates to be made in pursuance of this Act, and to grant proper Relief: Be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, or any Three or more of them, or the said Clerk of the Peace for the said County, sitting under their Authority, shall and may and they do and he are and is hereby authorized and empowered, from Time to Time during the Execution of this Act, to cause any of the Books of Assessment of the Property or Income Tax, in so far as the same relate or refer to or in anywise concern the Stationers of Property to be let forth and filed in the Schedule (A.) contained in an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present Year, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of any Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, as Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; and the Renewal or Variation by which such Assessments are made, mentioned, and directed, within any Parish or Place within the said County, in so brought before them or him, and to take Copies of such Books, or any Part or Parts thereof, as they, he, or any of them shall think fit, such Comptrollers being made to the Parties producing the same respectively as the said Justices, or any Three or more of them, shall think reasonable; and if any Parish or Persons in whole or in Part or any of the said Books shall neglect or refuse to attend the said Justices, or the said Clerk of the Peace, with such Book or Books, or to permit them, him, or any of them, to take Copies thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every Person who shall in whole or in Part, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders. Parish or Persons, in making Default, together with the Charges of such Distress and Sale, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One Justice of the Peace for the said County, rendering the Overtures to the Party or Parties respectively, so whose Goods and Chattels such Default and Sale shall be made as aforesaid, and the same Forfeiture or Forfeitures, when recovered and received, shall forthwith be paid to the Treasurer of the Division of the said County in which such Offence shall be, to be applied toward the Purposes of this Act.*

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of all and every Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place within the said County, or some or one of them, shall, whenever it shall be determined to be necessary to revise, correct, and re-adjust the whole Rental of the said County as aforesaid, make a Return to the Committee to be appointed for such Revision as aforesaid, at such Time and Place as the said Committee, or any Three or more of them shall appoint, of the total Amount of the Rental or Value of the Estates within each respective Parish, Town, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, or Places, at the Time of making the last preceding Rate for the Relief of the Poor, together with the Names of the several Persons and Parties charged with such Rate, and the Sum and Sums of Money rated or charged on such several Persons or Parties respectively, and shall also state and swear on in Writing the Manner in which they made such Rate upon such Return, and shall verify every such Return upon Oath, in Manner as by the said Act is directed, and every such Return shall be signed with the Name or Names of the Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseers or Overseers making such Rate.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any of the several Parishes, Towns, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, or Places within the said County, shall neglect or make Default in making any such Return in Manner aforesaid, then and in every such Case each and every such Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor in neglecting or making Default (without sufficient Excuse, to be allowed by the said Committee to be appointed, at their Meeting to be to be holden at *Stonyhurst* aforesaid) shall forfeit as if he pay such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifty Pounds, as shall or may be ordered or adjudged by the said Committee, at their Meeting to be to be holden at *Stonyhurst* aforesaid, by way of Penalty for such Neglect or Default, and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful and to for the said Committee at such Meeting aforesaid, and they are hereby directed to issue their Warrants to the High Constable of the Division where such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place shall be situated, directing him to levy such Penalty upon the respective Goods and Chattels of each and every Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place in neglecting or making Default, in like Manner and with full Powers and Authorities as the said High Constable is, by a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual collecting, and paying the County Rates, voted with for levying on the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor the Sum aforesaid for the County Rate.*

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseers or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place in the said County, Parish or Precinct, shall have and be entitled to the same Power and Right of appealing to the next General Quarter Sessions, or some Adjournment thereof, in the same Manner, to all Intoxicating Purposes, as if the said Matter or Thing had been ordered and directed by a General Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, under and by virtue of the before recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, or his Deputy, shall and he is hereby required, Yearly and every Year, as before is to the Justices of the Peace aforesaid, at the *Exchequer Quarter Sessions* to be holden for the said County, and also to the Treasurer or Treasurers appointed and to be appointed for each Division of the said County, a Statement in Writing of the Sum or

Place of Meeting of Committee for each Division.

De being here the Record of the whole County shall be revised, amended, and adjusted according to the Assessments in the Assessment Act, under Act U. S. c. 94.

Penalty made of making such Return.

Penalty on Churchwardens and Overseers neglecting to make Returns as aforesaid.

After the Session the said Justices shall be entitled to be in the Act of the General Quarter Sessions.

Clerk of Peace shall deliver to the Treasurer or Treasurers appointed for each Division of the said County, a Statement in Writing of the Sum or

Amount of the whole Rental of the said County, as the same shall have been returned, under and by virtue of the herein-before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, and of this Act, and also of the component Parts of such Rental, as the same shall have been existing at the Midsummer General Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding, as signifying the Amount for each Division of the said County; which Statement shall be signed by and verified upon the Oath of the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy.

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That all and every Debts, Arrears, Sums and Sums of Money, Charges and Expenses whatsoever, of the whole of the said County of Kent, which attach upon or to which a County Rate is by Law liable shall be assigned, adjusted, and settled by the Committee of Justices appointed as aforesaid, at their Meeting to be holden at Sittingbourne, in Manner aforesaid, in proportion to the relative Rentals of each Division of the said County, as the same shall be ascertained at the Midsummer Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding such Meeting as aforesaid; and the Justices so assembled shall make such Order upon the Treasurer of each Division of the said County respectively, to pay in or receive from each other such Sums or Sums of Money as by the said Justices shall be adjudged to be due from or to be paid to either respectively upon settling the Annual General Account at such Meeting as to and including the said General Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding such Meeting to be holden at Sittingbourne as aforesaid.

XIX. And he is further enacted, That the Committee of Justices, to be so appointed at Sittingbourne as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required from such said Rental and from such relative Rentals to be distributed by the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy as aforesaid, to divide the said Annual Expenses between the Two Divisions of the said County, proportionally to such said Rental and such relative Rentals: Provided always, that no Denominator of a lower Value than a Twentieth shall ever be used for the Purpose of ascertaining the said Proportions.

“ Excerpt of A.D. § 20. Publick Act. § 21.

Cap. cxii.

As An Act for sharing, amending, and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and maintaining the Thames and Severn Canal Navigation. [17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxiii.

As An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, in relation to the establishing a night-watch, and for maintaining the Poor within the Parish of *St. Clement Domes*, in the County of Middlesex. [17th May 1809.]

“ Power of making Rates extended from 6d. to 1s. in the Pound.

Cap. cxiv.

As An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of Sussex.

Cap. cxv.

As An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for paving and improving the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of Sussex, and for building a Market House and establishing a Market in the said Town. [17th May 1809.]

[N.B. The Act Cap. cxiv., though intitled as above, is in fact, *An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-third Year, for paving, &c. the Town of Worthing*; while on the contrary, the Act, Cap. cxv., though intitled as above, is *An Act for building a Chapel of Ease at Worthing*.]

By Cap. cxv. Trustees are appointed for building the Chapel.

XXII. And he is further enacted, That the said Chapel and every Minister officiating therein for the Time being, as in the Performer Persons who shall act as Chapeldwain or Chapeldwainess thereof, shall be subject as all Rectors to the ordinary Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction by Law established, and it shall not may be lawful to and for the Lord Bishop of *Gloucester* for the Time being, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to consecrate the said Chapel, so to be ever thereafter a Chapel of Ease to the Parish Church of *Bromwich* aforesaid, and Divine Service shall be from Time to Time for ever after performed therein according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England as by Law established, by a perpetual Curate to be nominated and appointed as Messors herein after directed; and the said Chapel and the perpetual Curate thereof shall for ever after be subject to the ordinary Jurisdiction and Visitation of the Lord Bishop of *Gloucester* for the Time being.

XXIII. And he is further enacted, That after the said Chapel shall have been consecrated in Manner aforesaid, the Rector of the said Parish of *Bromwich* for the Time being is hereby empowered and required to nominate, under his Hand and Seal, to the Lord Bishop of *Gloucester* for the Time being a fit Person being in Archbishop's Orders (not being himself the Rector of *Bromwich* aforesaid), who shall have taken a Degree in one of the Three Universities of *Oxford*, *Cambridge*, or *Dublin*, to be inrolled in the perpetual Curacy of the said Chapel; and upon Certificate of every Vacancy the said Rector of the said Parish of *Bromwich* for the Time being shall, in like Manner, nominate some fit Person qualified as aforesaid, to be licensed as aforesaid, and upon Failure of such Nominations the Right of Nomination for that Term shall lapse to the Lord Bishop of *Gloucester* for the Time being, and to the Metropolitan and to the Crown successively, according to the Course of Law in Cases of postulate Benefices; and the Right of Nomination to the said Chapel may be used for and recovered, and the Incumbency thereof shall cease and be determined, in like Manner as if the Curacy of the said Chapel was a postulate Vicarage and Benefice.

XXIV. And he is further enacted, That no Marriage shall at any Time be solemnized in the said Chapel, nor shall any Corpse be buried in the said Chapel as the Vest thereof, but that the Curate of the said Chapel for the Time being may and shall, from Time to Time, baptize all such Children as shall be brought to the said

Chapel for that Purpose during the usual Times of performing Divine Service therein; and in order to facilitate Searches for Registers in the said Parish of *Weymouth*, Entries of all such Children, is proposed at the said Chapel, shall be regularly made in a Register to be provided for that Purpose by the Chapelwardens; and the said Curate shall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March*, the Twenty-fourth Day of *June*, the Twenty-sixth Day of *September*, and the Twenty-sixth Day of *December* in every Year, send to the Rector of the said Parish of *Weymouth* an accurate Copy, signed by him, of all Christenings in the said Chapel done by him the Curate immediately preceding, and the said Rector or his Curate shall cause the same to be transcribed into a proper Book, to be provided for that Purpose, and to be kept with the Register of the Christenings of the said Parish; and the said Curate may and shall visit church & Women who may come to the said Chapel for that Purpose.

Registers allowed.

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for building a Church on *Gayfield Hill*, in the Parish of *Gayfield*. [17th May 1809.]

" One Acre in *Gayfield Hill* allotted for the building a Church therein vested in the Rector, and Trustees appointed for that Purpose, with Reference to a Matter to the Lord of the Manor. § 1—17. (See Cap. cxv.)

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to cause a new Church and Chancel, with a Place proper for the administering the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and also a Tower or Steeple to be built upon the said Piece or Parcel of Ground according to be vested in them by this Act, or upon so much thereof as may be proper, according to such Plan or Model, Elevation and Section, of such Dimensions and Materials, and in such Manner, as they, the said Trustees, shall agree upon and direct at some public Meeting, to be particularly called for that Purpose, and in which Part of the Church and Chancel to be built in pursuance of this Act, the Chancel shall be distinguished in such Manner as the said Trustees, with the Consent and Approbation of the Bishop of *Dorset*, for the Time being, shall direct, and in which Plan no Alteration shall afterwards be made without the Consent of Two of the said Trustees at least; and in case such Alteration shall in any Manner comprise or relate to the Chancel, or any Part thereof, then with the Consent of the said Bishop in addition to the said Trustees; and the said Trustees shall allow like Manner, fit out and appoint the Remainder of the said Piece or Parcel of Ground so and for a Cemetery or Church yard; and the said Trustees shall cause such Pews, Seats, Galleries, and Conveniences to be made for the Accommodation of the Inhabitants of the said District, called *Gayfield Hill*, and a Bell or Bells and such Ornaments to be erected and set up, and such other Matters and Things to be done, as the said Trustees, with the Consent and Approbation of the said Bishop, shall direct, in order that the said Church and Chancel, when completed, finished, and furnished, may be consecrated and set apart for the Celebration of Divine Service, the publishing of Banns of Marriage, the Solemnization of Marriage, the Administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and the Baptism of Infants, and all other religious Acts, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England*; and the said Building, Works, Matters, and Things, shall be done by Contract, or otherwise, subject to the Inspection and Consent of the Surveyor or Surveyors on the Part of the said Trustees, as the said Trustees shall from Time to Time think proper and most expedient to fulfill the Intention and effect the Purposes of this Act.

Trustees empowered to build a new Church.

" Regulations as to setting out the Pews. § 18, 19, 20.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said new Church and Chancel, shall be completed and finished, and consecrated, and be fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, within Two Years at farthest, after laying the Foundation thereof; and that from and immediately after the said Church and Chancel shall be finished and consecrated, the same, and the Church Yard belonging thereto, and all and singular the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments whatsoever, within and Parcel of the said District or Tract of Waste Land called *Gayfield Hill*, shall be from and thereafter forever thereafter severed and divided from the said Parish of *Gayfield*, and be conveyed and delivered from all Dependence, Service, and from all Power, Right, and Authority of the Rector and Parson of the Parish Church of *Gayfield* aforesaid, for the Time being; and the said Rector and Parson shall be authorized to be both shall be nor ever thereafter a distinct and separate Rectory and Parish Church for the Inhabitants of the said District or Tract of Land, called *Gayfield Hill*, under the Name and Title of the Rectory and Parish of "*Gayfield Hill*;" and together with the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Houses, Pews, and Hereditaments within the said Hill, shall be for ever thereafter a distinct Parish of itself, and called by the Name of the Parish of *Gayfield Hill*, and the Inhabitants of the said Parish of *Gayfield Hill* shall be for ever thereafter delivered and exempted of and from the Care of Soul, Power, and Authority of the Rector and Parson of the Parish Church of *Gayfield* aforesaid, and the Rector and Parson of the same Parish Church of *Gayfield* shall be from and thereafter forever excommunicated and delivered from the Care of Souls of the Inhabitants of the said Parish of *Gayfield Hill*.

When new Church to be completed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said new Church and Chancel, with the Church Yard or Cemetery thereof, (subject to the Reservations herebefore contained), so or in Favour of the Lord of the said Manor of *Gayfield* for the Time being, and his Heirs and Successors, and his, her, and their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall from and immediately after the consecration thereof, and from and thereafter forever thereafter, be vested in the Rector of the same Church, and his Successors, Rectors thereof, for the Time being, the Statute of Mortmain, or any other Laws or Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding; and that Divine Service according to the Usage of the Church of *England*, Banns of Marriage, the Solemnization of Marriage, the Administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper and Baptism, Burials, and all other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England* shall and may be performed, published, celebrated, solemnized, and administered from Time to Time, and at all Times thereafter, in the said new Church, Chancel, and Church

The new Church vested in the Rector.

* Publishing Banns, &c.

Divine Service, Banns, &c. shall be administered in the Church.

*Ed. &c. with
in Church
wishes.*

Yard respectively; and that the Churchwarden for the Time being of the said new Church, shall be invested with the Bells, Organston, Furnace, Books, Plate, Goods, and Chattels of the said new Church.

- " No Banns shall be in the said new Church, nor in the Church Yard within Twelve Feet of the Church Walls.
" § 23. Taxes, &c. assessed to the said Parish Church of *Gayfield Hill*. § 24. Right of Presentation in the
" *Bishop of Durham*. § 25. Act not to affect the Division of the Parish of *Gayfield* into Townships. § 26.
" *Gayfield Hill* deemed a distinct Parishes. § 27.

*Land not be
given to the
new Bishop
for Gifts.*

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Prince or Persons, or any Body or Bodies Publick or Corporate, at any Time or Times hereafter, to give, grant, grant, demise, or convey, in or for the Use of, or in trust for the Rectory or Parson, for the Time being, of the said Rectory of *Gayfield Hill*, and his Successors, any Quantity of Land, not exceeding in the whole Ten Acres, to be the Gift or bequest of the said Rectory and Parson, and his Successors, who may, in like Manner, as if the same had been originally and presently in the making and selling of the same Lands and Situations separate and distinct Rectory, Parson, and Parish Church (except as otherwise directed and specially limited by this Act.)

*Law enacted
in 1797 re-
specting the
Bishops.*

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all the Laws of this Realm, touching Rectories, Parish Churches, Rectors, Clergy, Churches, and other Clerical and Parochial Officers, in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain called England, shall be in full Force and have Effect and Operation in all Respects in regard to the said Rectory, Parson, and Parish Church of *Gayfield Hill*, in like Manner, as if the same had been originally and presently in the making and selling of the same Lands and Situations separate and distinct Rectory, Parson, and Parish Church (except as otherwise directed and specially limited by this Act.)

" Application of Monies raised. § 30, &c. Publick Act.

Cap. cxvii.

*20 G. 3. c. 21.
20 G. 3. c. 2.*

An Act to amend and render more effectual Two Acts for the Maintenance and Support of the Pier and Harbour, and paving and lighting the Town of *Morpeth*, in the County of *North*. [17th May 1809.]

[*Dues granted on Shipping, and on Goods imported and exported.*]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for better supplying with Water the Borough of *Farewell*, and the Parishes of *Farewell* and *Parslow*, and Places adjacent, in the County of *Sunderland*. [17th May 1809.]

*Penalty on
destroying
Works.*

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully, or maliciously break, throw down, damage, or destroy any Banks or other Works erected, made, or maintained by virtue of this Act, then and in every such Case every such Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to make such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or such Court may award any other Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. cxix.

*See former Act
21 G. 3. c. 12.*

An Act for effecting the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Great Common in *Sturton* *Salic* *Edmond's*, within the Parish of *Sturton* *Salic* *Mary*, otherwise *Lang* *Salic*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for authorizing the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Little Common in *Sturton* *Salic* *Edmond's* elsewhere. [17th May 1809.]

*Penalty
Persons who
destroy
Works.*

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time hereafter wilfully and maliciously destroy or injure any Mill, Engine, Bridge, Floodgate, Tread, Stone, Down, Bank, or other Works which he or she at any Time he making or erecting, or made, erected, or used by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners for the Drainage and Improvement of the said Lands and Grounds, or any of them, and shall be thereof convicted on the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses, or on Confession of the Party or Parties so offending, at any Assizes or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County, Shire, Jurisdiction, Parts, or Division where the Offence shall be committed, every such Person shall be adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or shall otherwise be punished as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. cxx.

An Act for culminking, inclosing, and draining Lands within the Parish of *Fishton*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [17th May 1809.]

*Penalty for
destroying
Works, or
obstructing the
Execution of
the Act.*

LIX. And, for preventing the breaking down, destroying or damaging any of the Works which shall be made or altered or performed of this Act, or otherwise obstructing the Execution of the same, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or maliciously demolish, pull down, break, spoil or otherwise destroy any Drain, Bank, Outlet, Stone, Cart, Clog, Hedge, Tread or other Works, which shall at any Time or Times hereafter be made or erected for the Purpose of this Act, and every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be judged and liable to the like Penalties and Punishments as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to make such Person or Persons to be punished in such Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

er the Court may and are hereby empowered, if they shall think fit, in Mitigation of such Punishment, to award and dispense such Fines or Imprisonment as such Court shall judge expedient.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Road or Passage for Horses on the Banks of the River Swere, between a certain Place at *Coltsdale Dock* on and above the *Wells Bridge* in the Town of *Sturtevant* in the County of *Salop*, for loading and drawing Vessels along the said River. [17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxii.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for better lighting the Town and Neighbourhood of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, with Water, and for more effectually lighting and draining the Streets and other Places within the said Town and Neighbourhood, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein; and for erecting a Court House and Prison for the Borough of *Leeds*, and for widening and improving the Streets and Passages in the said Town. [17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the *Globe Insurance Company* to sue in the Name of their Trustees, and to avoid Assurances. [17th May 1809.]

And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Acts of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty are in all Respects effectual for the Purposes for which the same were intended; whereas, for avoiding and removing such Doubts, May it please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted, and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, in all Agreements, Contracts, Conditions, Bonds, Obligations, Warrants, Judgments, Orders, Charters, Endowments, Fines, Recoveries, Concessions, and other Assurances whatsoever, by which any Assuree or yearly Rent hath been, or shall be sold, limited, or otherwise assured to, or in trust for, or for the Use or Benefit of the said Society or Partnership, called "The *Globe Insurance Company*;" or to any Person or Persons acting for, or on the Behalf of the said Society or Partnership, or by which any Assuree or yearly Rent hath been, or shall be granted, sold, limited, or otherwise assured by the said Society or Partnership, called "The *Globe Insurance Company*;" or by any Person or Persons acting for, or on the Behalf of the said Society or Partnership; and in all Memorials of the said Assurances respectively, the Names of the Members of the said Society or Partnership, and of all the Persons interested in the same, or sitting on the Part or Behalf of the said Members, or other Persons, or any of them, or for whom they or any of them are Trustees, shall, for all the Purposes of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, be considered to be likewise mentioned, expressed, and contained within the Provisions of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the true Intent and Meaning of the same, if, in the Assurances or any one of the Assurances, by which such Assurances or Rents respectively shall be sold and limited, and in the Memorials of the same respectively, it is or shall be expressed, or appears, or shall appear, that the Assuree or yearly Rent so granted, sold, limited or otherwise assured, is thereby granted, sold, limited, or otherwise assured by the said Society or Partnership, or to or for the Benefit of the said Society or Partnership as the Case may be, and that the Consideration for the same is paid, advanced, or given to, or by, or on the Behalf, or on the Account of the said Society or Partnership, as the Case may be; and thereupon, (the other Provisions of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty being construed with), the said Deeds and Assurances, and the Memorials of the same shall be as valid and effectual, in all Intents, Effects, Constructions, and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Names of all the Members of the said Society or Partnership, and of all the Persons interested in the said Society or Partnership, or represented by them, or for, or on the Behalf of whom they, or any of them have acted, or been Trustees, or paid or advanced, or given the Money, or other Consideration for the said Assurances, or shall act or be Trustees, or pay or advance, or give the Money or other Consideration for the said Assurances, were stated in the said Assurances and Memorials respectively, in the Manner prescribed by the said Act.

* Provisions of this Act extended to the Company, whether composed of the present or future Members, § 2.

* This Act shall not incorporate the Society, § 5. Statute Act § 4.

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the *Pelican Life Insurance Company* to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to avoid Assurances. [17th May 1809.]

[See Cap. cxxiii. of this Session.]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the *Adrian Fire and Life Insurance Company* to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to avoid Assurances. [17th May 1809.]

[See Cap. cxxiii. of this Session.]

Statute Act.

17 G. 3. c. 26.

47 G. 3. c. 1.

c. 200. and

47 G. 3. c. 2.

c. 100.

Acts and

Warrants of

Assurances,

granted to the

Globe Insurance

Company shall

be sufficient, if

expressed to be

for the Benefit

of the Company

as of the Name

of all the

Members were

inserted.

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for widening and altering *Oyle Bridge* over the River *Oyle*, and *Fyfe Bridge* over the River *Fyfe*, in the City of *York*; for widening, raising, and improving certain Streets, Lanes, and Passages leading and near to the said Bridges; and for making certain other Improvements in the said City. [17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxvii.

48 G. 3. c. 49.
17 G. 3. c. 34.
14 G. 3. c. 74.
28 G. 3. c. 109.
2 G. 4. c. 98.
28 G. 4. c. 104.—

An Act for consolidating and making the Powers of several Acts passed for amending several Roads near the Borough of *Widnes* and the Town of *Newnes Bay*, and from or near the North Side of the Town of *Tatton* towards *Widnes* amended, for building a Bridge across the River *Dere*, or or near a Place called *Sewell*, in the County of *Devon*, and for amending and improving the said several Roads. [5.]

43 G. 3. c. 300.

[17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxviii.

48 G. 3. c. 102.

An Act for continuing, explaining, and amending an Act passed in the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the Stone End in *Kent* down, to the Parish of *St. George* Southward, to *Dayford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*. [6.]

[17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Devon*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Allotment to the King in Satisfaction and Extinction of his Rights in the Soil. § 21. Extent of the Award
" respecting such Allotment to be transmitted to the Surveyor-General of the Land Revenue of the Crown. § 28.
" Surveyor-General may sell the King's Allotments. § 25. Saving of the King's Rights as to Mines, Seignories
" and Royalties. § 44. 45.

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Carroys*, in the County of *Glouc.* (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Like Allotments to the King, and like Provisions as to his Rights as in Cap. cxxix.

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Easton*, in the County of *Nottingham*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Allotments and Compensation in lieu of Tithes, § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Woolston*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" For making Compensation for Tithes, § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *King's Cross*, in the County of *Northampton*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes, § 12, &c. Allotment to the King, as Lord of the Manor of *King's Cross*. § 16. Extent of Award to be transmitted to Surveyor-General's Office, § 25. Saving for the King's
" Right of Pasture for Deer kept in the Forest of *Rushyhaun*, and the Right of hunting Deer, § 25.

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for including Lands in the Township of *Candy* and Parish of *Spottedburgh*, in the County of *York*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Manors of *Toddill*, § 12, and for certain Chief Rents, § 25.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Gayhead*, in the County of *Dorset*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Glaston-with-Holm*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. (q. P.)

[17th May 1809.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes, § 20.

Cap. cxxxvii.

48 G. 3. c. 100.

An Act for the Application of the Purchase Money of certain Lands, taken from the Possessions of the See of *Worcester*, under the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, recited, An Act for vesting certain *Messuages*, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in *Troyton*, for better serving His Majesty's *Docks*, *Ships*, and *Stores* at *Portsmouth*, and for extending the *Works* and *Lives* at *Dover*. [14 June 1809.]

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for enabling the *North and Devon Canal Company* to raise a sufficient Sum of Money to complete the said Canal, and for amending the several Acts for making the same. [14 June 1809.]

80 H. L. 50.
80 C. 3. 2. 11.
80 L. 3. 2. 11.
80 L. 2. 2. 11.
80 L. 2. 2. 11.

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for amending a new Gaol and House of Correction, and new Courts of Justice, in and for the County Palatine of *Durham*, and purchasing proper Sites for the same; and for discharging of the old Gaol and House of Correction and Courts of Justice there; and making an equal County Rate for those Purposes. [10 June 1809.]

XLII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, pull down, or in any Manner damage or destroy the said Gaol, House of Correction, and Court House or Buildings, to be or to be respectively erected and built, repaired, maintained, supported, provided, or purchased as aforesaid, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, or any of the Appurtenances thereto belonging, or any Person or Persons being lawfully committed thereof shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried, shall have full Power and Authority either to order such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, to such Place, and in such Manner as other Felons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or to suffer such Corporal Punishment, or be punished by Fine, Imprisonment, or otherwise, as to the Court before whom such Person or Persons is or are to be tried shall seem proper to order or adjudge; and the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Durham* appointed in their General Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized, from Time to Time, to order such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid to be prosecuted by Indictment or Indictments at the Assizes for the County of *Durham*, and to direct the Expenses of such Prosecutions to be paid by the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County for the Time being, out of the Publick Stock and General County Rates of and for the said County; and in every such Indictment or Indictments, such Gaol, House of Correction, and Court House or Court House, or other Building or Buildings, shall respectively be alleged and described, and directed and taken to be the Gaol, House of Correction, and Court House or Court House, or Building or Buildings respectively (in the Case may happen) of "The Justices of the Peace for the County of *Durham*," without pertinently stating or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Justices.

Parliamentary
Bill
1007
1007
1007
1007
1007

Cap. cxi.

An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, and otherwise improving the Streets and other Publick Places and Places in the Town and Borough of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Salop*. [14 June 1809.]

Cap. cxii.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *Merthyr Tydfil*, and other Places therein contained, in the Counties of *Gwent*, *Brecon*, and *Monmouth*. [14 June 1809.]

[*Justitiam sibi. No Privilege to Attornies.*]

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Trent*, from or near *Fossil* Temples, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth* in the County of *Surry*, to the opposite Shore, in the Parish of *East Yiewsley*, in the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and County of *Middlesex*, and for making convenient Roads thereon. [10 June 1809.]

* *Fossil* Bridge Company incorporated; empowered to raise 200,000, additional if necessary; 50,000.
* Starting to be erected in the 3rd Year for the Purposes of the Act before any Lands shall be purchased, or
* Works begun.

CXIX. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down or destroy any of the Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishments and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

CXX. And, in order to remove all Doubts where and before whom Offences committed by the said Bridge shall and may be cognizable, and how and by whom the Offenders in such Cases may be punished; Be it further enacted, That the Hall of the said Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, shall be deemed to be in the City and Liberty of *Windsor* and County of *Middlesex*, and Part of and in the Parish of *East Yiewsley* *Windsor*, and the other Hall of the said Bridge adjoining to the County of *Surry*, shall be deemed to be in the said County of *Surry*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*; but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City or Liberty of *Windsor* or County of *Middlesex* or *Surry*, or any of the Parishes or Places herein-before mentioned, or either of them, to the repairing or supporting of the same, or any of the Roads herein directed to be made as aforesaid.

Parliamentary
Bill
1007
1007
1007
1007

That the Bridge
shall be deemed
to be in the
City and Liberty
of Windsor
County of
Middlesex.

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Whole or Part of a certain Bridge called *Wellingford Bridge*, in the Borough of *Wellingford*, in the County of *Berk*, and for opening, widening, and improving the *Avenues* or *Approaches* to the said Bridge. [18th June 1805.]

Proviso as
to Persons injuring
the Bridge.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously blow up, pull down, or destroy the said Bridge, or the said temporary Bridge, or any Part thereof respectively, or any Toll-House or Tollgate to be erected or fit up upon or near the said Bridge, or either of them, or any of the Works, Buildings, or Erections made in pursuance of this Act, or make or procure or do or cause the same to be done, every Person so offending, on being convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or may, in mitigation of such Punishment, pronounce such Sentence as the Law directs in cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding certain Parts of *North Bridge* and *Tudford Bridge*, in the Parishes of *Newport Pagnel* and *Ludborough*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*, and for widening and making more or mending the said Bridges, and the *Approaches* thereto. [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cxliiii.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from *Sutton* to *Ston*, in the County of *Stafford* or *Albion Broadoke*, and from *Ston* to the present Turnpike Road at or near *Stoney Hill*, in the said County. (S) [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cxliiii.

28 G. 3. c. 105.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His prelate Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Garnesdon* to *Langton-parva*, *Ston*, in the County of *Stafford*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, so far as the same is in the Government District of *Ston*, and for consolidating in the same Act and Trust certain other Roads in the said County of *Stafford*. (S) [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cxliiii.

An Act for making and repairing a Road from *Sals Hill*, in the Parish of *Beaufort*, to the *North* Turnpike Road, on the Northern Side of *Beauford Bridge*; and also another Road from *Brown's Cross* to a Heald called *The Friary*, all in the County of *Stafford*. (S) [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cxliiii.

An Act for setting the tithes and other Estates of *John Purvis* *Parish* *Ston*, in the Parish of *Coventry*, in the County of *Warwick*, in Tithes upon such, to sell and so to be sold of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, upon the Terms therein mentioned. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cxliiii.

An Act for enabling the Minister and Churchwardens of the Parish of *Abbotsbury* *Ston*, in the City of *London* to grant a Lease of certain Estates belonging to the same Parish, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

Cap. cx.

An Act for including Lands in the Hamlet and Chapelry of *Wheatley*, in the Parish of *Cuddesley*, in the County of *Devon*. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Tithes. § 23.

Cap. cx.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Ston*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for extinguishing the Tithes in the said Parish. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

" Compensations for Tithes by Corn Rents. § 20, &c.

Cap. cx.

An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Ston* with *Drington*, *Northborough*, *Glouce* with *Parish*, *Ston*, and *Kilgerron*, in the County of *Northampton*. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

" Allotments and Compensations in lieu of Tithes. § 22, &c.

Cap. cx.

An Act for including Lands in the Parishes of *Ston*, *Ston*, and *Ston*, in the County of *Stafford*, and for extinguishing Tithes in the said Parishes. (S. P.) [18th June 1805.]

" Compensations for Tithes by Corn Rents. § 23, &c.

Cap.

C. clv.

An Act for better *Ordering Customs, and other Wale Lands, in the Parish of Gosport, in the County of South Down.* [1st Year 1803.]

* Abolition for T. Oct. 3. 1803.
E. p. clv.

An Act for amending the Terms of, and altering, and extending to the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty King George the Third, two Acts of His Majesty King George the Third, relating to the River Thames, and to make more effectual Regulations relating thereto. [18th Year 1803.]

C. clvi.

An Act to alter and amend the Act, passed in the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Tenth, Twelfth, and Forty-second Years of His Majesty King George the Third, relating to the W. D. S. and the greater Voyage-Advances and Bounties of Shipping, to amend, and to extend to the City of London, and to other Cities, Towns, and Places of Learning, the Act, and to extend, the Power and Authority of the said Acts granted to the London Dock Company. [18th Year 1803.]

* Thomas Dundas represented to make Complaint for purchasing Goods, Sec. 31. Commenced by Law
* Crown, Sec. 31. At the Hearing, &c. proceeded, referred to the London Dock Company, &c. Sec. 31.
* made voidable by the pulling of the Act declared void. 34. Power to fill, let, or demise P. 31. Sec. 35.

VI. And Whereas divers Offences have been given in Custom-houses, Warehouses, and other Places appointed by the said Company in the Exercise of their Duty, in the Breach of the Statute, That all any Person or Persons who shall at any Time hereafter in any Way obstruct, or be aiding or abetting any other Person or Persons in the Exercise of his Duty or Employment, as any Custom-house, Warehouse, or other Place therein appointed by, or having Instructions in Writing in that Behalf from the Directors of the said Company, or from the Superintendant of the said Docks, or from the Dock Masters, or One of the Dock Masters of the said Company for the Time being, from or in going on board, or entering into or upon, or being in or upon any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, for the Purpose of furnishing or carrying off any Fire, Candle, or Light being or intended to be shown, contrary to the Provision contained in any of the said recited Acts, or the Act, or contrary to any Order, Rule, or Regulation made by virtue of any of the said recited Acts, or the Act, or for the Purpose of detaining any Tonnage or Embarkation committed or shipped to land, been committed in or about any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, or for the Purpose of giving any Riot or Disturbance therein, or for any other Purpose authorized by any of the said recited Acts, or the Act, or by any such Order, Rule, or Regulation as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom the Person or Persons so offending shall be examined, such Penalty or Penalties to be recovered by Detainee and Seizure of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, in like Manner as other Penalties created by any of the said recited Acts; and if any Dog or Dogs shall at any Time be found loose on board any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, contrary to any such Order, Rule, or Regulation or Instructions, as shall be made in that Behalf by the Directors of the said Company, or by the Superintendant of the said Docks, or by the Dock Masters of the said Company, or any One of them, for the Time being, or Supervisor or Constable, the Master or other Person having the Charge in Command of such Ship or Vessel, and the Pilot or Person having the Charge of such Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in Manner aforesaid.

VII. And Whereas further Penalties and Provisions are found to be necessary for the Breach of Fire, and Cannon, and Lances on board Ships and other Vessels in the said Docks; Be it further enacted, That no Person who shall on board any Ship, or vessel, or on land or kept on Fire, Candle or Light lighted, on board any Ship or other Vessel within the Docks or other Works of the said Company, at any Time, or Times after the Hour of Four in the Evening, or before the Hour of Seven in the Morning, between the Twenty-ninth Day of September and the Twenty-ninth Day of March in every Year, or before the Hour of Five in the Morning between the Twenty-ninth Day of March and the Thirtieth Day of September in every Year, are on board any Ship or other Vessel within the Docks or other Works of the said Company, being on board the same any Gun, Bomb, Cannon, Pistol, Powder, Fuse, Squibs, Torpedoes, Bombs, or other dangerous Legions, Trip-mines, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tobacco, Gunpowder, Shavings of Wood, or Combustible Matter whatsoever of any Kind during any Part of the Time which such Ship or other Vessel shall be actually labouring or taking in her Cargo, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered as aforesaid, unless the bearing of such Fire, Cannon, or Lamp be lighted, shall be with the Possession in Writing of the Directors of the said Company, or of the Superintendant of the said Docks, or of the Dock Masters, or One of the Dock Masters of the said Company for the Time being for that Purpose set out and signed of.

VIII. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fourth Year of His Majesty George the Third, it is enacted, That in case the Owner, Master, Pilot, Seaman, or other Person having the Care of any Ship or other Vessel, shall neglect or neglect to remove, or cause to be removed the same, contrary to the Direction of the Dock Master or Dock Masters of the said Company, within Twelve Hours after Notice to him or them given in Writing, or shall with leave of the said Dock Master or Vessel for that Purpose, that then it should be lawful for the said Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, and if so they were by the said Act required to remove, or cause to be removed, together with the Charges and Expenses thereof respectively were thereby directed to be repaid, together with the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Offence, by the Master or Owner of such Ship or Vessel, and to be recovered or paid out in the Manner

G. N. 3

* Manner

therein mentioned; and in case any Master, Commodore, Mate, Pilot, or other Person or Persons having the Command of any Ship or other Vessel, or the Owner, Agent, Confignee, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, moving, or unmooring of any Ship or other Vessel, such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as herein contained: And Whereas the said Time of Twelve Hours after such Notice as aforesaid, is allowed by the said Act for complying with such Directions of the Dock Master or Dock Masters as aforesaid, has been found by Experience to be insufficient: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said several Provisions, Powers, Matters, and Things in the said Act contained, shall attach and take effect after One Hour from the Time of such Notice being given as aforesaid, in the Lower Mole or in all Havens and Harbours as the same attach and take effect by virtue of the said Act, after Twelve Hours from the Time of such Notice being given as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Call a where any Penalty or Penalties, Forfeiture or Forfeitures are: First by or of the said several Acts or this Act, any or more recoverable after the same shall be demanded, it shall and may be lawful for the Treasurer of the said Company for the Time being, or any Person or Persons by him or her authorized in Writing under his Hand for that Purpose, to make such Demand; and all Demands so made shall be deemed good and sufficient in all Courts and for all Purposes, any Thing to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

X. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by the said Act imposed, concerning which no particular Direction had been therein already given, should, if the same should not be paid within Fourteen Days after the same shall be demanded, be recovered and paid by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant to be made and signed by Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, which Warrants were to be obeyed and required to grant upon the Petition of One or more credible Witnesses upon Oath before them made, which Oath they were thereby empowered to administer; and in case no such Distress as aforesaid could be had, then it should be lawful for the said Two or more Justices, by the Warrant or Warrants, to commit the Party or Parties offending to the Common Gaol of the County of Middlesex, or House of Correction, for the Space of Ten Days, without Bail or Mainprise, and for any less Time at the Discretion of such Justices, with the said Penalties and Charges thereof to be borne and paid by the said Party or Parties: And Whereas the said Powers and Penalties have been extended to the said other recited Acts: And Whereas it appears that in certain Cases the said Powers should be given to One Justice of the Peace: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures, not exceeding Ten Pounds, imposed by any of the said recited Acts or this Act, concerning which no particular Direction hath been given, may be recovered and levied in the Manner and Form directed by the said Act passed in the Thirtieth sixth and Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign as aforesaid, before and by One Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex; and all the said Powers and Penalties therein given and made to, and respecting Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County, as well relating to the Recovery, Laying, Distribution, and Management of Penalties and Forfeitures, as respecting the Commitment of any Party or Parties offending, and also the Term of Confinement in the said Act mentioned, shall and may be used, executed and put in force by One Justice of the Peace for the said County: any Thing herein or therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And Whereas in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Directions of the said London Dock Company have made a Dock to be used for the landing of ships together with Quays, and other Buildings upon or near the Banks thereof, within the several Places in the County of Middlesex mentioned in the said Act of the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty, and have demolished and inclosed the same by a strong and durable Wall not less than Twenty Feet high on all Sides, according to the Directions of the said Act, and such Wall as not less within Thirty Feet of any surrounding Buildings, or the Margin or Boundary of any Ground occupied by Buildings: And Whereas it is provided by the said Act that no House or other Building shall be erected on the outside of the said Wall, nor any Building suffered to remain standing within Thirty Feet therefrom, which Provision hath been complied with, and various other Provisions have been taken in erecting the Buildings of the said Company to prevent mischief by Fire: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Rules and Regulations contained in a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the better and more Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls, and for the more effectually preventing spreading by Fire within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties thereof, and also the Parishes, Precincts, and Places within the County of Middlesex, the Parishes of Saint Mary-le-bone, Paddington, Saint Pancras and Saint Luke or Chelsea in the County of Middlesex, and for indemnifying under certain Conditions, Builders and other Persons against the Penalties to which they are or may be liable for erecting Buildings within the Limits aforesaid, contrary to Law, shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Buildings of the said Company erected or to be erected within the said Wall, by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act.*

Power, &c. of former Acts inserted to this Act. § 12. Act shall not compel Parties to sell. § 13. Public Act. § 14.

Cap. clvi.

An Act for amending an Act for better supplying the City and Liberties of Westminster, and Parts adjacent, with Water, and for enlarging the Powers therein. [1798.]

Governor and Company of Clove Water Works allowed, with Leave of the Corporation of London, to cut the Bank of the River Thames below Low Water Mark, and lay Pipes thereon. § 1, &c.

Cap. clvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the Summit of the Hill above *Clarnon*, in the Parish of *Dun*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to a certain Place in the said Parish called *Goodford Bridge*. [16th June 1809.]

[The *Dun Hill Railway Company incorporated.*]

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, spoil, or take away any Part of the said Railway or Tram Road, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every Person offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Fines and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes of this Kingdom, or in Mitigation of such Punishment such Courts may, if they shall think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Penalty on Persons breaking down, destroying, &c. Railway, &c.

Cap. clviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the River *Wye*, at or near to a Place called *Lidbrook*, in the Parish of *Amersham*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to or near to a Place called *the Lower Forge* below *Amersham*, in the Parish of *Lydley*, in the said County, and for making other Railways thence mentioned in the Parish of *Dun*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [16th June 1809.]

[The *Lydley and Lidbrook Railway Company incorporated.*]

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, spoil or take away any Part of the said Railways, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every Person offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Fines and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Courts may, if they shall think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Owner of Land, or his or her known Agent or Agents, till Satisfaction shall have been tendered as herein provided.

Penalty on Persons breaking down, destroying, &c. Railway, &c.

Cap. clx.

An Act to continue and amend several Acts for repairing Roads in the County of *Derbyshire*, and enacting the Statute Labour within the said County into Money. (a) [16th June 1809.]

Enactment of Statute Labour into Money in the County of Derbyshire, &c.

Cap. clxi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Moad Brook*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Christen Mafford Bridge*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and other Places therein mentioned, and for extending the said Road to the Centre of *Christen Mafford Bridge*. (d) [16th June 1809.]

Enlargement of Term and Powers of Acts for repairing Roads from Moad Brook, &c.

Cap. clxii.

An Act for the Exchange of Part of the Settled Estates of the Earl of *Caillard*, and for the Sale of other Part, to discharge a Mortgage thereon, and for other Purposes. (q. P.) [16th June 1809.]

Cap. clxiii.

An Act for the Partition of certain Settled Estates of *Johs Rennie Esquire*, deceased, in the Counties of *York*, *Westminster*, and *Dorset*. (q. P.) [16th June 1809.]

Cap. clxiv.

An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Counties of *Kent* and *Suffolk*, devised by the Will of *Johs Hutton Esquire*, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for relieving the Money arising therefrom in the Payment of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [16th June 1809.]

Cap. clxv.

An Act for vesting Part of the devised Estates of *Johs Ford Esquire*, deceased, in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Wiltshire*, in Trustees to be sold, for discharging Incumbrances affecting the same, and for paying out the Residue of the Money so arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates intended to be sold. (q. P.) [16th June 1809.]

Cap. clxvi.

An Act for vesting the detached Parts of the Estates of *William Ferrer Esquire*, deceased, in Trustees for Sale, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, for paying the Incumbrances affecting the same. (q. P.) [16th June 1809.]

Cap.

Cap. clxv.

An Act for selling Part of the Real Estates, in the County of Lincoln, devised by the Will of Henry Maffyn Goodwyn, deceased, in Trust to be sold, and for applying Part of the Purchase Money in paying off certain Incumbrances affecting the said Estates, and for laying out the Residue thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Use. (q. P.) [10th June 1809]

Cap. clxvi.

An Act for selling certain Estates late of the Honourable George Jackson deceased, in the County of Dublin, in Trust to be sold, and for laying out the Money thereof arising in the Purchase of Government Securities, to be settled to the same Use as the Estates sold. (q. P.) [10th June 1809]

Cap. clxvii.

An Act for selling in Trust to certain Trustees of Open Pasture Land called *Bar Moor*, in the Parish of *Woodborough* in the County of *Nottingham* some certain Tracts, appertaining the Produce thereof, and for better securing the Rights of the respective Parties entitled to the said Moor. (q. P.) [10th June 1809]

Cap. clxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Droghda*, in the County of *Derry*. (q. P.) [10th June 1809]

* Advertisements and Compositions for Taxes, § 12, &c. Levied by the Vicar of *Droghda* not valid without the King's Consent as Patron of the Vicarage.

Cap. clxix.

* See Statute
in
28 G. 3. c. 17

An Act for removing, continuing, and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Toll upon all Horses and Carriages passing on a Sunday over *Blackfriars Bridge*, and for applying the Money to and thereby towards increasing the Fund for watching, lighting, cleaning, watering, and repairing the said Bridge. [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxx.

41 G. 3. c. 11.
41 G. 3. c. 100.
41 G. 3. c. 101.
41 G. 3. c. 102.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, made in the Forty-second, Forty-fourth, and Forty-sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering several Roads to communicate with the *High Ingle Docks*, in the *Isle of Dogs*, and the *High Ingle Docks* at *Blackwall*, both in the County of *Middlesex*; and also of several Acts for repairing the *Canon Street Road*, in the said County; and for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering a new Road from the said Road communicating with the *High Ingle Docks*, in *London*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the *Roehampton and Streatham Road* to or near the *Tilbury Fair*, in the County of *Essex*. (S.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxxi.

41 G. 3. c. 103.
41 G. 3. c. 104.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Sixth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*. (S.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxxii.

41 G. 3. c. 105.
41 G. 3. c. 106.
41 G. 3. c. 107.

An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers and Authorities given by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for the Incorporation of Colchester and Colchester, London, Port of the Manor of Archedale, and other Affairs contained in the Act of Parliament of the Third of Charles the First, and for the Sale of Tithes afterwards made by the said Act*. (q. P.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxxiii.

An Act to empower the Trustees under the Will of the Right Honourable Edward late Lord *Titchborne* in great or Fee upon Fee Term Rents, or for long Terms of Years, certain Estates by the same Will devised in Trust for Sale, and to pull down the Mansion House called *Knights' Hall*, and to make Roads, and to erect several Copyholds, and for other Purposes. (q. P.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxxiv.

An Act for selling an Estate, in the County of Lincoln, devised by the Will of Francis Lord *Le Despouers*, in Trust to be sold, to fill the same, and with the Money arising therefrom to discharge the Incumbrances thereon, and so by out the Surplus in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Use. (q. P.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. clxxv.

An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of Henry Partridge Elphinstone, deceased, and for laying out the Money to and by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the like Use. (q. P.) [15th June 1809]

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for vesting certain detached Parts of the Estates devised or limited to Archbishops by the Will of the Right Honourable William the Lord Crozer deceased, and situate in the County of Gloucester, in Trusts, to be sold, and for applying Part of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, in discharge of an Incumbent's Sinking thereon, and for laying out the Balance of such Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be granted to the same Uses. [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for vesting certain Estates, late of Thomas Nodding Esquire, lying in the respective Parishes of St. John and St. Andrew, in the County of Bedford, in Trusts, in such and to the same, and apply the Purchase Money arising thereon in paying off all Incumbrances upon such Estates, and otherwise, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery. (9 P.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Harpenden, in the County of Bedford. (9 P.) [15th June 1809.]
" Allotments for Tithes. § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Blythburgh, in the County of Bedford. (9 P.) [15th June 1809.]
" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act to enable the Royal Exchange Assurance Company of Ireland to sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary. [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for making new Fences and Ditches and amending the perfect Streets and Ditches within certain Districts under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Liberties extending from East Molesey to Surrey, to Kempsford in Kent, and for other Purposes relating to the Execution of the Commission of Sewers for the said Liberties. [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for amending more effectually Two Acts passed for the better regulating the Poor in the Parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the County of Surrey; for inclosing the Church Yard thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Moon Hall, Grand Jury Room, and certain Grounds and Buildings adjoining thereto in the City of York, within the Site of the Old Castle of Newburgh upon Tyne, to the Jailors of the Town for the County of Northumberland, for building Courts of Justice, and also a Goal for the said County, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. [15th June 1809.]

X. And by it further enacted, That all and every the said Moon Hall, Silver Hall, Court House, Grand Jury Room, Offices, Goal, and Buildings, to be provided and erected as aforesaid, and also such open Spaces of Ground as shall or may be laid out and attached thereto as a Court Yard, and bounded as before-mentioned, shall from and immediately after the time shall be so ordered and laid out, respectively be, and be deemed to be, within and Parcel of the said County of Northumberland to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that all and every other Part and Parts of the said Castle and Site of the said old Castle of Newburgh upon Tyne, shall from thenceforth be deemed and taken to be within and Parcel of the Town and County of the Town of Newburgh-upon-Tyne, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; say Law, Usage, Custom, or Grant whatsoever to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding. [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of Southward to the Kent Road in the County of Surrey. (3.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Waters in the Township of Mincro in the County of Donegal, as respects the Owners of certain Meads there to Damages for working the same, and as authorizes any Person to get Stone from any Mine of Stone at the said Waters. (9 P.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road leading from Rowood in the County of Merioneth, to Trawentham in the County of Carmarthen, and for building a Bridge at Trawentham, in the said County of Merioneth. (3.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap.

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of *Digby*, *Greenwich*, and several other Parishes and Places in the County of *Kent* and *Barry*.

(The Company of Proprietors of the Kent Water Works incorporated.)

Parliament
Works.

LX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, full knowledge, wilfully, or negligently break, throw down, or destroy any Banks or other Works erected, made, or maintained by virtue of this Act, then and in every such Case every such Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority in such such Person or Persons to be transferred beyond the Seas for the Term of Six Years, or in Migration of such Parliament such Court may award such Sentence; as the Law doth in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. ccc.

An Act for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, *Portsmouth*, and *Paynes*, and other Places within *Parish* of *St. Nicholas*, and to and from *Spithead*, *St. Helen's*, and other Parts within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*; and to and from certain Places on the said Island, and for regulating the Fees of such Watermen.

[1809]

WHEREAS the Conduct of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, and *Portsmouth*, and *Paynes*, and to and from *Barboursay*, *Faulton*, *Partridge*, *Paynes*, *Wymondley*, and other Places within *Parish* of *St. Nicholas*, and to and from *Spithead* and *St. Helen's*, and other Parts and Places within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, by reason of their demanding excessive and unequal Prices for the Carriage of Passengers, and their refusing to carry Passengers in the Harbour of *Portsmouth*, and to and from *Barboursay*, *Faulton*, *Partridge*, *Paynes*, *Wymondley*, and other Places within *Parish* of *St. Nicholas*, and to the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty, in all other Ships and Vessels lying within the said Harbour, and at *Spithead*, *St. Helen's*, and other Parts within the said *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, and to and from the Places lying within the said Harbour and in the said *Isle of Wight*, between *Greenwich* and *St. Helen's*, has been long complained of, and is now become a general Grievance, and is a great Inconvenience and Detriment to the Inhabitants of the said Towns and Neighbourhood, and also to the Officers and Boats belonging to the said Ships and Vessels: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Majesty's Justice of the Peace for the County of *Southampton* for the Time being, the Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen of the Borough of *Portsmouth* for the Time being, the Steward of the Bishoprick of *Exeter* for the Time being, the Bishop of *Windsor*'s Bailiff of the Borough and Manor of *Gosport* for the Time being, the Rector of *Alverstoke* for the Time being, the Incumbent of *Gosport* Church for the Time being, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Dock Yard at *Portsmouth* for the Time being, the Governor of *His Majesty's Hospital* for the Time being, *George Peter Elphinstone*, [sic. &c.] shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the several Powers and Authorities in and by this Act given.

Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, are hereby empowered and required to meet on the First Dayday in the Months of *July*, *November*, and *March* in each Year, at some convenient Place within the said Borough of *Gosport* or Borough of *Portsmouth*, to be appointed by the said Commissioners, such Meetings to be alternately held at the said Borough of *Gosport* and Borough of *Portsmouth*, the First Meeting of the said Commissioners to be held at the *White Horse Inn* in *Gosport*, on the First Dayday in *July* next after the passing of this Act, and the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall and may, if they shall see fit, from Time to Time adjourn such Meetings, or any or either of them, in such Manner and to such Time as they shall think proper, so that the Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, at each First Meeting to be holden as aforesaid, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, shall and they are hereby required to proceed to fix and settle the Rates and Fees to be taken by the said Watermen for the Passage of any Person or Persons, either with or without Horses or other Cattle, to and from *Gosport*, *Portsmouth*, and *Paynes*, and other Parts within the said Harbour of *Portsmouth*, and to and from any Ships or Vessels lying within the said Harbour, and also to and from *Spithead*, *St. Helen's*, the *Northwood*, *St. Helen's Bay*, and other Parts within the said *Isle of Wight*, and to and from any Ships or Vessels lying thereon, and also to and from *Bradley*, *Rush*, &c. and, or any other Place in the said Island, between *St. Helen's* and *Greenwich*, which Rates and Fees to be fixed and rated shall continue in force respectively until they, or any or either of them, shall be altered by any Order of the said Commissioners, to be made at any subsequent Meeting of the said Commissioners, which Alteration it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, at any Time or Times hereafter to make at any Meeting to be held in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act.

Meetings of
Commissioners,
and Power to
the Same for
Business.

III. Once in every Year Warrants issued by the Death, &c. of Commissioners shall be filled up by the other Commissioners; and Notice of Meetings for that Purpose, and of all other Meetings under this Act, shall be given to Commissioners by their Clerk § 1. Equal Number of Commissioners on each Side of the Water, § 2. Oath of Commissioners § 3. Qualifications of Commissioners § 4. Appointment of Clerk § 5. Duty of the Clerk and Treasurer § 6. Power for the Clerk to adjourn Meetings, &c. § 9.

X. And

X. And be it further enacted, That if shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required to make and settle Two several and distinct Tables of Rates and Fees, the Rates and Fees in one of which shall be payable in fair Weather, and the other in foul Weather, and for the Purpose of clearing any Doubt as to the Time at which the said Rates and Fees may be respectively demanded, the said Commissioners shall provide a Blue Flag, to be so fixed on the Boats or Gallies, by each Person, and in such Manner and Form, as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, at any Meeting to be holden in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, shall from Time to Time appoint and order, or as shall be directed by any Bye Law to be made in pursuance of the Provisions herein-after contained, and which said Persons shall be put forth from and Save of Money in the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall from Time to Time direct, and be long as the said Flag shall remain hoisted, the said Weather Faces shall be demanded, and at all other Times the fair Weather Fees only shall be payable: Provided always, that if the said Flag shall be hoisted or hauled down while the said Watermen, or any or either of them, in or out of the Act of carrying any Person or Persons to or from any Place or Places as aforesaid, the said Watermen shall be paid the Rate or Rates, Fares or Fees, which was or were payable at the Time such Person or Persons first left the Shore or Place in the Boat of such Waterman or Watermen.

XI. And be it further enacted, That when the said Tables of Rates and Fees shall be settled by the said Commissioners, the same shall be printed, and the said Commissioners shall cause a Copy thereof to be delivered to each of the said Watermen to be lawfully as herein-after mentioned, and One Copy of such Rates printed on a Board shall be fixed on the Door of the Market Place in Gallies aforesaid, One other such Copy on the Door of the Guildhall of Portsmouth aforesaid, and One other such Copy in the Town of Purtois, at or near the Gates of His Majesty's Dock Yard there; and when and as often as the same, or either of them, shall be defaced or destroyed, the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be replaced by another or others; and when and as often as any Alteration or Alterations shall be made by the said Commissioners in the said Tables of Rates or Fees, the same shall be in like Manner printed, corrected, printed, and fixed as aforesaid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Waterman, or other Person employed by him, shall demand or take more than the Rates or Fees to be used and rated as aforesaid, except as herein-after mentioned, or shall (upon being prevented by some obvious Difficulty or Danger, which such Waterman shall not be able to appear to the said Justice of the Peace or Justice before whom any Complaint shall be laid) refuse to carry any Passengers for such Rates or Fees, or if any such Waterman shall refuse to sail for and pay for every such Office any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid and applied in Manner hereinafter mentioned: Provided always nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Watermen to demand Double the Rate of Fare fixed by the said Tables between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Evening, and Six of the Clock in the Morning, between the Twenty-sixth Day of September and the Twenty-fifth Day of March in each Year; and between the Hours of Two of the Clock in the Evening, and Five of the Clock in the Morning, between the Twenty-fifth Day of March and the Twenty-sixth Day of September in each Year.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay any Waterman or Watermen lawfully as herein-after mentioned the Fare or Fares which he or they in, or, or shall be entitled to demand, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace of the said County of Southampton, of the Officers shall be committed out of the Borough of Portsmouth, or of the Borough of Purtois if the Officers shall be committed within it, or of the Borough of Purtois, or the County of Southampton if the Officer shall be committed upon the Water and in the Harbour of Portsmouth, upon Complaint thereof, to grant a Warrant to bring before him the Person or Persons against whom such Complaint shall be made, and, upon Proof upon Oath of One Witness (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer) to award reasonable Satisfaction to the Party aggrieved for his Damages and Costs, and, upon Refusal to pay or make such Satisfaction, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so refusing.

XIV. And, be it further enacted, That upon Complaint of any such Waterman, or any Apprentice or Assistant employed by him, he is further enacted, That upon Complaint of any Mischief done by any Waterman, Apprentice, or Assistant, in assaulting, molesting, or using abusive or insulting Language to any Person or Persons whatsoever, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice of the Peace for the said County of Southampton or Borough of Portsmouth, within his respective or common Jurisdiction, to summon such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assistant before him to answer the said Complaint, and upon Proof thereof upon Oath (which Oath the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer), or by his own Confession, or on the View of a Justice of the Peace, such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assistant, shall suffer the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid, and applied in Manner hereinafter mentioned, and a sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction for the County, Borough, or Place where the Complaint shall be heard, for One Calendar Month, or every Waterman convicted of any such Offence shall forfeit and lose his Licence, and shall not be again licensed for the Space of One whole Year next ensuing; and such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assistant offending shall and may, by Authority of this Act, within four Months being a Waterman shall, upon Demand, produce and show to the Party aggrieved his Licence, in that such Party was ascertain his Name and Place of Abode, or being an Apprentice or Assistant shall at the Time of the Offence committed be actually as he of the Boat of his M. S. R., having the Name and Place of Abode of such Mischief committed thereon, is apprehended by any Person or Persons who shall see such Offence committed, and shall be immediately conveyed or delivered to a Constable, or other Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before some Justice of the Peace to be dealt with according to Law.

Two Tables or Books of Rates to be allowed for fair and foul Weather, to be determined by a Flag which is to be put forth.

Watermen entitled to the Fare payable in the Time of being hoisted.

Tables of Rates to be printed, and a Copy delivered to each lawful Waterman.

Penalty on Watermen for taking more than the Rates.

Penalty on Persons who refuse to pay the regulated Fare.

Penalty on Watermen and Apprentices or Assistants who offend.

- ¹⁰ Watermen to be licensed for the Purpose of being hired. § 15. Commissioners empowered to license
¹¹ Watermen. § 16. Commissioners may grant and renew Licenses annually. § 17. Clerk to make List of
¹² Licensed Watermen. § 18. Watermen may be restricted to work within the Harbour only, and shall pay for
¹³ Licenses Twenty Shillings or Ten Shillings accordingly. Watermen to give Notice of Removal. § 19.
¹⁴ Watermen shall give in the Names of Apprentices and Assistants. § 20. Licensed Watermen may take Oath
¹⁵ Apprentice. § 21

Boat not to be
 licensed till
 in the Case of
 an Apprentice
 Freely 1

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any such Apprentice, until he shall have attained the full Age of Eighteen Years, and have been apprenticed for the Space of Two Years, to take upon himself the Pilot Charge and Management of any Boat, and to take any such Apprentice that offend herein, or any licensed Waterman that permit any Boat to be under the Care or Management of any Person or Persons other than himself, or some other licensed Waterman, or of some Person who shall be of the Age of Eighteen Years and shall have served at least Two Years of his Apprenticeship, the Master of the said Apprentice or such licensed Person so offending as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein after mentioned; and if sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction where the Complaint shall be heard, for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months.

- ¹⁶ Freely on Persons working on the said Passage without a License, Ten Pounds. § 22.

Watermen
 shall not be
 taken to the
 House of
 Correction if
 they do not
 pay in full
 Freely 11

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any such Waterman or Apprentice, in having the Charge of his Master's Boat as aforesaid, to receive, take into, or carry in his Wherry or Boat at one and the same Time, any more than Ten Persons in full Weather, or than Six when each Fug shall be or remain hoisted as aforesaid; and in case any such Waterman or Apprentice shall take or receive into or carry in his said Wherry or Boat any greater Number of Persons than are respectively allowed to be carried as aforesaid, every such Waterman or Apprentice so offending, and every thereof convicted by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party or Parties aforesaid, or by One or more of the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Southampton or Borough of Portsmouth respectively, or on View of any such Justice or Justices, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein after mentioned; and if sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction of the County, Borough, or Place where the Complaint shall be heard, for Two Calendar Months; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, to revoke the Licence granted to such Waterman, and he shall not again be licensed.

Boat shall be
 kept in good
 Condition.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said licensed Watermen shall keep their Boats in good Repair, Order, and Condition, and well and sufficiently provided with Masts, Sails, Guns, Riggers, and all other proper Gear and Tackle, and that whenever any such Waterman shall be hired to go to any Place, Ship, or Vessel without the said Harbour of Portsmouth he shall provide himself with and have in their respective Boats Two Sets of Sails, one adapted for fair and the other for foul Weather, and that on each Occasion every such Waterman shall have at least One Assistant; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more of the said Commissioners, or any Person or Persons to be specially appointed by the Commissioners under this Act, or any Five or more of them, at some Meeting to be holden pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, and who shall be paid such Sums and Sums of Money for their Services as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall from Time to Time direct. From Time to Time to inspect the said Boats, and for any Two or more of such Commissioners, or such Person to be appointed, to order such of the said Boats as shall and may be found deficient in any Respect to be tidied by, and such Boat shall not be used again till the Defect shall have been repaired, and the said Boats shall have been inspected and approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or by such Person or Persons to be so appointed as aforesaid; and in case any such Waterman shall use any Boat not in good Repair and Condition, and well and sufficiently provided with Masts, Sails, Guns, Riggers, and other proper Gear and Tackle, or without its Number, and the Name and Part of a Side of such Waterman painted in legible Figures and Letters in some conspicuous Part on the inside thereof, or, as he being hired to go to any Place or Ship without the said Harbour of Portsmouth, shall not provide himself with and have on board the said Boat Two Sets of Sails as aforesaid and One Assistant, or shall permit to use any Boat which shall have been declared unfit as aforesaid, until such Boat shall have afterwards been inspected and approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or by such Person or Persons to be so appointed as aforesaid; or if any Person who shall be licensed only to work upon the said Harbour shall use his Boat for Hire on the Outside thereof, every such Waterman so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein after mentioned.

- ¹⁷ Every Waterman may make Orders at any of their Meetings for carrying this Act into Execution. § 26.
¹⁸ Orders may be made. Orders, &c. § 27.

Freely in
 full-charge on
 Ship's Boat.

XXVIII. And whereas the Hazard of Landing Places from the said Harbour of Portsmouth on the Gable or Side of any Ship may be much injured by Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges, Boats or Barges, or other Boats long narrow, which by the Care of the Persons having the Command of such Ships, Vessels, or Lighters, Barges, Boats or Barges, and other Boats, may be avoided: Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Master, or other Person having the Command of any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat or Barge, or other Boat, shall place or permit,

or suffer any fish Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, to be used or upon the said Head or Landing Place on the *Opposite* Side of the said Harbour of *Portsmouth*, every such Mill, or other Person having the Command of any fish Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, to please, permitted, or suffered to be used or upon the said Head, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein after contained.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, or by any fish Bye Law, Order, Rule, and Regulation made in pursuance thereof (the Manner of Recovery whereof is not otherwise particularly mentioned), shall and may, if not otherwise sooner paid, be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of Heads and Scales of any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace in or for the County of Southampton, or in or for the County, City, Borough, Town, Division, or Place wherein such Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, or where such Goods and Chattels shall be, which Warrant such Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered and required to grant, such Offender or Offenders having been first convicted of any Offence or Offences done or committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Southampton or Borough of *Portsmouth*, according to their respective Jurisdictions under this Act, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath the said Justice and Justices in and are hereby empowered to administer, or on the Confession of the Offender or Offenders, or the said Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered, rendering the Overplus (if any be), after deducting the Expence of such Distress and Sale, upon Demand, to the Party or Parties whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained, shall be paid to the said Complainers, or any Five or more of them, and shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices, and he and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Goal or House of Correction for the County, City, Borough, Town, or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months where the Penalty shall not amount to Five Pounds, but in all Cases where the Penalty shall amount to or exceed that Sum, and where no other Forfeiture or Non-payment thereof shall be here-before decided to be sufficient, the said Offender or Offenders shall be committed as aforesaid, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures respectively shall be sooner paid.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any of the Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted by virtue of this Act, unless Informations shall be given of such Offence or Offences within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Offence shall have been committed.

XXXI. * And, for the better enforcing due Obedience to this Act, and shortening the Mode of Recovery of * the respective Penalties, be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of the said County of Southampton, as to Offences committed in the said County out of the Borough of *Portsmouth* aforesaid, and the Justices of the Peace of the said Borough of *Portsmouth*, as to Offences committed within the said Borough of *Portsmouth*, and every of them, shall have full Power and Authority by virtue of this Act, upon Complaint made to them or any of them by any Person or Persons, to examine, hear, and determine by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath each and every of them are hereby authorized to administer), or by the Confession of the Offender, all Complaints or Offences to be done or committed within their said respective Jurisdictions, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that where any Offence against this Act shall be committed upon the Water within the Harbour of *Portsmouth*, the Justice of the Peace for the County of Southampton, and those for the Borough of *Portsmouth*, shall have a concurrent Jurisdiction as to such Offences, and the Parties making Complaint thereof may make such Complaint in the one or the other as they shall think proper.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Conviction shall be had for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, or any Matter in performance of this Act, the Form of Conviction shall be in the Words or to the Effect following: that is to say,

<p>* County of Southampton or Borough of <i>Portsmouth</i>, to w^{ch}</p> <p>* A. B. is convicted & before</p> <p>* for</p> <p>* against him, [her, or them], as follows and pay for the same the Sum of</p> <p>* the Court of Justices at the Seat of</p> <p>* Hands and Seals,] the Day and Year first aforesaid.*</p>	<p>} BE it remembered, That on this</p> <p>is the</p> <p>Year of the Reign of</p> <p>Justice or</p> <p>and I [or, we] the said Justice or Justices do</p> <p>and for</p> <p>Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our</p>	<p>Day of</p> <p>Justices of the Peace</p> <p>and for</p> <p>and for</p>	<p>Form of Conviction</p>
--	---	--	---------------------------

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Offence against this Act, or any of the Powers or Directions herein contained, and shall be convicted hereof, or shall appear before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, and such Person or Persons shall be convicted of any such Offence, every such Person or Persons shall pay the Costs of such Proceedings and Conviction, and the Distress to be taken in consequence of such Conviction shall be for such Costs, as well as the other Motes for which such Distress shall be made; any Statute, Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any of the several Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be recovered, to mitigate, compound, or lessen any of the said Penalties or Forfeitures in his or their

Ferry Boat or Ferry Boats belonging to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Transport Service for the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, and for the Care and Custody of Prisoners of War; but that the Watermen or Workmen working the said Ferry Boat or Boats of the said Commissioners may at all Times work the same without any Control or Interference of the Commissioners named or to be named under the Authority of this Act, as if this Act had not been made.

" Saving the Rights of the Corporation of *Weymouth*. § 41. Saving the Rights of the Bishop of *Windsor*. § 42. Publick Act. § 43.

Cap. 426.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Tamese* from the Parochie of the *Sansy*, or near thereunto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and Arches to communicate thereunto, in the County of *Surrey*. [1801 Year 1809.]

" Company of Proprietors of the *Swand Bridge* incorporated.—Before commencing the Purchase of Heels or building the Bridge, 50,000 *Shillings* shall be levied in Three *per Cent.* at the Bank of *England*, and 200,000 *Shillings* actually subscribed.—Special Commissioners (the Chancellor of the *Exchequer*, Chancellor of the Duchy of *Lancaster*, Speaker of the House of Commons &c.) appointed to select the Arches and Superintend the Execution of the Works, &c.—The Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of *Lancaster* empowered to sell Lands belonging to the King in right of his Duchy.

CCXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, or deface any Part of the Bridge to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishment and Penalties as in Cases of Grand Larceny; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

CCXXXII. And, in order to remove all Doubts where and before whom Offences committed on the said Bridge shall and may be cognizable, and how and by whom the Offence in such Cases may be punished; Be it further enacted, That the Half of the said Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the County of *Middlesex*, shall be deemed to be in the County of *Middlesex*, and Part of and in the Parochie of *St. Clement Danes*; and the other Half of the said Bridge adjoining to the County of *Surrey* shall be deemed to be in the County of *Surrey*, and Part of and in the Parochie of *St. Mary Lambeth*; but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, in so far as subject to the said Contract of *Middlesex* or *Surrey*, or either of them, to the repairing or supporting the same.

Cap. 426.

An Act for more effectually supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Monksilver* and *Safford* in the Parochie of *Monksilver*, in the County of *Lancaster*. [1801 Year 1809.]

Proviso on Pro-
viso Act
Works, &c.

That the Bridge
shall be deemed
to be in Middle-
sex and Surrey.

AN
INDEX TO THE STATUTES
 OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM,

From the Time of the UNION between GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND;
 41 GEORGE III. (U.K.) to 49 GEORGE III. both inclusive.

THIS INDEX has been framed by incorporating into the Index of the Second Volume of the Acts of the United Kingdom (which contained the Years 41 to 45 Geo. III. inclusive) the Acts passed in the 47th, 48th, and 49th Years; it therefore refers to ALL the Acts passed since the Union, which are printed and to be judicially noticed, as well *Local and Personal, as General*; and serves to show how the various Acts are connected with, or bear upon each other; particularly where several Acts have been passed on the same Subject, or where former are repealed by subsequent Acts.

The Acts which relate to IRELAND or SCOTLAND exclusively, are classed under those General Heads; but arranged in Subdivisions according to their several Subjects, with References to and from other Parts of the Index.

Other Acts respecting particular Places are to be looked for according to their several Subjects, by referring to the General Heads under which the Acts are respectively arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of Places; such, for example, as *Bridges, Canals, Churches, Carts, Harbours, Paving, Fairs*, and others;—the Acts under the Titles *Inclosures and Tithes* are classed in Alphabetical Order of the Governor in which the Inclosure takes place, or the Road begins.

All the Acts relating to Individuals or Corporations are arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of the Persons or Corporations, under the general Title, *Personal Acts*.

The Publick Local and Personal Acts are referred to in the Roman Numerals by which their Series is distinguished in the respective Sessions.

References are also made from one Head to another; and from the various Heads, under which the Subject may be looked for, to the Head under which the Statute is actually contained.

It is intended that the Index to each future Volume of the Statutes shall continue to be arranged on the same Plan; so as to afford from Time to Time a Consolidated Index of all the Acts passed since the Union.

A.

Abuses, See Offices.

Accessories, See Felons.

Accounts, Publick, See Customs, Excise, Publick Accounts.

Acts of Parliament, See Statutes.

Additional Military Force, See Defence of the Realm.

Administration, Letters of, See Stamps

Admiralty, See Prizes.

Advocatus, See Colleges.

African Slave Trade, See Slaves.

Aliens.

1. **F**ORMER Acts repealed, and new Regulations established, 43 G. 3. c. 92—This Act repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 135.

2. For establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in the Kingdom, or resident therein, 43 G. 3. c. 135.

3. Penalty on Aliens not departing when ordered, Inhabitations—standing without Licences; Transportation, § 2. *Act for* § 37—39. May be commuted by one Justice, § 3.

4. One Secretary of State may grant Warrants to search Aliens out of the Kingdom, § 4.

5. Copy of Certificate shall be transmitted to Secretary of State, § 5.

6. Males

6. Masters of Vessels shall declare Names, &c. of Aliens on board. Penalty 50*l.* per Man, 43 G. 3. c. 155. § 6
7. Penalty on Aliens landing before such Declaration made, Imprisonment—on Masters landing, 50*l.*—Banns forfeited, § 7
8. Penalty on Master neglecting to make Declaration, 10*l.* § 8.
9. Aliens arriving, &c. after Act shall declare their Names, &c. Penalty, Imprisonment, § 9.
10. Certificate to Aliens from Officers of Customs, § 10.
11. Exemption as to Masters certified by Master. Penalty on false Certificates, 15*l.* § 11.
12. Arms brought by Aliens except as Merchandise taxable, § 12.
13. Account of Arms to be delivered, § 13.
14. Houses may be searched for them, § 14.
15. Aliens may be detained to be landed at certain Places Penalty on Master acting contrary, 10*l.* per Man, § 15.
16. Passports to Aliens on departing from Place of Arrival, or changing Place of Residence, § 16—18.
17. Penalty on forging Passports, Imprisonment, § 17.
18. Penalties on quitting the Realm, § 17—19.
19. Aliens may be detained in Custody, § 18.
20. A man arrived here January 1. 1792, may be ordered to reside at particular Places—Penalty Imprisonment, § 19.
21. Licences of Residence to Aliens which may be revoked, &c. § 22, 24, 26.
22. Penalty on being at Large without Licence, Imprisonment, &c. § 23, 25.
23. Certain Aliens not liable to Arrests for Debts contracted out of British Dominions, § 18 And for 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 12.
24. Housekeepers shall require Aliens Lodgers to produce Licences, and send Copies weekly, &c. on Penalty of 10*l.* 41 G. 3. c. 157. § 10—12.
25. Magistrates shall require Abstracts of their Proceedings to Secretary of State, § 13.
26. Exemptions Masters, § 11, 17—Foreign Ambassadors and their Servants, § 35—Innkeepers under fourteen, § 35.
27. Proof shall be on Party, § 35.
28. Professions by Indictment, § 37.
29. Justice, &c. may detain Aliens to Bail, § 40, 41. Aliens bailed, may be indicted, &c. and sent out of the Country, § 42.
30. Powers of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and Magistrates defined, § 45.
31. Aliens residing in any Place forwarded to His Majesty, may sell as Merchants or Factors, subject to the Oath of Allegiance, 45 G. 3. c. 32. § 5. [during the War].

America.

1. For enabling His Majesty to suspend on extraordinary Duties, under 37 G. 3. c. 173—42 G. 3. c. 97—43 G. 3. c. 29
2. For appointing Commissions for distributing the Money to be paid by the United States of America to Persons claiming Compensation under Article 6 of the American Convention of 1763 January 1802, 25 G. 3. c. 29—Certificates empowered to reach 600,000*l.* [paid by the American Government] in Exchange Bills, for the Benefit of Commerce 48 G. 3. c. 11
3. For continuing Assignments made pursuant to a Treaty of the Commission acting under Article 7. of the American Treaty, 14th November 1794, 43 G. 3. c. 125.
4. For extending the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Justice to Lower and Upper Canada to Offenders within adjoining Parts of North America, 43 G. 3. c. 138

5. Governors of Lower Canada may appoint Justices for Indian Territories, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 125. § 2.
6. Offenders not being British Subjects shall be acquitted, § 4.
7. The Act 17 G. 3. c. 97, for executing the Treaty with America, continued and amended, 45 G. 3. c. 253 46 G. 3. c. 10, 47 G. 3. c. 8, c. 8-11 48 G. 3. c. 6.
8. Indemnity to Persons having acted under Order of Council as to American Trade, 43 G. 3. c. 2, c. 3.
9. To regulate the Trade between Great Britain and America, 48 G. 3. c. 85. [Enlarged] See 49 G. 3. c. 39. under *The Importation, &c.*
See further *Justices, Customs, Importation and Exportation, Ireland, West.*

Annals, See Revenue. Personal Acts.

Antigua.

See *each of 33 G. 3. c. 32, as relates to the Port of St. John's in Antigua, further continued 1st July 18, 1805, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 97. § 1-3. [Enlarged for 45 G. 3. c. 55. under *The Importation, &c.**

Apprentices.

1. For preserving the Health and Morals of Apprentices and others employed in the Cotton and other Mills and Factories, 42 G. 3. c. 73.
2. Mills and Factories, where three Apprentices or twenty Persons are employed, subjected to the Act, § 1.
3. All to be entered upon the Clerk of the Peace, § 14.
4. Health.—Wine-washing Rooms, &c.
5. Clothing Apprentices, § 2.
6. Time of Work.—Night Work, § 4, 5.
7. Morals.—Instruction of Apprentices in Reading, &c. § 6.
8. Apprentices of Males and Female Apprentices, § 7.
9. Sunday Instruction, § 8.
10. Apprentices of Widows as Sufferers yearly, § 9.
11. Their Power to sue of Infants or Disorders, § 10.
12. Penalty.—Obstructing Widows, 10*l.* 10 s.
13. Master obliged upon Appeal, &c. to appear, § 11.
14. Copies of Act shall be hung up in Factories, § 12.
And see *Yale Par. Woolen Manufactures.*

Appropriation Acts, See Revenue.

Armorial Bearings, Tax on.

Taxes due to Commissioners of Treas. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 69.—The Act repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 165.
See further *Taxes.*

Army Barges, See Offices.

Arrests.

1. For preventing frauds and wasteful Arrests, and keeping Poindings open Executions, 43 G. 3. c. 46.
2. No Person shall be arrested in England or Ireland, except where Cause of Arrests lawfully required, § 1.
3. Defendants on Arrest may deposit Money with Sheriff, &c. § 2.
4. Costs to Defendant where Verdict is for less than the Sum requiring Bail, § 3.
5. Costs to Plaintiff on Judgment, § 4.
6. Poindings on Executions, § 5.
7. Bail may justify on Executions, § 6.
And see further *Arrests, Debtors, Ireland, Asses,*

Arfon, See Felonies.

Affize, Justices of, See Judges.

Attornies, See Indemnity; King's Bench.

Auctions.

1. *Exemption from Duty*—Elephant Oil sold in Great Britain, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 41.
2. *Corn and Flourish imported and sold in Great Britain*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 42. § 7.
3. *Real Goods imported*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 42. § 9.
4. *Edina, Goods*, to be put up to Auction where bought in for the Owner or Great Britain, by or by the Order of an Agent, 41 G. 3. c. 42. § 12.
5. *Goods imported in Dryd Goods Vessels from America*, § 3.
6. *Goods sold by Auctioneers Dock Company to respective Charges*, 41 G. 3. c. 42. § 5.
7. *Security to be given by Auctioneers in London interested*, 41 G. 3. c. 42. § 11. And for 41 G. 3. c. 39.
8. *Additional Duties on Auctions*, 41 G. 3. c. 42. Schedule A. And for further *Ireland*.

Auditor of the Exchequer.

The Auditor of the Exchequer empowered to constitute a Justice for the Execution of the last O.E. a. whereas such Auditor is a Lord of the Treasury, 46 G. 3. c. 1.

B.

Bail, See Arrests.

Bakers, See Bread.

Bank Bills of Exchange, } See Bank of
Bank Notes, } England;—
Bank Post Bills, } Bankers.

Bank of England.

1. *It is created a Corporation in certain Annular Statute*, 41 G. 3. c. 43. and subsequent *Loose Acts* to 49 G. 3. c. 37. § 13.
2. *Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank continued by 37 G. 3. c. 43. and 38 G. 3. c. 21. further continued*, 40 G. 3. c. 40—*amended* 43 G. 3. c. 18. Continued during the War, 44 G. 3. c. 1.
3. *For preventing the Forgery of Bank Notes* Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 37. § 45 G. 3. c. 40.
4. *Notes not authorized by the Bank, who shall make, sell, or have in their Custody any Paper, &c. for making Paper with the Bank Water-Marks, or make, &c. or publish such Paper, or who shall assist in so doing*, shall be imprisoned for 14 Years, § 12. 41 G. 3. c. 37. § 41. 45 G. 3. c. 40. § 1.
5. *Exemptions*—Bills on Circulation, 41 G. 3. c. 37. Private Bills and certain Water-Marks, 41 G. 3. c. 37. § 4. Water-Marks not resembling the Bank Water-Mark, 41 G. 3. c. 45. § 5. 49 Geo. III.

6. *Persons knowingly receiving, &c. any forged Bank Note, &c. or Bank-Bank-Note, &c. guilty of Felony, and shall be imprisoned for 14 Years*, 41 G. 3. c. 45. § 6.
7. *Unauthorized Persons engraving, &c. any Bank-Note, Bank-Bank-Note, &c. or using any engraved Paper, &c. or knowingly having such Paper, &c. in their Custody, or assisting from Bank-Note, &c. guilty of Felony, and shall be imprisoned for 7 Years*, 41 G. 3. c. 45. § 6. 14 Years 45 G. 3. c. 45. § 7. And see the *strictest meaning as to the meaning*.

See also *Felony, Ireland* (Bank.)

Bankers.

1. *Penalty on unauthorized Persons making or using any Paper, &c. for making Paper with the Name, &c. of any Banker appearing in the Substance of the Paper, or making or writing such Paper, for the Forgery or Impairment two Years to Six Months, and for the Second, Seven Years Imprisonment*—41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 37. § 1.
2. *The like Penalties on any Person engraving, &c. any Bill, &c. of any Bank, &c. or of any engraved Paper, &c. or knowingly having such Paper, &c. in his Possession, or assisting such Bill, &c. § 1.*
3. *Penalty on Persons engraving, &c. any Bill, any Subscriptions to any Bill, &c. of any Person or Banking Company payable to Bearer on Demand, or having such Paper in their Possession, Forgery or Impairment from Three Years to Twelve Months, Second Offence Imprisonment for Seven Years, § 3.*

Bankrupts.

1. *To amend 4 G. 3. c. 55. nothing Creditors to set out Commissions of Bankruptcy against Traders, being Members of Parliament*, 45 G. 3. c. 124.
2. *Such Traders shall, within Two Months after Summons, make Appearance or be adjudged Bankrupts*, § 1, 2. See *Table Parliament*.
3. *To amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts*, 45 G. 3. c. 124. 49 G. 3. c. 124.
4. *All Commissions by, all Payments to, and all Commissions with a Bankrupt, made and for Two Months before the Date of the Commission, without Notice of any A.D. of Bankrupts, declared void*, 45 G. 3. c. 124. § 1.
5. *Secret Acts of Bankruptcy Judgment, &c. of Bank Creditors, or mutual Debts, &c. § 1, 2, 3, 4. § 3. repealed*, 49 G. 3. c. 124. § 1.
6. *Commissions shall not be granted by Secret Acts of Bankruptcy prior to contracting Debt of Petitioner Creditor*, 45 G. 3. c. 124. § 5.
7. *Executions, &c. served before Commission, but after A.D. of Bankrupts, void*, 45 G. 3. c. 124. § 2.
8. *Money arising from Bankrupt's Estate shall be deposited according to Directions of Commissions, &c. § 3, 4.*
9. *Duration of Debts by Court, &c. § 5.*
10. *Allowance concerning Bankrupt, § 6.*
11. *Bankrupt's Money may be issued for Exchequer Bills*, § 7.
12. *Secrets having good Debts after the Commission made, may prove their Debts under Commission, &c. § 8.*
13. *Proving Debts not payable at Time of Bankruptcy, § 9.*
14. *Commission shall be Evidence of Trading, Act of Bankruptcy, &c. unless disposed of, § 10, 11.*
15. *Proceedings against Assignees for Dividends, § 12.*
16. *Bankrupts in Execution may be brought before Commissions, § 13.*

17. Creditors relating Affairs shall not prove under Commission, § 14.
18. Assignees may prove Debts, § 14.
19. Assigny Creditors, § 17.
20. Negatives of Three Parts in Five to Allowance of Certificate sufficient, 45 G. 3. c. 131. § 18.
21. Bankrupts on delivering up Goods shall cease to be liable to the Rest, § 29.
22. Act not extended to Scotland, § 15.

Bark.

1. For preventing in Great Britain the Regular carrying away Bark, and for amending 6 G. 2. c. 48. § 4. & 9 G. 3. c. 41 § 2. (and for 10 G. 3. c. 16.) for the Prohibition of Timber Trees, Underwoods, Roots, Shrubs, Plants, Hedges, Thorns, and Quacklets, 45 G. 3. c. 66.
2. Provisions reprinted Acts extended to all Woods belonging to His Majesty, or to Persons taking away Bark from Woods of His Majesty or any of his Subjects, or having a right therein in their Possession, § 1.
3. After more than Three Officers, or Certificate of Commission, Officers shall be punished as accessory before the Fact, § 3.
4. So much of a For 1. c. 31. as prohibits regarding Oaken Bark, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 50. [Expunged.]
See further Acts.

Barrack-Master.

For selling in the Barrack Master General for the Time being, Estates held or occupied for the Barrack Service; and authorizing him to sell the same, with the Consent of the Lords of the Treasury, 45 G. 3. c. 69.
And see Public Account.

Barrists.

1. Persons administering Justice, &c. to procure Misinformation of Women quack with Child, guilty of Felony, without Clergy, 45 G. 3. c. 38. § 1.
2. Persons administering Medicines to Women, without quack with Child, to procure Misinformation, punishable by Imprisonment or Transportation, § 3.
3. English Act 21 For 1. c. 27. and Irish Act 6 Ann. c. 4 repealed.—Trials of Women for Murder of Barrists had proved as in other Cases of Murder, § 3.
4. Women acquitted of such Murder may, in Cases of Conviction, be imprisoned, § 4.
5. Reputed Father of a Barrist made chargeable with Expenses of Birth, his own Apprentices, and Order of Visitation, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 1.
6. Men charged on Oath of pregnant Women may be apprehended, and Bail given Sincerely to indemnify Parish, § 2.
7. Father or Mother neglecting to pay for Child may be apprehended and committed, § 3. Costs and Expenses, § 4. Appeal, § 5.
8. So much of 6 G. 2. c. 31. (for § 1. 2.) as empowered Justices to commit reputed Fathers before Death of Barrist, repealed, § 6.

Beer.

1. Additional Duties on Strong Beer and Ale, and on Table Beer brewed in Great Britain, and on Beer, Ale, and Malt imported, not being *Hyd.*, 45 G. 3. c. 81.—Repealed 45 G. 3. c. 69.—See Tables Customs, Excise.
2. Allowance to Brewers, 42 G. 3. c. 38. § 3, 4. And for 45 G. 3. c. 69. § 13—24.

3. Regulations of 23 G. 3. c. 68. as to Table Beer, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 38. § 6.
4. Strong and Small Beer defined, 42 G. 3. c. 38. § 7. and 45 G. 3. c. 81. § 11.—Regulations as to Sale and Price of Table Beer, 45 G. 3. c. 38. § 9—14. 17—19.
And for further See—Brewers—Treated.

Bills of Exchange.

1. Statute 17 G. 2. c. 51. and 17 G. 3. c. 30. restraining Negotiation of Bills for Small Sums, further suspended, 45 G. 3. c. 6. See 44 G. 3. c. 4. § 1 & 45 G. 3. c. 15. [during the War].
 2. For preventing the forging, &c. of Foreign Bills of Exchange, &c. and for preventing the counterfeiting of foreign Copper Coins, 45 G. 3. c. 139. See *Felony within Clergy*.
 3. Parliament of unauthorized Persons engraving Plates for foreign Bills of Exchange, Post Office Imprisonment, Second Offence Transportation 14 Years, § 2.
 4. To restrain the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum in England, 48 G. 3. c. 38.
 5. Statute 17 G. 2. c. 51. repealed, § 1.
 6. Notes, &c. Drafts, &c. for less than 20s. void, § 2. Penalty on striking them, 20s. to 5l. § 3.
 7. Form of Proceedings before Justices, § 4.
 8. Offences may be deemed 10l. Extent made to Warrant of Distress, § 5.
- And for further See, *Bankers—Stamps (Bills)*, *Indemnity Acts*.

Bishops, See Clergy.

Boatsmen, See Pilots.

Bonds, See East India Company, Stamps.

Books, See Copyright.

Bounties, See Fish and Fisheries, Provisions, Ireland (Provisions).

Box Wood.

Duties on Box Wood imported repealed, and new Duties imposed, 42 G. 3. c. 14. § 4. Repealed by 45 G. 3. c. 68. consolidating the Customs.

Brandy, See Excise.

Bread.

1. Any Froise may make and sell inferior Bread at less than the Allow Price, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 22. § 2.
2. 26 G. 3. c. 22. § 2. as to making wheaten or mixed Bread, repealed, § 2.
3. How inferior Bread shall be marked, § 5. Use.
4. 45 G. 3. (G. B.) c. 17. prohibiting the selling of new Bread, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 4.
5. To alter and amend 51 G. 3. c. 20. as to weighing Bread within the Bills of Mortality, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 122.

Brewers.

1. Regulations as to discharging Pipes—laying off Beer, or Wort, 42 G. 3. c. 38. § 15. 26.
2. Provisions on allowing Lager to incrust or be mixed with, or to be used as Beer, not being from Malt or Hops, § 20—25.

British.

21. *Heldersfield Canal*, for raising farther Sum. to complete Works, 45 G. 3. c. 20.
22. *Hull and Southwold and Navigation*—amending and altering, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. xxviii.
23. *Humber River*—improving Navigation, 47 G. 3. c. xvi.
24. *4th of Deptford Canal*, 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. xxiii—See Title *Harbours* (London).
- Abbe River*. See *Southampton*.
25. *King and Aron Canal*—Navigation completed, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. xxvii. 45 G. 3. c. lxxi. 49 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
26. *Kirkcaldy Canal*—from the Boat-Pool of Dalry to the Glenhead to Port of Kirkcaldy, 42 G. 3. c. cxxv.
27. *Langley Canal*—(to vary the Course under former Acts, 32 G. 3. c. 101; 31 G. 3. c. 107.) 49 G. 3. β . 2. v. cxxx.
28. *Lee River*—improving Navigation, 45 G. 3. c. lxxv.
29. *Lighthouses and Navigation*—Union Canal (amending 33 G. 3. c. 98. and varying Lease,) 45 G. 3. c. lxxii.
30. *Longleat Canal*, to raise Money, &c., 43 G. 3. c. cxi.
31. *Lough and Lough Rivers*—improving, (amending former Acts, 31 G. 3. c. 121. 14 G. 3. c. 84. 19 G. 3. c. 139.) 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. xxviii.
- Loze River*. See *Wye*.
32. *Manchester, Bolton and Bury Navigation*—to raise Money, 45 G. 3. c. vi.
33. *Manchester to or near Alton-under-Lyon in Oldham Navigation*—to raise Money, 45 G. 3. c. xi.
34. *Malden River*—for improving the Navigation, 41 G. 3. c. xiv.
35. *Military Canal (and Road) from Slough, Kent, to Cliff End, Suffolk*, 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. 70.
36. *Monmouth Canal*—to make a Railway to communicate through, and raise Money, 45 G. 3. c. cv.
37. *New River, Suffolk*—improving Navigation, (amending 30 G. 3. c. 59.) 47 G. 3. c. cxxii. And for *Wye and Over*.
38. *Oxford Canal* (amending 4 G. 3. c. 70; 15 G. 3. c. 54; 16 G. 3. c. 204; 34 G. 3. c. 305; 39 G. 3. c. 175.) 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. lx. 48 G. 3. c. 14.
39. *Pool Ferry Canal*—to raise Money, 45 G. 3. c. xli.
40. *Ribble River*—improving Navigation, 46 G. 3. c. cxxvi.
41. *Ribble Canal*—to raise Money, 44 G. 3. c. 91; 46 G. 3. c. cxxv; 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. lxxxi.
42. *Rivers R. &c.*—strengthening and making the Harle Towing Path from *Broadly Bridge* to *Elphs*, 41 G. 3. c. cxxx.
43. ———— II. the Towing Path between *Chesham Dock* and *Stourhead*, 49 G. 3. c. cxxxi.
44. *Sancti Canal Company*. See *Dryer*.
45. *Swancliffe Canal*—completion, 48 G. 3. c. xxxv.
46. *Swancliffe*—for making the River *Rubb* a public navigable River, 45 G. 3. c. vi.
47. *Swanfield and Keady Canal*, for raising farther Sum. and amending former Acts (31 G. 3. c. 117, 38 G. 3. c. 216.) 49 G. 3. c. lxx.
48. *Swancliffe and Aron Canal*—(amending 13 G. 3. c. 112; 15 G. 3. c. 70; 39 G. 3. c. lx.) 49 G. 3. c. xli.
49. *Swyng*—to make a Canal from *Whitby's Green Wharf* to *Kirkcaldy* to *Albion Town*, with a Canalized Cut, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. xxii; 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. lxxx; 48 G. 3. c. xlv.
50. ———— for making a Canal from *Greenwich* to the *Grand Jury Canal* at *Deptford*, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. cxxvii; 48 G. 3. c. cxxvi.
51. *Tan*—Canal Navigation Company incorporated, 48 G. 3. c. xlvii.
52. *Tames River*—resolving Leases and Bill-Stage, (repealing 6 G. 2. c. 39.) 45 G. 3. c. xxxvii; 49 G. 3. c. lxx.
53. For making *Arthurs* and the *Race* from *St. Mary, Kirkcaldy*, to opposite *Side* (at *Arthurs*), 45 G. 3. c. cxxv.

54. *Trent and Malvey Canals*—to raise Money, 44 G. 3. c. lxxvi.
55. *Trent and Soar*—Canal (amending 21 G. 3. c. 38; 31 G. 3. c. 67; 36 G. 3. c. 14.) 49 G. 3. c. cxx.
56. *Trent River*—amending Navigation, and amending 10, 11 *H. 7.* c. 81; 6 *Ann. c. 9.* *Pr. 1.* 44 G. 3. c. lxxxii.
57. *Trent and Malvey*—Canal (amending former Acts), 49 G. 3. c. lxxv.
58. *Trent and Notts*—Canal (amending 34 G. 3. c. 63; 36 G. 3. c. 95.) 49 G. 3. c. lxxv.
59. *Trent River—Darlton*, improving (repealing 25 G. 3. c. 26.) 49 G. 3. c. xli.
60. *Waver River*—Navigation (amending Acts, 7 *Geo. 2.* c. 10; 33 *Geo. 2.* c. 40.) 47 G. 3. β . 2. c. lxxxv.
61. *Wile and Aron Canal*, completing, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. lxxxvii.
62. *Worcester and Birmingham Canal*—to raise Money, 44 G. 3. c. xxxv; 48 G. 3. c. xlvii.
63. *Wye and Lugg Rivers*—making navigable, and making Harle Towing Path, 49 G. 3. c. lxxxvi.
- And for further, *Scotland* (at *Salisbury Navigation*.)

Cards.

Additional Duty on Importation, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 8).
And for *Cognac*, *Wine*.

Chancery.

- Appointments to certain Offices in the Court of Chancery, made during the Vacancy of the Office of Registrar, &c. declared void, 44 G. 3. c. 75.
- Salaries of Masters in Chancery augmented, and Fees made payable to them, 46 G. 3. c. 128.
- Additional Salaries given to Clerks, Clerks in Accountant General's Office, 46 G. 3. c. 130.
- Where in any Suit in England, &c. Order shall be made for Payment of Money, &c. by Court of Chancery, (or Exchequer) a Copy thereof shall be sent to Court of Chancery (or Exchequer) in Ireland, and enrolled there, and Process issued; and in like Manner on Suits in Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 90. \S 5, 6, 7, 8.
- To make Provision for Sub-Registries of the Court, and for the Clerks in the Registrar's Office, and the Master and Clerks in the Report Office, 49 G. 3. c. lxx.

Chatham, See Harbours.

Chatham (City of).

- For improving the Piers of the City of Chatham, and for purchasing the same to Greenwich, 45 G. 3. c. 216.
- Ch. of Chatham shall be removed to Greenwich, and called 'The Ch. of Greenwich'—App. made of 5 provisions, \S 2. See *Greenwich Ch. Ch.*
- Land &c. before sold to Ch. of Chatham, sold in Dispensation granted by the Act, \S 2.
- Land shall be conveyed to Parishes, \S 3.
- Stock of Chatham Ch. shall be assigned to the Corporation, \S 4.
- Appointment of Directors, Officers, Accountants, &c. \S 5-7.
- Compensation for Loss of Piers, \S 8.
- For providing Officers, \S 9.
- Books, &c. shall be delivered to Directors, \S 10-12.

4. Duties and Drawbacks on Exports and Expectation of
 wrought Copper rejected, and others imposed till signing
 such Treaty. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 68. § 5, 4. See also
 43 G. 3. c. 68. s. 70. & 153. § 11.
5. Stat. 3 G. 3. c. 18. Subjecting Copper Ore to the like
 Regulations as other Ores is Subject to on Importation,
 further continued till September 25, 1809. 41 G. 3.
 c. 20. § 9.

Copper Coin, See Coin.

Copyrights.

Persons may appoint Attorneys for forwarding Copyright
 Testaments, of which common Recoveries are intended to be
 taken. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 6.

Copyright.

1. For the further Encouragement of Learning, in the United
 Kingdom, by securing Copies and Copyrights of printed
 Books, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 102.
2. The sole Right of printing Books, already or hereafter to
 be compiled, given to Authors and their Assigns for 14
 Years, and for a Second 14 Years if living;—Bookellers in
 the United Kingdom or Foreign Possessions except
 printing, or importing such Books without Consent of
 Printers, liable to a Fine for Damages, Forfeiture of the
 Books, and 3^d per Sheet, § 1, 2.
3. Perpetual Copyright vested in Trinity College, Dublin, § 1.
4. Title to Copyright shall be ascertained at Stationers' Hall,
 § 4, 5.
5. Two additional Copies for Trinity College and King's Inns,
 Dublin, § 5.
6. None shall import Books printed abroad having been printed
 in the United Kingdom within 10 Years. Penalty 10^s
 Forfeiture of Books, and double Value, § 7.

Cora, See Provisions.

Cotton Manufactures.

1. To amend 15. 20 G. 3. c. 10. for settling Disputes between
 Masters and Workmen engaged in the Cotton Manufacture
 in England, 44 G. 3. c. 87.
2. Disputes shall be determined by a Justice, or by Arbitra-
 tors, as Parties shall agree, § 2.
3. Complainers not attending shall lose Benefits of Act, § 3.
4. If Arbitrators refuse to act or disagree, Dispute may be
 settled by a Justice, § 4, 5.
5. Award may be made by one Arbitrator, § 6—Penalty on
 refusing to fulfil it, 10^s. § 9.
6. Limitation of Time for making Complaints, § 7, 8, 13.
7. Complaints of married Women and Widows, § 15.
8. Regulations as to Tickets given out with Work, § 10—12.
9. Allsorts of Bankrupts shall be liable as Masters, § 14.—Fees,
 &c. § 17. &c. See also Titles, *Limes*; *Wages*.

Cotton Mills, See Apprentices: Indemnity
Acts 5.

County Bridges.

For regulating the building and repairing of County Bridges,
 43 G. 3. c. 53. See further, Title *Bridges*.

County Halls; Court Houses, &c.

1. *Cardiff*—For erecting Courts of Justice, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.
2. *Kent*—For providing a convenient Court House, &c. 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 2222.
3. *Perth*—For erecting County Hall, &c. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.
4. *Suffol.*—For taking down and rebuilding Stone Hall in the
 Town of *Leam*, 48 G. 3. c. 2222.
5. *Wiltshire*—For erecting a Court House (containing
 18 G. 3. c. 72; 39 G. 3. c. 2222; 44 G. 3. c. 61.) 47 G. 3.
 § 2. c. 2222.
6. *York* (High Riding)—For providing Court Houses for
 Quarter Sessions, 47 G. 3. c. 2222.

County Rates.

1. *Kent*—To enable the Justices to make an equal County
 Rate, 43 G. 3. c. 104; 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222; 49 G. 3.
 c. 2222.
2. *Leicestershire*—To enable the Justices to make an equal
 County Rate, 44 G. 3. c. 2222.

Courts of Conscience.

1. *Christchurch*—Township of *Badbury* and *Burgham*, and
 Hundreds of *Edgely* and *Wynsley* Courts of Conscience,
 45 G. 3. c. 2222.
2. *Dorset*—Regulating Courts Barons in the Hundred of *High
 Pool* and Manor of *Calliton*, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
3. *Gloucestershire*, *Bristol*, and *Monmouth*—*Manley Tye*, &c.
 Courts of Conscience, 49 G. 3. c. 2222.
4. *Kent*—*Blackheath*, &c. (containing 5 G. 3. c. 8, 6 G. 3.
 c. 61; 10 G. 3. c. 22; 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.)
5. ————*Woolwich*, &c. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.
6. ————*St. Thomas*, *Parish*, &c. 16. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.
7. ————*Town of Gravesend*, &c. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.
8. ————*Hundred of Calliton*, 48 G. 3. c. 1.
9. ————*City of Rochester*, 48 G. 3. c. 8.
10. *Kent*—*Woolwich*—*Town and County* (containing
 2 G. 3. c. 2222) 48 G. 3. c. 2222.
11. *Leicestershire*—*Manley Tye* Court of Conscience, 48 G. 3.
 c. 2222.
12. ————*Salisbury* Hundred, Salary to the Chairmen of
 Quarter Sessions, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
13. *Leicestershire* and *Christchurch*—*Parish of Offley under-Low*,
 and *Township of Staply*, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 2222.
14. *Lincolnshire*—*Hundred of Elke* (containing 15 G. 3. c. 64.)
 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 2222.
15. ————*Borough and Parish of Ely*, &c. 47 G. 3.
 § 2. c. 1.
16. ————*Town and Borough of Grimsby*, 48 G. 3. c. 2222.
17. ————*In the Soke of Walsingham*, &c. (containing 18 G. 3.
 c. 24; 19 G. 3. c. 45; 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.)
18. *Somerset*—*City and Liberties of Bath*, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
19. *Southern*—*St. of Wight*, 46 G. 3. c. 122.
20. *Staffordshire*—*Manley Tye*, &c. 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 2222.
21. ————*Township of Painswick*, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 2222.
22. *Staffordshire*—*Town and Borough of Lichfield*, 47 G. 3.
 § 2. c. 1222.
23. *Surrey*—*Woking* (containing 5 G. 3. c. 8; 6 G. 3. c. 6;
 10 G. 3. c. 20; 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.)
24. ————*Hundred of Brent* (containing 21 G. 3. c. 2222.)
 46 G. 3. c. 2222.
25. *Warwick*—*Birmingham*, &c. (containing 13 G. 3. c. 2222.)
 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 2222.
26. *Wiltshire*—*Hundred of Bradford*, &c. (containing 5 G. 3.
 c. 19; 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 2222.)

27. **WAGES**—Hundreds of *Wolsey*, 26, 48 G. 3. c. 12200.
 28. **Yards**—Town of *Strevly* (standing 21 G. 3. c. 58.)
 45 G. 3. c. 6257.
 46. —Regulating Courts Baron in the Manors of *Wolsey*
 and *Eschyl*, 48 G. 3. c. 62.

Criminals, See Offenders.

- Courts Baron, } See County Halls,
 Courts of Justices, } Courts of Conscience.

Curers, See Clergy.

Customs.

1. **Duties and Drawbacks** granted on Paper and Tea, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 8, recited as to Paper, 45 G. 3. c. 64.—On Timber, Sugar, Pepper, and Lead, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 25. All repealed by 43 G. 3. c. 68 and see 4, 2, 3, c. 95.
 2. For revenue, see 31 G. 3. c. 45, 30, 40, 42, c. 48 allowing *Witch* Privileges *super* 30 per cent. ad. and applying B duties on 10 per cent. ad. 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 44 § 1, c. 45 G. 3. c. 47.—Additional Duties, 22 G. 3. c. 59 § 1. (See 39 G. 3. c. 61 continued only as to additional Sugar 43 G. 3. c. 42, 44 G. 3. c. 56, 10, 27 *March* 1807.)
 3. **Drawbacks and Bounties on Refined Sugar, 27, repealed 38, continued, and others added, 43 G. 3. c. 11.—Duty on *East India* refined, 43 G. 3. c. 68, 5, 26.—Additional B duty on unrefined Sugar, 43 G. 3. c. 70, 5, 22.—45 G. 3. c. 11, continued 44 G. 3. c. 51 and for 44 G. 3. c. 59.—Further continued 45 G. 3. c. 24.—New Schedule of Drawbacks and Bounties, 41 G. 3. c. 53.—continued, 46 G. 3. c. 10.—And for 46 G. 3. c. 45, 47, additional Bounties, and 46 G. 3. c. 209, as to Sugar Candy.—Drawbacks and Bounties on *Salt* in 45 G. 3. c. 55.—Order Regulating 41 G. 3. c. 11, further continued 47 G. 3. c. 1, c. 20, 45 G. 3. c. 16, 49 G. 3. c. 21.—When any Part of the Duty on Raw Sugar is suspended, a Proportion of the Drawback, &c. shall be suspended, 49 G. 3. c. 18, § 3.—In ascertaining the average Price of Raw Sugar, the Duty shall be taken at 30¢ per Cent. 49 G. 3. c. 45. (See 27, 24.)
 4. So much of 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 44, as relates to regarding the Duties on Sugar and Coffee exported, &c. continued, 41 G. 3. c. 43, 44 G. 3. c. 35.
 5. Duty on *Foreign* Molasses or *Starchy* imported. (See 45 G. 3. c. 98.)—Duty to be paid for One Ton only as one *Stave*, &c.—43 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 29.
 6. Penalty on Dealer in C for having in his Cellars any Commodities made in *Jerusalem* of Coffee, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 91 § 3.—Repealed, and other Provisions made, and extended to Cocoa, and Penalty made *Forfeiture* and 1000, 46 G. 3. c. 119, § 5.—Re-extended of *Pepper* (under 10 G. 3. c. 10) for Removal of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts out of *Wich*, &c. § 4.
 7. 5 G. 1. c. 11, against the clandestine Running of unrefined Sugar, 30, repealed, &c. continued till 29th September 1809, 66, 43 G. 3. c. 20, § 2.
 8. For 100 further Extension of the Collection of the Customs in Great Britain, 43 G. 3. c. 218.
 9. No Goods shall be taken for Exemption till Occupant, &c. delivered to C controller, &c. Officers may Stop Goods, § 1.
 10. Till 1809, no Cash may be given before Collectors at the Out Ports, § 2.
 11. Goods may be imported from *New Orleans* in Vessels of the South of the United States, § 1.
 12. See 19 G. 3. c. 54, for Parliament of *Pepper* going armed or disguised, and for Relief of Officers of Customs in**

- Information on Sciences, made proposal, 41 G. 3. c. 127.
 Officers may be tried in any County in England, § 2.
 13. For expelling foreign Duties of Tobacco in Great Britain, and granting others in *East* thereof, 43 G. 3. c. 64. See 49 G. 3. c. 96.
 14. *Newfoundland* Oil, &c. allowed to be imported *Free*, 43 G. 3. c. 68, § 23.—Continued, 43 G. 3. c. 12, § 4.—45 G. 3. c. 46, § 1.—46 G. 3. c. 29, § 7.—48 G. 3. c. 22, § 2. (See 49 G. 3. c. 95.)
 15. *East*, &c. *India*, 45 G. 3. c. 63 § 3.
 16. Cash, sold in *Wolsey* Manors continued, § 14.
 17. Regulation for Importation of *Woolly* Tobacco, § 19.—Allowed to be imported in small Packages, 47 G. 3. c. 21, c. 2.
 18. —of *Corduroy* and *Small* Laces, 48 G. 3. c. 68 § 22.
 19. —of *Foreign* Silk Laces, § 2.—
 20. —of *Covers* and *Arasques*, &c.
 21. For granting, during the War, additional Duties on Importation and Expatriation of Goods and additional Tonnage Duties granted during the War, 43 G. 3. c. 74.
 22. Additional Duty on *Liverpool* Quins, 43 G. 3. c. 131.
 23. Additional Duties of Customs (1/2 per Cent) granted during the War, 44 G. 3. c. 53.
 24. Letters of the *Manufacture* of the United Kingdom (20 cent) on all Duty on Exports, 44 G. 3. c. 57.
 25. *See*, 42 G. 3. c. 20, lowering the Duty of Importation on *Old* Silk, continued for 7 Years, 44 G. 3. c. 53.
 26. Payment additional Duties of Customs granted, viz. 20 per Cent. 20 per Cent, and 5 per Cent. on certain Articles, and 25 per Cent. on *General* Importation, 45 G. 3. c. 23. (See 46 G. 3. c. 95.)
 27. *State* brought *Coals* had not been exempted from Duty, 45 G. 3. c. 64.
 28. *Permit* additional Duty of Customs on *Spanish* Red Wine, 22, per Ton, 45 G. 3. c. 69. (See 49 G. 3. c. 95.)
 29. Duty on Exports of *Woolly* Woolen Goods to the *East* India, under 43 G. 3. c. 70, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 32.
 30. For expelling *foreign* Duties and granting new Duties on *Coloured* Doff and *General* imports, 45 G. 3. c. 94. (See 49 G. 3. c. 95.)
 31. Drawback on Laces exported to the *West* India from Great Britain, continued, 45 G. 3. c. 93.—continued to particular Laces, 46 G. 3. c. 114.
 32. Additional Duties on *Street*-plating, and Hats, &c. imported, 45 G. 3. c. 209.
 33. Additional Duties on *Foreign* Plate Glass imported, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
 34. *Foreign* Duties on Cash brought by *Island* Navigation to *London* and *Wolsey*, 45 G. 3. c. 128, 46 G. 3. c. 104, 47 G. 3. c. 20, c. 24, 48 G. 3. c. 97. [Until 14 *August* 1811.]
 35. *See*, 4 G. 3. c. 26, granting a *Don* 10 on *Hemp* and *Flax* imported, continued, 46 G. 3. c. 25, § 44, 48 G. 3. c. 23, § 1. [To 27th *March* 1810.]
 36. *See*, 7 G. 3. c. 18, for 5 per Cent. of *Coloured* and *Woolly* continued 10th *March* 1809, 46 G. 3. c. 29, § 15.
 37. Duties of Customs on Tea repealed and other Duties (1/2 per Cent. ad valorem) granted in *East*, (See Duties of Customs, 46 G. 3. c. 18. (See 45 G. 3. c. 58.)
 38. Additional Duties of Customs granted during the War, 46 G. 3. c. 42. (See 49 G. 3. c. 95.)
 39. Duties on *Foreign* Thread Laces repealed, and new granted, 46 G. 3. c. 51.
 40. Bounties granted on Exports of Oil of *Virgin*, 46 G. 3. c. 99.
 41. Additional Bounties (during the War) on *Woolly* Silk Manufactures reported, 46 G. 3. c. 110.
 42. *Ratio*

41. Raisins, Currants, and Figs allowed to be exported Duty free, 45 G. 3. c. 115.
42. Malt, Yards, and Beerstons, &c. from *British North America Colonies*, allowed to be imported Duty free, 46 G. 3. c. 117; continued, 47 G. 3. c. 10.
43. Importing Duties on *Irish Hops* and *Woolen Glaze*, 46 G. 3. c. 118. [See *Excise*.]
44. For allowing additional Duties on refined and raw Sugar exported, 47 G. 3. c. 121; continued 48 G. 3. c. 121; 49 G. 3. c. 10.
45. Duties on foreign Goods exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland* repealed; such Goods may be exported to *Ireland* Duty free, 47 G. 3. c. 105.
46. For granting Duties on Customs on certain Goods exported from *Great Britain*, in furtherance of Orders of Council, 48 G. 3. c. 26—Continuance of Duties till End of ensuing Session, § 27.—May be suspended by Order of Council, § 28.—Amended, 48 G. 3. c. 71.
47. For imposing a Duty on Cotton Wool the Growth of the *South Colonies*, exported from *Great Britain*, 48 G. 3. c. 25. [Till End of ensuing Session.]
48. For increasing the Duty on Coals imported, 48 G. 3. c. 27. [See 49 G. 3. c. 98.]
49. For granting an additional Duty on Copper imported, 48 G. 3. c. 67. [Till 25th April 1812, &c.]
50. For reducing the Duty on Coffee imported, 48 G. 3. c. 122. [See 49 G. 3. c. 98.]
51. For making Sugar and C. Tea of *Martinique* and *Morillon* liable to Duty on Importation as out of the *British Possessions*, 49 G. 3. c. 61.
52. For extending the several Duties of Customs chargeable in *Great Britain*, and granting other Duties in like behalf, 49 G. 3. c. 58.
53. Duties granted according to Schedules § 4—5.
54. Continuance of Temporary or War Duties, § 6.
55. Continuance of Duties on *Sugar*, § 7. [Till March 1810.]
56. Suspension of Duty on Sugar when below 47 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, § 8.
57. Saving for *Union Acts*, § 9.—Of Duties under 48 G. 3. c. 105, &c. § 11.
58. Fish of *Irish* taking Duty free in *British Ships*, § 12.
59. Exemptions from Tonnage Duty—Drawbacks on Wine and Tobacco for *Navy*, § 14.
60. Warehouse Goods, § 15, 16—*Exp. Irish Goods*, § 17—21.—Sale of *Irish Handkerchiefs* when Poor, § 23.
61. Bounty on Sugar raised from *Exp. Irish Sugar*, § 25.
62. Accounting Duty on Goods chargeable according to their Value, § 27—30.
63. Pledge and Warehouse Duties. § 31—36.—Bibbles and Oil, Entry of, § 37—38.
64. Foreign Goods exported and reimported declared liable to Duty, § 39.
65. Bond 34 G. 2. c. 51, requiring Certificate on Entry of *British Colonial Possessions*, repealed, § 40.
66. During the War Raw *Linen Yarn* may be imported in *friendly Vessels* under Duties as in *British Ships*, § 41.
67. Recovery and Application of Duties, § 42—47. Amount of estimated Increase of Duties, § 48.
68. Amount of *Hereditary Revenue* shall be kept, and laid before *Parliament*, § 49, 50.
69. War Duties charged with 1,000,000*l.* per *Annus*, under 47 G. 3. c. 55. [See also 49 G. 3. c. 92.] § 51.
70. Amount of War Duties to be kept separate, § 52.
71. For abolishing Fees received by Officers of the Customs in the Port of *London*, and regulating those Attendants, 46 G. 3. c. 81. extended to the *Outports*, 47 G. 3. c. 105. [See *Officers and Officers*.]

49 Geo. III.

72. *Articles of Colonial Produce* may be taken by Comptroller of Customs in the Colonies, 47 G. 3. c. 48, § 1.
 73. On Enquiries in *America*, &c. authorized by Commissioners of Customs in *Great Britain*; Collectors empowered to admit or take, 47 G. 3. c. 48.
 74. Goods vulnerable or prohibited listed as subject to Forfeiture shall be conveyed in the Customs-house, 49 G. 3. c. 65, § 7. If stolen, then sent to a Police Office, and after Trial, to the Customs-house, § 8—11.
- See further *British Manufactures, Importation and Exportation; Justice of Peace; Officers and Officers, Inspecting.*

D.

Dead Bodies.

1. For providing suitable Interment in Church yards, &c. of dead Bodies cast on Shores from the Sea in Cases of Wreck or otherwise, 45 G. 3. c. 55.
2. Churchwardens, &c. of Places where Bodies shall be cast on Shores shall cause them to be buried, &c. 2.
3. Reward to Persons giving Notice of Bodies cast on Shores, § 3—5. Penalty on Persons finding Bodies and not giving Notice, § 4.
4. Churchwardens to pay Expenses, § 5.—How to be reimbursed, § 6.
5. Penalty on Parish Officers neglecting to execute this Act, § 7, &c.
6. Lords of Manors shall pay usual Burial Fee, § 13.

Deal, See Pilots.

Debts of the Crown, See King.

Debtors.

1. Creditors may discharge Debtors without losing the Benefit of the Judgments upon which the Execution doth, except that the Debtor shall not be again liable to be arrested for the same Debt, nor the Bail be proceeded against, 41 G. 3. [II. C.] c. 62, § 1. [Temporary—assured.]
 2. When a Trader shall die indebted to any real Estate in Lands, &c. the same shall be Assets to be administered in Equity for Payment of all his Debts with Preference to Creditors by Specialty, in which House are bound, 47 G. 3. c. 2 c. 74.
- And see further *Allow—Arrest—Expenses.*

Deer Stealing.

1. Persons illegally hunting, poisoning, &c. Deer in any Inclosure, and their Abettors, guilty of high Felony, 48 G. 3. c. 40, § 1.
2. In unenclosed Grounds, Felony sol. § 2.
3. Second Offence Felony, § 4.
4. Penalties of 10 G. 2. c. 10, extended to this Act, § 5.
5. 16 G. 3. c. 30, § 1. repealed, § 6.

Defence of the Realm.

1. For providing for the Defence and Security of the Realm during the War, 45 G. 3. c. 55.
2. Rewards shall be made in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* of Men 15 Years of Age and under 60, discharging their usual duty, or serving in a Volunteer Corps, § 1.

6 Q.

7. Officers

3. Officers may be appointed furnishing Mts. 43 G. 3. c. 35. § 2.
4. Meetings shall be held as under Militia Laws, § 5.
5. Lieutenants, Governours, &c. to have like Powers as under Militia Laws, § 4—6.
6. And also Licentiaries, Lord Mayors, &c. of London, § 13.
7. In case of Invasion, or Apprehension thereof, Batts, Waggon, Horles, Cows, &c. may be removed or destroyed, and Inhabitants ordered to remove, § 7.
8. Volunteers are to be called out except according to their Office of Service, or on Invasion, &c. § 8. p.
9. Taking Coined, &c. for publick Service, § 10. This Section repealed, and other Provisions under 44 G. 3. c. 25. His Majesty may authorize Justices to mark out Land, and treat for the Purchase.—Value may be ascertained by a Jury. Appeal to Court of Exchequer, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 25. § 3—9.
10. Lands shall not be taken without Consent of Owners, unless in Cases of particular Urgency, § 10.
11. Regulations as to Buildings, § 11.
12. Application of Compulsory Money, § 12. &c.
13. Notice to Parties claiming Rights of Common, &c. shall be laid on Church Doors, 49 G. 3. c. 112.
14. Appointment of Justices to ascertain Value of Articles taken or seized, 43 G. 3. c. 25. § 12. [49 c. 96. § 70, 71, on this Subject is repealed by 46 G. 3. c. 50.]
15. Returns, &c. touching Troops of Dragoons and Cavalry, 43 G. 3. c. 25. § 12.
16. Commissions under this Act not to create Seats in Parliaments, § 15.
17. General Levy.—For extending 43 G. 3. c. 25. and making a General Levy in Great Britain, 43 G. 3. c. 25. R. c. 100. In London, c. 112.
18. The last Acts 43 G. 3. c. 25. & c. 100. repealed, and other Provisions enacted, 46 G. 3. c. 50. § 1.
19. For enabling His Majesty usually to train and exercise a Proportion of His Subjects in England, under certain Regulations, and more effectually to provide for the Defence of the Realm, 46 G. 3. c. 50.
20. 43 G. 3. c. 25. 47 G. 3. c. 120. repealed § 1.
21. Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, &c. under Militia Act, 43 G. 3. c. 25. Shall put this Act into Execution, § 1.
22. Extending all Provisions relating to Coaches, to Hackney, Hackneys—48 Rapes, &c. and Powers to Constables, to Tyburn, &c. § 3.
23. Priy Council may appoint any Number of Men not exceeding 200,000, § 4.
24. Persons though exempt from the Militia, not exempt from this Act, § 5.
25. Who are exempt, § 6.
26. Regulations as to Appointments, § 7—9.
27. Regulations as to voluntary Enlistments, § 10.
28. Pay allowed for additional training, 22. per Diem, et 100. Bounty, § 11.
29. Mode of Ballotting and Time of Service, § 12—15.
30. Exemptions, § 17—20.
31. Justices may appoint Deposits for Quakers refusing to act as Constables, § 21.
32. Persons of bodily Infirmity shall be excused, § 22.
33. Clerks of Subdivision Meetings shall transmit to the Clerks of the General Meetings Copies of Rolls, § 24.
34. His Majesty may order Persons to be trained, and regulate Time and Place, &c. § 25.
35. Times, Places, and Mode of Training—Regulations as to Arms and Accoutrements, § 26—7.
36. On Apprehension of Invasion, His Majesty may embody Persons enrolled, § 24. 25.—While embodied they shall be subject to Military Act, § 25.—Provisional Orders may be given for embodying, § 28.—Notice of Place of assembling, § 29.—Persons not appearing deemed Deserters, § 30.

37. Oath of Perfect Obedience, § 36.
38. No Person compelled to serve out of Great Britain, § 37.
39. Commutations shall be made to Parliament when the Majesty shall order Men to be embodied, § 41.
40. Pay and Money for Discharges, § 42. 43.
41. After Drives and Expulsions of the Enemy, Persons discharged, and Marching Money allowed, § 44.
42. Lieutenants of Counties, Deputy Lieutenants, Wardens of County Ports, and Wardens of Cinque Ports (who shall have some Military Rank as Lieutenants of Counties) shall receive the Act, § 45—48.
43. Act shall not extend to London, § 49.
44. Fines, § 50. 51.
45. Deputy Lieutenants may do any Act required, except at General Meetings, § 52.
46. Justices of Peace as Deputy Lieutenants may determine Fines and col.—Appeal to Queen's Bench, § 53.
47. Forms of Commissions.—Orders not to be removed by Commissions, § 54—58.
48. Application of Provisions, § 59.
49. Reward to Clerks, &c. § 60.
50. General Issue may be granted, § 61.
51. Rules and Regulations relating to Persons enrolled, (See Schedule).
52. Additional Force; for raising an additional Military Force in England, 45 G. 3. c. 51.
53. For establishing and maintaining a permanent additional Force for the Defence of the Realm, and to provide for augmenting His Majesty's regular Forces, and for the gradual Reduction of the Militia of England, 44 G. 3. c. 26.
54. For raising additional Force, &c. in Scotland, 43 G. 3. c. 25. 44 G. 3. c. 65.
55. All Ireland, 43 G. 3. c. 26. 31. and 44 G. 3. c. 26. 65. repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 51.—Recovery of Possession under these Acts, 45 G. 3. c. 107.
56. For raising additional Military Force in Ireland, 43 G. 3. c. 25. for establishing a permanent additional Force there, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 74. Both these Acts repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 65.
57. For raising additional Military Force in London, 43 G. 3. c. 101.—extending 44 G. 3. c. 55. as to permanent Force in London; 44 G. 3. c. 56. Both Acts repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 144. See further Title Militia (Land).

Docks, See Harbour.

Dollars, See Coin.

Dover, See Pilots.

Downing College, See Personal Acts.

Drawbacks, Suspension of, See Spirits.

E.

East India Company.

1. Prohibited East India Goods, warehoused previous to 29 G. 3. c. 50. may, by License from Customs-Bound be removed by Land to certain Ports, for Exportation to the British Colonies in the West Indies, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 21. 2. Stat.

2. *Stat. 25 G. 3. c. 113.* allowing the Importation of Goods from *India* and *China* within the Limits of the *East India Company's* exclusive Trade, in Ships not *British* built, continued during the Company's exclusive Right of Trade under 25 G. 3. c. 58—47 G. 3. c. 40. § 6.
3. The Company authorized to reduce the Settlement at *Fort Marlborough* to a Factory, subordinate to the Presidency at *Fort William*, 1765. 42 G. 1. c. 29. § 1. 2.
4. To enable the Company to derive the Expenses of Volunteer Corps raised by them, 45 G. 3. c. 48.
5. The Exercise of such Corps may be discharged under 25 G. 3. c. 51. an ordinary Expense, § 1.
6. Such Corps shall be employed in Defence of the *East India* *Woods*, &c. and be subject to Military Discipline, &c.
7. Amending 29 G. 1. c. 29. for hiring Ships, 45 G. 3. c. 63.
8. In case of the total Loss of any Ship, the Crewmembers of which cannot be known, Dividends empowered to agree for rebuilding another Ship of the same Class with the lost, § 1.
9. Dividends may be and are to be paid for additional Voyages, § 1. (See 25th March 1812); revised 46 G. 3. c. 83; [to 25th March 1812].
10. To enable the Directors to make War Allowances to Owners of Ships fitted out between 7th March 1812, and 8th March 1813. 45 G. 3. c. 137.
11. To regulate the Fees paid by the *East India* Company, as to Rates of Interest and Duty, 44 G. 3. c. 1.
12. Regulation as to Payment of Property Tax, § 1. 2. (See *Taxes*) and 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 102.
13. Company may pay the same Interest on their Bonds as is paid on Exchequer Bills, 44 G. 3. c. 3. § 3.
14. For enabling the Company to appoint the Commander in Chief for *India*, to be a Member of the Council of *Fort William*, 45 G. 3. c. 26.
15. £1,000,000 granted to the Company for certain Expenses incurred, 45 G. 3. c. 126. § 17.
16. For carrying into Effect Agreements with the Creditors of the Nabob of the *Caranah*, 46 G. 3. c. 228.
17. The Company empowered to raise Two Millions on Bond instead of increasing their Capital, 47 G. 3. c. 6. 41.
18. For the better Government of *Fort St. George* and *Madras*; for the Regulation of publick Banks, and for amending 25 G. 3. c. 58—59 G. 3. c. 66.
19. Governor in Council at *Madras* and *Bombay* may make Regulations for the good Order of these Towns, 47 G. 3. c. 2. Provincial Courts at *Bombay*, § 2.—Governors and Members of Council may act as Justices of Peace, § 4. and also Commissions for appointing Justices of Peace, § 5.—33 G. 3. c. 72. § 171, as to Justices of Peace, repealed, § 6.
20. Time not exceeding Two Years (but by Years of 17 in the College in *England*, shall be deemed Part of the Time) required by 33 G. 3. c. 56. § 17, to be spent in *India*, § 7.
21. The several Governments empowered to establish publick Banks in *India*, § 8, to which all the Dividends of the Company may subscribe, § 9.—No Judge shall be a Director, § 9. See further, *Coffins—Mariners*.

East India Goods, See Customs.

Ecclesiastical Persons, See Clergy.

Elections, See Parliament.

Elephant Oil, See Auctions.

Equity, Court of, See Insolvents; Parliament.

Exchequer Bills.

1. To remedy Defects in Signatures of certain Exchequer Bills, 43 G. 3. c. 60.
 2. Bills void as if signed by Auditor, § 1.
 3. Not to affect any Proclamation relating to such Exchequer Bills, § 2.
 4. For regulating the Issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills, 48 G. 3. c. 1.—Bills shall be issued under Direction of the Treasury, § 1.—Exchanging defaced Bills, § 8. Forging Bills, Penalty, § 9.—Treasury may appoint Paymasters for paying off Bills, § 10 with Salaries, § 12.—Contracts for circulating Bills, § 13.—17. Governor of Bank, &c. contractors, not disabled from sitting in Parliament, § 14.—Scries for Bills lost or destroyed, § 15.—Bills discharged shall be cancelled, § 19.
- And see *Revenue*.

Exchequer, Court of, See Chancery, 4.

Excise.

1. For granting Duties on Paper and Tea, 41 G. 3. (*U. K.*) c. 8. See 43 G. 3. c. 69.
2. For the better Regulation and Collection of certain Duties of Excise, 41 G. 3. (*U. K.*) c. 9.
3. Excisable Goods stored by Ships of War, may be lodged in Excise Warehouses in Great Britain, § 6.
4. Excisable Goods lost in Exportation to *India*, &c. being stored in Drawback, &c. on landing, may receive fine as Proof that Goods were lost, § 7.
5. For better regulating and levying Duties of Excise on Wine, Home-made Spirits, Starch, Acidulness, Rum, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 23. § 4—16.
6. Weight of Packages in which Candles, Soap, Starch, Coffee, and Tobacco shall be imported, § 29. (And see 45 G. 3. c. 120—46 G. 3. c. 112. § 4.)
7. For the Return of Excisable Goods seized by Officers of Excise, 42 G. 3. c. 56. (Expired 25th March 1801.)
8. Former Duties of Excise repealed, and others granted, 43 G. 3. c. 69.
9. Duties shall cease from 3th July 1803.—Not to affect Malt Duties, nor certain Duties on Tobacco and Starch, § 1.—Duties shall be levied, &c. as former Duties, § 2. 10.
10. Not to affect Positions payable by Commissioners of Excise, nor to their hereditary Revenue in Scotland, § 8. 9.
11. Amount of hereditary Duties shall be computed, § 11.
12. Additional Duties of Excise imposed, (during War,) 48 G. 3. c. 81. (See 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 33; 49 G. 3. c. 58, as to further Continuance of said Duties till Payment of certain Loans.)
13. Duties on foreign Wine in Stock, how to be estimated, 43 G. 3. c. 81. § 6. 7. Private Wines subject, § 8.
14. Duties on Tea imported to *India* shall be paid to the *East India* Company, and by them paid to the Excise Office, § 13. Repealed 45 G. 3. c. 130. § 1.
15. Additional Duties of Excise on Wine imported into Great Britain granted during the War, 44 G. 3. c. 49.—made perpetual 45 G. 3. c. 45.—carried to the Consolidated Fund, 46 G. 3. c. 24.
16. Additional Duties of Excise on Antiques, Bricks and Tiles, Coffee, Cyder and Perry, Glass, Vinegar, and Wine,

- Wine, 45 G. 3. c. 30. (See as to *Wine Window Glass*, 45 G. 3. c. 35. § 2.—and as to *drinking Tubs*, *Id.* § 1. 4.)
27. All Persons making Glass shall be under Survey of Officers of Excise, 45 G. 3. c. 30. § 10.
28. Counterfeiting Duty on *Wine Glass* under *Unions Act* shall be a Duty of Excise, *Id.* § 5.
29. Excise Duty on *Hops* under 45 G. 3. c. 59. reduced from 2d. to 1d. 45 G. 3. c. 54. Equivalent Reduction on *Wine Hops* imported, 45 G. 3. c. 135 § 1.
30. Additional Excise Duty of 30 per Cent. ad valorem on Tea sold under 22. 6d. per lb. 45 G. 3. c. 18. § 6. (See *Customs*.)
31. Additional Excise Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, Tobacco 6d. per lb.; *Wine India Snuff* 12. 6d.; other Snuff 5d. and 10d. (and counterfeiting Duties from *Ireland*) 45 G. 3. c. 30. [during the War] but see 45 G. 3. c. 1. c. 25. c. 40 G. 3. c. 54.
32. For amending the Laws of Excise, 45 G. 3. c. 112. Provisions in Act 45 G. 3. c. 73. § 13. directing Recovery of Penalties in Courts of Record, in Name of Attorney General or Excise Officer, extended to all Proceedings before Commissioners, or Justices, on Excise-Laws, § 1.
33. Statute 9 of 34 G. 3. c. 20. imposing Penalty of 100s. on forging Stamps of Paper Wrappers, repealed, § 1. (See *Revenue without Clergy*.)
34. Wherever Goods are required by Excise Laws, Burth of them shall be payable as before, § 2.
35. Additional Duty of Excise on Spirits imported into Great Britain, or exported from Warehouse to any Place out of Europe 45 G. 3. c. 1. c. 27.
36. To amend Laws of Excise relating to Salt, Soap, Paper, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Spices, and Glass, and for relating Breweries, 45 G. 3. c. 2. c. 30.
37. Stratching Paper, Button Paper, and Button Board made liable to the same Duties as *Silks*, 2d. § 14.
38. Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Gum or Spices, of *British Plantations*, may, if imported without Fraud, be admitted without Certificate, &c. § 15.
39. Altering Quantity of Glass Materials in Pots, § 16.
40. Commissioners empowered to enforce Breweries, on such Terms and Conditions as they shall think proper, § 19.
41. For repealing Duties and Drawbacks on *printed Silks*, and granting other Drawbacks thereon in lieu, 45 G. 3. c. 2. c. 67. and acts 45 G. 3. c. 117.
42. New Duties, 6d. per square yard, 45 G. 3. c. 127. § 1.
43. For reducing Excise Duties on Coffee imported, 45 G. 3. c. 120. Duties per lb. *British Colonial Coffee* 2d.—*Wine India Coffee* 6d. all other 2s. 5d.—4.—May be imported in Packages of 100lb. § 5.—Regulation as to warehousing Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, § 8.—10. (and for *Warehousing*.)
44. For repealing Duties on Minerals used in making *Wine Window Glass* and *Crown Glass*, and for granting other Duties, and for the Collection thereof, 45 G. 3. c. 63.—New Duties, § 1.
45. Regulations as to *sealing Ash or Ovens*, § 5.—12. 28.—*Washing Glass*, § 14.—17.
46. Different Sorts of Glass shall not be manufactured in the same Place, § 19.
47. Penalties on *Fraud*, obstructing Officers, &c. § 20. 21.
48. For the Abolition of H. Hays, and altering the Time of keeping Excise Office open, 45 G. 3. c. 65.—No Holidays except *Sundays*, *Christmas Day*, and other Days specified, § 1. Office Hours Eight to Three, § 2.
49. For allowing Dealers to read their own Coffers, 45 G. 3. c. 80.
50. To amend Laws relating to Paper, Silks, and Salt, and for enforcing Statutes of *Utretcht*, 45 G. 3. c. 81. (As to Paper see *Folio* 7.)
51. Printers of Silks shall take out Licences, § 9.

42. Salted Beef brought by Land from *Sweden*, if not entered at the Excise Office, forfeited, 45 G. 3. c. 80. § 3.
43. All Utensils used with Vessels liable to forfeiture shall be also forfeited, § 8.
44. For altering the Duty on Coffee of the Growth of the *British Dominions in Africa*, 45 G. 3. c. 117.—Duty 2d. per lb. § 1.
- See farther *India—Sweden*.—See also *Spirits*, *Salt*, *Silk*, and the several Statutes registered by the various Acts.

Exportation, See Customs, Importation.

F.

Factories, See Apprentices.

Fees, See Customs; Offices.

Felonies.

For Trial (in *Ireland*) of Accessories to Felonies on the High Sea, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 73. § 5. In Great Britain, c. 113. § 5.—And see *English—Justice of the Peace—Lawyer—Transportation*.

Felonies without Clergy.

- | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1. Alien. | — | { Alien returning from Transportation for Life, 45 G. 3. c. 155. § 10
Forgery Draft on Receiver General, 45 G. 3. c. 150. § 10.
Of Drafts, Wills, Securities, Receipts, Orders for Money, &c. or entering same to defraud any Public or Corporation, 45 G. 3. c. 89. § 1. (including and extending 2 G. 2. c. 251 7 G. 1. c. 22; 15 G. 3. c. 13; 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 39.
Of Drafts, &c. of Public Officers, 45 G. 3. c. 45. § 9.—c. 75. § 8.—c. 76. § 9.—c. 81. § 9.—c. 142. § 14.—c. 150. § 10.
Of <i>Eastward Bds.</i> , 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 9.— <i>Counterfeiting Receipts</i> , &c. for Contributions, &c. under Loan and Revenue Acts, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 2. § 24. &c. And see in <i>Ireland</i> , 44 G. 3. c. 43. § 150 c. 48. § 20. &c. |
| 2. Customs. | — | |
| 3. Forgery. | —
(and for <i>Fraud</i>) | { Counterfeiting Certificate, 45 G. 3. c. 35. § 8.—45 G. 3. c. 23. § 27.
Perforating Notation of Life Annuity, 45 G. 3. c. 64. § 1.
Perforating Post-office, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 119. § 17.
Forgery Coercion, 44 G. 3. c. 116. § 154.
Seizure of 8 Bells, c. 4. to take away Clergy from Offenders privy stealing from the Prison, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 129. § 1. |
| 4. Fraud. | — | { Forgery Tickets, 45 G. 3. c. 92. § 21. &c. |
| 5. Greenwich Clief. | — | |
| 6. Land Tax Repeals. | — | |
| 7. Lottery. | — | |
| 8. Lottery. | — | |

	Maliciously Shooting, Killing, &c. with Intent to murder, &c. administering Poison to Women quack with Child to procure Marriage, &c. setting Fire to any House or Out-house, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 38 § 1, 2	4. Forgery. —	Destroying Inclosure, Third Offence, 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 7.
9. Malicious Injuries.	Severing, &c. Letters, &c. containing any Scandal, or profanity, or receiving them, 43 G. 3. c. 81. § 2, 2.	7. Offence. —	Stealing from Bells, 45 G. 3. c. 144. § 1.
12. Post-Office. —	Disobedience Orders, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 21.	8. Post-Office (Inland). —	Forging Passes, &c. Third Offence, 43 G. 3. c. 38. § 22.
11. Quarantine. —	Forging Certificates of Order of Council, 45 G. 3. c. 98. § 8.	9. ——— (G. B.) —	Fraudulently obtaining Letters, containing Bank Notes, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 23. § 9.
12. Seaman. —	Poisoning Men, or forcing Wife or Letters of Attorney, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 32. § 121.	10. Smugglers. —	Assisting or opposing Officers of Navy, Customs, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 121. § 11.
13. Ships. —	Calling away or destroying, 45 G. 3. c. 39 and c. 115.	11. Soldiers. —	Running Goods in Company with Fire, or armed, within 10 Miles of the Coast in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 87. § 54.
14. Smugglers. —	Shooting at Officers of Navy, Customs, &c. or being at a Vessel, 45 G. 3. c. 121. § 11. In Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 205. § 52.	12. Stamps. —	Countersinking Smugglers in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 106. § 52.
15. Soldiers. —	Smugglers proclaimed by Privy Council in Ireland not forwarding, 45 G. 3. c. 106. § 63.	13. Soldiers. —	Forging Certificates for Professions, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 69. § 9.
	Professing Soldier: entitled to Pensions, 45 G. 3. c. 69. § 8. (As to Debitors see Title, Soldiers.)	14. Stamps. —	Counterfeiting in Ireland, First Offence, 45 G. 3. c. 51. § 52; 45 G. 3. c. 54. § 9.
	Counterfeiting Stamps, &c. in Great Britain, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10. § 8. — c. 80. § 18. — 45 G. 3. c. 125. § 12. — c. 127. § 8 — 45 G. 3. c. 49. § 9. — 45 G. 3. c. 28. § 8 — 45 G. 3. c. 129. § 7. In Ireland, Second Offence, 45 G. 3. c. 58. § 7. — 45 G. 3. c. 51. § 5. — 45 G. 3. c. 64. § 9.	15. State Goods. —	On Paper Wrappers, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 301. 49 G. 3. c. 81. § 2.
16. Stamps. —	Stamps on Paper Wrappers, 45 G. 3. c. 112. § 2. — Repealed, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 12. (See Felonies within Clergy.)	16. Demagogues. —	Purchasing, 45 G. 3. c. 122. § 22.
(Counterfeiting)	Stamps on Genealogies, 45 G. 3. c. 14. § 6.		Destroying, burning or destroying Public Buildings, or Works on Bridges, Canals, Roads, Railways, Inclosures, &c. — See the several Local Acts, where the Clauses are always given at length.
	Stamps, Marks, &c. on Medicine Wrappers, 45 G. 3. c. 58. § 12.		

Fines, See Justices of the Peace.

Fire, See Felony without Clergy, 8.

Fish and Fisheries.

1. To prevent British-built Ships to carry on Fishes in the Pacific Ocean, without Licence from the East India or South Sea Companies, 45 G. 3. c. 77.
2. Bounties. For granting Bounties for Fish brought to the London Market, &c. 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 99.
3. ——— Bounties to any one Vessel shall not exceed 1000. nor in the Whole 30,000. &c. (See 45 G. 3. c. 64. as to Application of Part of the Fund in Ireland.)
4. British. 25 G. 3. c. 100. (containing 25 G. 3. c. 81.) continued, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 97. § 6 — 45 G. 3. c. 70. § 1. — 45 G. 3. c. 80. § 1. — 45 G. 3. c. 34. — 45 G. 3. c. 3. c. 51. — 45 G. 3. c. 35.
5. ——— From April 5, 1803, Half of certain Bounties on Herrings shall cease, 45 G. 3. c. 79. § 5.
6. ——— 45 G. 3. (G. B.) c. 21. as to allowing Salt Duty free, and discounting Bounty on White Herrings exported — continued, 45 G. 3. c. 3. § 1. — 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 4. — 45 G. 3. c. 15. § 4. [till 25th March 1803.]
7. ——— For the further Encouragement and better Regulations of the British White Herring Fishery, 45 G. 3. c. 110. Bounty per Ton to Owners, &c. of Boats employed in deep Sea Fishery, § 1. Bounty on White Herrings landed and cured, § 2. Steps Commissioners of the Linn and Herring Manufacture in Scotland may be Taken of the Fishery, § 4. 5. General Regulations as to Officers, § 6 — 11. 12. Directions of Nets, § 14. Rules to be observed to catch

Felonies within Clergy.

2. Arson (in Ireland).	Making Pikes without Licence, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 54. § 11.
	Forging Paper for Bank Notes or engraving Bank Notes without Authority, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 39. 45 G. 3. c. 89. — See in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 13. § 2.
2. Bank. —	Counterfeiting Dollars or Tokens of Bank of England in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 78. § 3. 45 G. 3. c. 42. § 1. See Bank of England, Ireland [Bank].
3. Bills of Exchange.	Forging, forging or attesting, 45 G. 3. c. 129. § 1, 2.
4. Offence. —	Forging Debentures for Tons exported to Ireland, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 75. § 7.
5. Swif. —	Forging Certificates, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 91. § 5.

- people Bolls to Bonty, § 12—26, 19, 20—22.
Bonty had be another, § 27. Additional
Bonty to the 1st Thirty Bolls, § 20.
Regulations as to Vessels clearing out with Salt for
fishery and curing Herrings shewn, 176.
§ 11—15. Owners, 176. certified to Bonty
Bullip Miter and Crew 21 per Barrel, § 10—
20. Regulations as to Wines Herrings exported
going Coalwale for Exportation, § 29. Peck-
ing Herrings for Exportation, § 27. Bonty
allowed to 15—may 6 wts not exceeding Fillets
Tons on the C—fish Scotland, § 15.
8. *Dormant Error*. 5 *r Nil River*.
9. *Ed.* Sale of Fish, if sold within 28 Days after
the Arrival of Vessels containing the same at
the *Nere*. shall be as good a New as if sold in
Eight Days, as directed by 43 G. 2. c. 39. § 1.
—42 G. 2. c. 29.
10. *Foreign Sellers*. Persons disabled in and complying with
the Regulations of 35 G. 2. c. 57. § 96. R
28 G. 2. c. 57. § 7. concerning to *Shelford Rivers*
by December 31, 1800, or 73 three Families and
Vessels entitled to Privileges of said Acts,
42 G. 2. c. 114.
11. *Grounded*. 26 G. 2. c. 41. and Part of 29 G. 2. c. 55.
continued, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 97. § 2—
41 G. 2. c. 28. § 1—44 G. 2. c. 35. § 1—
46 G. 2. c. 29. § 5—45 G. 2. c. 20. [with
25th March 1800.]
12. ——— Proportion of Herring exported from being
imported, 41 G. 2. c. 22. § 2.
13. ——— Allowed to complete the Number of Men on
Scotland for the Season, 41 G. 2. c. 22. § 3.
45 G. 2. c. 22. § 11. 41 G. 2. c. 21. 41 G. 2.
c. 21. 45 G. 2. c. 29. [during the War.]
14. ——— Officers of Customs may take Affidavit of Owners
of Vessels, being U.S. of their Intention of pro-
ceeding on the Fishing Voyage, 176. 43 G. 2.
c. 22. § 4.
15. *Use of Man*. 20. 40 G. 2. c. 25. [§ 1.] repealed.—Fish
Crews residing there shall have the Bonties
for Herrings as those curing Herrings in Great
Britain, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 97. § 7.
16. *Wiford Harbour*. Regulating Oyster and Sole Fisheries,
46 G. 2. c. 200.
17. *Newfoundland*. Salted Salmon or Cod Fish may be im-
ported from Newfoundland, 176. by English
Subjects, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 97. § 11. 46 G. 2.
c. 202. § 21. 47 G. 2. § 1. c. 202. 48 G. 2.
c. 20. § 2. [25th March 1810.]
18. ——— And Sail on certain Conditions be allowed a
Bonty of 20 per Quarter or Cwt. 43 G. 2.
c. 27. § 21. 43 G. 2. c. 126. § 61. 46 G. 2.
c. 202. § 21. 47 G. 2. § 1. c. 202. § 2.
19. ——— Such Fish may be exported without Repeyment
of Bonty, 46 G. 2. c. 202. 47 G. 2. § 1.
c. 24. § 2.
20. ——— Continued till Jan 24, 1808, as to Permission
for Exportation, 43 G. 2. c. 20. § 5. [10 18
August 1807, as to Bonties, 46 G. 2. c. 202.
§ 11.] See 47 G. 2. § 1. c. 24.
21. ——— So much of 26 G. 2. c. 27. as related to Bonties
continued, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 97. § 1.
22. ——— Privileges of 47 G. 2. § 1. c. 24. extended to
Fish from English North American Colonies,
49 G. 2. c. 16.
23. *Nil River*. Repealing 23 G. 2. c. 98. and regulating
Fisheries in the *Nile*, *Dormet*, &c. in the
- Comms of Goodford, Dunfir.* 44 G. 2.
c. 204. 49 G. 2. c. 2.
24. *Pilchard*. Bonty under 50 G. 2. c. 15. revised and con-
tinued for Seven Years, 45 G. 2. c. 200.
25. ——— 126 lbs. of Salt per Calk to Pilchard, which shall
be used only Taver, 43 G. 2. c. 51. § 20. 21.
26. *Salmon*. For preserving Salmon and other Fish in the
Tyne, *Dart*, and *Flynn Rivers*—altering
23 G. 2. c. 47. and 13 G. 2. c. 191. 43 G. 2.
c. 20.
27. ——— The like as to Rivers in the County and Burgh
of Greenock, 45 G. 2. c. 2222.
28. *Southern Fish*. Provisions under 50 G. 2. c. 57 under the
Regulations in that Act, and 35 G. 2. c. 52.
continued, 43 G. 2. c. 181. 45 G. 2. c. 56.
48 G. 2. c. 114.
29. ——— Provisions and Conditions for 28 Ships which
shall sail to the Southward of 36 Degrees of
Southern Latitude, 42 G. 2. c. 28. § 5. *Souther*
Provisions, 45 G. 2. c. 56. 48 G. 2. c. 114.
30. ——— Loaded Ships sailing to Eastward of Cape of
Good Hope may in certain Latitudes sail to the
Northward, 42 G. 2. c. 28. § 4.
31. ——— For enlarging the Limits of the *Southern Fish*
Fishery, 43 G. 2. c. 90.
32. ——— Ships tried out and licensed according to 38 G. 2.
c. 57. and sailing to the Eastward of the Cape
of *Good Hope*, for carrying on the *Southern*
Whale Fishery, may fail in certain Limits (speci-
fied, § 1.
33. ——— Limits specified in sailing to the Westward of Cape
Horn, &c. § 8.
34. ——— Apprentices under 21 Years of Age provided
from the Import for Two Voyages, 48 G. 2.
c. 124. § 5.
35. ——— Benefit of former Acts extended to *High Parts*,
§ 6.
36. *Tweed River*. Amending 13 G. 2. c. 27. 18 G. 2. c. 46.
27 G. 2. c. 48. for regulating Fisheries there,
47 G. 2. § 1. c. 29.
- See further, *London—Importation and Exportation—Oysters—*
Salmon—Ships.

Flax and Cotton.

- 43 G. 2. c. 77. for encouraging the Manufacture of Flax and
Cotton, continued except as to Dunblow on Brimflow,
43 G. 2. c. 20. § 61. 46 G. 2. c. 20. § 81. 48 G. 2. c. 22.
[10 25th March 1810.]
See further *Importation—Inland.*

Flour, See Provisions, Bread.

Foreign Debtors, See Aliens.

Foreign Settlements, See Plantations.

Foreign Ships, See Ships.

Foreign Soldiers, See Soldiers.

Engl.

Forests.

- His Majesty may appoint Commissioners for the Preservation of Timber in the New Forest, and for determining the Bounds, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 103.
- In case of Death of Commissioners, His Majesty may appoint another, § 2.
- For inquiring into the State of Windsor Forest, and for determining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same, 46 G. 3. c. 242.
- Commissioners appointed, § 1—also may call Persons before them to give Evidence, and produce Records, &c. § 1, &c.
- Proceedings shall be returned into the Office of the Surveyor General of Woods, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 242 § 6.
- How Boundaries shall be determined, § 7.
- Rights under Letters Patent not affected, § 2.
- Commissioners shall ascertain State of the Timber in the Forest, &c. and report to the Treasury, § 12.
- For the Increase and Preservation of Timber in Down and New Forests, 48 G. 3. c. 72—Former Inclosures declared legal, § 1, 2.
- Inclosures of 12,000 Acres in Down Forest, and 6000 in New Forest shall be from Time to Time made under Commissioners, and returned into the Exchequer, § 3.
- Grants of Inclosures, Trees, &c. void, § 4.
- Penalty on breaking Inclosures, § 7.

Forgery, See Felonies, Bank of England, Bankers.

Fort Marlborough, See East India Company.

Friendly Societies.

- For enabling Friendly Societies to rectify Mistakes in their Rules, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
- The Benefit of the Act 35 G. 3. c. 53 extended to all Societies hereafter complying with its Regulations, 49 G. 3. c. 125 § 2.
- Two Justices of Peace empowered to enforce Rules, levy Arrears, order Relief, &c. § 1, 3.

Fraud, See Pockets.

Funds, See Revenue.

G.

Game.

- For the better Preservation of Heath Fowl in the New Forest, in the County of Southampton, 45 G. 3. c. 112.
- Penalty on Persons taking or destroying Black Game between December 10 and September 1, § 1.
- Provision under 5 Geo. 1. c. 27. § 2. against hunting Hares repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 91 § 2.
- Stat. 5 G. 1. c. 22. as to Appointment of Gamekeepers repealed, *Id.* § 2.
- Lord of Manors may appoint Gamekeeper, whether his Servant, or qualified or not, who may kill Game accordingly, § 2, 3.

See also *Down—Taxes*.

Games, See Unlawful Games.

Gools.

- Abolish.* For building a Hoast of Correction there, and appointing Constables, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 210 § 48 G. 3. c. 22.
- Boles.* Improving the Hoast and Hoast of Correction there, 42 G. 3. c. 210.
- Corrections.* Repeal 32 G. 3. c. 105, for building a Hoast there, 45 G. 3. c. 22.
- Clayton.* Taking down and rebuilding Hoast (renaming 38 G. 3. c. 213, 47 G. 3. c. 22 c. vi.
- Cork.* For building a new Hoast there, 46 G. 3. c. 220 c. 2.
- Dorset.* Building a new Hoast and Hoast of Correction, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 222 c. 2.
- East.* Regulating County Gaol and publick Houses in said County, repealing Part of 9 G. 1. c. 21 § 47 G. 3. c. 160.
- Northwick.* His Majesty each of us to grant the Office, Common Hoast, &c. to the Justices of the County for Publick Uses, 46 G. 3. c. 225.
- Windsor.* Completing Common Hoast, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 222 c. 2.

General Levy, See Defence of the Realm.

Gen., See Maidstone Geneva.

Glofs, See Excié.

Glebe, See Churches, Ireland, (Clergy)–

Good Hope, Cape of, See Plantations.

Greenland Fisheries, See Fisheries.

Greenwich Chest.

- For improving the Funds of the Chest at Greenwich, 46 G. 3. c. 222.
- Trust Agents shall receive and pay to Greenwich Chest, *Id.* c. 22 per Cent. out of Proceeds of Prizes, § 2.—A like per Centage out of Droits of Admiralty, § 3.—A like per Centage on Bounty Money, § 3.
- Regulation as to Sale of Lands, § 4.—Appointments of Deputies and Clerks by Supervisors, § 5, 6.
- Appointments and Assignments shall be usually laid before Parliament, § 7.
- Form of Bills for Prizes, under 43 G. 3. c. 229. § 121 may be altered by Dissolution, § 8.
- Chest Possessors shall not be Out-Professors of the Hospital, § 9.

And see Title *Greenwich Chest*.

Greenwich Hospital.

- To empower the Governors, &c. to make certain Allowances to old, infirm, or wounded or disabled Officers in the Royal Navy; and to provide a Fund for that Purpose; and for the Increase of Pensions to disabled Seamen, 46 G. 3. c. 300.—And see 46 G. 3. c. 109, as to Allowances on 2^d Prize Money,

2. Governors

2. Officers empowered to make certain Allowances to such Persons not provided for in the Hospital, in addition to their Half Pay, 26 G. 3. c. 100. § 1.
3. Power Against Burglars and pay to the Hospital 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per Cent. out of Proceeds of Prizes, § 2.—*Also for Conveyance out of Debt of Admiralty, § 3.*—*And out of Bounty Money, § 4.*
4. Officers receiving Allowances deemed Out-Pensioners under 3 G. 1. c. 16.—§ 5.

And for Title Pages.

Guernsey. See Customs; Sark; Smuggling.

Gunpowder.

- Stat. 1 Jan. 2. c. 8. In force to prevent the Importation and Great Breach of Gunpowder Acts, &c. the Manufacture of Ireland, repealed; 45 G. 3. c. 121.

And for Ireland.

H.

Habeas Corpus.

2. Judges of Courts at *Wolingham* empowered to award Writs of Habeas Corpus for bringing Prisoners in Goal to Trial or Examination before Courts Martial, Commissioners of Bankrupts, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 120.
3. Any Judge of the Superior Courts in *England* or *Ireland*, (and in *Wales* any Judge of Great Sessions) may award Writs of Habeas Corpus to bring up Prisoners to be examined as Witnesses, 44 G. 3. c. 102. § 1, 2.

And for Treason.

Hackney Coaches.

1. For regulating the Rates taken by Hackney Coaches, in *London*, *Wolingham*, &c. and establishing others, and for amending former Acts, 48 G. 3. c. 37.
2. All former Rates and Fares repealed; new Rates according to Schedule, § 1.
3. Fares shall be calculated by the Hour or Mile only, § 1.
4. Rental of 33 G. 3. c. 471 3*5s.* 4*d.* G. 3. c. 471. Coaches to go the Distance mentioned in said Acts within certain Hours at Night, § 3.
5. Back Fares at Night, and when going into the Country, § 4.
6. Hackney Coaches not to pick up Passengers when returning to Town, § 5.
7. Shall carry Four Passengers and a Servant without; Fare for additional Passengers, § 6.
8. Coaches taken to wait may demand an Advance of Fare, § 7.
9. Compensation to them when improperly summoned, § 8.
10. Stage Coaches not to ply in the Streets, § 9.
11. Owner of three Stages not to have more than two Booking Heads, § 10.

Hair Powder.

For transferring the Receipt and Management of Hair Powder Licenses from the Commissioners of Stamps to the Crown, 5. former of Taxes, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 59. § 14.—repealed. See now 43 G. 3. c. 101. Title Taxes.

Harbours (Docks, &c.)

For Improvement of the publick Harbours of the United Kingdom, 46 G. 3. c. 153.

No Part to be credited near to any publick Harbour without One Month's Notice to the Admiralty.—Penalty 100*l.* § 1.

20,000*l.* paid into *King's Exchequer* under 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 59. applied to Improvement of Harbours in *Ireland*, 45 G. 3. c. 54.

All relating to particular Harbours, Docks, &c.

1. *Albany* Improvement of Harbour and Port, 1*l.* 47 G. 3. § 2. c. xxxv.
2. *Alva* Improvement of Harbour, and paving the Town, 43 G. 3. c. 118.
3. *Ardfin, Argyllshire* For making a Harbour, Dock, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 122.
4. *Bornick-upon-Tweed* For rebuilding Pier and Harbour, 48 G. 3. c. 104.
5. *Bristol* Improving the Harbour, 41 G. 3. c. 141. amended by 46 G. 3. c. xxxv. 48 G. 3. c. 101. 49 G. 3. c. 100.
6. ——— Regulation of Tides, 1*l.* 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 122*ii.*
7. *Bradford* } Rebuilding Pier, 1*l.* amending 22 G. 3. }
l. of Thame } c. 105—45 G. 3. c. 102.
8. *Canterbury* Improvement of *Tape* Quay Harbour, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 122.
9. ——— Improvement of *Canterbury* Harbour, (amending 31 G. 3. c. 125) 49 G. 3. c. 122*ii.*
10. *Chatham* Purchasing and making Compositions for Lands for forming Docks, 1*l.* 41 G. 3. c. 791 § 89. For extinguishing Right of Way in front of *Chatham Lines*, 48 G. 3. c. 102.
11. *Carlisle* Clearing Harbour, 1*l.* 41 G. 3. c. 141.
12. *Deal* For Improvement of Harbour, (amending 37 G. 3. c. 56.) 48 G. 3. c. 101.
13. *Dunbar* Providing a Flood for Improvement of Harbour, 46 G. 3. c. 121.
14. *Dyfed* Repairing Harbour, 43 G. 3. c. 116.
15. *Falsham* Constructing Pier and Harbour, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 122.
16. *Fort Clifden* For deepening the Harbour there, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 111.
17. *Gowhead* Improving the Harbour there, 43 G. 3. c. 122*ii.*
- For amending Acts as to the Harbours for watching and watering the Town, regulating Coaches, Piers, Watermen, &c. there, and so the *Clyde*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 111.
18. *Gravelly* 10,000*l.* (J.G.) granted out of *King's Confiscated Fund* to fit this Harbour for *King's Packets*, 45 G. 3. c. 113.
19. *Hull* Rebuilding Port more commodious, 45 G. 3. c. 111.
20. *King's-upon-Hull* } Making Docks, Quays, and Wharfs, }
 41 G. 3. c. 107.—45 G. 3. c. 111.
21. *Leith* For making Roads, for Improvement of Harbour, 45 G. 3. c. 122*ii.*
22. ——— For amending 28 G. 3. c. 58; 38 G. 3. c. 101 39 G. 3. c. 44 for repairing the Harbour and making new Roads, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 122.

23. *London*.

43. *Limby*. Improving Town and Port, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. viii.
44. *London Port*. The further Sum of 50,000, advanced, (under Regulation of 39 G. 3. c. lxxix.) for the Improvement of the Port of London &c. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. § 2.
45. Altering and amending 39 G. 3. c. lxxix. extending Commission, and granting a further Term of Five Years for continuing the Dock, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
46. For the Advancement of further Sums out of the Consolidated Fund, and providing legal Quays between *Lea* and *St. Paul* and the *Tower*, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.—Time for providing &c. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.—Time further extended, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. viii.
47. For voting 400,000 more upon 39 G. 3. c. lxxix.—and 42 G. 3. c. lxxix.—47 G. 3. c. viii.
48. For authorizing further Advances out of Consolidated Fund for completing Canal and other Works, &c. under 39 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. § 2. c. xxi.
49. For allowing 59 G. 3. c. lxxix. so far as relates to Commission to made by certain Commissioners, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
50. For making Docks for *East India* Ships at *Blackwall*, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
51. *London Dock Company* authorized to vote 500,000, instead of 500,000, under 39 G. 3. c. lxxix.—47 G. 3. c. lxxix.—instead of personal Water-Works in *Strand*, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. xxi. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
52. For Warehousing Goods in the *London Dock*, and making Regulations there, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
53. Goods warehoused in the said *Dock* shall remain subject to *Lease* for Eight, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. § 15.
54. *Margate*. Port and Harbour (amending former Act) 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
55. *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*. Extending the Powers of the *Trusty* *Magist*, and increasing the Port, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. lxxix.
56. Enabling *Magist*, &c. at *Swally Head* to erect Two new Light Houses at *North Shields*, or at near the Port of *Newcastle*, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
57. *Plymouth (Albion)*. Improving Harbour, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. viii.
58. *Plymouth (Carrion Bay)*. Rebuilding a Pier, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
59. *Plymouth*. Purchasing Premises for building Docks and Stores there, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. c. lxxix.
60. Regulating Workmen in the Harbour, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
61. *Queensferry*. Improving the Passage across the Frith of *Forth*, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
62. *Rye*. For improving the Harbour there, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. lxxix.
- 49 Geo. III.
43. *Scarborough*. Rebuilding a Pier and Harbour, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. lxxix.—47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
44. *Swally*. For building a Pier there, and for gaining, lighting, &c. the *Town* and *Mit* *Town*, and adjoining *New* *Head*, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. lxxix.—Amended, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
45. *Southampton*. Amending Acts relating to making Docks, Quays, Warehouses, &c. 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
46. *Southampton (St. Paul)*. Rebuilding Harbour (amending former Act) 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
47. *Southampton*. Improving Port and Harbours (amending 39 G. 3. c. lxxix.) 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
48. *Swally*. For amending and extending 39 G. 3. c. lxxix. and for providing the Harbour, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
49. *Thury*. Rebuilding a Pier and making a Harbour, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
50. *Tyne (Clyde)*. Improvement of Harbour, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
51. *Tynney (Down)*. Rebuilding Pier and Quay, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
52. *Wester (Swally)*. Harbour and Quay (amending former Act) 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
53. *Whitby*. Improvement of Harbour and Town, (amending 2 Geo. 2. c. 5.—10 Geo. 2. c. 3.—13 Geo. 2. c. 14.—14 Geo. 3. c. 24.—2 Geo. 3. c. 57.—20 Geo. 3. c. 61. and 22 Geo. 3. c. 75.) 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
54. *Yare* *Coast*, *See* *Coast*.

Heap, See *Curtains*, *Flax*, *Ireland*, *Linens*.

Hereditary Revenues of the Crown, See *Customs*: *Publick Accounts*.

Herrings, See *Fisheries (British)*: *Importation*, § 5.

Hides and Skins.

1. For amending 39 Geo. 3. c. 86. as to Importation of Hides and Skins, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 55.
2. That no Hides or Skins be Exported, nor more than Two Hides be the Limit, § 5.
3. That Acts intended to London, &c. 47 G. 3. c. viii.—Repealed, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.
4. That the penalty on Importation of certain Hides, repealed, 47 G. 3. c. 14. § 1.
5. Hides and Skins tanned, &c. found in any Ship than entered *Plymouth*, *London*, &c. 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 55. § 12.
6. Provisions under 2 Geo. 2. c. 24. for returning Rough Hides and Calves Skins to the *East* *Indies*, 47 G. 3. c. 15.
7. Regulations for Exporting of Hides and Skins to *London*, *Windsor*, *Southwold*, and 15 Miles from the *Royal Exchange*, 47 G. 3. c. lxxix.

High Constables, See *Constables*.
6 R. *Highways*.

Highways.

1. For repairing 24 G. 3. c. 74. § 2. 4. 40 to Amount of Compensation for Statute Duty, 41 G. 3. c. 52. § 3.
2. A new Rate of Compensation fixed for Tolls, Pledges, and Carriage, § 3.

Holidays, See Customs: Excise.

Hops.

1. Additional Duty on Hops, 42 G. 3. c. 53 § 1.—But for new 41 G. 3. c. 58.—and Tule Coppers.
2. Bags, &c. of Hops shall be marked with the Parole and Coats of their Owners, 48 G. 3. c. 134. § 3.
3. Penalty on erasing or counterfeiting Marks, vol. § 2.

Horses, See Taxes.

Horse Dealers Licences, See Taxes.

Hosering, See Smuggling.

Hydrometer, See Clarke's Hydrometer.

I & J.

Jersey, See Sails.

Jewels, See Customs, 15.

Importation and Exportation.

2. Stat. 30 G. 3. c. 112 prohibiting Importation of Goods in several Ships received and reexported, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 10. § 3. (See post, No. 11, &c.)
3. 39. 40 G. 3. c. 74 permitting the Importation of foreign American Goods in several Ships, continued till End of War, &c. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 74. (See post, No. 11.)
4. Stat. 30 G. 3. c. 111. permitting the Importation of certain Naval Stores from *Holland*, &c. reexported, 41 G. 3. c. 7. (See No. 15.)
5. Stat. 30 G. 3. c. 100. for permitting Importation of Flax and Flax Seed in several Ships, continued, 41 G. 3. c. 10. (See July 1801.)
6. Stat. 30 G. 3. c. 112. § 2. as to the Importation of Naval Stores, viz. Wood and Lumber from *American Colonies*, for from Duty, continued till 24th September 1812. 41 G. 3. c. 10. § 3.
7. Stat. 35 G. 3. c. 15. & c. 20.—36 G. 3. c. 76. & 39. 40 G. 3. c. 69. permitting Importation of certain Goods in several Ships, shall cease; and till January 1, 1804, certain Goods may be imported from *America* or the *West Indies*. Such Goods may be landed and warehoused for Exportation, 41 G. 3. c. 20.—received and reexported, 41 G. 3. c. 20. (During the War.) [See post, No. 11.]
8. For Three Years Goods, the Produce of Colonies in *America* called in *France*, may be imported on Payment of Duties as from *British West Indies*, 41 G. 3. c. 95. § 9. 10.
9. To permit the Importation and Exportation of certain Articles into and from *Road Harbour* in *Turkey*, 41 G. 3. c. 100. continued till March 25, 1803, 41 G. 3. c. 123. § 1. [See also 41 G. 3. c. 37.—46 G. 3. c. 73.]

9. Foreign wrought Silks and Velvets prohibited to be imported till 14th June 1808, as under G. 3. c. 18.—41 G. 3. c. 133. § 2.—vide post, 48 G. 3. c. 88.
10. Stat. 30 G. 3. c. 103. permitting the free Importation of Colchicid and Indigo, further continued, 41 G. 3. c. 99. § 3. 40 G. 3. c. 18. [24th March 1812.]
11. To permit through *Holland*, &c. the Importation of certain Goods into *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in several Vessels, from *Spain* in Amity with His Majesty; and to empower His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Copper, and to permit the Importation of certain Goods in several Vessels from *Spain* not in Amity, 41 G. 3. c. 134.
12. Flax reexported through *Silk*, § 1, 2, 3.
13. Flax or Flax Seed, § 4.
14. Turkey Copper may import certain Goods from the *Levant*, &c. in *British* or *friendly* Vessels, § 5, 6, 7.
15. Goods heretofore imported from any Ports of *Europe* in the Straights of *Gibraltar*, &c. may be imported in *British* or *friendly* Ships, under certain Duties, § 8.
16. Warehoused Goods may be taken out on Payment of Duties, § 9.
17. Parch. Timber, &c. may be imported from *Germany* in *British* Vessels, § 10.
18. His Majesty, &c. may prohibit Exportation of Copper for Naval Stores to Ports in *Europe*, § 11. And for Tule Copper.
19. Wool may be imported into *Great Britain* and *Wool*, *Wool*, &c. into *Ireland*, in *friendly* Vessels, § 12.
20. Goods imported in foreign Vessels, subject to Allowance, § 14.
21. Importation of Goods from hostile Countries, in *friendly* Vessels, permit—under Order of Council, § 15. 16.
22. Such Goods shall be reexported under certain Duties, § 17.
23. *Swedish* Yarn imported under last Act, 41 G. 3. c. 153. shall pay Duty as if imported in *British* Ships, 41 G. 3. c. 74.—Extended to *German* Yarn made of Flax, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 25.
24. For permitting Importation of Hides, Calve Skins, Goat Skins, Horses, Tallow, and Wool, in several Ships, under Duty as in *British* Ships, 41 G. 3. c. 10.—45 G. 3. c. 10.—continued, 46 G. 3. c. 20. § 9. 41 G. 3. c. 24. [During the War.]
25. Importation of Rape Seed under 35 G. 3. c. 107. continued, 44 G. 3. c. 25. § 1. proposed, 46 G. 3. c. 20. § 8.
26. Importation of Seal Skins under 31 G. 3. c. 28. continued, 44 G. 3. c. 35. § 2. proposed, 49 G. 3. c. 27. § 2.
27. His Majesty empowered by great Letters in *Subsidy* (importing Goods from *Great Britain* to *America*), to import Goods in several Ships from *Spain* into *America* belonging to any foreign European State. Salt, Sugar, and Coffee to be imported to be warehoused for Exportation, 41 G. 3. c. 54.
28. To enable late and exp-nd the Laws in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Ports in the *West Indies*, 41 G. 3. c. 57. (See also *Turkey*, 46 G. 3. c. 74.)
29. Revival of 37 G. 3. c. 27. and Re-issuance to 38 G. 3. c. 50.—41 G. 3. c. 102.—41 G. 3. (G. B.) c. 23.—Wool, Indigo, Drugs, Timber, &c. and certain Articles specified, being the Produce of any *American* Colony or Settlement, and all Cans, Bulkins, and Jewels, may be imported into certain Ports in the *West Indies* in single decked ships belonging to Persons inhabiting such Colony, 45 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
30. Tobacco, the Growth of foreign Islands, &c. in the *West Indies*, &c. may be imported in land Ports, and from thence reexported to the United Kingdom, § 3.
31. Such Tobacco shall pay Duty as *British*, *West Indies*, or *American* Tobacco, § 4.

Importation.

23. Foreign Sugar and Coffee may be imported into certain Ports in Foreign Ships, 45 G. 3. c. 57. § 4. [See also to Tobacco, 46 G. 3. c. 78. § 8.]
24. And may be imported and reported Duty free, § 5.
25. On Importation into United Kingdom shall pay Duty, &c. as Sugar and Coffee out of *British Plantations*, § 6.
26. No foreign *American Goods*, not herein enumerated, shall be imported in foreign Ships into any of the said Ports, to Manufacture thereof, and Ships, § 7.
27. *British Rum* and *Negrees* may be reported from the said Ports to the foreign *American Colonies*, &c. and all Goods legally imported, except *Mails*, &c. § 8. [See for Title-Slave.]
28. *European Goods*, &c. imported from foreign *American Colonies*, may be exported from said Ports in *British Vessels* to *British Colonies*, § 9.
29. *Cotton Officers*, &c. to be satisfied as to Legality of the Importation before Exportation, § 10.
30. Certain Articles of foreign *American Colonies*, &c. allowed to be exported from the said Ports into the United Kingdom (under the Regulations of 21 G. 2. c. 18 — 22 & 23 G. 2. c. 26 — 20 G. 3. c. 20.), § 11.
31. No *East India Goods* shall be exported from said Ports to any *British Colony* in *America*; under Penalties, § 12.
32. Foreign Ships arriving at any of the said Ports with *East India Goods* (excepted), with the Goods, § 13.
33. No Duty of *Goods*, or Fees, Duties or Fees by Officers for Entry, &c. of foreign Ships under this Act, (See 10 G. 3. c. 27. § 5.) § 14.
34. Former Act (for § 1. of this Act) relating to the opening of the said Ports repealed, § 16.
35. To prevent Exportation of Wool to the United Kingdom from *British Plantations* in *America*, 46 G. 3. c. 17. [till 25th March 1807.]
36. His Majesty empowered, during the War, by Order in Council, to suspend the Importation or Exportation of Goods (to be specified in the Order) into and from the *West India and South America*, in favour of foreign Vessels, 46 G. 3. c. 18. § 1.
37. Not to extend to the Importation of any Articles (except *Wool* and *Lamb*) not being the Growth of the Country (nor to the Importation of *Wool*, *Cotton*, or to the Exportation of *Wool*, *Iron*, *Wood*, *Coffee*, &c. in such foreign Vessels, &c. § 2.
38. For allowing *Turkey Tobacco* to be imported in small Packages, 47 G. 3. c. 23.
39. His Majesty empowered by Order in Council to grant Licences for permitting *Naval Stores* to be imported in any Place whatever, in friendly Ships navigated in any *Manner* whatsoever, 47 G. 3. c. 24. § 1.
40. For permitting the Importation of *Swedish Herring* into *Great Britain* for Exportation to the *West Indies*, 47 G. 3. c. 25. [England.]
41. For permitting the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories on the Continent of *South America* in *Foreign Ships*, 48 G. 3. c. 11. — For regulating the Trade between *Great Britain* and the said Territories, 48 G. 3. c. 12.
42. Goods (not prohibited) the Growth of *Brazil*, &c. may be imported in *British or Portuguese Ships* on the lowest Duty, 48 G. 3. c. 109. § 1. — *Drawback*, § 2. — *Warehousing*, § 3. — *Regulation* as to Duties of Exportation and Warehousing of *Brazilian* *South* *Tobacco*, § 4.
43. For prohibiting the Exportation of *Tyberin* Bark, 48 G. 3. c. 11. [all over *Syria*.]
44. For prohibiting the Exportation of *Cotton Wool*, 48 G. 3. c. 34. [all over *Syria*.]

Importation.

54. His Majesty empowered (during War) to permit Goods to be imported in any Vessels from any Port from which the *British Flag* is excluded, 48 G. 3. c. 37. § 2. — Importation under previous Orders of Council declared void, § 3.
 55. To prevent the Exportation of *Wool* as *Foreign* before Bond gives for the due landing thereof, 48 G. 3. c. 44.
 56. *Wool* shall not be exported from *England* or *Wales* to *Foreign* except under Bond and Licence, § 1.
 57. His Majesty empowered by Order in Council to permit the Exportation of Goods in smaller Vessels than allowed by Law, 48 G. 3. c. 105. § 2.
 58. For permitting the Trade between *Great Britain* and the *American States* to be carried on in *American Ships*, 49 G. 3. c. 19.
 59. For allowing the Importation from any Port in *Europe* or *Africa* of Goods the Produce of any Country, in *British* or *friendly Ships* however navigated, 49 G. 3. c. 60.
 60. For permitting unmanufactured *Tobacco* to be imported from any Place in *British* or *friendly* *India*, however navigated, 49 G. 3. c. 65. § 1, 2. — *East India* and *West India* *Tobacco*, § 3. [till 25th March 1811.]
- See further *Title: America; Customs; Colonies; Ireland; Licences; Plantations; Spirits; Warehousing Goods.*

Impressing Seamen, See Fisheries.

Inclusives; Draining and Improvements of Commons, Waste Lands, and Marshes.

1. The Provisions of Stat. 13 G. 3. c. 81. [a General Act for Colonisation of *Wales*, &c.] extended, and other Provisions made for encouraging the Colonisation of *Passages* in *Open* and *Common Field Lands*, 48 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10.
2. A General Act for consolidating the Provisions requisite in Acts of Inclosure, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 109.

Particular Acts for Inclosure in various Counties, viz.

 - 3. *Buckingham* Draining, &c. *Fresh Bedford Land*, between *Braden River* and *Sea's Cot Drain*, respecting 31 G. 2. c. 35 — 46 G. 1. c. 200.
 - 4. ————— *Parish of Aspley*, 46 G. 3. c. 20.
 - 5. ————— *Parish in the City*, 49 G. 3. c. 120.
 - 6. ————— *Parishes of Corcham, Chislynstow, and Thurston*, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
 - 7. ————— *Parish of Flixton*, 46 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 8. ————— *Open Fields, &c. in Kingston*, 48 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 9. ————— *Parish of Osley*, 47 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 10. ————— *Sharnford*, 49 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 11. ————— *Parishes of Shillington and Welton*, 48 G. 3. c. 100.
 - 12. ————— *Parish of Wotton*, 49 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 13. *Beacon* So much of the *Parish of East Ham* as is called *Widdowsham*, except certain Parts, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 109.
 - 14. ————— *Manor and Parish of Long Widdowsham*, 49 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 15. *Bucks & Wells* *Parish of Hock*, 47 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 16. *Bucks* *Parish of Abingdon*, 49 G. 3. c. 200.
 - 17. ————— *Great Knolly*, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 100.
 - 18. ————— *Manor and Parish of Middlemore and Hamlets of Gosport and Presham*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 109.

6. *Importation, &c.* For admitting Foreign *Wool India Goods, &c.* in American Vessels, under 44 G. 3. c. 80; 44 U. 3. c. 30.
7. ——— For permitting Exportation of Seed Corn to *Foreign*, 44 G. 3. c. 22.
8. ——— For permitting certain Importations in Neutral Vessels, 45 G. 3. c. 23; 48 G. 3. c. 27.
9. ——— For permitting Importation and Exportation of Goods in Foreign Boats to and from *Wool India Settlements, &c.* 45 G. 3. c. 53.
10. *Printers, &c.* Having printed, &c. Papers by Authority of any Head Office of State without their Name put thereon, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 80.
11. ——— Having printed or published, &c. Papers, &c. without a full Description of *Primo's* Place of Abode, 49 G. 3. c. 69.
12. *Public Money.* For advancing £10,000 to *Spain* and Co. out of *Money* (lent for Naval Services, 45 G. 3. c. 78).
13. *Quarantine.* For issuing Orders of Council (under 39, 40 G. 3. c. 80,) extending Time of Quarantine, 45 G. 3. c. 67.
14. *Raffle Merchants.* For Ad-vice in purchase to Orders in Great Britain to Bills of Exchange drawn from *Russia*, and to Freight of Swedish, Russian, and Danish Ships, 47 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 45.
15. *Troops.* For acting in apprehending or detaining in Great Britain Persons suspected of High Treason, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 55.
16. *Wages.* For Acts done under the Custody of Lord *Stirling*, as Treasurer of the Navy, 45 G. 3. c. 126.

Indentures, See Indemnity Acts (Attornies), Stamps.

Inland Navigation, See Canals.

Junkeers, See Soldiers.

Insolvents.

1. For the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 70; 44 G. 3. c. 103; 46 G. 3. c. 103; 40 G. 1. c. 125.
2. Persons in Custody [see 28 February 1800] for Debts not exceeding 1000*l.* conforming to the Act shall be discharged, 49 G. 3. c. 113 § 1—4 *lcs.*
3. Persons charged with Debts not exceeding 1000*l.* and having been confined for Five Years, and Persons charged to any Amount, having been confined for Ten Years, *do* charged, § 5.
4. Estates of discharged Debtors vested in Clerk of Peace for Benefit of Creditors, § 14, *lcs.*
5. Persons discharged not liable to previous Debts, § 19, 20.
6. Benefit of Act not to extend to Attornies or Servants, &c. attaching Money, &c.—Nor to Persons obtaining Money, &c. as false Privileges.—Nor to Persons charged in Execution for Damages on an Action of *Quasi. Con. or Malicious Prosecution*, or for any malicious Injury.—Nor to Persons receiving Effects of *vol. Value*, admissible for Rent.—Nor

- to Persons selling, &c. Effects to defraud Creditors: unless such Persons respectively have been confined Ten Years, § 29—39.
7. Nor to Persons charged with any Debt at the Suit of the Crown, or for Offences against Revenue Laws, except by Consent of the Treasury, § 47.
8. Penalty for concealing Debtors' Estates, 100*l.* and double Value, § 55.
9. Future Estate of Parties liable, § 61.
10. For Discharge of Debtors in Execution for small Debts, 48 G. 3. c. 121.
11. Persons having title in Prison One Year in Execution in England for a Debt not exceeding 20*l.* may be discharged on Application to the Courts at *Windsor*, their Estates remaining liable, § 1, 2.
12. Benefit of Acts 35 G. 3. c. 28; 35 G. 3. c. 31; 37 G. 3. c. 23 extended to Persons in Custody for Concealment of Courts of Equity in not paying Money or Costs, 49 G. 3. c. 6.

Insurances, See Stamps.

Intoxication, See Defence of the Realm.

IRELAND.

Abolition, See Taxes.

Abuses, See Commissioners of Inquiry.

Accessories.

May be tried either in the County where the principal Felony was committed, or where Accessories became so, and if on the High Seas, as under Acts for punishing Pirates, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 79. § 2.

Accounts Publick.

1. For directing certain Publick Accounts of Ireland to be laid annually before Parliament, 44 G. 3. c. 58.
2. Treasury of Ireland shall annually, before March 5, make Accounts of the Revenue, Expenditure, Debts, &c. of Ireland, to be made up to the 31st of January preceding, and laid before Parliament, § 1.
- See also Commissioners of Inquiry.

America.

1. For facilitating the Trade and Intercourse between Ireland and America during the Continuance of the Treaty with the United States, 42 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 85.
2. Duties on Goods imported in English, Irish, or American Ships, § 1, 2.
3. *Pea Iron*, § 3.
4. *Dames's* Corn and Flour, [to be regulated as under 32 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 80]—§ 4.
5. *American Oil*, § 5.
6. Tobacco and *Sauk*, [subject to Regulation in 37 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 43, &c.]—§ 6.
7. Rice; how it may be imported and warehoused, § 7, 8. And for 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 47.
8. Drawbacks on American Goods exported and Bounties on Irish Goods exported to America, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 95. § 10, 11.

Assault,

Annuities, &c. Revenue, Tenures.

Arms.

- To prevent suppers Parties from having Arms in Ireland, 47 G. 3. c. 3. r. 31.
- Persons keeping Arms shall be licensed, § 1-3.
- Penalty on having Arms a 100 shillings, § 4.
- Persons on being required shall deliver up Arms, § 6, 7.
- Offences may be committed by Arms, § 8.—And Peace, § 12.
- Blacksmiths' Forges shall be ordered and licensed, § 9, 10.
- Blacksmiths and others making Pistols without Licence guilty of Felony, and transportation for Seven Years, § 11.
- Arms found shall be sent to the King's stores, § 13.

Arrests.

- For preventing frivolous and vexatious Arrests, 43 G. 3. c. 31. r. 1-3.
- High Adm. 13, 20 G. 3. c. 28. § 13, respecting entering common Appraisers, repeated, § 1.
- None shall be held to Bail in Insane Courts and c. 25. 1. 1. in reference Courts under 40s. but shall be served with Copy of Process, § 2, 3.
- On Arrest Affidavit shall be made and filed, and Sum ordered on the Writ, § 5.
- Notice on, and Affidavit of, Service of Process, § 6, 7, 8. See also Exchequer.

Auctions.

- Amending former Acts respecting the Auction Duty, 47 G. 3. c. 92. § 1, 2. [See 43 G. 3. § 1. c. 17.]
 - To insure the Collection on the Duty on Auctions, and to prevent Frauds therein, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17.—amended, 48 G. 3. c. 63. 49 G. 3. c. 100.
 - Former Act, repeated, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17-21.
 - Liens on Auctions, § 2-5.
 - Auctioneers chargeable with Duties, § 6-14.—Relief on Seizure, or if Goods not sold, § 15, 16, 17.—Preventing their Books, § 4.
 - European, Pure Goods, &c. § 18.—Auction Goods, § 19. See 45 G. 3. c. 65. § 1.
 - Goods offered for Sale, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17. § 21.—Repeated, 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 4.
 - Sale of Effects under Execution, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17. § 22; 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 6; 49 G. 3. c. 100.
 - Sale of Goods for Benefit of Insolvent, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17. § 25.
 - Goods imported on Free Sale.—Farming Stock.—Goods sold by Means of Custom, Excise, or Ordinance, 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 4.
 - Allowance of Duty on Peppery wrights, § 5.
 - Licensee-Auctioneers shall bill Goods on account from Duty, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 17. § 24.—Repeated, 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 1. and § 17.
- As to the Duty on Auctions, See Title Excise; Taxes.

Bank of Ireland.

- High Adm. 17 G. 3. c. 51, continuing and continuing Regulation on Regulations in Cash, continued, 47 G. 3. c. 45; 47 G. 3. c. 44. § 1. c. 52; [during the War.]
- For enabling the Treasury to convert the Parliament Bank to the Governor and Company of the Bank, 4. G. 3. c. 57.
- For amending the Provisions of the Acts for establishing the Bank, and for empowering the Governor and Company to advance 1,250,000. for the Service of 1808, 48 G. 3. c. 102.

4. Stat. 31 G. 3. [1.] c. 92, as to dissolving the Corporation, created, 48 G. 3. c. 102. § 1.
5. Saving to 31 G. 3. [1.] c. 21, as to Paper, § 2.
6. Bank empowered to transfer their Capital 1,000,000. § 5-7.
7. Empowered to lend Government 1,250,000. § 8.—Interest thereon, § 9.—Repayment thereof, § 10-12.
8. Continuance of the Corporation, § 10-12.
9. For preventing the forging of Bank Notes, 49 G. 3. c. 21.—High Adm. 4 G. 3. c. 33. repeated, § 1.
10. Persons forging, uttering, or putting forged Notes, or Bank Notes, declared Felony, § 2.

Beer.

- To improve the Quality of Beer, by preventing the Use of any substance, or of any adulteration Ingredients therein, 49 G. 3. c. 7.
 - To improve the Beer used in the City of London, and to regulate the Sale of Beer, 49 G. 3. c. 104. [See also 49 G. 3. c. 11.]
- See also Title Customs and Excise [Mal].

Bogs.

- For appeal in Case of Bogs, to regulate into the Nature and Extent of Bogs in Ireland, and the draining and cultivating them, 49 G. 3. c. 104. [See also 49 G. 3. c. 11.]

Essences, See Provisions, Sugar.

Butler's Clergy, See Clergy.

Beards, Rums, &c. See Title Excise and Customs.

Brewers, See Customs and Excise.

British Currency, See Customs and Excise.

Butter.

- To regulate the packing of Butter in Ireland for Sale or Exportation, 46 G. 3. c. 59.
- Prohibition of using Corks regulated; Penalty 10s. per C-3, § 1, 2.
- Not to retail in Cork, § 4.

Butterage, See Privilege.

Carts, Carriages, See Customs and Excise.

Chancellor.

- His Salary made by 2nd Statute for 1000 (being 10,000 l. G. 3. c. 102. c. 102.) 48 G. 3. c. 105.
- Assessors of his Salary and Profit shall be 1000 quarterly in the Treasury, with 1000 under good and D. fine 20 in the low-going Annuities, § 2, 3.
- When the Grant of Profit in Commission, His Majesty may proposition to Salary, § 4.

Chancellor of the Exchequer.

- For enabling His Majesty to appoint the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the Time being in Ireland, and the Commissioners for raising the Office of Lord High Treasurer in England, without Salary, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 30.

Chantry, Court of, See General Index, Tit. Chantry.

Churches, See Clergy.

Civil List, See General Index, Title King.

Clergy.

- To enable Commissioners of First Fruits in Ireland to lend certain Sums of Money (Interest free) to Incumbents of Churches for erecting Glabe Houses, See 45 G. 3. c. 105.
- Amount of Money to be advanced not to exceed Two Years' Income, § 1.
- To be repaid by Installments at 5 per Cent. by Incumbents and their Successors, § 2.
- When Successors shall become chargeable.—No Interest shall be in Default of Payment, § 3. or by express Requestion of Commissioners, § 11.
- To be used to be given for Payment of Money, § 4.
- Sums so advanced shall be a Charge on Benefice.—In Default of Repayment Prods may be liquidated, § 5, 6.
- Archbishop shall certify Sum loan, § 7.
- On Avoidance Benefice may receive what remains to be lent, § 8.
- Plan and Estimate of Building shall be approved by Ordinary, See § 9.
- Buildings shall be valued, § 10.
- Former Acts amended, § 11.
- Number of Trustees necessary to act, § 13.
- Lead Limestone, &c. may order 50,000l. Duty Convey to be added from Consolidated Fund to Comm. House of First Fruits, to be advanced for Purposes of Eriguing Act, 45 G. 3. c. 105.—And See 47 G. 3. c. 25.—Repeated, 48 G. 3. c. 65 § 6.—50,000l. may be borrowed by Treasury Bk, 49 G. 3. c. 103 § 8.
- Securities for Repayment of Money shall be taken at Treasury, See. shall direct, 45 G. 3. c. 105 § 12; 49 G. 3. c. 25 § 4, 5. [See 48 G. 3. c. 65; 49 G. 3. c. 103.]
- To amend 1790 Act, 50 G. 3. c. 18. So far as relates to Archbishop Dublin's Charity, 45 G. 3. c. 66.
- Trustees of First Fruits in Ireland may assign Living to coal. instead of Sol. under revised Act; being duly certified, See § 2.
- To make more effectual Provision for the building and repairing of Churches, Chapels, and Glabe Houses, and Improvements, 48 G. 3. c. 65; amended, 49 G. 3. c. 105.
- All Funds in the Disposal of Trustees of First Fruits in Ireland (except Bank's and Bishop's Benefice) shall be applicable to building and rebuilding Churches in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 65 § 1.
- So much of any Acts as relate to the rebuilding Churches to Parishes where no notice has been for Twenty Years, repealed as to Churches and Chapels for the building, &c. of which Money shall be advanced on Loan under the Act, § 2.
- Trustees may advance Money for building or repairing Churches, See § 1.—And take Bond for the due Application and Repayment by Installments of 5 per Cent. § 4.
- When Secs are given for Repayment of Money advanced, same shall be repaid as other Church Rates, § 5.
- How Money shall be advanced from the 1790 Treasury, § 7.
- Bond shall be given to the Treasury for Money advanced § 8.
- Amount of Sums allowed for building Glabe Houses to be lent, § 10.
- How Value of Benefice ascertained by Evilsion of Glabe Houses shall be ascertained, § 11.
- Archbishops, See. may request the due Application of the Money, § 12.
- It shall not be necessary for Trustees to take Bond for Money advanced to build Churches, 49 G. 3. c. 103 § 1.—49 Geo. III.

Interest of Security by Bond, Parishes may make an Affidavit to raise the whole Sum borrowed by annual Installments, 49 G. 3. c. 103 § 2—6.—Extended to Sums advanced on Loan to the Act, § 7.

- For colouring the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices in Ireland, 48 G. 3. c. 76.
- Incumbent not residing Nine Months in the Year. Bishop shall give a Message to him to reside.—Returns shall be made to Messines, and where not satisfactory, Bishop shall order Residence, and in Default liquidate Prods of Benefice, and direct the Appovision thereof.—Appeal to Archbishop, § 1.
- Parsons returning to Residence on Messines shall pay Costs, § 2.
- If after such Return such Person shall thereafter absent himself, Bishop may liquidate Benefice without Messines, § 3.
- Where Benefice shall become void on account of Sequestration, § 4.
- Contracts for letting Houses in which Incumbents ought to live, void, § 5.
- Act shall extend to all Dignities, Prebends, Benefices, &c. § 7.
- Jurisdiction of Archbishops, See § 8.
- Seeing the King's Provisors, § 9.
- Exemptions of Secular Livings, § 10.
- Act not to exempt from established Canons, § 11.
- Special Exemptions, § 12—15.
- Annual Returns of Non-Residence shall be made by the Archbishops and Bishops to the King in Council, § 17.—See (under General Index, Title Church.) c. 17.

Combinations.

- To prevent unlawful Combinations of Workmen, Artizans, Journey-men, and Labourers in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 88.
- All Combinations between Workmen for obtaining an Advance of Wages, See. declared illegal, § 1.
- Punish of Imprisonment, not exceeding Six Months, for entering into such Contracts or inducing Workmen, or attending or forwarding Meetings for such Purposes, § 2, 3—4.
- Later Provisions on relating to work, or preventing others, or returning Work unfinished, § 6.
- Punish not exceeding 20l. for making Contributions to pay Expenses, or support Unions, § 5.
- Punish 5l. to 10l. on Masters employing a Man returned by another, § 7.
- Punish for Spitting Work double Value, § 8.
- Under-takers not order in Matters, § 9.
- Punish 5l. to 20l. on Persons promoting Meetings in their Houses, § 10.
- How Unions may be compelled to give Evidence, and to appear, See § 11—16. Appeal to Quarter Sessions, § 17.
- Seeing of former Acts respecting Combinations, § 18, 19.
- Masters shall not act as Judges, § 20.

Commissioners of Inquiry.

- For ascertaining (and all things relating) Commissioners to inquire into the Tax, Duties, Provisions, and Enclosures, received or levied by Public Officers, in Ireland, to examine into Affairs which may still remain, and into the Mode of receiving and collecting the same, and accounting for Public Money in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 17.—continued, 47 G. 3. c. 65; 48 G. 3. c. 103; 49 G. 3. c. 25. [See § 11 Aug. 2d 1805.]
- Office to be created and regulated, viz. Treasury, Commissioners, Public Office, Board of Works, Agent for

- Yearly, Auditor General, Auditor of Excheq., Commission of Composition on Unions, Director of Inland Navigation, 44 G. 3. c. 105. § 2.
3. Commissioners shall report to Lord Lieutenant and Parliament, with their Observations and Plans of Improvement, § 4.
4. Commissioners may investigate Accounts of Publick Accounts, 49 G. 3. c. 51.
5. 2000l. may be paid for Expenses of Clerks, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 105. § 5.—2000l. more, 45 G. 3. c. 63. § 2.—2000l. more, 47 G. 3. §. 2. c. 41. § 2.—4000l. more, 49 G. 3. c. 51. § 4.
6. On Vacancy New Commissioners may be appointed by His Majesty, but who shall not hold any Civil Office, 44 G. 3. c. 105. § 7 & 8.
7. To appoint Commissioners to examine into Irregularities and Abuses in paying, &c. the Taxes of Dublin, 45 G. 3. c. 112; 46 G. 3. c. 68. (10th 14th Term 1807.)
8. To revise and amend 17th Act, 28 G. 3. c. 15. enabling Lord Lieutenant to appoint Commissioners to inquire into

the Funds granted for the Purposes of Education, &c. &c. the State and Condition of all Schools in Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 122.

And for Bogs.

Converted Elections, See Parliament.

Coen and Grain, See Provisions.

Countersailing Duties, See Customs and Excise.

County Police.

To continue for Seven Years, &c. the 17th Act, 27 G. 3. c. 40. for the better Execution of the Law, and Prevention of Peacwisher Comices at large, 44 G. 3. c. 92. See also Title Publick Buildings.

Courts of Law, See Arrests.

Criminals and Criminal Prosecutions, See Offenders.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

I. Acts for granting Duties.

1. Acts Expired or Repealed.
2. Acts in force; granting Duties.
Duties and Drawbacks on Importation and Exportation.
Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes. (See also Title Taxes.)
Duties on Malt and Spirits.

II. Acts for regulating the Collection of Duties.

1. Acts Expired or Repealed.
2. Acts in force; containing general Regulations.
The Boards of Customs and Excise.
Regulation of Port Duties.
Importing, Exporting, and Warehousing Goods.
Jurisdiction of Officers, and Trial of Offences.
3. Acts relating to particular Subjects.
Auctions; (See Title Auctions.)
Boards.
Cards and Dice.
Coffee.
Excise Licenses.
Glass Bottles.
Hides and Skins.
Malt, Malsters, and Brewers.
Paper and Paper Hangings.
Perkins.
Salt.
Spirits (*Whisky*), distilling, rectifying, warehousing, and selling by Retail.
Sugar; (See Title Sugar.)
Taxes; (See Title Taxes.)
Tea.
Tobacco.

I. 1. Duties Expired or Repealed.

1. 17th Act 40 G. 3. c. 4. and other Acts, imposing Duties of Customs and Excise, continued successively, 40 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 17. 41 G. 3. c. 31. 42 G. 3. c. 24.
2. Duties on Tea under 20 G. 3. c. 4. repealed, and other Duties imposed; and also on Sugar and Coals, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 33.
3. *Whisky* and foreign Hops may be imported into Ireland on a Duty of 2s. 6d. per lb. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 41. continued as to *Whisky* Hops only, 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 93. 43 G. 3. c. 54.
4. The 6 per Cent. Issuery payable by Retainers and Commissioners, repealed, 42 G. 3. c. 101. renewed, 44 G. 3. c. 67. § 2.
5. For granting additional Duties on Goods imported and exported, 42 G. 3. c. 117.

6. For

30. Spirits in Stock red. per Gallon additional, 48 G. 3. c. 76. § 2.
 31. Warehouse Spirits not for Home Consumption, 4. 10. c. 102 of former Duties, § 2.
 32. Concentrating Duties.—Sugar Beer 7s. 8d., per Barrel.—Crown Spirits 7s. 8d.—Sugar Spirit 8s. 7d.—And equivalent Drawbacks on 1½ Bar and Spirits in Great Britain, § 2. 4.
 33. Drawback, foreign Beer 7s. 8d., per Barrel.—Spirits (as to 100, from Cork 5s. 8d.—from Sugar 8s. 5d. [5s. 8d. 4s. 6s. c. 111.] 48 G. 3. c. 76. § 2.—On Spirits warehoused, Cork is 8s.—Sugar 2s. 10d. § 6.
 34. For granting concentrating Duties on Spirits imported into Ireland from Scotland, and equivalent Drawbacks on Spirits from Ireland to Sleswick, 48 G. 3. c. 112.
 35. Spirits from Ireland to Scotland, Sugar Spirits 8s. 5d. All other Spirits set foreign 7s. 8d. § 2.—Liquors in Drawbacks, § 2.
 * [See 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 201 § 2. c. 69; 48 G. 3. c. 42. regarding the Payment of Drawbacks; (Export); and 49 G. 3. c. 81 and c. 102. regarding the Intercourse in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland [18th 17th March 1810].

36. For granting Excise Duty on Spirits distilled from Sugar, saving the Prohibition of Distillations from Cork, 49 G. 3. c. 35.
 37. For granting Duties on Spirits distilled in, and British Spirits imported into, Ireland, 49 G. 3. c. 34.
 38. Duties shall be charged according to the Strength of Spirits, § 2.—Under Regulations to be made by Commissioners of Excise and Customs, § 3.

II. 1. Acts for regulating Duties; Expired or Repealed.

1. Various Acts for regulating the Collection of the Duties of Customs and Excise continued annually, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 45; 47; 48; 43 G. 3. c. 76. 81; 43 G. 3. c. 43; 44 G. 3. c. 105; 45 G. 3. c. 108; 46 G. 3. c. 120; 47 G. 3. c. 28. [See September 25th, 1808].
 2. Commissioners of Excise may grant Licences for Sells not less than 100 Gallons, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 47.
 3. No Spirituous Liquors shall be retailed on Sunday, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 45.
 4. For regulating Licences to Persons not being Masters selling Malt by Commission, 43 G. 3. c. 82. § 2—5. See 45 G. 3. c. 57.
 5. To amend Acts for Collection of Revenue, and to prevent Frauds therein, 45 G. 3. c. 99.—Continued, 44 G. 3. c. 102; 45 G. 3. c. 108.—Continued only as to § 2. c. regulating Auctions; § 4—8. Permits; and § 20. Tonnage, 46 G. 3. c. 120. § 5. [See 29th September 1807].—As to the other Provisions in the Act, 45 G. 3. c. 99. See 46 G. 3. c. 87. 106.
 6. To amend Acts regulating Collection of Malt Duty and Trade of a Distiller, 47 G. 3. c. 58. repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 104. § 109. See 46 G. 3. c. 88. § 112.
 7. For making further Regulations for the better Collection and Security of the Revenue of Customs and Excise, and for preventing Frauds therein, 46 G. 3. c. 102.—Continued, 45 G. 3. c. 108; 46 G. 3. c. 120. § 5. as to § 105, 17. only.
 8. Regulations as to Distillers, 44 G. 3. c. 102. § 1—6. See 46 G. 3. c. 88.
 9. Regulations as to Licences for Sale of Spirits, 44 G. 3. c. 102. § 10—15. See 45 G. 3. c. 50.
 10. Part of Duties on Spanish Red Wine may be bonded, 44 G. 3. c. 102. § 15. These Bonds renewed, 45 G. 3. c. 10. § 49.
 11. To permit the Warehousing of Spirits in Ireland for Exportation; to charge a Duty on the same when taken out for

Home Consumption; and to regulate the Exportation to Great Britain of such Spirits as shall not be Warehoused, 44 G. 3. c. 104.—Continued, 45 G. 3. c. 105. § 2. [See 46 G. 3. c. 107].

12. To amend [18th 25th September 1806] and amend several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation, 45 G. 3. c. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851. 852. 853. 854. 855. 856. 857. 858. 859. 860. 861. 862. 863. 864. 865. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875. 876. 877. 878. 879. 880. 881. 882. 883. 884. 885. 886. 887. 888. 889. 890. 891. 892. 893. 894. 895. 896. 897. 898. 899. 900. 901. 902. 903. 904. 905. 906. 907. 908. 909. 910. 911. 912. 913. 914. 915. 916. 917. 918. 919. 920. 921. 922. 923. 924. 925. 926. 927. 928. 929. 930. 931. 932. 933. 934. 935. 936. 937. 938. 939. 940. 941. 942. 943. 944. 945. 946. 947. 948. 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. 957. 958. 959. 960. 961. 962. 963. 964. 965. 966. 967. 968. 969. 970. 971. 972. 973. 974. 975. 976. 977. 978. 979. 980. 981. 982. 983. 984. 985. 986. 987. 988. 989. 990. 991. 992. 993. 994. 995. 996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

II. 2. Acts for regulating the Collection of Duties; in force.

Beards of Customs and Excise.

1. For establishing certain Regulations as to the Collection and Management of the Revenue of Customs, Excise, and Tonnage in Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 58.
 2. His Majesty empowered to appoint (Seven, and not less than Five) Persons to be Commissioners of Customs and Part Duties, and a like Number to be Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Tonnage; all of whom shall have the Powers which in Commissioners of Excise, under 17th Excise Act, (14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851. 852. 853. 854. 855. 856. 857. 858. 859. 860. 861. 862. 863. 864. 865. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875. 876. 877. 878. 879. 880. 881. 882. 883. 884. 885. 886. 887. 888. 889. 890. 891. 892. 893. 894. 895. 896. 897. 898. 899. 900. 901. 902. 903. 904. 905. 906. 907. 908. 909. 910. 911. 912. 913. 914. 915. 916. 917. 918. 919. 920. 921. 922. 923. 924. 925. 926. 927. 928. 929. 930. 931. 932. 933. 934. 935. 936. 937. 938. 939. 940. 941. 942. 943. 944. 945. 946. 947. 948. 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. 957. 958. 959. 960. 961. 962. 963. 964. 965. 966. 967. 968. 969. 970. 971. 972. 973. 974. 975. 976. 977. 978. 979. 980. 981. 982. 983. 984. 985. 986. 987. 988. 989. 990. 991. 992. 993. 994. 995. 996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

Regulation of Part Duties.

1. More effectually to regulate the Collection of the Duties on Goods, &c. imported or exported into or from Ireland; and for Payment of Bounties, Allowances, and Drawbacks, 46 G. 3. c. 57.
 2. Rules as to Entries, Invoices, &c. § 2. 5.
 3. No Importation in Packet Boats, § 6.
 4. Goods landed shall pay Customs, or be re-shipped, § 7.
 5. Altering Value of Goods paying Duty ad valorem, § 8. 9.
 6. Regulating Packages and Duty thereon, § 10. 11.
 7. Sale of Goods Stored for securing Duties, § 12.
 8. No Goods liable to Import Duties shall be wharfed at Sea, § 13.
 9. For preventing Smuggling Spirits, Tea, Tobacco, &c. § 14. 15.
 10. Laws of lading extended to Eight Leagues, § 16. 18.
 11. Preventing Smuggling by lading Haulways, &c. § 19.
 12. Vessels under Twenty-five Tons, § 20.
 23. Regulations

15. Regulations as to Examination and Coekets of coaling Vessels, 48 G. 3. c. 37. § 41. 37.
 16. Goods imported not to be loaded, § 46. 37.
 17. Exporting Cargoes and Coekets of Ships outward-bound, § 52.
 18. Regulations as to Payment of Drawbacks and reloading Goods, and Certificate of loading, &c. § 49. 31.
 19. V. Vels in Ballast, § 34.
 20. Prohibitions as to *Engl India Ships*, § 35. 35.
 21. Officers may be placed on board all Ships, § 27. 35.
 22. King's Ships may lize Vessels with contraband Goods, § 39. 27.
 23. On Resistance to Officers, though not with Force, Ships may be seized, § 43.
 24. Regulations as to Cargoes and Vessels built for Resistance, and loading certain Vessels, § 44. 30.
 25. Mads of alternating Tonnage of Ships, § 51.
 26. Names of Boats not registered; registering Ships *de novo*, § 53. 35.
 27. Penalty on bringing Goods within Twenty Miles of the Coast, or of more than Five in Company; or disguised or second, &c. § 54.
 28. Trial of Felons committed in or near the Ports, § 55.
 29. Distribution of Produce of Spirits or Tobacco found, § 56. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 25. § 8.
 30. Penalty on concealing, buying, or selling the Goods, 48 G. 3. c. 27. § 53.
 31. Regulations as to Importation and Exportation of particular Articles *vide* *Phil. Abstr.* 48 G. 3. c. 27. § 58. 59.—Bread and Flour, § 60.—Sarc, § 61. 2.—Coke, § 62. 63.—Hops, § 64. 65.—Lumber, § 66.—Limes, § 67.—Cotton, § 68.—Wool used in blacking, § 69.—Brandy and Sulphur for Oil of Vitrol, § 70.—Importance, Exportation, and Warehousing of Salt, § 71.—72.—[and for 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 38.]—Raw Silk, § 80.—Spices, § 81. 82.—Sugar, § 87. 91.—Tea, § 93. 94.—Tobacco Ports, § 95.—[and for 48 G. 3. c. 68. § 6.]—Spices, Tea, Wines, and Coffee, importable only at Tobacco Ports, § 96.—[for 48 G. 3. c. 68. § 7.]—*Raffia* Tobacco, § 117. 98.—Wine, § 99. 101. and 104. 105.—Wood and Timber, § 103.—Wood, § 105.
 32. Certain Warehoused Goods may be exported Duty free, § 106.
 33. No Allowance by Foreign Bills, § 107.
 34. Regulations for Order and Safety in Quays and Docks, § 108.—113.
- Importing, Exporting, and Warehousing of Goods.*
1. Tobacco, Spirits, &c. may be imported at any Ports appointed by Lord Lieutenant and C. Genl. 45 G. 3. c. 208. § 21. 48 G. 3. c. 62. § 7.
 2. Exporter of live Goodsto Great Britain shall not be required to give Bond, except under Order of Lord Lieutenant and Council, or on Exemption of Machinery, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 16. § 4.
 3. Nease but *Engl* Meal or Flour shall be imported into Ireland, *Id.* § 5.
 4. For prohibiting the Exportation of J. Iron's Bark and Cotton Wool, 48 G. 3. c. 39. [and the next S. Sec.]
 5. Ships conveying *Engl India Goods*, arriving in Ireland from the *Engl India*, on performance of Orders as Council, shall proceed to London without being liable to Tonnage for having come to Ireland 48 G. 3. c. 10. § 1.
 6. Ships arriving with *Engl India Goods*, not entering in Value one-fourth of the Cargo, may land the Remainder, and transport the *Engl India Goods* to London, § 2.
 7. *Engl India Goods* imported into Ireland from Great Britain, may be exported without Payment of Duty, § 3.
 8. Lord Lieutenant and Council empowered, during Holidays, &c. to permit Goods to be imported into Ireland in any Vessels, from any Port from which the British Flag is excluded, 48 G. 3. c. 37. § 9.
 9. Before Wood, Woolen, &c. shall be exported from England or Ireland to Ireland, Bond shall be given for due Exportation, and a License obtained from the Commissioners of Customs in England, or Deputy of Tonnage of the Wood, &c. and Vessels, 48 G. 3. c. 40. § 2.
 10. Ships above 50 Tons, or Metal prepared for Bills, shall be imported only at Tobacco Ports, and entered as Bills, and not removed without Permit, 49 G. 3. c. 99. § 22.
 11. To empower Importers or Proprietors of *Engl* Plantations Rum or Spirits to load and warehouse the same before paying Duties on Excise, 48 G. 3. [U.K.] c. 94. continued, 48 G. 3. c. 17. 49 G. 3. c. 30. [10. 20th Novbr 1810.]
 12. Such Spirits may be loaded and warehouse on Bond to pay Duties in Twelve Months, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 94. § 4. [Tobacco Months, 49 G. 3. c. 30. § 1.]
 13. Spirits shall be warehouse in Presence of proper Officer, 48 G. 3. [U.K.] c. 94. § 8.
 14. Spirit not to keep Accounts thereof, § 3.
 15. Drivers of such Spirits for Home Consumption, § 5.—8.
 16. Delivery for Exportation on Bond, § 9.—10.
 17. Spirits remaining in Warehouse above Twelve Months may be sold to pay Duties, § 17. [Tobacco Months, 49 G. 3. c. 30. § 3.]
 18. To permit certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused, or stored without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, 48 G. 3. c. 32.
 19. Goods enumerated in Schedule A. may be imported into Dublin, or any Tobacco Port, &c. and warehoused without immediate Payment of Duty, &c. 1.—No Sugar shall be warehoused except *Engl* Plantations or *Engl India Sugar*, 49 G. 3. c. 116. § 25; and for 49 G. 3. c. 30.
 20. Bulk Goods imported in Tubs or B. may be loaded at the Place, without immediate Payment of Duties, 48 G. 3. c. 12. § 3.
 21. *Engl* Tonnage may extend this Act to Goods not enumerated, § 5.
 22. Bond shall be given to pay Duties, or export the Goods in due Time, § 4.
 23. Acts regard ing Importation and Exportation shall not be affected by this Act, § 5.
 24. Goods shall be regularly entered, loaded, and marked, § 6.
 25. On Delivery of Goods, Bond to be given duty to export thereon, and Duties to be paid on Goods not so declared out of H. or Consumption, § 7.
 26. Duty shall be paid for 24 H. 24. 48. § 8.
 27. Goods not loaded or unloaded, forwarded, § 9.
 28. Goods shipped by Fire, § 11.
 29. Goods shall be removed out of Warehouse for Exportation in original Packages, except Coffee, &c. § 12.
 30. Delivery of Goods imported on Bills, § 13.
 31. Ware could Goods, if not cleared out in 15 Months, shall be sold as Duties, or delivered, § 17.
 32. Saving for former warehousing Acts, § 18.
 33. Importers may take Samples and examine Goods, § 18. 19.
 34. No Holidays, § 17.
- Jurisdiction and Conduct of Officers. Trial of Officers; and Recovery of Penalties, &c.*
1. To provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Mutton, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, 48 G. 3. c. 105.

2. Powers of *Seiz Afts.*, 14, 15 *C. 2. c. 8, 9.* extended to all Matters under Jurisdiction of Commissioners of Customs or Excise, (according to the Powers given them by 46 G. 3. c. 58.) 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 1.
3. Appoint Justs, Solicits, and Clerks of Officers, § 2-3.
4. Trial of Officers, &c. in Dublin, shall be before the Commissioners, &c. and in the County before Sub-Commissioners, &c. § 8.—Three Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners a Quorum, § 10.—Regulations as to Ipeody Proceedings in such Trials § 11-15. 46 G. 3. c. 67. § 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.
5. Appeals given to all Parties, from Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners, to Commissioners of Appeal, 46 G. 3. c. 106. § 16-18.
6. Power to Collectors on Informations and Trials, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 3.
7. No Judgment shall be awarded for Informality, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 14.
8. On Trial of any Information, Judge may award prohibitive Costs, § 14.
9. Penalties may not be abated by Comrs of Appeals, but by Commissioners of Customs or Excise, with Consent of Treasury, § 15, 16, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 9.
10. Differ against Goods of Officers, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 17.
11. Goods not having paid Duty shall be forfeited and seized, § 18.
12. Regulations as to Seizures, and Claims thereon, § 19-40.
13. 14. Seizure of Ships and Crews thereon, § 43-47.
15. Writs of Apprehension, Return, &c. § 45, 46.
16. Packages of Goods seized, forfeited, § 47.
17. Sale of forfeitable Goods seized, § 48.
18. Regulation of Knowledge Sales, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 51.
19. Disputes between Officers as to Proportion of Penalties, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 49.
20. Penalties on Officers for Neglect or Misconduct, § 52-54.—For Bribery, Misconduct, § 52, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 7.—On Parties bribing or offering to bribe, *Id.* § 5.
21. Officers may add Force by Force, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 55.—Penalties on refusing or not assisting Officers, § 57-62, 66, 68.
22. Forfeiting Officers by Privy Council, and Proceedings thereon, § 63-65.
23. Notice, Licences, and Venue of Action against Officers, § 69-74.
24. Continuance of Informations for Officers against Laws of Customs or Excise, Three Months, 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 4.
25. Licences of Merchants of Customs, Four Months, *Id.* § 19.
26. Commissioners of Customs and Excise empowered to take Lands for Lighthouses, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 106 § 75, 76.
27. Securities for smuggled Goods declared void, § 77.
28. Priority of Perjury on all false Oaths or Affirmations, § 78, 79.
29. All Penalties under Revenue Laws shall be recovered under *Seiz Excise and Customs Afts.*, 14, 15 *C. 2. c. 8, 9.* and this Act, § 80.
30. To provide for the Recovery of Penalties under 47 G. 3. c. 21. (for collecting Taxes on Houses, &c.) c. 25. (Excise Licences); and c. 28. (Paper), 47 G. 3. c. 11.
31. Penalties not exceeding 10*l.* may be recovered before one Justice of Peace; above 10*l.* by Alder or civil Bail, § 1, 2, 4.
32. Penalty on Justices not executing said Afts, 50*l.* § 3.
33. Persons being incompetent Witnesses before Customs or Excise Justifications, shall be competent before Magistrates, 48 G. 3. c. 61. § 5.
34. Where Claims, Returns, or Proceedings are by Law required to be made in the Excise Office of the District, if

- the Matter refers to Customs, such Claims, &c. shall be entered in the Office of Collector of Customs, 49 G. 3. c. 105 § 6.
35. For regulating and controlling Accounts of Officers of Customs and Excise, 49 G. 3. c. 110. § 10-18.—Collectors' Accounts Evidence of Receipt of Sums Paid, § 17.
 36. For recovering Penalties incurred in Ireland under 47 G. 3. c. 25. as to Passengers to the Plantations, *Id.* § 21.
 37. For abolishing Fees received by Officers of the Customs, and regulating the Hours of Attendance and Holidays, 48 G. 3. c. 26.
 38. No Fees shall be received by Officers of Customs after 16 January 1804, § 1.—except Scales of Securities, § 2.
 39. Compensation in Officers for Loss of Fees, § 3, 4.—(And for 49 G. 3. c. 116 § 29.)
 40. Hours of Attendance, § 7, 8. 9.—At Perm. Offs, 49 G. 3. c. 106 § 25.
 41. No Holidays except Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, &c. for Officers of Customs and Permit Excise Officers, 48 G. 3. c. 26 § 10.—and 10 Officers in Warehouse, 48 G. 3. c. 25 § 17.—and for Excise Officers, 49 G. 3. c. 116 § 24.
 42. Certain authorized Officers in the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, which were at one time heretofore had become vacant, shall be abolished, 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 1.
 43. Other specified Officers not to be granted in future by Patent, but subject to the Provisions of this Act, and to be as they shall be the Master, except as to the necessary Parts thereof, § 1, 3.
 44. Commissioners of Customs may appoint proper Persons to perform the necessary Part of the Duties of the last mentioned Officers, and allow them Salaries, &c. § 4-6; and may make Compensation for Officers abolished, § 7.
 45. List of new Appointments shall be laid before Parliament, § 8.

Regulations Act relating to particular Subjects.

- Revenue.* 46 G. 3. (1) c. 20. regulating the Payment of Bounties, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 1.
- Cards and Dice.* 46 G. 3. (1) c. 63. for an act to revise Cards and Dice, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 63. § 1.
- Coffee.* 37 G. 3. (1) c. 52. for regulating the Import of Coffee, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 62.
- Whisky Licences.* To secure the Payment of the Duties on Licences to Persons dealing in excisable Commodities, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 35.
- Licences grantable by Commissioners of Excise, § 2.
- 1*st.* *per ct.* to Collectors of Excise, § 3. 43 Repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 41. § 3.
- Continuance of Licences, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 35. § 5.—Penalty on trading without Licence, § 7.—Fugred Licences, § 9.—Regulations, § 5, 6, 20, 21.
- Brewers' Bonds, § 12.—And for 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 11. § 23, 47 G. 3. c. 57. § 6-12.
- Hawkers and Pedlars, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 35. § 14, &c.
- Books of Names licensed to sell Spirits in Quantities greater than 2 Gallons, § 14, 25. For also Title Stamp.
- Glief Bait.* 38 G. 3. (1) c. 24. regulating Duties on Glief Bait, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 62. § 1.
- Hides and Skins.* 40 G. 3. (1) c. 9. 47 G. 3. c. 57. § 24. for Collection of the Duties on Hides, &c. made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 62. § 1.

Malt, Malsters, and Brewers.

1. For the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster, 45 G. 3. c. 53. 46 G. 3. c. 57. 48 G. 3. c. 79.
2. Regulations for obtaining Licence to make Malt, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 1.—§ 3. repealed. New Regulations as to Distillations of Malt Houses, Cellars, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 79. § 2.
3. Places adjoining to growing Floors shall be licensed by Walls, &c. § 3.
4. Malt and Malt Kieves shall not be registered as Stores, &c. § 5. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 3.
5. Councils area of Excise may refuse or revoke Licences 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 9.
6. Penalty on unlicensed Persons, § 1. 10, 11.
7. Powers to Officers to enter Malt Houses to take Accounts, &c. and Penalty on obstructing or not assisting them, § 13.—16.—Stores of Staves in Offices, § 17.—Penalty on Officers' boats, &c. § 18.
8. Notices of Working and Discontinuance, § 20, 21.
9. Amount of yearly and monthly Charges on Malsters in proportion to the Size of their Drying Floors, viz. Sixty-four Barrels per Year, or Eight Barrels per Month in Dublin &c. and Forty-eight Barrels per Year, or Six per Month elsewhere, § 21. 27.—Sixty-four Barrels per Year, or Eight per Month every where, 46 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.—4.
10. Sixteen Days after End of Year, &c. allowed for selling Malt in Process, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 23.
11. Amending Errors and making Sur-charges, § 25.—Sur-charges by Superior Officers, procl. 48 G. 3. c. 79. § 8.
12. Abatement on Licences taken in Part of the Year only, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 30.—In case of Accident, § 32.—48 G. 3. c. 79. § 1.
13. Notices of Discontinuance of Working for the Year, and Abatement accord'gly, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 31.—48 G. 3. c. 79. § 6.—6.
14. Notices of wetting Corn, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 33.—38.
15. Mode of charging Corn by the Gauge and Tonn of Steeping, &c. § 39.—48.
16. Mixing Raw Corn with Malt prohibited, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 45.—Allowed to Distillers, 48 G. 3. c. 79. § 7.
17. Penalties shall not begranted till Duty paid, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 40.
18. Recovery of Duties, § 50, 51.
19. No Malt to be made of Wheat or Oats, § 52.
20. Regulations for ascertaining Stock of Malt, § 53, 54.—58.—61. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.
21. Penalties on mixing Malt made and Malt bought, 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 55.—56.
22. Regulation of private Malsters not for Sale, § 57.
23. Marking Packages of Malt remaining, § 59.
24. Recovery of Penalties, § 63. &c.—Abatement and Duties, &c. § 65, 67.
25. Malsters shall fill up Malt but their own, without Licence 45 G. 3. c. 53. § 59.
26. Penalties upon Malt into Brewery, Distillery, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 79. § 41. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 3.
27. Brewers shall not deliver Malt except to Persons having for private Use, 48 G. 3. c. 79. § 10. see Distillers, 48 G. 3. c. 80. § 12. But for 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 3. as to Brewers.
28. Wares shall be hopped within Twenty-four Hours, 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 3.
29. Penalty on Brewers selling Wtd, 50th. § 4. &c.
30. Licences to Brewers, &c. § 6. 8, 10, 11, 12. See Exp'd Licenses.
31. Penalty on Brewers using unlicensed Corn, 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 2. Using Drags, &c. § 13.

Paper and Paper Hangings.

1. To continue (until 25th September 1816) and amend several Acts for regulating and improving the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland and on Paper printed, painted, or glazed in Ireland to serve for Hangings, or other Uses, 45 G. 3. c. 106. [§ 1 to 5 repealed, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 38. § 1. &c. made perpetual, &c. § 7.]
2. Regulations for licensing Paper Stamps, 45 G. 3. c. 106. § 6.—10.
3. Notice of commencing to Work any Tables by Paper Stamps, § 11.—13.
4. Monthly and Yearly Charge in respect of each Table, § 18.—24.
5. Regulations for licensing Duty according to such Charge, § 25. &c.
6. To amend the Acts for regulating the Collection of the Duties on Paper, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 38.
7. Discontinuance of Papers, § 3.
8. Charges on Paper Engines, § 3.—5.—And see 49 G. 3. c. 77. § 3.
9. Duty shall be paid by Weight, if it exceed the Charge on the Engine, 47 G. 3. c. 105. § 7.
10. Amount of Weight of Paper and Charge on Engines shall be made by Excise Officers, § 3, 9.
11. Palkboard, &c. how to be marked, § 10.
12. Engines may be discontinued working, and again worked on Notice, § 12. 13.
13. Terms of working, § 14.
14. Entries shall be made in Books by Paper Makers, § 16.—18.
15. Penalties shall be levied with Paper sent to Paper Stamps, § 29.
16. Recovery of Penalties, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 11.
17. Books Paper made of Cardboard and refuse Materials shall be of the second Class, 49 G. 3. c. 77. § 1, 2.
18. How Vats and Wet Pricks shall be charged, § 5.

Permits.

1. Exciseable Goods shall be moved according to Terms of the Permit, 45 G. 3. c. 57. § 4.
2. Permits shall be allowed to be re-issued, § 5.
3. Penalty 10 l. on giving or using false Permits, § 6.
4. Penalty 100 l. on Officers delivering blank Permits, &c. § 7.
5. Proof of Quality of Spirits agreeing with Permits, § 8.—
6. All made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 80. § 3.
7. Stamp Duty on Permits shall be paid by Parties issuing the same, 45 G. 3. c. 103. § 16. made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 80. § 3. &c. § 3. &c. Stamp.
8. Impaying Merchants shall not give Certificates for Removal of Wine, 48 G. 3. c. 103. § 13. made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 80. § 3.
9. Spirits exceeding One Gallon, conveyed without Permit, may be taxed, 45 G. 3. c. 59. made perpetual, 49 G. 3. c. 80. § 1.
10. For making perpetual and amending Acts for regulating the filling and granting Permits, 48 G. 3. c. 80.
11. Granting Permits on Requested Receipts, § 2. 3.
12. Granting or obtaining false Permits, Pilfer, § 4.
13. Hops shall not be conveyed without Permits, § 5.
14. Permits for Removal of Tobacco out of Warehouse for Exportation, or to Stock of licensed Merchants, &c. § 6.
15. Permits for Removal of Exciseable Goods out of Custody of Customs, § 7.
16. Making Paper for, and printing Permits, &c. § 8.
17. Penalty on unauthorised Persons making such Paper, or see Moulds, &c. for making same, Pilfer, § 9.
18. No Permit to be granted on Bill of Vats until Duty paid, 49 G. 3. c. 126. § 20.

43. Certificate that not to be required of Wine imported into private Sts. 4, 49 G. 3. 110 § 23.
 44. Permit OG & Salt to be used Day. § 25.
 45. Permit for running Malt into Brewery or Distillery. 48 G. 3. c. 75. § 42; in MH, 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 11; in Rational Malt used by Brewer. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 11.
 46. Permit for removing Stalks or Metal for Stalks from Port of Importation. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 21.
 See also, Tit. 5. Stopp.

Salt.

1. Importation and Exportation and warehousing of, 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 21—29.
 2. Bragg or Light Salt may be imported from Ireland in Vessels from 100 to 200 Tons. 47 G. 3. c. 82. § 1.
 And for General See, Tit. 5. Salt.

Spirits (Irish) Distilling, Warehousing, Rectifying, and Selling, by Retail.

3. Spirits, Distillery, and Warehousing.—To provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 1.
 4. Licencing and registering Distillers and Still, &c. thereon. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 1—29—47 G. 3. c. 82. § 1—5.
 5. Licencing Still from 100 to 200 Gallons. 47 G. 3. c. 82. § 17.
 6. Licencing Still and not less than 50, 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 24. See.
 7. Regulations as to Still, Copper, Coolers, Casks, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 20—29.
 8. Powers of Officers, and Penalties for refusing or not abiding them. § 30—33.
 9. Penalty on Officers taking Bribes, Misdemeanor. § 40.
 10. Notice of Working, and Discontinuance, by Distillers to Officers. § 41—43.
 11. On discontinuance of Still, Still shall be removed. § 46.
 12. Mode of charging Distiller on Work or Seizure. § 47, 48. § 47. See Charge on Still; and § 48. as to Penalty of double Duty, repeated. 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 5. § 47. repeated, as to Proportion of Seizure on Work. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 12.
 13. Mode of assessing monthly and yearly Charges on persons on Sale of Still, 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 29, inserted as to Still under 1840 Gallons. 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 5. inserted as to all Still, 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 12; and Schedule C.
 14. Return on make up yearly Charge, and Abatement for Part of the Year. 47 G. 3. c. 81. § 31.—Surcharges, &c. by Inspectors Officers. 48 G. 3. c. 81. § 31.
 15. Distiller may discontinue Working for Remedy of a Year, and be charged accordingly. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 31. at the End of the first Two Months, or any subsequent Month. 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 5.
 16. Abatement in rate of Accidents. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 31.—Repeated. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 31.
 17. To prevent Accidents—Distillers may provide a forced Still, to be lodged in the Excise Office, and charged as required. 48 G. 3. c. 81. § 31. § 4.
 18. Allowance in case of Distills by Fire. § 3.—On Stoppage of Distills by Law. § 6.
 19. Abatement on Accidents preventing Work from being distilled in Six Days. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 20. § 31.
 20. Notice of making, brew &c. &c. by Distills to Officers, brewing Worts, Sugar Worts, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 32—36.
 21. Time of Distilling and Mode of charging Sugar Worts, allowed. 48 G. 3. c. 81. § 31. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 20.
 22. Draining Stock of Spirits. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 34. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 21.
 23. Weekly Returns and Charges of Duty. § 66. 71.

24. Keeping Mince Borks. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 73.
 25. Notice of Seizing out Spirits in Quantities less than Thirty Gallons. § 74.
 26. Recovery of Duties by Distills, &c. § 77. § 6.
 27. Duties on Spirits distilled in 2000 Gallons, 26 per Cent. 1000 Gallons, 16 per Cent. § 77—79.
 28. Brewers shall take on Licence for making Stalks, and sell malt there, for. § 80—86.
 29. Penalties on Brewers and others having Still illegally in their Possession. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 16.
 30. Penalty on conveying Spirits, for 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 77. 88.
 31. Seizure illegal Still, Work, Spirits, for 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 12. 86. 87. 88.
 32. Unlicensed Distillers punishable as for a Misdemeanor; Second Offence Transferred, 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 89.
 33. Penalty on Forfeiture, &c. when unlicensed Still, are found. § 92. 93. Repealed, and other Penalties created. 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 11, 12—20. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 14. 15. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 11, 2. 1—20. Including against Private, Misdemeanor. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 11. Information may be appointed for producing Offences, § 12—14. Informants declared competent Witnesses. § 14.
 34. Penalty on collusive Returns. 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 17. 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 25. § 6.
 35. Spirits not having paid Duty found on board Boats in Harbours, &c. with the Vessel, may be forced ashore, 49 G. 3. c. 59. § 20.—Mischiefous Spirits by Land, by more than Five, or with Force, Violence, otherwise Misdemeanor. § 21.
 36. Regulation as to Warehousing Spirits without Payment of Duty. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 101—107.—Including three parts of Warehouses for Exportation. § 101—103. for Home Consumption, § 103.—renewing them on other Ports, § 104. Access to Warehouses, § 104.—Duties shall be paid in Four Months, &c. § 104.5.—and 10 per Cent. afterwards; 47 G. 3. c. 17. § 19.
 37. Casks and Boxes spirits shall be kept in separate Warehouses. 48 G. 3. c. 81. § 10.
 38. Distillers to be liable for Importation in lieu of Malt Duty. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 105. Drawback on Spirits not warehoused. § 107. See, Tit. 5. Drawback.
 39. Return of Penalties before Justice, &c. § 109. &c.
 40. Distribution from Malt for proof distill. 46 G. 3. c. 81. § 7.
 41. Distillers in lieu of C. to be removed. 48 G. 3. c. 118. 49 G. 3. c. 7. (2d) 118 of December 1849. &c.
 42. Drawbacks on Irish and Foreign Spirits exported from each Country to the other, suspended. 47 G. 3. c. 201. § 2. c. 201. 48 G. 3. c. 44.
 43. Intercourse of Irish and Foreign Spirits suspended. 46 G. 3. c. 81. c. 197.
 44. Spirit Rectifying—Add. 38 G. 3. c. 113. 39 G. 3. c. 112. c. 113. 47 G. 3. c. 112. c. 110. See regarding Rectifiers of Spirits, made perpetual. 46 G. 3. c. 61. § 1.
 45. Allowance in Refills on under 36 G. 3. c. 51. § 3. repeated. 47 G. 3. c. 59. § 2.
 46. Refill for Still not to be allowed to compound. § 3.
 47. Contents of Still allowed to be used by Rectifiers and Compounders. § 4.
 48. Allowance to Compounders for Intermix by Sugar. § 5.
 49. Rectifiers and Compounders charged, § 6.
 50. Spirit Rectifier—For registering Licence for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cider, by Retail, and for allowing the immediate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland. 46 G. 3. c. 50. amended 46 G. 3. c. 103. (2d) later repealed. 47 G. 3. c. 112. c. 112.
 51. The Act. 47 G. 3. c. 112. and to Retailers of Pottery, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 112. c. 112. and to Buyers of less than Two Gallons of Spirits, *Id.* § 4.

48. How Houses and Persons to be licensed shall be administered, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 1—§ 10—§ 11—§ 12 repealed. 47 G. 3. c. 31. § 12.
49. All Licences shall be issued by Stamp Duties on Certificates of Clerk of the Peace, 47 G. 3. c. 11. § 5, 6, and see § 13, 14.
50. Licence shall bear date when issued, and shall not be in force on any other Day, § 7.
51. Stamp Duties shall make Returns to Excise and Stamp Office of Licences granted, § 11.
52. Licences by Clerks of the Peace repealed 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 18.
53. Certificates of Bonds by Parties licensed, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 19.
54. Licences to sell at Fairs, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 14; altered by 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 10.
55. ——— in Camps, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 15—18.
56. Licences to Grocers, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 9.—Must not be withdrawn, 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 14; but shall not extend less than Two Quarters. *Id.* do.—may sell from Two Quarters to Fifty Gallons, 49 G. 3. c. 109. § 15. (And for 49 G. 3. c. 73. § 2, 3.)
57. Licences to Sell on being more than Seven Miles from the Place of Sale, 49 G. 3. c. 109. § 19.
58. Certain Persons not capable of receiving Licences, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 19. *See*.
59. Assignees may have Benefit of Licence, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 21. and *Id.* 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 15.
60. Who shall be deemed Retainers, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 21. 47 G. 3. c. 5.
61. Duties of Clerks of the Peace, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 28—35; 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 5, 9.
62. Penalty on Persons selling without Licence in force, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 6; 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 8.
63. Penalty on selling Liquors on Sunday, or Beer before Two o'Clock, 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 13.
64. Penalty on advertising Public at unlawful Hours, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 64. § 5.
65. Regulations as to Fines and Convictions, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 37—51. 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 19.
66. Mode of Recovery of Fines on Peaches, Townlands, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 69.
67. Licences to retail in Dublin, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 64; 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 10.
68. Business on Sale of Beer, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 67; 69; (and see 45 G. 3. c. 64. § 8) repealed 49 G. 3. c. 109. § 14.
69. Abstracts of A's shall be furnished to Retainers, 45 G. 3. c. 50. § 69.
70. Justices of Peace, Constables, Excise Officers, &c. may enter Houses and require Sight of Licences, 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 15.
71. Overlook of Public Houses in each Parish, *Id.* § 15; 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 8.
72. Penalty on Retailers selling Spirits not having paid Duty, 1801. 49 G. 3. c. 99. § 17. (and see 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 25. § 26.)
73. Penalty on wholesale Dealers selling by Retail, 47 G. 3. c. 12. § 17.

See also, *Tide Stamps.*

Tea.

1. To prevent Exportation of Tea to Ireland, Duty free, 45 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 75.
2. Each Tea shall be taken in Quantities not less than a Lot, § 4.
3. Bond shall be given for Exportation, § 2.

40 Geo. III.

4. Notice to Officers, &c. before taking Tea out of Warehouse, 45 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 75. § 9.
5. Notice, Penalties, Debentures, and Certificates on Shipping, § 4.
6. Discharge of Bond by Certificate of landing, § 4. (5—45 G. 3. c. 109. § 4; that such Certificate shall be returned within Two Months, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 81. § 19.)
7. *East India Company* discharged of Duty on such Tea, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 75. § 1.
8. Penalties—Embarking Tea, wool, § 6.—Forging Debentures, Felony—Attorney fees, 1801, § 2.
9. Duties on Tea exported to Ireland shall be paid to *East India Company*, 45 G. 3. c. 81. § 12. repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 109. § 1.

Tobacco.

1. *East India Company*, 45 G. 3. c. 81—49 G. 3. c. 77 for regulating the Tobacco Trade, made perpetual, 45 G. 3. c. 62. § 1.
2. Tobacco may be bonded for Three Years, 47 G. 3. c. 109. § 6.
3. Ships declared a Tobacco Port, 45 G. 3. c. 61. § 6.

Debtors, See Insolvents.

Defective Titles, See General Index, Title, *King*.

Defense of the Realm.

1. To enable His Majesty to raise and assemble an additional Military Force in Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 83; 44 G. 3. c. 74; both repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 73.
- See Title *Duties of the Realm* in the General Index.

Dishiblers, See Customs and Excise; Passions.

Drawbacks, See Customs and Excise.

Ecclesiastical Penalties, See Clergy.

Education, See Commissioners of Inquiry.

Elections, See Parliament.

Excise, See Customs and Excise.

Fees, See Commissioners of Inquiry; Customs and Excise.

Felony, See Accessories, and Title Felony in General Index.

Fire Hearths, See Customs and Excise; Taxes.

Fish Fruits, See Clergy.

Fisheries.

- East India Company*, 45 G. 3. c. 51. for improving and extending the Coast Fisheries, continued, 45 G. 3. c. 45. § 1; 47 G. 3. c. 12. c. 120. 46 G. 3. c. 120. § 7. (all 24th November 1817.)

Flax Seed.

1. For granting Bounty on Importation of Flax Seed from *Antigua* from Great Britain [17th Feb. April 1800,] 49 G. 3. c. 9.
2. Bounty of 5s. per Bushel on *Antigua* Dublin, § 1—4.

6 T

3. For

- For the Appropriation of 20,000*l.* out of the Consolidated Fund, to encourage the sowing of Flax Seed for towing in Ireland, 49 G. 3. c. 19.
- Bounties shall be paid on Seed in Possession of Growers on 18 of January 1810, § 3.

Friendly Societies.

- For amending 36 G. 3. (L.) c. 53, 40 G. 3. c. 58.
- Benefits of former Acts extended to all Societies instituted either before or since, § 1.
- Their Rules shall be submitted to Sejmiks, § 2, 3.
- Funds shall be applied in Purposes of the Societies, § 4.

Gash, See Public Buildings.

Glebes and Glebe Houses, See Clergy.

Grants, See Revenue.

Gunpowder.

- So much of 25th Act 1 Jac. 1. c. 8. as prohibits the Importation into Great Britain, of Gunpowder, Armes, and Ordnance of War from Ireland, repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 121.
- 25th Act, 36 G. 3. c. 41; 39 G. 3. c. 37. for promoting the Importation of Armes, Gunpowder, and Ammunition, and the making, receiving, selling, and keeping the same without Licence; (continued by 40 G. 3. (L.) c. 96 § 11—12) further continued for Seven Years from 18 of August 1807, 47 G. 3. c. 8.

See also, *Naval Stores; Armes.*

Habes Corpus, See Rebellion.

Harbours.

Lord Lieutenant empowered to order Treasury to advance a Moiety of the Sum required for improving any Harbour in Ireland, an Estimate and Security for Payment of the other Moiety by the Applicant; such Money to be advanced by the Treasury out of Good, paid into the 15th Exchequer, under the Act 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 99. respecting Bounties for taking Fish—15 G. 3. c. 64.

See also General Index, Title Harbours.

Hemp Seed, See Linen Manufactures.

Hides and Skins, See Customs and Excise.

Horses, See Customs and Excise; Taxes.

Hovring, See Customs and Excise.

Importation and Exportation, See Customs and Excise.

Indemnity.

- Assent, to Officers not having qualified, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 40; 42 G. 3. c. 131; 43 G. 3. c. 77; 44 G. 3. c. 67 &c. See General Index, Title Indemnity.
- To Persons having acted in Suppression of Rebellion, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 104.
- To Persons having acted under Proclamation respecting Provisions, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 95.
- To Persons having acted under Taking Acts, 43 G. 3. c. 8.

- To Persons concerned in prohibiting Distillation from Oats, 44 G. 3. c. 11.

Informers.

- To amend 15th Act 5 G. 3. c. 103—45 G. 3. c. 111; 47 G. 3. c. 52.
 - Grand Jurors may present an additional Sum of 50*l.* yearly for County Informers, under Regulations of 15th Act, 32 G. 3. c. 20—45 G. 3. c. 111—113.
 - Tippinory and Queen's County, 50*l.* § 2.
 - For establishing Dispensaries, same may be preferred equal to private Donations; and Subscribers shall become Members of Informary Commissions, § 2.
 - 45 G. 3. (L.) c. 38 extended to Counties of Cities and Towns of Towns, 47 G. 3. c. 52 § 2.
 - When 50*l.* is raised by Subscriptions for an Informary, Lord Lieutenant may direct Treasury to advance an equivalent Sum in Aid, § 2.
 - Governors and Deputies, § 3, 4.
 - Grand Jury Performances not to exceed 50*l.* a-year, § 5.
 - Summs in County Treasurer's Hands may be preferred for Informers, § 6, 7.
 - Act 45 G. 3. c. 111, extended to Counties of Cities and Towns having established Informers, 49 G. 3. c. 35 § 1.
 - If Two Informers, Money shall be equally divided, § 2.
- See farther, Title Poor.

Insolvents.

- For the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland, 49 G. 3. c. 104.
- Prisoners in Custody on 18 of February 1809, for Debts not exceeding 150*l.* discharged on complying with the Act, § 2, 8*o*.

Judges.

- The Sheriffs in Ireland shall at every Assizes provide Accommodations for Judges and their Servants, &c. and pay Expenses thereof, 40 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 18.
 - Expenses to be charged on 15th Consolidated Fund, and not to exceed 20*l.* at One Assize, § 2.
- See farther—Chancery—Circuit—*Titles of the Peace—Majesty of the King.*

Judices of the Peace.

- For enabling Judices of the Peace and Clergymen of Counties more than in the Execution of their Office, and non-residing Constables acting in Obedience to them, 43 G. 3. c. 141.
 - No Writ shall be issued against a Justice without Notice, § 1.—Awards may be ordered or paid into Court, § 2, 4.—No Action against Constable before Demand and Return of Warrant;—such Constables indemnified notwithstanding any Default of Jurisdiction, § 6.—Liability of Actions against Constables and Justices, Six Months, § 7.
- See also, *Customs and Excise.*

Kilmainham Hospital.

Commissioners vested with the same Powers relative to the Endowments or Sale, &c. secured by Estates from the Hospital, and for managing the Affairs thereof as the Commissioners of Charities Hospital, 47 G. 3. c. 5, 6, 7.

King, See General Index, Title King.

Licenses,

Licences, See Customs and Excise.

Light-Houses.

Commissioners of Revenue may purchase Lands for building Light-Houses, Watch-Towers, &c. thereon, 43 G. 3. c. 57 § 27; 46 G. 3. c. 266. § 75, 76.

Lighting and Watching.

Some of *Engl. Acts*, 5 G. 3. c. 15. § 21—22—23 & 24 G. 3. c. 20—25 G. 3. c. 54. § 5—26 G. 3. c. 71. as relate to lighting, &c. the Cities and Towns of Ireland not provided for by other Acts, continued for Twenty-one Years, 47 G. 3. c. 1 c. 42.

Linen Manufactures.

- To amend the Laws for the better Regulation of the Linen Manufacture, 43 G. 3. c. 75; 44 G. 3. c. 43. 69.
- Such Part of *Engl. Acts*, 3 G. 3. c. 34; 17. 18 G. 3. c. 21; and 23. 24 G. 3. c. 73. as relate to Importation, &c. of Flax Seed or Hemp Seed, repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 75 § 2.
- Bad or damaged Flax Seed or Hemp Seed imported shall be forfeited, 43 G. 3. c. 75 § 2.
- On Importation of Flax or Hemp Seed it shall be forced till examined by the Officer, who may seize damaged Seed for the Use of Linn-Trustees; or it may be allowed for Exportation or crushing into Oil, &c. § 3. 6. and see 44 G. 3. c. 42. § 4.
- Flax or Hemp seed fast Carriage shall have a Permit, 42 G. 3. c. 75 § 5.
- Flax or Hemp seed, for foreign, shall be sold in the Cask in which imported, and marked *Sound*.—Counterfeiting such Mark, Single Felony § 7.
- Importer of Flax Seed shall not be liable to Penalty of Ten Guineas for bad Seed, if found between 25th March and 18 July, 49 G. 3. c. 5 § 3.
- Nature of Seed in Packages of Dealers after 28 July strictly, 42 G. 3. c. 75 § 8—Penalty for not giving such Notice, 44 G. 3. c. 42 § 2.
- Coal Keady against Persons selling damaged Seed, 43 G. 3. c. 75 § 11.
- Marks shall remain in Force till July 1, annually, and Casks may then be re-examined and marked, § 10.
- Fees of Officers, &c. § 4. p. 11.
- Time of making Grants by Trustees for Encouragement of these Manufactures altered, § 14.
- Notice from Inspectors of loading Flax Seed, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 42 § 1.
- Breeds shall be taken off empty Casks, § 3.
- Seeds shall be repacked in Packages, § 2.
- Inspector may enter Premises and search for Seed—Penalty on opposing him, § 5. 8c.
- Appointment of One Inspector General and Provincial Inspectors, 44 G. 3. c. 69. § 1. 2.
- Agent of Trustees in London may receive Complaints § 2. 8c.
- Where Merchant Amal has been sold, Brokers shall distinguish such Lots by a Stamp, &c. § 3. p.

Licenses, See Revenue.

Local and personal Acts.

- Barton's Bank.* For Relief of Customers of said Bank, 47 G. 3. c. 122.
- Royal Canal Company.* For amending Acts for carrying said Canal to complete a Canal from Dublin to Tallowbury, 43 G. 3. c. 122.

3. *Coal.*4. *Drydock.*5. *Dublin.*

[See also, Title

Police.]

6. ———

7. ———

8. ———

9. ———

10. ———

11. ———

12. ———

13. ———

14. ———

15. ———

16. ———

17. ———

18. ———

19. ———

20. ———

21. ———

22. ———

23. ———

24. ———

25. ———

26. ———

27. ———

28. ———

29. ———

30. ———

31. ———

32. ———

33. ———

34. ———

35. ———

36. ———

37. ———

38. ———

39. ———

40. ———

41. ———

42. ———

43. ———

44. ———

45. ———

46. ———

47. ———

48. ———

49. ———

50. ———

51. ———

52. ———

For clearing, &c. the Harbour of Cork, and Towns of Galway, Drogheda, &c. in Part repealing 9 G. 3. c. 15; 43 G. 3. c. 122.

Harbour, 43 G. 3. c. 122.

Acts for regulating the Baking Trade in Dublin, revised and continued for Five Years, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 8.

For raising and improving Money Spent, 43 G. 3. c. 122.

For supplying Dublin with Water, 43 G. 3. c. 122; 49 G. 3. c. 122.

For raising Commons, &c. in Parish of Garretstown, in the County of Dublin, 41 G. 3. c. 22. 7.

For Improvement of Dublin Harbour, and repairing the Walls and building Bridges over the *Great Liffey* (repealing 40 G. 3. (H.) c. 47.) 43 G. 3. c. 122.

For selling the Archbishop's Palace in the Marjory, in the Parish of St. Nicholas, and applying the Fishmonger's Money to provide a new Palace, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 65.

Engl. Act 31 G. 3. c. 1. for supplying Dublin with Coals, continued, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 45 [old *Engl. Act* 1811.]

For amending Dublin, and appointing Inspectors of Provisions, (repealing *Engl. Act* 31 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1. 147 G. 3. c. 2. c. 222.)—Repealing former *Engl. Acts*, 46 G. 3. c. 201; 46 G. 3. c. 202. c. 203. c. 204. c. 205. for Collection of public Money and Election of Trustees, 49 G. 3. c. 22.

Engl. Act 21, 22 G. 3. c. 17. for Improvement of Dublin, and regulating Coal Trade (repealing 23, 24 G. 3. (H.) c. 11. c. 12. c. 13. (H.) c. 14.) further continued, 49 G. 3. c. 75. [old *Engl. Act* 1811.]

For dividing the Appointments of Some posted to their Stations, 43 G. 3. (H.) c. 17.

Making Commissions to Officers for Reduction of Fees, (see *old Engl. Act* 36 G. 3. c. 53. § 19—20.)

For building a new Coal Barge, 42 G. 3. c. 122; 47 G. 3. c. 122.

For improving and making it fit for Paving, 45 G. 3. c. 112.

For creating an Annuity to her and the Family of the late Lord Kewick, 41 G. 3. c. 25.

Supplying Water, &c. (repealing *Engl. Act* 30 G. 3. c. 13. 40 G. 3. c. 41.) 48 G. 3. c. 122.

For selling the Appointment of Master of the Free School in the Bishop of Down, 48 G. 3. c. 25. subject to Approbation of Lord Lieutenant, § 2.

Raising Catholic Colleges.—For amending *Engl. Acts*, 36 G. 3. c. 11. 46 G. 3. c. 31—48 G. 3. c. 122.

21. *Slips.* For paving, &c. washing, and supplying the Town with Water, improving Harbours, and regulating Fisheries, respecting 40 G. 3. (1.) c. 99 § 43 G. 3. c. 18.

See further under *Local and Personal Acts* in the General Index.

Lottery. See General Index, Titles *Lottery*, *Revenue*.

Loyalists. See *Rebellion*.

Malt. See *Cutwaters* and *Excise*, *Provisions*.

Marital Coercion. See *Rebellion*.

Master.

- For further Encouragement of *Ship Builders*, and for other Purposes relating thereto, 42 G. 3. c. 61.
- No Goods shall be imported or exported onto or from *Ireland* in a *British or Irish Ship*, unless the Master and three-fourths of the Crew are Subjects of the United Kingdom, 42 G. 3. c. 61. § 1. During the whole Voyage, except on sale of *Seals*, &c. § 3. 15.
- No Vessel registered as an *Irish Ship* shall be navigated solely by *foreigners*, § 3.
- Vessels carrying Goods, or in Ballast, from Port to Port in *Ireland*, or from any Port in *Ireland* to any Port in *Great Britain*, &c. or from any Port in *Ireland*, for the Purpose of *Shipping* on the Coast, or on the Coast of *Great Britain*, &c. shall be wholly manned by *Subjects*, except Fishing Vessels, by License of the Board of Customs, § 4 c. 7) Statute of Qualification of Masters and Mariners, viz. natural-born Subjects, *Denizens*, &c. having taken Oath of Allegiance, § 7. 8.
- How *foreign Seamen, Negroes, or Labourers* may be employed, § 9.
- During any War *Irish Merchant Ships or Privateers* may be manned with three-fourths *foreigners* & more, § 10. 11.
- Persons authorized by the Act not entitled to be of *Privy Council*, or to be *Peers*, § 11.
- Goods imported in *Ships* navigated contrary to this Act, forfeited, § 13. 14.

And for further Title *Ships*.

Master of the Rolls.

- For Regulation of the Office and augmenting the Salary, 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 25.
- His Majesty may grant Commissions, during good Behaviour, to Master of the Rolls, who may make Orders and Licenses subject to Control of the Chancellor, § 1.
- And also in all Matters relating to *Bankrupts*, &c.
- His Salary made up to 3,500*l.* out of Consolidated Fund; on a quarterly Account to be delivered to the Treasury, § 3-7.
- May appoint a Deputy to be approved by the Chancellor, § 8.
- May be removed on Address of *Peers*, &c. § 9.

Military Force. See *Defence of the Realm*.

Military Survey. See *Revenue*.

Militia.

- For increasing Number of *Field Officers*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 6.—repealed, 40 G. 3. c. 120.
- For detaching Charge of Pay and Clothing for 1801, 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 98.—Allowances to Subaltern Officers,

- 43 G. 3. c. 65.—Pay for 1801; 44 G. 3. c. 118.—See 43 G. 3. c. 118, &c.
- For enabling Discharge of *Militia Men* valid, and indemnifying Counties, &c. against Expenses thereof, 43 G. 3. c. 109.—repealed, 40 G. 3. c. 120.
- For more liberal and efficient Enrolment of *Militia*, and release of *Vacancies* therein, 43 G. 3. c. 104 c. 11. [See *above*.]
- For correcting *Mistake* in former Act—Status of Pay, to Sergeants, &c. 42 Dragoon Btl and Cavalry Btl, ordered to be 6*l.* 10*s.* and 10*l.* 10*s.* 43 G. 3. c. 9.
- For transferring to the Navy private *Militia Men* living in the *Irish Militia*, 43 G. 3. c. 75.—See General Index, Title *Militia*.
- Annual Acts for detaching Charge of Pay and Clothing for holding Courts Martial on *Non-jurat Majors*, *Warranted Companies*, and *Drummers*, for Officers committed while *Militia* is not embodied, and making Allowance to Subaltern Officers during Peace, 43 G. 3. c. 105; 44 G. 3. c. 41; 45 G. 3. c. 62; 46 G. 3. c. 102; 47 G. 3. c. 82. c. 85; 48 G. 3. c. 45; 49 G. 3. c. 75.
- Hours of Pay and Mode of raising the same, 43 G. 3. c. 88. [See § 9-15.]
- Half Pay Officers allowed to receive Pay as *Militia*, § 16.
- Idem for *Counting*, § 17.
- His Majesty or Lord Lieutenant may forbid the embodying the *Militia* of any County, § 18.
- Subject May 15, 5 (1801), &c. shall always be subject to *Military Act*, though *Militia* not embodied, § 18-20.
- Non-commissioned Officers may be reduced to the Rank, § 21.
- Arms shall be kept in the County Town, &c. § 22. 23.
- Allowance to *Adjutants* after 30 Years Service, § 24. 25.
- Allowance to *Subaltern Officers* during Peace, § 26-28.
- To make Provision for the Wives and Families of *Militia Men*, 43 G. 3. c. 145; 44 G. 3. c. 34-35.—repealed, 40 G. 3. c. 120.
- Allowance, 1*l.* per Week to each Child, 10*s.* to the Wife of a *Subaltern* Man, (1*l.* to the Wife of three and half-rate); not to exceed 4*l.* per Week in the whole, to be paid on Certificate of Colours, 40 G. 3. c. 120 § 23.
- No Allowance to Families of *subalterns* married without their Officers' Consent, § 4.
- No Allowance but what *Mao* on actual Service, nor to a Wife following the Regiment, § 14.
- Orders of *Justice*, &c.—To be sworn every 7 Months, § 6.—To be paid by *General Collector* to *Collector* of Excise, § 7.
- General Collector* shall pay weekly, &c. and be reimbursed quarterly by *Collector* of Excise, § 8-11.
- Allowance may be stopped in case of *Death*, &c. § 12. 13-20.
- Adjutants* shall register *Certificates* and make monthly Returns of *Promotions*, &c. § 15. 17.
- Abstract of Orders shall be presented to Clerk of Peace, and Orders may be altered in *Sessions*, § 12.
- Militia Men* shall make monthly Returns, § 10.
- Commissions under former Acts void, § 21.
- Allowance to *Collectors*, &c. for their Trouble, § 22.
- Penalty on Officers for Neglect, § 23. 24.
- For empowering His Majesty to accept the Services of Part of the *Irish Militia* volunteering to serve in *Great Britain*, 44 G. 3. c. 33.—continued, 46 G. 3. c. 32; 47 G. 3. c. 1 c. 6 [during the War.]
- Number allowed to volunteer, 10,000. 44 G. 3. c. 32. § 7.
- For empowering His Majesty to direct the Acquisition of the *Militia* of *Ireland*, 44 G. 3. c. 25. [during the War.]

33. No Company to exceed 100 Men, nor any Company to be added to any Regiment, 44 G. 3. c. 36. § 2.
34. Bounty limited to 4 Guineas, § 4. 4c.
35. Commot shall not be charged with Expence of Vaccines, § 12.
36. For allowing a certain Proportion (two-fifths) of the *Irish Militia* to enlist into His Majesty's Successor Royal Marine, 45 G. 3. c. 38; 47 G. 3. c. 5; 49 G. 3. c. 5.
37. For receiving the Militia of *Ireland*, 47 G. 3. c. 5. § 10. [Enrolled]
38. For completing the Militia of *Ireland*—To be raised within 12 Months, to make good Loss by receiving under 47 G. 3. c. 5—49 G. 3. c. 5.
39. To enable His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of *Ireland* under various Regulations, 46 G. 3. c. 124.—amended, 48 G. 3. c. 69.
40. His Majesty may annually (where Militia companies are wanted under 46 G. 3. c. 124. after 24th July in each Year) direct Regiments of the Line or Militia to receive Volunteers, 46 G. 3. c. 124. § 1. Ac.
41. Proposals to be annually discharged and enrolled, 15 men per Company, § 7.
42. Regulations as to discharging Men to be discharged, § 8. 2c.
43. Six Months of 3 Days each may be appointed yearly for enrolling under 46 G. 3. c. 124. 48 G. 3. c. 64. § 2. 3.—And a further Six Period of 30 Days, § 6.
44. For amending and reducing into one Act the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of *Ireland*, 49 G. 3. c. 120.
45. Future Acts repealed, except as to Prædial, &c. § 1.
46. Number of Regiments and Battalions for each County, § 2.
47. Augmentations of Regiments of less than 10 Companies, § 3.
48. Appointment of Colonels, § 4. 1.—Officers § 5. 10—13 33—35. Establishments, § 6. 1.—Augmentations of New Men, § 8. 2.
49. Qualifications of Officers, § 15—20.—Adjutants, § 11.—Surgeons, § 22.
50. Oath, &c. of Sergeants, § 24—25. 30
51. Adjutants, Sergeants, &c. subject always to Majesty's Act, &c. § 27. 30—32. 37.
52. Pay of Adjutants, &c. when disembodied, § 28.—Pensioners § 26.
53. Marking and keeping Arms, § 27. 28 44. 47
54. Exercising Men on 28 Days in the Year, § 29—41 46—54.
55. Embodying Militia in case of Invasion, § 55—59.—Ed. embodying, § 50.—Sustaining the embodying, § 52.
56. Men enrolling Traders, § 51.—Voting at Elections, § 50.
57. Calling into the Army without, § 53.
58. Not to serve out of *Ireland*, § 64.
59. Appointment of Deputy Governors of Counties for executing the Act, § 61—63.—Their Qualifications, § 60—73.
60. Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, § 74—78.
61. Calling General Meetings and Subdivision Meetings, § 79—85.
62. Serving Lists for Ballots, § 84—95.—Exemptions, § 96. 104.—Appeals, § 97. 101.—Returns of Lists to Privy Council, § 98.
63. Appointing Numbers on Parishes, § 99. 100. 107. 108.
64. Appearance, Oath, and Enrolment of balloted Men and Substitutes § 102—105. 110. 111—118.
65. Returns by Colonels of State of Regiment, § 106.—Supplying Vaccines, § 109. 120.
66. Substitutes, &c. for Quarters, § 119. 120.
67. Appearance calling, § 121. 122.
68. Discharging said Men, § 123.
69. Procuring Substitutes by Path Advertisers, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 125. § 124—129.
70. Raising or Supplying Militia by Volunteers, § 130—133. 135.—Advancing Bounty by Treasury, § 131—136.—Protecting and raising same on Counties, § 137. 138.
71. Vacancies in suggested Regiments, § 139.
72. Fees on Commissions for Men deficient, § 141—143.
73. Penalties on Treasurer, Clerk of Peace, &c. for Neglect, § 144.—Corrections, § 145. 2c.

Mines.

1. To amend 10 G. 2. c. 7. 13 G. 1. c. 10. for the Encouragement of finding and working Mines and Minerals within *Ireland*, 46 G. 3. c. 73.
2. Penalties, &c. imposed to make Leases of Mines under former Acts, may grant Leases of certain Quantities of Lands contiguous to Mines for 31 Years, § 1.—Provisions for building Sawing Mills, &c. § 2.—Competitions as under former Acts, § 3.

National Debt.

The Master of the Rolls, and Under Secretary in the Civil Branch to Lord Lieutenant in *Ireland*, added to the Commissioners under *Irish Act* 33 G. 3. c. 27. § 19. for the Reduction of the National Debt of *Ireland*, 42 G. 3. c. 57.

Naval Stores, See Gunpowder.

Navigation, See Mariners.

Officers.

1. To order more fully the appointing and bringing to Trial Officers escaping from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other; and also from one County to another, 44 G. 3. c. 93.—amended, 45 G. 3. c. 93.
2. Where Prisons again when Warrants have been issued in *Ireland* escape into another County there, Warrants may be issued and Officers apprehended and held, &c. by Justice of the County where the Offender is found, § 1. 2.
3. To regulate the Fees payable by Parties charged with Treason, Felony, and all other Offences, as Affidavits and Quarter Returns in *Ireland*, 49 G. 3. c. 101.
4. Table of Fees to be taken, § 1.
5. Penalty on taking higher, § 2.
6. Payment by Grand Jury for Fees of Parties discharged without Fees, § 3.
7. No Fee on Acquittal by Defect in Indictment, § 4.
8. So much of *Irish Act* 36 G. 3. c. 25. as relates to the Division of Counties into Barrenes, &c. repealed, § 5.
9. Counties may be divided by Barrenes and Partes: *Id.* See farther, Title Police, and General Index, Title Officers.

Officers, See Customs and Excise, Commissioners of Inquiry.

Papists, See Bank.

Parliament.

1. For regulating the Trial of controverted Election of Members in the United Parliament for *Ireland*, 42 G. 3. c. 101. repealed—see Regulations enacted, 47 G. 3. c. 106.—amended, 47 G. 3. c. 104.
2. Former Regulations of *Irish Acts* extended to Positions on *Irish Elections*, 49 G. 3. c. 106. § 1.
3. *Irish* Petitions shall state all Matters to which Witnesses are to be examined, § 2.—Parties shall interchange Lists of Votes, &c. § 3.
4. Committee:

- Committee may, on Application of Parties, make an Order for appointing Commissioners to take Evidence in Ireland, as to Matters assigned and directed by the Committee, 47 G. 3. c. 100 § 3-7.
- Modes of assessing such Commissioners, § 8-13.
- Chairman of Committee shall officiate in Witness to Commissioners to proceed, and Commince their sittings, § 14-15.
- Proceedings of Commissioners in taking Evidence accordingly, § 17-25.
- When Evidence is taken Commissioners shall transmit true Copy thereof to Clerk of the Crown in Ireland, and another to the Speaker, § 27.
- Speaker may referable Committee, who shall proceed to determine Merits of Evidence, addressing all Matters referred to Commissioners according to Evidence transmitted to them, § 28.
- Commissioners may assemble on Warrant of Committee, § 27.
- Penalty on Jurors, and compelling Attendance, &c. of Witnesses, § 28-30.
- Allowances to Commissioners, &c. § 31.
- Clerk to Commissioners shall be sworn, 47 G. 3. § 1 c. 14 § 1.
- No Petition being voted, or being entitled to vote for any Cause, &c. respecting which there shall be any Petition, shall be a Commissioner or Clerk to the Commissioners, with out Consent of Parties, § 32-3.
- Specific Objections to each Vote shall be filed in the Lists, § 3.
- Secret Committees, after Proceedings before Commissioners, may find for Parties, &c. produced before such Committees, but shall not enter into any new Evidence, § 3.
- Clerk to Commissioners how to be paid for Copies of the Evidence, § 6, 7.
- Time for receiving Recognitions from Ireland under Act G. 3. c. 52 extended to 45 Days, § 8.
- For amending 17 G. 3. (1.) c. 30. § 30. 45. &c. for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for or in relation to Freeholds under the yearly Value of 10*l.* and for making further and other Regulations relating thereto, 47 G. 3. c. 50.
- Freeholders under 20*l.* not sitting from a Rent Charge shall register same on Oath, &c. § 1-3.
- Parties shall not vote for such Freeholds unless registered 12 Months, § 4; and that their Particulars of Freehold on Oath if required, § 5.
- Grants of franchises or Freeholds void against Crown, § 8.
- Penalty on fraudulent Grants, 100*l.* § 9.
- Parties having registered Freeholds to be at 10 Days before next Election to register same, 47 G. 3. c. 50 § 12.
- Penalty on Jurors, &c. as under existing Acts, § 14.

Permanent Services, See Revenue.

Permits, See Customs and Excise, 11.

Personal Acts, See Legal and Personal Acts.

Plate Wrought.

- For regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Gold and Silver Plate wrought in Ireland, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 15.
- Irish Act 17 G. 3. c. 3. § 10-10. relating to Gold and Silver Plate, repeated, § 1.
- Makers and Sellers of such Plate in Ireland shall be licensed, § 2.
- Plate shall be assayed and marked, § 3.

- Resclass as to Plate being marked and paying the Duty, 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 15 § 5, 6.
- Allowance on rough Goods, § 7.
- Duty of Assay Master, § 8-11.
- Penalty on buying and selling unassayed Plate, § 14, 15.
- Penalty of Forging Marks or Stamp, Felony; cutting out same, 200*l.* § 16.

Police.

- For the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, and for the more effectual Prosecution of Offences within the District of Dublin Metropolis, 48 G. 3. c. 100.
- Irish Act 25 G. 3. c. 36; 26 G. 3. c. 30; and for much of Irish Act 20 G. 3. c. 50; and 40 G. 3. c. 62. as relates to the Watch Establishments, repeated, § 1.
- Divisions of Police Districts, § 2.
- District to be divided into 6 Divisions, and 18 divisional Justices to be appointed, § 3, 4 & 5.
- Duty of such Justices, § 12.
- Such Justices incapacitated from being in Parliament, § 14.
- No Justice appointed under this Act (except Aldermen, &c.) shall vote in the Election of Members, § 15.
- Swearing Justices, Expenses of Officers, § 17.
- Clerks, Constables, Foot and Night Patrols, § 19-23.
- No Breach, &c. to hold any Police Office, § 24.
- Apprentice Constables, § 25.
- No Justice charged with high Treason shall be admitted Applicant, without Consent of Attorney General, &c. 135. See also County Police; Local Acts.

Poor.

- For the more effectual regulating and providing for the Relief of the Poor, &c. the Management of Infirmarys and Hospitals in Ireland, 48 G. 3. c. 94.
- Additional Allowance by Grand Jurors allowed for Support of Comptrolers for the Poor, under 21, 28 G. 3. c. 30; 23, 24 G. 3. c. 58. by Appropriation of the Judge at Assizes, § 5.—For Lunatic Act, see, §.—For Inspector of Goods and Road Disturbances, § 3.
- Certain Hospitals exempted from Assessment under this or former Acts, § 4.
- All Infirmarys and Hospitals shall annually, before 25th March, make Returns of their Funds and Expenses to Commissioners of Inspect Accounts, &c.—On Representation of said Commissioners Lord Lieutenant may order Inspector General of Prisons to examine and report a State of Insolvency, &c. § 3, 8.
- Where Ever Hospitals are established, Grand Jurors may provide coal, such Allowance for their Support, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 44.

See also Title Infirmarys.

Post-Office.

- For granting Rates upon Letters, &c. sent by the Post within Ireland, 47 G. 3. c. 85.
- Rates of Penny Post Letters, § 3.
- Bills of Exchange, &c. § 5.
- Letters with Postage, § 6.
- Penalty on Neglect or Embarrassment, § 8.
- Exemptions from Postage as under 42 G. 3. c. 69. § 10. (See General Index, Title Post-Office.)
- Further Exemptions, vide Attorney General, § 11.—All mailmen Hospitals, § 13.—Vices, Newspapers, &c. § 15, 17.—Letters to and from Sailors and Soldiers, § 18-21.
- No Toll demandable for Mail, § 23, 24.

9 Postages

2. *Postages on Envelopes by Use of Sticks*, 45 G. 3. c. 28. § 12, 13, 14, 15.—on foreign letters, *ibid.* § 12.
3. To enable the Post-Master General to purchase Premises for siting General Post-Office in Dublin, 45 G. 3. c. 48; 49 G. 3. c. 20.

Post-Roads.

- To amend the Laws for improving and keeping in repair the Post-Roads, and rendering the Conveyance of Letters by the Post-Office more secure and expeditious, 45 G. 3. c. 43; and for 46 G. 3. c. 134.
 - Surveys of Roads shall be made under Directions of Post-Master General, 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 1—8.
 - What Roads shall be first surveyed.—Dublin, *ibid.* 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 9; *Limerick and Galway*, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 13.
 - Bound of Ground Juris in opening or repairing Streets, 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 10, 11.—In widening new Streets, *ibid.* 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 13—5.
 - How Streets shall be made by Parliament for Expense of Ratees, 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 12—16.
 - The whole Surveyors shall be voted in 6 Years, 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 17.—Except in Dublin, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 5.
 - Relief on certain other Provisions in the Post-Roads not completed, 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 17; 48.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 12.
 - No Relief in any Provisions except for Damage 45 G. 3. c. 43. § 17.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 10.
 - Regulations in Counties in Owners of Ground, *ibid.* 45 G. 3. c. 43.
 - Provisions in regard of Turnpike Roads, § 21—25.
 - Accounts by the Treasurers, under Order of Lord Lieutenant, to be rendered the Purvises of the Adjuncts County Treasurers, § 26—31.—to Trustees of Turnpikes, § 32.
 - In case of Turnpike Roads which are discontinued, § 35.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 14.
 - Provisions allowed for general Maps and Surveys of Counties, 46 G. 3. c. 134. § 13.
- See further Roads.*

Postage.

To enable the Treasury to contract for the Purchase of the Dates of Postage and Badlines to Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 94.

Promissory Notes.

- Irish Acts*, 39 G. 3. c. 48; 40 G. 3. c. 54, for restraining the Negotiation of Promissory Notes, under a limited Sum, continued during Rebellions on Bank of Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 87. § 1.
 - Promissory Notes for less than Five Guineas issued after 18 January 1805, shall be void, § 3.—Exception, § 4.
 - The Act 45 G. 3. c. 87, suspended as to Notes under Five Guineas, 44 G. 3. c. 65 and further, 44 G. 3. c. 65.
 - All the foregoing Acts repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 41.
 - Promissory Notes under 50s. declared void, 45 G. 3. c. 51. § 1; 45 G. 3. c. 40. § 1.—*Trinity, Memorandum, &c.* for such Notes, defined Notes, and void accordingly, 45 G. 3. c. 41. § 4.
- See further Stamps.*

Provisions.

- The making of Malt and Distilling of Spirits from Oats or Grain in Ireland prohibited, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 16.—*See Customs and Excise (Spirits).*
- Bounties granted on Importations (before 25th 1801) into Ireland, of Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, and Indian Corn, and of Barley, Rye, Oats, Indian Meal, and Wheaten Flour

and Rice, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 34; c. 52; and *ibid.* c. 37. as to *Earl Acheson*.

- Lord Lieutenant, Sec. of Ireland empowered to prohibit the Exportation (to foreign Parts) from Ireland, of Corn, Potatoes, and all other Provisions, and to restrain the Importation of Corn, Potatoes, and other Provisions, Duty free, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 36.—continued, 44 G. 3. c. 131; 45 G. 3. c. 121; 44 G. 3. c. 122; 45 G. 3. c. 26. § 3; 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 10; 45 G. 3. c. 27; 46 G. 3. c. 3.
- Penalty on Distiller using any Whisky, When Malt, or Wheaten Flour in the Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, 40 G. 3. c. 20.—or Imprisonment, on Servants alibing, *ibid.* 45 G. 3. c. 15.
- To enable Lord Lieutenant to prohibit Distillation from Oats, 44 G. 3. c. 28.—repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 29.
- No Duty shall be paid on Exportation from Ireland of Beef or Pork salted there, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 10. § 1.
- Bounty on Capotacons, except in Great Britain, § 3. *See Customs and Excise; and General Issues, Title Provisions.*

Public Buildings.

- Grand Jurors in Ireland may appoint Commissioners to fill or exchange Prisons, for the Purpose of visiting them, any new Court House, Gaol, or County Jailhouse, 45 G. 3. c. 113. § 1.
- Grant of Pensions for 60 Years shall be a good Title, § 2.

Quiering Possessions, } *See General Index,*
Quit Rents, } *Title King.*

Rebellion.

- Irish Acts*, 39 G. 3. c. 111; and 40 G. 3. c. 1. for the Suppression of the Rebellion, continued, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 14. § 1, c. 61. [Exp'd.]
 - Lord Lieutenant, Sec. of Ireland empowered to apprehend and detain Persons suspected of conspiracy against the Majesty's Person and Government, 45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 125. 45 G. 3. c. 116; 43 G. 3. c. 3; 45 G. 3. c. 4. [Exp'd.]
 - For the Suppression of Rebellion in Ireland, and for the Protection of the Majesty's Person and Government there, 45 G. 3. c. 117.—continued, 44 G. 3. c. 9. [Exp'd.]
 - To amend 45 G. 3. c. 68, 39 G. 3. c. 62; and 40 G. 3. c. 49, for appointing Commissioners to inquire into Losses of the Loyalists during the Rebellion, 45 G. 3. c. 79.
 - All Copies of Lapsals shall be returned and determined before 18 February 1805, when Power of Commissioners shall cease, § 1—3.
- See also Title Indemnity; Soldiers.*

Recognizances.

- For amending the Laws relating to Persons entering into Recognizances in criminal Cases, 46 G. 3. c. 85.
- Recognizances forfeited and then imposed at Assizes, previous to July 3, 1805, shall be discharged, § 1.
- Oath to be taken by Persons becoming Sureties for others in such Cases, § 2.
- Persons shall not be relieved from Fines without paying what they owe, § 3.
- On Petition for Relief, Court shall inquire into Circumstances of Recognizance, § 4.

Revenue.

- For granting several Sums for defraying the Charge of certain grants or Services in Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 35.
 - Irish Treasury* empowered to issue certain annual Warrants from Time to Time, § 1; payable out of Consolidated Fund, § 2.
- Auditor.

Stamps.

1. Additional Duties on Books, &c. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 38. (See *post*, No. 3.)
2. Stamps on Sea Instruments, 42 G. 3. c. 105—(See *post*, No. 3.)
3. For amending and regulating the Stamp Duties in Ireland, 43 G. 3. c. 51.
4. Duties granted according to Schedules, &c. [All repealed.]
5. Appointment of Commissioners, Officers, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 51. § 1.
6. Stamping Instruments received out of Ireland, § 321. 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 54; 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 50. § 41.
7. No Difference allowed to Amateurs, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 51. § 38.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 2.
8. Regulations as to Residence of Printers of Newspapers, 43 G. 3. c. 51. § 55. 65—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 5.
9. Annual Compositions by Booksellers, 43 G. 3. c. 51. § 125.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 6.
10. For granting additional Stamp Duties, 44 G. 3. c. 68.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64.
11. For granting further additional Stamp Duties, 45 G. 3. c. 70.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64.
12. For granting additional Stamp Duties, and for amending the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties, 45 G. 3. c. 71.—Repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 64.
13. Bank of Ireland Notes exempted from Stamp Duty on Compositions, 46 G. 3. c. 68.
14. To repeal former Stamp Duties, and to grant new and additional Duties, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties, 46 G. 3. c. 64.—Repealed, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 70.
15. Penalty on forging Stamps, 18 Office Eagle Paper, 28 Office Death, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 9.
16. Penalty on Officers, &c. regarding on unstamped Paper, &c. § 11.
17. Mode of calculating Quantity of Sheets and Sheets to Dreads, § 13—19. Repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 5.
18. Stamps for Letters of Attorney to receive Loans payable by the Letter, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 10.
19. Stamps on Deeds registered, § 21.—On Advertisements in Companies, § 22, 25.—And see 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 70. § 10. 47 G. 3. c. 74. § 17, 28.
20. Certificates to be taken out by Amateurs, and Regulations as to Stamping Law Proceedings, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 24—25.—And for 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 50. § 36.
21. Stamps for Licences, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 36—47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 50. § 37—38, and 48 G. 3. c. 74. § 35. 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 13.
22. Instruments, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 29, 39.
23. Recovery of Duties and Penalties, 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 32. See, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 50. § 35, 36; 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 25, 37.
24. For granting Stamp Duties to full Hair by Retail in Ireland, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51.—And see 47 G. 3. c. 71. § 25; 48 G. 3. c. 74. § 14.
25. For granting Stamp Duties on Certificates for killing Game, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51.—And for 46 G. 3. c. 64. § 48; and 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 13, 14.
26. To repeal the several Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51.
27. From 1st July 1857 former Stamp Duties shall cease, &c. &c. 48 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51.
28. New Stamp Duties and Allowances granted, &c. &c. See Schedules A, B, C.
29. Duties shall be paid in English Currency, except under Exception.—49 Geo. III.

30. Instruments stamped with a Stamp greater than requisite, void, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51.—Not to exceed to any Instrument which requires a particular Stamp, 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 16.
31. Exchanging spoiled Stamps, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51. § 10.
32. Mode of calculating Stamp for Duties according to the Number of Sheets, § 11.—Repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 3.
33. Stamps on Mortgages, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51. § 12.
34. On Renewal of Leases, § 13.—Repealed as to unvaluing Renewals not stamped, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 14. § 14.
35. Commissioners shall take out annual Certificates, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51. § 14, 15.—Repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 45. § 2.
36. Regulations as to Stamping Rules Books of Superior Courts, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51. § 15, 16.—And to inferior Courts, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 14. § 15.
37. Copies of Findings, Depositions, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 51. § 15, 16.
38. Books registering Firms, § 24.
39. Receipts shall be duly stamped, § 25.
40. Executors, &c. requiring Probate, shall swear to Value of Effects, § 20; and exhibit Inventory, § 30.
41. Probate, &c. of all Personal Estates shall be taken within 6 Months, § 31.
42. Securing Duties on Legacies, § 21—23.—Legacies to Creditors exempt from Duty, § 35.
43. For granting Stamp Duties on Hairs; Licences to retail Spirits, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 14.
44. Regulations as to Dealers in and Importers of Hairs, § 6—13.
45. For granting Stamp Duties on Excise Licences, and on Bank Notes for Permits; and on Indentures, Bonds, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 47.
46. Duties on Deeds, is less of former Duties according to their length, § 5.
47. Decrees on Civil Bills, § 11.
48. Gasworks' Depositions, &c. § 13, 14.
49. Stamps on Judgments, Cognates, &c. § 17—21.
50. Duties on Licences to Sell Spirits from 2 Gallons to 50, 49 G. 3. c. 73. § 2, 3.

Sugar.

1. For regulating Drawback on Exports of Sugar, and allowing 50th Part of Sugar to be drawbacked in Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 38. § 43. 42 G. 3. c. 50; 43 G. 3. c. 71. 46 G. 3. c. 74.—New Drawbacks and Bounties given, 43 G. 3. c. 71.—10 per Cent. additional Bounty, 43 G. 3. c. 92. § 12.—Additional Bounty, 10 per Cent. 44 G. 3. c. 26. § 23; and 21st Nov. per Cent. more, 44 G. 3. c. 67. § 15.—The additional Bounty consolidated, 45 G. 3. c. 67. § 2.—A new Table of the Rates, 45 G. 3. c. 64.—A new Table consolidating and increasing the Amount of Bounties, 46 G. 3. c. 62.—[All repealed.]
2. To provide more effectually for regulating Drawbacks and Bounties on Exports of Sugar from Ireland; and allowing 50th Part of Sugar to be drawbacked in Ireland, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 19.—Amended, 48 G. 3. c. 71. § 14. 49 G. 3. c. 73. § 15. (See *post* as to warehousing.) [All repealed.]
3. Drawbacks and Bounties granted in lieu of *licences*, 47 G. 3. c. 71. c. 19. and *Rebates*.
4. Mode of ascertaining Price of raw Sugar, and Bounty on refined, &c. &c.
5. Decrease of Bounty on Exports in foreign Ships, &c.
6. During Suspension of Duty on raw Sugar, Drawback and Bounty shall be decreased in proportion, § 3.—Warehousing

3. For augmenting the Salaries of *Justices*, 47 G. 3. c. 17.—*Chief Justice*, 2000*l.*; *Justices*, 4000*l.* each, &c.—*Justices of Chief and Great Sessions in Wales*, 47th additional, § 5.

And for *Habeas Corpus*.

Justices of Assize, See *Judges*.

Justices of Peace.

1. For better Payment of Fees and Perquisites issued by *Justices out of Session in England*, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 85.
2. *Justices of Peace in England out of Session* may receive Fees, &c. imposed by him or other *Justices*, not payable to any Body Corporate, &c. or other Person; and shall receive Accounts thereof, and pay Accounts annually to Sheriff of County, and transmit Accounts thereof to Clerk of the Peace, &c.
3. Where Two *Justices* Accounts shall be kept, and Payment made by refusing *Justices*, &c.
4. Exceptions as to Fees for *Justices* Wages, and Fees payable at the Publick Offices in London, § 5.
5. For repairing Stairs, 42 G. 3. c. 37. and 35 G. 3. c. 75. relating to Publick Offices in *Albion* and *Barrow*, and making other Provisions in like behalf, 42 G. 3. c. 76.—*renewed*, 47 G. 3. c. 2. 42. *Till 18 June 1820, &c.*
6. The seven Publick Offices now established, and the *Justices* acting therein, enumerated, § 2.
7. No *Justice* shall take any Fees but at the Publick Offices, except in certain Cases, § 4.
8. Accounts and Applications of Fees and Perquisites received at the said Publick Offices, § 5—7. to. 11.
9. Salaries to *Justices* *pro anno* each, § 9.
10. *Recorder's Allowance*, § 12.
11. *Justices* excepted from sitting in Parliament.—*Justices*, *Recorder*, and other, not to interfere in *Distress*, § 14. 15.
12. Appointment of *Constables*, and their Power in apprehending *Infamous Persons* as *Robbers* and *Vagrants*, § 18.
13. —*Their Salary* 2*s.* *pro Week*, 47 G. 3. c. 42. § 2.
14. Provisions of Stat. 31 *Year*, c. 22. for Protection of *Justices*, &c. extended to all Persons in Publick Employment in or out of the Kingdom empowered to commit *Persons*, 42 G. 3. c. 85. § 6.
15. To render *Justices of the Peace* more safe in the Execution of their Duty, 43 G. 3. c. 141.
16. To Allow a *Special Justice* for any Condition, &c. *Peace* shall not be received in Damages held in the County, which shall not be *Warrant* at *publick Courts* pleaded, § 1.
17. No *Peace* shall be received, if on Trial it appears the *Peace* was actually guilty of Offence charged.
18. For giving *Justifications* to *Justices of Peace* to hear and determine *Prosecutions* for *Perjuries* incurred by any Offence against the Laws relating to the Revenue of Officers, 49 G. 3. c. 65.
19. *Provisions* not *repealed* shall not be recovered before two *Justices*, leviable by *District*, on *Distresses*, &c. within six Months, § 1—6.
20. *Misconduct* at *Perjuries*, § 4.—*Imprisonment* shall clear *Fines*, § 5.

See also *Plaintiffs*—*Thomas Paine*.

K.

King.

General Regulations as to the Royal Revenue, &c.

1. For the more speedy Recovery of Debts due to the Crown, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 90.

2. When upon any Account delivered, &c. in the Court of Exchequer in England, or on Judgment of that Court, any Debt shall be due to His Majesty, a Copy of such Account shall be transmitted, and transmitted to and enrolled in the Exchequer in Ireland, and Provisions thereof against the *Duke's Duty* and *Exchequer*, &c.—*Money* issued in Ireland shall be paid into the *Bank* Exchequer, and transmitted to English Exchequer, &c.—*And it is enacted* as Accounts declared, in the Exchequer at *Ireland*, § 2.
3. For the better Support of His Majesty's Household, &c. and for preventing Accumulation of Arrears in Payments out of the Civil List Revenue, 44 G. 3. c. 8.
4. 50,000*l.* *pro Anno* added to the Civil List during the King's Life, § 1.
5. Account of Accumulation of Arrears of Payments on Civil List shall from Time to Time be laid before Parliament, § 2.
6. To amend *17th Act*, 31 G. 3. c. 34. for setting a Civil List in Ireland, 44 G. 3. c. 76.
7. Money for Secret Service may be issued by the Treasury of Ireland to the Under Secretary for Civil Affairs, and accounted for as he Oath, § 2.
8. The King enabled to grant *Clasp* *Key* to Lord *Swilley*, 45 G. 3. c. 117.
9. To amend *17th Act*, 31 G. 3. c. 72; 39 G. 3. c. 34. for Sale of *Quit Rents* and *Permitted Lands* in Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 123.
10. *17th Treasury* empowered to dispose of *Rents* and *Lands*, § 1.—*Repealed* as to *Lands*, 47 G. 3. c. 175.
11. —*As proposed* for *Amendment* *Rent*, 46 G. 3. c. 123. § 2.
12. *Parliament* Money in *Stock* shall be transmitted to *Commissioners* for reducing the National Debt of Ireland, § 3.—*Repealed*, 47 G. 3. c. 16.
13. The King empowered to grant new *Leases* on former *Rents* for the Benefit of *Christians* or *Church Benefices*, 46 G. 3. c. 151.
14. The King and his Heirs &c. empowered to direct the Execution of any *Trusts*, in which *Lands* vested in law by *Edwards*, &c. (on right of the *Crown* or *Duchy of Lancaster*) might have been liable, and to release such *Lands*, or reward *Discreetors*, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 24.
15. For granting *Patents* and *extending* *defective Titles* in Ireland, and limiting the Right of the *Crown* to far in certain Cases; and for Relief of *Incumbents* in respect of Arrears due to the *Crown*, 45 G. 3. c. 47.
16. The King shall not be in Ireland any Person in respect of any Estate, while the Right hath accrued or shall accrue under 20 *Y.* and before 21 *Y.* of *Commencement* of such *Right*—*Persons* having enjoyed 60 *Years* *Patents*, granted, § 2.
17. In what Cases *Rents*, &c. of *Estates* shall be directed in Charge, § 3.
18. *Estate*, the Revenue whereof is to the *Crown*, shall be held by *twenty* *Years* after *Determination* of the particular *Estate*, § 5.
19. *Lands* shall be holden of the *Crown* upon the usual *Terms*, *Services*, and *Duties*, § 4.
20. *Rents* paid to the King shall remain payable, § 5.
21. *Incumbents* at *Benefices* shall not be liable to Arrears of *Crown Rents* accrued before their *Incumbency*, § 6.
22. To improve a *Land* Heretofore of the *Crown* and of the *Duchy of Lancaster*, 48 G. 3. c. 7.
23. *Leases* for 99 *Years* may be granted of *Crown Land* for *Gas* &c. to be used with *Heads*, § 1.
24. Not to be granted for a longer Term than the *House*, § 2.
25. No *Lease* for *Lands*, § 3.
26. *Revenue* of *Lands*, § 4. c. 7.
27. *Surveyor General* may purchase *Leases* of *Crown Lands* for *publick Service*, § 6—8.

28. *New-proton* Enrolments, Entries, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 75. § 9.
29. Chancellor of Duchy, &c. may sell certain Lands under Acts for Redemption of Land Tax, § 10.
30. Surveyor General may sell Messuages, Quot Rents, &c. under said Acts, § 11.
31. Provisions of Sale of Crown and Duchy Lands how to be made, § 12.
32. Surveyor General may account for Sale of Manorial Right, and Evictionment of Copyholds, § 13.
33. Contents of the Treasury Register, § 14.
34. Provisions of such Sale how to be made, § 15-17.
35. Former Contracts, &c. not read for want of proper Stamp; future Contracts exempt from Stamp Duties, § 18.
36. Leases of Messuages and Crown Land, where Heir of an entail Value are built, § 19, 20.
37. Leases of Property of uncertain Value may be granted for 31 Years, § 21.
38. Lease of Lands with Wastes, § 22.
39. Altering Rent and Free by Treasury, § 23-25.
40. Leases of Messuages, Quotages, &c. § 26.
41. Rights of the Crown in the Forest of Breckford may be sold, § 27.
42. Exchange of Crown Lands, § 28-30.
43. Licenses regarding the King's *depo* Manors may be granted by one of the Secretaries of State, previous to Order in Council, 48 G. 3. c. 125. § 2.
44. For Allowances to the King in Acts for making Common, *Woods*, &c. and for general Savings of the King's Rights to *Mines*, *Fish*, &c. and of his Consent as Patron of *Living*, &c. for the several Local Acts to which these Provisions are contained: these are noted in each Act.—For the general Savings applicable to all Acts of Inclosure, see 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 109. § 41.
- See also *Perpetual Acts* (Royal Family).

King's Bench.

To enable the Clerks of the King's Convey and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench to be admitted as Attorneys, 45 G. 3. c. 28.

King's Printer, See Poor, Statutes.

L.

Loans.

1. For better encouraging the Manufactory of Thread Laces in Great Britain, 48 G. 3. c. 81.
2. Regulations as to Importation of Foreign Thread Laces, § 1-14.
3. Licenses to Dealers in Foreign or *Brigg* Laces, § 15, &c. See also *Tale Cylinders*.

Lancaster Duchy, } Sec King.
Land-Revenue, }

Land Tax Commissioners.

For appointing Commissioners to execute Acts for granting Dues on Professions, &c. and Land Tax Acts, [3 G. 3. c. 5.]. 45 G. 3. c. 48; 46 G. 3. c. 107; 48 G. 3. c. 104; 49 G. 3. c. 38.

Land Tax on *Perpetual Estate*, See Revenue.

Land Tax (Redemption of).

- For extending the Period for Redemption under former Acts, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 75.
- For constituting the Provisions of all former Acts for Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, 43 G. 3. c. 116.—Amended, 45 G. 3. c. 77; 46 G. 3. c. 133; 49 G. 3. c. 57.
- Provisions of former Acts repealed, 41 G. 3. c. 116. § 1-4. But see § 122, 175, 176, 179, 181, 185, 190.
- Appointments, Oath, and Power of Commissioners for Sale of Land Tax by Individuals, § 5-8, 19.
- Appointments of Commissioners for registering Sales by Corporations, § 21; their Oath, § 23; and Power, § 24-26. 84; empowered to execute Small Leases and Customable Indentures gross, 46 G. 3. c. 133. 49 G. 3. c. 67.

Parties empowered to contract, viz.

- Corporations and Publick Trustees, 43 G. 3. c. 116. § 9-10, 85, 86.
- All Professions except Tenants at Rack Rent, &c. and of Crown Lands, § 10.
- Redemption of Land Tax on Crown Lands, &c. in Duchy of Lancaster and Cornwall, § 131-133.
- Joint Tenants or Coparceners, § 11, 39-53, 82-84.
- Coal or other Companies, § 12, 40.
- Waterworks, Inheritance Offices, Lights, King's Printing-House, Companies of Merchants, and Bank of England, § 31.
- Private Trustees for Infants, Leases, &c. § 14, 53, 54, 55, 128.
- Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, § 15, 44, 161.
- Trustees for Poor Clergy, § 16, 45, 77, 161.
- College, Payers of Livery, &c. § 17, 38. [See 45 G. 3. c. 77; 46 G. 3. c. 133; 49 G. 3. c. 67.]

What Perpetual Property may be employed in redeeming Land Tax.

- Money directed to be laid out as Lands, &c. by Trustees, Corporations, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 116. § 47, 42, 43, 128.
- Tier or Church Rates by Parishes as to Lands letted to Charities, § 45, 47.
- Dominions or Hospitals, &c. § 48, 50, 161.
- Corporation Funds, § 37, 139.

How Money may be raised on Estates, &c. for Redemption.

- By Sale or Mortgage, &c. of Lands by Parties in Possession, 43 G. 3. c. 116. § 51-57.
- By Corporations, § 62, 70, 82, 83, 85, 86.
- By Colleges, § 70.
- By Ecclesiastical Officers, § 79.
- By Parties having advanced Money, § 91-101, 102, 165.
- By Sale of Trunk Property by Trustees, § 35-55, 108, 109.
- By release of Copyholds, § 40, 70, 71. See § 94.
- By selling Timber, § 87.
- Concessions by Tenants at Will, § 101, 61, 62, 137.
- Sale of Lands in different Counties, § 56.
- Where Estate cannot be divided, § 63-66, 90, 95, 100, 101, 102, 165.
- Payment of Consideration may be in Stock, § 99-101.
- Advance of Money by Treasury, § 37, 105-112.
- Sale of Lands by Auction exempted from Duty, § 113.

Mode of Proceeding in Sale and Redemption.

- Preference to Corporations and Parties having Title over all others, and no Parties in Possession to claim in Reversion, 43 G. 3. c. 116. § 18, 19; and for § 20, 21, 36, 37, 113-115; 36, 97, 151, 152-163.

35. Consideration

35. Consideration for Redemption; is $\frac{3}{4}$ per Cent. Costs, at $\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. Redempt. § 24. And for § 24. and 43 G. 3. c. 58. as to circumventing the Price of Funds.
36. Mode of redeeming Land Tax (not exceeding 25. per Annum) by Payment of Money to the Receiver-General, in Proportion to the current Price of Stocks as transferred to him, 42 G. 3. c. 116 § 25, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33. And for 45 G. 3. c. 51.
37. Time and Manner of transferring Stock in Payment, 42 G. 3. c. 116 § 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35.
38. Certificate of Concomitancy, § 32. See § 120, 120.
39. Appraising Value of Taxes, &c. § 33, 34.
40. Mines, Advowsons, &c. belonging to Ecclesiastical Corporations, shall not pass, either by express or general Words in Conveyances, § 30.
41. Land Tax redeemed by Ecclesiastical Corporations shall be considered as additional yearly Rent in Leases by them, § 35, 35.
42. And for Land Tax redeemed by Corporations, &c. as Copyholds let on Lease, § 39, 123.
43. And for on Leaseholds, &c. § 128, 129.
44. And for Land Tax redeemed by Landlords where payable by Tenants, § 26.
45. If Land Tax purchased by Tenants, it may be deducted from Rents, § 125.
46. Regulations as to the Payment into the Bank of Purchase Money for Estates, &c. sold, &c. and Re-advance of Stock on Money improperly paid, § 28, 31, 32, 117, 121, 121, 122.
47. How Contracts, &c. shall be registered, § 119, 120, 124, 124.
48. Where Parties having Preference (see ante No. 24) shall not act within 24th June 1803. Commissioners may contract for Sale to additional Parties, § 121.
49. Considerations to be paid on such Sales, § 123.
50. Mode of Contract by which Lands shall be encumbered from Land Tax, and the Amount to be payable to Purchaser as a Fee-Tax Rent, 42 G. 3. c. 116, § 124, 125, 126, 126.
51. Where Contracts are not fulfilled, Land Tax shall remain, &c. § 127—129.
52. For securing Payment of Money received by Collector to Receiver-General in Scotland, § 129—130.
53. At what Time and in what Manner Assessments of the present Land Tax shall be demanded by Redemption, and absolutely made, § 120—122, 127.
54. Assessments exceeding 4s. in the Pound shall be altered, § 121.
55. How distresses as to Charges on Lands sold by Corporations, &c. § 34, 33.
56. ———— Free-Tax Rent, &c. § 97, 100, 107, 137.
57. ———— Free Mortgages, § 112.
58. ———— Duties payable by Receivers not more than one Year, § 114.
59. Commissioners shall not receive Seats in Parliament, and Commissioners not to be considered as holding a Place of Profit under the King, § 109.
60. Investing, &c. of Money in Purchase of Land Tax by the *Globe Insurance Company* under 39 G. 3. c. 100, and the Company's Charter, shall be regulated by the Act, § 105.
61. Persons claiming to vote for Members of Parliament for England or Wales, in virtue of Leases, the Land Tax whereof shall be redeemed, shall be entitled to vote on proving such Redemption, § 100.
62. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 128—125.

Larceny.

1. For stealing to each of Stat. 8 Edw. c. 4. as taken away the Benefit of Clergy is taken of stealing piously from the

Parson; and for more effectually preventing the Crime of Larceny from the Parson, 48 G. 3. c. 120.

2. Stat. 8 Edw. c. 4. § 1. — repeated, § 1.

3. Penalty on Shoplifter Taken from the Parson, not being Robbery, Transportation for Life, &c. § 2.

Leaves, Legacies, See Stamps.

Leather, See Customs.

Letters of Marque.

Admiralty, in Request of Commissioners of Customs, Excise, &c. may issue Letters of Marque to Persons commissioned by said Commissioners, and Prizes taken shall be divided as Custom Officers of Customs & Excise shall direct, 44 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 75. And for 45 G. 3. c. 71, 19, 22.

See further *Act Prima*.

Levant Trade, See Importation.

Licences under Sign Manual, See King-

Lieutenants of Counties, See Defence of the Realm.

Lignum Quassia, See Customs, Spices.

Light Houses.

For erecting a Light House on the *Isle of Cape Rock* on the Eastern Coast of Ireland, 45 G. 3. c. 132.

See also *Tide Harbours*.

Licence.

1. 21 G. 2. c. 11. granting Licences on *Whisky* and *Wine* Licences, &c. c. 11, 11, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 57. § 51, 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 3. 40 G. 3. c. 73 § 3. [in 15th March 1811.]
2. For erecting the *London* on certain Licences exported from *Great Britain* the *West India*, 45 G. 3. c. 58.
3. The Operation of the Act 45 G. 3. c. 58, confined only to *Wine* Licences and *Wine* Licences, 46 G. 3. c. 124. See 47 G. 3. c. 22, and 48 G. 3. c. 28. Schedule A.
4. Like Licences on all Cotton printed, &c. in *Great Britain*, on *Whisky* and *Wine* Licences between and white, and on printed Laces and *Wool* Cloths exported to *Made* from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, as if exported to *Gibraltar*, 47 G. 3. c. 24. c. 24.
- See further *Customs, Ireland; Wines*.

Literary Property, See Copyright.

Loans, See Revenue.

Local Acts, See Titles Bridges, Canals, Inclosures, Turnpikes, &c. and also Title Personal Acts.

London, See Canals, Defence of the Realm, Harbours, Paving, &c.

Longitude.

1. To render more efficient 5 G. 3. c. 20. § 21. relating to the Delivery of the Longitude at Sea, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 18; 45 G. 3. c. 37.
2. Who has effected Naval Almsacks, 43 G. 3. c. 118. § 1.
3. Licences by Comports men for printing them sold, § 2.
4. Secretary of Commissions shall sue for Penalties for printing them, § 3.
5. Commissions shall certify Amount of Debts incurred by them, 43 G. 3. c. 118. § 4; 46 G. 3. c. 77. § 1.
6. Commissions shall certify Particulars of trying Experiments, and also what Rewards Persons are entitled to, 45 G. 3. c. 37. § 2.
7. Such Debts and Rewards shall not exceed 500*l.* 43 G. 3. c. 118.—800*l.* 46 G. 3. c. 77. § 1.
8. How Rewards shall be certified, 43 G. 3. c. 118. § 7. 3.—46 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. 5.

Lottery, See Revenue, Unlawful Games.

Lunatics.

1. Estates of Lunatics in England or Ireland may be sold as mortgaged for Payment of Debts under the Order of the Lord Chancellor, 43 G. 3. c. 75. § 3. 2.
2. Power to take Lands or Estates in certain Cases, § 3. 4.
3. For the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals in England, 48 G. 3. c. 56.
4. Justices in Sessions may give Notice of their Intent to receive Lunatics—Alysons—Comptrols may be named for that Purpose—Visiting Justices appointed, § 10*et* seq.
5. How Expenses shall be defrayed, § 7.
6. Money may be borrowed on Mortgage of Rates, § 8.
7. Rate charged with a Sinking Fund, § 9.
8. Repayment of Money borrowed in 14 Years, § 10.
9. Corporations, Trustees, &c. empowered to convey Lands, § 11.
10. Justices not to be concerned in Contracts, § 12.
11. Regulations as to Lunatic Paupers removed into such Asylums, § 17. 18.
12. Commitment of Lunatics by Justices, § 19—21.
13. Asylums may be visited with Asylums established by voluntary Contributions, § 23.
14. Lunatics shall not be allowed to go at large, § 25.
15. Powers of Visiting Justices in appointing Officers, directing Expenses, &c. § 24. 25.
16. Asylums exempted from Window Tax and several Rates, § 26.
17. Forth of Settlement of Lunatics charged with Masters shall maintain the Lunatic, § 27.

M.

Maidstone Geneva, See Spirits.

Malicious Injuries, See Bastards, Felonies, Shooting, Ships.

Malt.

1. Annual Acts concerning Duties on Malt, 43 G. 3. c. 2; 43 G. 3. c. 21. 44 G. 3. c. 10.—[Thus and the following Acts upon the Duty on Malt, Cider, and Perry.]—45 G. 3. c. 11. 46 G. 3. c. 21. 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 21. 48 G. 3. c. 2. § 1—10; 49 G. 3. c. 1. § 1—15. [In 24th Year 1810.]

1. Reviving and continuing 43 G. 3. (G. 3.) c. 6. for Shortening the Time of keeping to Steep for Malting Barley damaged by Rain, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 51. [Extended.]
2. To prevent peeling Malt, Corn, or Grass may be removed from the Coach, and laid level to the Malthouse.—Penalty on its exceeding One Bushel in Tweedy above the Gauge taken in the Coach, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 51. § 1.
3. Additional Duties, 43 G. 3. c. 28. § 2. repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 49. See Title, Excise.
4. Regulations as to writing and valuing of Malt, 43 G. 3. c. 37. § 1—22. [§ 30 repealed, 46 G. 3. c. 119.]
5. Additional Duty on Malt during the War, 43 G. 3. c. 81. See Title, Excise.
6. Malsters, Brewers, &c. shall give Account of Malt in their Full-Bushes on July 5. 1805, on Penalty of 100*l.*—Duties shall be paid by Malsters, 43 G. 3. c. 81. § 9. 10.
7. Officers may enter Premises to take Account of Stock.—Penalty too, on obstructing Officers, &c.—Malt unmoved, &c. may be seized.—Penalty for Default of Notice, § 12.
8. For storing and amending the Laws relating to Malt, 45 G. 3. c. 139. continued 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 57; 48 G. 3. c. 36; but see now 48 G. 3. c. 74.
9. For the better Collection of the Duties on Malt in Great Britain, 48 G. 3. c. 74.—Malster shall deliver Annual Account of Stock of Barley, § 1.
10. Account before writing, § 2.
11. Notice of Stock in Books, § 2—3.
12. How Accounts of Stock shall be kept by Officers, § 6—9.
13. Proofs of Malt shall be the Common of Quantity, § 10.
14. Malster may be summoned to give Evidence, § 11.
15. Evidence may be given that no Fuel was introduced, § 12.
16. No Malster shall water Corn making into Malt till it has been 12 Days or 168 Hours out of the Ovens, § 13. 14.
17. Appeal to Sessions given in all Cases of Obstruction relating to Malt, § 15.
18. Penalties under Stat. 12 Geo. 3. c. 2. § 4. 25; 36*l.* introduced, 48 G. 3. c. 74. § 16, 17. 18.
19. Penalty on having Coals together in the Ovens, § 19. 21.
20. ——— on making Steeping of Coals, § 20. 21.
21. Form of Com-Plans, § 22.
22. Recovery of Penalties, § 23.
23. Malsters shall clear Duties every Fortnight unless Security is given to clear every Four Months, § 25.
24. Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 24.

See further, *Magis Ireland; Provisions.*

Malta.

For regulating the Trade to and from the Island of Malta, and declaring it to be Part of Europe, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 203. continued, 45 G. 3. c. 18. § 2. [during the War, 44 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.]

See also, *Importation and Exportation; Laws.*

Man (Ile of).

1. Stat. 38 G. 3. c. 65. for the further Encouragement of the Trade and Manufactures of the Ile of Man, continued, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 51; 45 G. 3. c. 53; 45 G. 3. c. 20. § 5. 46 G. 3. c. 96. § 1. [In 25th July 1805. See Permanent Act, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 2*o*. No. 2.]
2. For regulating and encouraging the Trade, for the Improvement of the Revenue, and Prevention of Smuggling to and from the Ile of Man, 45 G. 3. c. 99.
3. Commissioners of Customs empowered to grant yearly Licences for Importation into the Port of Douglas of Wine and Spirits from any Place; and of Rum, Tea, Coffee, and Tobacco

- Tobacco from Great Britain in Vessels of 50 Tons, § 1.
- Treasury may increase the Quantities to be allowed, § 17.
- 4. Duties on such Importations, § 3.—Accounts thereof, § 4.
- 5. Regulation as to Convoyance of Wine and Spirits, § 6.
- 7. 11.
- 6. Licences for exporting Live Sheep from England, § 8.
- 7. Penalty on exporting Licences, *post* § 9.
- 8. Duties on and Duty on Hops between Great Britain and Man, § 12.
- 9. Regulation as to Importation, &c. of Certain Yarn, Cloth, and Silk, § 13—15.
- 10. Payment of Draw-backs on Commodities of landing to the *Ido*, § 16.
- 11. Treasury may allow Free Spirits and Wine to be imported into the Island, § 19, 20.
- 12. Tonnage Duties on Ships to or from the *Ido* repaired, § 21.

Marble, See Customs.

Marriages.

- 1. For rendering valid certain Marriages solemnized in certain Churches and public Chapels in which Banns had not already been published (before the A.D. 26 G. 2. c. 33.) 44 G. 3. c. 77. 48 G. 3. c. 117.
 - 2. Such Marriages solemnized before 23d March 1805, declared valid, 44 G. 3. c. 77. § 11 before 23d August 1805, 44 G. 3. c. 117 § 2.
 - 3. Marriages having solemnized such Marriages solemnized, 44 G. 3. c. 77. § 11. 48 G. 3. c. 117 § 2.
 - 4. Register of such Marriages declared, Evidence, § 2.
 - 5. Such Registers shall be removed from Chapels to Parish Churches adjoining, &c.
- See also, Title Clergy.

Medicines.

- 1. Stamp Duties on Licences taken out by Persons selling Medicines granted by 17 G. 2. c. 39. Such order, and new Duties imposed, 48 G. 3. c. 56. § 1, 2.
- 2. Duties shall be paid by Owners before exposed to Sale, § 1.
- 3. Exemptions from Duty, § 3, 4, 5.
- 4. Licences shall be taken out, *See* § 6—8.
- 5. Penalty for selling Medicines liable to Duty, without Licence, *post* § 9.
- 6. Persons vendng such Medicines shall apply for such Cases, Labels, &c. and affix same thereto, as Penalty on Persons using Labels wrong, *See* 46 G. 3. c. 11—14. And *See* 41 G. 3. c. 33. § 2, 3.
- 7. Notice to Civil officers of Places of making and vending Medicines on Penalty of 10*l*. at 41 G. 3. c. 33. § 17.
- 8. Courts, *See* 11*th* Edw. 1. may be reheard, § 18.—Appeal, § 19.—Penalties may be mitigated, § 14.
- 9. Schedule to foregoing A.D., 42 G. 3. c. 75. repealed, and a new Schedule substituted, 42 G. 3. c. 75.
- 10. Buyer or Seller may inform against each other, 42 G. 3. c. 75. § 25. But *See* 42 G. 3. c. 77. that Professions shall be only in the Name of the Attorney General, or by a Person appointed by Stamp Office, § 4.—Licensing of Doctors, Three Months, § 5.

Military Abuses, See Office and Officer.

Military Service, See Defence of the Realm.

Militia.

I. Annual Acts for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.

- 1. In England, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 43; 48 G. 3. c. 49. [As to Ireland, *See* under that Title.]
- 2. Pay and Clothing for Great Britain, 42 G. 3. c. 94—44 G. 3. c. 39. 45 G. 3. c. 52, 46 G. 3. c. 191. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 39; 48 G. 3. c. 40. [Ireland.]
- 3. For defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for 1809—48 G. 3. c. 87. [to 15th December 1809.]
- 4. Secretary at War shall issue Pay according to Rates specified, § 1.
- 5. Allowances to Sergeants, § 2.
- 6. Quarter-Master shall have Charge of Arms, and account for contraband Expence, § 4.
- 7. Pay only during Exercise, § 4.
- 8. All Money shall be issued under Directions and Regulation of Secretary at War, § 5.
- 9. Rates to keepers for billeting, § 6.
- 10. Half-pay Officers serving in Militia, § 7. *See*—*Chiefs* Penalties, § 9.
- 11. Allowances to Adjutants having served 30 Years, § 10.—of reduced Regiments, § 11.
- 12. ——— to Sergeants having served 30 Years, § 12.
- 13. ——— to Clerks of General Meetings, &c. § 13, 14.
- 14. No Stamp Duty on Commissions, Bills for Pay, &c. § 15, 17.

II. Allowances to Militia Officers.—(And *See* also, I.)

- 1. Retiring and continuing 39, 40 G. 3. c. 443 for granting Allowances to Adjutants, Sergeant Majors, and Serjeants of disbanded Militia of England, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 55. § 1; 42 G. 3. c. 64; 43 G. 3. c. 102; 44 G. 3. c. 40; 45 G. 3. c. 61; 46 G. 3. c. 202; 47 G. 3. c. 211; 48 G. 3. c. 252; 49 G. 3. c. 89. [to 23rd March 1810.]
 - 2. Allowances to Subalterns in Militia of England in Time of Peace, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 55; 42 G. 3. c. 55.
 - 3. Allowances to Subalterns in Militia in Great Britain, 43 G. 3. c. 72; 44 G. 3. c. 52; 45 G. 3. c. 50; 46 G. 3. c. 212; 47 G. 3. c. 121; 48 G. 3. c. 51. 49 G. 3. c. 88. 50th March 1810. [to 15th May 1810.]
 - 4. Certain Allowances besides Pay to Lieutenants, Sergeants, and Esquires.—Their Oath, which shall be transmitted to Receiver General of Land Tax § 1—5.
 - 5. Subalterns, &c. not attending annual Exercise except on Leave of Absence, &c. shall receive Allowance and Pay, § 1—7.
 - 6. Subalterns, &c. entitled to Allowances through Militia not called out, and Allowances shall be paid without Deduction, § 5, 6.
 - 7. Allowances shall be paid by Receiver General while Militia is not embodied, and shall extend only to a certain Number, § 8.
 - 8. Senior Lieutenants shall have Preference, and Justice favored on Vacancies, § 9.
- III. Acts for raising, maintaining, and augmenting the Regular Militia of Great Britain.
- 1. For regulating the Number of Militia Men in England, and supplying Vacancies on the Militia, 41 G. 3. c. 1.
 - 2. From the Time of disembodding the Militia the total Number shall be 30,586, § 1.
 - 3. The foregoing Act repealed, 42 G. 3. c. 90. § 1.
 - 4. To amend Acts for raising Militia in Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 67. But *See* No. 3.

3. General Act, for amending the Laws relating to, and for amending, the Militia of England, 43 G. 3 c. 50—See *ibid.*, 43 G. 3 c. 91.
6. Militia raised under 45 G. 3 c. 107, (see) to be regulated by the Act.—Commissioners for Commissioned as under former Acts.—Future Dispositions to be supplied under this Act, 45 G. 3 c. 92-93.
7. Appointment of Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, c. 90 § 17-5; c. 91 c. 91 § 3, 6.
8. Qualifications of Deputy Lieutenants and Militia Officers in England, Cumberland, &c. Wales, and Isle of Ely, c. 90 § 6-11, 12, 13—(See) of *Wales*, § 120.
9. In Scotland, except Edinburgh City, c. 91 § 5.
10. Qualification of Deputy Lieutenants for Edinburgh City, c. 91 § 7-9—*for Act and Scotland*, 43 G. 3 c. 50 § 22.
11. Deputy Lieutenants and Officers shall take Oath of Supremacy, &c. 43 G. 3 c. 50 § 111 c. 91 § 9.
12. Officers having been promoted to the Rank of Major, a 2 again reduced, may hold their Rank in the general Service, c. 90 § 16, c. 91 § 11.
13. Appointment of Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, c. 90 § 18 c. 90 § 13.
14. Total Number of private Men, (see *post*, No. 58.) 40965 which shall continue till June 25, 1805, and afterwards to be appointed by Privy Council, 43 G. 3 c. 50 § 19; c. 90 § 14, 15.
15. Privy Council, by *Law* 25, 1805, shall sit Quarterly, and afterwards every Ten Years, c. 50 § 18, 391 c. 91 § 17.
16. Regulations for holding General and Subdivision Meetings of Lieutenants, c. 90 § 21—23; c. 90 § 16—20, 43 G. 3 c. 90, and c. 100.
17. Appeals to Subdivision Meetings, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 19; and for 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 17. [And see 46 G. 3 c. 91 § 2.]
18. Duties of Constables, &c. 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 26, 28, 30—34. [See 46 G. 3 c. 91.]
19. Duties of Subdivision Meetings in Scotland, 43 G. 3 c. 91 § 21—29.
20. Extrajudicial Places, c. 90 § 25.
21. Duties of Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, c. 90 § 16, 391 c. 91 § 10, 31.
22. General Meeting may have Subdivisions, &c. c. 90 § 40; c. 91 § 14.
23. Second Subdivision Meetings shall appoint Number of Men to serve for each Parish, and each shall to be balloted for Militia Men, and Subdivisions shall serve for Five Years.—*These Oath*, c. 90 § 41; c. 91 § 15, 16.
24. Volunteers may be recruited, and Rate made for paying them Bounties, c. 90 § 42; c. 91 § 17.
25. Exemptions from serving in Militia, c. 90 § 41; c. 91 § 18, 19, 20. [And for 43 G. 3 c. 80, c. 90 § 7, c. 123, 124; 46 G. 3 c. 100 § 21, 22.]
26. Half the Price of Volunteers in Parishes not worth 500*l.*, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 13.
27. Persons fraudulently bound Apprentices shall serve, c. 90 § 49.
28. Regulations as to sending Lists, balloting Men, being up Vacancies, providing Bounties for Quarters, &c.—*Clipping Men*, and having them examined by a Surgeon Discharging under *Med.* providing Men in lieu of those whose Term expires—Disputes between Masters and Servants, &c. &c. c. 90 § 24—30; c. 91 § 19—25. And for 43 G. 3 c. 90, and c. 100.
29. Substitutes or Volunteers, not appearing to be Invered, and return Bounties, &c. 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 52; c. 91 § 17.
30. How Money shall be paid to Substitutes, &c.—Militia Men shall not be called into Standing Army—Penalty for leaving up for Volunteers, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 53—56; c. 91 § 28—32.

31. Training and exercising Militia Regiments, c. 90 § 68—77; c. 91 § 61—70. [And see 41 G. 3 c. 31, 32, 35.]
- *31. To provide for Completion of Establishment of Officers, 43 G. 3 c. 38; 44 G. 3 c. 50. [See *the War*.]
32. Officers reduced under 43 G. 3 c. 90 or c. 91, may, if approved of, succeed to Vacancies, and take Rank under their original Commissions, § 1.
33. Captains reduced, as not qualified under said Acts, may refuse to Rank, § 2.
34. Captain Lieutenants continued, § 3.
35. Officers on Full or Half Pay of the Army or Marines may, in certain Cases, be appointed, and likewise Persons not possessing Qualifications in the County, § 4, 5.
36. For augmenting the Field Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, 43 G. 3 c. 71. Additional Major to increase Regiments in Scotland, 43 G. 3 c. 91 § 145—148.
37. Appointment of Adjutants, Sergeants, Quarter-Masters, Regimental Clerks, Surgeon Majors, Extra Companies, and Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and other Drummers, &c. 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 77—85; c. 91 § 71—85.
38. No Adjutant shall be appointed Captain of a Company, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 81; c. 91 § 77; but he may be appointed to the Rank of Captain, by *Warrant*, though not qualified, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 77; c. 91 § 77.—Second Adjutant may be appointed, 43 G. 3 c. 71 § 5.
39. Sergeants in Civil Hospital may serve in Militia, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 85; c. 91 § 83.
40. Training and exercising Men for 24 Days, c. 90 § 81; c. 91 § 80—85.—Time of Exercise enlarged to 28 Days in England and Scotland, 43 G. 3 c. 19.
41. Penalty on buying or hiring Arms, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 101, 102; c. 91 § 97, 98.
42. Mode of proceeding against Men not attending annual Exercise, or being late, &c. and on Substitutes, Volunteers or Sergeants, &c. not paying or delinquent, or subjected to be delinquent, c. 90 § 108—110, 127, 128, 131; c. 91 § 104, 105, 108, 129, 130.
43. His Majesty may, on case of Invasion, &c. order Militia to be embodied and led into any Part of Great Britain, c. 90 § 111; c. 91 § 107.
44. And Militia attend, c. 90 § 112—115; c. 91 § 110.
45. But shall not be ordered out of Great Britain, c. 90 § 112; c. 91 § 108.
46. In each Case Parliament, if not sitting, shall be called together in 24 Days, c. 90 § 117; (see *post*, § 147, 1) c. 90 § 109. [And see No. 50.]
47. Militia to be embodied carried to Pay as other Troop, and wounded, sent to Civil Hospital, c. 90 § 117, 119; c. 91 § 112—115. [See 46 G. 3 c. 120, that this shall not extend to recruited Pay of Regulation.]
48. Captains shall be paid One Guinea, to be laid out in Necessaries for Men, 43 G. 3 c. 90 § 121, c. 91 § 117.
49. The like when their Term is prolonged, c. 90 § 125, c. 91 § 120.
50. The like as to Substitutes and Volunteers, and a like Bounty every Three Years, c. 90 § 126, c. 91 § 121.
51. For visiting Men whose Term is within Four Months of expiring, c. 90 § 127, 128; c. 91 § 122, 129.
52. Duty of County Lieutenants, &c. when Militia is embodied, as to making out Lists, balloting for Men, &c. c. 90 § 129, 130, 132, 131, c. 91 § 123, 124, 127, 128.
53. The like when their Term is prolonged, c. 90 § 125; c. 91 § 120.
54. Allowances to Men attending the Ballot not being chosen, c. 90 § 137—139; c. 91 § 132—134.
55. His Majesty may embody Remainder of Militia, c. 90 § 140, 141; c. 91 § 135, 136.

50. Such Parts of Militia as is not embodied may be drawn out and exercised, 43 G. 3. c. 95. § 141, 243; c. 91. § 17-125.
51. His Majesty may disemboddy Militia and re-emboddy them, c. 90. § 140, 145, c. 91. § 129, 140.
52. In case of Invasion, Militia may be increased by not more than Half of the former Number, c. 90. § 140; c. 91. § 141.
53. In Half Case Parliament shall be called together, c. 90. § 141, c. 91. § 141. (And for No. 45.)
54. Such Supplement to Militia may by Proclamation be raised and disbanded, but Men shall remain liable to serve, c. 90. § 142; c. 91. § 142.
55. Number of Men to be embodied by Northumberland extended to Southwales Town, c. 90. § 140.
56. Militia at London shall continue to be regulated under following Acts applicable thereto, c. 90. § 141.
57. Act not to extend to Towns of London and Greenwich, § 134. See Title *Towns*.
58. Militia of Cinque Ports, c. 90. § 155 and 43 G. 3. c. 100. § 2-4.
59. Penalty on Currier, &c. where Quotas are not filled, and Mode of making Offences for the same, c. 90. § 157. 169, 168, 169, c. 90. § 150-154. [And for 43 G. 3. c. 95. § 1-41, 44 G. 3. c. 95. § 109.]
60. Penalties of 24 G. 3. c. 44. extended to County Leviesmen, 43 G. 3. c. 90. § 171; c. 91. § 165.
61. Acceptance of Commissions in the Militia not to sever Serve in Parliament, 43 G. 3. c. 90. § 173. c. 91. § 177. Officers in the Militia exempted from being Sheriff, § 170.
62. Men may be absent at Elections, c. 90. § 172; c. 91. § 163.
63. Sergeants, &c. or Men not to Live as Peace Officers, c. 90. § 174. c. 91. § 169.
64. Married Men may exercise Trades, c. 90. § 175. c. 91. § 170.
65. For more speedily completing the Militia called out, 43 G. 3. c. 90. 91. and amending the Militia called out, 43 G. 3. c. 90. 91. Mode of supplying Vacancies and filling Penalties on Contingent for Distances in Quotas, § 104-11. (See No. 85.)
66. Regulations as to passing Delictors Surrendering, and their being allowed, § 5. 6.
67. No Soldier Men shall be a Militia Man, § 7. (See No. 77.)
68. Penalties for Supplementary Militia, § 8.
69. Penalty on High Constables, Adjourns, &c. enjoining for providing Substitutes, No. 94. § 11.
70. For transferring to the Navy, Seamen serving in the Militia of Great Britain, 43 G. 3. c. 62.—Of Ireland, c. 70.
71. Private Militia Men, being Seamen, agreeing to enter into the Navy, may be discharged, 43 G. 3. c. 60. § 1.
72. Not more than One Tenth shall be discharged, § 2.
73. How such Vacancies shall be filled up by Volunteers, § 3-4.
74. For every Seaman so discharged, the Commandant entitled to 20 Groats for providing another Man, § 5.
75. Militia Men serving in the Navy shall continue, § 6.
76. His Majesty may make a new Arrangement of the Establishment of the Regiments of Militia, 43 G. 3. c. 70. § 10.
77. To empower His Majesty on certain special Paid Pay Officers of the Militia during the War, notwithstanding the Reduction (under the preceding Act), 43 G. 3. c. 90.
78. For the Return of correct Lists of Persons liable to serve in the Militia, and on Subject the Bearer for the Militia in England for Two Years, 43 G. 3. c. 91.
79. His Majesty may direct Leviesmen of Counties to take Measures for obtaining Returns, § 1.—Form of Returns according to Schedule (A.) (B.) (C.) § 2.—Or in other Cases or Forms as His Majesty shall direct, § 3. c. 40. 49 Geo. III.

80. Batta in England (excepted for Two Years, 40 G. 3. c. 91. § 6. But His Majesty may order Batta for five Years more in original Quotas, § 7—46. repeated, 47 G. 3. c. 71. § 2; and for § 14 of that Act, and 49 G. 3. c. 71. § 2.)
81. For all Wang a Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain, to volunteer into the regular Forces, 45 G. 3. c. 41; and again, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 57; and again, 49 G. 3. c. 2. and for 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 10.
82. For completing and increasing the Militia of Great Britain, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 57. § 14, 15.
83. Number of Militia equal to The fourths of original Quota shall be raised, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 71. § 2.
84. For completing the Militia of Great Britain, 49 G. 3. c. 57. 91. Number to be raised shall be equal to One Half of the original Quota, § 2.
85. For a certain Period Volunteers may be raised by Host of Diet, § 2-7.

IV. For establishing the Local Militia.

1. For raising His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force under various Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm; in England, 48 G. 3. c. 111—in Scotland, 48 G. 3. c. 120; amended, 49 G. 3. c. 90. c. 48. c. 80-8. 120.
2. A permanent Local Militia Force shall be balanced and embodied, not exceeding (including all three Volunteers), 5 Times the original Quota of the Militia, 48 G. 3. c. 111; and c. 120. § 1, 2.
3. On Delivery of Volunteers Batta shall take Place— Powers of Militia Acts extended to this Act, c. 111; c. 120. c. 120. § 3-6.
4. Extra Parochial Places shall be added to Parishes, c. 111. § 7.
5. Men shall be balanced from 18 to 30.—No Substitutes, c. 111. § 8; c. 120. § 7, 26.
6. Penalty on neglecting to supply, c. 111. § 10; c. 120. § 8.
7. Special Conditions shall be 30 Years old, c. 111. § 10; c. 120. § 9.
8. Exemptions—Infants, Priests, Ministers, Medical Men, Militia Men, and Apprentices, c. 111. § 11-15, c. 120. § 10-14.
9. Oath of balloted Men, c. 111. § 16. c. 120. § 16.
10. Period of Service Four Years, &c. &c. and for 49 G. 3. c. 91. § 1; as to Nonjurers not permitted.
11. Fine on balloted Persons not appearing, 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 17, 18, 19; c. 120. § 17, 18, 19.
12. Exemptions for Persons becoming or being Volunteers, c. 111. § 20, 21; c. 120. § 20-22.
13. Penalties where Force prohibited, c. 111. § 22. 23. c. 120. § 23-27.—Penalty Secured, c. 111. § 25; c. 120. § 25.
14. Exemption for Quakers, c. 111. § 21; c. 120. § 24.
15. No Batta where sufficient Volunteers enrolled, c. 111. § 24; c. 120. § 25.
16. Exempt to Volunteers residing, c. 111. § 26. 25. 26; c. 120. § 27, 28, 29; but for 49 G. 3. c. 40. c. 119, 124. c. 28. § 12.
17. Bounty deducted from Men falling into the Army, 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 27; c. 120. § 30.
18. Volunteers may transfer themselves to Local Militia, c. 111. § 28-30; c. 120. § 30-31.
19. Allowances on being exercised, c. 111. § 31; c. 120. § 32.
20. Local Militia Men exempt from Regular Militia, 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 31; c. 120. § 31; 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 15; c. 48. § 23.
21. How Local Militia shall be exercised, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 34-37; c. 120. § 34-37—49 G. 3. c. 40. § 16, 30. c. 48. § 36, 30. c. 32.
22. Local Militia shall be raised yearly 28 Days, 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 38, 19; c. 120. § 42, 43.—Calling them out on Invasion or Hosts, c. 111. § 40, 41; c. 120. § 44, 45.

- 23. Is Service they shall be liable to *Mutiny Act*, entitled to Pay, and Allowance in *Parliament*, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 40—44; c. 120. § 40—45. See 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 34.
- 24. May be sent into *Regiment*, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 47. 48. c. 120. § 49. 50.—Or *Militia*. 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 55. 56. c. 120.
- 25. Part on Countess for *Militia* deficient to be supplied in *Parliament* of *Revenue*, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 47—53. c. 120. § 51—58. See 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 57; 58. c. 48. § 19.
- 26. Accounting for *Money* loaned, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 54—62. c. 120. § 59—65.
- 27. Recovery of *Penalties* before two *Judges*, &c. c. 112. § 67—69. c. 120. § 100—103, 71.
- 28. *King's* *Local Militia* for the *Croquet Ports*, c. 112. § 68—72. And for 47 G. 3. c. 82. § 5.
- 29. *Local Militia* from *Miners in Cornwall and Devon*, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 71—77. And for 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 4.
- 30. *Local Militia* from *Texas Barrels*, 48 G. 3. c. 112. § 80. 79.
- 31. Supplying *Deficiencies* and *Vacancies*, 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 1—7. 87. c. 45. § 1—4.
- 32. How *Local Militia* to be raised, 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 23, 24. c. 48. § 23, 24. c. 82. § 2.

V. 1. For *young Allowances to Families in England*, 43 G. 3. c. 47. (As to *Ireland* and *Scotland*, see their Heads.)

- 1. *Former Act*, 25 G. 3. c. 8. 34 G. 3. c. 47. 25 G. 3. c. 8. 25 G. 3. c. 114. repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 47. § 1.
- 2. *Allowances to Wives and Families of Militia Men*, 25. (On *Free of One Day's Labour*) to *Wife*, and 28. on each *Child*, 43 G. 3. c. 47. § 1. 2. and for post, No. 8.
- 3. *Judges* shall regulate *Rate of Allowance*, § 2.
- 4. *No Allowance* to *Family* if *Man* has joined his *Corps*, nor longer than in *actual Service*—Nor to *Wife* if *Joining* *Corps* or leaving *Home*, except to obtain *Work*—Nor to *Subsistence*, for making *transient Declarations*—Nor to *Non-commissioned Officers*, &c. reduced for *Misconduct*—Nor to *Subsistence*, for *marrying* during *actual Service*, without *Consent* of commanding *Officer*, § 4—7.
- 5. *Families* shall not be sent to *Workhouses*, &c. or Men left their *Settlement* or *Right of sojourning*, § 8.
- 6. How *Allowances* shall be *reimbursed* out of *County Stock* and *apportioned*, § 9—11. 13, 22.
- 7. Where more than a *Wife* and *Three Children* chargeable, *Overplus* may provide another *Man*, § 22.
- 8. *Monthly Returns* of *Collectors* by *Adjutors* to *Subsistence Clerks*, § 23.

Mills.

Profess injured by the *demolishing* of *Wind* or *Water Mills* by *Rotures* may sue for *Damages* as under 1 G. 1. §. 2. c. 5 (the *Roke Act*), 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 74. See further *Apprentice*.

Miners.

- 1. For more effectually raising a *Body of Miners in Cornwall and Devon*, during the *War*, 48 G. 3. c. 72.
- 2. *Former Act*, 18 G. 3. c. 74. repealed.—*Warden of Mines* now shall call out and *exercise Miners*—*Appointments* and *Rank of Officers*, 42 G. 3. c. 72. § 1.
- 3. *Appointments* of *Deputy Wardens*, *Clerks* of *General Meetings*, &c. § 2—5. *General Meetings*, § 6, 7.
- 4. *Lifts* of *Miners* between 18 and 45. Shall be *renewed*, and added on *Church Lists*—*Apprentice*, § 8, 9.
- 5. *Penalty* for *omitting Names* on *Lifts*, 2d. § 10.
- 6. *Capitons* of *Miners* shall return *List of Miners employed* in each *Mine*, &c.—*Penalty* 2d. § 11.

- 7. *Deputy Wardens* shall *appoint* *Number* to serve for each *Subdivision*, who shall be *Sworn*, 42 G. 3. c. 72. § 12.
- 8. *Subdivisions* may be *revoked*, § 13.
- 9. *Discharges* may be made good by *Ballot*, § 14.—And *Vacancies*, 42 G. 3. §. 1. c. 72. § 16.
- 10. *Penalty* 15. on *deserted Persons* not appearing or providing *Substitutes*—*Proceedings* as to *Quakers* here as in *Militia*, 42 G. 3. c. 72. § 16.
- 11. *Persons* *irregularly* changing their *Residence* may be *compelled* to serve, on *Penalty* of 10s. § 17.
- 12. *Lifts* of *Two Mines* may be added together, § 18.
- 13. *New Lists* may be made in *room* of any lost, § 19.
- 14. *Regiments* shall be *revoked* for 21 Days yearly, as under *Militia Act*, § 29. See for 41 G. 3. c. 19.
- 15. *Qualification of Officers*—*Appointments of Adjutors*, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 72. § 20—27.
- 16. *Miners* shall be *regulated* in *proportion* to the *Mines*, § 28.
- 17. *Provisions* of *Militia Acts* applicable to this, § 29.—Not to go out of *force* *Britain*, § 30.
- 18. *Commissioners* not to *visit* *Mines* in *Parliament*, § 31. See also *Their Militia*, IV. 29.

Mint.

For *enabling His Majesty* to *authenticate* the *Emission* of the *Mathematical* *standard* for *coining a Mint in Denmark*, 44 G. 3. c. 70.

Mischief Malicious, See *Barratry*; *Shooting*; *Ships*.

Murder, See *Barratry*; *Shooting*.

Mutiny.

- 1. For *granting Duties* on *Calfskins*, *Medles*, *Cottos Yarn*, and *Cotton Twist*, of the *Manufacture* of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, as their *Importation* into either *Country* from the other, according to the *Regulations* in the *Acts of Union*, 47 G. 3. §. 2. c. 47.
- 2. *Continuance* of *Duties*, 25th *January* 1821, as to *Calfskins* and *Medles*; and 25th *January* 1816, as to *Cotton Yarn* and *Twist*; § 1, and *Schedule*.

Mutiny Acts, See *Soldiers*.

N.

National Debt.

- 1. Amending 26 G. 3. c. 31; and 32 G. 3. c. 55. for *reducing Money* in *Commission* for *raising* the *National Debt*, 42 G. 3. c. 78.
- 2. So much of 26 G. 3. c. 31. § 10; 32 G. 3. c. 55. as relates to the *Appropriation* of *Stock* and *Annuities* in *proportion* to *Increase* of *Fund* for *Payment* of *National Debt*, repealed, § 1—3.
- 3. From *Year* 5. 1809. the *accrued* *interest* annually *paid* shall be 5 per cent. at *annual Charge*, payable *quarterly* out of *Consolidated Fund*, § 4.
- 4. *Appropriation* thereof, and of *Funds* for *Redemption* of *National Debt*, § 5.
- 5. *Mode* of *redeeming* *National Debt* incurred by *Loans* for *Service* of *Ireland*, § 6—8.
- 6. *Chief Secret* (or in his *Absence* a *proviser* *Baron*) edited to *Commissioners* under 26 G. 3. c. 80.—48 G. 3. c. 102. § 32.

7. Allowance to Bank for Management of National Debt, under 41 G. 3. c. 13 § 3. amended 48 G. 3. c. 15.—New Allowance; to be calculated yearly. § 3. 8.
8. For enabling the Commissioners to grant Life Annuities. 48 G. 3. c. 14; amended. 49 G. 3. c. 64.
9. Annuities on Single Lives. § 8. Schedule D.
10. ———— on two Lives. § 9. Schedule E.
11. ———— not to exceed 1000*l.* per Annum on one Life, or 1500*l.* on two Lives. § 11.—Allowed to equal an one or more Lives. 49 G. 3. c. 64 § 11.
12. Penalty on reviving Annuity after Death of Nominat. 48 G. 3. c. 14 § 13.
13. Foreign Registers of Birth, &c. Felony without Clergy. § 17.—So procuring Names. 49 G. 3. c. 64 § 4.

And see *Breuses*.

Naturalization Acts, See Personal Acts.

Naval Asylum, See Navy.

Natal Stoves, See Importation; Indemnity.

Navigations Acts, See Importation.

Nautical Almanacks, See Longitude.

Navy.

1. For appointing Commissioners to inquire into Irregularities, Frauds, &c. practised by Persons in certain Naval Departments, and in the Branches of Prize Agency. 43 G. 3. c. 16; continued and amended. 45 G. 3. c. 45.—*Expedit*.
 2. For enabling His Majesty to give the Palace called the King's House in Greenwich Park to the Commissioners of the Royal Naval Stores, and for enabling the Commissioners to appoint a Chaplain. 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 58.
 3. For more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy. 49 G. 3. c. 57.
 4. For more conveniently paying Allowances on Compassionate Left of the Navy, and of Half-Pay to Officers of Royal Marines. 49 G. 3. c. 58.
 5. Pensions made payable at Place of Residence of Parties under Regulations to be made for that Purpose, by Bills drawn on Receiver General of Land Tax, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 58 § 1.—G. 3. c. 57. § 1.—
 6. An Allegiance of Pardon, Allowance, or Pay, void. § 7.
 7. Penalties on Widows. 49 G. 3. c. 58 § 10.—Or Penalties extended to Pensions, &c. c. 58 § 10.—F. r. 1700. Certificate. No. 6. 35. § 101. c. 4. § 10.—Felony and 14 Years Impr. § 101. c. 4.
- As to *Transfers of the Navy*, see *Tide Office*.—See also, as to the Navy, *Tide Office*, *Success*, *Peace Money*, &c.

Navy Bills.

Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, filed after 28 January 1804, shall carry Interest at only 3*l.* per Cent. per Ann. 45 G. 3. c. 7.

Neutrality Ships, See Importation; Indemnity.

New Forest, See Forests; Game.

Newfoundland, See Plantations.

New Orleans, See Customs.

Notaries.

1. For regulating publick Notaries in England. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 70 § 1.
2. No Person shall be admitted a Notary unless he shall have served Seven Years' Apprenticeship to a Notary, &c. and Affidavit made of Experience at Council. § 1. 1.
3. Fines, &c. Affidavits of Service. § 4. 5.
4. Fines in acting as Notaries without being admitted, &c. § 11.—Exception. § 11.
5. No publick Notary shall have an Apprentice, except while actually practisg. § 6.
6. Apprentice to be actually employed Seven Years. § 7.
7. If Master die, &c. Apprentice may be turned over to another Master for Balance of Apprenticeship. § 8.
8. Notary acting or permitting his Name to be used by any unqualified Person shall be struck off the Roll. § 10.
9. Persons applying to become Notaries within Jurisdiction of Company of Scriveners, shall take up Pension in said Company. § 12.

Notes, See Bank; Bankers; Bills of Exchange.

O.

Oaken Bark, See Bark.

Orders, See Customs.

Offenders.

1. To render more safe the apprehending and bringing to Trial Offenders escaping from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other, and also from one County to another. 44 G. 3. c. 92. 45 G. 3. c. 92.—And for 48 G. 3. c. 58.
2. Offenders escaping from Ireland into Great Britain may be apprehended and conveyed to Ireland. 44 G. 3. c. 92. § 3.—Offenders escaping from Great Britain to Ireland may be apprehended, and conveyed back in like Manner. § 4.
3. Expense of Removal of Prisoners shall be defrayed by Treasurers of the Counties. § 5. 6.
4. Offenders escaping with stolen Goods from one Part to any part of the United Kingdom, may be tried in the Place where the Goods shall be found in their Custody. § 7.—If recovery may be tried in the Place where they receive. § 8.
5. Offenders apprehended under 17 G. 3. c. 31. or 44 G. 3. c. 92. may be admitted to bail (if bailable) and Duplicate of Bail Bonds shall be delivered, one to the Officer apprehending, and the other to the Court of Exchequer, &c.—Parties not bailable or bailed shall be remanded to Custody. 45 G. 3. c. 92. § 3.
6. The Judge, &c. granting the Original Warrant shall write "not bailable" on the Face of Warrants for Offences not bailable. &c. § 3.
7. Service of Subpoena in Criminal Cases in any Part of the United Kingdom shall compel Appearance in any other Part. § 3. 4.
8. Warrants shall not be issued for Apprehension of Offenders under several Acts, unless an Indictment found or for some Capital Crime or Felony. § 5; nor without Proof of taking, &c. the said Warrant. § 6.

9. Powers of 13 G. 2. c. 211 47 G. 3. c. 106. extended to War vessels issued by Judges of King's Bench, &c. in England 48 G. 3. c. 58 § 2.
10. Bail Bonds to the King's Suit shall be assigned by Sheriffs, &c. § 1.
11. When any Person is charged with any Offence, not being Treason or Felony, for which he may be prosecuted by Indictment or Information in King's Bench, on Affidavit returned, or on Certificate of Justices, &c. being first any Judge of the Court may issue his Warrant on requisition the Party, who shall be held to Bail to answer the Charge; or as Factors of Bail, shall be committed; and if any Person in Custody for Want of Bail under 17th Act, or under any Writ of Habeas Corpus, shall not plead in 8 Days after Copy of Indictment, &c. sent Notice to plead as directed, Proceedings may enter Pro of Non Guilty, and proceed to Trial 48 G. 3. c. 58, § 1.

As to Foreign Officers, & c. *Plenitudo.*

Offices and Officers.

1. To apply by Commissioners to inspect and examine into the publick Expeditives, and the Conduct of publick Officers in the Army Department; and to report their Observations for Amending and improving the same, and better conducting the Business of the said Department, 47 G. 3. c. 47. continued, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 11. 48 G. 3. c. 11. 49 G. 3. c. 111 [to 25th March 1811].
2. For more effectually regulating the Office of Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, 45 G. 3. c. 58.
3. Former Act, 21 G. 2. c. 5. repealed, § 1.
4. The Sum required and the particular Service shall be specified in Memorials by the Paymaster General to the Treasury, who shall file the same on the Bank as the Paymaster's Account, & § 1.—Paymaster shall draw on the Bank, specifying the Service, & § 4.
5. Paymaster's Monthly Accounts, & § 5.—(See 48 G. 3. c. 49 § 5).—His Annual Accounts, & § 6.—(See 48 G. 3. c. 49 § 5).—Balance on his Death or Removal, & § 7.—(See 48 G. 3. c. 49 § 8).
6. How Accounts shall be kept and audited, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 58 § 8—14.—(See 48 G. 3. c. 49).
7. Paymaster's Allowance, § 15.—His Powers as to appointing and removing Officers, § 16.
8. Edicts, &c. by Secretary at War shall be transmitted to Paymaster's Office, & § 19.
9. Paymaster shall issue Money for Clothing, &c. Half-yearly, as fixed to loss, § 18. 10.
10. Accounts and Payment of Balances by Agents of Regiments, &c. § 21—25.—(See 48 G. 3. c. 125).
11. All Money whenever payable to the Paymaster General, shall be paid into the Bank on his Account, 24 G. 3. c. 58 § 24.
12. Act shall not extend to Life Guards, &c. § 26.
13. His Majesty by Warrant may make Regulations for settling Accounts of Army Expeditives, 48 G. 3. c. 125. § 2.
14. Balances due from Agents, on Non-payment within one Month, shall be Debts of Record, § 5.
15. For accelerating the making up, Examination, and Audit of the Paymaster-General's Accounts, 48 G. 3. c. 49.
16. Making up annual Accounts to 27th December, § 3.
17. Separate Accounts of Half-Pay, Civil's Hospital, &c. § 4.
18. Transferring Accounts to Another's Office, § 5.
19. Deputy Paymaster on Vacancy Succession, § 6.
20. For the better Regulation of the Office of Treasurer of the Ordnance, 48 G. 3. c. 45.

21. Money required for particular Services shall be issued by the Treasury to the Bank, and Payments by the Treasurer made by Drafts on the Bank, &c. § 1. 3. &c. Extended to Ireland, § 17.
22. For further regulating the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, 47 G. 3. c. 26. 48 G. 3. c. 8.
23. Treasurer of Navy shall not draw on the Bank for Money immediately applicable to Naval Services, 47 G. 3. c. 26. § 1.
24. Mode of applying for Money from the Treasury for Department of Custom Houses of the Navy, 48 G. 3. c. 8, § 1.
25. For the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver-General of the Duties of Excise in England, 48 G. 3. c. 75.
26. For the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver-General of the Duties in England, 48 G. 3. c. 76.
27. For the better Regulation of the Receiver-General of the Post-Office in England, 48 G. 3. c. 74 49 G. 3. c. 73.
28. For settling certain Regulations in the Office of Receiver-General of His Majesty's Woods, 45 G. 3. c. 21. Repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 142.
29. For the better Regulation of the Office of Surveyor-General of Woods and Forests, 48 G. 3. c. 142.
30. Oath of Office, & 1 Returns, &c. shall be sworn & returned to Secretary General, & § 1.—(Notice to Treasury in the margin of this Act, & § 1.—Page 110 into the Bank by Secretary-General of Woods received by him, and Drafts on the Bank for Money payable by him, & § 2.
31. For the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver-General of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain, 48 G. 3. c. 75.
32. Receiver-General of Excise, Stamp, Post, and Customs shall pay all Money received by them into the Bank, 45 G. 3. c. 75 § 1 47 G. 3. c. 85 § 1 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 1.
33. Certain Sums may be retained for various Payments in such Department, viz. Excise, 30,000. and various more, 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 2.—Stamp, 1000. c. 7 § 2.—Post-Office, 3000. c. 85 § 2.—Customs, 20,000. § 3.
34. Daily Accounts shall be kept by the Receiver in Books to be returned to the respective Officers of Excise, Stamp, Post, and Customs, 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 3 49 G. 3. c. 76 § 3 49 G. 3. c. 76 § 3.—(See also in Post-Office, 47 G. 3. c. 73 § 3).
35. Payment by the Bank into the Exchequer and Receiver's Office as to other Payments, &c. by the Bank, 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 6. § 1. 100. § 4.
36. Certain Payments without the Intervention of the Bank, 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 5 c. 100. § 5, or for Salaries, c. 76 § 5 c. 85 § 5.
37. On Death or Removal of Receiver, Balance shall rest in his Successor, 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 6 c. 76 § 2 c. 85 § 2 c. 77 c. 77 c. 100 § 2.
38. Receiver General shall keep Account with the Bank, who shall be answerable for all Receipts, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 75 § 7 c. 76 § 8 c. 77 c. 81 c. 81 c. 100 § 3.
39. Deeds duly drawn a full Power Authority to the Bank for all Payments, 48 G. 3. c. 76 § 8 c. 82 § 6.
40. How Drawbacks and Bounties of Customs shall be paid, 48 G. 3. c. 100 § 6.
41. Appropriation Paper shall be transmitted to the Exchequer by Receiver-General of Customs, & § 7.
42. For the better regulating the Office of Agent-General for Valasters and Lead Mines, 48 G. 3. c. 111.
43. Agent General shall apply to Treasury for Money for different Services, & § 1.
44. And returns his Accounts to Secretary at War, who may authorize Appointment of Sundry Sums, & § 2.
45. Officers' Bills on Agent shall specify Service, and be payable at the Bank, & § 4.
46. Agent may draw on Bank for Salaries, & § 3.

47. Shall keep Account with Bank, § 6.
48. His monthly Accounts § 8—10.
49. On his Death's Balance shall see in Successor, § 9.
50. Forging Assize's Drafts, *See* Feby, § 12.
51. For sending certain Fees received by Officers, &c. in the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers, 45 G. 3. c. 21.—*See* also in Out-Ports, 47 G. 3. c. 51.
52. No Fees shall be taken by Officers (specified in Table A.) but they shall receive yearly Salaries to be paid by the Treasury, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 1—4. And for 47 G. 3. c. 51. § 2—5.
53. Oath to be taken by Officers, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 1; 47 G. 3. c. 51. § 5.
54. No Holidays except Sunday, Christmas Day, Good-Friday, public Fasts and Thanksgivings, King Charles III's Birthdays, Birth-Days of King, Queen, and Prince of Wales, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 6. 7; 47 G. 3. c. 51. § 2, 4.
55. Time of Attendance of Officers, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 8, 9, and Schedule B.—And for 47 G. 3. c. 51.
56. Officers may continue to be recruited by D pay, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 10.
57. Fees of Officers abolished under 45 G. 3. c. 21. approved in Suppression Fund, 47 G. 3. c. 51. § 10.
58. For abolishing the Office of Surveyor of Substons and Entry Customs in the Port of London, 45 G. 3. c. 9.
59. To provide a double Allowance of Suppression to Officers of Excise, 49 G. 3. c. 25.
60. Treasury may grant Allowance to such Officers, § 1; and to Officers suffering from Accidents in Execution of their Duty, § 2.
61. For improving Suppression Fund, Commissioners may spend Money in Public Funds, § 3.
62. To improve the granting of Officers in Rotation, or for just Limit, with Benefit of Seniority, 45 G. 3. c. 20.
63. No Office, Salary, &c. shall (for one Year, &c. after death of the Act) be granted in Rotation, or for just Limit, 45 G. 3. c. 20. § 1.
64. Such Grievances and Salaries reserved under them for term, § 2, 3.
65. Not to extend to Grants by Judges, Bishops, &c. § 4.
66. For the further Protection of the Sale and Brokerage of Officers, 49 G. 3. c. 124.
67. Privileges of 5 & 6 Ed. 6. c. 16. extended to Scotland and Ireland, and to all Offices in Gift of the Crown, &c. § 1.
68. Officers killed under the Act shall rest in the Crown, § 2.
69. Penalty on buying, or selling, or giving Rewards for Officers, Militiamen, § 1.—Or receiving or paying Money for finding or obtaining Officers, &c. § 4.—Opening Houses for such Purposes, § 5.—Advertising Names of Books, § 6.—Exceptions, § 7.
70. Penalty on Officers in the Army giving more than regulated Paper, &c. for Commissions, or paying Agents for negotiating, § 8.—Exceptions, § 9—12.
71. Treatment of Militiamen in Ireland, § 13.
72. Officers appointed should shall be tried in King's Bench under 41 G. 3. c. 89. § 14.

Oil, See Auctions, Fish, and Fisheries.

Ordnance.

1. Privileges at *Walsden* voted in Treasures for the Service of the Ordnance there, 41 G. 3. c. 89; 42 G. 3. c. 25; 44 G. 3. c. 79.
2. And also a certain Part of *Cherish Common*, for the like Purpose, 42 G. 3. c. 65.
3. And in like Manner certain Lands at *Widley Beck*, Northamptonshire, for the Ordnance Service, 43 G. 3. c. 66.

4. Commissioners for Claims not disqualified from sitting in the House of Commons, § 11.
 5. 5531k 171. 66. Compensation for Losses taken under said Act, 41 G. 3. c. 65; 44 G. 3. c. 78.
 6. 570661. 66. 26. Compensation for Losses taken under Acts mentioned in No. 1, 2, preceding, 44 G. 3. c. 107.
 7. For enabling Board of Ordnance to exchange Lands at *Poyles* in *Essex* for other Lands there, 49 G. 3. c. 97.
- See further, Title Office.

Oysters.

1. For the more efficient Protection of Oyster Fisheries and the Board of Oysters in England, 48 G. 3. c. 144.
 2. Stealing Oysters or Oyster Shells, 48 G. 3. c. 144.
- See also, Title Fisheries.

P.

Packets.

- Tonnage Duty, under 42 G. 3. c. 45, not payable on Ships with Mails from France, 42 G. 3. c. 101. § 4.

Paper, See Customs, Excise, Stamps.

Papists.

- Roman Catholics taking and subscribing the Declaration and Oath contained in 31 G. 3. c. 23, entitled to the Benefits of 18 G. 3. c. 40, which relates thereto from the Penalties of 12, 14 *W. 3* c. 4—43 G. 3. c. 20.

Parliament.

1. For declaring what Persons shall be disabled from sitting in the House of Commons of the United Parliament, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 52.
- (27. For the Indulgence of Officers which do not incorporate Persons from sitting in the House of Commons, see the several specific Titles.)
2. All Persons disabled from sitting in *British* Parliaments shall be disabled from sitting in the United Parliament as Members for Great Britain, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 52. § 1.
3. All Persons disabled from sitting in *Irish* Parliaments shall be disabled from sitting for Ireland, § 2.
4. Persons disabled by *British* Statutes, that are hereby be enabled to sit for Ireland, see *Commons*, § 1.
5. Persons holding certain specified Places in Ireland shall be disabled from sitting in any future Parliament of the United Kingdom, *Id.* § 2.
6. Persons holding Places under Lord Lieutenant created since 21 G. 3. c. 21, shall not sit in the House, *Id.* § 3.
7. Disabled Persons living in Parliaments shall have the Privileges under former *British* or *Irish* Acts; and if disabled under the Act shall forfeit Qual. for Days, 11, § 4.
8. Act shall not extend to O.K. held by 1. *See* *Commons* good Behaviour, except in certain Cases, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 52. § 8.
9. Members occupying any Office whatever from the King, &c. shall vacate his Seat, but may be re-elected, *Id.* § 9.
10. Exceptions of *Irish* Members of Parliament from Payment of Taxes in Great Britain, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 52. repeated. See 43 G. 3. c. 161. § 44. and *Commons* L.
11. No Person ordained a Priest or Deacon, or being a Member of the Church of Scotland, shall be capable of being elected a Member of the House of Commons, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 63.

18. Petitioners entitled **Priests** after their Election shall vacate their Seats, *Id.* § 1.
19. All former **Evil's** Acts respecting Petitions to the House of Commons concerning of and as Bishops, &c. of the Obedience, &c. of Bishops, or for opposing the Right of Elections, &c. extended to such Petitioners to the United Parliament, from any Place in the United Kingdom, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 101. § 1.—42 G. 3. c. 103. § 1.
- [**As to Proceedings before Committees on controversial Elections of Bishops, for Ireland, (Parliament.)**]
20. The Act 25 G. 3. c. 20. relating to the Qualification of Members of Parliament extended to Members elected to the United Parliaments.—Qualification may be found either in England, Wales, Berwick, or Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 101. § 21.
21. When a Poll is demanded for any Place in England, the Returning Officer shall appoint two Persons to administer Oaths and make the Declarations, &c. prescribed by Law, 41 G. 3. c. 62. § 1.—Repealed as to the Return Oath which shall be taken under 4 G. 2. c. 4.—41 G. 3. c. 74.
22. For further regulating Proceedings on contested Elections, 41 G. 3. c. 84.—Made perpetual, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 2.
23. Method to be pursued where two or more Petitions are to be taken into Consideration on the same Day, 42 G. 3. c. 84. § 1—5.
24. Names exempted from Poll, § 4.
25. How Names shall be chosen where there are more than ten, P. 102. § 1. 42 G. 3. c. 84. § 2.
26. For the Security of the Peace and Freedom of Election in the Town of **Northampton**—The Jurors for the County of Northampton may act for the Town and County of the Town of Northampton, and Persons authorized by them shall be to purchase of such Authority, 42 G. 3. c. 45. § 1.
27. Officers employed in the Department of Revenue in Ireland incorporated, for 12 Months after holding their Office, from wages at 2. octavo for Members of Parliament for Ireland.—Penalty 100*l.*, 45 G. 3. c. 27. § 1.
28. Not to extend to Peter Officers, &c.—Not to Persons residing before 16 June 1571, § 1.
29. For preserving Bishops, &c. 11 Members of Members for the Borough of **High Wycombe**, 44 G. 3. c. 59.
30. For continuing certain Proceedings in Parliament notwithstanding a Suspension, 45 G. 3. c. 111. § 1. c. 129.
31. For allowing the Father or Child of a Peer to sit in either of which Members of Parliament are Defendants, 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 45.
32. Copy of Bill need not be left with Member of Parliament before proceeding to the Question for Non assensus, § 1.
33. For better securing the Good order and Peace of Parliaments, by providing the passing or otherwise of Bills in Parliaments by consent Peers, 49 G. 3. c. 118.
34. Penalty on giving or receiving Money, &c. in any Engagement to procure, &c. the Return of a Member, § 1.
35. Reception as to legal Expenses, § 2.
36. Penalty on giving, procuring, or receiving any Office or rewards Costs &c. to procure a Seat in Parliament, § 5.
- Scotch Defenders of the Rights—Towns—Land Tax Redemption—Ireland—Success.**

Passengers, See Ships.

Paving, Watching, and improving Towns and Places.

1. **Alton St.** Watching, Lighting, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 101.
2. **Bedford.** For improving the Town, 45 G. 3. c. 233.
3. **Bewley/Tarifford/Lighting, &c.** 48 G. 3. c. 133.

4. **Bowdon.** Paving, Lighting, &c. and regulating Carriages, Fairs, &c. 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 103. § 1. c. 133.
5. **Blithton.** Establishing a Theatre there, 47 G. 3. c. 233.
6. **Blyth.** For improving the Markets and improving the Streets, 41 G. 3. c. 233.
7. **Braford.** Paving, &c. and Hauling of **Coal** there, 42 G. 3. c. 85.
8. **Bridg.** Avoiding Acts for paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
9. **Buckingham.** Taxing and Sale of **Chattel** Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 103.
10. **Bury/Bedford/Ty.** Removing Houses, (See **Bury** G. 3. c. 20. c. 21. c. 22. c. 23.)
11. **Canby.** Changing Site of **Drinking** College, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 103.
12. **Canby.** Establishing and improving **Coal** there, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 20.—Making a new Street, 44 G. 3. c. 133.
13. **Canby.** Paving, Lighting, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 133.
14. **Canby.** Paving, Lighting, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 233.
15. **Canby (C. 13.)** Watching, Lighting, and regulating Paving, amounting to 2 G. 3. c. 45.—41 G. 3. c. 133.
16. **Canby (C. 13.)** Improving Market, 47 G. 3. c. 233.
17. **Canby (C. 13.)** Regulating Town, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 133.
18. **Canby (C. 13.)** Supplying with Water, 48 G. 3. c. 133.
19. **Canby (C. 13.)** Supplying Water, 46 G. 3. c. 233.
20. **Canby (C. 13.)** Rebuilding Court House and Broom Market, 46 G. 3. c. 233.
21. **Canby (Northampton.)** Paving, &c. and watching Bury, &c. to provide the **St. Paul**, 46 G. 3. c. 233.
22. **Canby (Northampton.)** Paving, Lighting, Water, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 133. 47 G. 3. c. 133.
23. **Canby (Northampton.)** Lighting, &c. and in part repealing 47 G. 3. c. 133.—C. 13. c. 133.
24. **Canby (Northampton.)** Paving, Watching, and improving Water, &c. 41 G. 3. c. 233. 47 G. 3. c. 133.
25. **Canby (Northampton.)** For regulating Police, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 233. 47 G. 3. c. 233.
26. **Canby (Northampton.)** Repairing Streets, &c. amounting to G. 3. c. 133.—47 G. 3. c. 233.
27. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
28. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
29. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
30. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
31. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.
32. **Canby (Northampton.)** For paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 133.

Paving, &c.

Paving, &c.

Paving, &c.

23. <i>King's Lane (Newly)</i>	} Paving; and regulating Markets there, 41 G. 3. c. xxxvii.	45. LONDON, WESTMINSTER, and ENVIRONS.	} For regulating Affairs of Bread, (enacting 37 G. 3. c. 56.) 45 G. 3. c. xxxix.
34. <i>King's-open-Hall</i>		} Raising the Market Place, and making a new Street, Dock, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. lxx.	
35. <i>Right</i>	For regulating Police, and Improvements of Port and Harbour, 49 G. 3. c. lxxvii.	————	Deyford, paving, &c. 44 G. 3. c. lvi.
36. <i>Leach</i>	Regulating Police, 48 G. 3. c. xlv.	————	Red Lion Square, paving, &c. 46 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
37. <i>Leeds</i>	For supplying the Town with Coals, amounting 31 G. 2. c. 42. (1790.) and 39 G. 3. c. 21—43 G. 3. c. 20.	————	Shrewbury Spire, mending 46 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
————	Supplying Water, lighting, &c. and erecting a Prison, (enacting 28 G. 2. c. 47. 30 G. 3. c. 68.) 49 G. 3. c. xxxv.	————	Stow-on-the-Wald, paving, &c. (enacting 4 G. 3. c. 24.) 44 G. 3. c. lxxxvii.
38. <i>Leith (Salt and North)</i>	Classing, lighting, &c. amounting 11 G. 3. c. 36.—40 G. 3. c. xxxvii.	45. <i>Middlesex</i>	————
39. <i>Leven</i>	Paving, lighting, &c. 46 G. 3. c. xlii.	47. <i>Monmouth, and Seaforth, Lancastr.</i>	} Supplying Water, 49 G. 3. c. cxxvii.
40. <i>Leitchfield</i>	Paving, lighting, &c. 46 G. 3. c. xlii.	48. <i>Middlesex</i>	} <i>King's Arms, Young Street and Young Street in Saint Mary Abbeys</i> 45 G. 3. c. 2.
41. <i>Leitch (City)</i>	Paving, &c. Part of <i>St. Michael</i> , 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. lxxxvii; 49 G. 3. c. cxxvii.	————	} <i>King's Arms, Netherwich, &c. for supplying Water by West London Water Works</i> , 46 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
42. <i>Leitch's Heron</i>	See <i>Bradford</i> .	————	} <i>St. Luke, Chelms</i> , (enacting 30 G. 3. c. 26.) 45 G. 3. c. 20.
43. <i>Leopard</i>	Eracting an Exchange, 49 G. 3. c. lxxxvii.	————	For completing the Parish Church, &c. of <i>Saint Ann's, Wigmore</i> , 49 G. 3. c. lxxxvii.
44. <i>Leicester (City)</i>	Supplying Water, &c. (enacting 16th Act, 30 G. 1. c. 31.) 40 G. 3. c. 41.) 48 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.	————	} <i>Saint Pancras, Middlesex</i> , 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 16. cxxvii; 43 G. 3. c. cxxviii; 48 G. 3. c. lxxxvii.
45. LONDON, WESTMINSTER, and ENVIRONS.	Shrouding Parishes, paving, lighting, and watching, 42 G. 3. c. 11.	————	} <i>St. Peter, lighting, &c. and establishing Watch</i> , amounting 18 G. 3. c. 37; 45 G. 3. c. 1.
————	For widening and improving the Entrances near <i>Temple Bar</i> and the Street at <i>St. Dunstons</i> , 42 G. 3. c. lxxxvii; 45 G. 3. c. xxxviii; 49 G. 3. c. lxxvii.	————	} <i>St. Mary-above, parson's, &c. mending</i> 35 G. 3. c. 35; 46 G. 3. c. 20.
————	Increasing Number of Hackney Coaches, 42 G. 3. c. 78.—Regulating Fairs, 48 G. 3. c. 37.	————	} <i>St. Dunstons, mending, lighting, &c.</i> 46 G. 3. c. 1.
————	For regulating the Sale of Fish at <i>Bilfinger</i> , 42 G. 3. c. lxxxvii.	————	} <i>St. Andrew, Bow, &c. supplying Water</i> , by <i>East London Water Works</i> , 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. lxxvii; 48 G. 3. c. 10.
————	For regulating the vending and Delivery of Coals in <i>London, Westminster, &c.</i> 42 G. 3. c. lxxxvii; 47 G. 3. c. cxxxvii; 44 G. 3. c. lxxxvii; 46 G. 3. c. xxxvii; All repeated, and other Provisions enacted, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. lxxvii.	49. <i>North (Kent)</i>	} Paving, lighting, &c. 44 G. 3. c. xxx.
————	<i>East London Water Works</i> establishing, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. lxxxvii; 48 G. 3. c. 10.	50. <i>Northampton</i>	} Building Courts of Justice and Guild, 49 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
————	<i>Blackfriars Bridge Sandy Toll</i> , (enacting 26 G. 3. c. 37.) 49 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.	51. <i>Northampton</i>	} Paving, lighting, &c. respecting to <i>St. Andrew</i> , 45 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
————	For erecting a Court House for the Sessions in <i>Northampton</i> , and purchasing Ground for public Use, 44 G. 3. c. 6.—Purchasing Ground in <i>Palmer Yard</i> , 45 G. 3. c. 113.—For improving Streets and Passes near <i>Northampton Hall</i> and the <i>Parliament Buildings</i> , 46 G. 3. c. 29; 48 G. 3. c. 137.	52. <i>Northampton (Salop)</i>	} Paving, &c. 49 G. 3. c. cxxvii.
————	<i>Northampton Sewers</i> , 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. vi.	53. <i>Northampton</i>	} Paving, &c. and erecting a Workhouse, 46 G. 3. c. cxxvii.
————	<i>Northampton paving, &c. Salters Gilds in the Field</i> , &c. 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. xxxvii.	54. <i>Northampton</i>	} Regulating, lighting, &c. Roads, respecting 24 G. 3. c. 6; 45 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
————	<i>Northampton (City and Liberties)</i> , supplying with Water, (enacting 8 G. 1. c. 26.) 49 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.	55. <i>Northampton and Northampton (Southampton)</i>	} Supplying Water, 49 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
————		56. <i>Northampton (Towns)</i>	} For better supplying with Water, 49 G. 3. c. xxxvii.
————		57. <i>Northampton</i>	} Erecting the Market Place, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. lxxvii.
————		58. <i>Northampton (York, N. H.)</i>	} Paving, &c. and having Hackney Coaches, 45 G. 3. c. cxxxvii.
————		59. <i>Northampton (York, E. S.)</i>	} Paving, lighting, &c. and regulating Coaches, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. lxxvii. 60. <i>Northampton</i>

62. *Swanby*. Refound—Parting, and establishing Posters, No. 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 126.
61. *Swanby*. Re-opening the publick Condemn, &c. amounting to G. 3. c. 155 43 G. 3. c. 1000.
62. *Swanby*. Parting, No. 29 G. 3. c. 1000.
63. *Wolfe*. See London, (cont.)
64. *Woolf* (City of). Parting, &c. (enlarging 21 G. 3. c. 91 41 G. 3. c. 1000); 48 G. 3. c. 26.
65. *Woolf* (Berth). Parting, &c. amounting 9 G. 3. c. 101; 47 G. 3. c. 100.
66. *Woolf*. Parting, &c. regarding Market, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 101 48 G. 3. c. 100.
67. *Woolf*. Parting, &c. and establishing Police, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 101 49 G. 3. c. 100, 100.

Paymaster General, See Offices.

Perjury, stealing from, See Larceny.

Personal Ads.

- Ackerly (Lady)*. An Assize of 1000l. per Annum settled on her, and the Two next Heirs Male of Sir Ralph Ackerly, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 59.
- Aldrich (Earl)*. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Alden, N. L. Esq.*. To grant Building Leases, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aldrich, J. Partisan of Estates*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10.
- Alma Infirmary Company*. To fix in the Name of their Secretary, and to amend Accounts, 47 G. 3. c. 1000; 47 G. 3. c. 1000; 49 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Altham's Building Parole*, (London). Granting Leases, 49 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Amber (Lord)*. Assize of 1000l. per Annum settled on him and the Representatives of Jeffrey Lord Amber, 23 G. 3. c. 119.
- Amble, J. Esq.*. Settlement on Marriage with Miss Ann his Wife, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Amble, A. Esq.*. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1000.
- Arden (Earl of)*. Vesting Estates, 44 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Arden (Earl)*. See Norfolk (Duke).
- Arden, Henry Henry, Esq.*. Sale of Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley (Earl of)*. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley (Duke)*. Granting Assize to him and his Heirs as Proprietors of the Isle of Man, 45 G. 3. c. 123.
- Aspley, J. Esq.*. Sale of Manion House and Land, 45 G. 3. c. 2.
- Aspley, W. Esq.*. Sale of Estates, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, T. Esq.*. For Granting Leases, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, Thomas deceased*. Granting Leases and Sale of Manion, 43 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Thomas*. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, (Rev. Admral)*. Vesting Estates 43 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, (Vicar of)*. Exchanging Gifts, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, Thomas, Esq.*. Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Charles Esq.*. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Lord*. Enabling his Majesty to grant Chiffon Bay to him, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Robert*. Sale of Drawings, &c. by Lottery, 45 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, John*. Sale of Shallopore Gallery by Lottery, 44 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, T. Esq.*. Exchange of Estates, 46 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley (Duke of)*. Trustees enabled to make Grants, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley (Earl of)*. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Thomas*. Trustees Collection of Scribes, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 100; 49 G. 3. c. 100; 50 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Sir J.*. For Exchange of Estates, 44 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, Sir T. C.* Exchange between him and the Trustees of the Guildhall Professor in Bay & Edwards, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 100.
- Aspley, Sir William*. Bar. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley (Earl and Countess)*. Rectifying Mistake in their Settlement, 43 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley (Earl of)*. Confirming and granting Leases, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley (Archbishop)*. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley (Dean and Chapter)*. Confirming Leases to Newington, 45 G. 3. c. 100; Granting Leases, 45 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, Edward*. Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, Sir M. H. Bart.* Accepted. Selling Site and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1000.
- Aspley, Rev. Mr. deceased*. Property on his Invention for Wood Cutting, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1000.
- Aspley, Robert*, (Earl of). Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Aspley, H. Esq.*. Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley, John, and J. Esq.*. Sale of Estates devised by their Will, 46 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley (Earl of)*. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 100.
- Aspley's Cherry Land*. Bounding Powers of Trustees, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Cale, Thomas Witham, Esq.*. Exchanging Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan (Lord)*. Assize settled on him and his Family, 46 G. 3. c. 100.
- Callaghan, Edward*. Vesting Free-hold Rents, 47 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Commercial Infirmary Company (Debtors)*. To fix in the Name of Secretary, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, E. Esq.*. Conveying Estates, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1000.
- Callaghan, T. N. an Infant*. Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, Thomas*. Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, J. Esq.*. Sale of Estates, 43 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan (Lord)*. Vesting Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, John, Esq. (deceased)*. Sale of Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, J. Esq.*. For Sale and Purchase of Estates, 44 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan*. Convocation of Halloway, regarding, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1000.
- Callaghan, Rev. R. M. A.* Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, Sir C. Bart.* Assize, 47 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan (General)*. For discharging from the Claims of the Crown on certain Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, Sir J. W. Bart.* Vesting Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, Sir E. Vesting Estates*, 49 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan's Cherry Land*. Trustees of, granting Leases, 48 G. 3. c. 1000.
- Callaghan, P. Esq.*. Partisan of Estates, 42 G. 3. c. 100.

Dunlop,

- Dowdell* (Marquis). Sale of Estates for Payment of Debts, 43 G. 3. c. 2822.
- Dwyer* (Dutchess Dowager of). To execute Letters, 45 G. 3. c. 18.
- Dwight*, Sir Geo. For changing Site of the College founded to Cambridge, under his Will, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Dziedrich* (Admiral). Assize of 1000^l. granted to him, 45 G. 3. c. 40.
- Edinburgh College*. To grant Letters, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 201.
- Edwards*, T. Esq. deceased. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 11.
- Earles* (Bishop of). Vesting certain Rents and Fines in Trusts, for embowring Copyholds and purchasing Freeholds, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Edwards* (Lord). Granting Letters, 45 G. 3. c. 44.
- Edy*, Henry, (Esq.). Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Edy* (Bishop of). Exchange of Adowles, 45 G. 3. c. 1.
- Egan*, Sir H. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, W. Esq. (deceased). Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton* (Earl). Sale of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 201.
- Egerton*, J. Esq. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, J. Esq. The Knight of Glin; mortgaging Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, John Bagshaw, Esq. Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Sir L. W. Bart. Sale of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, Mary Petition of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 201.
- Egerton*, J. P. Esq. (deceased). Vesting Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, Mary. Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Henry, and John. Vesting Patents, 41 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Dr. Nicholas. For regulating charitable Foundations of, (mortgaging) *Esq.* Act, 1 G. 3. 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, J. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, S. R. Esq. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, Rev. R. and others. Partition of *Mary* Estate, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* *Esq.* Company. To see in the Name of their Treasurer, and to reveal Assizes, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, J. Esq. (deceased). Granting Lease of a Messuage devised by his Will, 41 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* (Duke of). S. c. *Esq.*
- Egerton* and Dr. *Esq.* (Merchants of). For Relief of, 45 G. 3. c. 201. 45 G. 3. c. 20. c. 101. 45 G. 3. c. 1222. 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* (Earl of). Exchange of Sale of Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, A. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Sir James. Partition of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* (Earl of). Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, J. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Sir E. C. Bart. Exchange of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, John Joseph. Sale of Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, J. P. and G. Esq. Esq. Vesting certain Trust Estates in them, 41 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, T. Esq. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, Francis, an Infant. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton* (Lord). An Assize of 1000^l. granted to him and his Two next succeeding Heirs Male, 43 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, J. Esq. (deceased). Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton* (Earl). Sale and Vesting of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, Sir Hugh, Bart. and others. Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, H. G. (deceased). Vesting Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, Arthur, Esq. Vesting Estates, (mortgaging) 38 G. 3. c. 222. 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* (Lord). Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, Rev. G. H. P. Settling and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, James Colborne. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, G. J. Esq. (deceased). For ascertaining what Sum shall be paid to His Majesty, in order to release the Estate of Mr. *Esq.* from a Claim of 40000^l; and also the Estate of Mr. *Esq.* from a Mortgage due to the Crown, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton* (Lord). Settling Assize on her and the Family of her Lord V. *Esq.*, 44 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* (Lord). Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, N. M. Esq. (deceased). Sale and Purchase of his Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, M. Esq. Exchange of Patents for making Paper from Straw, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 222.
- Egerton* Company, (Physic). Grant of *Yield* Bay, &c. to them, 41 G. 3. c. 222; and for 45 G. 3. c. 222, to enable them to make a Road from *Esq.* Bay to *Physic*.
- Egerton* (Viscount). Assize of 1000^l. granted to him and the Two succeeding Heirs to the Title, 43 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* (Lord). Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, R. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 1.
- Egerton* (Lord). Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, H. Esq. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, Sir John, Bart. Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 101.
- Egerton*, T. P. Esq. To grant Building Letters, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, P. and M. Exchange of Estates from Claims of the Crown, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* Cathedral Church. For exchanging the Possession of the Parsonage of *Esq.* from a Lease made thereof, and for other Purposes, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* Assurance Company. Empowered to assure Vessels and other Crafts employed in inland Navigation, and other Carriages, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1222.
- Egerton* (Bishop of). Granting Letters, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* School House. Sale of Premises, 49 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton* (Lord). Exchange of Lands, 41 G. 3. c. 222; 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, John, Esq. Paying Profits of Boats, for repaying Road from *Esq.* to *Esq.* to *Esq.*, 41 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, W. A. Esq. To enable His Majesty to sell in his the Bonds of *Esq.*, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, H. Esq. (deceased). Vesting Part of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, J. H. Esq. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.
- Egerton*, Sir Joseph, Bart. Vesting and Sale of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton*, Charles, Esq. Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Egerton*, James Esq. Settling and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- Egerton* (Earl of). Exchange of Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1222.

- Montagu (Lord).** Sale and Purchase of Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Morden College.** Exchange of Lands, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 118.
- Morda, J. T. Esq. (Successor).** Vesting Part of Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Morley, Sir G. Bart.** For granting Lands, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 1220.
- Morley's Estate, (Yard).** Partition of, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 11.
- Morley (Lady).** Settling Annuity of 2000*l.* a Year on her, in Consideration of Lord Wilton's *Morley's* publick Services, 46 G. 3. c. 4.
- Morley (Earl).** Settling Annuity on him and his Family, and granting a Sum of Money to purchase an Estate to be called *Trafalgar*, 46 G. 3. c. 146.
- Norris, John, Esq.** Sale of Estate, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Nottingham Town.** See *Parliament* 20.
- Norfolk (Duke).** Enlarging Private Act, 37 G. 3. c. 101; and empowering Charles Duke of Norfolk (the then Male of the late Duke of Arundel and Surrey) to sell all the Tithes belonging to the Rectories of *Arundel*, &c. &c. to any Parishes wherever, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 22. § 1; to subordinate Copyholds, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 21.
- Orange, Heir of.** Annuity of 2000*l.* to the Heir of Orange, 43 G. 3. c. 120.
- Ormskirk (Baron).** Vesting Estates, 45 G. 3. c. 1222; 48 G. 3. c. 1221.
- O'Reilly, James.** Discharging Incumbrances, 46 G. 3. c. 121.
- Orsey, See Taylor.**
- Osborn, Francis.** Enabling Guardians to carry into Execution certain Contracts, 46 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Oxford (Earl of).** Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 21.
- Oxford, St. John Baptist College.** Exchange, 48 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Partridge, H. Esq.** Sale of Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Paul, J.** Exchange and Sale of Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 121; 48 G. 3. c. 1.
- Patent Life Assurance Company.** To be in the Name of their Secretary, and to send Accounts, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221; 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1222; 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Perry, J. and J. (Doctors).** Partition and Sale of their Estates, 42 G. 3. c. 119.
- Philanthropic Society.** Incorporating, 45 G. 3. c. 121.
- Pier, W. M. Esq.** Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 21.
- Pryor, Sir J. B. Bart.** Exchange of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Procurator Solicitor.** To be in the Name of their managing Director and to send Accounts, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221.
- Rader (Earl of).** Exchange of Lands with University of Oxford, 45 G. 3. c. 1220.
- Rady.** See *Kemp*.
- Race, Francis, Esq.** To grant Building Leases, 47 G. 3. c. 121.
- Rails (Earl).** Sale of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Railway (Baron).** Confirming Annuity to him for Life, formerly granted to George Lord *Railway*, 46 G. 3. c. 147.
- Royal Family—Queen.** For enabling His Majesty to grant to the Queen *Princess Metilda*, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 45.
- Prize of War.** An Annuity of 5000*l.* settled on her, 42 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.
- Rye (Duke of).** Granting Lands to him, 44 G. 3. c. 25.
- Ryegate (Duke of).** His Majesty empowered to settle an Annuity of 2000*l.* on him, during his Pleasure, 41 G. 3. c. 45.

- Royal Family (continued).**
- Sage (Duke of).** His Majesty empowered to settle an Annuity of 12000*l.* on him, during his Pleasure, 42 G. 3. c. 45.
- For enabling His Majesty to settle Annuities on certain Branches of the Royal Family, 46 G. 3. c. 145; amended 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 50.
- His Majesty empowered to settle an Annuity of 2000*l.* per Annum on the Duchess of *Braybrooke Walsford*, 48 G. 3. c. 50.
- Saint John (Lord).** Vesting Estates, 46 G. 3. c. 1222.
- Saint Vincent (Earl).** Settling Annuity granted to him under 28 G. 3. c. 21; 45 G. 3. c. 50.
- Salford (Marquis).** Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 21.
- Savill Sir George, Bart.** Vesting Estates, 46 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Saxmure, Sir J.** An Annuity of 1200*l.* per Annum settled on him for his Life, 43 G. 3. c. 37.
- Saxton, Thomas, Esq.** Vesting and Sale of Estates, 46 G. 3. c. 121.
- Shelburne (Earl of).** Exchange of Grove Lands, 45 G. 3. c. 120.
- Shrewsbury (Earl).** Sale and Purchase of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Silbury, George and John, Esquires.** Vesting, Winding, and charging Estates, 43 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Simsdore Rectory.** Laple of Presentation, 48 G. 3. c. 121.
- Smyth, Sir S.** An Annuity of 1000*l.* per Annum settled on him during his Life, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 5.
- See of the City.** Incorporating Society for the Benefit of, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Seventeenth (Lord and Lady).** Confirming their Lease to the *New River Company*, 45 G. 3. c. 1220.
- Spencer, Lord Rivers.** Exchange of Estate, (See Act 3 G. 3. c. 47, *post*.) 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221.
- Spicer, John William, Esq.** To grant Building Leases, 48 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Steed (Lord).** Appointing new Trustees for Purpose of his Marriage Settlement, 45 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Steeles, Sir Richard.** An Annuity of 1000*l.* granted to him, 46 G. 3. c. 5.
- Stuart, Sir John.** An Annuity of 1000*l.* per Annum granted to him during his Life, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 4.
- Steele (Lord).** Vesting Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 1221.
- T. and T. Taylor, and J. Osney (Widow, deceased).** Sale of their Estate by Court of Chancery, 42 G. 3. c. 121.
- Thames, Edward (Lord).** Sale of Estates, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 1221; 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Thyng, Bartholomew, Esq.** Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221.
- Torr, J. H.** For granting Building Leases, 48 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Torrer (Lord).** Vesting Estates, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221.
- Uppley, J. Esq.** Exchange of Estates, 48 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Walden College, Oxford.** Enabling a married Fellow to hold the Office of Warden, 46 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Walker, Edward, Esq.** Enabling an Exchange, 45 G. 3. c. 1220.
- Walpole, R. Esq.** For Sale of his Copyhold Estates in *Norfolk*, 41 G. 3. c. 121.
- Warner, H. L. Esq.** Vesting Estates, 46 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Wals, John.** Requesting his Charter, 46 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Wick, H. and J.** To grant Building Leases, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 1221.
- Wharrie, J. Esq. (Successor).** Partition of settled Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.
- Williams, J. Esquire.** Sale of Estates, 41 G. 3. c. 121.
- Wingfield (Baron).** Application of Purchase Money of Estates, 49 G. 3. c. 1221.

Pepper, See Customs.

Philanthropic Society, See Personal Acts.

116

Pilots.

1. To amend 7 G. 3. c. 22. § 24. &c. for further regulating the Pilots of *Dover, Deal, &c.* 43 G. 3. c. 1531 repealed 43 G. 3. c. 106. § 2.
2. To revive and amend Stat. 3 G. 2. c. 13; 7 G. 2. c. 24; 43 G. 3. c. 1531. relating to the better regulating of Pilots in the *Towns and Harbours*; 47 G. 3. c. 106. [For Seven Years, &c. See 48 G. 3. c. 106.]
3. For the better Regulation of Pilots, and the Pilgrage of Ships and Vessels navigating the *Strait Seas*; 48 G. 3. c. 106.
4. All former Acts relating to Pilots and Pilgrage repealed, &c.
5. *Town Corporation may* Grant Pilot, § 2.
6. Pilots to pay Three Guineas annually, § 2. 4. — Qualifications of Pilots, § 5.
7. No Person to pilot a Vessel of more tⁿ 14 Feet Water, and he has been licensed Three Years, § 6.
8. Rates to be taken by Pilots, Schedule (A).
9. Coque Port Pilot not to take Charge of Vessel admitted, § 7.
10. Rates to be taken by Coque Port Pilots, Schedule (B).
11. Rate for piloting into and out of *Ramsgate* and other Harbours, § 8.
12. Coque Port Pilots shall ply to take Charge of Vessels from the *Westward*, § 10.
13. Masters of such Ships to hoist a Signal for a Pilot, § 11.
14. Such Pilots not to quit Vessel without leave of the Master, § 12.
15. Rates to be made for such Pilots, § 13.
16. Number of Coque Port Pilots may be increased, § 15. 16.
17. Pilots shall be qualified for conducting Vessels into and out of *Ramsgate* and other Harbours, § 17.
18. Ships in Port may be removed by Master, § 18.
19. Regulations as to Appointment and Suspension of Pilots, § 19. 21. 24.
20. Owners, &c. not answerable for Loss through Want of a Pilot, unless on Refusal, § 20.
21. Act not to extend to Ships of War or Vessels not exceeding 60 Tons, § 26. 27.
22. Actions against Pilots referred, § 28.
23. Masters, &c. of Ships being at *Dover, &c.* may pilot their own Ships, § 30.
24. Licensed Pilot may supercede unlicensed Person on board; Penalty on Master allowing unlicensed Person on board, § 31.
25. *Town Mayor* may establish Rates, and make By-Laws, § 32—35.
26. Licensed Persons to give Bond to obey By-Laws, § 37.
27. Act to Vessel under Quarantine, § 38. 39.
28. Disobedience of Pilot to be punished on Licence, § 40.
29. Pilot not to keep Publick House, § 41.
30. Act to receiving Vessels for having Pilots in Attendance in their Ports, § 44.
31. Regulations as to Pilot Boats, § 45. 46.
32. Penalties on Pilots not behaving themselves, § 47—49.
33. Pilgrage to be paid to Pilot Boats, § 50.
34. Pilot not to be taken to Sea against his Consent, § 51.
35. Fund for Relief of Pilots, § 52.
36. Recovering of Pilgrage of Foreign and other Ships, § 53. 54.
37. Penalties on Masters of Vessels for allowing unlicensed Persons to pilot, § 55.
38. Penalty on giving false Account of Draught of Water, § 56. 57.
39. Pilots Names shall be inserted in the Ship's Report, § 58.
40. Loss of Pilots shall be kept, § 59. Co. 64.
41. Possession of *St. Eusebii* extended to Vessels belonging Legats, § 61.

42. Penalty on running down Vessels, 48 G. 3. c. 106. § 62.
43. Penalty on Pilots not obeying Orders of *Weymouth Dock Master*, § 63.
44. Recovery and Application of Penalties, and apprehending Offenders by Warrant, § 65—71.
45. Continuance of Act, Four Years, § 77.
See also *Tide Ships*.

Plantations.

1. For the trying and passing, in Great Britain, Persons holding publick Employments, for Offences committed thereon, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 85.
2. Persons in publick Office should, committing Offences, may be prosecuted in the Court of King's Bench in England; Indictment may be laid in *Midshire*, and Offenders punished as if Offences had been committed in England, &c.
3. How Proof of the Facts charged shall be proved by Masters from the Courts of King's Bench in England to Courts, &c. abroad, and transmitted back to England, 43 G. 3. c. 85. § 2—6.
4. Stat. 37 G. 3. c. 22. for regulating the Trade in the *Cape of Good Hope*, amended and further continued, 41 G. 3. (U. A.) c. 29. § 3.—[England.]
5. To authorize His Majesty to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Cape of Good Hope*, 46 G. 3. c. 201. 47 G. 3. c. 112; 48 G. 3. c. 105; 49 G. 3. c. 17. [During War.]
6. Stat. 35 G. 3. c. 76. for establishing Courts of Judicature in *Newfoundland*, continued, 41 G. 3. c. 29. § 11; 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 1.—[Permanent Act, 49 G. 3. c. 87.]
7. Stat. 3 G. 2. c. 24. for encouraging the Growth of Coffee in *American Plantations*; continued, 41 G. 3. c. 29. § 12.—made perpetual, 49 G. 3. c. 10. § 31. except as to Importation and Exportation of Foreign Coffee into and from the Plantations.
8. To empower His Majesty to regulate the Trade and Commerce to and from the Isle of *Mocha*, and to declare that Isle to be Part of *Europe*, 41 G. 3. c. 103; 47 G. 3. c. 124. 48 G. 3. c. 6. § 3.
9. For allowing certain Articles to be exported from *Gibraltar* and *Mocha* direct to the *British North American Colonies*, in Return for *British American Fish*, 46 G. 3. c. 125.
10. For allowing the Exportation annually of a limited Quantity of Worked Yarn to *Canada*, 47 G. 3. c. c. 9.
11. For permitting the Exportation of Salt from certain Ports in the *Northern Shores* in *American Ships* on Ballast, 44 G. 3. c. 201. continued, 47 G. 3. c. c. 20. [on 25th March 1809, &c.]
12. For permitting the Exportation of *Falcons' Eggs*, *Falcons' Clays*, and *Tobacco-pipe Clays*, to any Place in Possession of His Majesty, 47 G. 3. c. c. 49.
13. For making the Port of *Amoy* in the Island of *Canton*, a free Port, 47 G. 3. c. c. 54.
14. For permitting the Importation of certain enumerated Articles into the *British Colonies* on the Continent of *North America* from the United States of *America*, and the Exportation of other Articles from the three Colonies to the United States, 47 G. 3. c. c. 58. [on 25th March 1809, &c.] See 49 G. 3. c. c. 49.
15. For transferring to His Majesty certain Possessions and Rights vested in the *Serra Leone Company*, 47 G. 3. c. c. 64.
16. Stat. 37 G. 3. c. 43. § 5. permitting Exportation of *Tobacco-pipe Clays* to the *British High India*, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 22. § 1.
17. Stat. 4 G. 3. c. 19. for importing Salt into *Quatar* from *Europe*, made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 22. § 2.

18. For permitting Sugar and Coffee to be exported from the British Colonies or Plantations to any Part in Europe to the Southward of Cape Finlayson; and Cans to be imported from such Ports, and from the Coast of Africa into the said Colonies and Plantations, 48 G. 3. c. 69. [On 25th March 1810.]
19. For permitting the Importation of Rice, Grain and Flour from any foreign Colonies on the Continent of America into certain Ports in the West Indies, and to allow certain Articles to be imported from the United States of America into the British Possessions in North America, for the Purpose of Exportation to the British West India Islands, 48 G. 3. c. 125.
20. For allowing the Importation of Rum and Spirits from the Island of St. Vincent into the Province of Lower Canada, Duty-free, as from the West India Colonies, 49 G. 3. c. 16.
21. For permitting certain Articles (Fruit, Wine, &c.) the Produce of Europe, to be exported to the British West India Colonies to Ships arriving at any Port of Europe with British West India Produce and Fish, 49 G. 3. c. 47.
22. For authorizing His Majesty to prohibit any Goods to be imported into, and exported from New South and New Brunswick to any Ship or Vessel whatever, 49 G. 3. c. 49.
23. For the more effectual Recovery of Products and Possessions accrued in the British Colonies and Plantations in America, 49 G. 3. c. 107.
24. Stat. 4 G. 3. c. 17. § 41; 8 G. 3. c. 12. repealed; Practice, &c. may be recovered in the Courts of Record or Vice Admiralty Court of the Colony, 49 G. 3. c. 107. § 1.—Sums that be lodged in the Customs House, § 2.

See further, *Tides Importation*—*Ship*.

Poisoning, See Balliards.

Police and Police Offices, See Justices of the Peace; Paving; Thames Police.

Poor.

1. For better Collection of the Poor's Rates, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 22.
2. On Appeal to Quarter Sessions, Poor Rates may be assessed or equalized, if necessary; but Rates assessed shall notwithstanding be levied, to satisfaction of next effective Rate, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 22 § 1.
3. Notice of Appeal shall not prevent District, but no greater Sum shall be proceeded for than that assessed in the last effective Rate, *ibid.* § 2.
4. Quarter Sessions, having ordered Rate to be equalized, may order the Sum charged not to be paid, and also stop Proceedings.—Justice, &c. not liable for previous Proceedings, *ibid.* § 3.—Regulation of Appeals, § 4—7.
5. Quarter Sessions may order Repayment of Money improperly assessed, § 8.
6. Succending Churchwardens may repay Money expended on Poor by previous Churchwardens, where there was no Rate, *ibid.* § 9.
7. To require Constables, &c. to keep a Register of Children bound or apprenticed by them, as Apprentices, and to extend Stat. 20 G. 3. c. 26. to Apprentices bound by Heads of Industry, &c. 41 G. 3. c. 26.
8. For Payment of Debts incurred for building Poor Houses, 42 G. 3. c. 74; 43 G. 3. c. 110.
9. Stat. 25 G. 3. c. 85. § 100. repealed in part, 43 G. 3. c. 110. § 2. Assessments under that Act, may be dissolved, and Money recovered repaid by One Twelfth Part annually, § 2.

10. For procuring Returns relative to the Expense and Maintenance of Poor in England, 43 G. 3. c. 141.—[Expired.]
11. For amending 9 G. 2. c. 5. § 4. relating to the Settlement, Employment, and Relief of the Poor, 45 G. 3. c. 54.
12. No Contract for maintaining the Poor shall be valid, unless Contract is void in the Parish where Poor are to be maintained, and Security is given for Performance of Contract, § 1. 2.
13. Order of Removal suspended for Indefinite under 25 G. 3. c. 101. § 2—may be executed by any one Justice of the Peace, 45 G. 3. c. 124. § 1. 2.
14. And extended to others of the Family, § 3.
15. One Justice may examine before Peasants, and report to Petty Sessions, § 4.
16. Two Justices may order Regulations as to Poor Houses under 22 G. 3. c. 85—to be extended to any Parish whatever, § 5.

Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in various Parishes, &c.

1. *County*. For relieving Poor, and for exempting Vaccinated Poor's Rate, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 141.
2. *Chelsea*. For Relief of the Poor, and building a Work-House, 42 G. 3. c. 16.
3. *Dartford*. Establishing a School for the Education of Poor Children, 42 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 122.
4. *French Protestant Hospital*, 43 G. 3. c. 126.
5. *Leather*. For empowering Justices to make a fair and equal County Rate, 44 G. 3. c. 222.
6. *Merthyr*. For Government and Regulation of the Poor, 45 G. 3. c. 221.
7. *Middlesex, Parish of Saint George*. Relief of the Poor, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 122.
- *Parish of Stagen*. For Relief of the Poor, 42 G. 3. c. 221.
- *Parish of Saint Mary Whitechapel*. Relief of the Poor, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 122.
- *Parish of Saint Pancras*. For making effectual Provision for the Poor, repealing 44 G. 3. c. 221, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- *Parish of Clerkenwell*. Relief of Poor, 47 G. 3. c. 222.
- *Parish of Saint Luke*. Regulating and employing Poor, 48 G. 3. c. 222.
- *Parish of Saint Andrew Lambeth*. For more equally and effectually collecting the Poor Rates, 49 G. 3. c. 222.
- *Parish of Saint Clement Docks*, 49 G. 3. c. 222.
8. *Notfolk*. Relief and Employment of the Poor in the Hundreds of *Wymondley and Lavenham*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 122.
- Relief and Employment of the Poor in the Parishes of *Swanton, Broomfield, Holywell, Swanton, Swanton, Alton, Broomfield, Holywell, Holywell, Swanton, and Swanton*, 45 G. 3. c. 222.
- For setting *Hospitals*, &c. in the Borough of *King's Lynn*, (amending 10 and 13 R. 2. c. 6.) 45 G. 3. c. 222.
9. *Notwick*. *Workhouse* & *Workhouse*, 43 G. 3. c. 222.
10. *Nottingham*. *Parish of Saint Nicholas*. For better assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 222.
11. *Nottingham*. *Parish of Saint Nicholas*. For better assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 222.
12. *Nottingham*. *Parish of Saint Nicholas*. For better assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 222.
13. *Nottingham*. *Parish of Saint Nicholas*. For better assessing and collecting the Poor Rates, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 222.

13. *Suffol.* Parishes of *Claydon*, &c. For better Relief of Poor, (containing 19 G. 3. c. 30); 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 10.
14. *Derford* (*Dorset*). For the better Maintenance and Support of the Poor, (containing 21 G. 3. c. 57); 49 G. 3. c. 22.
15. *Surrey*. Parish of *Saint Andrew*, (see 44 G. 3. c. 11); 43 G. 3. c. 12.
16. Parish of *Saint Mary Newington*. Collecting Poor's Rates, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 22.
17. Parish of *Saint Mary Abchurch, Stroud*. For better Regulation of the Poor and for enclosing the Church-yard, (containing 31 G. 3. c. 45—32 G. 3. c. 19); 49 G. 3. c. 12.

Portugal Wine, See Wine.

Portuguese Territories, See Importation; Post Office.

Post Houses, See Taxes.

Post Office.

1. Repealing the *proven* Rates for General and Penny Post Letters in Great Britain, and imposing others, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 7, § 2, 2.
2. Rates by the Penny Post, § 2.
3. *Norwich*'s Accounts, &c. to be read as Letters, § 4.
4. Letters may be cover'd to and from Places not being Post Towns, and charged with extra Prices, § 3—7. And see 46 G. 3. c. 92, § 2, 3, 4.
5. Rates of *High* Letters, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 7, § 9.
6. Exemption in favour of *Seamen's* Letters and Patterns of Cloth, &c. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 7, § 10, 11. See *Post* No. 9, 15.
7. Rates of Letters to and from *France*, &c. repealed, and others imposed, 42 G. 3. c. 101, § 1—3.
8. For granting additional Rates at *Postage*, 45 G. 3. c. 11.
9. Additional Rates granted in *Great Britain*—between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*—Patterns—Two penny Post Letters—Foreign Letters—Colonial Letters, § 1.
10. Inland Postage on Letters to and from *Belgic* Dominions in *Europe*, 45 G. 3. c. 11, § 2.
11. Newspapers sent by Two-penny Post, § 4.
12. For granting Rates of Postage on Carriages of Letters and Packets to and from *Gibraltar* and the *Island of Malta*, 45 G. 3. c. 71.
13. For permitting Members of Parliament and certain publick Officers to send Letters, Vouchers, Newspapers, &c. free from Postage, and receiving the Postage on such Vouchers, &c. free by other Persons, 41 G. 3. c. 61.
14. Members may send 10 and receive 15 Letters of One Ounce Weight daily, § 1. Surp. or shall be 100—6, § 2.
15. Superintendants shall be all of Member of Parliament's Household, &c. § 2. But see § 5.
16. Treasury, Admiralty, Secretaries of State, and other Officers in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* allowed to send and receive Letters free from Postage in United Kingdom, § 4—6.
17. Publick Officers in *Ireland* allowed to send Letters Post free three, § 7, 8. And see *Title Ireland* (*Post Office*).
18. Vouchers and Newspapers may be sent *Liberty*, § 10—13.
19. Forging Superintendants of Franks, Seven Year's Transportation, § 14.

20. Privilege of franking extended to Letters sent by the *Surveyor-General* of the Woods, 41 G. 3. c. 31, § 5; 46 G. 3. c. 142, § 6.
21. —To Accountant of *Greenwich* (late *Clifton*) Clerk, 45 G. 3. c. 119, § 19, 20.—Deputy *Treasurer* of *Chichester* Hospital, 46 G. 3. c. 172, § 16.
22. —To Master General and Officers of the *Outdoor* Office, 44 G. 3. c. 84.
23. —Official Letters relative to *Prizes*, 45 G. 3. c. 71, § 102.—And see *Naval* Prizes, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 55, and c. 45, § 4.—Inspector of *Seamen's* Wills, 49 G. 3. c. 108, § 7, 8, 9.
24. —To Commissioners for sending publick Accounts, and for Affairs of *Barwick*, 48 G. 3. c. 90.
25. Specific Powers of franking given to the *Lord Chancellor*, *Speaker*, *First Lord of the Treasury* and *Admiralty*, *Chancellor* of the *Exchequer* of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, *President* of the *Board of Trade*, and *Assistant Secretary* to the *Treasury* in *Great Britain*, 46 G. 3. c. 61.
26. To extend certain Acts relating to the *Post Office*, 46 G. 3. c. 92.
27. 31 G. 3. c. 53, § 7, 8. as to Letters to and from *Soldiers* and *Seamen* repealed, § 1.
28. Regulations as to sending Letters, on Payment of rd. Postage, by *Seamen*, § 6.—by *Soldiers*, 18, 9.—Provisions on sending Regulations, § 11—14.
29. Persons employed in *Post Office*, learning, &c. Letters containing any Parts of any *Security* mentioned in 7 G. 3. c. 20, and also Persons procuring such Officers, guilty of *Felony* without Clergy, 42 G. 3. c. 82, § 1, 2.—And see *Title Felony*.
30. Where Offence of robbing *Mail* shall be had and prosecuted, 42 G. 3. c. 81, § 3.
31. Persons receiving Bags, &c. guilty of a *Misdemeanor*, § 4.
32. Penalty on Persons sending Letters otherwise than by the *Post*, § 1, § 5.—Exceptions, § 6.—Recovery of Possession of *Sealed*, 46 G. 3. c. 92, § 1.
33. For enabling the *Post-Master General* to open and return Letters directed to *Abroad*, &c. and which have been or shall have been returned or not sent, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 52—
34. Regulation for identifying Letters, &c. § 2—5.
35. Penalty on fraudulently obtaining such Letters, if containing Notes or Bills, *Felony*, § 9.
36. Secretary of State may authorize *Post-Master* to return Letters of foreign Ministers, § 10.
37. Foreign Letters sent and returned may be opened by *Post-Master General*, § 11.
38. For granting Rates of Postage on Letters to and from *Madras* and the *Portuguese Territories* in *South America*, 48 G. 3. c. 185.

Printers, See Indemnity.

Prize and Butirage, See Wines.

Prizes and Prize Goods.

(And see Prize and Admiralty Courts.)

1. Stat. 23 G. 3. c. 34 continued, 42 G. 3. c. 101; 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 1. See *post*, No. 2.
2. For the Relief of the Captives of *Prizes* with respect to bringing and landing *Prize Goods* in *Great Britain*; during *Hostilities*, 45 G. 3. c. 124.
3. *Prize Goods* in 7, under certain Regulations, be landed and Shipped in *Warehouses* in *Great Britain*, § 1.
4. Ex. commo. from *Duty*—*Military* Stores, &c. § 2.
5. C. 10, 11. may be purchased under certain Regulations, § 3.
6. *High* *Loth* *Goods* shall be sold in *London*, § 4. And see § 8. Exceptions as to a particular *Drop* *Prize*, 48 G. 3. c. 147.

7 Tobacco,

7. Tobacco, &c. may be removed to proper Ports, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 24. § 2.
8. How Prize Goods may be removed for Exportation and exported, § 6, 10.
9. Goods condemned abroad entitled to Benefit of this Act, § 7.
10. Ships condemned abroad shall pay Duty on their first Arrival in Great Britain, § 9.
11. Duties payable on Prize Goods taken out for Home Consumption, § 11.
12. Penalty on Vessels under Letters of Marque having more than a certain Quantity of Foreign Spirits, &c. on board, § 12.
13. Foreign Spirits, Wine, Coffee, or other Goods, being reasonable, taken as Prize, shall not be seized as the King's Warehouse, § 13.
14. Regulations for delivering out such Goods for Home Consumption or Exportation, § 4, 5.
15. Strength of Prize Spirits may be increased or diminished, § 6.
16. Such Spirits subject to Regulation of Wrecking Acts, § 7.
17. For the Encouragement of Service, and for more effectually supplying the Navy, and for regulating the Payment of Prize Money, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 16.—Repealed, and new Provisions made for the like Purpose, 45 G. 3. c. 72.—[During the War. See § 125.]—Exemption of Cases arising under subsequent Orders of Council, 45 G. 3. c. 82; 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 40.—To Royal and Parliamentary Grants on Captives, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 20, 31.
18. Prizes shall be divided according to His Majesty's Proclamations, 43 G. 3. c. 72. § 2.
19. What shall be deemed Prize. His Majesty shall direct Appointment between Army and Navy acting in Conjunction, § 3.
20. In default of His Majesty's Direction, Commanders in Chief shall settle Division. How Shares shall be distributed; Status of Res Meritum, § 4.
21. Bounty (Head Money) to every Man on board Enemy's Vessel at Beginning of Engagement, § 5, 6, 8.
22. Brawl Vessels taken shall be released on Salvage, § 7.
23. Admiralty may give Letters of Marque, § 9.
24. During Hostilities Vessels condemned and sold by Commissioners of Customs and Excise may be commissioned as Privateers, 43 G. 3. c. 123 § 2. See 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 9, 10.
25. Mode of Application for Letters of Marque, &c.—Penalty on Commanders of Letters of Marque capturing without Certificate, or engaging with inferior Force, 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 10.
26. Security for granting Letters of Marque, § 11.
27. Penalty on Custom-House Officer granting false Certificate, § 12.
28. Vessels with Letters of Marque deemed heretics, § 13.
29. Letters of Marque forfeited by Officers against Revenue Laws, § 14.
30. Admiralty may revoke Letters of Marque, and give Notice thereof, § 15.
31. Brawl Vessels captured shall not be released, § 16—18.
32. Penalty on Possessors retaining Prizes, § 19.
33. Penalties on retaining Prizes unlawfully.—Forfeiture of Bond by Privateer, and Tonnage and Duty-free on Captives of King's Ships, § 20.
34. Ships released, &c. shall prosecute their Voyages, § 21.
35. Commanders of Ships on Cruises subject to the Laws for carrying off Persons without Consent, § 22.
36. Commanders detaining Coopers, &c. shall forfeit Share of Prize, § 23.
37. Penalty on Captives of Merchants disobeying Signals, 43 G. 3. c. 72, § 24.
38. Privateers under Cooney not entitled to Prize Money, except under Orders, § 25.
39. Officers on board Privateers shall be punished as Sailors, &c. Prizes liable to Dunes, § 27.
40. Navy Board, &c. may purchase Naval Stores, &c. found on board Foreign Ships, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 28.
41. Prize Vessels condemned deemed Brawl-ships, § 29.
42. Penalty for breaking Bulk on board Prizes, § 30.
43. Captives made aboard to be under Care of Officers of Customs, § 31.
44. Penalty on breaking Infractions relative to Prizes, &c. or for Offences against the Law of Nations, § 32.
45. His Majesty may give Directions to Courts of Admiralty, § 33.
46. Continuance of Prizes. (And for Prize and Admiralty Courts). Prizes shall be concerned only for our Party, § 34.
47. On Entry of Claims Security shall be given.—Proceedings of Judge toward a Sentence.—Appraisal before Trial, and Delivery to Claimants on Security, § 35.
48. If Sentence reversed after Sale, the Net Proceeds to be deemed the Value, § 36.
49. Six small Privateers taken may be included in one Adjudication, § 37.
50. Writings on board Captives shall be brought into Registry of Admiralty, § 38.
51. Regulations as to Claims of alleged Joint Capture, § 39.
52. Registry of Vice Admiralty Courts shall transmit to Admiralty and Admiralty's Hospital Lists of Prizes adjudged, § 40, 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 32.
53. Appeal may be made to Prize Commissioners, 43 G. 3. c. 72, § 40.
54. Persons not Parties in first Instance shall enter Claims, or Appeals void, § 41.
55. Time for taking out Inhibitions by Appellants, § 42.
56. On Appeal, Captures to be appraised and sold, as Security being given, &c. § 43.
57. Penalty on forging Letters of Marque, post. &c. § 110.
58. Offences committed out of the Realm may be tried as Exploit, § 118.
59. Marshal of the Admiralty shall execute all Warrants, § 119.
60. Appointment of Prize Agents, § 121.
61. Agents shall register their Power of Attorney, and give Security, § 122—123; 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 23.
62. Regulations as to Prize List to be sent to Agents, 43 G. 3. c. 72, § 40, &c.; 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 4.
63. On Continuance where no Claimant appears, Agents to give Security, 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 41.—May be compelled to set Proceeds in Publick Account, § 42.—Judge may order Sale on Appeal, § 64.—Orders of Appeal may order Proceeds to be paid into Court, § 65.—Notice of Contemnation, 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 5.
64. Before Payment of Prizes, Agent shall exhibit to Court of Admiralty a Copy of Account due. Penalty upon 43 G. 3. c. 72, § 40;—See also 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 21.—Shall advertise their valuing Accounts taken, 45 G. 3. c. 72, § 58.—Agency shall be on Net Proceeds, § 69.—Time of Distribution, § 70.
65. On Certificate of Prize falling under Flag of Enemy, Proceeds may be distributed sooner, § 71, &c.—Unclaimed Shares to be paid on Greenwich Hospital, § 72.
66. Further Provisions as to Notices of Payment of Prize Money and Head Money, 49 G. 3. c. 123, § 6, 7, 9.
67. Regulations as to Orders for Payment of Prize Money (and Wages) to captured Agents or Relations of the Parties entitled, 26, § 8, 13, 14, 35—39.

69. Agents shall keep Offices open for Payment of Shares for Three Months, Penalty 100*l.* 4*5* G. 3. c. 74. § 75. Sec.—At End of Four Months after First Distribution, Agents to pay over Balances to Greenwich Hospital, on Oath, &c. § 80; 45 G. 3. c. 123. § 20. 22.
70. Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital to transmit Names, &c. to Navy Office for Publick Information—Office for paying Shares to be opened at Greenwich Hospital, 45 G. 3. c. 74. § 81, &c.
71. Unclaimed Shares of Officers and Soldiers in the Army in conquest Expeditions shall be paid to *Clay's Hospital*, to which the Donors and Regulators of 45 G. 3. c. 72. are extended, 45 G. 3. c. 123. § 20—22.
72. Run Rice not entitled to Prize Money, 45 G. 3. c. 75. § 87.—Consent for Agent on refusing to pay them, entails the R. be taken off, § 95.
73. Periods of serving unclaimed Shares, § 87; Sec.—Form of a Letter of Attorney for receiving Prize Money, § 92.—Stamp Duty for such Instrument, 1*2* s. § 91.—Mode of refunding Shares of Prize Money paid into *Greenwich Hospital*, &c. § 95. &c.
74. No Parties employed by *Greenwich Hospital* to be Agents for Prizes, § 107, &c.
75. Persons retaining Records of Prizes shall pay Interest at 1*per Cent.* per Month, § 109.—Penalty on false Oaths, &c. Forfeiture, § 110.
76. For granting to Foreign Ships past under His Majesty's Protection, the Privilege of Prize Ships, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 82. (during the War.)
77. Both Foreign Ships may be registered as Prize Ships, and entitled to Possession of *British Vessels*, § 1, &c.—And may import and export as Prize Vessels, except to Europe, § 3.—On Arrival in Great Britain may be registered Duty free, § 4.—Not to affect the Rights of the *East India Company*, § 5.
78. Governors of Settlements hitherto during War, may admit or Oath and Navigation Act, (56 G. 3. c. 60.) § 7.
79. Prize Money for Captures made by Foreign Ships in conjunction with *British Ships*, shall be paid to foreign Ambassadors for Information, 45 G. 3. c. 82. § 4.—Extended to Cruisers by Foreign Land Forces in conjunction with *British*, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
80. For permitting the Registry at Affairs of Ships taken as Prize, 45 G. 3. c. 34.
81. For permitting Prize Goods, &c. to be sold for Exportation, without Payment of several Duty, 45 G. 3. c. 44.—See also *Takes Prize Goods, Ships*.

Prize Courts and Admiralty Courts.

1. The King in Council may (a. Salaries for Judges of Vice-Admiralty Courts in the *West India America, and Barbadoes*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96. § 1. And at *Barbadoes and Bermuda*, [45 G. 3. c. 160. repealed]—45 G. 3. c. 72. § 20.
2. And may, upon Recommendation of such Judges, after having been six Years in Office, grant them Annuities, not exceeding 1000*l.*—45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96. § 21. [45 G. 3. c. 160. § 21. repealed]—45 G. 3. c. 72. § 20.
3. Prizes of each Judge not to exceed 1000*l.* per Annum over his Salary, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96. § 4, 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 20.
4. Judges, Officers of Admiralty, &c. shall set off as Agents for Prizes, or be concerned in any Prizes, &c.—45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96. § 17; [45 G. 3. c. 160. § 30. 31. repealed]—45 G. 3. c. 72. § 40. 41.
5. For regulating Prize Courts in *West India and America*, and extending Duties of Commissioners of Appeals at the Plantations, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96.
6. Powers of each *West India* Prize Courts extended to all Captures in *West India, Barbadoes, or Bermuda*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 96. § 5.
7. Such Courts may sit in Commissioners, § 6.—and receive Petitions to be brought into Court, § 7.—or order Prizes to be sent to England for Sale, § 8, 9.
8. Proceedings on Appeal, § 9—11.
9. In Captures by Privateers, Owners shall be deemed Parties, § 12.
10. How Orders of Commissioners of Appeals shall be executed in the Plantations, § 10.
11. King and Council may grant Commissions to other Prize Courts, § 15, 16.—And for 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 27.
12. Fees in Vice Admiralty Courts, 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 27—29.
13. Admiralty Sessions, for Trial of Officers committed on the High Seas, shall be held Twice a Year, [45 G. 3. c. 160. § 27. repealed] 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 114.
14. Justices, &c. may take Information of Offences, § 115.
15. Persons who give Evidence shall enter into Recognisance to appear, § 116.
16. Prizes shall be concerned only for One Party; Penalty 500*l.* and Disqualification, 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 42.

Probates, See Stamps.

Promissory Notes, See Stamps; Ireland;

Bills of Exchange.

Property Tax, See Taxes.

Provisions.

1. So much of 45 G. 3. (G.B.) c. 16. as relates to the selling, &c. of Flour made from any other Grain than Wheat, substituted, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 1.—See also 41 G. 3. (G.B.) c. 16. repealed, [45 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 2.]
2. Houses on Importation into Great Britain of American Flour under 41 G. 3. (G.B.) c. 10. increased, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 17.
3. Stat. 19 G. 3. c. 87. prohibiting the Exportation, [except to *Ireland*], and permitting the Importation, of Corn and other Provisions Duty free, continued, 45 G. 3. c. 13. § 12. 45 G. 3. c. 14. § 12. 44 G. 3. c. 4. § 21. 45 G. 3. c. 26. 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 21. 45 G. 3. c. 25. [to 25th March 1810.]
4. Wheat, Rye, Barley, or Oats, or the Flour thereof, when the Price thereof shall be under certain specified Prices, (viz. Wheat 5*1s.* per Quarter, &c.) may be exported in any *British or High Vessel from Great Britain to Ireland*, and imported from *Ireland to Great Britain*, 45 G. 3. c. 25. § 1, 2.—Continued, 45 G. 3. c. 14. § 11. 45 G. 3. c. 28. 44 G. 3. c. 62. 45 G. 3. c. 60. 45 G. 3. c. 29. § 6. [to 25th March 1810. See *post*, No. 15.]
5. *Wool* Com may be exported to *Ireland*, whatever may be the Average Price of Com, 45 G. 3. c. 14. § 11, 5. [See *post*, No. 15.]
6. Malt imported into *Great Britain from Ireland* shall pay certain customing Duties, 45 G. 3. c. 14. § 4. [repealed, 44 G. 3. c. 59. § 1.]—And to *Ireland from Great Britain*, 45 G. 3. c. 21. § 15. [repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 25.]
7. To permit the Exportation of a certain amount Quantity of Corn, Oats, &c. to *Guernsey, Jersey*, &c. under Restrictions on 21 G. 3. c. 50. § 10; but from other Parts than *Guernsey*, 45 G. 3. c. 105; made perpetual, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 4; extended to Malt and Oats, 45 G. 3. c. 28. § 1.
8. To regulate the Importation and Exportation of Com, and the Houses and Duties payable thereon, 45 G. 3. c. 105. 2 amended, 45 G. 3. c. 86.

9. So much of 1 G. 3. c. 21 as regulates the Prices for Importation and Exportation of Corn to and from Great Britain, (except as to Ireland) repealed, 44 G. 3. c. 109. § 1. [See 1 to Ireland, No. 15.]
10. Importation and Exportation into and from England, Wales, and Scotland, shall be regulated by Averages in England and Scotland respectively, 44 G. 3. c. 109. § 2. Repealed: Importation, &c. to and from Great Britain shall be regulated by Average in 21 Maritime Districts in England and Wales, 45 G. 3. c. 86 § 1.
11. Duties on Corn exported regulated according to Schedule A, 44 G. 3. c. 109. § 3.—Duties on Importation by Schedule B § 4.
12. Not to extend to Ireland, to and from which Importation and Exportation is regulated by Schedules C. and D. § 5.—[But for 256, No. 15.]
13. No Corn shall be exported when the Price in the preceding Week is at the Import Rate, 45 G. 3. c. 86 § 2.—Except for His Majesty's Forces and Garrison, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 11.
14. All Orders of Council for Importation of Corn, &c. from American Colonies shall remain in force for Six Months, 46 G. 3. c. 95. § 3.
15. To permit the free Interchange of every Species of Grain between Great Britain and Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 97.
16. All Bounties and Duties payable on the Exportation and Importation of Corn, &c. between Great Britain and Ireland shall cease; and Corn, &c. may be imported and exported between them whatever the Price may be, 46 G. 3. c. 97. § 1.—Declared to extend only to Corn the Growth of each Country, 47 G. 3. c. 1.
17. Regulations as to Export and Import of such Corn, 46 G. 3. c. 97. § 2. 3. 4.—As to Export of Corn from Ireland for Shipp's Stores, Garrison, &c. § 5. 6.
- And see further: Titles 256; 257; Ireland (Provisions); 258.

Publick Accounts.

1. For drawing certain publick Accounts to be laid usually before Parliament, and for discharging certain Forces of Account now in use, 41 G. 3. c. 70.
2. Stat. 17 G. 3. c. 15 § 2: requiring Accounts of Produce of Customs, Excise, &c. to be laid before Parliament, repealed, § 1.
3. Exchequer and Miscellaneous Disbursements of Receipts and Issues at Exchequer abolished, & the Office of making cross-billed Copies thereof, § 2, 3.
4. Treasury shall annually, before 15th March, lay before Parliament Accounts of the Revenue, Expenditure, Debt, &c. of Great Britain up to 31st January preceding, § 4.—And before 5th March for Ireland, 44 G. 3. c. 58.
5. And so to Biannual Revenue of the Church, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 4.
6. To amend 45 G. 3. c. 58.—45 G. 3. c. 55.
7. Powers of transferring Sub-Accountants Accounts enlarged, 45 G. 3. c. 55. § 1.—But for 46 G. 3. c. 121 § 12.
8. Certain Vouchers may be allowed though not stamped, 47 G. 3. c. 95. § 21. § 21. 46 G. 3. c. 70. § 11.
9. For appointing additional Commissioners for the better examination and auditing certain of the publick Accounts of Great Britain, 45 G. 3. c. 97.
10. His Majesty empowered to appoint three Commissioners as an additional Board for examining and auditing publick extraordinary Accounts, under Direction of the Treasury, § 1. Oath of Commissioners, § 2.
11. Powers of 45 G. 3. c. 97. extended to Commissioners and Parties under this Act, § 3.
12. Commissioners of Publick Accounts shall not be Members of the House of Commons, 45 G. 3. c. 91. § 7.
13. To provide for the more effectual Examination of Accounts of the Expenditure of the publick Money in the West India, and for Efficiency of Funds and Abolish them, 45 G. 3. c. 80.—Amended, 46 G. 3. c. 11.
14. Power of Commissioners under 41 G. 3. (G. B.) c. 22, shall cease, 46 G. 3. c. 50. § 1.
15. His Majesty may appoint Five Commissioners for beginning into Abolish and examining Accounts of Persons supplying Provisions or expending publick Money in the West India or South America during the War, 46 G. 3. c. 80. § 3.—Situation of Commissioners, &c. § 3.—Commissioners to have the same Power as former Commissioners, (under 25 G. 3. c. 52) § 5. 9. 10. 11. 14.—See 48 G. 3. c. 97. as to Period of Accounts to be examined.
16. Two Commissioners may be directed to go to the West India, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 80. § 4. 5.
17. Such Two Commissioners shall send Statements of their Examinations to Commissioners in England, &c.—And Names of Accountants, 46 G. 3. c. 91. § 2.
18. Writs of Habeas Corpus may be awarded to bring up Parties in Controversy to be examined, 46 G. 3. c. 80. § 11.
19. Commissioners may grant Certificates of Allowance for the full Certification of Commissioners for auditing publick Accounts, § 1.—Shall transmit Accounts to Treasury, who shall first send to Auditor's Office, 46 G. 3. c. 91. § 1.
20. Provisions on Forfeiture, 46 G. 3. c. 80. § 14.—Trial of Officers concerned in the West India, § 13.
21. Commissioners shall not be Members of the House of Commons, § 18.
22. Powers may be exercised by two Commissioners, or one third Commissioner, 46 G. 3. c. 91. § 5.
23. For making more effectual Provisions for the more speedy and regular Examination and Audit of the Publick Accounts of this Kingdom, 46 G. 3. c. 121.
24. Comptrollers of Army Accounts shall not be Auditors, § 1.
25. His Majesty may appoint Ten Commissioners, § 2.—Their Salaries, § 3.—Situation of Clerks, &c. § 4.—Oath, § 5.
26. Five Commissioners a General Board, § 5.—Majority may act, 46 G. 3. c. 121. § 1. 1.
27. Treasury may subordinate Commissioners into separate Boards, and appoint the Salaries, 46 G. 3. c. 121. § 5.—Majority may act, § 7.
28. No Vacancy to be filled up so as to keep the Number above Six, unless by Act of Parliament.—Four junior Commissioners may be received, § 6.
29. All publick Accounts shall yearly be transmitted to Commissioners within Three Months after Christmas, &c. § 3, 9.
30. Accounts of Sub-Accountants, &c. § 10.—12. 14.
31. Discharge of Accounts, &c. at the Exchequer, &c. § 23.
32. Certain Allowance may be made without Vouchers, or on imperfect Vouchers, § 24. 25.
33. Compelling Accounts, and Punishment for Refusal, § 17, 18.
34. Charges for embarking Stores, &c. § 19.
35. Accounts of Commissioners, Interceptors, &c. § 18. 20.
36. Commissioners shall not be Members of House of Commons, § 20.
37. For sending Commissioners appointed for Examination of Accounts, &c. of Bankers, Merchants, &c. with certain Powers for that Purpose, 47 G. 3. c. 11. c. 13.—And see 48 G. 3. c. 45.
38. Commissioners authorized to meet and sit any where in the United Kingdom, and to find their Precept for Professors, Books, Records, &c. and to allow reasonable Costs and Charges to Parties attending them, 47 G. 3. c. 11. c. 13. § 1.
39. May examine Witnesses on Oath, § 4.

40. Payment of Prizes taken or not appearing, or refusing to produce Books, &c. or to be sworn, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 13 § 2.
41. Prizes in Prizes may be brought by Habeas Corpus before Commissioners, &c.
42. Oath of Commissioners, &c.
43. Penalty of Perjury by Witnesses, &c.
44. In case of Vacancy, His Majesty may appoint any Prizes, not being Member of Parliament, &c.
45. Commissioners shall keep Statements of Accounts presented to the Treasury, who shall send them to Auditor's Office, 48 G. 3. c. 65 § 1.
46. Proceedings against Prizes reported by Commissioners to Treasury as having had public Money or Stores paid through their Hands accounted for, &c.
47. For selling all Estates and Property occupied for the Boreham Street in the Commissioners for the Affairs of Berwick, 48 G. 3. c. 122.
48. For more effectually charging Accountants with Interest upon Balances, 47 G. 3. c. 20.
49. Public Accountants having Balances of Money improperly remaining in his Hands, shall be charged with Interest, &c.
50. Regulations as to charging such Accountants with Interest, &c.
51. Mode of settling public Accounts, &c. By Form, &c.
52. Agent may settle Accounts, &c.
53. Commissioners may enlarge the Time for delivering in Accounts, and dispense with the Production of the Cash Accounts, &c.

Q.

Quakers, See Defence of the Realm; Militia; Miners.

Quarantine.

1. For making further Provision for the efficient Performance of Quarantine, 45 G. 3. c. 20 & 46 G. 3. c. 98.
2. Penalty of 30, 40 G. 3. c. 80. For ordering a Lazzaret on Ship *And*—Guilt not incur. (See 44 G. 3. c. 100. § 19 300000)—Treasury to give Directions for completing Lazzaret, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 1.
3. Penalties Lazzaret may be proceeded and Lazzaret shall be completed, &c.
4. Certain Duties made payable by Owners of Vessels performing Quarantine, &c. § 3.—(See 45 G. 3. c. 98 § 4. Ex. clauses)
5. Duties may be reduced and afterwards increased, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 4.—Ships not permitted to clearwards until Duties are paid, &c.—Ship Owners shall receive Duties of the Importers, &c.—Duties to be carried to Single Consolidated Fund, &c.—To be applied to Expenses of the Lazzaret, &c.
6. Regulation of 35, 40 G. 3. c. 80. and all other Acts relating to Quarantine, except as to Arrears of Duty, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 3.
7. When Ships, &c. shall be liable to Quarantine, &c.
8. Any Goods or Ships (specified in any Order of Council) may be made subject to Quarantine, § 11.—Privy Council may make such Orders upon Emergencies, &c. upon Ship or Goods, and in case of Infected Defects appearing in foreign Shores, and for suspending Quarantine, &c.
9. Regulations for Vessels in which Infected shall appear, &c. previous to the Lazzaret at which *And* being completed, &c.

10. Masters of Ships liable to Quarantine to make Signals on meeting other Ships at Sea, or being within Four Leagues of the Coast, on Penalty of 100l. 45 G. 3. c. 98 § 1.
11. Penalty of 100l. on Persons holding Signals when not liable, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 2.
12. Masters on Arrival from foreign Parts to give Notice an Account of the Places at which they may have been anchored and laden, Penalty 100l. 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 16; and as Account of Cargo, 46 G. 3. c. 98 § 1.
13. Penalty of 100l. on Pilot bringing Ships liable to Quarantine into Places not appointed for their Reception, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 17.
14. Pilots to answer Inquiries.—Penalty 100l. § 18.—Obtaining to discharge being loaded at infected Places, or on half prescribed Signals, shall be guilty of Felony without Clergy, § 19.—To deliver up Bills of Health, Manifests, and Log-books to the Superintendent of Quarantine, Penalty 100l. § 20.—Penalty of 100l. on Masters, &c. quitting Vessels, or permitting Persons to quit same, or not conveying Ships to appointed Places, and 200l. and six Months Imprisonment on Persons coming in such Vessels, or going on board, for quitting them before discharged, § 21.
15. Goods not to be landed from Vessels having performed Quarantine as a Lazzaret Lazzaret without Notice to Officers of Customs, nor before Directions from Privy Council, on Penalty of 100l. § 22.
16. Penalty for Disobedience or refractory Behaviour in Prison under or liable to Quarantine, or Persons having intercourse with them, Felony without Clergy, § 23.—Persons quitting Ships liable to persons Quarantine, may be seized § 24.
17. Indemnity for entering all as in perform Quarantine Persons who had intercourse with a Vessel from which Danger was apprehended, § 25.
18. Penalty on Officers embarking Goods performing Quarantine, or neglecting their Duty, and Incapacity.—Permitting Persons, Ships, or to depart without Authority, or giving false Certificates, or damaging Goods, Felony without Clergy, § 26.
19. Persons not licensed entering the Lazzaret shall perform Quarantine, and attempting to escape, may be compelled to return, and sleeping, shall be guilty of Felony without Clergy, § 27.
20. After Point of Quarantine, and proper Certificate, Vessels and Persons not liable to further Detention, § 28, 46 G. 3. c. 98 § 5.
21. Goods liable to Quarantine shall be opened and aired as directed by Order of Council, &c. and a Certificate thereof, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 101; 46 G. 3. c. 98 § 5.—Penalty on loading Containers, Felony without Clergy, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 102; 46 G. 3. c. 98 § 8.
22. Penalty on loading and unloading Goods from Vessels under Quarantine, &c. 100l. 100l. and Felony without Clergy, 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 11.
23. In Cases of Infected, Vessels under 20 Tons may be prohibited from sailing until Board be given by Master set to touch, &c.—Penalty for failing without such Board: Forfeiture and 100l. per Man, § 12.
24. Publication of London Gazette of Orders of Council, &c. sufficient Notice, &c.—Recovery and Application of Forfeitures, § 14.
25. Addition of Penalties to be preferred to Name of Attorney General, &c. § 15, &c.
26. Trial of Offences, § 16 &c.
27. Pilot to give Notice of any Articles he on board liable to Quarantine, Penalty 100l. 46 G. 3. c. 98 § 7.
28. Penalty on Pilot or Master for not bringing in (to answer Inquiries, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 10 § 18) on Request of Quarantine Officers, 100l. § 13.

39. Ships liable to Quarantine solely by involuntary Commencement, except from Duty, § 4.
40. Privy Council empowered to order Ships coming from America or the West Indies, when the Yellow Fever, &c. prevails there, to go to certain Ports without being liable to Quarantine, § 6.
41. Intoxicating and Stupefying Articles for Quarantine of Ships without Clean Bills of Health, may be prohibited by Order in Council, § 7.
42. Power to Confiscate to administer Oaths, § 9.—Penalty of Perjury on false Oath, § 10.

Queen Anne's Bounty.

For making more effectual the gracious Intentions of Her Majesty Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, in fit and proper to the Returns of Certificates to the Exchequer, and Gifts of Personal Property, 45 G. 3. c. 24.

See farther, Title Clergy.

R.

Rape Seed, See Importation.

Reads, Defraces of, See D.

Rebellion, See Ireland (Rebellion; Sedition.)

Receivers-General, See Offices.

Residence and Non-Residence, See Clergy.

Revenue.

1. Annual Aids for growing Duties on Malt, Honey, Cyder, and Perry, 42 G. 3. c. 11; 43 G. 3. c. 2.—On Malt only, 44 G. 3. c. 16; 45 G. 3. c. 13; 46 G. 3. c. 21; 47 G. 3. c. 23.
2. Duties on Profits, Offices, and Personal Estates, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Stock, annual: 45 G. 3. c. 21; 45 G. 3. c. 4; 46 G. 3. c. 17; 45 G. 3. c. 21; 46 G. 3. c. 21; 47 G. 3. c. 1, c. 4.
3. For continuing Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Stock, in Great Britain; and on Profits and Offices in England, for 1808, 48 G. 3. c. 2.
4. For continuing Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Stock in Great Britain, and on Profits, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, for 1809, 49 G. 3. c. 1.
5. For continuing and making perpetual Duties of 1s. and of 6d. on Offices and Employments of Post, and on Annuities, Profits, and Stipends, 49 G. 3. c. 30; c. 110.

Sum borrowed by Annuities, Exchequer Bills, &c.

1. 28,000,000. by Annuities, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 3.
2. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, &c. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 4.
3. 2,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, &c. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 4.
4. 6,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 2.
5. 3,000,000. by ditto, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 2.
6. 5,000,000. by ditto, 49 G. 3. c. 9.
7. 2,000,000. by ditto, 49 G. 3. c. 17.
8. 1,000,000. by ditto, 49 G. 3. c. 21.
9. 25,000,000. by Annuities, 42 G. 3. c. 23.

10. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills on Credit of Supplies for 1803, 42 G. 3. c. 41.
11. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, 42 G. 3. c. 100.
12. 1,500,000. by ditto, 42 G. 3. c. 111.
13. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills on the Credit of Supplies for 1803, 42 G. 3. c. 5.
14. 4,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, 42 G. 3. c. 26.
15. 12,000,000. by Annuities, 42 G. 3. c. 67.
16. 1,000,000. out of additional Duties of Customs, 42 G. 3. c. 68, § 54.
17. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, 42 G. 3. c. 93.
18. 2,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, 42 G. 3. c. 125.
19. 2,500,000. by Exchequer Bills for 1803, 42 G. 3. c. 147.
20. 2,000,000. by Exchequer Bills on the Credit of Supplies for 1803, 42 G. 3. c. 147.
21. 5,000,000. by Exchequer Bills on Credit of Supplies for 1804, 44 G. 3. c. 15.
22. 2,000,000. more on ditto, 44 G. 3. c. 21.
23. 8,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1804, 44 G. 3. c. 45.
24. 1,500,000. ditto, 44 G. 3. c. 46.
25. 14,500,000. Annuities, 44 G. 3. c. 47.
26. 3,000,000. Exchequer Bills on Credit of Supplies, 1804, 44 G. 3. c. 53.
27. 2,500,000. Exchequer Bills for Exchequer, 44 G. 3. c. 54.
28. 3,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1805, 45 G. 3. c. 7.
29. 22,500,000. Annuities, 45 G. 3. c. 12.
30. 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills on Credit of Supplies, 1805, 45 G. 3. c. 17.
31. 5,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1805, 45 G. 3. c. 128.
32. 2,500,000. ditto, 45 G. 3. c. 119.
33. 2,500,000. ditto, 45 G. 3. c. 120.
34. 5,000,000. ditto for 1805, 45 G. 3. c. 6.
35. 10,310,000. ditto, 45 G. 3. c. 15.
36. 2,000,000. ditto, 45 G. 3. c. 26.
37. 2,000,000. Annuities, 45 G. 3. c. 33.
38. 2,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1806, 46 G. 3. c. 41.
39. 6,000,000. ditto on Supplies, 1806, 46 G. 3. c. 55.
40. 10,500,000. Exchequer Bills for 1807, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 2.
41. 14,000,000. Annuities, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 28.—And for 55.
42. 3,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1807, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 49.
43. 2,500,000. ditto, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 7.
44. 6,000,000. ditto on Supplies, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 38.
45. 4,000,000. Exchequer Bills, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 53.
46. 2,000,000. Exchequer Bills, on Advances from Bank, 48 G. 3. c. 3.
47. 100,000. Advances by Bank out of unclaimed Dividends, 48 G. 3. c. 4.
48. 10,000,000. Exchequer Bills for 1808, 48 G. 3. c. 7.
49. 2,000,000. ditto, 48 G. 3. c. 31.
50. 1,000,000. ditto, 48 G. 3. c. 32.
51. 10,000,000. Annuities, 48 G. 3. c. 76.
52. 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills on Supplies, 48 G. 3. c. 97.
53. 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills, 1808, 48 G. 3. c. 114.
54. 10,500,000. Exchequer Bills, 1809, 49 G. 3. c. 2.
55. 2,000,000. ditto, 49 G. 3. c. 3.
56. 6,000,000. ditto, 49 G. 3. c. 33.
57. 24,000,000. Annuities, 49 G. 3. c. 73.
58. 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills on Supplies, 49 G. 3. c. 95.
59. 3,000,000. Exchequer Bills, for Exchequer, 49 G. 3. c. 114.

Sum raised by Lotteries.

1. 702,250. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 57.—(extended by 48 G. 3. c. 6.)
2. 2,455,000. 41 G. 3. c. 58.
3. 1,077,138. 46 G. 48. 43 G. 3. c. 91.

Sum

17. *Eight Services: Publick Accounts, An. 42 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 39. 421 42 G. 3. c. 1201. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 29. 201 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 201. 45 G. 3. c. 139. § 191. 46 G. 3. c. 149. § 21. 47 G. 3. c. 76. § 21. 48 G. 3. c. 128. § 25. 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 22.
18. — *Civil Business, An. 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 42. 42 G. 3. c. 120. § 201. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 29. 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 211. 45 G. 3. c. 139. § 20. 46 G. 3. c. 149. § 22. 47 G. 3. c. 76. § 21. 48 G. 3. c. 128. § 24. 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 21.
19. — *Loam Manufacture, An. 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 41. 42 G. 3. c. 120. § 221. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 231. 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 221. 45 G. 3. c. 139. § 211. 46 G. 3. c. 149. § 231. 47 G. 3. c. 76. § 22. 48 G. 3. c. 128. § 25. 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 22.
20. — *Convertible E. Establishments, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 42. 42 G. 3. c. 120. § 22. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 22. 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 21. 45 G. 3. c. 139. § 22. 46 G. 3. c. 149. § 21. 47 G. 3. c. 76. § 24. 48 G. 3. c. 128. § 6. 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 45.
21. *Importation of Goods, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 12. 42 G. 3. c. 120. § 23. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 23. 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 23.
22. *Expenses on Grants to retired Officers, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 43. 45. 42 G. 3. c. 120. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 25. 251 44 G. 3. c. 110. § 24. 261 45 G. 3. c. 139. § 26. 271 46 G. 3. c. 149. § 27. 47 G. 3. c. 76. § 27. 48 G. 3. c. 149. § 29. 49 G. 3. c. 128. § 8.
23. *Produce and Barkings of Wines in Ireland, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)* c. 84. § 41. 42 G. 3. c. 120. § 24. 43 G. 3. c. 162. § 24. See *Ireland (Produce)*. See further *Taxes Excise-Port-Heavy Salt-Polled Acreage-Taxes*.

Revenue Officers, See Parliament.

Riots, See Constables; Mills.

Rivers, See Canals.

Rogues and Vagabonds, See Judges of the Peace.

Royal Naval Asylum, See Navy.

Row.

1. § 7. of 17 G. 3. c. 22. allowing a Drawback of the Duties on Row Spind at Stores on board Merchant Ships, made perpetual, 49 G. 3. c. 93. § 1.
2. Row lodged in Warehouses under 15 G. 3. c. 25. shall not be delivered as Stores without Bond given, 41 G. 3. c. 95. § 16.

And see *Ireland (Spind)*.

S.

Salt Cloth.

1. Stat. 22 Ann. § 1. c. 16. § 2. 3. 28 to Twenty of sd. per Ell on English-made Salt Cloth exported, made perpetual, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 1.
2. Stat. 9 G. 3. c. 37 for regulating the Manufacture of English-made Salt Cloth, as amended by 33 G. 3. c. 49. made perpetual, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 2.

2. Stat. 23 G. 3. c. 27. for securing the Duties on Foreign Salt Cloth, made perpetual, except Provisions relating to Duties under 22 Ann. § 1. c. 16; but which shall be applied to all King's Duties, 45 G. 3. c. 68. § 3.

And see *Title Lists*.

Salt.

1. § 7. 8. of 29 G. 3. c. 69. respecting Salt Heaps, on curing Fish, repealed, and other Provisions substituted, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 91. § 10—17.
2. § 11—16. of 42 G. 3. (C.B.) c. 21. allowing Salt to be used in the curing of White Herrings, Dury (see, revised and corrected, and Partes added thereto, 42 G. 3. c. 2. § 21. 44 G. 3. c. 35. § 4. [in 15th Amend. 1825.]
3. 4 G. 3. c. 29. for exporting Salt from *Wareze to Quebec*, therein amended all *June 24, 1808*, An. 43 G. 3. c. 29. § 7.—Made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 22. § 2.
4. Provisions respecting of Salt from Portugal in friendly Vessels, 45 G. 3. c. 133. § 12.
5. For pressing Duties on Salt in Great Britain, in addition to those under *Excise Act*, 41 G. 3. c. 69.—45 G. 3. c. 24.
6. Foreign Salt imported, 6. *Statute* 1760 *Act*. 5.—Salt made in House Contiguous to England, 35—40 *Statute*, 20—21 *Statute* (Gibraltar Salt), 5.—Tax for G. 46, 10. [for Salt], § 2.—Duties on Exportation, § 2. 3. [§ 3. repealed, 49 G. 3. c. 68. § 6.]
7. Weight of 2-1/2 Cwt of Rock Salt, 65 lb.—other Salt, 56 lb. 45 G. 3. c. 34. § 2.
8. Excise on Salt to be Equalized, § 5.
9. It is ordered as to Importation of Salt from Ireland into Great Britain, § 5—13.
10. No Rock Salt shall be refined in Great Britain more than 100 Miles from the Sea, or at inland Refiners, § 14.
11. Allowance on Salt, used in making agricultural A. 19. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 30. § 1.
12. Duties on Salt charged on Glaston and Epsom Salts, § 2.
13. For preventing the loading and using foul Salt used in curing Provisions, § 3. 4.
14. Penalty for Duties on Salt in Stock of Salt under 38 G. 3. c. 89. § 69. 205. increased to 170. per Cwt. 49 G. 3. c. 61. § 4.
15. No Relief shall be given for Salt lost by Captains, An. on the Coast of Scotland, *Id* § 5.
16. Salt seized not producing the Duty shall be destroyed, § 6.

And see further *Excise-Importation-Fisheries-Plantations*.

Saltpetre, See Indemnity, 5.

Savage.

1. For remitting Duties as to a Payment of Salvage, 48 G. 3. c. 120. 49 G. 3. c. 121. [see 7 Y. 80.]
2. Lord Ward of Cinque Ports may appoint Commissioners to settle Duties as to Salvage, within his Jurisdiction, 48 G. 3. c. 120. § 1.
3. Said Commissioners may determine all Matters as to Salvage, *Private Act*. § 2.
4. Appeal to Admiralty of Cinque Ports, § 3.
5. Regulations of 28 Ann. § 1. c. 15. amended as to Cases of Salvage without Aid of Custom-House Officers, § 2. 1. 49 G. 3. c. 123. § 2.
6. Quantum of Gratuity to Salvors may in such Cases be increased by Judges of Peace, 48 G. 3. c. 120. § 12.

See also *Title Lists*.

SCOTLAND.

SCOTLAND.

Alcoholics.

- § 19. of 25 G. 3. c. 12. exempting from Licences Alcoholics within certain Limits in Scotland, repealed, and no Person shall keep an Alehouse, &c. unless licensed, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 85 § 12.
- Penalty on Persons selling Ale. &c. by Retail in Scotland (except in Fairs) unless licensed under 25 G. 3. c. 12 § 3. and all Powers of said Act extended to Scotland, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 85 § 12, 13.—[Repealed, see post No 4.]
- For more details, see the Sale of Excisable Liquors in Scotland by Persons not duly licensed, 44 G. 3. c. 35
- § 1, 12, 22 of 41 G. 3. c. 85, repealed, § 1.—Licensing Licences shall expire on May, 1825, § 2.
- Necessaries of Burghs shall grant Licences for selling Ale, &c. on the 14th May (or next lawful Day) yearly.—Stamp Duty at 1s. § 6.—or in default of Magistrates, Justices of Shires, § 7.
- Justices of Shires shall meet annually on May 21, to license Alehouses in Shires, § 8.
- Board of License shall not Suffer Persons to retail Spirits, unless on granting Licences to sell Ale, § 9.
- Composure of Persons, after Death, &c. of Party licensed, c. 29 4th § 11.
- Persons selling Ale in Places named Alehouse Keepers, § 10.
- Clerks of Burghs and Clerks of Peace, in default of Magistrates and Justices, may grant Licences, § 11.—and shall annually transmit List of Persons licensed to Stamp Office at Edinburgh, § 15.—Penalties on Clerks for Neglect, § 14, 15.
- Penalty on unlicensed Persons keeping Alehouses, § 16, &c.

Appeals to Lords, See Justice, Administration of.

Bailiffs, See Child-Murder.

Beer or Ale.

Additional Duties on Twopenny Ale, 48 G. 3. c. 38, § 1. (See now 45 G. 3. c. 45, 46.) General Index, Title of Cycles and Exports.—See post, Salt.

Bridges and Roads.

Statute, granted out of Burgh Exchequer, for building and repairing Bridges, and making and repairing Roads in the Highroads, 47 G. 3. c. 50.—repealed, 41 G. 3. c. 129, § 18.

Calcuttan Canal, See Inland Navigation.

Child-Murder.

- For punishing Statute A.B. s. W. & M. relative to Child-Murder, and making other Provisions in this behalf, 40 G. 3. c. 14.
- Female A.B. repealed, § 1.—Punishment of Women concealing Progeny, &c. who Child be dead or willing, two Years Imprisonment, § 2.

Churches.

For leasing the Globe of Glasgow, 43 G. 3. c. 12, art.

Clergy.

- For defining and regulating the Powers of Commissioners of Towns in appointing and modifying the Stipends of the Clergy, 48 G. 3. c. 138.
- Manner and Times of Modification of Stipends, § 1—6.

- Commissioners may refuse to signent or modify, 43 G. 3. c. 138, § 7.
- Stipends suggested shall be modified in Grain, and if any Stipend may be converted into Grain, according to Fair Price of Grain, § 8, 9, 10, 12, 14.
- Modifications shall not receive Effect as Law, but in Money, § 11.
- Right of forwarding Tithes returned, § 12.
- Times of Meeting of Commissioners, and Proceedings in present Collection, § 13—18.

College of Justice, See Treasury Chambers.

Creditors.

For continuing 33 G. 3. c. 74. for regulating the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland, 44 G. 3. c. 34, 45 G. 3. c. 24; 48 G. 3. c. 23; 40 G. 3. c. 38. [10 25th July 1811.]

Deference of the Realm.

For raising an additional Military Force in Scotland, 47 G. 3. c. 53.—Repealed, 45 G. 3. c. 54. See General Index, Title *Diploms of the Realm's Militia*.

Excise, See Alcoholics, Spirits.

Forfeited Estates.

- For applying certain Balances arising from the Forfeited Estates in Scotland, towards making Courts, Highways, and other public Works there, 45 G. 3. c. 125.
- For appropriating certain Bearer annuities of the Forfeited Estates in Scotland to the Use of the Burgh of Dundee, and the creating a Leviable Aylem at Edinburgh, and the Payment of Officers of the said Board of annued Estates in Scotland, 45 G. 3. c. 126.

Game.

So much of Statute A.B. c. Act. as relates to Hunting Hares, repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 34.

Inland Navigation.

- Money granted for defraying Expence of making the Calcuttan Canal from the Efflyne to the Nithro Sea, by James Watt's Act, Wilson, and Commissioners appointed, &c. see also Statute, 45 G. 3. c. 122.—Former Provisions, 44 G. 1. c. 60.
- For authorizing the Treasury to advance Money, (£25,000) in completing the Calcuttan Canal, 47 G. 3. c. 85. (See also Forfeited Estates.)

Judges.

- For enabling His Majesty to grant Assurances to the Judges of the Court of Session, Justiciary, and Exchequer, upon R. Scotland, 45 G. 3. c. 145.
- Assurances may be granted to Judges and Barons not exceeding Three-fourths of their Salaries, after Fifteen Years Service, or on permanent full pay, § 1.
- Justices shall commence Salaries from Death of their Predecessor, § 2.

Justice, Administration of.

- Concerning the Appointment of Justices and Appeals to the House of Lords, 43 G. 3. c. 150.
- Acts of Session shall sit on two Divisions viz the Lord President and Six or Odd every Lords, and the Lord Justice Clerk and Six Ordinary Lords, § 1, 2, 3.

3. Place

3. Place of Meeting, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 152. § 4.
4. Ordinary Judges shall situate in Outer House, &c. § 5.—And for § 9.
5. Powers of each Division, § 6.
6. Quorum, § 7.
7. Calling Verdict, &c.
8. Issues: Homicide Cases may be brought before either Division, § 9.
9. One Division may raise Questions of Law to the other, § 10.
10. Proceedings final by Act in both Divisions, § 11, 12.
11. Præsumption, § 13.
12. Regulations by the Court, § 14.
13. Appeals to the House of Lords, § 15.—and Proceedings therein in the Lords, § 17—20.
14. Intestations, § 21.
15. Appointment of Judges or Vicesires, § 22.
16. Commissioners shall be appointed by the King to inquire into Process of Court of Sessions, and to report as to Establishment of Trial by Jury, § 22.
17. Further Time allowed for their Report, 49 G. 3. c. 119. See also Treasury Chamber.

Malt.

1. For securing Duties on Malt, and for preventing Frauds by Malsters of Malt from Beer or Bugg in Scotland, 43 G. 3. c. 145.
2. Duty on Malt made in Scotland under 43 G. 3. c. 81. shall be paid under Regulations of this Act, § 1.
3. Entry to be made at Excise Office of every Cistern introduced to be used in making Beer or Bugg only.—Penalty 50*l.* per Cistern, &c. § 2. § 4.
4. Entry by Malster from Beer, as a Malster from Beer or Bugg, and vice versa, § 5.
5. Penalty for making Malt from Beer or Bugg only, and selling from Beer, &c. § 6.
6. Making from Beer or Bugg only, and from Beer, shall be deemed to be different Processes, under same Penalty as if unentered, § 7.
7. No Beer, &c. shall be brought into Possession of any Malster without Notice to Officers, and Certificate from Seller, &c. § 8.
8. Beer, Bugg, &c. taken into Possession of any Malster, shall be kept separate for Officer to examine.—Penalty, Forfeiture, &c. § 10.
9. Beer or Bugg shall not be worked till a certain Time after being brought in, as Penalty of Forfeiture, &c. § 11.
10. Excise Officers may examine Beer or Bugg, and take Samples.—Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 13.
11. Penalty on Malster from Beer or Bugg only, being Barley in his Possession, § 13.
12. Malsters from Beer or Bugg subject to the same Regulations as their from Barley, § 14, 15.

Militia.

1. Total Number of Privates, including Non-commissioned Officers, 5718. 43 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 77. See also General Index, Title Militia.
2. For raising and establishing a Militia Force in Scotland, 43 G. 3. c. 91. See General Index, Title Militia.
3. For establishing a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland 43 G. 3. c. 110.—Amended, 49 G. 3. c. 48 § c. 119. See General Index, Title Militia.
4. For granting Relief for the Families of the Militia Men in Scotland 43 G. 3. c. 89.—Repealed, 49 G. 3. c. 90. § 1.
5. Allowances to Wives and Families—i.e. of Price of One Day's Labour to Wife, and every Child under Ten Years, 49 G. 3. c. 90. § 3.

6. Rate of Allowance shall be fixed at Aristocratic Sessions, 49 G. 3. c. 90 § 3.
7. Allowance shall not be made till Militia Men has joined, § 51.—nor to Families of Subalterns marrying without Officer's Consent, § 6. 7.—or having more than a Child in their care, &c. &c. § 44.
8. Declaration of Militia Men that Family needs Relief, § 51.—to be made every 6 Months, § 9.—to be sent to Clerk of Supply, § 10.
9. Minister and Kirk Session shall certify State of Family every 3 Months, § 11, 12.—and may reduce Allowance, § 12.
10. Justices shall make Order for Allowance accordingly, § 14. 15.—which shall be sent to Clerk of Supply, and by him to Collector of Cris, § 16.—who shall remit Allowance to Kirk Treasurer, § 17.—and he shall pay Allowance, and account for same to Clerk of Supply, § 18—22.
11. On Statement by Clerk of Supply, Allowance shall be made on the Credit, &c. § 23—25.
12. Adjuncts shall make weekly Returns of Vouchers, § 22.
13. Allowance to Kirk Treasurer, § 23.—to Collector and Clerks of Supply, § 24.
14. Accounts to be sent by Collector, &c. to Exchequer, who may deduct Collectors to recover from each other, &c. § 27—29.

Murder, See Child-Murder.

Publick Works, &c. See Inland Navigation; Forfeited Estates; Treasury Chamber.

Records.

1. For better regulating the Public Records of Scotland, 49 G. 3. c. 48.
2. Return of recording Deeds by Clerks of Royal Burghs, &c. § 1, 2.
3. Return of recording Deeds by Clerks of Commissary Courts, § 2, 3.
4. Clerk of Commissary Court, Edinburgh, shall deliver up Records, &c. to the Lord Clerk Register, § 4.
5. Clerk of inferior Commissary Courts are Clerks of Burghs shall deliver up Registers to Sheriff Clerks, § 5, 6.—Penalty, &c. § 7.
6. Sheriff Clerks and Clerks of Burghs shall record Deeds, &c. as Books used by Lord Clerk Register, § 8, 9.
7. Sheriff Depute and Master of Burghs shall annually examine State of Records, and report thereon to Court of Justiciary, § 10, 11.
8. Registers shall be half yearly returned to General Register House, § 12.
9. Expending Wages, Grants, &c. under the Great Seal, § 13, 15, 26.
10. Complaints to Officers affected by the Act, § 14, 17, 18.

Roads, See Bridges.

Schools.

1. For making better Provision for parochial Schoolmasters, and for better governing the Parish Schools in Scotland, 43 G. 3. c. 54.
2. Salaries, &c. of Schoolmasters ascertained and settled, § 1—9. 12—14.
3. Summation to be made for Grants to the Schoolmasters, § 10.
4. Appointment of Teachers, § 11, 12.
5. Fixing School Fees, &c. § 15, 16.—Hours of Vacation, Teaching, &c. § 20.

6. Prædatory

4. Treasury shall punish, &c. Schoolmasters, 43 G. 3. c. 54 § 21.
5. Qualification of Heritors for voting under this Act, § 22—Former Acts confirmed, § 23.
6. For raising and securing a Fund for the Relief of Widows and Children of Burgh and Parochial Schoolmasters in Scotland, 47 G. 3. c. 1. xxxv.

Sight Writors.

For raising a Fund to make Provision for their Widows, 45 G. 3. c. cxx.

Spirits.

1. Additional Duty on English Spirits imported into Scotland 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 29. § 1, 2, 3. [See General Index Title *Duties*.]
2. 39. 40 G. 3. c. 7. prohibiting Law Wares or Spices to be made from any Grain, &c. in Scotland, continued, (see *Wares* 1. 1801). 43 G. 3. c. 5. § 2.
3. Spirits allowed to be made from Malt or Sugar in Scotland, and Duties thereon ordered, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 29. § 4, 5.—Continued, 45 G. 3. c. 5 § 4. (See *the Yeassey* 1803.)
4. So much of 33 G. 3. c. 61. as respects a Duty on Spirits made in Scotland, and imported into England, further continued till December 31, 1809, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 29 § 21.—But for 45 G. 3. c. 59 § 32.
5. For better regulating the Distilling of Spirits in England for Exportation to Scotland, and in Scotland for Exportation to England, for the better levying the Duties payable thereon, and for altering the Time of making Entry, and granting Licences to distil Spirits for Scotland, 45 G. 3. c. 100.
6. For repeating the Duties of Excise on Stills used for distilling or rectifying Spirits for Consumption in Scotland or Wares or Wines made for exporting Spirits, and on Spirits made for Consumption in Scotland, and for granting and securing other Duties in lieu thereof, and for better levying the Duties on Foreign Spirits and on Malt, 45 G. 3. c. 102.
7. Duties under 43 G. 3. c. 59. and 43 G. 3. c. 3. c. 81. shall continue. [See General Index, Title *Duties*.] Duties on Schedule (A.) and (B.) granted, 45 G. 3. c. 102. § 1, 2.
8. Licences for distilling shall commence on 10th November 1807, 45 G. 3. c. 2. § 117.
9. Distillers delivering up annual Licences before their Expiration shall pay Duty in proportion to spirits distilled, 45 G. 3. c. 102. § 1, 2.
10. Penalty on Persons not Distillers, having Wares in their Possession, § 3.

As to Duties on Spirits between Scotland and Ireland, (see Title *Ireland, Customs and Excise*.)

See further, General Index, Title *Spirits*.

Taxes.

1. For consolidating and amending Acts for regulating Duties under the Commissioners of Taxes for Scotland, 43 G. 3. c. 150; and for 45 G. 3. c. 141.
2. Duties under Tax Office, &c. in Scotland, shall be levied under this Act, 45 G. 3. c. 150. § 1.
3. Commencement of new and old Duties, § 3, 3.
4. Qualification of Commissioners, and their Oaths, § 4, 5, 6.
5. Commissioners shall not act where incurred, on Penalty of 20*l.* § 7.
6. Yearly Meeting of Commissioners, Electors, and Clerks, &c.—Precept of Assize—Appearance of Assize—Comptrolers of Assizes—Penalty on Neglect, § 8.

7. Appointment of Collectors, § 9. Their Oath, § 10.
8. Assesses shall be delivered yearly to be signed—Copy shall be delivered to Collectors—Assize shall curial Charge, § 11.
9. Collectors shall give Security, § 12, 13.
10. Sub-Collectors may be appointed by Barons of the Exchequer to receive Assizes under 20*l.* 45 G. 3. c. 95 § 2.
11. Penalty on Assize, &c. refusing to act, 45 G. 3. c. 150. § 14, 20.
12. Commissioners, &c. liable to Penalties under this Act, § 15.
13. Appointment of Inspectors and Surveyors, § 16.
14. Surcharges shall be settled, and Notice given to Parties, § 17.—General Notice likewise, 45 G. 3. c. 95 § 2.
15. Surcharges may be executed, 45 G. 3. c. 150 § 18.
16. Penalty on Surveyors, &c. for Omittions or corrupt Charges, § 19.
17. Regulations as to Appeals, and Abatement thereon, § 20—26.
18. Time of Meetings of Commissioners may be altered, § 27.
19. Surveyors may act in default of Assize, § 28. And for 45 G. 3. c. 95 § 3.
20. Duties may be levied by Distress, 45 G. 3. c. 150 § 30.
21. Recovery of Duties when Parties remove, § 31, 32.
22. Goods shall not be taken by Process against Owner unless Arrears of Taxes paid, &c. § 33.
23. Collectors shall account yearly, § 34.
24. Collectors may be removed if neglected, and shall deliver up Accounts, on Penalty of 20*l.* § 35.
25. Penalty on Collector refusing to account, § 36.
26. How Heads of Collectors shall be paid in Scotland, § 37, 44.
27. No Allowance for Deficiency but in certain Cases, § 38.
28. Collusion in claiming Discharge as Commissioners shall render a Schedule to Oath, on Penalty of 100*l.* 45 G. 3. c. 150 § 39.
29. Accounts of deceased Collectors may be settled before Court of Exchequer § 40.
30. Duplicates of Assizes shall be made six yearly—Penalty on Collector Neglect, § 41.
31. To whom Duties shall be paid, § 42.—Penalty on Collector on gathering by Malt Book, § 43.
32. Collectors liable to pay Duties shall be paid, § 44.
33. Vacancy of Collector may be filled up by Barons, § 45.
34. Receiver General shall pay Malt into Exchequer, and give Receipts, § 46, 47, 48.
35. Notice on Distress, &c. of Receiver General, § 49.
36. Constables, &c. shall act in executing this Act, § 50.
37. Penalty on obstructing Commissioners, § 51.
38. Surveyors, &c. shall give Indentures of Treasury, § 52.
39. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 53—55.
40. Penalty for giving false Bonds, &c. § 56.
41. Books &c. declared the Property of Commissioners, &c. § 57.—Penalty for not delivering them up, § 58.

See also, General Index, Title *Taxes*.

Tithes, See Clergy.

Treasury Chambers.

1. For taking down the present Buildings in which the Treasury Chambers and Offices of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland were situated, and erecting new Buildings in lieu thereof, 45 G. 3. c. 154.
2. For selling the Stock of the Court of Session in Trustees, for erecting Buildings for the better Accommodation of the College of Justice, and a public Goal in Edinburgh, 45 G. 3. c. 146.

Weavers.

1. For preventing Differences between Masters and Weavers in the Custom Manufactory, and Prices employed by them, 45 G. 3. c. 151.
2. Differences between Masters and Weavers shall be tried by Referees appointed by a Justice of Peace, § 1.—(Not being a Master, § 28.)
3. Time within which Complaint shall be made, § 3.
4. Places of Meeting of Referees, § 5.
5. Penalty on Persons not attending, § 4.
6. Referees shall determine within Three Days, or refer to a Justice, &c. § 5.
7. Justice may determine on Submission of One Referee, § 6.
8. On Referees refusing to act, unless they be appointed, § 7.
9. One of said Referees may determine when the other does not attend, § 8.
10. Penalty on Witnesses not attending, § 5.
11. Arbitration may proceed in Absence of Parties, § 10.
12. Time limited for Award may be extended, § 11.
13. How Award shall be written, § 12.
14. Fulfilling Award shall be acknowledged—Penalty for not fulfilling Award, § 13.
15. Agreements made in Manufactory, § 14.
16. Proceedings on Bankruptcy of Master, § 15.
17. Complaints by married Women or Widows, § 16.
18. By whom Costs shall be ascertained, § 17.—Fees to be taken, § 18.
19. Standard Ed shall be Rule, § 19.
20. Tickets, &c. shall be given out with Work, § 20.
21. Penalty for relating Tickets—No Appeal thereon, § 21.
22. How new Patterns shall be doing, &c., § 22.
23. Mode of taking Differences respecting unmanufactory Goods with the Trade, § 23.
24. N Stamp on Acts, § 24.
25. Appeal on Quarter Sessions.—(But see § 21.)—§ 25.
26. See 22 of former Acts, § 26.

Seamen.

1. For preventing the Defection of Seamen, Petty Officers, &c. from His Majesty's Service, under Colour of and on criminal Purts, 44 G. 3. c. 12.
2. Petty Officers or others taken out of His Majesty's Naval Service for any and or criminal Matter, shall be kept in Custody after arrested in their Discharge, and shall be conveyed or delivered to some Naval Commander &c. of the Navy to serve on board the Fleet.—Should, &c. shall be paid for conducting them to the Fleet, § 2.
3. Should, &c. regarding an officer such Petty Officer or Seaman and detaining them in Custody, liable to Action of Treason, § 3.
4. Penalty on Sheriff, &c. for selling such Petty Officer or Seaman to escape, 22 G. 3. c. 4.
5. For amending 21 G. 3. c. 39. for the better Regulation and Government of Seamen employed in the Coasting Trade, 45 G. 3. c. 81.
6. Punishment of Seamen refusing to fulfil the Agreement entered into pursuant of recent Acts, Imprisonment, § 1.
7. To amend and extend the Benefits of 35 G. 3. c. 28 for enabling Seamen, &c. to elect Part of their Wages for Maintenance of their Families, 46 G. 3. c. 127.
8. New Orders shall be signed by Seamen and uncommitted to Navy Board, § 1.
9. Payment to Wives, &c. at their Place of Abode, § 3.

10. Revoking, Expunging, and increasing Allowments, 46 G. 3. c. 127, § 4.—21 46 G. 3. c. 128, § 14.
11. Returns of Money paid by Receiver General of Land Tax, &c. 40 G. 3. c. 127, § 8.
12. For amending Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money, and Allowment of Wages, 49 G. 3. c. 103.
13. The Number in Ship's Books required by 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 1.—and not be specified in Letters of Attorney, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 103, § 2.
14. Wills by Sick Seamen in Naval Hospitals or Transports, § 2, 3.
15. Provisions of 31 G. 3. c. 54, § 23; for Payment of small Bounties, extended to Seamen, &c. discharged, § 4.
16. Wills by Seamen, &c. made previous to their entering, § 5.
17. Who shall be deemed Petty Officers, § 6.
18. Forging Certificates under 26 G. 3. c. 26, § 28. made Felony without Clergy, § 10.
19. Allowments by Widows in their Children or Fathers, § 11, 12.
20. Persons entitled to Allowments if resident in London, shall receive them at Sheriff's Office, if at the Out Ports from the Clerk of the Cheque; and elsewhere, from Receiver of Land Tax, or Collector of Excise, § 13.
21. Remission of Wages to Children, § 15.
22. Making out Promission Tickets, § 16.
23. Penalty on diluting Provisions, or paying Prize Money of de-rated Shares as contrary to Direction of former Acts, § 17.—See further, *Yales Navy, Private, Solution, Ships.*

Sedition of Soldiers, Seamen, &c.

For amending 37 G. 3. c. 70. for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land from their Duty and Allegiance; or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 15. [For Seven Years from August 1807.]

Settlements, Foreign, See Plantations.

Sewers.

For making and amending Sewers within certain Districts, under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers in Surrey and Kent, and for other Purposes relating to the Execution of the Commission of Sewers 1700, 49 G. 3. c. 40.

Ships.

1. Ship, 23 G. 3. c. 67. for preventing Offences in shipping or unshipping Ships, and in obstructing Seamen and Ship Carpenters, renewed and made perpetual, 40 G. 3. (E. K.) c. 19, § 4.
2. For providing for the Punishment of Persons wilfully casting away, &c. Ships, &c.—21 G. 3. c. 113.
3. Provisions of 4 G. 1. c. 23, § 10. and 12 G. 1. c. 29, § 5, 7, 7. repealed, 41 G. 3. c. 113, § 1.
4. New Punishment introduced, § 2. (See *Ships without Clergy.*)
5. How Offences shall be tried, § 3. (See also *British—Ships* &c.)
6. For regulating V. S. S. carrying Passengers to the Plantations, or other foreign Parts, 41 G. 3. c. 56.
7. Number of Passengers in *Ships* Ships not to exceed One for every Two Tons Burthen of the Ship, § 1, 2.—In Foreign Vessels One for every Two Tons, § 11.

8. Quantity

5. Quantity of Provisions, &c. for Vessels going to North America—Provision as not distributing duty Allowance, or demanding Clearance, if Vessel not properly stored, § 3-4.
6. Passengers not destined of proceeding may be taken out, § 5.
7. Penalty on receiving Persons on board where there is no Custom House Officer, § 5.
14. Vessels carrying 50 Persons shall be provided with a Surgeon, &c. § 7-8.
15. Forfeiture, &c. Ships, § 9.
16. Journals of Voyage shall be kept, § 12.
17. All shall not exceed to Government V-T in, § 12.
17. Penalty on landing Provisions, &c. § 13, 14.
18. Address of Ad. Sec. shall be hung up in every Custom House and Vessel, § 15.
19. Officers of Ships of War may demand Muster Roll, and Search Ships, &c. § 16.
18. Head that Ships are Sea worthy, &c. § 17.
19. Penalty on Custom House Officers ligating Sufficiency contrary to Ad., § 18.
20. Not to stir Loss as to Artificers going aboard, § 22.
21. Not to extend to Vessels carrying Passengers to or from the Fishery in Newfoundland 45 G. 3. c. 64.
22. No British built Vessel captured by the Enemy shall be afterwards registered as a British Vessel, 45 G. 3. c. 70. unless it shall have been recaptured, 45 G. 3. c. 41.
23. To remove the Registry of Males of 8-ops taken at Prize, 45 G. 3. c. 34.
24. For preventing Frauds and Deceivances committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, with the Jurisdiction of the Custom House, and for removing D Duties as to Adjustment of Storage, under 35 Act, § 2. c. 28. 45 G. 3. c. 150. General Act for the like Purpose, 45 G. 3. c. 150.
25. Warden of the Custom House may appoint Custom Officers to determine Disputes as to Storage, Passage, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 150 § 1-11. Appeal, § 7.
26. Penalty on cutting away Ropes, &c. Single Entry, 45 G. 3. c. 150, § 11. 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 12.
27. Anchors, &c. used in the Depot shall be deposited with the Warden, &c.—Officers or Persons receiving shall be deemed Receivers of stolen Goods, 45 G. 3. c. 150, § 7, 10; or Report made to Deputy Vice Admirals, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 1-11.
28. Sec. wch. 3-4 M—shown 25, &c. defacing Marks, Felony, 45 G. 3. c. 12, § 8.
29. Off. 2 of War not empowered to free Anchors concealed § 7 or below, § 11.
30. Penalties on D ports V—Adm 24, 45 G. 3. c. 11, § 4-7.
31. Penalty on Pilots unless they ads. for the cutting of Bevy Roads, &c. Felony 45 G. 3. c. 150, § 2.
32. Penalties on D ports V—Adm 24, 45 G. 3. c. 150 § 1-11. 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 12.
33. Warden and other D ports 3 met ads in Jail ces, &c. § 161.
34. Misng of C. men 31 in Custom Ports, under 35 Act § 2 c. 25 § 2, 6; for Punishment of Offences there, § 25.
35. Regulations of 31 Act, § 2. c. 28, as to Solgcs. extended to Reg. 2 of 1804 of the Customs do not interfere, 45 G. 3. c. 150, § 25, 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 12.
36. Two 10-11 may determine Disputes as to Solgcs. &c. of Accounts—wch. Jurisdiction of Vice Admiral, 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 10. 9—Appel. 10.
37. Penalty on purchasing Anchors forced, Middlesex, § 13.
38. Report of Anchors, &c. used by Masters of off-ward-bound Ships, § 14, 15—Penalty on leaving their strand, Felony, § 15.
39. Manufacturers shall mark Anchors with their Names, &c. § 15.

40. Cassidine, Appel, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 122, § 20-23. [Not extended to Sweden or Ireland, § 20.]

See also, Titles Pilot; Tonnage; Navy; Convoy; Seafaring.

Shooting.

Persons in England or Ireland maliciously shooting, &c. or striking, &c. with intent to murder, &c. 227 act. [See Amending Proviso for Title Highway], or maliciously setting Fire to any House, &c.) guilty of Felony without Clergy.—When the killing by such shooting is not Murder by Law, the Persons indicted shall be acquitted, 45 G. 3. c. 58. (See Title Felony without Clergy.)

Sicilian Ships, See Prizes.

Sierra Leone Company, See Plantations; Stores.

Silk.

1. Stat. 5 G. 3. c. 120. preventing the Importation of organized thread Silk in Vessels of States at Amity with His Majesty, continued, 45 G. 3. c. 126.
2. No more than 8 G. 1. c. 15. as relates to the Silk Manufacturers, further continued till June 24, 1808, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 39 § 10. made perpetual, 45 G. 3. c. 30 § 11.
- See further Customs; Entry; 25, 28, 41; Importation, &c.

Skins, See Hides.

Slate, See Customs.

Slaves.

1. To prevent the Importation of Slaves by British Ships into Foreign Colonies, &c. and to prevent the Importation of Foreign Slave Ships from British Ports, 45 G. 3. c. 58.
2. From 18 January 1807, no Slave shall be imported from British Colonies, § 1-10—Not to be shipped in Africa, § 2.
3. Foreign Subjects shall not employ their Ship or Capital in Foreign Slave Trade, (except by License), § 6.
4. Infra-acts on Importation Title, and § 7.
5. Foreign Slave Ship shall not be tried out for the Slave Trade in any British Port, § 9.
6. Slave Ships, on leaving out, shall give Board not to trade in Slaves to Foreign Ports, § 10—On Arrival from Africa, to equip and discharge, § 11—Cost of Slaves to be paid, and Accounts of Slaves taken on proceeding to other Ports, § 12.—Not to be shipped from one British Colony to another without License—Not to extend to Negro Exiles, or Thieves, or Damnable Slaves conveying their Wives to Sea, nor to Slaves employed in Naval or Military Service, § 13.
7. Surrendered Custom (if either) to be deemed Foreign Customs for the Purpose of Ad. § 15—Ships, &c.—Seizing, may be seized by Revenue Officers, or Commanders of Ships of War, § 16.
8. To prohibit for Two Years, any Ships to clear out from any Port in Great Britain to the Coast of Africa for taking Negroes on board, unless such Ships have been previously employed in the African Trade, 14 G. 3. c. 119.

9. For the Abolition of the Slave Trade, 47 G. 3. c. 17.
 10. From May 1. 1807, the African Slave Trade abolished, and Penalty of 1000 l. on trading in, or purchasing Slaves, &c. § 1.
 11. Vessel fitted out to carry on the Slave Trade forfeited, § 2.
 12. Penalty on Persons carrying on Slave Trade from Africa, &c. from one Place to another, or receiving such Slaves, &c. § 3.
 13. Africans imported into any British Colony as Slaves, forfeited to His Majesty, § 4.
 14. Penalty on Ships used in the Slave Trade, § 5.
 15. Act not to take Effect as to Vessels cleared from Great Britain before 1. May, 1807, § 6.
 16. Slaves taken on Board of War, or fitted as Privateers, may be added into the Army, Navy, &c. § 7.
 17. Bounties to be paid for such Slaves, § 8—10.
 18. Bounty to be paid for Slaves condemned as forfeited, Certificate given, § 11.
 19. Forging Certificates, Felony without Clergy, § 12.
 20. Seizures may be made by Officers of the Navy, Customs, or Excise, § 13.
 21. Offences triable as if committed in *Admiralty*, § 14.
 22. Infidelity of Negroes after their Apprenticeship, § 15.
 23. Negroes sold as Soldiers not entitled to Pensions, § 17. (and for Title See before.)
 24. Dealing in Slaves at *Service Lease* prohibited, 47 G. 3. c. 22. § 2.

Smuggling.

1. Vessels delivered to 21 G. 1. c. 4. found hovering within Eight Leagues from the Coast of Great Britain, forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 11. § 1.
 2. Ports, &c. in said Act, 24 G. 1. as to Vessels found hovering within Four Leagues of the Coast extended to Eight Leagues, &c. § 2.
 3. Acts for the Defence between the North Foreland and Sandy Head, § 3.
 4. Penalty on making Light, &c. as Signals to Smugglers, § 6—12, repealed, 47 G. 3. c. 1. c. 66. § 25. See N. 47.
 5. Stat. 3 G. 1. c. 18. for preventing Smuggling, continued, 47 G. 3. c. 69. § 9.—made perpetual, 47 G. 3. c. 20. § 4.
 6. For the more Effect of Persons in Smuggling, 47 G. 3. c. 121. 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 10. 47 G. 3. c. 84.
 7. If Vessels of War be from Foreign Ports be found in the *Shoals* or *Off* Channels, or within 100 Leagues of the Coast, having Spirits in Casks less than 50 Gallons.—The remaining 60 lb. of Tobacco in Packages of less than 250 lb. Weight, (except for the Crew, &c.) the whole Goods and Stuffs shall be forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 1.
 8. Penalty on Vessels taking such Articles as listed at See like Particulars, § 2.
 9. Foreign Spirits shall be imported, exported, or carried *Coastwise*, at *several*, *Justly*, *Adm'd*, or *Said* only in Ships of not less than 100 Tons, and Casks of 50 Gallons.—Tobacco as like Ships, and in Packages of 450 lb.—Wine in Ships of not less than 50 Tons, and in Hogsheads, § 3.
 10. Licensed Boats not exceeding 10 Tons, having a certain Quantity of Spirits, &c. on board for the Supply of the *Use* of *Said*, not forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 4.
 11. Act shall not prevent the Importation or Exportation as *Whisky*, &c. of Wine in Bottles packed in Casks containing Six Dozens Quarts Bottles, but before Exportation, Bond shall be entered into for duty having thereof, § 5.
 12. Vessels having on board Spirits, Wine, or Tobacco, in illegal Packages, and found hovering within Two Leagues of the Coast of Great Britain, shall be forfeited, &c. § 6.

13. Subjects (not being Passengers only) found on board Vessels liable to Forfeiture, as if being in possession or concealing Spirits, &c. shall forfeit triple Value of the Goods, or twice—*Value* respectively, &c.—may enter into the Navy or Marine for Five Years, § 7; and for 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 66. § 10. 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 12.
 14. Commissioners of Customs and Excise empowered to reward Officers and others whose Offences were in the Navy, 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 11. 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 12.
 15. Penalty on taking Bribes to convey Goods fitted without Owner's Consent, &c. to and—Power of Officers of Customs, &c. extended to Vessels and Goods liable to Forfeiture under the Act, 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 9. 10.
 16. Affixing a certain Quantity of Arms, Navy, Customs, &c. in Execution of the Act, Transgression for Seven Years—Shooting at Ship or Officer, Felony without Clergy, § 11. 12.
 17. Spirits found shall be deposited in King's Warehouse, or *Land*, &c. and Accused kept of Quantity and Strength, § 13.
 18. Tobacco and Staff to be conveyed to London, &c. § 14.—Tobacco may enter *Spain* and Tobacco to be delivered to Victualling Office, &c. or to be destroyed, and to make Returns, &c. § 15; or to be forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 25.
 19. Powers and Privileges of Officers of Customs and Excise extended to Commissioners of Customs of Navy and Army, 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 15. 27.—Extended to Militia Officers, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 10.—88 Non-commissioned Officers of the Army, &c. § 5—10. and as to foreign Officers, see 47 G. 3. c. 84. § 5.
 20. Condition of Bond required under 39. 40 G. 3. c. 51. § 1; to be given by Owners of Boats and Vessels benefited by the Admiralty, extended, to prevent Smuggling by such Boats, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 121. § 3.
 21. For the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 10; amended, 48 G. 3. c. 84.
 22. Larger-vaned Vessels above 30 Tons forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 1.
 23. Owners of Vessels under 30 Tons shall take out Licenses, &c. § 4.
 24. Boats without crew shall Six Days forfeited, § 3.
 25. Except as, § 2.
 26. Number of Men to be employed in navigating Vessels, § 5.
 27. Licenses of Passengers, &c. § 6.
 28. Expenses as to Ships of War, &c. § 7.
 29. British Vessels having or having had Smuggling Casks, and Casks, &c. on board, forfeited, § 8. 9.
 30. As to Tobacco and Staff found on board in small Packages, § 10.
 31. Repeals as to Vessels from *Germany*, &c. § 11—13; extended in *May*, 48 G. 3. c. 84. § 12.
 32. British Vessels laden with Spirits, &c. in foreign Ports without Licenses, forfeited, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 14.
 33. Penalty on so many found on board forfeited Ships, forfeited, Men that be imprisoned and serve in Navy, § 15, and for 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 5.
 34. Penalties as to Vessels fitted within Four or Eight Leagues, extended to Vessels within 100 Leagues, of a certain Description, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 27.
 35. General Provisions, § 19.
 36. On leaving Ports, Tobacco, &c. § 20; and for 48 G. 3. c. 24. § 6. 40 G. 3. c. 84. § 3.
 37. Rewards to Officers having Casks, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 21.—In Cases of *Reitax*, § 22.
 38. Rewards to the Army, § 23.
 39. Regulations as to Licenses, under 24 G. 3. c. 47. which shall be liable be granted by Commissioners of Customs, § 24—28.

41. Reproduction as to Packages of Salt and Pepper exported from *Guangy*, § 314 *Misc.* 43 G. 3. c. 84. § 13.
42. Powers of 24 G. 3. c. 47. as to cheating and firing at Vessels, extended to the *Ad.* 27 G. 3. c. 2. c. 66. § 2.
43. Penalty on making Lights, &c. as Signals to Swagglers, 47 G. 3. c. 66. § 12—15.
44. Badging Officers before Justices, § 35.
45. Extinguishing Fires, § 27.
46. Recovery of other Penalties, § 29. 40.
47. Officers or Seamen wounded to be provided for, § 42.
48. Proceeding where Fines are mitigated, § 43.
49. Justices may take Cognizance of Offences committed on the high Seas, § 44.
50. Penal Penalty on Persons offering Bribes to Officers of the Navy, &c. § 47.
51. Licenses in Vessels exceeding 10 Tons declared void, 43 G. 3. c. 34. § 1.
52. Such Licenses may be renewed, § 2.
53. Mandy of Men to be employed on such Vessels, § 3.
54. Vessels having Letters of Marque deemed lawful, § 4.
55. Rewards to Persons making Seizures and taking any Ship as to a Ship of War, § 6.
56. 9 G. 3. c. 35. § 20. as to Seizure of Spirits, &c. repeated. Unlicensed Persons offering Spirits, Tea, &c. for Sale without Permit, and Hawkers, &c. though they have a Permit, shall be taken before a Justice, &c. § 7.
57. King's Bench may take Cognizance of Officers against Outlaws and Carrels on the high Seas, § 8.
58. Persons in any unlicensed Vessel being on the Enemy's Coast, and having Spirits, &c. on board, guilty of Felony, § 9.
59. Trial and Trial of such Offenders, § 20. 11.
60. Bonds relating to Customs shall remain in force for Two Years from the Time limited for Performance thereof, § 11.
61. Time of cancelling Bonds on granting Licenses, § 14.
62. Rewards to Officers finding Spirits found under Water, 49 G. 3. c. 65. § 2.
63. Coals shipped without the Presence of the proper Officer forfeited, &c. § 4.

And see Customs.

Soldiers.

1. Temporary (or Annual) Acts for providing Meals and Drifts, and for better Payment of the Armes and other Quarters, 41 G. 3. (H. K.) c. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. 851. 852. 853. 854. 855. 856. 857. 858. 859. 860. 861. 862. 863. 864. 865. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875. 876. 877. 878. 879. 880. 881. 882. 883. 884. 885. 886. 887. 888. 889. 890. 891. 892. 893. 894. 895. 896. 897. 898. 899. 900. 901. 902. 903. 904. 905. 906. 907. 908. 909. 910. 911. 912. 913. 914. 915. 916. 917. 918. 919. 920. 921. 922. 923. 924. 925. 926. 927. 928. 929. 930. 931. 932. 933. 934. 935. 936. 937. 938. 939. 940. 941. 942. 943. 944. 945. 946. 947. 948. 949. 950. 951. 952. 953. 954. 955. 956. 957. 958. 959. 960. 961. 962. 963. 964. 965. 966. 967. 968. 969. 970. 971. 972. 973. 974. 975. 976. 977. 978. 979. 980. 981. 982. 983. 984. 985. 986. 987. 988. 989. 990. 991. 992. 993. 994. 995. 996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

- [The following Article contains a Summary of the *last Army and Airborne Army Acts*, 49 G. 3. c. 12. and 50 G. 3. c. 13. for the Army, and M. 10. c. 19. for the Marines.]
6. Number of Fusils, 131,554. A. § 19.
 7. Officers and Men manning, &c. or detaching, Ball Batteries, of each other Regiment as a Coast Martial Ball Battery, A. § 11. M. § 1.
 8. Non-commissioned Officers, &c. existing in other Regiments shall be deemed Detachments, A. § 11.
 9. And may be certified by Court Martial of such Regiments, &c. A. § 12.
 10. Detachments may be adjudged by Courts Martial to be transported as Felons; or, on Sentence of Death, may be transported at His Majesty's Pleasure, A. § 12—13. M. § 1—12.
 11. Court may order a Mark to be affixed on the Body of a Detachment for a limited Office, A. § 6.
 12. The King may grant Commissions to hold Courts Martial within the United Kingdom, and may empower Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and Foreign Governors, &c. to do so, A. § 11.
 13. Power as to Courts Martial on Marines at Lord High Admiral, M. § 2.
 14. No second Trial for the same Offence, except by Appeal; nor more than One Revision of the Sentence, A. § 12. M. § 15.
 15. No Exemption from ordinary Law Proceedings, A. § 13. M. § 19.
 16. Persons accused of capital Crimes shall be delivered over to Civil Magistrates—Penalty on Officers refusing to deliver over Offenders, A. § 14. M. § 22.
 17. Prisoners arrested, &c. by Civil Magistrates may only be certified by Courts Martial, A. § 15. M. § 20.
 18. Officer or Soldier convicted of Crimes at Common Law shall lose their Pay while under Confinement, A. § 16. M. § 21.
 19. Numbers on General Court Martial and their Rank, A. § 17. 18. 20. M. § 13.
 20. General Court Martial may Sentence Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers detaching, to serve abroad, or to serve for Life; &c. and to forfeit all benefit of Pay, Pension, or Right of Discharge, A. § 19.—May inflict Corporal Punishment for Insurrection, &c. A. § 21.—May absolve Oath, A. § 22.
 21. Names and Judge Advocate shall be sworn—Form of Oath—What Number of Members shall exercise in a Sentence of Death—Mode of Trial, A. § 23. M. § 14.
 22. Oaths of Members of Courts Martial not being General Courts Martial—Appointments of President thereof, A. § 24.—Duties by Members at the said Courts Martial in Marine Forces, M. § 6.
 23. Writs of Habeas Corpus, &c. prohibited from Arrests—Not extending to be so situated, A. § 25.
 24. Officers of the Land and Marine Forces and other Officers in the East India Company's Service, may be in Commission, A. § 26. M. § 6.
 25. Party arrested on Oath of Sentence, A. § 27. M. § 17.
 26. Proceedings of Courts Martial shall be transmitted to Judge Advocate General in London or Dublin, A. § 28.—to the Admiralty, M. § 25.
 27. Proceedings of Courts, &c. exempt from Stamp Duties, A. § 29.
 28. His Majesty may make Avails of War, A. § 30.—and sentence Courts Martial, A. § 1.
 29. Powers of Lord High Admiral to constitute Courts Martial, and their Powers, M. § 4.
 30. None shall be adjudged of Life or Loss, except for Crimes specified to be punishable, A. § 31. M. § 5.

31. Offenders beyond Sea may be tried here, A. § 35.—The like as to Disasters, M. § 16.
32. Murders shall be made twice a Year, A. § 38.
33. Hisse Regiments shall be quartered in *Hypocrite* and *Stabwood*, A. § 35.
34. Penalty on false Certificates to excise Soldiers from *Masters*, A. § 30.
35. Penalty on Officers making false *Masters*, A. § 37.
36. Penalty on making Penions by wrong Names, A. § 38.—But *Officers Names* may be allowed on the *Masters Rolls* (of *Masters*) for Maintenance of Old or Widows, M. § 20.
37. Penalty on Penions offering themselves, or leading their *Horses* to be killed or murthered, A. § 30.
38. When *Masters Rolls* being at an *Old Distance* from *London* shall be closed and returned, A. § 27.
39. Officers and Men shall be quartered in Inns, or except *Cavalry*, *Taverns*, but not in the Houses of *Traders*,—but *Officers Houses*—Penion on Officers quartering in wrong Houses—Penion agreed may comprehend a *House*, A. § 40; M. § 21.—Licence for *Cavalry*, M. § 22.
40. No Justice having any Military Office in England shall be concerned in billeting for Soldiers, A. § 23.
41. Inns may be billeted in *Hypocrite* and *Stabwood*, A. § 41.
42. *Cavalries* in *Hypocrite*, &c. shall deliver Lists in Quarter Sessions of *Inhabitants* liable, and Names, &c. of Soldiers quartered on such Penions, as Penalty of 7*l.*, A. § 42.
43. Officers, Men, and Horses belonging to the *Hesse Dragoon*, how to be quartered, A. § 26.
44. *Dragoons*, &c. quartered on Penions who have no Stable, may be removed to their who have, A. § 47.
45. *Dragoons*, &c. and their Horses shall be billeted in the same House, A. § 46.
46. Manner of changing Men and Horses, A. § 43.—Manner, M. § 25.
47. Penalty on Officers taking Money to excise *Penions* from quartering, A. § 30.
48. Penalty on *Cavalries* taking Money to excise quartering, and on *Victuallers* relating to quarter Soldiers in *Inns*, A. § 31; M. § 27.
49. High Constables, &c. shall give Accounts of the Number of Soldiers quartered by them, A. § 32; M. § 28, 29.
50. Officers and Soldiers shall pay Rates for their Penions, A. § 33.—The like as to *Masters*, M. § 25.
51. Intemperance furnishing *Cavalry*, &c. *Men* (except when as a *March*, &c.) shall provide their own *Victuals*, A. § 28; M. § 26. (See *Act*, No. 2, 4, 5.)
52. Officers shall give Notice to Intemperance of Subsidence Money in their *Houses*, &c.—Assesse of Rates—Penion on Officers not giving Notice, or not paying such Subsidence Money, A. § 35; M. § 20.
53. Where Subsidence Money cannot be received, Officers shall make up Accounts, which shall be paid by *Paymasters*, &c. A. § 34; M. 30, 31.
54. Soldiers' Wives, &c. shall not be quartered without Consent, A. § 36.—The like as to *Masters*, M. § 43.
55. Soldiers having Wives and Children shall make Oath of their best Peace of Settlement, A. § 37; M. § 34.
56. Regulations as to Conveyance of Soldiers and Baggage by Horses, Carriages, and Cattle *Wells*, in England, A. § 38—64; M. § 35—40.—in Scotland, A. § 66, 67; M. § 41, 42.—*Ireland*, A. 69, 70; M. § 43.
57. Soldiers shall be quartered in *Ireland* and *Scotland* as under the Laws in Force at the Time of the respective Unions, A. § 65, 68; M. § 32, 33.
58. Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland* may appoint a Penion to sign marching *Rolls*, A. § 70.
59. Penalty on Officers or Soldiers defraying the Game, A. § 31; M. § 44.
60. Penion serving Money deemed satisfied, A. § 77.
61. For Relief of Penion liable satisfied, A. § 73; M. § 60.
62. Penion satisfied and discharging deemed *Disasters*, A. § 74; M. § 60.
63. Men concealing Informations when enlisted, may be tried—*as to Civilian Penions*, A. § 75.
64. Obtaining *Benefits* under false Pretences punishable, A. § 76.
65. *Disasters* before and after fully satisfied, A. § 77; M. § 62.
66. Penalty on Apprentice enlisting, A. § 78; M. § 62.
67. *Masters* claiming Apprentices in England and *Ireland*, A. § 79; M. § 63.—in Scotland, A. § 80, 81.
68. *Masters* not being entered as Part of *Benefit*, A. § 82.
69. Possession of Apprentices claimed by *Masters*, A. § 83—85.
70. None but Apprentices shall be given up, A. § 87.
71. Proportion of Wages to yearly Service enlisting, A. § 88.
72. When Corps leaved Sea shall be allowed, in order to return Home, such Men as shall be willing may be enlisted and incorporated with those appointed to remain, A. § 89.
73. Soldiers absent, returned to *Disasters*, shall be first Home free of Expenses, with *Cash* and *Marching Money*, A. § 90.
74. Any *Constable*, Officer, or Soldier, may apprehend *Disasters*, and carry them before a Justice, who shall commit them, and transfer as *Apprentice* to the *Secretary at War*, &c. A. § 91; M. § 45.—Reward for taking up *Disasters*, A. § 92; M. § 25.—Penion on Penion concealing *Disasters*, or returning their *Arms*, *Forage*, &c. A. § 93.—(See as to *Disasters* from *Masters*, M. § 27, 28.)
75. Penalty on Officers looking upon any House without a Warrant, A. § 94.
76. One Justice empowered to enter a Soldier's *Parlour*, in case of *Search*, and order *Advance* of Pay by *Parish Officers*, A. § 95—96.
77. No Soldier or Marine liable to *Process*, unless for some criminal Matter, or a civil Debt of 20*l.*, A. § 97; M. § 55.
78. Plaintiff may file *Common Apppearances*, A. § 98; M. § 26.
79. Soldiers or Marines, while confined for Debt, shall not receive Pay, A. § 99; M. § 57.
80. *Constables* returning from foreign Service shall make up Accounts on Oath, A. § 100.
81. Officers, *Non-commissioned*, *Contractors*, &c. withdrawing Money or *Stores*, shall be tried by *Court-Martial*, and punished by *Military*, *Trial*, *Disfranch*, &c. A. § 101.
82. Penalty on *Non-commissioned Officers* exchanging Soldiers' Pay, A. § 102.
83. No *Paymaster* shall make *Deductions* out of Officers' or Men's Pay, except *Arrest Detentions*, A. § 103; M. § 29.
84. *Treasury* may file *Money due* for Clothing every Two Months, A. § 104.
85. Penalty on Agents, &c. deceiving Officers' or Soldiers' Pay, and disobeying Orders, A. § 105, 106.
86. Penalty on Agents selling, if not duly authorized, or taking Rewards or Sale of *Commons*, &c. A. § 107.
87. *Paymasters*, *Agents*, &c. shall account with *Intendants*, A. § 108.
88. Officers, &c. of *Trains of Artillery*, &c. subject to the Act, A. § 109.
89. *Colonial Troops*, when serving in Conjunction with other Forces, liable to the same *Martial Law*, A. § 110.
90. And when first over to *British Troops* shall be quartered in like Manner, and be under the same Regulations as other Troops, &c. A. § 111.
91. *Surgeons*, &c. on Retaining Service liable to *Martial Law*, A. § 112.

91. Negroes serving as Forces deemed free but not entitled to Pardon, &c. A. § 122, 123.
92. Act shall not extend to Militia further than is directed by Militia Laws, A. § 125.
93. Militia when in actual Service shall be regularly mustered, A. § 126.
94. In what Cases Act shall extend to Yeofrs, &c. A. § 127.
95. Penalty on Peijary on false Oath, A. § 128.
96. General Order: Double Costs, A. § 129.—Suits in Courts of Record, A. § 130, 131.
97. Penalty on profaning Soldiers or Marine in d-f-rt, 1701, A. § 132—133; M. § 49—51.
98. Officers of each branch Adm' possible (for 3 Years) under the Act, A. § 135, 137; M. § 53, 54.
99. Solemnisation of Oath of Enlistment, &c. A. M. at End of Act.
100. Marine Forces borne as Part of the Complement of Ships of War, shall be governed by the Rules established at the Navy by a. b. c. 23 M. § 59.
101. For enlisting Subjects of Foreign States to enter as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and for enabling His Majesty to grant Commissions and Subj'ns of Foreign States to leave as Officers, Ensigns or other ranks in His Majesty's Service, &c. 44 G. 3. c. 25. [During the War.]
102. Foreign Soldiers already enlisted and bound may Recd' p'vents, deemed legally enlisted, &c. § 1. [See also Title following.]
103. Such Regulations may be suggested not to extend to any Man within the Kingdom, &c.—The Number extended to 10,000, 46 G. 3. c. 25, § 1.
104. Foreign Subjects may enlist and accept Commissions, 44 G. 3. c. 25, § 2.
105. Officers not entitled to Half Pay on Reduction; but His Majesty may make Provisions, &c.—Papists relieved from Penalties, &c.
106. Such Officers and Soldiers made subject to the Articles of War, Mutiny, &c., &c. 44 G. 3. c. 25 § 4; 46 G. 3. c. 25, § 2.
107. For making better Provision for Soldiers, 46 G. 3. c. 26.
108. Penalties to be observed in the better Management of Commissarys of His Majesty's Forces, 46 G. 3. c. 26, § 1.—Repealed in 48 G. 3. c. 25, § 2, c. 25. [See Title following.]
109. Orders and Regulations for Payment of Issues, subject to Revisions or Alterations by His Majesty, 46 G. 3. c. 26, § 2.
110. Soldiers shall be entitled to receive such Penalties as may be fixed in Regulations made by the King at Time of Enlistment, &c.—Orders, &c. shall be actually laid before Parliament, &c. Soldiers shall remain entitled to Benefits under Regulations made at the Time of Enlistment, &c.
111. Treasury may order Penalties to be paid by Receiver General of Land Tax, &c. § 6.—Discharge of Penalties paid, &c.—Persecuting Soldiers, Peijary, &c.—Forging their Names, &c. Transpositions, &c.
112. Justices may regulate into Troth and Certificates required on charging Penalties, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 26, § 3.—Orders and Certificates free of Stamp-Duty, § 10.
113. For the better Provision Payment of Half Pay, and Pensions, and other Allowances to Officers and Widows of Officers, and to Persons on the Compassionate List, 47 G. 3. c. 25.
114. Secretary at War may order Pay, Pensions, &c. to be paid to Persons at their Place of Abode, &c. § 1, 2.
115. British or Irish Treasury may deduct such Pay, Pensions, &c. to be paid by Receiver-General, Collectors of Revenue, &c. § 3.—without Deduction, &c.
116. Assignments of Pay, &c. void, &c.

118. Orders, Receipts, &c. exempt from Stamp-Duty, 47 G. 3. c. 25, § 2, 10.
119. Forfeiting Penalties, or forging Names of Parties entitled to Pay, &c. Penalties, &c.
120. Troth and Certificates may be ascertained by Justices of Peace on Oath.—Penalty of Peijary, &c.
121. For granting for the Licensed of the Royal Hospital for Soldiers on Ch. 50, 40 G. 3. c. 101 § 16—23.
122. Unlicensed Servants of Officers and Soldiers in the Army on conjugal Expeditions, shall be paid in Civil Hospital, under Provisions of 45 G. 3. c. 12, the Naval Force Act, § 16.
123. Returns, &c. by R. g'ns and Judges of Vice Admirals Courts, Agents, &c. in such conjugal Expeditions, &c. § 21—22.
124. Ord' as for Payment of Shares of Pensions to Soldiers in such Expeditions, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 12, 266 Schedule.
125. R. g'ns and Agents appointing Deputy Treasurers of Civil Hospitals, &c. § 21—23.
126. Forfeiting Officers or Soldiers, or forging their Wills or Powers, &c. Penalties without Ch. 129, § 10.
- See also Digest of the Statutes—Military—Penalties.*

Sops.

1. Penalty under 30 Act c. 19, § 4, for privately making Sops received from 50' to 200, 47 G. 3. c. 25, § 6.
2. Penalties on Persons selling, &c. and Owners of Houses, &c.
3. Regulating Finers of Hand-Sops Makers, &c.
4. Clearing Copper, &c.
5. Cutting Sops into Cakes, &c.

South-Sea Company.

- 50 years of 9 Act c. 21, as given the Company the exclusive Trade within certain Limits in America and the East Indies, repealed as to Powers coming under the British Dominions, 47 G. 3. c. 25, c. 25.

Spirits.

1. The Duties on Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs, granted by 28 G. 3. c. 68 continued, 42 G. 3. c. 20 § 4—48 G. 3. c. 18, to 17th March 1824.
2. Duty of 2s. 10d. per Gal. (under § 3 of 38 G. 3.) on Cinnamon exported, repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 18 § 4.
3. Duties payable on Cinnamon imported by the East India Company repealed, and a new Duty of 18. 6d. per lb. imposed.—But Excise Duty the same as under 38 G. 3. c. 24 G. 3. c. 24 § 1.
4. Duties on Caffe Licenses repealed from the same Time, and a new Duty of 2s. per lb. imposed, § 2. (But for 41 G. 3. c. 68; 42 G. 3. c. 18; and the Index, Title Caffeins.)
- Spirits.*
2. Stat. 79, 40 G. 3. c. 8, for reducing the Duties on Spirits distilled from Sops, continued, 48 G. 3. c. 5, § 1.
3. Regulations as to Makers of Spirits for Exportation, by imposing Penalties (under 2 G. 3. c. 5.) on the Walk inland of the Spirits, 42 G. 3. c. 51 § 7—12.
3. Stat. 39 G. 3. c. 129, as to Manufacture of Malthead-Generators, continued, 44 G. 3. c. 25, § 5. [17th July 1809.]
4. For better regulating the Distillation of Spirits in England for Exportation to Scotland, and in Scotland for Exportation to England, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 199.
5. For imposing the Duties on Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland, 47 G. 3. c. 2, c. 101, &c. c. 61; 48 G. 3. c. 25, § 6. See

43. Penalty on Attorneys not issuing true Certificates, 48 G. 3. c. 149. § 25.
43. Conveyance by Bargain and Sale, Lease and Release, or Feoffment, § 27.
44. Seizure of Copyhold Lands in Court, § 30.
45. Penalty on conveying Seizures out of Court, or Bargain and Sale of Copyhold not duly stamped, § 31.
46. Penalty on taking Seizures, or granting Admissions out of Court not duly stamped, § 32.
47. Duty of Seawards of Manuscripts in making out Copies, &c. and receiving for Stamps, § 33, 34.
48. Prohibitions and Letters of Admonition valid, though Value not covered by Stamp Duty, § 35.
49. As to Papers sealed in Decree of a Trustee, § 36, 37.
50. Executors in Scotland shall exhibit Inventories, § 37—47.
51. Receipts for Legacies may be stamped after 3 Months from the Date, if signed out of England, § 44.
52. Equivalents in Scotland for several Duties, in lieu of Receipts by Act of Union, § 45.

Exemptions and Regulations.

1. Persons having Parchments, &c. with patent Prayers, may have them properly altered, which, if not done, forbearance void, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10. § 51; 48 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 85. § 14; 42 G. 3. c. 99. § 14; 44 G. 3. c. 99. § 13.
2. Conveyances, &c. for redeeming Land Tax exempted, 41 G. 3. c. 10. § 31; 100. 123; 44 G. 3. c. 98. § 19; 48 G. 3. c. 149. Schedule.
3. Licenses for Naval Almanacs exempted, 43 G. 3. c. 218. § 4.
4. Duties on Stamps altered, 48 G. 3. c. 99. § 5. 6.—[Am^d for Newspapers.]
5. Valuation Commissions exempted, 44 G. 3. c. 158. § 18.
6. Proceedings in *Forma Pauperis*, and before Courts Martial, &c. exempted, § 19.

Inferences, &c.

- Additional Duties imposed, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10. c. 85.—[See 48 G. 3. c. 149. Schedule.]

Inferences on Ships, Goods, &c.

- Additional Duties imposed, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10.—[See 44 G. 3. c. 98.]

Legacies.

1. Proceedings in Court of Exchequer against Executors not having paid Legacy Duties under 36 G. 3. c. 32.—42 G. 3. c. 99. § 2.
2. Register of Ecclesiastical Court shall deliver Accounts of Wills to Stamp Office when required, § 3.
3. Duty on Legacies out of Part of an Estate, 44 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule A.—Additional Duties, 45 G. 3. c. 26.—Repealed, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 149.

Licenses.

1. To sell Ale and other Exciseable Liquors, 100 Ed. 41 G. 1. (U.K.) c. 26.—See 44 G. 3. c. 99. c. 98.
2. To Distill in Lard, 46 Ed. 1. c. 8. § 15. &c.
3. Stamp Duties on Letters by Justices to sell Ale and other Exciseable Liquors by Retail, repealed, 48 G. 3. c. 149. § 1.
4. Such Licenses as before shall be granted by Commissioners Excise on Head Office, and by Collectors in the Country—License Duty of 2s. 4s.
5. Duration of License, 10th October yearly, § 2.
6. Time of Renewal of License, § 4.

7. Ale, &c. may have Excise of Licence, 48 G. 3. c. 149. § 5.
8. Licenses shall only be granted to Persons allowed by Magistrates, § 7.
9. Saving the Powers of Magistrates to Corporate Towns, &c. § 8.
10. Clerks may take Fees as heretofore, § 10.
11. Persons disabled by Conviction from keeping Alehouses shall forfeit License, § 11.

Newspapers.

1. Where a Discount of 10% per Cent. re Newspapers is allowed by 37 G. 3. c. 96. § 31. &c. a further Discount of 4% may shall be allowed, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10. § 30.—Repealed in 1800. 42 G. 3. c. 98. § 3.
2. Discount shall be allowed as under 37 G. 3. notwithstanding the Price of Newspapers be raised On Halfpenny, 49 G. 3. c. 50.

Probates and Administrations.

- Additional Duties imposed 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10.—See now, 44 G. 3. c. 98.

Receipts.

1. Former Duties repealed, and new Duties granted, 43 G. 3. c. 108. § 1.—See now, 44 G. 3. c. 98.
2. Stamps to be paid for by Persons giving the Receipts, § 4.
3. No Receipt shall be given in Evidence unless stamped, § 6.
4. Exemptions as under former Acts, § 10.
5. Counterfeiting Stamp Paper without Clergy, § 11.

Search.

1. Stat. 19. 10 G. 3. c. 8. § 6. re. relating to entering the Duties payable on 100 copies of S. with revised and further continued, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 10. § 31.—continued, 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 1. [See 28 February 1801.]
2. Search permitted to be made upon Posters or Bills, Duty free, 42 G. 3. c. 14. § 1. [See 18 July 1801.]
3. No Excise Duty to be charged for such search on Importations from *London Ad. Id.* § 2.
4. Penalty of 500s. on Makers of Search along Wheat, &c. in making Search, § 4.
5. Like Penalty on Search Makers having more than Four Bunches of Wheat, &c. in two Puff Bins, § 5.
6. Selling Search with counterfeit Stamps, &c. 500l. § 6.
7. No Disturbance on search excepted, § 7.
8. Search, Seizure, and Confiscation imposed on Packages less than 175 lbs. Shall not be entered for Exportation, and if so imported, forfeited.

Statutes.

1. Statutes of England and Great Britain printed by the King's Printer, prior to the Union, shall be conclusive Evidence in Scotland, and High Statutes reprinted, &c. shall be Evidence in Great Britain, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 99. § 9.
2. Where Bills for continuing existing Acts shall not pass before each Act expires, such Acts shall be construed from their Expressions, except as to Penalties, &c. 48 G. 3. c. 106.
3. For enlarging (not 15 Days after End of Session) the Times appointed for the First Meeting of Commissioners, &c. for putting into Execution certain Acts of the Session 48 G. 3. c. 133.

Storing Goods, See Importation 337. &c.

See.

Stone.

Duty and Passes issued of *Quarries, &c.* except from Duty, 42 G. 3. c. 59. § 2-4. (See also, 43 G. 3. c. 68.)

Sugar. See Customs.—Ireland, (Customs and Excise.

Surveyor-General of the Woods. See Offices; Post Office.

T.

Tanners.

1. Stat. 1 Jac. 1. c. 22. as to Tanners and others occupying the Curage of Leather, repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 63.
2. Stat. 13, 14 Car. 2. c. 7 § 2. as to red stained Leather Shall be sold in Open Market, repealed, § 2.
3. Stat. 13, 14 Car. 2. c. 7 § 11. as to giving Notice of red stained Leather bought, repealed, § 11.
4. Stat. 13, 14 Car. 2. c. 7 § 12. as to Carriage levying for prohibited Leather, repealed, § 12.
5. Stat. 15 Geo. 2. c. 11. as to requiring Mayors, &c. to execute the Act 1 Jac. 1. repealed, § 2.
6. Stat. 14 G. 3. c. 2. c. 12. § 2. extending 1 Jac. 1. to the whole of Great Britain, repealed, § 2.
7. Tanners Shall not carry on the Business of a Shoemaker, Carrier, Leather-Cutter, &c. § 7.

Taxes.

Post-Offices.

1. Treasury empowered to lease Houses (under 27 G. 3. c. 25.) 42 G. 3. c. 51. 43 G. 3. c. 57.
2. Contracts with Post-Office, § 7.
3. Treasury may empower Commissioners of Stamps to let to Farm Post-Office Duties, under Powers of 27 G. 3. c. 25. from 15 January annually till 25 February 1811. 43 G. 3. c. 58. § 1, &c.
4. Carriage used by licensed Persons with Post Offices shall be exempted, § 5.
5. Stamp Duties on Depositions in Collectors acts to extend till 1805 § 4.
6. Duty on specific Sum charged for ascertained Defences, § 8.

Regulation Acts.

All now repealed by 43 G. 3. c. 59. § 1, &c.
 Heres, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 40.
 42 G. 3. c. 105. § 7. 2.
 Heres U. S. 28 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 71
 Woods and Heres, 42 G. 3. c. 34
 Sewage, Carriages, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 57.

Property (Tax on).

1. For granting (during the War, &c.) a Contribution or the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, 43 G. 3. c. 22. The Regulations in this Act repealed, 43 G. 3. c. 57. c. 58. and c. 59. The Acts repealed and new Regulations created, 43 G. 3. c. 49.—The Acts repealed and new Regulations created, 46 G. 3. c. 65. (See post, No. 8, &c.)

2. Duties imposed according to Schedules A, B, C, D, E, 43 G. 3. c. 121. § 4.
3. Schedule A.—Duty in respect of the Property in Lands, Tenements, &c. 18. in the Pound on the annual Value, and Mode of ascertaining and computing the same, 43 G. 3. c. 122. § 11.—Additional Duty of One-fourth Part imposed, 43 G. 3. c. 127.—Increased to 2. in the Pound in the whole, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1-74.
4. Schedule B.—Duty in respect of the Occupancy of Houses in Lands, &c. 19. in the Pound in England, and 61 in Scotland, and Mode of ascertaining and computing same, 43 G. 3. c. 122. § 20.—A second Duty of One-fourth Part, 43 G. 3. c. 127.—Increased to 2. 65. per Cent in England and 1. 60. in Scotland; the whole, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1-77.
5. Schedule C.—Duty in 20. in the Pound on Annuities and Livelihoods or Personal Pensions payable by the Crown, and chargeable in Cash or otherwise, 43 G. 3. c. 122. § 60.—Additional Duty of One-fourth Part, 43 G. 3. c. 127.—Increased to 2. per Pound in the whole, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1-102.
6. Schedule D.—Duty of 21. in the Pound on all annual Profits arising to any Renter in Great Britain, from Property, whether Situate in or out of Great Britain; &c. from any Professions, &c. exercised in or out of Great Britain; and on Profits from any Property, Real Estate, &c. in Great Britain, through the Party does not reside in, or on any Subject of Great Britain; and Mode of ascertaining and computing said Property, 43 G. 3. c. 122. § 83.—Additional Duty of One-fourth Part, 43 G. 3. c. 127.—Increased to 26. in the Pound, in the whole, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1-112.
7. Schedule E.—Duty of 22. in the Pound on every Polling Office, or Employment of Profit, and on every Assize, Pleign, or Session, payable by His Majesty, or out of the public Revenue of Great Britain; which may be suspended at the same, on Payment of the Duty, &c.—Mode of ascertaining said Duty, and Discharge of Officers chargeable, 43 G. 3. c. 122. § 123. &c.—Additional Duty of One-fourth Part, 43 G. 3. c. 127.—Increased to 22. in the Pound in the whole, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1-120.
8. For grant or [during the War] further additional Duty and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to a new duty and under such official the Persons for collecting the said Duties, 43 G. 3. c. 67. [For the progress and total Amount of the Duties, see No. 1—] preceding.
9. Duties charged on Post-office Fees, 46 G. 3. c. 65. § 1.
10. Duties on England in 1805 altered as under 43 G. 3. c. 59. and in Scotland as under 43 G. 3. c. 120. and subsequent Acts, &c.
11. Appointment of Commissioners out of Commissioners of Land Tax.—In Default of Officers in Land Tax Commissioners—Persons holding in Default may be sworn to.—Time of Meeting.—Commissioners before appointed may continue to act, § 5. 6.
12. Supplying Vacancies.—Additional Commissioners may be chosen within certain Periods, § 9, 10.
13. In default of sufficient Commissioners for Cities, &c. Commissioners for Counties may be chosen, § 11.
14. Persons fully qualified may be chosen although not named in Land Tax Act, § 14.
15. Land Tax Commissioners shall execute Acts as Neglect of Commissioners, § 19.
16. Their Oath, § 24.
17. Qualification of Commissioners, § 15—20.
18. Appointment and Qualification of additional Commissioners, § 21—23.
19. Mode in which Commissioners shall proceed to act, § 24—30.

20. Treasury may appoint **Assistant Commissioners** who may grant Exemptions for former Years under Schedule C. and charge Duty for former Years under Schedule C.—Proceedings by Affidavit, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 31.
21. Appointment and Salaries of **Affidavit Commissioners** to be held before Parliament, § 31.
22. How the Bank, *Egl Indio Company, &c.* shall be charged, § 33, 34, 35.
23. Appointment of Commissioners for charging *Leigh or Foreign Dividends*, § 10, 37.
24. Commissioners for *Bank-note Annulments*, § 38.
25. Appointment of Commissioners for Duties on Officers in Public Departments, and in *Cairo, Texas*, &c. 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 39, 40, 41.
26. Notice of Proof of Appointment and Demotion shall be made to Tax Office, § 43, 45.
27. Commissioners for Duties on Perfumes, § 44.
28. Commissioners invited to Circuits, § 45.
29. Commissioners may appoint **Affidavit and Collectors**, § 46.
30. Commissioners may charge Duty for former Years, § 47.
31. Inspector, &c. of Window Lights to execute this Act with like Powers as under **Affidavit Taxes**, § 48.
32. Oaths of Commissioners, &c. § 49, 50.
33. How temporary Affidavits and Returns shall be charged, § 50, 51.
34. How Perfumers quitting *Great Britain* shall be charged with Duty, § 52.
35. How Corporations shall be charged with Duty, § 53.
36. Trustees, &c. shall be charged for *Leases, &c.*—How Returns shall be charged, § 54, 55.
37. How moved *Wines* shall be charged, § 56.
38. Trustees, &c. to Persons of full Age in *Great Britain* shall deliver Names, &c. only, § 57.
39. Trustees, &c. may return Duty, § 58.
40. Commissioners may remove **Affidavits** and administer Oaths to them, § 59.
41. Mode of proceeding by **Affidavit**, § 60, 61.
42. Mode of collecting Duty on Returns by the Parties entitled, § 62—66.
43. Tenants of impropriated **Professors** to deliver Statements, § 67.
44. Officers of Corporations shall be charged for them, § 68.
45. Penalty on neglecting to deliver in Latin, § 69.
46. Cases not liable to Penalty, § 70.
47. Regulating Service of Notices by **Affidavits**, § 71, 72.
48. **Affidavits** shall be made of Returns of Statements returned as additional Commissioners, to which Inspector shall have Access, § 73.
49. Directions for computing and ascertaining Duties in respect of **Leases and Tenements** under Schedule A, § 74.
50. Rules for ascertaining Duties under Schedule B.—No. 7, 8, 9, and 10.
- Regulations for levying said Duties under Schedule A. and B.
51. Mode of charging **Leases and Tenements**, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 76.
52. **Affidavits** allowed to *charcoal* *McIntosh, &c.* under 100 and may make **Estimate** on Production of *Leases*, § 77, 78.
53. Regulations as to **Permits**, § 79—82.
54. Duties may be taken on **Leases** having been accepted for Duty *once*, but not on **Heads**, § 83.
55. Mode of levying Duty on **Leases**, § 84, 85.
56. Proceedings or **Affidavits** in making **Estimate** of Value of **Leases**, &c. § 85—90.
57. Commissioners shall make **Affidavits** on **Estimates** not objected to, § 91 (subject to Abatement.) § 92.
58. Amount of **Affidavits** to be notified, § 94.
59. Valuation of **Leases**, § 95, 96.
60. In case of Appeal, **Deputy Surveyor** or Justice his usual Role, Commissioners may collect Rent, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 97.
61. **Leases** under-rated **Affidavits** may be voided, § 98.
62. Penalty on Inspector, &c. making various **Charges**, § 99.
63. For **Affidavits** under Schedule A. and B. to remain in Force Two Years, § 100.
64. Regulations as to **Affidavits**, § 101, 102.
65. Rules for ascertaining Duties under **Schedule C**, § 103.
66. Statements for Corp. not to be paid, § 104.
67. Companies may cause Duty to be paid into the Bank, § 105—6.
68. How small **Duties** shall be charged, § 107.
69. **Professors** associated with **Partners** of **Leigh or Foreign Annulments** shall deliver Accounts—**Deputy Commissioners** shall make **Affidavits** thereon, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 108.
70. **Public Offices** may charge under Schedule C, § 109.
71. Rules for Oaths of **Estimation**, § 110.
72. Penalty for pretending that **Stock** is the Property of **Foreigners**, § 111.
73. Rules for ascertaining the Duties under Schedule D, § 112.
- Regulations for levying Duties under Schedule D.
74. **Leases** in *Great Britain* may be set off against Profits in another, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 113.
75. To an *extent* 10% of Annual **Leases** not otherwise charged, § 114.
76. **Duties** on *Leases*, § 115, 116.
77. In what **Leases** Duties shall be charged and **Declarations** be delivered—How **Perfumes** having Two **Residues** shall be charged—How Profits of **Leigh** **Professors** shall be charged—How **Leigh** **Officers** of State, &c.—Where Profits of **Foreign Professors** shall be notified, § 117.
78. **Statements**—Proceedings thereon, § 118—122.
79. Assessment of **Affidavits**, § 123—125.
80. Appeals, § 126—129.
81. Surveyor may object to **Statements** in Schedule, giving Notice to the Party, § 130.
82. Commissioners may collect or alter **Affidavits**, § 131.
83. Powers of **Commissioners**, § 132—5.
84. Penalty on **Perfumes** neglecting to deliver Schedules or send Statements of **Commissioners**, § 137.
85. Schedules may be amended, § 138.
86. Rates of Abatement and Mode of ascertaining and allowing thereof, § 139, 140.
87. How **Commissioners** shall be notified, § 141.
88. How **Affidavits** made by Reference shall be entered—**Bank** **Account** withdrawn to receive Payments thereon, &c. § 142.
89. Commissioners to deliver Warrants to Collectors except where **Profits** are notified by a **Number or Letter**, § 143.
90. **Sum** of **Leases** shall be sent to **Comptroller's Office**, &c. § 144.
91. Appointment, Allowances, and Duty of **Deputy Receivers**, § 145, 146.
92. **Professors** may pay Duty into the Bank or to Receiver, &c. at their Election, § 147.
93. **Bank** shall enter Payments in Books, § 148.
94. Duties may be paid in Advance into the Bank, § 149.
95. **Comptroller** shall be given at the Bank as required, § 150.
96. On Delivery thereof to **Commissioners**, Clerk to give Receipt which shall be a **Discharge**, § 151.
97. Rules for charging Duties under Schedule E, § 152.
- Regulations for levying Duties under Schedule E.
98. **Inspector** Officers desired to be examined and notified in Head Office, 46 G. 3. c. 65, § 153, 154.

99. Allowances to Trustees of British Mansions, and to charitable Institutions. 45 G. 3 c. 61. § 135.
100. Commissioners to appoint Clerks, &c. and Officers in their Departments.—Additions to have been Assessed to Decemals. § 136.
101. Regulating Statements of Profits from Offices. § 137.
102. Deposes to pay for Principals.—Officers receiving Salaries or Fees before the 1st of June. § 138.
103. Forfeiting All Easements with Lands. § 139.
104. Duties on the Importation of Goods for Distillations, Artificers to make Brandy, &c. § 140.
105. Comers to pay 2s. for Warrants for trying Duties of Officers which cannot be stopped. § 141.
106. No Qualification shall be required of Commissioners on Office and public Accounts. 40 G. 3 c. 60. § 267.
107. Officers making Entries on Offices liable to Forfeiture. § 142.
108. Surveyors, &c. shall have Access to Returns, &c. with Liberty to amend and rectify the same. § 143.
109. No Assessments, &c. shall be imposed by reason of Mistake in Names or Descriptions. § 144.
110. How double Duty may be avoided. § 145.
111. Form of Affidavits. § 146.
112. Persons concerned may appeal—Schedules to be produced. § 147.
113. Surcharges if confirmed, shall be in double Duty in certain Cases. § 148.
114. Exemptions and Abatements on Incomes less than 50*l.* or from thence to 150*l.* per Annum. § 149.
115. Mode of allowing and settling Abatements. § 150.
116. Rules for abatement Income on which Exemptions or Allowances may be granted. § 151.
117. Exemptions for Artisans. § 152.
118. Abatement on Proceedings of Reference. § 153.
119. Mode of proceeding as to Claims for Abatements. § 154.—184.
120. Mode of allowing Change in various Districts. § 155.
121. Relief from double Assessment. § 156.
122. Sums assessed by Commissioners to be sent to Tax Office. § 157.
123. Commissioners to give Warrants of Collection. § 158.
124. Parish assessable by Collectors. § 159.
125. Appeals to be allowed. § 160.
126. How Payments of Assessments made after Time of Payment by Inhabitants shall be regulated. § 161.
127. How Assessments for One Year shall be payable. § 162.
128. Notice in Fines to be charged on a District to declare where they have been charged and how they shall be charged. § 163.
129. Commissioners shall settle Dispute between Landlord and Tenant. § 164.
130. Contrary to the Act shall be void. § 165.
131. Penalty for fraudulently changing Residence or converting Property, &c. § 166.
132. Commissioners may rectify Assessment when Property that have been otherwise charged. § 167.
133. No Disturbances, &c. but according to Act. § 168.
[As to Allowances in respect of Colliers, see Title *Colliers' Year*.]
134. Parents, Executors, &c. liable for Infants or Persons dying. § 169.
135. Penalties on Forgery, Forgery of Certificates, &c. § 170—172.
136. Evidence of Commissioners. § 173.
137. Voluntary Contributions may be received at the Bank &c. § 174—6.
138. Special Commissions to certify Allowances granted by them to Keen—General. § 177.
139. Time of paying Voluntary Contributions. § 178.
140. Payments by Deputy Receivers, Collectors, &c. and Allowances to them. § 179—181.
141. Payment of Duties not to confer Settlements. § 182.
142. Penalties shall be recovered as under 43 G. 3 c. 127.—§ 214.
143. Duties shall be paid into Exchequer for Services of the Year.—Treasury may settle Allowances. § 215.
144. No Exemptions by Letters Patent. § 216.
145. Particular Penalties reserved to all Schedules. § 217.
146. Forms of Duties, Schedule E. § 218.
147. Forms of Returns, Disturbances, and Statements, Schedule G. 45 G. 3 c. 61. § 219.
148. —of Labourers' Certificate. § 220.
149. Commissioners of Taxes shall deposit proper Forms. § 221.
150. Certificates for Allowances, and Form of Instrument. § 222.
151. Nothing in the Act to impede any of the Provisions in 44 G. 3 c. 5. relative to *Land Tax* Bills. § 223.
152. Affidavits not now to be suspended for want of Proceeding in former Assessments. § 224.
153. How to proceed in Districts where former Assessments are not completed. § 225.
154. Continuance of and Continuance of Act. § 226.
For further Regulations, see 43 G. 3 c. 141 under Title *Assessed Taxes*.

Assessed Taxes.

- For copying the several Duties under the Commission for the Affairs of Taxes in Great Britain, and paying new Duties in the several 43 G. 3 c. 154.—These Duties repealed, 48 G. 3 c. 75. § 2.
- For granting additional Duties on Hops, and consolidating the same with the present Duties. 43 G. 3 c. 151. § 6, and Schedule.—Repealed, 48 G. 3 c. 75. § 1.
- Additional Duty granted on the Arches of the Docks under Act 45 G. 3 c. 152. § 6, c. 15. Ten per Cent. 46 G. 3 c. 75.—Repealed, 48 G. 3 c. 75. § 1.
- For repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu of the same, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith, and for amending the Stamp Duties on Game Certificates, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof under the Management of the Gamekeepers of Taxes. 48 G. 3 c. 77.
- Duties upon 5*l.* 18*s.* in England and Wales upon several Duties in Schedules A to K, charged in lieu of former Duties. § 1.
Schedule A. Window Light.
B. 1. 1*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* House.
C. No. 1. Male Servant.
—No. 2. Gardener.
—No. 3. Female Servant, &c.
—No. 4. Female Servant, &c.
D. No. 1. For wheelbarrow Carriages.
—No. 2. Carriages with four or more Wheels.
—No. 3. Horse Carriages.
—No. 4. Taxicabs.
—No. 5. Carriages.
—No. 6. Carriages sold by Commission.
E. No. 1. Horse for Rent, &c.
—No. 2. Horse let to Hire.
—No. 3. Race-Horses.
F. No. 1. Horses not chargeable under other Schedules, and Mules.
—No. 2. Hackney Horses.

Schedule

Schedule G. Dues.

H. Horse Dealers.

I. Hair Dressers.

K. Arsenal Drawers.

L. Killing Game.

M. No. 1. Excise on Beer, Wine, and Spirits of Potatoes, and general Officers for Distilleries, (Under the Statute in Li. E. and G.)

— No 2. Excise on Starch, &c. from Damson Schedules C, D, E.

N. I. Fines of Certificate for Volunteers.

— II. A. — Fines of Game Duty Convicts.

6. It is to be paid by all persons and set out under the Powers of 45 G. 3. c. 99. 41 G. 3. c. 25. 42 G. 3. c. 161. 45 G. 3. c. 33. 46 G. 3. c. 71. 47 G. 3. c. 105. 48 G. 3. c. 34. — For Assesses of what see No. 10. — And see also 45 G. 3. c. 141. and the *Revs. Act*, 48 G. 3. c. 55. 43. c. 33.

7. Convicts for Assessed Taxes shall execute the Act 45 G. 3. c. 99. 41 G. 3. c. 25. 42 G. 3. c. 161. 45 G. 3. c. 33. 46 G. 3. c. 71. 47 G. 3. c. 105. 48 G. 3. c. 34.

8. Duties shall be carried to Consolidated Fund, and Accounts thereof laid before Parliament. 45 G. 3. c. 99.

9. For supplying Provisions of Acts relating to regulating Duties and Management of Tax Office for England, Wales, &c. see Act 45 G. 3. c. 99. — *Act* 45 G. 3. c. 141. and *Act* 48 G. 3. c. 55.

10. All Duties now under the Management of the Tax Office (except Land Tax) shall be levied under this Act, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43.

11. Qualifications and Powers of Commissioners, 42—3. 10. 45 G. 3. c. 99. — And for 45 G. 3. c. 55. see the Statute in Li. E. and G., &c.

12. Meeting of Commissioners shall be annual. — Election of Clerk, &c. — Appointments and Oath of Officers, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 45 G. 3. c. 141. — Schedule A. B. — And for 45 G. 3. c. 141. Rule 1.

13. All Taxes shall be delivered annually. — Convicts shall pay Assesses, and make Duplicate to be delivered. — When Coll. shall be delivered. 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43. — And for 48 G. 3. c. 141. Rule III. IV.

14. Appointments of Clerks and Security to be given by them, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43—47. 35.

15. In what Cases Duties may be done. — Duty of 18 *Imp. Dues*, &c. under former Acts shall still for the Aid. — Appointments of Officers, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43—47. — And for 48 G. 3. c. 141. 43. 35.

16. Penalty on Importers and Surveyors neglecting to attend Meetings of Commissioners, 45 G. 3. c. 141. 44.

17. Surcharges and Appeals thereon, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 42—49. — And for 48 G. 3. c. 141. 45.

18. Assesses, &c. not liable at due Time, may be allowed, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43.

19. No Refusal of Payment of Duties Collectors may divide, 43.

20. Removal of Persons not paying Duties shall be certified to Commissioners where they remain to, 43.

21. Mode of Assesses where Parishes, &c. are in two Counties, &c. 43.

22. Goods that not be taken on Process, except for Rent, 46 *Taxes paid*, 43.

23. Powers of 47 G. 3. c. 30. and 33 G. 3. c. 55. shall be used for recovering Arrears, 43.

24. Assessing and Payment of Money into Hands of Collectors, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43—45. — And for 45 G. 3. c. 141. Rule V.

25. In what Cases Parishes shall answer for Defaults, and Proceedings relative thereto, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43—45.

26. Dep'tments of Assesses shall be made annually for Receiver General and King's Remembrance, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 44. 45. — And for 45 G. 3. c. 99. 43.

27. Collectors shall pay Duties to Receiver General, 45 G. 3. c. 99. 44—50. 51.

28. Penalty on Collectors collecting fraudulently, 43.

29. Payments and Accounts by Receiver General, 43—45. 61. — And for 47 G. 3. c. 71. 41. 45 G. 3. c. 141. Rule V.

30. Constables shall return to Excise of Aid, 41 G. 3. c. 99. 43.

31. Penalty for obstructing Officers, 46.

32. Recovery and Application of Penalties, &c. 45—46. 50. 51.

33. All Books, &c. declared Property of Commissioners of Duties—Penalty on refusing to deliver them, 45, 51.

34. Commissioners of Land Tax shall be Commissioners for Assessed Taxes, (see *Land Tax Commissioners*) 45 G. 3. c. 164. 45. 3.

35. Commissioners, Assesses, &c. shall all be under Regulation Acts, 45 G. 3. c. 99. &c. c. 100.—No Inference, &c. to be made therefrom, 45 G. 3. c. 101. 45. 9.

36. How occupied Houses shall be charged—How to be rated in two Parishes may be charged in either, 45.

37. Houses, &c. not having more than 8 Windows, in Operation of Papers, exempted from Duty, 43—44. 17.

38. How for unoccupied Houses shall be assessed or discharged, 43.

39. Commis'sioners, Inspectors, &c. may inspect and take Copies of Parish Books, &c. 45.

40. Regulations as to stopping up and opening Windows, 43—44.

41. Duration and Time of Payment of Assesses in England, 43—44. — In Ireland, 43.

42. Notices to be given annually by Assesses, and Lists to be returned by Parishes liable to any of the Duties under this Act, 43—45. — And for 45 G. 3. c. 141. Rule II.

43. Notices by Parishes regarding or relating to keep or refuse Street, Curbage, Hair Powder, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 161. 43.

44. How Assesses shall be made on Persons relating or neglecting to deliver Lists, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 161. 43.

45. Such Lists may be amended, 43.

46. Occupiers of Houses shall return or Return of Lodgers, &c.—Penalty on Neglect, 43. — And for 45.

47. Notices to be left for each Lodger, &c. 43.

48. Persons having different Places of Residence, &c. shall return Lists at each Place, 43.

49. Penalty on Persons not returning Lists in Places where they are to be charged, 43.

50. Exceptions shall be returned to Assesses, 43.

51. Penalty on not delivering Lists, or making false Returns, &c. 43. 18.

52. Detention for settling Parishes employing Services where they have no Residence, or come to reside after Lists are returned, &c. 43.

53. Notices to be sent Horse, Servants, or Carriages by the Parishes living to Hire, and by the Hired, and Mode of charging Duty thereon, 43—46.

54. Lists of Persons leaving Post Horbs shall be returned to Tax Office, 44.

55. Horse Dealers trading in divers Places shall declare where they will be charged, 43.

56. Lists of Persons charged to Duties may be made out for general Inspection—Copies thereof Evidence, 44.

57. Such Lists may be published by Unlawful—Penalty on defacing the same, 43.

58. Penalty on Persons moving without paying Duties, 43.

59. Persons fraudulently charging Tax payable with stolen Duties, 43.

61. Parents, Executors, &c. liable to Duty on Infants and deceased Persons, 47 G. 3. c. 151 § 34.
62. Duties chargeable on Landlords, and demand of Tenants, may be deducted from Rent, § 35.
63. Parties admissible for Affidavits—Averars shall be allowed, § 36, 37.
64. No Affidavit to Poor's Rate, &c. in respect of Duties under the Act, § 38.
65. Howers, &c. to be examined to ascertain Value thereof, and Number, &c. of Windows, § 50, 61.
66. Certificates of Assessments for all Duties and Names of Persons claiming Exemptions, shall be returned by Assessors on Oath, § 62.
67. Mode of assessing Assessments, and making Searches and Appeals thereon, § 63—75.
68. Remission of Money over-shotted, 45 G. 3. c. 71. § 1.
69. Relief to Persons assessed in different Places, 43 G. 3. c. 161. § 16.
70. Letters Patent as Exemptions from Duties—Treasury shall appoint Salaries to Officers, and pay accidental Expenses, § 78, 79.
71. Tax Office may empower Receiver to set lessee and charge Cases for Arrears of Land Tax, 45 G. 3. c. 71. § 4.
72. For granting certain Allowances out of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Arrears of Taxes to Persons in respect of the Number of their Children, 46 G. 3. c. 34.
73. Persons having more than two Children shall be entitled to an Allowance of 4 per Cent. on Amount of Assessed Duties, § 1.
74. Children by a former Marriage shall entitle to Allowance, § 2.
75. Allowances not to be granted for a Child chargeable to Duties, § 3.
76. Separate Account of Allowances shall be made, and an equal Sum shall be paid from the Property Tax into Consolidated Fund, § 4.
77. For amending the Acts relating to the Duties on Assessed Taxes, and the Tax on the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to regulate the Assessment and Collection of the same, 48 G. 3. c. 141.
78. Rules for appointing Assessors of Assessed Taxes, 48 G. 3. c. 141. s. 1. No. 1.
79. — for Service of Notices to Persons liable to Duties, No. II.
80. — for making and returning Certificates of Assessments or of Returns by Assessors, and collecting said Assessments yearly, No. III.
81. — for making and collecting Supplementary Assessments yearly, No. IV.
82. — for paying to the Receiver-General, and accounting for the Duties by Collection, No. V.
83. His Majesty or the Treasury empowered to appoint Ten Inspectors-General for England and Wales, and their Powers, 48 G. 3. c. 141. § 5, 6.
84. Regulations for setting to Property Tax, viz. Annual Taxation for more than 3 Years, § 7.—Nursery Gardens and Hop Grounds, § 8.—Emerg. Profits, § 9.—London Docks, &c. § 10.—Corporate Officers, § 11.—Certain Powers specified, § 12.
85. Act shall not extend to Land Tax, or Assessed Duties, as Federal Estates, &c. § 13.

See also *Tax Arrears*, 1—5.

Thames Police Office.

1. Salary of Thames Police Justices received from 400*l.* to 600*l.* per Annum.—Whole Expense of the Office shall not exceed 800*l.* annually, 42 G. 3. c. 76. § 13.

2. To amend 2 G. 3. c. 18. and 35. 40 G. 3. c. 87. for preventing Frauds, &c. by Persons carrying Buoys, &c. on the River Thames, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 115.
3. Taxable Goods Stopped under recent Acts as forfeited, shall be conveyed to Excise Office, &c. § 1.
4. If Stopped as before, such Articles shall be carried to Thames Police Office till Trial, § 2.
5. Notice to Excise Office of such Detention—After Trial, Goods shall be carried to Excise Office, § 3, 4.
6. Goods not conveyed to Excise Office, according to this Act, may be stored, § 5, 6.
7. For amending 35. 40 G. 3. c. 87. (and 42 G. 3. c. 166) for the more effectual Prevention of Depositions on the River Thames; and for amending 2 G. 3. c. 18. for preventing Frauds, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 115. § 1.
8. 35. 40 G. 3. c. 87. for detaching the Thames Police Office, as amended by 42 G. 3. c. 76. continued to 25th March 1821, § 1.
9. Police Surveyors may enter Ships, &c. on Suspicion of Felony, or for Seizing Contraband, § 2.
10. Boats forfeited may be destroyed, released, or sold, § 5.
11. Magistrates may settle Disputes in 12 Waters between Captains of Ships, Owners of Wharves, &c. and Bargainers, &c. employed by them, § 4, 5.
12. Proviso an destroying police Boats inserted to 301. § 6.
13. Recovery of Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, § 7, &c.

Thread Lacc, See Customs.

Tithes.

- Denying Tithes may be made of certain Dissensions, 43 G. 3. c. 51. § 22. (See 43 G. 3. c. 69.)

Tinners, See Forestry; Importation.

Tithes.

- For such *Inclosure Acts* as contain Provisions for the making Compensation for or exchanging Tithes in any Parish or Place, see the *Printed Local and Personal Acts* of each Session; and also the *Table of the Titles of the Local and Personal Acts not printed*, prefixed to each Session. A Note is subjoined to every Act where any such Provision is inserted.

Tobacco, See Customs; Excise; Importation.

Tobacco Pipe Clay.

- § 3. of 27 G. 3. c. 45. permitting Tobacco Pipe Clay to be exported to the *British Colonies* in the *West Indies*, continued till Year 24, 1808, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 10. § 2.—Made perpetual, 48 G. 3. c. 22. § 1.

Tokens, See Coin.

Tortois, See Importation, 8.

Trade.

- Officers, Masters, and Soldiers, having been in the Service since 16th July 1754, authorized to receive Trade, 42 G. 3. c. 69. And *Blacks Mice* having served Five Years, 42 G. 3. c. 69.

Transportation of Felons.

1. So much of 25 G. 3. c. 74. as relates to Transportation, and of 24 G. 3. c. 56. as authorizes the Removal of Offenders to temporary Places of Confinement in England & Wales, continued 43 G. 3. c. 28; 46 G. 3. c. 22.—[10 25th March 1812.]
2. His Majesty may be appointed by His Majesty, as authorized by 24 G. 3. c. 56; who shall make a Report every Session, 43 G. 3. c. 28. § 2.
3. So much of 25 G. 3. c. 66. as authorizes the Removal of Offenders in Scotland to Great Britain, continued, 43 G. 3. c. 28. § 3; 46 G. 3. c. 22. § 4. [10th March 1812.]
4. The King may give a Property to the Success of Offenders transported as King's Ships, without Security required by 24 G. 3. c. 56. See their Transportation, 43 G. 3. c. 15.

Treason.

1. His Majesty empowered to create and detain Persons guilty of treason against his Person and Government, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 31.—Continued, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 46.—*Repealed*.
2. Restrains upon Correspondence with foreign Countries under 33 G. 3. c. 27; 38 G. 3. c. 28. 45. 29. renewed, 42 G. 3. c. 11.—See Title *Alien*.

See further, Title *Alien*

Treasurer of the Navy, See Offices and Officers.

Treasury, Lords of, See Ireland (Chancellor of the Exchequer.)

Turkey Company, See Importation.

Turnpits.

- To amend 13 G. 3. c. 32. 88. 89. Proviso relating to destroying Turnpits, Passes, &c. in any Garden, Orchard, &c.:—Such Persons made punishable by Fine, 42 G. 3. c. 67.

Turnpike Acts.

- ARIZONA.** (Enlarging 39 & 40 G. 3. c. 228;) 45 G. 3. c. 228.
- ARMSLEY.** From *Forthwith Ferry to Holywell* (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 56; 15 G. 3. c. 63; 47 G. 3. c. 22.)
- AVE.** For amending several Acts in respect of Turnpits, and repealing 7 G. 3. c. 160; and 14 G. 3. c. 209; 45 G. 3. c. 220.
- For making Railway from *Kilmarock to the Trees*, (Revised), 48 G. 3. c. 201.
- BAMPT.** Several Roads in Counties *Buff, Ripon, Aberdeen & Inverness*, 44 G. 3. c. 180.
- BARNOLD.** From *Dunstable to Bedford Hoyle* (Bedford) 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 18.
- From *Wigton to Giv* in *Berwick Shire*, (Northamptonshire), 41 G. 3. c. 220.
- BARNES.** From *New Windsor to Highgate*, and from *Twickenham* to *Datchet*, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 220.
- For *Roads to Ballyfale* (Southampton), 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 22.
- From *Hornell to Ballyfale*, 43 G. 3. c. 200.
- From *Abbeystead Bridge to Reading*, and from thence to *Wootton Bassett*, 46 G. 3. c. 246.

- BARNES (continued).** From *Reading through Wootton Bassett*, and *Great Marlow to Highgate* (Bedford), (continuing 8 G. 3. c. 50; 37 G. 3. c. 21; 49 G. 3. c. 200.)
- BARNWELL.** From *Barnwell to Greenham*, 41 G. 3. c. 22.
- From *Dunstable Bridge to Corchell* (Bedford); from *Orange Lane to Dunstable*, and from *Caldecote to Mount Pleasant* (Bedford), 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 22 c.
- From *Barnwell upon Towed by Ayton Bridge*, and from *Mile Crossway and Puffin Bridge to Geddington Town*, (continuing 37 G. 3. c. 103; 45 G. 3. c. 101)
- From *London to King's Cross*, (continuing 6 G. 3. c. 73; 27 G. 3. c. 70; 28 G. 3. c. 207.)
- BARNWELL.** From *Barn to Hay and Bield* near *Lifford*, and from the *Furze to Cambridge Common*, (continuing 21 G. 3. c. 213; 44 G. 3. c. 220.)
- Roads and Glassways*. For repairing several Roads, (repealing 7 G. 3. c. 60; 27 G. 3. c. 75; 28 G. 3. c. 113; 44 G. 3. c. 181) 49 G. 3. c. 220.
- BUCKINGHAM.** From *Sparrow's Barn to Malpas*, 43 G. 3. c. 220.
- BURNHAM.** From *Perthshire to Gannet* (Merinoth), &c. 43 G. 3. c. 220.
- CAITHNESS.** For settling Proprietors of Land to make Roads, 46 G. 3. c. 220.
- CAMBRIDGE.** From *Newmarket to Redgrave* in the Parish of *Stow*, (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 84; 13 G. 3. c. 160; 49 G. 3. c. 220.)
- From *Newmarket to Thetford* (Suffolk), (continuing 8 G. 3. c. 55; 20 G. 3. c. 60; 47 G. 3. c. 10 c.
- CAMBRIDGE and** } From *Cambridge to Rye*, (continuing
ESSEX. } 25 G. 3. c. 170; 47 G. 3. c. 10 c.
- CAMBRIDGE and** } From *Cambridge to Ely*, *Letchworth* and
NORFOLK. } *Claydon Green to Dunstable*, (continuing
3 G. 3. c. 20; 5 G. 3. c. 220; 20 G. 3. c. 207;
44 G. 3. c. 182.)
- CAMBRIDGE and** } From *Newmarket near Newmarket Heath*,
SUFFOLK. } in the Turnpike Road leading to *Stow*
C66, (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 32; 15 G. 3. c. 60) 4
46 G. 3. c. 220.
- CAMBRIDGE.** Several Roads in, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 22.
- Roads in *Kidwelly District*, 47 G. 3. c. 100.
- From *Abingdon to Litchfield*, (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 20; and 44 G. 3. c. 131) 43 G. 3. c. 220.
- From *Lower Water Street to Newgate Key*, 43 G. 3. c. 220.
- From *London to Langston*, (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 76; 26 G. 3. c. 170; 47 G. 3. c. 220.)
- From *Northampton* leading from the *Town of Litchfield* to the *Town of Cornewick*, &c. 49 G. 3. c. 220.
- Cambridge to Farnborough* (London), and other Roads, (repealing 27 G. 3. c. 103) 49 G. 3. c. 220.
- CAMBRIDGE.** } For repairing several Roads to be as related
and CAMBRIDGE. } to the *London District*, (repealing
28 G. 3. c. 103) 49 G. 3. c. 220.
- CANTON.** From *Northwell to Boston* (Derbyshire), 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 220.
- From *Span Sock to Wincif Bridge*, and from *Span Hill to Newark*, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 220.
- Cop. From *Southsea Barr to Newport* (Salisbury), 42 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 22.
- From *Swalesby to Muck Bridge*, *Thurgate Gate*, and *Ditch*, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 220.
- From *Wincif Bridge to the Red Bull in Church Lane*, 42 G. 3. c. 22.

CRABTREE.

GLANCOATER (continued). Railways, from the Downs at Glancoater Quay to the Keppel Toll Gate, No. 49 G. 3. c. 278.

From the Hill above Chesham Square in the Forest of Dean to Colmford Bridge, 49 G. 3. c. 278.

From the River Nye at Lillford to Lower Ferry in the Parish of Lydney, &c. in the Forest of Dean, 49 G. 3. c. 278.

HADDINGTON. Amending Roads, streets, &c. 25 G. 3. c. 171; 9 G. 3. c. 74; 22 G. 3. c. 163—44 G. 3. c. 222.

HARRINGTON. From Drayton's Bridge to the New Sea in Middle Angleside (Act), with other Roads, 47 G. 3. c. 118.

From St. Andrew's Brewery and Brewery Passage to the Milling, 47 G. 3. c. 118; 42 G. 3. c. 102; 43 G. 3. c. 222.

From Whiteley, near Porton to Medford Hill, (continuing 28 G. 3. c. 100) 44 G. 3. c. 222.

HARTFORD. From Reble to Woodford Bridge, (Hampshire), 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 100.

From Ribblesworth to Salisbury Common, (Hampshire), 49 G. 3. c. 2.

HASTINGS. From Brown's Lane to Bedford Road, (Devon), 42 G. 3. c. 23.

From Bay to Seaton (Bedford), (continuing 26 G. 3. c. 25; and 10 G. 3. c. 85) 43 G. 3. c. 218.

HAVINGHAM. For settling Progresses of Land towards Exemption of manor, Ac. Roads and Bridge thereon, as shall be approved by Commissioners and: 43 G. 3. c. 20. For making Roads, Ac. in the Parish of Seaton, 44 G. 3. c. 188.

For regulating certain Lanes, and repairing Roads, &c. (continuing 33 G. 3. c. 118; 44 G. 3. c. 188; 41 G. 3. c. 85) 43 G. 3. c. 20.

HEATON. From Duns to Sandwick and from Ardross Duns Road to Highfield, 47 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 27.

From Duns to Ardross Duns, and from Compton and Ardross Fort to Hyle, 47 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 27.

From Dunsford to Northton, and other Roads, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 12.

From the City Gate at Canterbury to Raingate Toll at Faversham Gate, Margate, independent, 47 G. 3. c. 7.

From Swan Street in Maidstone to Table's Lane in Cranbrook, 43 G. 3. c. 10.

From Maidstone Turnpike Gate to the King's Head in Swan Palace, 43 G. 3. c. 224.

From St. George's Gate (Canterbury), to Canterbury Bazaar, 43 G. 3. c. 224.

From Faversham to Hyle, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 27.

From St. Dunston's Cross to North Lane near Canterbury, and to the Sea 54 & 56 Highfield, 44 G. 3. c. 1.

From Sandwick to Margate and Raingate, (continuing 46 G. 3. c. 35; 47 G. 3. A. 1. c. 222)

From King's Cross to Highley Green, &c. (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 65; 26 G. 3. c. 154) 47 G. 3. c. 222.

From Tisbury to Maidstone, &c. (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 71; 6 G. 3. c. 94; 26 G. 3. c. 154) 47 G. 3. c. 222.

From Cranbrook to Appleton Heath, (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 65; 9 G. 3. c. 155; 25 G. 3. c. 111) 47 G. 3. c. 222.

From War's Cross to Comden, &c. (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 71; 9 G. 3. c. 94; 26 G. 3. c. 154) 47 G. 3. A. 2. c. 226.

HEATON (continued). From Siddons to Fennythorpe, (continuing 6 G. 3. c. 95; 25 G. 3. c. 105) 46 G. 3. c. 222.

From Maidstone to Key Street, (continuing 9 G. 3. c. 73; 25 G. 3. c. 91; 28 G. 3. c. 10)

From Tisbury Wells to Swaffield, &c. (continuing 7 G. 3. c. 141; 12 G. 3. c. 93; 28 G. 3. c. 100)

From King's Cross to Lambrook Forest and Pullen's Hill, and to Fennythorpe in England, from 28 G. 3. c. 65; 25 G. 3. c. 105; 47 G. 3. c. 222.

Four Turnpikes in several Parishes, (continuing 3 G. 3. c. 73; 25 G. 3. c. 141; 49 G. 3. c. 218)

From Fennythorpe to Swaffield, &c. 25 G. 3. c. 105.

From Fennythorpe to Canterbury, 49 G. 3. c. 218.

From Tisbury Wells to the Cross Bridge near Maidstone, and from Fennythorpe Lane to Fennythorpe, (continuing 6 G. 3. c. 56; 28 G. 3. c. 100; 49 G. 3. c. 218)

Several Roads leading to the Town of Dunford, (continuing 6 G. 3. c. 56; 28 G. 3. c. 100; 49 G. 3. c. 218)

HEATON 221. From Writton Heath to Gwenton, (continuing 7 G. 3. c. 68; 27 G. 3. c. 70) 48 G. 3. c. 222.

From Seaton Falls, A. & B. near Seaton, 1, to Dunford, 48 G. 3. c. 222; 29 G. 3. c. 222.

HEATON and **SEATON.** From Tisbury Wells to King's Cross, (continuing 6 G. 3. c. 56; 28 G. 3. c. 100) 48 G. 3. c. 222.

Military Road (see Chap.), 42 G. 3. c. 70.

KILBARR. KILBARR, and CARBON, From the Town of Ailly to the Town of Colchester, &c. (continuing 45 G. 3. c. 20; 26 G. 3. c. 101; 25 G. 3. c. 111) 48 G. 3. c. 10.

KILBARR. From Kilduff to Corlow, 46 G. 3. c. 20.

From Corlow to Kilduff, (repealing 3 G. 3. c. 18; 9 G. 3. c. 243; and 3 G. 3. c. 251) 45 G. 3. c. 10.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. To the Town of Ailly, (continuing 17 G. 3. c. 41; 7 G. 3. c. 70; 28 G. 3. c. 95) 48 G. 3. c. 10.

KINGSTON. Regulating certain Lanes, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 10.

To ALLEN, County of Gloucestershire, (continuing 37 G. 3. c. 151) 48 G. 3. c. 10.

LANARK. For repairing Roads in the County, (continuing 32 G. 3. c. 84) 47 G. 3. A. 2. c. 218.

LANCASTER. From the Lord Lane to Brindley Lane End, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 222.

From Liverpool to Preston, Ayles and Warrington, 48 G. 3. c. 222.

From Wigan to Preston, (continuing 19 G. 3. c. 92; 35 G. 3. c. 145) 48 G. 3. c. 21.

From Barton Bridge to Wiggly and Hyle Gate in Fawcett, 44 G. 3. c. 222.

From Carlisle through Meltham to Great Harwood and Almsbury, (repealing 25 G. 3. c. 27. as to Road under the Act) 44 G. 3. c. 10.

From Redwood (Township of Clitheroe), to Fennythorpe (Township of Northampton), 45 G. 3. c. 222.

From Northgate (Township North Chorley), to Salter to the Moor, 45 G. 3. c. 14.

From Crofted Bridge to Strickland (Cheshire), (continuing 26 G. 3. c. 243) 45 G. 3. c. 10.

From Great Woodgrove Street (Manchester), across the River Irwell through Bedford to Little, 46 G. 3. c. 10.

LANCASTER (continued). From *Moskely* through *Oldham* in *Aspley* to the *Parish of Southworth* (York), and from *Oldham* to *Alfreton*, *Lye*, and *Repton*, (repealing 25 G. 3. c. 227, 45 G. 3. c. 122.)
 The Roads in *Moskely* District, of the County
Lawton, 41 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Tally Lane* to *Alre* *St. R.* (continuing 25 G. 3. c. 49) and 21 G. 3. c. 55; 43 G. 3. c. 1.
 From *Cocking End* to *Blackley End*, (continuing 28 G. 3. c. 39, and 23 G. 3. c. 50); 43 G. 3. c. 16.
 From *Pygton* to *Lancaster* and *Bray* *St. R.* (continuing 24 G. 3. c. 101 and 22 G. 3. c. 85); 45 G. 3. c. 10.
 Between *Barnby* and *Calve* to *Low* *Pygton* (York), 41 G. 3. c. 122.
 From *Reckless* to *Bury* (continuing 37 G. 3. c. 125); 47 G. 3. c. 2. r. h.
 From the *Township of Oldham* to *Salford* *St. R.* (continuing 25 G. 3. c. 35; 26 G. 3. c. 144); 45 G. 3. c. 222.
 From *Northton* to *Barfings* *St. R.* (continuing 23 G. 3. c. 154; 29 G. 3. c. 105).
 From *Edenfield Chapel* to the *Township of Lark* *Balton*, &c. (continuing 27 G. 3. c. 174); 29 G. 3. c. 2. r. 1.
 LANCASHIRE. From the *Top Crags* in *Alston* *Moskely* to *Grainthorpe* (Lincoln), 41 G. 3. (C. K.) c. 122.
 From *Ashy* *Ash-Zand* to the *Coal* *Iron* in *Tisbury*, 45 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Township* to *Ashy* *Ash-Zand* (continuing 23 G. 3. c. 42, and 21 G. 3. c. 10); 41 G. 3. c. 28-30.
 From *Market* *Harborough* to *Carnegie*, (continuing 26 G. 3. c. 101; 29 G. 3. c. 81); 45 G. 3. c. 122.
 From *Whitby* to *Ashted* *Town* *End*, and from the *Quail* *Field* at *Whitby* *Town's* *End* to the *St. Mary* *Steeple* in *Whitby* *St. Mary* *Steeple*, (continuing 4 G. 3. c. 54; 24 G. 3. c. 85); 45 G. 3. c. 222.
 From *Alme* *Manby* to *Quail* *Field* in *St. Margaret's* *Field*, (repealing 4 G. 3. c. 84; and 2 G. 3. c. 103, as amended); 45 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Whitby* to *Narborough* (Warwick), from thence to *Whitby* *St. Mary* *Steeple*, (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 42; 29 G. 3. c. 85); 45 G. 3. c. 122.
 From *Low* *Pygton* to *Low* *Pygton*, (repealing 1 G. 3. c. 84; 23 G. 3. c. 11); 45 G. 3. c. 105.
 From *Low* *Pygton* through to *Derby* *St. R.* (continuing 27 G. 3. c. 105, and 29 G. 3. c. 105).
 LEICESTER. From *Whitby* to *Whitby* *St. Mary* *Steeple*, (continuing 23 G. 3. c. 49; 24 G. 3. c. 110), 45 G. 3. c. 2.
 LEICESTERSHIRE. Road between *Kilnwick* and *Chapel* *St. R.* in *God* *and* *Coran*. One, (repealing 2 G. 3. c. 102, and 25 G. 3. c. 28; 26 G. 3. c. 122); 45 G. 3. c. 10.
 LINCOLN. From *Duranton* to *Hillington*, to *Robt* *Dun*, *Wigton*, and *Lancaster* *St. R.*, 41 G. 3. c. 122 also.
 From *Reckless* to *Holl* *Pygton* *St. R.*, 43 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Lancaster* to *Leeds* *St. R.* to *Reilly* *St. R.* in *North* *St. R.*, 26 G. 3. c. 122; 29 G. 3. c. 105; and from *Reilly* *St. R.* to *Reilly* *St. R.* and from *Reilly* *St. R.* to *Reilly* *St. R.* and from *Reilly* *St. R.* to *Reilly* *St. R.*, (continuing 32 G. 3. c. 2; 33 G. 3. c. 122; 24 G. 3. c. 122).
 From *Spalding* to *Grainthorpe* *St. R.*, 41 G. 3. c. 1.

LINCOLN (continued). From *Grainthorpe* to *Northampton* *St. R.*, (continuing 21 G. 3. c. 53; 2 G. 3. c. 79; 45 G. 3. c. 222).
 From *Spalding* *High* *Bridge* to the *Market* *Place* in *Donington*, and from the 10 *St. Mary* *Steeple* in the *Parish of Grimsby* to the 8 *St. Mary* *Steeple* in the *Parish of Wigsley*, (continuing 4 G. 3. c. 80; 24 G. 3. c. 14; 45 G. 3. c. 122).
 From *Spalding* to *Donington*, and from thence to *Cambridge*, (continuing 5 G. 3. c. 95, 14 G. 3. c. 6; 3; 45 G. 3. c. 222).
 From *Spalding* *High* *Bridge* to *Thill* *Gate*, and from *John* *St. Mary's* in *Donington*, (continuing 4 G. 3. c. 80; 25 G. 3. c. 122); 45 G. 3. c. 10.
 From *N. W.* of the *County* through *North* *St. R.*, *Wigton* *St. R.*, and *Reckless* *St. R.*, 45 G. 3. c. 122.
 From *John* *St. Mary* *Steeple* to *John* *St. Mary* *Steeple*, (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 72; 25 G. 3. c. 150); 45 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Great* *Grimsby* *Harbour* to *Wald* *St. R.* *Church*, (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 71, 25 G. 3. c. 122); 45 G. 3. c. 2 also.
 From *North* *St. Mary* *Steeple* to *North* *St. Mary* *Steeple*, (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 74; 25 G. 3. c. 140); 45 G. 3. c. 20.
 From *Pygton* *Bridge* to *Reilly* *St. R.* (continuing 2 G. 3. c. 81; 27 G. 3. c. 122); 45 G. 3. c. 122; 26 G. 3. c. 122, 27 G. 3. c. 122, 28 G. 3. c. 122, 29 G. 3. c. 122, 30 G. 3. c. 122, 31 G. 3. c. 122, 32 G. 3. c. 122, 33 G. 3. c. 122, 34 G. 3. c. 122, 35 G. 3. c. 122, 36 G. 3. c. 122, 37 G. 3. c. 122, 38 G. 3. c. 122, 39 G. 3. c. 122, 40 G. 3. c. 122, 41 G. 3. c. 122, 42 G. 3. c. 122, 43 G. 3. c. 122, 44 G. 3. c. 122, 45 G. 3. c. 122, 46 G. 3. c. 122, 47 G. 3. c. 122, 48 G. 3. c. 122, 49 G. 3. c. 122, 50 G. 3. c. 122, 51 G. 3. c. 122, 52 G. 3. c. 122, 53 G. 3. c. 122, 54 G. 3. c. 122, 55 G. 3. c. 122, 56 G. 3. c. 122, 57 G. 3. c. 122, 58 G. 3. c. 122, 59 G. 3. c. 122, 60 G. 3. c. 122, 61 G. 3. c. 122, 62 G. 3. c. 122, 63 G. 3. c. 122, 64 G. 3. c. 122, 65 G. 3. c. 122, 66 G. 3. c. 122, 67 G. 3. c. 122, 68 G. 3. c. 122, 69 G. 3. c. 122, 70 G. 3. c. 122, 71 G. 3. c. 122, 72 G. 3. c. 122, 73 G. 3. c. 122, 74 G. 3. c. 122, 75 G. 3. c. 122, 76 G. 3. c. 122, 77 G. 3. c. 122, 78 G. 3. c. 122, 79 G. 3. c. 122, 80 G. 3. c. 122, 81 G. 3. c. 122, 82 G. 3. c. 122, 83 G. 3. c. 122, 84 G. 3. c. 122, 85 G. 3. c. 122, 86 G. 3. c. 122, 87 G. 3. c. 122, 88 G. 3. c. 122, 89 G. 3. c. 122, 90 G. 3. c. 122, 91 G. 3. c. 122, 92 G. 3. c. 122, 93 G. 3. c. 122, 94 G. 3. c. 122, 95 G. 3. c. 122, 96 G. 3. c. 122, 97 G. 3. c. 122, 98 G. 3. c. 122, 99 G. 3. c. 122, 100 G. 3. c. 122, 101 G. 3. c. 122, 102 G. 3. c. 122, 103 G. 3. c. 122, 104 G. 3. c. 122, 105 G. 3. c. 122, 106 G. 3. c. 122, 107 G. 3. c. 122, 108 G. 3. c. 122, 109 G. 3. c. 122, 110 G. 3. c. 122, 111 G. 3. c. 122, 112 G. 3. c. 122, 113 G. 3. c. 122, 114 G. 3. c. 122, 115 G. 3. c. 122, 116 G. 3. c. 122, 117 G. 3. c. 122, 118 G. 3. c. 122, 119 G. 3. c. 122, 120 G. 3. c. 122, 121 G. 3. c. 122, 122 G. 3. c. 122, 123 G. 3. c. 122, 124 G. 3. c. 122, 125 G. 3. c. 122, 126 G. 3. c. 122, 127 G. 3. c. 122, 128 G. 3. c. 122, 129 G. 3. c. 122, 130 G. 3. c. 122, 131 G. 3. c. 122, 132 G. 3. c. 122, 133 G. 3. c. 122, 134 G. 3. c. 122, 135 G. 3. c. 122, 136 G. 3. c. 122, 137 G. 3. c. 122, 138 G. 3. c. 122, 139 G. 3. c. 122, 140 G. 3. c. 122, 141 G. 3. c. 122, 142 G. 3. c. 122, 143 G. 3. c. 122, 144 G. 3. c. 122, 145 G. 3. c. 122, 146 G. 3. c. 122, 147 G. 3. c. 122, 148 G. 3. c. 122, 149 G. 3. c. 122, 150 G. 3. c. 122, 151 G. 3. c. 122, 152 G. 3. c. 122, 153 G. 3. c. 122, 154 G. 3. c. 122, 155 G. 3. c. 122, 156 G. 3. c. 122, 157 G. 3. c. 122, 158 G. 3. c. 122, 159 G. 3. c. 122, 160 G. 3. c. 122, 161 G. 3. c. 122, 162 G. 3. c. 122, 163 G. 3. c. 122, 164 G. 3. c. 122, 165 G. 3. c. 122, 166 G. 3. c. 122, 167 G. 3. c. 122, 168 G. 3. c. 122, 169 G. 3. c. 122, 170 G. 3. c. 122, 171 G. 3. c. 122, 172 G. 3. c. 122, 173 G. 3. c. 122, 174 G. 3. c. 122, 175 G. 3. c. 122, 176 G. 3. c. 122, 177 G. 3. c. 122, 178 G. 3. c. 122, 179 G. 3. c. 122, 180 G. 3. c. 122, 181 G. 3. c. 122, 182 G. 3. c. 122, 183 G. 3. c. 122, 184 G. 3. c. 122, 185 G. 3. c. 122, 186 G. 3. c. 122, 187 G. 3. c. 122, 188 G. 3. c. 122, 189 G. 3. c. 122, 190 G. 3. c. 122, 191 G. 3. c. 122, 192 G. 3. c. 122, 193 G. 3. c. 122, 194 G. 3. c. 122, 195 G. 3. c. 122, 196 G. 3. c. 122, 197 G. 3. c. 122, 198 G. 3. c. 122, 199 G. 3. c. 122, 200 G. 3. c. 122, 201 G. 3. c. 122, 202 G. 3. c. 122, 203 G. 3. c. 122, 204 G. 3. c. 122, 205 G. 3. c. 122, 206 G. 3. c. 122, 207 G. 3. c. 122, 208 G. 3. c. 122, 209 G. 3. c. 122, 210 G. 3. c. 122, 211 G. 3. c. 122, 212 G. 3. c. 122, 213 G. 3. c. 122, 214 G. 3. c. 122, 215 G. 3. c. 122, 216 G. 3. c. 122, 217 G. 3. c. 122, 218 G. 3. c. 122, 219 G. 3. c. 122, 220 G. 3. c. 122, 221 G. 3. c. 122, 222 G. 3. c. 122, 223 G. 3. c. 122, 224 G. 3. c. 122, 225 G. 3. c. 122, 226 G. 3. c. 122, 227 G. 3. c. 122, 228 G. 3. c. 122, 229 G. 3. c. 122, 230 G. 3. c. 122, 231 G. 3. c. 122, 232 G. 3. c. 122, 233 G. 3. c. 122, 234 G. 3. c. 122, 235 G. 3. c. 122, 236 G. 3. c. 122, 237 G. 3. c. 122, 238 G. 3. c. 122, 239 G. 3. c. 122, 240 G. 3. c. 122, 241 G. 3. c. 122, 242 G. 3. c. 122, 243 G. 3. c. 122, 244 G. 3. c. 122, 245 G. 3. c. 122, 246 G. 3. c. 122, 247 G. 3. c. 122, 248 G. 3. c. 122, 249 G. 3. c. 122, 250 G. 3. c. 122, 251 G. 3. c. 122, 252 G. 3. c. 122, 253 G. 3. c. 122, 254 G. 3. c. 122, 255 G. 3. c. 122, 256 G. 3. c. 122, 257 G. 3. c. 122, 258 G. 3. c. 122, 259 G. 3. c. 122, 260 G. 3. c. 122, 261 G. 3. c. 122, 262 G. 3. c. 122, 263 G. 3. c. 122, 264 G. 3. c. 122, 265 G. 3. c. 122, 266 G. 3. c. 122, 267 G. 3. c. 122, 268 G. 3. c. 122, 269 G. 3. c. 122, 270 G. 3. c. 122, 271 G. 3. c. 122, 272 G. 3. c. 122, 273 G. 3. c. 122, 274 G. 3. c. 122, 275 G. 3. c. 122, 276 G. 3. c. 122, 277 G. 3. c. 122, 278 G. 3. c. 122, 279 G. 3. c. 122, 280 G. 3. c. 122, 281 G. 3. c. 122, 282 G. 3. c. 122, 283 G. 3. c. 122, 284 G. 3. c. 122, 285 G. 3. c. 122, 286 G. 3. c. 122, 287 G. 3. c. 122, 288 G. 3. c. 122, 289 G. 3. c. 122, 290 G. 3. c. 122, 291 G. 3. c. 122, 292 G. 3. c. 122, 293 G. 3. c. 122, 294 G. 3. c. 122, 295 G. 3. c. 122, 296 G. 3. c. 122, 297 G. 3. c. 122, 298 G. 3. c. 122, 299 G. 3. c. 122, 300 G. 3. c. 122, 301 G. 3. c. 122, 302 G. 3. c. 122, 303 G. 3. c. 122, 304 G. 3. c. 122, 305 G. 3. c. 122, 306 G. 3. c. 122, 307 G. 3. c. 122, 308 G. 3. c. 122, 309 G. 3. c. 122, 310 G. 3. c. 122, 311 G. 3. c. 122, 312 G. 3. c. 122, 313 G. 3. c. 122, 314 G. 3. c. 122, 315 G. 3. c. 122, 316 G. 3. c. 122, 317 G. 3. c. 122, 318 G. 3. c. 122, 319 G. 3. c. 122, 320 G. 3. c. 122, 321 G. 3. c. 122, 322 G. 3. c. 122, 323 G. 3. c. 122, 324 G. 3. c. 122, 325 G. 3. c. 122, 326 G. 3. c. 122, 327 G. 3. c. 122, 328 G. 3. c. 122, 329 G. 3. c. 122, 330 G. 3. c. 122, 331 G. 3. c. 122, 332 G. 3. c. 122, 333 G. 3. c. 122, 334 G. 3. c. 122, 335 G. 3. c. 122, 336 G. 3. c. 122, 337 G. 3. c. 122, 338 G. 3. c. 122, 339 G. 3. c. 122, 340 G. 3. c. 122, 341 G. 3. c. 122, 342 G. 3. c. 122, 343 G. 3. c. 122, 344 G. 3. c. 122, 345 G. 3. c. 122, 346 G. 3. c. 122, 347 G. 3. c. 122, 348 G. 3. c. 122, 349 G. 3. c. 122, 350 G. 3. c. 122, 351 G. 3. c. 122, 352 G. 3. c. 122, 353 G. 3. c. 122, 354 G. 3. c. 122, 355 G. 3. c. 122, 356 G. 3. c. 122, 357 G. 3. c. 122, 358 G. 3. c. 122, 359 G. 3. c. 122, 360 G. 3. c. 122, 361 G. 3. c. 122, 362 G. 3. c. 122, 363 G. 3. c. 122, 364 G. 3. c. 122, 365 G. 3. c. 122, 366 G. 3. c. 122, 367 G. 3. c. 122, 368 G. 3. c. 122, 369 G. 3. c. 122, 370 G. 3. c. 122, 371 G. 3. c. 122, 372 G. 3. c. 122, 373 G. 3. c. 122, 374 G. 3. c. 122, 375 G. 3. c. 122, 376 G. 3. c. 122, 377 G. 3. c. 122, 378 G. 3. c. 122, 379 G. 3. c. 122, 380 G. 3. c. 122, 381 G. 3. c. 122, 382 G. 3. c. 122, 383 G. 3. c. 122, 384 G. 3. c. 122, 385 G. 3. c. 122, 386 G. 3. c. 122, 387 G. 3. c. 122, 388 G. 3. c. 122, 389 G. 3. c. 122, 390 G. 3. c. 122, 391 G. 3. c. 122, 392 G. 3. c. 122, 393 G. 3. c. 122, 394 G. 3. c. 122, 395 G. 3. c. 122, 396 G. 3. c. 122, 397 G. 3. c. 122, 398 G. 3. c. 122, 399 G. 3. c. 122, 400 G. 3. c. 122, 401 G. 3. c. 122, 402 G. 3. c. 122, 403 G. 3. c. 122, 404 G. 3. c. 122, 405 G. 3. c. 122, 406 G. 3. c. 122, 407 G. 3. c. 122, 408 G. 3. c. 122, 409 G. 3. c. 122, 410 G. 3. c. 122, 411 G. 3. c. 122, 412 G. 3. c. 122, 413 G. 3. c. 122, 414 G. 3. c. 122, 415 G. 3. c. 122, 416 G. 3. c. 122, 417 G. 3. c. 122, 418 G. 3. c. 122, 419 G. 3. c. 122, 420 G. 3. c. 122, 421 G. 3. c. 122, 422 G. 3. c. 122, 423 G. 3. c. 122, 424 G. 3. c. 122, 425 G. 3. c. 122, 426 G. 3. c. 122, 427 G. 3. c. 122, 428 G. 3. c. 122, 429 G. 3. c. 122, 430 G. 3. c. 122, 431 G. 3. c. 122, 432 G. 3. c. 122, 433 G. 3. c. 122, 434 G. 3. c. 122, 435 G. 3. c. 122, 436 G. 3. c. 122, 437 G. 3. c. 122, 438 G. 3. c. 122, 439 G. 3. c. 122, 440 G. 3. c. 122, 441 G. 3. c. 122, 442 G. 3. c. 122, 443 G. 3. c. 122, 444 G. 3. c. 122, 445 G. 3. c. 122, 446 G. 3. c. 122, 447 G. 3. c. 122, 448 G. 3. c. 122, 449 G. 3. c. 122, 450 G. 3. c. 122, 451 G. 3. c. 122, 452 G. 3. c. 122, 453 G. 3. c. 122, 454 G. 3. c. 122, 455 G. 3. c. 122, 456 G. 3. c. 122, 457 G. 3. c. 122, 458 G. 3. c. 122, 459 G. 3. c. 122, 460 G. 3. c. 122, 461 G. 3. c. 122, 462 G. 3. c. 122, 463 G. 3. c. 122, 464 G. 3. c. 122, 465 G. 3. c. 122, 466 G. 3. c. 122, 467 G. 3. c. 122, 468 G. 3. c. 122, 469 G. 3. c. 122, 470 G. 3. c. 122, 471 G. 3. c. 122, 472 G. 3. c. 122, 473 G. 3. c. 122, 474 G. 3. c. 122, 475 G. 3. c. 122, 476 G. 3. c. 122, 477 G. 3. c. 122, 478 G. 3. c. 122, 479 G. 3. c. 122, 480 G. 3. c. 122, 481 G. 3. c. 122, 482 G. 3. c. 122, 483 G. 3. c. 122, 484 G. 3. c. 122, 485 G. 3. c. 122, 486 G. 3. c. 122, 487 G. 3. c. 122, 488 G. 3. c. 122, 489 G. 3. c. 122, 490 G. 3. c. 122, 491 G. 3. c. 122, 492 G. 3. c. 122, 493 G. 3. c. 122, 494 G. 3. c. 122, 495 G. 3. c. 122, 496 G. 3. c. 122, 497 G. 3. c. 122, 498 G. 3. c. 122, 499 G. 3. c. 122, 500 G. 3. c. 122, 501 G. 3. c. 122, 502 G. 3. c. 122, 503 G. 3. c. 122, 504 G. 3. c. 122, 505 G. 3. c. 122, 506 G. 3. c. 122, 507 G. 3. c. 122, 508 G. 3. c. 122, 509 G. 3. c. 122, 510 G. 3. c. 122, 511 G. 3. c. 122, 512 G. 3. c. 122, 513 G. 3. c. 122, 514 G. 3. c. 122, 515 G. 3. c. 122, 516 G. 3. c. 122, 517 G. 3. c. 122, 518 G. 3. c. 122, 519 G. 3. c. 122, 520 G. 3. c. 122, 521 G. 3. c. 122, 522 G. 3. c. 122, 523 G. 3. c. 122, 524 G. 3. c. 122, 525 G. 3. c. 122, 526 G. 3. c. 122, 527 G. 3. c. 122, 528 G. 3. c. 122, 529 G. 3. c. 122, 530 G. 3. c. 122, 531 G. 3. c. 122, 532 G. 3. c. 122, 533 G. 3. c. 122, 534 G. 3. c. 122, 535 G. 3. c. 122, 536 G. 3. c. 122, 537 G. 3. c. 122, 538 G. 3. c. 122, 539 G. 3. c. 122, 540 G. 3. c. 122, 541 G. 3. c. 122, 542 G. 3. c. 122, 543 G. 3. c. 122, 544 G. 3. c. 122, 545 G. 3. c. 122, 546 G. 3. c. 122, 547 G. 3. c. 122, 548 G. 3. c. 122, 549 G. 3. c. 122, 550 G. 3. c. 122, 551 G. 3. c. 122, 552 G. 3. c. 122, 553 G. 3. c. 122, 554 G. 3. c. 122, 555 G. 3. c. 122, 556 G. 3. c. 122, 557 G. 3. c. 122, 558 G. 3. c. 122, 559 G. 3. c. 122, 560 G. 3. c. 122, 561 G. 3. c. 122, 562 G. 3. c. 122, 563 G. 3. c. 122, 564 G. 3. c. 122, 565 G. 3. c. 122, 566 G. 3. c. 122, 567 G. 3. c. 122, 568 G. 3. c. 122, 569 G. 3. c. 122, 570 G. 3. c. 122, 571 G. 3. c. 122, 572 G. 3. c. 122, 573 G. 3. c. 122, 574 G. 3. c. 122, 575 G. 3. c. 122, 576 G. 3. c. 122, 577 G. 3. c. 122, 578 G. 3. c. 122, 579 G. 3. c. 122, 580 G. 3. c. 122, 581 G. 3. c. 122, 582 G. 3. c. 122, 583 G. 3. c. 122, 584 G. 3. c. 122, 585 G. 3. c. 122, 586 G. 3. c. 122, 587 G. 3. c. 122, 588 G. 3. c. 122, 589 G. 3. c. 122, 590 G. 3. c. 122, 591 G. 3. c. 122, 592 G. 3. c. 122, 593 G. 3. c. 122, 594 G. 3. c. 122, 595 G. 3. c. 122,

MIDDLESEX (continued). From *Collyer Cause* adjoining *Esold Chyke*, &c. to *Langford Hill* (Harrow) (opening 3 G. 2. c. 10; 17 G. 2. c. 14; 20 G. 2. c. 75; 26 G. 2. c. 90; 41 G. 2. c. 222).

From *Graysford Bridge* to *Muskerold Bridge* (Buck), and other Roads, (amending 15 G. 1. c. 31; 17 G. 2. c. 201; 27 G. 2. c. 60; 36 G. 2. c. 240) 41 G. 2. c. 171.

From the *Pendle Mills* on *Hawthorn Road* to the *20 Mile Stone* on *Elgham Hill* (Derby) (opening 3 G. 2. c. 61; 21 G. 2. c. 16; 3 G. 2. c. 47; 13 G. 2. c. 124; 45 G. 2. c. 126).

From *Stonningfield* (Buck) to *Wicham Hill* a Mile at the *River Cole* near *Uxbridge*, 46 G. 2. c. 20.

NORFOLK. From *Northwold* to *Leak Bridge*, (amending 3 G. 2. c. 46; 21 G. 2. c. 205; 45 G. 2. c. 222).

From *Wylbeck* to *Walsingham* (amending 5 G. 2. c. 102; 16 G. 2. c. 225; 47 G. 2. c. 1. c. 222).

NORTHAMPTON. From *Pearborough* to *Willingborough* 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 220.

From *Leighton* to *Pearborough*, 42 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 220.

From the *Toll Gate* in *Kilvinge* to *Newport Pagwell* (Buck), 42 G. 2. c. 222.

From *Welford Bridge* to *Milborne Lane* (Leigler) 45 G. 2. c. 222.

NORTHUMBRIA. From *Morpeth* to *Sting Craft* and *Eggleston*, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From *Percy's Craft* to *Milford Burn*, &c. (amending 47 G. 2. c. 22; 45 G. 2. c. 12).

From *Newbrough* to *Yarm* to *Castles*, (amending 26 G. 2. c. 102; 47 G. 2. c. 222).

NOTTINGHAM. From *Manfield* to the *Darby* and *Glossopfield* Roads, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From *Bradford Lane* to *Kilvinge* (Northampton), 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From *Bransford Hill* to *Swally Green*, (Derby) (amending 4 G. 2. c. 83; 24 G. 2. c. 22; 46 G. 2. c. 12).

From *Trent Bridge* to *Carr Bridge* (Leicestershire), (amending 10 G. 2. c. 17; 45 G. 2. c. 12).

From *Manby Bridge* to *Hemwell* (Leicest.) (amending 5 G. 2. c. 83; 26 G. 2. c. 14); 46 G. 2. c. 222.

From *Wid End* of *Gainsborough Bridge* to *Geology* near *Wid* (amending 27 G. 2. c. 71); 48 G. 2. c. 222.

From *Nattingham* and *Manfield Turnpike* to the *Colliery* near *Pennington Green*, (amending 28 G. 2. c. 99; 46 G. 2. c. 12).

From the *Town of Nattingham* to the *Town of Manfield*, (amending 27 G. 2. c. 70; 45 G. 2. c. 22).

NOTTINGHAM. From *Widley* to *Sturton*, (amending 4 G. 2. c. 52; 26 G. 2. c. 125; 45 G. 2. c. 12).

OXFORD. From *Upitt Field* to *Duney's Farm*'s (Gloucester) 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From *Colton Bridge* to *Barford Bridge* (Berks), and from *Alvington* to *Eggleston*, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From near *Dragon Low*, near *Reading*, to *Edgemoor* (Warwick), 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From *Highways* to the *Green* to *Killingworth Green*, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

From the *Highway* to *Reading* to the *Bridge* over the *Stour* in the *Parish of Banbury* (Warwick), 42 G. 2. c. 222.

OXFORD (continued). From *Harly Bridge* to *Derbyshire Bridge*, &c. 42 G. 2. c. 12.

From *Widdow* to *Red Right Lane*, (opening 3 G. 2. c. 21; 24 G. 2. c. 48; 24 G. 2. c. 61; 42 G. 2. c. 122).

From *Widdow* through *Wallingford* and *Widdow* to *Reading* (Berks), and for building a *Bridge* over the *Thames* at *Widdow Ferry* (amending, &c. 4 G. 2. c. 42; 24 G. 2. c. 21; 47 G. 2. c. 222).

OXFORD AND LEICESTERSHIRE. From *Reading* to *Leamington*, (amending 5 G. 2. c. 105; 25 G. 2. c. 128; 47 G. 2. c. 222).

PEBBLES. For repairing and widening certain Roads, and for better regulating the *Statute Labour*, (opening 26 G. 2. c. 92; 23 G. 2. c. 57; 15 G. 2. c. 71; 28 G. 2. c. 123) continued by 47 G. 2. c. 222.

PENNSYLVANIA. From *Melton's Bridge* to *Pendle Ferry*, 46 G. 2. c. 222.

From *Township* to the *Town of Penrith* and *Town*, (opening 11 G. 2. c. 96; 30 G. 2. c. 91; 48 G. 2. c. 222).

From *Milford* to *Stonew*, &c. (opening 31 G. 2. c. 109; 48 G. 2. c. 222).

PEYRE. Roads in the *County*, 47 G. 2. c. 222.

POOLE. From *Town* and *County of Poole* and *Western Highway* in the *County of Dorset* to the *Turnpike Road* between *Sturton* *Furness* and *Derbyshire*, (amending 7 G. 2. c. 82; 17 G. 2. c. 26; 40 G. 2. c. 222).

RADDOCK AND HERTFORD. Continuing 7 G. 2. c. 67; 24 G. 2. c. 69—44 G. 2. c. 222.

RAILWAYS. Proprietors of *Town Navigation* empowered to make and alter their *Railways*, 42 G. 2. c. 222.

(CAMBRIDGE.) From the *Fleet* to *Leighton-Gery*, and for making a *Dock* there, 42 G. 2. c. 222.

(GLoucester.) From *Swanley* to *Oxford*, Proprietors incorporated and empowered to make *Township* and *Wharfedale* Roads, 42 G. 2. c. 12.

(GLoucester.) From the *Severn* at *Widdow Quay* to the *Widdow Toll-Gate*, &c. 49 G. 2. c. 222.

From the *Hill* above *Gloucester* *Engle* in the *Forest of Dean* to *Widdow Bridge*, 49 G. 2. c. 222.

From the *Wye* at *Leamington* to *Leamington Lodge*, &c. 49 G. 2. c. 222.

(STURTON.) For making a *Railway* from *Widdow* to *Widdow* and *Widdow*, and a *reversible* *Communication* from the *Thames* to the *Widdow* *Railway* at *Widdow*, 41 G. 2. (U.K.) c. 222.

The *Surrey* *Iron* *Railway* *Company* empowered to add 15,000*l.* by 100*l.* Shares, 42 G. 2. c. 222, and 15,000*l.* additional by Subscription on Mortgage, 42 G. 2. c. 222.

Company empowered to add 10,000*l.* 45 G. 2. c. 222 for completing Works, 46 G. 2. c. 222.

(Croydon, Brighton, and) For completing *Widdow*, 46 G. 2. c. 222.

RENFREW. From *Greenock* to *Kilby Bridge*, &c. 42 G. 2. c. 222.

From *Renfrew* to *Greenock*, and from *Kilberdie* to *Widdow Bridge*, 46 G. 2. c. 222.

RENFREW, LEAMING, &c. Repairing Roads, &c. (amending and Act) 46 G. 2. c. 501; 27 G. 2. c. 171; 37 G. 2. c. 27; 29 G. 2. c. 92; 31 G. 2. c. 121; 37 G. 2. c. 101; 38 G. 2. c. 68; 44 G. 2. c. 12.

ROSS. For all-Flag Proprietors of Lands therein, and such Parts of County and Manors as lie in Rofe; for making Roads, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 11.

ROSS and CROMARTY. From *Levingthorpe* to *Selthorpe*, 47 G. 3. c. 11.

ROSSBORO. From *Harrold* to *St. Dybs* in *Dunelm*. (repealing 4 G. 3. c. 181; 23 G. 3. c. 110.) 47 G. 3. c. 11.

ROSSBORO and Several Roads, and regulating Statute Law-
RENWICK. } boms, 46 G. 3. c. 110.

SALOP. For opening Roads, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 188
From *Whitford* to *Newport* and *Newport-under-Lynn*, and from *Welford* to *Newport*, (containing 7 G. 3. c. 101; 2 G. 3. c. 102.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

SALOP, DENBIGH, and For repairing Roads, (containing
MERRIETH. } 21 G. 2. c. 67; 9 G. 3. c. 101;
17 G. 3. c. 102.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

SALOP, RADGORE, and From *Wyllye* to *Wyllye*, &c.
MONTGOMERY. } and other Roads, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)
c. 188.

SALOP, WORCESTER, For repairing, &c. *Tonday* and *de la*
and HERTFORD. } the Road from *Knock* to the
AM, and from *Kyle Hill* to the *Strampal*, and
Tonday Roads, 41 G. 3. c. 4.

SALOP and WORCESTER. From *Colbury* to *Marston*, the *Croft*
Hedge, *Glebury*, and *Albury Hill*, (containing
8 G. 3. c. 101; 23 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

SALOP and STAFFORD. From *Stanton* and *Elton Hall* (Stafford)
through *Stanton* to *Widford* near *Newport*
(Staff.), (repealing former Acts, 2 G. 3. c. 101;
25 G. 3. c. 101; as to Roads under this Act,)
44 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Stafford* to *Fuslow* through *Redford* and
Leighfield to *Leighfield* near *Worce* (Salop),
and from *Redford* to *Roscoe* and *Elton Hall*
and *Newport*, (containing 3 G. 3. c. 101; 23 G. 3.
c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

Several Roads leading from *Bur's Head*, *Wadding*
Street, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 101; 25 G. 3. c. 101.)
46 G. 3. c. 110.

The *Wadding* Town Road, &c. (repealing 12 G. 1.
c. 101; 3 G. 2. c. 61; 28 G. 2. c. 171; 4 G. 3. c. 70;
12 G. 3. c. 77.) 48 G. 3. c. 110.

SARUM. Repairing Roads and regulating Statute Law.
41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 188.

Roads in the County, (repealing 8 G. 3. c. 101;
11 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

SHERBURN. Several Roads leading in the Town of *Bridge*
near 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 188.

From *Clarendon* to *Wymondley*, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Wymondley* to *Sherburn*, &c. 41 G. 3. c. 110.
containing 1 G. 3. c. 101; and 21 G. 3. c. 110.

Several Roads leading in the Town of *Cromford*,
44 G. 3. c. 110.

Several Roads leading from and through the Town
of *Widford*, (containing 26 G. 3. c. 110.)
46 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Wymondley* to *Wymondley*, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 110.
c. 110.

From *Marble* &c. (containing 6 G. 3. c. 93;
16 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

SOUTHAMPTON. From *Bulby* to join the High Road as
Alford, with a Branch, &c. 41 G. 3. (U.K.)
c. 188.

From *Osborne* Gate, through *Woolley*, to *Langton*
Bridge and *Widmore* (Stafford), from
Langton Gate to *Woolley*, and from *Langton*
to *Woolley*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 188.

SOUTHAMPTON (continued). From *Shuttlebridge* to *Stephens*
Croft Down and *Bar Gate*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.)
c. 188. Altered and amended by 41 G. 3.
c. 110.

From *Mallett* Pond to the 18 Mile Stone from *Langton*
Bridge, (containing 1 G. 3. c. 101; 5 G. 3. c. 101.)
44 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Woolley* over *Widmore* to *Langton*,
(containing 1 G. 3. c. 101; 23 G. 3. c. 101.)
44 G. 3. c. 110.

Several Roads leading from *Langton*, and widening
Road to *Widmore* (New Forest) 46 G. 3.
c. 110.

From *Clyff* to *Chalghat* (City), (repealing 2 G. 3.
c. 84; 24 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Swanton* to *Shrove* Hill, (containing 5 G. 3.
c. 101; 26 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

From End of *Swanton* Lane (Stafford) to
Turnpike Road *Alford* (Stafford), 46 G. 3. c. 110.

SOUTHAMPTON and BERKE. From *Woolley* to *Newbury*, (con-
taining 6 G. 3. c. 101; 27 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3.
c. 110.

STAFFORD. From *Osborne* to *Newport-under-Lynn*; from
Croft Road to *Langton* (Stafford), and from *Langton* Lane
to *How* Hill, 41 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Stanton* to *Widford*, and from *Green* Gate,
through *Dunelm*, &c. to *Stanton*, 43 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Stanton* to *Widford*, &c. (containing
2 G. 3. c. 101; and 23 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3.
c. 110.

From End of *Cowley* of *Stafford* to *Clyff*, (con-
taining 9 G. 3. c. 101; and 25 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3.
c. 110.

From *Stafford* to *Widford*, and other Roads in *Salop*
and *Stafford*, (repealing 1 G. 3. c. 101; 21 G. 3.
c. 101.) 44 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Woolley* to *Widford* &c. (containing
6 G. 3. c. 101; 27 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.
c. 110.

From *Widford* to *Widford* to *Woolley* to *Langton* Lane,
(containing 6 G. 3. c. 101; 23 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3.
c. 110.

From *High* Bridge to *Uffington*, (containing 6 G. 3.
c. 101; 27 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Church* Lane, *Newport-under-Lynn*, to the
Road from *Widford* to *Clyff*, (containing 6 G. 3.
c. 101; 26 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Widford* to *Widford* &c. and other Roads,
(repealing 25 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Widford* to *Widford* to *Widford*, &c.
25 G. 3. c. 110.

From *Widford* to *Widford* Turnpike Road, and from
Widford to *Widford*, 49 G. 3. c. 110.

STAFFORD and CHESTER. From the End of the County of
Stafford through *Widford* (Stafford) to *Newport* (Stafford),
and from *Newport* to *Widford* and *Tarrow*,
(containing 5 G. 3. c. 101; 28 G. 3. c. 101.)
47 G. 3. c. 110.

From the End of the County of *Stafford* to the City
of *Clyff*, and from *Newport* to *Tarrow* (Stafford),
(containing 8 G. 3. c. 101; 24 G. 3. c. 101.) 47 G. 3.
c. 110.

STAFFORD. From *Widford* Road through County of *Stafford*
to *Widford* (Stafford), &c. and containing
Statute Law, 41 G. 3. c. 110.

SUFFOLK. From *Langton* Bridge to the North Gate in
St. Edmund, and from the South Gate to
the North Gate, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 188.

WALTON (continued). From *Clipperton Bridge (Wick)* to *Farr Hill (Gloucester)*, and in the County of *Somerset*.
From *Swains to Marlborough*, and from thence to *Fromby*, (containing 2 G. 3. c. 40, 24 G. 2. c. 30) 45 G. 3. c. xxxvii.
From *Swains Common*, through *Hob* and *Melton* to *Howard's Hill*, in the Parish of *Leavel*, (containing 2 G. 3. c. 91; 17 G. 3. c. 70) 46 G. 3. c. xliii.
From *Stubbington to Weston*, *Wells*, &c. 49 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
From *Worms Riffe* to the 2 Mile Stone from *Swalesde* to *Marlborough*, 49 G. 3. c. xv.
WORCESTER. From *Worcester to Spetchley*, *Worcester*, 43 G. 3. c. lvi.
From *Upper Bridge to Tisbury (Gloucester)*, and from the *North Cray* to the *Keat Grove*, (containing 21 G. 3. c. 80; 19 G. 3. c. 89) 44 G. 3. c. lxi.
From *Northfield to Wotton Turnpike Road* from *Stourbridge* to *Stourton*, (containing 7 G. 3. c. 68, 28 G. 3. c. 115) 49 G. 3. c. xli.
From *Tockington to Turnpike Road* between *Leigham* and *Peckham*, &c. (containing 29 G. 3. c. 109) 49 G. 3. c. l.
YOAK (County). From *Burgate Bridge* to *Darham City*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. vi.
From *Burgate Common* to *White Cray*, with other Roads, 44 G. 3. c. xxi.
From *Osby to Skyes* and *Cole* in *Leamington*, 41 G. 3. c. xxxv.
From *Thryth to Yarn*, 43 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Burgate Bridge* to *Catholick*, and *Peck Bridge*, 41 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Cadbury* to *Standup* and *Weyton (Darham)*, 41 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Lind Gate* to *Partridge Crick*, 41 G. 3. c. lxx.
From *Leah* to *Blaxfield*, 41 G. 3. c. xxvii.
From *Beacons* to *Blaxfield*, and from *Blaxfield* to *Wortley*, *Rushmore*, and *Monslow*, and from *Beacons* to *Tockley*, (containing 31 G. 3. c. 151; 22 G. 3. c. 115; 44 G. 3. c. xxxvii.)
From *Wortley* to *Amersforth*, (containing 3 G. 3. c. 103) 44 G. 3. c. xliii.
From *Old Nelson Gate* to *Pole* &c. (containing, &c. 5 G. 3. c. 208; 26 G. 3. c. 141) 44 G. 3. c. lxxv.
From *Tock* to *Spetchley Road*, (containing 5 G. 3. c. 51; 29 G. 3. c. 104) 44 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
From *Swines* to the East Side of *Tockley Park*, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 87; 24 G. 3. c. 124) 45 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
From *Beacons* to *Kendy Stiles*, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 76; 25 G. 3. c. 110) 45 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
From *Widley* to *Althorpe*, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 80; 25 G. 3. c. 81) 47 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
From *Beacons* to *Northwood*, &c. (containing 5 G. 3. c. 78; 26 G. 3. c. 120) 47 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
From *City of York* to *Kendy Stiles*, &c. (containing 4 G. 3. c. 99; and 26 G. 3. c. 124) 47 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
From *Tockley Bridge* to *Hoburn Lane End*, (containing 26 G. 3. c. 105; 21 G. 3. c. 82; 28 G. 3. c. 150) 48 G. 3. c. xxxvii.
From *Beacons* to *Kendy Stiles*, &c. (containing 6 G. 3. c. 88; 28 G. 3. c. 85) 48 G. 3. c. xxxvii.
From *Northwood* to *Beacons Stone*, (containing 26 G. 3. c. 125; 28 G. 3. c. 92) 48 G. 3. c. xliii.
48 G. 3. c. vi.

YOAK (County) (continued). From *Pighill* to *Billy* to *Werkley (Wortley)*, (containing 5 G. 3. c. 67) 27 G. 3. c. 84; 49 G. 3. c. lxxviii.
— (U.K.) From *Wortley* of the Parish of *Leah* to *Hoburn* to *Beacons*, (containing 1 G. 3. c. 42) 22 G. 3. c. 90; 45 G. 3. c. xxx.
— (U.K.) From *Thryth* to *Beacons Gate*, and from *Stipon Bridge* to *Althorpe*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. xli.
— (U.K.) From *Tockley* to *Osby*, 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. li.
From *Leah* to *Osby*, 42 G. 3. c. xv.
Making a Road to branch out of *Blaxfield* and *Peckham* Road, to join that of *Donington* and *Sabour Brook*, 43 G. 3. c. xvi.
From South End of *Rushmore* to Road near *Wortley (Osby)*, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 65; and 21 G. 3. c. 105) 45 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Wortley* to *Donington*, (containing 4 G. 3. c. 64; 27 G. 3. c. 104) 45 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Wortley* to *Griggings*, (containing 5 G. 3. c. 71; 24 G. 3. c. 98; 20 G. 3. c. 80) 46 G. 3. c. viii.
From *Holdingfield* to *New Hy*, *Leamington*, 46 G. 3. c. xxx.
From *Beacons* to *Chiltham*, 46 G. 3. c. xlvii.
From 1 Road between *Packey Bridge* and *Griggings*, 46 G. 3. c. xxx.
From *Silly* to *Leah* and other Roads relating to Roads leading from *Leah* to *Wortley* and *Beacons Lane*, and *Leah* to *Leah Lane*, (containing 14 G. 3. c. 121; 25 G. 3. c. 151; 20 G. 3. c. 82; 22 G. 3. c. 94; 24 G. 3. c. 114) 46 G. 3. c. xliii.
From *Rushmore* to *Beacons*, 49 G. 3. c. vi.
From *Leah* to *Ramsley*, 49 G. 3. c. xv.
From *Rushmore* to *Wortley*, (containing 28 G. 3. c. 110) 48 G. 3. c. xxx.
From *Blaxfield* to *Wortley*, (containing 24 G. 3. c. 101; 26 G. 3. c. 123 G. 3. c. 129) 49 G. 3. c. xlv.

U & V.

Vagrants.

1. *Widows*, *Sabour*, and *Masons*, carrying their *Children* when *Three Days*, to the *search* *Chief Magistrate*, shall receive a *Cart* *Seven* of their *Wentures*, as *providers* which, being in their *Reste*, they shall use, for all *40* *Rebels*, 14 *6* *road* *Vagrants*, 45 G. 3. c. 61 § 4.

2. *Widows' Wives*, not permitted to *cohabit* with their *Husbands*, shall receive a *Liberty*, which shall be in the *Manner* *except* them. § 1.

And *for* *Widows*.

Universities, See Advertisers.

Unlawful Games.

1. *Whitings* declared *publick* *Nuisances*, 42 G. 3. c. 115 § 4.
2. *Persons* keeping any *Place* for any *unlawful* *Game* of *Lottery*, shall forfeit *yearly*, and be *deemed* *Rogues* and *Vagrants*, § 2.
3. *Offenders* not prosecuted against for *Franchise*, may be *prosecuted*, as *Rogues*, § 3.
4. *Modes* of *proceeding* to *apprehend* *such* *Offenders*, § 4. C.

3. Power on Persons agreeing to pay Money, &c. as may Execut relative to any such Game, or publishing Proposals, 1005. 42 G. 3. c. 219. § 5.
6. Powerless of 27 G. 3. c. 1. extended to this Act, § 7.

Volunteers.

1. His Majesty empowered to accept the Services of Volunteers or Yeomanry Corps in Great Britain, 42 G. 3. c. 66—Repealed, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 2.—Also Ireland, 42 G. 3. c. 66—(See Ireland.)
2. For authorizing the billeting of Volunteer Cavalry, and for subjecting to Military Discipline (during the War) Sergeants, &c. receiving constant Pay; and for regulating Corps of Volunteers, 42 G. 3. c. 121.—Repealed, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 1.
3. To explain and amend said Acts, 42 G. 3. c. 66. 1. and 43 G. 3. c. 121. 44 G. 3. c. 18.—Repealed, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 1.
4. To consolidate and amend the Acts relating to Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, 44 G. 3. c. 14.
5. His Majesty empowered to commission Sergeants of Corps already accepted, and to accept others formed after this Act, and to discharge them, &c. § 1.
6. Effective Members of such Corps exempt from all other Military Service, § 4.
7. Attendance required to be deemed effective.—Cavalry Four Days—Infantry Eight Days in each Four Months, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 5.
8. Where Arms have not been supplied—Members deemed effective if attending without, § 6.
9. Officers may grant Leave of Absence to Members, § 7.
10. Members attending the Number of Days, though not in equal Proportions, entitled to Ensigns, &c. § 8.
11. Returns shall be made by Commanding Officers every Four Months to Clerks of General Meetings, § 9.
12. Certificates to Effective Men shall entitle them to Exemption, § 10.
13. Exemption from Duty on Hair and Hair Powder, § 11 from Toll, &c. § 12.
14. Commanding Officer shall certify that Corps has been inspected, &c. § 12.
15. Extracts of Muster Rolls shall be transmitted to Subdivision Clerks, and Abstracts to Secretary of State, § 13. 13.
16. Regulations as to billeting Volunteers, § 14—18.—As to Persons quitting one Corps and enrolling themselves in another, § 19.
17. Volunteers shall take the Oath of Allegiance, § 20.
18. Adjutants, &c. receiving constant Pay, shall be subject to Military Laws, § 21.
19. Regulations as to assembling in Case of Invasion, &c. Marching, and being subject to Military Laws, &c. § 22—25.
20. Rank of Volunteer Officers, § 26.—Shall not rank above Field Officers of Regulars and Militia, 45 G. 3. c. 125.
21. Volunteers not on actual Duty may be detached to the Discharge of Orders, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 27. 27, 29.
22. Discharge of Volunteers, § 30—33.
23. Pay and Expenses to Volunteers in Case of Invasion, &c. § 34—41.
24. Commanding Officers may appoint Places for depositing Arms, &c. § 42—43.
25. Billeting, &c. of Cavalry, when meeting for Exercise, § 44—49.
26. Money, Arms, &c. vested in Commanding Officers, § 50.
27. Laying and applying Fines to Stock of Corps, § 51.
28. Provisions on relating to drivers of Arms, § 52.
29. Allowances to Clerks of Subdivision Meetings, § 54. 55

30. Rules and Regulations of Corps shall be fabricated by Secretary of State for His Majesty's Approbation, 44 G. 3. c. 54. § 2. 5. 7.
31. Acceptance of Commissioners shall not vacate Seats in Parliament, § 55

W.

Warehousing Foreign Goods.

1. For permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be secured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty, 41 G. 3. c. 127.
2. For the better Goods which may be respectively warehoused in Warehouses of British India Dock Company, London Dock Company, &c. See Schedules A. B. C. D. and E. and § 1—7, of the Act.
3. Treasury may extend Act to other Goods, § 9.
4. Act may be extended to other Ports by Order in Council to be published in London Gazette, § 10. And see 45 G. 3. c. 87. § 1. 1. and 46 G. 3. c. 127. § 1.
5. None but authorized Goods shall be warehoused, 41 G. 3. c. 127. § 11.
6. Goods shall be regularly entered, &c. before loaded, and Packages marked, 42 G. 3. c. 127. § 12.
7. Regulations as to Exportation and Delivery of Goods to be warehoused, § 13. 13—14. 13—16.
8. Allowance for Wages, § 14.
9. Warehoused Goods embroiled, forfeited, § 15.
10. Warehoused Goods destroyed by Fire, § 16. (And see 47 G. 3. c. 97. § 1.) By whom Warehouse Rent shall be paid, 43 G. 3. c. 127. § 17.
11. Additional War Duties under 43 G. 3. c. 70. shall be paid on Exportation of all such Goods, except Sugar, § 22. And except Ration, Currants, and Figs, 46 G. 3. c. 127.
12. Goods lawfully warehoused shall with the Ships be forfeited, 41 G. 3. c. 127. § 23.
13. Warehoused Goods, if not taken out within 12 Months, may be sold to pay Duties, or be destroyed, § 29.
14. Compensation to Officers of Customs, § 30.
15. Regulations as to acceptable Commodities to be warehoused, § 31—35. 35, &c.
16. How warehoused Goods shall be stored, § 37.
17. The repealing of such of certain Acts as relates to the Regulations for warehousing Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Sugar, and Rice, &c. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 25.—Repealed as to Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 25.
18. Sent, 10 G. 3. c. 2. and all Acts prior to 43 G. 3. c. 127. relating to warehousing Sugar and Rice, repealed.—And Goods imported under 41 G. 3. c. 127. 44 G. 3. c. 127. 45 G. 3. c. 127. shall be warehoused under 43 G. 3. c. 127. (See Title Importation.) 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 25. § 1.
19. Goods brought in as Free, or freed as Duties of Admeasurement, is exempt from the Consumption Duty, though 5 lb. if not removed from Warehouse except for Exportation, 49 G. 3. c. 44.

Wages, See Inclosures.

West Indies, See Importation; Publick Accounts.

Weyminster, See Paving.

Windows, See Taxes.

Windsor

Windfor Forest, See Title Forests.

Wine.

1. *Portugal Wine* permitted to be landed and warehoused before Payment of any Duty, 43 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 31; 43 G. 3. c. 103; 44 G. 3. c. 14.—[Expired]
2. *French Wine*, in Bottles or Pipes, may be imported into Great Britain from Jersey, &c. 42 G. 3. c. 44. § 2. 2.—and from Ireland, 46 G. 3. c. 213.
3. Regulations of 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 22. as to Wholesale Dealers in foreign Wines, extended to all Dealers, 42 G. 3. c. 92. § 5, 6.
4. All Wine, having paid Duty, allowed to be removed into Port of London without Certificate required by 37 G. 3. c. 13. § 13.—43 G. 3. c. 68. § 4, 5.
5. Drawback on Wine shipped for Use of Naval Officers, 43 G. 3. c. 81. § 9; 45 G. 3. c. 45. § 2.
6. *Portugal Wine*, imported after June 15, 1803, directly from Portugal, &c. in British, &c. Ships, may be landed and warehoused before Payment of Duty, 43 G. 3. c. 103. § 1.
7. On Bond for Payment of Duties within Two Years, § 2.
8. Wines may be landed at certain Ports, but not allowed Receipt of this Act unless they arrive within a certain Time, § 3.—Enlarged to 5th July 1805, 44 G. 3. c. 14. § 2.
9. Provision for lodging and keeping Wine at other than enumerated Ports, § 4.
10. Regulations as to Storing, keeping, and delivering such Wines, § 5—24.
11. Extended to Wine directly from Spain, or from Jersey or Guernsey, 44 G. 3. c. 14. § 3, 4.
12. To enable Treasury of Great Britain to contract for the Purchase of the Duties of Prélage and Battelage of Wines, 43 G. 3. c. 15A.
13. Treasury may treat with the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, the Prince of Wales (as Duke of Cornwall), and other Princes, for the Purchase of their Right in the Prélage and Battelage of Wines brought into certain Ports of England, &c. § 1, 2, 3.
14. Contracts shall be sanctioned by Parliament, § 4.
15. Contracts with the Duke of Devonshire confirmed, 46 G. 3. c. 79.

Witnesses.

1. For declaring the Law with respect to Witnesses relating to oaths, 45 G. 3. c. 37.
2. A Witness cannot by Law refuse to swear on the Ground of Subjecting himself to a Civil Suit for Debt, &c. § 1.

Woods, See Surveyor General.

Wool and Woollen Manufacture.

1. For suspending Proceedings in Actions, &c. under certain Acts relating to the Woolen Manufacture, &c. 43 G. 3. c. 115; 44 G. 3. c. 64; 45 G. 3. c. 83; 46 G. 3. c. 18. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 43; 48 G. 3. c. 132. [Expired]
2. For extending the Duty [chargeable under 43 G. 3. c. 70. Schedule (A.) Outwards] on Woollen Goods of the Manufacture of Great Britain, 45 G. 3. c. 81. [See Customs.]
3. To permit (till 25th March 1805) the Exportation of Wool from the British Plantations in America into the United Kingdom, 45 G. 3. c. 17.—Continued, 47 G. 3. c. 18. [to 15th March 1814.] [See Title Exportation.]
4. To prevent the Exportation of Wool to Ireland before Bond given for the due landing thereof, 46 G. 3. c. 44.
5. For enabling, searching, and sealing Cloth in the West Riding of the County of York, (commencing 5 G. 3. c. 51. 6 G. 3. c. 23.) 48 G. 3. c. 104.
6. To repeal and amend several Acts respecting the Woollen Manufacture; and for allowing Prisons employed in any Branch thereof to set up Trade in any Part of Great Britain, 49 G. 3. c. 109.

Wreck, See Dead Bodies; Pilots; Ships.

Y.

Yarn, See Importation; Ireland.

END OF THE THIRD VOLUME.

Just Published,

IN THREE VOLUMES IN QUARTO,

THE STATUTES AT LARGE, from the Union with
Ireland, 41 Geo. III. (Vol. 1) to 49 Geo. III. (5 Sup.) inclusive,
With Notes and a cross-reference to the whole.

By T. E. TOMLINS, Esq.

[This Edition is continued annually; and any Volume or Volume
may yet be had separately.]

In the Press, a new Edition of

THE STATUTES AT LARGE, from Magna Carta to the
Union of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland,
41 Geo. III. (1801) with a new and correct Index.

Edited by T. E. TOMLINS and JOHN RAITHBY, Esqrs.
Barristers at Law.
